MINNEAPOLIS PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Minneapolis Public Housing Authority Minneapolis, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Minneapolis Public Housing Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Authority as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Elliots LP and Family Housing Resources LP, which represent 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of December 31, 2024. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Authority, are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note A-11 to the financial statements, in 2024 the Authority adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in the Authority's total OPEB liability and related ratios as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial data schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Authority. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the basic financial statements. The other information comprises the organizational chart but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 26, 2025 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

August 26, 2025 Melbourne, Florida Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam CPAs and Associates, LLP

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Board of Commissioners

		Term Expires
Kevin Reich	Chair	December 31, 2027
Medaria "Rondo" Arradondo	Commissioner	December 31, 2026
Alyssa Erickson	Commissioner	December 31, 2025
Gloria Freeman	Commissioner	December 31, 2026
Abdullahi Isse	Commissioner	December 31, 2026
Tamir Mohamud	Commissioner	December 31, 2026
Thomas Nordyke	Commissioner	December 31, 2026
Elfric K. Porte, II.	Commissioner	December 31, 2025
Danielle Werder	Commissioner	December 31, 2026
Exec	utive Director/CEO	
Abdi Warsame		Indefinite

MINNEAPOLIS PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(Unaudited)

This section of the Minneapolis Public Housing Authority's (MPHA) annual financial report presents our Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the MPHA's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2024. The MD&A is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, to provide an overview of the MPHA's financial activity and position, and to identify financial trends and concerns. Since this section is designed to focus on the audit year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the MPHA's financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). As provided under GAAP, the MPHA uses the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, and expenses, including depreciation, are recognized in the period in which they are incurred. The financial statements include the MPHA's blended component units—Community Housing Resources (CHR), MPHA Dev. Co., and MPHA Hold. Co. In addition, Elliots LP and Family Housing Resources, LP are presented as discretely presented component units of the MPHA.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- MPHA invested \$26.7 million into public housing preservation and production in 2024 and CHR spent \$7.4 million for property modernization and development and contributed another \$2.1 million for the construction of Section 8 project-based voucher housing.
- Due to decades of insufficient federal funding and increasing property needs for the Public Housing Program, the MPHA found it necessary to invoke MTW single fund flexibility and utilize funding from the MTW Housing Choice Voucher Program to adequately serve public housing families and make necessary repairs to aging public housing buildings. In 2024, the MPHA utilized \$12.4 million in MTW Housing Choice Voucher funds to primarily fund capital improvements, property security needs, increased labor costs in property management services, and additional contributions to improve operations at the Heritage Park mixed-financed development.
- Government grants, investment income and other revenues increased by \$10.9 million from 2023. The increase was attributable to tax proceeds received from a City of Minneapolis property tax levy of \$4.8 million, \$2.2 million in additional grant funds received from the Local Homeless Prevention Aid grant through Hennepin County, and \$1 million in additional support from the City of Minneapolis for the Stable Homes Stable Schools Program.

AGENCY OVERVIEW

The MPHA's mission is to promote and deliver quality, well-managed homes to a diverse low-income population and, with partners, contribute to the well-being of the individuals, families and community we serve. The MPHA uses the enterprise fund method for financial reporting. This presentation is designed to be corporate-like, in that all business-type activities are consolidated into one agency-wide total. While detailed sub-fund information is not presented, separate accounts are maintained for each program or grant to control and manage money for particular purposes or to demonstrate that the MPHA is properly using specific appropriations and grants. The Financial Data Schedule, presented in the Supplementary Information section of the financial statements, provides a balance sheet and income statement by program as required by HUD. Although the Financial Data Schedule presents several programs, the major operations include administering a Housing Choice Voucher Program and managing and operating public housing rental property.

On January 22, 2020, the MPHA board of commissioners ratified the formation of several non-profit instrumentalities to effectuate the conversion of properties subsidized by public housing subsidies to housing voucher subsidies. MPHA Hold. Co. was formed as a non-profit holding corporation, of which MPHA is its sole member, to effectuate tax benefits contemplated by the low-income housing tax credit (LIHTC) program when public housing properties are converted to housing vouchers and receive LIHTC financing. MPHA Dev. Co. was formed as a non-profit holding corporation, of which MPHA is the sole voting member, to fulfill the role of developer for former public housing properties that converted housing assistance to vouchers. MPHA Property Mgmt. Co. was formed as a non-profit holding corporation, of which MPHA is the sole voting member, to provide property management and maintenance services for former public housing properties that converted housing assistance to vouchers. MPHA Hold. Co., MPHA Dev. Co., and MPHA Property Mgmt. Co. are presented on these financial statements as a blended component unit within the MPHA, meaning that their financial transactions are combined with the MPHA's transactions in accordance with prescribed generally accepted accounting principles. MPHA Property Mgmt. Co. has not be used since formation.

Also, on January 22, 2020, the MPHA Hold. Co. board of directors ratified the formation of Elliots Mgmt. LLC and Elliots LP. These newly created entities were formed to effectuate the development and operation of the Elliot Twins apartment complex which converted subsidies from public housing to housing vouchers and embarked on approximately \$26.0 million in comprehensive modernization and the development of 10 additional units using debt and LIHTC equity financing. Elliots Mgmt. LLC is a single purpose entity that serves as the general partner in the Elliot Twins ownership entity. Elliots LP is the limited partnership that acquired the interests in the Elliot Twins and is a partnership between Elliots Mgmt. LLC (general partner), RBC-Elliot Twins, LLC (limited partner), and RBC Community Investments Manager II (Special Limited Partner). Elliots Mgmt. LLC's financial transactions are presented under its parent organization, MPHA Hold. Co. Elliots LP is presented on these financial statements as a discretely presented component unit of the MPHA, meaning that their financial transactions are not combined with the MPHA's transactions but rather presented separately in accordance with prescribed generally accepted accounting principles.

On February 23, 2022, the MPHA Hold. Co. board of directors ratified the formation of Family Housing Resources Mgmt. LLC and Family Housing Resources LP. These newly created entities were formed to effectuate the \$50.0 million development and operation of properties that consist of 84 units of deeply affordable project-based voucher housing on 16 sites throughout Minneapolis. Family Housing Resources Mgmt. LLC is a single purpose entity that serves as the general partner in the Family Housing Resources ownership entity. Family Housing Resources LP is the limited partnership that acquired the interests in these properties and is a partnership between Family Housing Resources Mgmt. LLC (general partner) and U.S. Bancorp Community Development Corporation (limited partner). Family Housing Resources Mgmt. LLC's financial transactions are presented under its parent organization, MPHA. Hold. Co. Family Housing Resources LP is presented on these financial statements as a discretely presented component unit of the MPHA, meaning that their financial transactions are not combined with the MPHA's transactions but rather presented separately in accordance with prescribed generally accepted accounting principles.

Moving to Work Demonstration Program

On January 29, 2008, the MPHA executed a Moving to Work (MTW) Agreement with HUD. In April 2016, the MTW Agreement was extended until December 31, 2028. MTW is a demonstration program for Public Housing Authorities (PHA) that provides them the opportunity to design and test innovative, locally-designed strategies that use federal dollars more efficiently, help residents find employment to become self-sufficient and increase housing choices for low-income families. MTW gives PHAs exemptions from many existing public housing and voucher rules and more flexibility around how they use their federal funds. Under MTW, the MPHA has a separate operating agreement with HUD, using what the MTW Agreement calls single fund flexibility, within certain restrictions. This flexibility permits MPHA to combine separate funds at the local level.

Housing Choice Voucher Program

The MPHA administers a Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program with federal funds received from HUD. The Housing Choice Voucher Program is the federal government's major program for assisting very low-income families, the elderly and the disabled to afford decent, safe and sanitary housing in the private market. Since housing assistance is provided on behalf of the family or individual, participants are able to find their own housing, including single-family homes, townhouses and apartments.

A family that has been issued a housing voucher is responsible for finding a suitable housing unit of the family's choice where the owner agrees to rent under the program. A housing subsidy, commonly referred to as a HAP, is paid to the landlord directly by the MPHA on behalf of the participating family. The family then pays the difference between the actual rent charged by the landlord and the amount subsidized by the program. Under certain circumstances, a family may use its voucher to purchase a modest home.

Eligibility for a housing voucher is determined based on the total annual gross income and family size. It is limited to U.S. citizens and specified categories of non-citizens who have eligible immigration status. In general, the family's income may not exceed 50 percent of the median income for the county or metropolitan area in which the family chooses to live. By law, the MPHA must provide 75 percent of its vouchers to applicants whose incomes do not exceed 30 percent of the area's median income.

In 2024, the MPHA spent \$55.4 million on MTW housing choice voucher rent subsidies and averaged 4,532 housing choice vouchers under lease per month, a 1.6 percent increase in usage from the 2023 level. In addition, the MPHA spent \$10.9 million of rent subsidy provided from other public housing authorities whose voucher holders found rental housing in Minneapolis. The average monthly housing assistance payments per MTW voucher increased to \$1,019 in 2024 from \$928 in 2023, a 9.8 percent increase.

MPHA also administers housing choice vouchers that are outside of the MTW program. The vouchers are generally for designated purposes and populations. In 2024, MPHA averaged 1,747 of these vouchers under lease each month and spent \$21.4 million on housing assistance payments (including amounts paid to component units). The average monthly per voucher housing assistance payments was \$1,023 in 2024.

Due to decades of insufficient federal funding and increasing property needs for the Public Housing Program, the MPHA found it necessary to invoke MTW single fund flexibility and utilize funding from the MTW Housing Choice Voucher Program to adequately serve public housing families and make necessary repairs to aging public housing buildings. In 2024, the MPHA utilized \$12.4 million in MTW Housing Choice Voucher funds to primarily fund capital improvements, property security needs, increased labor costs in property management services, and additional contributions to improve operations at the Heritage Park mixed-financed development.

Public Housing Program

Public housing was established to provide decent and safe rental housing for eligible low-income families, the elderly and persons with disabilities. The MPHA's public housing comes in all sizes and types, from scattered single-family houses to high-rise apartments for elderly families. There are approximately 5,000 households living in public housing units managed by the MPHA, including 11 scattered-site units, 213 townhouse units and 4,832 high-rise apartment units. HUD provides federal aid to the MPHA so that the MPHA can manage the housing for low-income residents at rents they can afford. Eligibility for public housing is determined based on the total family's annual gross income and is limited to U.S. citizens and specified categories of noncitizens who have eligible immigration status.

In 1998, the Congress established a new Operating Fund Program for public housing. Among other changes was the requirement that all PHAs of 250 or more units convert to asset management, "consistent with the norms in the broader multifamily management industry." HUD required that the MPHA implement asset management by 2008. The core elements or building blocks of HUD's asset management include project-based budgeting, accounting and management.

In 2007, the MPHA was one of the first housing authorities in the country to implement HUD's asset management regulations. As the first step in the conversion to asset management, the MPHA established nine asset management projects (AMPs) or clusters of properties grouped in a manner to promote efficient and effective management. The MPHA's asset management projects are based on geographical proximity and housing type (family, high-rise or privately-owned). The Financial Data Schedule presents the financial results of each asset management project separately.

One of the other major changes under asset management is the requirement that PHAs now charge a reasonable management fee to asset management projects and programs for central office costs, rather than allocating these costs to each program. In accordance with HUD regulations, the MPHA established a Central Office Cost Center, which performs all the MPHA's general overhead tasks and, for this service, receives fees from HUD programs and projects. The Financial Data Schedule separately presents the financial results of the central office.

In addition to federal aid for the operation of public housing, HUD also provides the MPHA with capital grant funds for public housing modernization and new public housing unit development. The MPHA's 40 high-rise apartment buildings were predominantly built in the 1960s and early 1970s and before the MTW Agreement, spent close to \$10 million annually on modernization work. In 2024, the MPHA spent \$26.7 million and CHR spent \$7.4 million for property modernization and development and contributed another \$2.1 million for the construction of Section 8 project-based voucher housing.

The MPHA's public housing program continued to show high occupancy levels in 2024, with annual occupancy at 96.7 percent of all available public housing units.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the MPHA's, and blended component unit, finances in a manner similar to that of a private-sector business. These statements include:

- <u>Statement of Net Position</u>, which presents information on all of the MPHA's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Current assets in comparison to current liabilities provides a measure of the MPHA's ability to cover current obligations if the obligations became immediately due and payable. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the MPHA's current ratio is 2.32 and 2.54, respectively. The Statement of Net Position is shown on page 23.
- <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position</u>, which presents information showing how the MPHA's net position changed during the most recent period. Over time, increases or decreases in net position usually serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the MPHA is improving or deteriorating. This statement shows the total revenues and total expenses of the MPHA, and the difference between them is the MPHA's "net income or loss." This statement is on page 24.

• <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u>, which presents changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operations, capital, and noncapital financing activities and investing activities. The Statement of Cash Flows is shown on page 25.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the MPHA's basic financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 27 through 65 of this report.

COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table provides a comparative analysis of the MPHA's financial position as of the fiscal years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023. Throughout this section, any reference to MPHA includes blended component units. This table provides a snapshot of the MPHA's economic resources (assets), the claims on these resources by outside creditors (liabilities) and the net resources available to the MPHA (equity).

Statement of Net Position (in Millions)

		2024	 2023	Variance (%)
Assets				
Current and other assets Noncurrent assets	\$	52.1 328.4	\$ 44.5 303.8	17.1 8.1
Total Assets	\$	380.5	\$ 348.3	9.2
Deferred Outflow of Resources		0.0	 0.0	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$	22.4	\$ 17.5	28.0
Long-term liabilities	-	17.1	 17.7	(3.4)
Total Liabilities	\$	39.5	\$ 35.2	12.2
Deferred Inflow of Resources		5.6	 5.1	9.8
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	275.4	\$ 258	6.7
Restricted net position		1.2	0.9	33.3
Unrestricted net position		58.8	 49.1	19.8
Total Net Position	\$	335.4	\$ 308.0	8.9

Total assets as of December 31, 2024 are \$380.5 million, an increase of 9.2 percent from 2023. The change in total assets was the net result of a \$7.6 million increase in current assets and a \$24.6 million increase in noncurrent assets. Cash and investments balances increased by \$5.5 million and accounts receivable increased \$3.6 million from 2023. The accounts receivable increase stems from amounts owed from Hennepin County for the Local Homeless Prevention Aid grant, from HUD for capital grants and housing assistance subsidies, and from discrete component units for property management services reimbursements. Significant capital improvements made on public housing property are the primary reasons for the noncurrent asset increase. Fixed assets net of accumulated depreciation increased \$17.7 million.

Current assets account for \$52.1 million and make-up 14 percent of total assets. MPHA's non-current assets, include capital assets, and totaled \$328.4 million. The majority of the MPHA's assets (82.1 percent) are capital assets, which consist of 40 high-rise apartment buildings, 224 single-family or townhome units and two administrative buildings. CHR, a blended component unit, owns 694 single-family or duplexes.



As presented in the Change in Capital Assets schedule, the capital asset additions of \$35.9 million were offset by \$18.2 million of depreciation. The increase in capital assets is the result of significant building improvement work in public housing high-rise apartment buildings. The most significant expenditures were \$3.7 million spent on façade and window replacements in several high-rise properties, \$2.9 million spent on boiler replacement at the Cedars apartment campus, and \$2.9 million spent on Glendale roofs and exterior repairs. There was also \$7.4 million spent on CHR property rehabilitation. MPHA also contributed \$2.1 million for the Family Housing Resources LP construction of project-based voucher housing units. Most of the MPHA's capital assets are in the form of public housing buildings depreciated over 39 years and capital improvements to these buildings depreciated over 20 years.

