



Minnesota's Child Maltreatment Report, 2024

Report to the Legislature

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Contents

Child Maltreatment Report summary, 2024.....	4
Purpose	4
Summary findings	4
The intake process	4
The screening process.....	5
Statewide screening review	5
Completed assessments and investigations	5
Systemic Critical Incident Review	7
Legislation	10
What is child maltreatment?	11
Minnesota’s child protection system.....	11
The intake process	11
The screening process.....	11
Screened-out maltreatment reports	14
Referral source of child maltreatment reports.....	14
Completed assessments and investigations	16
Characteristics of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations	16
Prior screened-out reports	27
Alleged maltreatment type	27
Child protection response path assignment.....	30
Mandatory and discretionary reasons for child protection response paths	35
Timeliness of face-to-face contact with alleged victims of child maltreatment.....	35
Assessment of safety, risk and service need.....	38
Safety and risk assessment	38
Need assessment for ongoing child protection services post-assessment or investigation phase.....	45
Determining maltreatment.....	47
Social service agency referrals to early intervention for infants and toddlers.....	50
Relationship of alleged offenders to alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by determination of maltreatment	52
Child fatalities and near fatalities due to maltreatment	53
Outcomes after child maltreatment assessments/investigations concluded	54
Rereporting of alleged maltreatment and recurrence of maltreatment determinations.....	54

Child Maltreatment Report summary, 2024

Purpose

This annual report provides information on children involved in maltreatment reports and the work happening across Minnesota to ensure and promote safety, permanency and well-being of children who may have experienced maltreatment. This report includes information on child maltreatment reports received and screened by local social service agencies, characteristics of the children involved in screened-in child protection reports, information on the assessment or investigation process that occurs following a screened-in report and the outcomes of those child protection reports. For information on all state and federal performance measures, see the [Minnesota Child Welfare Data Dashboard](#).

Tribal Nations participating in the American Indian Child Welfare Initiative may choose to create their own annual reports rather than have their data included in this annual report. In 2021, Red Lake Nation began as an Initiative Tribe and has since initiated completing its own annual report. That data is available in an independent report (see [Red Lake Tribal Nation Report to the Legislature on Tribal Child Welfare](#)). In 2025, Red Lake Nation provided the following context related to their decision to submit an independent annual report:

“Red Lake is committed to track the effectiveness of its American Indian Child Welfare Initiative work with their tribal citizens. Red Lake chose not to report all standard child welfare data elements in SSIS, so it is not possible to accurately compare their data to Minnesota’s counties. The tribal report is best done through looking at data through a community context and the lens of Red Lake’s indigenous values and practices. The annual review for year two of the American Indian Child Welfare Initiative, FY 2023, will assist in program development and outcomes based on organizational changes and using culturally centered practices. Annual reports help the Tribe to continue to identify strengths and gaps in practice so that they may effectively target interventions to restore their communities to wellbeing and health.

When Red Lake Nation assumed full jurisdiction of the child welfare system, they built a new narrative through relationship development and shifting practice to a relative approach - Ombimindwaa Gidanawemaaganidog “Uplifting Our Relatives”. Using a collaborative and inclusive process, they developed institutional capacity through infrastructure development, data collection, adding and realigning staff, practice model development, and training for staff and relative care providers. Because Red Lake Nation’s child welfare practice is so different from county-based practice, the annual report is developed by Red Lake to reflect the paradigm shift centered to family preservation, not child removal. The report reflects the inherent interconnectedness between the child and their family, extended family, culture, community, and tribal nation.”

Summary findings

The following section outlines key findings from 2024 in different areas throughout the child protection process. Additional details can be found in the corresponding sections in the main body of this report.

The intake process

- In 2024, local social service agencies screened 76,690 intakes, which is a slight decrease of 0.9% from the prior year.

- American Indian/Alaska Native children and children of two or more races were each about four times more likely to be reported to child protection compared to white children; African American/Black children and Hispanic/Latinx children were almost two times more likely; and Asian/Pacific Islander children were about 0.5 times less likely.
- Mandated reporters made most of the maltreatment reports (80%).

The screening process

- Overall, 37.5% of all reports of maltreatment received by local agencies were screened in for further assessment.
- Once reported to child protection, between 43-48% of all Black/African American, American Indian/Alaska Native, Asian/Pacific Islander, children who identify as two or more races, and children identified as Hispanic/Latinx were screened in for further assessment, compared to 37% of white children.

Statewide screening review

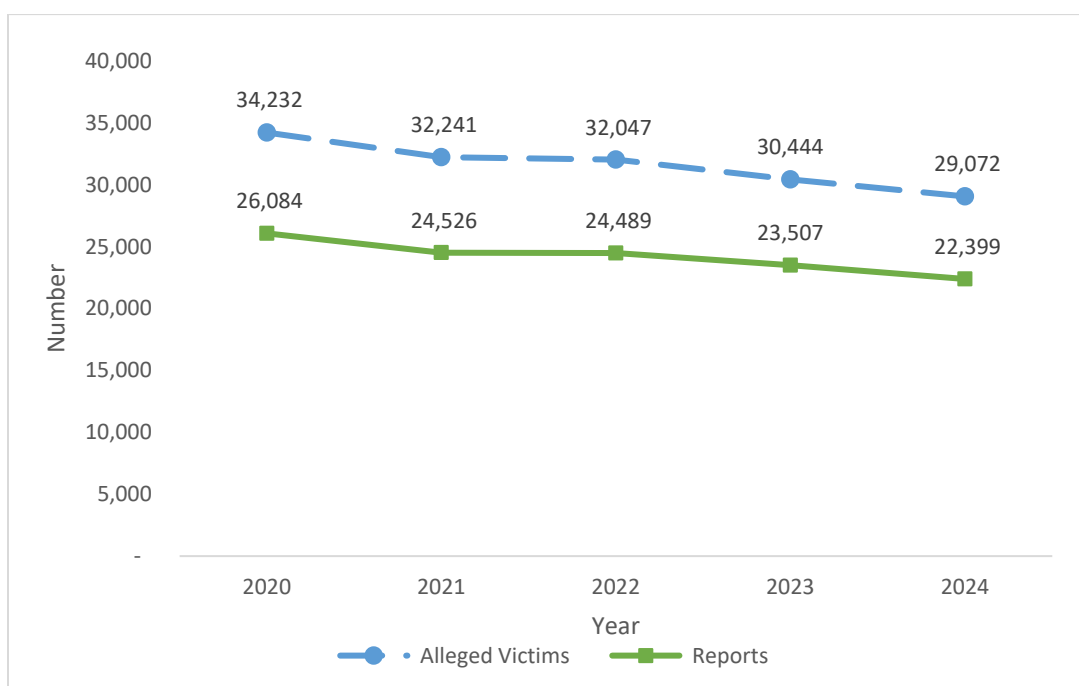
The Child Safety and Permanency Administration conducts an annual statewide screening review to ensure consistent statewide screening practices with the Minnesota Child Maltreatment Intake, Screening and Response Path Guidelines. This process involves a review of a random selection of approximately 5% of screened-out reports each month. Each review is completed by a team and appraised for screening decisions and quality of information in the reports. The review team requested additional consultation with local agencies regarding screened-out decisions in 28 of 1,858 (1.5%) reports reviewed in 2024. In 19 of the 28 cases, the agency provided additional information to support the screen-out decision; for seven out of the 28, the agency screened in their report; for the other two out of the 28, the agency upheld their screen-out decision. Additionally, the screening team provided consultation on 16 screened-in intakes.

Completed assessments and investigations

- There were 29,072 alleged victims involved in 22,399 completed assessments or investigations following screened-in child maltreatment reports in 2024.
- Children ages 8 and younger represented the majority of children involved in completed maltreatment assessments/investigations (54.9%).
- About one in five children involved in completed child maltreatment assessments and investigations were under the age of 3, and about one in five were between the ages of 6 and 8.

Figure 1 shows the decrease in reports over the last few years, which continued to decrease in 2024. Despite the overall reductions, children of color in Minnesota continue to be overrepresented in completed maltreatment assessments and investigations compared to white children, including American Indian/Alaska Native children (5.2 times higher), African American/Black children (5.2 times higher), children of two or more races (2.3 times higher), and Hispanic/Latinx children (2.0 times higher).

Figure 1. Number of alleged victims and completed assessments and investigations, 2020 – 2024



Alleged maltreatment type

Alleged victims of neglect comprised the largest group of children, approximately 58% of all children in 2024. There are some variations in the pattern of allegation types when examined by age. Of all children who allegedly experienced threatened injury, nearly one in three were under the age of 3. Youths ages 12 through 17 had the highest percentages of all children allegedly experiencing mental injury, accounting for about 56% of those in reports alleging mental injury.

Child protection response path assignment

The number and proportion of reports assigned to Family Assessment (Minnesota’s alternative response path) remained relatively consistent for a fifth year, at 66% of the total 22,399 cases.

The overall rate of assigning a Family Investigation due to discretionary reasons has continued to decrease in 2024 to 18.8%, an almost 42% reduction since 2020, though this remains more common with children of two or more races.

Face-to-face contact was made for 86% of alleged victims within the required time frame established in statute.

Effective July 1, 2025, labor trafficking is considered a form of maltreatment and must be reported to local welfare agencies or law enforcement. ([Minnesota Statutes 260E.03, subd. 11a.](#)) Case data with this new allegation will be available in the 2025 report.

Effective July 1, 2024, all reports of sex trafficking with a noncaregiver or unknown alleged third-party traffickers must be screened in and assigned as a noncaregiver trafficking assessment (NCA). ([Laws 2023, chapter 70, article 24, sections 6, 8, 13-26.](#)) The noncaregiver trafficking assessment is a comprehensive assessment designed to focus on safety, prevent ongoing abuse, provide access to needed services and supports, and coordinate with relevant law enforcement investigations of the sex trafficking allegation. In 2024, there were three noncaregiver trafficking assessments completed for three alleged victims in Minnesota.

Assessment of safety, risk, and service need

Structured Decision Making Tools are used to assess the child's safety and risk of future maltreatment. Most cases are rated as "safe" (63%), meaning there appears to be little needed to keep the child safely with their caregivers. Around 6% of cases resulted in an "unsafe" rating, indicating that the child may need to be temporarily removed while the family addresses safety concerns. A relatively higher percentage of Family Assessment cases are rated as "safe," and a relatively higher percentage of Family Investigations are rated as "unsafe." Around 9% of screened-in and completed assessments and investigations resulted in a child being placed into out-of-home care in 2024.

Family Investigations completed in 2024 were more likely to indicate a high risk for future maltreatment (21.4%) than Family Assessments (11.2%). Families at moderate or high risk of future maltreatment likely need additional services and supports to prevent future maltreatment.

- 11,408 children experienced a family or facility investigation, with 39.1% having a determination of maltreatment made at the conclusion of the investigation, slightly less than in 2023.
 - 10,623 children experienced a Family Investigation, with 40.2% resulting in a determination of maltreatment.
 - 893 children experienced a Facility Investigation, with 24.6% resulting in a determination of maltreatment.
- There were 27 child deaths and 34 life-threatening injuries determined to be a result of maltreatment. In eight of the cases that resulted in a child fatality, the victim had previously been involved in a screened-in child protection case.
- Overall, children experienced maltreatment recurrence between 5-6% of the time in 2024, which meets the federal standard; younger children experienced recurrence at a slightly higher rate than older children.

Systemic Critical Incident Review

Local social service agencies and department staff take the work of protecting children seriously and implement a trauma-informed, robust and scientific Systemic Critical Incident Review (SCIR) process for child fatalities and near fatalities due to maltreatment. The review process is designed to systematically analyze the child welfare system to identify opportunities for improvement. It also addresses barriers to providing the best possible services to children and families. The model uses components from other safety-critical industries, including aviation and health care; it moves away from blame and toward a system of accountability, focusing on identifying underlying systemic issues to improve Minnesota's child welfare system.

The Fatality and Near Fatality Review Team conducted SCIRs on 50 cases in 2024 to identify learning points and recurring themes to inform system-wide improvements. Using systems mapping techniques, the team engaged directly with agency partners to explore how systemic factors influence decision-making. These collaborative discussions provided a platform for immediate, actionable feedback to local agencies, helping to drive meaningful improvements at both the local and state levels. Insights gathered through SCIRs are being shared with the Social Services Information System (SSIS) team to inform ongoing modernization efforts. Additionally, learnings are contributing to broader enhancements in policy, best practices and program improvement, ensuring that lessons learned translate into tangible, lasting change across the child welfare system.

The 2024 legislative session brought changes to the fatality and near-fatality statute. Effective July 1, 2025, [Minnesota Statutes 260E.39](#) establishes statutory requirements for conducting child mortality reviews at both the local and state levels. The statute mandates that local child mortality review teams, in coordination with the State Child Mortality Review Panel, conduct joint reviews in cases where a local welfare agency has determined that maltreatment was a cause or contributing factor in a critical incident.

Joint reviews are required under the following circumstances:

- When the critical incident involves a family, child or caregiver who was the subject of a local welfare agency family assessment or investigation within the preceding 12 months
- When the governor or commissioner directs the panel to conduct a review of a specific critical incident
- When the panel chooses to review any other critical incident.

For all other critical incidents not subject to joint review, the local review team is responsible for conducting the review. These review processes are designed to promote a systemic, in-depth analysis beyond surface-level understandings to examine the complex interplay of contributing factors. The overarching goal is to foster systemic learning and continuous improvement, ultimately enhancing outcomes for children and families across Minnesota.

The 2023 Child Maltreatment Report highlighted key systemic considerations based on a review of 85 cases between July 1, 2019, and Sept. 30, 2021. Conducted by the Fatality and Near Fatality Review Team, this analysis surfaced three critical areas:

- Administrative burden
- Coordination with county attorneys
- Coordination with law enforcement

Here are a few updates related to the considerations:

- In 2024, the Department of Children, Youth, and Families (DCYF) continued its commitments to improving the Social Service information System (SSIS) by prioritizing user experience and reducing administrative burden for frontline workers. The SSIS team convened multiple workgroups to engage directly with users and better understand the barriers they face. These collaborative sessions helped identify which data elements are essential for documentation and where simplification could ease workload. Insights from these workgroups are guiding targeted system changes that streamline processes and improve usability.
- In response to 2024 legislative requirements, the department initiated a redesign of the Out-of-Home Placement Plan (OHPP). The revised document:
 - o Reduces page count by 50%
 - o Simplifies required content
 - o Improves readability and accessibility

These updates are intended to save time, reduce complexity and support clearer communication with families and partners.

Looking ahead, the department has begun reimagining how contacts and activities are recorded in SSIS. This early-stage effort aims to modernize documentation practices and better reflect the realities of frontline work, laying the foundation for future system enhancements.

The Minnesota Child Welfare Training Academy, the Tribal Training and Certification Partnership (TTCP), and the Minnesota Department of Children, Youth, and Families (DCYF), with funding from the Children's Justice Act (CJA) Task Force, is offering a free training at three sites across Minnesota in October and November 2025. The training, "Aligned for Impact: Multidisciplinary Team Collaboration in Child Protection," utilizes case studies, panels, and facilitated

exercises led by Minnesota-based child protection Multidisciplinary Team (MDT) professionals to highlight practical suggestions for building effective MDTs and child protection collaborations. Panels include professionals working in child protection, prosecution, law enforcement, Tribal partners, mental health, medical, advocacy and more. These professionals will share their experiences and learnings from working with and building MDTs. Skills shared will be applicable to professionals utilizing investigative MDTs, child protection MDTs, case review MDTs, coordinated community response teams that intersect with child welfare and policy MDTs.

Legislation

This report was prepared by the Minnesota Department of Children, Youth, and Families, Child Safety and Permanency Administration, for the Minnesota Legislature in response to a directive in [Minnesota Statutes 257.0725](#). This report also fulfills reporting requirements under the Vulnerable Children and Adults Act ([Minnesota Statutes 256M.80, subd. 2](#)), required referrals to early intervention services ([Minnesota Statutes 260E.24, subd. 6](#)) and the commissioner's duty to provide oversight, quality assurance reviews and annual summary of reviews ([Minnesota Statutes 260E.38](#)).

[Minnesota Statutes 257.0725](#): The commissioner of children, youth, and families shall publish an annual report on child maltreatment and children in out-of-home placement. The commissioner shall confer with counties, child welfare organizations, child advocacy organizations, the courts, and other groups on how to improve the content and utility of the department's annual report. In regard to child maltreatment, it shall include the number and kinds of maltreatment reports received and any other data that the commissioner determines appropriate to include in a report on child maltreatment.

[Minnesota Statutes 256M.80, subd. 2](#): Statewide evaluation. Six months after the end of the first full calendar year and annually thereafter, the commissioner shall make public counties' progress in improving outcomes of vulnerable children and adults related to safety, permanency and well-being.

[Minnesota Statutes 260E.24, subd. 6](#): Required referral to early intervention services. (a) A child under age three who is involved in a substantiated case of maltreatment shall be referred for screening under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, part C. Parents must be informed that the evaluation and acceptance of services are voluntary. The commissioner of children, youth, and families shall monitor referral rates by county. Refusal to have a child screened is not a basis for a child in need of protection or services petition under chapter 260C.

(b) The commissioner of children, youth, and families shall include the referral rates by county for screening under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, part C in the annual report on child maltreatment under section [257.0725](#).

[Minnesota Statutes 260E.38](#): Audit. Subd. 2: The commissioner shall develop a plan to perform quality assurance reviews of local welfare agency screening practices and decisions. The commissioner shall provide oversight and guidance to counties to ensure consistent application of screening guidelines, thorough and appropriate screening decisions, and correct documentation and maintenance of reports.

Subd. 3: The commissioner shall produce an annual report of the summary results of the reviews. The report must only contain aggregate data and may not include any data that could be used to personally identify any subject whose data is included in the report. The report is public information and must be provided to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over child protection issues. The commissioner shall include the information required under this paragraph in the annual report on child maltreatment and on children in out-of-home placement under section [257.0725](#).

Introduction

What is child maltreatment?

Minnesota Statutes provide a detailed description of what constitutes child maltreatment (see [Minnesota Statutes 260E](#)). Minnesota Statutes recognize six types of maltreatment: neglect, physical abuse, sexual abuse, mental injury, emotional harm, and threatened injury.

Minnesota's child protection system

Minnesota is a state-supervised, locally administered child protection system. This means that local social service agencies (87 counties and three American Indian Initiative Tribes) are responsible for screening reports, assessing allegations of maltreatment, and providing protective services for children and families. The department provides oversight, guidance, training, technical assistance and quality assurance monitoring of local agencies to support that work. This annual report provides information on affected children and work happening across Minnesota to ensure and promote safety, permanency, and well-being of children who may have experienced maltreatment. See the [Minnesota Child Welfare Data Dashboard](#) for information about performance on all state and federal performance measures.

The intake process

When community members have concerns that children are being maltreated, they can (or must if they are a mandated reporter; see [Minnesota Statutes 260E.06, subd. 1](#), for information about who is a mandated reporter) call their local child protection agency to report concerns. Local agencies document reports of maltreatment, including information about reporters, children involved, alleged offenders, and specifics of alleged maltreatment.

The annual child maltreatment report begins with information on the number of child maltreatment reports received and screening rates for these reports at the time of intake. **All other information in the report is based on assessments/investigations completed during the calendar year because it includes information not known until an assessment/investigation closes.** Although these two groups of reports are related, they are not identical populations of reports or corresponding children. Some reports made to child protection in the year (i.e., reports at the intake phase) will not have an assessment or investigation of allegations completed until the following year and will be included in that year's annual report (e.g., reports received in December). Likewise, some assessments/investigations completed during the reporting year were based on maltreatment reports received later in the prior year.

The screening process

Upon receipt of a report of maltreatment, local agency staff reviews information and determines if the allegations meet the statutory threshold for child maltreatment. If they do, and the allegations have not been previously assessed/investigated, staff screen in reports for further assessment or investigation. Local agencies cross-report all allegations of maltreatment to law enforcement, regardless of screening decision. Table 1 provides information on the child maltreatment reports received by local agencies during the year and the screening disposition of those reports. Table 2 provides the same information statewide by race/ethnicity.

