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Effective September

2024

through April 30, 2025

Updated 9.12.24



MINNESOTA WATERFOWL HUNTING REGULATIONS



DEPARTMENT OF
NATURAL RESOURCES

> mndnr.gov/hunting

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THE
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#huntmn

WATERFOWL HUNTERS



Future hunters are relying on you to prevent the spread of aquatic invasive species... do your part.

- ✓ **CLEAN** aquatic plants, animals and mud from all gear, boats, clothing, dogs and vehicles.
- ✓ **DRAIN** all water from boats and equipment and leave drain plugs out when transporting.
- ✓ **DRY** everything for at least 5 days before hunting in other waters.

Learn more at mndnr.gov/ais

TABLE OF CONTENTS

License Information.....	5
2024 Season Dates and Daily Limits	6
Goose Seasons	7
Youth Hunt.....	8
Sandhill Crane Season	9
Harvest Information Program (HIP).....	10
Questions About Licenses.....	10
General Waterfowl Regulations	12
Migratory Feeding and Resting Areas.....	16
Illustrated Ducks and Geese of Minnesota	18
Accessible blinds for hunters	25
State Refuges Open to Goose Hunting	25
Summary of Federal Regulations.....	28
Shooting Hours.....	30

Minnesota State Duck Stamp

Funds raised through the sale of Minnesota state duck stamps pay for waterfowl research, management and habitat thereby improving conditions for the state's resident and migrating waterfowl.



Ringneck duck painting by Mark Kness, Albert Lea, Minnesota.

Cover waterfowl photo by Ryan Hagerty, USFWS.

Cover landscape photo by Minnesota DNR.

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* NEW FOR 2024

- Early-season teal hunters may not hunt on active wild rice beds that are posted open to ricing within the boundaries of the White Earth Reservation or within one-half mile of posted wild rice beds open to harvest within the boundaries of the Leech Lake Reservation during the early-teal season (September 1-5). For more information, contact the White Earth Nation (whiteearth.com) or the Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe (www.llojibwe.org).
- Early teal season and the September Goose Season will begin on Sunday September 1st which is the earliest seasons can open according to federal frameworks.
- Special permits are no longer required to hunt the September Goose Season. Hunters still need to possess a small game license, state waterfowl stamp, federal duck stamp, and HIP certification. Prices and age requirements are on page 5.
- Electronically-issued federal duck stamps are now valid for the entire waterfowl season. Pictorial stamps will be mailed to purchasers after the close of waterfowl seasons.



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NATURAL RESOURCES



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LICENSE INFORMATION

GENERAL

Resident and nonresident waterfowl hunters 16 years old or older must have one of the following licenses: (Prices do not include additional issuing fees.)

FEE	LICENSE	AGE
\$13.50	Resident Senior Citizen Small Game	65 and older
\$5	Resident Youth Small Game	16 and 17
\$22	Resident Small Game	18 to 64
\$19	Resident 72-hour Small Game	18 to 64
\$41	Resident Individual Sports	18 and older
\$57	Resident Combination Sports	18 and older
\$100	Resident Individual Super Sports	18 and older
\$126	Resident Combination Super Sports	18 and older
Prices vary by age	Resident lifetime small game	
Prices vary by age	Resident lifetime sports	
\$5	Nonresident Youth Small Game	16 and 17
\$75	Nonresident 72-hour Small Game	18 and older
\$102	Nonresident Small Game	18 and older

In addition:

- ***NEW**—A Federal Duck Stamp is required for all persons age 16 and older. Electronically issued federal stamps are now valid for the entire season. Pictorial stamps will be mailed to purchasers after the close of waterfowl seasons.
- HIP certification is required for any licensed waterfowl or migratory bird hunter. (See HIP information page 10.)
- A Minnesota state waterfowl stamp is required for residents age 18 to 64 and nonresidents age 16 and over. 72-hour licenses include the state waterfowl stamp \$7.50.
- Sandhill crane permit required for northwest crane season (residents and nonresidents) \$3.
- Persons hunting waterfowl on commercial shooting preserves are required to have both a federal and a state duck stamp validation in addition to a small game license. The only exception is when taking only marked, pen-reared mallards.
- There are licensing exceptions for landowners, military personnel and others. See the 2024 Hunting and Trapping Regulations for a complete listing of license requirements.

2024 SEASON DATES

SHOOTING HOURS

Shooting hours for sandhill crane, rail, snipe, ducks, coots, moorhens, mergansers and geese are ½ hour before sunrise to sunset for the entire season (except during teal season when shooting hours for teal begin at sunrise).

Teal Season (Statewide)

SPECIES	SEASON DATES	DAILY LIMITS
Blue-winged, Green-winged, and cinnamon teal	Sept. 1-5 statewide	6 (blue-winged, green-winged and cinnamon teal combined)

Shooting hours for teal during the teal season are sunrise to sunset. Note that this is different from other waterfowl seasons.

License, stamp and HIP requirements for teal season are the same as regular duck season.

Early Teal Season Shooting Restrictions

Early-season teal hunters may not hunt on active wild rice beds that are posted open to ricing within the boundaries of the White Earth Reservation or within one-half mile of posted wild rice beds open to harvest within the boundaries of the Leech Lake Reservation during the early-teal season (September 1-5). For more information, contact the the White Earth Nation (whiteearth.com) or Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe (www.llojibwe.org).

Ducks and Coots

DUCKS, COOTS, MERGANSERS, MOORHENS (GALLINULES)	SEASON DATES
North Zone	Sept. 21 - Nov. 19
Central Zone	Sept. 21 - 29; Oct. 5 - Nov. 24
South Zone	Sept. 21 - 29; Oct. 5 - Nov. 24

Duck: Daily limit is 6. No more than any of the following species: 4 mallards (2 hen mallards), 3 wood ducks, 2 redheads, 2 canvasbacks, 2 black ducks, 1 pintail.

One scaup may be taken per day through October 10; 2 scaup per day through the remainder of the season in each zone.

If not listed up to 6 ducks of a species may be taken daily until the possession limit is reached.

Coot and moorhen (gallinule) daily limits: Daily limit is 15.

Merganser daily limit: Daily limit is 5, no more than 2 of which may be a hooded merganser.

The possession limit for all migratory birds is 3 times the daily limit.

Regular Goose Season

SEASON DATES	SPECIES	DAILY LIMITS
North Zone Sept. 21 - Dec. 21	Canada, white-fronted, brant	5 combined
	Snow, blue snow and Ross's	20
Central Zone Sept. 21 - 29; Oct. 5 - Dec. 26	Canada, white-fronted, brant	5 combined
	Snow, blue snow and Ross's	20
South Zone Sept. 21 - 29; Oct. 5 - Dec. 26	Canada, white-fronted, brant	5 combined
	Snow, blue snow and Ross's	20

