
Not to be confused with two other governor Andersons (Elmer L. and Wendell R.) in recent decades, C. Elmer came to public office when he was only 26 years old as the lieutenant governor to 31-year-old Gov. Harold Stassen.

When Stassen and Anderson took office in 1939, the two were the considered “boy wonders” of the statehouse.

Anderson’s political career began as the chair of the Young Republican League at the age of 24. He made his first trip to the state Capitol when he came to St. Paul to be sworn in as lieutenant governor.

Clyde Elmer Anderson was born in Brainerd, Minn., on March 16, 1912, the seventh of nine children and son of Swedish immigrants. He began school in the second grade, passed a high school entrance examination after grade seven, and skipped eighth grade.

Earlier, Anderson carried newspapers, worked on a farm, and worked for a news and magazine distribution center. Some time later, he bought the newspaper company and owned it for 26 years.

Anderson served with Stassen for two terms, but in 1942, the governor endorsed Edward J. Thye, from Northfield to run as lieutenant governor. Stassen had already decided to resign after he was re-elected, and then join the U.S. Navy to fight in World War II.

Thye defeated Anderson, serving as lieutenant governor for only three months before becoming the state’s new chief executive.

Anderson ran again for the office in 1944 and won. He won again in 1946 and 1948, serving for a total of 11 nonconsecutive years — unmatched by any other lieutenant governor before or since. In this role, he served as the presiding officer of the Senate. Serving as lieutenant governor in 1951, Anderson moved up to become the state’s 31st governor after Gov. Luther Youngdahl resigned.

In 1952, Anderson defeated DFL candidate Orville Freeman by amassing 785,125 votes — more votes than any other governor before him. Anderson completed a full two-year term as governor and left office after losing the November 1954 election to Freeman.

Anderson is remembered by some for a directive he once made to the Legislature as chief executive. He convinced the Legislature not to hide the clock to stretch the final day of the session. Covering the clock is no longer a procedure, but it did occur commonly back then.

Even after Anderson’s term in office and prior to the early 1970s, members often worked past midnight to enact one last law or two on the constitutionally mandated last day of the session. If the clock was not seen, then it was not necessary to adjourn by midnight. Anderson urged an end to the practice, and eventually it died out.

Anderson is survived by his wife, Lillian, two daughters, a son, two brothers, and many friends who respected his contributions to the state.

— LeClair Grier Lambert
University of Minnesota...

Yudof details $252 million capital funding request

By Jim Thielman

University of Minnesota President Mark Yudof is urging lawmakers to provide the resources to fulfill his ambitious vision to link campus building improvements with the development of vital educational programs.

Yudof told the Higher Education Finance Division of the House Education Committee about his plans to spiff up most of the older Twin Cities campus buildings. He combined that goal with the aim to make the university one of the nation's top five research institutions.

He asked lawmakers at the Jan. 26 meeting to approve his $252 million capital funding request for 1998.

"Previously, 70 percent of our bonding requests have gone into new buildings and 30 percent have gone into benefiting existing buildings. This four-year proposal reverses those designations," Yudof said. "Seventy percent of the money will go into restoring the historic buildings on the north and south mall and elsewhere, and only 30 percent of the money will go into new buildings."

Yudof's "Capital Plan for the Support of Academic Programs in the 21st Century" calls for a total investment of $776 million during the next four years. The funds would be used to preserve historic areas of the university campuses and to modernize classroom and lab space.

The $252 million request for 1998 is much more than the U of M has received in recent bonding measures. Major bonding legislation is usually passed only in even-numbered years. In 1996, $93.8 million was approved for construction and repairs involving the U of M system. In 1994, $69 million went to the university.

"Seventy percent of the money will go into restoring the historic buildings on the north and south mall and elsewhere, and only 30 percent of the money will go into new buildings."

— University of Minnesota President Mark Yudof

Entering what will be his last legislative session, Gov. Arne Carlson already has called his support of the University's budget request "non-negotiable."

In a statement from the governor's office, Carlson said, "A central principal of this administration has been to focus on quality jobs for Minnesotans. In order to achieve that goal, you need to provide citizens with the educational opportunities needed to succeed in the working world."

Yudof described overall themes of his plan for the university, and he emphasized preservation of the historical buildings and districts on campus and enhancement of the school's academic reputation.

Under this year's bonding proposal, $70 million would be used to restore the Walter Library and to create a digital technology center and a science-engineering library in the building.

Also, $29.5 million would build a new science and math center on the Morris campus, upgrade the heating plant there, and make health and safety improvements.

The Duluth campus would use $25.8 million to upgrade science labs, build a new library, make code improvements and renovate classroom and other academic space.

Yudof, in his first year as president of the university, explained how his plan differs from requests made by earlier administrations.

"The idea here was, in large measure, to tie renovation, to tie the bonding package to specific investments in key academic programs," Yudof said. "[It was] not to just fix up buildings for their own sake, but to say, 'How does this advance the academic interdisciplinary program of the University?'"

Yudof called the $70 million request for the molecular and cellular biology building a "tremendous, tremendous investment." The program has been identified as the university's top academic priority.

"If any of you are thinking of turning to an academic career," he told the representatives, "this is where the big money is. These people are very difficult to recruit."

The historic campus mall at the University of Minnesota would get a facelift under the $252 million bonding proposal advanced by Mark Yudof, the school's new president.
Yudof said regardless of the program, it is a struggle to pursue and retain blue-chip faculty without first-rate facilities.

“Let me just make the case in the strongest possible terms,” he said, “In my judgment, many parts of this investment should have been made in 1987. That’s one part. The second part of it is this is the critical area in science in the coming century, and not just in my judgment but the judgment of knowledgeable academicians across the country.”

He quoted from experts who insist there are more than 1,200 physical and psychological disorders that have been tied to single genes.

“This research is absolutely critical,” Yudof said. “We’re doing a great deal of it, and we’ll be doing more under this proposal. There are some who think virtually every disease will be shown to have some sort of connection to genes.”

Yudof said other states that have invested in facilities and staff to conduct such research “have profited enormously, particularly in the pharmaceutical area.” He said Minnesota’s public-private partnerships would benefit from such and investment.

Yudof said the university already brings in $150 million in grant funding, mostly through the National Institutes of Health. He said the university is thus “not starting at ground-level zero,” but from a position of strength. And he said President Clinton has asked to increase the federal budget in molecular and cellular biology.

“We need to position ourselves to compete for this money,” Yudof said.

The 53-year-old former executive vice-president at the University of Texas-Austin has also termed the Minnesota campus one the top five mall areas on the nation’s college campuses. He says he is intent on preserving the historic value of the setting.

Chief Justice Kathleen Blatz

The 53-year-old former executive vice-president at the University of Texas-Austin has also termed the Minnesota campus one the top five mall areas on the nation’s college campuses. He says he is intent on preserving the historic value of the setting.

Chief Justice Kathleen Blatz served House from ’78 to ’94

By Matt Wetzel

Gov. Arne Carlson said at the Jan. 29 installation of Chief Justice Kathleen Blatz that she brings to the state’s highest court not only supreme legal skills but also important personal attributes.

“She has a sense of being the person to bring us all together. She has been given much — superb education, as superb opportunity to serve from her community — but as all true leaders, she has paid us back,” Carlson said in remarks at the swearing-in ceremony at the Landmark Center in St. Paul.

Blatz, 43, Bloomington, a former member of the House of Representatives and now a justice on the Minnesota Supreme Court, was sworn in by outgoing Chief Justice A.M. (Sandy) Keith. She becomes the 19th chief justice of the Minnesota Supreme Court.

“It’s with extreme gratitude I stand before you today. The journey of life is not a journey traveled alone,” she said.

Also in attendance was her husband, Tom Berkelman, her sons, Hunter, Carter and Max, several Minnesota legislators, and judges from both the federal and state level.

Blatz said a judge’s responsibility is not only listening to testimony, studying precedents, and then ruling, but serving on panels, on task forces, and in other roles that can help people and, ultimately, society.

“A judge can reach out to the community and prevent bad things from happening. That’s a judge’s responsibility,” she said.

Blatz said she found her work on a task force that addressed Fetal Alcohol Syndrome to be very rewarding.

A native of Bloomington, Blatz was in the Legislature from 1978 to 1994, and as a lawmaker, she built a reputation for leadership on family and children’s issues.

She worked closely with current House Minority Leader Steve Sviggum (R-Kenyon), and the two were first elected in the same year. Sviggum was on hand for the swearing-in.

“I felt proud for Kathleen,” he said. “I’m comfortable that a person of her quality will be heading to the Supreme Court, whether it’s family issues or getting tough on crime. I know she’s a dear friend, extremely talented, and well-qualified.”

Blatz holds a master’s degree in social work, and she graduated from the University of Minnesota Law School in 1984. She served in the Legislature and worked as an attorney and as a prosecutor until 1994, when Carlson appointed her as a judge in the Fourth Judicial District Court, which includes Hennepin County.

She married Berkelman in 1984, and Berkelman, who now works for AT&T, spent seven years in the House as a DFLer from Duluth. Blatz’s father is Jerome Blatz, a longtime statesenator from Bloomington. He provided the family Bible used to swear in Blatz.

She said a major difference between being a legislator and being a judge is the feedback sought from the public in each position.

“When I was a legislator, you could go out and you could be asked several questions. You are expected to take a position. That’s what voter’s expect,” she said.

However, a judge cannot take a position until it’s time to rule on a case, and that position must be based on the law, not on personal preference, she said, and shetries to explain that when she talks to people about the law and being a judge.

Former House member Kathleen Blatz is sworn in as the first woman and the nineteenth chief justice of the Minnesota Supreme Court by outgoing Chief Justice A. M. (Sandy) Keith, right, during ceremonies Jan. 29 at the Landmark Center in St. Paul. Joining Chief Justice Blatz during the swearing-in are her husband, Tom Berkelman, and sons, left to right, Max, Carter, and Hunter. Her father, Jerome V. Blatz, holds the Bible as her daughter is sworn in.
AGRICULTURE

Feedlots and the environment

Gov. Arne Carlson has recommended that $1.2 million be spent to pay for a generic environmental impact statement (GEIS) for animal feedlots to assess their impact, both on the economy and on the environment.

Carlson’s plan was discussed Jan. 26 in a meeting of the House Agriculture Committee.

Feedlots have become a critical agriculture issue in rural Minnesota, because they have grown in size, and they are unpopular with some rural residents.

Many are afraid of what the large corporate farms containing large feedlots will do to family farmers. Concern also is focused on what the sometimes-noxious odors that emanate from the feedlots will do to the health of the people living nearby.

Each of the estimated 45,000 to 55,000 feedlots in the state produces millions of gallons of manure that has to be taken care of, and critics worry that earth-walled basins that hold the waste leak and may eventually burst.

“The hope is the GEIS will help all interested groups sift through the controversy and, hopefully, together develop plans for animal agriculture into the 21st century,” said Susan Schmidt, policy liaison for the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA).

The first step is to develop an “inventory” of feedlots, according to the recommendation which is part of the governor’s 1998 supplemental budget.

The project would be managed by the MPCA, the Environmental Quality Board, the Department of Agriculture, and the Department of Health.

The GEIS would outline the types and locations of the feedlots, describe the overall characteristics of animal farming in the state, and assess the impact on air and water. The study also would describe the related economic issues and trends.

The governor hopes the long-term impact is that people will use the GEIS to develop and revise land-use plans and that state agencies and counties will use the findings to make or change laws based on the potential risks to people’s health and the environment.

The GEIS will cost $2.3 million and take up to two-and-a-half years to complete, said Schmidt. Permitting for new feedlots would continue while the GEIS is conducted.

The committee took no action on the matter, and testimony on the plan is expected to continue this session.

BANKING

ATM transaction fees

A bill that would eliminate transaction fees assessed by banks on automatic teller machines (ATMs) they own met opposition from the banking industry during a Jan. 28 hearing before a House panel.

HF2292, sponsored by Rep. Irv Anderson (DFL-Int’l Falls), would prevent banks that own and operate more than two ATMs from assessing a surcharge for use of the machines.

The bill was debated by the House Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee, which Anderson chairs. The committee took no action on the bill, but the matter is expected to come up again this session.

ATM users often are hit with two fees for each transaction. One fee is assessed by their bank; the other is by the bank that owns the machine. Anderson’s bill would address only the fee from the bank that owns the ATM.

That fee usually comes in the form of a charge at the time of a transaction at an ATM that is not owned by the consumer’s bank network. Consumers are warned by the machine that they will be charged a certain fee and are given the option to discontinue the transaction.

Consumers often find a separate fee assessed at the end of the month on their bank statement.

“I don’t like to be charged twice for the same transaction. By the way, the chair uses ATM s all the time,” Anderson said.

Speaking in favor of the bill was Lea Schuster, a consumer advocate for the Minnesota Public Interest Research Group. Banks have encouraged the use of ATMs, Schuster said, because they are cheaper for banks than paying tellers.

One group hit hard by the surcharges are college students who often have to work and study beyond bank hours, Schuster said. And for that, they get hit with costly ATM surcharges.

“In today’s economy, students are needing to pay cash. [They] should have the same access to the same services as all consumers,” she said.

Schuster also said ATM owners are compensated by the consumer’s bank with an “in-
terchange fee,” so the fee charged by the ATM owner is unnecessary.

The attorney general is supporting the bill. Eric Swanson, of the attorney general’s consumer enforcement division, said the state’s three largest banks own most of the ATMs. Customers of those large banks are not charged for use of ATMs owned by their bank.

What could happen, Swanson said, is that people may move their business to those large banks to avoid the ATM surcharges. That would be anti-competitive, he added.

“We’re opposed to price gouging and anti-competitive behavior, which is going to hurt consumers,” Swanson said.

Critics of the bill said it could reduce the availability of ATMs and hurt competitiveness in the banking business.

Rep. Torrey Westrom (R-Elbow Lake) said a $1 fee for an ATM transaction is not out of line.

“If you go to TCF with a check and ask them to cash it, either they would charge you a substantial fee or they would not cash it,” he said.

Joan Archer, of the Minnesota Bankers’ Association, said the Legislature should not interfere with bank pricing. ATMs are a convenience that are paid for by user fees, she said.

Archer also said the legislation is unfair because it targets only banks, not retailers. In some cases, ATMs are owned by retailers.

John Corbett, of the Minnesota Savings League, which represents community banks, also expressed opposition to the bill. “What you’re paying for is the convenience of having your money transferred to another bank so you can have access to it,” he said. “Fees are one way to generate a profit. We are better off with financial institutions that make a profit.”

Recent findings about the importance of early brain development also lend credence to the cause for better child care, she said.

Swanson understands the dilemma of a working parent. Her second child is almost a year old, she said, and she agonized over finding good child care before the legislative session started.

Among the many goals of her proposal are a support system for child-care providers, incentives for low staff turnover, outreach into communities of color, and a loan forgiveness program.

Pat Gannon, of Starting Out Successfully, an Anoka County program that provides child-care operators with monthly phone contact, home visits, and training workshops, spoke about the importance of sound business advice.

“Providers are often isolated,” Gannon said. “Home visits give them a connection to the infrastructure of the child care community.”

Margaret Boyer, from the Alliance of Early Childhood Professionals, addressed the reasons for the high rate of turnover in the field. The biggest reason, she said, is low wages. Another contributing factor is emotional exhaustion.

Child-care workers often need two jobs to...
support themselves and on top of that, she said, “behavior management” becomes more difficult every day.

“There are a lot of children coming into day care whose families are very stressed and who are not receiving good care at home,” Boyer said.

The early childhood division took no action on the two bills, but lawmakers on the panel did agree to form a child-care working group.

### CRIME

#### Arson data system

An arson fire is reported in Minnesota every three-and-a-half hours, according to the state fire marshal. A bill approved Jan. 26 by the House Judiciary Committee would help investigators and prosecutors by establishing a statewide database to track these crimes.

“Arson is not a free crime when it comes to human beings,” said Rep. Wes Skoglund (DFL-Mpls), sponsor of the bill. “Firefighters risk their lives every time they fight a fire.”

The bill (HF2313) was initiated at the recommendation of the Attorney General’s Arson Task Force, which was created in 1995 to develop methods to combat the problem of arson in Minnesota. The task force is made up of investigators and prosecutors as well as representatives of the insurance industry.

Last year, the Legislature followed a task force recommendation and passed a law establishing the Minnesota Arson Strike Force, a team of investigators and experts who assist local authorities in arson investigations.

Skoglund’s bill calls for the creation of an arson data system that would contain only basic information at the state level but would provide links to local criminal justice agencies for more detailed information on specific cases. The database would be maintained by the state fire marshal.

The Judiciary Committee approved the bill for inclusion in the omnibus crime bill to be assembled later this session.

### DRUGS

#### Penalties and methamphetamine

A bill that would increase the penalties for manufacturing, possessing, or selling methamphetamine was approved Jan. 28 by the House Judiciary Committee.

The bill (HF2312) would raise methamphetamine to the same status as cocaine and heroin and would make the manufacture of any amount of methamphetamine a first-degree controlled substance offense.