Table 1. Screening decisions of maltreatment reports received by agency, 2024

Agency	Screened-out reports (N)	Screened-out reports (%)	Screened-in reports (N)	Screened-in reports (%)	Total reports received
Aitkin	183	71.2	74	28.8	257
Anoka	2,532	71	1,034	29	3,566
Becker	374	69.5	164	30.5	538
Beltrami	397	54.3	334	45.7	731
Benton	569	73.6	204	26.4	773
Big Stone	24	57.1	18	42.9	42
Blue Earth	736	62.5	441	37.5	1,177
Brown	339	70.8	140	29.2	479
Carlton	597	56.7	456	43.3	1,053
Carver	517	58.2	372	41.8	889
Cass	161	55.9	127	44.1	288
Chippewa	210	67.1	103	32.9	313
Chisago	668	74.3	231	25.7	899
Clay	1,240	78.9	331	21.1	1,571
Clearwater	144	59.8	97	40.2	241
Cook	44	46.3	51	53.7	95
Crow Wing	1,213	83.6	238	16.4	1,451
Dakota	3,337	68.6	1,528	31.4	4,865
Des Moines Valley HHS	345	76.8	104	23.2	449
Douglas	442	57.3	329	42.7	771
Faribault-Martin	473	68.7	216	31.3	689
Fillmore	155	78.3	43	21.7	198
Freeborn	238	59.9	159	40.1	397
Goodhue	488	68.5	224	31.5	712
Hennepin	5,736	49.1	5,952	50.9	11,688
Houston	108	57.4	80	42.6	188
Hubbard	231	50.5	226	49.5	457
Isanti	561	81.2	130	18.8	691
Itasca	808	69.2	359	30.8	1,167
Kanabec	227	74.4	78	25.6	305
Kandiyohi	633	56.4	489	43.6	1,122
Kittson	25	75.8	8	24.2	33
Koochiching	235	69.7	102	30.3	337
Lac qui Parle	74	69.8	32	30.2	106
Lake	85	64.9	46	35.1	131
Lake of the Woods	22	46.8	25	53.2	47
Le Sueur	366	66.7	183	33.3	549
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	336	61.7	209	38.3	545
MN Prairie	634	61	406	39	1,040
Mahnomen	53	70.7	22	29.3	75
Marshall	57	51.8	53	48.2	110

Agency	Screened-out reports (N)	Screened-out reports (%)	Screened-in reports (N)	Screened-in reports (%)	Total reports received
McLeod	371	63	218	37	589
Meeker	260	64.5	143	35.5	403
Mille Lacs	551	69.8	238	30.2	789
Morrison	574	82.1	125	17.9	699
Mower	565	75.8	180	24.2	745
Nicollet	393	62.3	238	37.7	631
Nobles	154	42.3	210	57.7	364
Norman	99	55.9	78	44.1	177
Olmsted	1,357	78.2	378	21.8	1,735
Otter Tail	483	59.7	326	40.3	809
Pennington	94	56.3	73	43.7	167
Pine	513	75.1	170	24.9	683
Polk	406	63.8	230	36.2	636
Ramsey	2,917	49.6	2,962	50.4	5,879
Red Lake County	22	52.4	20	47.6	42
Renville	184	57.1	138	42.9	322
Rice	555	65.3	295	34.7	850
Roseau	135	62.5	81	37.5	216
Scott	773	61.7	479	38.3	1,252
Sherburne	1,046	64.6	573	35.4	1,619
Sibley	143	58.8	100	41.2	243
Southwest HHS	857	58.7	602	41.3	1,459
St. Louis	2,776	57.2	2,078	42.8	4,854
Stearns	1,169	57.6	860	42.4	2,029
Stevens	142	58.4	101	41.6	243
Swift	190	74.5	65	25.5	255
Todd	411	73.7	147	26.3	558
Traverse	80	58	58	42	138
Wabasha	163	70.3	69	29.7	232
Wadena	303	72.3	116	27.7	419
Washington	1,750	74.9	585	25.1	2,335
Watonwan	124	59.6	84	40.4	208
Western Prairie Human Services	297	63.9	168	36.1	465
White Earth Nation	118	42.6	159	57.4	277
Wilkin	124	60.8	80	39.2	204
Winona	526	71.2	213	28.8	739
Wright	1,624	72.7	609	27.3	2,233
Yellow Medicine	97	61.8	60	38.2	157
Minnesota	47,963	62.5	28,727	37.5	76,690

Table 2. Screening decisions of maltreatment reports received by race/ethnicity, 2024

Race/ethnicity	Screened-out reports (N)	Screened-out reports (%)	Screened-in reports (N)	Screened-in reports (%)	Total reports received
African American/Black	5,430	52.4	4,941	47.6	10,371
American Indian/Alaska Native	2,781	55.1	2,268	44.9	5,049
Asian/Pacific Islander	823	56.6	632	43.4	1,455
Two or more races	8,498	56.7	6,484	43.3	14,982
Unknown/declined	10,061	77.8	2,869	22.2	12,930
White	23,551	63.3	13,646	36.7	37,197
Total	47,963	62.5	28,727	37.5	76,690
Hispanic/Latinx (any race)	4,683	55.2	3,801	44.8	8,484

Note on race and ethnicity categories: This breakdown relies on exclusive racial categories, except Hispanic/Latinx (any race). A client is only counted in a single row or column, based on their identification with a single race value. If a client identified with more than one race value, they will be counted in the multi-racial “two or more races” category. “Hispanic/Latinx (any race)” shows clients who identified with that ethnicity regardless of exclusive race category.

Screened-out maltreatment reports

There are several reasons reports of maltreatment received by local agencies may be screened out. The most common reason is that the report did not meet the statutory threshold for maltreatment. Other reasons include not enough identifying information, allegations referring to an unborn child, or alleged victims who were not in a family unit or covered entity and were referred to the appropriate investigative agency. Table 3 provides information on the reasons for screened-out maltreatment reports statewide.

Table 3. Reasons for screened-out child maltreatment reports, 2024

Screen out reason	Reports (N)	Reports (%)
No allegation meets maltreatment criteria	43,825	91.4
Not in family unit or covered license entity	2,636	5.5
Unborn child	823	1.7
Not enough identifying information	679	1.4
Total	47,963	100

Referral source of child maltreatment reports

Mandated reporters make the vast majority of reports of maltreatment to local agencies. Mandated reporters include those in health care, law enforcement, mental health, social services, education and childcare, among others working with children. Table 4 provides information on the number and percentage of reports made and the percentage screened in and out by source of reporter.

Table 4. Screening decisions of maltreatment reports received by report source, 2024

Reporter type	Reporter source	Screened-out reports (N)	Screened-out reports (%)	Screened-in reports (N)	Screened-in reports (%)	Total reports received
Mandated	Chemical dependency practitioner	225	78.4	62	21.6	287
Mandated	Childcare provider	549	71.9	215	28.1	764

Reporter type	Reporter source	Screened-out reports (N)	Screened-out reports (%)	Screened-in reports (N)	Screened-in reports (%)	Total reports received
Mandated	Clergy	71	76.3	22	23.7	93
Mandated	Coroner/medical examiner	33	82.5	7	17.5	40
Mandated	Court/court services	937	57.6	690	42.4	1,627
Mandated	DHS birth match	23	12.1	167	87.9	190
Mandated	Facility staff	447	73.9	158	26.1	605
Mandated	Foster parent	159	68.2	74	31.8	233
Mandated	Hospital/clinic	3,402	51.6	3,190	48.4	6,592
Mandated	Human/social services staff (county or other)	3,115	50.8	3,017	49.2	6,132
Mandated	Law enforcement	8,237	62	5,056	38	13,293
Mandated	Mental health practitioner	5,119	69	2,302	31	7,421
Mandated	Other health practitioner	247	62.7	147	37.3	394
Mandated	Other mandated	3,676	68.4	1,698	31.6	5,374
Mandated	Other school personnel	8,075	59.5	5,495	40.5	13,570
Mandated	Private physician	35	66	18	34	53
Mandated	Public health nurse	131	73.2	48	26.8	179
Mandated	School nurse	316	59.5	215	40.5	531
Mandated	Teacher	2,899	70.1	1,236	29.9	4,135
Mandated	Tribal social services	94	70.1	40	29.9	134
Non-mandated	Alleged offender	17	43.6	22	56.4	39
Non-mandated	Alleged victim	120	58.3	86	41.7	206
Non-mandated	Anonymous	2,637	64.4	1,456	35.6	4,093
Non-mandated	Babysitter	14	56	11	44	25
Non-mandated	Friend/acquaintance/neighbor	1,240	65.5	653	34.5	1,893
Non-mandated	Other non-mandated	690	70.3	291	29.7	981
Non-mandated	Other relative in home	212	63.3	123	36.7	335
Non-mandated	Other relative out of home	1,818	65.4	960	34.6	2,778
Non-mandated	Parent in home	996	68.6	455	31.4	1,451

Reporter type	Reporter source	Screened-out reports (N)	Screened-out reports (%)	Screened-in reports (N)	Screened-in reports (%)	Total reports received
Non-mandated	Parent out of home	2,429	75	811	25	3,240
Unknown	Unknown	0	0	2	100	2
Total	Total	47,963	62.5	28,727	37.5	76,690

Completed assessments and investigations

Data in this annual report are based on maltreatment reports initially made to child welfare agencies in the report calendar year. From this section onward, all information is based on maltreatment reports with completed assessments and investigations during the report year.

Characteristics of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations

Minnesota children involved in allegations of maltreatment live with all types of families. The following section provides demographic information on children with at least one completed child protection assessment or investigation, including:

- Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations, and rate per 1,000 in population, by gender and agency, 2024 (Table 5)
- Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by race/ethnicity alone and agency, 2024 (Table 6)
- Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by race/ethnicity alone or combined and agency, 2024 (Table 7)
- Number, percentage and per 1,000 rate of alleged victims in population by race/ethnicity alone, 2024 (Table 8)
- Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by age groups and agency, 2024 (Table 9)
- Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by disability status, 2024 (Table 10).

Table 5. Number and percentage of alleged and determined victims in completed assessments/investigations, and rate per 1,000 in population, by gender and agency, 2024

Agency	Female (N)	Female (%)	Male (N)	Male (%)	Alleged victims	Child population	Rate per 1,000 alleged victims
Aitkin	40	47.6	44	52.4	84	2,428	34.6
Anoka	558	51.6	524	48.4	1,082	87,947	12.3
Becker	91	50.8	88	49.2	179	8,061	22.2
Beltrami	113	48.3	121	51.7	234	11,352	20.6
Benton	123	49.6	125	50.4	248	10,382	23.9
Big Stone	16	50	16	50	32	1,125	28.4
Blue Earth	208	47.2	233	52.8	441	13,729	32.1

Agency	Female (N)	Female (%)	Male (N)	Male (%)	Alleged victims	Child population	Rate per 1,000 alleged victims
Brown	71	47.7	78	52.3	149	5,695	26.2
Carlton	196	49	204	51	400	7,864	50.9
Carver	180	45.1	219	54.9	399	27,527	14.5
Cass	73	51.8	68	48.2	141	6,170	22.9
Chippewa	51	47.2	57	52.8	108	3,091	34.9
Chisago	102	52	94	48	196	13,010	15.1
Clay	161	50.5	158	49.5	319	16,334	19.5
Clearwater	44	51.8	41	48.2	85	2,188	38.8
Cook	1	16.7	5	83.3	6	814	7.4
Crow Wing	142	49.3	146	50.7	288	13,753	20.9
Dakota	785	48.9	819	51.1	1,604	106,616	15
Des Moines Valley HHS	61	54.5	51	45.5	112	4,969	22.5
Douglas	163	48.1	176	51.9	339	8,475	40
Faribault-Martin	116	48.3	124	51.7	240	7,592	31.6
Fillmore	24	50	24	50	48	5,216	9.2
Freeborn	91	49.5	93	50.5	184	6,546	28.1
Goodhue	100	48.3	107	51.7	207	10,423	19.9
Hennepin	2,835	51.2	2,697	48.8	5,532	270,051	20.5
Houston	45	65.2	24	34.8	69	3,940	17.5
Hubbard	137	54.6	114	45.4	251	4,489	55.9
Isanti	90	57.7	66	42.3	156	9,936	15.7
Itasca	153	48.1	165	51.9	318	9,133	34.8
Kanabec	66	64.7	36	35.3	102	3,546	28.8
Kandiyohi	213	47.8	233	52.2	446	10,775	41.4
Kittson	5	55.6	4	44.4	9	890	10.1
Koochiching	65	52.4	59	47.6	124	2,054	60.4
Lac qui Parle	23	53.5	20	46.5	43	1,462	29.4
Lake	20	45.5	24	54.5	44	2,018	21.8
Lake of the Woods	12	42.9	16	57.1	28	724	38.7
Le Sueur	88	53.3	77	46.7	165	6,682	24.7
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	95	51.6	89	48.4	184	2,233	82.4
MN Prairie	212	50.6	207	49.4	419	18,477	22.7
Mahnomen	16	57.1	12	42.9	28	1,658	16.9
Marshall	29	44.6	36	55.4	65	2,019	32.2
McLeod	130	48.5	138	51.5	268	8,001	33.5
Meeker	67	44.7	83	55.3	150	5,527	27.1
Mille Lacs	155	50.8	150	49.2	305	6,297	48.4
Morrison	50	52.6	45	47.4	95	7,826	12.1
Mower	128	58.4	91	41.6	219	10,161	21.6
Nicollet	121	51.1	116	48.9	237	7,196	32.9
Nobles	138	57.5	102	42.5	240	6,406	37.5
Norman	30	52.6	27	47.4	57	1,472	38.7

Agency	Female (N)	Female (%)	Male (N)	Male (%)	Alleged victims	Child population	Rate per 1,000 alleged victims
Olmsted	280	52.6	252	47.4	532	39,046	13.6
Otter Tail	146	45.8	173	54.2	319	13,136	24.3
Pennington	35	53.8	30	46.2	65	3,066	21.2
Pine	100	47.4	111	52.6	211	5,693	37.1
Polk	100	45	122	55	222	7,408	30
Ramsey	1,527	48.9	1,593	51.1	3,120	122,868	25.4
Red Lake County	13	43.3	17	56.7	30	937	32
Renville	81	48.2	87	51.8	168	3,388	49.6
Rice	178	53.1	157	46.9	335	14,434	23.2
Roseau	43	46.7	49	53.3	92	3,641	25.3
Scott	254	52.5	230	47.5	484	39,529	12.2
Sherburne	289	50.9	279	49.1	568	26,225	21.7
Sibley	40	38.5	64	61.5	104	3,425	30.4
Southwest HHS	362	51.3	343	48.7	705	18,280	38.6
St. Louis	982	51.1	938	48.9	1,920	36,682	52.3
Stearns	454	49	472	51	926	38,396	24.1
Stevens	45	43.3	59	56.7	104	2,249	46.2
Swift	43	51.8	40	48.2	83	2,207	37.6
Todd	57	40.1	85	59.9	142	6,404	22.2
Traverse	37	55.2	30	44.8	67	688	97.4
Wabasha	49	59.8	33	40.2	82	4,718	17.4
Wadena	73	49	76	51	149	3,800	39.2
Washington	311	52.1	286	47.9	597	66,286	9
Watsonwan	45	43.3	59	56.7	104	3,014	34.5
Western Prairie Human Services	75	48.1	81	51.9	156	3,945	39.5
White Earth Nation	92	47.9	100	52.1	192	2,079	92.4
Wilkin	25	43.1	33	56.9	58	1,452	39.9
Winona	96	45.3	116	54.7	212	8,607	24.6
Wright	288	50.2	285	49.7	574	40,758	14.1
Yellow Medicine	46	63.9	26	36.1	72	2,208	32.6
Minnesota	14,599	50.2	14,472	49.8	29,072	1,304,537	22.3

†Note: Wright had one additional alleged victim with 'Unknown' entered as their gender.

‡Note: Child population information comes from US Census Bureau population estimates, [table CC-EST2023-AGESEX](#). Child population information for American Indian Child Welfare Initiative Tribes comes from the 2020 U.S. Census and represents children residing on reservations who indicated American Indian alone or as one of two or more races. There are no intercensal child population estimates for these groups.

Table 6. Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by race/ethnicity alone and agency, 2024

Agency	African American/Black (N)	African American/Black (%)	American Indian/Alaska Native (N)	American Indian/Alaska Native (%)	Asian or Pacific Islander (N)	Asian or Pacific Islander (%)	Two or more races (N)	Two or more races (%)	Unknown/declined (N)	Unknown/declined (%)	White (N)	White (%)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (N)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (%)
Aitkin	*	*	13	15.5	*	*	16	19	*	*	55	65.5	*	*
Anoka	254	23.5	18	1.7	46	4.3	193	17.8	75	6.9	496	45.8	121	11.2
Becker	*	*	30	16.8	*	*	63	35.2	*	*	82	45.8	12	6.7
Beltrami	*	*	93	39.7	*	*	55	23.5	*	*	80	34.2	12	5.1
Benton	34	13.7	*	*	*	*	74	29.8	*	*	135	54.4	19	7.7
Big Stone	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	23	71.9	*	*
Blue Earth	68	15.4	15	3.4	8	1.8	85	19.3	20	4.5	245	55.6	34	7.7
Brown	*	*	*	*	*	*	19	12.8	10	6.7	116	77.9	22	14.8
Carlton	*	*	116	29	*	*	108	27	*	*	171	42.8	12	3
Carver	47	11.8	17	4.3	*	*	70	17.5	*	*	234	58.6	43	10.8
Cass	*	*	37	26.2	*	*	9	6.4	7	5	86	61	7	5
Chippewa	*	*	*	*	*	*	23	21.3	*	*	73	67.6	49	45.4
Chisago	*	*	8	4.1	7	3.6	20	10.2	*	*	150	76.5	*	*
Clay	33	10.3	21	6.6	*	*	129	40.4	*	*	133	41.7	42	13.2
Clearwater	*	*	9	10.6	*	*	33	38.8	*	*	41	48.2	*	*
Cook	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Crow Wing	7	2.4	25	8.7	*	*	53	18.4	*	*	196	68.1	7	2.4
Dakota	268	16.7	93	5.8	21	1.3	289	18	413	25.7	520	32.4	291	18.1
Des Moines Valley HHS	*	*	*	*	*	*	13	11.6	*	*	87	77.7	21	18.8
Douglas	*	*	12	3.5	*	*	88	26	15	4.4	218	64.3	31	9.1
Faribault-Martin	*	*	*	*	9	3.8	49	20.4	*	*	175	72.9	43	17.9
Fillmore	*	*	*	*	*	*	10	20.8	*	*	35	72.9	*	*
Freeborn	13	7.1	*	*	*	*	21	11.4	*	*	137	74.5	47	25.5
Goodhue	*	*	8	3.9	*	*	38	18.4	11	5.3	143	69.1	14	6.8
Hennepin	2,259	40.8	289	5.2	144	2.6	1,223	22.1	172	3.1	1,445	26.1	908	16.4
Houston	*	*	*	*	*	*	9	13	*	*	55	79.7	*	*
Hubbard	*	*	25	10	*	*	63	25.1	*	*	159	63.3	14	5.6
Isanti	*	*	*	*	*	*	33	21.2	*	*	108	69.2	*	*
Itasca	*	*	41	12.9	*	*	98	30.8	*	*	170	53.5	10	3.1
Kanabec	*	*	*	*	*	*	17	16.7	9	8.8	72	70.6	*	*
Kandiyohi	23	5.2	23	5.2	9	2	52	11.7	29	6.5	310	69.5	179	40.1
Kittson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	7	77.8	*	*
Koochiching	*	*	*	*	*	*	19	15.3	10	8.1	93	75	7	5.6