Change in Capital Assets (in millions)

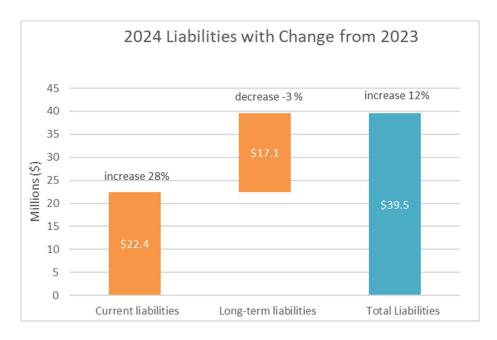
Beginning Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ 276.7
Additions	35.9
Depreciation	(18.2)
Deletions	
Ending Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$ 294.40



MPHA's non-current assets also include loans made to related entities. On June 10, 2020 Elliots LP closed on a project to acquire, renovate, and operate two multifamily public housing apartment complexes with 87 units each known as Elliots Twins. MPHA agreed to finance part of the development with a loan up to \$4,650,430 that carries a 4 percent interest rate. Beginning April 1, 2023 annual payments are due solely from available net cash flow with any remaining unpaid amounts due on June 10, 2075. No payments were made on the loan in 2024. As of December 31, 2024, \$3,809,881 of principal and \$491,322 of interest was outstanding on the loan.

On November 22, 2022 Family Housing Resources LP closed on a project to construct 84 units of Section 8 project-based voucher-subsidized housing units across 16 sites. MPHA agreed to finance part of the development with a loan up to \$12,800,730 that carries a 3 percent interest rate and is payable from the project's net cash flow to the extent available with any remaining unpaid amounts due on December 31, 2055. As of December 31, 2024, \$12,600,571 had been advanced to the project.

Total liabilities were \$39.5 million in 2024. Total liabilities increased by \$4.3 million from 2023. The 12.2 percent increase resides in current liabilities where vendor accounts payable balances were \$2.9 million larger than 2023 stemming from increased contractor payables for capital improvement work and support service providers in the Stable Homes Stable Schools program.



Long-term liabilities which primarily consists of long-term debt decreased by 3 percent. The schedule below presents the MPHA's outstanding debt, both short and long-term, at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Outstanding Debt Balance (millions)

	2024	2023	
Finance leases \$	8.3	9.9	•
Notes payable	0	0	
Loans payable	8.9	8.9	
Total Debt Outstanding \$	17.2	18.8	

In 2009, the MPHA entered into a \$28.4 million, 19.75-year finance lease for capital improvements that are expected to result in enough energy consumption savings to offset the amortization of the debt. The debt proceeds were made available under a line of credit and the MPHA withdrew \$2.8 million in 2009 from this line. The remaining \$25.6 million was disbursed to the MPHA in 2010. The MPHA paid \$2.1 million in principal and interest in 2012, leaving the remaining balance of \$27.7 million. In August 2013, the MPHA refinanced the finance lease to reduce the original lease interest rate from 5.61 percent to 3.42 percent and increased the lease amount to \$31,124,546. The refinancing provided \$3,370,000 in additional proceeds for more energy-efficient assets and improvements. Of these proceeds, as of December 31, 2016, the MPHA had acquired \$3,353,909 in equipment through this finance lease, for a total to date of \$31,783,517. The remaining proceeds of \$16,090.67 were paid as principal repayment to Bank of America in April 2016 in accordance with the Equipment Lease/Purchase Agreement. MPHA repaid \$9,011,322.82 of principal payments in 2020. In 2024, the MPHA reduced its energy and water consumption compared to the baseline use before the implementation of the improvements by 91,552,000 gallons of water, 38,462 Metric Million British Thermal Units of natural gas and 3,755,038 kilowatt hours of electricity. The consumption reductions saved MPHA over \$2.1 million in 2024.

On October 14, 2014, the MPHA entered into a \$600,000 deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) for the rehabilitation of property at 600 18th Avenue North. The 20-year loan carries no interest and is forgivable upon the MPHA continuing to operate the property pursuant to 2012 Minn. Laws Ch. 293, Section 23, Minn. Stat. § 462A.202.

On January 18, 2018, the MPHA entered into a \$1,200,000 deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) for the rehabilitation of property at 620 Cedar Avenue South. The loan is a 20-year loan that carries no interest and is forgivable upon the MPHA continuing to operate the property pursuant to 2014 Minn. Laws Ch. 294, Section 23, Minn. Stat. § 462A.202, as may be amended, modified, or replaced from time to time and the MHFA rules and regulations thereunder.

On June 26, 2018, the MPHA entered into a \$600,000 deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Hennepin County Housing and Redevelopment Authority for the construction of 16 units of supportive rental housing at 5342, 5350, 5362, and 5370 Riverview Road. The \$600,000 loan is a 30-year loan that requires no repayment or interest prior to the maturity of the loan provided the MPHA continues to meet the loan requirements and houses tenants that meet the Affordable Housing Incentive Fund Program affordability requirements. The loan principal is fully due at maturity.

On June 26, 2018, the MPHA entered into a mortgage note with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for the construction of 16 units of supportive rental housing at 5342, 5350, 5362 and 5370 Riverview Road. The Note carries a principal amount of \$1,170,475, or if the Lender has not fully advanced that principal amount, then the lesser amount that the Lender has advanced. The first advance from this loan occurred on February 8, 2019. The full loan amount was advanced as of September 12, 2019.

The \$1,170,475 loan is a 30-year loan that requires no repayment or interest prior to the maturity of the loan provided the MPHA continues to meet the loan requirements. The loan principal is fully due at maturity.

On September 23, 2020, the MPHA entered into a \$407,550 deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) for the rehabilitation of property at 1627 South 6th Street. The loan is a 20-year loan that carries no interest and is forgivable upon the MPHA continuing to operate the property pursuant to 2014 Minn. Laws Ch. 294, Section 23, Minn. Stat. § 462A.202, as may be amended, modified, or replaced from time to time and the MHFA rules and regulations thereunder.

On June 25, 2021, the MPHA entered into a \$400,000 deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) for the rehabilitation of property at 600 18th Avenue North. The loan is a 20-year loan that carries no interest and is forgivable upon the MPHA continuing to operate the property pursuant to 2018 Ch. 214, Article I, Section 23 and Minn. Stat. § 462A.202, as may be amended, modified, or replaced from time to time and the MHFA rules and regulations thereunder.

On August 9, 2021, the MPHA entered into a \$1,811,509 deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) for the rehabilitation of property at 1611 South 6th Street. The loan is a 20-year loan that carries no interest and is forgivable upon the MPHA continuing to operate the property pursuant to 2017 Minn. Laws 1st Spec. Sess., Article I, Section 22 and Minn. Stat. § 462A.202, as may be amended, modified, or replaced from time to time and the MHFA rules and regulations thereunder.

On May 11, 2022, the MPHA entered into a construction loan and deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) for the rehabilitation of 2121 Minnehaha Avenue South of which \$317,750 was advanced as of December 31, 2024. The loan is a 20-year loan that carries no interest and is forgivable upon the MPHA continuing to operate the property pursuant to 2020 Minn. Laws 5th Spec. Sess., Ch.3, Article I, Section 23, and Minn. Stat. § 462A.202, as may be amended, modified, or replaced from time to time and the MHFA rules and regulations thereunder.

On May 11, 2022, the MPHA entered into a construction loan and deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) for the rehabilitation of 630 Cedar Avenue South of which \$568,959 was advanced as of December 31, 2024. The loan is a 20-year loan that carries no interest and is forgivable upon the MPHA continuing to operate the property pursuant to 2020 Minn. Laws 5th Spec. Sess., Ch.3, Article I, Section 23, and Minn. Stat. § 462A.202, as may be amended, modified, or replaced from time to time and the MHFA rules and regulations thereunder.

On May 11, 2022, the MPHA entered into a construction loan and deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) for the rehabilitation of 1627 South 6th Street of which \$336,556 was advanced as of December 31, 2024. The loan is a 20-year loan that carries no interest and is forgivable upon the MPHA continuing to operate the property pursuant to 2020 Minn. Laws 5th Spec. Sess., Ch.3, Article I, Section 23, and Minn. Stat. § 462A.202, as may be amended, modified, or replaced from time to time and the MHFA rules and regulations thereunder.

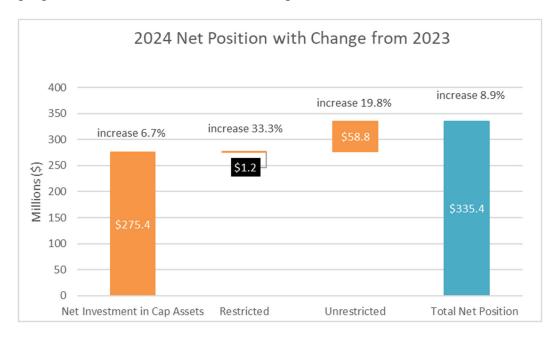
On May 11, 2022, the MPHA entered into a construction loan and deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) for the rehabilitation of 600 18th Avenue North of which \$1,006,595 was advanced as of December 31, 2024. The loan is a 20-year loan that carries no interest and is forgivable upon the MPHA continuing to operate the property pursuant to 2020 Minn. Laws 5th Spec. Sess., Ch.3, Article I, Section 23, and Minn. Stat. § 462A.202, as may be amended, modified, or replaced from time to time and the MHFA rules and regulations thereunder.

On December 5, 2022, the MPHA entered into a \$445,750 deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) for the rehabilitation of 1611 South Sixth Street. The loan is a 20-year loan that carries no interest and is forgivable upon the MPHA continuing to operate the property pursuant to 2018 Minn. Laws Ch.214, Article I, Section 23, and Minn. Stat. § 462A.202, as may be amended, modified, or replaced from time to time and the MHFA rules and regulations thereunder.

Deferred Inflow of Resources increased by \$0.5 million as a result of recognizing future economic benefits for the long-term agreements associated with the lease of property space.

The MPHA's total net position as of December 2024 was \$335.4 million an increase of \$27.4 million from 2023. The largest portion of MPHA's net position is in capital assets. Net investments in capital assets increased by \$17.4 million or 6.7 percent as of a result of increased construction activity. The unrestricted net position increased by \$9.7 million or 19.8 percent from 2023. The most significant increase in unrestricted net position relates to the drawdown of HUD grants that are loaned to related entities for the redevelopment of converted public housing units or development of Section 8 project-based units. MPHA made \$16.4 million of such loans and the outstanding balance of the principal and interest on these loans was \$17.5 million in 2024; an increase of \$3 million. Additionally, \$3.6 million in City of Minneapolis levied tax proceeds were received but unspent in 2024. MPHA's blended component units increased unrestricted net position by \$3.2 million through the earning of developer fees (MPHA Dev Co) and operating net income (CHR). The restricted net position increased by \$0.3 million to \$1.2 million. The increase in restricted net position relates to grants received from local foundations that have not been fully spent yet.

As an entity created by State enabling legislation, all of MPHA's resources are restricted for purposes authorized under the State of Minnesota and further restricted by the City of Minneapolis Ordinance. Furthermore, all federal and local grants and subsidies are restricted for the purposes authorized by the funder. MPHA presents a portion of its net position as unrestricted under the implied understanding that those resources are not further restricted for a limited use within the general program area for which those funds were provided.



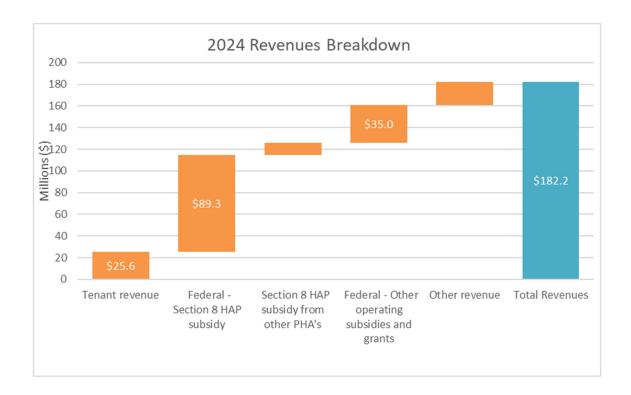
OPERATING ACTIVITIES

The MPHA receives its operating revenues to support its operating expenditures from rental charges, federal government subsidies, and grants provided through HUD and the City of Minneapolis. The MPHA also receives funding from HUD for capital improvement expenditures and the development of public housing units. The following table summarizes and compares the changes related to the MPHA's operating and capital transactions between fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

Total revenues for 2024 were \$182.2 million, an increase of 8.9 percent from 2023. As in previous years, the MPHA was heavily funded from the federal government. Revenues and capital contributions of \$159.6 million were earned from the federal government, either directly from HUD or by way of other housing authorities that reimbursed the MPHA for their housing vouchers utilized in Minneapolis. These funds were provided for general program operation, capital uses for improvements for existing structures and Section 8 housing assistance payments.

Statement of Revenues and Expenses (Millions)

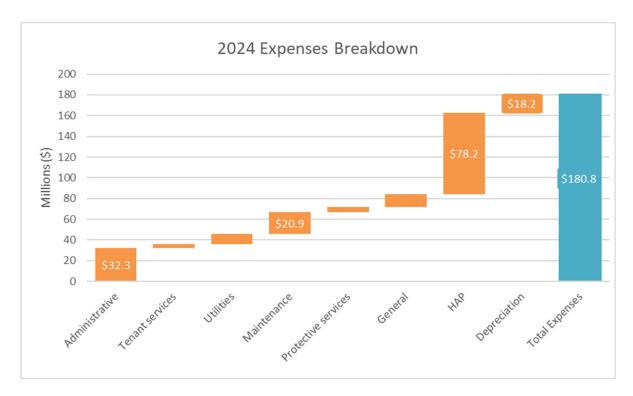
		2024	 2023	Variance (%)
Revenues				
Tenant revenue - rents and other	\$	25.6	\$ 24.4	4.9
Federal - Section 8 HAP subsidy		89.3	78.8	13.3
Section 8 HAP subsidy from other PHA's		10.9	12.6	(13.5)
Federal - Other operating subsidies and gran	nts	35.0	40.9	(14.5)
Other government grants		11.8	4.8	145.8
Investment income and other revenue		9.6	 5.7	68.4
Total Revenues	\$	182.2	\$ 167.2	8.9
Expenses				
Administrative	\$	32.3	\$ 28.5	13.3
Tenant services		3.7	2.0	85.0
Utilities		9.9	10.7	(7.5)
Maintenance		20.9	18.8	11.2
Protective services		5.3	4.0	32.5
General		12.0	7.5	60.0
HAP		78.2	72.1	8.5
Depreciation		18.2	 17.0	7.1
Total Expenses	\$	180.5	\$ 160.6	12.4
Net Income (Loss) Before Contributions				
& Special Items	\$	1.7	\$ 6.6	(74.4)
Capital Contributions		25.7	 9.4	173.4
Change in Net Position	\$	27.4	\$ 16.0	70.8



Section 8 housing assistance subsidy received from other housing authorities whose voucher holders found units in Minneapolis remained high in 2024 but decreased from \$12.6 million to \$10.9 million as MPHA absorbed some of these participants into its own program. This transfer of housing assistance subsidy from one housing authority to another occurs when a voucher holder moves to a location outside the jurisdiction of the public housing agency that first gave them the voucher when they were selected for the program. This practice is referred to as portability. In 2024, an average of 826 vouchers were used each month to rent units in Minneapolis with vouchers issued from a housing authority in another jurisdiction. In 2020, the average monthly number of vouchers was 1,021 and hit a peak in 2022 at 1,265 portable vouchers on average monthly.

Federal operating subsidies and grants to support operations decreased by \$5.9 million from 2023 levels, the result of drawing over \$6 million less in Capital Fund Program resources for contributions to FHR for constructing new Section 8 project-based housing. Federal Section 8 Housing Assistance Payment subsidies received directly from the federal government increased by 13.3 percent as funding attempted to keep up with rental cost increases. Government grants and other revenues increased by \$10.9 million from 2023. The increase was attributable to tax proceeds received from a City of Minneapolis property tax levy of \$4.8 million, \$2.2 million in additional grant funds received from the Local Homeless Prevention Aid grant through Hennepin County, and \$1 million in additional support from the City of Minneapolis for the Stable Homes Stable Schools Program.

