



Legislative Report

2025 Uniform Crime Report

Aug. 26, 2026

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Preface

Minnesota law enforcement agencies provide information about criminal activity including incidents, stolen and recovered property and arrests to the Minnesota Bureau of Criminal Apprehension (BCA) to meet state and federal reporting requirements. The BCA's Uniform Crime Reporting Program compiles the data, which also includes information about law enforcement officers killed and assaulted; firearms discharges by police officers; police pursuits; and bias offenses. Limited information is also available on law enforcement personnel.

Minnesota Crime Data Explorer

In years past, the compiled data was published in the Uniform Crime Report. However, the BCA launched a new public database in 2021 called the Minnesota Crime Data Explorer, a modernized tool from which current crime data can be obtained at any time. Links to the database appear throughout this report.

The Minnesota Crime Data Explorer also contains much more detailed information than had been available in the past because of the concurrent transition by Minnesota law enforcement agencies to a much more detailed approach to crime reporting using the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS). While past reporting contained summary data about the most serious offense associated with an incident, incident-based reporting includes many more details on all crimes associated with an incident, as well as detailed data about victims and offenders.

Together, the Minnesota Crime Data Explorer and the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) have led to greater transparency and detail available about incidents that occur in Minnesota communities. This enables criminal justice entities, researchers and the public to better understand, respond to and prevent incidents in their communities.

History of crime reporting in Minnesota

In 1935, the Minnesota Legislature mandated that the BCA make available to interested parties crime data received from Minnesota law enforcement agencies. Uniform Crime Reports containing this information were compiled and provided every two years as required by state statute until 1972, when the reports began to be produced annually.

With the introduction of the Minnesota Crime Data Explorer, the BCA meets this mandate in near real time. This document serves as a summary of the 2025 information contained in the Minnesota Crime Data Explorer as of May 18, 2026.

The BCA wishes to thank the cooperating law enforcement agencies whose assistance make the Minnesota Crime Data Explorer and this report possible. Each agency is responsible for the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of the data the agency chooses to submit. Agency policy on what to submit may vary and those variances are reflected in the data. In addition, because the types of crimes and level of detail about those crimes have changed in recent years, any comparisons with previous years should be viewed with caution.

Crime data collection

Legal requirements to report crime data

The state of Minnesota has participated in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program since 1936. Minnesota statutes require and authorize the BCA to collect UCR data. The state statutes authorizing data collection are as follows:

[Minnesota Statute 299C.05 — Crime data collection](#)

[Minnesota Statute 299C.06 — Division powers and duties; cooperation](#)

[Minnesota Statute 299C.12 — Records kept by peace officers; reports](#)

Crime types

NIBRS data is separated into Group A and Group B.

Group A offenses

The following crimes are categorized as Group A offenses. Group A offenses are further categorized as crimes against persons, crimes against property and crimes against society.

Crimes against persons

- Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter
- Negligent manslaughter
- Sex offenses
 - Rape
 - Sodomy*
 - Sexual assault with an object*
 - Forcible fondling
 - Incest
 - Statutory rape
- Kidnapping/abduction
- Assault offenses
 - Aggravated assault
 - Simple assault
 - Intimidation
- Human trafficking
 - Commercial sex acts
 - Involuntary servitude

Crimes against society

- Animal cruelty
- Drug narcotic violations
- Drug equipment violations
- Gambling offenses
 - Betting/wagering
 - Operating/promoting/assisting gambling
 - Gambling equipment violations
 - Sports tampering
- Pornography/obscene material
- Prostitution offenses
 - Prostitution
 - Assisting or promoting prostitution
 - Purchasing prostitution
- Weapon law violations

* Beginning Dec. 1, 2025, incidents involving Group A offenses 'Sodomy' and 'Sexual Assault with an Object' are counted as 'Rape'.

Crime data collection

Crimes against property

- Arson
- Bribery
- Burglary/breaking and entering
- Counterfeiting/forgery
- Destruction/damage/vandalism of property
- Embezzlement
- Extortion/blackmail
- Fraud offenses
 - False pretenses/swindle/confidence game
 - Credit card/automatic teller machine (ATM) fraud
 - Impersonation
 - Welfare fraud
 - Wire fraud
 - Identity theft
 - Hacking/computer invasion
- Larceny/theft offenses
 - Pocket-picking
 - Purse-snatching
 - Shoplifting
 - Theft from building
 - Theft from coin-operated machine or device
 - Theft from motor vehicle
 - Theft of motor vehicle parts or accessories
 - All other larceny
- Motor vehicle theft
- Robbery
- Stolen property offenses

Group B arrests

The following are categorized as Group B arrests:

- Curfew/loitering/vagrancy violations
- Disorderly conduct
- Driving under the influence
- Nonviolent family offenses
- Liquor law violations
- Trespass of real property
- All other offenses

Offense overview

Offense overview

The following is an overview of 2025 crime data including Group A offenses and Group B arrests.

The data includes Index Crime Volume and Change. This is data on eight major offenses (criminal homicide, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft and arson) that the FBI uses to evaluate changes and trends.

An offense is considered cleared when at least one person involved in the commission of the offense has been arrested.

An incident is cleared by exceptional means if some element beyond law enforcement control prevents filing of formal charges against the offender. Agencies can clear an offense exceptionally if they can answer all of the following in the affirmative.

- Has the investigation definitively established the identity of the offender?
- Is there enough information to support an arrest, a charge and turning over to the court for prosecution?
- Is the exact location of the offender known so that the subject could be taken into custody now?
- Is there some reason outside law enforcement control that precludes arresting, charging and prosecuting the offender (examples include suicide, deathbed confessions and double murder)?

Additional definitions and data are available in the Minnesota Crime Data Explorer.

2025 population estimate 5,830,405

Index crime volume and % change

Group B arrests

Group A offense overview		Measure	2024	2025	% Change	Offense	Adult	Juvenile
Offense total	202,968	Total crime index	110,000	96,888	-12%	Curfew/loitering/ vagrancy violations	178	219
Number cleared	67,566	Total violent crime	15,083	13,134	-13%	Disorderly conduct	4,328	1,090
Percent cleared	33%	Total property crime	94,917	83,754	-12%	Driving under the influence	16,181	163
Group A crimes per 100,000 population	3,481	Total crime rate	1,899	1,662	-12%	Family offenses (nonviolent)	179	2
		Violent crime rate	260	225	-13%	Liquor law violations	2,584	775
		Property crime rate	1,638	1,437	-12%	Trespass of real property	4,749	229
						All other offenses	23,592	1,662
						Total Group B	51,791	4,140

Group A arrest overview		2025 index crime cleared	Cleared	% Cleared
Total arrests	56,099	Violent crime cleared	6,321	48.1%
Adult arrests	50,936	Property crime cleared	19,011	22.7%
Juvenile arrests	5,163	Total index crime cleared	25,332	26.1%
Unknown age	0			
Arrests per 100,000 population	962			

Offense overview

Group A offenses

Crimes against persons	Offenses reported	Crime rate per 100,000	Cleared by arrest or exceptional means	Cleared involving under 18 only	Percent cleared
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	130	2	101	9	78%
Negligent manslaughter	50	1	39	2	78%
Aggravated assault	8,762	150	5,091	354	58%
Simple assault	24,259	416	13,598	1,291	56%
Intimidation	11,030	189	5,005	350	45%
Kidnapping/abduction	516	9	260	5	50%
Rape	1,891	32	479	28	25%
Sodomy	203	3	58	5	29%
Sexual assault with an object	94	2	26	3	28%
Fondling	2,310	40	613	41	27%
Incest	13	0	2	0	15%
Statutory rape	3	0	0	0	0%
Commercial sex acts	178	3	118	0	66%
Involuntary servitude	3	0	0	0	0%
Crimes against property					
Arson	500	9	168	8	34%
Bribery	8	0	4	0	50%
Burglary/breaking and entering	9,294	159	1,915	94	21%
Counterfeiting/forgery	2,425	42	538	5	22%
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	25,442	436	3,359	327	13%
Embezzlement	238	4	81	3	34%
Extortion/blackmail	381	7	11	0	3%
False pretenses/swindle/confidence game	7,103	122	1,033	11	15%
Credit card/ATM fraud	4,461	77	505	13	11%
Impersonation	761	13	476	19	63%
Welfare fraud	334	6	24	0	7%
Wire fraud	826	14	26	0	3%
Identity theft	4,184	72	1,159	19	28%
Hacking/computer invasion	126	2	10	1	8%
Robbery	2,054	35	566	119	28%
Pocket-picking	371	6	80	3	22%
Purse-snatching	279	5	54	2	19%
Shoplifting	21,831	374	12,976	500	59%
Theft from building	5,649	97	694	38	12%
Theft from coin-operated machine or device	16	0	1	0	6%
Theft from motor vehicle	12,760	219	438	23	3%
Theft of motor vehicle parts/accessories	3,182	55	44	1	1%
All other larceny	20,069	344	1,894	74	9%
Motor vehicle theft	9,803	168	747	120	8%
Stolen property offenses	2,262	39	1,485	112	66%

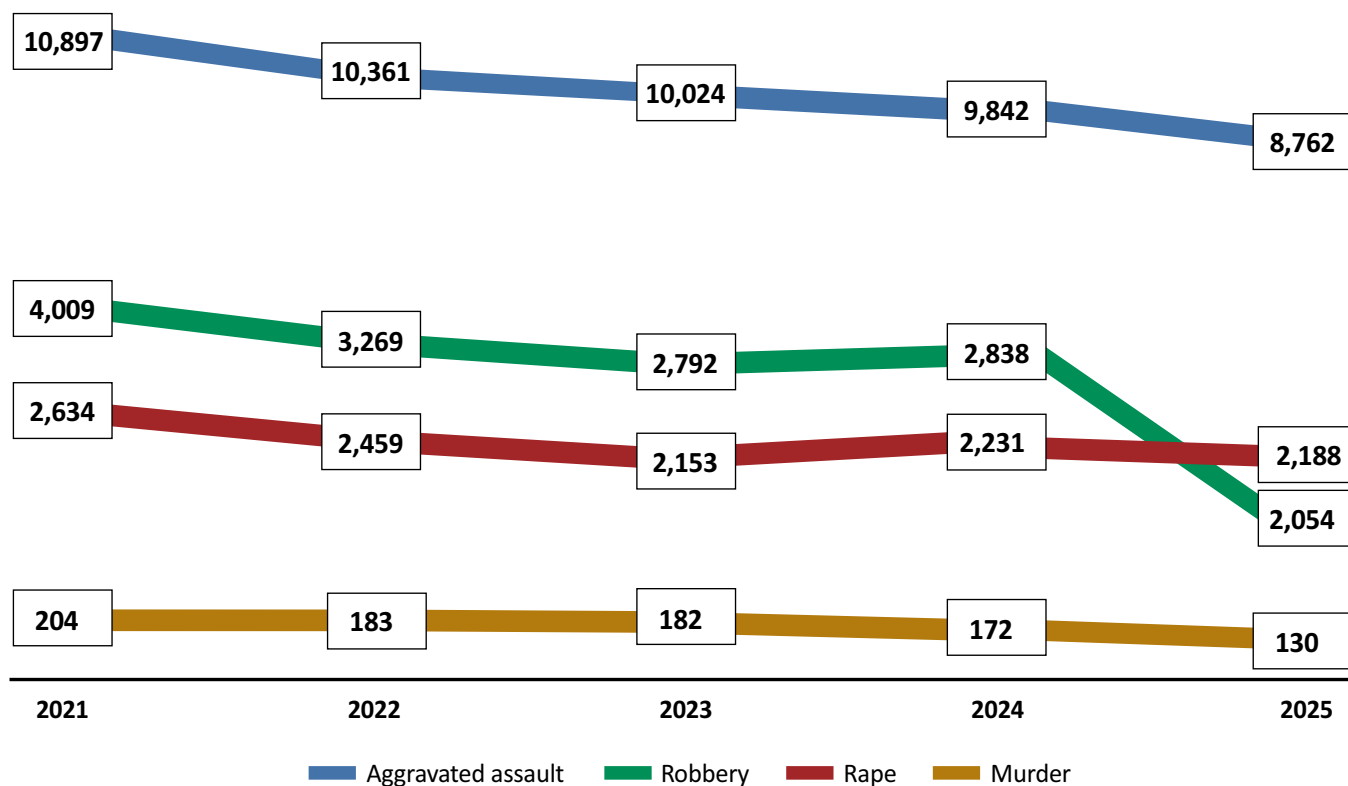
Offense overview

Group A offenses

Crimes against society	Offenses reported	Crime rate per 100,000	Cleared by arrest or exceptional means	Cleared involving under 18 only	Percent cleared
Drug/narcotic violations	11,411	196	9,330	136	82%
Drug equipment violations	835	14	731	1	88%
Betting/wagering	17	0	14	4	82%
Operating/promoting/assisting gambling	5	0	3	0	60%
Gambling equipment violations	7	0	3	0	43%
Sports tampering	0	0	0	0	N/A
Pornography/obscene material	1,218	21	260	27	21%
Prostitution	44	1	15	0	34%
Assisting or promoting prostitution	2	0	0	0	0%
Purchasing prostitution	35	1	18	0	51%
Weapon law violations	5,137	88	3,352	257	65%
Animal cruelty	456	8	162	5	36%
Total Group A offenses	202,968	3,481	67,566	4,010	33%

Year	Total index crimes	% Change	Violent crime total	% Change violent crime	Property crime total	% Change property crime	Crime rate	% Change crime rate
2018	124,528	-8.5%	12,406	-6.7%	111,999	-8.7%	2,215.3	-9.3%
2019	130,373	4.7%	12,371	-0.3%	117,864	5.2%	2,311.7	4.4%
2020	134,880	3.5%	14,495	17.2%	120,291	2.1%	2,384.2	3.1%
2021	137,061	1.6%	17,744	22.4%	119,317	-0.8%	2,401.5	0.7%
2022	131,170	-4.3%	16,272	-8.3%	114,898	-3.7%	2,294.3	-4.5%
2023	114,915	-12.4%	15,151	-6.9%	99,764	-13.2%	2,000.5	-12.8%
2024	110,000	-4.3%	15,083	-0.4%	94,917	-4.9%	1,898.8	-5.1%
2025	96,888	-11.9%	13,134	-12.9%	83,754	-11.8%	1,661.8	-12.5%

Offense overview



Domestic violence by offense type

Domestic incident victims	2025
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	30
Aggravated assault	2,993
Simple assault	12,521
Intimidation	4,872
Rape	652
Sodomy	84
Sexual assault with an object	42
Fondling	736
Incest	0
Statutory rape	1
Total victims	21,931

Additional detailed data is available in the [Minnesota Crime Data Explorer](#).

Index crimes

Violent crime overview

Violent crime in Minnesota accounted for 6.5 percent of all offenses reported in 2025. There were 13,134 total violent crimes for the year. Compared with the 15,083 total violent crimes reported for 2024, the 2025 figure represents a decrease of 12.9 percent in violent crime for the state. The number of violent crimes for the state was 225.3 per 100,000 population.

- Homicide: Offenses involving murder totaled 130 in 2025 in Minnesota compared with 172 in 2024, a decrease of 24.42 percent.
- Rape: There were 2,188 rapes reported in 2025 and 2,231 in 2024, a decrease of 1.93 percent.
- Robbery: There were 2,054 robberies reported in 2025 and 2,838 in 2024, a decrease of 27.63 percent.
- Aggravated assault: Offenses involving aggravated assault totaled 8,762 in 2025 in Minnesota compared with 9,842 in 2024, a decrease of 10.97 percent.

Violent crime data is provided below by statewide totals, the seven-county Twin Cities Metro Area and all counties excluding the Twin Cities Metro Area.

	Homicide			Rape			Robbery			Aggravated assault		
Violent crime	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change
Statewide	172	130	-24.42%	2,231	2,188	-1.93%	2,838	2,054	-27.63%	9,842	8,762	-10.97%

	Homicide			Rape			Robbery			Aggravated assault		
Violent crime	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change
Anoka County	9	4	-55.56%	103	90	-12.62%	56	44	-21.43%	357	265	-25.77%
Carver County	1	0	-100%	16	23	43.75%	4	4	0%	64	47	-26.56%
Dakota County	8	5	-37.50%	152	156	2.63%	43	46	6.98%	460	391	-15%
Hennepin County	89	70	-21.35%	699	718	2.72%	2,023	1,394	-31.09%	4,102	3,888	-5.22%
Ramsey County	28	19	-32.14%	278	283	1.80%	468	346	-26.07%	1,704	1,362	-20.07%
Scott County	3	3	0%	48	38	-20.83%	9	7	-22.22%	81	80	-1.23%
Washington County	1	0	-100%	74	90	21.62%	31	14	-54.84%	170	108	-36.47%
Total	139	101	-27.34%	1,370	1,398	2.04%	2,634	1,855	-29.57%	6,938	6,141	-11.49%

	Homicide			Rape			Robbery			Aggravated assault		
Violent crime	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change
All other counties	33	29	-12.12%	861	790	-8.25%	204	199	-2.45%	2,904	2,621	-9.75%

Violent crime data is provided above by statewide totals, the seven-county Twin Cities Metro Area and all counties excluding the Twin Cities Metro Area.

Index crimes

Property crime overview

Property crime in Minnesota in 2025 amounted to 41.3 percent of all offenses reported. There were a total of 83,754 property crimes reported in 2025. Compared with the 94,917 offenses reported in 2024, the 2025 figure represents a decrease of 11.76 percent in property crime for the state. The number of property crimes for the state per 100,000 population for 2025 was 1,436.5 and in 2024 it was 1,638.4.

- Burglary: There were 9,294 burglaries reported in 2025 and 10,618 in 2024, a decrease of 12.47 percent.
- Larceny/theft: There were 64,157 larcenies reported in 2025 and 71,075 in 2024, a decrease of 9.73 percent.
- Motor vehicle theft: There were 9,803 motor vehicle thefts reported in 2025 and 12,634 in 2024, a decrease of 22.41 percent.
- Arson: There were 500 arsons reported in 2025 and 590 in 2024, a decrease of 15.25 percent.

	Burglary			Larceny/theft			Motor vehicle theft			Arson		
Violent crime	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change
Statewide	10,618	9,294	-12.47%	71,075	64,157	-9.73%	12,634	9,803	-22.41%	590	500	-15.25%

	Burglary			Larceny			Motor vehicle theft			Arson		
Violent crime	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change
Anoka County	423	333	-21.28%	3,975	3,494	-12.10%	369	272	-26.29%	26	16	-38.46%
Carver County	71	42	-40.85%	437	424	-2.97%	28	22	-21.43%	8	1	-87.50%
Dakota County	590	499	-15.42%	5,184	4,326	-16.55%	371	317	-14.56%	19	34	78.95%
Hennepin County	4,198	3,695	-11.98%	26,504	24,119	-9%	8,236	6,070	-26.30%	183	160	-12.57%
Ramsey County	2,004	1,837	-8.33%	11,031	10,995	-0.33%	1,896	1,619	-14.61%	194	136	-29.90%
Scott County	99	80	-19.19%	1,032	998	-3.29%	71	51	-28.17%	5	5	0%
Washington County	285	216	-24.21%	2,381	2,181	-8.40%	142	118	-16.90%	8	7	-12.50%
Total	7,670	6,702	-12.62%	50,544	46,537	-7.93%	11,113	8,469	-23.79%	443	359	-18.96%

	Burglary			Larceny			Motor vehicle theft			Arson		
Violent crime	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change	2024	2025	% Change
All other counties	2,948	2,592	-12.08%	20,531	17,620	-14.18%	1,521	1,334	-12.29%	147	141	-4.08%

Typically, auto theft occurs when the owner of the vehicle is not around and the vehicle itself is unoccupied.

A carjacking is when the vehicle is taken by force (robbery) while the driver or passengers are entering or within the vehicle.

Crimes of violence – homicide

Criminal homicide – murder

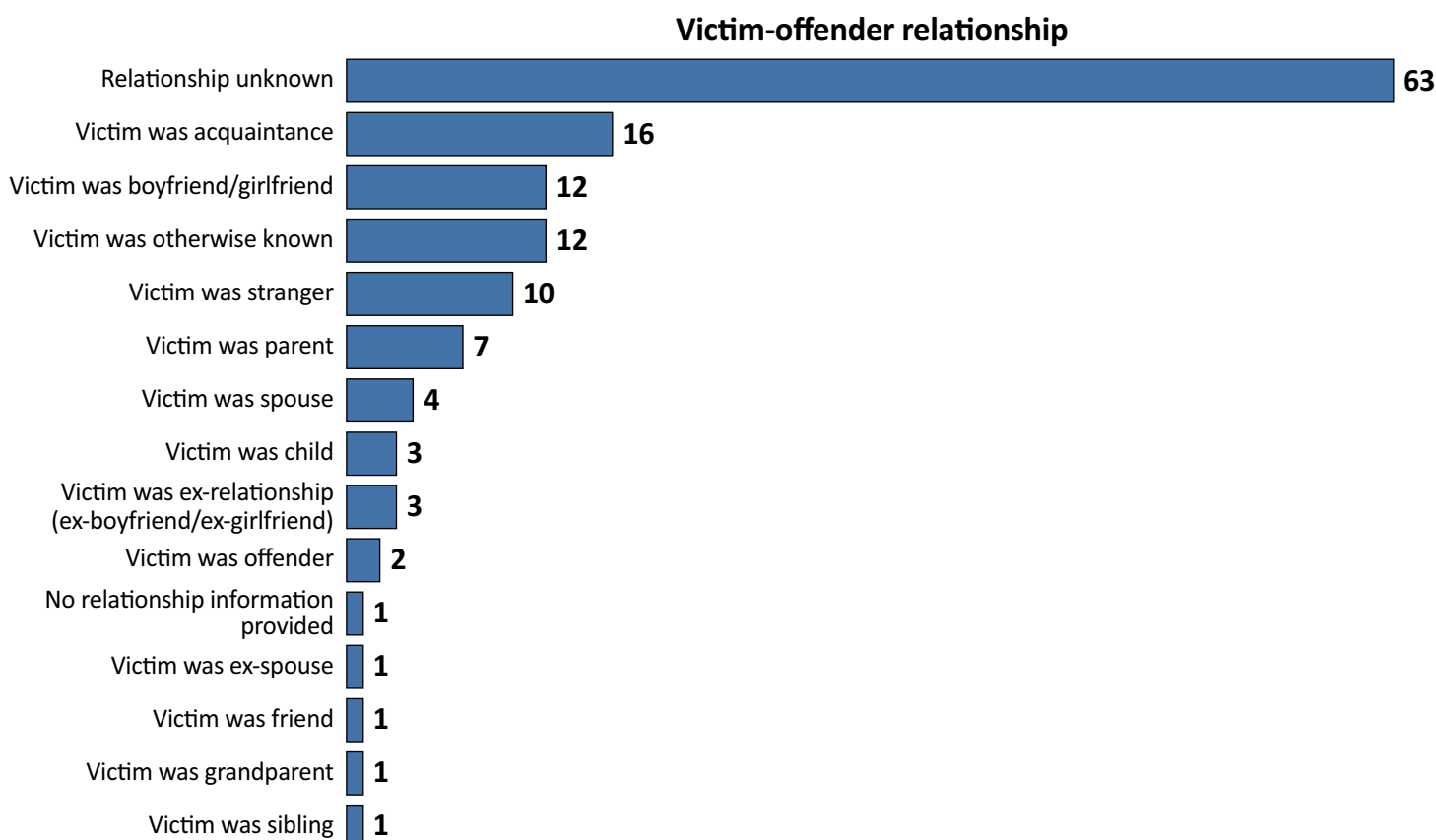
Criminal homicide involves those offenses of murder and non-negligent homicide that are classified as willful felonious deaths as distinguished from deaths caused by negligence. “Attempts to kill” are reported as aggravated assaults and not as murder. Justifiable or excusable homicides, suicides, accidental deaths and deaths due to negligence are not tabulated in the state criminal homicide total.

Summary of homicide information

In 2025, there were 139 homicides reported for the state; nine were ruled justifiable, yielding a total of 130 criminal homicide victims. In 2025, 101 criminal homicides were cleared by arrests or exceptional means in 2025, with 9 of these arrests of a juvenile only. There were 50 negligent homicides reported for the year. The crime rate for criminal homicide in 2025 was two per 100,000 population.

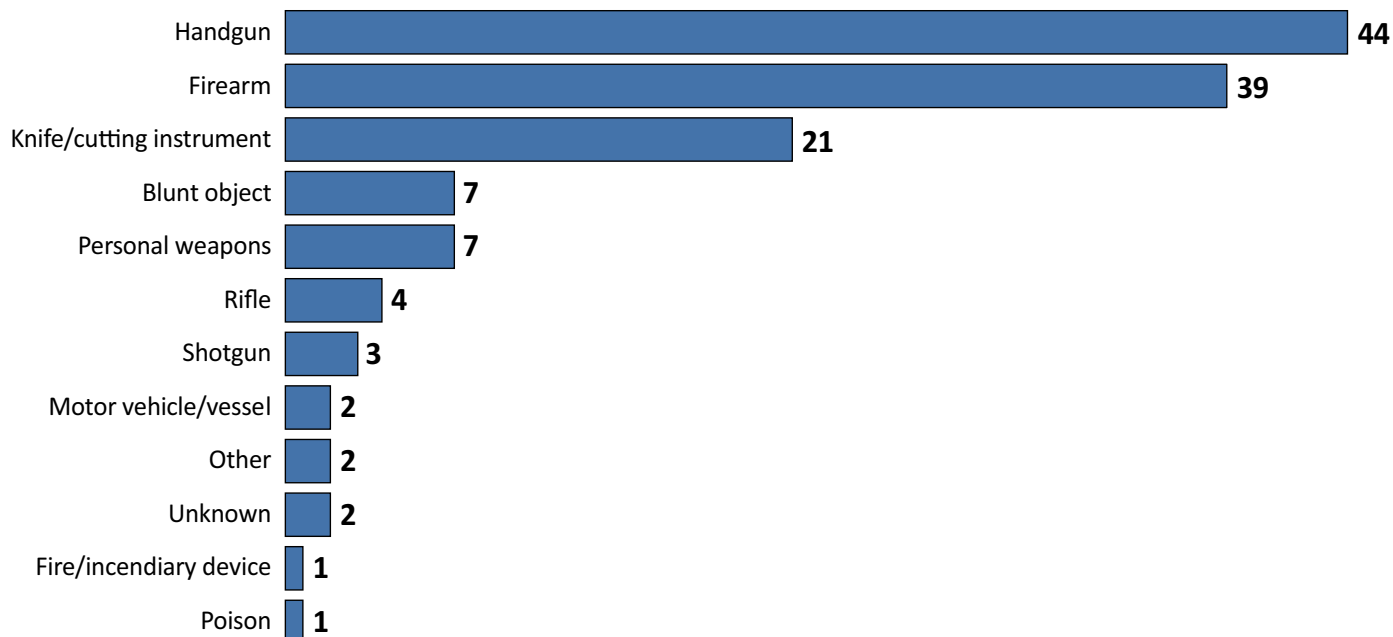
Data on homicide of an unborn victim is collected to meet Minnesota reporting requirements. It does not meet the FBI’s Uniform Crime Reporting definition of homicide. As a result, homicide of an unborn victim is reported as a separate category. There were zero homicides of an unborn in 2025.