Law enforcement officials who testified at the committee hearing said the manufacturing provision is necessary because of the dangers inherent in the production of the drug.

“There are people involved in these operations who are subject to life-threatening activities without knowing what’s involved,” said Dennis Boser, sheriff of Mille Lacs County.

“December of 1996 was the first time we had any knowledge of a meth operation in our county, and that was because of an explosion.”

Rep. Wes Skoglund (DFL-Mpls), the bill’s sponsor, told the committee that the drug is made by mixing potentially explosive materials and, if it’s done wrong, can be extremely dangerous.

“This is a product that is different from most of the chemicals that people abuse in that it doesn’t come from across our borders,” Skoglund said. “People can make it in their kitchens. And they do in this state.”

Skoglund told the committee that in California, a state that has seen a dramatic increase in methamphetamine trafficking, one in five fire departments has a methamphetamine activity. She said that in 1996, methamphetamine accounted for 8 percent of Minnesota Bureau of Criminal Apprehension lab work; in 1997, it accounted for 20 percent.

Four young people from Teen Challenge, a drug treatment program, spoke to members of the committee. The young people, who chose not to give their names, described their experiences as users of the drug.

“It’s very easy to get,” said a 19-year-old former user who suffered heart damage from methamphetamine. “It’s as easy to get as marijuana, and because I’m underage, it’s easier to get than alcohol.”

A 25-year-old woman from St. Cloud, Minn., said, “I was injecting anywhere from a gram to a half a gram every three hours. I bought a camcorder and sat in a hotel for three days filming outside because I thought the police were chasing me. I thought they were hiding in the trees.”

One of the former users told the committee that he had considered making his own methamphetamine to save money.

“After you use it for a while it gets expensive, and you think you can make your own,” he said. The former user said he was dissuaded by a friend who told him how dangerous manufacturing could be.

The committee approved the bill for inclusion in the omnibus crime bill.
Gifted and talented students

Minnesota’s gifted and talented students—how much attention they need, how much attention they’re getting, and how much money should be spent on them—are the focus of two bills considered Jan. 23 by a House panel.

During a hearing before the K-12 Education Finance Division of the House Education Committee, one legislator said that “profoundly gifted” students who aren’t getting the proper challenges are being placed at-risk by the public schools.

The finance division discussed two bills—HF2319, sponsored by Rep. Mindy Greiling (DFL-Roseville), and HF2318, sponsored by Rep. Peggy Leppik (R-Golden Valley)—that aim to improve services for gifted and talented students. No action was taken on the proposals.

Greiling’s bill would expand state funding for its gifted and talented program from $1.5 million in 1998 to $8.5 million in 1999, and the bill would remove the requirement that local school districts provide matching funds.

Currently, districts can get state grants of $25 per student each year for local gifted and talented instruction, but the districts have to match that dollar for dollar. And the funds are not always available in a tight school district budget.

“We’ve heard from districts who didn’t have time to actually apply for the grant,” Greiling said. “Even with all the constraints, the money was used up last year.”

Greiling’s bill also would direct the commissioner of the Department of Children, Families and Learning to designate a specific department staff member to serve schools and parents by being a resource on the gifted and talented program.

Bill Keilty, coordinator for gifted services at the Forest Lake Public Schools, said the state’s current program is valuable, and with Greiling’s proposed changes, would be even better.

“We’ve seen programs expand; we’ve seen programs that have not even existed in the past evolve,” he said. “We’re also very concerned about the need for a resource person for gifted and talented programs.”

Keilty said the students and teachers in gifted and talented programs are frustrated by the inability to talk to someone at the state level about their concerns.

“Gifted programs have changed in time and are being requested to address a broader spectrum of students,” he said. “The step to increase the funding seems appropriate.”

Leppik’s bill would direct school districts to pick up the pace of instruction to high-scoring students in elementary and secondary grades. Schools would have to ensure gifted pupils each have a written individual learning plan developed by a group that includes the student’s teachers, parents, and counselors.

The plan would state the desired outcomes for the student and the curriculum and teaching methods to be used.

“If they are not doing this, the students are not getting an education appropriate to their above-average ability and are not being served by the school district,” Leppik said.

Gifted and talented students who are not challenged eventually run into problems, she added.

“They will become extremely bored; they get into trouble,” Leppik said.

Both bills were laid over for possible inclusion in the omnibus K-12 finance bill to be assembled later this session.

School lunch program funding

A proposal to increase state aid for school lunch program stalled in the House last year, but lawmakers are considering the matter again.

Rep. Matt Entenza (DFL-St. Paul), sponsor of HF2345, said his bill would make up for losses due to inflation that school districts have been forced to absorb. The Legislature appropriates a fixed amount for school lunch and food storage aid, and that amount was last increased in 1991.

“School enrollment increases, the amount available per pupil to districts decreases,” Entenza said. His bill would increase the 1999 state appropriation for school lunches from $7,254,000 to $9,035,000.

Polly Podpeskar, director of food and nutrition programs at Grand Rapids Public Schools, testified that the program is in need of additional funding, especially considering the high percentage (about 33 percent) of students eligible for free and reduced-price meals.

“We are constantly striving to strike a balance between nutritious meals and ones that are appealing to children,” she said. “We’re very sensitive about passing on price increases to paying students, who are often the children of the working poor.”

Linda Skrian, president of the Minnesota School Food Association, said that while the national school lunch program is often cited as one of the most successful federal programs, federal funding has not been keeping pace with rising costs to districts.

While the K-12 Education Finance Division of the House Education Committee did not vote on the issue during the Jan. 26 hearing, many members voiced support for the bill.

New member

Newly sworn-in Rep. James Clark, a Republican from Springfield, gets a congratulatory kiss from his wife, Cara, who is holding their daughter Claire. Sister-in-law Cori Gunnels and nephew Ben Gunnels share in the moment.
“This is one of the things that has been shown to make a difference,” Rep. David Tomassoni (DFL-Chisholm) said. “We should really grab it and run with it.”

The division is considering the proposal for inclusion in this year’s omnibus K-12 finance bill.

**Tax credits for education**

Minnesota parents whose income puts them just over the eligibility level for taking advantage of tax breaks in a 1997 education law may get some good news in 1998.

The House Education Committee approved a bill Jan. 27 that would replace the specific income-level cutoff for claiming education tax credits with a gradual phase-out of the amount of credit a family can claim.

A law passed in the Legislature’s 1997 First Special Session allowed families with incomes of up to $33,500 to claim up to $1,000 per child and $2,000 per family as a tax credit for education-related expenses such as tutoring or educational summer camps. Families with incomes of $33,501 and higher are currently not eligible for any credit.

“We’re doing a disservice to Minnesota families by creating a cliff,” said Rep. Ann H. Rest (DFL-New Hope). “We don’t do this in any other tax policy that involves a credit in this state.”

Rest is the sponsor of HF 2364, which calls for gradually phasing out the education credit for taxpayers with incomes between $30,500 and $34,500. For each $4 of income over $30,500 that a family earns, the maximum per-child credit would decrease by $1, under Rest’s bill. At an income level of $34,501, families would be ineligible to receive a credit.

Although the bill would decrease the amount of the credit for families who earn between $30,500 and $33,500, Rest said it would “treat Minnesota families fairly” by eliminating the cliff effect.

“It’s unfair for families to get their expectations up about being able to spend extra money for a child’s education, only to find out they’re a few dollars over the limit,” she said. She added that an unexpected $200 bonus from a boss at the end of the year or interest from a savings account could cost families up to $2,000.

But Rep. Alice Seagren (R-Bloomington) said that the proposed change would be unfair to families whose benefit would be reduced.

“The message has long been out that at $33,500 you get the full credit,” she said. “People may already be looking at computer purchases or tutoring to take advantage of that credit.”

An amendment introduced by Rep. Barb Sykora (R-Excelsior) proposed to begin the phase-out at incomes of $33,500 and extend it to $37,500. Such a change would require an additional $6.5 million from the state.

The amendment was voted down by committee members who said they did not want to sink more education money into what several called “inefficient and unaccountable” tax credits.

Under Rest’s bill, the state would not have to increase spending above what is anticipated for the current tax-credit payments. More families would be eligible for the credit, but fewer would receive the maximum amount.

With the current law, about 200,000 families are expected to receive credits.

The bill was referred to the committee’s K-12 Education Finance Division to be considered for inclusion in this year’s omnibus K-12 funding bill.

**Residential boarding schools**

When former Minnesota Vikings tight end Joe Senser appeared before lawmakers Jan. 28, he assured them that “at no time will I be asking you to build me a new stadium.”

Instead, Senser was testifying before the K-12 Education Finance Division of the House Education Committee on the merits of residential boarding schools for at-risk youth.

Senser attended a school for fatherless boys in Hershey, Penn., after his father died.

“My mother worked 80 hours a week, and she knew this was a way out for me, a way for a better life,” he said.

By the time he went to the school, at age 11, he said he was “already started on that wrong path in life. My talents . . . to play football would never have shown through had [I not gone to that school].”

A bill to provide $12 million to establish three such schools in Minnesota is before lawmakers this session (See Session Weekly, Jan. 23, 1998, page 7). HF 2321, sponsored by Rep. Alice Seagren (R-Bloomington), is being considered for inclusion in the omnibus K-12 finance bill.

**Elections**

**Updating eligible voter lists**

A bill advancing in the House would provide an efficient way of updating the lists of eligible voters and might make it more convenient for the people who move to vote in the next election, according to supporters.

The bill (HF 2387), sponsored by Rep. Betty Folliard (DFL-Hopkins), would allow the secretary of state to periodically get names and addresses of Minnesota registered voters who have moved within the state and have given the U.S. Postal Service a change of address.

The secretary of state then would provide the names to county auditors, who would update their records and send the new resident a voting card with the location of their new polling place.


Rep. Bill Haas (R-Champlin) questioned if the bill might ask government to go too far out of its way to accommodate voters who move, when those people could easily take care of the necessary paperwork for voting along with all of the other change-of-address paperwork.

“Isn’t that my responsibility rather than having the state trying to track [me] down? It seems like we have a good system in place,” he said. “It’s a responsibility to take the time to report that. It’s that important.”

Currently, people who move have to report their change of address to the local voting authority to get their new card.

“I don’t think all citizens automatically take care of that,” Folliard said. “It would be a convenience to citizens.”
Employment contracts

A bill requiring written employment contracts to be in an employee’s main language received approval Jan. 26 from the House Labor-Management Relations Committee. HF216, sponsored by Rep. Carlos M Mariani (DFL-St. Paul), was laid over at the end of the 1997 legislative session in part because of concerns that requiring such contracts would be an unmanageable burden to employers.

But after hearing disturbing testimony last March from a poorly treated Spanish-speaking worker, several lawmakers pledged to support the bill this year.

The bill would expand a current disclosure law, which applies only to the meat-processing industry, to protect non-English speaking employees in all jobs. It also calls for funding for the Department of Labor and Industry to translate disclosure forms and to launch a public awareness campaign.

“As a result of not understanding the terms and conditions of employment...workers are abused,” said Margarita Zalamea, executive director of the Chicano-Latino People’s Affairs Council.

Isabelle Martinez, who said she was unfairly fired from her job at a home for the elderly, testified through an interpreter that her employer verbally misrepresented employment terms to her in Spanish and then forced her to sign an English document that contradicted the oral job description.

Also testifying in favor of the bill were representatives from the Urban Coalition, the AFL-CIO, the Council on Black Minnesotans, and the Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans.

But officials from the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, Employment Law Council, and Retail Merchants and Employers Association all spoke against the measure.

The critics said they would support tougher penalties for employers who violate current laws—including one prohibiting employers from falsely representing job conditions or terms to prospective employees—but were opposed to requiring written non-English contracts because of the obligation placed on employers.

“If [employers] are already violating the law on false representation, they’re probably not going to obey a new law requiring disclosure forms,” said Tom Hesse, of the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce. He also noted that Mariani’s bill does not provide for sanctions against employers who do not provide the translated forms.

But the committee rejected an amendment offered by Rep. Ken Wolf (R-Burnsville) that would have eliminated the disclosure-form requirements, increased penalties for violations of relevant current laws, and kept the plan for a public awareness campaign in Mariani’s bill.

The bill now moves to the House Economic Development and International Trade Committee.

Environment

Minnesota Zoo faces shortfall

Due to a serious shortfall in gate receipts last summer, the Minnesota Zoological Gardens is asking the Legislature for $1.5 million in supplemental funding for 1998.

Kathryn Roberts, the Apple Valley zoo’s director, attributes the shortfall to bad luck, bad weather, and bad press. She presented the zoo’s supplemental and capital budget requests Jan. 28 to the House Environment, Natural Resources and Agriculture Finance Committee.

Roberts said 75 percent of the zoo’s yearly attendance occurs between Memorial Day and Labor Day. The summer of 1997 was a disappointment.

“Attendance failed in the summer months,” she said. “No matter how well we do in the winter months, we’re unable to catch up with those 90 days in the summer.”

In June, Roberts said, the new Discovery Bay building opened a month late facing serious competition from Underwater World at the Mall of America. Discovery Bay is a marine education center that features a shark exhibit and an indoor dolphin amphitheater. The zoo had been counting on a projected boost in attendance from the new exhibit, she said.

To make matters worse, Roberts said, several of the sharks in the Discovery Bay exhibit died, and the subsequent media coverage caused people to wonder if the exhibit had been closed.

July brought 17 days of rain and attendance continued to lag, Roberts said.

But the worst assault on attendance occurred in August, when an outbreak of cryptosporidiosis struck many children who had played in one of the zoo’s fountains. Cryptosporidium is a one-celled organism that causes diarrhea, stomach cramps, and fever when it infects people. The outbreak likely was caused by a child with a soiled diaper playing in the fountain.

Roberts said the zoo endured three more weeks of bad press related to the health scare. The zoo will celebrate its 20th birthday this spring, she said, and this is the first time it has ever had to come to the Legislature for supplemental funding to cover operating costs.

Jeffrey Higgins, the zoo’s financial officer, said if the zoo doesn’t receive the money, it may have to lay off 25 percent of its workforce, close several trails, and shut down the conservation office.

The committee took no action on the matter. The zoo’s funding request will be considered again later this session.

If you will be visiting the Capitol in the near future, call the Capitol Historic Site Program at (612) 296-2881 to schedule a tour.
Funding frog research

Research into the cause of deformities found in frogs across the state would receive an infusion of fresh cash under a bill sponsored by Rep. Willard Munger (DFL-Duluth).

Munger’s proposal would appropriate $500,000 to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) for continued research and monitoring of frog deformities.

“The frogs are the most sensitive of the creatures in our environment,” Munger said. “I think they are telling us a story.”

His bill (HF2427) was approved Jan. 26 by the House Environment and Natural Resources Committee.

Under the proposal, the research funding would have to be shared with several other agencies and organizations studying the issue, including the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Health, the Department of Natural Resources, the University of Minnesota, and Hamline University.

The proposed $500,000 appropriation matches the amount included in Gov. Arne Carlson’s supplemental budget request.

Munger said the issue is one of the governor’s top environmental concerns.

The MPCA’s first confirmed sighting of deformed frogs was in 1993. Interest in the issue increased after August 1995, when a group of students from LeSueur’s New Country School discovered a large group of frogs with missing or deformed legs. After the students’ discovery hit the press, there were similar reports from across the state.

Initial research was funded by the Legislative Commission on Minnesota Resources in cooperation with the MPCA. Research has been carried out in conjunction with several partners, including the University of Minnesota, Hamline University, the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, and the National Wildlife Health Center.

The 1997 Legislature authorized an additional $200,000 for further frog research.

Currently, researchers are speculating that groundwater contamination or possibly ultraviolet radiation may be the cause of the deformities. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has also begun to examine the issue.

“We had better find out what’s causing this environmental degradation,” Munger said. “Or else, we’re next.”

The bill now moves to the House Environment, Natural Resources, and Agriculture Finance Committee.

GAME & FISH

Hunting, fishing privileges

A bill that aims to amend the Minnesota Constitution to protect hunting and fishing privileges stirred controversy Jan. 26 in the House Environment and Natural Resources Committee.

Sponsored by Rep. Mark Holsten (R-Stillwater), the bill (HF326) would submit the following constitutional amendment to voters in the 1998 general election: “Shall the Minnesota Constitution be amended to declare a privilege of legal residents to take game and fish in accordance with law and regulations?”

During the committee hearing, Holsten said, “According to my belief system, the constitution is a list of values that we, as citizens, want to protect.”

By placing this particular privilege in the constitution, he said, the state would officially recognize the “cultural heritage” of hunting and fishing.

Members of the committee agreed to send the bill along without recommendation.

Holsten sponsored a similar bill in 1996. It passed the Senate but stalled in the House that year, in part because of dissatisfaction with the wording of the proposed amendment.

The 1996 bill sought an amendment protecting the “right” to hunt and fish.

Holsten has altered the proposed amendment to read “privilege” rather than “right.” He said that “privilege” is more accurate because it implies that one still must be held to certain standards.

“The language has evolved, and the issue has matured,” he said.

