### State of Minnesota



Julie Blaha State Auditor

# Minnesota Prairie County Alliance Mantorville, Minnesota

Year Ended December 31, 2023

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## Organization December 31, 2023

		Member
		County
Board Members		
Member County Commissioners		
Member	Jim Abbe	Steele
Chair	Doug Christopherson	Waseca
Member	Rodney Peterson	Dodge
Member	Greg Krueger	Steele
Member	DeAnne Malterer	Waseca
Member	Tim Tjosaas	Dodge
Alternate Member	James Brady	Steele
Alternate Member	Brad Krause	Waseca
Alternate Member	Rhonda Toquam	Dodge
Interim Executive Director	Tara Reich	
Management Team		
Income and Health Care Assistance		
Manager	DeAnn Boney	
Interim Adult and Disability Social Services		
Manager	Tina Rentz	
Child and Family Social Services		
Manager	Patricia Harrelson	
Finance Manager	Kevin Venenga	



### **STATE OF MINNESOTA**



### Julie Blaha State Auditor

Suite 500 525 Park Street Saint Paul, MN 55103

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Joint Powers Board Minnesota Prairie County Alliance Mantorville, Minnesota

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the General Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Minnesota Prairie County Alliance (MNPrairie) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise MNPrairie's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the General Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of MNPrairie as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of MNPrairie, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about MNPrairie's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America

and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  MNPrairie's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
  estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements; and
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about MNPrairie's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund, Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Other Postemployment Benefits, PERA General Employees Retirement Plan schedules, and Notes to the Required Supplementary Information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise MNPrairie's basic financial statements. The combining statements for fiduciary funds, Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and related notes, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The

information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information as identified above is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 2, 2024, on our consideration of MNPrairie's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of MNPrairie's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering MNPrairie's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/s/Julie Blaha /s/Chad Struss

Julie BlahaChad Struss, CPAState AuditorDeputy State Auditor

July 2, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

Minnesota Prairie County Alliance's (MNPrairie) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of MNPrairie's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with MNPrairie's financial statements (beginning with Exhibit 1).

### **Financial Highlights**

- Governmental activities' total net position is \$5,075,336, of which \$132,007 is the net investment in capital assets and \$574,261 is restricted for human services.
- MNPrairie's net position increased by \$159,741 for the year ended December 31, 2023.
- Overall fund level revenues totaled \$29,521,144, while total expenditures were \$28,848,151.
- For the year ended December 31, 2023, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$14,329,358, or 50 percent of the 2023 expenditures.

#### Overview of the financial statements

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. MNPrairie's basic financial statements consist of three parts: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The MD&A (this section), the budgetary comparison schedule, and certain information related to MNPrairie's other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and net pension liability are required to accompany the basic financial statements and, therefore, are included as required supplementary information.

MNPrairie presents two government-wide financial statements: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of MNPrairie as a whole and present a longer-term view of MNPrairie's finances. MNPrairie's fund financial statements follow the government-wide financial statements. For the governmental fund, these statements tell how MNPrairie financed services in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The remaining statement provides financial information about activities for which MNPrairie acts solely as a trustee agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

### Government-Wide Financial Statements—The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about MNPrairie as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps the reader determine whether MNPrairie's financial condition has improved or declined as a result of the current year's activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the full accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.

These two statements consider all of MNPrairie's current year revenues and expenses, regardless of when MNPrairie receives the revenue or pays the expense, and reports MNPrairie's net position and changes in them. You can think of MNPrairie's net position—the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources—as one way to measure MNPrairie's financial health or financial

position. Over time, increases or decreases in MNPrairie's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The activities reported by MNPrairie are all human services related. MNPrairie finances the majority of these activities with local property taxes contributed from the member counties, fees, charges for services, and federal and state grants.

The government-wide statements can be found as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

MNPrairie's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the General Fund. Significant governmental and fiduciary funds may be established by MNPrairie to meet requirements of a specific state law; to help control and manage money for a particular purpose/project; or to show that it is meeting specific legal responsibilities and obligations when expending grants, and/or other funds designated for a specific purpose.

• Governmental fund—All of MNPrairie's basic services are reported in the General Fund, which focuses on how money flows into and out of the fund and the balance left at year-end available for spending. The fund is reported in our financial statements using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that MNPrairie can readily convert to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of MNPrairie's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are financial resources available that can be spent in the near future to finance various programs within MNPrairie. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation statement following each governmental fund financial statement.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as Exhibits 3 through 6 of this report.

• Fiduciary funds—MNPrairie is the trustee, or fiduciary, over assets that can be used only for the trust beneficiaries based on a trust agreement. MNPrairie is also an agent for other governments. MNPrairie reports its fiduciary activities in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities have been excluded from MNPrairie's other financial statements because MNPrairie cannot use these assets to finance its operations. MNPrairie is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found as Exhibits 7 and 8 of this report.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 18 of this report.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Over time, net position serves as a useful indicator of financial position. MNPrairie's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$5,075,336 at the close of 2023.

#### **Condensed Statements of Net Position**

	FY 2023	FY 2022
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 17,212,794 237,389	\$ 16,409,291 282,716
Total Assets	\$ 17,450,183	\$ 16,692,007
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,157,135	\$ 3,577,785
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	1,490,788 10,398,177	2,571,284 12,456,611
Total Liabilities	\$ 11,888,965	\$ 15,027,895
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,643,017	\$ 326,302
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for human services Unrestricted	132,007 574,261 4,369,068	197,461 76,929 4,641,205
Total Net Position	\$ 5,075,336	\$ 4,915,595

#### **Governmental Activities**

The following table summarizes the change in net position for 2023.

#### **Condensed Statements of Net Position**

		FY 2023		FY 2022
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Fees, charges, and others	\$	1,574,287	\$	1,376,910
Operating grants and contributions		27,201,958		27,684,398
General revenues				
Other		542,791		209,971
Total Revenues	\$	29,319,036	\$	29,271,279
Expenses				
Human services	\$	29,154,400	\$	27,997,138
Interest		4,895		4,903
	_		_	
Total Expenses	\$	29,159,295	\$	28,002,041
Change in Net Position	\$	159,741	\$	1,269,238
Net Position – January 1		4,915,595		3,646,357
Net Position – December 31	\$	5,075,336	\$	4,915,595

### **Financial Analysis of the General Fund**

As shown in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance on Exhibit 5, the amount that was received through intergovernmental revenue in 2023 was 92 percent of the total revenue received, or \$27,170,771, which is MNPrairie's major source of revenue.

For 2024 and going forward, MNPrairie expects to continue to receive a large portion of intergovernmental revenue, as the services that we provide are funded either through federal and state revenue sources or with member county tax levies.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the original to final budget totals did not change. Actual revenues were greater than budgeted revenues by \$513,515. Actual expenditures were less than the budgeted expenditures by \$337,953. The variance in revenues is a combination of an increase in the opportunity for added recoveries collected, an increase in the investment performance on fund balance reserves, and a mid-year adjustment to a grant that was awarded to the agency. Lower than expected expenditures were primarily impacted by savings in the staffing area as position openings were filled during the year and the change in the level of activity in our Chemical Dependency and Mental Health program areas.