Total expenses were \$180.5 million in 2024, an increase of 12.4 percent from 2023. The largest amount increases above 2023 spending levels were in housing assistance payments (HAP) and general expenses. The largest category of spending was HAP to Section 8 landlords, which made up 43 percent of expenses in 2024. In total, Section 8 landlord payments were \$78.2 million, an increase of \$6.1 million from 2023. The increase in general expenses was driven by two factors. The first was a significant increase in payments made for the operation of Heritage Park where MPHA paid \$3.6 million to the private owner of the development to make improvements in the operation and occupancy of the public and affordable housing on the site. The second factor was an accounting change in compensated absences. Prior to 2024, compensated absences earned were recorded net of compensated absences used. In 2024 compensated absences expenses were recorded without an offset from uses.



In addition to HAP expense increases, the largest year over year percentage increase was in tenant services and protective services. Tenant service spending increased 85 percent in 2024 resulting from the availability of Local Homeless Prevention Aid grant funds that were used to provide assistance and resources for persons facing the threat of losing homes or experiencing homelessness. Protective service expenses increased 33 percent for costs related to private security guards at public housing sites.

Capital contributions increased by \$16.3 million to \$25.7 million. This line item represents federal grants used to make capital improvements in public housing and contributions for the development and rehabilitation of MPHA-affiliated Section 8 project-based housing. In 2024, capital contributions also included \$5 million provided to CHR from state and local government. This very significant increase in contributed capital reflects the level of improvements made for the preservation of this important asset.

MPHA's 2025 funding was very close to budgeted levels and remained relatively consistent with 2024 funding. Congress has not passed funding bills for 2026 but the Administration's budget request contained severe reductions for MPHA programs. Appropriation committees from each chamber of Congress has passed funding bills that provide funding at levels that either are below current levels or less than inflation adjusted levels.

MPHA's Board of Commissioners approved a five year strategic plan on January 25, 2023. The Plan aims to elevate the importance of public and deeply affordable housing and the contribution of MPHA and its residents in creating and sustaining vibrant and healthy communities. The following six goals have been identified for the agency to maintain this work in 2023-2027:

- 1. Provide and preserve deeply affordable, high-quality housing for Highrise residents.
- 2. Build new and expand partnerships with federal, state, and local governments, in addition to philanthropic entities to support MPHA residents and those who are on our waitlist.
- 3. Provide and preserve deeply affordable, high-quality family housing.
- 4. Increase supply of deeply affordable housing by at least 150 units per year
- 5. Position MPHA as an employer of choice.
- 6. Continuously improve organizational performance to retain MTW status and highest HUD performance rating.

CONTACTING MPHA'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the MPHA's finances and to demonstrate the MPHA's accountability for the appropriations and grants that it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Minneapolis Public Housing Authority, ATTN: Finance Department, 1001 Washington Avenue North, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55401.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2024

	Primary government	Discrete component units
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 19,704,722	\$ 435,307
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	2,609,676	1,259,891
Receivables, net	16,232,528	1,408,825
Investments - unrestricted	10,862,747	-
Investments - restricted	537,607	<u>-</u>
Prepaid expenses	2,173,126	367,798
Total current assets	52,120,406	3,471,821
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	49,218	-
Investments - unrestricted	9,724,940	-
Notes receivable from discrete component units	16,519,572	-
Capital assets, net	294,374,611	89,506,953
Lease receivable, net of current portion	5,361,668	-
Deferred developer fee	2,337,056	4 475 040
Other noncurrent assets	200 207 005	1,175,948
Total noncurrent assets	328,367,065	90,682,901
Total assets	380,487,471	94,154,722
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Post employment health benefits	9,360	
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Current portion of long-term debt	1,616,078	169,081
Current portion of subscription payable	693,783	-
Accounts payable	11,646,326	240,460
Due to other governments	967,840	800,289
Accrued salaries	1,532,172	-
Accrued compensated absences	3,022,650	- -
Accrued interest payable	11,822	41,119
Accrued contingency liability	68,000	-
Tenant security deposits	984,247	65,605
Unearned revenue	822,124	2,740
Other current liabilities	1,054,545	63,570
Total current liabilities	22,419,587	1,382,864
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Long-term debt, net of current portion	15,544,930	64,376,413
Subscription payable, net of current portion	1,123,712	-
Net OPEB liability	389,398	4.405.007
Accrued interest payable	40.040	4,185,327
Other noncurrent liabilities	49,218	2,273,638
Total noncurrent liabilities	17,107,258	70,835,378
Total liabilities	39,526,845	72,218,242
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	040.704	
Post employment health benefits	248,784	-
Leases	5,332,289	
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,581,073	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION	075	
Net investment in capital assets	275,396,108	20,776,649
Restricted Unrestricted	1,193,744 58,700,061	1,193,101
	58,799,061	(33,270)
Total net position	\$ 335,388,913	\$ 21,936,480

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the year ended December 31, 2024

OPERATING REVENUES Primary government component units HUD operating revenues \$124,271,356 \$ - Tenant revenue, net 25,601,454 1,045,579 Other government grants 11,823,471 2,673,204 Portability income 10,880,906 - Other operating revenue 7,685,430 16,423,055 Total operating revenues 180,262,617 20,141,838 CPERATING EXPENSES Administrative 32,310,336 771,007 Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NonOperating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 <			Discrete
OPERATING REVENUES HUD operating revenues \$ 124,271,356 \$ - Tenant revenue, net 25,601,454 1,045,579 Other government grants 11,823,471 2,673,204 Portability income 10,880,906 - Other operating revenue 7,685,430 16,423,055 Total operating revenues 180,262,617 20,141,838 OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative 32,310,336 771,007 Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 111,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 36,034 13,692,366 Mortgage interest income		Primary	component
HUD operating revenues \$124,271,356 - Tenant revenue, net 25,601,454 1,045,579 Other government grants 11,823,471 2,673,204 Portability income 10,880,906 - Other operating revenue 7,685,430 16,423,055 Total operating revenues 180,262,617 20,141,838 OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative 32,310,336 771,007 Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 14,783 - Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 -		government	units
Tenant revenue, net 25,601,454 1,045,579 Other government grants 11,823,471 2,673,204 Portability income 10,880,906 - Other operating revenue 7,685,430 16,423,055 Total operating revenues 180,262,617 20,141,838 OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative 32,310,336 771,007 Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 14,783 - Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gai	OPERATING REVENUES		
Other government grants 11,823,471 2,673,204 Portability income 10,880,906 - Other operating revenue 7,685,430 16,423,055 Total operating revenues 180,262,617 20,141,838 OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative 32,310,336 771,007 Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 36,034 13,692,366 Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Interest income 944,316 - Interest	HUD operating revenues	\$ 124,271,356	\$ -
Portability income 10,880,906 - Other operating revenue 7,685,430 16,423,055 Total operating revenues 180,262,617 20,141,838 OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative 32,310,336 771,007 Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 36,034 13,692,366 Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25,601,454	1,045,579
Other operating revenues 7,685,430 16,423,055 Total operating revenues 180,262,617 20,141,838 OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative 32,310,336 771,007 Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) S Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change i	Other government grants	11,823,471	2,673,204
Total operating revenues 180,262,617 20,141,838 OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative 32,310,336 771,007 Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 14,783 - Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563)	Portability income	10,880,906	-
OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative 32,310,336 771,007 Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 14,783 - Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 20,733,055 -	Other operating revenue	7,685,430	16,423,055
Administrative 32,310,336 771,007 Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 36,034 13,692,366 Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS <td< td=""><td>Total operating revenues</td><td>180,262,617</td><td>20,141,838</td></td<>	Total operating revenues	180,262,617	20,141,838
Tenant services 3,704,478 39,932 Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 41,783 - Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 20,733,055 - Other capital grants	OPERATING EXPENSES		
Utilities 9,897,994 654,975 Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 14,783 - Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 25,695,238 - Total capital contributions 25,695,23	Administrative	32,310,336	771,007
Maintenance 20,928,846 670,382 Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 14,783 - Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 20,733,055 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning	Tenant services	3,704,478	39,932
Protective services 5,331,942 113,476 General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8 Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - HUD capital grants 4,962,183 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444	Utilities	9,897,994	654,975
General 11,709,638 611,946 Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8 Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - HUD capital grants 4,962,183 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 30	Maintenance	20,928,846	670,382
Depreciation and amortization 18,174,023 3,587,754 Housing assistance payments 78,169,326 - Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 36,034 13,692,366 Nontragage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Protective services	5,331,942	113,476
Housing assistance payments	General	11,709,638	611,946
Total operating expenses 180,226,583 6,449,472 OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 36,034 13,692,366 Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Depreciation and amortization	18,174,023	3,587,754
OPERATING INCOME 36,034 13,692,366 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 14,783 - Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Other capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Housing assistance payments	78,169,326	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Total operating expenses	180,226,583	6,449,472
Gain on sale of capital assets 14,783 - Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	OPERATING INCOME	36,034	13,692,366
Mortgage interest income 541,214 - Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Gain on investments 412,869 12,252 Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - HUD capital grants 4,962,183 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Gain on sale of capital assets	14,783	-
Interest income 944,316 - Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - HUD capital grants 4,962,183 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Mortgage interest income	541,214	-
Interest expense (318,010) (3,085,815) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 20,733,055 - HUD capital grants 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Gain on investments	412,869	12,252
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,595,172 (3,073,563) Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS HUD capital grants 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Interest income	944,316	-
Change in net position before capital contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS HUD capital grants 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Interest expense	(318,010)	(3,085,815)
contributions 1,631,206 10,618,803 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS HUD capital grants 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,595,172	(3,073,563)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS HUD capital grants 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Change in net position before capital		
HUD capital grants 20,733,055 - Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	contributions	1,631,206	10,618,803
Other capital grants 4,962,183 - Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		
Total capital contributions 25,695,238 - Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	HUD capital grants	20,733,055	-
Change in net position 27,326,444 10,618,803 Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Other capital grants	4,962,183	
Total net position - beginning 308,062,469 11,317,677	Total capital contributions	25,695,238	-
	Change in net position	27,326,444	10,618,803
Total net position - ending \$335,388,913 \$21,936,480	Total net position - beginning	308,062,469	11,317,677
	Total net position - ending	\$ 335,388,913	\$ 21,936,480

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
HUD operating grants received	\$ 123,597,367
Collections from tenants	25,617,503
Collections from other grants	10,805,599
Collections from other sources	15,042,673
Payments to employees	(39,465,196)
Payments to suppliers	(58,920,253)
Housing assistance payments	(59,995,303)
Net cash provided by operating activities	16,682,390
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING	
ACTIVITIES	
Payments on long-term debt	(1,591,751)
Lease payments	(21,505)
Subscription payments	(32,196)
Issuance of notes receivable	(2,188,778)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	37,802
Interest paid	(318,010)
Capital grant revenue received	25,695,238
Purchase of property and equipment	(34,061,760)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(12,480,960)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase of investments	(20,131,841)
Sale of investments	17,249,111
Interest received	361,537
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,521,193)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,680,237
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	20,683,379
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	\$ 22,363,616
AS PRESENTED ON THE ACCOMPANYING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 19,704,722
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted - current	2,609,676
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted - noncurrent	49,218
	\$ 22,363,616

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2024

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income	\$	36,034
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization		18,174,023
Change in provision for allowance for doubtful accounts		314,826
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows:		
Receivables, net		(3,284,773)
Prepaid expenses		(271,389)
Lease receivable		(660,661)
Deferred developer fee		(2,273,636)
Deferred outflows - post employment health benefits		14,841
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows:		
Accounts payable		2,880,895
Due to other governments		69,357
Accrued salaries		522,198
Accrued compensated absences		547,443
Accrued interest payable		(2,441)
Accrued contingency liability		(52,500)
Tenant security deposits		1,278
Unearned revenue		152,009
Other current liabilities		108,701
Net OPEB liability		(57,883)
Other noncurrent liabilities		(66,591)
Deferred inflows - post employment health benefits		(22,101)
Deferred inflows - leases		552,760
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	16,682,390
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH		
TRANSACTIONS		
Right of use asset obtained through subscription payable	\$	1,810,365
riigiit oi use asset obtained tillougii subscription payable	<u>φ</u>	1,010,303

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Reporting entity

The Minneapolis Public Housing Authority is an independent authority created by resolution of the City of Minneapolis under the Minnesota Housing and Redevelopment Act of 1947. On June 1, 1986, the City of Minneapolis, by way of Ordinance Chapter 420, created the MPHA. The MPHA existed from that point as a separate entity but with an administrative contract with the Minneapolis Community Development Agency ("MCDA"), which provided administrative services to operate the MPHA. This relationship continued until August 10, 1990, when the Minneapolis City Council adopted final guidelines to make possible a complete separation of the two entities. On April 7, 1991, the MPHA separated from the MCDA and has since operated as an independent agency. The MPHA's primary operations are the development, comprehensive improvement, and operation of Low-Rent Public Housing and the administration of Housing Assistance Payment (Section 8) programs for low-income persons. These programs are financed by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The Authority's governing board consists of a nine member Board of Commissioners (the "Board"), which is appointed by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Minneapolis (the "City"). The Authority is not a component unit of the City, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Codification of *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* ("GASB Codification"), Section 2100, *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity*, as the Board independently oversees the Authority's operations.

The definition of the reporting entity as defined by GASB Codification Section 2100 is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The Authority's reporting entity is comprised of an enterprise fund which includes the activities of several housing programs and component units.

Blended component units

Some component units, despite being legally separate from the primary government, are so integrated with the primary government that they are in substance part of the primary government and are therefore blended with the primary government.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1. Reporting entity (continued)

Blended component units (continued)

Community Housing Resources, Inc. ("CHR") was incorporated on June 15, 2001. CHR was organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes, exclusively for the benefit of, to support the functions of, and to assist in carrying out the purposes of the Minneapolis Public Housing Authority. CHR is governed by a board of directors consisting of those persons serving as the members of the Board of Commissioners of the Authority and the Executive Director of the Authority. On October 1, 2020, the MPHA donated 717 units of scattered site public housing for \$1 per unit to CHR. This donation effectively converted the former public housing subsidized properties to properties subsidized by HUD project-based vouchers. The Authority continues to perform all property management functions for this family housing through a contract with CHR. The donation, which was approved by HUD, provides CHR access to additional on-going federal subsidies that makes the long-term preservation of these units more viable.

The Authority has five other blended component units that share the same governing boards as the primary government:

MPHA Hold. Co., was formed on January 22, 2020, as a non-profit holding corporation, of which the Authority is its sole member, to effectuate tax benefits contemplated by the low-income housing tax credit (LIHTC) program when public housing properties are converted to housing vouchers and receive LIHTC financing.

MPHA Dev. Co., was formed on January 22, 2020, as a non-profit holding corporation, of which MPHA is the sole voting member, to fulfill the role of developer for former public housing properties that converted housing assistance to vouchers.

MPHA Property Mgmt. Co., was formed on January 22, 2020, as a non-profit holding corporation, of which the Authority is the sole voting member, to provide property management and maintenance services for former public housing properties that converted housing assistance to vouchers.

Elliots Mgmt. LLC, a subsidiary of MPHA Hold Co., is the General Partner in Elliots LP ("Elliots"). General Partner obligations include construction completion, covering operating deficits, low-income housing tax credit shortfalls and recapture events, and environmental conditions. The General Partner is responsible for the property and business operations of Elliots.