Supporters said the bill would be a first step in standing up to anti-hunting and animal rights groups who seek to curtail the activities of hunting and fishing enthusiasts.

Jim Klatt, of the Minnesota Outdoor Heritage Alliance, said he is concerned about the situation in some states with initiative and referendum where voters have outlawed certain hunting seasons and activities such as sport fishing after heavy-duty campaigning by animal rights groups.

Minnesota is not an initiative and referendum state, but Klatt said he wants to make it difficult for those same activists to target Minnesota in the future.

“We are far better stewards of the land because we participate rather than watch from afar,” Klatt said in defense of hunters and anglers.

Roger Holmes, director of the Fish and Wildlife Division of the Department of Natural Resources, said the agency supports the bill because it aims to protect hunting, fishing, and trapping.

“It also affirms the way the state regulates the harvest of our natural resources,” he said. “If it passed as a constitutional amendment, it may make our jobs easier.”

Critics argued that there is no need for such an amendment and, if approved, it would only serve to clutter the constitution.

Linda Hatfield, representing Friends of Animals and Their Environment, the National Fund for Animals, the National Humane Society of the United States, and the Minnesota Humane Society testified against the bill.

“The constitution provides the basic framework for protecting basic liberties,” she said. “It is not intended to protect recreational pursuits.”

Joan Harp, of rural Isanti County, said that as a landowner she is concerned about hunters who trespass on private property. She said the language may give hunters the false sense that hunting privileges take precedence over property rights.

Rep. Willard Munger (DFL-Duluth), who chairs the committee, said that while he, too,
Tobacco investments

A bill that would require the State Board of Investment to divest 5 percent of its tobacco stock sparked debate Jan. 29 on the merits of Legislature-mandated social engineering and the demerits of smoking.

But Rep. Steve Trimble (DFL-St. Paul), sponsor of HF2453, said the tobacco issue is not even his top concern in the bill. His proposal calls for the proceeds from the sale of that stock to be invested in the Minnesota Technology Equity Fund, a program that assists development in rural Minnesota by offering investment capital.

"It's been historically difficult for small rural companies to find debt-free capital," he said in testimony before the House Governmental Operations Committee. "I'm saying that I know of a really good use for about $15 million, and I'd like to take it out of tobacco investments."

The investment board manages more than $27 billion in public money, in large part, the retirement funds for state employees, teachers, and public employees.

Some lawmakers, including Rep. Kevin Knight (R-Bloomington), said they would support selling off the tobacco-related investments, but felt it was not the job of the Legislature to tell the board where to relocate the funds.

But others said they supported the idea of investing in pro-Minnesota programs, but for varying reasons, were not in favor of discriminating against tobacco stocks.

"I know I was a co-author of this bill originally," said Rep. Mike Oskopp (R-Lake City). "But that must have been the day I quit smoking — I couldn't concentrate.

"It's a stupid thing to do investment-wise, when all testimony from the experts is that tobacco stocks are good investments."

Rep. Jim Farrell (DFL-St. Paul) said he does not want to engage in setting social policy through legislation.

"I'm worried about our system," Farrell said. "I don't really care about the investment."

Former Rep. Marc Asch testified as the volunteer chair of the public advocacy committee of the American Heart Association's Minnesota chapter.

He called for the state to fully divest of all tobacco-related stocks, saying the drug is the nation's top killer.

"Minnesota is one of 10 states that have the most investments in tobacco," he said, adding that the state has more money invested in tobacco than do any of the tobacco-producing states.

The bill was sent to the committee's State Government Finance Division.

An evenly divided House

For the first time in its history, Minnesota may soon have a contingency plan in place for electing a speaker in an evenly divided House.

A bill that would establish a policy to be followed under such rare circumstances was approved Jan. 29 by the House Governmental Operations Committee.

Across the 50 states, there have been 24 occasions when the seats in a state Senate or House of Representatives have been evenly divided between two political parties.

And just about every instance has yielded a different method for choosing the speaker or majority leader. Some states deferred to the governor's party, while others came up with more creative plans. (Wyoming elected to hold a coin toss.)

When Minnesota found itself in that position after the 1978 elections, the two parties negotiated a bipartisan leadership. Rep. Rod Searle (IR-Waseca) became speaker, but Rep. Irv Anderson (DFL-Int'l Falls) was named chair of the powerful Rules and Legislative Administration Committee. Other standing committee chairs were selected from both parties.

"It took an awful long time to resolve that situation," Anderson said.

Twenty years later, the former speaker has introduced a bill that would dictate how to proceed when there is a tie vote for speaker or any other office in the House.

"I want to say that the introduction of this bill in no way indicates that I expect the House to be evenly divided in the near future," Anderson said. Currently, DFLers hold a six-seat majority, with elections coming up in November.

Under Anderson's bill, the candidate nominated by the caucus of the governor's party would be elected speaker in an evenly divided House. But all committee appointments would then be equally divided from each party.

"If the people of the state have spoken [and said] that they want an even distribution of political parties, we should abide by that," Anderson said. "If a speaker is chosen in this manner, then he's still not going to dominate the House because you need 68 votes to pass a bill."

The bill now moves to the House floor.
But opponents, including Rep. Kevin Knight (R-Bloomington) and Rep. Tom Rukavina (DFL-Virginia), said transferring duties to the commissioner of finance would concentrate too much power in one department, which is under the governor’s authority.

“What does it excite anyone here to have all financial power rest on the governor?” Knight asked.

The bill calls for putting the necessary constitutional amendment to eliminate the office on the November ballot, at which time voters would also elect a final state treasurer. The office would be abolished in January 2001, at the conclusion of that office’s two-year term.

Greiling said the recurring discussion of whether to eliminate the office began in the 1940s.

The last time the issue came before lawmakers was in 1996, when a bill passed the Senate 54-1 but stalled in the House. That 1996 House proposal, also sponsored by Greiling, was approved by the House Government Operations Committee but did not come up for a vote on the House floor.

Greiling’s current bill now moves to the House Rules and Legislative Administration Committee.

Honoring Nellie Stone Johnson

Minnesota activist Nellie Stone Johnson may soon be honored as the first woman to have a sculpture of her image displayed in the state Capitol.

It took about two minutes for the House Governmental Operations Committee to approve a bill Jan. 27 that calls for a bust of the labor organizer and civil-rights activist to be placed in the Capitol.

The same bill was passed by the House last year, but because its Senate companion stalled, the House will need to re-pass the bill this year.

Since the 1930s, Johnson, who is now in her 90s, has been an active advocate for labor and human rights in Minnesota.

In the early 1930s, when her wages as an elevator operator at the Minneapolis Athletic Club were slashed, she helped organize the Minneapolis Hotel and Restaurant Workers Union, serving as the group’s first female vice president.

A decade later, she was instrumental in orchestrating the merger of the state’s Democratic and Farmer-Labor parties. In 1945, she was the first black Minnesota resident elected to citywide office.

She also helped create the office which later became the Minneapolis Civil Rights Commission and the state Human Rights Department; helped win desegregation of the armed forces; and was twice a representative to the Democratic National Committee in the early 1980s.

Rep. Joe M. Ullery (DFL-Mpls), who is sponsoring the bill, said Johnson continues to be an important activist.

HF1583 now goes to the State Government Finance Division of the Governmental Operations Committee.

HEALTH

Hepatitis B immunizations

Vaccinating a small segment of young children could help eliminate the serious liver disease hepatitis B, which can lead to cancer or liver failure.

Dr. Deborah Wexler, executive director of the Immunization Coalition, told the House Health and Human Services Committee Jan. 27 that a bill to immunize the state’s students would make Minnesota the 33rd state to enact such legislation.

The bill (HF2681) was approved and sent to the floor.

Sponsored by Rep. Nora Slawik (DFL-Mpls), the bill would require children enrolling in schools or child care facilities to receive hepatitis B immunizations. The immunization requirement would apply to kindergarten students beginning in the 2000-01 school year.

Hepatitis B is caused by a virus and spread by contact with an infected person’s blood or other body fluids. It can also be spread by sharing washcloths, razors, toothbrushes, or needles, or in the process of tattooing.

Aggie Leithiser, director of the Minnesota Health Department’s Division of Disease Prevention and Control, said from 1990 to 1995, there were 591 known cases of hepatitis B in Minnesota, with 30 of those cases occurring in children 17 or younger.

But she said those who suffer from the disease are often without symptoms for years, so the exact number of people carrying the disease is unknown.

Wexler said about 80 percent of infants are now being vaccinated for the disease.

“This bill just catches those kids who have fallen into the cracks. It’s a checkpoint,” she said.

Rep. Lee Greenfield (DFL-Mpls) said the bill likely would come at no cost to the state.

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reduced from 45 to the current 36, plus a campus in Akita, Japan.

Members of the finance division also discussed the need for an alternative to the cyclical need to repair flat roofs on many of the MnSCU buildings.

“It’s beyond my comprehension why we build flat roofs in Minnesota,” said Rep. Gene Pelowski (DFL-Winona), who chairs the higher education panel.

Robert Erickson, chair of the MnSCU facilities committee, said pitched roofs are more expensive to build and are difficult to engineer on current larger buildings. Construction of pitched roofs requires additional support because of the design and weight of the roofs, he said.

Pelowski said the initial cost might be greater but ultimately money likely would be saved by constructing buildings with pitched roofs.

Selecting U of M Regents

A bill aimed at improving what many call a cumbersome and flawed process for selecting University of Minnesota regents was approved by the House Education Committee Jan. 29.

Under the plan, regents for the 12-member board would be selected based on rural and urban lines rather than congressional district lines, as they are currently chosen.

Five regents would have to reside in the seven-county metropolitan area, five would be required to live outside that area, and the remaining two would be at large. Currently, one regent is chosen from each of the state’s eight congressional districts, and four at-large members are selected.

Rep. Rob Leighton (DFL-Austin), sponsor of HF2741, said the greatest benefit of the proposed change would be eliminating the district caucuses from the selection process.

“The issue has been scrutinized by members of a joint House and Senate subcommittee, the media, alumni, students, faculty, former candidates for regent seats,” he said. “It became crystal clear that the single biggest concern was that [the process involving] congressional district caucuses is very time consuming.”

The proposal also addresses an issue faced last year when the 7th Congressional District yielded two very desirable candidates for regent seats and legislators had to choose between them.

“I think that almost everyone who met those candidates understood that both should have been on the board,” Leighton said. “Under this proposal, they both could have been elected.”

The bill also reorganizes the 24-member Regent Candidate Advisory Committee to increase input from both the governor and the minority parties of the House and Senate. Currently, 12 members of that committee are chosen by the speaker of the House and 12 by the Senate Rules Committee.

The advisory committee interviews candidates and recommends finalists, who are then considered by the House and Senate education committees. Those committees endorse candidates before the full House and Senate vote on the finalists.

Under the bill, the advisory committee would be reduced to 15 members to be chosen as follows: four each by the House speaker and the Senate majority leader, one each by the House and Senate minority leaders, and three by the governor.

Typically, four regent seats come up for election in each odd-numbered year; the 12 regents serve staggered six-year terms.

HOUSING

A proposal to provide grants to help solve the problem of housing discrimination was approved Jan. 27 by the Housing and Housing Finance Division of the House Economic Development and International Trade Committee.

The bill (HF2431) is sponsored by Rep. Michael Paymar (DFL-St. Paul), who said that he was motivated to action by reports of housing discrimination in his legislative district.

The bill would provide $400,000 in grants to nonprofit organizations experienced in housing issues to deal with the problem of housing discrimination. The grants could be used to provide investigative and legal services to victims of discrimination or for fair housing testing and education.

Lawrence Winans, director of the Minnesota Fair Housing Center, testified in support of the bill. His organization does audits of landlords and property managers to study ways in which discrimination occurs.

“Discrimination in the field of housing is never blatant,” he said. “A person does not come to the door and say, ‘I do not rent to black people,’ or ‘I don’t rent to Hispanics.’”

Christy Snow, who is the testing coordinator with the Fair Housing Center, described how audits are done. Two testers are sent to a housing agent. Both testers have the same scripted characteristics, such as income status and rental history, but differ on the characteristic being tested, most often race.

Larry Haqq and Shalia Lindsey, both testers who are African-American, read audit transcripts of exchanges they had with landlords. Snow read transcripts provided by white testers to show the differences in the behavior of the housing agents.

In one case, Lindsey said, she was asked to leave her driver’s license in the rental office, and she was told it was necessary so that the property manager would have her identification in case something happened during the tour. A white tester with the same qualifications did not receive the same request.

“In one out of two audits, the person of color is treated less favorably than the person who is white,” Snow said. “While neither tester was told they would not be welcome, the evidence is whether the African-American testers received different treatment.”

The fair housing grants would be distrib-
Committee.

public good in the health arena.”

have a responsibility to use this money in the
and disperse them any way they want to. They

the law would help ensure that “a publicly

billion in public investment. Greenfield said

tion, Greenfield said that state lost about $2

help communities promote health care.”

Often it’s only after the deal is done that

transaction notices accessible to the public and to obtain

While the attorney general’s office already

the public has any awareness that this transac-

deal.

The bill now moves to the House Judiciary

HUMAN SERVICES

Hospital ownership

Nonprofit hospitals are generally viewed as charitable community assets, but from 1990 to 1996, a total of 192 nonprofit hospitals converted to for-profit status. In 1996, 60 nonprofit hospitals were converted.

A bill that would require nonprofit hospita-
to provide 45 days of notice to the attorney
general before making transfers involving 50

percent or more of hospital assets was ap-

proved by the House Health and Human Ser-

vices Committee Jan. 28.

The bill (HF381) is sponsored by Lee

Greenfield (DFL-Mpls). It would authorize the

attorney general to make the transaction

notices accessible to the public and to obtain

public comment on any pending transaction.

While the attorney general’s office already

has the ability to investigate and stop such

transactions that are not in the public interest,

the bill ensures written notice would go to the

attorney general’s office well in advance of the

advance.

Greenfield said it is easier to examine such
deals before they are complete, rather than to

“The public learns afterward that maybe it was a sweetheart deal

and the nonprofit seller did not get fair market

value for the hospital. And that’s important

afterward that maybe it was a sweetheart deal

attorney general's office well in advance of the

The bill now moves to the House Judiciary

Nursing home salaries

Emotional testimony accompanied a com-

mittee discussion of a bill that would provide

a 5-percent salary adjustment to nursing facil-

Greenfield, of Stillwater, her voice
tense with emotion, told of understaffing, lack of

supplies, and frequent falls during her mother’s 30-month stay in a nursing home.

She said on the last night of her mother’s

life, a caring staff member gave her mother

three 1998

The division also heard a bill (HF2491)

sponsored by Rep. Betty Folliard (DFL-

Hopkins) that would increase the statute of

limitations to six years for all medical mal-

practice cases.

Both bills were heard in the Civil and Family

Law Division of the House Judiciary Com-

mittee on Jan. 28.

Current law requires that lawsuits dealing

with medical malpractice must be initiated

within two years of the occurrence of the

malpractice in all cases.

Rep. Todd Van Dellen (R-Plymouth) is

sponsoring a bill (HF1151) which would make an exception to the statute of limitations in

certain instances.

Troy Donahue, a member of the public,
testified for Van Dellen’s bill. He said that his

wife had a mole removed in 1993 and it was

misdiagnosed as benign. By the time they dis-

covered that an error had been made, the

statute of limitations had passed, and attor-

neys told them that they did not have a mal-

practice claim.

Donahue was told that if the case had oc-

curred in Wisconsin, he would still have a

claim. His wife died of cancer in 1996, a month

after the cancer was found.

“Had this been caught at the time, maybe

she’d still be alive. It’s just terrible,” he said.

William Stoeri, an attorney who represents

doctors in malpractice cases, spoke in opposi-
tion to the bill. He said that the statute of

limitations strikes a balance between the
timeframes of plaintiffs and defendants.

“A statute of limitations exists because it is

unfair for defendants some years down the

line to come in and defend themselves,” he

said.

Stoeri said that it is difficult to build a

defense based on a doctor’s memory of what he

or she did years ago. He said that they have

to go back and review the standard of care

from the year of the claim. They have to re-

search what the correct response should have

been in order to establish that the doctor did

not act negligently.

“The difference in medical cases is that

medicine advances extremely quickly. To go

from two years to six years is an exponential

expansion,” he said. “I don’t think that any

patient would want to be treated with the

standard of care from six or eight years ago.”

Bob Tracy, of the Minnesota AIDS Project,
testified against one of the provisions in

HF1151. The provision would extend thestat-

ute of limitations in cases where the HIV virus

is passed from a health care worker to a

patient.

Tracy said that there have been no cases of

this sort in the state. He said that there has only

been one case in the United States, and that
case has been recently called into question.

Particularly with the HIV provision, we are

looking at a solution that is trying to find a

problem,” he said.

Van Dellen’s bill received the division’s ap-

proval and now goes to the full committee.

The division also heard a bill (HF2491)

sponsored by Rep. Betty Folliard (DFL-

Hopkins) that would increase the statute of

limitations to six years for all medical mal-

practice cases.

When the bill came up for a vote, there was

a tie, and the bill did not advance.