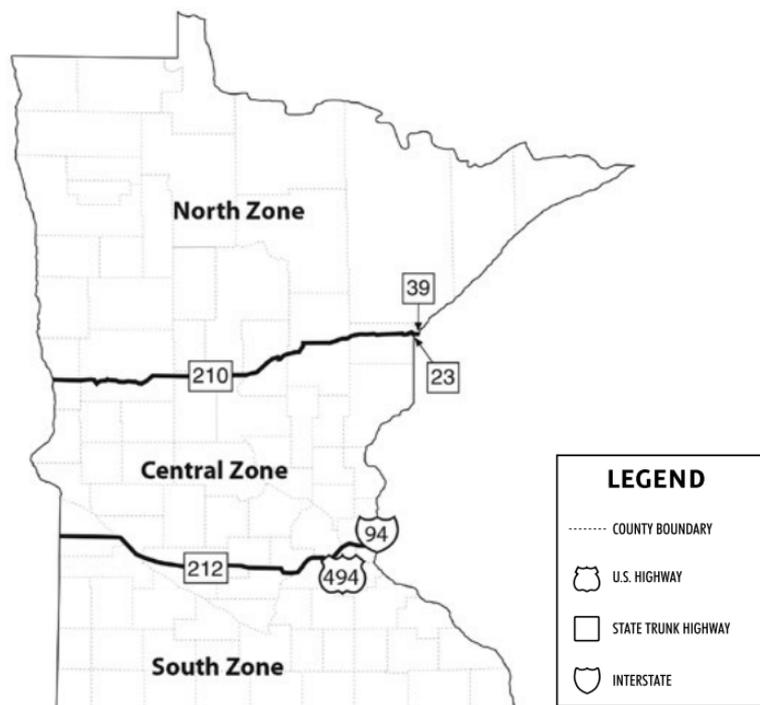
September Goose Season (Statewide)

SEASON DATES	SPECIES	DAILY LIMITS
Sept. 1 - 15	Canada, white-fronted, brant	5 combined
	Snow, blue snow and Ross's	20

Hunting over water: During the September goose season, hunting over water is legal statewide.

***NEW—Required licenses:** A special permit is no longer required for the September goose season. Hunters may still need to obtain a small game license, state waterfowl stamp, federal duck stamp, and HIP certification. Prices and age requirements are on page 5.

Regular Season Duck and Goose Zones



Other Migratory Birds

SPECIES	SEASON DATES	DAILY LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT
Mourning doves	Sept. 1 - Nov. 29	15	45
Woodcock	Sept. 21 - Nov. 4	3	9
Sora and Virginia rail	Sept. 1 - Nov. 4	25 (in aggregate)	75 (in aggregate)
Common snipe (Wilson's)	Sept. 1 - Nov. 4	8	24
Sandhill Crane (Sandhill Crane Zone only)	Sept. 14 - Oct. 20	2	6

Special Falconry Season

Hunting hours: are ½ hour before sunrise to sunset.

SPECIES	SEASON DATES	DAILY LIMITS	POSSESSION LIMIT
Ducks, Coots, Mergansers, Moorhens and Geese	North Zone Sept. 21 - Nov. 19 Dec. 7 - Jan. 20	3 combined	9 combined
Ducks, Coots, Mergansers, Moorhens and Geese	South and Central Zones Sept. 21 - 29; Oct. 5 - Nov. 24; Dec. 7 - Jan. 20	3 combined	9 combined
Woodcock, Rail, Doves and Snipe	Statewide Sept. 1 - Dec. 15	3 combined	9 combined

YOUTH HUNT

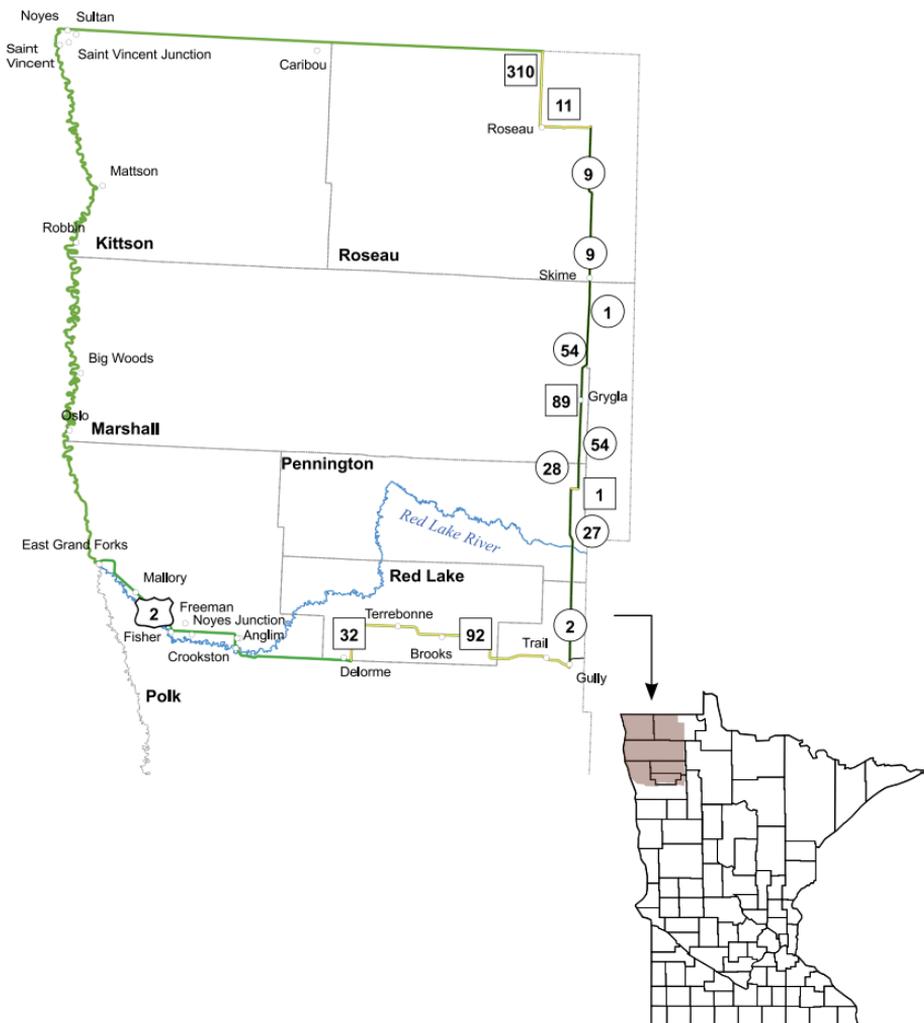
On September 7 - 8, 2024, waterfowl hunters age 17 and younger, when accompanied by a non-hunting adult (age 18 and older) may take ducks, geese, mergansers, coots and moorhens from ½ hour before sunrise to sunset.

- Daily limits are the same as the regular duck and goose seasons.
- Hunters ages 13 to 17 must have a firearms safety certificate or apprentice hunter validation in their possession.
- No hunting license or state waterfowl stamps are required, except all youths age 16 and older must have a Federal Duck Stamp.
- All other migratory bird hunting regulations apply.
- Motorized decoys are legal during the youth hunt.

SANDHILL CRANE SEASON

- Open area: Sandhill crane zone only
- Season dates: September 14 - October 20
- Daily limit: 2 sandhill crane
- Shooting hours: ½ hour before sunrise to sunset
- License: Small game
- Stamps: Not required
- Permit: Sandhill crane permit (\$3): all hunters
- Nontoxic shot required

Sandhill Crane Zone



HARVEST INFORMATION PROGRAM (HIP)

Before hunting waterfowl or migratory game birds (except sandhill cranes), **you must be Harvest Information Program (HIP) certified** by answering “yes” when asked whether you intend to hunt migratory birds at the time you buy your small game or sports license. If you don’t, you can still answer “yes” at a later date by getting a HIP receipt at any electronic license sales location online or by telephone. Evidence of compliance will be noted on your license as “HIP Certified” and must be carried while hunting migratory birds.

WHY HIP?

Using information gathered with HIP, DNR waterfowl biologists and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) are developing more reliable estimates of the number of all migratory birds harvested throughout the country.

FIREARMS SAFETY CERTIFICATE

Anyone born after December 31, 1979 must have a Firearms Safety Certificate, Apprentice Hunter Validation, a previous hunting license with a firearms safety indicator or other evidence of successfully completing a hunter safety course to obtain a license to take wild animals with firearms in Minnesota.