Family Housing Resources Mgmt. LLC, a subsidiary of MPHA Hold Co., is a single purpose entity that serves as the General Partner in Family Housing Resources LP ("FHR"). Family Housing Resources Mgmt. LLC's financial transactions are presented under its parent organization, MPHA Hold. Co.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1. Reporting entity (continued)

Discretely presented component units

The following component units meet the criteria for discrete presentation and are presented in the component unit column in the government-wide financial statements in order to clearly distinguish their balances and transactions from the primary government. The discrete component units are not considered governmental entities. Therefore, they follow all applicable FASB standards and do not follow government accounting standards similar to the Authority. However, for presentation purposes in order to conform to the presentation of the Authority, certain transactions may be reflected differently in these financial statements than in separately issued information. Separately issued financial information for the discrete component units can be obtained from the Authority.

Elliots LP ("Elliots") was formed on February 7, 2020. Elliots was formed to acquire and renovate two multifamily apartment complexes with 87 units, construct 10 additional units and operate the complex known as the Elliot Twins located in Minneapolis, Minnesota. Elliots will provide affordable housing utilizing the housing tax credit program and the Section 8 Project Based Vouchers.

Family Housing Resources LP ("FHR") was formed on February 23, 2022. FHR was formed to effectuate the \$50 million development and operation of properties that consist of 84 units of deeply affordable project-based voucher housing on 16 sites throughout Minneapolis. FHR is the limited partnership that acquired the interests in these properties and is a partnership between Family Housing Resources Mgmt. LLC, the general partner, and U.S. Bancorp Community Development Corporation, the limited partner.

2. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the reporting government as a whole excluding fiduciary activities. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Governments use fund accounting, whereby funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

For financial reporting purposes, the Authority reports all of its operations as a single business activity in a single enterprise fund. Therefore, the government-wide and the fund financial statements are the same.

Enterprise funds are proprietary funds. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating activities generally arise from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal activity. The operating revenues of the Authority consist primarily of rental charges to tenants and operating grants from the Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") and include, to a lesser extent, certain operating amounts of capital grants that offset operating expenses.

Operating expenses for the Authority include the cost of administrative (including property and program management), maintenance, tenant services, general operations, utilities, protective services, depreciation and housing assistance payments. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses, except for capital contributions and transfers, which are presented separately.

When restricted resources meet the criteria to be available for use and unrestricted resources are also available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as needed.

3. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. The proprietary fund utilizes an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. The basis of accounting used is similar to businesses in the private sector; thus, these funds are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

For financial reporting purposes, the Authority considers its HUD grants associated with operations as operating revenue because these funds more closely represent revenues generated from operating activities rather than non-operating activities. HUD grants associated with capital acquisition and improvements are considered capital contributions and are presented after non-operating activity on the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3. Measurement focus and basis of accounting (continued)

As provided by GASB Codification Section P80.115, *Proprietary Fund Accounting and Financial Reporting: Defining Operating Expenses*, and related guidance, tenant revenue is reported net of \$314,826 of collection losses.

4. Summary of programs

The accompanying financial statements include the activities of several housing programs subsidized by HUD and other federal entities at the Authority. A summary of each significant program is provided below.

a. Moving to Work Demonstration Program

Moving to Work ("MTW") is a demonstration program for public housing authorities (PHAs) that provides them the opportunity to design and test innovative, locally designed strategies that use federal dollars more efficiently, help residents find employment and become self-sufficient, and increase housing choices for low-income families. MTW gives Housing Authorities certain exemptions from many existing public housing and voucher rules and provides funding flexibility with how they use their Federal funds.

b. Low Rent Housing Programs

The Low Rent Public Housing Programs consist of asset management projects ("AMPs") which collect both operating and capital fund subsidy and various other related HUD grants both directly and indirectly. The purpose of the public housing program is to provide decent and affordable housing to low-income families at reduced rents. The developments are typically owned, maintained and managed by the Authority. The developments/units are acquired, developed and modernized under HUD's Development, Capital Fund Program ("CFP") grants and various other related HUD grants. Funding of the program's operations and development is provided by annual federal contributions or appropriations, operating subsidies and tenant rentals (determined as a percentage of family income, adjusted for family composition and other allowances).

c. Central Office Cost Center

The Central Office Cost Center ("COCC") is a business unit within the Authority that generates revenue through fees for service from the Authority's AMPs, programs and activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Summary of programs (continued)

d. Housing Assistance Payments ("HAP") Programs

HAP Programs utilize existing privately owned family rental housing units to provide decent and affordable housing to low-income families. The Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program, Mainstream Voucher program, Section 8 New Construction, Section 8 Mod Rehab and Emergency Housing Vouchers ("EHV") are funded through federal housing assistance contributions from HUD for the difference between the approved landlord contract rent and the rent paid by the tenants.

5. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position

a. Cash and cash equivalents

For financial statement purposes cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash in banks, fund reserves in escrow, certificates of deposits and money market funds with original maturities of three months or less. Investments for the Authority are reported at fair value.

b. Investments

The Authority measures its investments based on fair value. The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

Level 1 - Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.

Level 2 - Investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable assets either directly or indirectly, which may include input in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3 - Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The Authority may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05 and by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Notice PIH 2002-13:

 securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position (continued)

b. Investments (continued)

- ii. mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- iii. general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- iv. bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- v. commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- vi. with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

c. Receivables

Receivables consist of revenues earned during the fiscal year and not yet received. Amounts due from HUD and other governments represent reimbursable expenses or grant subsidies earned that have not been collected as of December 31, 2024, and are considered fully collectible. Allowances are determined by management based on the specific accounts and prior experience (see Note B-2).

d. Due from other governments

Due from other governments represents receivables related to grants from other federal, state, and local governments for program activities.

e. Prepaid expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses in the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position (continued)

f. Capital assets

The Authority's policy is to capitalize assets with a value in excess of \$2,500 and a useful life in excess of two years. The Authority capitalizes the costs of site acquisition and improvement, structures, equipment and direct development costs meeting the capitalization policy. Assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available, and contributed assets are valued at fair value on the date contributed. Donated capital assets are stated at their fair value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives, which range as follows:

Buildings 39 years
Building improvements 20 years
Furniture and equipment 3 - 7 years

g. Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are evaluated for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not considered recoverable if it exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. An impairment loss, if any, is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value. Management has determined that long-lived assets were not impaired at December 31, 2024.

h. Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB") liability

The Authority administers an Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan, a single-employer defined benefit health care plan, for eligible retired employees and their dependents. The OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability, and OPEB expense are determined by an actuarial valuation of the Plan (see Note B-8). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position (continued)

i. Deferred outflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then. The Authority's balance of deferred outflows of resources relates to funding of the accrued OPEB liability (see Note B-8).

j. Accrued compensated absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, such as sick leave, vacation, and other approved leave amounts In accordance with the provisions of GASB Codification Section C60, Compensated Absences, the estimated liability for vested leave benefits is recorded when it is earned as an expense and the cumulative unpaid amount is reported as a liability. Accrued amounts are based on the current salary rates. Full-time permanent employees are granted leave benefits to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Authority. Employees also earn annual sick leave at established rates.

k. Unearned revenues

Unearned revenues include amounts collected before revenue recognition criteria are met. The unearned revenues consist of \$204,342 of prepaid tenant rents, \$142,162 of energy pilot funds, \$450,716 of EHV grant funds, and \$24,904 of Mainstream grant funds.

I. Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and thus, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until then. The Authority's balance of deferred inflows of resources relates to funding of the accrued OPEB liability (see Note B-8) future revenue associated with the leases receivable (see Note B-5) and ground lease with the discretely presented component unit (see Note B-6).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position (continued)

m. Eliminations of interprogram activity

For financial reporting purposes, certain amounts are internal and are therefore eliminated in the accompanying financial statements. The following have been eliminated from the financial statements:

i.) Interprogram due to/from

In the normal course of operations, certain programs may pay for common costs, advance funds for organizational purposes, ore temporarily cover cash needs of another program until costs are reimbursed by grantors. When this situation occurs it creates interprogram receivables or payables. As of December 31, 2024, \$4,468,196 of receivables and payables are eliminated for the presentation of the Authority as a whole. It includes \$3,742,619 of cash temporarily shared within the MTW program awaiting HUD and other cost reimbursements, \$207,764 of cash temporarily provided by Section 8 Mod Rehab administrative fee reserves to cover Mainstream Voucher program costs until HUD reimbursements were received, and \$517,813 of cash temporarily provided to MPHA's blended component unit from the COCC until the payment of earned developer fees would be received.

ii.) Fee for service and management fees

The Authority's COCC and Business Activities internally charge fees to the AMPs and programs of the Authority. These charges may include management fees, bookkeeping fees, and asset management fees. For financial reporting purposes \$15,093,623 of fee for service charges have been eliminated for the year ended December 31, 2024. In addition, COCC earned \$63,624 on internal capital improvements. These amounts have been eliminated from the revenues and expenses of the Authority.

iii.) Project-Based Voucher subsidy

The Authority received HCV program subsidy for CHR which is a blended component unit. In accordance with HUD guidance, the subsidy is reported as HAP expense in the HCV program and as government grant revenue in the receiving property. For financial reporting purposes, \$9,777,878 of HAP expense and grant revenue have been eliminated for the year ended December 31, 2024.

iv.) CHR activity

The Authority has ongoing activity with its blended component unit, Community Housing Resources, Inc., including payments for property management, maintenance, and administration to operate CHR and CHR's properties. As of December 31, 2024, \$10,037,872 of property management, maintenance, and capital improvements expenses incurred by the Authority for CHR and \$1,905,886 of receivables and payables have been eliminated.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position (continued)

n. Net position

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 1800.155, Reporting Net Position in Government-Wide Financial Statements, total equity as of December 31, 2024, is classified into three components of net position:

i.) Net investment in capital assets

This category consists of capital assets (including restricted capital assets), net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, and improvements of those assets.

ii.) Restricted component of net position

As an entity created by State enabling legislation, all of the Authority's resources are restricted for purposes authorized under the State of Minnesota and further restricted by the City of Minneapolis Ordinance. Furthermore, all federal and local grants and subsidies are restricted for the purposes authorized by the funder. The statement of net position of the Authority reports restricted net position which consists of the following:

Sales proceeds	\$ 930,610
HAP reserves	14,710
FSS forfeitures and escrows	14,074
Unspent grant awards	234,350
	\$ 1,193,744

iii.) Unrestricted component of net position

This category includes all of the remaining components of net position that are not presented in the other two components. The Authority presents a portion of its net position as unrestricted under the implied understanding that those resources are not further restricted for a limited use within the general program area for which those funds were provided.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

6. Leasing activities

The Authority is the lessor of dwelling units to low-income residents. The rents under the leases are determined generally by the residents' income as adjusted for eligible deductions regulated by HUD, although the residents may opt for a flat rent. Leases may be cancelled by the lessee at any time or renewed every year. The Authority may cancel the leases only for cause. Revenues associated with these leases are recorded in the accompanying financial statements and related schedules within tenant revenue.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Codification Section L20, *Leases*, the determination of whether an arrangement is a lease is made at the lease's inception and a contract is, or contains, a lease if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is defined under the standard as having the right to direct the use of the asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right of use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Management only reevaluates its determination if the terms and conditions of the contract are changed.

7. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

8. Budgets

Budgets are prepared on an annual basis for each major program and are used as a management tool throughout the accounting cycle. Budgets are not, however, legally adopted nor required in the basic financial statement presentation.

9. Impact of recently issued accounting principles

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This statement is effective for the Authority's December 31, 2025 fiscal year end.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This statement is effective for the Authority's December 31, 2026 fiscal year end.

In September 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. This statement is effective for the Authority's December 31, 2026 fiscal year end.

Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of these statements on the Authority's financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

10. Income taxes

The Authority is a governmental entity and is exempt from federal and state income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for federal or state income taxes has been made in the financial statements. The Authority's blended component units may be subject to the income tax provisions of Minnesota Statutes and the Internal Revenue Code.

The applicable blended component units of the Authority account for income taxes in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ("FASB ASC") 740, *Income Taxes*, which clarifies that accounting and disclosure requirements for uncertainty in tax positions. It requires a two-step approach to evaluate tax positions and determine if they should be recognized in the financial statements. The two-step approach involves recognizing any tax positions that are "more likely than not" to occur and then measuring those positions to determine if they are recognizable in the financial statements. Management regularly reviews and analyzes all tax positions and has determined no aggressive tax positions have been taken.

The Authority's blended component units' income tax filings are subject to audit by various taxing authorities. They are subject to income tax examinations by tax authorities for the prior three years.

11. Adoption of new accounting standards

In June 2022, GASB issued statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This statement updated the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and associated salary-related payments and amended certain previously required disclosures. The Authority adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2024, and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption. The implementation of this standard had no material effect on the Authority's December 31, 2024 financial statements.

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES

1. Deposits and investments

As of December 31, 2024, the carrying value of the Authority's cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits of \$22,363,616. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value of the Authority's investments was \$21,125,294.

In accordance with GASB Codification Sections C20, Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions, and I50, Investments, the Authority's exposure to deposit and investment risk is disclosed as follows:

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits or investments may not be returned. The Authority is authorized by Minnesota Statute §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

1. Deposits and investments (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk (continued)

The Authority is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit.

Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The Authority's deposits are insured up to \$250,000 per financial institution, per depositor. As of December 31, 2024, the Authority's total deposits were fully secured by either the FDIC or had pledged collateral in accordance with HUD requirements.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in both short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents

As of December 31, 2024, restricted cash and cash equivalents consists of:

Current

Carrent	
Modernization and development	\$ 250,694
Emergency Housing Voucher	465,711
Unearned HAP	33,831
Sales proceeds	394,009
FSS forfeitures	5,525
Interest on HAP funds	3,681
Unspent grant awards	234,350
Unearned program revenue	142,161
Tenant security deposits	984,247
Unclaimed property	89,398
Other restricted amounts	6,069
Subtotal current	 2,609,676
Noncurrent	 _
Unclaimed property	21,033
FSS escrow	 28,185
Subtotal noncurrent	49,218
	\$ 2,658,894

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

1. Deposits and investments (continued)

Investments

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. HUD and the Authority investment policies, along with state law, limit the Authority's investment choices. State law limits investments to securities that are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6.

As of December 31, 2024, the Authority mitigated their exposure to credit risk by following HUD and state regulations; the investments in U.S. government securities were guaranteed by the United States and were not considered to be "high risk" as defined by state statutes.

The following table summarizes the investments at December 31, 2024. The investments solely consist of taxable bonds and are not rated. The investment balance includes \$537,607 of restricted amounts; \$529,139 of restricted sale proceeds and \$8,468 for FSS forfeitures.

	Investment maturities (in years)						
Investments	Fair value	Fair value Less than 1					
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 4,979,670	\$ 2,003,780	\$ 2,975,890				
Federal Farm Credit Bank	4,815,510	-	4,815,510				
US Treasury Bills	4,477,724	4,477,724	-				
US Treasury Notes	6,852,390	4,918,850	1,933,540				
Total investments	\$ 21,125,294	\$ 11,400,354	\$ 9,724,940				

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the Authority's investment in a single issuer. The Authority places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one approved issuer. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the MPHA's investments are as follows:

Investment Type	% of Portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank	23.57
Federal Farm Credit Bank	22.79
US Treasury Bills	21.20
US Treasury Notes	32.44

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

1. Deposits and investments (continued)

Fair Value Measurements

		Quo	oted prices in					
		act	tive markets	Sig	nificant other	Significant		
		fo	or identical	(observable	(observable	
			assets		inputs	s input		
	Amount	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)		
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 4,979,670	\$	-	\$	4,979,670	\$	-	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	4,815,510		-		4,815,510		-	
US Treasury Bills	4,477,724		4,477,724		-		-	
US Treasury Notes	6,852,390		_		6,852,390			
	\$ 21,125,294	\$	4,477,724	\$	16,647,570	\$		

2. Receivables, net

As of December 31, 2024, receivables, net, as presented in the accompanying statement of net position consist of:

Due from HUD	\$ 6,811,590
Due from PHA Projects	1,998,366
Due from other governments	2,746,371
Tenant accounts receivable	741,356
Current portion of lease receivable	407,998
Fraud recovery receivable	309,372
Accrued interest receivable - notes	1,049,737
Other accrued interest	236,963
Other accrued interest - restricted	5,145
Other miscellaneous receivables	2,381,880
	16,688,778
Allowance for doubtful accounts - tenants	(401,067)
Allowance for doubtful accounts - fraud	(55,183)
	\$ 16,232,528

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

3. Notes receivable from discretely presented component units

The Authority has entered into notes receivable agreement with its discretely presented component units. A summary of changes in notes receivable is as follows:

	 eceivable at nuary 1, 2024	Additions	Re	Receivable at December 31, Accrued Reductions 2024 Interest				
Elliots LP	\$ 3,809,881	\$ 	\$	-	\$	3,809,881	\$	491,322
Elliots LP Promissory	-	109,120		-		109,120		-
FHR LP	10,520,913	2,079,658		-		12,600,571		558,415
Total notes receivable	\$ 14,330,794	\$ 2,188,778	\$		\$	16,519,572	\$ ^	1,049,737

a. Elliots LP

On June 10, 2020, the Authority entered into a mortgage note agreement with Elliots, a discrete component unit, in the amount of \$4,650,430. The loan has a maturity date of June 10, 2075 and bears interest at a rate of 4.0% per annum. Commencing April 1, 2023, payments of principal and interest shall be made annually to the extent of available cash flow as defined in the partnership agreement. The note is secured by a mortgage on the real and personal property.