Incidents: 123	Victims: 130	Offenses: 130	Completed: 130	Attempted: 0
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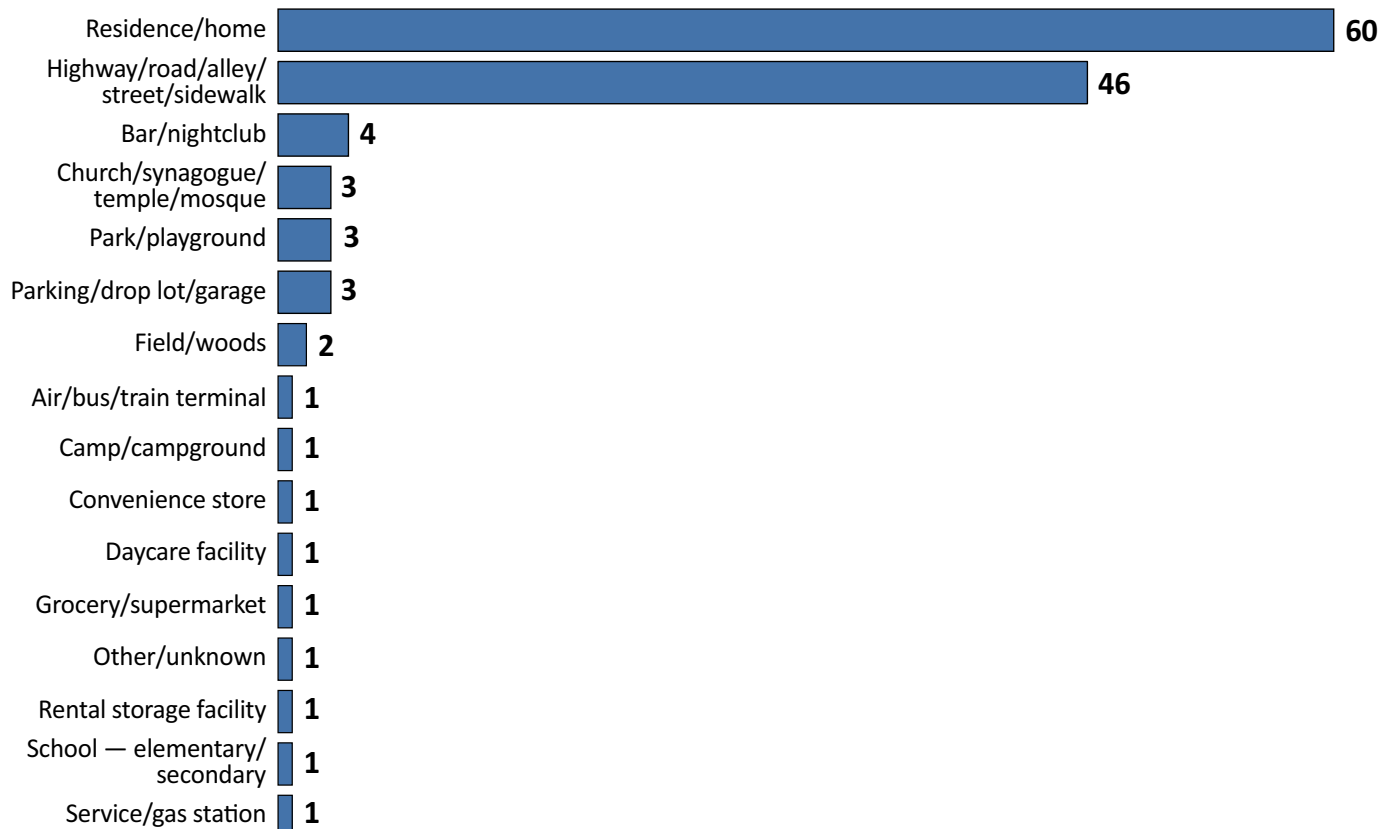


Crimes of violence – homicide

Type of weapon or force involved

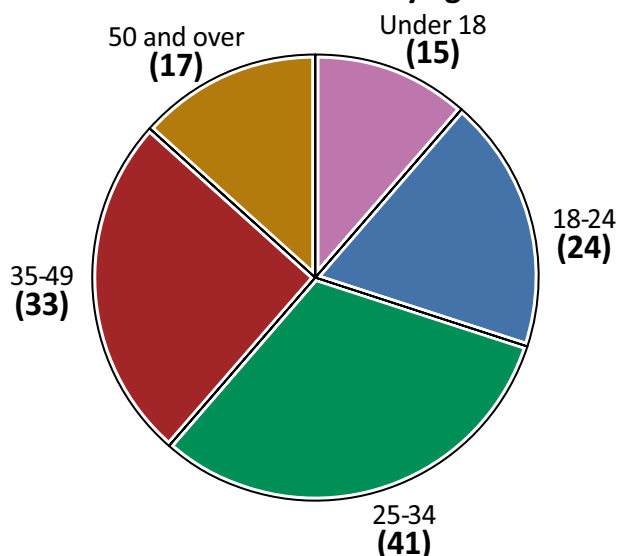


Location type

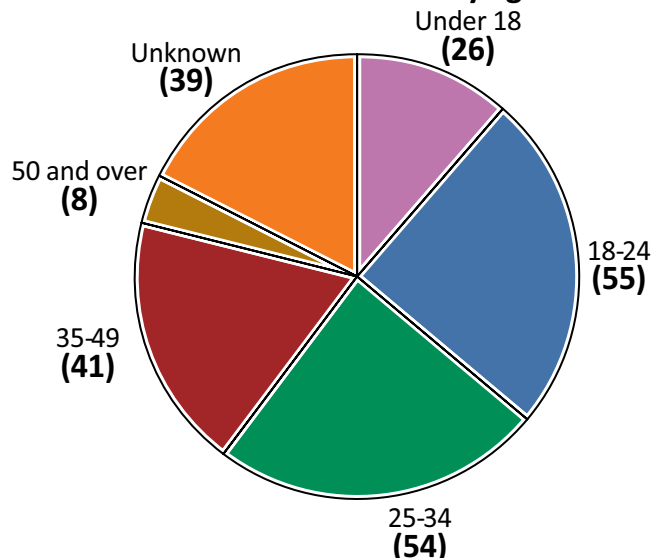


Crimes of violence – homicide

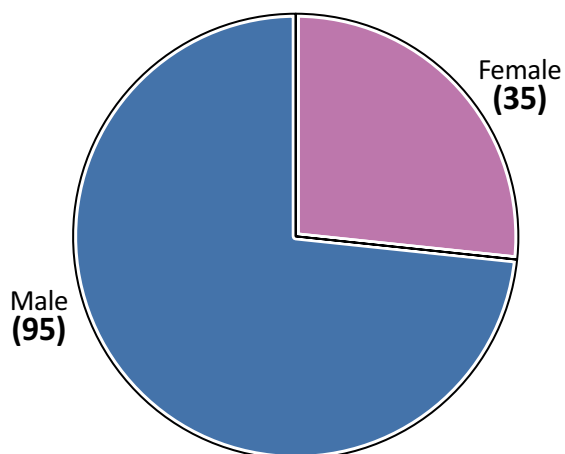
Homicide victims by age



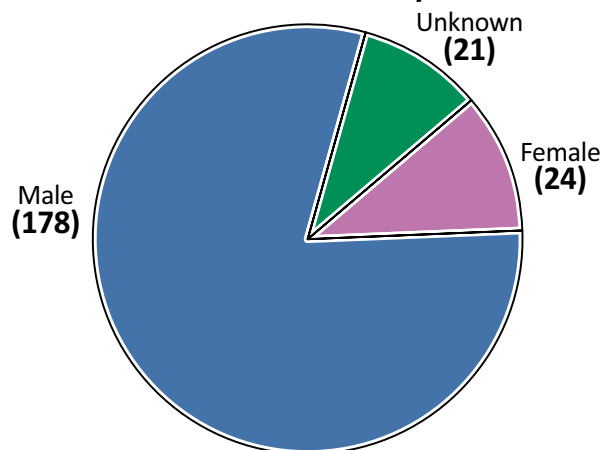
Homicide offenders by age



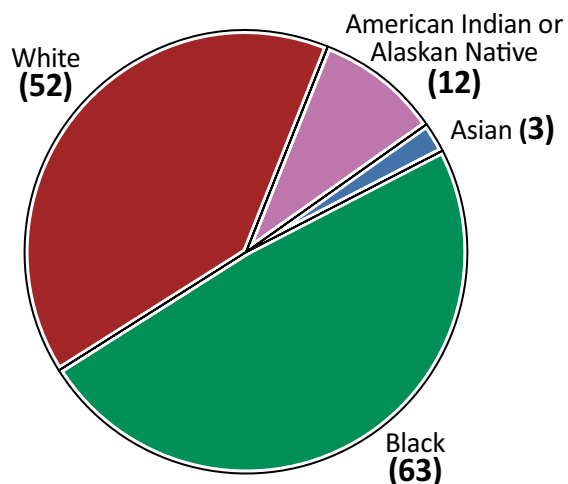
Homicide victims by sex



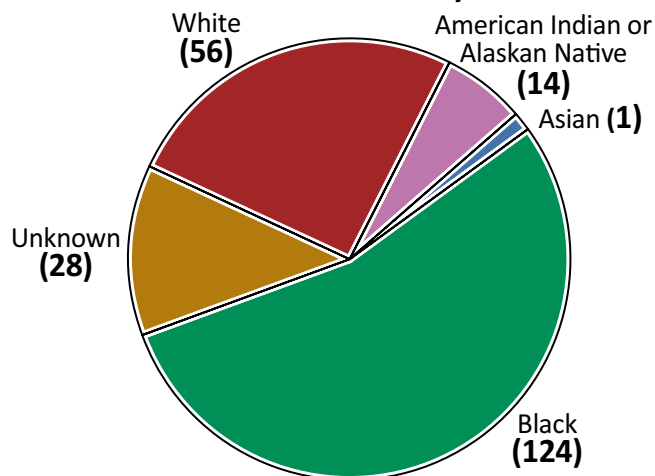
Homicide offenders by sex



Homicide victims by race



Homicide offenders by race



Crimes of violence – homicide

Homicides by agency

Agency	Victim count	Incident count
Apple Valley Police Department	1	1
Austin Police Department	1	1
Becker County Sheriff's Office	1	1
Beltrami County Sheriff's Office	1	1
Bloomington Police Department	1	1
Brooklyn Park Police Department	1	1
Brown County Sheriff's Office	2	1
Burnsville Police Department	2	2
Columbia Heights Police Department	3	3
Cook County Sheriff's Office	1	1
Dakota County Sheriff's Office	1	1
Duluth Police Department	4	4
Edina Police Department	1	1
Eveleth Police Department	1	1
Freeborn County Sheriff's Office	1	1
Hennepin County Sheriff's Office	1	1
Hibbing Police Department	1	1
Jordan Police Department	1	1
Kittson County Sheriff's Office	1	1
Mankato Department of Public Safety	1	1

Homicides by agency

Agency	Victim count	Incident count
Mapleton Police Department	1	1
Maplewood Police Department	3	3
Minneapolis Police Department	62	57
Moorhead Police Department	2	2
Morrison County Sheriff's Office	1	1
New Hope Police Department	1	1
Prior Lake Police Department	1	1
Ramsey Police Department	1	1
Richfield Police Department	3	3
Rochester Police Department	2	2
Roseville Police Department	1	1
Savage Police Department	1	1
South St. Paul Police Department	1	1
St. Cloud Police Department	5	5
St. Louis County Sheriff's Office	1	1
St. Paul Police Department	15	14
Waite Park Police Department	1	1
White Earth Tribal Police Department	1	1
Total homicides	130	123

Crimes of violence – rape

Rape

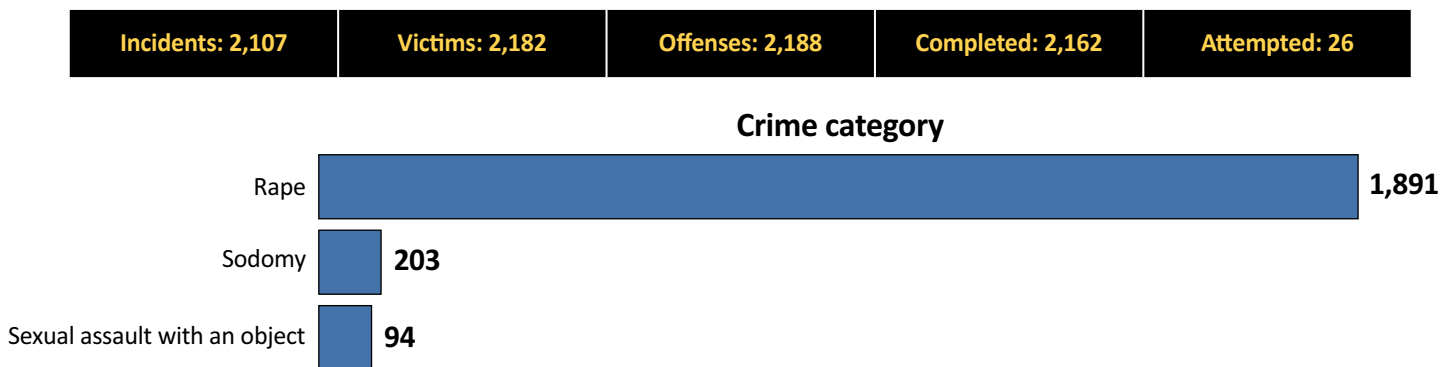
This includes any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

The FBI Uniform Crime Reporting definition for rape includes “the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.” For this section, it includes the following offenses:

- Rape (except incest and statutory rape) — the carnal knowledge of a person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- Sodomy — oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- Sexual assault with an object — to use an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

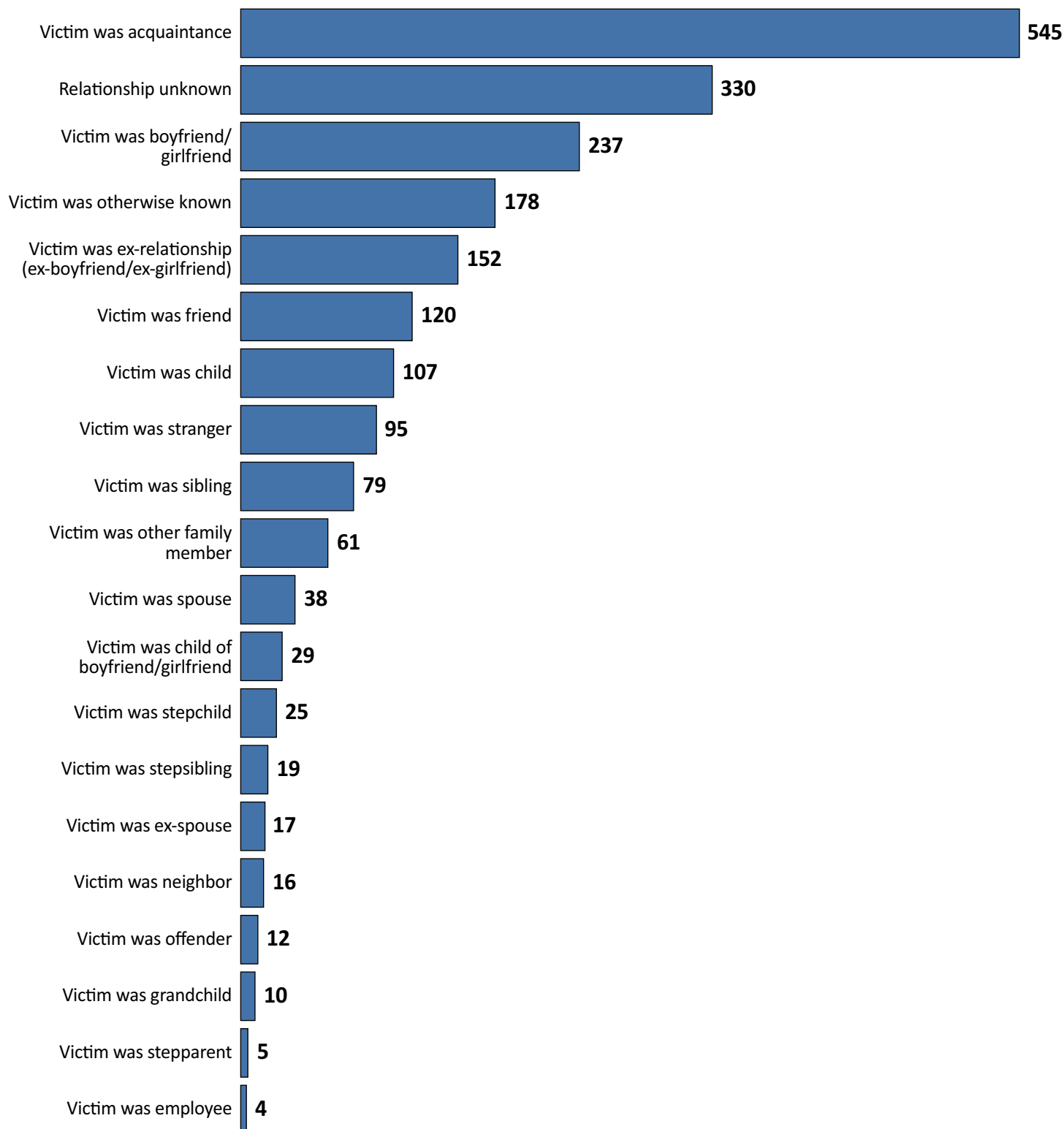
Summary rape information

In 2025, there were 2,188 offenses of rape reported, with 2,182 victims. Of the offenses reported, 2,162 were completed and 26 were attempted. In 2025, 563 rapes were cleared by arrests or exceptional means, with 36 of these arrests of a juvenile only. The crime rate for rape in 2025 was 37.5 per 100,000 population.



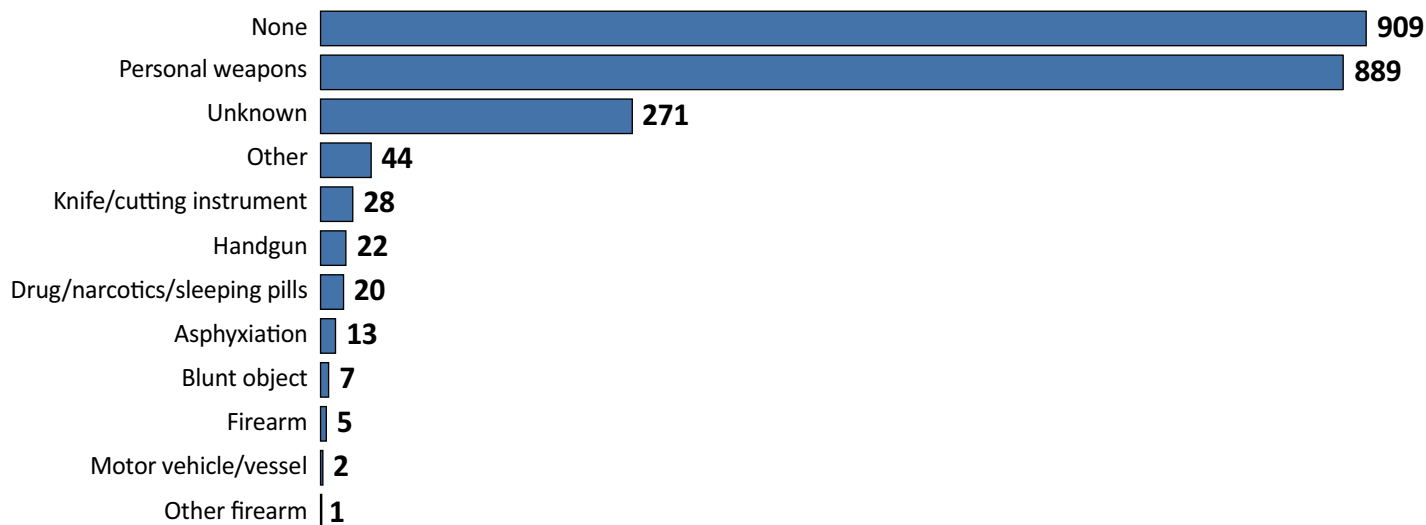
Crimes of violence – rape

Victim-offender relationship

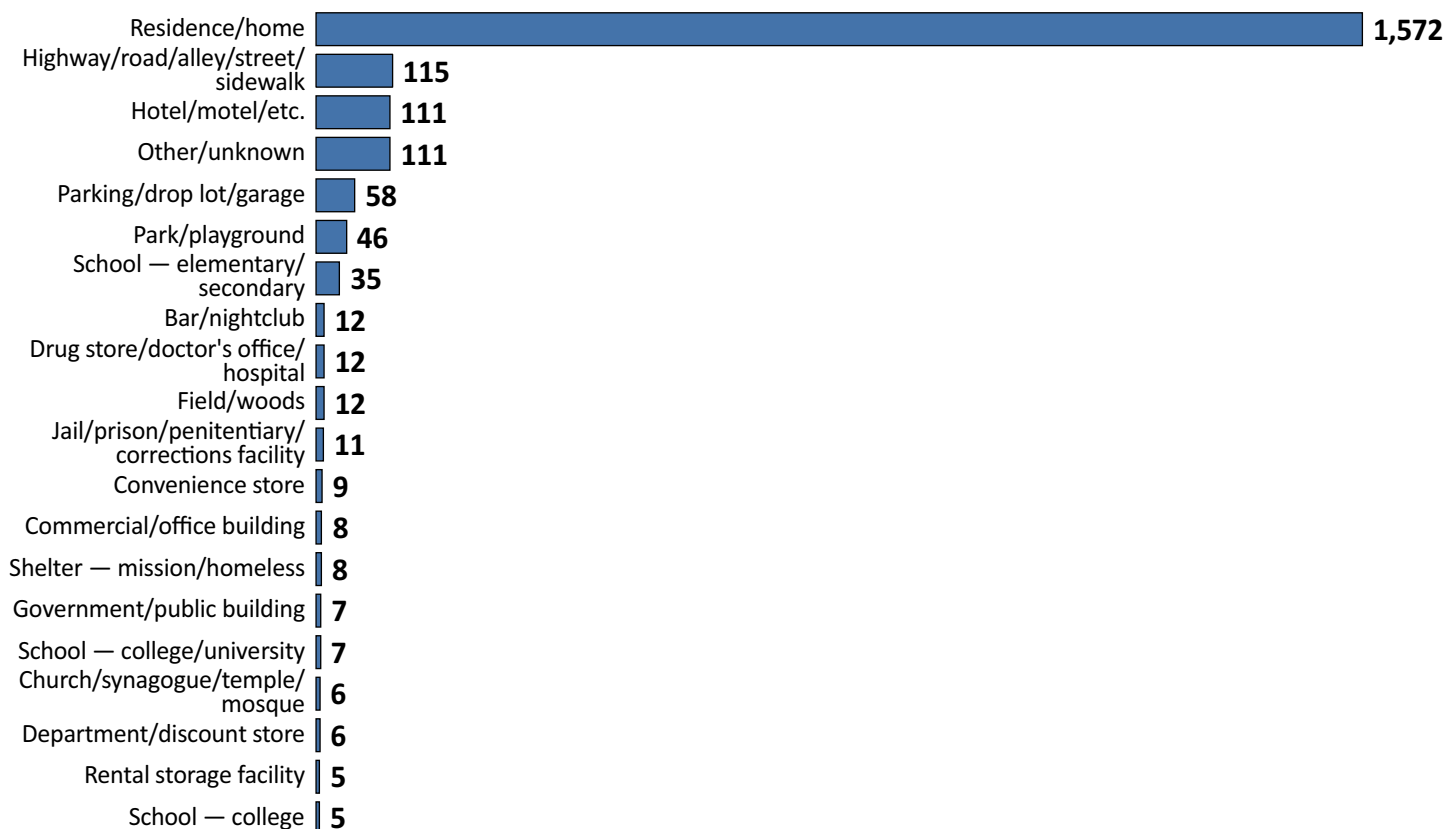


Crimes of violence – rape

Type of weapon or force involved

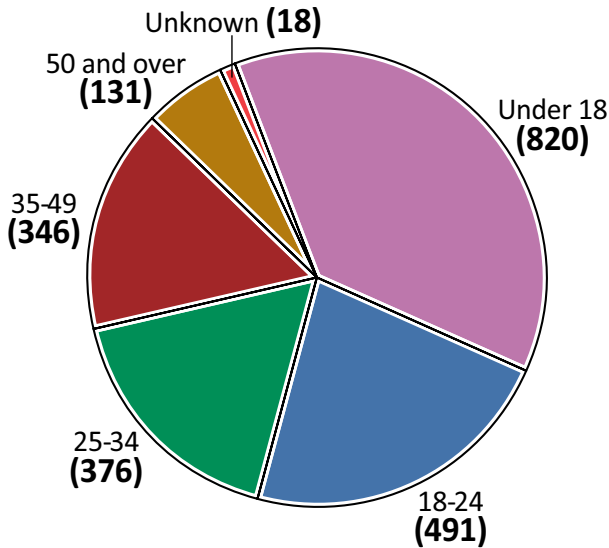


Location type

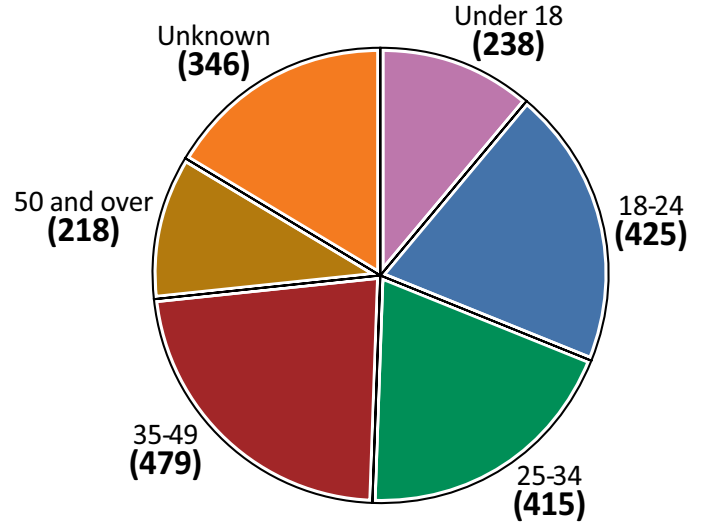


Crimes of violence – rape

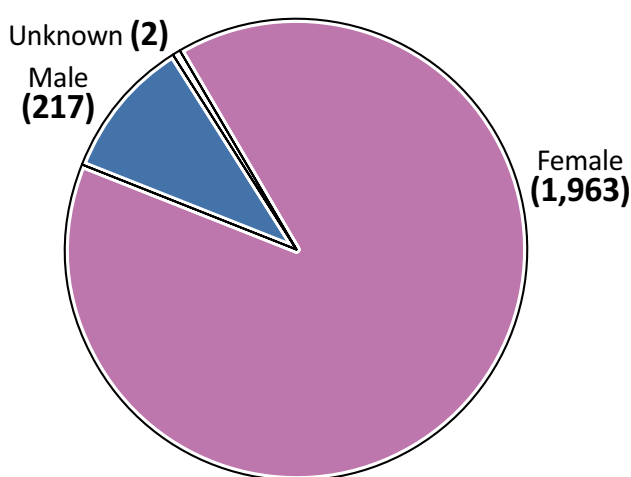
Rape victims by age



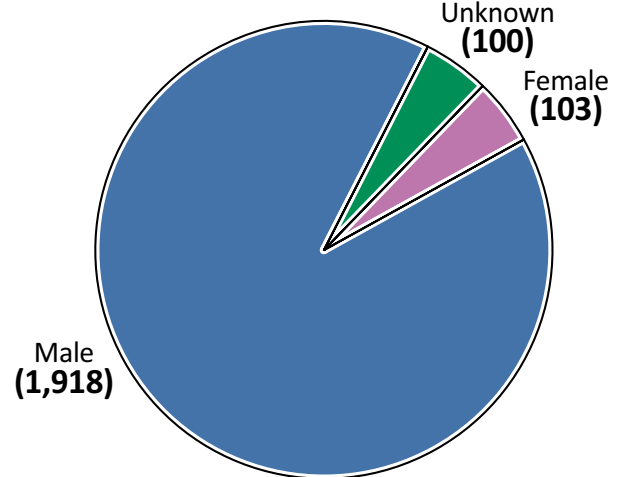
Rape offenders by age



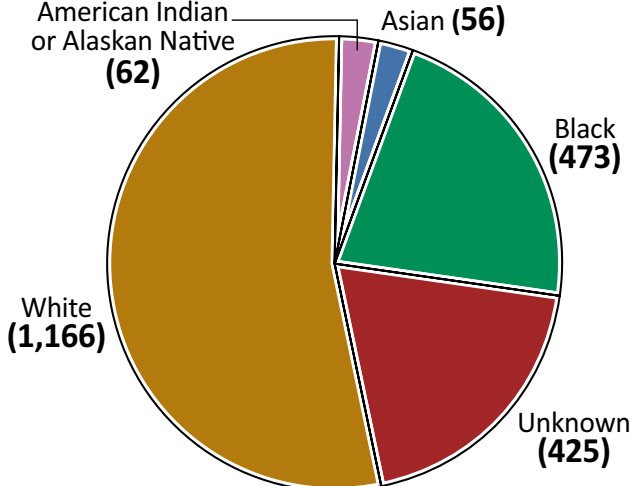
Rape victims by sex



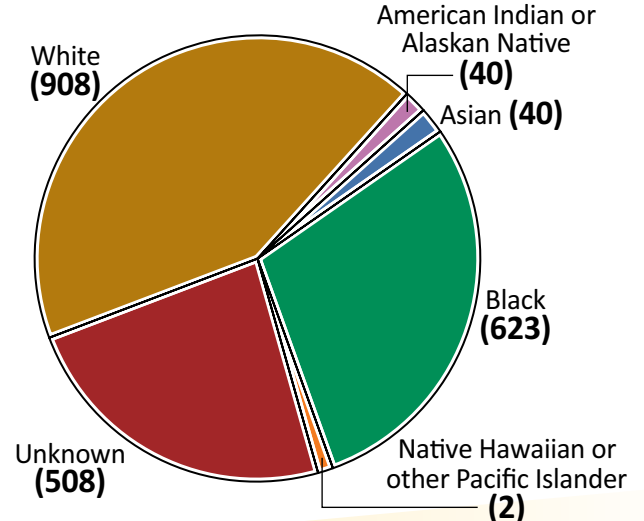
Rape offenders by sex



Rape victims by race



Rape offenders by race



Crimes of violence – robbery

Robbery

A robbery is the taking of anything of value from the control, custody or care of another person by force or threat of force and/or by putting the victim in fear of immediate harm.

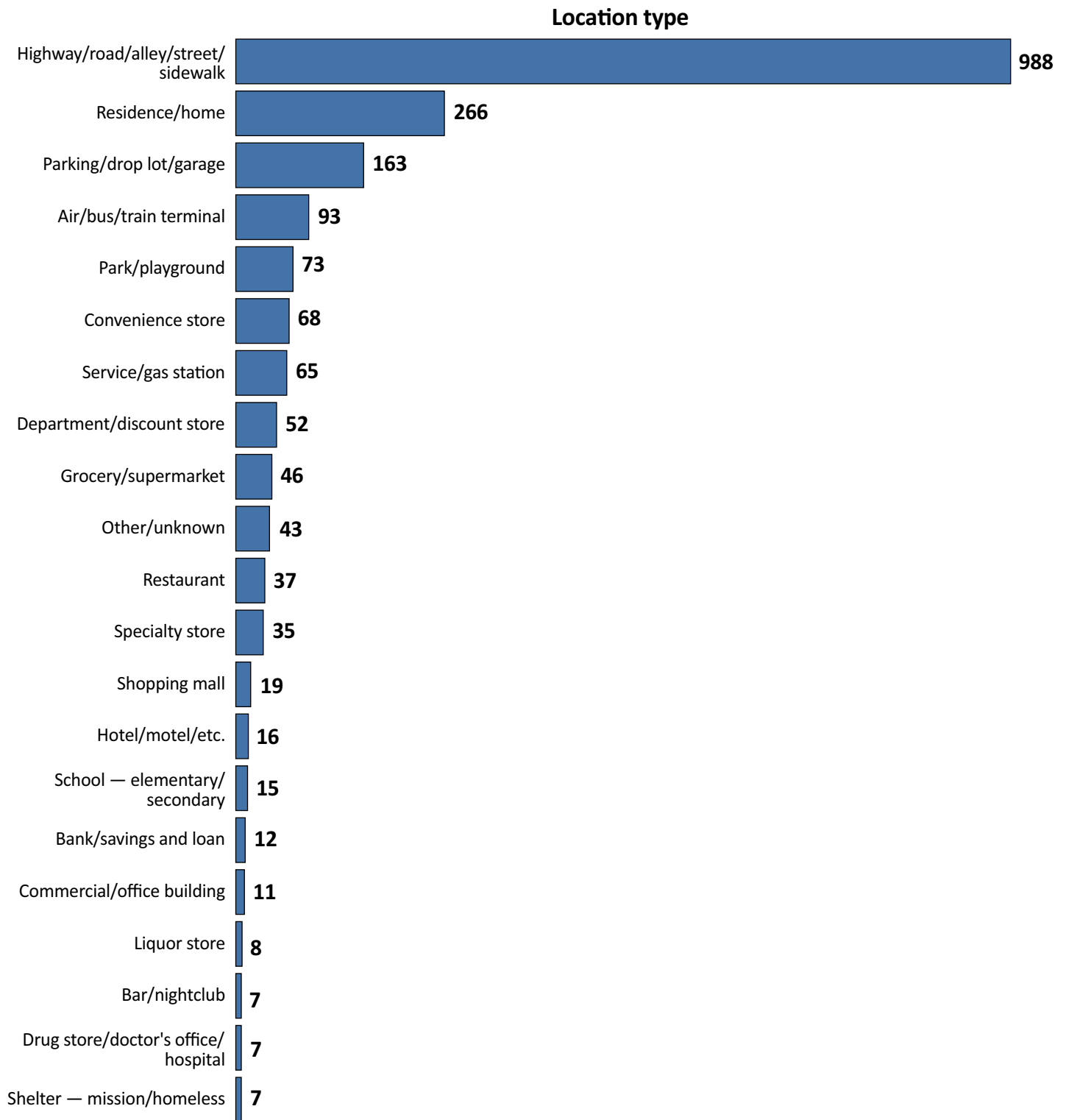
Summary robbery information

In 2025, 2,054 offenses of robbery were reported with 2,446 victims. There were 566 robberies were cleared by arrest or exceptional means with 119 of these by the arrest of a juvenile only. The crime rate for robbery in 2025 was 35.2 per 100,000 population.