QUESTIONS ABOUT LICENSES

WHERE CAN I BUY A LICENSE OR STAMP?

The Minnesota Department of Natural Resources issues licenses at agent locations throughout Minnesota – sporting goods stores, hunting and fishing supplies stores and some retail chains.

***NEW**—Federal migratory waterfowl stamp validations will be available at all electronic license vendors. The electronic validation for the federal stamp is valid for the entire season. Pictorial stamps will be mailed to purchasers after the close of waterfowl seasons.

HOW DO I BUY A LICENSE ONLINE OR BY TELEPHONE?

Licenses may be purchased via the DNR website at mndnr.gov or by calling 888-665-4236. Additional convenience fees are added for sales via the internet or telephone.

Avoid Spreading Invasive Species

It is illegal to transport aquatic plants, zebra mussels, snails or other prohibited invasive species in or on boats, trailers, or other equipment such as decoys and waders. Waterfowl hunters may use emergent aquatic plants, such as cattails and bulrushes, cut above the waterline, for building blinds or camouflage.

- ✓ Clean aquatic plants, animals and mud from your boat, trailer, waders or hip boots, push poles, clothing, decoy and lines, dogs, and ATV or truck.
- ✓ Drain all water from boats and equipment and leave drain plugs out when transporting.
- ✓ Dry everything for at least 5 days before hunting in other waters.

Use elliptical, bulb-shaped or strap decoy anchors to reduce snagging aquatic plants.



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**MIGRATORY BIRD HUNTERS:
DON'T SKIP HIP**



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DEPARTMENT OF
NATURAL RESOURCES

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GENERAL WATERFOWL REGULATIONS

STAMP AND APPRENTICE HUNTER VALIDATIONS

License validations for state migratory waterfowl stamps are legal for hunting without the pictorial stamp. Purchasers can request the optional pictorial stamp for a fee but it is not required for hunting.

Apprentice hunter validation is available for residents and non-residents who would normally be required to possess a firearms safety certificate to hunt small game or deer. Find details in the 2024 Hunting and Trapping Regulations.

Aquatic Invasive Species Alert: Faucet Snail

The faucet snail carries a parasite that has killed thousands of diving ducks and coots in Minnesota. Faucet snails can be moved to new lakes on waterfowl hunting equipment – they can attach to your gear, be hidden in mud, or attached to plants. You can help prevent the spread of faucet snails by taking a few moments to check your boat, waders, push poles, decoys, and decoy anchors before leaving the water access:



- ✓ **Clean** aquatic plants, animals and mud from all gear, boats, clothing, dogs and vehicles.
- ✓ **Drain** all water from boats and equipment, and leave drain plugs out when transporting.
- ✓ **Dry** everything for at least 5 days before hunting in other waters.
- ✓ **Check** your gear before you go back out to hunt – faucet snails can live out of water for more than 5 days.

Visit mndnr.gov/AIS for more information.

DEFINITIONS

- “**Migratory game birds**” means ducks, geese, mergansers, coots, moorhens (gallinules), woodcock, rails, snipe, sandhill cranes, and mourning doves.
- “**Migratory waterfowl**” means ducks, geese, and mergansers.
- “**Undressed bird**” means ducks, or geese or other migratory game birds with one fully-feathered wing attached.

NON-TOXIC SHOT REQUIRED

It is unlawful to take geese, ducks, mergansers, coots, moorhens, or sandhill cranes with lead shot or while having any lead shot in possession. Only shot approved by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service may be used.

DON'T SHOOT A SWAN

Both tundra and trumpeter swans are found in Minnesota and are not legal game birds. Trumpeter swans are entirely white with a black bill and black legs. They weigh over 25 pounds. Young swans are gray-brown in color.

OPENING DAY POSSESSION LIMIT

On the opening day of the season, no person may possess more freshly killed migratory game birds than is allowed by the daily limit.

RETRIEVAL

A person may not kill or wound any migratory game bird without making a reasonable effort to retrieve the bird and include it in the daily limit.

TAKING IN OPEN WATER

A person may not take migratory waterfowl, coots, or rails in open water unless that person is:

- a) within a natural growth of vegetation sufficient to partially conceal the person or boat, or
- b) pursuing or shooting wounded birds (while in compliance with watercraft restrictions), or
- c) on a river or stream that is not more than 100 yards in width, or
- d) hunting on one of the following water bodies:
 1. Mississippi River from the Highway 61 bridge at Hastings to the Iowa border: hunting is allowed from anchored boats not more than 100 feet from any shoreline, including islands.
 2. Lake Pepin, Lake of the Woods, and Lake Mille Lacs: open-water hunting is allowed from boats that must be anchored.
 3. Lake Superior: open water hunting is allowed on the Minnesota waters north and east of the Minnesota/Park Point peninsula as long as boats remain anchored.

WATERCRAFT

- A person using watercraft to take migratory waterfowl must comply with the provisions for “Taking in Open Water.”
 - › Migratory waterfowl may be taken from a floating watercraft if the craft is drifting, beached, moored, resting at anchor, or is being propelled by paddle, oars, or pole.
 - › Migratory waterfowl may be taken from a watercraft propelled by motor or sails only if the motor is shut off and the sails are furled and the watercraft has stopped.
- While on the water and traveling to or from a site the person intends to hunt, unloaded and uncased firearms may be transported in a boat or other watercraft capable of being propelled by motor or sail. Firearms must be transported unloaded and cased in such watercraft:
 - › Within Anoka, Hennepin and Ramsey counties.
 - › Within the boundaries of a home rule, charter or statutory city with a population of 2,500 or more.
 - › As otherwise restricted by game refuge, shining or night vision laws.
- All watercraft (including boats used for duck hunting during the duck season) are required to carry and have readily accessible, one U.S. Coast Guard approved wearable (Type I, II, or III) personal flotation device or life preserver for each person on board. In addition, boats 16 feet or longer (except canoes and kayaks) must carry at least one coast guard approved throwable device (boat cushion or ring buoy) for the boat. Boat cushions are not acceptable as primary lifesaving devices.
- During open waterfowl seasons, a person may not leave an unattended boat used for hunting waterfowl in public waters between sunset and one hour before sunrise unless the boat is adjacent to private land under control of the person and the water does not contain a natural growth of vegetation sufficient to partially conceal a hunter or a boat.
- A waterfowl boat does not have to be licensed when used for waterfowl hunting.
- Persons leaving waters of the state must drain boating-related equipment holding water and live wells and bilges by removing the drain plug before transporting the watercraft and associated equipment. Drain plugs, bailers,

Report Your Bands at reportband.gov

Each year, state and federal waterfowl biologists mark thousands of waterfowl with numbered leg bands. Hunters who report recovered bands receive specific information on where and when the bird was banded while providing important information for waterfowl management.

Bands may be reported online at www.reportband.gov

valves, or other devices used to control the draining of water from ballast tanks, bilges and live wells must be removed or opened while transporting watercraft on public roads.

BLINDS AND SINK BOXES

No person may erect a blind in public waters or on public land more than one hour before the open season for waterfowl.

- No person may take migratory waterfowl, coots, or rails using a sink box or in public waters from a permanent artificial blind. A sink box is a structure that allows a hunter to hide beneath the water surface. Layout boats are not considered sink boxes.
- Any blind on public land or in public waters when not in use is considered public and not the property of the person who constructed it. Any use of threat or force against another person to gain possession of a blind is unlawful.
- Hunters may use aquatic emergent plants, such as cattails and bulrushes, cut above the waterline, for building blinds.

