

Report: Emergency Response to Disease Outbreaks in Wildlife

Covering the Period July 1, 2024 – June 30, 2025

As required by Minnesota Session Law 2023, Chapter 60

07/24/2025

Report to the Minnesota Legislature

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Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Section 3.197, we estimate that it cost approximately \$320 produce this report. This includes staff time for drafting and reviewing the report.

Upon request, this material will be made available in an alternative format such as large print, Braille or audio recording. Printed on recycled paper.

DNR CWD Spending Legislative Report

This report fulfills the reporting requirement of Minnesota Session Law 2023, Chapter 60, Article 1, Section 3, Subdivision 6 (Table 1). Specifically:

- (b) \$982,000 the first year and \$982,000 the second year are from the general fund and \$1,675,000 the first year and \$1,675,000 the second year are from the game and fish fund for statewide response and management of chronic wasting disease. The commissioner and the Board of Animal Health must each submit annual reports on chronic wasting disease activities funded in this biennium to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources and agriculture. The general fund base for this appropriation in fiscal year 2026 and beyond is \$282,000.
- (c) \$5,150,000 the first year and \$3,250,000 the second year are for inspections, investigations, and enforcement activities taken for the white-tailed deer farm program and for statewide response and management of chronic wasting disease. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2029.
- (d) \$8,546,000 the first year and \$8,546,000 the second year are from the deer management account for the purposes identified in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision 1.

CWD Activities, July 1, 2024 – June 30, 2025

The Minnesota Department of Natural Resources (DNR) spent \$3,097,484 during FY25 on Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD)-related activities (Table 2). This spending includes staff salary for CWD management work, invoices for agency culling activities (including dumpsters, diagnostic testing, fleet, contracts, and meat processing), partner sampling program payments to taxidermists, and CWD-related research projects. Additional activities that occurred focused on compiling data for surveillance planning for fall 2025, development of the hunting regulation book and deer rule, and planning outreach strategies to engage hunters. A detailed list of activities include:

- From July 1, 2024, to June 30, 2025, a total of 12,970 samples were collected and submitted for CWD testing:
 - Opportunistic sampling: 267 samples collected statewide; none were detected for CWD.
 - Voluntary submissions from hunters: 3,204 samples collected from either hunter mail-in kits, partner sampling program, or walk-in appointments at area office; three were detected for CWD, all from the partner sampling program.
 - Agency culled: 200 samples collected from 3 areas of the state; 1 was CWD positive.
 - Hunter-harvested: 12,503 samples collected during all active deer hunting seasons throughout the state from within both our CWD management and surveillance zones; 95 tested positive for CWD.
- DNR contracted with USDA-Wildlife Services for \$626,808 to conduct targeted culling in CWD management zones in the south metro, Grand Rapids, and near Merrifield, MN from January March 2025. In total, 200 deer were removed and 1 tested positive from the Grand Rapids focus area. Numerous advancements occurred within the project this year, including expanding the use of cellular trail cameras and implementing clover traps in the Grand Rapids and Merrifield areas. Clover traps proved to be an effective tactic that likely contributed to the exceptional numbers of deer removed.

- Recent research using data from southeast Minnesota suggests a removal of at least 20% of the deer population is required to have a measurable impact on disease prevalence (Sergey Berg, unpublished data). Beneath this threshold, culling is minimally effective at reducing apparent prevalence. As such, we decided to cull in an area only if we had access to at least 30% of the available deer; if we were not able to meet this threshold, culling would not occur. To determine the number of available deer in each focus area, we counted deer via helicopter. Targeted outreach was directed at landowners whose property had deer observed on it during the survey via an initial letter and follow-up phone call. Once we determined adequate access to 30% or more of the available deer was achievable, we made the formal decision to move ahead with culling. We used agency culling in all 3 areas surveyed, with 107 deer removed near Merrifield, 19 removed in the south metro, and 75 removed in Grand Rapids.
- A total of 12,970 deer were tested for CWD between July 1, 2024, and June 30, 2025, with 96 new detections of the disease. Nearly all positives were found in areas with persisting infections (i.e., south metro and southeast), except 3 new cases were detected; 1 near Wheaton in DPA 271, 1 near Hawley in DPA 266, and 1 near Greenfield in DPA 701 (Figure 2; Table 3).
- We held meetings with tribal biologists to discuss plans for fall 2025 surveillance efforts across the state.
 Federal funding was again available to support collection and testing efforts for tribal hunters and were coordinated through University of Minnesota staff. MNDNR did assist Mille Lacs Band of Ojibwe with grant funds in their CWD surveillance and management efforts at their request. Approximately 567 samples were collected by Tribes in Minnesota during fall 2024; all were not detected for CWD.

The footprint of CWD has expanded in Minnesota, with the discovery of three new cases; 1 near Wheaton in DPA 271, 1 near Hawley in DPA 266, and 1 near Greenfield in DPA 701, which will create three new CWD management zones (DPA's 601, 666, and 671) for fall 2025. A total of 11 zones (9 management, 2 surveillance) are included in the fall 2025 CWD surveillance efforts (Figure 3). The majority of CWD samples will be collected through mandatory sampling during firearms opening weekend. Voluntary sampling opportunities will be available across the state and provided free-of-charge for interested hunters that harvest deer outside of the firearms opening weekend.