Agency	African American/Black (N)	African American/Black (%)	American Indian/Alaska Native (N)	American Indian/Alaska Native (%)	Asian or Pacific Islander (N)	Asian or Pacific Islander (%)	Two or more races (N)	Two or more races (%)	Unknown/declined (N)	Unknown/declined (%)	White (N)	White (%)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (N)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (%)
Lac qui Parle	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	36	83.7	8	18.6
Lake	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	40	90.9	*	*
Lake of the Woods	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	18	64.3	*	*
Le Sueur	*	*	*	*	*	*	9	5.5	9	5.5	143	86.7	32	19.4
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	*	*	175	95.1	*	*	8	4.3	*	*	*	*	*	*
MN Prairie	22	5.3	*	*	*	*	47	11.2	20	4.8	327	78	70	16.7
Mahnomen	*	*	12	42.9	*	*	9	32.1	*	*	7	25	*	*
Marshall	*	*	*	*	*	*	20	30.8	*	*	42	64.6	13	20
McLeod	*	*	*	*	*	*	24	9	10	3.7	226	84.3	47	17.5
Meeker	*	*	*	*	*	*	15	10	17	11.3	115	76.7	16	10.7
Mille Lacs	8	2.6	96	31.5	*	*	42	13.8	*	*	147	48.2	*	*
Morrison	*	*	*	*	*	*	18	18.9	*	*	70	73.7	*	*
Mower	21	9.6	*	*	14	6.4	34	15.5	*	*	141	64.4	45	20.5
Nicollet	23	9.7	*	*	*	*	56	23.6	*	*	143	60.3	42	17.7
Nobles	14	5.8	7	2.9	11	4.6	12	5	57	23.8	139	57.9	122	50.8
Norman	*	*	*	*	*	*	12	21.1	*	*	40	70.2	15	26.3
Olmsted	83	15.6	*	*	19	3.6	151	28.4	*	*	267	50.2	74	13.9
Otter Tail	7	2.2	11	3.4	*	*	55	17.2	*	*	226	70.8	27	8.5
Pennington	*	*	*	*	*	*	14	21.5	*	*	48	73.8	*	*
Pine	*	*	25	11.8	*	*	22	10.4	19	9	139	65.9	10	4.7
Polk	*	*	39	17.6	*	*	58	26.1	10	4.5	112	50.5	58	26.1
Ramsey	1,086	34.8	116	3.7	346	11.1	676	21.7	115	3.7	781	25	386	12.4
Red Lake County	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	22	73.3	*	*
Renville	*	*	*	*	*	*	11	6.5	*	*	148	88.1	49	29.2
Rice	28	8.4	*	*	*	*	31	9.3	19	5.7	251	74.9	73	21.8
Roseau	*	*	17	18.5	*	*	9	9.8	*	*	56	60.9	*	*
Scott	56	11.6	8	1.7	15	3.1	91	18.8	53	11	261	53.9	82	16.9
Sherburne	60	10.6	21	3.7	8	1.4	102	18	49	8.6	328	57.7	41	7.2
Sibley	*	*	*	*	*	*	24	23.1	*	*	78	75	25	24
Southwest HHS	45	6.4	54	7.7	27	3.8	62	8.8	57	8.1	460	65.2	113	16
St. Louis	124	6.5	283	14.7	*	*	693	36.1	*	*	752	39.2	64	3.3
Stearns	151	16.3	29	3.1	*	*	221	23.9	*	*	479	51.7	108	11.7
Stevens	*	*	9	8.7	*	*	13	12.5	13	12.5	68	65.4	19	18.3
Swift	*	*	*	*	8	9.6	10	12	*	*	61	73.5	14	16.9

Agency	African American/Black (N)	African American/Black (%)	American Indian/Alaska Native (N)	American Indian/Alaska Native (%)	Asian or Pacific Islander (N)	Asian or Pacific Islander (%)	Two or more races (N)	Two or more races (%)	Unknown/declined (N)	Unknown/declined (%)	White (N)	White (%)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (N)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (%)
Todd	*	*	*	*	*	*	14	9.9	*	*	116	81.7	21	14.8
Traverse	*	*	16	23.9	*	*	21	31.3	*	*	30	44.8	*	*
Wabasha	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	70	85.4	16	19.5
Wadena	*	*	*	*	*	*	36	24.2	11	7.4	94	63.1	*	*
Washington	102	17.1	12	2	19	3.2	109	18.3	131	21.9	224	37.5	43	7.2
Watonwan	*	*	*	*	*	*	7	6.7	*	*	87	83.7	62	59.6
Western Prairie Human Services	*	*	*	*	*	*	23	14.7	*	*	125	80.1	*	*
White Earth Nation	*	*	182	94.8	*	*	8	4.2	*	*	*	*	*	*
Wilkin	*	*	9	15.5	*	*	7	12.1	*	*	38	65.5	*	*
Winona	30	14.2	*	*	*	*	31	14.6	*	*	141	66.5	15	7.1
Wright	49	8.5	13	2.3	*	*	66	11.5	*	*	354	61.7	26	4.5
Yellow Medicine	*	*	9	12.5	*	*	20	27.8	*	*	42	58.3	9	12.5
Minnesota	5,012	17.2	2,119	7.3	774	2.7	5,885	20.2	1,734	6	13,548	46.6	3,762	12.9

* Note: If the number of children is less than seven when data are disaggregated by race/ethnicity and agency, it is not shown to prevent identification of individuals. Note on race and ethnicity categories: This breakdown relies on exclusive racial categories, except Hispanic/Latinx (any race). A client is only counted in a single row or column, based on their identification with a single race value. If a client identified with more than one race value, they will be counted in the multi-racial “two or more races” category. “Hispanic/Latinx (any race)” shows clients who identified with that ethnicity regardless of exclusive race category.

Table 7. Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by race/ethnicity alone or combined and agency, 2024

Agency	African American/Black (N)	African American/Black (%)	American Indian/Alaska Native (N)	American Indian/Alaska Native (%)	Asian /Pacific Islander (N)	Asian/Pacific Islander (%)	Unknown/declined (N)	Unknown/declined (%)	White (N)	White (%)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (N)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (%)
Aitkin	9	10.7	20	23.8	*	*	*	*	71	84.5	*	*
Anoka	367	33.9	120	11.1	64	5.9	75	6.9	665	61.5	121	11.2
Becker	20	11.2	91	50.8	*	*	*	*	134	74.9	12	6.7
Beltrami	12	5.1	144	61.5	*	*	*	*	135	57.7	12	5.1
Benton	76	30.6	40	16.1	15	6	*	*	196	79	19	7.7
Big Stone	*	*	7	21.9	*	*	*	*	25	78.1	*	*
Blue Earth	125	28.3	53	12	15	3.4	20	4.5	324	73.5	34	7.7
Brown	11	7.4	14	9.4	*	*	10	6.7	134	89.9	22	14.8
Carlton	27	6.8	209	52.3	7	1.8	*	*	271	67.8	12	3
Carver	76	19	67	16.8	8	2	29	7.3	295	73.9	43	10.8

Agency	African American/Black (N)	African American/Black (%)	American Indian/ Alaska Native (N)	American Indian/ Alaska Native (%)	Asian /Pacific Islander (N)	Asian/Pacific Islander (%)	Unknown/declined (N)	Unknown/declined (%)	White (N)	White (%)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (N)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (%)
Cass	*	*	43	30.5	*	*	7	5	93	66	7	5
Chippewa	11	10.2	21	19.4	*	*	*	*	95	88	49	45.4
Chisago	10	5.1	21	10.7	8	4.1	8	4.1	170	86.7	*	*
Clay	92	28.8	123	38.6	8	2.5	*	*	241	75.5	42	13.2
Clearwater	*	*	37	43.5	*	*	*	*	74	87.1	*	*
Cook	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Crow Wing	18	6.3	69	24	*	*	*	*	249	86.5	7	2.4
Dakota	450	28.1	261	16.3	45	2.8	413	25.7	767	47.8	291	18.1
Des Moines Valley HHS	15	13.4	*	*	*	*	*	*	99	88.4	21	18.8
Douglas	29	8.6	86	25.4	*	*	15	4.4	297	87.6	31	9.1
Faribault-Martin	15	6.3	40	16.7	14	5.8	*	*	221	92.1	43	17.9
Fillmore	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	45	93.8	*	*
Freeborn	23	12.5	13	7.1	*	*	*	*	158	85.9	47	25.5
Goodhue	20	9.7	33	15.9	*	*	11	5.3	180	87	14	6.8
Hennepin	3,212	58.1	909	16.4	238	4.3	171	3.1	2,366	42.8	908	16.4
Houston	*	*	7	10.1	*	*	*	*	64	92.8	*	*
Hubbard	11	4.4	81	32.3	*	*	*	*	221	88	14	5.6
Isanti	17	10.9	32	20.5	*	*	*	*	139	89.1	*	*
Itasca	15	4.7	130	40.9	*	*	*	*	266	83.6	10	3.1
Kanabec	8	7.8	14	13.7	*	*	9	8.8	88	86.3	*	*
Kandiyohi	39	8.7	66	14.8	9	2	29	6.5	357	80	179	40.1
Kittson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	7	77.8	*	*
Koochiching	*	*	16	12.9	*	*	10	8.1	112	90.3	7	5.6
Lac qui Parle	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	41	95.3	8	18.6
Lake	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	41	93.2	*	*
Lake of the Woods	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	21	75	*	*
Le Sueur	7	4.2	*	*	*	*	9	5.5	149	90.3	32	19.4
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	*	*	183	99.5	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
MN Prairie	44	10.5	31	7.4	*	*	20	4.8	371	88.5	70	16.7
Mahnomen	*	*	21	75	*	*	*	*	16	57.1	*	*
Marshall	*	*	19	29.2	*	*	*	*	60	92.3	13	20
McLeod	14	5.2	22	8.2	*	*	10	3.7	250	93.3	47	17.5
Meeker	9	6	13	8.7	7	4.7	17	11.3	130	86.7	16	10.7
Mille Lacs	18	5.9	126	41.3	7	2.3	9	3	188	61.6	*	*
Morrison	11	11.6	16	16.8	*	*	*	*	88	92.6	*	*
Mower	46	21	17	7.8	14	6.4	*	*	175	79.9	45	20.5

Agency	African American/Black (N)	African American/Black (%)	American Indian/Alaska Native (N)	American Indian/Alaska Native (%)	Asian /Pacific Islander (N)	Asian/Pacific Islander (%)	Unknown/declined (N)	Unknown/declined (%)	White (N)	White (%)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (N)	Hispanic/Latinx (any race) (%)
Nicollet	56	23.6	42	17.7	10	4.2	*	*	191	80.6	42	17.7
Nobles	14	5.8	15	6.3	19	7.9	57	23.8	149	62.1	122	50.8
Norman	*	*	15	26.3	*	*	*	*	52	91.2	15	26.3
Olmsted	164	30.8	96	18	29	5.5	9	1.7	405	76.1	74	13.9
Otter Tail	20	6.3	52	16.3	*	*	19	6	280	87.8	27	8.5
Pennington	*	*	15	23.1	*	*	*	*	62	95.4	*	*
Pine	13	6.2	39	18.5	*	*	19	9	161	76.3	10	4.7
Polk	11	5	94	42.3	*	*	10	4.5	166	74.8	58	26.1
Ramsey	1,595	51.1	501	16.1	399	12.8	115	3.7	1,272	40.8	386	12.4
Red Lake County	*	*	8	26.7	*	*	*	*	28	93.3	*	*
Renville	*	*	11	6.5	*	*	*	*	159	94.6	49	29.2
Rice	45	13.4	18	5.4	9	2.7	19	5.7	276	82.4	73	21.8
Roseau	7	7.6	26	28.3	*	*	*	*	62	67.4	*	*
Scott	114	23.6	55	11.4	29	6	53	11	333	68.8	82	16.9
Sherburne	97	17.1	93	16.4	16	2.8	49	8.6	425	74.8	41	7.2
Sibley	10	9.6	19	18.3	*	*	*	*	98	94.2	25	24
Southwest HHS	61	8.7	104	14.8	28	4	57	8.1	521	73.9	113	16
St. Louis	398	20.7	871	45.4	31	1.6	63	3.3	1,348	70.2	64	3.3
Stearns	277	29.9	166	17.9	23	2.5	40	4.3	655	70.7	108	11.7
Stevens	*	*	21	20.2	*	*	13	12.5	81	77.9	19	18.3
Swift	10	12	*	*	9	10.8	*	*	70	84.3	14	16.9
Todd	7	4.9	14	9.9	*	*	*	*	128	90.1	21	14.8
Traverse	*	*	35	52.2	*	*	*	*	51	76.1	*	*
Wabasha	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	74	90.2	16	19.5
Wadena	9	6	35	23.5	*	*	11	7.4	130	87.2	*	*
Washington	172	28.8	64	10.7	32	5.4	131	21.9	327	54.8	43	7.2
Watonwan	*	*	7	6.7	*	*	*	*	94	90.4	62	59.6
Western Prairie Human Services	10	6.4	19	12.2	*	*	*	*	148	94.9	*	*
White Earth Nation	*	*	189	98.4	*	*	*	*	7	3.6	*	*
Wilkin	*	*	15	25.9	*	*	*	*	45	77.6	*	*
Winona	54	25.5	17	8	*	*	*	*	167	78.8	15	7.1
Wright	80	13.9	50	8.7	9	1.6	87	15.2	419	73	26	4.5
Yellow Medicine	7	9.7	26	36.1	*	*	*	*	58	80.6	9	12.5
Minnesota	8,151	28	5,974	20.5	1,183	4.1	1,733	6	18,542	63.8	3,762	12.9

*Note: If the number of children is less than seven when data are disaggregated by race/ethnicity and agency, it is not shown to prevent identification of individuals. Children may be counted in multiple race/ethnicity categories; therefore, rows may total to more than total shown.

Note on race and ethnicity categories: This breakdown includes overlapping racial categories. A client may be counted in any row or column for any racial or ethnicity value they identified with. If a client identified with multiple race or ethnicity values, they will be counted in each relevant racial/ethnic category.

Table 8. Number, percentage and per 1,000 rate of alleged victims in population by race/ethnicity alone, 2024

	African American/ Black	American Indian/ Alaska Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Two or more races	White	Total	Hispanic/ Latinx (any race)
Alleged victims (N)	5,012	2,119	774	5,885	13,548	29,072	3,762
Alleged victim (%)	17.2	7.3	2.7	20.2	46.6	100	12.9
Population (N)	154,914	28,708	91,583	79,623	949,709	1,304,537	132,626
Population (%)	11.9	2.2	7	6.1	72.8	100	10.2
Per 1,000 rate	32.4	73.8	8.5	73.9	14.3	22.3	28.4

Note on race and ethnicity categories: This breakdown relies on exclusive racial categories, except Hispanic/Latinx (any race). A client is only counted in a single row or column, based on their identification with a single race value. If a client identified with more than one race value, they will be counted in the multi-racial “two or more races” category. “Hispanic/Latinx (any race)” shows clients who identified with that ethnicity regardless of exclusive race category.

Note: Child population information comes from U.S. Census Bureau population estimates, [table SC-EST2023-ALLDATA6](#).

Table 9. Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by age groups and agency, 2024

Agency	Under 3 years (N)	Under 3 years (%)	3-5 years (N)	3-5 years (%)	6-8 years (N)	6-8 years (%)	9-11 years (N)	9-11 years (%)	12-14 years (N)	12-14 years (%)	15-17 years (N)	15-17 years (%)
Aitkin	15	17.9	9	10.7	21	25	20	23.8	11	13.1	8	9.5
Anoka	176	16.3	199	18.4	218	20.1	172	15.9	180	16.6	137	12.7
Becker	31	17.3	27	15.1	37	20.7	35	19.6	23	12.8	26	14.5
Beltrami	47	20.1	36	15.4	48	20.5	43	18.4	37	15.8	23	9.8
Benton	61	24.6	46	18.5	46	18.5	46	18.5	28	11.3	21	8.5
Big Stone	3	9.4	10	31.3	8	25	2	6.3	5	15.6	4	12.5
Blue Earth	85	19.3	86	19.5	87	19.7	70	15.9	62	14.1	51	11.6
Brown	29	19.5	34	22.8	30	20.1	22	14.8	21	14.1	13	8.7
Carlton	61	15.3	62	15.5	76	19	68	17	81	20.3	52	13
Carver	67	16.8	63	15.8	69	17.3	73	18.3	58	14.5	69	17.3
Cass	29	20.6	16	11.3	34	24.1	23	16.3	24	17	15	10.6
Chippewa	19	17.6	15	13.9	23	21.3	24	22.2	12	11.1	15	13.9
Chisago	40	20.4	28	14.3	33	16.8	39	19.9	35	17.9	21	10.7
Clay	71	22.3	69	21.6	54	16.9	57	17.9	49	15.4	19	6
Clearwater	14	16.5	21	24.7	12	14.1	17	20	9	10.6	12	14.1
Cook	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	50	1	16.7	2	33.3
Crow Wing	47	16.4	45	15.7	59	20.6	51	17.8	52	18.1	33	11.5
Dakota	260	16.2	247	15.4	341	21.3	317	19.8	219	13.7	219	13.7
Des Moines Valley HHS	14	12.5	14	12.5	31	27.7	24	21.4	15	13.4	14	12.5
Douglas	50	14.7	65	19.2	76	22.4	62	18.3	52	15.3	34	10
Faribault-Martin	51	21.3	42	17.6	50	20.9	30	12.6	45	18.8	21	8.8

Agency	Under 3 years (N)	Under 3 years (%)	3-5 years (N)	3-5 years (%)	6-8 years (N)	6-8 years (%)	9-11 years (N)	9-11 years (%)	12-14 years (N)	12-14 years (%)	15-17 years (N)	15-17 years (%)
Fillmore	9	18.8	6	12.5	3	6.3	12	25	10	20.8	8	16.7
Freeborn	54	29.3	34	18.5	23	12.5	28	15.2	27	14.7	18	9.8
Goodhue	45	21.7	43	20.8	40	19.3	31	15	23	11.1	25	12.1
Hennepin	1,042	18.9	930	16.8	1,030	18.7	894	16.2	818	14.8	808	14.6
Houston	9	13	9	13	16	23.2	17	24.6	10	14.5	8	11.6
Hubbard	42	16.7	39	15.5	42	16.7	48	19.1	48	19.1	32	12.7
Isanti	24	15.4	23	14.7	23	14.7	34	21.8	26	16.7	26	16.7
Itasca	53	16.7	41	12.9	68	21.4	60	18.9	49	15.4	47	14.8
Kanabec	17	16.7	17	16.7	25	24.5	18	17.6	14	13.7	11	10.8
Kandiyohi	97	21.7	74	16.6	96	21.5	65	14.6	55	12.3	58	13
Kittson	1	11.1	0	0	3	33.3	1	11.1	2	22.2	2	22.2
Koochiching	24	19.4	22	17.7	20	16.1	19	15.3	20	16.1	19	15.3
Lac qui Parle	5	11.6	5	11.6	5	11.6	7	16.3	12	27.9	9	20.9
Lake	8	18.2	6	13.6	10	22.7	8	18.2	6	13.6	6	13.6
Lake of the Woods	3	10.7	11	39.3	4	14.3	4	14.3	2	7.1	4	14.3
Le Sueur	40	24.2	33	20	28	17	25	15.2	19	11.5	20	12.1
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	32	17.4	36	19.6	45	24.5	40	21.7	17	9.2	14	7.6
MN Prairie	92	22	72	17.2	75	17.9	66	15.8	62	14.8	52	12.4
Mahnomen	1	3.6	4	14.3	8	28.6	5	17.9	8	28.6	2	7.1
Marshall	6	9.2	9	13.8	19	29.2	15	23.1	9	13.8	7	10.8
McLeod	39	14.6	55	20.5	52	19.4	49	18.3	37	13.8	36	13.4
Meeker	22	14.7	24	16	28	18.7	33	22	25	16.7	18	12
Mille Lacs	48	15.7	37	12.1	60	19.7	64	21	58	19	38	12.5
Morrison	16	16.8	13	13.7	24	25.3	15	15.8	15	15.8	12	12.6
Mower	49	22.4	37	16.9	40	18.3	38	17.4	32	14.6	23	10.5
Nicollet	52	21.9	33	13.9	41	17.3	58	24.5	27	11.4	26	11
Nobles	34	14.2	37	15.4	47	19.6	47	19.6	45	18.8	30	12.5
Norman	12	21.1	9	15.8	9	15.8	14	24.6	7	12.3	6	10.5
Olmsted	120	22.6	90	16.9	98	18.4	73	13.7	89	16.7	62	11.7
Otter Tail	74	23.2	50	15.7	55	17.2	57	17.9	55	17.2	28	8.8
Pennington	13	20	11	16.9	8	12.3	10	15.4	13	20	10	15.4
Pine	39	18.5	53	25.1	39	18.5	38	18	22	10.4	20	9.5
Polk	43	19.4	30	13.5	42	18.9	40	18	37	16.7	30	13.5
Ramsey	561	18	513	16.4	649	20.8	563	18.1	463	14.8	370	11.9
Red Lake County	7	23.3	5	16.7	4	13.3	4	13.3	7	23.3	3	10
Renville	34	20.2	34	20.2	25	14.9	24	14.3	25	14.9	26	15.5
Rice	67	20	37	11	55	16.4	61	18.2	55	16.4	60	17.9
Roseau	15	16.3	21	22.8	16	17.4	20	21.7	15	16.3	5	5.4
Scott	87	18	65	13.4	90	18.6	78	16.1	82	16.9	82	16.9
Sherburne	94	16.5	104	18.3	110	19.4	97	17.1	84	14.8	79	13.9