Making health care decisions

Rep. Dave Bishop (R-Rochester) told the

House Judiciary Committee Jan. 28 why he is

sponsoring a bill to rework legislation he helped

write dealing with durable power of attorney

and living wills.

“I had the unique opportunity as the author

of a bill to go to my attorney with estate

planning issues and have my own lawyer say,

“You know what? I don’t like your durable

power of attorney law, and if you don’t like

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that, find another lawyer," Bishop said, whose bill was approved by the committee.

HF2521 is based on the recommendations of a working group the Minnesota State Bar Association sponsored to review current law on health care decision-making and to suggest ways to make the laws more effective. The group is made up of government officials and representatives from health care organizations, consumer groups, and ethical and religious organizations.

Currently, a patient can create a document that designates the care to be received if he or she cannot communicate those wishes. The document is called a living will. In addition, a patient can name a person as his or her durable power of attorney, which authorizes that person to make health care decisions. The living will and durable power of attorney provisions are contained in two separate statutes.

"What we now have as a result is too confusing, and lawyers are choosing one or the other," Bishop said.

The bill would combine the living will and the durable power of attorney into one document called a health care directive. The bill provides the criteria necessary for a directive to be valid and directs the commissioner of health to appoint an advisory task force to create a uniform health care directive form.

Barbara Blumer, an attorney from the working group, said the convenience of the new language would encourage all people to make decisions about their health care before it is too late.

"Our goal is to give Minnesotans a tool to express their wishes on health care decisions," Blumer said. "This is a bill for young and old Minnesotans; it's a bill for all Minnesotans."

Helen Johnston from the Minnesota Board on Aging testified for the bill. She told the committee that last week a 97-year-old friend of hers was given medical treatment and that there were questions about whether the treatment was consistent with the friend's wishes. Johnston said if her friend had a health care directive on file with the doctor, the situation could have been avoided.

Jackie Schiwetz, a lobbyist for the Minnesota Citizens Concerned for Life, told the committee that her organization has objections to the bill, especially a provision recognizing living wills from other states. She said if doctor-assisted suicide is made legal in other states, those living will documents may have to be honored in Minnesota.

The bill now moves to the House floor.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

War against mosquitoes

The Metropolitan Mosquito Control District would have to let affected communities know when the agency's soldiers are coming with their pickup trucks and their chemical sprayers to wage war against mosquitoes, under a bill sponsored by Rep. Mindy Greiling (DFL-Roseville).

The bill (HF2320) was considered Jan. 27 by the House Local Government and Metropolitan Affairs Committee. It would require mosquito control to notify the local residents, affected property owners, and local government units before spraying mosquito-killing chemicals.

"The mosquito control district claims that everything they use is very safe," Greiling said. "Over time in history, there have been chemicals that people thought were safe, and we found out they're not so safe."

The bill would require mosquito control to provide a minimum 48-hour notification before an insecticide treatment on public land or water by posting signs.

And the bill would require a minimum 48-hour notice when the spraying will be within 300 feet of farmland or within 1,000 feet of a home. That notification must be made in person or in the form of an information card on the door at each residence.

The bill also would require a notice of seven to 14 days to any city or town where spraying would occur within its limits.

Judy Bellairs, legislative director for the Sierra Club, told the committee of an experience last summer when a spraying truck from mosquito control came into her neighborhood emitting a fine mist which seemed to have an oily smell. "No one knew the truck was coming. "People cannot object if they do not know when their property is being sprayed," she said.

The spray was made up primarily of chemicals that are toxic to fish and other forms of aquatic life, she said.

She also questioned the effects of residue left in the area. "People who are chemically sensitive should know about the spraying," she said, acknowledging that mosquito control has a hotline with updates on spraying.

"People don't know about the hotline," she said.

Some committee members wondered if the bill might become another "unfunded mandate" handed down from the state.

Washington County Commissioner Dave Engstrom said it would, but that's part of doing business.

"We in local government look at anything as unfunded, but we do them. I think it's really critical to know what kind of environment [homeowners] are getting into," he said.

Joe Sanzone, director of the Metropolitan Mosquito Control District, said the district tries to "conduct a proactive notification program. We are open to change and to improve the way we do it."

The bill, which was laid over, is expected to be taken up again later.

METRO AFFAIRS

Trolley for tourists

A plan to promote south Minneapolis neighborhoods with a trolley to transport tourists to the area rolled easily through the House Economic Development and International Trade Committee Jan. 28.

HF2339, sponsored by Rep. Karen Clark (DFL-Mpls.), calls for developing a transit system to connect the Minneapolis Convention Center with the Cedar-Riverside, Central, Phillips, Powderhorn, and Whittier neighborhoods in Minneapolis.

"This is a whole undiscovered part of the city that both tourists and residents don't patronize or know about," Clark said. She said the neighborhoods are full of ethnic restaurants and shops but lack of accessibility keeps tourists away.

"By bringing some of the tourism into south Minneapolis, we generate added revenue for the state," she said.

The bill calls for $400,000 for planning and operational costs for starting the program and another $40,000 for promotional costs. Those funds would be expected to be matched by sources such as the city of Minneapolis, Hennepin County, and private businesses. A separate bill requests bonding for buying the buses.

The project is slated to include regular routes between the convention center and other areas, as well as chartered routes.

"This is a good investment in our economic development and in our inner city," Clark said. "It's the first attempt to develop inner-city tourism in Minneapolis.

Several lawmakers at the hearing said they used to live or work in some of the neighborhoods in question and are in favor of development efforts.

"I always got the feeling that this was one of those neighborhoods that could just tip either way," said Rep. Carlos Marinari (DFL-St. Paul), who used to work in south Minneapolis.

The bill now moves to the committee's Economic Development Finance Division.
Rebate ‘98 . . .

Homeowners, renters collect on budget windfall

By Nicole Wood

In an effort to return some of the state’s budget surplus — then projected at a hefty $2.3 billion — to homeowners and renters, the 1997 Legislature authorized a one-time property tax rebate.

Now it’s time to collect on the budget windfall, but questions about eligibility and filing procedures abound.

To qualify for the rebate, homeowners must have paid 1997 property taxes on a homestead that was their principal residence. The taxes may have been paid directly, indirectly through an escrow arrangement with a mortgage lender, or under a purchase agreement for the property.

Likewise, renters must have paid rent in 1997 on a dwelling that was their principal residence.

The rebate amounts to 20 percent of property taxes paid for homeowners. Renters will be able to get a rebate of 3.6 percent of the rent they paid in 1997. That’s about 20 percent of the estimated portion of rent that pays property taxes, according to the Minnesota Department of Revenue.

There is no dollar cap on the rebate, and its availability does not depend on income. Here’s the tricky part: Although it is a property tax rebate, it must be claimed on the 1997 state income tax return filed in 1998. The rebate is essentially a refundable credit against the state income tax.

The revenue department estimates that the rebate will cost the state $500 million. Average individual rebates are expected to be $300 for homeowners and $175 for renters.

To collect the rebate, homeowners and renters — even those who are normally exempt from filing income taxes — must file Minnesota’s individual income tax Form M-1.

In an attempt to make Form M-1’s rebate section easy to identify, the companion booklets to Form M-1 have been updated with the slogan “Look for the Frog.”

The revenue department has added a smiling frog symbol on Form M-1 that clearly marks the rebate section. It’s a play on words that only an accountant could love. Get it? A frog says “rebate, rebate.”

Homeowners will need their property tax statements issued by counties in 1997. A copy of the statement will have to be attached to the tax form to receive the rebate.

Landlords must supply renters with the documentation they will need to claim the rebate. The paperwork should be in the hands of renters before the end of January.

A rebate schedule on the back of the form details eligibility requirements. Many college students will be disappointed to read the fine print; renters who are listed as dependents on another person’s income tax return do not qualify for the rebate.

At the moment, those who prepaid their 1997 property taxes in 1996 do not qualify, either. The law states that the rebate is based on a “percent of qualified property tax paid in calendar year 1997.”

However, things could change for those who prepaid in 1996. The House Taxes Committee has approved bill H F2294, that would grant the rebate to early birds, too. The bill is headed for a vote on the House floor.

In the past, income tax refunds took anywhere from three weeks to two months to receive, depending upon when they were filed.

This year, the revenue department predicts that refunds may take twice as long — up to four months — because they expect to process an additional 600,000 refund-more-than-the-1.2-million refunds handled last year.

It’s a good idea to file early, and it’s an even better idea to do so electronically. By electronic filing, the figures are automatically transferred to the department’s computer system, saving tedious data entry time and accelerating the rate of return.

In fact, electronic filers who arrange for direct deposit can expect a refund within 10 days.

For more information, contact the Department of Revenue Taxpayer Hotline at 296-3781 (Metro) or 1-800-652-9094 (Greater Minnesota), or to catch a bright green animated version of the rebate frog in action, visit the department’s web page: www.taxes.state.mn.us.

How to do the paperwork for your property tax rebate

The property tax rebate approved by lawmakers will return an average of $300 to homeowners and $175 to renters. Here are some hints for completing the paperwork necessary to get the money.

Homeowners will find the qualifying amount of property taxes paid indicated on Line 1 of the 1997 property tax statement issued by counties last year. Homeowners who have misplaced the statement should call their county treasurer’s office for a new copy. Property tax statement stubs and Truth in Taxation statements are not acceptable substitutes.

To calculate the rebate, homeowners should multiply the figure on Line 1 of the property tax statement by 20 percent.

Renters will get the paperwork they need from their landlord. Landlords must present renters with two copies of a 1997 Certificate of Rent Paid (CRP) no later than January 31, 1998. Line 1 of the CRP indicates the total amount of rent paid last year. To calculate the rebate, renters should multiply the figure on Line 1 of the CRP by 3.6 percent.

Why 3.6 percent and not 20 percent? For renters, the rebate equals 20 percent of “rent constituting property taxes,” or the portion of rent that covers property taxes.

After calculating the rebate amount, there are three easy steps to complete the rebate section of Form M-1:

1) Check the homeowner or renter box on Line 14 (Look for the frog!)
2) Fill in the rebate amount on Line 14.
3) Attach a copy of your property tax statement or CRP.

The Department of Revenue expects to receive an additional 230,000 forms from people who are seeking the rebate but who don’t qualify to file income taxes. People in that situation should write, “Do not meet filing requirements - rebate only,” at the top of Form M-1, fill their name, address, and social security number, write in “0” for the amount of federal taxable income on Line 1, and complete the rebate section on Line 14.
New members...

**Early Taft visit inspires Erickson’s political career**

By Nicole Wood

Newly elected Rep. Sondra Erickson (R-Princeton) has been a Republican since she was 10 years old growing up in Taft, N.D. Her political awakening occurred in 1952 when the late President William Taft’s son, U.S. Sen. Robert Taft, came through town. The younger Taft was seeking the GOP nomination for president, and he had vowed to visit every town named Taft in the country. Erickson’s Taft was the smallest — population seven, with one sibling on the way.

Dwight Eisenhower got the nod from the Republican Party and went on to win the presidential election that year, but Taft’s visit had a lasting effect on Erickson.

“That was my first real knowledge that there was a political process,” she said. “My parents had already been proclaiming themselves Republicans, but it was my introduction to politics.”

Erickson maintained her ties to the Republican Party when she grew up and moved to Princeton, Minn. Her first real campaign work, she said, was for John Zwach’s congressional campaign in the 1960s. Zwach happens to be the father of one of Erickson’s new House colleagues, Rep. Barb Sykora (R-Excelsior).

More recently, Erickson managed all four of former state Rep. LeRoy Koppendrayer’s House campaigns.

“The experience of running his campaigns was absolutely essential,” she said. “It paid off.”

Erickson maintained that the experience of running his campaigns was absolutely essential, she said. “It paid off.”

Rep. Erickson brings this enthusiasm for teaching to the House Education Committee, where she hopes to continue down the path toward increased accountability and emphasis on outcomes.

“It’s so important, having been in the classroom for 30 years, that we all know, whether we’re teachers, parents, or communities, that our children are learning something that they can take with them in life,” she said. “The community at large has found out in employing and further educating our students that they are not at the standard they expect. Thus, we started this reformation.”

Erickson’s legislative agenda isn’t limited to education. She also serves on the Regulated Industries and Energy Committee and the Economic Development and International Trade Committee and its Housing and Housing Finance Division.

In language typical of a teacher, Erickson said she did her “homework” immediately after the election, and already she is sponsoring several bills. She hopes to address other key legislative topics, such as animal feedlots, soon.

Erickson adamantly opposes a proposed moratorium on feedlots in the state.

“I don’t want to see the family farmer face another roadblock,” she said.

She also has definite ideas about what to do with the state’s projected $1.3 billion budget surplus.

“I would like to see the surplus given back to the people,” she said. “That means property tax reform and possible income tax reform.”

Erickson said she comes from a “property poor” district.

“Property tax reform is major in District 17A because we have little to no industry, a low tax base, and a lot of land that is tax-free because it is a reservation,” she said. “I would hope that eventually the Legislature would understand that there are some districts that face that dilemma.”

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**District 17A**

1995 population: 35,100

Largest city: Princeton

Counties: Kanabec, Mille Lacs, Morrison

Location: east-central Minnesota

Top concern: “To continue to promote quality education in Minnesota that has accountability.”

— Rep. Sondra Erickson

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**Frequently called numbers**

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Dr. Jennifer James, cultural anthropologist, presents her perspectives on public policy issues. James lectured at the Minnesota History Center Jan. 28 as part of the 1998 Capitol Forum Series.

Jennifer James: ‘Our favorite stories have grown stale’

By Sandy Donovan

Everybody loves a good story. But the trouble with stories, says cultural anthropologist Jennifer James, is that too many of us don’t recognize when our favorite ones have grown stale.

“Fetal Alcohol Syndrome is a prime example,” James told a group of lawmakers at the Minnesota History Center Jan. 28. “It took such a long time for people to even see that story. Most of us have walked by alcohol for our whole lives, but despite all the evidence, we were unwilling to believe it could be as damaging as marijuana or cocaine.”

The reason, she said, is that people were too comfortable with the old story of alcohol as a relatively safe drug.

“It’s not the evidence or the data that makes a difference, but how long we’ve been telling ourselves the story,” she said. “There’s nothing more painful than having your story invalidated.”

James was addressing legislators and their staff as the second of two speakers in this year’s Capitol Forum Series, sponsored by the McKnight Foundation and Minnesota Technology Inc.

She is a Seattle-based lecturer, writer, commentator, and former professor of psychiatry. Her books include Thinking in the Future Tense and Success is the Quality of Your Journey.

Her message to lawmakers was clear: Those who get stuck clinging to the parameters of old stories will be left in the dust.

“The key way to have influence is to be able to tell a compelling new story about the way things are or should be,” she advised.

It’s the speed at which society is changing that makes the invention of those new stories so difficult, she said.

One of the more compelling stories this decade, according to James, is welfare reform.

“But while she praised the instigators of welfare reform as visionaries, she said there are many times in government when legislators need to stand back while the story writes itself.

In Minnesota, she said, the current proposal for hunting and fishing rights falls under that category.

“Give them the constitutional amendment to protect hunting,” she said. “But understand that in the long run it doesn’t matter — that story is already written.

“We’ve had far too many bunny books influencing the kids. Fourteen percent of adolescents claim to be vegetarian. Hunting is not in the future.”

Having grown up on a farm and lived most of her life in a hunting and logging state, James says she’s sympathetic to those interests, but, “the writing is on the wall.”

“You can make far more money by protecting the environment than by not [protecting it],” she said. “In Washington, we lose federal money every year for logging, which we continue in order to keep people employed.

“But at what time do you start to follow the new story?” she asked.

Lawmakers said they were particularly impressed with James, who spoke as part of the same series last year, because she included so many Minnesota-specific topics in her talk.

However, she said she couldn’t resist sharing her views on the recent, widely publicized news involving President Clinton.

“Of course we know the story we’re all thinking about this week,” she said. “It’s really too soon for an anthropologist to talk about it, but heck, that’s what I’ll never stop me.”

She said polls showing that women overwhelmingly support Clinton this week indicate that gender is rewriting its own story.

“Women have increasingly less support for stupid women, for women who are unwilling to use their education, unwilling to do the decent thing,” she said. “Women [are] waking up another notch.”

James said that in the long run the story about Monica Lewinsky and Clinton won’t have anything to do with character.

“Nobody really cares if he did it or not,” she said.

But she did draw some chuckles from the audience for her opinion on the matter.

“It’s probably true, and I say that only because she’s his type — big hair and obviously not too bright,” she said. “But the real story to come out of this will be that you can’t have a private investigator pursuing your president.”

She left the audience with some thoughts on how the story of lawmakers is being rewritten.

“The ways we divide politicians are becoming increasingly ineffective,” she said, using herself as an example of the new constituent: fiscally conservative, but socially liberal.

She said leaders are having to address these new constituents.

“We’re looking at a public that’s going to make it increasingly difficult to hold leadership positions for a long time if there’s no substance,” she said.

At a reception following her talk, lawmakers said they found the evening inspirational.