Table 1. Chronic Wasting Disease Appropriation Allocation FY25.

| Fund | FY25 Appropriated | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| General Fund - CWD | 982,000 | | |
| Game and Fish- Emergency Response | 1,675,000 | | |
| General Fund – Farmed Deer & CWD | 3,250,000 | | |
| Total | 5,907,000 | | |

Table 2. Detailed spending by expense type for Chronic Wasting Disease Appropriation, July 1, 2024, through June 30, 2025.

| <u>Category</u> | Other* | Game and Fish- Emergency Response | Gen'l Fund - CWD | Gen'l Fund - Farms & CWD | Total Spend** |
|--------------------------------|--------|---|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Salary | 5,345 | 910,925 | 1 | 190,302 | 1,106,572 |
| Dumpsters | - | 455,018 | 58,660 | - | 513,678 |
| CWD Sample Testing | - | - | 248 | 336,551 | 336,799 |
| USDA-Culling Contract | - | 181,279 | 117,500 | 8,103 | 306,883 |
| Equipment | - | 12,996 | 168 | 199,732 | 212,896 |
| Travel/Fleet | 5,252 | 44,958 | 114,460 | 1,410 | 166,080 |
| Printing & Advertising | - | - | 157,726 | 59 | 157,785 |
| Taxidermist Partner Program | - | - | 84,216 | - | 84,216 |
| Contracts: CWD Tissue Sampling | - | - | 63,086 | - | 63,086 |
| Supplies | - | 28,874 | 29,748 | 275 | 58,897 |
| Other | 62 | 200 | 27,492 | 27,611 | 55,364 |
| CWD Office - Rushford | - | - | 35,228 | - | 35,228 |
| Total | 10,659 | 1,634,249 | 688,532 | 764,044 | 3,097,484 |

^{*}Other includes Game and Fish Operating Account, Deer Management Account, Deer/Bear Account, Cervid Health Account, and Heritage Fund.

^{**}As of 7/16/2025, anticipate total spending to increase slightly with pending invoices yet to be processed.

Figure 2. Total samples (n=12,970) collected for chronic wasting disease (CWD) testing in Minnesota from July 1, 2024, through June 30, 2025.

Minnesota Wild Deer CWD Surveillance & Management 2024-25

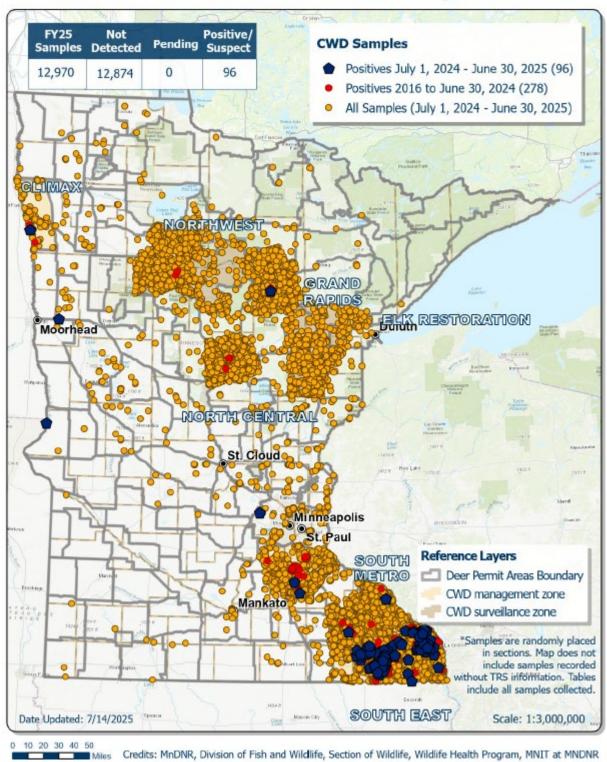


Table 3. Chronic wasting disease (CWD) samples collected in Minnesota from July 1, 2024, to June 30, 2025.

| Designation | Deer Permit Area | Sample Acquisition | Number of deer sampled | Positive Results |
|--|---|--|------------------------|---------------------|
| Surveillance Zone (Northwest) | 197 | Hunter Harvested | 242 | 0 |
| Surveillance Zone (Elk Restoration) | 156, 173, 181, 199 | Hunter Harvested | 870 | 0 |
| Management Zone (Grand | 679 | Hunter Harvested | 601 | 0 |
| Rapids) | 679 | Agency Culled | 75 | 1 |
| Management Zone (Northwest) | 684 | Hunter Harvested | 1,087 | 0 |
| Management Zone (North | 604 | Hunter Harvested | 979 | 0 |
| Central) | 604 | Agency Culled | 106 | 0 |
| Management Zone (Climax) | 661 | Hunter Harvested | 187 | 1 |
| Management Zone (South | 605 | Hunter Harvested | 806 | 2 |
| Metro) | | Agency Culled | 19 | 0 |
| Management Zone (Southeast) | 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 655 | Hunter Harvested | 4,527 | 89 |
| Opportunistic | Statewide | Voluntary Submission | 3,204 | 3* |
| Opportunistic/Other | Statewide | Includes: Reported sick, found dead, shooting permit, vehicle killed | 267 | 0 |
| | TOTAL | | 12,970 | 96 |

^{*}Of the three opportunistic positives, all were hunter-harvested, one each from DPAs 266, 271, and 701.

Figure 3. Locations of chronic wasting disease management and surveillance zones across Minnesota, fall 2025.