Agency	Under 3 years (N)	Under 3 years (%)	3-5 years (N)	3-5 years (%)	6-8 years (N)	6-8 years (%)	9-11 years (N)	9-11 years (%)	12-14 years (N)	12-14 years (%)	15-17 years (N)	15-17 years (%)
Sibley	15	14.4	20	19.2	24	23.1	25	24	13	12.5	7	6.7
Southwest HHS	143	20.3	141	20	147	20.9	108	15.3	86	12.2	79	11.2
St. Louis	410	21.4	352	18.3	346	18	344	17.9	262	13.7	205	10.7
Stearns	233	25.2	139	15	172	18.6	172	18.6	120	13	89	9.6
Stevens	15	14.4	15	14.4	24	23.1	16	15.4	21	20.2	13	12.5
Swift	17	20.5	14	16.9	14	16.9	14	16.9	13	15.7	11	13.3
Todd	24	16.9	20	14.1	23	16.2	29	20.4	31	21.8	15	10.6
Traverse	12	17.9	8	11.9	13	19.4	11	16.4	15	22.4	8	11.9
Wabasha	20	24.4	11	13.4	16	19.5	14	17.1	10	12.2	11	13.4
Wadena	30	20.1	27	18.1	28	18.8	19	12.8	25	16.8	20	13.4
Washington	112	18.8	101	16.9	113	18.9	105	17.6	96	16.1	70	11.7
Watonwan	13	12.5	30	28.8	22	21.2	14	13.5	16	15.4	9	8.7
Western Prairie Human Services	25	16	23	14.7	29	18.6	40	25.6	24	15.4	15	9.6
White Earth Nation	40	20.8	38	19.8	31	16.1	32	16.7	36	18.8	15	7.8
Wilkin	8	13.8	7	12.1	19	32.8	10	17.2	7	12.1	7	12.1
Winona	54	25.5	44	20.8	31	14.6	32	15.1	25	11.8	26	12.3
Wright	87	15.2	95	16.6	118	20.6	105	18.3	89	15.5	80	13.9
Yellow Medicine	8	11.1	10	13.9	20	27.8	11	15.3	13	18.1	10	13.9
Minnesota	5,466	18.8	4,901	16.9	5,618	19.3	5,079	17.5	4,351	15	3,639	12.5

Note: For victims with more than one report during the report year, the age at their first screened-in and completed maltreatment report was used to determine age group. There was one alleged victim who was identified as above 17 years of age.

Table 10. Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by disability status, 2024

Disability	Alleged victims (N)	Alleged victims (%)
No known disability	25,990	85.6
Emotional disturbance	2,075	6.8
Other condition	702	2.3
Behavioral disorder	522	1.7
Developmental disability	468	1.5
Speech impairment	185	0.6
Learning disability	134	0.4
Physical disability	85	0.3
Intellectual disability	79	0.3
Chemical dependency	70	0.2
Visual impairment	30	0.1
Hearing impairment	31	0.1
Total	29,072	100

Note: Children may be counted in multiple disability categories; therefore, percentages will not total 100%.

Prior screened-out reports

Minnesota Statutes require county and Tribal child welfare agencies to consider children’s prior screened-out report histories when deciding to screen in a new report. The following table examines whether children involved in a screened-out maltreatment report were later involved in a screened-in maltreatment report. To measure this, children in screened-out reports with no child protection history in the previous four years were followed to see if they were alleged victims in a screened-in report in the next 12 months.

Table 11. Alleged victims with a screened-out maltreatment report in 2023 with a subsequent screened-in and completed assessment/investigation report within 12 months

Number of reports in previous year	Alleged victims with prior screened-out report(s) in previous year (N)	Alleged victims with a subsequent screened-in report (N)	Alleged victims with a subsequent screened-in report (%)
One report	16,448	2,043	12.4
Two reports	3,157	643	20.4
Three reports	912	229	25.1
Four or more reports	605	200	33.1
Total	21,122	3,115	14.7

Note: Only victims in screened-out reports in 2023 with no prior child protection involvement are included.

Alleged maltreatment type

In any given report of maltreatment, a child may have one or more types of alleged maltreatment identified. The five main categories of maltreatment are:

- **Mental injury:** a caregiver’s behavior that causes emotional or mental injury to a child
- **Neglect:** not adequately providing for the physical, mental or behavioral needs of a child
- **Physical abuse:** behavior that is intended to and/or results in physical harm to a child
- **Sexual abuse:** a caregiver’s sexual behavior towards or exploitation of children
- **Threatened injury:** a statement, overt act, condition or status that represents a substantial risk of physical abuse, sexual abuse or mental injury. ([Minnesota Statutes 260E.03, subd. 23.](#))

Threatened injury includes Birth Match reports, which occur when a parent is identified as having parental rights terminated for other children at the time of a subsequent child’s birth. It could also include exposing a child to a person responsible for their care who has caused harm, and issues related to domestic violence.

Refer to the [Minnesota Child Maltreatment Screening Guidelines](#) and [Minnesota Statutes 260E](#), Reporting of Maltreatment of Minors. Table 12 provides information on the number and percentage of alleged victims by maltreatment type.

Table 12. Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by maltreatment type and agency, 2024

Agency	Neglect (N)	Neglect (%)	Physical abuse (N)	Physical abuse (%)	Threatened injury (N)	Threatened injury (%)	Sexual abuse (N)	Sexual abuse (%)	Mental injury (N)	Mental injury (%)
Aitkin	57	67.9	24	28.6	8	9.5	5	6	0	0

Agency	Neglect (N)	Neglect (%)	Physical abuse (N)	Physical abuse (%)	Threatened injury (N)	Threatened injury (%)	Sexual abuse (N)	Sexual abuse (%)	Mental injury (N)	Mental injury (%)
Anoka	503	46.5	415	38.4	87	8	190	17.6	5	0.5
Becker	108	60.3	38	21.2	32	17.9	24	13.4	9	5
Beltrami	142	60.7	54	23.1	8	3.4	53	22.6	13	5.6
Benton	181	73	36	14.5	28	11.3	38	15.3	3	1.2
Big Stone	22	68.8	4	12.5	4	12.5	3	9.4	0	0
Blue Earth	280	63.5	104	23.6	33	7.5	62	14.1	12	2.7
Brown	79	53	32	21.5	19	12.8	29	19.5	8	5.4
Carlton	239	59.8	96	24	92	23	89	22.3	50	12.5
Carver	164	41.1	119	29.8	51	12.8	120	30.1	15	3.8
Cass	106	75.2	19	13.5	17	12.1	14	9.9	0	0
Chippewa	73	67.6	24	22.2	6	5.6	18	16.7	2	1.9
Chisago	120	61.2	37	18.9	17	8.7	36	18.4	11	5.6
Clay	212	66.5	55	17.2	56	17.6	37	11.6	4	1.3
Clearwater	49	57.6	17	20	19	22.4	15	17.6	12	14.1
Cook	1	16.7	3	50	1	16.7	0	0	3	50
Crow Wing	107	37.2	131	45.5	25	8.7	75	26	13	4.5
Dakota	975	60.8	418	26.1	46	2.9	272	17	12	0.7
Des Moines Valley HHS	66	58.9	23	20.5	9	8	16	14.3	3	2.7
Douglas	219	64.6	100	29.5	41	12.1	76	22.4	67	19.8
Faribault-Martin	152	63.3	46	19.2	28	11.7	33	13.8	3	1.3
Fillmore	22	45.8	12	25	2	4.2	15	31.3	3	6.3
Freeborn	111	60.3	36	19.6	52	28.3	30	16.3	12	6.5
Goodhue	103	49.8	71	34.3	18	8.7	42	20.3	7	3.4
Hennepin	3,024	54.7	1,712	30.9	958	17.3	957	17.3	172	3.1
Houston	43	62.3	22	31.9	4	5.8	10	14.5	5	7.2
Hubbard	154	61.4	80	31.9	40	15.9	38	15.1	71	28.3
Isanti	85	54.5	43	27.6	12	7.7	20	12.8	1	0.6
Itasca	213	67	49	15.4	24	7.5	65	20.4	15	4.7
Kanabec	72	70.6	14	13.7	7	6.9	17	16.7	3	2.9
Kandiyohi	288	64.6	148	33.2	99	22.2	107	24	33	7.4
Kittson	3	33.3	5	55.6	1	11.1	0	0	0	0
Koochiching	93	75	18	14.5	7	5.6	12	9.7	9	7.3
Lac qui Parle	28	65.1	4	9.3	9	20.9	8	18.6	11	25.6
Lake	32	72.7	8	18.2	1	2.3	6	13.6	3	6.8
Lake of the Woods	18	64.3	13	46.4	1	3.6	3	10.7	0	0
Le Sueur	98	59.4	37	22.4	56	33.9	16	9.7	9	5.5
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	165	89.7	16	8.7	7	3.8	7	3.8	5	2.7
MN Prairie	240	57.3	109	26	41	9.8	89	21.2	54	12.9
Mahnomen	23	82.1	3	10.7	1	3.6	3	10.7	0	0

Agency	Neglect (N)	Neglect (%)	Physical abuse (N)	Physical abuse (%)	Threatened injury (N)	Threatened injury (%)	Sexual abuse (N)	Sexual abuse (%)	Mental injury (N)	Mental injury (%)
Marshall	44	67.7	19	29.2	6	9.2	5	7.7	0	0
McLeod	190	70.9	50	18.7	38	14.2	23	8.6	24	9
Meeker	92	61.3	45	30	5	3.3	21	14	8	5.3
Mille Lacs	220	72.1	74	24.3	64	21	59	19.3	23	7.5
Morrison	48	50.5	18	18.9	7	7.4	28	29.5	1	1.1
Mower	110	50.2	61	27.9	11	5	46	21	8	3.7
Nicollet	136	57.4	69	29.1	33	13.9	25	10.5	12	5.1
Nobles	123	51.3	62	25.8	27	11.3	47	19.6	15	6.3
Norman	45	78.9	8	14	7	12.3	2	3.5	7	12.3
Olmsted	186	35	125	23.5	166	31.2	94	17.7	12	2.3
Otter Tail	220	69	83	26	22	6.9	27	8.5	16	5
Pennington	33	50.8	17	26.2	6	9.2	9	13.8	4	6.2
Pine	127	60.2	72	34.1	13	6.2	17	8.1	6	2.8
Polk	140	63.1	56	25.2	12	5.4	20	9	24	10.8
Ramsey	1,751	56.1	913	29.3	400	12.8	588	18.8	112	3.6
Red Lake County	20	66.7	7	23.3	1	3.3	3	10	3	10
Renville	104	61.9	37	22	35	20.8	31	18.5	27	16.1
Rice	191	57	86	25.7	65	19.4	39	11.6	25	7.5
Roseau	72	78.3	17	18.5	3	3.3	18	19.6	1	1.1
Scott	231	47.7	144	29.8	55	11.4	107	22.1	34	7
Sherburne	285	50.2	168	29.6	55	9.7	107	18.8	50	8.8
Sibley	70	67.3	36	34.6	2	1.9	13	12.5	4	3.8
Southwest HHS	471	66.8	162	23	84	11.9	94	13.3	55	7.8
St. Louis	1,249	65.1	426	22.2	488	25.4	321	16.7	109	5.7
Stearns	564	60.9	190	20.5	184	19.9	154	16.6	16	1.7
Stevens	69	66.3	31	29.8	15	14.4	14	13.5	13	12.5
Swift	53	63.9	23	27.7	7	8.4	7	8.4	13	15.7
Todd	68	47.9	48	33.8	14	9.9	29	20.4	7	4.9
Traverse	54	80.6	23	34.3	10	14.9	7	10.4	0	0
Wabasha	45	54.9	18	22	8	9.8	15	18.3	4	4.9
Wadena	94	63.1	17	11.4	29	19.5	16	10.7	15	10.1
Washington	275	46.1	183	30.7	98	16.4	99	16.6	23	3.9
Watonwan	72	69.2	34	32.7	2	1.9	8	7.7	7	6.7
Western Prairie Human Services	105	67.3	38	24.4	26	16.7	12	7.7	12	7.7
White Earth Nation	166	86.5	31	16.1	7	3.6	4	2.1	5	2.6
Wilkin	33	56.9	14	24.1	4	6.9	8	13.8	2	3.4
Winona	129	60.8	52	24.5	28	13.2	20	9.4	26	12.3
Wright	270	47	168	29.3	67	11.7	100	17.4	53	9.2
Yellow Medicine	46	63.9	24	33.3	12	16.7	13	18.1	4	5.6

Agency	Neglect (N)	Neglect (%)	Physical abuse (N)	Physical abuse (%)	Threatened injury (N)	Threatened injury (%)	Sexual abuse (N)	Sexual abuse (%)	Mental injury (N)	Mental injury (%)
Minnesota	16,871	58	7,844	27	4,083	14	4,900	16.9	1,438	4.9

Note: Alleged victims can have more than one allegation type; rows may not total the number of alleged victims.

Child protection response path assignment

Once a report has been accepted and screened in, local agencies assign a case to one of four child protection responses: Family Assessment, Family Investigation, Facility Investigation, or Noncaregiver Human Trafficking Assessment. All response paths are mandatory; families must engage with child protection or face the possibility of court action. Information about how cases are assigned to each track is provided below. (Note: A **case** in this report refers to a completed investigation or assessment.) Local agencies can do a Family Investigation or switch from one response path to another upon learning new information.

By law, cases including allegations of sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment (e.g. egregious harm, homicide, felony assault, abandonment, neglect due to failure to thrive and malicious punishment) must be assigned to **Family Investigation** ([Minnesota Statutes 260E.03, subd. 22.](#)). Maltreatment allegations reported occurring in family foster homes or family childcare homes are assigned to **Facility Investigation**. Maltreatment occurring in state-licensed residential facilities, institutions and childcare centers is investigated by the Minnesota Department of Human Services/Department of Children, Youth, and Families Licensing Division and is not included in this report. Cases not alleging substantial child endangerment or sexual abuse can be assigned to **Family Assessment**; or, if complicating factors are associated with a report (e.g. frequent, similar or recent history of past reports, or need for legal intervention due to violent activities in a home), a local agency may assign reports to **Family Investigation** for a response.

All reports of human trafficking with a noncaregiver or unknown alleged offender must be screened in and assigned as a **noncaregiver human trafficking assessment** (NCA). The term “noncaregiver human trafficker” means an individual who is alleged to have engaged in the act of sex or labor trafficking a child and who is not a person responsible for the child’s care, who does not have a significant relationship with the child as defined in Minnesota Statutes [609.341](#). ([Minnesota Statutes 260E.03, subd. 15a.](#))

The key difference between a Family Assessment and a Family Investigation is that it is only when doing an investigation that a determination is made as to whether maltreatment occurred and, if so, by whom. In all types of child protection responses to maltreatment reports, the assessment or investigative phase has five shared goals:

- Identify and resolve immediate safety needs of children
- Conduct fact-finding regarding the circumstances described in a maltreatment report
- Identify the risk of ongoing maltreatment
- Identify needs and circumstances of children (and families)
- Determine whether there is a need for child protective services to provide ongoing safety, permanency, and well-being for children.

In investigations (both family and facility), a determination of whether maltreatment occurred is made. Determinations are made based of the preponderance of evidence of the facts. If a determination of maltreatment is made, information is maintained for a minimum of 10 years. Tables 13a and 13b show the number and percent of cases, and of alleged victims, respectively, by response path and agency.