### **Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Administration**

### **Capital Assets**

MNPrairie's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) at December 31, 2023, totaled \$237,389. This investment in capital assets consists of equipment, vehicles and software owned and leased by MNPrairie. The total decrease in MNPrairie's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization, for the current fiscal year was \$45,327.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At the end of fiscal year 2023, MNPrairie had no bonded debt outstanding.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

MNPrairie adopted the 2024 budget based on trends from recent years of operation, anticipated changes to administrative and program areas, and any changes from the 2023 Legislature that would impact our operations. This included factors such as:

- Program administration waivers that will expire
- Caseloads and workloads for income and health care assistance
- Benefits for program participants will change
- Case managers and assessors will be traveling more to meet people in their homes; while this is more
  effective for many of the vulnerable people served by MNPrairie, it will reduce the efficiency of meeting by
  phone or video, will increase travel costs, and will reduce revenue (due to a reduction of billable hours as
  travel time is not directly billable)
- Enhanced federal MA match rate for services, which reduces the county share for things like child-welfare targeted case management; nursing facility services for people with a disability will discontinue

In addition, there are a number of demographic and economic externalities that can have a significant impact on our budget from year to year. Some of those factors are:

- State billing errors
- State or federal policy changes

- Local area economic conditions such as affordable housing
- Availability of affordable employer-based insurance
- Unemployment rate
- School attendance and graduation rates
- Rates of drug and alcohol use and ease of access to substance use disorder treatment
- Child abuse and neglect
- Mental health status and ease of access to mental health treatment
- Teen pregnancy rates
- Access to technology to improve client access to supports and/or increase agency efficiency

### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of MNPrairie's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to Tara Reich, Executive Director, 22 East 6th Street, Mantorville, Minnesota 55955.





Exhibit 1

### Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities December 31, 2023

### <u>Assets</u>

Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable – net Due from other governments Capital assets Depreciable or amortizable – net of accumulated	\$	14,132,078 148,667 2,932,049
depreciation and amortization		237,389
Total Assets	\$	17,450,183
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred other postemployment benefits outflows	\$	41,077
Deferred pension outflows		2,116,058
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,157,135
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$	710,339
Salaries payable		462,084
Due to other governments		318,365
Long-term liabilities		
Due within one year		1,209,302
Due in more than one year		320,690
Other postemployment benefits liability		771,131
Net pension liability		8,097,054
Total Liabilities	\$	11,888,965
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred other postemployment benefits inflows	\$	128,724
Deferred pension inflows		2,514,293
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,643,017
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	132,007
Restricted for human services	Ą	574,261
Unrestricted		4,369,068
Total Net Position	\$	5,075,336

Exhibit 2

### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				Program Revenues				t (Expense)
		Expenses		es, Charges, and Other		Operating Grants and Contributions		evenue and Change in let Position
Functions/Programs								
Governmental activities								
Human services Interest	\$	29,154,400 4,895	\$	1,574,287 -	\$	27,201,958 -	\$	(378,155) (4,895)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$	29,159,295	\$	1,574,287	\$	27,201,958	\$	(383,050)
	Gra	eral Revenues nts and contribut estment earnings		t restricted to sp	ecific p	rograms	\$	1,003 541,788
	To	tal general rever	iues				\$	542,791
	Cha	nge in net positi	on				\$	159,741
	Net I	Position – Januar	y 1					4,915,595
	Net I	Position – Decem	ber 31				\$	5,075,336





Exhibit 3

### Balance Sheet General Fund December 31, 2023

### <u>Assets</u>

Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable – net Due from other governments	\$	14,132,078 148,667 2,932,049
Total Assets	\$	17,212,794
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,		
and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	710,339
Salaries payable		462,084
Due to other governments		318,365
Total Liabilities	\$	1,490,788
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue	\$	436,635
Fund Balances		
Fund Balances Restricted for		
	\$	75,813
Restricted for	\$	75,813 373,152
Restricted for Adult protection services	\$	•
Restricted for Adult protection services Medical assistance eligibility renewal	\$	373,152
Restricted for Adult protection services Medical assistance eligibility renewal Family resource centers project	\$	373,152 123,555
Restricted for Adult protection services Medical assistance eligibility renewal Family resource centers project Housing services Assigned to Employee wellness program	\$	373,152 123,555 1,741 89,891
Restricted for Adult protection services Medical assistance eligibility renewal Family resource centers project Housing services Assigned to Employee wellness program Capital improvements	\$	373,152 123,555 1,741 89,891 291,861
Restricted for Adult protection services Medical assistance eligibility renewal Family resource centers project Housing services Assigned to Employee wellness program	\$	373,152 123,555 1,741 89,891
Restricted for Adult protection services Medical assistance eligibility renewal Family resource centers project Housing services Assigned to Employee wellness program Capital improvements	\$ <b>\$</b>	373,152 123,555 1,741 89,891 291,861
Restricted for Adult protection services Medical assistance eligibility renewal Family resource centers project Housing services Assigned to Employee wellness program Capital improvements Unassigned		373,152 123,555 1,741 89,891 291,861 14,329,358

Exhibit 4

# Reconciliation of the General Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Fund balances – General Fund (Exhibit 3)		\$ 15,285,371
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the General Fund.		237,389
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the General Fund.		436,635
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are created as a result of various differences related to other postemployment benefits not recognized in the General Fund.		
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	\$ 41,077 (128,724)	(87,647)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are created as a result of various differences related to pensions not recognized in the General Fund.		
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$ 2,116,058	(398,235)
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the General Fund.	(2,514,293)	(376,233)
Compensated absences payable Leases payable Other postemployment benefits liability Net pension liability	\$ (1,424,610) (105,382) (771,131) (8,097,054)	(10,398,177)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)	 (0,001,004)	\$ 5,075,336

Exhibit 5

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Revenues Intergovernmental Charges for services Gifts and contributions Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 27,170,771 1,195,771 123,555 541,788 489,259
Total Revenues	\$ 29,521,144
Expenditures	
Current	
Human services	\$ 28,797,909
Debt service	
Principal	45,347
Interest	 4,895
Total Expenditures	\$ 28,848,151
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 672,993
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Leases issued	 65,474
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 738,467
Fund Balances – January 1	 14,546,904
Fund Balances – December 31	\$ 15,285,371

Exhibit 6

# Reconciliation of the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances – General Fund (Exhibit 5)		\$ 738,467
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
The General Fund reports capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense.		
Expenditures for general capital assets Current year depreciation and amortization	\$ 74,250 (119,577)	(45,327)
In the General Fund, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenues is the increase or decrease in revenues deferred as unavailable.		
Unavailable revenue – January 1 Unavailable revenue – December 31	\$ (370,283) 436,635	66,352
Some capital assets additions were financed through leases. In the General Fund a lease arrangement is considered a source of financing but, in the statement of net position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the General Fund but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.		
Principal payments on leases Leases issued	\$ 45,347 (65,474)	(20,127)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the General Fund.		
Change in deferred other postemployment benefits outflows Change in deferred pension outflows Change in compensated absences payable Change in other postemployment benefits liability Change in net pension liability Change in deferred other postemployment benefits inflows Change in deferred pension inflows	\$ 2,451 (1,423,101) (98,623) (83,110) 3,339,474 33,619 (2,350,334)	(579,624)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)	 	\$ 159,741



Exhibit 7

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2023

	Priv	cial Welfare ate-Purpose rust Fund		Custodial Funds		
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$	175,278	\$	1,010,727		
Due from other governments	Ψ	-	Ψ	127,920		
Accounts receivable		-		206,346		
Total Assets	\$	175,278	\$	1,344,993		
Liabilities						
Due to other governments		-		42,577		
Net Position						
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	175,278	\$	1,302,416		

Exhibit 8

### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Social Welfare Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds	
Additions Contributions from individuals Interest earnings Payments from other entities	\$ 975,497 - -	\$	939,514 32,379 564,991
Total Additions	\$ 975,497	\$	1,536,884
<u>Deductions</u> Beneficiary payments to individuals  Payments to state  Payments to other entities	\$ 977,491 - 	\$	- 1,137,086 599,481
Total Deductions	\$ 977,491	\$	1,736,567
Change in Net Position	\$ (1,994)	\$	(199,683)
Net Position – January 1	177,272		1,502,099
Net Position – December 31	\$ 175,278	\$	1,302,416

Notes to the Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

### **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Minnesota Prairie County Alliance's (MNPrairie) financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by MNPrairie are discussed below.

### **Financial Reporting Entity**

MNPrairie was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, by Dodge, Steele, and Waseca Counties. MNPrairie began official operations on January 1, 2015, and performs the human services function in the counties that are signatories to the joint powers agreement.

