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Children In Out-Of-Home Placement

A 1991 Minnesota Report

CHILDREN IN OUT-OF-HOME PLACEMENT A 1991 Minnesota Report

This report addresses the requirements of Minnesota Statutes 257.0725 which asks for a biannual report on the numbers of children in out-of-home placement. It covers the years from 1987 to 1991.

MINNESOTA'S CHILD WELFARE POLICY

Every child deserves to grow up with a permanent family. This central principle guides the development of child welfare policy in Minnesota and informs the work of the social service agencies with carrying out this policy.

Three important legislative mandates govern the child welfare system. At the federal level, the Adoption and Child Welfare Assistance Act of 1980 (P.L. 96-272) promotes the importance of keeping families together. Specifically, it requires states to:

- Use "reasonable efforts" to prevent the unnecessary removal of children from their home.
- Initiate "reunification efforts" to minimize the length of time children spend in out-of-home placements, if such placements are unavoidable.
- Return children to their own homes as quickly as possible.
- Maintain efforts to help strengthen families.
- When reunification is not possible, arrange for the child to have a permanent living arrangement (e.g., adoption).

Minnesota reaffirmed family preservation as the cornerstone of its public policy in 1986 with passage of the Permanency Planning Grants to Counties Acts. The legislation supported county efforts to develop an array of family-based program models to help families with children at risk of placement, all with the goal of family preservation.

Minnesota passed the Family Preservation Act (Minnesota Statutes 256F) in 1991 which once again established the tenet that:

"the public policy of this state is to assure that all children, regardless of their racial or ethnic heritage live in families that offer a safe, permanent relationship with nurturing parents and their children."

The law further says, "to help assure that children have the opportunity to establish lifetime relationships, public social policy must be directed toward:

- preventing the unnecessary separation of children from their families by identifying family problems, assisting families by resolving their problems, and preventing breakup of the family if it is desirable and possible.
- restoring to their families children who have been removed, by continuing to provide services to the reunited child and the families; and
- placing children in suitable adoptive homes in cases where restoration to the biological family is neither possible nor appropriate."

WHY CHILDREN NEEDED OUT-OF-HOME PLACEMENTS

The reasons most frequently reported for why children needed out-of-home placements in 1991 are the following:

- protection
- parent condition or absence, includes parent substance abuse
- delinquent (adjudicated)
- child disability
- relinquished parental rights
- status offenders
- other reasons

For fifteen percent of children, the reasons for placement were not reported.

IN WHAT SETTINGS DID CHILDREN LIVE

The kinds of living arrangements in which children were placed most frequently in 1991 were the following:

- foster family homes
- emergency shelters
- residential treatment facilities
- group homes
- non-final adoptive homes

For one percent of children, living arrangements were not reported.

According to the National Commission on Children,

"Poverty, single parenthood, mental illness, drug abuse, and social isolation can weaken families and impair some parents' ability to care for their children. When families are in turmoil, children are often the helpless victims of their parents' frustration and despair. In the absence of adequate support and services, these children are frequently removed from their families and placed in the custody of the state. Some children are removed from their families to protect them from physical, emotional, or sexual abuse. Others are removed when parents or relatives are unable or unwilling to care for them. Still others are placed in out-of-home care because their behavioral problems make them difficult to care for. The majority of these children are in foster care foster family homes, group homes, and emergency shelters. Some are in juvenile justice facilities and mental health institutions."

Beyond Rhetoric, A New American Agenda for Children and Families, National Commission on Children, 1991, p. 281.

TABLE I: <u>Total Children in Out-of-Home Placements by Year</u> (1984-1991)

- During 1991, 16,777 children were in out-of-home care for a period of time.
- After fairly constant numbers of children in care from 1984 to 1986, sharp increases in the number of children in care occurred between 1986 and 1991 (an overall 44% increase).
- In 1991, the cost in public funds for out-of-home care was over \$100 million.
- During the same year, the amount of funds used for family preservation services (a service to assist families and prevent the need for out-of-home placements) was approximately \$12 million.

TABLE I

TOTAL CHILDREN IN OUT—OF—HOME PLACEMENT
BY YEAR (1984 – 1991)

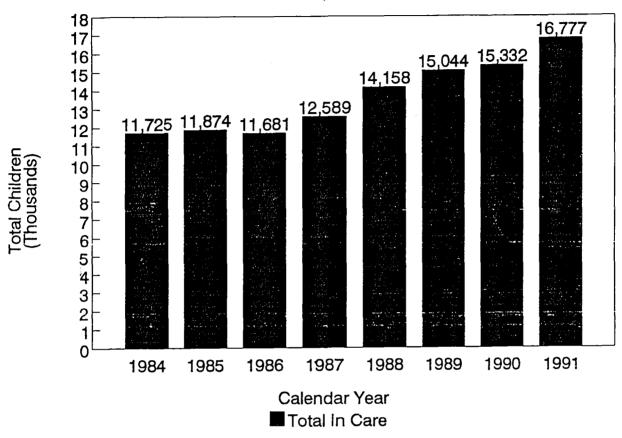


TABLE II: <u>Out-of-Home Caseload Components by Year</u> (1987-1991)

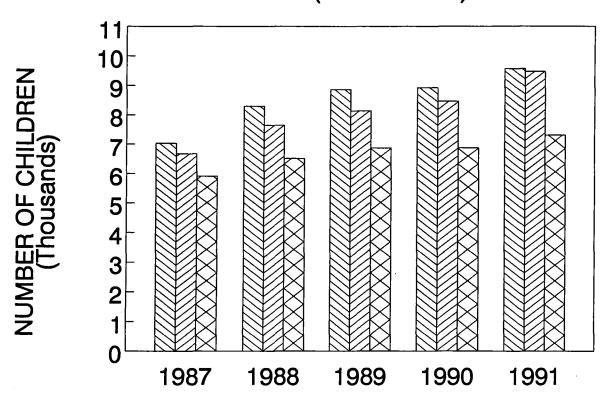
- The dynamics of the movement of children in and out of care is better reflected in Table II. In 1991, 9,565 children entered care, 9,468 children left care and 7,309 children remained in care at years end.
- From 1987 to 1991, while the number of children leaving care increased, the number of children entering care increased at a higher level.
- However, by 1991, this pattern had diminished and there were only slightly more children entering than leaving care (9,565 children entering and 9,468 children leaving).

TABLE II

OUT-OF-HOME CARE CASELOAD COMPONENTS
BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)

CALENDAR YEAR	1987_	1988	1989	1990	<u> 1991</u>
TOTAL UNDUPLICATED CASELOAD	12,589	14,158	15,003	15,325	16,777
TOTAL CONTINUED FROM PRIOR YEAR *	5,548	5,863	6,148	6,405	7,212
TOTAL ENTERING CARE	7,041	8,295	8,855	8,920	9,565
TOTAL LEAVING CARE	6,685	7,641	8,128	8,457	9,468
TOTAL IN CARE AT END	5,904	6,517	6,875	6,868	7,309

OUT-OF-HOME CARE CASELOAD COMPONENTS BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)



■ENTERED CARE ■LEFT CARE ■IN CARE AT END

^{*} The number continued from the prior year does NOT match the number of children in care at the end of any year because each year is reported independently. Corrections made at counties, including late reports of children entering and leaving care, which affect prior year data are NOT reported to the state agency until the next report period. Prior report period data is NOT updated to reflect these changes.