Incidents: 2,054	Victims: 2,446	Offenses: 2,054	Completed: 1,837	Attempted: 217
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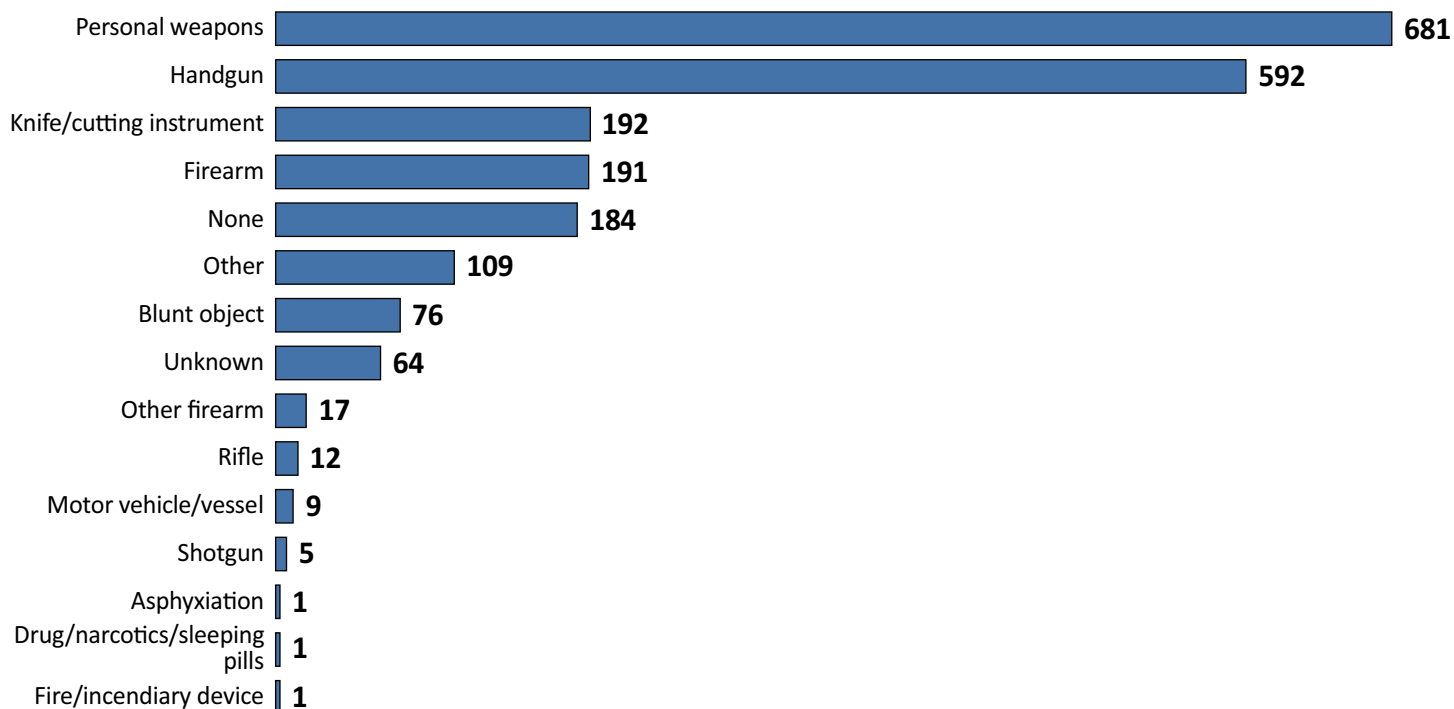


Crimes of violence – robbery

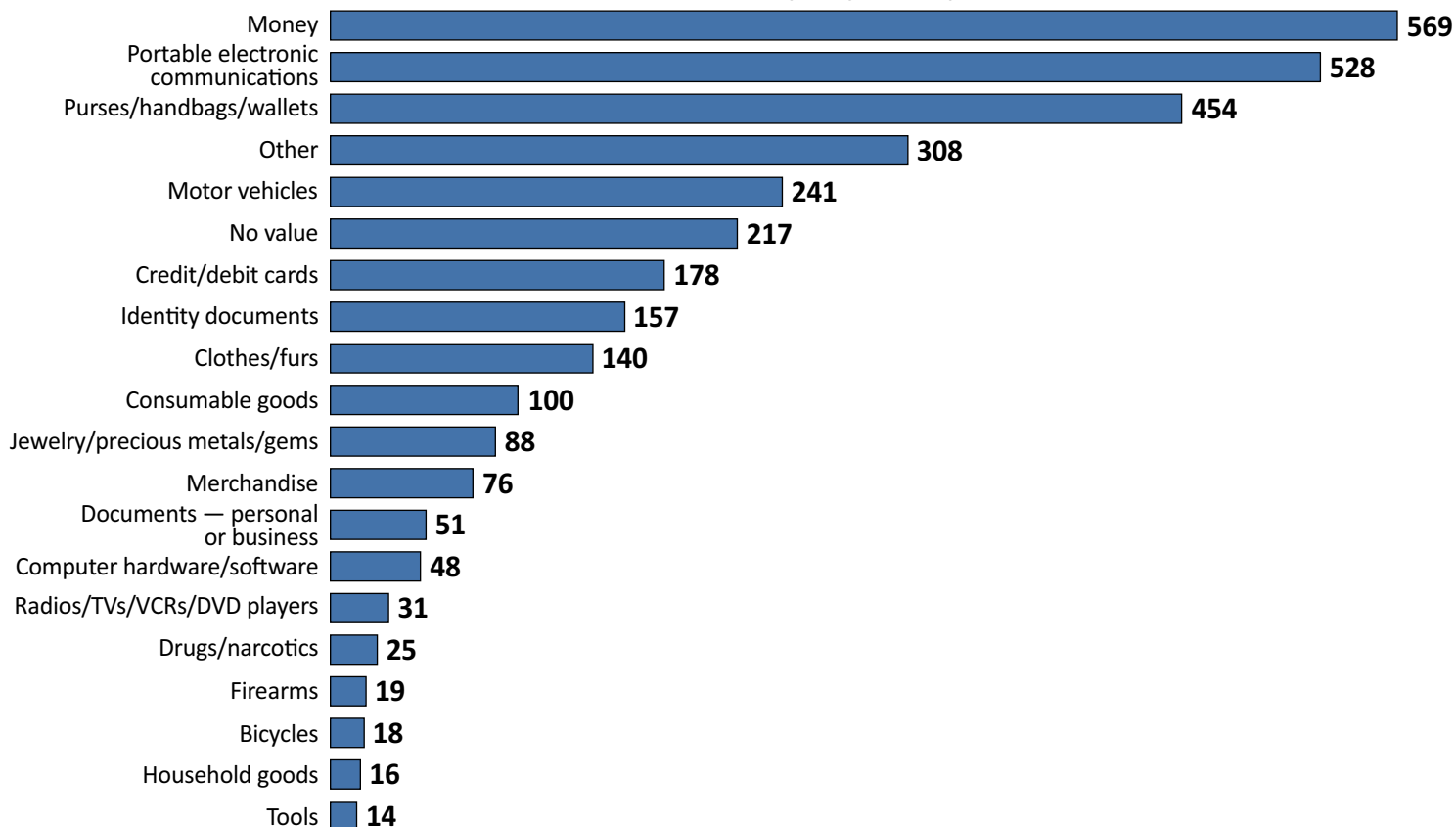


Crimes of violence – robbery

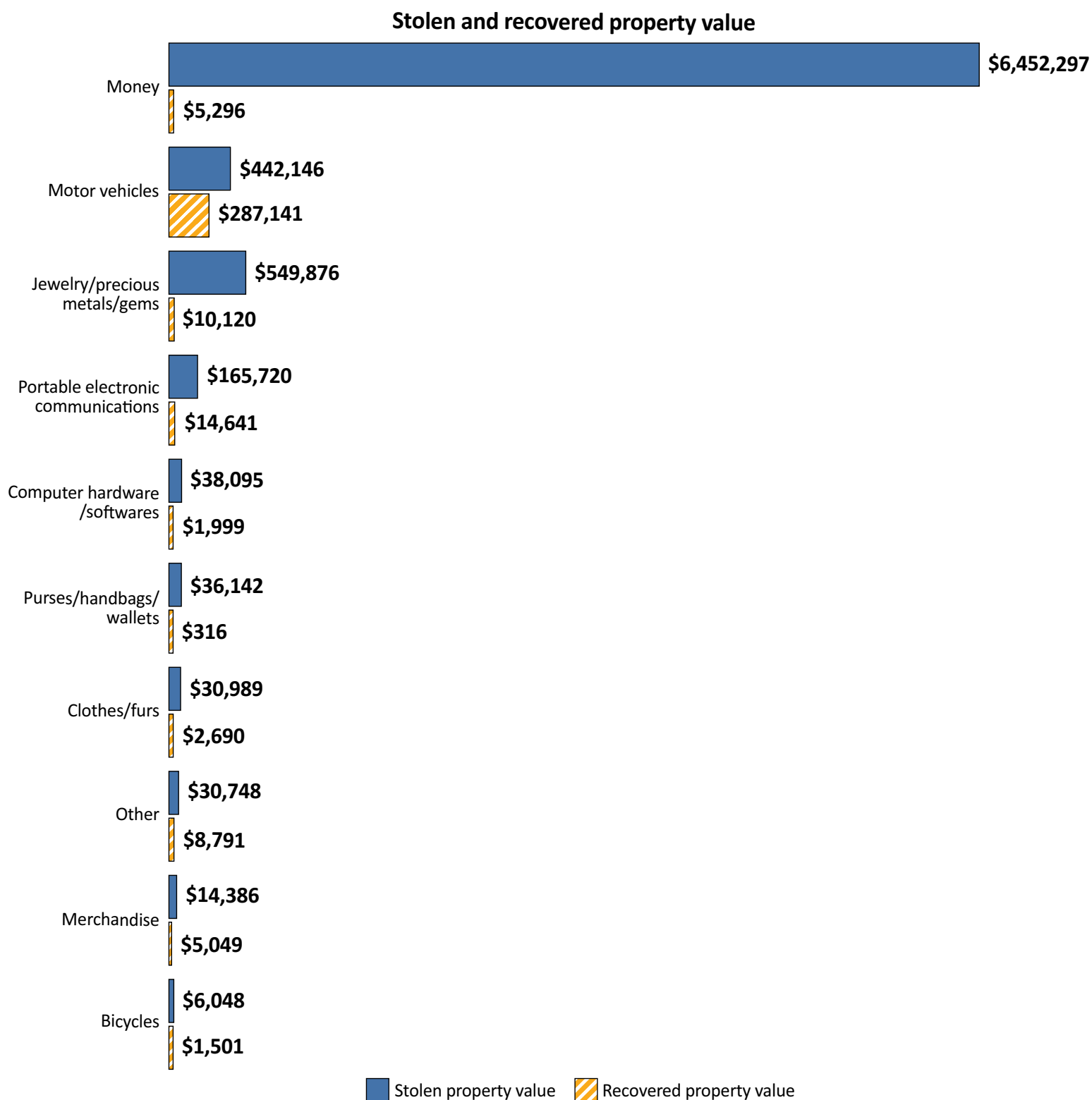
Type weapon or force involved



Property description

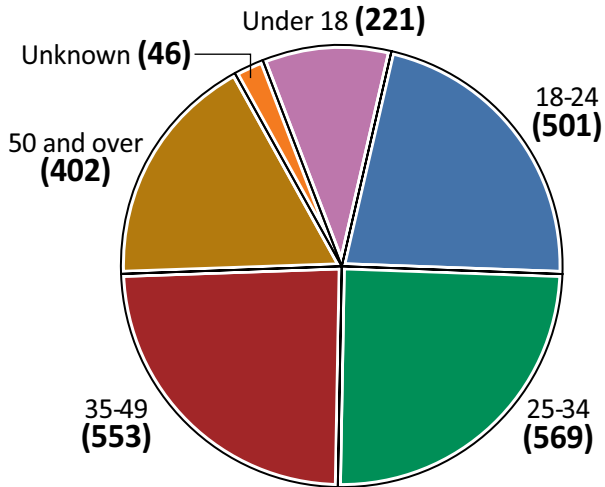


Crimes of violence – robbery

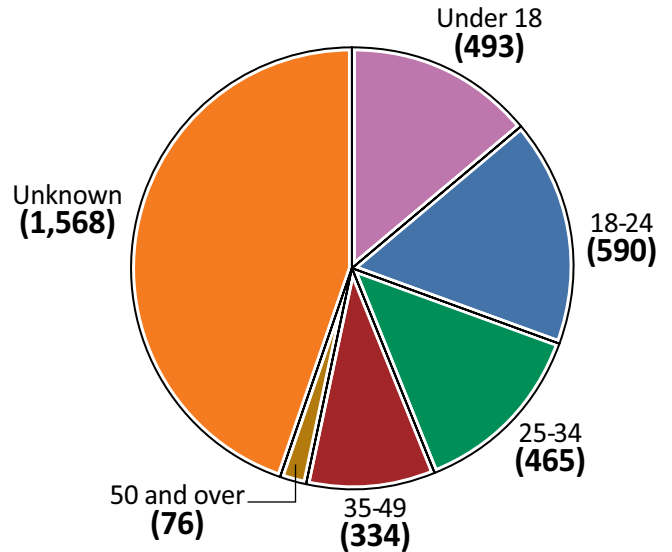


Crimes of violence – robbery

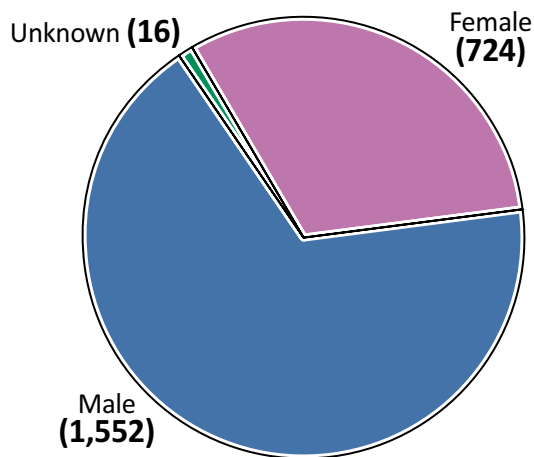
Robbery victims by age



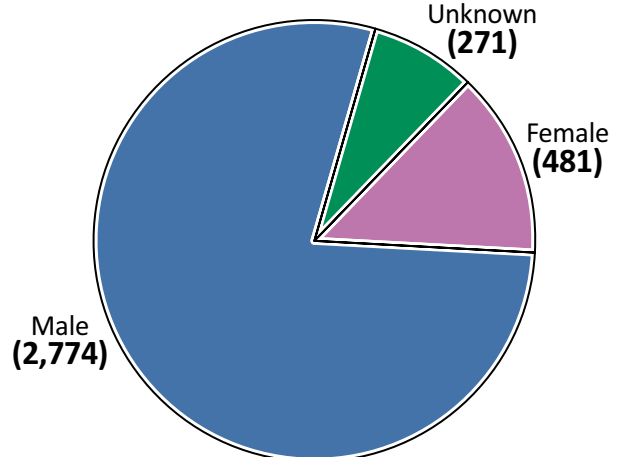
Robbery offenders by age



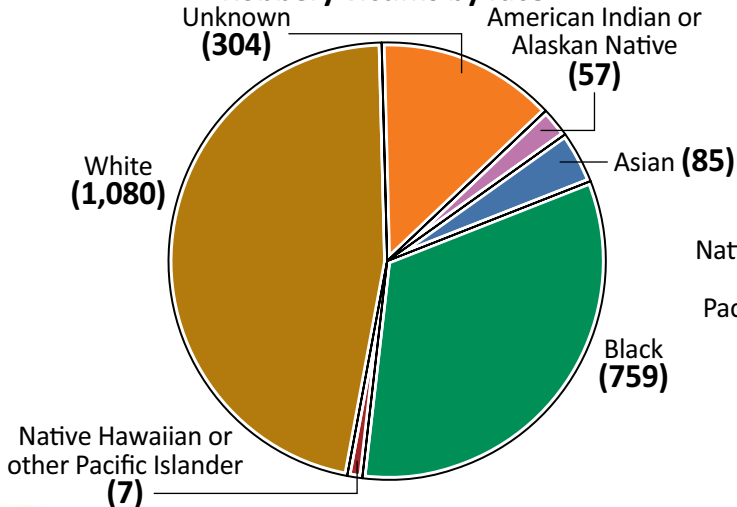
Robbery victims by sex



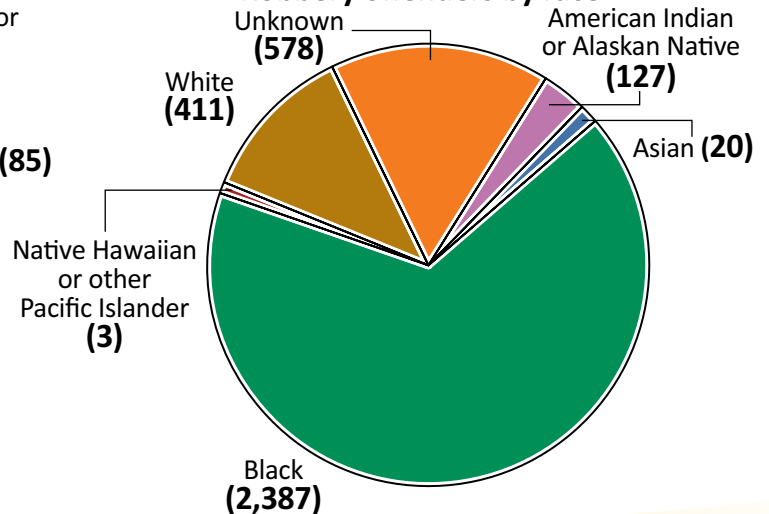
Robbery offenders by sex



Robbery victims by race



Robbery offenders by race



Crimes of violence – carjacking

Carjacking

A carjacking is a robbery where the property stolen by force is a motor vehicle.

There were 294 carjacking incidents reported in 2025; 254 of these carjackings were completed and 40 were attempted. In 2025, 100 were cleared by arrest or exceptional means with 32 of these by the arrest of a juvenile only. The crime rate for carjacking in 2025 was 5.1 per 100,000 population.

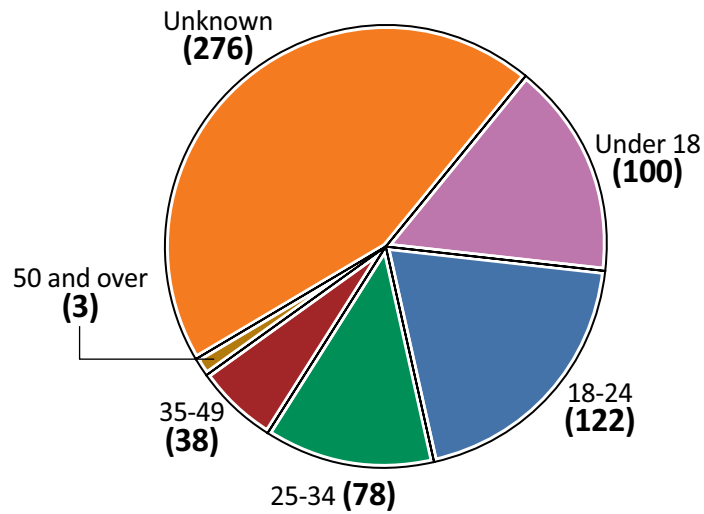
Incidents: 294	Victims: 351	Offenses: 294	Completed: 254	Attempted: 40
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Carjackings by agency 2025

Agency	Incident Count
Bloomington Police Department	5
Brooklyn Center Police Department	5
Brooklyn Park Police Department	4
Carver County Sheriff's Office	1
Crystal Police Department	1
Dakota County Sheriff's Office	1
Duluth Police Department	1
Fridley Police Department	3
Hubbard County Sheriff's Office	1
Inver Grove Heights Police Department	215
Maplewood Police Department	6
Minnetrista Public Safety	1
Moorhead Police Department	1
Oakdale Police Department	1
Olmsted County Sheriff's Office	1
Ramsey County Sheriff's Office	1
Richfield Police Department	2
Rochester Police Department	4
Roseville Police Department	2
St Paul Police Department	34
St. Cloud Police Department	2
St. Louis County Sheriff's Office	1
Woodbury Department of Public Safety	1
Total carjackings	294

Crimes of violence – carjacking

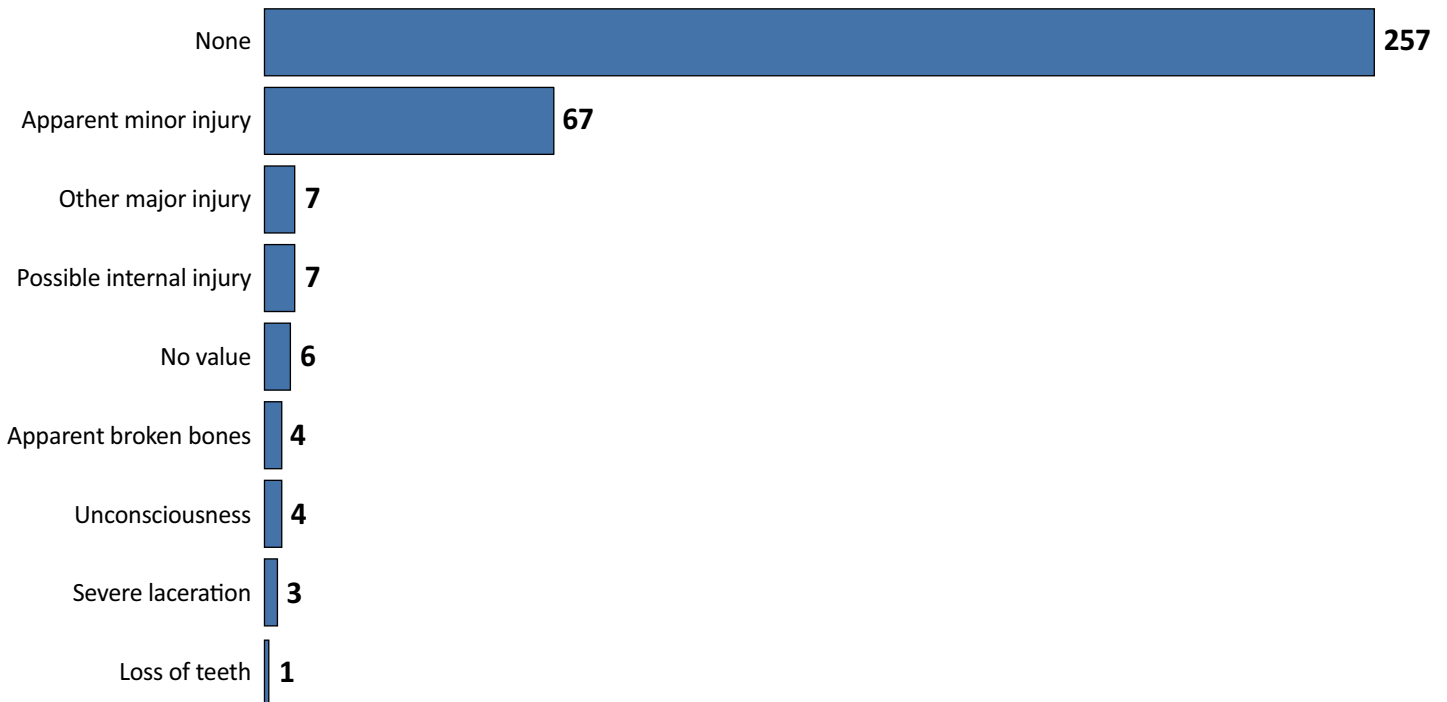
Carjacking offenders by age



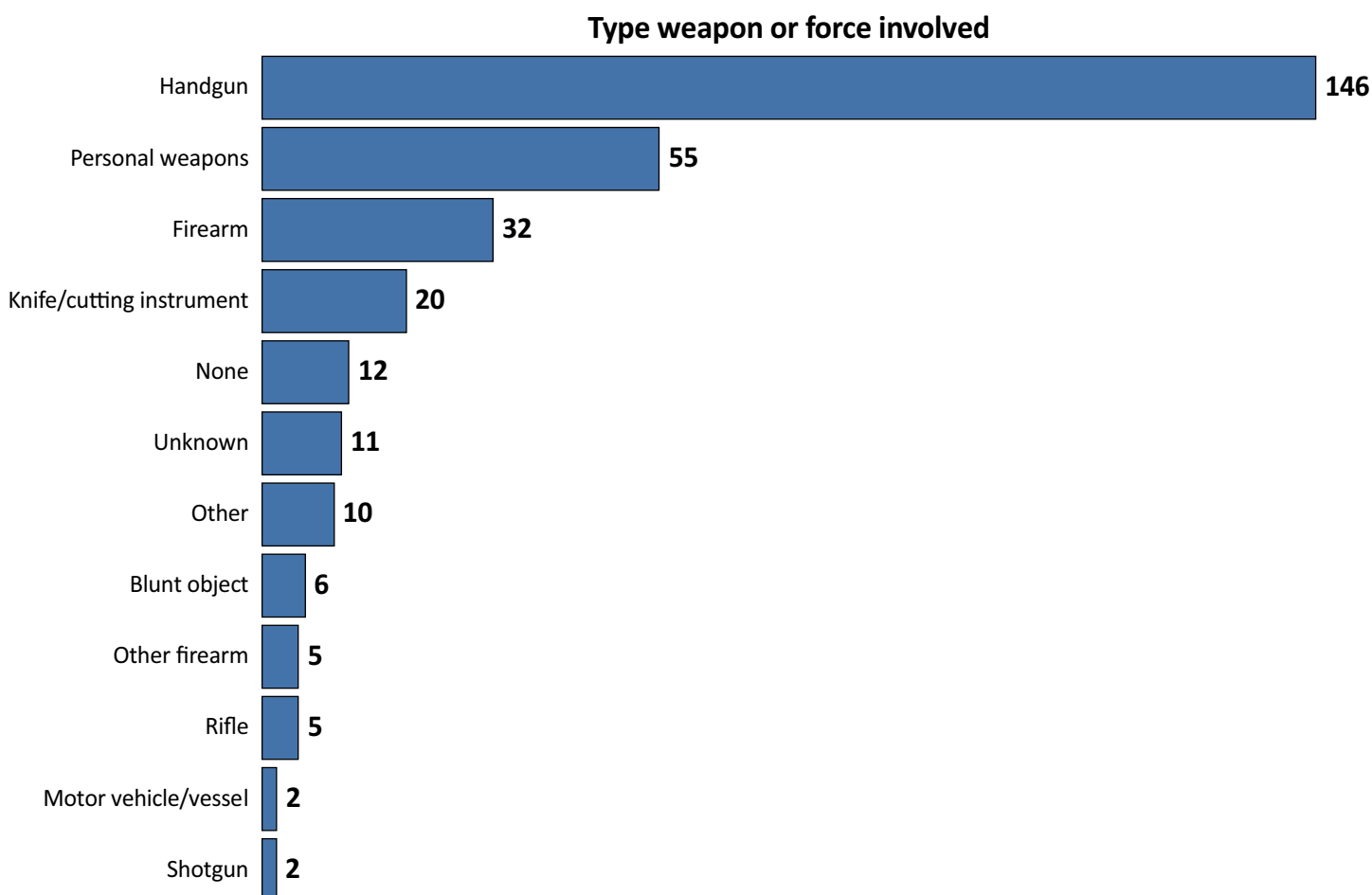
Carjacking victims injured vs. uninjured



Carjacking victim injury type



Crimes of violence – carjacking



Crimes of violence – aggravated assault

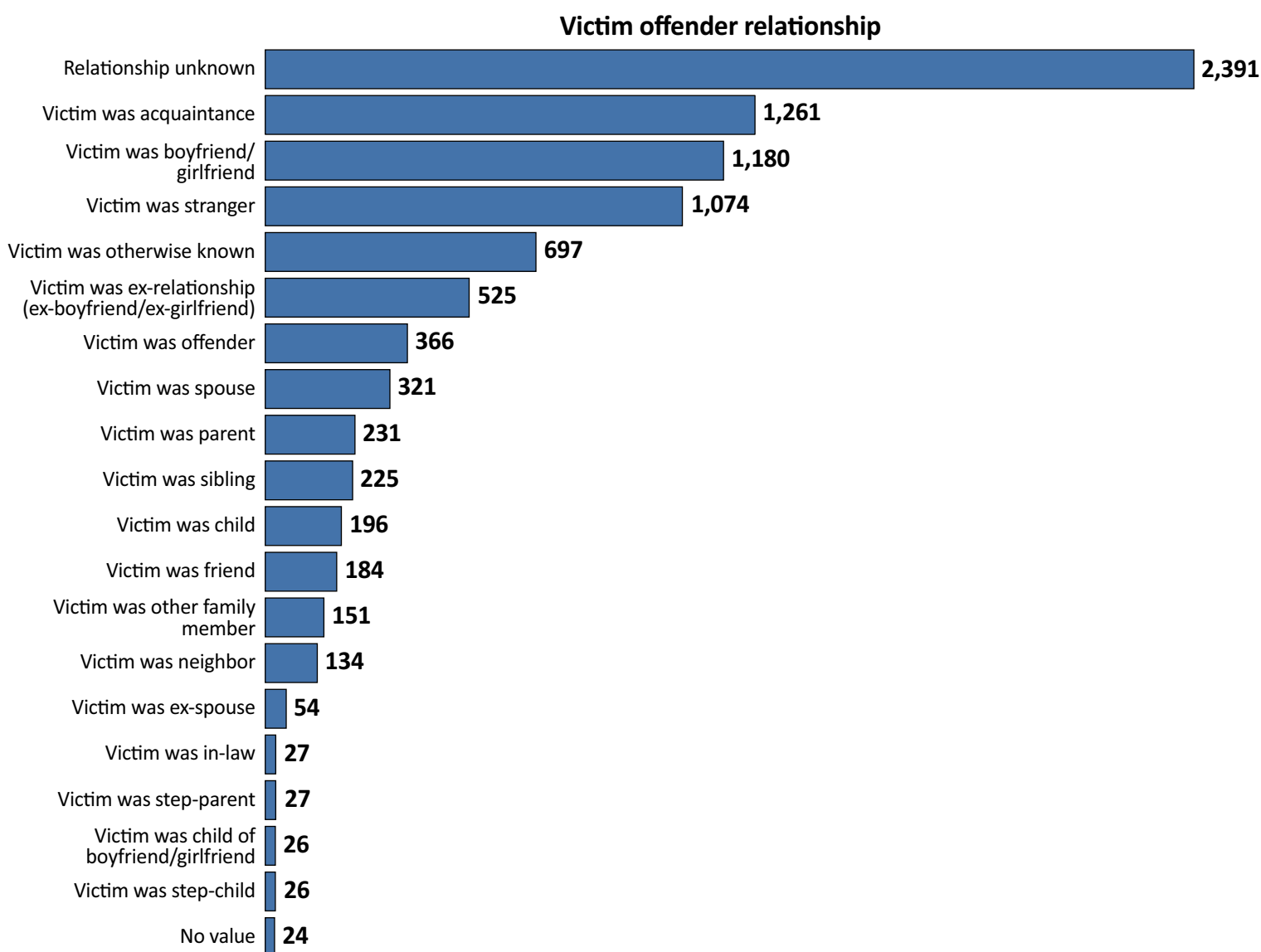
Aggravated assault

An aggravated assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another wherein the offender uses a dangerous weapon or displays it in a threatening manner or the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury, or where there was a risk for serious injury/intent to seriously injure.

Summary aggravated assault information

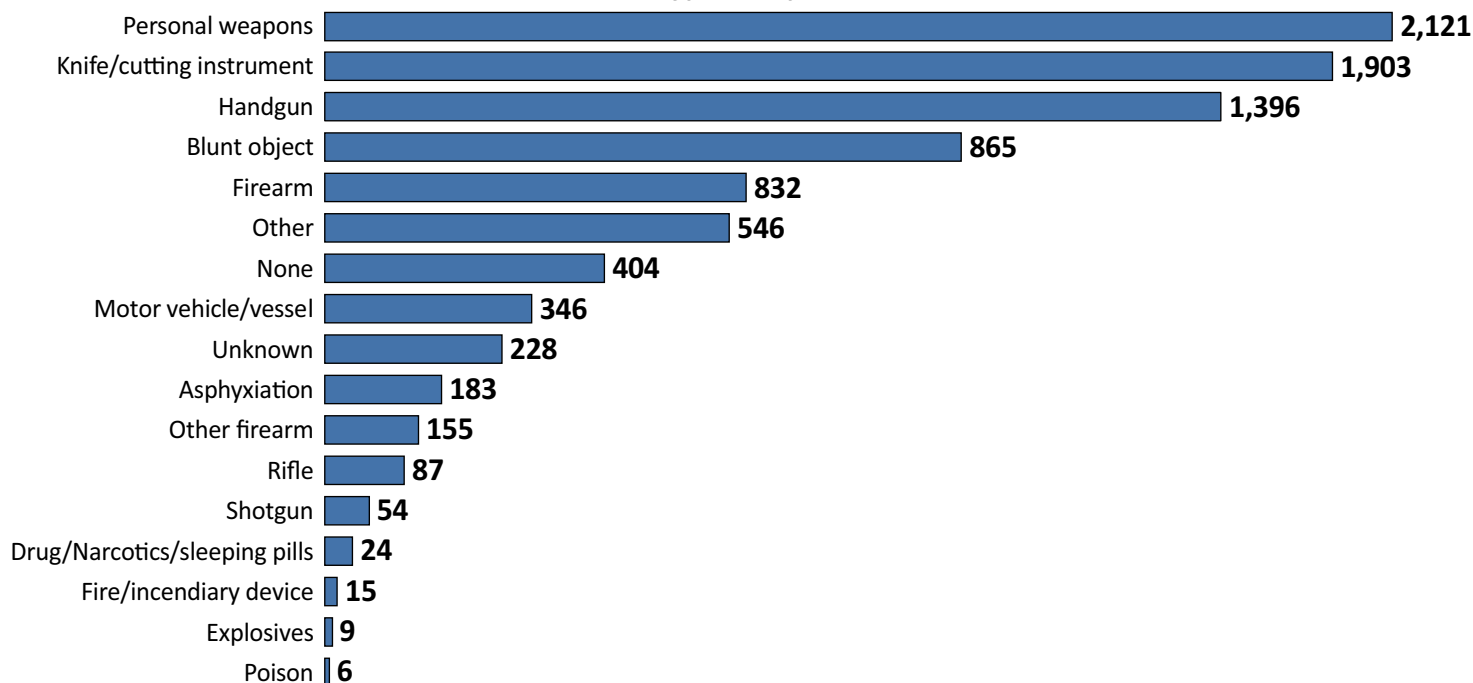
For 2025, there were 8,762 aggravated assaults reported. 5,091 were cleared by arrest or exceptional means with 354 of these by the arrest of a juvenile only. The 2025 crime rate for aggravated assault was 150.3 per 100,000 population.