The purpose of MNPrairie is to improve outcomes of safety and wellness for residents by taking advantage of efficiencies that can be garnered from a larger organization; aligning and merging policies and processes; and applying technology to offer services of a consistent, high quality, with an emphasis on prevention and early intervention, continuous improvement, partnering, and accountability.

MNPrairie is governed by a Joint Powers Board made up of two County Commissioners from each of the participating counties who are chosen by their respective County Boards. Each participating county also designates one additional representative to serve as an alternate.

MNPrairie is an independent joint venture and not a component unit of any of the member counties.

### **Joint Ventures and Jointly-Governed Organization**

MNPrairie participates in joint ventures and jointly-governed organizations, which are described in Note 4 – Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items.

### **Basic Financial Statements**

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about MNPrairie. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities present all assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and net position on a full accrual accounting basis with an economic resource focus, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables, long-term debt and obligations, as well as any related deferred inflows and outflows of resources. The net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of MNPrairie are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function, segment, or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about MNPrairie's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented.

MNPrairie reports the following governmental fund:

The <u>General Fund</u> is MNPrairie's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the government. Financing comes primarily from contributions of participating counties and intergovernmental revenue provided by the state and federal governments.

Additionally, MNPrairie reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The <u>Social Welfare Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> accounts for funds held in trust that MNPrairie acts on behalf of individuals as representative payee.

<u>Custodial funds</u> are safekeeping in nature. These funds account for activity that MNPrairie holds for others in an agent capacity.

### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. MNPrairie considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met and are available. Charges for services and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is MNPrairie's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

### **Deposits and Investments**

Investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2023, using a market approach. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and investments are credited to the General Fund. Pooled investment earnings for 2023 were \$541,788.

MNPrairie invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The investment in the pool is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool.

### **Receivables and Payables**

Accounts receivable is shown net of an allowance for uncollectible balances.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include furniture, equipment, vehicles and software, and right-to-use assets acquired under leasing arrangements are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by MNPrairie as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (entry price) on the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Furniture, equipment, and vehicles and software of MNPrairie are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives, while right-to-use assets are amortized over the shorter of the underlying asset's estimated useful life or the lease term:

### **Estimated Useful Lives of Capital Assets**

Assets	Years
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	5-10
Software	5
Right-to-use equipment and vehicles	5

### **Compensated Absences**

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation, compensatory, sick leave, and paid time off balances. The liability has been calculated using the termination method. Amounts are accrued as they are earned by employees if it is probable that the employer will compensate the employee at termination. The sick leave amount is based on MNPrairie's past experience of making termination payments for sick leave adjusted for current factors. A liability for these amounts is reported in the General Fund only if it has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is based on the compensatory balance at year-end and the average use of accrued paid time off and

vacation balances of the current and prior year. The noncurrent portion consists of the remaining amount of vacation, sick leave, and paid time off balances. Compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund.

### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. The governmental fund financial statements report only liabilities expected to be financed with available, spendable financial resources. Acquisitions under leases are reported as an other financing source at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

#### **Pension Plan**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates, and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value. The pension liability is liquidated through the General Fund.

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until that time. MNPrairie reports deferred outflows of resources associated with pension plans and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). These outflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The General Fund reports unavailable revenue from grant monies, charges for services, and miscellaneous revenue receivable for amounts that are not considered available to liquidate liabilities in the current period. Unavailable revenue arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, is reported only in the General Fund Balance Sheet. Unavailable revenue is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. MNPrairie also has deferred inflows of resources associated with pension plans and OPEB. These inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

### **Classification of Net Position**

Net position in the government-wide financial statements is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

### **Classification of Fund Balances**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which MNPrairie is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Joint Powers Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts MNPrairie intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Joint Powers Board.

<u>Unassigned</u> – all residual classifications for the General Fund; includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications.

MNPrairie applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### **Minimum Fund Balance**

MNPrairie adopted a minimum fund balance policy for its General Fund to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance equal to 35 percent of the General Fund's operating expenditures.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported

amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources; and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Note 2 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

### **Assets**

### **Deposits and Investments**

### Reconciliation of MNPrairie's Total Cash and Investments to the Basic Financial Statements as of December 31, 2023

Government-wide statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 14,132,078
Statement of fiduciary net position	
Social Welfare Private-Purpose Trust Fund	175,278
Custodial funds	 1,010,727
Total	\$ 15,318,083

#### **Deposits**

MNPrairie is authorized by Minn. Stat. § 118A.02 to designate a depository for public funds. MNPrairie is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, MNPrairie's deposits may not be returned to it. MNPrairie's policy states all deposits should be fully collateralized. As of December 31, 2023, none of MNPrairie's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

### **Investments**

MNPrairie may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

(1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;

- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) time deposits fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the National Credit Union Administration, or bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. It is MNPrairie's policy to minimize its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in shorter-term investments to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is MNPrairie's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. MNPrairie does not have a policy on custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2023, \$2,299,183 of MNPrairie's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by MNPrairie's investment in a single issuer. It is MNPrairie's policy to minimize concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimal.

### Cash and Investments and Information Relating to Potential Investment Risk as of December 31, 2023

	Credit Risk		Concentration Risk	Interest Rate Risk		
Investment – Issuer	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Over 5 Percent of Portfolio	Maturity Date	Carrying (Fair) Value	
Commercial paper						
U.S. Bank, National Association	P-1	Moody's	16%	N/A	\$ 2,299,18	33
Investment pools						
MAGIC Portfolio	N/R	N/A	N/A	N/A	10,529,24	10
MAGIC Term	N/R	N/A	N/A	1/31/2024	200,00	)0
MAGIC Term	N/R	N/A	N/A	5/3/2024	1,000,00	)0
Checking					593,66	50
Certificates of deposit					696,00	)0
Total Cash and Investments					\$ 15,318,08	33

N/R – Not Rated N/A – Not Applicable

#### Fair Value Measurements

MNPrairie invests in commercial paper for the benefit of liquid investments that can be readily re-invested. The commercial paper is quoted at a net asset value (NAV). The investments have a daily liquidity, and funds can be accessed at any time.

MAGIC is a local government investment pool which is quoted at a NAV. MNPrairie invests in this pool for the purpose of the joint investment with counties to enhance the investment earnings accruing to each member. The MAGIC fund currently consists of the MAGIC Portfolio and the MAGIC Term Series.

The MAGIC Portfolio is valued using amortized cost. Shares of the MAGIC Portfolio are available to be redeemed upon proper notice without restrictions under normal operating conditions. There are no limits to the number of redemptions that can be made as long as MNPrairie has a sufficient number of shares to meet their redemption request. The Fund's Board of Trustees can suspend the right of withdrawal or postpone the date of payment if the Trustees determine that there is an emergency that makes the sale of a Portfolio's securities or determination of its NAV not reasonably practical.

Shares of MAGIC Term Series are purchased to mature upon pre-determined maturity dates selected by MNPrairie at the time of purchase. Should MNPrairie need to redeem shares in a MAGIC Term Series prematurely they must provide notice at least 7 days prior to the premature redemption date. The value of a premature redemption is equal to the original price for such share, plus dividends thereon, at the projected yield less such share's allocation of any losses incurred by the series, less a premature redemption penalty, if any.