Table 13a. Number and percentage of cases by path assignment and agency, 2024

FA – Family Assessment, FI – Family Investigation, Fac. Inv. – Facility Investigation

Agency	FA cases (N)	FA cases (%)	FI cases (N)	FI cases (%)	Fac. Inv. cases (N)	Fac. Inv. cases (%)	Total cases
Aitkin	44	75.9	14	24.1	0	0	58
Anoka	550	64	290	33.7	20	2.3	860
Becker	84	60.9	52	37.7	2	1.4	138
Beltrami	92	51.7	79	44.4	7	3.9	178
Benton	102	55.4	76	41.3	6	3.3	184
Big Stone	15	75	4	20	1	5	20
Blue Earth	289	75.7	85	22.3	8	2.1	382
Brown	90	74.4	30	24.8	1	0.8	121
Carlton	186	66	83	29.4	13	4.6	282
Carver	199	65.9	99	32.8	4	1.3	302
Cass	81	70.4	33	28.7	1	0.9	115
Chippewa	44	55	34	42.5	2	2.5	80
Chisago	88	57.5	61	39.9	4	2.6	153
Clay	156	71.2	59	26.9	4	1.8	219
Clearwater	42	71.2	16	27.1	1	1.7	59
Cook	3	75	1	25	0	0	4
Crow Wing	121	62.1	65	33.3	9	4.6	195
Dakota	844	65.1	417	32.2	35	2.7	1,296
Des Moines Valley HHS	76	80	19	20	0	0	95
Douglas	138	54.1	112	43.9	5	2	255
Faribault-Martin	121	66.1	56	30.6	6	3.3	183
Fillmore	28	71.8	11	28.2	0	0	39
Freeborn	84	61.3	50	36.5	3	2.2	137
Goodhue	117	71.8	44	27	2	1.2	163
Hennepin	2,928	67.2	1,316	30.2	113	2.6	4,358
Houston	47	75.8	14	22.6	1	1.6	62
Hubbard	113	62.1	68	37.4	1	0.5	182
Isanti	69	59.5	43	37.1	4	3.4	116
Itasca	109	50.5	95	44	12	5.6	216
Kanabec	52	63.4	27	32.9	3	3.7	82
Kandiyohi	134	39.1	204	59.5	5	1.5	343
Kittson	5	62.5	3	37.5	0	0	8
Koochiching	78	71.6	31	28.4	0	0	109
Lac qui Parle	20	66.7	10	33.3	0	0	30
Lake	26	78.8	6	18.2	1	3	33
Lake of the Woods	18	78.3	4	17.4	1	4.3	23
Le Sueur	89	67.9	41	31.3	1	0.8	131
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	112	86.8	13	10.1	4	3.1	129
MN Prairie	218	67.5	99	30.7	6	1.9	323

Agency	FA cases (N)	FA cases (%)	FI cases (N)	FI cases (%)	Fac. Inv. cases (N)	Fac. Inv. cases (%)	Total cases
Mahnomen	12	85.7	2	14.3	0	0	14
Marshall	29	70.7	12	29.3	0	0	41
McLeod	93	49.2	87	46	9	4.8	189
Meeker	96	75	31	24.2	1	0.8	128
Mille Lacs	106	55.8	70	36.8	14	7.4	190
Morrison	52	68.4	24	31.6	0	0	76
Mower	114	71.7	40	25.2	5	3.1	159
Nicollet	152	76.4	44	22.1	3	1.5	199
Nobles	134	70.2	57	29.8	0	0	191
Norman	35	79.5	9	20.5	0	0	44
Olmsted	248	74.3	83	24.9	3	0.9	334
Otter Tail	181	73	60	24.2	7	2.8	248
Pennington	38	61.3	23	37.1	1	1.6	62
Pine	115	72.3	40	25.2	4	2.5	159
Polk	136	79.1	32	18.6	4	2.3	172
Ramsey	1,578	68	711	30.6	33	1.4	2,322
Red Lake County	16	80	4	20	0	0	20
Renville	60	53.1	51	45.1	2	1.8	113
Rice	159	60.9	92	35.2	10	3.8	261
Roseau	51	68	22	29.3	2	2.7	75
Scott	297	72.3	106	25.8	8	1.9	411
Sherburne	278	67.1	123	29.7	13	3.1	414
Sibley	57	75	17	22.4	2	2.6	76
Southwest HHS	370	71	142	27.3	8	1.5	521
St. Louis	985	61.7	542	34	69	4.3	1,596
Stearns	487	69.6	204	29.1	8	1.1	700
Stevens	58	63.7	30	33	3	3.3	91
Swift	31	48.4	32	50	1	1.6	64
Todd	69	58.5	42	35.6	7	5.9	118
Traverse	29	63	16	34.8	1	2.2	46
Wabasha	47	65.3	24	33.3	1	1.4	72
Wadena	71	67.6	33	31.4	1	1	105
Washington	259	57.7	174	38.8	16	3.6	449
Watonwan	61	75.3	19	23.5	1	1.2	81
Western Prairie Human Services	72	59	46	37.7	4	3.3	122
White Earth Nation	119	89.5	12	9	2	1.5	133
Wilkin	41	89.1	5	10.9	0	0	46
Winona	138	75.4	42	23	3	1.6	183
Wright	272	59.6	176	38.6	8	1.8	456
Yellow Medicine	33	60	22	40	0	0	55
Minnesota	14,791	66	7,065	31.5	540	2.4	22,399

†Note: Hennepin, Southwest HHS, and Stearns each had one additional noncaregiver trafficking assessment (NCA)

Table 13b. Number and percentage of alleged victims by path assignment and agency, 2024

FA – Family Assessment, FI – Family Investigation, Fac. Inv. – Facility Investigation

Agency	FA alleged victims (N)	FA alleged victims (%)	FI alleged victims (N)	FI alleged victims (%)	Fac. Inv. alleged victims (N)	Fac. Inv. alleged victims (%)	Total alleged victims
Aitkin	66	78.6	19	22.6	0	0	84
Anoka	643	59.4	436	40.3	23	2.1	1,082
Becker	105	58.7	78	43.6	2	1.1	179
Beltrami	114	48.7	117	50	13	5.6	234
Benton	125	50.4	118	47.6	21	8.5	248
Big Stone	27	84.4	4	12.5	1	3.1	32
Blue Earth	340	77.1	107	24.3	10	2.3	441
Brown	114	76.5	41	27.5	1	0.7	149
Carlton	252	63	153	38.3	35	8.8	400
Carver	237	59.4	166	41.6	15	3.8	399
Cass	105	74.5	40	28.4	2	1.4	141
Chippewa	64	59.3	46	42.6	4	3.7	108
Chisago	117	59.7	82	41.8	6	3.1	196
Clay	234	73.4	86	27	7	2.2	319
Clearwater	56	65.9	36	42.4	1	1.2	85
Cook	5	83.3	1	16.7	0	0	6
Crow Wing	179	62.2	102	35.4	15	5.2	288
Dakota	991	61.8	585	36.5	56	3.5	1,604
Des Moines Valley HHS	90	80.4	28	25	0	0	112
Douglas	193	56.9	162	47.8	7	2.1	339
Faribault-Martin	159	66.3	82	34.2	7	2.9	240
Fillmore	31	64.6	19	39.6	0	0	48
Freeborn	115	62.5	77	41.8	3	1.6	184
Goodhue	154	74.4	61	29.5	3	1.4	207
Hennepin	3,603	65.1	1,991	36	154	2.8	5,532
Houston	57	82.6	17	24.6	1	1.4	69
Hubbard	171	68.1	97	38.6	1	0.4	251
Isanti	93	59.6	61	39.1	5	3.2	156
Itasca	141	44.3	156	49.1	26	8.2	318
Kanabec	67	65.7	34	33.3	3	2.9	102
Kandiyohi	192	43	282	63.2	10	2.2	446
Kittson	6	66.7	3	33.3	0	0	9
Koochiching	100	80.6	34	27.4	0	0	124
Lac qui Parle	24	55.8	20	46.5	0	0	43
Lake	39	88.6	6	13.6	1	2.3	44
Lake of the Woods	22	78.6	5	17.9	1	3.6	28
Le Sueur	117	70.9	58	35.2	1	0.6	165
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	159	86.4	22	12	6	3.3	184

Agency	FA alleged victims (N)	FA alleged victims (%)	FI alleged victims (N)	FI alleged victims (%)	Fac. Inv. alleged victims (N)	Fac. Inv. alleged victims (%)	Total alleged victims
MN Prairie	275	65.6	157	37.5	6	1.4	419
Mahnomen	26	92.9	3	10.7	0	0	28
Marshall	47	72.3	23	35.4	0	0	65
McLeod	131	48.9	137	51.1	10	3.7	268
Meeker	110	73.3	47	31.3	1	0.7	150
Mille Lacs	159	52.1	133	43.6	28	9.2	305
Morrison	62	65.3	34	35.8	0	0	95
Mower	151	68.9	64	29.2	7	3.2	219
Nicollet	192	81	54	22.8	3	1.3	237
Nobles	152	63.3	95	39.6	0	0	240
Norman	43	75.4	16	28.1	0	0	57
Olmsted	414	77.8	128	24.1	3	0.6	532
Otter Tail	244	76.5	83	26	8	2.5	319
Pennington	40	61.5	27	41.5	1	1.5	65
Pine	167	79.1	46	21.8	4	1.9	211
Polk	171	77	50	22.5	4	1.8	222
Ramsey	1,992	63.8	1,166	37.4	57	1.8	3,120
Red Lake County	27	90	4	13.3	0	0	30
Renville	95	56.5	83	49.4	3	1.8	168
Rice	199	59.4	131	39.1	26	7.8	335
Roseau	63	68.5	35	38	3	3.3	92
Scott	351	72.5	153	31.6	10	2.1	484
Sherburne	369	65	191	33.6	31	5.5	568
Sibley	79	76	24	23.1	2	1.9	104
Southwest HHS	504	71.5	231	32.8	26	3.7	705
St. Louis	1,202	62.6	789	41.1	110	5.7	1,920
Stearns	626	67.6	325	35.1	34	3.7	926
Stevens	76	73.1	43	41.3	3	2.9	104
Swift	37	44.6	49	59	1	1.2	83
Todd	78	54.9	55	38.7	13	9.2	142
Traverse	51	76.1	25	37.3	3	4.5	67
Wabasha	56	68.3	29	35.4	1	1.2	82
Wadena	113	75.8	44	29.5	5	3.4	149
Washington	320	53.6	261	43.7	27	4.5	597
Watonwan	86	82.7	20	19.2	1	1	104
Western Prairie Human Services	96	61.5	71	45.5	4	2.6	156
White Earth Nation	178	92.7	15	7.8	2	1	192
Wilkin	45	77.6	13	22.4	0	0	58
Winona	168	79.2	52	24.5	3	1.4	212
Wright	343	59.8	251	43.7	12	2.1	574
Yellow Medicine	40	55.6	34	47.2	0	0	72

Agency	FA alleged victims (N)	FA alleged victims (%)	FI alleged victims (N)	FI alleged victims (%)	Fac. Inv. alleged victims (N)	Fac. Inv. alleged victims (%)	Total alleged victims
Minnesota	18,885	65	10,623	36.5	893	3.1	29,072

†Note: Hennepin, Southwest HHS, and Stearns each had one additional alleged victim assigned to a noncaregiver trafficking assessment (NCA)

Mandatory and discretionary reasons for child protection response paths

There are mandatory and discretionary reasons that local child protection agency staff assign a case to the Family Investigation response path. Table 14 shows the percentage of alleged victims assigned to Family Investigation by discretionary and mandatory reasons by race.

Table 14. Number and percentage of alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations assigned to Family Investigation by discretionary versus mandatory reasons, by race/ethnicity alone, 2024

Race/ethnicity	Discretionary (N)	Discretionary (%)	Mandatory (N)	Mandatory (%)	Total alleged victims
African American / Black	281	17.2	1,366	83.4	1,638
American Indian / Alaska Native	138	17.9	648	83.9	772
Asian / Pacific Islander	50	17.2	240	82.8	290
Two or more races	507	21.9	1,864	80.6	2,312
Unknown / declined	97	15	557	86.1	647
White	924	18.6	4,116	82.9	4,964
Total	1,997	18.8	8,791	82.8	10,623
Hispanic / Latinx (any race)	246	17.4	1,193	84.3	1,415

Note on race and ethnicity categories: This breakdown relies on exclusive racial categories, except Hispanic/Latinx (any race). A client is only counted in a single row or column, based on their identification with a single race value. If a client identified with more than one race value, they will be counted in the multi-racial “two or more races” category. “Hispanic/Latinx (any race)” shows clients who identified with that ethnicity regardless of exclusive race category.

Timeliness of face-to-face contact with alleged victims of child maltreatment

After screening a report and assigning a response path, the first step in all child protection responses is to have face-to-face contact with the alleged victim(s) of maltreatment to determine if children are safe or in need of protection. Occasionally, law enforcement may place children on a 72-hour hold before a caseworker receives the report. Caseworkers must see all alleged victims listed in a report. Two response time frames align with the assignment of child protection response. Allegations that indicate a risk of substantial child endangerment or sexual abuse require an investigation and require local agencies to see all alleged victims within 24 hours. The five-day timeline applies to children named as alleged victims in child protection cases assigned either a Family Assessment response or a Family Investigation response, which is due to the discretion of agency staff (rather than for mandatory reasons because of severity of current allegation/s).

Table 15. Timeliness of face-to-face contact with alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by agency, 2024

Agency	Total alleged victims	Alleged victims seen in a timely manner (N)	Alleged victims seen in a timely manner (%)
Aitkin	121	109	90.1

Agency	Total alleged victims	Alleged victims seen in a timely manner (N)	Alleged victims seen in a timely manner (%)
Anoka	1,499	1,321	88.1
Becker	227	204	89.9
Beltrami	315	290	92.1
Benton	313	313	100.0
Big Stone	36	34	94.4
Blue Earth	615	564	91.7
Brown	233	224	96.1
Carlton	470	389	82.8
Carver	522	503	96.4
Cass	212	182	85.8
Chippewa	131	103	78.6
Chisago	247	224	90.7
Clay	440	401	91.1
Clearwater	107	75	70.1
Cook	3	1	33.3
Crow Wing	333	287	86.2
Dakota	2,136	2,024	94.8
Des Moines Valley HHS	164	158	96.3
Douglas	489	460	94.1
Faribault-Martin	319	304	95.3
Fillmore	80	79	98.8
Freeborn	266	232	87.2
Goodhue	273	262	96.0
Hennepin	7,134	5,882	82.5
Houston	99	90	90.9
Hubbard	336	297	88.4
Isanti	192	186	96.9
Itasca	381	240	63.0
Kanabec	124	76	61.3
Kandiyohi	580	506	87.2
Kittson	17	15	88.2
Koochiching	176	147	83.5
Lac qui Parle	61	56	91.8
Lake	63	53	84.1
Lake of the Woods	31	27	87.1
Le Sueur	224	205	91.5
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	247	130	52.6
Mahnomen	32	29	90.6
Marshall	84	80	95.2
McLeod	397	323	81.4
Meeker	231	206	89.2
Mille Lacs	400	383	95.8

Agency	Total alleged victims	Alleged victims seen in a timely manner (N)	Alleged victims seen in a timely manner (%)
MN Prairie	586	466	79.5
Morrison	156	156	100.0
Mower	258	236	91.5
Nicollet	333	295	88.6
Nobles	343	290	84.5
Norman	73	61	83.6
Olmsted	747	709	94.9
Otter Tail	415	371	89.4
Pennington	91	77	84.6
Pine	300	167	55.7
Polk	316	297	94.0
Ramsey	4,135	3,528	85.3
Red Lake	33	28	84.8
Renville	217	199	91.7
Rice	441	363	82.3
Roseau	129	120	93.0
Scott	688	635	92.3
Sherburne	723	686	94.9
Sibley	149	146	98.0
Southwest HHS	980	832	84.9
St. Louis	2,723	1,830	67.2
Stearns	1,307	1,259	96.3
Stevens	166	165	99.4
Swift	118	108	91.5
Todd	189	166	87.8
Traverse	103	98	95.1
Wabasha	112	106	94.6
Wadena	199	188	94.5
Washington	761	662	87.0
Watonwan	158	141	89.2
Western Prairie Human Services	204	202	99.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	89	34	38.2
Wilkin	91	59	64.8
Winona	295	278	94.2
Wright	844	775	91.8
Yellow Medicine	106	104	98.1
Minnesota	38,938	33,511	86.1

Assessment of safety, risk and service need

After initial interviews and meetings in both the Family Assessment and Family Investigation response paths, caseworkers assess safety, based on professional judgement and information provided from a safety assessment tool. If a safety threat is indicated, caseworkers, along with other partners, determine whether a safety plan can keep the child/ren safe, or if additional intervention, such as placement in out-of-home care, is warranted.

During the Family Assessment or Family Investigation phase, caseworkers also determine the risk of future maltreatment and decide whether child protective services are needed to provide ongoing safety, well-being and permanency. All types of child protection assessments and investigations are to be completed in 45 days. If child protective services are needed, ongoing case management services are provided to families by opening child protection case management. At the closing of a Family or Facility Investigation, a determination as to whether maltreatment occurred is made. At any point during the assessment or investigation phase, if local agency staff feel a child is not safe, they may seek removal and place the child in out-of-home care and/or seek a Child in Need of Protection or Services (CHIPS) petition to provide court oversight and monitoring.

Safety and risk assessment

After making initial contact with the alleged victims and their families, child protection caseworkers utilize a formal safety assessment tool. Safety is continually monitored throughout each case, but a formal assessment is completed during the first meeting with the family. The tool results in three possible ratings: “safe,” “conditionally safe” and “unsafe.” “Conditionally safe” ratings require caseworkers to create a safety plan to immediately address safety needs identified in the assessment tool for an alleged victim to remain at home. “Unsafe” ratings indicate that removing the child is likely necessary to achieve safety if the caregiver(s) is/are unable or unwilling to make necessary changes to ensure safety. A court order is ultimately required to place a child in out-of-home care unless a parent voluntarily agrees to removal. Sometimes children’s removals last only a few days, but they can be in care for many months while their families work to ensure they can provide for their children’s safety. Children may enter out-of-home care at times outside of a child protection assessment or investigation because of maltreatment or for other reasons (e.g., children’s mental health needs or developmental disabilities).

Tables 16 and 17 contain information regarding assessments of safety and removals that occur during an assessment or investigation of maltreatment. For information on children in out-of-home care, see **Minnesota’s 2024 Out-of-Home Care and Permanency Report**.

Table 16. Number and percentage of cases by safety assessment level and agency, 2024

Agency	FA Safe (N)	FA Safe (%)	FA Cond Safe (N)	FA Cond Safe (%)	FA Unsafe (N)	FA Unsafe (%)	FI Safe (N)	FI Safe (%)	FI Cond Safe (N)	FI Cond Safe (%)	FI Unsafe (N)	FI Unsafe (%)	Total cases
Aitkin	34	77.3	9	20.5	1	2.3	5	35.7	8	57.1	1	7.1	58
Anoka	473	86	74	13.5	3	0.5	150	51.7	97	33.4	43	14.8	840
Becker	42	50	41	48.8	1	1.2	11	21.2	26	50	15	28.8	136
Beltrami	68	73.9	22	23.9	2	2.2	36	45.6	32	40.5	11	13.9	171
Benton	52	51	49	48	1	1	1	1.3	60	78.9	15	19.7	178
Big Stone	6	40	9	60	0	0	3	75	0	0	1	25	19
Blue Earth	157	54.3	112	38.8	20	6.9	34	40	41	48.2	10	11.8	374
Brown	57	63.3	26	28.9	7	7.8	8	26.7	20	66.7	2	6.7	120
Carlton	141	75.8	40	21.5	5	2.7	20	24.1	53	63.9	10	12	269

Agency	FA Safe (N)	FA Safe (%)	FA Cond Safe (N)	FA Cond Safe (%)	FA Unsafe (N)	FA Unsafe (%)	FI Safe (N)	FI Safe (%)	FI Cond Safe (N)	FI Cond Safe (%)	FI Unsafe (N)	FI Unsafe (%)	Total cases
Carver	121	60.8	69	34.7	9	4.5	33	33.3	56	56.6	10	10.1	298
Cass	38	46.9	33	40.7	10	12.3	13	39.4	14	42.4	6	18.2	114
Chippewa	34	77.3	9	20.5	1	2.3	18	52.9	9	26.5	7	20.6	78
Chisago	41	46.6	45	51.1	2	2.3	21	34.4	34	55.7	6	9.8	149
Clay	59	37.8	87	55.8	10	6.4	24	40.7	29	49.2	6	10.2	215
Clearwater	32	76.2	10	23.8	0	0	9	56.3	3	18.8	4	25	58
Cook	1	33.3	2	66.7	0	0	0	0	1	100	0	0	4
Crow Wing	55	45.5	57	47.1	9	7.4	25	38.5	27	41.5	13	20	186
Dakota	782	92.7	52	6.2	10	1.2	300	71.9	91	21.8	26	6.2	1,261
Des Moines Valley HHS	57	75	18	23.7	1	1.3	7	36.8	9	47.4	3	15.8	95
Douglas	117	84.8	21	15.2	0	0	29	25.9	73	65.2	10	8.9	250
Faribault-Martin	46	38	71	58.7	4	3.3	7	12.5	38	67.9	11	19.6	177
Fillmore	26	92.9	2	7.1	0	0	3	27.3	6	54.5	2	18.2	39
Freeborn	59	70.2	21	25	4	4.8	18	36	22	44	10	20	134
Goodhue	69	59	44	37.6	4	3.4	18	40.9	20	45.5	6	13.6	161
Hennepin	2,364	80.7	404	13.8	160	5.5	860	65.3	318	24.2	138	10.5	4,244
Houston	25	53.2	19	40.4	3	6.4	7	50	5	35.7	2	14.3	61
Hubbard	93	82.3	14	12.4	6	5.3	46	67.6	17	25	4	5.9	181
Isanti	48	69.6	20	29	1	1.4	12	27.9	26	60.5	5	11.6	112
Itasca	66	60.6	38	34.9	5	4.6	45	47.4	40	42.1	10	10.5	204
Kanabec	21	40.4	31	59.6	0	0	4	14.8	22	81.5	1	3.7	79
Kandiyohi	62	46.3	71	53	1	0.7	46	22.5	134	65.7	24	11.8	338
Kittson	1	20	4	80	0	0	1	33.3	1	33.3	1	33.3	8
Koochiching	40	51.3	34	43.6	4	5.1	12	38.7	16	51.6	3	9.7	109
Lac qui Parle	11	55	8	40	1	5	3	30	6	60	1	10	30
Lake	8	30.8	17	65.4	1	3.8	1	16.7	5	83.3	0	0	32
Lake of the Woods	7	38.9	8	44.4	3	16.7	1	25	1	25	2	50	22
Le Sueur	51	57.3	33	37.1	5	5.6	16	39	18	43.9	7	17.1	130
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	88	78.6	10	8.9	14	12.5	8	61.5	5	38.5	0	0	125
MN Prairie	176	80.7	36	16.5	6	2.8	68	68.7	26	26.3	5	5.1	317
Mahnomen	4	33.3	7	58.3	1	8.3	0	0	1	50	1	50	14
Marshall	12	41.4	16	55.2	1	3.4	4	33.3	8	66.7	0	0	41
McLeod	92	98.9	1	1.1	0	0	62	71.3	10	11.5	15	17.2	180
Meeker	72	75	19	19.8	5	5.2	20	64.5	9	29	2	6.5	127
Mille Lacs	75	70.8	27	25.5	4	3.8	36	51.4	13	18.6	21	30	176
Morrison	16	30.8	30	57.7	6	11.5	4	16.7	18	75	2	8.3	76
Mower	97	85.1	13	11.4	4	3.5	27	67.5	10	25	3	7.5	154
Nicollet	115	75.7	32	21.1	5	3.3	20	45.5	17	38.6	7	15.9	196