DECOYS

No person may place decoys in public waters more than one hour before the open season for waterfowl.

- No person may place decoys on public lands or in public waters more than 2 hours before legal shooting hours for waterfowl.
- No person may leave decoys on public waters between sunset and 2 hours before legal shooting hours or leave decoys unattended during other times for more than 3 consecutive hours, except decoys may be left in waters adjacent to private land under control of the hunter where there is not sufficient natural vegetation growing in the water to partially conceal a hunter. A person may not leave decoys in public waters between sunset and one hour before shooting hours if the decoys constitute a navigational hazard.

MOTORIZED DECOY

Motorized decoys may be used statewide during the teal season and throughout the entire waterfowl season, including on wildlife management areas. Remote controls for motorized decoys are legal.

WHITEFISH NETTING SEASON OPEN

The whitefish netting season on Leech Lake and other lakes is open during duck season. Be careful when venturing near buoys.

USE OF AERATION SYSTEMS

Aeration systems may not be used to create open water areas to attract or delay the migration of wild waterfowl on public waters. Aeration systems means a bubbler, fan, water circulation or similar system used to increase dissolved oxygen or maintain open water.

POSSESSING AND TRANSPORTING MIGRATORY WATERFOWL AND GAME BIRDS

Ducks and all other migratory game birds must be transported with a feathered wing attached. Exception: doves may be fully dressed (wings and feet may be removed).

MIGRATORY FEEDING AND RESTING AREAS

The following areas have been designated Migratory Waterfowl Feeding and Resting Areas. Use of motor-propelled watercraft is restricted to the following: Watercraft using trolling motors with battery power of 12 volts or less are allowed during the open waterfowl season on the lakes listed below.

COUNTY	LAKES
Beltrami	Puposky Lake and Little Puposky Lake
Carver	Tiger Lake
Faribault	Part of Minnesota Lake
Freeborn	Bear Lake and Upper Twin Lake
Jackson	Part of South Heron Lake, all of North Heron Lake except Winzer Bay and North Marsh
Kandiyohi	Wakanda Lake, Lake Lillian
LeSueur	Dora, Diamond and Sanborn
McLeod	Bakers Lake and the unnamed lake (Penn Marsh) in Sec. 28, Twp 114N, R 29W (Penn Twp.)
Polk	Turtle Lake
Pope	Nelson Lake
Traverse	Part of Mud Lake

No motor-propelled watercraft are allowed during the open waterfowl season on the lakes listed below.

COUNTY	LAKES
Big Stone, Lac qui Parle, Swift	Part of Marsh Lake, Thielke Lake
Blue Earth	Cottonwood Lake
Cass	Big Rice, Goose, Mud Lakes
Clearwater	Upper Rice Lake
Grant and Douglas	Part of Lake Christina
Itasca	Rice Lake (near Max) and Nature's Lake
LeSueur	Henry, Rice and Scotch lakes
Nicollet	Oakleaf Lake
Otter Tail	That part of Lake Lizzie, also known as Rush Lake, located in Sec. 3-9, Twp 136 N, R. 42 (Lida Twp.); and Mud Lake in Aastad Twp.
Pope	Lake Johanna
Scott	Pleasant Lake
Sibley	Washington Lake and Mud (Erin) Lake in Washington Lake Twp.

OUTBOARD MOTOR USE ON STATE AND FEDERAL LANDS

The use of outboard motors (including electric trolling motors) or motorized water vehicles (including amphibious vehicles) is prohibited on most state wildlife management areas, federal waterfowl production areas or national wildlife refuges. See the *Minnesota Hunting and Trapping Regulations* for more details.

AIRBOAT USE ON DESIGNATED WILDLIFE LAKES

The use of airboats is prohibited at all times on the following lakes, which have been designated for wildlife management purposes, except as specifically authorized. Additional motorized restrictions may be posted at access points.

COUNTY	LAKE
Aitkin	White Elk
Anoka	Fish
Blue Earth	Cottonwood
Blue Earth	Perch
Blue Earth	Eagle
Blue Earth	Rice
Brown	Hanska
Big Stone	Lake 14
Carver	Patterson
Carver	Tiger
Cass	Big Rice
Cottonwood	Augusta
Cottonwood	Bolstad Slough
Cottonwood	Long Lake
Crow Wing	Dog
Douglas	Anka
Douglas	Jennie
Douglas/Grant	Christina
Faribault	Rice
Faribault	Minnesota
Freeborn	Bear
Freeborn	Lower Twin
Freeborn	Geneva
Freeborn	Upper Twin
Grant	Ash
Grant	Denton Slough
Grant	Towner
Jackson	Heron
Jackson	Teal
Kandiyohi	Middle
LeSueur	Sanborn

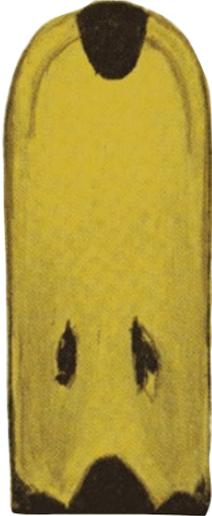
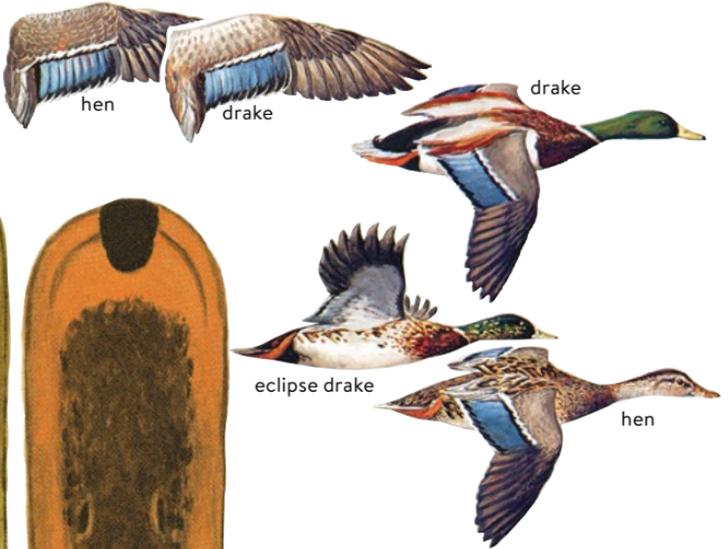
COUNTY	LAKE
Lyon	Mahlke Marsh
Martin	Pierce
Mahnomen	Beaulieu
McLeod	Eagle
McLeod	Ward
Mille Lacs	Onamia
Murray	Maria
Murray	Round
Murray	South Badger
Murray	North Badger
Nicollet	Swan
Otter Tail	Mud
Otter Tail	Upper Lightning
Pope	Simon
St. Louis	Little Rice
St. Louis	Big Rice
Sibley	Indian Lake
Sibley	Sand
Stearns	Cedar
Steele/Dodge	Rice
Swift	Hassel
Waseca	Buffalo
Waseca	Goose
Waseca	Willis
Watonwan	Sulem
Wright	Pelican
Wright	Smith
Yellow Medicine	Curtis
Yellow Medicine	Spellman (North and South)
Yellow Medicine	Timm Lake

ILLUSTRATED DUCKS AND GEESE OF MINNESOTA

(NOT ALL SPECIES ARE DEPICTED)

MALLARD

Length 24"
Weight 2.75 lbs.



drake

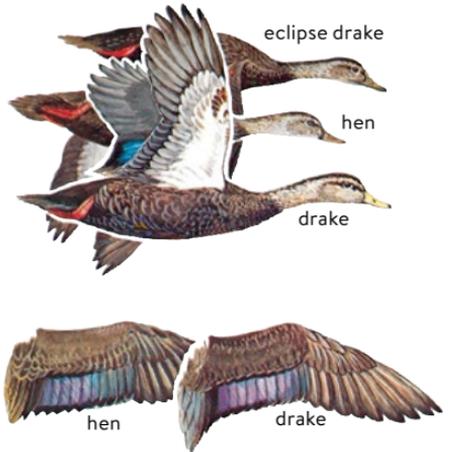


hen

The mallard is the state's most common duck. Typical Minnesota harvest: 270,000.