TABLE III: Out-of-Home Care Living Arrangement by Year (1987-1991)

- During 1991, the majority of children were cared for in family foster homes (51%) followed by emergency shelters (27%), group homes (11%), residential treatment (8%) and non-final adoptive homes (2%).
- With the removal of emergency shelter data from family foster care data in 1991, the actual increases in number of children in family foster care were even higher than shown, while the increase shown for emergency shelter is due more to accurate reporting than actual increases in use of this form of placement.

TABLE III

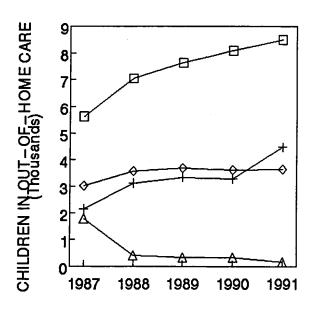
OUT-OF-HOME LIVING ARRANGEMENT BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)

LIVING ARRANGEMENT BY YEAR	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991 *
FOSTER FAMILY HOMES (a)	45%	50%	51%	53%	51%
NON-FINAL ADOPTIVE HOMES	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
GROUP HOMES (b)	7%	7%	7%	7%	11%
EMERGENCY SHELTER (a)	17%	22%	22%	21%	27%
RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT (c)	13%	13%	13%	12%	8%
OTHER (including Independent living)	2%	3%	2%	2%	1%
NOT REPORTED	14%	3%	2%	2%	1%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}The apparent increase in emergency shelters is due to reporting changes.

- (a) Prior to 1991, it was not possible to identify children receiving emergency shelter in FFH from other children in FFH. In this, table Emergency Shelter provided in FFH is included with Emergency Shelter.
- (b) Group Homes include Rule 5 and Rule 34 facilities with a capacity of 25 or less, as well as Rule 8 group homes and comparable out—of—state or unlicensed facilities.
- (c) CD treatment facilities are included with residential facilities although some would more appropriately be included with group homes. Separation by size was not possible prior to 1991.

CASELOAD BY LIVING ARRANGEMENT



□FFH +ES ◇OTH △NR

KEY TO CHART LEGEND

FFH=Foster Family Home ES=Emergency Shelter OTH=Other NR=Not Reported

TABLE IV: Length of Continuous Placement by Year (1987-1991)

- A consistent trend over the 1987 to 1991 timeframe was the short length of time in care for most children leaving out-of-home placements.
- The vast majority of children during each year had been in placement less than six months (from a low of 62% in 1987 to a high of 73% in 1990), and over half of these children were in placement for less than one month.
- From 1990 to 1991, there was a slight increase in the proportion of children in care for less than one month (from 45% to 47%), but a larger decrease in the number of children in care between one and six months (from 28% to 23%).
- Length of stay for children in Minnesota has tended to be shorter than that reported nationwide for out-of-home care placements.

TABLE IV

LENGTH OF TIME IN CARE FOR CHILDREN WHO LEFT OUT-OF-HOME CARE
BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)

YEAR	1987	1988 *_	1989	1990	1991
LESS THAN 1 MONTH	2,139	2,183	3,416	3,793	4,410
1 MONTH < 6 MONTHS	2,001	2,197	2,404	2,349	2,202
6 MONTHS < 12 MONTHS	1,037	855	930	974	1,236
12 MONTHS < 18 MONTHS	461	412	473	502	663
18 MONTHS < 24 MONTHS	216	197	207	242	391
24 MONTHS < 30 MONTHS	143	116	156	137	178
30 MONTHS < 36 MONTHS	103	88	106	124	90
3 YEARS < 5 YEARS	181	221	161	156	186
5 YEARS OR MORE	244	203	245	179	112
TIME IN CARE UNKNOWN	160	1,169	30	1	0_
TOTAL BY TIME IN CARE	6,685	7,641	8,128	8,457	9,468

YEAR	1987	_1988 *_	1989	1990	1991
% LESS THAN 1 MONTH	32%	29%	42%	45%	47%
% 1 MONTH < 6 MONTHS	30%	29%	30%	28%	23%
% 6 MONTHS < 12 MONTHS	16%	11%	11%	12%	13%
% 12 MONTHS < 18 MONTHS	7%	5%	6%	6%	7%
% 18 MONTHS < 24 MONTHS	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%
% 24 MONTHS < 30 MONTHS	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
% 30 MONTHS < 36 MONTHS	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%
% 3 YEARS < 5 YEARS	3%	3%	2%	2%	2%
% 5 YEARS OR MORE	4%	3%	3%	2%	1%
% TIME IN CARE UNKNOWN	2%	15%	0%	0%	0%

^{*} Data shown for 1988 cannot be considered statistically valid because of the high percent of cases where length of time in care was not reported.

TABLE V: Number of Continuous Placements by Year (1987-1991)

- Over half of children entering care in 1991 experienced only one placement during their length of out-of-home care.
- The predominance of single placement cases remained fairly constant between 1987 and 1991.

NOTE: What appears to be an increase in the number of placements in 1991 may have been due to the change in methods of reporting used in 1991.

TABLE V

NUMBER OF PLACEMENTS * FOR CHILDREN IN CARE AT END (12/31/__) BY YEAR (1987 – 1991)

NUMBER OF PLACEMENTS*	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
ONE	3,444	3,592	3,873	3,950	4,049
TWO	1,376	1,557	1,651	1,542	1,534
THREE TO FIVE	846	1,067	1,109	1,115	1,362
SIX OR MORE	235	243	228	254	364
NUMBER UNKNOWN	3	58	14	9	0
TOTAL BY TIME IN CARE	5.904	6.517	6.875	6,870	7.309

NUMBER OF PLACEMENTS*	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
ONE	58%	55%	56%	57%	55%
TWO	23%	24%	24%	22%	21%
THREE TO FIVE	14%	16%	16%	16%	19%
SIX OR MORE	4%	4%	3%	4%	5%
NUMBER UNKNOWN	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
TOTAL BY TIME IN CARE	5,904	6,517	6,875	6,870	7,309

Number of Placements * during period of continous care

Note: What appears to be an increase in # of placements in 1991 may be the result of a change in method of reporting.

OF PLACEMENTS DURING PERIOD OF CARE BY YEAR (1987 – 1991)

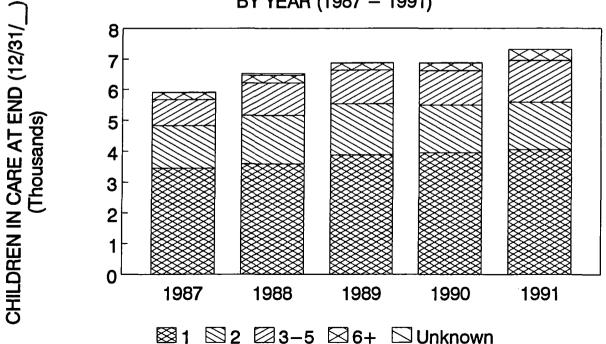


TABLE VI: Reason for Child's Entry into Care by Year (1987-1991)

- During 1991, the most frequent cited reason for children entering outof-home care (31%) was due to child protection concerns.
- In lesser numbers, children entered care due to a parent's condition or absence (17%), the child's delinquency (13%), the child's disability (5%), relinquished parental rights and the child's status offence (each at 2%).
- Since 1989, neglect has been the major child protection issue and over 40 percent of neglect cases have involved chemical dependency.
- Trends among these reasons for entry between 1987 and 1990 varied most in the proportion of children entering care due to their delinquency, which more than doubled.