#### **Receivables**

#### Governmental Activities' Receivables as of December 31, 2023

	Less:					
			Allowance for Uncollectible Net			
	F	Receivable		Accounts	Receivables	
Accounts receivable  Due from other governments	\$	1,383,604 2,932,049	\$	(1,234,937) -	\$	148,667 2,932,049

Net receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

#### **Capital Assets**

#### Changes in Capital Assets for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	 Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	End	ding Balance
Capital assets depreciated Furniture, equipment, and vehicles Software	\$ 108,236 292,342	\$ 9,189 -	\$ 47,386 -	\$	70,039 292,342
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 400,578	\$ 9,189	\$ 47,386	\$	362,381
Less: accumulated depreciation for Furniture, equipment, and vehicles Software	\$ 92,876 106,260	\$ 7,423 58,469	\$ 47,386 -	\$	52,913 164,729
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 199,136	\$ 65,892	\$ 47,386	\$	217,642
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 201,442	\$ (56,703)	\$ -	\$	144,739
Capital assets amortized Leased equipment and vehicles	\$ 133,030	\$ 65,061	\$ -	\$	198,091
Less: accumulated amortization for Leased equipment and vehicles	\$ 51,756	\$ 53,685	\$ -	\$	105,441
Total capital assets amortized, net	\$ 81,274	\$ 11,376	\$ -	\$	92,650
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 282,716	\$ (45,327)	\$ -	\$	237,389

Depreciation and amortization expense of \$119,577 was charged to the human services function/program for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### **Liabilities**

#### **Long-Term Leases**

MNPrairie has entered into lease agreements as a lessee for financing copy machines, vehicles, and a server. The lease agreements range from one to five years. These leases have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Lease payments are paid from the General Fund.

### Future Minimum Lease Obligations and Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments as of December 31, 2023

Year Ending December 31	Р	rincipal	Interest		
2024	\$	42,209	\$	5,012	
2025	•	18,514	·	3,333	
2026		17,761		2,296	
2027		17,312		1,221	
2028		9,586		236	
Total minimum lease payments	\$	105,382	\$	12,098	

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

#### Long-Term Liabilities for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
		 		24.400	00
Compensated absences	\$ 1,325,987	\$ 1,354,397	\$ 1,255,774	\$ 1,424,610	\$ 1,167,093
Leases	85,255	65,474	45,347	105,382	42,209
Total	\$ 1,411,242	\$ 1,419,871	\$ 1,301,121	\$ 1,529,992	\$ 1,209,302

### <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources – Unavailable Revenue</u>

#### Deferred Inflows of Resources – Unavailable Revenue for General Fund as of December 31, 2023

	 red Inflows Resources
Unavailable revenue	
Intergovernmental	\$ 373,495
Miscellaneous revenue	61,650
Charges for services	 1,490
Total	\$ 436,635

### **Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)**

#### **Plan Description and Funding Policy**

MNPrairie provides health insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and their dependents as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy. This postemployment benefit is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. As of January 1, 2022, there were no retirees receiving health benefits from MNPrairie's health plan. A separate, audited GAAP-basis postemployment plan report is not issued.

No assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB 75. The OPEB plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

As of the January 1, 2022, actuarial valuation, there were 170 active plan participants covered by the benefit terms.

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

MNPrairie's total OPEB liability of \$771,131 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022, which was rolled forward to a measurement date of January 1, 2023. The OPEB liability is liquidated through the General Fund.

The total OPEB liability in the fiscal year-end December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

#### **OPEB Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

Actuarial cost method Entry Age, level percentage of pay

Inflation 2.00 percent

Salary increases Service graded ranging from 10.25 percent for 1 year of service to 3.00 percent

for 27 or more years of service

Health care cost trend 6.25 percent, decreasing to 5.00 percent over 5 years and then 4.00 percent over

the next 47 years

The current year discount rate is 2.00 percent, which is based on the estimated yield of 20-year AA-rated municipal bonds.

Mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.

Economic assumptions are based on input from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data.

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 688,021
Changes for the year Service cost Interest Benefit payments	\$ 74,656 15,187 (6,733)
Net change	\$ 83,110
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 771,131

#### **OPEB Liability Sensitivity**

The following presents the total OPEB liability of MNPrairie, calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what MNPrairie's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes In the Discount Rate as of December 31, 2023

	Discount Rate	Total (	OPEB Liability
1% Decrease	1.00%	\$	830,113
Current	2.00%		771,131
1% Increase	3.00%		715,239

The following presents the total OPEB liability of MNPrairie, calculated using the health care cost trend previously disclosed, as well as what MNPrairie's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rate:

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes In the Health Care Trend Rates as of December 31, 2023

	Health Care Trend Rates	Total OPEB Liability			
1% Decrease	5.25% Decreasing to 4.00%	\$	675,618		
Current	6.25% Decreasing to 5.00%		771,131		
1% Increase	7.25% Decreasing to 6.00%		885,479		

#### OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2023, MNPrairie recognized OPEB expense of \$64,009. MNPrairie reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB as of December 31, 2023

	Deferred Outflows of			Deferred Inflows of	
	Res	sources	Resources		
Changes in actuarial assumptions  Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	10,254 13,854	\$	5,738 122,986	
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		16,969			
Total	\$	41,077	\$	128,724	

The \$16,969 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

# Schedule of Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB As of December 31, 2023

	OPEB Expense		
Year Ended December 31	Amount		
2024	\$	(25,834)	
2025		(25,828)	
2026		(22,966)	
2027		(29.988)	

#### **Changes in Actuarial Assumptions**

There were no actuarial assumption changes in 2023.

### **Pension Plan**

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

#### **Plan Description**

All full-time and certain part-time employees of MNPrairie are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Plan (the General Employees Plan), which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan. This plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The General Employees Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund) has multiple benefit structures with members belonging to the Coordinated Plan, the Basic Plan, or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, while the Basic Plan and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members are not covered. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was closed to new members in 1978 and merged into the General Employees Plan in 2015. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after three years of credited service. No MNPrairie employees belong to either the Basic Plan or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund.

#### **Benefits Provided**

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can be modified only by the state legislature. Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January.

General Employees Plan benefit recipients will receive a post-retirement increase equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.00

percent and a maximum of 1.50 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraph of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not yet receiving them, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any 60 consecutive months of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. In the General Employees Plan, two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.20 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.70 percent of average salary for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 1.70 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989.

For General Employees Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based on years of service and average high-five salary.

#### **Contributions**

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. General Employees Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in 2023. The employer was required to contribute 7.50 percent of annual covered salary in 2023. Rates did not change from 2022.

MNPrairie's contributions for the General Employees Plan for the year ended December 31, 2023, were \$894,552. The contributions are equal to the statutorily required contributions as set by state statute.

#### **Pension Costs**

At December 31, 2023, MNPrairie reported a liability of \$8,097,054 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. MNPrairie's proportion of the net pension liability was based on MNPrairie's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2023, MNPrairie's proportion was 0.1448 percent. It was 0.1444 percent measured as of June 30, 2022. The MNPrairie recognized pension expense of \$1,083,221 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense.

Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$16 million to the General Employees Plan annually until September 15, 2031. MNPrairie recognized an additional \$1,003 as grant revenue and pension expense for its

proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense related to the special funding situation.

### Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Liability As of December 31, 2023

The MNPrairie's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,097,054
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the MNPrairie	223,220
Total	\$ 8,320,274

MNPrairie reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources As of December 31, 2023

		Deferred		Deferred	
	0	utflows of		Inflows of	
	F	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	265,734	\$	54,277	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,276,759		2,219,334	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		240,682	
Changes in proportion		122,474		-	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date		451,091		-	
Total	\$	2,116,058	\$	2,514,293	

The \$451,091 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Schedule of Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources As of December 31, 2023

	Pension Expense				
Year Ended December 31	Amount				
2024	\$	264,171			
2025		(1,131,946)			
2026		194,102			
2027		(175,653)			

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following additional actuarial assumptions:

#### Actuarial Assumptions for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Inflation	2.25% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.00% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table for the General Employees, with slight adjustments. Cost-of-living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study for the General Employees Plan was dated June 27, 2019. A review of inflation and investment assumptions dated June 29, 2023, was utilized.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

#### Pension Plan Investment Target Allocation and Best Estimates of Geometric Real Rates of Return for Each Major Asset Class

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	<b>Target Allocation</b>	Real Rate of Return
	22 500/	5.400/
Domestic equities	33.50%	5.10%
International equities	16.50%	5.30%
Fixed income	25.00%	0.75%
Private markets	25.00%	5.90%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent in 2023. This was an increase from the 6.50 percent used in 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions**

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2023:

- The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.50 percent to 7.00 percent.
- A one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million occurred on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period for those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- For Basic Plan members, a one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 4.00 percent, minus the actual 2024 adjustment, will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- For Coordinated Plan members, a one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.50 percent, minus the actual 2024 adjustment, will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

#### **Pension Liability Sensitivity**

The following presents the MNPrairie's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the MNPrairie's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

#### Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate As of December 31, 2023

Discount Rate	Net P	Net Pension Liability					
6.00%	\$	14,324,339					
7.00%		8,097,054					
8.00%		2,974,875					

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <a href="https://www.mnpera.org">www.mnpera.org</a>.