Agency	FA Safe (N)	FA Safe (%)	FA Cond Safe (N)	FA Cond Safe (%)	FA Unsafe (N)	FA Unsafe (%)	FI Safe (N)	FI Safe (%)	FI Cond Safe (N)	FI Cond Safe (%)	FI Unsafe (N)	FI Unsafe (%)	Total cases
Nobles	85	63.4	47	35.1	2	1.5	24	42.1	27	47.4	6	10.5	191
Norman	24	68.6	10	28.6	1	2.9	2	22.2	6	66.7	1	11.1	44
Olmsted	77	31	169	68.1	2	0.8	17	20.5	63	75.9	3	3.6	331
Otter Tail	117	64.6	54	29.8	10	5.5	26	43.3	20	33.3	14	23.3	241
Pennington	21	55.3	14	36.8	3	7.9	10	43.5	11	47.8	2	8.7	61
Pine	95	82.6	20	17.4	0	0	12	30	24	60	4	10	155
Polk	98	72.1	32	23.5	6	4.4	13	40.6	15	46.9	4	12.5	168
Ramsey	1,470	93.2	86	5.4	22	1.4	568	79.9	99	13.9	44	6.2	2,289
Red Lake County	8	50	7	43.8	1	6.3	1	25	3	75	0	0	20
Renville	24	40	33	55	3	5	10	19.6	25	49	16	31.4	111
Rice	102	64.2	53	33.3	4	2.5	27	29.3	36	39.1	29	31.5	251
Roseau	21	41.2	22	43.1	8	15.7	9	40.9	9	40.9	4	18.2	73
Scott	238	80.1	45	15.2	14	4.7	74	69.8	27	25.5	5	4.7	403
Sherburne	158	56.8	118	42.4	2	0.7	49	39.8	63	51.2	11	8.9	401
Sibley	16	28.1	39	68.4	2	3.5	1	5.9	12	70.6	4	23.5	74
Southwest HHS	254	68.6	98	26.5	18	4.9	65	45.8	50	35.2	27	19	512
St. Louis	620	62.9	328	33.3	37	3.8	199	36.7	239	44.1	103	19	1,527
Stearns	316	64.9	148	30.4	23	4.7	72	35.3	93	45.6	39	19.1	691
Stevens	18	31	40	69	0	0	9	30	18	60	3	10	88
Swift	4	12.9	24	77.4	3	9.7	1	3.1	27	84.4	4	12.5	63
Todd	54	78.3	10	14.5	5	7.2	33	78.6	5	11.9	4	9.5	111
Traverse	22	75.9	4	13.8	3	10.3	6	37.5	9	56.3	1	6.3	45
Wabasha	13	27.7	32	68.1	2	4.3	5	20.8	19	79.2	0	0	71
Wadena	12	16.9	42	59.2	17	23.9	5	15.2	15	45.5	13	39.4	104
Washington	170	65.6	84	32.4	5	1.9	107	61.5	57	32.8	10	5.7	433
Watonwan	33	54.1	27	44.3	1	1.6	6	31.6	13	68.4	0	0	80
Western Prairie Human Services	28	38.9	42	58.3	2	2.8	8	17.4	29	63	9	19.6	118
White Earth Nation	46	38.7	58	48.7	15	12.6	4	33.3	7	58.3	1	8.3	131
Wilkin	15	36.6	26	63.4	0	0	3	60	2	40	0	0	46
Winona	107	77.5	20	14.5	11	8	19	45.2	11	26.2	12	28.6	180
Wright	133	48.9	134	49.3	5	1.8	54	30.7	106	60.2	16	9.1	448
Yellow Medicine	16	48.5	14	42.4	3	9.1	14	63.6	7	31.8	1	4.5	55
Minnesota	10,526	71.2	3,695	25	570	3.9	3,549	50.2	2,642	37.4	872	12.3	21,856

Table 17. Number and percentage of alleged victims with out-of-home placement during assessment/investigation phase by agency, 2024

Agency	Total alleged victims	Alleged victims removed (N)	Alleged victims removed (%)
Aitkin	84	5	6
Anoka	1,082	92	8.5
Becker	179	21	11.7
Beltrami	234	32	13.7
Benton	248	26	10.5
Big Stone	32	1	3.1
Blue Earth	441	42	9.5
Brown	149	16	10.7
Carlton	400	34	8.5
Carver	399	45	11.3
Cass	141	40	28.4
Chippewa	108	13	12
Chisago	196	13	6.6
Clay	319	48	15
Clearwater	85	7	8.2
Cook	6	0	0
Crow Wing	288	44	15.3
Dakota	1,604	83	5.2
Des Moines Valley HHS	112	13	11.6
Douglas	339	21	6.2
Faribault-Martin	240	30	12.5
Fillmore	48	2	4.2
Freeborn	184	30	16.3
Goodhue	207	21	10.1
Hennepin	5,532	518	9.4
Houston	69	3	4.3
Hubbard	251	8	3.2
Isanti	156	11	7.1
Itasca	318	47	14.8
Kanabec	102	4	3.9
Kandiyohi	446	45	10.1
Kittson	9	2	22.2
Koochiching	124	9	7.3
Lac qui Parle	43	2	4.7
Lake	44	3	6.8
Lake of the Woods	28	4	14.3
Le Sueur	165	10	6.1
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	184	32	17.4
MN Prairie	419	37	8.8

Agency	Total alleged victims	Alleged victims removed (N)	Alleged victims removed (%)
Mahnomen	28	3	10.7
Marshall	65	5	7.7
McLeod	268	37	13.8
Meeker	150	4	2.7
Mille Lacs	305	33	10.8
Morrison	95	9	9.5
Mower	219	11	5
Nicollet	237	18	7.6
Nobles	240	16	6.7
Norman	57	2	3.5
Olmsted	532	20	3.8
Otter Tail	319	50	15.7
Pennington	65	3	4.6
Pine	211	10	4.7
Polk	222	20	9
Ramsey	3,120	171	5.5
Red Lake County	30	0	0
Renville	168	26	15.5
Rice	335	53	15.8
Roseau	92	17	18.5
Scott	484	20	4.1
Sherburne	568	24	4.2
Sibley	104	7	6.7
Southwest HHS	705	89	12.6
St. Louis	1,920	249	13
Stearns	926	103	11.1
Stevens	104	8	7.7
Swift	83	9	10.8
Todd	142	25	17.6
Traverse	67	7	10.4
Wabasha	82	6	7.3
Wadena	149	41	27.5
Washington	597	30	5
Watonwan	104	2	1.9
Western Prairie Human Services	156	14	9
White Earth Nation	192	24	12.5
Wilkin	58	2	3.4
Winona	212	40	18.9
Wright	574	36	6.3
Yellow Medicine	72	2	2.8
Minnesota	29,072	2,660	9.1

By the end of an assessment or investigation, child protection caseworkers must complete a standardized assessment tool to assess future maltreatment risk. Table 18 shows the number and percentage of assessments/investigations in which agencies rate the alleged victims at low, moderate, or high risk of future maltreatment.

Table 18. The number and percentage of cases by risk assessment level and agency, 2024

Agency	FA low (N)	FA low (%)	FA mod (N)	FA mod (%)	FA high (N)	FA high (%)	FI low (N)	FI low (%)	FI mod (N)	FI mod (%)	FI high (N)	FI high (%)	Total cases
Aitkin	8	18.2	31	70.5	5	11.4	3	21.4	5	35.7	6	42.9	58
Anoka	297	54	240	43.6	13	2.4	94	32.4	137	47.2	59	20.3	840
Becker	12	14.3	58	69	14	16.7	2	3.8	28	53.8	22	42.3	136
Beltrami	29	31.5	41	44.6	22	23.9	19	24.1	36	45.6	24	30.4	171
Benton	33	32.4	65	63.7	4	3.9	16	21.1	42	55.3	18	23.7	178
Big Stone	7	46.7	6	40	2	13.3	2	50	2	50	0	0	19
Blue Earth	126	43.6	135	46.7	28	9.7	33	38.8	38	44.7	14	16.5	374
Brown	19	21.1	53	58.9	18	20	6	20	14	46.7	10	33.3	120
Carlton	70	37.6	97	52.2	19	10.2	26	31.3	41	49.4	16	19.3	269
Carver	70	35.2	113	56.8	16	8	22	22.2	47	47.5	30	30.3	298
Cass	36	44.4	29	35.8	16	19.8	14	42.4	14	42.4	5	15.2	114
Chippewa	15	34.1	25	56.8	4	9.1	11	32.4	13	38.2	10	29.4	78
Chisago	36	40.9	45	51.1	7	8	26	42.6	25	41	10	16.4	149
Clay	29	18.6	87	55.8	40	25.6	13	22	27	45.8	19	32.2	215
Clearwater	20	47.6	19	45.2	3	7.1	4	25	11	68.8	1	6.3	58
Cook	0	0	3	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	100	4
Crow Wing	29	24	69	57	23	19	9	13.8	34	52.3	22	33.8	186
Dakota	383	45.4	427	50.6	34	4	176	42.2	201	48.2	40	9.6	1,261
Des Moines Valley HHS	26	34.2	41	53.9	9	11.8	3	15.8	12	63.2	4	21.1	95
Douglas	39	28.3	90	65.2	9	6.5	24	21.4	68	60.7	20	17.9	250
Faribault-Martin	44	36.4	64	52.9	13	10.7	19	33.9	22	39.3	15	26.8	177
Fillmore	13	46.4	15	53.6	0	0	3	27.3	5	45.5	3	27.3	39
Freeborn	11	13.1	34	40.5	39	46.4	11	22	19	38	20	40	134
Goodhue	17	14.5	65	55.6	35	29.9	10	22.7	16	36.4	18	40.9	161
Hennepin	1,143	39	1,458	49.8	327	11.2	407	30.9	673	51.1	235	17.9	4,244
Houston	15	31.9	20	42.6	12	25.5	7	50	3	21.4	4	28.6	61
Hubbard	31	27.4	64	56.6	18	15.9	13	19.1	27	39.7	28	41.2	181
Isanti	13	18.8	47	68.1	9	13	10	23.3	23	53.5	10	23.3	112
Itasca	43	39.4	58	53.2	8	7.3	36	37.9	40	42.1	19	20	204
Kanabec	18	34.6	28	53.8	6	11.5	7	25.9	15	55.6	5	18.5	79
Kandiyohi	45	33.6	80	59.7	9	6.7	34	16.7	95	46.6	75	36.8	338
Kittson	3	60	1	20	1	20	0	0	1	33.3	2	66.7	8
Koochiching	10	12.8	41	52.6	27	34.6	5	16.1	17	54.8	9	29	109
Lac qui Parle	12	60	8	40	0	0	1	10	7	70	2	20	30
Lake	5	19.2	15	57.7	6	23.1	1	16.7	2	33.3	3	50	32

Agency	FA low (N)	FA low (%)	FA mod (N)	FA mod (%)	FA high (N)	FA high (%)	FI low (N)	FI low (%)	FI mod (N)	FI mod (%)	FI high (N)	FI high (%)	Total cases
Lake of the Woods	4	22.2	10	55.6	4	22.2	1	25	1	25	2	50	22
Le Sueur	36	40.4	35	39.3	18	20.2	13	31.7	13	31.7	15	36.6	130
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	37	33	53	47.3	22	19.6	2	15.4	9	69.2	2	15.4	125
MN Prairie	64	29.4	124	56.9	30	13.8	28	28.3	57	57.6	14	14.1	317
Mahnomen	3	25	6	50	3	25	0	0	2	100	0	0	14
Marshall	7	24.1	14	48.3	8	27.6	4	33.3	3	25	5	41.7	41
McLeod	47	50.5	44	47.3	2	2.2	21	24.1	42	48.3	24	27.6	180
Meeker	31	32.3	47	49	18	18.8	12	38.7	14	45.2	5	16.1	127
Mille Lacs	44	41.5	50	47.2	12	11.3	22	31.4	31	44.3	17	24.3	176
Morrison	13	25	25	48.1	14	26.9	8	33.3	11	45.8	5	20.8	76
Mower	32	28.1	73	64	9	7.9	14	35	19	47.5	7	17.5	154
Nicollet	42	27.6	92	60.5	18	11.8	11	25	28	63.6	5	11.4	196
Nobles	76	56.7	56	41.8	2	1.5	19	33.3	33	57.9	5	8.8	191
Norman	12	34.3	22	62.9	1	2.9	0	0	6	66.7	3	33.3	44
Olmsted	49	19.8	150	60.5	49	19.8	15	18.1	47	56.6	21	25.3	331
Otter Tail	70	38.7	80	44.2	31	17.1	16	26.7	29	48.3	15	25	241
Pennington	13	34.2	21	55.3	4	10.5	7	30.4	13	56.5	3	13	61
Pine	47	40.9	52	45.2	16	13.9	7	17.5	20	50	13	32.5	155
Polk	24	17.6	99	72.8	13	9.6	4	12.5	20	62.5	8	25	168
Ramsey	834	52.9	689	43.7	55	3.5	293	41.2	344	48.4	74	10.4	2,289
Red Lake County	4	25	8	50	4	25	2	50	2	50	0	0	20
Renville	13	21.7	40	66.7	7	11.7	5	9.8	30	58.8	16	31.4	111
Rice	74	46.5	78	49.1	7	4.4	30	32.6	40	43.5	22	23.9	251
Roseau	6	11.8	25	49	20	39.2	5	22.7	10	45.5	7	31.8	73
Scott	107	36	158	53.2	32	10.8	35	33	59	55.7	12	11.3	403
Sherburne	91	32.7	161	57.9	26	9.4	46	37.4	60	48.8	17	13.8	401
Sibley	22	38.6	34	59.6	1	1.8	6	35.3	8	47.1	3	17.6	74
Southwest HHS	140	37.8	176	47.6	54	14.6	47	33.1	58	40.8	37	26.1	512
St. Louis	335	34	502	51	148	15	94	17.3	259	47.8	188	34.7	1,527
Stearns	157	32.2	272	55.9	58	11.9	39	19.1	111	54.4	54	26.5	691
Stevens	7	12.1	36	62.1	15	25.9	6	20	15	50	9	30	88
Swift	5	16.1	21	67.7	5	16.1	2	6.3	13	40.6	17	53.1	63
Todd	26	37.7	32	46.4	11	15.9	16	38.1	15	35.7	11	26.2	111
Traverse	8	27.6	17	58.6	4	13.8	3	18.8	7	43.8	6	37.5	45
Wabasha	10	21.3	29	61.7	8	17	8	33.3	11	45.8	5	20.8	71
Wadena	10	14.1	38	53.5	23	32.4	7	21.2	7	21.2	19	57.6	104
Washington	106	40.9	141	54.4	12	4.6	82	47.1	80	46	12	6.9	433
Watonwan	26	42.6	29	47.5	6	9.8	9	47.4	9	47.4	1	5.3	80

Agency	FA low (N)	FA low (%)	FA mod (N)	FA mod (%)	FA high (N)	FA high (%)	FI low (N)	FI low (%)	FI mod (N)	FI mod (%)	FI high (N)	FI high (%)	Total cases
Western Prairie Human Services	13	18.1	47	65.3	12	16.7	7	15.2	24	52.2	15	32.6	118
White Earth Nation	52	43.7	45	37.8	22	18.5	6	50	4	33.3	2	16.7	131
Wilkin	13	31.7	24	58.5	4	9.8	3	60	2	40	0	0	46
Winona	49	35.5	69	50	20	14.5	10	23.8	18	42.9	14	33.3	180
Wright	122	44.9	124	45.6	26	9.6	53	30.1	103	58.5	20	11.4	448
Yellow Medicine	15	45.5	12	36.4	6	18.2	11	50	10	45.5	1	4.5	55
Minnesota	5,603	37.9	7,532	50.9	1,656	11.2	2,096	29.7	3,457	48.9	1,510	21.4	21,856

Need assessment for ongoing child protection services post-assessment or investigation phase

At the conclusion of a Family Assessment or Family Investigation, child protection caseworkers indicate whether an alleged victim and/or family need ongoing services to maintain safety and promote permanency and well-being. Table 19 provides information regarding whether the need for child protective services was indicated by risk levels identified through the risk assessment completed during the assessment or investigation phase.