NOTE: Statistics presented for 1991 cannot be compared to earlier years on reason for entry into care due to the large number of cases for which reason for entry was not reported.

TABLE VI

REASON FOR CHILD'S ENTRY INTO CARE BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)

REASON ENTERED CARE BY YEAR	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
CHILD PROTECTION	2,389	2,438	2,625	2,733	3,006
STATUS OFFENSES	195	282	409	291	163
DELINQUENT (adjudicated)	598	1,211	1,476	1,561	1,289
CHILD DISABILITY	951	1,084	948	992	458
PARENT CONDITION/ABSENCE	1,433	1,980	2,056	1,880	1,591
RELINQUISHED PARENTAL RIGHTS	149	164	154	138	158
OTHER REASON	1,193	1,092	1,100	1,185	1,502
REASON NOT REPORTED	133	44	87	140	1,398
TOTAL	7.041	8.295	8.855	8.920	9.565

REASON FOR CHILD'S ENTRY INTO CARE BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)

REASON ENTERED CARE BY YEAR	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
CHILD PROTECTION	34%	29%	30%	31%	31%
STATUS OFFENSES	3%	3%	5%	3%	2%
DELINQUENT (adjudicated)	8%	15%	17%	18%	13%
CHILD DISABILITY	14%	13%	11%	11%	5%
PARENT CONDITION/ABSENCE	20%	24%	23%	21%	17%
RELINQUISHED PARENTAL RIGHTS	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
OTHER REASON	17%	13%	12%	13%	16%
REASON NOT REPORTED	2%	. 1%	1%	2%	15%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

TABLE VII: Reason for Child's Exit from Care by Year (1987-1991)

- The vast majority of children who left care during 1991 were reunified with their parent(s) (74%).
- Consistent trends between 1987 and 1991 have been an increase in the proportion of children reunified with their parent(s) (a 16% increase) and a decrease in the proportion of children reaching the age of majority and leaving care (a 63% decrease).
- The steady rise of children reunited with parents can be linked to the spread in the State's family preservation efforts built on the principles of federal law (P.L. 96-272) and the State's Family Preservation Act (M.S. 256F).
- Building upon the demonstrated success of family preservation efforts, the State is now engaged in an effort to expand family preservation efforts statewide by 1995.

TABLE VII

REASON FOR CHILD'S EXIT FROM CARE BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)

OUTCOME (DISPOSITION) BY YEAR	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
REUNIFIED (with own parent(s))	4,259	5,054	5,528	6,124	6,988
PLACED WITH NON-PARENTAL RELATIVES	411	484	560	626	687
PLACED WITH NON-RELATIVE LEGAL GUARDIAN	58	78	71	110	79
FINALIZED ADOPTION	301	222	255	185	233
REACHED MAJORITY AGE	521	512	325	306	287
RUN AWAY	272	293	282	269	281
DISCHARGED TO OTHER AGENCY (a)	15	75	84	82	2
OTHER OUTCOME	397	778	882	653	833
OUTCOME NOT REPORTED	451	145	141	102	78
TOTAL	6,685	7,641	8,128	8,457	9,468

REASON FOR CHILD'S EXIT FROM CARE BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)

OUTCOME (DISPOSITION) BY YEAR	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
REUNIFIED (with own parent(s))	64%	66%	68%	72%	74%
PLACED WITH NON-PARENTAL RELATIVES	6%	6%	7%	7%	7%
PLACED WITH NON-RELATIVE LEGAL GUARDIAN	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
FINALIZED ADOPTION	5%	3%	3%	2%	2%
REACHED MAJORITY AGE	8%	7%	4%	4%	3%
RUN AWAY	4%	4%	3%	3%	3%
DISCHARGED TO OTHER AGENCY (a)	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%
OTHER OUTCOME	6%	10%	11%	8%	9%
OUTCOME NOT REPORTED	7%	2%	2%	1%	1%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(a) Cannot be determined for CSIS counties for 1991. Is most likely included with other reasons.

LEFT CARE BY REASON LEFT



A is REUNIFIED

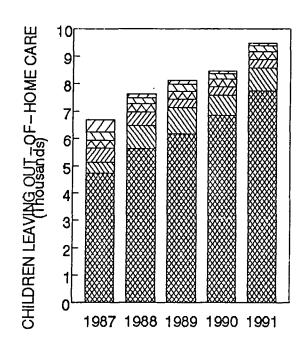
B is OTHER incl Discharge to Other Agency

C is REACHED MAJORITY AGE (18 or 21)

D is RUNAWAY

E is ADOPTION FINALIZED

F is NOT REPORTED



MA NB OC ND NE NE

TABLE VIII: Race and Ethnicity of Children in Care by Year (1987-1991)

- Children of color continue to be over-represented among those children in out-of-home placements. While representing only about ten percent of the State's total child population, children of color comprised 34 percent of children in out-of-home placements in 1991.
- In addition, in the period from 1987 to 1991, the number of children of color in care increased at a higher level than the number of White children (an 84% increase compared to a 23% increase).
- Among children of color, the proportional increase among African American and Hispanic children have been the highest. The proportion of African American children in care doubled (from 9% to 18%) and the proportion of Hispanic children in care rose from 1 to 3 percent.
- An upsurge in the number of minority children in care since 1989 has occurred not only in Minnesota but nationwide. Causes attributed to these increases have included more accurate racial identification, increased poverty rates - particularly among families of color, the rising drug epidemic and reporting biases.

TABLE VIII

RACE/ETHNICITY OF CHILDREN IN CARE BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)

RACE/ETHNICITY	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
WHITE	8,628	9,300	10,070	10,196	10,777
BLACK	1,085	1,313	2,331	2,464	3,000
INDIAN	1,390	1,324	1,699	1,829	1,865
HISPANIC (a)	177	216	290	307	425
ASIAN and/or PACIFIC ISLANDER	416	398	408	363	344
OTHER (b)	46	175	43	30	0
NOT REPORTED	847	1,432	162	136	366
TOTAL	12,589	14,158	15,003	15,325	16,777

RACE/ETHNICITY OF CHILDREN IN CARE BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)

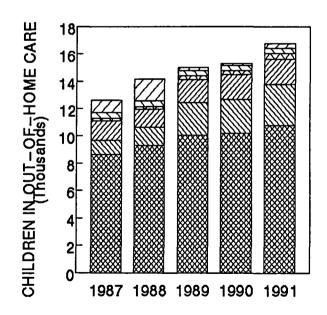
% 1990		•	-		
CENSUS RACE/ETHNICITY	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
90% WHITE	69%	66%	67%	67%	64%
3% BLACK	9%	9%	16%	16%	18%
2% INDIAN	11%	9%	11%	12%	11%
2% HISPANIC (a)	1%	2%	2%	2%	3%
3% ASIAN and/or PACIFIC ISLANDER	3%	3%	3%	2%	2%
OTHER (b)	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
NOT REPORTED	7%	10%	1%	1%	2%
100% TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

- (a) As of 1991, Hispanic Heritage is a separate item from race. However, for trend data, 1991 race/hispanic heritage is tabulated to match prior year breakdowns. Note: only primary race is used to determine race for 1991. In prior years, counties (or clients) determined which single race to report.
- (b) As of 1991, OTHER race has been omitted.