“She really does stretch us and make us think,” Rep. Gail Skare (DFL-Bemidji) said. “Unfortunately, sometimes it doesn’t take long for us to slip back into the old routine.”
**Bill Introductions**

**Monday, January 26**

**HF2647—Tomassoni (DFL)**
**Environment & Natural Resources**

Economic Development & International Trade
Lake Crystal area recreation center construction provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2648—Tomassoni (DFL)**
**Economic Development & International Trade**

Taconite mining program appropriated money.

**HF2649—Wejcman (DFL)**
**Health & Human Services**

Office of health care consumer assistance, advocacy, and information created, health maintenance organization enrollment complaint system modified, informal complaint resolution process establishment date extended, and money appropriated.

**HF2650—Jennings (DFL)**
**Taxes**

Sales and use tax capital equipment definition expanded to include central office and transmission equipment used for telephone service.

**HF2651—Greenfield (DFL)**
**Health & Human Services**

Housing with services establishments licensing requirements modified.

**HF2652—Opatz (DFL)**
**Education**

Full year equivalent student funding increased for colleges and universities receiving below the average, and money appropriated.

**HF2653—Leighton (DFL)**
**Education**

Pell Grant percentage excluded from student financial aid calculation, and money appropriated.

**HF2654—Mahon (DFL)**
**Transportation & Transit**

Personalized license plates authorized for vehicles resembling pickup trucks, juvenile age provisions clarified relating to DWI-related driver's license revocation, and licensure reinstatement provisions modified.

**HF2655—Gunther (R)**
**Economic Development & International Trade**

Lake Crystal area recreation center construction provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2656—Johnson, R. (DFL)**
**Economic Development & International Trade**

Nicotle County treaty site historic center grant provided, land acquisition and capital improvements authorized, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2657—Schumacher (DFL)**
**Education**

Public library accessibility grant amounts modified, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2658—Jaros (DFL)**
**Health & Human Services**

Family anti-poverty program created, previous and welfare reform provisions modified.

**HF2659—Olson, E. (DFL)**
**Taxes**

Income, franchise, sales, excise, property, healthcare provider, gambling, and administrative tax provisions technical changes provided.

**HF2660—Johnson, A. (DFL)**
**Education**

Public libraries and school media center database access program established, and money appropriated.

**HF2661—Goodno (R)**
**Health & Human Services**

Medical education and research trust fund, rural physician education account, mobile food unit, restaurants and food stands, and health report provisions modified, public health core functions established, and money appropriated.

**HF2662—Bradley (R)**
**Health & Human Services**

Medical Assistance and General Assistance medical care eligibility requirements modified, and MinnesotaCare provisions modified.

**HF2663—Bradley (R)**
**Health & Human Services**

Welfare fraud prevention fingerprint imaging project created, and money appropriated.

**HF2664—Delmont (DFL)**
**Health & Human Services**

Health plan company equal access required to include direct access to chiropractors, optometrists, and advanced practice nurses.

**HF2665—Juhnke (DFL)**
**Transportation & Transit**

Intrastate hazardous material carriers provided continuation of the uniform registration and permitting program, criminal background check requirements eliminated, and fees imposed.

**HF2666—Tomassoni (DFL)**
**Transportation & Transit**

Uninsured motorist identification database program established, and criminal penalties prescribed.

**HF2667—Rest (DFL)**
**Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs**

Ely business technology center provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2668—Kubly (DFL)**
**Environment, Natural Resources**

Home visiting program grant requirements specified, and money appropriated.

**HF2669—Bakk (DFL)**
**Environment & Natural Resources**

Funds transfer to game and fish fund provided in cases of deer hunting area closure.

**HF2670—Solberg (DFL)**
**Education**

Itasca County school-to-work technology center project provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2671—Jennings (DFL)**
**Health & Human Services**

Provider payment modified relating to assisted living homecare and medical assistance.

**HF2672—Bakk (DFL)**
**Governmental Operations**

Compensation increase provided for state employees serving as certified disaster service volunteers of the American Red Cross.

**HF2673—Rest (DFL)**
**Governmental Operations**

Compensation increase provided for state employees serving as certified disaster service volunteers of the American Red Cross.

**HF2674—Peterson (DFL)**
**Judiciary**

Big Stone County provided funding for emergency shelter and support services for battered women and their children, and money appropriated.

**HF2675—Pelowski (DFL)**
**Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs**

Winona bond issuance and sales and use tax authorized to finance dredging of Lake Winona.

**HF2676—Skoglund (DFL)**
**Judiciary**

Prosecution of certain juvenile offenses in adult court without a court ruling authorized.

**HF2677—Entenza (DFL)**
**Health & Human Services**

Home visiting program grant requirements specified, and money appropriated.

**HF2678—Gunther (R)**
**Economic Development & International Trade**

Tourism office competitive bidding exemption provided, contaminated cleanup grant application requirements clarified, Job Skills Partnership Board compensation provided, and wastewater infrastructure funding modified.

**HF2679—Biernat (DFL)**
**Judiciary**

Enhanced sentenced expanded to include crimes motivated by involvement with a criminal gang.

**HF2680—Munger (DFL)**
**Environment & Natural Resources**

Permanent school fund advisory committee membership and duties expanded.
HF2681—Slawik (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
Hepatitis B immunization required for children.

HF2682—Johnson, A. (DFL)  
Taxes  
Use tax liability payment on individual income tax return authorized.

HF2683—Huntley (DFL)  
Economic Development & International Trade  
Improvements to St. Louis County Heritage and Arts Center in Duluth authorized.

HF2684—Koskinen (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
Nursing home staffing ratios and facilities reimbursement modified.

HF2685—Koskinen (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
Nursing home staffing ratios and facilities reimbursement modified.

HF2686—Munger (DFL)  
Environment & Natural Resources  
Board of Water and Soil Resources hearing provisions clarified, and wetland replacement approval required.

HF2687—Milbert (DFL)  
Taxes  
County treasurer mortgage registry tax receipt payment obligations modified relating to multiple county mortgages.

HF2688—Macklin (R)  
Taxes  
Tax disclosure provisions clarified and technical changes provided.

HF2689—Huntley (DFL)  
Taxes  
Duluth Entertainment and Convention Center construction materials sales tax exemption provided.

HF2690—Huntley (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
MinnesotaCare disenrollment time period modified for failing to apply for medical assistance.

HF2691—Huntley (DFL)  
Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs  
Canosia permitted the off-sale of intoxicating liquor until 10 p.m. Monday through Saturday.

HF2692—Jennings (DFL)  
Regulated Industries & Energy  
Public rights-of-way rule adoption deadline for the Public Utilities Commission extended.

HF2693—Skare (DFL)  
Education  
Old Bemidji High School combination with Northwest Technical College provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2694—Long (DFL)  
Taxes  
Income, franchise, and property tax policies modified, and Commissioner of Revenue provided additional powers.

HF2695—Tunheim (DFL)  
Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs  
Malt liquor sampling regulated.

HF2696—Munger (DFL)  
Environment & Natural Resources  
Unlawful possession or damage of merchandise pallets prohibited, and penalties and remedies provided.

HF2697—Huntley (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
Health maintenance organizations permitted maximum financial reserves increased.

HF2698—Bradley (R)  
Health & Human Services  
MinnesotaCare disenrollment based on income provided.

HF2699—Molnau (R)  
Transportation & Transit  
Major projects account created in the Trunk Highway Fund, and motor vehicle sales tax revenues dedicated.

HF2700—Harder (R)  
Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs  
Brown County nonprofit economic development corporation authorized, and local approval required.

HF2701—Greenfield (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
Nursing facility salary adjustment period modified.

HF2702—Weaver (R)  
Judiciary  
Obstructing legal process offense felony penalty scope expanded.

HF2703—Mulder (R)  
Health & Human Services  
Welfare reform; caregiver grant garnishment protection provisions modified.

HF2704—Mulder (R)  
General Legislation, Veterans Affairs & Elections  
Military organizations required to notify members of their right to reduce dues by the same percentage the organization expended on political activities, and report to the Ethical Practices Board required.

HF2705—Kahn (DFL)  
Governmental Operations  
Electronic message reliability and certification authorities required, licensing and enforcement powers specified, and definitions and rulemaking provided.

HF2706—Kahn (DFL)  
Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs  
Electronic message authentication and reliability regulations, and government keys exempted from public inspection and copying under the government data practices act.

HF2707—Kahn (DFL)  
Governmental Operations  
Agricultural marketing and bargaining advisory committee established, dispute resolution procedures provided, and association of producers defined.

HF2708—Juhne (DFL)  
Agriculture  
Agricultural marketing and bargaining advisory committee established, dispute resolution procedures provided, and association of producers defined.

HF2709—Sykora (R)  
Education  
Student grant provisions modified, and EdVest appropriation extended.

HF2710—Kalis (DFL)  
Agriculture  
Study of use of blue lights on emergency and road maintenance vehicles provided, and money appropriated.

HF2711—Weaver (R)  
Environment & Natural Resources  
Electrical equipment required for underground petroleum storage tank violations, and penalties provided.

HF2712—Bettermann (R)  
Health & Human Services  
Certain child abuse information release restricted, citizen review panels established relating to child protection services, and child welfare reform provided.

HF2713—Westfall (R)  
Environment & Natural Resources  
Flood protection plan revision provisions modified, flood hazard mitigation grant limits increased, and water use permit processing fee provisions modified.

HF2714—Leighton (DFL)  
Governmental Operations  
Mower County; land acquisition adjacent to the Ramsey Mill Pond Wildlife Management Area authorized, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2715—Kalis (DFL)  
Transportation & Transit  
Free highway maps made available for distribution in other states.

HF2716—Kahn (DFL)  
Governmental Operations  
Minneapolis Fire Department Relief Association survivor benefit options made retroactive.

HF2717—Weaver (R)  
Judiciary  
Disposition of interest on prepaid child support or maintenance specified.

HF2718—Peterson (DFL)  
Environment & Natural Resources  
Snowmobile nonresident state trail sticker required.

HF2719—Johnson, R. (DFL)  
Education  
Student grant provisions modified, and EdVest appropriation extended.

HF2720—Mares (R)  
Transportation & Transit  
Study of use of blue lights on emergency and road maintenance vehicles provided, and money appropriated.

HF2721—Farrell (DFL)  
Financial Institutions & Insurance  
Automated teller machine usage fees limited.

HF2722—McCollum (DFL)  
Environment & Natural Resources  
Red tag issuance authorized for underground petroleum storage tank violations, and penalties provided.

HF2723—Entenza (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
Certain child abuse information release restricted, citizen review panels established relating to child protection services, and child welfare reform provided.
HF2724—Milbert (DFL)  
Environment & Natural Resources  
Commercial netting provisions, minnow retailer provisions, and turtle license provisions modified, critical aquatic habitat acquisition provided, and catfish removal in certain waters authorized.

HF2725—Mulder (R)  
Health & Human Services  
Certain public pools exempted from standards for pools with diving.

HF2726—Slawik (DFL)  
Education  
Family and community services assistance grant program authorized, and money appropriated.

HF2727—Mulder (R)  
Governmental Operations  
Transferred employees of Luverne Community Hospital and Arnold Memorial Hospital provided pension coverage.

HF2728—Goodno (R)  
Taxes  
Border city development zones established, and enterprise zone incentive recapture modified.

HF2729—Goodno (R)  
Health & Human Services  
Temporary licensure waiver authorized for certain dietitians.

HF2730—Davids (R)  
Health & Human Services  
Human cloning prohibited, and criminal penalties provided.

HF2731—Harder (R)  
Economic Development & International Trade  
Windom area multi-purpose center bond issuance provided, and money appropriated.

HF2732—Wejcman (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
Commissioner of Human Services appropriated money for the Metropolitan Area Agency on Aging.

HF2733—Weaver (R)  
Judiciary  
Violent crime conviction, sentencing, and arrest disposition report established.

HF2734—Bishop (R)  
Judiciary  
Sex offender registration expanded.

HF2735—Hilty (DFL)  
Environment & Natural Resources  
Underground storage tank replacement loan and grant eligibility modified relating to small gasoline retailers.

HF2736—Hilty (DFL)  
Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs  
Counties authorized to provide grants to nonprofit community food shelves.

HF2737—Goodno (R)  
Health & Human Services  
Welfare reform; work first and other programs modified, and nonresidential child care program licensure modified.

HF2738—Trimble (DFL)  
Education  
Metropolitan State University, St. Paul campus, library facility construction authorized, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2739—Trimble (DFL)  
Economic Development & International Trade  
St. Paul indoor tennis center construction grant provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2740—Greiling (DFL)  
Education  
Pell Grant percentage excluded from student financial aid calculation, and money appropriated.

HF2741—Leighton (DFL)  
Education  
Regional distribution of University of Minnesota assets established, and Regent Candidate Advisory Council membership and recommendation procedures modified.

HF2742—Juhnke (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
Willmar Regional Treatment Center buildings 3 and 14 renovated, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2743—Solberg (DFL)  
Governmental Operations  
M. Itasca area facilities expansion provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2744—Mulillery (DFL)  
Education  
Pell Grant percentage excluded from student financial aid calculation, and money appropriated.

HF2745—Evans (DFL)  
Economic Development & International Trade  
Housing Finance Agency's bridges program appropriated money.

HF2746—Luther (DFL)  
Transportation & Transit  
School bus safety provisions modified.

HF2747—Peterson (DFL)  
Economic Development & International Trade  
M. ontevideo historic railroad depot, related parking, and facilities capital improvement grant provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2748—Tomassoni (DFL)  
Financial Institutions & Insurance  
M. innesota family asset initiative established for education, housing, and economic development purposes, and money appropriated.

HF2749—Bishop (R)  
Judiciary  
Judiciary finance and Department of Corrections supplemental appropriation bill.

HF2750—Wenzel (DFL)  
Financial Institutions & Insurance  
Reinsurance intermediary-brokers regulated, and held or collected fund investment provided.

HF2751—McCollum (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
Emergency assistance funds made available to individuals meeting the hardship exception.

HF2752—Jefferson (DFL)  
Education  
Special School District No. 1, M. inneapolis, North Star neighborhood early learning center established, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2753—Anderson, B. (R)  
Governmental Operations  
Elk River amateur sports hall of fame construction provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2754—Anderson, B. (R)  
Transportation & Transit  
Registration tax on passenger automobiles worth less than $30,000 abolished.

HF2755—Broecker (R)  
Economic Development & International Trade  
Youth Intervention Program grants provided, and money appropriated.

HF2756—Jennings (DFL)  
Regulated Industries & Energy  
Railroad charges to utilities for right-of-way access provided alternative dispute resolution.

HF2757—Entenza (DFL)  
Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs  
Residential mortgage loans regulated, and table funding requirements established.

HF2758—Mullery (DFL)  
Economic Development & International Trade  
Hennepin County Humboldt Avenue Greenway Project grants provided, and money appropriated.

HF2759—Mares (R)  
Education  
School district gifted and talented program grant local match requirement eliminated.

HF2760—Knight (R)  
Judiciary  
Covenant marriages established, and grounds for dissolution specified.

HF2761—McGuire (DFL)  
Judiciary  
Gang prevention and intervention program grants provided, and money appropriated.

HF2762—McGuire (DFL)  
Health & Human Services  
Social worker licensure requirements modified.

HF2763—Wagenius (DFL)  
Education  
Full day kindergarten phase-in provided, first grade preparedness program expanded, and money appropriated.

HF2764—Trimble (DFL)  
Regulated Industries & Energy  
St. Paul authorized to conduct lottery games for youth educational and recreational program funding.

HF2765—Evans (DFL)  
Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs  
Metropolitan Airports Commission limit on revenue use clarified and expanded relating to air facility expansion or upgrade.

HF2766—Orfield (DFL)  
Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs  
Metropolitan Council made an election or upgrade modified relating to air facility expansion or upgrade.
contribution to candidates regulated, policy advisory committee created, and levy authority modified.

HF2767—Entenza (DFL) Health & Human Services Data Practices Act modified relating to the statewide Minnesota Family Investment Program and child support obligations.

HF2768—Orfield (DFL) Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs Statewide comprehensive land use planning coordination provided, and money appropriated.

HF2769—Pugh (DFL) Financial Institutions & Insurance Automobile insurance age threshold lowered for retirees declining wage loss reimbursement coverage.

HF2770—Pugh (DFL) Financial Institutions & Insurance Financial Institutions & Insurance Automobile accident victim right to bring a negligence action to recover for noneconomic detriment clarified.

HF2771—Koskinen (DFL) Health & Human Services Health plans required to provide coverage for eyeglasses and hearing aids.

HF2772—Orfield (DFL) Economic Development & International Trade Affordable defined under the metropolitan livable communities act, affordable and life-cycle housing goal progress required, metropolitan system plans expanded to include housing policy plan, and inclusionary zoning program required.

HF2773—Tunheim (DFL) Judiciary Private property protection act adopted.

HF2774—Kuise (R) Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs County referendums conducted by county auditors clarified.

HF2775—Clark (DFL) Education Early childhood learning and protection facility grants provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2776—Holsten (R) Environment & Natural Resources State departments supplemental appropriations bill.