On April 17, 2024, the Authority entered into a promissory agreement with Elliots, a discrete component unit, in the amount of \$109,120. The loan is noninterest bearing, and payments shall be made from net cash flow, as defined in the partnership agreement, within 90 days after the end of Elliots fiscal year. The note will remain outstanding until paid in full.

b. Family Housing Resources LP

On November 22, 2022, the Authority entered into a mortgage note agreement with FHR, a discrete component unit, up to the amount of \$12,800,730. The loan has a maturity date of December 31, 2055 and bears interest at a rate of 3.0% per annum. Payments on principal and interest are due within 120 days of the fiscal year end of the borrower to the extent of available cash flow as defined in the partnership agreement. The note is secured by a mortgage on the real and personal property. As of December 31, 2024, \$12,600,571 of the total amount has been loaned.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

4. Capital assets, net

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Balance at	Transfers in/	Transfers out/	Balance at December 31, 2024
January 1, 2024	additions	<u>ueletions</u>	2024
\$ 33,310,964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,310,964
	•	(21,063,670)	67,854,514
			101,165,478
· · ·	, ,		, ,
558,067,600	21,587,279	-	579,654,879
14,698,332	919,224	(578,508)	15,039,048
453,370	1,810,366	(358,498)	1,905,238
573,219,302	24,316,869	(937,006)	596,599,165
662,829,524	56,935,795	(22,000,676)	697,764,643
(374,228,923)	(16,854,757)	-	(391,083,680)
(11,662,344)	(1,111,805)	556,254	(12,217,895)
(238,729)	(207,461)	357,733	(88,457)
(386,129,996)	(18,174,023)	913,987	(403,390,032)
\$ 276,699,528	\$ 38,761,772	\$ (21,086,689)	\$ 294,374,611
	\$ 33,310,964 56,299,258 89,610,222 558,067,600 14,698,332 453,370 573,219,302 662,829,524 (374,228,923) (11,662,344) (238,729) (386,129,996)	January 1, 2024 additions \$ 33,310,964 \$ - 56,299,258 32,618,926 89,610,222 32,618,926 558,067,600 21,587,279 14,698,332 919,224 453,370 1,810,366 573,219,302 24,316,869 662,829,524 56,935,795 (374,228,923) (16,854,757) (11,662,344) (1,111,805) (238,729) (207,461) (386,129,996) (18,174,023)	January 1, 2024 additions deletions \$ 33,310,964

The additions reflected above consist mainly of construction in progress of building improvements, and renewal of right of use software assets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

5. Lease receivable

The Authority has entered into multiple lease agreements for the usage of its property and space. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, the net present value of expected principal and interest payments are being reflected as a lease receivable and the future payments are being reported as deferred inflow of resources. The lease revenue represents the change in deferred inflows of resources for the fiscal year. A summary of agreements in which the Authority is the lessor for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Lease	Deferred				
	receivable	inflow	Lease	Interest	Interest	Lease
Description	balance	balance	revenue	income	rate	end date
Cell Site	\$ 287,779	\$ 255,598	\$ 32,630	\$ 12,042	4.00%	11/01/27
Cell Site	311,937	274,688	31,097	12,958	4.00%	10/07/23
Cell Site	200,801	178,346	19,281	8,321	4.00%	04/01/24
Cell Site	675,695	600,088	37,845	27,308	4.00%	09/01/41
Cell Site	497,961	453,861	29,336	15,185	3.00%	05/01/41
Cell Site	863,110	766,534	45,763	34,883	4.00%	09/01/41
Cell Site	45,812	41,945	2,089	1,364	3.00%	02/01/44
Cell Site	45,812	41,945	2,089	1,364	3.00%	02/01/44
Cell Site	402,625	368,258	23,759	12,301	3.00%	06/01/40
Cell Site	516,325	472,247	26,731	15,709	3.00%	08/01/42
Cell Site	417,108	385,120	21,799	12,715	3.00%	07/01/41
Cell Site	352,604	346,064	9,748	21,066	6.00%	04/30/48
Cell Site	352,604	356,072	9,488	12,178	6.00%	03/31/29
Space Use	65,403	60,064	48,051	3,934	4.00%	04/01/26
Space Use	69,683	71,819	17,955	3,566	4.00%	05/01/27
Space Use	19,808	18,680	24,906	1,342	4.00%	09/30/25
Space Use	7,572	7,096	17,031	688	4.00%	05/31/25
Space Use	637,027	633,864	108,918	28,361	4.00%	04/30/29
	\$ 5,769,666	\$ 5,332,289	\$ 508,516	\$ 225,285		

As of December 31, 2024, \$5,361,668 of the \$5,769,666 total lease receivable is being presented as noncurrent on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

6. Noncurrent liabilities

A summary of changes in noncurrent liabilities is as follows:

	Payable at January 1,			Payable at December 31,	Due within
	2024	Additions	Reductions	2024	one year
Long-term debt:					
Finance Lease	\$ 9,887,614	\$ -	\$ (1,591,751)	\$ 8,295,863	\$ 1,616,078
MFHA POHP Loans	7,094,670	-	-	7,094,670	-
Hennepin County HRA	600,000	-	-	600,000	-
MHFA AHIF Loan	1,170,475			1,170,475	
Total long-term debt	18,752,759		(1,591,751)	17,161,008	1,616,078
Lease payable	21,505	-	(21,505)	-	-
Subscription payable	39,326	1,810,365	(32,196)	1,817,495	693,783
Net OPEB liability	447,281	69,100	(126,983)	389,398	-
Other noncurrent liabilities	145,097		(6,757)	138,340	89,122
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 19,405,968	\$ 1,879,465	\$ (1,779,192)	\$ 19,506,241	\$ 2,398,983

a. Finance lease

During the 15-month period ended December 31, 2009, the Authority entered into a 237-month (19.75-year) finance lease to acquire land and certain energy-efficient assets and make improvements to existing Authority assets designed to improve energy efficiency. Finance lease repayments are financed as a result of savings realized from lowered energy costs and special energy allowances from HUD. As of December 31, 2010, the Authority had acquired \$28,429,608 in land, structures, and equipment through this finance lease. The Authority began repaying this lease in 2010. In August 2013, the Authority refinanced the finance lease to reduce the original lease interest rate from 5.61% to 3.42%. The refinancing provided \$3,370,000 in additional proceeds for more energy-efficient assets and improvements and increased the lease amount to \$31,124,546. Of these proceeds, the Authority has acquired land, structures, and equipment through this finance lease, for a total to date of \$31,783,517.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

6. Noncurrent liabilities (continued)

a. Finance lease (continued)

The future minimum lease obligations as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

December 31,	Principal		Principal Interest		Total	
2025	\$	1,616,078	\$	258,543	\$	1,874,621
2026		1,733,554		201,443		1,934,997
2027		1,857,478	140,225			1,997,703
2028		1,988,172		74,663		2,062,835
2029		1,100,581		15,743		1,116,324
	\$	8,295,863	\$	690,617	\$	8,986,480

b. MFHA Publicly Owned Housing Program ("POHP") Loans

Beginning in 2014, the Authority has entered into multiple deferred loan repayment agreements and mortgages with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for rehabilitation of certain properties. Each individual loan is for a period of 20 years, carries no interest and is forgivable upon the Authority continuing to operate the property pursuant to Minnesota State Laws and Minnesota Statue § 462A.202, as amended. The loans are either construction loans and the Authority draws against the full loan amount as rehabilitation projects occur or end loans and the Authority receives the funds after project work is completed.

c. Hennepin County HRA

On June 26, 2018, the Authority entered into a deferred loan repayment agreement and mortgage with the Hennepin County Housing and Redevelopment Authority to borrow \$600,000 for the construction of 16 units of supportive rental housing. The \$600,000 loan is a 30-year loan that requires no repayment or interest prior to the maturity of the loan provided the Authority continues to meet the loan requirements and houses tenants that meet the Affordable Housing Incentive Fund Program affordability requirements. The loan principal is fully due at maturity.

d. MHFA AHIF Loan

On June 26, 2018, the Authority entered into a mortgage note with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency as part of the Affordable Housing Investment Fund program for the construction of 16 units of supportive rental housing.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

6. Noncurrent liabilities (continued)

d. MHFA AHIF Loan (continued)

The first advance from this loan occurred on February 8, 2019. The full loan amount was advanced as of September 12, 2019. The \$1,170,475 loan is a 30-year loan that requires no repayment or interest prior to the maturity of the loan provided the Authority continues to meet the loan requirements. The loan matures on June 26, 2048. The loan principal is fully due at maturity.

e. Subscription payable

In May of 2020, the Authority entered into a subscription-based information technology agreement with Mythics, Inc. for Oracle cloud services. The term of the agreement is for 5 years for a total of \$150,000. The calculation of the present value of total payments of the agreement term was \$131,174. The agreement did not specify an explicit interest rate; therefore a 6% interest rate is used based on the prime rate as of the beginning of the fiscal year. As of December 31, 2024, there is a remaining liability of \$39,325 of which \$27,260 is presented as current portion.

In November of 2024, the Authority entered into a subscription-based information technology agreement with Yardi systems for the use of software. The term of the agreement is for 5 years for a total of \$1,810,365. As of December 31, 2024, there is a remaining liability of \$1,778,170 of which \$666,523 is presented as current portion.

The future liability payments as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

December 31,		Principal	 Interest
2025	\$ 693,783		\$ 86,415
2026	340,471		67,269
2027		373,763	46,209
2028		409,478	23,093
	\$	1,817,495	\$ 222,986

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

7. Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The MPHA provides retirement benefits for all full-time employees through a single employer defined contribution plan administered by the Principal Financial Group. The plan is a 401(a) money purchase plan. Any full-time employee is eligible to participate in the plan after working 500 hours within a six consecutive month period and after reaching age 20½. Participants are vested at a rate of 20 percent per year for the employer's share of contributions and 100 percent vested for individual contributions immediately.

Contribution rates were 7.5 percent for the MPHA and 5.0 percent for participants. Forfeitures totaling \$104,248 for the year are available to reduce future MPHA contributions or pay the administrative expenses of the Plan. MPHA made matching contributions of \$1,659,476 for the year ended December 31, 2024.

8. Accrued other post-employment benefits ("OPEB")

Plan description

The Authority administers an OPEB Plan as a single-employer defined benefit health care plan for eligible retired employees and their dependents. The Plan does not accumulate assets in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 and does not issue a stand-alone report.

Benefits provided

The Authority provides medical, dental, and life insurance benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy. However, the implicit rate liability is not significant for dental or life insurance and has not been included in the actuarial valuation or the total OPEB liability.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the Authority are established and may be amended by the Authority's Board of Commissioners. The required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

A summary of members participating in the plan as of the January 1, 2024 actuarial valuation, is as follows:

Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	294
	294

The Authority's total OPEB liability of \$389,398 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the measurement date January 1, 2024.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

8. Accrued other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") (continued)

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Service graded table Salary increases

3.70% Discount rate

Healthcare cost trend rates

6.50% as of January 1, 2024, decreasing to 5.00% over

six years and then to 4.00% over the next forty-eight

vears

The discount rate is based on the published rate information for 20-year high quality, taxexempt, general obligation municipal bonds as of January 1, 2024.

The salary increase rates were updated to the most recent four-year experience study completed in 2019.

Retirement and withdrawal assumptions used are similar to those used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota public employees based on the most recent four-year experience study completed in 2019.

The economic assumptions are currently based on input from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data.

Mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-Weighed Mortality Tables with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.

Changes in actuarial assumptions

The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.

The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.

The discount rate was changed from 2.00% to 3.70%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

8. Accrued other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") (continued)

Changes in actuarial assumptions (continued)

Changes in the OPEB Liability

	To	ital OPEB liability
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	447,281
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		59,211
Interest		9,889
Differences between expected		
and actual experience		(57,630)
Changes in assumptions		(45,154)
Benefit payments, including		
refunds of employee contributions		(24,199)
Net changes		(57,883)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$	389,398

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Authority using the discount rate of 3.70%, as well as what the Authority's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

				Current		
	1% De			count rate	1%	Increase
	((2.70%)		(3.70%)	(4.70%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	(421,477)	\$	(389,398)	\$	(359,460)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

8. Accrued other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") (continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate (continued):

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Authority using the health care cost trend rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Authority's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rate:

				Current			
	1% Decrease					6 Increase	
	<u></u>	5.50%		6.50%		7.50%	
	de	decreasing to		creasing to	decreasing to		
		4.00%		5.00%		6.00%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	(343,748)	\$	(389,398)	\$	(443,527)	

OPEB expense

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of (\$55,785) as a result of the changes in the total OPEB liability.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	out	eferred flows of sources	Deferred inflows of resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Contributions subsequent to the	\$	- -	\$	165,272 83,512	
measurement date of January 1, 2024		9,360			
Total	\$	9,360	\$	248,784	

The \$9,360 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

8. Accrued other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2025	\$ (124,881)
2026	(72,512)
2027	(17,131)
2028	(17,131)
2029	(17,129)
Thereafter	_

9. Risk management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damages to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. As part of the Authority's risk management program, certain commercial insurance policies are purchased. The insurance pool and risk retention group are reinsured through other reinsurance companies and are not retrospectively rated and do not pass on risk of loss to participants.

There were no significant reductions of insurance coverage from prior years and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Authority discontinued being self-insured in April of 2019, but there remains an unpaid claims liability from when the Authority was self-insured. Self-insurance liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claims liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claims settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balances of self-insurance claims liabilities during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

 2024	2023			
\$ 120,500	\$	178,250		
-		-		
 (52,500)		(57,750)		
\$ 68,000	\$	120,500		
\$	\$ 120,500 - (52,500)	\$ 120,500 \$ - (52,500)		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

10. Commitments and contingencies

a. Legal

In the normal course of operations, the Authority may be party to various pending or threatened legal actions. Although the outcome of these actions is not presently determinable, it is the Authority's opinion that any resulting liability is not expected to have a material effect on the Authority's financial position.

b. Grants and contracts

The Authority participates in various federally and locally-assisted grant programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal and other regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a review or audit may become a liability of the Authority. As of the date of this report, management is not aware of any such examinations.

c. Funds awarded

The Authority receives funding from HUD through various programs to help subsidize the cost of redevelopment of projects, project repairs, improvements, component unit developments, and certain operating costs. HUD requires that these funds are obligated within 24 months and expended within 48 months of the grants execution date. Remaining unspent awards not yet received as of December 31, 2024, are \$2,671,925 for the 2023 Capital Fund Program and \$20,613,209 for the 2024 Capital Fund Program.