### Note 3 – Risk Management

MNPrairie is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. To manage these risks, MNPrairie has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT).

MCIT is a public entity risk pool currently operated as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. MNPrairie is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year, and the amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$500,000 per claim in 2023 and 2024. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess MNPrairie in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and MNPrairie pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess MNPrairie in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

### Note 4 – Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

### **Contingent Liabilities**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although MNPrairie expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

MNPrairie is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of MNPrairie's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of MNPrairie.

#### **Joint Ventures**

#### **Dodge County Family Services Collaborative**

The Dodge County Family Services Collaborative was established in 1999 under the authority of Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 124D.23. The Collaborative includes Dodge County and approximately seven other human services-related agencies serving Dodge County residents. The governing board consists of seven members, of which four represent the legally required participants of a collaborative (a school district, the County, public health, and a community action agency). The purpose of the Collaborative is to provide a coordinated approach to support and nurture individuals and families through prevention and intervention so as to ensure success of every child. Control of the Collaborative is vested in a Board of Directors. MNPrairie acts as fiscal agent for the Collaborative and reports the fiscal transactions of the Collaborative as a custodial fund.

The Collaborative is financed by state grants and appropriations from participating members. During the year, MNPrairie did not contribute to the Collaborative.

#### Steele County Children's Mental Health Collaborative

The Steele County Children's Mental Health Collaborative was established in 2009 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 245.491. The governing board consists of five members, two members of the County Board of Commissioners and one school board member from each participating school district. The purpose of this Collaborative is to improve the mental health and educational outcomes of children in Steele County by creating an integrated service delivery system for children who have, or are at risk of having, emotional or behavioral

problems and their families. MNPrairie acts as fiscal agent for the Steele County Children's Mental Health Collaborative and reports the fiscal transactions of the Collaborative as a custodial fund. During the year, MNPrairie did not contribute to the Collaborative.

#### **Waseca County Collaborative for Families**

The Waseca County Collaborative for Families was established in 2001 to improve the well-being of the children and families of Waseca County. The members include Waseca County; Independent School District Nos. 829, 2835, and 2168; and Waseca Medical Center-Mayo Health System. The governing board consists of five members, one from each participating entity. MNPrairie acts as fiscal agent for the Waseca County Collaborative for Families and reports the fiscal transactions of the Collaborative as a custodial fund. During the year, MNPrairie did not contribute to the Collaborative.

#### **Jointly-Governed Organization**

MNPrairie, in conjunction with other governmental entities and various private organizations, formed the jointly-governed organization as listed below:

The <u>Southeast Service Cooperative</u> delivers numerous services to support administrative and instructional functions to its members and to improve learning opportunities. During the year, MNPrairie made payments of \$300 to the Cooperative.



Exhibit A-1

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>					Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	27,607,631	\$	27,607,631	\$	27,170,771	\$	(436,860)	
Charges for services	•	983,798	•	983,798		1,195,771	•	211,973	
Gifts and contributions		-		, -		123,555		123,555	
Investment earnings		100,000		100,000		541,788		441,788	
Miscellaneous		316,200		316,200		489,259		173,059	
Total Revenues	\$	29,007,629	\$	29,007,629	\$	29,521,144	\$	513,515	
Expenditures									
Current									
Human services									
Income maintenance	\$	9,871,853	\$	9,871,853	\$	9,810,124	\$	61,729	
Social services		19,314,251		19,314,251		18,987,785		326,466	
Total human services	\$	29,186,104	\$	29,186,104	\$	28,797,909	\$	388,195	
Debt service									
Principal		-		-		45,347		(45,347)	
Interest						4,895		(4,895)	
Total Expenditures	\$	29,186,104	\$	29,186,104	\$	28,848,151	\$	337,953	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(178,475)	\$	(178,475)	\$	672,993	\$	851,468	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Leases issued						65,474		65,474	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(178,475)	\$	(178,475)	\$	738,467	\$	916,942	
Fund Balances – January 1		14,546,904		14,546,904		14,546,904			
Fund Balances – December 31	\$	14,368,429	\$	14,368,429	\$	15,285,371	\$	916,942	

### Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Other Postemployment Benefits December 31, 2023

	 2023	 2022	
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 74,656	\$ 72,482	
Interest	15,187	24,804	
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	-	(184,480)	
Changes of assumption or other inputs	-	4,562	
Benefit payments	 (6,733)	 (24,202)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 83,110	\$ (106,834)	
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning	 688,021	 794,855	
Total OPEB Liability – Ending	\$ 771,131	\$ 688,021	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,296,147	\$ 10,967,133	
Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.83%	6.27%	

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

 2021	 2020	 2019	<u></u>	2018
\$ 76,982 22,665	\$ 74,559 24,794	\$ 59,344 19,778	\$	62,183 17,807
- - (18,601)	 32,326 16,838 (25,036)	 - (20,098) (17,229)		- - (17,595)
\$ 81,046	\$ 123,481	\$ 41,795	\$	62,395
 713,809	 590,328	 548,533		486,138
\$ 794,855	\$ 713,809	\$ 590,328	\$	548,533
\$ 10,133,880	\$ 9,814,896	\$ 9,035,648	\$	8,772,474
7.84%	7.27%	6.53%		6.25%

Exhibit A-3

### Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability PERA General Employees Retirement Plan December 31, 2023

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/ Asset	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	SI N	State's opertionate nare of the et Pension Liability associated with MNPrairie (b)	e the State's n Related Share of the		Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Payroll			Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2023	0.1448 %	\$ 8,097,054	\$	223,220	\$	8,320,274	\$	11,517,652	70.30 %	83.10 %
2022	0.1444	11,436,528		335,209		11,771,737		10,816,471	105.73	76.67
2021	0.1409	6,017,061		183,745		6,200,806		10,148,465	59.29	87.00
2020	0.1393	8,351,672		257,544		8,609,216		9,931,019	84.10	79.06
2019	0.1359	7,513,607		233,490		7,747,097		9,616,857	78.13	80.23
2018	0.1283	7,117,558		233,454		7,351,012		8,621,094	82.56	79.53
2017	0.1260	8,043,757		101,172		8,144,929		8,091,495	99.41	75.90
2016	0.1100	8,931,454		116,610		9,048,064		6,819,948	130.96	68.91
2015	0.0493	2,554,982		N/A		2,554,982		2,848,574	89.69	78.19

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

N/A – Not Applicable

Exhibit A-4

# Schedule of Contributions PERA General Employees Retirement Plan December 31, 2023

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	in S S	Actual ntributions Relation to tatutorily Required ntributions (b)	Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b - a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)		
2023	\$	894,552	\$	894,552	\$ -	\$ 11,927,357	7.50 %		
2022		833,200		833,200	-	11,109,333	7.50		
2021		789,883		789,883	-	10,533,724	7.50		
2020		741,493		741,493	-	9,886,569	7.50		
2019		739,771		739,771	-	9,863,626	7.50		
2018		687,421		687,421	-	9,165,613	7.50		
2017		615,501		615,501	-	8,204,350	7.50		
2016		551,584		551,584	-	7,354,449	7.50		
2015		478,511		478,511	-	6,380,147	7.50		

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. MN Prairie's year-end is December 31.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

### Note 1 - Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The budgets may be amended or modified at any time by MNPrairie. There were no budget amendments during 2023.