Incidents: 7,332	Victims: 8,762	Offenses: 8,762	Completed: 8,762	Attempted: 0
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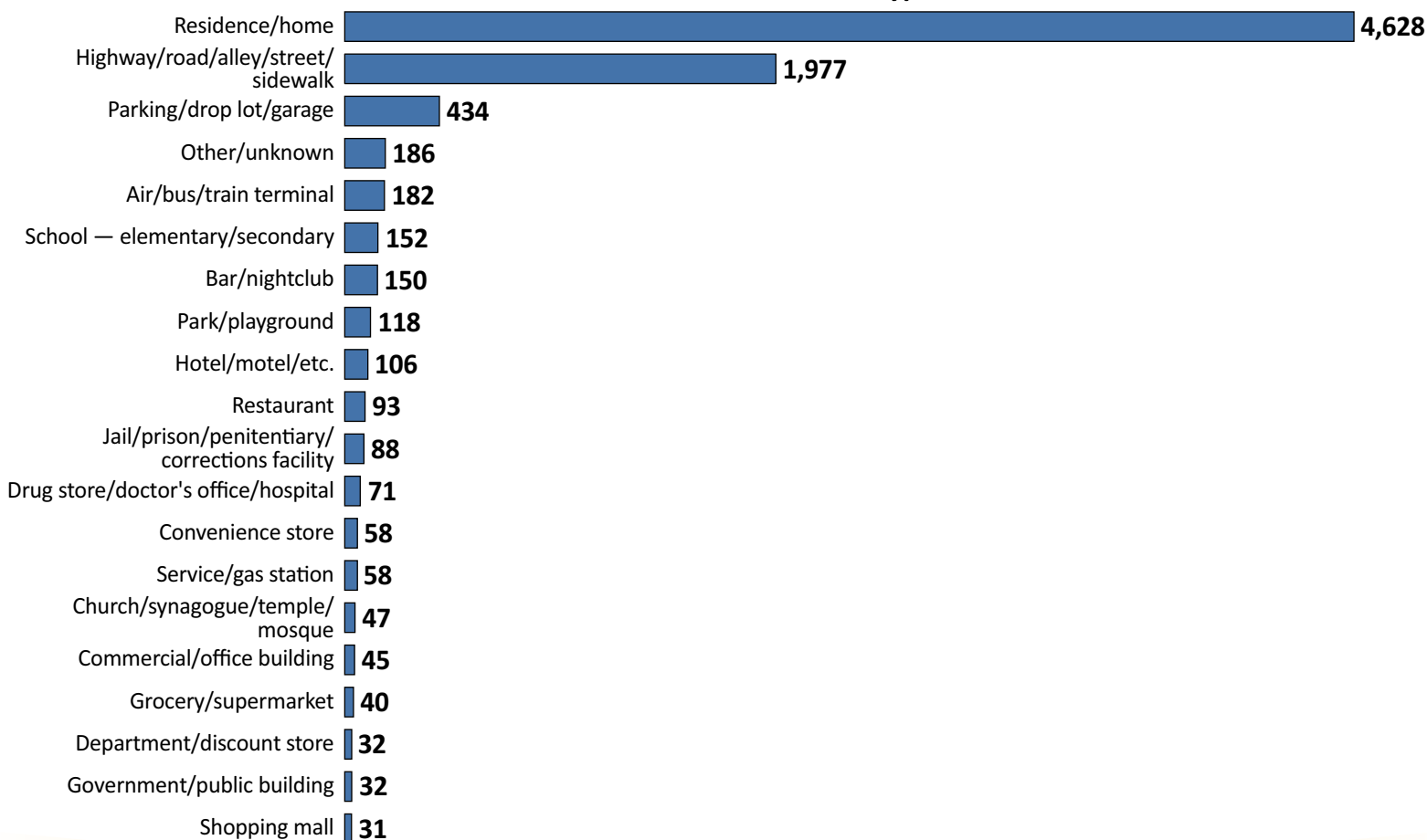


Crimes of violence – aggravated assault

Type weapon or force involved

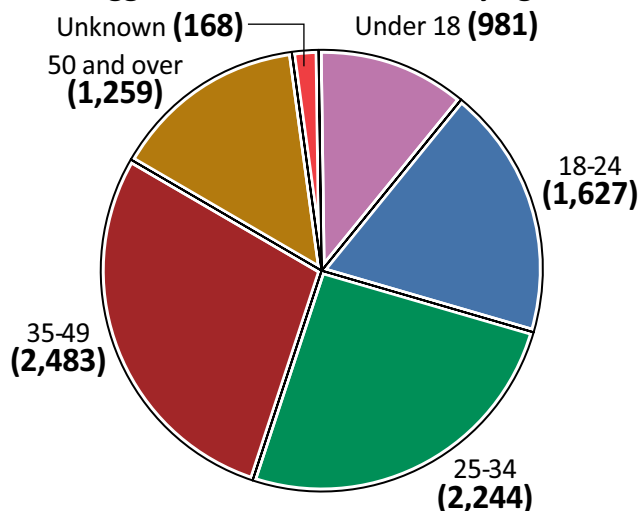


Location type

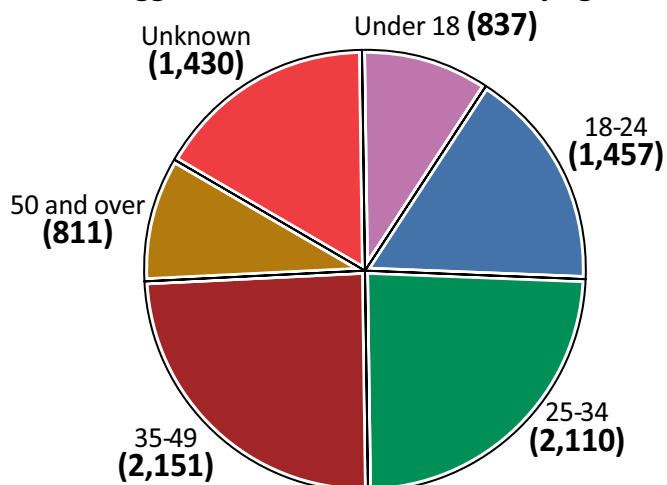


Crimes of violence – aggravated assault

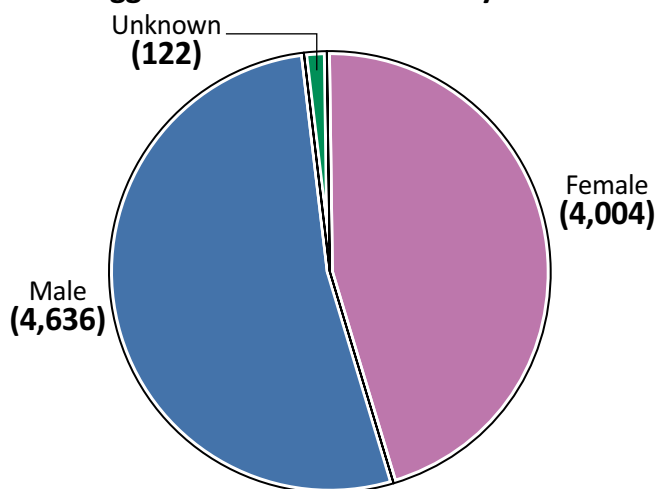
Aggravated assault victims by age



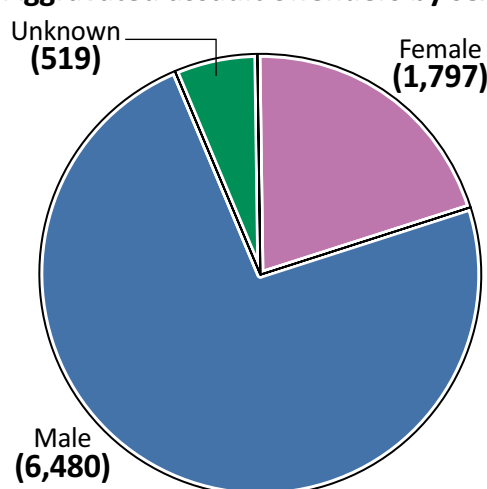
Aggravated assault offenders by age



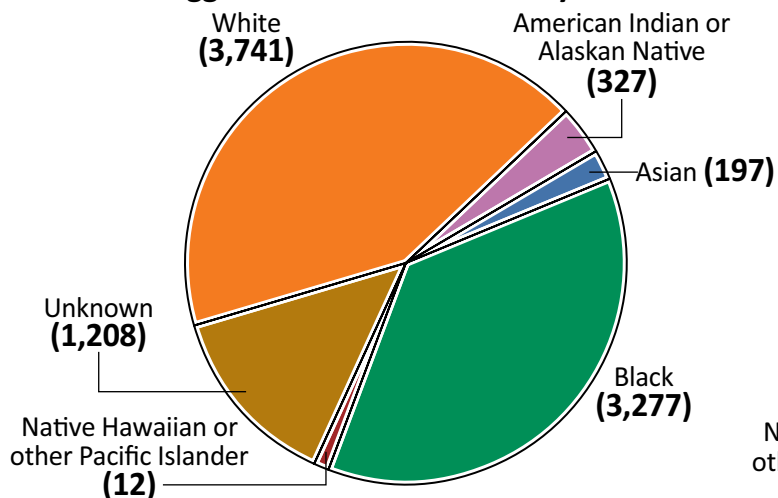
Aggravated assault victims by sex



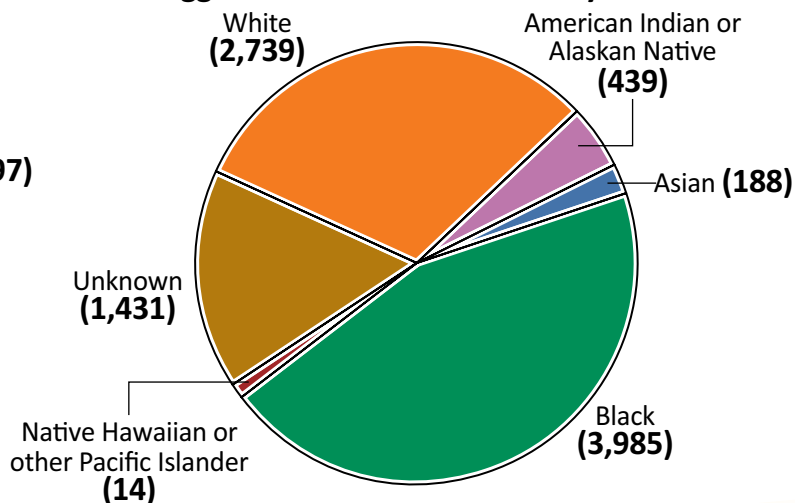
Aggravated assault offenders by sex



Aggravated assault victims by race



Aggravated assault offenders by race



Property crimes – burglary

Burglary

Burglary is the unlawful entry into a building or some other structure to commit a felony or a theft. By definition, a structure has four walls, a roof and a door. The definition structure also includes any house trailer or other mobile unit permanently fixed as an office, residence or storehouse. Tents, tent trailers, motorhomes, house trailers or any other mobile unit used for recreation purposes are not structures.

Summary burglary information

There were 9,294 burglaries reported in 2025 with 10,987 victims. There were 1,915 burglaries cleared by arrest or exceptional means with 94 of these by arrest of a juvenile only. For 2025, the crime rate was 159.4 per 100,000 population.

Incidents: 9,294

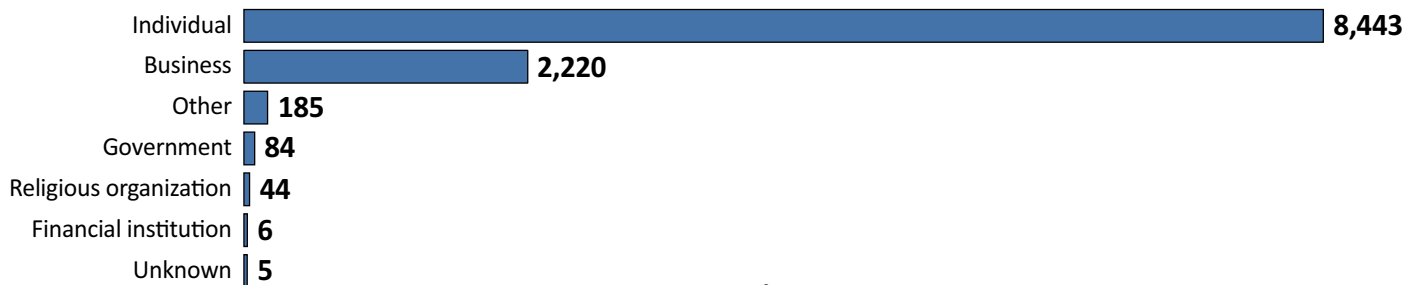
Victims: 10,987

Offenses: 9,294

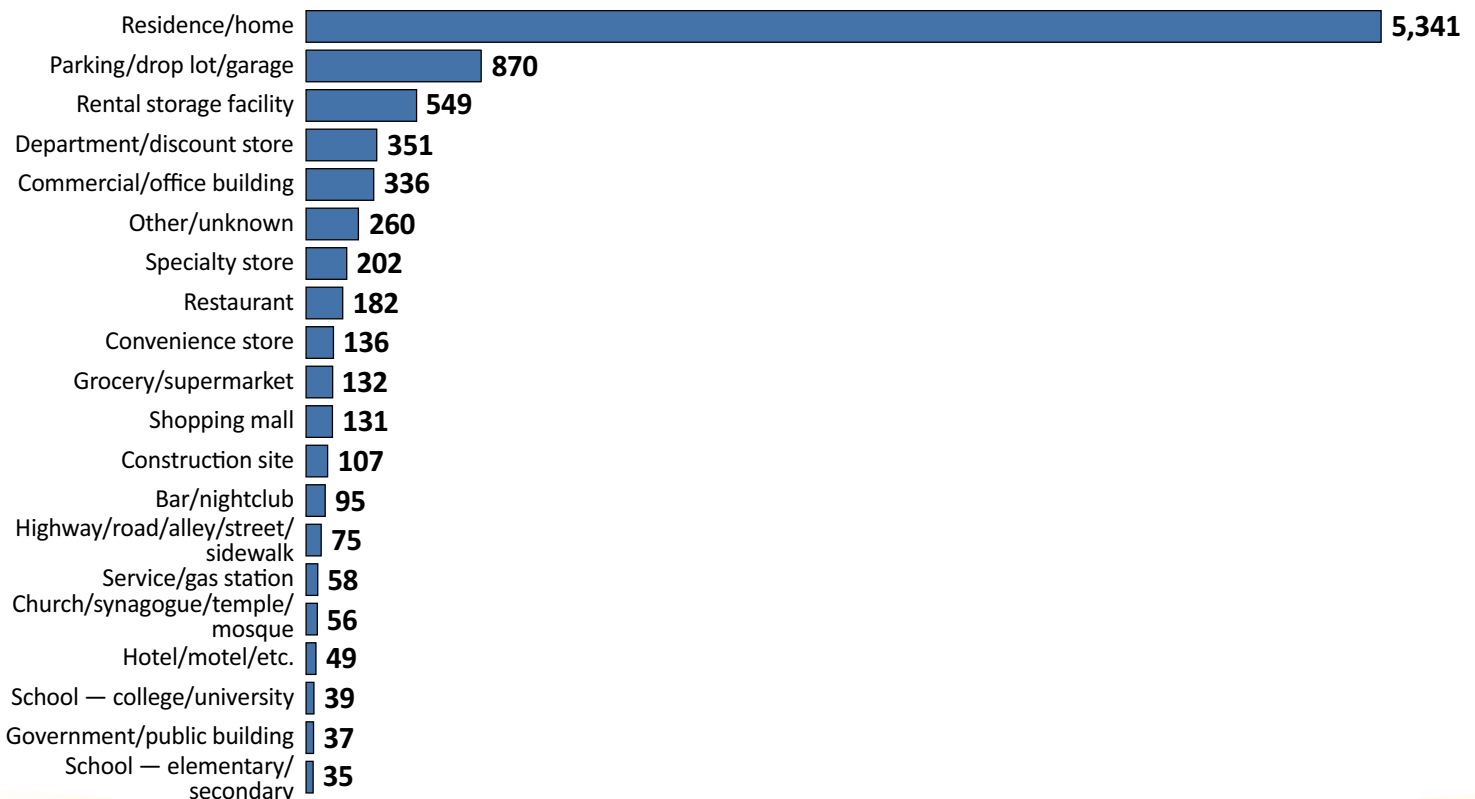
Completed: 9,003

Attempted: 291

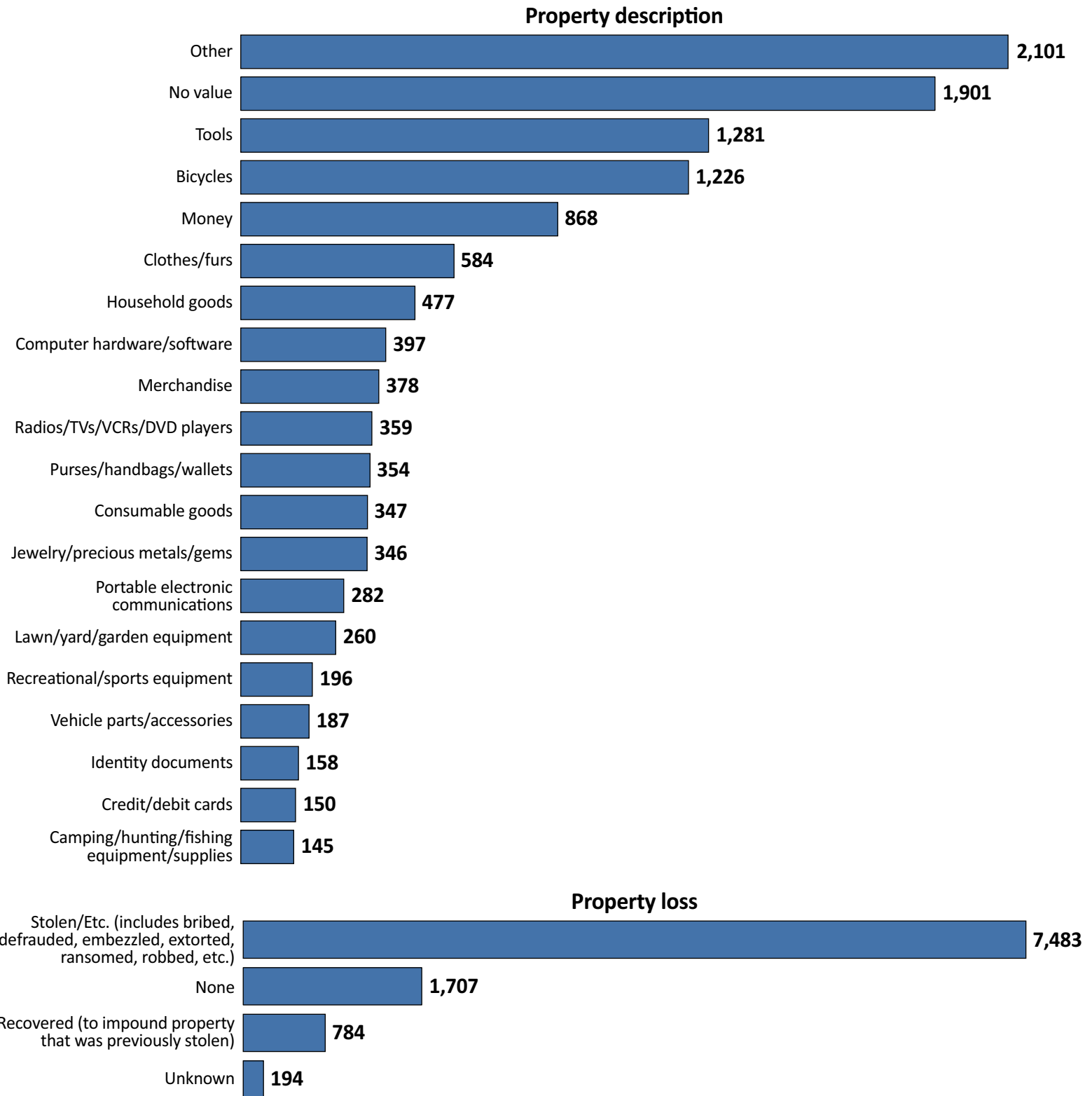
Victim type



Location type

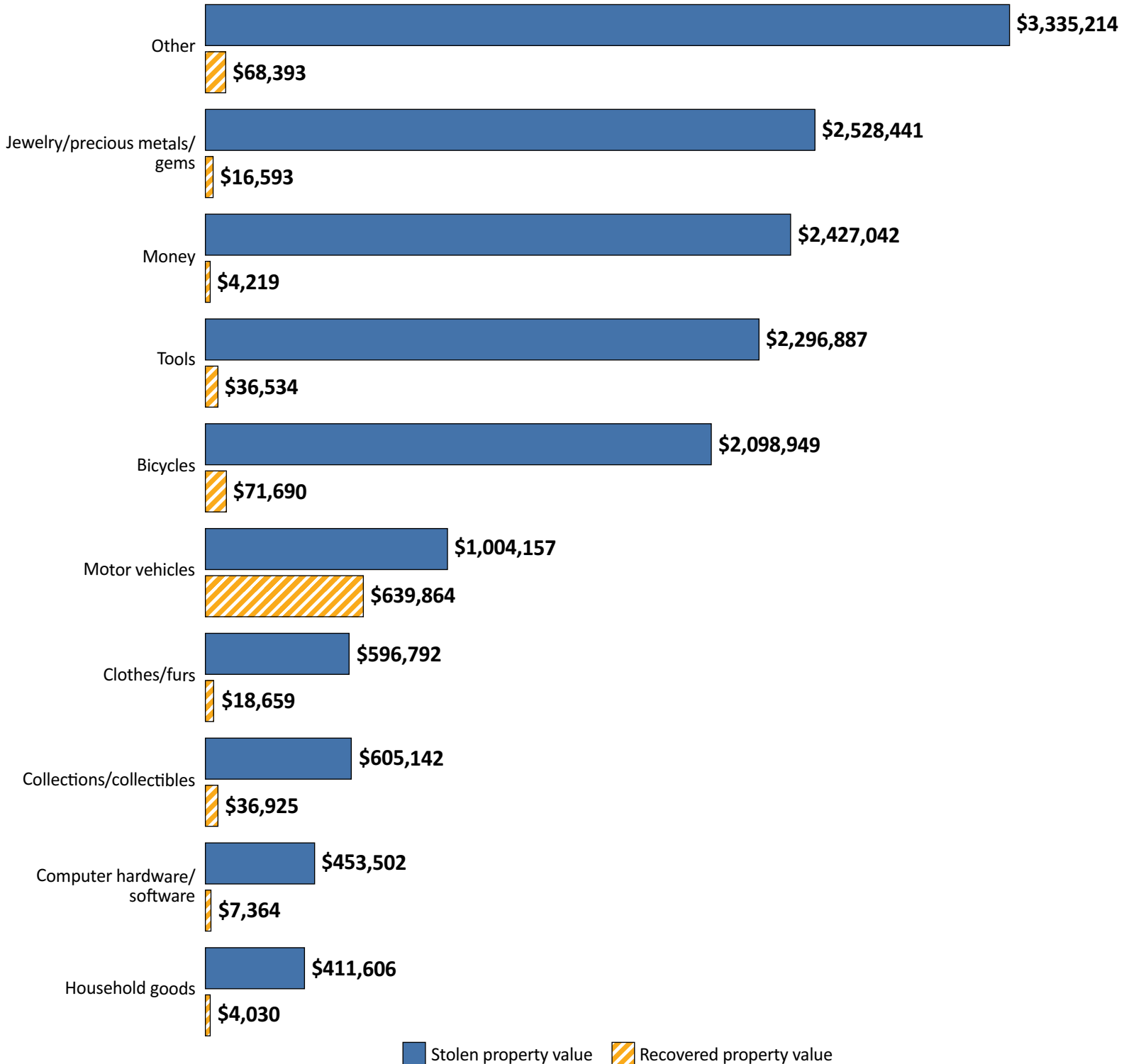


Property crimes – burglary



Property crimes – burglary

Stolen and recovered property value



Property crimes – larceny/theft

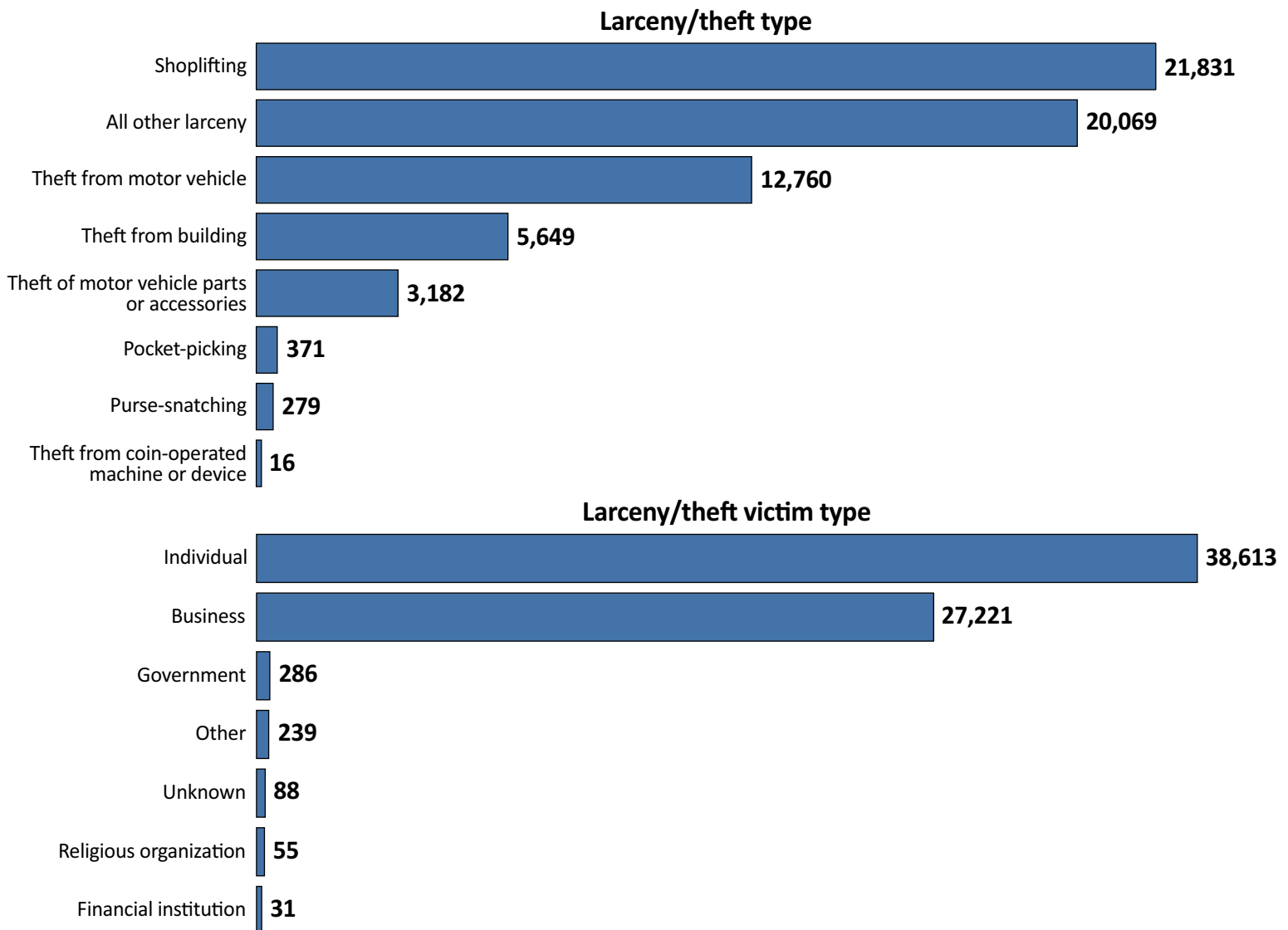
Larceny/theft

Larceny is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another person.

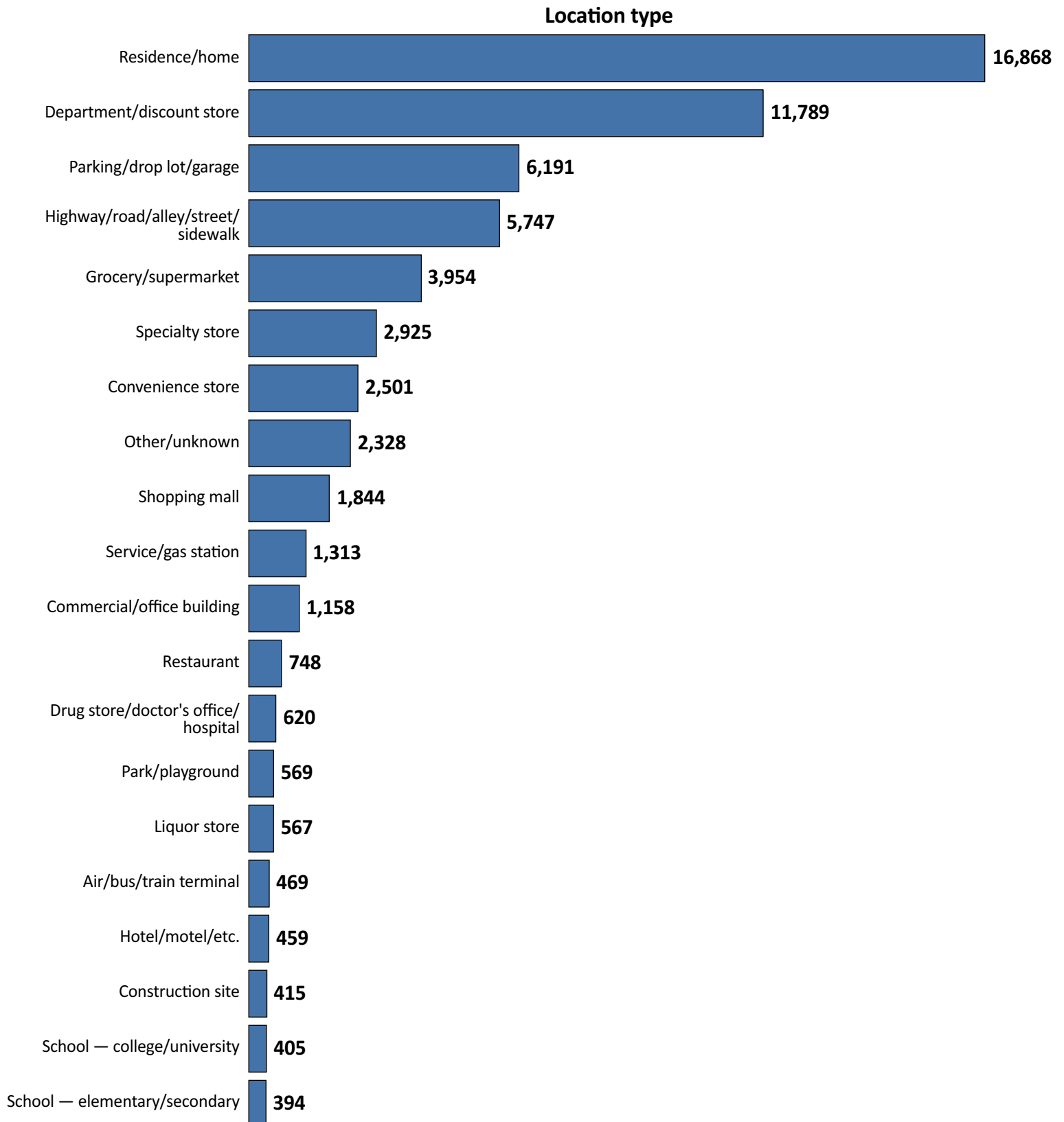
Summary larceny/theft information

In 2025, there were 64,157 thefts reported, with 66,533 victims. There were 16,181 thefts cleared by arrest or exceptional means with 641 of these by arrest of a juvenile only. The 2025 crime rate for thefts was 1,100.4 per 100,000 population.