BLACK DUCK

Length 24"
Weight 2.75 lbs.



drake



hen

Primarily found in the Atlantic Flyway and, to a lesser extent, the Mississippi. There is a small breeding population in northeast Minnesota. Typical Minnesota harvest: 1,000.

GADWALL

Length 21"

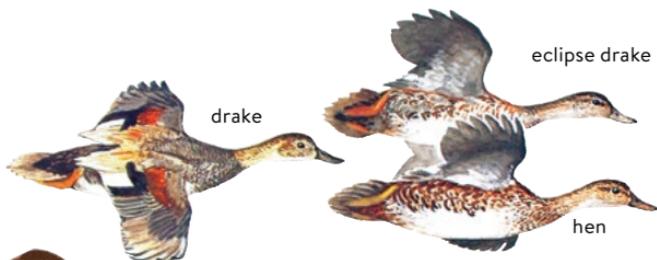
Weight 2 lbs.



drake



hen



drake

eclipse drake

hen



hen

drake

Often called "gray mallards" or "gray ducks," gadwalls are one of the earliest migrants. Typical Minnesota harvest: 36,000.

WOOD DUCK

Length 18.5"

Weight 1.5 lbs.



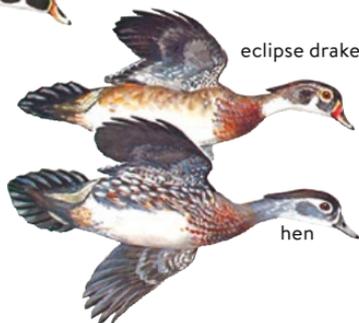
drake



hen



drake



eclipse drake

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hen

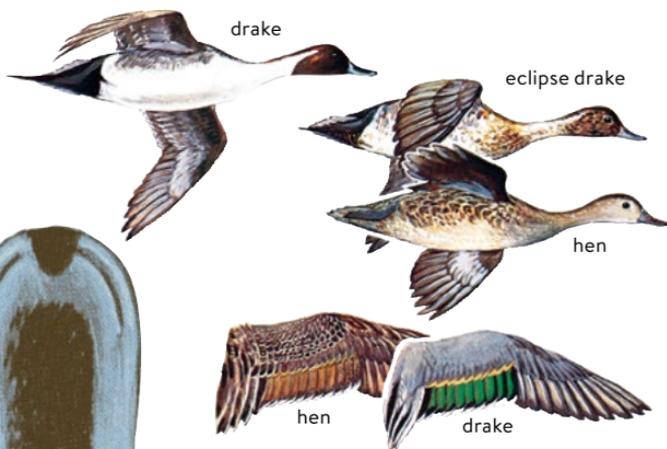
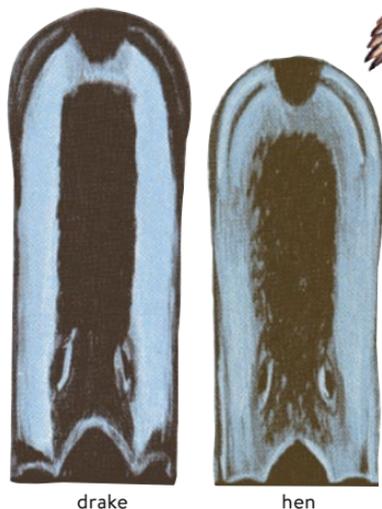
drake

Found in all flyways; most numerous in the Atlantic and Mississippi flyways. Typical Minnesota harvest: 125,000.

PINTAIL

Length 26"

Weight 1.75 lbs.

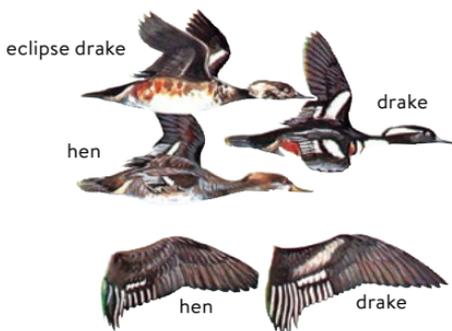


These ducks use all 4 flyways but are most plentiful in the west. Typical Minnesota harvest: 15,000.

HOODED MERGANSER

Length 18"

Weight 1.5 lbs.

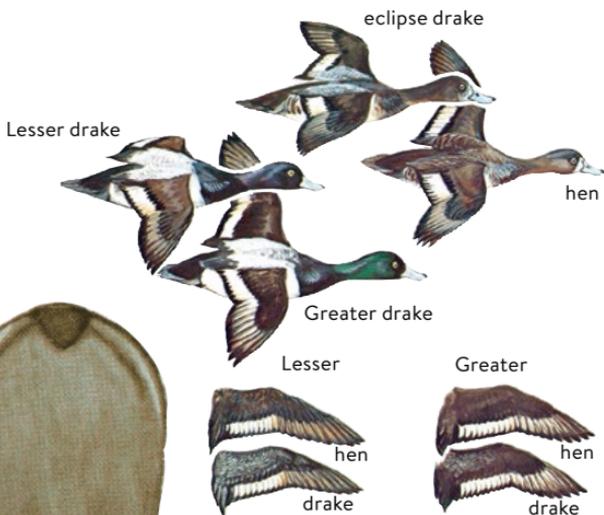


Often seen in pairs or very small flocks. Typical Minnesota harvest: 9,000.

SCAUP

Greater:
Length 18.5"
Weight 2 lbs.

Lesser:
Length 17"
Weight 1.75 lbs.



drake

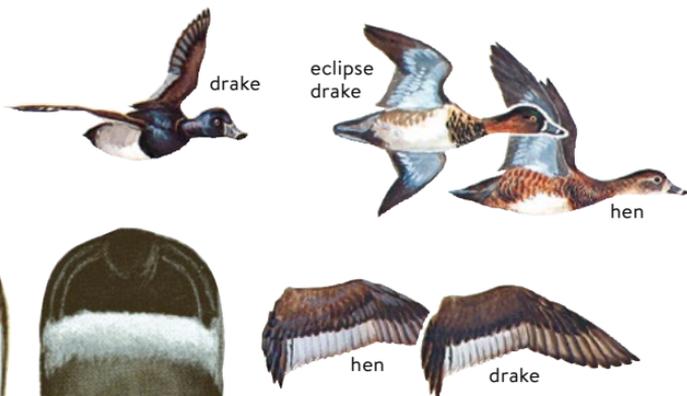


hen

Except for the wing marks, greater and lesser scaup appear nearly identical in the field. The North American breeding population has rebounded in recent years. Minnesota harvest is at historic low levels and averages only about 10,000 birds.