### Note 2 – Other Postemployment Benefits Funded Status

Assets have not been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

# Note 3 – Other Postemployment Benefits – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred:

#### 2023

There were no actuarial assumption changes in 2023.

#### 2022

- The health care trend rates, mortality tables, and salary increase rates, and retirement and withdrawal rates were updated.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.50 percent to 2.00 percent.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.90 percent to 2.00 percent.

#### 2021

There were no actuarial assumption changes in 2021.

#### 2020

- The health care trend rates, mortality tables, and salary increase rates were updated.
- The discount rate used changed from 3.80 percent to 2.90 percent.

#### 2019

• The discount rate used changed from 3.30 percent to 3.80 percent.

#### 2018

- The discount rate used changed from 3.50 percent to 3.30 percent.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016
   Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The retirement and withdrawal tables were updated.
- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.

### Note 4 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the fiscal year June 30:

#### **General Employees Retirement Plan**

#### 2023

- The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.50 percent to 7.00 percent.
- A one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million occurred on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period for those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- For Basic Plan members, a one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 4.00 percent, minus the actual 2024 adjustment, will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- For Coordinated Plan members, a one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.50 percent, minus the actual 2024 adjustment, will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

#### 2022

The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

#### 2021

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

#### 2020

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The
  net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The
  new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two to five and
  slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Retiree Mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100 percent Joint and Survivor option changed from 35 percent to 45 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100 percent Joint and Survivor option changed from 15 percent to 30 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020, through December 31, 2023, and 0.00 percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

#### 2019

The mortality projection scale was changed from Scale MP-2017 to Scale MP-2018.

#### 2018

- The mortality projection scale was changed from Scale MP-2015 to Scale MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.
- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1,

2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.

- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90 percent funding to 50 percent of the Social Security cost of living adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to the Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

#### 2017

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members (30 percent for deferred Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members). The revised CSA loads are now 0.00 percent for active member liability, 15 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.
- Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund plan provisions change the employer supplemental contribution to \$21 million in calendar years 2017 and 2018 and returns to \$31 million through calendar year 2031. The state's required contribution is \$16 million in PERA's fiscal years 2018 and 2019 and returns to \$6 million annually through calendar year 2031.

#### 2016

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was also changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.



### **Fiduciary Funds**

### **Custodial Funds**

<u>Dodge County Family Services Collaborative</u> – to account for the collection and disbursement of funds for the Dodge County Family Services Collaborative.

<u>Steele County Children's Mental Health Collaborative</u> – to account for the collection and disbursement of funds for the Steele County Children's Mental Health Collaborative.

<u>Waseca County Collaborative for Families</u> – to account for the collection and disbursement of funds for the Waseca County Collaborative for Families.

<u>Recoveries</u> – to account for the State of Minnesota's share of recoveries received from program participants.

<u>Child Support Collections</u> – to account for the collection and disbursement of child support payments to the State of Minnesota.

Exhibit B-1

### Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds – Custodial Funds December 31, 2023

					Cust	odial Funds						
		Dodge County Family Services Collaborative		Steele County Children's Mental Health Collaborative		Waseca County Collaborative for Families		Recoveries		Child Support Collections		Total Custodial Funds
<u>Assets</u>												
Cash and pooled investments	\$	466,781	\$	450,572	\$	-	\$	92,571	\$	803	\$	1,010,727
Due from other governments		37,097		57,564		33,259		-		-		127,920
Accounts receivable				-				206,346				206,346
Total Assets	\$	503,878	\$	508,136	\$	33,259	\$	298,917	\$	803	\$	1,344,993
Liabilities												
Due to other governments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,774	\$	803	\$	42,577
Net Position Restricted for individuals, organizations,												
and other governments	\$	503,878	\$	508,136	\$	33,259	\$	257,143	\$	-	\$	1,302,416

Exhibit B-2

### Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds – Custodial Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

					Custo	odial Funds						
	Fam	dge County ily Services llaborative	Steele County Children's Mental Health Collaborative		Waseca County Collaborative for Families		Recoveries		Child Support Collections			Total Custodial Funds
Additions												
Contributions from individuals	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	917,064	\$	22,450	\$	939,514
Interest earnings		15,818		16,561		-		-		-		32,379
Payments from other entities		175,554		267,177		122,260						564,991
Total Additions	\$	191,372	\$	283,738	\$	122,260	\$	917,064	\$	22,450	\$	1,536,884
<u>Deductions</u>												
Payments to state	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,114,636	\$	22,450	\$	1,137,086
Payments to other entities		148,382		327,570		123,529		-			_	599,481
Total Deductions	\$	148,382	\$	327,570	\$	123,529	\$	1,114,636	\$	22,450	\$	1,736,567
Change in Net Position	\$	42,990	\$	(43,832)	\$	(1,269)	\$	(197,572)	\$	-	\$	(199,683)
Net Position – January 1		460,888		551,968		34,528		454,715				1,502,099
Net Position – December 31	\$	503,878	\$	508,136	\$	33,259	\$	257,143	\$		\$	1,302,416



Exhibit C-1

## Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Appropriations and Shared Revenue State		
PERA aid	\$	269,463
Medical assistance renewal aid	Y	476,317
Wedied assistance renewal and		170,017
Total appropriations and shared revenue	\$	745,780
Reimbursements for Services		
State		
Minnesota Department of Human Services	\$	5,109,738
Minnesota Management and Budget		40,855
Total reimbursements for services	\$	5,150,593
Payments		
Local		
Contributions from counties	\$	9,996,010
Grants		
State		
Minnesota Department of Human Services	\$	3,783,727
Federal		
Department of		
Agriculture	\$	960,741
Treasury		81,407
Health and Human Services		6,452,513
Total federal	\$	7,494,661
Total state and federal grants	\$	11,278,388
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	27,170,771

Exhibit C-2

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Program of Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grant Numbers		Evnandituras	
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Grant Numbers	Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services					
SNAP Cluster					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental					
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	232MN101S2514	\$	892,833	
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental					
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	232MN127Q7503		67,638	
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental					
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	232MN101S2520		270	
(Total State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental					
Nutrition Assistance Program 10.561 \$960,741)					
Total II C. Donoutroout of Amioulture			¢	000 741	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>\$</u>	960,741	
U.S. Department of the Treasury					
Passed Through Institute for Community Alliances					
·		River Valleys MN			
COVID-19 – Emergency Rental Assistance Program	21.023	Housing HSS sub3	\$	130,011	
			<u></u>	_	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services					
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	2201MNFPSS		8,125	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2301MNTANF		931,000	
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	2301MNCEST		254,851	
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	2301MNCSES		1,168,400	
(Total Child Support Enforcement 93.563 \$1,423,251)					
Refugee and Entrant Assistance – State Administered Programs	93.566	2301MNRCMA		3,015	
CCDF Cluster					
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	2301MNCCDF		63,310	
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	93.590	2202MNBCAP		15,549	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	2201MNCWSS		12,885	
Foster Care – Title IV-E	93.658	2301MNFOST		470,081	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	2301MNSOSR		433,650	
Child Abuse and Neglect State Grants	93.669	2101MNNCAN		188,410	
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition	02.674	2204 MANCH D		10.007	
to Adulthood	93.674 93.767	2301MNCILP		18,987	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93./6/	2305MN5021		3,562	
Medical Assistance Program	02.770	2205141154514		2 000 412	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	2305MN5ADM		2,989,412	
Medical Assistance Program (Total Medical Assistance Program 92, 778 \$2,021,055)	93.778	2305MN5MAP		31,643	
(Total Medical Assistance Program 93.778 \$3,021,055)					
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$	6,592,880	
Total Federal Awards			\$	7,683,632	

Exhibit C-2 (Continued)

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

#### **Totals by Cluster**

Total expenditures for SNAP Cluster

Total expenditures for CCDF Cluster

Total expenditures for Medicaid Cluster

\$ 960,741
63,310

Total expenditures for Medicaid Cluster

\$ 3,021,055

MNPrairie did not pass any federal awards through to subrecipients during the year ended December 31, 2023.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### **Reporting Entity**

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Minnesota Prairie County Alliance (MNPrairie). MNPrairie's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of MNPrairie under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents only a selected portion of the operations of MNPrairie, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of MNPrairie.