11. Concentrations

For the year ended December 31, 2024, approximately 70% of revenues and 42% of receivables reflected in the basic financial statements are from HUD.

The Authority operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the Authority are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal, state and local regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to HUD. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or an administrative change mandated by HUD. Such changes may occur with little notice or inadequate funding to pay for the related costs and the additional administrative burden to comply with the changes. In addition, any excess reserves may reduce future funding levels and possibly be subject to recapture.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

12. Financial data schedule

As required by HUD, the Authority prepares its financial data schedule in accordance with HUD requirements in a prescribed format which differs from the presentation of the basic financial statements. The schedule's format presents certain operating items as non-operating such as depreciation expense, housing assistance payments and extraordinary maintenance expense. In addition, the schedule's format includes non-operating items as operating such as investment revenue, HUD capital grants revenue, gains and losses on the disposal of fixed assets and interest expense. Furthermore, the schedule reflects tenant revenue and bad debt expense separately.

13. Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date noted on the Independent Auditor's Report, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued and no material transactions have occurred that would warrant adjustments or disclosure in the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

14. Condensed blended component unit information

Condensed component unit information for the Authority's blended component units as listed in Note A-1, follows:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

ASSETS	CHR	Elli	iots Mgmt LLC	F	HR Mgmt	MPHA old Co.	MPHA Dev Co.	Total Blended Component Units
Current assets	\$ 5,967,014	\$	33,395	\$	200	\$ 1,676	\$ 2,924,123	\$ 8,926,408
Capital assets, net	46,307,480		-		-	-	-	46,307,480
Other noncurrent assets			109,120			 	2,337,056	2,446,176
Total assets	52,274,494		142,515		200	1,676	5,261,179	57,680,064
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	3,248,924 1,512		2,843		197 -	<u>-</u>	517,813 	3,769,777 1,512
Total liabilities	3,250,436		2,843		197	-	517,813	3,771,289
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	46,307,480 - 2,716,578		- - 139,672		- - 3	- - 1,676	- - 4,743,366	46,307,480 - 7,601,295
Total net position	\$ 49,024,058	\$	139,672	\$	3	\$ 1,676	\$ 4,743,366	\$ 53,908,775

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

14. Condensed blended component unit information (continued)

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	CHR	Elli	iots Mgmt LLC	FH	HR Mgmt LLC	MPHA Hold Co.		MPHA Dev Co.	Total Blended Component Units
OPERATING REVENUES									
Tenant revenue, net	\$ 5,610,559	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5,610,559
Other government operating grants	9,777,878		-		-		-	-	9,777,878
Other operating revenue	<u> </u>		10,053					2,905,595	2,915,648
Total operating revenues	15,388,437		10,053					2,905,595	18,304,085
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Administrative	3,896,286		41		527		36	313,695	4,210,585
Tenant services	46,814		-		-		-	-	46,814
Utilities	2,440,995		-		-		-	-	2,440,995
Maintenance	4,279,367		-		-		-	-	4,279,367
Protective Services	8,514		-		-		-	-	8,514
General	1,155,468		2,843		198		-	-	1,158,509
Depreciation	1,678,357				-				1,678,357
Total operating expenses	13,505,801		2,884		725		36	313,695	13,823,141
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	1,882,636		7,169		(725)		(36)	2,591,900	4,480,944
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Gain on investments	3,491		63		528		36		4,118
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS									
HUD capital grants	3,622,069		-		-		-	-	3,622,069
Other government capital grants	1,340,114								1,340,114
Total capital contributions	4,962,183		-		-		-	-	4,962,183
TRANSFERS									
Transfers from (to) the Authority	(106,784)		109,120		-		-	(517,813)	(515,477)
Change in net position	6,741,526		116,352		(197)		-	2,074,087	8,931,768
Total net position - beginning of the year	42,282,532		23,320		200		1,676	2,669,279	44,977,007
Total net position - ending of the year	\$ 49,024,058	\$	139,672	\$	3	\$	1,676	\$ 4,743,366	\$ 53,908,775

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE B - DETAILED NOTES (continued)

14. Condensed blended component unit information (continued)

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

Elliots Mgmt FHR Mgmt MPHA MPHA (CHR LLC LLC Hold Co. Dev Co.	Component Units
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 4,898,285 \$ 22 \$ - \$ - \$ 313,175 \$ Net cash used in capital and related financing	5,211,482
activities (3,118,141)	(3,118,141)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,780,144 22 313,175	2,093,341
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 2,952,841 23,320 200 1,676 2,602,038	5,580,075
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 4,732,985 \$ 23,342 \$ 200 \$ 1,676 \$ 2,915,213 \$	\$ 7,673,416

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE C - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

1. Condensed discrete component unit information

Condensed component unit information for the Authority's discrete component units' December 31, 2024 year-ends, as listed in Note A-1, is presented below.

Condensed statement of net position

			Total Discrete
		Family Housing	Component
ASSETS	Elliots, LP	Resources, LP	Units
Current assets	\$ 1,437,481	\$ 2,034,340	\$ 3,471,821
Capital assets, net	44,555,873	44,951,080	89,506,953
Other noncurrent assets	27,406	1,148,542	1,175,948
Total assets	46,020,760	48,133,962	94,154,722
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities	1,146,804	236,060	1,382,864
Noncurrent liabilities	37,449,637	33,385,741	70,835,378
Total liabilities	38,596,441	33,621,801	72,218,242
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	6,983,937	13,792,712	20,776,649
Restricted	1,193,101	-	1,193,101
Unrestricted	(752,719)	719,449	(33,270)
Total net position	\$ 7,424,319	\$ 14,512,161	\$ 21,936,480

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE C - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS (continued)

1. Condensed discrete component unit information (continued)

	Elliots, LP			Family Housing Resources, LP		tal Discrete omponent Units
OPERATING REVENUES				,		
Tenant revenue, net	\$	662,488	\$	383,091	\$	1,045,579
HUD operating revenues						
Government grants		1,537,160		1,136,044		2,673,204
Other operating revenue		304,371	1	16,118,684		16,423,055
Total operating revenues		2,504,019	1	17,637,819		20,141,838
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Administrative		499,765		271,242		771,007
Tenant services		34,227		5,705		39,932
Utilities		347,922		307,053		654,975
Maintenance		430,888		239,494		670,382
Protective services		112,559		917		113,476
General		485,619		126,327		611,946
Depreciation		1,825,297		1,762,457		3,587,754
Total operating expenses		3,736,277		2,713,195		6,449,472
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(1,232,258)	1	14,924,624		13,692,366
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest income - unrestricted		10,368		1,884		12,252
Interest expense		(1,373,087)		(1,712,728)		(3,085,815)
Total nonoperating expenses		(1,362,719)		(1,710,844)		(3,073,563)
Change in net position		(2,594,977)	1	13,213,780		10,618,803
Total net position - beginning of the year		10,019,296		1,298,381		11,317,677
Total net position - ending of the year	\$	7,424,319	\$ 1	14,512,161	\$	21,936,480

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE C - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS (continued)

2. Capital assets

Capital assets consist of the following as of the component units' year ended December 31, 2024:

	Elliots, LP	amily Housing	otal Discrete Component Units
Non-depreciable:	_	 _	_
Land	\$ 896,415	\$ 2,740,553	\$ 3,636,968
Construction in progress	536,695		 536,695
Total non-depreciable	1,433,110	2,740,553	4,173,663
Depreciated:			
Buildings and improvements	49,844,077	42,282,709	92,126,786
Furniture and equipment	570,801	1,889,545	2,460,346
Total depreciated	50,414,878	44,172,254	94,587,132
Total capital assets	51,847,988	 46,912,807	 98,760,795
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,292,115)	(1,961,727)	(9,253,842)
Capital assets, net	\$ 44,555,873	\$ 44,951,080	\$ 89,506,953

3. Noncurrent liabilities

The following chart summarizes the noncurrent liabilities of the discrete component units' as of December 31, 2024. The current portions of long-term debt of \$122,816 and \$46,265 for Elliots and FHR, respectively, are excluded from the following chart.

				T	otal Discrete
		Fa	mily Housing	(Component
	 Elliots, LP	Re	esources, LP		Units
Long-term debt:	_		_		_
Hennepin County HRA loan	\$ 11,411,280	\$	500,000	\$	11,911,280
ARPA-AHTF loan	-		5,800,000		5,800,000
LHIA loan	-		1,400,000		1,400,000
Authority loan	3,809,881		12,600,571		16,410,452
City of Minneapolis note	2,300,000		-		2,300,000
US Bank construction loan	-		9,118,210		9,118,210
GP Loan	109,120		-		109,120
Ground lease obligation	16,630,000		1,248,812		17,878,812
Unamortized finance fees	(426,722)		(124,739)		(551,461)
Total long-term debt	33,833,559		30,542,854		64,376,413
Authority loan - accrued interest	491,322		569,249		1,060,571
Other accrued interest	3,124,756		-		3,124,756
Developer fee payable	 -		2,273,638		2,273,638
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 37,449,637	\$	33,385,741	\$	70,835,378

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE C - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS (continued)

3. Noncurrent liabilities (continued)

Elliots - Hennepin County HRA Loan

Loan payable to the Hennepin County Housing and Redevelopment Authority ("HRA") up to \$26,500,000 dated June 11, 2020. There are two phases of the loan consisting of the construction phase and the permanent phase.

During the construction phase of the loan, Bremer Bank will service the loan. Interest during the construction phase is variable based on the one-month LIBOR plus 1.56 percent with a floor of 2.75 percent (2.75 percent at December 31, 2020). Monthly payments of interest only are due. A prepayment fee of four to five percent will be assessed for prepayments through June 12, 2022, after which no fee will be assessed. On July 1, 2022, the loan was paid down to \$11,808,000 and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) purchased the loan commencing the permanent phase of the loan, under the Multifamily Direct Purchase of Tax-Exempt Loan ("TEL") Program.

During the permanent phase of the loan, Lument capital will service the loan. The interest rate is fixed at 4.02%. Monthly payments of \$50,383 are due through July 1, 2040, when all remaining principal and interest is due.

The loan is secured by a mortgage on the leased property, an assignment of rents and leases, and an assignment of the Housing Assistance Payment Contract. The Authority has guaranteed the repayment of this loan during the construction phase.

Elliots - Authority loan

Loan payable to Authority in the original amount of \$4,650,430 dated June 10, 2020, with interest compounding at four percent. On or before the permanent phase of the Hennepin County HRA Loan, a payment equal to any sales tax or energy rebates or environmental grant funds up to \$1,000,000 is required. Beginning April 1, 2023, annual payments are due solely from available net cash flow as defined by the partnership agreement through June 10, 2075, when any remaining principal and interest are due. Interest expense was \$165,431 in 2024, of which \$491,322 is accrued. The loan is secured by a mortgage on the leased property.

Elliots - City of Minneapolis note

Note payable to the City of Minneapolis under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program in the amount of \$2,300,000 dated June 10, 2020, with interest at one percent. Beginning April 1, 2023, annual payments are due solely from available net cash flow as defined by the partnership agreement through June 10, 2075, when any remaining principal and interest are due. The loan is secured by a mortgage on the leased property and an assignment of rents and leases.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE C - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS (continued)

3. Noncurrent liabilities (continued)

Elliots - GP Loan

Promissory note payable to the General Partner in the amount of \$109,120, without interest. Payments are payable from cash flow, as defined in the Amended Partnership Agreement until the loan is repaid in full.

The loan agreements require that the debt be repaid if Elliot Twins is sold or transferred without the lenders' approval; no longer used as low-income housing; in violation of any federal, state or local law, statute or ordinance; or if Elliot, LP is in default or declares bankruptcy, unless the lender permits the debt to remain outstanding.

The annual minimum payment requirements for loans and notes outstanding for Elliots LP are as follows, as of December 31, 2024:

December 31,	 Principal
2025	\$ 122,816
2026	128,071
2027	133,552
2028	137,946
2029	145,169
Thereafter	 33,288,821
	\$ 33,956,375

FHR - Hennepin County HRA loan

During the year, FHR entered into a loan agreement with Hennepin County Housing and Redevelopment Authority under the Affordable Housing Development Accelerator program in the amount of \$500,000. The loan has a maturity date of December 31, 2055 and bears interest at a rate of 1.0% per annum. Principal and interest are due on December 31, 2055. The loan is secured by a mortgage and an assignment of rents and leases.

FHR - ARPA-AHTF loan

On November 22, 2022, FHR entered into a loan agreement with the City of Minneapolis under the American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") and the Affordable Housing Trust Fund ("AHTF") program in the amount of \$5,800,000 without interest. Principal is due on December 31, 2055. The loan is secured by a mortgage and an assignment of rents and leases. As of December 31, 2024, the entire amount has been loaned.

FHR - LHIA loan

On November 22, 2022, FHR entered into a loan agreement with the City of Minneapolis under the Local Housing Initiatives Account ("LHIA") program in the amount of \$1,400,000 without interest. Principal is due on December 31, 2055. The loan is secured by a mortgage and an assignment of rents and leases.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE C - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS (continued)

3. Noncurrent liabilities (continued)

FHR - Authority note

On November 22, 2022, FHR entered into a mortgage note agreement with the Authority in an amount up to \$12,800,730. The loan has a maturity date of December 31, 2055 and bears interest at a rate of 3.0% per annum. Payments on principal and interest are due within 120 days of the fiscal year end to the extent of available cash flow as defined in the partnership agreement. Interest expense was \$375,783 in 2024, of which the entire amount is accrued. The note is secured by a mortgage and an assignments of rents and leases. As of December 31, 2024, \$12,600,571 of the total amount has been loaned.

The loan agreement requires that the debt be repaid if the Property is sold or transferred without the lenders' approval; no longer used as low-income housing; in violation of any federal, state or local law, statute or ordinance; or if the Partnership is in default or declares bankruptcy, unless the lender permits the debt to remain outstanding.

The annual minimum payment requirements for loans and notes outstanding for FHR, LP are as follows, as of December 31, 2024:

December 31,	 Principal
2025	\$ 46,265
2026	52,100
2027	55,300
2028	58,700
2029	62,300
Thereafter	 30,314,454
	\$ 30,589,119

FHR - U.S. Bank construction loan

FHR entered into a construction loan payable to U.S. Bank for a maximum amount of \$25,225,000 through an assignment by the City of Minneapolis dated November 22, 2022. The loan bears interest at the secured overnight financing rate plus 2.0% (6.55% at December 31, 2024). Interest only payments are due monthly through May 22, 2025, when all remaining principal is due. The loan is presented noncurrent in accordance with FASB ASC 740-10-45 as FHR has a committed long-term financing agreement in place. The loan is secured by a mortgage, an assignment of partnership interests, and capital contributions and an assignment of rents and leases. The loan is also guaranteed by the Authority. As of December 31, 2024, \$9,164,475 of the total amount has been loaned.

4. Ground leases

Elliots has entered into a 99-year ground lease with the Authority to lease the property for \$16,630,000. The lease period expires June 1, 2119. Payments commence on April 1, 2023, and are payable solely from net cash-flow as defined by the partnership agreement. Interest at 4% compounding will accrue from the date of commencement. Interest expense on the lease was \$665,200 in 2024. Accrued interest at December 31, 2024, was \$3,026,311.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

NOTE C - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS (continued)

4. Ground leases (continued)

On November 22, 2022, FHR, entered into a 65 year ground lease with CHR, an entity related through the lessor. Payments of \$50,000 annually commenced on April 30, 2023, and are payable solely from net cash-flow as defined by the partnership agreement. Interest at 3.88% compounding will accrue from the date of commencement. Interest expense on the lease was \$45,836 in 2024.