RINGNECK

Length 17"
Weight 1.5 lbs.



drake



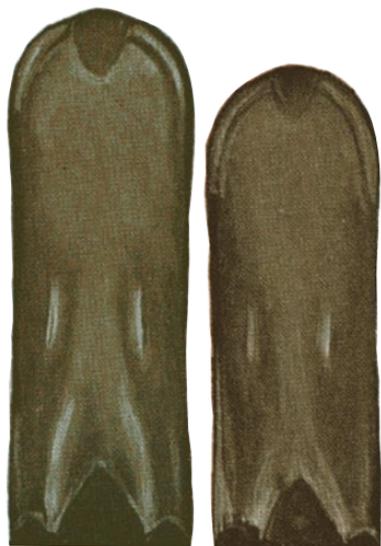
hen

Similar in appearance to scaup but more often found in fresh marshes and wooded ponds. Flocks of up to 200,000 stage on north central Minnesota refuges. Typical Minnesota harvest: 80,000.

CANVASBACK

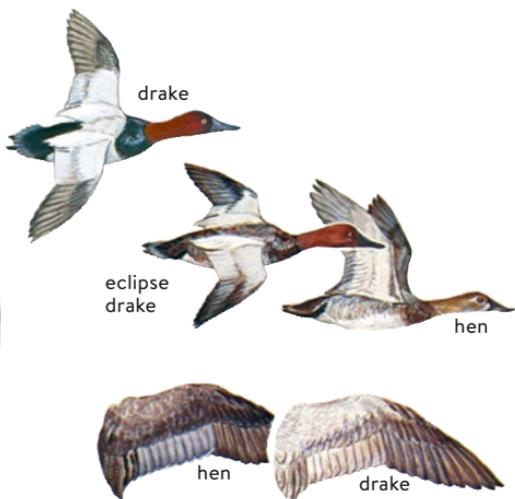
Length 22"

Weight 3 lbs.



drake

hen



drake

eclipse
drake

hen

hen

drake

Tend to favor open-water areas.

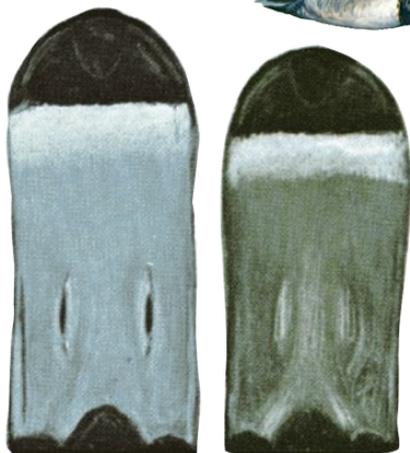
Normally late to start south.

Typical Minnesota harvest: 3,000.

REDHEAD

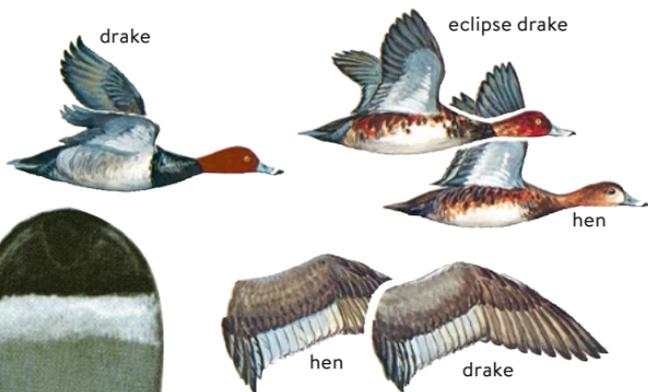
Length 20"

Weight 2.5 lbs.



drake

hen



drake

eclipse drake

hen

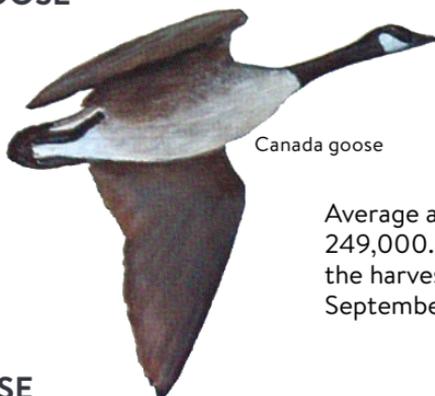
hen

drake

Range coast to coast with the largest numbers in the Central Flyway. Often found associating with canvasback. Typical Minnesota harvest: 14,000.

CANADA GOOSE

Length 25-43"



Canada goose

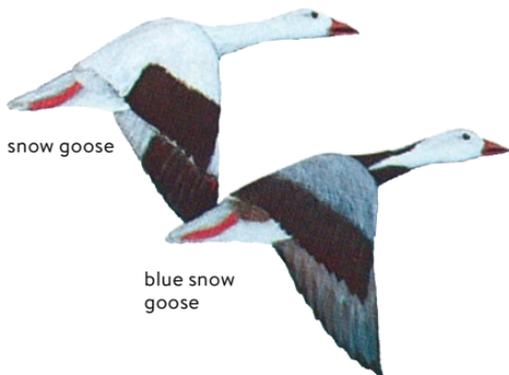
Average annual Minnesota harvest: 249,000. About 36 percent of the harvest occurs during the September season.

SNOW GOOSE

Length 25-38"

BLUE SNOW GOOSE

Length 25-30"



snow goose

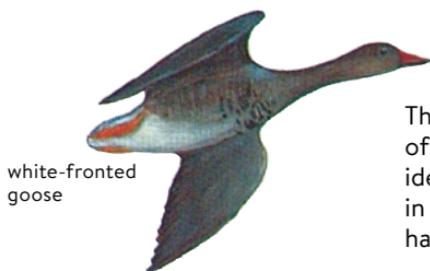
blue snow
goose

Black "grin patch" on bill is found only on snow geese.

The "blue" snow goose is a variation of the lesser snow goose species. Average annual Minnesota harvest of snow geese and blue snow geese: 3,000.

WHITE-FRONTED GOOSE

Length 25-30"



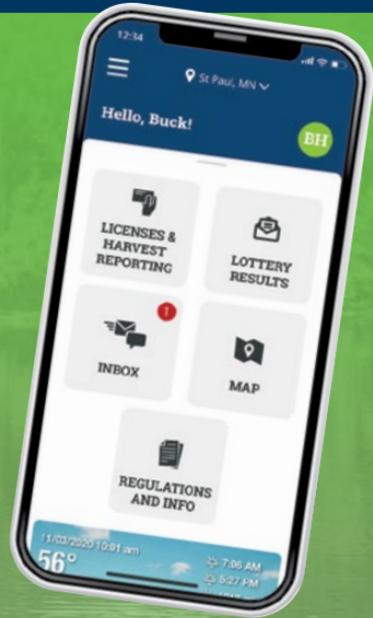
white-fronted
goose

The pinkish bill, white patch on front of head and dark bars on the belly identify this species. Uncommon in Minnesota, the average annual harvest is fewer than 200 birds.



Coming in March 2025: fishing and hunting licensing, made easy.

A new DNR mobile app and licensing system are coming soon, giving Minnesotans more options for on-the-go licensing and registration.



This mockup is intended for concept purposes only. It may not reflect the final content.



Scan the QR code to learn more, sign up for updates, and access our FAQ webpage.