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

### Note 2 – De Minimis Cost Rate

MNPrairie has elected not to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### Note 3 - Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue

Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	
Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 7,494,661
Grants received more than 60 days after year-end, unavailable in 2023	
COVID-19 – Emergency Rental Assistance Program (AL No. 21.023)	48,604
Promoting Safe and Stable Families (AL No. 93.556)	2,031
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (AL No. 93.558)	244,956
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program (AL No. 93.645)	2,022
Unavailable in 2022, recognized as revenue in 2023	
Promoting Safe and Stable Families (AL No. 93.556)	(2,708)
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants (AL No. 93.590)	(2,757)
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program (AL No. 93.645)	(4,828)
Child Abuse and Neglect State Grants (AL No. 93.669)	(88,419)
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood (AL No. 93.674)	 (9,930)
Expenditures per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 7,683,632



### **STATE OF MINNESOTA**



#### Julie Blaha State Auditor

Suite 500 525 Park Street Saint Paul, MN 55103

# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>

Joint Powers Board Minnesota Prairie County Alliance Mantorville, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the General Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Minnesota Prairie County Alliance (MNPrairie) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise MNPrairie's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 2, 2024.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered MNPrairie's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of MNPrairie's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of MNPrairie's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether MNPrairie's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and,

accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Minnesota Legal Compliance**

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that MNPrairie failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting – bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding MNPrairie's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of MNPrairie's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering MNPrairie's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha /s/Chad Struss

Julie Blaha Chad Struss, CPA
State Auditor Deputy State Auditor

July 2, 2024

### **STATE OF MINNESOTA**



#### Julie Blaha State Auditor

Suite 500 525 Park Street Saint Paul, MN 55103

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Joint Powers Board Minnesota Prairie County Alliance Mantorville, Minnesota

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Minnesota Prairie County Alliance's (MNPrairie) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of MNPrairie's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. MNPrairie's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, MNPrairie complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of MNPrairie and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of MNPrairie's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to MNPrairie's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on MNPriairie's

compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about MNPrairie's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding MNPrairie's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances; and
- obtain an understanding of MNPrairie's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of MNPrairie's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2023-001 through 2023-003. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on MNPrairie's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. MNPrairie's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis.

A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2023-001 through 2023-003, to be significant deficiencies.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on MNPrairie's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. MNPrairie's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha /s/Chad Struss

Julie BlahaChad Struss, CPAState AuditorDeputy State Auditor

July 2, 2024

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

#### Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles: **Unmodified** 

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? No
- Significant deficiencies identified? None reported

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No

#### **Federal Awards**

Internal control over major federal programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? No
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the major federal programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes

Identification of major federal programs:

#### **Assistance Listing**

Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
93.563	Child Support Enforcement

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.

MNPrairie qualified as a low-risk auditee? Yes

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

#### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2023-001 Eligibility

**Prior Year Finding Number:** 2022-003 **Year of Finding Origination:** 2022

**Type of Finding:** Internal Control Over Compliance and Compliance **Severity of Deficiency:** Significant Deficiency and Other Matter

**Federal Agency:** U.S. Department of Health and Human Services **Program:** 93.558 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families

Award Number and Year: 2301MNTANF; 2023

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Department of Human Services

**Criteria:** Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.303 states that the auditee must establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing the federal award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award.

Title 42 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations § 602(a)(1)(B)(iii) requires each state to create a written document that sets forth the objective criteria for the delivery of benefits and the determination of eligibility. The Minnesota Department of Human Services' State Plan for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Minn. Stat. § 256J.10 establish the general eligibility requirements for TANF benefits.

**Condition:** The Minnesota Department of Human Services maintains the computer system, MAXIS, which is used by MNPrairie to support the eligibility determination process. In the case files reviewed for eligibility, not all documentation was available, updated, or input correctly to support participant eligibility. The following exceptions were noted in the sample of 40 MAXIS case files tested:

- two case files where the asset amounts listed were not supported by documentation on file.
- one case file where the income amount in MAXIS was input incorrectly and did not agree to the supporting documentation on file.
- one case file where the application completed by the participant was incomplete.

#### Questioned Costs: None.

**Context:** The State of Minnesota and MNPrairie split the eligibility determination process. Pursuant to Minnesota statutes, MNPrairie performs the "intake function" needed for this program, while the State maintains the MAXIS system, which supports the eligibility determination process. Participants receive benefit payments from the State.

The sample size was based on guidance from chapter 11 of the AICPA Audit Guide, *Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits*.

**Effect:** The lack of updated information in MAXIS documenting verification of key eligibility-determining factors increases the risk that program participants will receive benefits when they are not eligible.

**Cause:** Program personnel entering case data into MAXIS did not ensure all required information was input correctly, supported, and obtained or retained.

**Recommendation:** We recommend MNPrairie implement additional procedures to provide reasonable assurance that all necessary documentation to support eligibility determinations exists, the information is properly input or updated in MAXIS, and issues are followed up on in a timely manner. In addition, consideration should be given to providing further training to program personnel.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledge.

2023-002 <u>Child Support Non-Cooperation</u>

**Prior Year Finding Number:** 2022-004 **Year of Finding Origination:** 2022

**Type of Finding:** Internal Control Over Compliance and Compliance **Severity of Deficiency:** Significant Deficiency and Other Matter

**Federal Agency:** U.S. Department of Health and Human Services **Program:** 93.558 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families

Award Number and Year: 2301MNTANF; 2023

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Department of Human Services

**Criteria:** Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.303 states that the auditee must establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing the federal award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award.

Title 45 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations § 264.30 states:

"What procedures exist to ensure cooperation with the child support enforcement requirements?

- (a) (1) The State agency must refer all appropriate individuals in the family of a child, for whom paternity has not been established or for whom a child support order needs to be established, modified or enforced, to the child support enforcement agency (i.e., the IV-D agency).
  - (2) Referred individuals must cooperate in establishing paternity and in establishing, modifying, or enforcing a support order with respect to the child.
- (b) If the IV-D agency determines that an individual is not cooperating, and the individual does not qualify for a good cause or other exception established by the State agency responsible for making good cause determinations in accordance with section 454(29) of the Act or for a good cause domestic violence waiver granted in accordance with § 260.52 of this chapter, then the IV-D agency must notify the IV-A agency promptly.
- (c) The IV-A agency must then take appropriate action by:
  - (1) Deducting from the assistance that would otherwise be provided to the family of the individual an amount equal to not less than 25 percent of the amount of such assistance; or
  - (2) Denying the family any assistance under the program."

**Condition:** The Minnesota Department of Human Services maintains the computer system, MAXIS, which is used by MNPrairie to support the eligibility determination process. Part of the eligibility determination process is cooperating with child support requirements. MNPrairie must reduce benefits when a case is in child support non-cooperation status. In a sample of 15 case files reviewed, two case files had identified errors related to improper

timing of reduced benefits for case files in non-cooperation status. The sanctions that are imposed on casefiles are not reviewed by someone after they are entered into the system.

Questioned Costs: None.

**Context:** Child support non-cooperation is determined by MNPrairie, and the Providing Resources to Improve Support in Minnesota (PRISM) system maintains the information and recipient status. When a Child Support Officer at MNPrairie updates PRISM to show non-cooperation, it interfaces with MAXIS. From this interface, MAXIS receives a Worker's Daily Report (DAIL) message which notifies the entity of child support non-cooperation. MNPrairie is responsible for updating the recipient's record in MAXIS, including entering child support sanctions, or closing a case on the seventh occurrence of noncompliance.