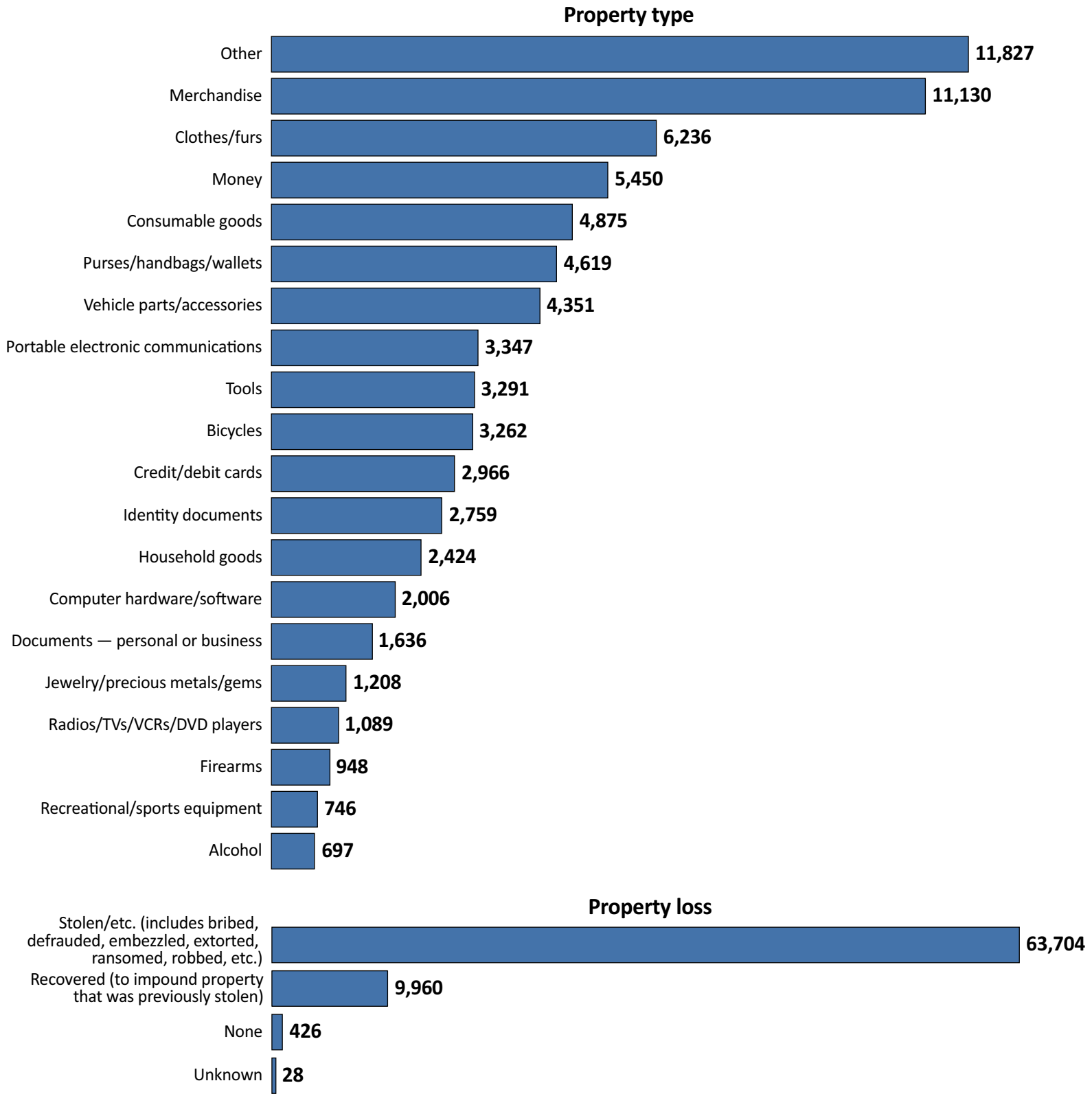
Incidents: 64,059	Victims: 66,533	Offenses: 64,157	Completed: 63,703	Attempted: 454
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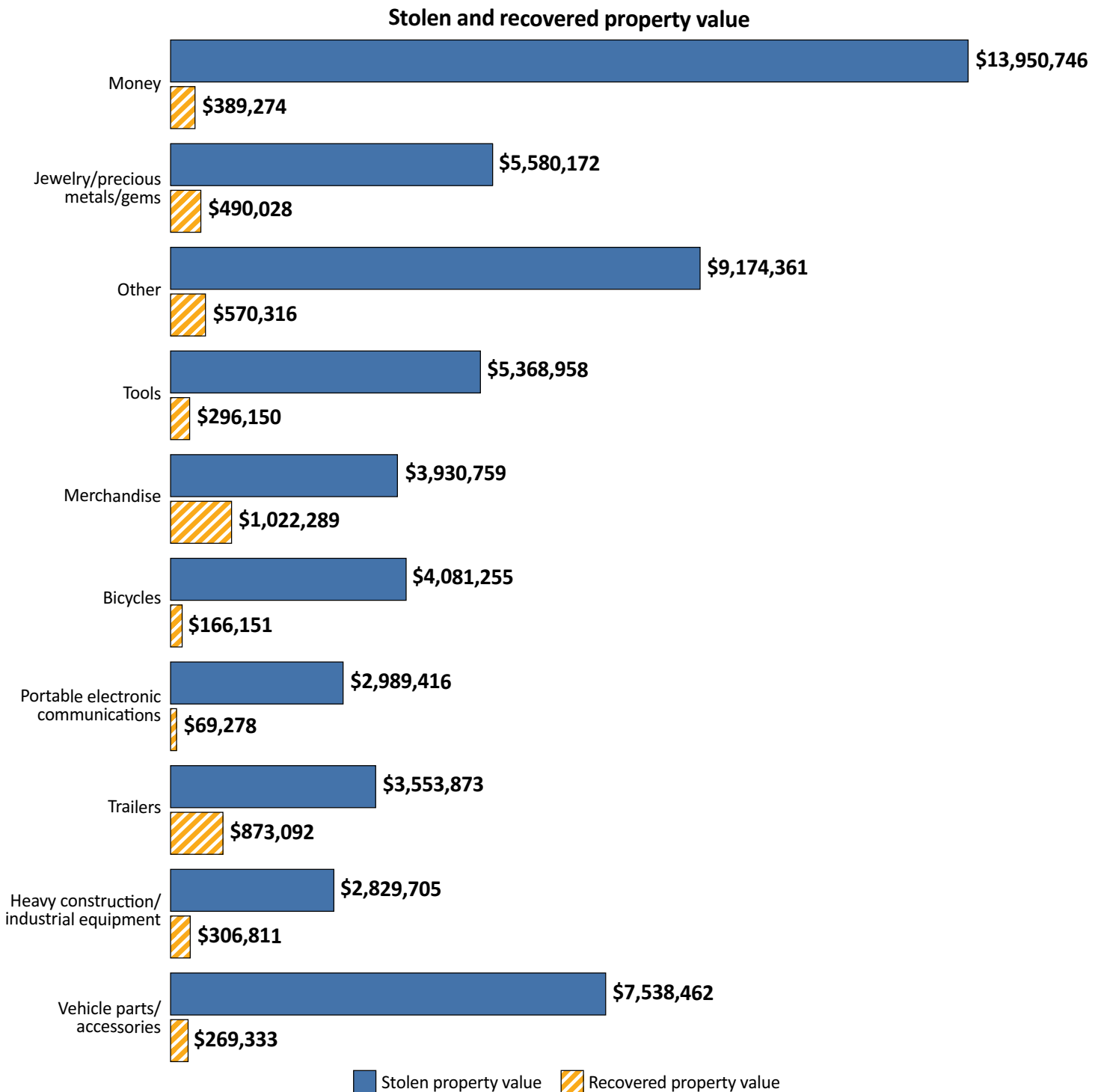
Property crimes – larceny/theft



Property crimes – larceny/theft



Property crimes – larceny/theft



Property crimes – motor vehicle theft

Motor vehicle theft

Typically, motor vehicle theft occurs when the owner of the vehicle is not around and the vehicle itself is unoccupied. A carjacking is when the vehicle is taken by force (robbery) while the driver or passengers are entering or within the vehicle.

Summary motor vehicle theft information

For 2025, 9,803 motor vehicle thefts were reported. There were 747 cleared by arrest or exceptional means, and 120 of these by arrest of a juvenile only. The crime rate for motor vehicle theft was 168.1 per 100,000.

Incidents: 9,278

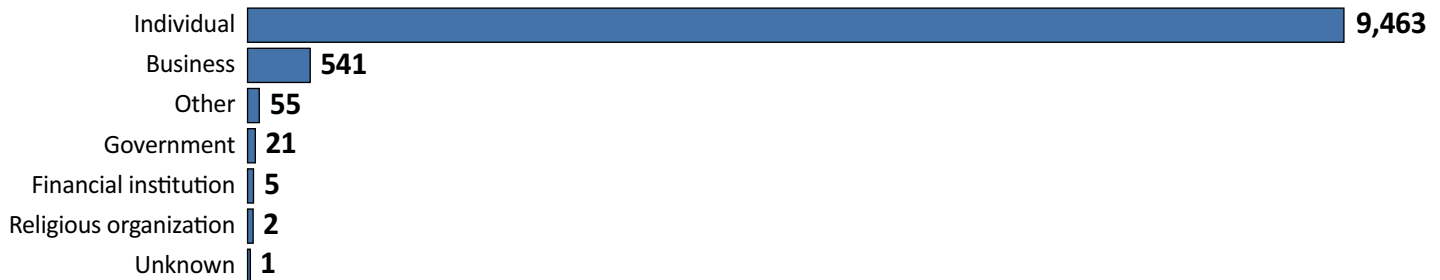
Victims: 10,088

Offenses: 9,803

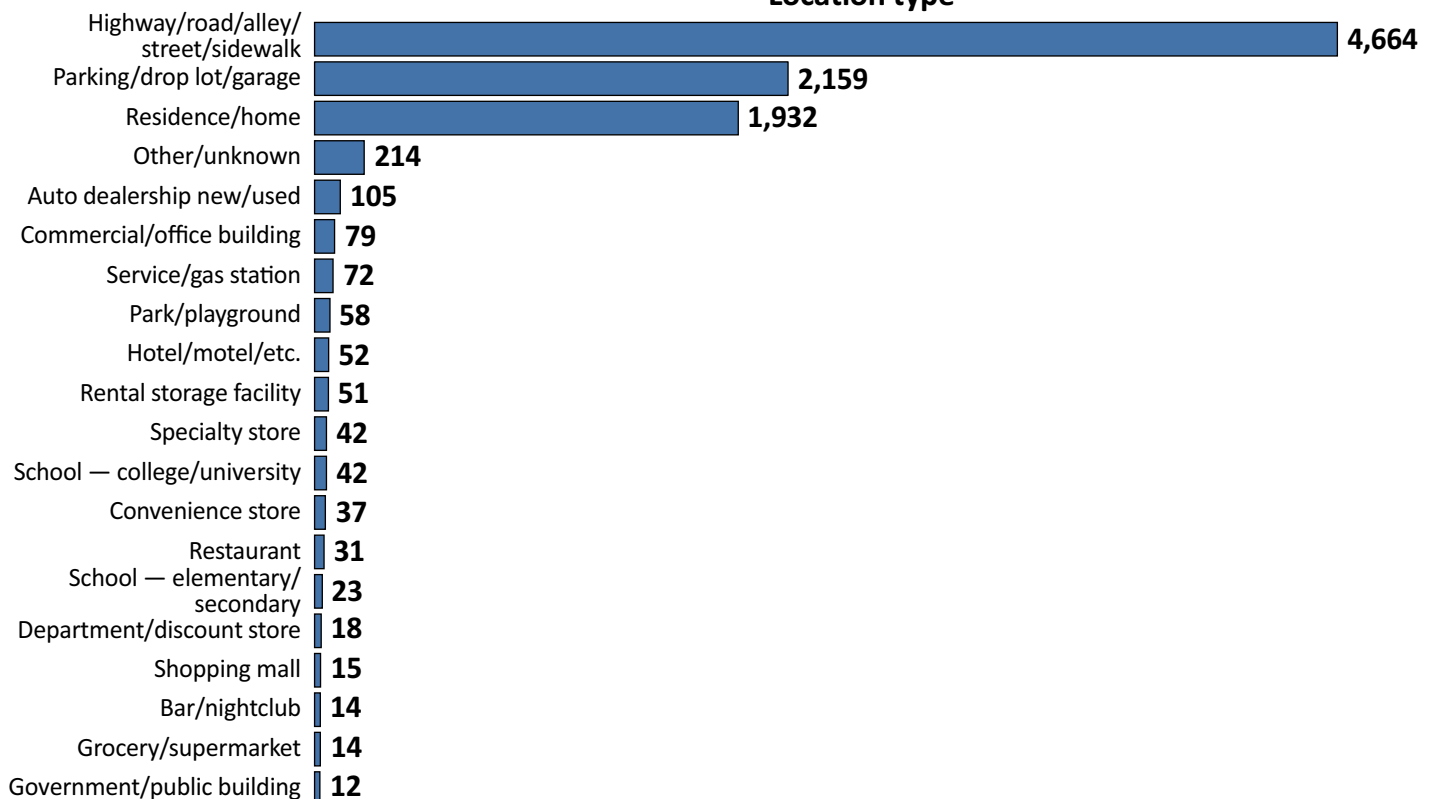
Completed: 8,964

Attempted: 764

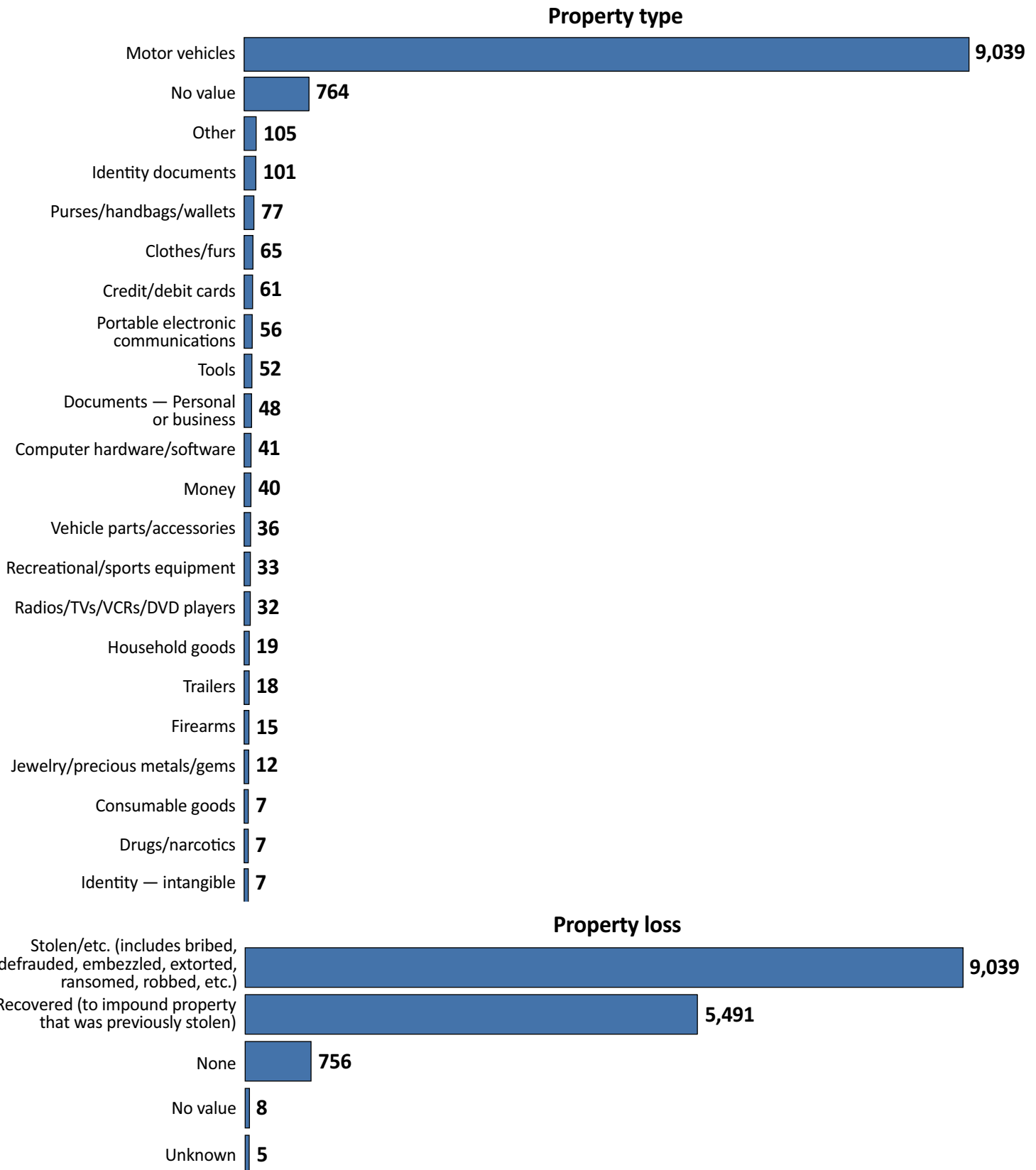
Victim type



Location type

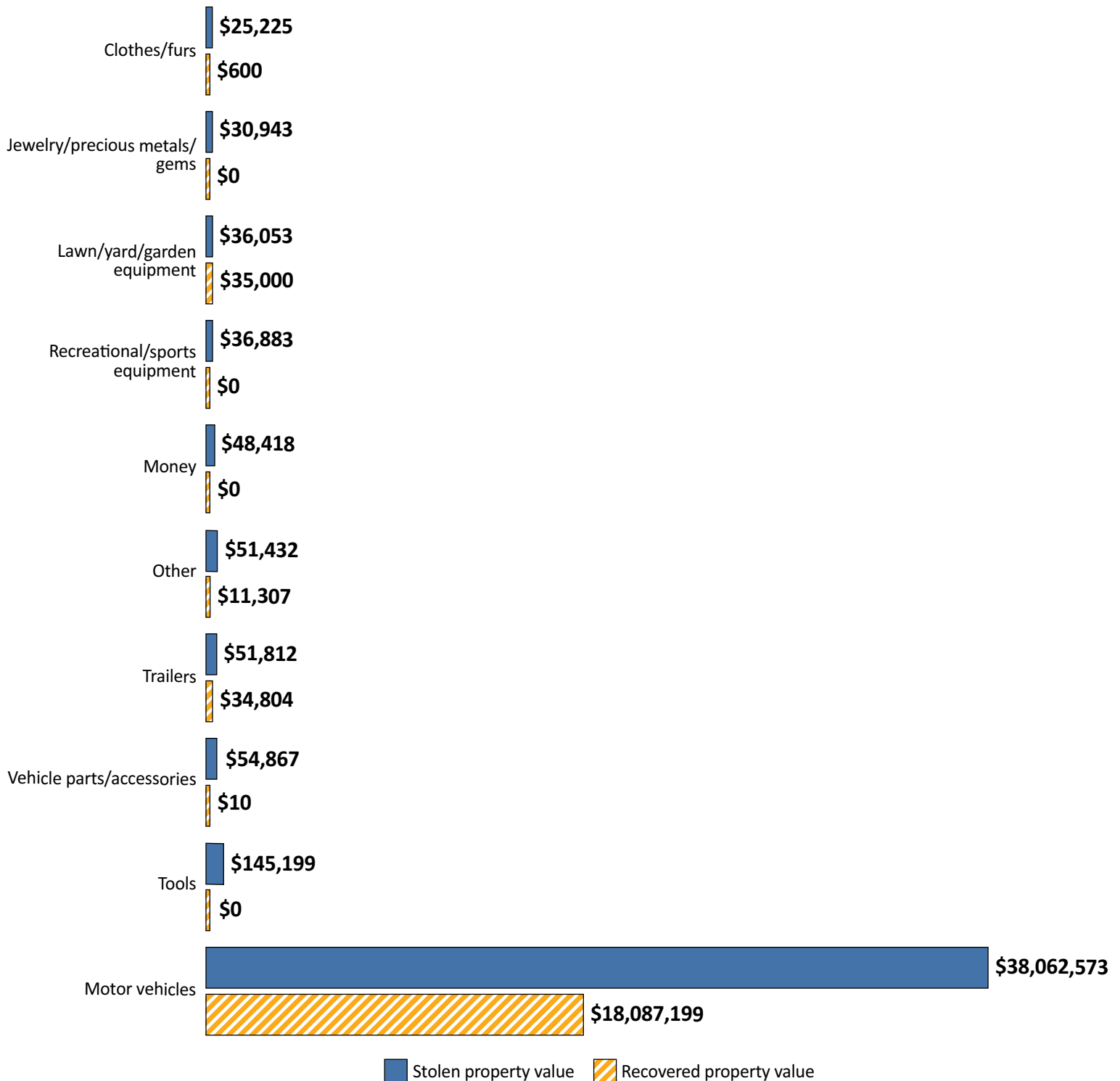


Property crimes – motor vehicle theft



Property crimes – motor vehicle theft

Stolen and recovered property value



Property crimes – arson

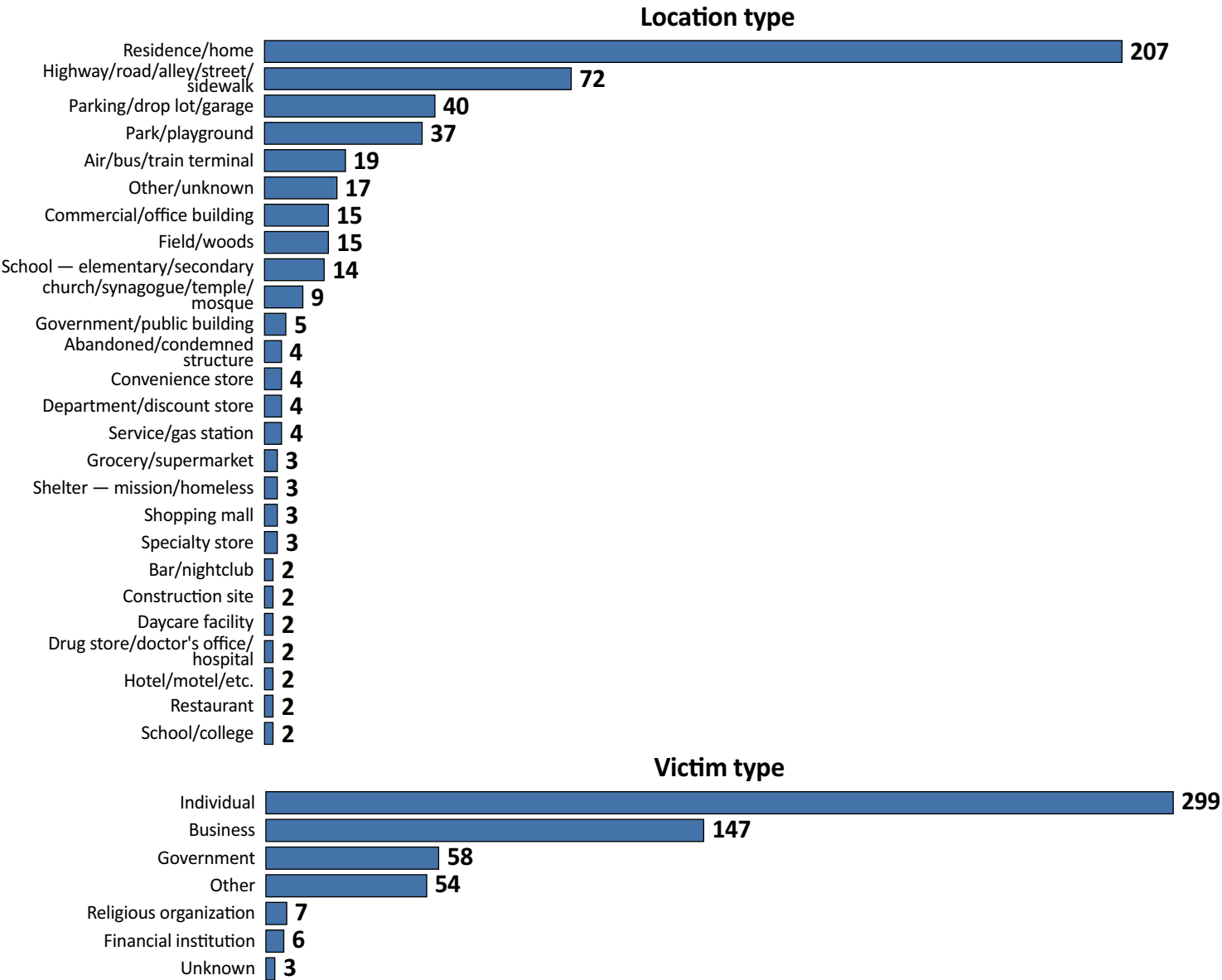
Arson

Arson includes unlawfully and intentionally damaging or attempting to damage any real or personal property of another person or entity by fire or incendiary device.

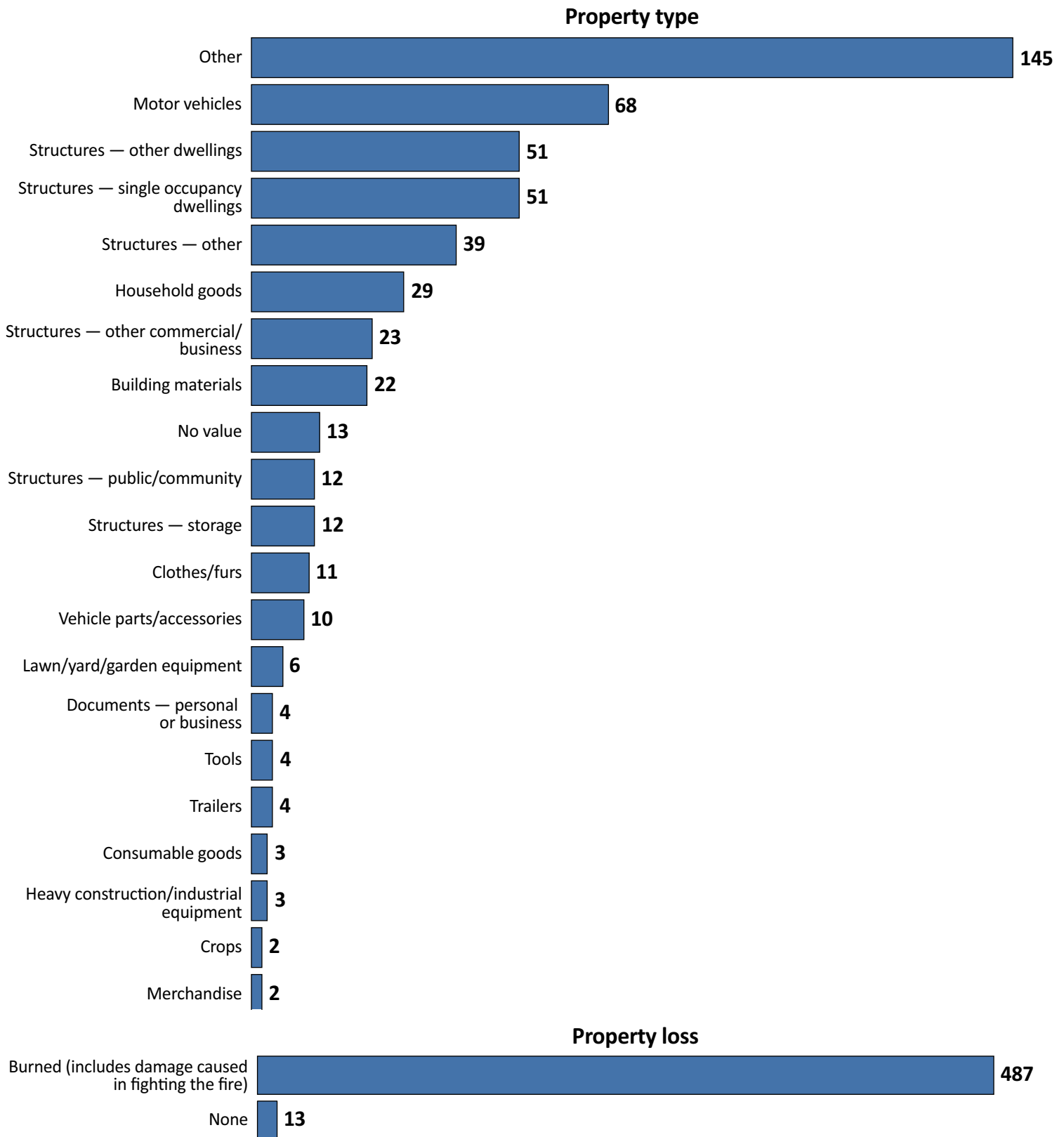
Summary arson information

For 2025, 500 arsons were reported. 487 of these arsons were completed and 13 were attempted. 168 were cleared by arrest or exceptional means, with 8 of these by arrest of a juvenile only. The 2025 crime rate for arson was 8.6 per 100,000 population.

Incidents: 500	Victims: 574	Offenses: 500	Completed: 487	Attempted: 13
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Property crimes – arson



Arrests overview

There were 112,030 arrests for criminal offenses in Minnesota in 2025, with 80,467 males and 31,563 females arrested.

There are significant factors to consider when evaluating arrest data:

- There can be multiple persons arrested for the same offense.
- An arrest of one or more persons can be reported for an offense that occurred during a previous reporting period.