KEY TO CHART LEGEND

WH=White Non-Hispanic
BL=Black Non-Hispanic
IN=Indian Non-Hispanic
HI=Hispanic
AP=Asian &/or Pacific Islander Non-Hispanic
OTH=Other and Not Reported

CASELOAD BY RACE/HISPANIC HERITAGE



₩H BBL BIN BHI BAP BOTH

TABLE IX: Age of Children at Entry into Care by Year (1987-1991)

- Within the general increase in number of children entering care from 1987 to 1991, there has been a high level of consistency in the rate of increase among different age groups.
- The largest proportion of children entering care has been adolescents aged 13 to 17. In 1991, children in this age group represented approximately 44 percent of children in out-of-home placements.
- The increased number of adolescents coming into care has been linked both to upsurges in adolescents who become enmeshed in the juvenile justice system and those deemed "out of control" by their parents.
- The second largest proportion of children entering care has been children six and younger (31% in 1991), while the number of children ages 7 to 12 has remained the smallest group of children in care (19% in 1991).

TABLE IX

AGE OF CHILDREN ENTERING OUT-OF-HOME CARE, AT TIME OF ENTRY
BY YEAR (1987 - 1991)

YEAR	1987	1988	1989	1990	199 <u>1</u>
UNDER 1 YEAR OLD	8%	9%	9%	8%	6%
1 YEAR OLD	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
2 YEARS OLD	5%	4%	5%	5%	5%
3 YEARS OLD	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%
4 YEARS OLD	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%
5 YEARS OLD	3%	4%	4%	4%	4%
6 YEARS OLD	3%	3%	4%	3%	3%
7 YEARS OLD	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
8 YEARS OLD	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
9 YEARS OLD	2%	3%	3%	3%	3%
10 YEARS OLD	2%	3%	3%	3%	3%
11 YEARS OLD	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
12 YEARS OLD	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%
13 YEARS OLD	7%	7%	6%	7%	7%
14 YEARS OLD	10%	9%	9%	9%	10%
15 YEARS OLD	11%	12%	11%	12%	11%
16 YEARS OLD	12%	11%	10%	10%	11%
17 YEARS OLD	8%	8%	7%	6%	9%
18 YEARS OLD	2%	2%	1%	1%	2%
19 YEARS OLD	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
20+ YEARS OLD	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%
AGE AT ENTRY UNKNOWN	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%_
TOTAL BY TIME IN CARE	7,041	8,295	8,855	8,920	9,565

TABLE X: Age and Gender of Children in Care (1991)

- Consistently, a slightly larger number of boys than girls are placed in out-of-home care. However, the predominance of boys accurately reflects their greater numbers in the State's census of children.
- The more notable variation lies in differences between age groups between boys and girls.
- Between the ages of five and seven, and then again from age nine to twelve, boys entered care at even higher percentages.
- For girls, the highest percentage rates were found at age eight, and between fourteen and sixteen years.

TABLE X
CHILDREN ENTERED CARE DURING 1991 by AGE and GENDER

AGE WHEN ENTER	RED CARE		SEX		PERCENT *	PERCENT *
NUMBER	FEMALE	MALE	UNKNOWN	TOTAL	FEMALE	MALE
UNDER 1 YEAR	273	283	5	561	49%	51%
1 YEAR	248	258	2	508	49%	51%
2 YEARS	228	229	3	460	50%	50%
3 YEARS	207	198	1	406	51%	49%
4 YEARS	166	195	4	365	46%	54%
5 YEARS	144	193	2	339	43%	57%
6 YEARS	121	159	1	281	43%	57%
7 YEARS	143	164	2	309	47%	53%
8 YEARS	133	123	. 0	256	52%	48%
9 YEARS	112	144	0	256	44%	56%
10 YEARS	109	131	2	242	45%	55%
11 YEARS	110	168	4	282	40%	60%
12 YEARS	163	188	2	353	46%	54%
13 YEARS	304	323	2	629	48%	52%
14 YEARS	504	421	10	935	54%	46%
15 YEARS	570	494	4	1,068	54%	46%
16 YEARS	542	527	11	1,080	51%	49%
17 YEARS	420	482	5	907	47%	
18+ YEARS	99	166	0	265	37%	\$1.75 g
AGE UNKNOWN	36	17	10	63		
TOTAL	4,632	4,863	70	9,565	49%	51%

^{*} Percent of sex known

CHILDREN WHO ENTERED CARE DURING YEAR BY GENDER

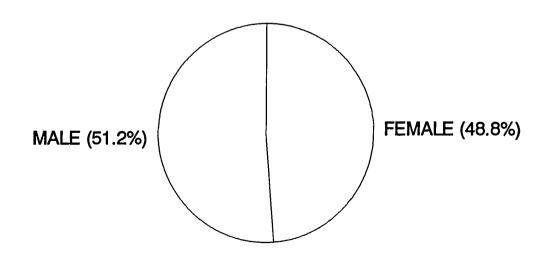


TABLE XI: Comparison of Race/Ethnicity of Foster Parents and Children in Family Foster Homes (1991)

- With the child specific data available to the State in 1991, it is
 possible to analyze statewide data on the number of same race
 placements of children in family foster care. However, it is important
 to note when reviewing this data that a significant number of foster
 parents (1,726 or 15%) information on race and ethnicity were not
 provided.
- Among children of color in placement, the highest proportion of same race placements were made for African American children (55%), closely followed by American Indian children (46%).
- Far smaller percentages of Asian or Pacific Islander children and children of Hispanic heritage were placed with like foster parents (only 7% in each case).

NOTE: Growing attention has been focused on the number of children being cared for by relatives and the manner in which such placements are handled within the child welfare system. Unfortunately, for the majority of placements reported to the State, information on relative placements was not available.