HF2777—Jefferson (DFL) Governmental Operations Department of Employee Relations experimental or research project provisions modified.

HF2778—Huntley (DFL) Health & Human Services Governor authorized to enter into agreement with the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

HF2779—Chaudhary (DFL) Judiciary Housing for the elderly definition modified relating to human rights.

HF2780—Evans (DFL) Education Basic sliding fee child care self-employment exception eligibility modified.

HF2781—Jennings (DFL) Health & Human Services County crisis nursery technical assistance program established, and money appropriated.

HF2782—Evans (DFL) Judiciary Domestic abuse definition expanded, and order for protection violation penalties clarified.

HF2783—Carruthers (DFL) Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs Brooklyn Center tax-increment financing districts class rates specified.

HF2784—Entenza (DFL) Judiciary Child support enforcement provisions modified.

HF2785—Entenza (DFL) Judiciary Release on pass provisions modified relating to mentally ill and dangerous persons, temporary jail confinement authorized for sexually psychopathic personalities and sexually dangerous persons, and technical changes provided.

HF2786—Wejcman (DFL) Health & Human Services Speech-language pathologist, unlicensed mental health practitioner, alcohol and drug counselor, and hearing instrument dispenser licensure requirements modified.

HF2787—Dawkins (DFL) Judiciary Medical malpractice action statute of limitations modified.

HF2788—Dawkins (DFL) Education Youth Works Program repealer removed.

HF2789—Huntley (DFL) Economic Development & International Trade Mental illness crisis housing assistance program appropriated money.

HF2790—Jennings (DFL) Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs Chicago County recorder appointment permitted.

HF2791—Carlson (DFL) Transportation & Transit High-occupancy vehicle lanes prohibited on I-394, and reversible one direction lanes designated.

HF2792—Johnson, R. (DFL) Education Minnesota library for the blind and physically handicapped provided funding for the purchase of online catalog software, and money appropriated.

HF2793—Hilty (DFL) Health & Human Services Mash-Ka-Wisen Treatment Center youth alcohol treatment wing construction provided, and money appropriated.


HF2795—Jaros (DFL) Financial Institutions & Insurance Integrated service network health care providers required to cover care provided by any licensed provider willing to serve the insurer’s enrollees.

HF2796—Lieder (DFL) Transportation & Transit Dealer licensing and motor vehicle registration enforcement task force established.

HF2797—Daggett (R) Transportation & Transit Motor vehicle title secure reassignment provided.

HF2798—Juhnke (DFL) Agriculture Eminent domain pipeline easement compensation requirements provided.

HF2799—Juhnke (DFL) Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs Municipalties authorized to issue two temporary on-sale licenses for official community festivals.

HF2800—Rostberg (R) Education CambridgeCommunity Collegemaster facilities plan second phase completed, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2801—Tunheim (DFL) Environment, Natural Resources & Agricultural Finance Consolidated Department of Natural Resources area officer in Warroad construction authorized, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2802—Slawik (DFL) Governmental Operations Public Employee Retirement Association special surviving spouse benefit eligibility requirements prescribed.

HF2803—Kinkel (DFL) Education Child care program transition year families definition clarified, employment and training assistance eligibility expanded, human services order review provisions modified, program costs funded, and money appropriated.

HF2804—Slawik (DFL) Taxes Dependent care income tax credit expanded.

HF2805—Wejcman (DFL) Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs Sale of alcohol to under age persons provided minimum mandatory civil penalties, regular compliance checks for licensees required, home delivery regulated, under age purchasers provided minimum fines, and 50 milliliter bottle ban allowed.

HF2806—Slawik (DFL) Judiciary Indecent exposure felons required to register as predatory offenders.

HF2807—Juhnke (DFL) Judiciary Commissioner of public safety provided funding to hire four additional full-time forensic scientists for the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, and money appropriated.
HF2808—Knoblach (DFL)  
Governmental Operations
Elected local units of government authorized to petition for amendment or repeal of agency rules, and petition consideration procedures established.

HF2809—McElroy (R)  
Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs
Audited financial statement copies provided to members of the local unit of government, and town meeting presentment required.

HF2810—Kahn (DFL)  
Governmental Operations
Office of Technology authorized to designate additional unclassified positions, and payment of accumulated vacation leave upon layoff allowed.

HF2811—Kahn (DFL)  
Governmental Operations
Director of the Office of Technology membership to various organizations clarified, and technical changes provided.

HF2812—Stanek (R)  
Judiciary
Repeat violent crime offenders mandatory minimum sentences and lifetime probation required.

HF2813—Weaver (R)  
Judiciary
Omnibus juvenile and crime prevention bill.

HF2814—Tomassoni (DFL)  
Health & Human Services
Durable medical equipment minimum definition established, and health plan companies required to disclose covered medical equipment and supplies.

HF2815—McGuire (DFL)  
Judiciary
Political subdivision audit information provided confidential data classification.

HF2816—Knoblach (R)  
Economic Development & International Trade
Sale or lease of property by a housing and redevelopment authority public notice requirements modified.

HF2817—Opatz (DFL)  
Education
College campuses allowed to withdraw from statewide student associations, and campus representation modified.

HF2818—Chaudhary (DFL)  
Financial Institutions & Insurance
ATM; automated teller machine use fees limited.

HF2819—Solberg (DFL)  
Health & Human Services
Dental services medical assistance reimbursement rates increased.

HF2820—Orfield (DFL)  
Health & Human Services
Patient protection act expanded, and independent health coverage dispute resolution process established.

HF2821—McElroy (R)  
Taxes
Tax increment financing district decertification responsibility and duration of reporting requirements clarified, and remedies provided for failure to file required reports.

HF2822—Kusile (R)  
Education
School district reimbursement grants authorized for additional construction expenditures relating to state prevailing wage statute expansion, and money appropriated.

HF2823—Johnson, R. (DFL)  
Economic Development & International Trade
St Peter wastewater treatment plant construction grant provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2824—Pugh (DFL)  
Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs
Dakota County; housing and redevelopment authority employees not deemed county employees without county board consent.

HF2825—Bradley (R)  
Health & Human Services
Employment and training service provider definition expanded relating to the Minnesota Family Investment Program.

HF2826—Evans (DFL)  
Health & Human Services
Manufactured home park conditions studied by the Department of Health.

HF2827—Workman (R)  
Economic Development & International Trade
Architecture, Engineering, Land Surveying, Landscape Architecture, Geoscience, and Interiors Design Board abolished.

HF2828—Tingelstad (R)  
Health & Human Services
Commissioner of health public water supply approval authority modified.

HF2829—Murphy (DFL)  
Economic Development & International Trade
Proctor community activity center provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2830—Seifert (R)  
Environment, Natural Resources & Agricultural Finance
Marshall flood control project funded, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2831—Leppik (R)  
Environment, Natural Resources & Agricultural Finance
Environmental supplemental appropriations bill.

HF2832—Solberg (DFL)  
Education
Grand Rapids regional learning resource center funded, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2833—Leighton (DFL)  
Economic Development & International Trade
Austin wastewater treatment plant completion funded, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2834—Bakk (DFL)  
Economic Development & International Trade
Wastewater infrastructure loan program funded for eligible municipalities within the Northshore management zone, and money appropriated.

HF2835—Peterson (DFL)  
Education
Southeastern Minnesota Crisis Intervention Project provided funding for developmentally disabled persons in home and community based services, and money appropriated.

HF2836—Opatz (DFL)  
Agriculture
Board of Animal Health provided funding for expansion of the bovine paratuberculosis control program, and money appropriated.

HF2837—Tomassoni (DFL)  
Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs
Open bottle law exemption provided to persons designated by a licensed alcoholic beverage manufacturer or wholesaler.

HF2838—Tuma (R)  
Taxes
Senior owned homestead estimated market value increase prohibited.

HF2839—Seagren (R)  
Education
Minnesota Council on Economic Education provided funding for state graduation standards teacher training, and money appropriated.

HF2840—Rhodes (R)  
Taxes
Sale of gold and silver coins and bullion sales tax exemption provided.

HF2841—Johnson, A. (DFL)  
Environment & Natural Resources
Motor vehicle emission inspection requirement waived for vehicles less than seven years old.

HF2842—Tuma (R)  
Transportation & Transit
License plate display of illegally obtained tab or stickers prohibited.

HF2843—Rifenberg (R)  
Health & Human Services
Southeastern Minnesota Crisis Intervention Project provided funding for developmentally disabled persons in home and community based services, and money appropriated.

HF2844—Peterson (DFL)  
Agriculture
Board of Animal Health provided funding for expansion of the bovine paratuberculosis control program, and money appropriated.

HF2845—Folliard (DFL)  
Judiciary
Grandparent visitation rights provisions modified, certain visitation rights of parents of custodial parents eliminated, mediation and payment of expenses required, and best interests of the child defined.

HF2846—Mahon (DFL)  
Financial Institutions & Insurance
Automobile insurance premium reduction provided for completion of an accident prevention course.
HF2847—Kraus (R)  Environment, Natural Resources & Agriculture Finance  Albert Lea to M yre-Big Island Blazing Star State Trail extension provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2848—Greenfield (DFL)  Health & Human Services  Diabetes control and prevention services funding provided, and money appropriated.

HF2849—Garcia (DFL)  Labor-Management Relations  Public employer definition expanded to include the Legislative Coordinating Commission.

HF2850—McGuire (DFL)  Judiciary  Harassment statutes clarified and expanded to include faxes and messages.

HF2851—Paulsen (R)  Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs  Beer brewer and wholesaler agreement terminated.

HF2852—Ness (R)  Education  Hard-to-place employee training program proposal developed by the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities in partnership with private industry.

HF2853—Weaver (R)  Judiciary  Concurrent incarceration provisions clarified for separate crimes or behavioral incidents, and concurrent and consecutive sentences specification requirements modified.

HF2854—Jefferson (DFL)  Economic Development & International Trade  Science museum east building renovated for the Minnesota Labor Interpretive Center, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2855—Nornes (R)  Health & Human Services  Fergus Falls Regional Treatment Center facilities upgrade provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2856—Nornes (R)  Environment, Natural Resources & Agriculture Finance  Consolidated Department of Natural Resources area headquarters constructed in Fergus Falls, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2857—Nornes (R)  Economic Development & International Trade  Fergus Falls convention and civic center construction provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2858—Munger (DFL)  Taxes  Wastewater treatment facilities biosolid processing equipment sales tax exemption provided.

HF2859—Huntley (DFL)  Health & Human Services  Medical Assistance and General Assistance medical care ambulance services payments increased.

HF2860—Erickson (R)  Education  Residential academies for at-risk students provided program grants, and money appropriated.

HF2861—Entenza (DFL)  Judiciary  Child support orders or maintenance enforcement administrative hearing procedures modified, and terminology modified to agree with court rules.

HF2862—Sykora (R)  Environment & Natural Resources  Watershed district administrative fund provisions modified.

HF2863—Hasskamp (DFL)  Transportation & Transit  Trunk Highway No. 371 Brainerd bypass fully grade-separated interchange construction required.

HF2864—Broecker (R)  Taxes  Property tax rebate to include rebate for prepaid taxes.

HF2865—Hausman (DFL)  Transportation & Transit  Nuclear waste transport of high-level radioactive waste readiness evaluation and report required.

HF2866—Kinkel (DFL)  Education  Departments of children, families, and learning and economic security reorganization codified.

HF2867—McGuire (DFL)  Education  Transition year families child care assistance requirements modified, and extensions provided.

HF2868—Greenfield (DFL)  Health & Human Services  Medical Assistance, Medicare, and MinnesotaCare provisions modified, Medical Assistance early waiver program modified, nursing facility cost report procedures modified, and health maintenance organizations surcharge offset provided.

HF2869—Delmont (DFL)  Governmental Operations  Administrative expense provisions modified for various public pension plans.

HF2870—Greenfield (DFL)  Health & Human Services  Health care cost information system provisions modified, filing fee established, and money appropriated.

HF2871—Carlson (DFL)  Governmental Operations  Interim superintendents earning limitations and annuity payment reductions exemptions provided.

HF2872—Greiling (DFL)  Education  School district superintendents performance contracts and salary increases authorized.

HF2873—Molnau (R)  Transportation & Transit  Transportation and public safety supplemental appropriations bill.


HF2875—Greiling (DFL)  Education  Interagency services for children with disabilities act adopted.

HF2876—Lieder (DFL)  Governmental Operations  Local government correctional service retirement plan created.

HF2877—Luther (DFL)  Governmental Operations  Local government correctional service retirement fund created.

HF2878—Paymar (DFL)  Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs  New home and home improvement statutory warranty period doubled.

HF2879—Lieder (DFL)  Education  Flood-affected school districts average daily membership modified.

HF2880—Finseth (R)  Judiciary  Private property protection act adopted.

HF2881—Dawkins (DFL)  Transportation & Transit  Metra area driver license examination central reservation system implemented, driver license examiners increased, and money appropriated.

HF2882—Entenza (DFL)  Education  Full day kindergarten phase-in provided, first grade readiness program expanded, and money appropriated.

HF2883—Kubly (DFL)  Health & Human Services  Granite Falls project turnaround appropriated money.

HF2884—Otremba, M. (DFL)  Health & Human Services  Abortion data reporting provisions modified, and criminal penalties provided.

HF2885—Rukavina (DFL)  Environment & Natural Resources  St. Louis County; private sale of surplus state land in Mountain City authorized.


HF2887—Luther (DFL)  Governmental Operations  Local government correctional service retirement plan created.

HF2888—Evans (DFL)  Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs  New home and home improvement statutory warranty period doubled.

HF2889—Paymar (DFL)  Transportation & Transit  Ramsey County provided funding for Ford Bridge improvements, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2890—Tunheim (DFL)  Financial Institutions & Insurance  Savings association act maintained.
HF2891—Kubly (DFL)
Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs
Farm tractor clock-hour meter tampering prohibited, and criminal and civil penalties prescribed.

HF2892—Peterson (DFL)
Agriculture
Value-added agricultural livestock processing and marketing grant program expanded to include other commodities, and money appropriated.

HF2893—Jennings (DFL)
Environment & Natural Resources
Small gasoline retailer petroleum fund reimbursement modified.

HF2894—Jennings (DFL)
Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs
Wyoming and Chisago City orderly annexed property reimbursement duration limit exemption provided.

HF2895—Tomassoni (DFL)
Financial Institutions & Insurance
Township mutual insurance companies permitted investments expanded.

HF2896—Rukavina (DFL)
Health & Human Services
Increased incidence of respiratory disease in northeastern and central Minnesota studied, and money appropriated.

HF2897—Rukavina (DFL)
Labor-Management Relations
Union organizations rights and duties established, unfair labor practices provisions expanded, and equal time requirements provided.

HF2898—Gunther (R)
Economic Development & International Trade
Economic development supplemental appropriations bill.

HF2899—Swenson, H. (R)
Taxes
Road construction or maintenance machinery, equipment, and vehicles purchased or used by political subdivisions provided sales tax exemption.

HF2900—Krinke (R)
Taxes
Income tax rates and brackets modified, property tax reform account repealed, and money appropriated.

HF2901—Murphy (DFL)
Judiciary
CHIPS; children in need of protective services definition expanded to include certain juvenile petty offenders.

HF2902—Osthoff (DFL)
Environment, Natural Resources & Agriculture Finance
Metropolitan greenways and natural areas established, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2903—Tomassoni (DFL)
Education
Regional public library systems appropriated money.

HF2904—Kahn (DFL)
Economic Development & International Trade
St. Anthony Heritage Education Center appropriated money, and bonds issued.

HF2905—Juhnke (DFL)
Environment, Natural Resources & Agriculture Finance
Sibley State Park Sanitation building appropriated money, and bonds issued.

HF2906—Juhnke (DFL)
Environment, Natural Resources & Agriculture Finance
Prairie Woods Residential and Environmental Learning Center appropriated money, and bonds issued.

HF2907—Wolf (R)
Regulated Industries & Energy
Replacing public utility capital structure approval with security issuance relating to public utilities, and clarifying definition of a telephone company.

HF2908—Kahn (DFL)
Governmental Operations
Grants provided for noncommercial television stations, and money appropriated.

HF2909—Jennings (DFL)
Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs
Contractor’s recovery fund provisions modified, and access expanded to include subcontractors.

HF2910—Koskinen (DFL)
Transportation & Transit
Highway nos. 242 and 10 upgrade provided, money appropriated, and bonds issued.

HF2911—Seifert (R)
Taxes
School buses exempted from motor vehicle sales tax.

HF2912—Juhnke (DFL)
Economic Development & International Trade
Pennoak appropriated money for wastewater infrastructure funding, and bonds issued.

HF2913—Koskinen (DFL)
Health & Human Services
Home-sharing program appropriated money.

HF2914—Evans (DFL)
Education
Health and safety revenue authorized for use in certain new construction relating to schools.

HF2915—Evans (DFL)
Education
Independent School District No. 621, Mounds View, funds usage authorized.

HF2916—Seifert (R)
Environment, Natural Resources & Agriculture Finance
Lazarus Creek Floodwater retention project construction provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

HF2917—Weaver (R)
Environment & Natural Resources
Anoka County land conveyance authorized.