Juvenile arrests

Juvenile arrests include individuals under 18 years of age at the time of arrest. Juveniles constitute 8.3 percent (9,303) of all arrests during 2025:

- 9.92 percent of murder arrests
- 10.15 percent of rape arrests
- 30.01 percent of robbery arrests
- 9.60 percent of aggravated assault arrests
- 9.16 percent of burglary arrests
- 7.48 percent of larceny arrests
- 26.68 percent of motor vehicle theft arrests
- 10.53 percent of arson arrests

Person crime arrests

Crime category	Offense	Arrests
Assault offenses	Simple assault	10,491
	Aggravated assault	3,907
	Intimidation	3,332
Sex offenses	Fondling	425
	Rape	404
	Sodomy	48
	Sexual assault with an object	17
	Incest	2
Homicide offenses	Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	131
	Negligent manslaughter	39
Kidnapping/abduction	Kidnapping/abduction	111
Human trafficking	Human trafficking, commercial sex acts	106

Arrests overview

Arrestee armed with	Arrests	Disposition of arrestee under 18	Arrests
Unarmed	17,918	Referred to other authorities (turned over to juvenile court, probation department, welfare agency, other police agency, criminal or adult court, etc.)	1,731
Lethal cutting instrument	565		
Handgun	243	Handled within department (released to parents, released with warning, etc.)	519
Club/blackjack/brass knuckles	111		
Firearm (type not stated)	97		
Other firearm	50		
Rifle	21		
Shotgun	19		

Property crimes arrests

Crime category	Offense	Arrests
Larceny/theft offenses	Shoplifting	13,763
	All other larceny	1,735
	Theft from building	584
	Theft from motor vehicle	306
	Pocket-picking	80
	Purse-snatching	39
	Theft of motor vehicle parts or accessories	37
Fraud offenses	Identity theft	850
	False pretenses/swindle/confidence game	835
	Credit card/ATM fraud	415
	Impersonation	328
	Wire fraud	22
	Welfare fraud	21
	Hacking/computer invasion	4
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	2,077
Burglary/breaking and entering	Burglary/breaking and entering	1,823
Stolen property offenses	Stolen property offenses	1,169
Robbery	Robbery	703
Motor vehicle theft	Motor vehicle theft	671
Counterfeiting/forgery	Counterfeiting/forgery	442
Arson	Arson	133
Embezzlement	Embezzlement	79
Bribery	Bribery	4
Extortion/blackmail	Extortion/blackmail	2

Arrests overview

Arrestee armed with	Arrests	Disposition of arrestee under 18	Arrests
Unarmed	25,756	Referred to other authorities (turned over to juvenile court, probation department, welfare agency, other police agency, criminal or adult court, etc.)	1,718
Lethal cutting instrument	140	Handled within department (released to parents, released with warning, etc.)	748
Handgun	126		
Firearm (type not stated)	42		
Club/blackjack/brass knuckles	29		
Other firearm	15		
Rifle	11		
Shotgun	5		

Society crimes arrests

Crime category	Offense	Arrests
Driving under the influence	Driving under the influence	16,344
Drug/narcotic violations	Drug/narcotic violations	7,776
	Drug equipment violations	433
Disorderly conduct	Disorderly conduct	5,418
Trespass of real property	Trespass of real property	4,978
Liquor law violations	Liquor law violations	3,359
Weapon law violations	Weapon law violations	2,341
Curfew/loitering/vagrancy violations	Curfew/loitering/vagrancy violations	397
Pornography/obscene material	Pornography/obscene material	233
Family offenses, nonviolent	Family offenses, nonviolent	181
Animal cruelty	Animal cruelty	129
Gambling offenses	Betting/wagering	17
	Gambling equipment violation	6
	Operating/promoting/assisting gambling	5
Prostitution offenses	Purchasing prostitution	13
	Prostitution	11

Arrestee armed with	Arrests	Disposition of arrestee under 18	Arrests
Unarmed	39,888	Referred to other authorities (turned over to juvenile court, probation department, welfare agency, other police agency, criminal or adult court, etc.)	1,958
Handgun	730	Handled within department (released to parents, released with warning, etc.)	967
Firearm (type not stated)	333		
Lethal cutting instrument	285		
Shotgun	143		
Rifle	102		
Other firearm	95		
Club/blackjack/brass knuckles	87		

Arrests overview

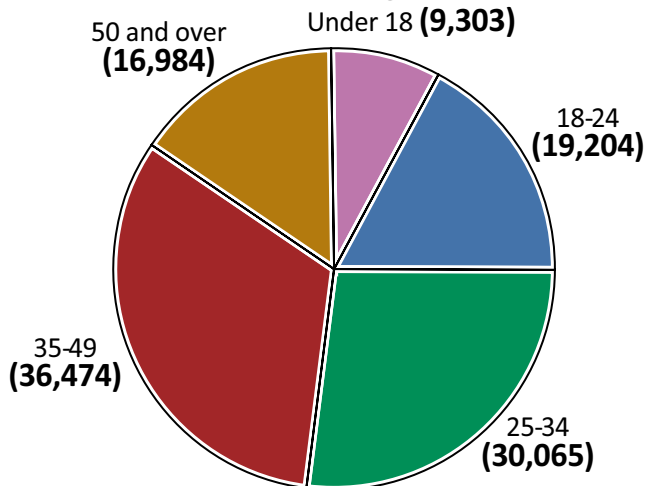
All other offenses

Crime category	Arrests
All other offenses	25,254

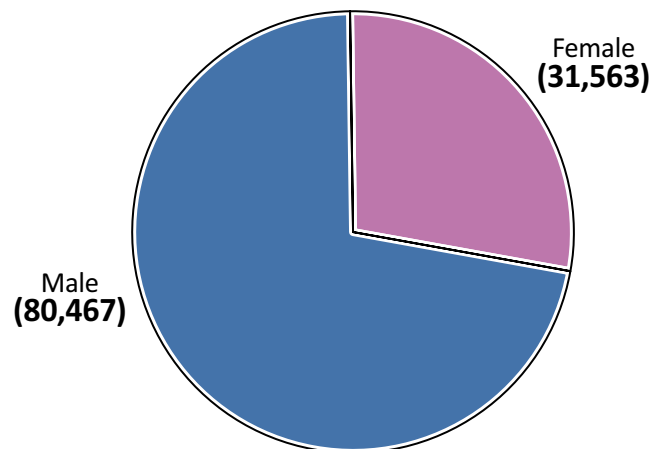
Arrestee armed with	Arrests
Unarmed	24,580
Shotgun	291
Lethal cutting instrument	166
Rifle	120
Handgun	39
Firearm (type not stated)	26
Other firearm	23
Club/blackjack/brass knuckles	14

Disposition of arrestee under 18	Arrests
Referred to other authorities (turned over to juvenile court, probation department, welfare agency, other police agency, criminal or adult court, etc.)	1,199
Handled within department (released to parents, released with warning, etc.)	463

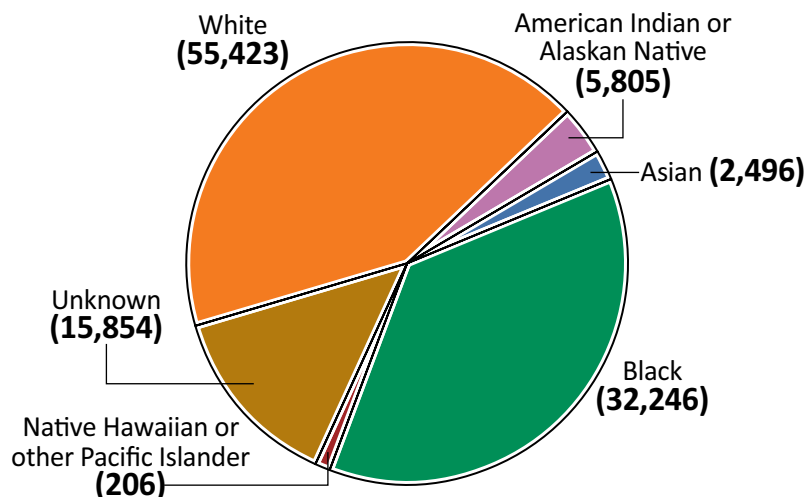
Arrestee age



Arrestee sex



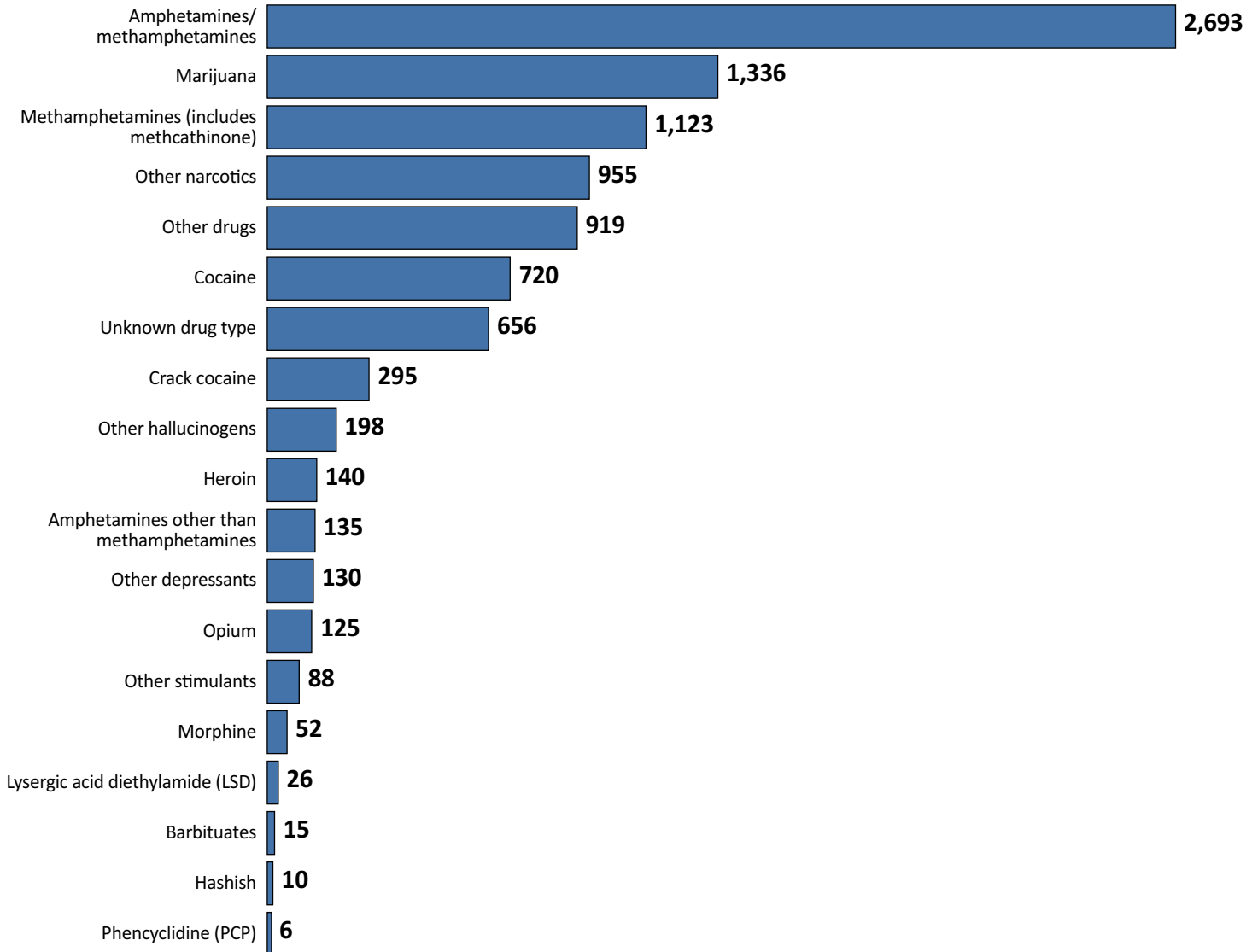
Arrestee race



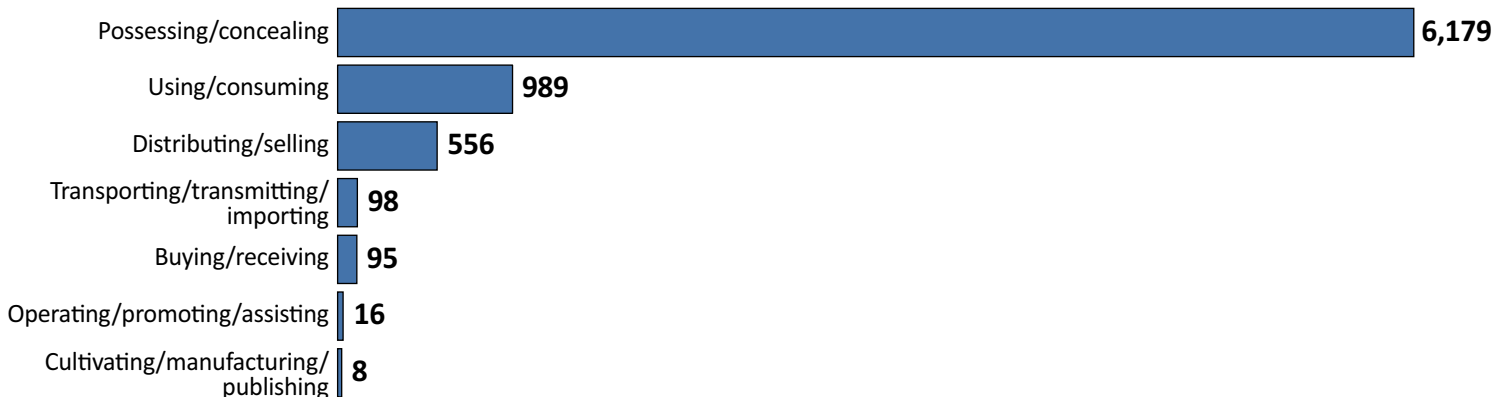
Arrests overview

Drug arrests

Suspected drug type

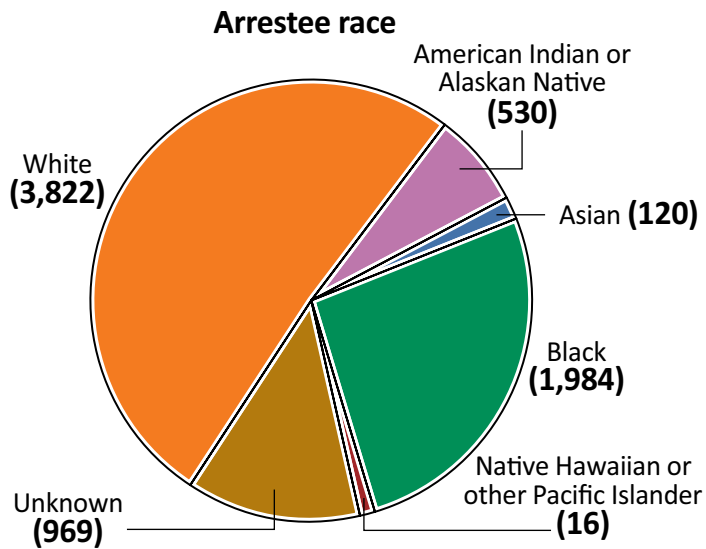
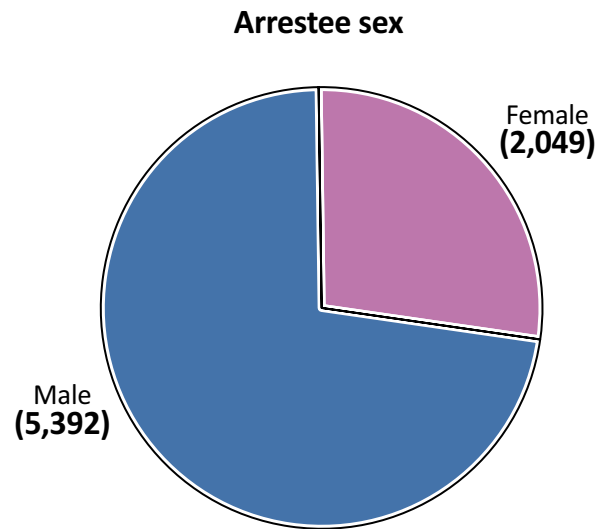
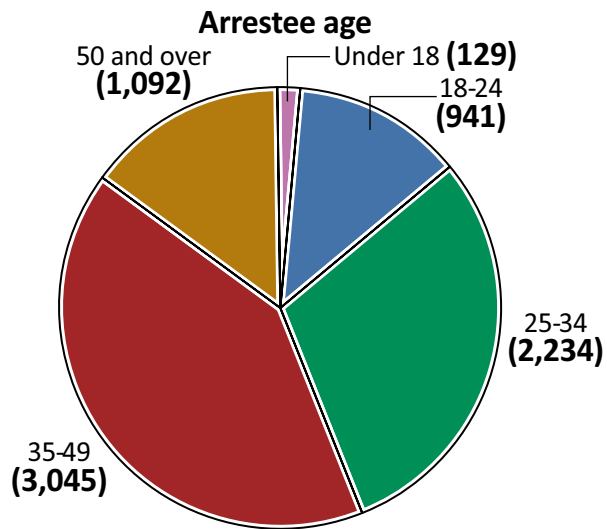


Criminal activity

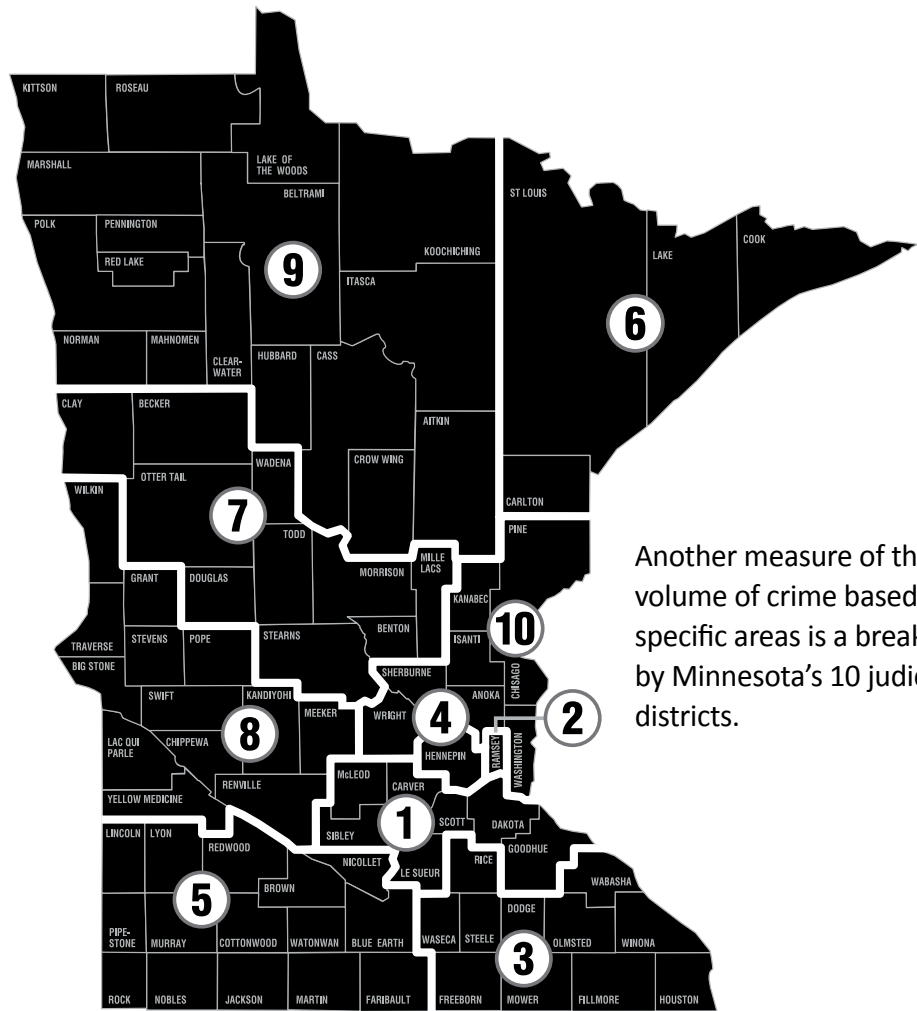


Arrests overview

Arrestee demographics



Crime data by judicial district



Violent and property crimes by judicial district

Judicial district	Violent crime rate	Violent crimes	Property crime rate	Property crimes
1	107	916	875	7,521
2	376	2,010	2,727	14,587
3	126	632	929	4,649
4	474	6,070	2,657	34,044
5	138	403	723	2,114
6	185	472	1,626	4,142
7	181	948	1,039	5,439
8	110	180	463	756
9	172	592	674	2,320
10	85	911	760	8,182

Arrests by judicial district

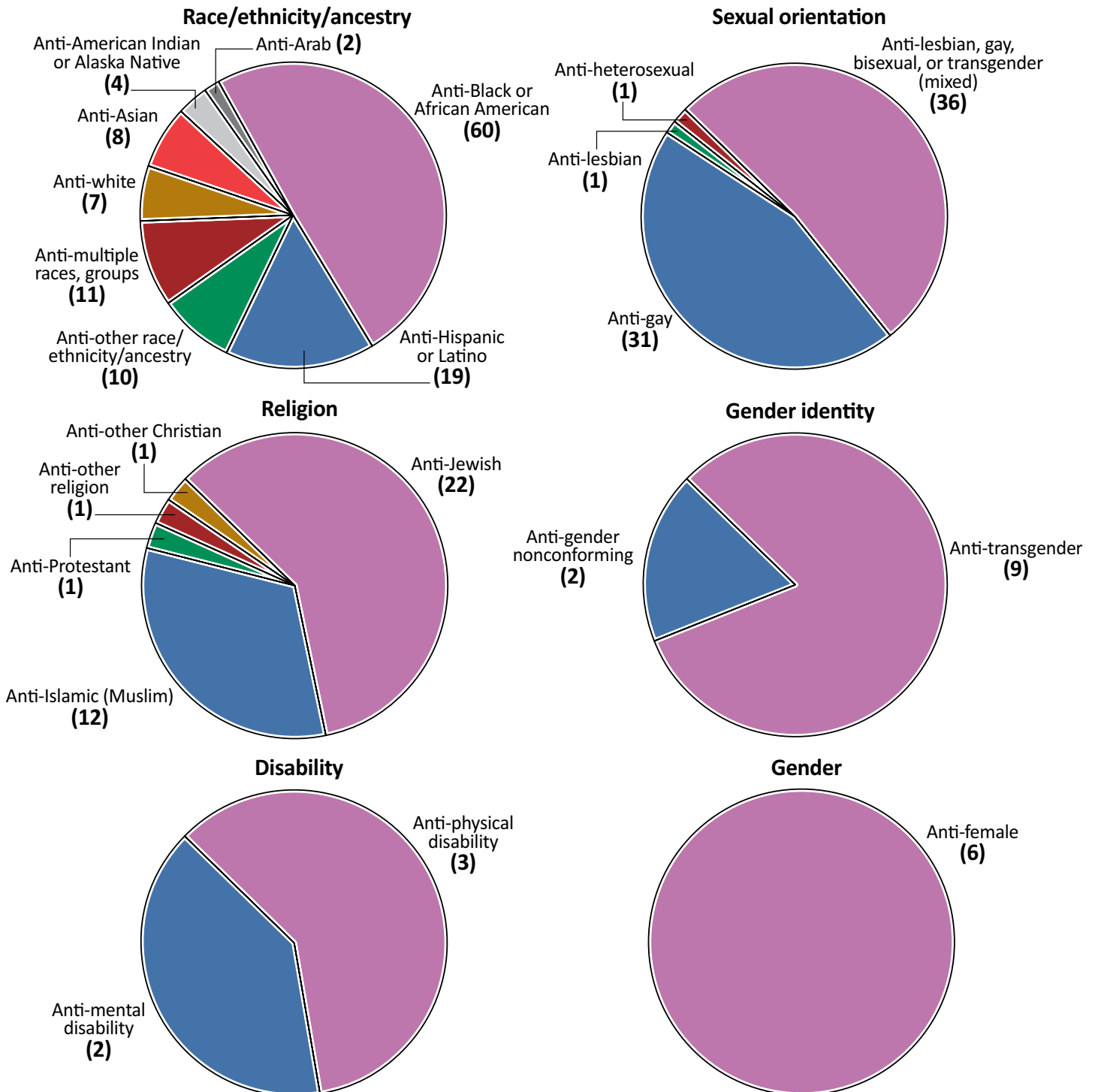
Judicial district	Group A arrests	Group B arrests
1	6,310	6,820
2	6,856	7,969
3	4,219	4,729
4	16,875	14,028
5	2,852	3,538
6	3,063	2,618
7	5,132	4,936
8	955	999
9	2,800	3,586
10	7,037	6,708
Total	56,099	55,931

Bias-motivated crimes

In 1988, the Legislature passed a law requiring peace officers to report any incidents that were motivated by bias. The first full year this information was collected was 1989.

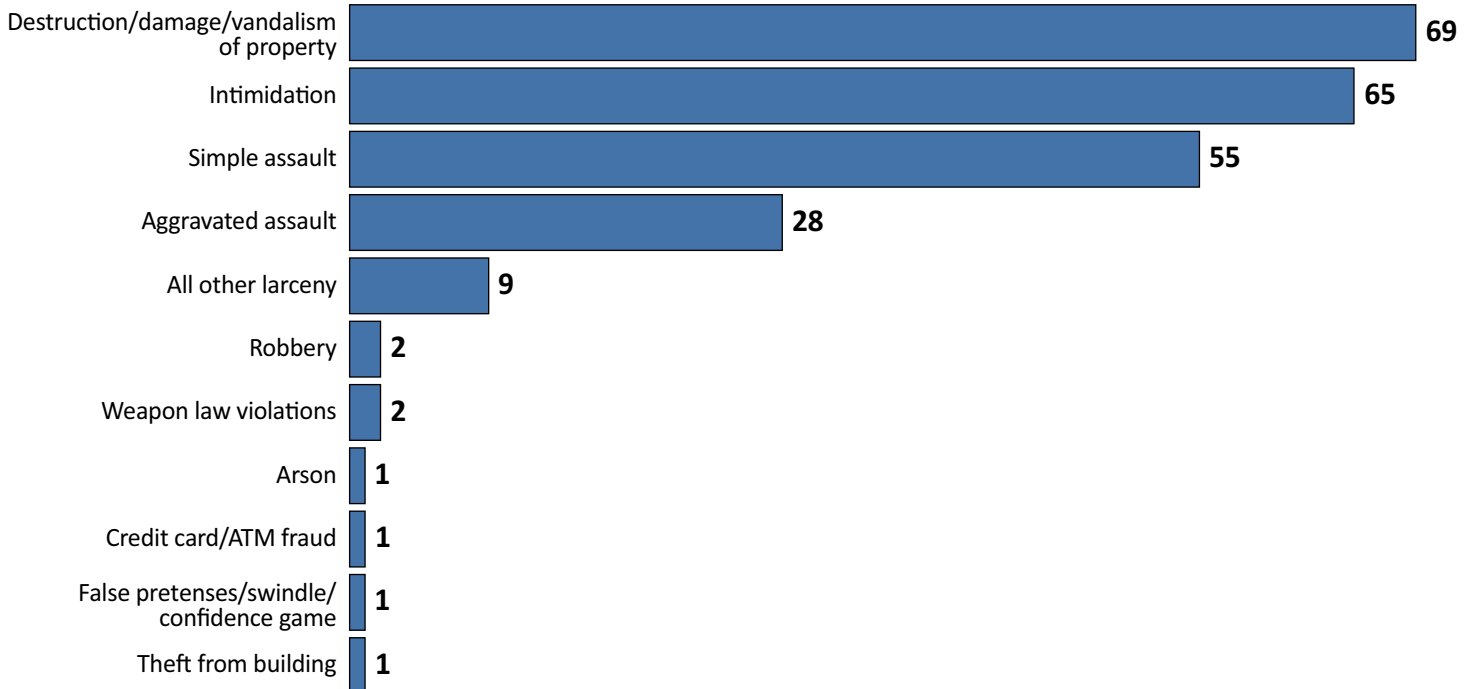
Summary bias crime information

There were 224 bias-motivated incidents reported for 2025 with 242 victims and 273 offenders.

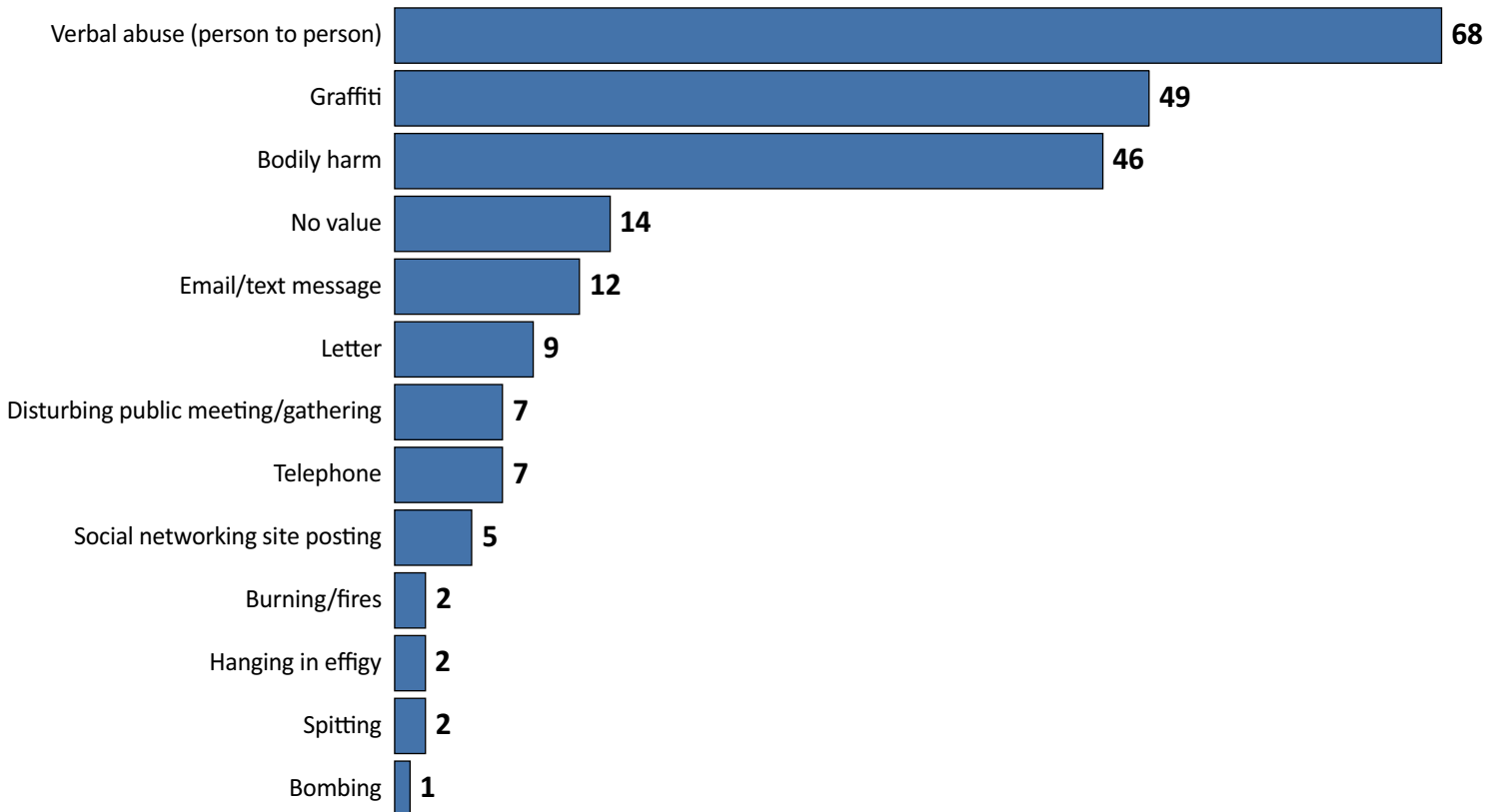


Bias motivated crimes

Offense committed

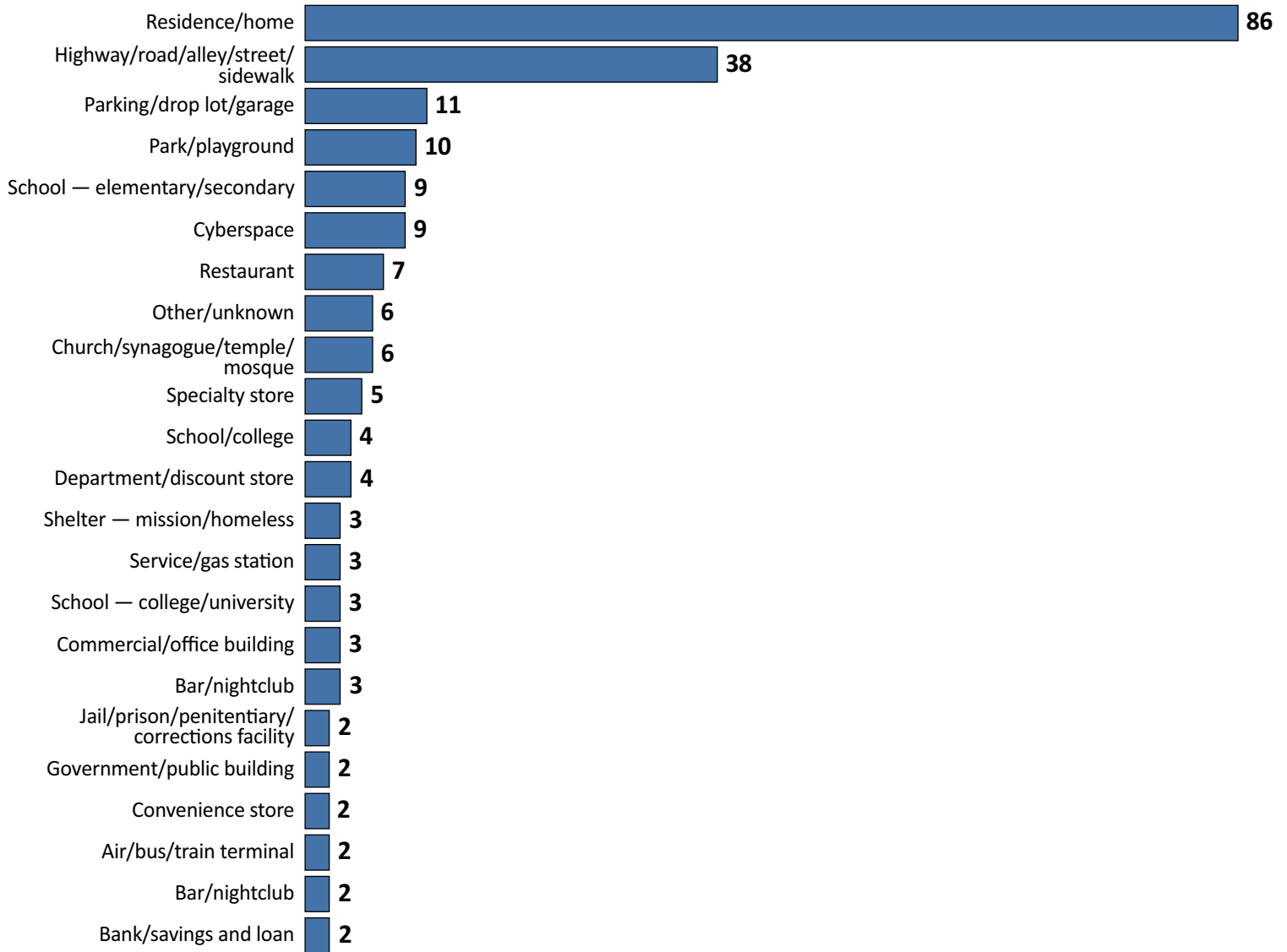


Bias act



Bias motivated crimes

Location type



Victim type



Firearms discharge and use of force

Firearms discharges

Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 626.553, subdivision 2, information is collected concerning firearm discharges by law enforcement officers in Minnesota. The first full year this information was available was 1978.