TABLE XI

COMPARISON OF RACE/ETHNICITY OF FOSTER PARENT(S) AND CHILDREN PLACED IN FAMILY FOSTER HOMES (1991)

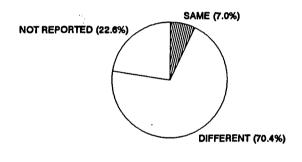
CHILD'S PRIMARY RACE

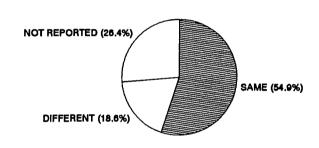
FOSTER PARENT RACE	API(a)	BLACK	INDIAN	WHITE HIS	PANIC(b)	CHILD'S RACE NOT REPORTED
ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER	16	9	1	12	0	1
BLACK	2	834	13	60	11	30
INDIAN	1	18	462	52	9	8
WHITE	159	255	287	4,457	151	99
HISPANIC (b)	0	1	7	26	17	7
FP RACE NOT REPORTED (c)	52	401	228	901	43	101
TOTAL	230	1,518	998	5,508	231	246

- (a) API is Asian/Pacific Islander
- (b) Hispanic heritage reported, regardless of race
- (c) FP is Foster Parent

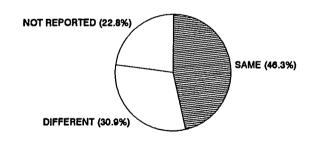
FOSTER PARENT RACE FOR ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER CHILDREN

FOSTER PARENT RACE FOR BLACK CHILDREN



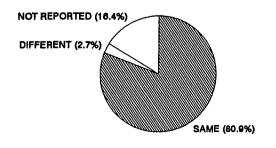


FOSTER PARENT RACE FOR



FOSTER PARENT RACE FOR WHITE CHILDREN

FOSTER PARENT RACE FOR



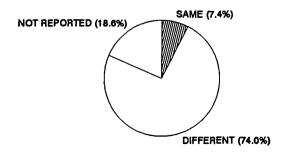


TABLE XII: Out-of-Home Caseload Data by County (1991)

- In Table XII, out-of-home care caseloads are reported separately for each of Minnesota's 87 counties.
- As can be seen from the number of children entering and leaving care, some counties actually experienced a decrease in the number of children in care over 1991.
- Many of the counties with decreases in caseloads were counties offering family preservation services to families.

TABLE XII
TABLE OF REPORTING COUNTY BY OUT-OF-HOME CARE CASELOAD COMPONENT

	CONTINUED	ENTERING	LEAVING	IN CARE	CHILDREN
	FROM PRIOR	CARE DURING	CARE DURING	AT THE END	IN CARE DURING
COUNTY	YEAR	1991	1991	(12/31/91)	1991
Altkin Anoka	30 325	17 549	17 529	30 345	47 874
Becker	82 82	28	49	61	110
Beitrami	124	77	69	132	201
Benton	17	36 1	33 6	20 3	53 9
3ig Stone 3iue Earth	8 85	76	70	71	141
Brown	25	38	30	33	63
Carlton	83	51	57	77	134
Carver	53	61	61	53	114
Cass Chippewa	89 20	101 9	124 12	66 17	190 29
Chisago	37	100	100	37	137
Clay	85	129	166	48	214
Clearwater	17	15	11	21	32
Cook Cottonwood	3 26	9 19	9 25	3 20	12 45
Crow Wing	81	94	99	76	175
Dakota	292	513	558	247	805
Dodge	17	23	29	11	40
Douglas Faribault	15 28	12 24	11 19	16 33	27 52
illmore	11	18	18	11	29
reeborn	67	43	40	70	110
Goodhue	62	71	94	39	133
Brant Hennepin	3 1.954	6 3,859	7 3569	2 2.244	5.813
tennepin fouston	1,954 17	3,859 7	3509	2,244	24
lubbard	50	3 9	48	41	89
santi	73	48	68	53	121
tasca Jackson	107	99	120 10	86 19	206 29
ackson (anabec	20 4	9 20	10	12	24
(andiyohi	86	62	84	64	148
Uttson	2	2	2	2	4
Coochiching	36	27	32	31	63
.ac qui Parle .ake	8 20	7 17	9 22	6 15	15 37
ake of the Woods	7	"6	11	2	13
.e Sueur	26	15	13	. 28	41
incoln	. 6	2	4	4 42	8
.yon AcLeod	55 32	50 23	63 22	42 33	105 55
Aahnomen	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	59	32	27	59
farshall	10	6	5	11	16
Aartin Aastas	48	11	20	30	59
Aeeker Aille Lacs	23 41	31 57	27 54	27 44	54 98
Aorrison	37	24	33	28	61
Aower	51	45	59	37	96
Aurray	7	9	11	5	16
icollet Iobles	41 40	38 27	39 37	40 30	79 87
lorman	15	27	4	13	17
Xmsted	129	98	98	129	227
Otter Tail	104	101	112	93	205
ennington	14	5	3	16	19
ine ipestone	52 31	39 23	59 28	32 26	91 54
olk	85	23 74	72	87	159
ope	8	12	7	13	20
amsey	874	671	556	989	1,545
ed Lake edwood	2 37	6 18	5 14	3 41	8 55
enville	2 6	30	29	27	58
ice	88	33	54	67	121
ock	4	7	8	3	11
oseau t. Louis	12 533	13 867	11 818	14 582	25 1,400
r. Louis cott	333 30	967 71	64	362 37	1,400
herbume	39	24	27	36	63
ibley	20	5	7	18	25
learns	151	126	163	114	277
teele levens	40 5	17 10	23 9	34 6	57 15
wift	15	5	12	8	20
odd	19	21	15	25	40
averse	4	5	3	6	9
abasha	22	29	20 47	31	51 78
adena Jaseca	33 37	45 18	47 24	31 29	78 53
aseca ashington	114	257	278	93	371
atonwan	19	18	9	28	37
ilkin 	24	17	24	17	41
inona	37 105	30 120	34 153	33	67 244
'right	105	139	152 11	92 19	244 30
ellow Medicine	18	12			

APPENDIX

Detailed County Caseload Data for 1991

1991 SUBSTITUTE AND ADOPTIVE CARE REPORT (010191-123191)
COUNTY DETAIL TABLE 1-a
TOTAL UNDUPLICATED CHILDREN IN CARE DURING YEAR
TABLE OF REPORTING COUNTY BY CHILD'S PRIMARY RACE