HF2918—Jennings (DFL)
Health & Human Services
Nursing home bed licensure and certification moratorium exception provided.

HF2919—Biernat (DFL)
Regulated Industries & Energy
Municipal Council authorized to contract to transport students in independent school district nos. 625, St. Paul, and 1, Minneapolis.

HF2920—Delmont (DFL)
Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs
Ramsey County authorized to purchase from or through health care cooperatives on behalf of Ramsey nursing home.

HF2921—Delmont (DFL)
Independent School District No. 621, Pennock appropriated money for wastewater infrastructure.

HF2922—Daggett (R)
Local Government
Law enforcement agencies authorized to sell forfeited firearms, ammunition, and firearm accessories.

HF2923—Evans (DFL)
Education
Independent School District No. 621, Mounds View, appropriated money for renovation of Island Lake Elementary School.

HF2924—Luther (DFL)
Governmental Operations
Stateboard purchase of tobacco stock prohibited.

HF2925—Evans (DFL)
Judiciary
Criminal penalties provided for possession of marijuana plants regardless of weight.

HF2926—Tunheim (DFL)
Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs
Temporary on-sale intoxicating liquor licenses authorized for state universities.

HF2927—McCollum (DFL)
Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs
Ramsey County authorized to purchase from or through health care cooperatives on behalf of Ramsey nursing home.

HF2928—Pugh (DFL)
Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs
Establishing do-not-call procedures relating to commercial telephone solicitation, and providing penalties.

HF2929—Pugh (DFL)
Regulated Industries & Energy
Use of automatic dialing system regulated.

HF2930—Daggett (R)
Taxes
Motor vehicle lessor tax and fee exemption provided.

HF2931—Daggett (R)
Judiciary
Law enforcement agencies authorized to sell forfeited firearms, ammunition, and firearm accessories.

HF2932—Tomassoni (DFL)
Judiciary
Life insurance policy proceeds and annuities payable upon death of a spouse exempted from attachment, garnishment, or sale.

HF2933—Leighton (DFL)
Judiciary
State corrections administration, judicial district corrections coordinator, and local corrections advisory
board created, and annual comprehensive plan required.

**HF2934 — Johnson, R. (DFL)**

**Taxes**

Federal tax conformity provided relating to education expenses.

**HF2935 — Kielkucki (R)**

**Agriculture**

Commissioner of agriculture granted rulemaking authority in warehouse and grain storage laws.

**HF2936 — Wolf (R)**

**Education**

Energy conservation account and liquefied petroleum gas account funds transferred to the commissioner of children, families, and learning for low-income energy programs.

**HF2937 — Greenfield (DFL)**

**Health & Human Services**

Human services programs rate adjustment provided, legislative intent established, and money appropriated.

**HF2938 — Jennings (DFL)**

**Health & Human Services**

Case mix scores used to assess persons with mental retardation eliminated, employee rate increase provided, and money appropriated.

**HF2939 — Wagenius (DFL)**

**Environment & Natural Resources**

Federally required toxic chemical release reporting state requirements eliminated.

**HF2940 — Bakk (DFL)**

**Environment, Natural Resources & Agriculture Finance**

International Wolf Center improvements provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2941 — Kahn (DFL)**

**Governmental Operations**

Teachers Retirement Association part-time teacher provisions modified.

**HF2942 — Jennings (DFL)**

**Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs**

Alcohol derived cider subject to taxation.

**HF2943 — Murphy (DFL)**

**Judiciary**

Juvenile dispositional residential treatment facility temporary bed moratorium imposed, and out-of-home placements studied.

**HF2944 — Long (DFL)**

**Taxes**

Internal revenue code references updated.

**HF2945 — Rest (DFL)**

**Judiciary**

Work reporting and income withholding transmittal time lines modified relating to child support enforcement.

**HF2946 — Bettermann (R)**

**Environment, Natural Resources & Agriculture Finance**

Sauk River Watershed District appropriated money for dam improvements.

**HF2947 — Hilty (DFL)**

**Governmental Operations**

Department of Administration technical corrections bill.

**HF2948 — Jennings (DFL)**

**Economic Development & International Trade**

Seaway Port Authority of Duluth warehouse construction provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2949 — Wagenius (DFL)**

**Environment & Natural Resources**

Motor vehicle antiblizzard disposal prohibition provisions modified.

**HF2950 — Chaudhary (DFL)**

**Transportation & Transit**

Anoka County Regional Railroad Authority grant provided for construction of a transit hub in Columbia Heights, and money appropriated.

**HF2951 — Tomassoni (DFL)**

**Environment & Natural Resources**

St. Louis County private sale of tax-forfeited peak land authorized.

**HF2952 — Garcia (DFL)**

**Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs**

City permitted to review Metropolitan Council capital projects for consistency.

**HF2953 — Otremba, M. (DFL)**

**Health & Human Services**

County grants provided for children’s mental health services, and money appropriated.

**HF2954 — Wagenius (DFL)**

**Taxes**

Metropolitan transit expenditures levy reduced or eliminated with property tax reform account funds.

**HF2955 — Mares (R)**

**Education**

Full year equivalent student funding increased for colleges and universities receiving below the average, and money appropriated.

**HF2956 — Wejcman (DFL)**

**Health & Human Services**

Board of Podiatric Medicine licensing provisions modified relating to national and regional testing, and technical corrections provided.

**HF2957 — Erickson (R)**

**Economic Development & International Trade**

Kanabec County Courthouse improvements provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2958 — Otremba, M. (DFL)**

**Governmental Operations**

Ottertail County; pioneer public television grant provided for construction of a noncommercial television translator tower, and money appropriated.

**HF2959 — Kahn (DFL)**

**Economic Development & International Trade**

Fort Snelling international hostel improvements and hazardous material abatement provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2960 — Stanek (R)**

**Judiciary**

Minnesota State Patrol additional helicopter flight time provided, and money appropriated.

**HF2961 — McCollum (DFL)**

**Economic Development & International Trade**

Ramsey County grant provided for service center improvements, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2962 — Clark, K. (DFL)**

**Education**

Lead abatement program appropriated money.

**HF2963 — Clark, K. (DFL)**

**Economic Development & International Trade**

Homeownership zones program established, and money appropriated.

**HF2964 — Slawik (DFL)**

**Financial Institutions & Insurance**

ATM; automated teller machine use fees limited.

**HF2965 — Johnson, A. (DFL)**

**Transportation & Transit**

Second set of license plates issued for physically disabled persons.

**HF2966 — Workman (R)**

**Transportation & Transit**

Truck axle weight limits clarified and regulated.

**HF2967 — Rifenberg (R)**

**Education**

Independent School District No. 299, Caledonia, management assistance study authorized, and money appropriated.

**HF2968 — Jefferson (DFL)**

**Labor-Management Relations**

Prevailing wages definition modified, terms defined, and construction project truck drivers subject to prevailing rental rates.

**HF2969 — Entenza (DFL)**

**Education**

Postsecondary state grant student share reduction decreased.

**HF2970 — Kahn (DFL)**

**Governmental Operations**

Salary increase provided for judges, and employee and employer contribution rates for certain judges retirement plans modified.

**HF2971 — Entenza (DFL)**

**Commerce, Tourism & Consumer Affairs**

Residential mortgage loans regulated, and table funding requirements established.

**HF2972 — Seifert (R)**

**Taxes**

Student loan interest deduction federal conformity provided.

**HF2973 — Evans (DFL)**

**Local Government & Metropolitan Affairs**

Corridor planning pilot projects established, and money appropriated.

**HF2974 — Huntley (DFL)**

**Economic Development & International Trade**

Glenisle Mansion in Duluth improvements provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

**HF2975 — Kelso (DFL)**

**General Legislation, Veterans Affairs & Elections**

Vietnam war veterans’ bonus additional payments authorized, and money appropriated.
Rep. Gene Pelowski (DFL-Winona), committee chair, noted for the record that a female player had uttered the sarcastic response.

A heavy hitter was on hand Jan. 28 when light rail transit was discussed by the House Transportation and Transit Committee.

Former Minnesota Viking safety Paul Krause, now a Dakota County commissioner, attended the meeting. He is also a member of the Light Rail Transit Joint Powers Board. Krause played for the Vikings from 1968-1979.

A week earlier, Krause received the highest honor a former National Football League player can get. The league’s career leader in interceptions with 81, he was voted into the Pro Football Hall of Fame in Canton, Ohio.

Morrie Anderson, chancellor of the Minnesota State College and University System, began the Jan. 28 meeting of the Higher Education Finance Division of the House Education Committee by congratulating the chair.

Anderson told Rep. Gene Pelowski (DFL-Winona), who is rather strict about starting hearings on time, that “House time is much better than Senate time.”

“Chancellor,” Pelowski said, “I think you’ll find the House bills are much better, too.”

**If you will be visiting the Capitol in the near future, call the Capitol Historic Site Program at (612) 296-2881 to schedule a tour.**
8:30 a.m.
ENVIRONMENT, NATURAL RESOURCES & AGRICULTURE FINANCE
Basement Hearing Room
State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Tom Osthoff
**Agenda:** Department of Natural Resources capital budget proposal.

10 a.m.
AGRICULTURE
200 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Stephen Wenzel
**Agenda:** HF349 (Kahn) Hemp; industrial hemp classified as an agricultural product, hemp growers license required, and regulatory authority transferred.
HF2382 (Rukavina) Indoor housing facilities temperature rule exemption provided to a certain kennel.
HF2708 (Juhnke) Regulation of contracts between farmers and processors.
HF2798 (Juhnke) Providing certain requirements for compensation to landowners for pipeline easements.

MONDAY, Feb. 2

**8 a.m.**
Economic Development
Finance Division/ECOOMIC DEVELOPMENT & INTERNATIONAL TRADE
500S State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Steve Trimble
**Agenda:** Budget briefings, Penumbra Theater, Public Utilities Commission, Council on Black Minnesotans.

Higher Education Finance Division/EDUCATION
10 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Gene Pelowski
**Agenda:** Higher education bonding bill.

K-12 Education Finance Division/EDUCATION
5 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Becky Kelso
**Agenda:** Recommendations of the Government Efficiency and Oversight Subcommittee.
HFXXXX (Wolf) Repealing the Labor Dayschool start limitation.
HFXXXX (Wolf) Extending interim contracts for retired superintendents and principals.
HFXXXX (Wolf) Repealing the cap on superintendent salaries.
Discussion of principles related to education budget categoricals, natural disaster related requests from schools, school district fund transfer requests.
HF772 (Evans) Health and safety revenue program expanded to include indoor air quality, school construction project information requirements modified, indoor air quality task force established, and money appropriated.
K-12 capital bonding recommendations.

HF2293 (Jefferson) Senate District 58 pilot project created authorizing absentee voting without qualification.
HF2567 (McCollum) Ramsey County absentee balloting pilot program extension authorized.
HF2277 (Tunheim) Candidates required to obtain written permission from an organization prior to campaign material statements of support for a candidate or ballot question.
HF2338 (Folland) Gulf War veterans bonus program modified to facilitate eligibility verification.
HFXXXX (Kelso) Authorizing payment of Vietnam veteran bonus.

**12:30 p.m.**
Family & Early Childhood Education
Finance Division/EDUCATION
5 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Tony Kinkel
**Agenda:** Review of Office of Community Services administrative costs, Barbara Yates, assistant commissioner.

GENERAL LEGISLATION, VETERANS AFFAIRS & ELECTIONS
300N State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Bob Milbert
**Agenda:** HF2293 (Jefferson) Senate District 58 pilot project created authorizing absentee voting without qualification.
HF2567 (McCollum) Ramsey County absentee balloting pilot program extension authorized.
HF2277 (Tunheim) Candidates required to obtain written permission from an organization prior to campaign material statements of support for a candidate or ballot question.
HF2338 (Folland) Gulf War veterans bonus program modified to facilitate eligibility verification.
HFXXXX (Kelso) Authorizing payment of Vietnam veteran bonus.

LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS
200 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Jean Wagenius
**Agenda:** SF1074 (Kelly, R.); HF1693 (Pugh) 911 system and police and fire department public safety dispatchers, essential employees.

TRANSPORTATION & TRANSIT
10 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Jean Wagenius
**Agenda:** HF2654 (Mahon) Relating to public safety; allowing personalized license plates to be issued for certain trucks resembling pickup trucks.
HF690 (Rhodes) Motor vehicle compulsory insurance law violation minimum fine imposed.
HF719 (Rhodes) Motor vehicle registration suspension authorized in certain circumstances, and registration provisions modified.
HF2589 (Wagenius) Snowfence easements, high-
way closures, and signs regulated; state transportation plan revised, private carriers regulated, flexible highway account created, town highways and bridges funded, and conveyances to public bodies permitted.

2:30 p.m.

The House meets in session.

4 p.m. or After Session

Subcommittee on Licensing & Scope of Practice

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Basement Hearing Room
State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Linda Wejcman

Agenda: HF668 (Seagren) Industrial hygienist and safety professional title protection act adopted.

HF885 (Greenfield) Physical therapy board established, and license requirement provided. HF1135 (McCullum) Massage and Oriential bodywork therapist licensure requirement established, and penalties provided.

HF396 (Wejcman) Naturopathic physician licensure provided, and criminal penalties provided.

5:30 p.m.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS & INSURANCE

200 State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Irv Anderson

Agenda: HF1278 (Clark, K.) Financial institution reasonable account fees required.

HF2437 (Ullery) Financial institutions required to provide life savings and checking accounts, and ATM fees and service charges regulated.

HF2721 (Farrell) Financial institutions; regulating fees and charges imposed on account holders and others.

HF2292 (Anderson, I.) ATM; Automated teller machine use fees charged to other banks' customers prohibited.

7 p.m.

Subcommittee on Agriculture Finance & Rural Development

AGRICULTURE

Creekview Park Neighborhood Center
5001 Irving Ave. N, Minneapolis, Minnesota

Chr. Rep. Gary Kubly

Agenda: Local bug infestation; testimony by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture, state and local officials and local citizens.

TUESDAY, Feb. 3

8 a.m.

EDUCATION

200 State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Lyndon Carlson

Agenda: HF2214 (Murphy) High school pupils enrolled in postsecondary courses allowed to participate in high school activities, and post-secondary course grades excluded from pupil's grade point average.

HF2404 (Bakk) Snowmobile safety training provided to K-12 students.

HF2836 (Opatzi) Home school students participation in public school extracurricular activities.

HF2276 (Biernat) School districts authorized to require summer school attendance.

JUDICIARY Finance Division/ JUDICIARY

500N State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Mary Murphy

Agenda: Supplemental budget requests for Board of Judicial Standards, Department of Corrections, Ombudsman for Corrections, Peace Officer Standards and Training Board, Public Defense Board, Department of Public Safety. (This meeting may continue later in the day or evening.)

Transportation & Transit

Finance Division/ TRANSPORTATION & TRANSIT

500S State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Tom Osthoff

Agenda: HF2561 (Hausman) Hiawatha, Riverview, Northstar, Cedar, and Northwest transit corridors design and construction authorized, St. Paul to Hastings commuter rail developed, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

8:30 a.m.

ENVIRONMENT, NATURAL RESOURCES & AGRICULTURE FINANCE

Basement Hearing Room
State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Bernie Lieder

Agenda: Department of Natural Resources capital budget proposal.

Sales and Income Tax Division/TAXES

300S State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Alice Johnson

Agenda: HF2303 (Dawkins) Public libraries and multicounty, multitype library systems sales tax exemption provided.

HF2804 (Slawik) Expanding the dependant care credit.

10 a.m.

GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS

Basement Hearing Room
State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Phyllis Kahn

Agenda: HFXXXX (Kinkel) Department of Administration bill covering the 1997 reorganization orders pertaining to the Department of Children, Families and Learning.

HF2705 (Kahn) Making the state register available on the Internet.

HF2763 (Rest) Salaries for state employees on disaster leave.

HF800 (McElroy) Legislative capital investment commission established, and duties specified.

HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES

10 State Office Building

Chr. Rep. John Dorn

Agenda: HF885 (Greenfield) Physical therapy board established, and license requirement provided.

HF668 (Seagren) Industrial hygienist and safety professional title protection act adopted.

HF1306 (Hausman) Health plan coverage required for off-label drug use, and advisory council established.

HF2786 (Wejcman) Relating to health professions; modifying provisions relating to speech-language pathologists, unlicensed mental health practitioners, alcohol and drug counselors, and hearing instrument dispensers.

HF2767 (Entenza) Relating to human services; modifying the Data Practices Act.

HFXXXX (Greenfield) Health care cost information systems.

HF2649 (Wejcman) Relating to health; creating an office of health care consumer assistance; advocacy, and information; amending the enrollee complaint system for health maintenance organizations; extending the date of establishing an informal complaint resolution process.

Housing & Housing Finance Division/ ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & INTERNATIONAL TRADE

500S State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Karen Clark

Agenda: Limited sales license for manufacturing homes.

HF2555 (Rostberg) Low-income persons with chemical sensitivities assisted, and money appropriated.