Table 19. Number and percentage of cases where child protective services were indicated by risk level and agency, 2024

Agency	Total low-risk cases	Low-risk cases - CP services needed (%)	Total moderate-risk cases	Moderate-risk cases - CP services needed (%)	Total high-risk cases	High-risk cases - CP services needed (%)
Aitkin	11	9.1	36	22.2	11	45.5
Anoka	391	1.8	377	12.7	72	69.4
Becker	14	7.1	86	11.6	36	97.2
Beltrami	48	4.2	77	10.4	46	37
Benton	49	0	107	6.5	22	86.4
Big Stone	9	0	8	37.5	2	100
Blue Earth	159	1.3	173	16.8	42	66.7
Brown	25	0	67	16.4	28	71.4
Carlton	96	1	138	7.2	35	37.1
Carver	92	6.5	160	21.3	46	82.6
Cass	50	6	43	27.9	21	52.4
Chippewa	26	15.4	38	42.1	14	85.7
Chisago	62	4.8	70	15.7	17	35.3
Clay	42	4.8	114	10.5	59	57.6

Agency	Total low-risk cases	Low-risk cases - CP services needed (%)	Total moderate-risk cases	Moderate-risk cases - CP services needed (%)	Total high-risk cases	High-risk cases - CP services needed (%)
Clearwater	24	8.3	30	16.7	4	0
Cook	0	N/A	3	0	1	100
Crow Wing	38	0	103	11.7	45	51.1
Dakota	559	1.1	628	7.2	74	68.9
Des Moines Valley HHS	29	20.7	53	32.1	13	69.2
Douglas	63	4.8	158	19.6	29	62.1
Faribault-Martin	63	4.8	86	16.3	28	57.1
Fillmore	16	0	20	10	3	66.7
Freeborn	22	4.5	53	11.3	59	50.8
Goodhue	27	0	81	6.2	53	37.7
Hennepin	1,550	2.6	2,131	18.9	562	68.7
Houston	22	9.1	23	26.1	16	18.8
Hubbard	44	0	91	14.3	46	52.2
Isanti	23	4.3	70	11.4	19	89.5
Itasca	79	5.1	98	14.3	27	51.9
Kanabec	25	48	43	37.2	11	45.5
Kandiyohi	80	7.5	175	34.3	84	77.4
Kittson	3	0	2	0	3	100
Koochiching	15	0	58	5.2	36	30.6
Lac qui Parle	13	7.7	15	20	2	50
Lake	6	0	17	41.2	9	55.6
Lake of the Woods	5	0	11	45.5	6	66.7
Le Sueur	49	10.2	48	27.1	33	75.8
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	39	0	62	14.5	24	37.5
MN Prairie	92	1.1	181	8.3	44	70.5
Mahnomen	3	0	8	12.5	3	66.7
Marshall	11	0	17	17.6	13	84.6
McLeod	68	1.5	86	15.1	26	53.8
Meeker	43	4.7	61	27.9	23	47.8
Mille Lacs	66	4.5	81	8.6	29	51.7
Morrison	21	14.3	36	19.4	19	57.9
Mower	46	2.2	92	9.8	16	56.3
Nicollet	53	15.1	120	20	23	65.2
Nobles	95	5.3	89	24.7	7	85.7
Norman	12	16.7	28	14.3	4	75
Olmsted	64	6.3	197	23.4	70	67.1
Otter Tail	86	4.7	109	23.9	46	63
Pennington	20	5	34	32.4	7	14.3
Pine	54	5.6	72	19.4	29	48.3
Polk	29	0	119	9.2	21	47.6

Agency	Total low-risk cases	Low-risk cases - CP services needed (%)	Total moderate-risk cases	Moderate-risk cases - CP services needed (%)	Total high-risk cases	High-risk cases - CP services needed (%)
Ramsey	1,127	3.9	1,033	13.9	129	58.1
Red Lake County	6	0	10	30	4	50
Renville	18	0	70	30	23	73.9
Rice	104	2.9	118	24.6	29	69
Roseau	11	9.1	35	17.1	27	55.6
Scott	142	0.7	217	14.7	44	79.5
Sherburne	137	1.5	222	9	43	34.9
Sibley	28	3.6	42	38.1	4	75
Southwest HHS	187	7.5	234	23.5	91	65.9
St. Louis	429	2.3	761	15	336	67
Stearns	196	1	383	9.7	112	42.9
Stevens	13	15.4	51	60.8	24	87.5
Swift	7	28.6	34	32.4	22	68.2
Todd	42	2.4	47	12.8	22	59.1
Traverse	11	18.2	24	41.7	10	60
Wabasha	18	5.6	40	25	13	61.5
Wadena	17	5.9	45	20	42	71.4
Washington	188	2.1	221	12.7	24	79.2
Watonwan	35	5.7	38	15.8	7	57.1
Western Prairie Human Services	20	15	71	29.6	27	55.6
White Earth Nation	58	10.3	49	18.4	24	50
Wilkin	16	0	26	7.7	4	25
Winona	59	1.7	87	14.9	34	64.7
Wright	175	1.7	227	12.3	46	37
Yellow Medicine	26	26.9	22	59.1	7	85.7
Minnesota	7,701	3.6	10,990	16.6	3,166	62.1

Determining maltreatment

For both Family Investigations and Facility Investigations, the final step in a child maltreatment case is to determine whether maltreatment occurred based on information gathered during an investigation. Table 20 provides information about the number of determined reports and victims by Family Investigation or Facility Investigation.

Table 20. Number and percentage of determined victims by Family Investigation and Facility Investigation response paths and agency, 2024

Agency	Total FI alleged victims	FI determined victims (N)	FI determined victims (%)	Total Fac. Inv. alleged victims	Fac. Inv. determined victims (N)	Fac. Inv. determined victims (%)
Aitkin	19	8	42.1	0	0	N/A

Agency	Total FI alleged victims	FI determined victims (N)	FI determined victims (%)	Total Fac. Inv. alleged victims	Fac. Inv. determined victims (N)	Fac. Inv. determined victims (%)
Anoka	436	210	48.2	23	3	13
Becker	78	47	60.3	2	0	0
Beltrami	117	46	39.3	13	6	46.2
Benton	118	60	50.8	21	14	66.7
Big Stone	4	2	50	1	0	0
Blue Earth	107	33	30.8	10	4	40
Brown	41	9	22	1	1	100
Carlton	153	38	24.8	35	13	37.1
Carver	166	77	46.4	15	0	0
Cass	40	0	0	2	0	0
Chippewa	46	31	67.4	4	2	50
Chisago	82	39	47.6	6	5	83.3
Clay	86	32	37.2	7	2	28.6
Clearwater	36	21	58.3	1	0	0
Cook	1	1	100	0	0	N/A
Crow Wing	102	34	33.3	15	2	13.3
Dakota	585	208	35.6	56	12	21.4
Des Moines Valley HHS	28	14	50	0	0	N/A
Douglas	162	79	48.8	7	1	14.3
Faribault-Martin	82	15	18.3	7	1	14.3
Fillmore	19	4	21.1	0	0	N/A
Freeborn	77	60	77.9	3	0	0
Goodhue	61	34	55.7	3	2	66.7
Hennepin	1,991	648	32.5	154	27	17.5
Houston	17	7	41.2	1	0	0
Hubbard	97	18	18.6	1	0	0
Isanti	61	31	50.8	5	0	0
Itasca	156	38	24.4	26	2	7.7
Kanabec	34	15	44.1	3	0	0
Kandiyohi	282	164	58.2	10	2	20
Kittson	3	2	66.7	0	0	N/A
Koochiching	34	3	8.8	0	0	N/A
Lac qui Parle	20	0	0	0	0	N/A
Lake	6	2	33.3	1	0	0
Lake of the Woods	5	3	60	1	1	100
Le Sueur	58	25	43.1	1	0	0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	22	0	0	6	1	16.7
MN Prairie	157	59	37.6	6	1	16.7
Mahnomen	3	1	33.3	0	0	N/A
Marshall	23	10	43.5	0	0	N/A
McLeod	137	65	47.4	10	2	20
Meeker	47	15	31.9	1	0	0

Agency	Total FI alleged victims	FI determined victims (N)	FI determined victims (%)	Total Fac. Inv. alleged victims	Fac. Inv. determined victims (N)	Fac. Inv. determined victims (%)
Mille Lacs	133	42	31.6	28	10	35.7
Morrison	34	16	47.1	0	0	N/A
Mower	64	35	54.7	7	1	14.3
Nicollet	54	17	31.5	3	0	0
Nobles	95	33	34.7	0	0	N/A
Norman	16	6	37.5	0	0	N/A
Olmsted	128	62	48.4	3	1	33.3
Otter Tail	83	44	53	8	1	12.5
Pennington	27	8	29.6	1	0	0
Pine	46	15	32.6	4	0	0
Polk	50	17	34	4	1	25
Ramsey	1,166	351	30.1	57	12	21.1
Red Lake County	4	2	50	0	0	N/A
Renville	83	31	37.3	3	0	0
Rice	131	67	51.1	26	4	15.4
Roseau	35	17	48.6	3	1	33.3
Scott	153	53	34.6	10	1	10
Sherburne	191	86	45	31	5	16.1
Sibley	24	2	8.3	2	0	0
Southwest HHS	231	149	64.5	26	2	7.7
St. Louis	789	404	51.2	110	43	39.1
Stearns	325	202	62.2	34	11	32.4
Stevens	43	27	62.8	3	1	33.3
Swift	49	28	57.1	1	0	0
Todd	55	20	36.4	13	4	30.8
Traverse	25	13	52	3	0	0
Wabasha	29	14	48.3	1	0	0
Wadena	44	21	47.7	5	0	0
Washington	261	88	33.7	27	14	51.9
Watonwan	20	1	5	1	1	100
Western Prairie Human Services	71	41	57.7	4	1	25
White Earth Nation	15	5	33.3	2	0	0
Wilkin	13	0	0	0	0	N/A
Winona	52	23	44.2	3	0	0
Wright	251	105	41.8	12	2	16.7
Yellow Medicine	34	14	41.2	0	0	N/A
Minnesota	10,623	4,267	40.2	893	220	24.6

Social service agency referrals to early intervention for infants and toddlers

Under the Individuals with Disabilities Act, Part C, children under age 3 involved in a report with a determination of maltreatment must be referred to early intervention services. Table 21 provides information on the number of children eligible for referral, and the number and percentage referred.

Table 21. Number of social service agency referrals to early intervention for infants and toddlers involved in substantiated cases of maltreatment, 2024

Agency	Children required to be referred	Children with a referral (N)	Referral rate (%)
Aitkin	3	2	66.7
Anoka	48	48	100
Becker	4	3	75
Beltrami	22	12	54.5
Benton	7	6	85.7
Big Stone	1	1	100
Blue Earth	11	11	100
Brown	2	1	50
Carlton	6	6	100
Carver	9	5	55.6
Cass	0	0	N/A
Chippewa	5	5	100
Chisago	5	3	60
Clay	8	6	75
Clearwater	2	2	100
Cook	0	0	N/A
Crow Wing	6	6	100
Dakota	51	45	88.2
Des Moines Valley HHS	1	1	100
Douglas	19	17	89.5
Faribault-Martin	6	5	83.3
Fillmore	1	0	0
Freeborn	9	7	77.8
Goodhue	7	6	85.7
Hennepin	138	132	95.7
Houston	0	0	N/A
Hubbard	3	2	66.7
Isanti	4	4	100
Itasca	2	2	100
Kanabec	3	3	100
Kandiyohi	46	39	84.8
Kittson	0	0	N/A
Koochiching	0	0	N/A
Lac qui Parle	0	0	N/A

Agency	Children required to be referred	Children with a referral (N)	Referral rate (%)
Lake	1	1	100
Lake of the Woods	0	0	N/A
Le Sueur	6	6	100
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	1	0	0
MN Prairie	10	9	90
Mahnomen	0	0	N/A
Marshall	2	2	100
McLeod	13	11	84.6
Meeker	0	0	N/A
Mille Lacs	5	5	100
Morrison	2	2	100
Mower	10	7	70
Nicollet	7	7	100
Nobles	1	1	100
Norman	1	1	100
Olmsted	13	13	100
Otter Tail	11	9	81.8
Pennington	2	2	100
Pine	1	1	100
Polk	2	2	100
Ramsey	98	94	95.9
Red Lake County	0	0	N/A
Renville	3	0	0
Rice	16	13	81.3
Roseau	2	2	100
Scott	9	7	77.8
Sherburne	18	15	83.3
Sibley	0	0	N/A
Southwest HHS	27	21	77.8
St. Louis	87	70	80.5
Stearns	54	45	83.3
Stevens	6	5	83.3
Swift	7	3	42.9
Todd	0	0	N/A
Traverse	0	0	N/A
Wabasha	1	0	0
Wadena	5	3	60
Washington	20	17	85
Watonwan	0	0	N/A
Western Prairie Human Services	8	7	87.5
White Earth Nation	0	0	N/A
Wilkin	0	0	N/A

Agency	Children required to be referred	Children with a referral (N)	Referral rate (%)
Winona	3	2	66.7
Wright	14	13	92.9
Yellow Medicine	1	1	100
Minnesota	897	777	86.6

Relationship of alleged offenders to alleged victims in completed assessments/investigations by determination of maltreatment

Alleged offenders can include anyone responsible for the care of children, such as parents or guardians, or anyone given responsibility by the parent or guardian to provide childcare. It also includes individuals working within facilities or homes licensed by the county or state including childcare, foster care, or residential facilities. The Minnesota Department of Education is responsible for the investigation of alleged maltreatment in schools. Strangers who harm children should be reported or referred to law enforcement. Table 22 provides information on the number of alleged offenders by response path and their relationship to alleged victims. It also shows the number and percentage of cases determined by that relationship to the alleged victims.

Table 22. Alleged offenders by relationship to alleged victims, child protection response path and percentage determined, 2024

Alleged offender relationship	Alleged offenders in FA cases	Alleged offenders in FI cases	Determined alleged offenders (N)	Determined alleged offenders (%)
Biological parent	13,554	5,926	2,383	40.2
Unmarried partner of parent	666	735	287	39
Stepparent	582	398	162	40.7
Other relative (non foster parent)	342	527	185	35.1
Legal guardian	318	152	36	23.7
Adoptive parent	301	171	52	30.4
Sibling	153	629	157	25
Other	118	343	114	33.2
Unknown or missing	83	122	45	36.9
Friends or neighbors	28	68	21	30.9
Child daycare provider	16	93	32	34.4
Relative foster parent	11	142	38	26.8
Non-relative foster parent	7	88	15	17
Non-caregiver sex trafficker	2	7	1	14.3
Group home or residential facility staff	1	51	11	21.6
Other professionals	1	6	2	33.3
Total	15,511	8,538	3,237	37.9

Child fatalities and near fatalities due to maltreatment

Tables 23 and 24 provide information about victims who died due to maltreatment in the reporting year. Table 23 provides information on victims who died due to maltreatment and had at least one prior screened-in maltreatment report. Table 24 provides information on victims who died and had no known prior involvement in a screened-in child maltreatment report. The tables provide information about children whose deaths were determined during this reporting year to be due to maltreatment, regardless of which year the death occurred. There is often a delay in the determination of a death being caused by maltreatment, due to the length of criminal investigations. The tables also provide age at time of death, gender and type of maltreatment resulting in death.

Table 23. Details regarding deaths determined to be a result of maltreatment in 2024, with prior child protection history

Year of death	Age and gender	Type of maltreatment
2023	14 years old, female	Neglect
2023	10 years old, female	Neglect
2023	8 years old, female	Physical abuse
2023	1 year old, female	Neglect
2023	2 years old, male	Neglect
2024	16 years old, male	Neglect
2024	8 years old, male	Neglect
2024	3 years old, male	Neglect
2024	2 years old, female	Neglect, Threatened injury
2024	Less than 1 year old, male	Neglect

Table 24. Details regarding deaths determined to be a result of maltreatment in 2024, with no prior child protection history

Year of death	Age and gender	Type of maltreatment
2016	Less than 1 year old, male	Physical abuse
2023	1 year old, male	Neglect
2023	Less than 1 year old, male	Neglect

Year of death	Age and gender	Type of maltreatment
2023	Less than 1 year old, male	Neglect
2023	Less than 1 year old, female	Neglect
2023	1 year old, male	Neglect
2024	9 years old, female	Neglect
2024	8 years old, male	Neglect, Physical abuse
2024	9 years old, female	Neglect
2024	4 years old, male	Neglect
2024	Less than 1 year old, male	Neglect
2024	Less than 1 year old, male	Neglect, Physical abuse
2024	Less than 1 year old, female	Neglect
2024	Less than 1 year old, female	Neglect
2024	Less than 1 year old, male	Neglect, Physical abuse
2024	3 years old, male	Neglect, Physical abuse
2024	Less than 1 year old, male	Neglect

Outcomes after child maltreatment assessments/investigations concluded

One important measure of the success of the child protection system is whether children who were alleged or determined to be victims in maltreatment reports had another occurrence of alleged or determined victimization in a screened-in report within 12 months of the first report to the agency.

Rereporting of alleged maltreatment and recurrence of maltreatment determinations

Table 25 provides information on how many alleged victims in screened-in maltreatment reports during the prior reporting year had another screened-in maltreatment report within 12 months of the first report by an agency. Table 26 provides information on children who were determined to be victims of maltreatment in the prior reporting year and had another maltreatment determination within 12 months of the agency's first determined report. Maltreatment recurrence is a federal performance measure examined annually by the Children's Bureau. It sets a federal performance standard that states must meet or face the possibility of a performance improvement plan with fiscal penalties. Table 27 provides data by race and ethnicity for the recurrence.

Table 25. Number and percentage of alleged victims with a re-report of maltreatment within 12 months by agency, 2024

Agency	Total alleged victims	Alleged victims with re-report (N)	Alleged victims with re-report (%)
Aitkin	140	27	19.3
Anoka	1,014	96	9.5
Becker	202	29	14.4
Beltrami	270	22	8.1
Benton	255	49	19.2
Big Stone	27	5	18.5
Blue Earth	359	67	18.7
Brown	170	34	20.0
Carlton	354	87	24.6
Carver	356	60	16.9
Cass	134	26	19.4
Chippewa	138	26	18.8
Chisago	236	17	7.2
Clay	341	36	10.6
Clearwater	83	15	18.1
Cook	15	1	6.7
Crow Wing	279	31	11.1
Dakota	1,697	250	14.7
Des Moines Valley HHS	151	25	16.6
Douglas	313	95	30.4
Faribault-Martin	217	33	15.2
Fillmore	72	12	16.7
Freeborn	177	17	9.6
Goodhue	244	33	13.5
Hennepin	5,589	1,039	18.6
Houston	88	16	18.2
Hubbard	221	62	28.1
Isanti	159	13	8.2
Itasca	368	58	15.8
Kanabec	102	13	12.7
Kandiyohi	520	93	17.9
Kittson	18	6	33.3
Koochiching	120	43	35.8
Lac qui Parle	47	7	14.9
Lake	54	12	22.2
Lake of the Woods	29	7	24.1
Le Sueur	139	15	10.8
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	214	37	17.3

Agency	Total alleged victims	Alleged victims with re-report (N)	Alleged victims with re-report (%)
Mahnomen	19	2	10.5
Marshall	50	12	24.0
McLeod	298	59	19.8
Meeker	183	28	15.3
Mille Lacs	309	71	23.0
MN Prairie	613	139	22.7
Morrison	183	18	9.8
Mower	255	38	14.9
Nicollet	238	41	17.2
Nobles	215	45	20.9
Norman	49	9	18.4
Olmsted	452	35	7.7
Otter Tail	312	53	17.0
Pennington	108	16	14.8
Pine	239	55	23.0
Polk	210	51	24.3
Ramsey	3,157	564	17.9
Red Lake	25	6	24.0
Renville	190	38	20.0
Rice	482	98	20.3
Roseau	123	13	10.6
Scott	547	79	14.4
Sherburne	601	88	14.6
Sibley	153	29	19.0
Southwest HHS	674	170	25.2
St. Louis	2,173	686	31.6
Stearns	907	166	18.3
Stevens	111	38	34.2
Swift	66	12	18.2
Todd	196	34	17.3
Traverse	50	32	64.0
Wabasha	110	15	13.6
Wadena	148	33	22.3
Washington	616	55	8.9
Watonwan	121	31	25.6
Western Prairie Human Services	158	43	27.2
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	165	50	30.3
Wilkin	50	12	24.0
Winona	265	52	19.6
Wright	614	70	11.4

Agency	Total alleged victims	Alleged victims with re-report (N)	Alleged victims with re-report (%)
Yellow Medicine	84	15	17.9
Minnesota	30,431	5,615	18.5

Table 26. Number and percentage of determined victims with a maltreatment determination recurrence within 12 months by agency, 2024

Agency	Total determined victims	Determined victims with recurrence (N)	Determined victims with recurrence (%)
Aitkin	41	5	12.2
Anoka	195	6	3.1
Becker	45	1	2.2
Beltrami	70	0	0.0
Benton	67	10	14.9
Big Stone	5	0	0.0
Blue Earth	24	0	0.0
Brown	11	3	27.3
Carlton	34	1	2.9
Carver	52	2	3.8
Cass	3	0	0.0
Chippewa	24	0	0.0
Chisago	59	1	1.7
Clay	57	0	0.0
Clearwater	8	1	12.5
Cook	4	0	0.0
Crow Wing	29	0	0.0
Dakota	170	3	1.8
Des Moines Valley HHS	26	0	0.0
Douglas	95	10	10.5
Faribault-Martin	11	0	0.0
Fillmore	6	0	0.0
Freeborn	53	2	3.8
Goodhue	48	0	0.0
Hennepin	913	35	3.8
Houston	6	0	0.0
Hubbard	32	2	6.3
Isanti	32	4	12.5
Itasca	25	0	0.0
Kanabec	12	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	208	17	8.2
Kittson	1	0	0.0
Koochiching	6	0	0.0

Agency	Total determined victims	Determined victims with recurrence (N)	Determined victims with recurrence (%)
Lac qui Parle	0	0	N/A
Lake	11	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	1	0	0.0
Le Sueur	11	0	0.0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	8	0	0.0
Mahnomen	0	0	N/A
Marshall	6	2	33.3
McLeod	67	4	6.0
Meeker	14	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	67	6	9.0
MN Prairie	92	1	1.1
Morrison	29	0	0.0
Mower	38	3	7.9
Nicollet	18	1	5.6
Nobles	28	0	0.0
Norman	5	1	20.0
Olmsted	60	0	0.0
Otter Tail	28	0	0.0
Pennington	5	0	0.0
Pine	32	1	3.1
Polk	50	4	8.0
Ramsey	378	10	2.6
Red Lake	8	0	0.0
Renville	53	2	3.8
Rice	93	9	9.7
Roseau	11	0	0.0
Scott	52	0	0.0
Sherburne	68	2	2.9
Sibley	5	0	0.0
Southwest HHS	127	8	6.3
St. Louis	502	77	15.3
Stearns	204	7	3.4
Stevens	17	6	35.3
Swift	19	2	10.5
Todd	9	0	0.0
Traverse	4	1	25.0
Wabasha	12	0	0.0
Wadena	28	3	10.7
Washington	107	0	0.0
Watonwan	6	0	0.0
Western Prairie Human Services	28	9	32.1
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	4	0	0.0

Agency	Total determined victims	Determined victims with recurrence (N)	Determined victims with recurrence (%)
Wilkin	3	0	0.0
Winona	41	3	7.3
Wright	112	3	2.7
Yellow Medicine	10	0	0.0
Minnesota	4,843	268	5.5

Table 27. Number and percentage of determined victims with a maltreatment determination recurrence within 12 months by race, 2024

Race/ethnicity	Determined victims	Determined victims with maltreatment recurrence within 12 months (N)	Determined victims with maltreatment recurrence within 12 months (%)
African American / Black	639	35	5.5
American Indian / Alaska Native	443	28	6.3
Asian / Pacific Islander	129	5	3.9
Two or more races	1,169	91	7.8
Unknown / declined	221	5	2.3
White	2,242	104	4.6
Total	4,843	268	5.5
Hispanic / Latinx (any race)	728	20	2.7

Note on race and ethnicity categories: This breakdown relies on exclusive racial categories, except Hispanic/Latinx (any race). A client is only counted in a single row or column, based on their identification with a single race value. If a client identified with more than one race value, they will be counted in the multi-racial “two or more races” category. “Hispanic/Latinx (any race)” shows clients who identified with that ethnicity regardless of exclusive race category.