API* = Asian &/or Pacific Islander

COUNTY	API*	BLACK	INDIAN_	WHITE RE	PORTED 0	TOTAL 47
Anoka .	0 14	40	22	798	O	874
Becker	9	1	30	67 71	3	110
Beltrami Benton	1 0	5 2	124 2	49	0	201 53
lig Stone	ŏ	0	0	9	Ō	9
Blue Earth	0	0	0	141 62	0	141 63
irown Carlton	0 3	1	0 59	71	0	134
Cerver	4	Ó	0	109	1	114
Cess Chippewa	1	6 0	106 1	77 28	0	190 29
Alisago	Ö	3	3	131	ŏ	137
Xary T	9	1	35	169	0	214
Clearwater	0	1	23	8	.0 0	32
Cook Cottorwood	1	0	3 0	44	0	45
Crow Wing	1	3	5	165	1	175
Dakota Dodge	33 0	58 0	25 0	689 40	0	805 40
Pouge Pouglas	ő	ŏ	ŏ	27	Ö	27
aribault	0	0	0	52	O	52
illmore reeborn	0	0 1	0	29 109	0	29 110
Goodhue Goodhue	6	ò	0	127	Ö	133
Grant	0	Ó	0	7	2	
lennepin	97	2,320	848	2,263	285	5,813
louston lubbard	0	0	0 18	24 71	0	24 86
enti	ŏ	ō	1	120	ŏ	121
lasca	Ō	1	28	176	1	206
lackson Kanabac	- 1	0	0	28 23	0	29 24
(andiyohi	` i	ŏ	18	125	Ö	148
Kittson	0	0	0	4	0	4
Coochiching	0	3	8	52	0	6 3
ac qui Parie ake	0 2	4	0 2	11 32	0	37
ake of the Woods	ō	ò	ō	13	0	13
e Sueur	1	0	0	40	0	41
Jnooin .yon	0 1	. 0	0 7	8 93	0	105
MoLeod	i	2	í	49	2	55
Mahnomen	0	Ō	46	13	0	50
Mershell Mertin	0 2	0 1	1 0	15 56	0	16 50
nerun Vloeker	ő	ò	7	47	ŏ	54
Mille Lace	1	O	36	61	0	96
Morrison Mower	0 3	0 4	0 5	61 84	0	61 96
Murray	0	3	Õ	16	Ö	16
Nicollet	1	0	1	77	0	79
Nobles Norman	8 3	3 0	3 0	52 14	1 0	67 17
vorman Dimsted	11	11	5	200	0	227
Otter Tall	18	0	4	183	0	205
Pennington	0	0	2	17	0	19
Pine Pipestone	3 2	1 0	16 11	71 41	0	91 54
Polk	ő	1	16	142	ŏ	150
Pope	Ŏ	Ö	0	20	. 0	20
Rameey - Red Lake	55	434 0	55 0	833 7	168 1	1,545
red Lake	0	0	14	39	2	55
enville elivnef	0	0	2	54	0	56
iloe Rock	0	2	1	118	0	12
rook rook	0	0	2 2	8 23	1 0	11 25
St. Louis	25	44	238	1,060	33	1,400
Boott	0	0	0	101	0	101
Sherburne Sibiey	1 0	2 0	0 5	5 0 20	1 0	6: 2:
Steams	ž	13	13	249	ŏ	277
Steele	2	0	0	55	0	57
Stevens Swift	0	0	. 0	15 18	0	15 20
odd Todd	0	5	0	35	Ö	40
raverse	Ó	0	2	7	0	•
Wabasha Mada sa	2	1	0	48	0	51
Nadena Naseca	0	7 0	3 0	68 51	0 1	70 50
vaseca Vashington	11	13	. 1	332	14	37
Nationwan	0	0	0	37	0	37
Mikin	0	0	4	37	0	41
Minone Mright	5 4	4	1	57 236	0	67 244
reliow Medicine	ō	Ö	12	18	ŏ	30

1991 SUBSTITUTE AND ADOPTIVE CARE REPORT (010191-123191) COUNTY DETAIL TABLE 1-b

1991 SUBSTITUTE AND ADOPTIVE CARE REPORT (010191 – 123191)
COUNTY DETAIL TABLE 2 – a
CHILDREN ENTERING CARE DURING YEAR
TABLE OF REPORTING COUNTY BY CHILD'S PRIMARY RACE

API* is Asian &/or Pacific Islander

COUNTY	API*	BLACK	INDIAN		NOT EPORTED	TOTAL
Aitkin Anoka	6	0 28	7 18	10 49 7	0	17 549
Becker	ĭ	ő	8	17	2	28
Beitemi	0	3	42	32	0	77
Benton Big Stone	0	2 0	2 0	32 1	0	36 1
Biue Earth	Ö	Ö	0	76	ŏ	76
Brown	ō	1	Ō	37	0	38
Carlton	0	1	29	21	0	51
Carver Cass	1	0 2	0 61	59 38	1 0	61 101
Chippewa	ŏ	ō	Ö	õ	ŏ	9
Chisago	Ö	1	2	97	0	100
Clay	3	0	21	105	0	129
Clearwater Cook	0	1 0	9	5 6	0	15 9
Cottonwood	ŏ	ŏ	ő	19	ŏ	19
Grow Wing	0	2	1	91	0	94
Dakota	14	40	12	447	0	513 23
Dodge Douglas	0	0	0	23 12	0	12
Faribault	Ö	ŏ	Ö	24	ŏ	24
Fillmore	0	0	Ō	18	0	18
Freeborn	0	0	0	43	0	43
Goodhue Grant	4	0	0	67 4	0 2	71 6
Hennepin	54	1539	495	1539	232	3859
Houston	0	0	0	7	0	7
Hubbard	0	0	11	28	0	39
santi	0	0	1	47 79	0	48 99
Itasca Jackson	0	1 0	18 0	79	0	9
Kanabeo	1	ŏ	ŏ	19	ŏ	20
Kandiyohi	Ó	5	5	52	0	62
Kittson	0	0	0	2	0	2
Koochiching	0	0 1	2	25 6	0	27 7
Lac qui Parie Lake	0	1	0	16	Ö	17
Lake of the Woods	ŏ	ò	ŏ	6	ŏ	6
Le Sueur	0	0	0	15	O	15
Lincoln	0	0	0 6	2 41	0	2 50
Lyon McLeod	0	3 2	0	19	2	23
Mahnomen	ŏ	ō	46	13	ō	59
Marshali	0	0	1	5	0	6
Martin	0	0	0	11	0	11 31
Meeker Mille Lacs	0	0	1 22	30 35	0	57
Morrison	ŏ	ŏ	-	24	ŏ	24
Mower	2	0	0	43	0	45
Murray	0	0	0	9	0	9
Nicollet Nobles	0 6	0 3	0 3	38 14	0 1	38 27
Norman	ŏ	ŏ	ő	2	ö	2
Oimsted	8	9	1	80	0	98
Otter Tail	1	0	3	97	0	101
Pennington	0	0	0	5	0	5 39
Pine Pipestone	0	1	9 5	29 18	0	23
Polk	Ö	ŏ	10	64	ŏ	74
Pope	0	0	0	12	0	12
Ramsey	30	. 197	31	309	104	671
Red Lake Redwood	0	0	0 8	5 10	1 0	6 18
neawood Renville	0	0	ő	30	Ö	30
Rice	0	0	0	33	0	- 33
Rock	0	0	2	5	0	7
Roseau Rt. Levile	0	0	1 143	12 659	0 29	13 867
St. Louis Scott	6	30 0	143 0	71	29 0	71
Sherbume	ŏ	2	ŏ	21	ĭ	24
Sibley	Ö	0	0	5	0	5
Stearns	2	9	5	110	0	126
Stocie	2 0	0	0	15 10	0	17 10
Stevens Swift	0	0	0	5	ŏ	5
rodd	ŏ	5	ŏ	16	ō	21
Traverse	0	0	0	5	0	5
Wabasha	1	0	0	28	0	29
Wadena Massas	0	5 0	1 0	39 16	0	45 16
Waseca Washington	1	8	0	239	9	257
wasningion Watonwan	ó	Ö	ŏ	18	ŏ	18
Wilkin	0	0	4	13	0	17
Winona	5	0	0	25	0	30
Wright	0	1	0	138	0	139
Yellow Medicine	ŏ	ò	š	9	ŏ	12

1991 SUBSTITUTE AND ADOPTIVE CARE REPORT (010191-123191)
COUNTY DETAIL TABLE 2-b
CHILDREN ENTERING CARE DURING YEAR
TABLE OF REPORTING COUNTY BY CHILD'S HISPANIC HERITAGE