HF2344 (Clark, K.) Employer contribution for employee housing tax credit provided, and money appropriated.

TAXES

200 State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Dee Long

Agenda: HF2639 (Olson, E.) Technical bill, Department of Revenue.

12:30 p.m.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT

500S State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Henry Kalis

Agenda: Explanation of assumptions used in capital budget detail sheets, Tom Ulness, Department of Administration.

HFXXXX (Kalis) Unified contingency fund created.

COMMERCE, TOURISM & CONSUMER AFFAIRS

200 State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Jim Tunheim

Agenda: HFXXXX (Tunheim) Relating to mortgages; enacting the Minnesota residential mortgage origination and service licensing act; establishing licensing and enforcement mechanisms; amending 1996 M Minnesota Statutes.

HF2757 (Entenza) Relating to commerce; regulating residential mortgage loans; establishing table funding requirements; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 82.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT & METROPOLITAN AFFAIRS

10 State Office Building

Chr. Rep. Ann H. Rest

Agenda: HF2700 (Harde) Authorizing the formation of a nonprofit corporation by Brown County.
WEDNESDAY, Feb. 4

8 a.m.
Economic Development
Finance Division/
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & INTERNATIONAL TRADE
500S State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Steve Traband

HF2075 (Munger) Duluth Lake Superior Zoo
Center improvements provided, and money appropriated.

HF2074 (Jaros) Duluth Hartley Nature
Center improvements provided, and money appropriated.

HF2734 (Bishop) Registration of sexual offenders.
of felony indecent exposure to register as predatory offenders.

HF2284 (Kubly) Noncontiguous land
classification provisions modified for the purposes
of agricultural homestead determination.

HF2322 (Swigum) Income tax reserve account
established, income tax and general education
tax rates reduced, property tax rebate provided
for taxes assessed in 1997, and money appropriated.

HF2509 (Johnson, A.) Metropolitan special taxing
districts budget and levy public hearing dates
modified.

HF2591 (Rifenberg) Vacant platted property as-
sessment provided.

10 a.m.
ENVIRONMENT & NATURAL RESOURCES
5 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Willard Munger

Agenda: HF2515 (Bakk) Minnesota Forest
Resources Council membership expanded to
include a representative from the Indian Affairs
Council.

HF2331 (Tuma) BWCA; motorboat use prohibited
in Boundary Waters Canoe Area, and civil penalty provided.

HF2418 (Rukavina) BWCA; permanent special fund funded through Boundary Waters Canoe
Area campsites fees.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS & INSURANCE
200 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Irv Anderson

Agenda: HF2748 (Tomassoni) Relating to families;
establishing the Minnesota family asset ini-
tiative for education, housing and economic
development.

Additional bills may be added.

Health & Human Services
Finance Division/
HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
10 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Lee Greenfield

Agenda: Continuation of presentation of the
governor's supplemental budget recommendations
for programs administered by the Department
of Human Services.

JUDICIA
Basement Hearing Room
State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Wes Skoglund

Agenda: HFXXXX (Biernat) Failure to appear
after release penalty increased; failure to honor
subpoena made a crime of being accomplice after
the fact.

HF2409 (Stanek) Procedures for compelling material
witness attendance at hearings provided.

HF2806 (Slawik) Requiring individuals convicted
of felony indecent exposure to register as predatory offenders.

HF2734 (Bishop) Registration of sexual offenders;
requiring certain offenders moving into Minnesota
to register within five days; authorizing
adult and juvenile offender registration information
to be maintained together; expanding
prosecutorial jurisdiction.

Additional bills will be added.

State Government Finance Division/
GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS
400S State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Tom Rukavina

Agenda: Assembly of bonding recommendations
to Capital Investment Committee. If necessary,
this meeting will continue at 4 p.m. in the Bas-
ket Hearing Room, State Office Building.
12 noon
Governor’s State of the State Address.
12:30 p.m.
Civil & Family Law Division/ JUDICIARY
400S State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Andy Dawkins
Agenda: H.F.2390 (Pugh) Real and personal property conveyances and transactions regulated, and technical changes provided to the uniform partnership act.
H.F.2233 (Clark, K.) Landlords not required to store tenant’s personal property after abandonment or eviction.
H.F.2363 (Clark, K.) Abandoned property five-week mortgagerepayment period clarified relating to trespassers.
H.F.2439 (Mullery) Nuisance cases and tenant remedies provided.
H.F.2530 (Wiegan) Putative father's adoption registry provisions modified.
H.F.2590 (Jennings) Security deposit interest rates provided.
H.F.2779 (Chaudhary) Housing for the elderly definition modified.
H.F.XXX (Chaudhary) Modifying the required contents of petitions seeking judicial review of driver's license revocations and petitions seeking expungement orders.

1 p.m. or Immediately Following
Governor’s Speech
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & INTERNATIONAL TRADE
200 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Mike Jaros
Agenda: H.F.2678 (Gunther) Department of Trade and Economic Development housekeeping bill.
H.F.XXX (Huntley) Providing for on the job training in skilled trades and money appropriated.
H.F.2339 (Clark, K.) Circulator vehicle operation project and grant developed to connect the Minneapolis Convention Center with other locations, and money appropriated.
H.F.2282 (Clark, K.) Individual development account demonstration project established, and money appropriated.

Family & Early Childhood Education
Finance Division/EDUCATION
5 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Tony Kinkel
Agenda: H.F.2560 (Luther) Local government facility grants provided for regular enrichment activities during non-school hours, and money appropriated.
H.F.2752 (Jefferson) Neighborhood center bonding.
H.F.2465 (Clark, K.) Authorizing spending to acquire and to better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature; providing for early childhood learning facilities; authorizing issuance of bonds; appropriating money.

***Time and Room to be Announced***
TRANSPORTATION & TRANSIT
5 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Jean Wagenius
Agenda: Transportation bonding bill. Additional bills may be added.

3:30 p.m. or After DFL Caucus
Higher Education
Finance Division/EDUCATION
5 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Gene Pelowski
Agenda: Higher education bonding bill.

4 p.m.
K-12 Education Finance Division/EDUCATION
200 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Becky Kelso
Agenda: Continuation of a.m. agenda.

TRANSPORTATION & TRANSIT
10 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Jean Wagenius
Agenda: Transportation bonding bill. Additional bills may be added.

THURSDAY, Feb. 5
8 a.m.
Economic Development
Finance Division/ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & INTERNATIONAL TRADE
500S State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Steve Trumble
Agenda: H.F.2287 (Mullery) Youth intervention program grants provided, and money appropriated.
H.F.2456 (Clark, K.) Appropriating money for the Youthbuild program.
H.F.2454 (Trumble) Appropriating money for the 50th Conference of the Interstate Indian Council.
H.F.2524 (Tomassoni) Relating to appropriations, approving money for the tachnite mining grant program.

EDUCATION
200 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Lyndon Carlson
Agenda: Bonding recommendations from finance divisions.

Judiciary Finance Division/JUDICIARY
500N State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Mary Murphy
Agenda: Minnesota Center for Crime Victim's Services: Introduction, governor’s executive order, budget request, plan for the future, roundtable disposition, testimony. This meeting may continue later in the day or evening.

10 a.m.
GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS
Basement Hearing Room
State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Phyllis Kahn
Agenda: H.F.2502 (Rukavina) Bonding recommendations of the State Government Finance Division.
Continuation of Feb. 3 agenda if necessary.

HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
10 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. John Dorn
Agenda: H.F.2723 (Entenza) Child welfare, Department of Human Services.
H.F.XXX (Greenfield) Relating to human services; changing provisions in Medical Assistance, Medicare, and MinnesotaCare; Department of Human Services.
Additional bills may be added.

TAXES
200 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Dee Long
Agenda: To be announced.

Housing & Housing Finance Division/ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & INTERNATIONAL TRADE
500S State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Karen Clark
Agenda: H.F.XXX (Long) Preservation of federally assisted housing.

12:25 p.m.
CAPITAL INVESTMENT
Tour
Chr. Rep. Henry Kalis
Agenda: Tour of University of Minnesota capital projects. (University of Minnesota bus will be departing from in front of the State Office Building at 12:25 p.m.)

12:30 p.m.
COMMERCE, TOURISM & CONSUMER AFFAIRS
200 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Jim Tunheim
Agenda: H.F.2706 (Kahn) Relating to commerce; providing for the reliability of electronic mes-
sages; providing for certification authorities; providing for licensing and enforcement powers; defining terms; providing rulemaking; amending Minnesota Statutes 1997 Supplement.
HF2221 (Entenza) Servicestation business operating hours regulated, and motor fuel retailer fuel purchase options provided.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT & METROPOLITAN AFFAIRS
10 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Ann H. Rest
Agenda: HF2588 (Orfield) County commissioners to serve as metropolitan council members, candidate and member economic interest statements regulated, contributions to candidates regulated, and study required.
HF2809 (McCrory) Requiring copies of audited financial statements to be provided to elected officials.
HF2824 (Pugh) Clarifying the employment status of certain employees in Dakota County.

REGULATED INDUSTRIES & ENERGY
5 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Loren Jennings
Agenda: HFXXX (Jennings) Relating to telecommunications; requiring competitive local exchange carriers to provide service to all consumer classes.
HFXXX (Jennings) Requiring parties to a telephone or telecommunications proceeding of the Public Utilities Commission or Department of Public Service to pay costs. Additional bills may be added.

2:30 p.m.
The House meets in session.

1/2 Hour After Session
2:30 p.m. or After Session

Subcommittee on Government Efficiency & Oversight/ENVIRONMENT, NATURAL RESOURCES & AGRICULTURE FINANCE
3:30 p.m. or After Session

Subcommittee on Data Practices/JUDICIARY
4:00 p.m. or After Session

Subcommittee on Gaming/REGULATED INDUSTRIES & ENERGY
5:00 p.m. or After Session

Subcommittee on Health Care Access/HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
5 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Tom Huntley
Agenda: HF875 (Tunheim) Health plan enrollment health care provisions; provider choice required.
HF2664 (Démont) Relating to health; clarifying the equal access requirements on health plan companies.

FRIDAY, Feb. 6
8 a.m.

Higher Education
Finance Division/EDUCATION
10 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Gene Pelowski
Agenda: University of Minnesota supplemental budget request.

K-12 Education Finance Division/EDUCATION
5 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Becky Kelso
Agenda: HF2763 (Wagenius) Expanding all-day kindergarten.
HF2463 (Jefferson) Driver safety education pilot program for students established, and money appropriated.
HF2252 (Olson, M.) Statewide educational testing grant program established, and money appropriated.
HF2613 (Ludlow) Independent School District No. 279, Osseo, levy authorized to fund instructional services for at-risk children.
HF2614 (Ludlow) School district low-income concentration levy program established.

Transportation & Transit
Finance Division/TRANSPORTATION & TRANSIT
5005 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Bernie Lieder
Agenda: HF2270 (Winter) Air ambulance registration exemption provided.
HF2612 (Ludlow) Trunk Highway No. 95 designated as State Trooper Timothy J. Bowe memorial highway.

10 a.m.

ENVIRONMENT & NATURAL RESOURCES
5 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Willard Munder
Agenda: To be announced.

Health & Human Services
Finance Division/HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
10 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Lee Greenfield
Agenda: Continuation of presentation of the governor's supplemental budget recommendations for programs administered by the Department of Human Services and the Department of Health.

JUDICIARY
Basement Hearing Room
State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Wes Skoglund
Agenda: HFXXX (Skoglund) Expanding the stalking and harassment law to include certain types of harassment committed against a peace officer in retaliation for the officer's performance of official duties in connection with a criminal investigation.
HFXXXX (Biernat) Authorizing state correctional investigators to use force to apprehend fugitives from state prison.
HF2289 (Skoglund) Firearms offenses provided increased minimum sentences. Discussion of Judiciary Finance Division's bonding recommendations. Additional bills to be announced.

10:30 a.m.

Subcommittee on Agriculture Finance & Rural Development/AGRICULTURE
Ledeboer Hog Farm
Prinsburg, Minn.
Chr. Rep. Gary Kubly
Agenda: Tour of hog farm, discussion of feedlot issues. (Van leaving the East doors of State Office Building at 8:30 a.m. Expected to return to Capitol by 3:30 p.m.)

Legislative Audit Commission
118 State Capitol
Chr. Sen. Deanna Wiener
Agenda: Review of the program evaluation report on transit services.

12:30 p.m.

Higher Education
Finance Division/EDUCATION
10 State Office Building
Chr. Rep. Gene Pelowski
Agenda: Continuation of a.m. agenda.

1 p.m.

Regent Candidate Advisory Council
400N State Office Building

2 p.m.

Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement
112 Capitol Building
Chr. Sen. Steven Morse
Agenda: To be announced.
Minnesotas is the “cyber-employment” leader in its seven-state region, and the state’s high-tech workers earn about 50 percent more than their lower-tech counterparts, according to a recent report by the American Electronics Association.

But that’s not to say that high-tech workers in Minnesota are on top of the employment barre1: The same report shows that the wages earned by the state’s high-tech employees ranked only 22nd in the nation.

The report by the country’s largest high-tech trade association tracks the industry’s rates of employment, salaries, and exports by state from 1990 to 1995 by using federal labor statistics.

According to the report, 55 of every 1,000 private-sector employees in the Minnesota were working in a high-tech field in 1995. Only five states had a higher ratio (California, Colorado, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and New Jersey).

While Minnesota’s total population is 20th nationwide, the state came in 13th for the number of workers employed by high-tech firms.

Computer developing, manufacturing, and servicing accounted for about one-half of Minnesota’s 109,000 high-tech jobs in 1995, while the others were mostly in telecommunications, industrial electronics, and electronic-component manufacturing for companies such as Honeywell and 3M.

On average, Minnesota’s high-tech workers earned $42,618 in 1995 — far more than the statewide average salary of $27,050. But in several other states, salaries for high-tech workers compared even more favorably with wages for the rest of the workforce, leaving Minnesota with a rank of 22nd for high-tech salaries.

However, Minnesota did rank high — 13th — for its amount of high-tech exports. In 1995, a full 53 percent of the state’s total exports were defined as high-tech. That amounted to $4.6 billion in exports.

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| Publication Name | Issue Date for Circulation Data Below | Extent and Nature of Circulation | Average No. Copies Each Issue During Preceding 12 Months | Actual No. Copies of Single Issue Published nearest to Filing date |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Session Weekly   | 1/30/98                               |                                 |                                                         |
| a. Total No. Copies |                                      | 16,706                          | 18,575                                                   |
| b. Paid and/or Requested Circulation |                                 |                                 |                                                         |
| i. Sales through dealers and carriers, street vendors and counter sales (Not Mailed) | |                                 |                                                         |
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| d. Free Distribution by Mail |                                 |                                 |                                                         |
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| h. Copies Not Distributed |                                 |                                 |                                                         |
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| 2. Return from News Agents |                                 |                                 |                                                         |
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| (15c/15g x 100) |                                 |                                 |                                                         |
|                  |                                      | 82%                            | 83%                                                      |

This Statement of Ownership will be printed in the 1/30/98 issue of this publication.

Signature and Title of Editor, Publisher, Business Manager, or Owner: LeClair G. Lambert, 100 Constitution Ave., Rm. 175, St. Paul, MN 55155

Date: Oct. 1, 1997

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175 State Office Building
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Note: Room numbers are subject to change.

*All rooms are in the State Office Building, St. Paul, MN 55155.
Higher education in Minnesota

Total enrollment in Minnesota public and private universities and community and technical colleges, 1996 ................................................... 242,000
in 1990 ................................................................. 258,000
in 1986 ................................................................. 215,000
Percent of Minnesota high school graduates who attend a postsecondary institution within one year ................................................................. 71
Annual tuition at state universities, 1997 ..................................................... $2,852
in 1982 ................................................................. $1,350
Annual tuition at U of M’s College of Liberal Arts, 1997 ................................ $4,549
in 1982 ................................................................. $2,128
Minnesota’s 1997 spending on higher education, in billions .......................... $1.1
Percent of state budget ................................................................. 12
Percent of 1997 state higher education funds that went for instruction .......... 66
Per capita state and local spending for higher education in Minnesota, 1995 ........ $181
U.S average .............................................................. $148
Minnesota’s rank among states .............................................................. 14
Percent of instructional costs at Minnesota public postsecondary institutions paid by students, 1994 .................................................. 37
in 1982 ................................................................. 26
Institutions in the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU) system ................................................................. 37
Number of two-year colleges ................................................................. 29
Number of state universities ................................................................. 7
MnSCU-operated campuses in Akita, Japan .................................................. 1
Enrollment at all MnSCU campuses, fall 1996 ........................................... 145,000
Enrollment at all U of M campuses, fall 1996 ........................................... 48,690
Additional enrollment in extension classes, fall 1996 ............................. 18,522
International students enrolled at U of M, fall 1996 ............................... 2,751
Countries represented ................................................................. 126
Undergraduates as percentage of total enrollment at state universities, 1996 92
Undergraduates as percentage of total enrollment at the U of M, 1996 .......... 73
Undergraduates as percentage of total enrollment at Minnesota private colleges, 1996 ........................................ 76