All costs related to development, ownership, leasing, operation, maintenance or repair are the responsibility of the Partnerships. The leases are subordinate to the mortgages on the Properties. Upon termination of the leases, the land and buildings will become the sole property of the Authority. Any transfers during the compliance period are subject to HUD restrictions.

5. Developer fee payable

FHR entered into a development agreement with MPHA Dev. Co., a blended component unit of the Authority. MPHA Dev. Co. provided various services including negotiating, coordinating and supervising the planning, architectural, engineering and construction services necessary for the construction of the FHR property. The total development fee is \$3,624,985, of which \$3,600,996 has been earned and \$2,273,638 remains to be paid. The fee is payable from any debt and capital contributions not needed for other purposes. The remainder of the fee not paid by debt or capital contributions, which is estimated to be \$1,273,638, with constitute a deferred development fee without interest and is payable annually from available cash flow. If the deferred developer fee is not paid by the fifteenth anniversary of the completion date of the property, Family Housing Resources Mgmt, LLC, the General Partner of FHR, must make an interest free advance to FHR in an amount sufficient to pay the outstanding deferred developer fee.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE AUTHORITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Total OPEB Liability as of June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 59,211	\$ 63,103	\$ 61,265	\$ 79,931	\$ 77,415	\$	71,078	\$ 69,008
Interest	9,889	8,970	19,448	17,908	28,211		25,959	23,610
Differences between expected and actual experience	(57,630)	-	(173, 255)	-	(287,670)		-	-
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	(45,154)	-	(103,655)	-	(26,558)		-	-
Benefit payments	 (24,199)	(20,233)	 (35,097)	 (17,263)	 (45,026)		(25,410)	(21,643)
Net changes in total OPEB liability	 (57,883)	51,840	(231,294)	 80,576	(253,628)		71,627	70,975
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 447,281	 395,441	 626,735	 546,159	 799,787	_	728,160	 657,185
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 389,398	\$ 447,281	\$ 395,441	\$ 626,735	\$ 546,159	\$	799,787	\$ 728,160
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 22,801,480	\$ 17,978,925	\$ 17,978,925	\$ 17,637,132	\$ 17,081,968	\$	16,711,846	\$ 16,225,093
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	1.71%	2.49%	2.20%	3.55%	3.20%		4.79%	4.49%

Changes in benefits.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs.

Year ended December 31, 2024

The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.

The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.

The discount rate was changed from 2.00% to 3.70%.

Year ended December 31, 2023

No changes in actuarial methods or assumptions

Year ended December 31, 2022

The health care trend rates, mortality tables, salary increase rates, retirement and withdrawal rates, and the percentage of future retirees who are assumed to elect post-employment medical coverage were updated

The inflation rate was changed from 2.50% to 2.00%.

The discount rate was changed from 2.90% to 2.00%

Year ended December 31, 2021

No changes in actuarial methods or assumptions

Year ended December 31, 2020

The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases
The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 white Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public

Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.

The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00% per year for all employees to rates which vary by service.

The percent of married retirees electing post-employment spouse medical coverage was reduced from 70 percent to 25 percent.

The discount rate was changed from 3.30% to 2.90%.

Year ended December 31, 2019

No changes in actuarial methods or assumptions

Year ended December 31, 2018

The discount rate was changed from 3.00% to 3.30%.

The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale

The retirement and withdrawal tables for all employees were updated.

No assets are accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits. Ten years of information is required to be presented; however, only 7 years of information is available. Additional years will be presented as information becomes available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE

PHA: MN002 FYED: 12/31/24																						
Line Item	Total AMPs	Business Activities	Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program	Emergency Housing Voucher	Mainstream Voucher Program	Section 8 New Construction	Section 8 Mod Rehab	Community Development Block Grant		FSS Escrow	ral Housing and Economic Development	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	State and Local	14.0PS	14.CFP	14.HCV	MTW	Blended Component Units	Elimination	Primary Government Subtotal	Discrete Component Units	Total
No. Account Description			14.871	14.EHV	14.879	14.182	14.856	14.218		14.EFA	14.250	21.027					14.881	•			·	
111 Cash - Unrestricted	3,929,290	840,736	65,250	125,477	-	863,892	697,365	-	3,019,125	-		-	2,722,597	-	-	-	-	7,440,990	-	19,704,722	435,307	20,140,029
112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development	250,682	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	250,694	-	250,694
113 Cash - Other Restricted	55,733	248,919	267	465,893	-	51	-	-	4	5,525	-	-	142,161	-	-	-	376,978	1,512	-	1,297,043	1,193,768	2,490,811
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	753,446	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230,801	-	984,247	65,605	1,049,852
115 Cash - Restricted for payment of current liability	75,829	275	1,127	2,267	-	888	34,042	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	12,369	113	-	126,910	518	127,428
100 Total Cash	5,064,980	1,089,930	66,644	593,637	-	864,831	731,407	-	3,019,141	5,525	-	-	2,864,758	-	-	-	389,347	7,673,416	-	22,363,616	1,695,198	24,058,814
121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	-	-	-	15,676	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	1,982,690	-	-	1,998,366	-	1,998,366
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD	3,498,422	-	231,147	-	419,016	108,357	173,589	-	275,497	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	2,105,562	-	-	6,811,590	=	6,811,590
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	2,050,682	-	-	-	109,515	586,174	-	2,746,371	1,020,100	3,766,471
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	139,503	3,416,463	50,463	23,666	13,270	1,727	-	-	50,096	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	582,525	10,053	(1,905,886)	2,381,880	372,611	2,754,491
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants Dwelling Rents	482,837	-	2,135	296	788	80	1,813	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	253,407	-	741,356	33,918	775,274
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Dwelling Rents	(269,621)) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	(131,446)	-	(401,067)	(17,804)	(418,871)
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - current	407,998	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	407,998	-	407,998
128 Fraud recovery	300,912	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,800	5,660	-	309,372	-	309,372
128.1 Allowance for doubtful accounts - fraud	(54,164)) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,019)	-	(55,183)	-	(55,183)
129 Accrued interest receivable	1,198,094	34,726	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,970	81		-	-	-	-	-	5,064	8,910	-	1,291,845	-	1,291,845
120 Total Receivables, net of allowances for doubtful accounts	5,703,981	3,451,189	283,745	39,638	433,074	110,164	175,402	-	370,563	81	-	-	2,050,682	-	-	-	4,788,156	731,739	(1,905,886)	16,232,528	1,408,825	17,641,353
131 Investments - unrestricted	12,260,620	3,628,376	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,698,691	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	20,587,687	-	20,587,687
132 Investments - restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,468	-	-	-	-	-	-	529,139	-	-	537,607	-	537,607
135 Investments - restricted for payment of current liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	1,318,777	215,464	-	-	-	-	-	-	75,295	-		-	-	-	-	-	42,337	521,253	-	2,173,126	367,798	2,540,924
144 Interprogram due from	3,742,619	-	-	-	-	207,764	-	-	517,813	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,468,196)	-	-	-
150 Total Current Assets	28,090,977	8,384,959	350,389	633,275	433,074	1,182,759	906,809	-	8,681,503	14,074	-	=	4,915,440	-	-	-	5,748,979	8,926,408	(6,374,082)	61,894,564	3,471,821	65,366,385
161 Land	17,024,277	156,272	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,349,128	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,781,287	-	33,310,964	3,636,968	36,947,932
162 Buildings	472,244,796	15,710,573	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,059,495	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82,640,015	-	579,654,879	92,126,786	671,781,665
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	5,461,316	-	=	-	-	=	-	-	4,715	-	-	-	r	-	-	-	-	766,482	=	6,232,513	1,455,675	7,688,188
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	6,265,838	691,352	-	=	-	-	=	-	1,574,826	=	-	-	=	-	-	-	274,519	-	-	8,806,535	1,004,671	9,811,206
165 Leasehold Improvements	506,903	96,674	1,935	369	316	285	152	-	687,522	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	611,082	-	-	1,905,238	-	1,905,238
166 Accumulated Depreciation	(324,995,147)	(13,134,342)	(1,935)	(369)	(316)	(285)	(152)	-	(8,757,252)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(186,270)	(56,313,964)	-	(403,390,032)	(9,253,842)	(412,643,874)
167 Construction In Progress	53,313,180	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,314,666	782,360	-	2,000,000	-	1,010,648	-	-	-	-	7,433,660	-	67,854,514	536,695	68,391,209
168 Infrastructure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
160 Total Fixed Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	229,821,163	3,520,529	-		-	-	<u> </u>	3,314,666	7,700,794	-	2,000,000	-	1,010,648	-	-	-	699,331	46,307,480	-	294,374,611	89,506,953	383,881,564
171 Notes, loans, and mortgages receivable - Noncurrent	21,772,120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	109,120	-	21,881,240	-	21,881,240
174 Other Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	2,337,056	-	2,337,056	1,175,948	3,513,004
180 Total Non-Current Assets	251,593,283	3,520,529	-	-	-	-	-	3,314,666	7,700,794	-	2,000,000	-	1,010,648	-	-	-	699,331	48,753,656	-	318,592,907	90,682,901	409,275,808
190 Total Assets	279,684,260	11,905,488	350,389	633,275	433,074	1,182,759	906,809	3,314,666	16,382,297	14,074	2,000,000		5,926,088	-		-	6,448,310	57,680,064	(6,374,082)	380,487,471	94,154,722	474,642,193
200 Deferred outflows of resources	5,944	724	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,330	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	362	-	-	9,360	-	9,360
290 Total Assets and Deferred outflows of resources	279,690,204	11,906,212	350,389	633,275	433,074	1,182,759	906,809	3,314,666	16,384,627	14,074	2,000,000	-	5,926,088	-			6,448,672	57,680,064	(6,374,082)	380,496,831	94,154,722	474,651,553

FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE

PHA: MNO	02 FYED: 12/31/24																						
Line Item No.	Account Description	Total AMPs	Business Activities	Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program	Emergency Housing Voucher 14.EHV	Mainstream Voucher Program 14.879	Section 8 New Construction 14.182	Section 8 Mod Rehab 14.856	Community Development Block Grant 14.218		FSS Escrow rrfeiture Account 14.EFA	Rural Housing and Economic Development 14.250	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund 21.027	State and Local	14.OPS	14.CFP	14.HCV	MTW 14.881	Blended Component Units	Elimination	Primary Government Subtotal	Discrete Component Units	Total
311	Bank overdrafts	-	-	=	=-	-	=	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
312	Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	7,947,656	933,280	108,730	1,615	1,416	1,230	658	-	568,075	-	-	-	1,090,045	-	-	-	52,178	941,443		11,646,326	240,460	11,886,786
313	Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
321	Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	1	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	1,532,172	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,532,172	-	1,532,172
322	Accrued Compensated Absences	988,953	311,534	49,214	9,376	8,049	7,247	3,882	-	1,421,890	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	222,505	-	-	3,022,650	-	3,022,650
324	Accrued contingency liability	1	68,000	-	=	-	=	ı	=	-	-	-	=	r	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,000	-	68,000
325	Accrued interest payable	11,822	-	=	=	=	=		=	=	=	=	=		-	-	-	-	-	-	11,822	41,119	52,941
331	Accounts Payable - HUD	141,003	-	-	-	-	-	33,831	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	174,834	-	174,834
333	Accounts Payable - Other Government	632,600	-	992	2,227	-	294	167	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,062,612	(1,905,886)	793,006	800,289	1,593,295
341	Tenant Security Deposits	753,446	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230,801	-	984,247	65,605	1,049,852
342	Unearned Revenues	176,875	-	1,635	451,001	26,233	-	209	-	-	-	-	-	142,162	-	-	-	10,054	13,955	-	822,124	2,740	824,864
343	Current portion of L-T debt - capital projects	1,810,337	37,048	-	-	-	-	-	-	231,238	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	231,238	-	-	2,309,861	169,081	2,478,942
345	Other Current Liabilities	602,210	-	134	40	788	594	44	-	60,270	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,369	3,153	-	679,602	150	679,752
346	Accrued liabilities - other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	374,943	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	374,943	63,420	438,363
	Interprogram Due To	-	-	-	-	207,764	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,742,619	517,813	(4,468,196)	-	-	
310	Total Current Liabilities	13,064,902	1,349,862	160,705	464,259	244,250	9,365	38,791	-	4,188,588	-	-	-	1,232,207	-	-	-	4,270,963	3,769,777	(6,374,082)	22,419,587	1,382,864	23,802,451
351	Long-term debt, net of current - capital projects	15,859,569	60,007	-	-	-	-	ı	-	374,533	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	374,533	-	-	16,668,642	68,561,223	85,229,865
353	Noncurrent Liabilities - Other	11,073	-	267	182	-	51	ı	=	4	-	-	=	r	-	-	-	36,129	1,512	-	49,218	2,274,155	2,323,373
357	Accrued pension and OPEB liabilities	240,027	47,960	6,520	1,242	1,066	960	515	-	65,206	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	25,902	-	-	389,398	-	389,398
350	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	16,110,669	107,967	6,787	1,424	1,066	1,011	515	-	439,743	-	-	-		-	-	-	436,564	1,512	-	17,107,258	70,835,378	87,942,636
300	Total Liabilities	29,175,571	1,457,829	167,492	465,683	245,316	10,376	39,306	-	4,628,331	-		-	1,232,207		-	-	4,707,527	3,771,289	(6,374,082)	39,526,845	72,218,242	111,745,087
400	Deferred Inflows of resources	5,471,639	27,287	-		-	-	÷	-	49,606	-	÷	-	Ŷ	-	-	-	32,541	-	-	5,581,073	-	5,581,073
508.4	Net investment in capital assets	212,151,257	3,423,474	-	-	-	-	=	3,314,666	7,095,023	-	2,000,000	-	1,010,648	-	-	-	93,560	46,307,480	=	275,396,108	20,776,649	296,172,757
511.4	Restricted net position	44,661	242,849		14,710			-	-	[14,074	-	-	-	-	-	- [877,450	-	-	1,193,744	1,193,101	2,386,845
512.4	Unrestricted net position	32,847,076	6,754,773	182,897	152,882	187,758	1,172,383	867,503	-	4,611,667	-	-	-	3,683,233	-	-	-	737,594	7,601,295	-	58,799,061	(33,270)	58,765,791
513	Total Equity	245,042,994	10,421,096	182,897	167,592	187,758	1,172,383	867,503	3,314,666	11,706,690	14,074	2,000,000	-	4,693,881	-	-	-	1,708,604	53,908,775	-	335,388,913	21,936,480	357,325,393
600	Total Liabilities, Deferred inflows of resources and Equity	279,690,204	11,906,212	350,389	633,275	433,074	1,182,759	906,809	3,314,666	16,384,627	14,074	2,000,000	-	5,926,088	-	-	-	6,448,672	57,680,064	(6,374,082)	380,496,831	94,154,722	474,651,553

FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE

PHA: MNO	02 FYED: 12/31/24																					
Line Item No.	Account Description	Total AMPs		Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program	Emergency Housing Voucher 14.EHV	Mainstream Voucher Program 14.879	Section 8 New Construction 14.182	Section 8 Mod Rehab 14.856	Community Development Block Grant 14.218	Central Office Cost FSS Escrow Forfeiture Account 14.EFA	Economic	d Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund 21.027	State and Local	14.OPS	14.CFP	14.HCV	MTW 14.881	Blended Component Units	Elimination	Primary Government Subtotal	Discrete Component Units	Total
70300	Net Tenant Rental Revenue	19,878,089	-	-		-	-	-	-	=		-	-	-	-	-	-	5,486,059		25,364,148	1,039,153	26,403,301
70400	Tenant Revenue - Other	414,171	-	-		-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	137,961		552,132	15,731	567,863
70500	Total Tenant Revenue	20,292,260	=	-	-	-	=	-	=	-			-	=	-	-	-	5,624,020	-	25,916,280	1,054,884	26,971,164
70600	HUD PHA Grants			17.067.283	2,678,788	2,478,989	1,325,211	1.015.319				1		24.041.168	3.954.357	71.710.241				124,271,356		124.271.356
	HUD PHA Capital Grants		 	17,007,203	2,070,700	2,470,909	1,323,211	1,013,319		-	- 1.694.316			24,041,100	19.038.739	71,710,241		-		20,733,055		20,733,055
	Management Fee		 		_	_				8.521.476	1,034,310	-		_	19,030,739				(8.521.476)	20,733,033		20,733,033
	Asset Management Fee			_		_	_		_	606,600		_		_	_				(606,600)		 	
	Book-keeping Fee	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,007,138	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	(1,007,138)			
	Other Fees	-	2,421,240	- 1	-	_	-	-	-	2.734.416	-		_	_	-	-		1 1	(4.958.409)	197.247		197.247
	Other government grants	375,000	2,121,240	_					416.023	-	_	- 149.536	9.745.184	_	_	_	1.137.728	14.740.061	(9,777,878)	16.785.654		19.458.858
	Investment Income - Unrestricted	860,927	197,772	996	-	_	6,151	4.476		248,028	-		6,907	-	-	-	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4,118	(0,777,070)	1,329,375	12,252	1,341,627
	Mortgage interest income	541,214		-	-	_	- 101	.,470	-	-	-		5,507	_	-	-		.,110	-	541,214		541,214
	Fraud recovery	-	-	5,772	1.269	982	1.000	252	-	-			-	_	-	-	246,007	_	-	255,282		255,282
71500	Other revenue	884,540	12,693,438	-	358,703	-	-	-	-	108,123			-	-	-	-	11,255,370	2,915,129	(10,101,496)	18,113,807	16,423,055	34,536,862
71600	Gain/Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	14,783	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,783	-	14,783
72000	Investment income - restricted	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	- 46	1 -		-	=	-	-	26,830	519	-	27,810	-	27,810
70000	Total Revenue	22,968,724	15,312,450	17,074,051	3,038,760	2,479,971	1,332,362	1,020,047	416,023	13,225,781 46	1 1,694,316	149,536	9,752,091	24,041,168	22,993,096	71,710,241	12,665,935	23,283,847	(34,972,997)	208,185,863	20,163,395	228,349,258
01100	Administrative Salaries	5,200,393	1,202,140	697,306	129,538	111,209	100,133	53,642		7.398.328			611,179				2,785,417			18,289,285		18,289,285
	Auditing Fees	76,098		1,719	328		253	136	_	9,851			011,173	_			6,833	22,000	(22,000)	129,749	42,250	171,999
	Management Fees	6.783.287	2,421,240	164,592	31.188	26.664	18.732	10.392		-	_	_	543,610	_	_	_	995.554	2.537.169	(13,479,886)	52.542	<u> </u>	249,789
	Book-keeping Fee	442,155		102,870	19,492	- 77.	11,708	6,495		-				-	-	_	407,752	2,007,100	(1.007.137)			2.10,700
91400	Advertising and Marketing	2,554	474	-		-			-	5,412			-	_	-	-	341	_	(1,001,101,	8,781		8,781
91500	Employee Benefit Contributions - Administrative	1,995,964	499,791	238,948	44,179	37,928	34,151	18,295	-	2,262,525			166,540	-	-	-	942,426	-	-	6,240,747		6,240,747
91600	Office Expenses	948,602	118,121	81,032	15,437	13,253	11,933	6,392	-	1,106,343			-	=	-	-	307,173	1,123	-	2,609,409	29,206	2,638,615
91700	Legal Expense	(33)	80	107	20	18	16	7	-	44,207			-	-	-	-	22,823	-		67,245	4,938	72,183
91800	Travel	26,097	1,842	3,846	733	629	566	303	-	72,393			-	-	-	-	21,494	-	-	127,903	303	128,206
91900	Other	767,534	157,701	734,694	22,333	12,599	2,447	1,312	-	1,327,264		-	1,468,517	-	-	-	350,007	1,650,293	(1,710,026)	4,784,675	497,063	5,281,738
92000	Asset Management Fee	606,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(606,600)	-	-	
92200	Relocation Costs	10.007	1.325				_			_		. 		_				1,325	(1,325)	11.332		11,332
	Tenant Services - Other	1,355,772	, , ,	189,975	(9,592)	-	-	-	-	63,603	-	-	1,916,738	-	-	-	57,229	45,489	(43,683)	3,693,146		3,733,078
93100	Water	1.911.392	_	_	_	_	_		_	19.359	_		_	_	_	_		797.153	_	2,727,904	237,139	2,965,043
	Electricity	2,672,038	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	88.066			_	_	_	_		863,990	_	3,624,094		3,951,856
93300		1,962,698	1 -1	- 1	-		-	-	-	16,307		-	-	_	-	-		779.852	-	2.758.857		2.848.447
	Labor	494,346	25,944	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,603			-	-	-	-	-	,	-	541,893	,	541,893
93600	Sewer		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	835			-	-	-	-	_	_	-	835	-	835
93700	Employee benefit contributions - utilities	186,743	10,212	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,606			-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	203,561	(- t	203,561
93800	Other utilities expense	40,416		-	-	-	=	=	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	40,850	484	41,334
04400	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	6.898.472	2.382.884	-						70.202						+				9.351.639	\vdash	9.351.639
	OMO - Materials and Other	1,743,785	2,382,884 659.623	1,583	302	259	233	125	-	70,283 8,872	-		-	-	-	-	7.021	 	-	9,351,639	 	9,351,639 2,462,973
	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Contract Costs	1,743,785 3,711,747	1,321,060	1,583 500	302 95		233 74	125		190,804	-		 	-	-	-	1,988	4,279,367	(4,217,286)	5,288,470	629,212	5,917,682
	Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	2,663,480	1,321,060	500	95	82	74	39	-	21.493	-	-	-	-	 	-	1,988	4,219,367	(4,217,286)	3,687,812	029,212	3,687,812
94500	Employee benefit contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	∠,003,480	1,002,839		-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	21,493	- 1	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			-	-	-	3,087,812	└	3,087,812

FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE

PHA: MNO	02 FYED: 12/31/24																						
Line Item No.	Account Description	Total AMPs		Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program 14.871	Emergency Housing Voucher 14.EHV	Mainstream Voucher Program 14.879	Section 8 New Construction 14.182	Section 8 Mod Rehab 14.856	Community Development Block Grant 14.218	Center Forfeit	S Escrow	tural Housing and Economic Development 14.250	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund 21.027	State and Local	14.OPS	14.CFP	14.HCV	MTW 14.881	Blended Component Units	Elimination	Primary Government Subtotal	Discrete Component Units	Total
95100	Protective Services - labor	129,293	2,430	-	-	-	-	1	-	7,212	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138,935	-	138,935
95200	Protective Services - Other Contract Costs	4,926,485	111,270	-	-	-	-	-	-	88,582	-	-	-			-	-	-	8,514	(8,514)	5,126,337	112,538	5,238,875
95300	Protective Services - Other	12,226	1,265	-	-	-	-	1	-	382	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,873	938	14,811
95500	Employee benefit contributions - protective services	49,635	956	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,206	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	52,797	-	52,797
96110	Property Insurance	925,507	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,399	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	596,337	-	1,541,243	180,430	1,721,673
96120	Liability Insurance	324,446	58,167	-	-	-	-	-	-	263	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	84,926	-	467,802	37,066	504,868
96130	Workmen's Compensation	571,746	232,472	2,661	507	435	392	211	-	19,502	-	-	-		-	-	-	10,574	-		838,500	-	838,500
96140	All Other Insurance	280,607	147,031	8,265	1,575	1,352	1,217	652	-	55,206	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,838	4,893	-	533,636	-	533,636
96200	Other General Expenses	4,517,077	4,021,175	(217)	110	94	85	46	-	14,021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,496	315,627	(4,098,662)	4,772,852	70,680	4,843,532
96210	Compensated Absences	1,102,208	290,710	59,308	11,298	9,700	8,734	4,678	-	1,020,669	-	-		-	-		-	259,057	-		2,766,362		2,766,362
96300	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	632,517	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	156,726	-	789,243	17,808	807,051
96400	Bad Debt - Tenant Rents	297,566	-	975	348	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,468	13,461	-	314,826	9,305	324,131
96710	Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	487,732	487,732
96720	Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long)	313,087	381	24	5	4	3	2	-	2,032	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,472	-	-	318,010	2,341,261	2,659,271
96730	Amortization of Bond Issue Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	256,822	256,822
96900	Total Operating Expenses	54,582,547	14,823,432	2,288,188	267,896	231,172	190,677	102,735	-	13,963,628	-	-	=	4,706,584	-	-	-	6,216,963	12,158,245	(25,195,119)	84,336,948	5,650,876	89,987,824
97000	Excess Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	(31,613,823)	489,018	14,785,863	2,770,864	2,248,799	1,141,685	917,312	416,023	(737,847)	461	1,694,316	149,536	5,045,507	24,041,168	22,993,096	71,710,241	6,448,972	11,125,602	(9,777,878)	123,848,915	14,512,519	138,361,434
97200	Casualty Losses - Non-Capitalized	229,622	(50,500)	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_		179,122	305.962	485,084
	Housing Assistance Payments	-	-	14.855.095	2,366,829	2,239,728	1,105,592	897,526	_	_	-	_	_	199.907	_	_	-	55.401.621	<u>-</u>	(9,777,878)	67,288,420	-	67.288.420
97350	HAP Portability-in	-	-	-	339,849	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.541.057	-	-	10.880.906	-	10,880,906
97400	Depreciation Expense	15,443,068	500,474	10,706	2,039	1,751	1,576	844	-	442,956	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,252	1,678,357	-	18,174,023	3,587,754	21,761,777
90000	Total Expenses	70,255,237	15,273,406	17,153,989	2,976,613	2,472,651	1,297,845	1,001,105	-	14,406,584	-		-	4,906,491	-	-	-	72,251,893	13,836,602	(34,972,997)	180,859,419	9,544,592	190,404,011
10010	Operating transfers in	1.930.122	_	134.291	_	_	_	-	_	838.973	-		-		_	-	-	118.822.278	_	(121.725.664)	_	-	
	Operating transfers out	(1,930,122)	(4,081)	(2,773)	_	_	_		_	-	_	_	_	(75,000)	(24.041.168)	(22,993,096)	(71,710,241)	(969,183)	_	121,725,664	_	_	
	Operating transfers from/to component unit	74,384		(2,770)	-	-	_	-	_	517,812	-	-	-	(76,719)	(21,011,100)	(22,000,000)	(71,710,211)	(000,100)	(515,477)	-	_	-	
	Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In	185.856	1	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	(,,	_	-	-	_	(0.0,)	(185,856)	_	_	
	Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out	(185,856)		-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	185.856	_	-	-
	Transfer between programs and projects in	58.483.727	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	_	- 1	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	(58.483.727)	-	-	
	Transfer between programs and projects out		(42)	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	(149,536)	-	-	-	-	(58,334,149)	-	58,483,727	-	-	
	Total other financing sources (Uses)	58,558,111	(4,123)	131,518	-	-	-	-	-	1,356,785	-	-	(149,536)	(151,719)	(24,041,168)	(22,993,096)	(71,710,241)	59,518,946	(515,477)		-	-	-
	Excess (deficiency) of total revenue over (under) total expenses	11,271,598	34,921	51,580	62,147	7,320	34,517	18,942	416,023	175,982	461	1,694,316	-	4,693,881		-	-	(67,012)	8,931,768		27,326,444	10,618,803	37,945,247
	Required annual debt principal payment	1,591,751	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,591,751	116,452	1,708,203
11030	Beginning Equity	233,771,396	10,386,175	131,317	105,445	180,438	1,137,866	848,561	2,898,643	11,530,708	13,613	305,684	-	-	-	-	-	1,775,616	44,977,007	=	308,062,469	11,317,677	319,380,146
11040	Total Prior Period Adjustments, Equity transfer and correction of errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	
11190	Unit Months Available	63,343	-	15,953	2,952	2,700	2,016	1,080	-	-	-	-	-	170	-	-	-	54,840	8,328	-	151,382	3,216	154,598
	Number of Unit Months Leased	61,257		13,716	2,599	,	1,561	866	-	-	-	-	-	170	-	-	-	54,391	7,917	-	144,699	3,069	147,768
	Administrative Fee Equity	-		182,897	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	182,897		182,897
11180	Housing Assistance Payments Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
11270	Excess Cash	5,624,971	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,624,971	-	5,624,971
11620	Building Purchases	18,486,052	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	556,497	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	19,042,549	_	19,042,549
						1				,									1		,		

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number		Federal Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Direct from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban			
Development ("HUD"):			
Moving to Work Demonstration Program	14.881		\$ 118,744,505
Section 8 Project-Based Cluster:			
Section 8 New Construction	14.182	\$ 1,325,211	
Section 8 Modern Rehabilitation	14.856	1,015,319	
Subtotal Section 8 Project-Based Cluster			2,340,530
Housing Voucher Cluster:			
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program	14.871	17,067,283	
Emergency Housing Vouchers	14.871	2,678,788	
Mainstream Vouchers	14.879	 2,478,989	
Subtotal Housing Voucher Cluster			22,225,060
Rural Housing and Economic Development	14.250		1,694,316
			145,004,411
Pass through from the City of Minneapolis, Minnesota:			
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster:			
Community Development Block Grant	14.218		416,023
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027		149,536
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 145,569,970

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Minneapolis Public Housing Authority, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

In accordance with HUD regulations, HUD considers the Annual Budget Authority for the Moving to Work Demonstration Program AL No. 14.881 and Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program ("HCV"), AL No. 14.871, to be an expenditure for the purposes of this schedule. Therefore, the amount in this schedule is the total amount received directly from HUD and not the total expenditures paid by the Authority.

NOTE B - FEDERAL AWARD RECEIVING A SEPARATE AUDIT

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards excludes \$3,622,069 of expenditures for the Community Development Block Grant of the Authority. The Authority's blended component unit, Community Housing Resources, Inc., receives a separately issued schedule of expenditures of federal awards and audit performed in accordance with the requirements of Uniform Guidance for the year ended December 31, 2024.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Authority did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

NOTE D - SUB-RECIPIENTS

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Authority had no sub-recipients.

NOTE E - NONCASH ASSISTANCE AND OTHER

The Authority did not receive any noncash assistance, federal loans, or federally funded insurance during the year ended December 31, 2024.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Minneapolis Public Housing Authority Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Minneapolis Public Housing Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2025, Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Elliots LP as described in our report on the Authority's financial statements. The financial statements of Elliots LP and Family Housing Resources LP were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters associated with Elliots LP and Family Housing Resources LP or that are reported on separately by those auditors who audited the financial statements of Elliots LP.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Authority failed to comply with the provisions of the depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Authority's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

August 26, 2025 Melbourne, Florida Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam CPAs and Associates, LLP



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Commissioners Minneapolis Public Housing Authority Minneapolis, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Programs

Opinion on the Major Federal Programs

We have audited the Minneapolis Public Housing Authority's (the "Authority") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Programs

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal programs. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Authority's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of the major federal programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to
 test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Authority's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

The Authority's basic financial statements include the operations of Community Housing Resources, Inc. ("CHR"), a blended component unit of the Authority, which received \$3,622,069 in federal awards that are not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards during the year ended December 31, 2024. Our audit did not include the operations of CHR because we issued a separate report on CHR's compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major program and internal control over compliance in accordance with the OMB Compliance Supplement for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

August 26, 2025 Melbourne, Florida Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam
CPAs and Associates. LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified? **No**Significant deficiency identified? **None Reported**

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness identified? No
Significant deficiency identified? None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

The programs tested as major programs are as follows:

- Moving to Work Demonstration AL No. 14.881
- Housing Voucher Cluster

The threshold for distinguishing types A and B programs was \$3,000,000

Did the auditee qualify as a low-risk auditee? Yes

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS - FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.

D. PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

None.