OUNTY	HISPANIC 17	HISPANIC	REPORTED 0	TOTAL
Aitkin Anoka	17 541	0 8	0	549
Becker	28	ŏ	Ō	20
Beltrami	77	0	0	77
Benton	36	0	0	36
Big Stone Blue Earth	1 72	2	2	76
Brown	37	1	ō	34
Cariton	51	Ó	0	51
Carver	58	3	0	6
Cass	101	0	0	10
Chippewa	100	0	0	10
Chisago Clay	117	12	ŏ	121
Clearwater	15	Ö	ŏ	18
Cook	9	0	0	1
Cottonwood	15	3	1	11
Crow Wing	94	0	_0	9
Dakota	420 23	19 0	74 0	51: 2:
Dodge Douglas	12	ő	ő	1:
Faribauit	23	1	ŏ	2
Filimore	18	0	0	14
Freeborn	40	3	0	4
Goodhue	71	0	0 6	7
Grant Hennepin	0	0 79	3780	385
Houston	7	ő	0	-
Hubbard	39	ō	Ō	3
santi	48	0	0	4
tasca	99	0	0	9
Jackson	8 18	1 0	0 2	2
Kanabec Kandiyohi	51	11	0	6
Kittson	2	Ö	ŏ	_
Koochiching	27	Ó	0	2
Lac qui Parle	6	1	0	
Lake	17	0	0	1
_ake of the Woods	6 15	0	0	1:
Le Sueur Lincoln	2	ŏ	0	1
Lyon	44	ě	ŏ	5
McLeod	20	3	O	2
Mahnomen	0	0	50	5
Varshall	6	0	. 0	
Martin Meeker	10 29	1	0	1
Mille Lacs	56	i	ò	5
Morrison	21	3	ŏ	2
Mower	44	1	Ō	4
Murray	9	0	0	
Nicollet	38	0	0	3
Nobles Norman	27 2	0	0	2
orman Dimsted	96	2	ŏ	9
Otter Tali	101	õ	ŏ	10
Pennington	5	ō	O	
Pine	39	0	0	3:
Pipestone	11	.1	11	2
Polk	58 12	16	0	7- 1:
Pope Ramsev	12 643	0 28	0	67
Red Lake	6	20	ŏ	•
Redwood	18	0	ō	10
Renville	27	3	0	34
Rice	33	0	0	3
Rock	7	0	0	1
Roseau St. Louis	12 795	7	65	16 86
st. Louis Scott	71	ó	~~~	7
Sherbume	23	1	ō	2
Bibley	5	0	Ō	
Stearns	124	2	0	120
Steele	17	0	0	11
Stevens Swift	10 5	0	0	10
switt Todd	5 21	0	0	2
raverse	5	ŏ	ŏ	Ī,
Vabasha	29	ō	Ö	2
Vadena	45	0	0	4
Vaseca	16	0	0	10
Vashington	257	0	0	25
Valonwan Ville	10 16	8 1	0	10 17
Vilkin Vinon a	30	0	0	34
vinona Vrlght	138	ő	ĭ	139
ellow Medicine	12	ŏ	ò	12
SICH MEGICEIE				956

CHILDREN IN CARE AT END OF YEAR
TABLE OF REPORTING COUNTY BY CHILD'S PRIMARY RACE

API * is Asian &/or Pacific Islander

COUNTY Aitkin	API* 0	BLACK 0	INDIAN	WHITE 19	NOT REPORTED	TOTAL 30
Anoka	6	19	11 3	317	0	345
Becker	5	1	17	35	3	61
Beltrami	1	4	80	47	0	132
Benton Big Stone	0	1	0	19 3	0	20 3
Blue Earth	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	71	ŏ	71
Brown	0	0	0	33	0	33
Carlton	2	1	32	42	0	77 50
Carver Cass	3 1	0 4	0 31	50 30	0	53 66
Chippewa	ö	ō	Ö	17	ŏ	17
Chisago	0	3	1	33	0	37
Clay Clearwater	5	0	12	31	0	48 21
Cook	0	0	15 1	6 2	0	3
Cottonwood	ŏ	ŏ	ò	20	ŏ	20
Crow Wing	1	2	3	69	1	76
Dakota Dada	11	16	12	208	0	247
Dodge Douglas	0	0	0	11 16	0	11 16
Faribault	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	33	ŏ	33
Fillmore	Ō	Ō	Ö	11	ō	11
Freeborn	0	0	0	70	0	70
Goodhue Grant	2	0	0	37 2	0	39 2
Grant Hennepin	0 44	963	361	787	89	2,244
Houston	0	0	0	14	0	14
Hubbard	. o	Ó	5	36	0	41
laanti Manan	0	0	1	52	0	53
Itasca Jackson	0	1 0	7 0	78 18	0	86 19
Kanabec	i	ŏ	Ö	11	ŏ	12
Kandiyohl	0	1	10	53	o	64
Kittson	0	0	0	2	0	2
Koochiching Lac qui Parle	0	0 2	3 0	28 4	0	31 6
Lake	2	1	1	11	ŏ	15
Lake of the Woods	õ	ò	ò	2	ŏ	2
Le Sueur	1	0	o	27	0	28
Lincoln	0	0	0	4	0	4 42
Lyon McLeod	0 1	1 2	1	40 30	0	33
Mahnomen	ò	ō	26	1	ŏ	27
Marshall	Ó	0	0	11	0	11
Martin	1	0	0	29	0	30
Meeker Mille Lacs	0 1	0 0	7 16	20 27	0	27 44
Morrison	ò	Ö	0	28	ŏ	28
Mower	ŏ	ŏ	3	34	ō	37
Murray	0	0	0	5	0	5
Nicollet Nobles	0 7	0	1	39 23	0	40 30
Norman	2	ŏ	0	11	Ö	13
Olmsted	2	1	š	123	ŏ	129
Otter Tail	14	0	1	78	0	93
Pennington	0	Ō	1	15	0	. 16
Pine Pipestone	3 2	1 0	3 7	25 17	0	32 26
Polk	0	1	7	79	0	87
out.	0	0	0	13	0	13
Tarnsey	37	290	33	529	100	989
Red Lake	0	0	0	2 30	1	3
Redwood Renville	0	0	10 1	30 26	1 0	41 27
Rice	ŏ	ŏ	ò	67	Ö	67
Rock	0	0	1	1	1	3
Roseau	0	0	2	12	0	14
St. Louis	14	16	104	437 37	11	582 37
Scott Sherburne	0 1	0 2	0	37 33	0	37 36
Sibley	ò	ō	5	13	ŏ	18
Steams	1	4	3	106	Ō	114
Steele	0	0	0	34	0	34
Stevens Swift	0	0	0	6 8	0	6 8
odd .	Ö	5	0	20	0	25
	ŏ	O	1	5	0	-6
raverse		^	0	30	0	31
Vabasha	1	Ō				
Vabasha Vadena	0	1	.0	30	0	31
Vabasha Vadena Vaseca	0 1	1 0	Ō	27	1	29
Vabasha Vadena Vaseca Vashington	0 1 5	1 0 5	0	27 78	1 5	29 93
Vabasha Vadena Vaseca	0 1	1 0	Ō	27	1	29
Vabasha Vadena Vaseca Vashington Vatonwan Vilkin Vinona	0 1 5 0 0	1 0 5 0 0 3	0 0 0 1 1	27 78 28 16 29	1 5 0 0	29 93 28 17 33
Vabasha Vadena Vaseca Vashington Vatonwan Vilkin Vinona Vright	0 1 5 0 0 0 3	1 0 5 0 0 3 1	0 0 0 1 1	27 78 28 16 29 88	1 5 0 0 0	29 93 28 17 33 92
Vabasha Vadena Vaseca Vashington Vatonwan Vilkin Vinona	0 1 5 0 0	1 0 5 0 0 3	0 0 0 1 1	27 78 28 16 29	1 5 0 0	29 93 28 17 33