Summary firearms discharge information

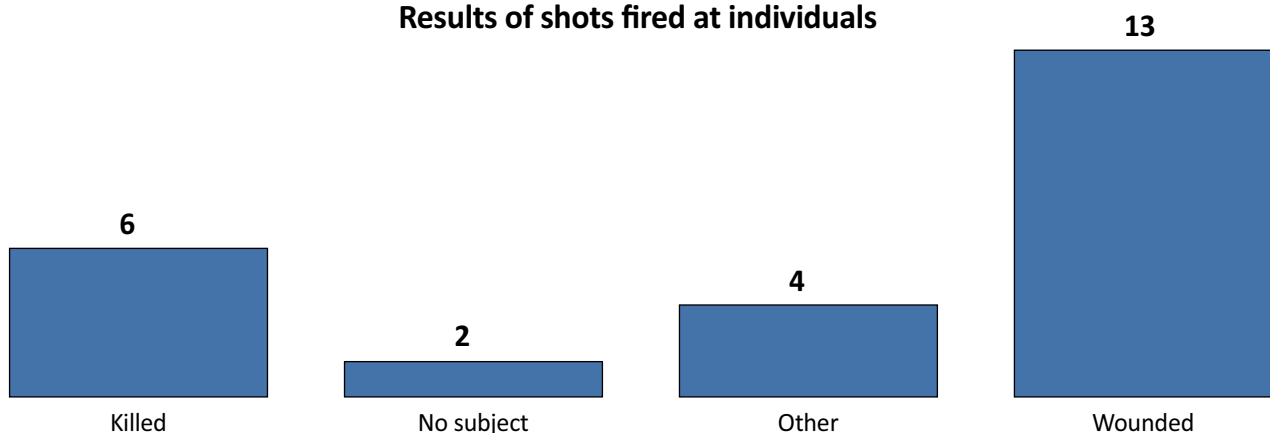
There were 24 firearms discharge incidents in 2025, with 326 shots fired. Of these, 21 incidents were in the course of duty or employment and three were accidental discharges. There were 25 individuals fired at, and of these:

- 6 were killed
- 13 were wounded
- 4 had a resulting injury level of “other,” meaning they were not injured as a result of the firearms discharge

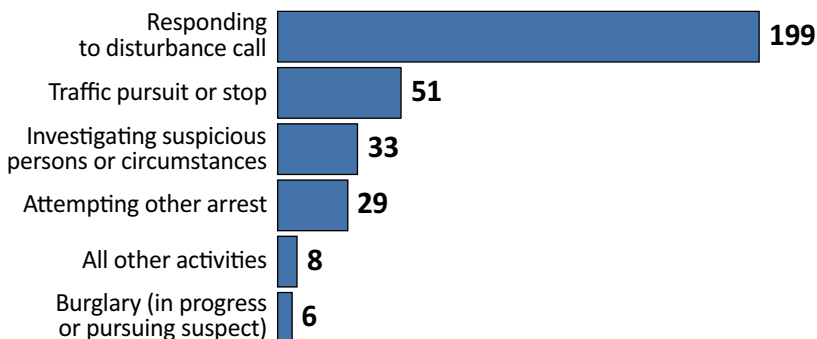
Incident discharge reason

Course of duty or employment	21	Accidental discharges	3
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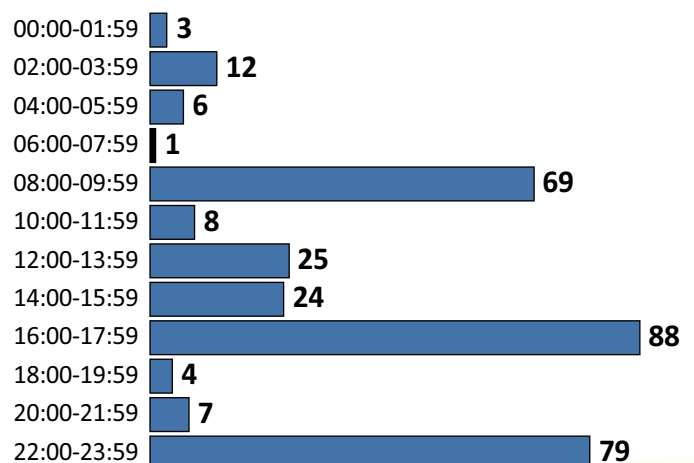
Results of shots fired at individuals



Firearm shot fired by detail and number of shots fired



Firearm shot fired by time of day and number of shots fired



Firearms discharge and use of force

Use of force

The Minnesota Legislature in 2020 enacted Minnesota Statutes, section 626.5534, which requires Minnesota law enforcement agencies to provide information about use of force for the FBI Use-of-Force Data Collection. Agencies had already begun providing data on a voluntary basis in 2018 shortly after the FBI first established the data collection. The FBI created this data collection to inform the national conversation about officer use of force and provide an aggregate view of reported incidents and their circumstances, subjects and officers involved for better statistical analysis.

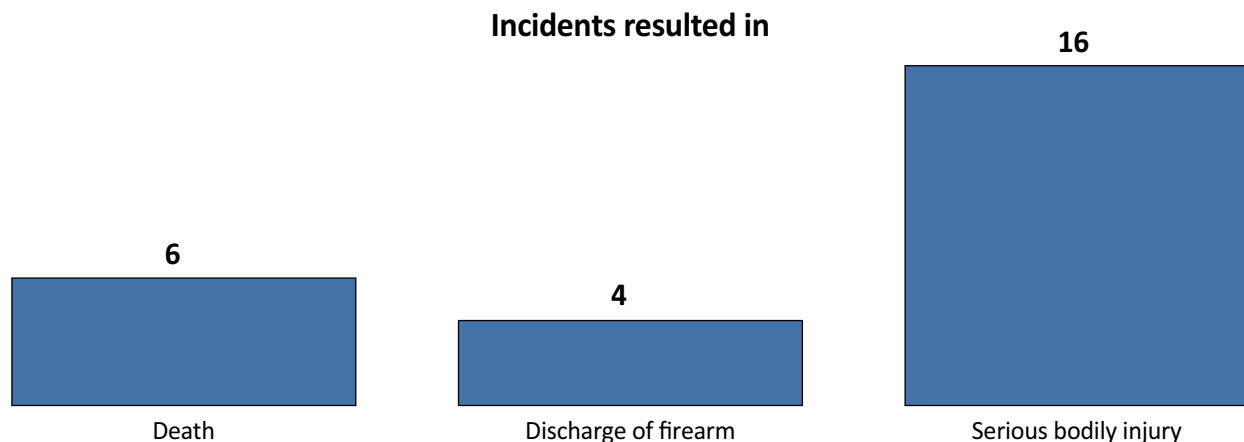
The FBI identified three types of use-of-force incidents about which agencies must report:

- When a fatality occurs to a person in connection to use of force by a law enforcement officer.
- When there is serious bodily injury to a person in connection to use of force by a law enforcement officer.
- In the absence of either death or serious bodily injury, when a firearm is discharged by a law enforcement officer at or in a direction of a person.

The FBI requirements allow agencies to choose Pending or Unknown values for data elements when data is not known or cannot be released due to an outside agency's active investigation. Agencies are expected to amend the reports once the data becomes available. In the figures below, "Subject" indicates the individual the force was applied to.

Summary use-of-force information

In 2025, there were 26 use-of-force incidents. six of these incidents involved the death of a subject, 16 of these incidents involved the serious bodily injury of a subject, and 4 of these incidents did not involve the death or serious bodily injury of the subject.



Firearms discharge and use of force

Initial contact reason and associated offense

Initial contact	Associated offense	Incidents
Response to unlawful or suspicious activity	Aggravated assault	13
	All other offenses	4
	Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	3
	Intimidation	3
	Burglary/breaking and entering	2
	Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	2
	Simple assault	2
	Weapon law violations	2
	Arson	1
	Kidnapping/abduction	1
	Stolen property offenses	1
	Theft from building	1
Traffic stop	Traffic stop	2
Warrant service	Warrant service	2

Resistance indicated

Resistance indicated	Resistance type	Number of subjects
Yes	Failing to comply	21
	Attempt to escape/flee	15
	Displaying weapon	12
	Resistance being handcuffed/arrested	12
	Using firearms	7
	Directing a vehicle at an officer	3
	Using another weapon	4
	Barricading self	3
	Making verbal threats	2
	Throwing an article or object at an officer	1

Firearms discharge and use of force

Subject impairment indicated

Subject impairment indicated	Impairment type	Number of subjects
Yes	Mental health	7
	Drugs	3
	Alcohol	6
No	N/A	14

Subject armed indicated

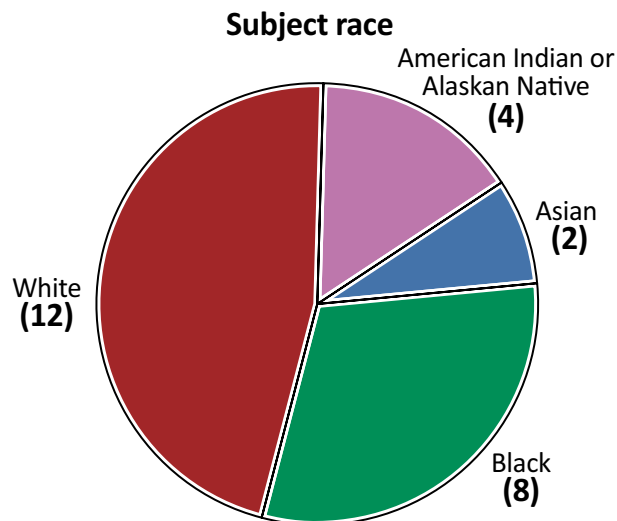
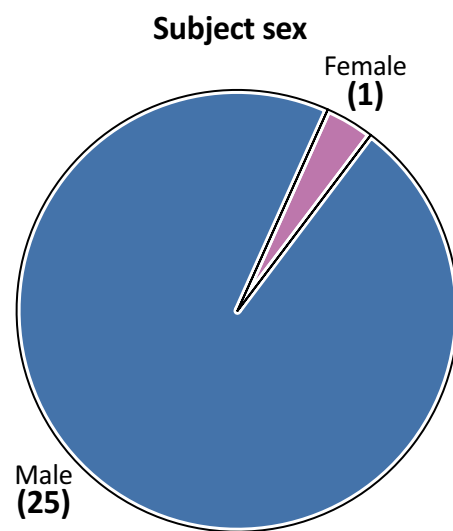
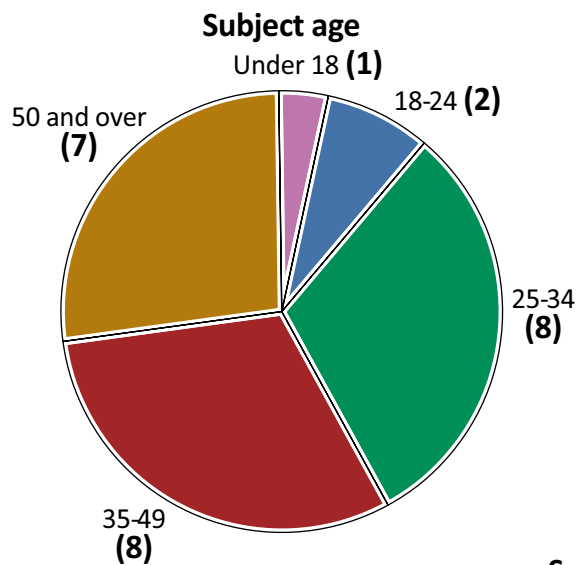
Subject armed	Number of subjects
Yes	22
No	4

Firearms discharge and use of force

Use of force utilized and subject injury

Use of force utilized	Number of subjects
Firearm	20
Canine	3
Hands/fists/feet	2
Impact projectile	1

Subject injury	Number of resulting injuries
Gunshot wound	10
Serious injury	9
Death	6
None	4

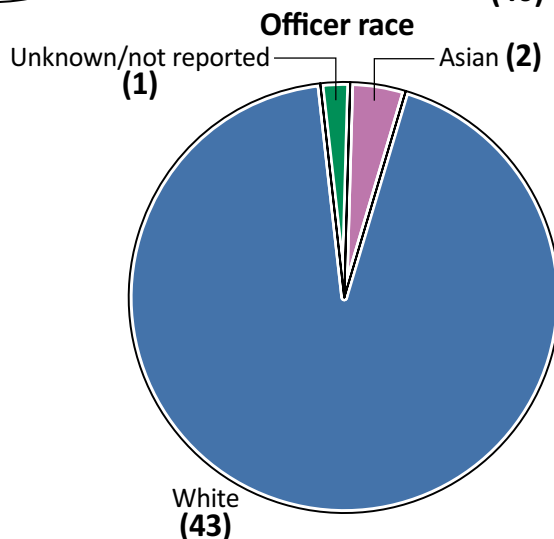
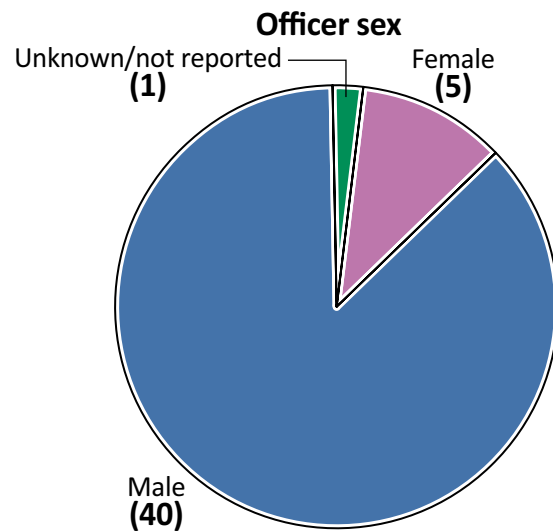
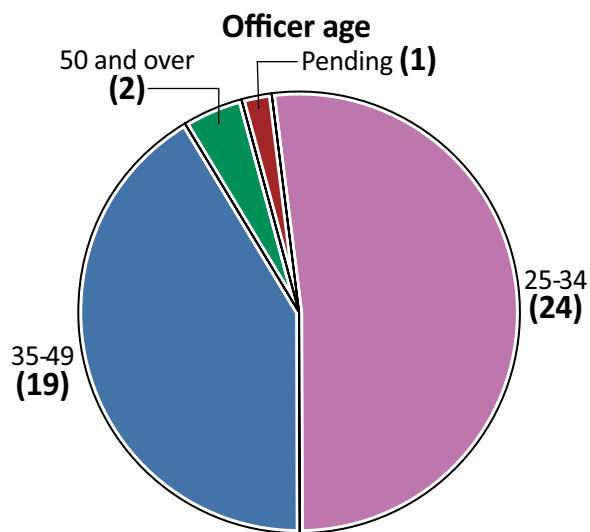


Firearms discharge and use of force

Officer demographics

Officer years of service	Number of officers
0-5 years	12
6-10 years	21
11-15 years	4
16-20 years	2
Over 20 years	6
Pending	1

Officer injury indicated	Injury type	Number of officers
Yes	Gunshot wound	1
	Serious injury	1
None	N/A	44



Law enforcement officers killed and assaulted (LEOKA)

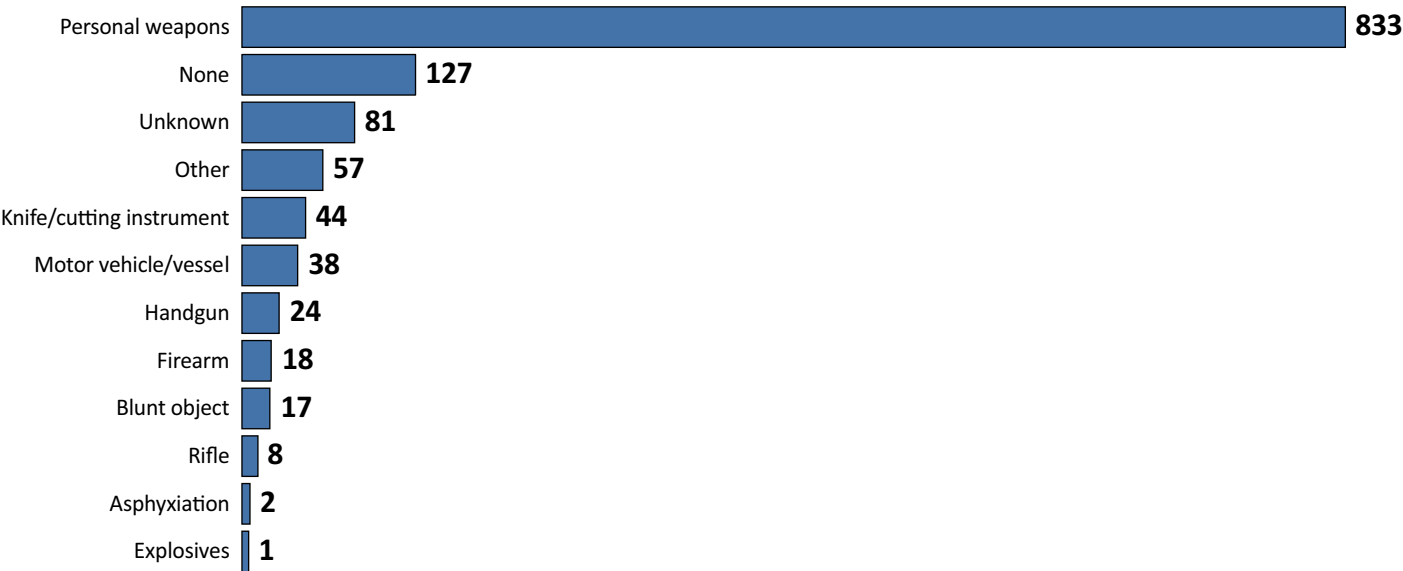
This report includes data reported by county (sheriff) and municipal (police) agencies on law enforcement personnel assaulted or killed.

Summary LEOKA information

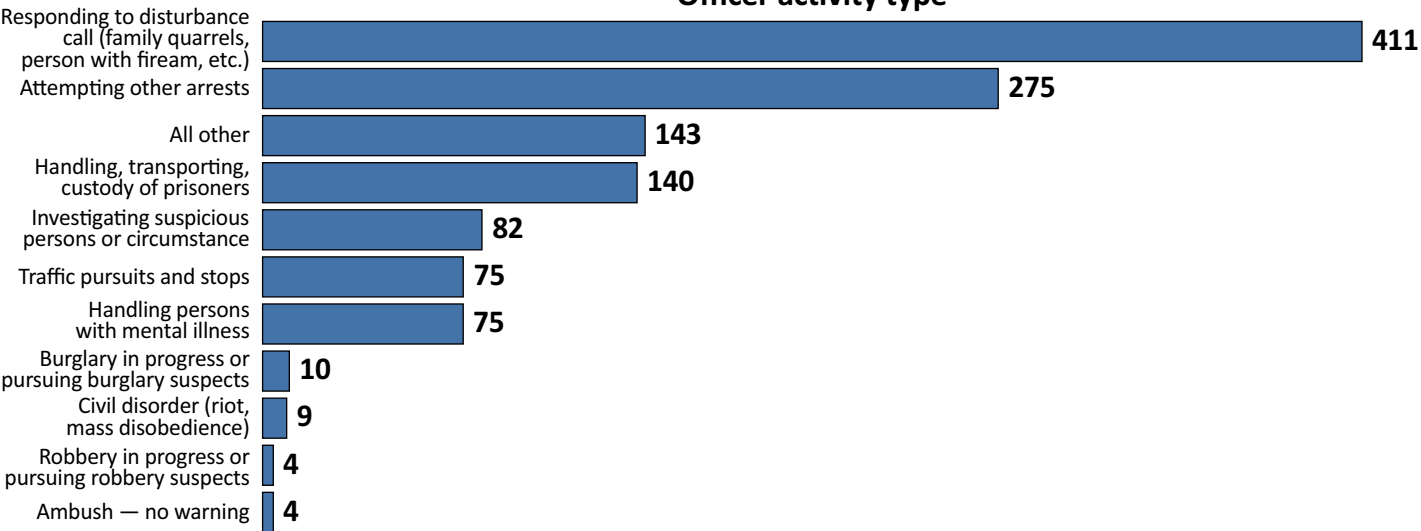
There were a total of 981 law enforcement officer assault incidents reported in Minnesota for 2025 with 1,228 officers assaulted. There were zero law enforcement fatalities in 2025.

Crime category	Offense	Offenses (victim is officer)
Assault offenses	Aggravated assault	306
	Intimidation	77
	Simple assault	845

Type of weapon or force involved

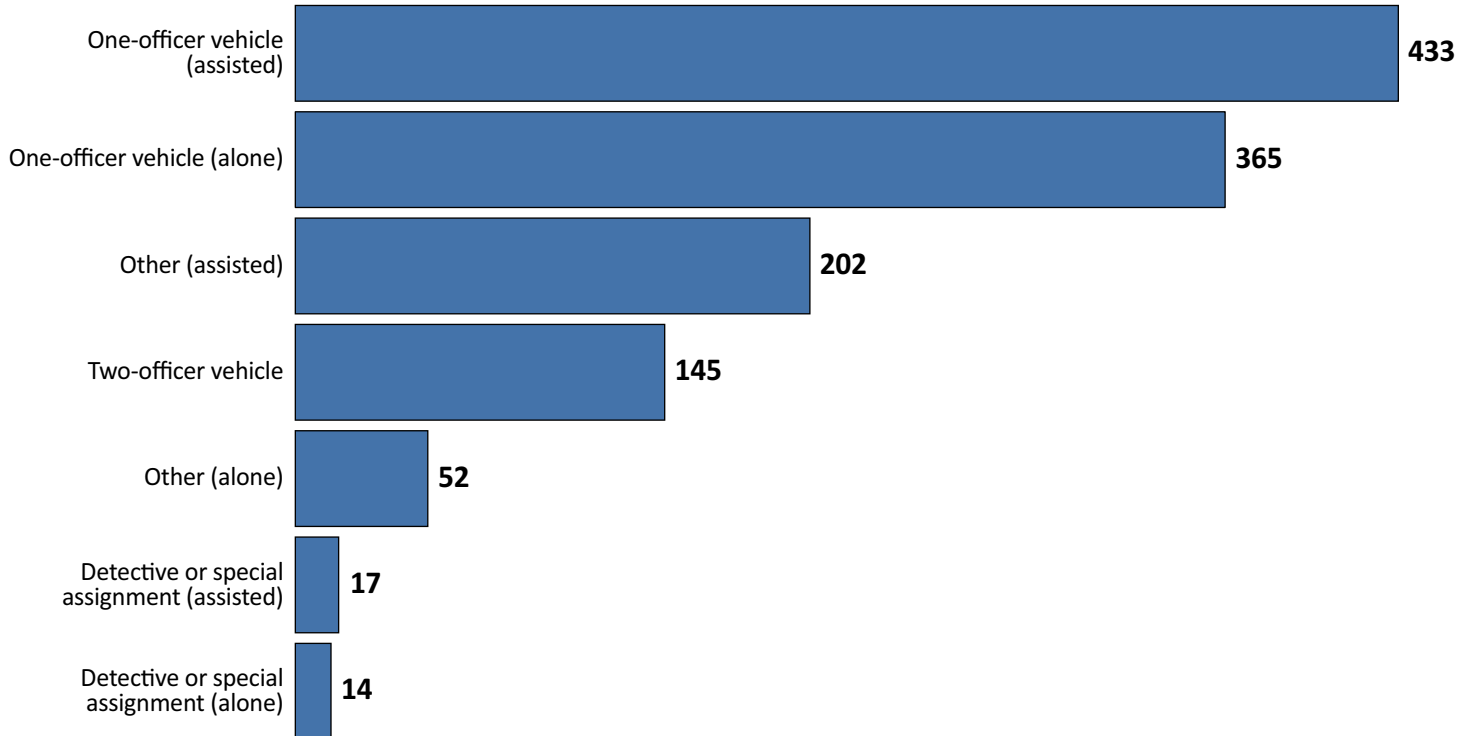


Officer activity type

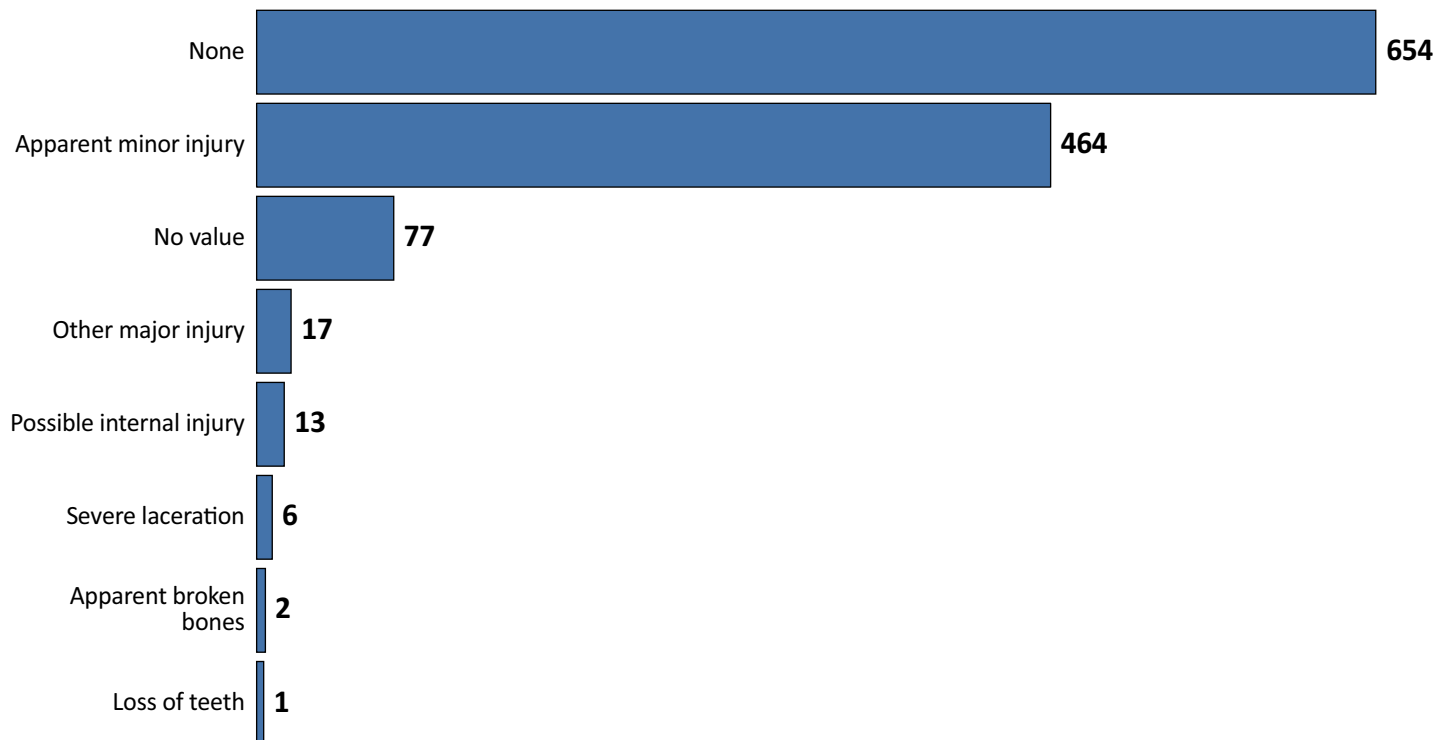


Law enforcement officers killed and assaulted (LEOKA)