[engage.dnr.state.mn.us/
new-electronic-license-system](https://engage.dnr.state.mn.us/new-electronic-license-system)

ACCESSIBLE BLINDS FOR HUNTERS

The Lac qui Parle, Talcot Lake, Roseau River, and Thief Lake Management Areas have a number of duck or goose hunting blinds for hunters with mobility issues. For more information, contact:

- Lac qui Parle WMA, 14047 20th St NW, Watson, MN 56295, 320-734-4451
- Talcot Lake WMA, 40249 County Rd 7, Dundee, MN 56131, 507-873-5650
- Whitewater WMA, 15035 Hwy 74, Altura, MN 55910, 507-468-2248
- Thief Lake WMA, 42280 240th Ave NE, Middle River, MN 56737, 218-633-7670
- Roseau River WMA, 27952 400th St, Roseau, MN 56751, 218-452-7610

STATE REFUGES OPEN TO GOOSE HUNTING

COUNTY	REFUGE	OPEN SEASON
Beltrami	Bemidji Game Refuge (except Lake Bemidji, Lake Irving, Mississippi River and Stump Lake)	Early goose Sept. 1 - 15
Clay	Clay County Game Refuge	Early goose Sept. 1 - 15
Dakota	Vermillion Highlands Research, Recreation and WMA	Goose Dec. 16 - 26
Dodge	Claremont Game Refuge	Goose hunting
Douglas	Evansville Game Refuge	Waterfowl hunting Early goose Sept. 1 - 15
Freeborn	Moscow Game Refuge	Goose hunting
Isanti	Elizabeth Lake Game Refuge German Lake Game Refuge	Early goose season and youth participating in a designated hunting/mentoring program only.
Martin	Mud Bardwell Game Refuge	Goose Hunting Oct. 12 - Dec. 26
	Fox Lake Game Refuge	Goose Hunting Nov. 25 - Dec. 26
Nobles	Ocheda Lake Game Refuge	Youth Waterfowl Weekend Early goose Sept. 1 - 15, Dec. 7 - 26
Olmsted	Rochester Game Refuge	Early goose Sept. 1 - 15
Steele	Rickert Waterfowl Refuge except Myron Buelow Waterfowl Sanctuary WMA	Early goose Sept. 1 - 15
Stevens	Harstad Slough Waterfowl Refuge	Early goose Sept. 1 - 15
Watowan	Saint James Game Refuge	Goose hunting Sept. 1 - 15; 21 - 22

CONTROLLED HUNTING ZONES

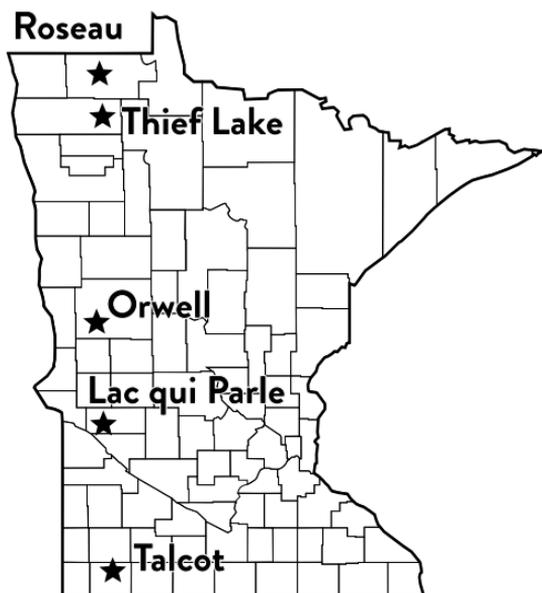
Controlled Hunt Zone (CHZ) regulations have changed to reflect declining use by hunters. The CHZ at Rochester was eliminated. At Talcot Lake and Lac qui Parle, a reduced number of designated hunting stations will be maintained on adjacent game refuges. The boundary at the Thief Lake CHZ was modified slightly while CHZs at the Orwell and Roseau River WMAs were not changed.

GENERAL RESTRICTIONS

The following regulations apply to designated hunting stations in game refuges or controlled hunting zones at Roseau River, Thief Lake, Orwell, Lac qui Parle, and Talcot Lake. Additional regulations for hunting stations at Lac qui Parle, Talcot Lake and Thief Lake can be found on the next page.

- Hunters must use designated hunting stations on a first-come, first-served basis.
- No person may park in or otherwise occupy any designated controlled hunting zone parking lot or occupy any hunting station from 10 p.m. to 5 a.m.
- General regulations for wildlife management areas and state game refuges apply to hunters who are using designated blinds. Hunters must also comply with all other waterfowl and general hunting regulations.
- No person may leave any refuse, offal, or feathers on public lands in the controlled hunting zone or in any parking lot or designated overnight use area of the management area.
- No alcoholic beverages may be consumed or possessed at any of the hunting stations on public lands.

Stations designated for waterfowl hunting



LAC QUI PARLE GAME REFUGE (CHIPPEWA AND LAC QUI PARLE COUNTIES)

Waterfowl hunting allowed at designated hunting stations only from Oct. 17 through the end of the goose season. Small game other than waterfowl may not be taken from Oct. 12 through Nov. 30. Small game hunting, including wild turkey, is otherwise allowed during open seasons. Deer hunting is also allowed on the refuge.

TALCOT LAKE GAME REFUGE (COTTONWOOD COUNTY)

The Talcot Lake Game Refuge is open to waterfowl hunting at designated hunting stations only during the Canada goose season.

- All waterfowl hunting is prohibited upon or from the 1.5-miles of Minnesota Highway 62 and its right-of-way along the south boundary of the Talcot Lake Waterfowl Refuge (between the Cottonwood County line on the west and County Highway 7 on the east).
- The Talcot Lake Waterfowl Refuge is closed to waterfowl hunting except for persons with disabilities hunting geese at designated hunting stations.

THIEF LAKE CONTROLLED HUNTING ZONE

The Thief Lake Controlled Hunt Zone boundary has changed slightly. Signs are posted in the areas that have changed.

Spring Snow Goose Season

(Light Goose Conservation Action)

Minnesota again plans to participate in a cooperative light goose conservation action in February, March and April 2025. This action is being taken in an attempt to reduce an overabundance of snow geese that is threatening their arctic breeding habitat. All participants must have a Light Goose Conservation Permit in their possession while attempting to take light geese.

SUMMARY OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

In addition to state regulations, the following federal rules apply to the taking, possession, shipping, transporting and storing of migratory game birds.

The following material is a summary. Each hunter should also consult the actual federal regulations found in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20. More restrictive regulations may apply to national wildlife refuges and state wildlife management areas open to public hunting.



ILLEGAL HUNTING METHODS

You may not hunt migratory waterfowl:

- With a trap, snare, net, rifle, pistol, swivel gun, shotgun larger than 10 gauge, punt gun, battery gun, machine gun, fish hook, poison, drug, explosive or stupefying substance.
- From a sink box or any other low floating device that conceals you beneath the surface of the water.
- From a motorboat or sailboat, unless you shut the motor off or furl the sail and the vessel is no longer in motion.
- Using live birds as decoys.
- Using recorded or electrically amplified bird calls or sounds or imitations of these calls and sounds.
- While possessing any shot other than approved nontoxic shot.
A list of approved shot is available online at: fws.gov/story/2022-04/nontoxic-shot-regulations-hunting-waterfowl-and-coots-us
- With a shotgun that can hold more than 3 shells, unless you plug it with a 1-piece filler that cannot be removed without disassembling the gun.
- From or by means, aid, or use of any motor vehicle, motor-driven land conveyance, or aircraft (if you are a paraplegic or are missing 1 or both legs, you may hunt from a stationary car or other stationary motor-driven land vehicle or conveyance).
- By the aid of baiting or on or over a baited area where a person knows or reasonably should know that the area is or has been baited. A baited area is considered to be baited for 10 days after removal of bait.

POSSESSION LIMIT

No person shall possess more migratory game birds taken in the United States than the possession limit or the aggregate possession limit, whichever applies.