1991 SUBSTITUTE AND ADOPTIVE CARE REPORT (010191-123191)
COUNTY DETAIL TABLE 4-5
CHILDREN IN CARE AT END OF YEAR
TABLE OF REPORTING COUNTY BY CHILD'S HISPANIC HERITAGE

COUNTY Aitkin	HISPANIC 30	HISPANIC 0	REPORTED 0	TOTAL 30
Anoka	339	6	ŏ	345
3ecker	58	3	0	61
3eltrami	126	1	5	132
Benton	20	0	0	20
Big Stone Blue Earth	3 67	2	2	71
Brown	33	ō	ō	33
Cariton	76	1	0	77
Carver	52	1	Ō	53
Casa	65	1	0	60 17
Chippewa Chippewa	16 35	0 2	1	37
Chisago Clay	41	3	4	46
Clearwater	21	ō	Ó	21
Cook	3	Ō	0	3
Cottonwood	20	0	0	20
Crow Wing	74	0	2	76
Dakota	218 11	6	23 0.	247 11
Dodge Douglas	15	ŏ	1	16
Paribault	31	2	ò	33
Fillmore	11	ō	Ö	11
Freeborn	66	3	1	70
Goodhue	38	0	1	30
Grant	1	0	1 0 107	2 0 0 4
Hennepin Houston	0	47	2,197 6	2,244 14
-fouston -fubbard	8 41	0	0	14 41
nucoard santi	53	0	ŏ	53
tasca	78	1	7	86
Jackson	18	1	0	19
Kanabec	12	0	0	12
Kandiyohl	57	4	3	64
Kittson	2 31	0	0	31
Koochiching Lac qui Parle	51	ŏ	ŏ	
.ake	15	ŏ	ŏ	18
Lake of the Woods	2	ō	Ō	- 2
Le Sueur	22	1	5	28
Lincoln	4	0	0	
Lyon	42	0	0	42
McLeod	30	2	1 27	33 27
Mahnomen Manaball	0 11	0	0	11
Marshall Martin	29	1	ŏ	30
Meeker	25	i	Ĭ	27
Mille Lacs	38	0	6	44
Morrison	26	2	0	28
Mower	37	0	0	3
Murray	5	0	0	40
Nicollet Nobles	39 29	0	i	30
Norman	13	ő	ò	13
Olmsted	126	3	ŏ	120
Otter Tail	93	0	0	93
Pennington	12	0	4	10
Pine	32	0	0	33
Pipestone	24	0	2 0	20 87
Polk Pope	69 13	18 0	0	10
rope Ramsey	932	57	ŏ	989
Red Lake	3	Ö	Ō	
Redwood	40	ī	0	4
Renville	26	1	o	27
Rice	66	0	1	67
Rock	2	1	0	14
ROSSAU St. Louis	14 562	0 8	0 12	582
St. Louis Scott	37	ő	0	37
Sherburne	35	1	ŏ	30
Sibley	18	0	0	18
Steams	110	2	2	114
Steele	33	1	0	34
Stevens	5	0	1	
Swift	8	0	0	25 25
Foodd Frances	25 6	0	0	2:
Fraverse Wabasha	31	Ö	ŏ	31
Nadena Nadena	29	ŏ	2	3
Naseca	25	2	1	29
Nashington	93	0	0	93
Vatonwan	19	9	0	28
Wilkin	13	4	0	17
Winone.	33	0	0	33
	92	0	0	92
Vright Yellow Medicine	17	2	0	19

TOTAL UNDUPLICATED CHILDREN PLACED OUT OF STATE

(based on last record for each child)

TABLE OF REPORTING COUNTY BY LIVING ARRANGEMENT

	FOSTER	(ES) MERGENCY	NON- FINAL	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	CHILD				
	HOME	SHELTER	ADOPTIVE	HOME RULE 34	HOME RULE 5	HOME RULE 8 +	FACILITY	LOCAL		NOT	
COUNTY	(not ES)	IN FFH	HOME	(25 OR <)	(25 OR <)	(25 OR <)		INSTITUTION	RUNAWAY		TOTAL
1 Aitkin	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2 Anoka	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	4
3 Becker	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
4 Beltrami	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
5 Benton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 Big Stone	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
7 Blue Earth	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
10 Carver	1	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	10
14 Clay	0	3	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	11
15 Clearwater	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
17 Cottonwood	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	6
21 Douglas	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
25 Goodhue	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
27 Hennepin	27	0	17	0	0	0	15		0	6	65
28 Houston	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
32 Jackson	2	0	0	0	1	0	9	0	0	0	12
34 Kandiyohi	0	0	0	0	0	0	2		0	0	2
40 Le Sueur	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
41 Lincoln	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
42 Lyon	3	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	7
46 Martin	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
49 Morrison	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	1
51 Murray	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	3
52 Nicollet	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	-	0	0	4
53 Nobles 55 Olmsted	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	_	0	0	6
	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
56 Otter Tail 58 Pine	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	2 3
59 Pipestone	. 2	0	0	0		3	_	0	0	0	3
60 Polk	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 0	_	0	0	3
64 Redwood	,	0	0	0	2	1	2	_	0	0	5
67 Rock	1	0	0	0	0	Ó	1	0	0	0	2
68 Roseau	Ó	0	. 0	0	0	0	٥	_	0	0	0
69 St. Louis	Ô	ŏ	1	0	0	0	0	•	ŏ	Ö	1
71 Sherburne	Ö	ŏ	Ġ	0	0	ő	0	•	Ö	Ö	'n
73 Stearns	Ö	ő	0	ŏ	.0	3	0	-	1	ŏ	4
76 Swift	Ö	ŏ	0	Ö	1	0	0	_	Ġ	0	7
77 Todd	Ö	Ö	ő	1		ō	1	0	Ö	ŏ	,
79 Wabasha	ŏ	ő	ő	Ö	1	ő	3	_	0	ŏ	4
80 Wadena	Ö	ő	1	ő		ŏ	0	_	Ö	ŏ	1
85 Winona	Ö	ő		Ö	0	Ö	1	0	0	Ö	1
87 Yellow Medicine	ō	Ö	Ö	Ö	ŏ	1	1	Ö	ŏ	ŏ	2
TOTAL MINNESOTA	53	4	20	2	21	23	59		1	6	190

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