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ማሳሰቢያ:- አማርኛ ተናጋሪ ከሆኑ ፤ ነጻ የቋንቋ ድጋፍ አገልግሎቶች ካለምንም ክፍያ እና ካለአላስፈላጊ መዘግየት ማግኘት ይችላሉ። በተጨማሪም መረጃን በቀላሉ ለማግኘት በሚያስችል ቅርጸት ለማቅረብ ተገቢ የሆኑ የመስማት ድጋፍ እና አገልግሎቶች ከክፍያ ነጻ በሆነ እና ግዜውን በጠበቀ መልኩ ማግኘት ይችላሉ። እባክዎ ከላይ ባለው ቁጥር ይደውሉ ወይም አቅራቢዎን ያነጋግሩ። Amharic

تنبيه: نقدم لمتحدثي اللغة العربية خدمات مساعدة لغوية مجانية وفورية، بالإضافة إلى وسائل وخدمات مساعدة مناسبة، وبصيغة معلومات سهلة بدون تكلفة وبشكل سريع. يرجى التواصل على الرقم الموضح أعلاه أو مراجعة مقدم الخدمة المباشرة. Arabic

মনোযোগ: আপনি যদি বাংলায় কথা বলেন, তাহলে আপনার জনস্ব ভাষা সহায়তা পরিষেবা বিনামূল্যে এবং অপরিষেবাজনীয় বিলম্ব ছাড়াই পাওয়া যায়। এছাড়াও, একটি সহজলভ্য ফর্ম্যাটে তথ্য প্রদানের জনস্ব উপযুক্ত সহায়ক সরঞ্জাম এবং পরিষেবা বিনামূল্যে এবং সমযোপযোগীভাবে পাওয়া যায়। উপরের নম্বরে কল করুন অথবা আপনার প্রোভাইডারের সাথে কথা বলুন। Bengali

သတိပြုရန် - အကယ်၍ သင်သည် မြန်မာဘာသာစကား ပြောဆိုသူဖြစ်လျှင် အခမဲ့ ဘာသာစကားဆိုင်ရာ ပံ့ပိုးထောက်ပံ့ပေးမှု ဝန်ဆောင်မှုများအား မလိုအပ်သည့် နှောင့်နှေးကြန့်ကြာမှုများ မရှိစေဘဲ သင် အခမဲ့ ရရှိနိုင်မည် ဖြစ်သည်။ ထို့ပြင် အချက်အလက်များအား အလွယ်တကူ ဝင်ရောက်ရယူနိုင်စေသော ဖောမတ်ပုံစံများဖြင့် ထောက်ပံ့ပေးထားသည့် သက်ဆိုင်ရာ ဖြည့်စွက် ထောက်ပံ့မှုများနှင့် ဝန်ဆောင်မှုများကိုလည်း အခမဲ့ အချိန်မီ ရရှိနိုင်စေရန် စီမံပေးထားပါသည်။ ကျေးဇူးပြုပြီး အထက်ဖော်ပြပါ ဖုန်းနံပါတ်သို့ ခေါ်ဆိုပါ သို့မဟုတ် သင်၏ ထောက်ပံ့သူဖြင့် ပြောဆိုဆွေးနွေးပါ။ မြန်မာဘာသာစကား Burmese

យកចិត្តទុកដាក់: ប្រសិនបើអ្នកនិយាយភាសាខ្មែរ (ខ្មែរ) សេវាកម្មជំនួយភាសាភក្តីភក្តីថ្លៃមានផ្តល់ជូនអ្នកដោយមិនគិតថ្លៃ និងដោយគ្មានការពន្យារពេលមិនចាំបាច់ឡើយ។ លើសពីនេះ ជំនួយ និងសេវាកម្មដែលសមស្របក្នុងការផ្តល់ព័ត៌មានក្នុងទម្រង់ដែលអាចចូលប្រើបានគឺអាចរកបានដោយគិតថ្លៃ និងទាន់ពេលវេលា។ សូមហៅទូរសព្ទទៅលេខខាងលើ ឬនិយាយជាមួយអ្នកផ្តល់សេវាបស់អ្នក។ ភាសាខ្មែរ (ខ្មែរ) Cambodian (Khmer)

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Á, DÉ YAWÁ PO! Dakhód'iyaye héćinhan, iyápi-wóokiye išíchona yanjké. Ka nakún wanáñ'unpi-wóokiye išíchona yanjké. Héched wónañ'un kin iyóhiphiča dó. Wóokiye kin dená išíchona ičúphiča nahán yuthéhanšniyan ičúphiča dó. Wičhóiyé kin dená iwánkab, wóiyawa wan yanjké kin mas'ákiphapi na wóokiye-wiçháša kičhí wóhdaka po. Dakota

PAUNAWA: Kung nagsasalita ka ng Filipino, ang mga libreng serbisyo ng tulong sa wika ay magagamit sa iyo nang walang bayad at walang hindi kinakailangang pagkaantala. may mga angkop na pantulong na kagamitan at serbisyo upang maibigay ang impormasyon sa naaangkop na anyo, nang libre at sa tamang oras. Mangyaring tawagan ang numero sa itaas o makipag-usap sa iyong provider. Filipino

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સાવધાન: જો તમે ગુજરાતી બોલો છો, તો ભાષા સહાયની મફત સેવાઓ તમારા માટે નિ:શુલ્ક અને બિનજરૂરી વિલંબ વગર ઉપલબ્ધ છે. વધુમાં, સુલભ પ્રારૂપમાં માહિતી પ્રદાન કરવા માટે યોગ્ય સહાયક મદદ અને સેવાઓ નિ:શુલ્ક અને સમયસર ઉપલબ્ધ છે. કૃપા કરીને ઉપરના નંબર પર કોલ કરો અથવા તમારા પ્રદાતા સાથે વાત કરો. Gujarati

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यान : यदि आप हिंदी बोलते हैं, तो आपके लिए निशुल्क भाषा सहायता सेवाएँ निशुल्क और बिना किसी अनावश्यक री के उपलब्ध हैं। इसके अतिरिक्त, सुलभ परारूपों में जानकारी रान करने के लिए उपयुक्त सहायक साधन और सेवाएँ निशुल्क और समय पर उपलब्ध हैं। कृ या ऊपर दिए गए ंबर पर कॉल करें या अपने र दाता से बात करें। Hindi

CEEB TOOM: Yog koj hais lus Hmoob, muaj kev pab txhais lus dawb rau koj siv. Koj tsis tas them nqi thiab yuav tsis qeeb. Kuj muaj cuab yeej thiab kev pab los pab koj nyeem cov ntaub ntawv kom yooj yim nkag siab. Koj hu tau rau tus xov tooj saum toj no lossis nrog koj tus kws kho mob tham. Hmong

ဟ်သုဉ်ဟ်သး- နမ့်ကတိၤကညိၣ်ကိၣ်အယိ, နမၤန့ၣ် ကိၣ်တၢ်ဆိၣ်ထွဲမၤစၢၤ လၢတလၢ်ဘျီလၢ်စ့ၤ ဒီးတအိၣ်ဒီး တၢ်မၤယံၣ်မၤနီၣ်သးဘျီန့ၣ်လီၤ. အါန့ၣ်အန့ၣ်, တၢ်အိၣ်စ့ၢ်ကိးဒီး တၢ်မၤစၢၤတၢ်နၢ်ဟ့ၣ်ဒီး တၢ်မၤစၢၤတၢ်မၤတဖၣ် လၢကဟ့ၣ်တၢ်ဂ့ၢ်တၢ်ကျိၤ လၢပုၤအါဂၤနၢ်ပၢ်အိၤသ့ လၢတအိၣ်ဒီးအဘျးအလဲ ဒီးချုးဆၢချုးကတိၤန့ၣ်လီၤ. ဝံသးစ့ၤ ကိးနီၣ်ဂံၢ်လၢထး မ့တမ့ၢ် တဲသကိးတၢ်ဒီး ပုၤလၢအဟ့ၣ်နၢ်တၢ်မၤစၢၤ တက့ၢ်. ကညိၣ်ကိၣ် Karen

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ئاڭاداري: ئه‌گهر تو به زمانى كو فید پىوارنى قسه ده‌کەیت، ئه‌وا خزمەتگوزارى هاوکارىی زمان به بێهه‌رامبه‌ر و به‌هه‌ر دواکه‌وتنى ناپیویست له‌به‌ر ده‌ستدایه‌. جگه‌ له‌موش، هاوکارى و خزمەتگوزارى به‌ پارمه‌تدهر ه‌ گونجاو ه‌كان بۆ دابینه‌کردنى زانیارى به‌ شێوه‌ی گونجاو به‌هه‌ر به‌رامبه‌ر و هاوكان به‌ر ده‌ستن. ته‌کایه‌ په‌یوه‌ندى به‌ ژماره‌یه‌ سه‌سه‌ره‌وه‌ بکه‌ یان له‌گه‌ڵ دابینه‌کهر مه‌کتدا قسه‌ بکه‌ن. کوردی سۆرانى Kurdish Sorani

BALDARÎ: Heke hûn bi Kurdîya Kurmancî diaxivin, xizmetên alîkarîya ziman bêpere û bêyî derengmayîneke nehewce ji we re peyda dibin. Her wiha, hevkarîyên guncaw û karûbarên alîkar bêpere û di heman demê de ji bo dabînkirina agahdariya guncaw hene. Ji kerema xwe bi jimareya jorîn re telefon bikin an jî bi dabînkêrê xwe re bixavîvin. Kurdish Kurmanji

Á, LÉ YAWÁ PO! Lakǵól'iyaye héči, iyápi-wóokiye išíčhola yanǵé. Nahán nakún wanáǵ'unpi-wóokiye išíčhola yanǵé. Héčhel wónáǵ'unj kin iyóhiphiča yeló. Wóokiye kin lená išíčhola ičúphiča nahán yuthéhanǵšniyan ičúphiča yeló. Wičhóíye kin lená iwánǵkab, wóiyawa wan yanǵé kin mas'ákipǵapi na wóokiye-wičháša kičhí wóglaka po. Lakota

ໝາຍເຫດ: ຖ້າທ່ານເວົ້າພາສາລາວ, ທ່ານຈະໄດ້ຮັບບໍລິການຊ່ວຍເຫຼືອດ້ານພາສາໂດຍບໍ່ເສຍຄ່າ ແລະ ບໍ່ມີການຊັກຊ້າ ທີ່ບໍ່ຈຳເປັນ. ນອກຈາກນັ້ນ, ເຄື່ອງມືຊ່ວຍເຫຼືອແລະ ບໍລິການເສີມທົດໝາະສົມເພື່ອໃຫ້ຂໍ້ມູນໃນຮູບແບບທີ່ເຂົ້າເຖິງໄດ້ ໂດຍບໍ່ເສຍຄ່າໃຊ້ຈ່າຍ ແລະ ທັນເວລາ. ກະລຸນາໂທຫາເບີໂທລະສັບຂ້າງເທິງ ຫຼື ສົນທະນາກັບຜູ້ໃຫ້ບໍລິການຂອງທ່ານ. Lao

注意：如果您说简体中文，您可以免费获得语言协助服务，且不会有不必要的延误。此外，还能免费及时获取以无障碍格式提供信息的适当辅助工具和服务。请拨打上面的电话号码，或与您的服务提供商沟通。 Mandarin (Simplified Chinese)

PALE RO PINY: Mi ruaci ke thok Nuärä, luäk mi lor ke kuic thuok kene lät tin jiëke tëë thin baan a thiel mi yuor ke piny kä thiele mi gaal je. Min dëë nyok ke mat thin, e luäk mi dodien kene lät tin kokiën tin nöön ke läri ke duop min jiëke keë tëë ke thin baan thile mi yuorke piny ke kuicdien ke guath mi gwa. Mi nhok i je yotni nambär emo tëë nhial o ikä kie ruacni ke ram min luäkdü. Nuer

MAH BIZ'SIN'DAN: Keesh'pin, keen Ojibwe'mo, kaa'ween ina'gin'de wiji'kaa'kii'ki'do miina'waa ke'nebe-naa'ta'maw chi'nis'too'ta'man noon'goom. Da'kon'an, wee'chi'ma'zinaa'beke'webene'kan'an ozhe'che'kan miina'waa kinah ozhee'bee'geh ma'zenah'egan'an kaa'ween ina'gin'de miina'waa da'daa'ta'be'bee'an. Da'gah'na'sa ka'noozh aseh'ge'beh'egan ish'peh'meng ge'maa kee'kidoon wii'doo'kaa'geh. Ojibwe

NO ENGLISH



651-539-7700

TRS: 711

HUBADHAA: Yoo Afaan Oromoo dubbattu ta'e, tajaajila gargaarsa turjumaana afaanii biliisaan akkasumas turtii barbaachisaa hin taane hambisu danda'u isiniif dhihaatee jira. Dabalataanis, odeeffannoo haala salphaan argamuu danda'an dhiyeessuuf gargaarsa fi tajaajiloota deeggarsaa qama midhamtootaaf mijatoo ta'an, kaffaltii tokko malee fi yeroo isaa eeggatee kennamu dhihaatee jira. Odeeffanno dabalataaf lakkoofsa armaan oliitti fayyadamuun namoota gargaarsa kana isiniif kennan qunnamaa. Oromo

ATENÇÃO: Se fala português, tem à sua disposição serviços de assistência linguística gratuitos e sem demoras desnecessárias. Além disso, estão disponíveis, gratuitamente e numa forma atempada, ajudas e serviços auxiliares adequados para fornecer informações em formatos acessíveis. Por favor, contacte o número acima ou fale com o seu prestador de serviços. Portuguese

ВНИМАНИЕ: Если вы разговариваете на русском языке, воспользуйтесь услугами языковой поддержки бесплатно и без лишних проводов. Также бесплатно и незамедлительно предоставляются соответствующие вспомогательные средства и услуги по обеспечению информацией в доступных форматах. Позвоните по указанному выше номеру или обратитесь своему поставщику услуг. Russian

PAŽNJA: Ako govorite srpski, besplatne usluge jezičke pomoći su vam dostupne besplatno i bez nepotrebnog odlaganja. Pored toga, odgovarajuća pomoćna sredstva i usluge za pružanje informacija u pristupačnim formatima dostupne su besplatno i blagovremeno. Molimo vas da pozovete gore navedeni broj ili razgovarate sa vašim pružateljem usluga. Serbian

FIIRO GAAR AH: Haddii aad ku hadasho Soomaali, waxaa si bilaash ah kuugu diyaar ah adeegyada caawinada luuqadeed oo aan lahayn daahitaan aan munaasib ahayn. Intaas waxaa dheer, waxaa la heli karaa adeegyada iyo kaabitaanka naafada ee haboon si macluumaadka loogu bixiyo qaabab la adeegsan karo oo bilaash ah laguna bixinayo waqoigeeda. Fadlan wac lambarka kore ama la hadal adeegbixiyahaaga. Somali

ATENCIÓN: si habla español, tiene a su disposición los servicios gratuitos de traducción sin costo alguno y sin demoras innecesarias. Además, se encuentran disponibles de forma gratuita y oportuna ayuda y servicios auxiliares adecuados con el fin de brindarle información en formatos accesibles. Llame al número indicado anteriormente o hable con su proveedor. Spanish

ZINGATIO: Ikiwa unazungumza Kiswahili, huduma za msaada wa lugha zinapatikana kwa ajili yako bila malipo na bila ucheleweshaji usio wa lazima. Aidha, vifaa saidizi vya mawasiliano na huduma kwa walemavu ili kutoa habari katika miundo inayofikika zinapatikana bila malipo na kwa wakati. Tafadhali piga simu kwa namba ya hapo juu au zungumza na mtoa huduma wako. Swahili

መተሳሰቢ:- ትግርኛ ተዛራቢ እንተሆይኖም ፤ ናጻ ናይ ቋንቋ ሓገዝ ግልጋሎታት ብዘይምድንጓይ ምርኩብ ይኸእሉ እዮም። ብተወሳኺ ሓበሬታ ብቐሊሉ ምርኩብ ብዝከኣል ቅርጽታት ንምቕራብ ፤ ግቡእ ናይ ምስማዕ ሓገዝን ግልጋሎታትን ኩብ ክፍሊት ናጻ ብዝኾነን ግዚኡ ብዝሓለወን መልክዑ ይርከቡ። ብይዝኡም ኣብ ላዕሊ ናብ ዘሎ ቐጽሪ ይደውሉ ወይድማ መቐረቢኡም የዘራርቡ። Tigrinya

УВАГА: Якщо ви розмовляєте українською мовою, ви можете скористатися послугами мовної підтримки безкоштовно та без зайвих зволікань. Ви також можете безкоштовно та оперативно отримати відповідні допоміжні засоби та послуги з надання інформації у доступному форматі. Зателефонуйте за вказаним вище номером або поговоріть зі своїм постачальником послуг. Ukrainian

LƯU Ý: Nếu bạn nói tiếng Việt, bạn có thể được hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ miễn phí mà không phải chờ đợi lâu. Ngoài ra, các thiết bị hỗ trợ và dịch vụ phù hợp để cung cấp thông tin ở định dạng dễ tiếp cận cũng có sẵn miễn phí và kịp thời. Vui lòng gọi số điện thoại phía trên hoặc trao đổi với nhân viên tiếp nhận của bạn. Vietnamese

ÌKÉDE PÀTÀKÌ: Tí o bá leè sọ èdè Yorùbá, àwọn ètò ìrànlowó èdè wà fún ọ ní ọfẹ tí kò sì ní ìdènà nínú. Ní àfikún, àwọn ilànà isé àti ohun èlò ìrànlowó tó pé ye wá ní èkúnrẹ́rẹ́ láti pèsè àlàyè èyíkéyí tí o bá nilò ní ọfẹ àti ní òrèkóòrè. Jòwọ, pe ẹrọ Ìbànisọ̀rọ̀ tó wà lókè tàbí kí o bá aṣojú rẹ sọrọ. Yoruba

LB (7-25)



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