FIELD POSSESSION LIMIT

No person shall possess, have in custody or transport more than the daily limit or aggregate daily limit, whichever applies, of migratory game birds, tagged or not tagged at or between the place where taken and either (a) his automobile or principal means of land transportation; or (b) his personal abode or temporary transient place of lodging; or (c) migratory bird preservation facility; or (d) a post office or (e) a common carrier facility.

WANTON WASTE

You must make a reasonable effort to retrieve all migratory game birds that you kill or wound and keep these birds in your actual custody while in the field. You must immediately kill any wounded birds that you retrieve and count those birds toward your daily limit. Birds must remain in your possession while in the field. You may not give your birds to another person in the field regardless of whether or not they are properly tagged.

TAGGING

You may not put or leave migratory game birds at any place or in the custody of another person unless you tag the birds with your signature, address, number of birds identified by species and the date you killed them.

RALLYING

You may not hunt migratory game birds that have been concentrated, driven, rallied or stirred up with a motorized vehicle or sailboat.

DRESSING

You may not completely field dress migratory birds (except doves) before taking them from the field. See page 13.

DUAL VIOLATION

A violation of a federal migratory game bird regulation is also a violation of state regulations.

PROTECTED BIRDS

Federal law prohibits the killing of nongame migratory birds.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

The Federal migratory game bird hunting regulations can be found in 50 CFR Part 20. If you have additional questions about waterfowl hunting and the law, contact Division of Law Enforcement, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 5600 American Blvd. W, Suite 990, Bloomington, MN 55437-1458, 612-713-5320.

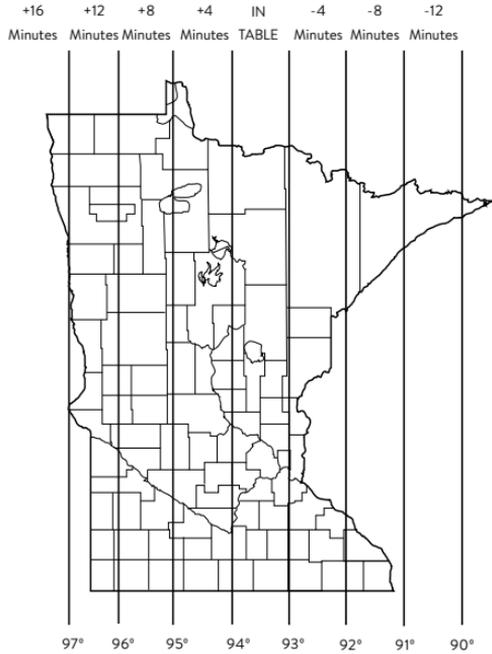
National Wildlife Refuge specific regulations may differ from state regulations

Please consult the refuge specific hunting regulations where you plan to hunt or follow the link to find the individual refuge website at [fws.gov](https://www.fws.gov)

SHOOTING HOURS

Shooting hours for migratory game birds are ½ hour before sunrise until sunset the entire season, except during teal season when shooting hours are sunrise to sunset.

Nine hunting time zones are shown on the Minnesota state map (right). Sunrise and sunset times to be used for hunting in the zone titled “In Table” are shown in the table (right). For other zones, add or subtract the minutes shown at the top of the map to the times shown in the table.



Source: U.S. Naval Observatory

Just wear it.



Waterfowlers are more likely to drown in a duck boat capsizing accident than they are to be accidentally injured in a firearms mishap.

For a free brochure on duck boat safety contact the Minnesota DNR. Call 888-MINNDNR or email info.dnr@state.mn.us

m DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Sunrise/Sunset Table

Times shown in the table vary by specific location. For the exact time in your area check online at www.dnr.state.mn.us/sunrise-sunset

DATE	SEPT. RISE AM	SEPT. SET PM	OCT. RISE AM	OCT. SET PM	NOV. RISE AM	NOV. SET PM	DEC. RISE AM	DEC. SET PM
1	6:35	7:51	7:11	6:54	7:51	6:02	7:31	4:33
2	6:36	7:49	7:12	6:52	7:52	6:00	7:32	4:33
3	6:37	7:47	7:13	6:51	6:54	5:00	7:33	4:33
4	6:38	7:45	7:14	6:49	6:55	4:58	7:34	4:32
5	6:39	7:44	7:16	6:47	6:57	4:57	7:35	4:32
6	6:41	7:42	7:17	6:45	6:58	4:55	7:36	4:32
7	6:42	7:40	7:18	6:43	7:00	4:54	7:37	4:32
8	6:43	7:38	7:19	6:41	7:01	4:53	7:38	4:32
9	6:44	7:36	7:21	6:40	7:02	4:51	7:39	4:32
10	6:45	7:34	7:22	6:38	7:04	4:50	7:40	4:32
11	6:47	7:32	7:23	6:36	7:05	4:49	7:41	4:32
12	6:48	7:30	7:25	6:34	7:06	4:48	7:42	4:32
13	6:49	7:28	7:26	6:32	7:08	4:47	7:43	4:32
14	6:50	7:27	7:27	6:31	7:09	4:46	7:44	4:32
15	6:51	7:25	7:28	6:29	7:10	4:45	7:44	4:32
16	6:53	7:23	7:30	6:27	7:12	4:44	7:45	4:32
17	6:54	7:21	7:31	6:25	7:13	4:43	7:46	4:33
18	6:55	7:19	7:32	6:24	7:14	4:42	7:46	4:33
19	6:56	7:17	7:34	6:22	7:16	4:41	7:47	4:33
20	6:57	7:15	7:35	6:20	7:17	4:40	7:48	4:34
21	6:59	7:13	7:36	6:19	7:18	4:39	7:48	4:34
22	7:00	7:11	7:38	6:17	7:20	4:39	7:49	4:35
23	7:01	7:09	7:39	6:16	7:21	4:38	7:49	4:35
24	7:02	7:08	7:40	6:14	7:22	4:37	7:50	4:36
25	7:03	7:06	7:42	6:12	7:24	4:36	7:50	4:37
26	7:05	7:04	7:43	6:11	7:25	4:36	7:50	4:37
27	7:06	7:02	7:44	6:09	7:26	4:35	7:51	4:38
28	7:07	7:00	7:46	6:08	7:27	4:35	7:51	4:39
29	7:08	6:58	7:46	6:07	7:28	4:34	7:51	4:39
30	7:09	6:56	7:48	6:05	7:30	4:34	7:51	4:40
31			7:50	6:03			7:51	4:41

CALL US

Interpreters are available to answer all of your questions.

License, titling and registration: M-F 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.

General information: M-F 8 a.m. - 6 p.m., Sat. 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.

888-MINNDNR (646-6367) or 651-296-6157

info.dnr@state.mn.us



[mnfishwildlife](https://www.facebook.com/mnfishwildlife)



[mndnr](https://twitter.com/mndnr)



[minnesotadnr](https://www.instagram.com/minnesotadnr)

TURN IN POACHERS

24-hour hotline; 800-652-9093

mn DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

500 Lafayette Road

St. Paul, MN 55155-4040

888-MINNDNR (646-6367) or 651-296-6157

mndnr.gov

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OFFICE OF THE MINNESOTA SECRETARY OF STATE



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MINNESOTA WATERFOWL HUNTING REGULATIONS

The following updates were made after the waterfowl hunting regulations were printed. The updates are summarized below. See the page listed for the detailed regulation.

September 12, 2024

Page 3. Goose Seasons page reference corrected.

Page 8. Youth waterfowl license and stamp requirements clarified (third bullet).