Officer assignment type

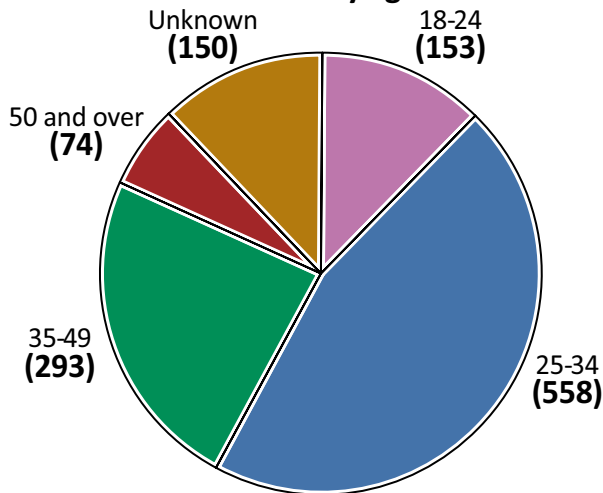


Officer injury type

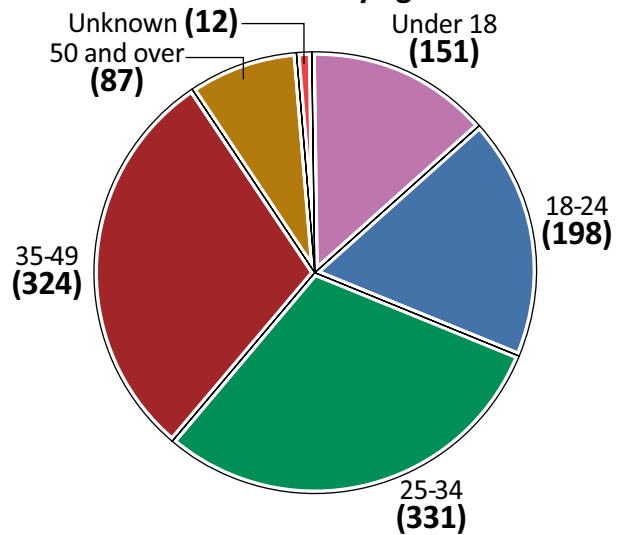


Law enforcement officers killed and assaulted (LEOKA)

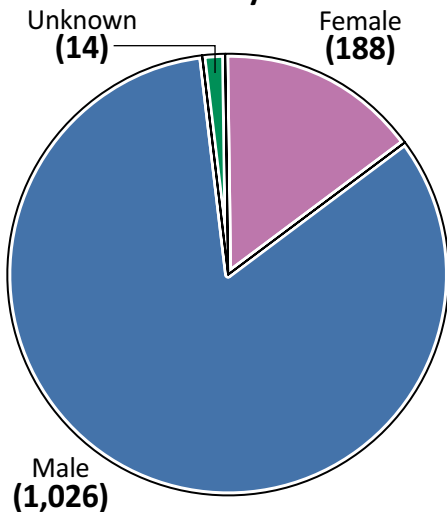
Victims by age



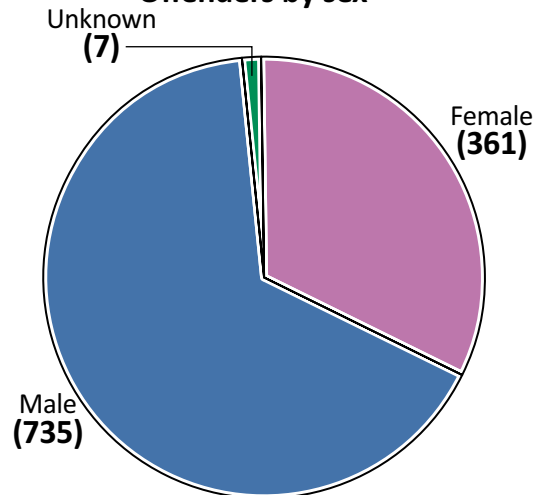
Offenders by age



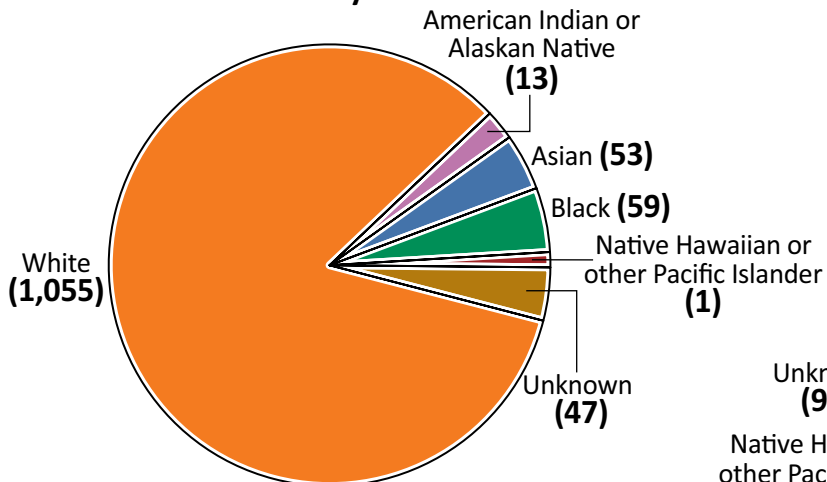
Victims by sex



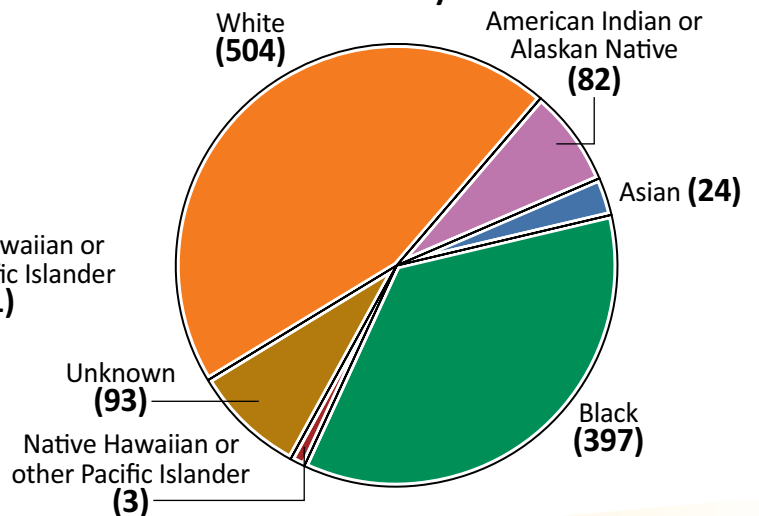
Offenders by sex



Victims by race



Offenders by race

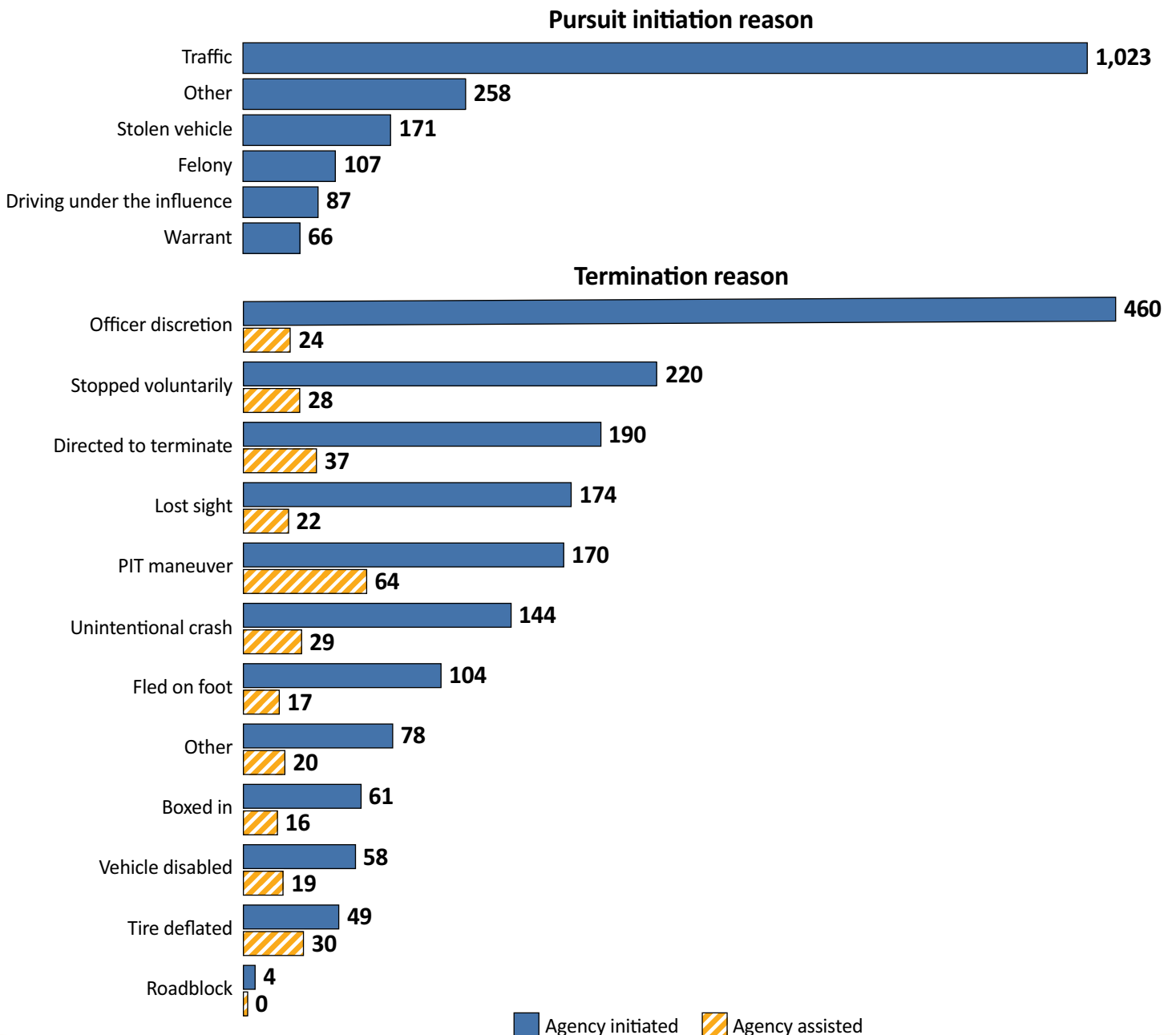


Pursuits

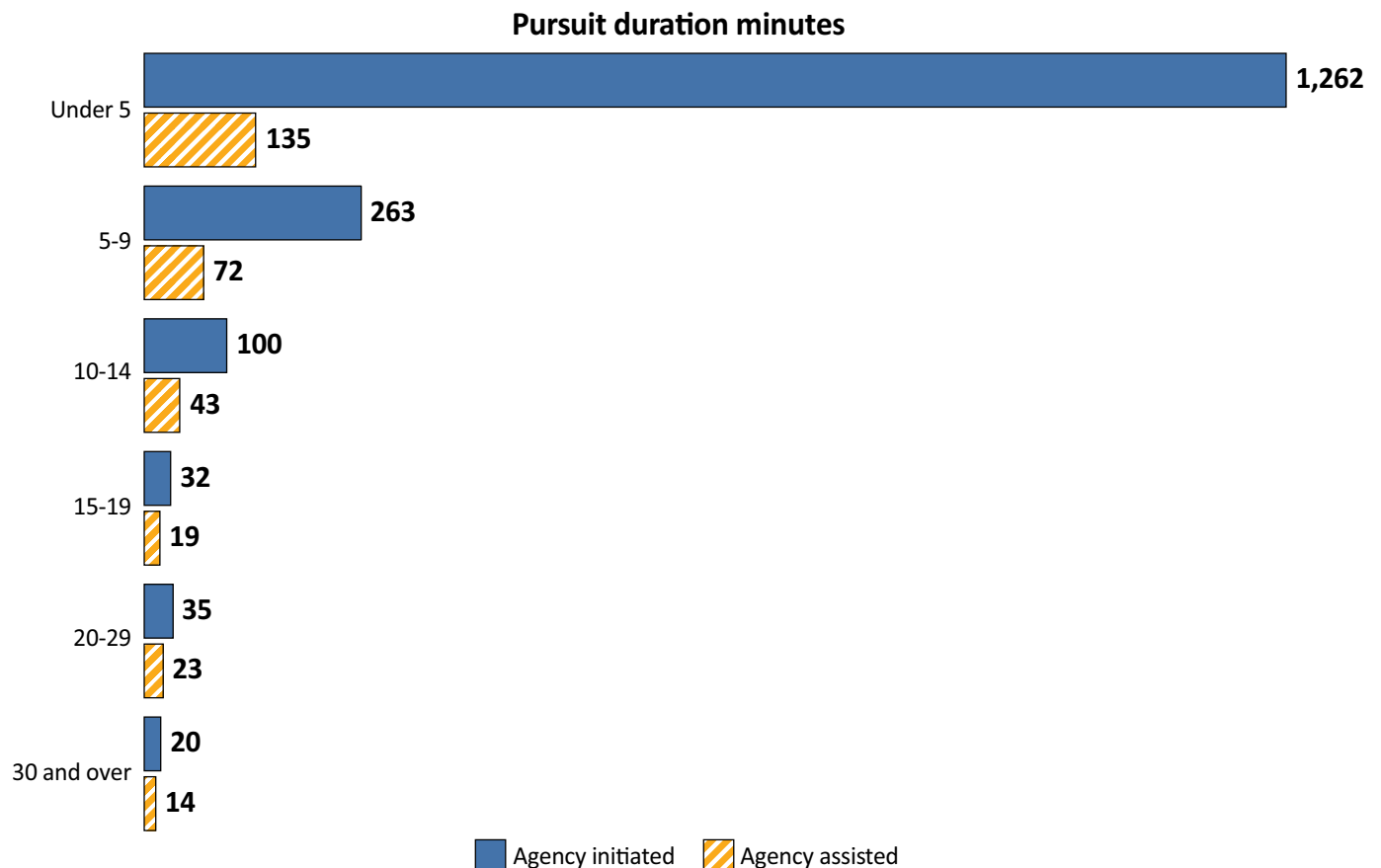
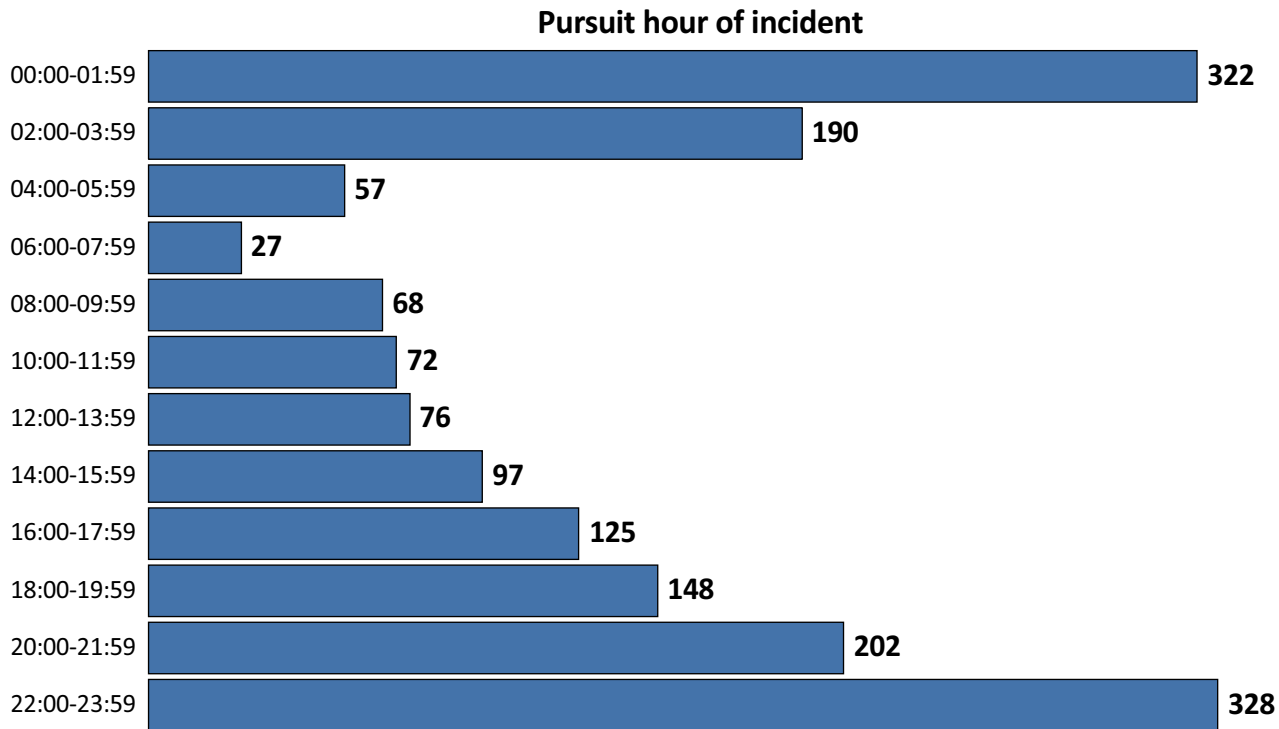
Minnesota Statutes, section 626.5532A, requires Minnesota law enforcement agencies to report instances where a peace officer pursues a fleeing subject in a motor vehicle being operated in violation of Minnesota Statutes, section 609.487. This data must be reported to the commissioner of public safety within 30 days of the incident.

Summary pursuit information

In 2025, there were 1,712 agency-initiated pursuits and 306 agency-assisted pursuits, totaling 2,018 pursuits statewide. There were 1,740 violator drivers with 109 under the age of 18. 1,143 of the violators were charged, 482 were not charged, and it is unknown if a further 115 violators were charged.

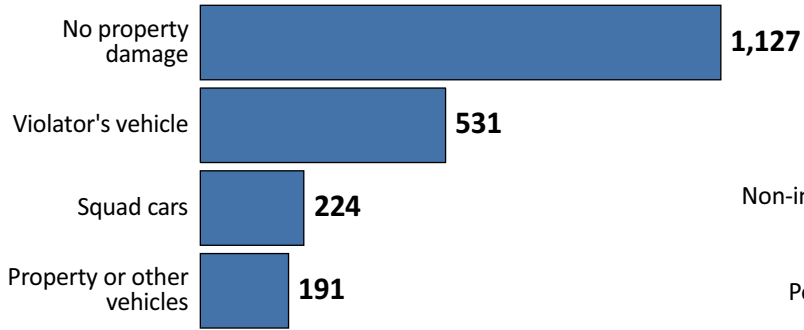


Pursuits

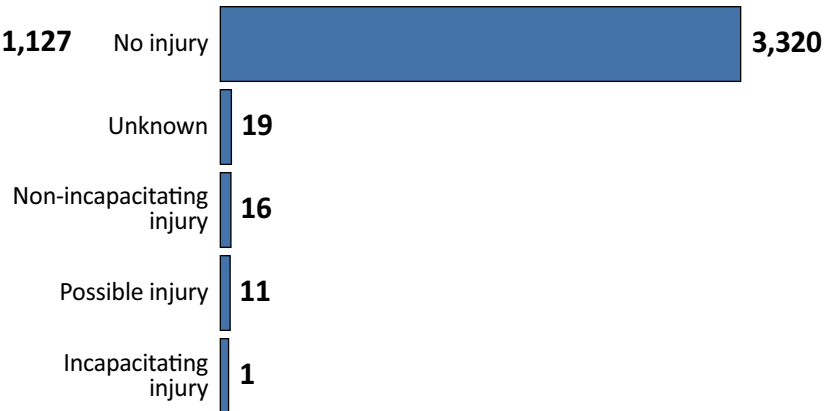


Pursuits

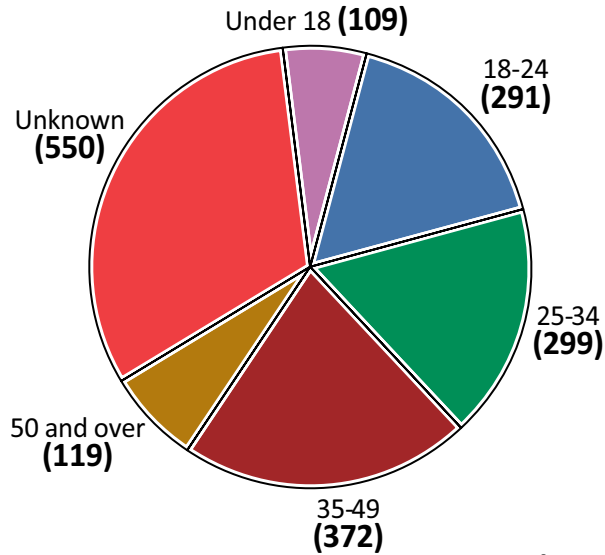
Property damage



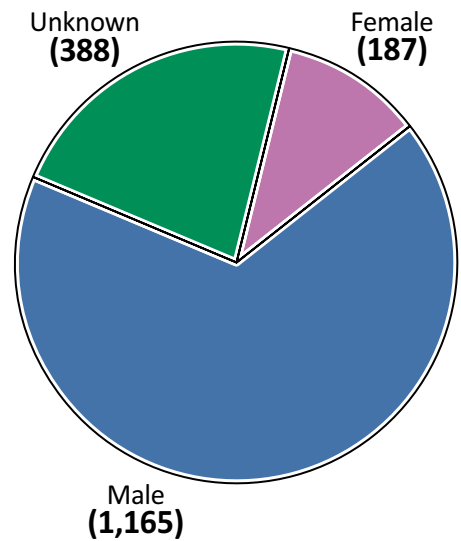
Injury type



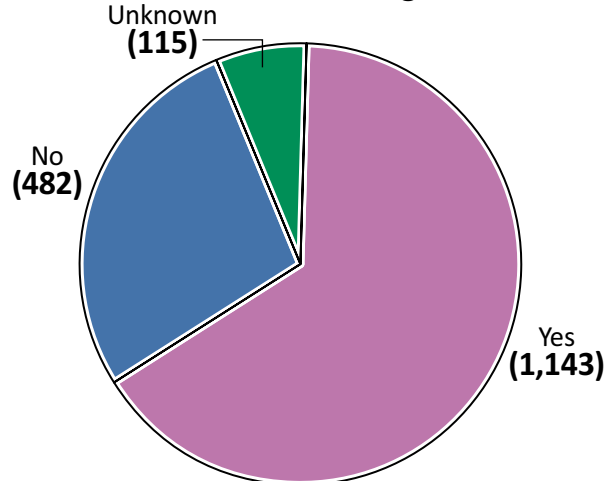
Violator driver age



Violator driver sex



Violator driver charged



Law enforcement employee information

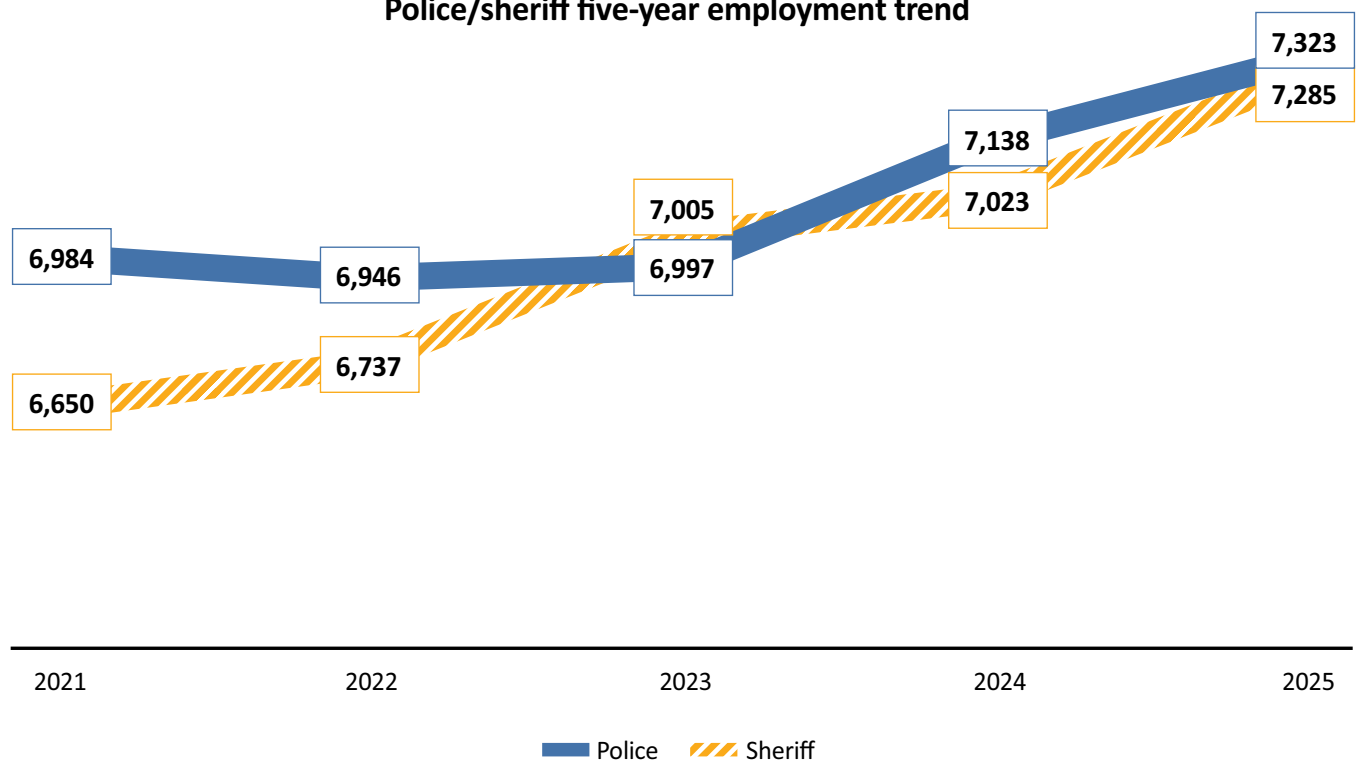
Minnesota state law enforcement agencies reported a total of 14,608 sworn and civilian employees for 2025. Of those, 9,041 were sworn personnel and 5,567 were civilian employees.

The average number of full-time law enforcement personnel in 2025 (including sworn and civilian) amounted to 2.5 employees per 1,000 residents. The average number of sworn personnel (excluding civilian) amounted to 1.6 full-time sworn personnel per 1,000 residents.

Staffing levels in 2025 and changes from the previous year were as follows:

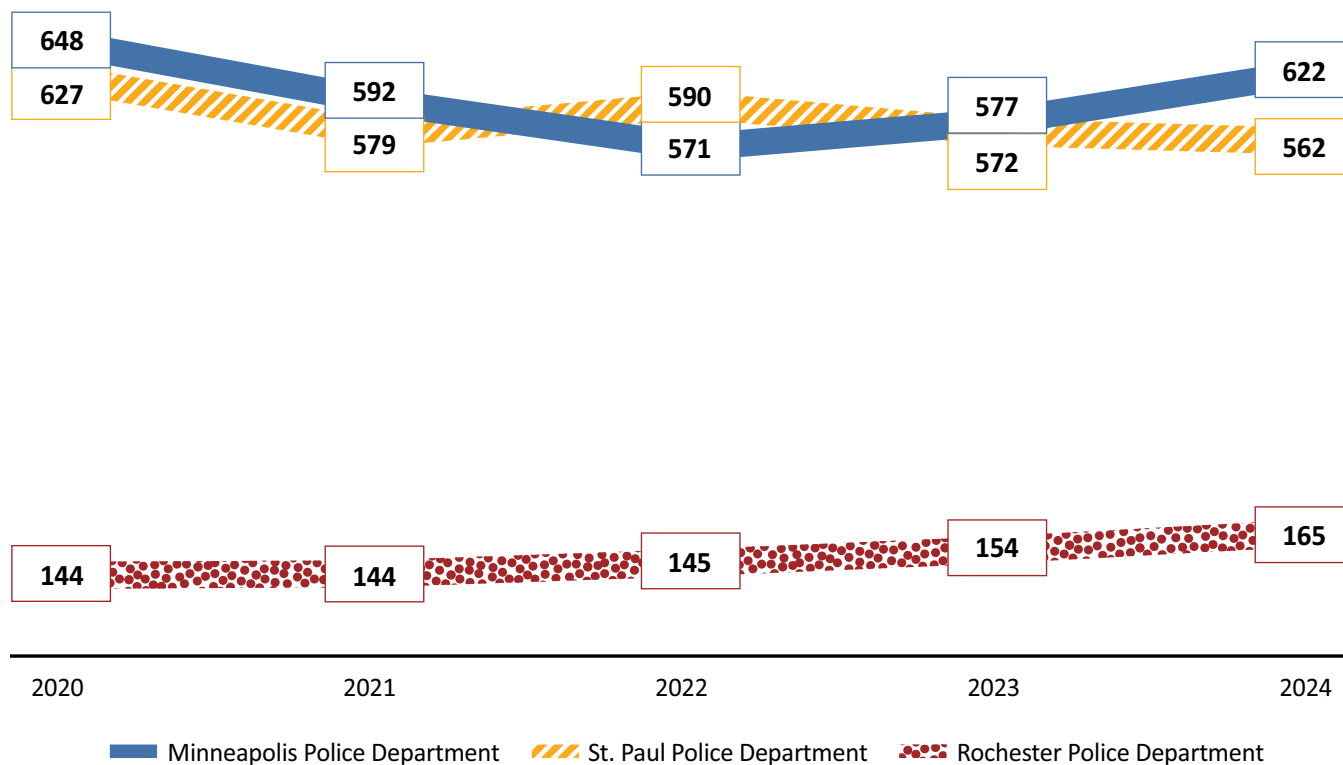
- Sheriff's departments reported a total of 7,285 employees in 2025, which was an increase of 3.7 percent from the 2024 total of 7,023. Of the sworn personnel, 2,767 are male and 336 are female. Of civilian personnel, 2,177 are male and 2,005 are female.
- Police departments reported a total of 7,323 employees in 2025, which was an increase of 2.6 percent from the 2024 total of 7,138. Of the sworn personnel, 5,057 are male and 881 are female. Of civilian personnel, 438 are male and 947 are female.

Police/sheriff five-year employment trend



Law enforcement employee information

Sworn officer employment — most populated cities



Law enforcement employee information

Police and sheriff employee data – 2025

Police departments	Population	Number civilian	Number sworn	Sworn rate per 1,000	Total employees	Total rate per 1,000
Group I — 250,000 or over	735,714	460	1,184	1.6	1,644	2.2
Group II — 100,000-250,000	124,142	53	165	1.3	218	1.8
Group III — 50,000-100,000	1,140,121	337	1,338	1.2	1,675	1.5
Group IV — 25,000-50,000	763,546	192	929	1.2	1,121	1.5
Group V — 10,000-25,000	881,080	239	1,282	1.5	1,521	1.7
Group VI — 2,500-10,000	399,423	92	745	1.9	837	2.1
Group VII — under 2,500	144,850	12	295	2.0	307	2.1
Police totals	4,188,876	1,385	5,938	1.4	7,323	1.7

Sheriff's offices	Population	Number civilian	Number sworn	Sworn rate per 1,000	Total employees	Total rate per 1,000
Group I — 100,000 or over	135,626	124	172	1.3	296	2.2
Group II — 25,000-100,000	745,462	1,675	1,243	1.7	2,918	3.9
Group III — 10,000-25,000	504,554	1,871	1,182	2.3	3,053	6.1
Group IV — under 10,000	255,887	512	506	2.0	1,018	4.0
Sheriff totals	1,641,529	4,182	3,103	1.9	7,285	4.4

* Excludes geographic groups with zero population as categorized by the FBI.

Stolen and fleeing vehicle mobile tracking device warrants

Minnesota Statutes, section 626A.35, requires Minnesota law enforcement agencies to report the number of search warrants obtained to maintain a mobile tracking device on a stolen vehicle for more than 12 hours.

Summary stolen and fleeing vehicle mobile tracking device warrants information

The following is a summary of agencies that requested a warrant pursuant to the terms of the reporting requirements in Minnesota Statutes, section 626A.35, between Aug. 1, 2024 and Aug. 1, 2025:

Agency	Warrants requested	Warrants issued	Warrants denied	Warrants executed
Faribault Police Department	3	3	0	3

Prepared by:

Minnesota Department of Public Safety
Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
Minnesota Justice Information Services

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dps.mn.gov/divisions/bca