The sample size was based on guidance from chapter 11 of the AICPA Audit Guide, *Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits*.

**Effect:** Noncompliance with Title 45 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 264.30. Benefit overpayments could be paid when child support non-cooperation is not properly processed for a benefit month.

**Cause:** Program personnel entering case data into MAXIS reported the participant was homeless, which does not prevent sanctions of benefits.

**Recommendation:** We recommend MNPrairie implement procedures to ensure child support non-cooperation casefiles benefits are being reduced as necessary in MAXIS.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledge.

2023-003 Activities Allowed or Unallowed and Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Prior Year Finding Number: N/A Year of Finding Origination: 2023

**Type of Finding:** Internal Control Over Compliance and Compliance **Severity of Deficiency:** Significant Deficiency and Other Matter

**Federal Agency:** U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Program: 93.563 Child Support Enforcement

Award Number and Year: 2301MNCSES and 2301MNCEST; 2023

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Department of Human Services

**Criteria:** Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.303 states that the auditee must establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing the federal award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award.

Administrative program costs for Child Support Enforcement program are submitted to the Minnesota Department of Human Services (DHS) through the DHS Income Maintenance DHS-2550 report on a quarterly basis. DHS provides reporting instructions. Payroll for certain staff is required to be allocated between the 2550 report and the DHS-2556 report. Effective internal control includes documentation of approval for claims.

**Condition:** The following deviations were noted in a sample of 40 expenditures tested:

- two claims did not have documentation to support the supervisor's approval, and
- four employees' timesheets for office support staff were not allocated correctly between income
  maintenance and social services and therefore the payroll expenditures included on the DHS quarterly reports
  were not accurate.

Questioned Costs: Questioned costs identified were less than \$25,000.

**Context:** The documentation of the approval of the claims could not be provided for review. DHS relies on accurate submission of program costs to ensure that resulting grant funds paid to MNPrairie are for applicable federal program activities/costs.

For sampled items, the sample size was based on the guidance from chapter 11 of the AICPA Audit Guide, Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits.

**Effect:** Unapproved claims could result in unallowable costs being included in the DHS quarterly reports. In addition, approximately \$63,000 in payroll expenditures were reported on the DHS-2550 report which should have been reported on the DHS Social Service DHS-2556 report. The federal funding is allocated differently and at different rates for each report; it is likely the federal funds received related to these costs were inaccurate.

**Cause:** MNPrairie indicated the two claims were reviewed but the documentation to support this review and approval for payment was overlooked by staff completing the procedure. In addition, MNPrairie noted the office support staff employees did not have the correct payroll allocations in the payroll system in error.

**Recommendation:** We recommend MNPrairie maintain documentation to support the review and approval of all claims to ensure costs are allowable to be reported on the DHS-2550 report. In addition, we recommend the DHS-2550 report be completed in accordance with DHS instructions and any reports submitted with costs allocated incorrectly should be corrected and resubmitted.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledge.



### Representation of Minnesota Prairie County Alliance Mantorville, Minnesota

Corrective Action Plan
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Finding Number: 2023-001 Finding Title: Eligibility

**Program: 93.558 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families** 

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

DeAnn Boney, Income and Healthcare Assistance Manager

#### **Corrective Action Planned:**

The agency will take the following steps to come into compliance:

- 1. Correct the cases that were found to be in error.
- 2. Establish an internal case review process.
- 3. Provide training and review the policy areas where deficiencies were identified with the family team.
- 4. Require family team to take new DHS training on assets.
- 5. Use DHS TANF case reviews as learning tools and share results with the family team.

#### **Anticipated Completion Date:**

Cases will be corrected, and the review process will be in place by 7/31/2024.

Finding Number: 2023-002

**Finding Title: Child Support Non-Cooperation** 

**Program: 93.558 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families** 

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

DeAnn Boney, Income and Healthcare Assistance Manager

#### Corrective Action Planned:

The agency will take the following steps to come into compliance:

- 1 Correct the cases that were found to be in error.
- 2 Establish an internal case review process.

√ DODGE SITE
22 6<sup>TH</sup> STREET EAST
DEPT. 401
MANTORVILLE, MN 55955
507.923.2900 or 888.850.9419
TDD 507.635.6200

☐ STEELE SITE
630 FLORENCE AVENUE
PO BOX 890
OWATONNA, MN 55060
507.431.5600 or 888-850-9419
TDD 507.635.6200

☐ WASECA SITE 1000 West Elm Avenue WASECA, MN 56093 507.837.6600 or 888-850-9419 TDD 507.635.6200

- 3 Provide training and review the policy areas where deficiencies were identified with the family team.
- 4 Require family team to take new DHS training on assets.
- 5 Use DHS TANF case reviews as learning tools and share results with the family team.

#### **Anticipated Completion Date:**

Cases will be corrected, and the review process will be in place by 7/31/2024

Finding Number: 2023-003

Finding Title: Activities Allowed or Unallowed and Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

**Program: 93.563 Child Support Enforcement** 

#### Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Kevin Venenga, Finance Manager

#### **Corrective Action Planned:**

All impacted employees have been reviewed and system adjustments in payroll have been completed. In addition, a review will be done at the start of every quarter to ensure that all allocations are being distributed correctly by the payroll system to ensure that reports are accurately completed.

#### Anticipated Completion Date:

2023 amounts will be corrected by 7/31/2024. The quarterly payroll systems review will start prior to the first payroll of the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter of 2024.



### Representation of Minnesota Prairie County Alliance Mantorville, Minnesota

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Finding Number: 2022-001

Year of Finding Origination: 2022 Finding Title: Procurement Policy

Program: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

(Assistance Listing No. 10.561)

**Summary of Condition:** MNPrairie's written procurement policies do not have all the required components of a procurement policy in accordance with Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.318.

**Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported:** A review of our current policy is underway, and it will be updated appropriately to meet all federal requirements.

**Status:** Fully Corrected. Corrective action was taken.

Finding Number: 2022-002

Year of Finding Origination: 2022 Finding Title: Procurement

Program: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

(Assistance Listing No. 10.561)

**Summary of Condition:** Of the five procurement transactions tested for compliance with federal regulations, three instances were noted where the history of the procurement was not documented. Additionally, for two procurements tested, there was no documentation of full and open competition.

**Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported:** The first step of our planned action is to review and update our policy to ensure that all current criteria for procurement are appropriately addressed. The second step will we be establishing a documentation procedure for the type of transactions and vendors used for our multi-year equipment replacement procurement items.

**Status:** Fully Corrected. Corrective action was taken.

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**Finding Title: Eligibility** 

Program: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (Assistance Listing No. 93.558)

**Summary of Condition:** The Minnesota Department of Human Services maintains the computer system, MAXIS, which is used by MNPrairie to support the eligibility determination process. In the case files reviewed for eligibility, not all documentation was available, updated, or input correctly to support participant eligibility. The following exceptions were noted in the sample of 40 MAXIS case files tested:

- One case file viewed included child support income which was not supported by documentation on file.
- Four case files viewed either did not have updated asset amounts or the asset amounts listed were not supported by documentation on file.

**Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported:** Agency will correct the cases that were cited for errors. Supervisor will review relevant policies for assets and child support non-coop with Eligibility workers on the Family Team to provide additional support and guidance for processing of these cases.

**Status:** Not Corrected. As a new manager with MNPrairie, I have communicated performance expectations with all my teams, however, we were not able to get all necessary changes in place for 2023. MNPrairie has had turnover in leadership over the financial assistance programs the last couple years. We believe that a more stable leadership structure with help improve performance in all areas.

Finding Number: 2022-004 Year of Finding Origination: 2022

**Finding Title: Child Support Non-Cooperation** 

Program: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (Assistance Listing No. 93.558)

**Summary of Condition:** The Minnesota Department of Human Services maintains the computer system, MAXIS, which is used by MNPrairie to support the eligibility determination process. Part of the eligibility determination process is cooperating with child support requirements. When a case is in child support non-cooperation status, per the IV-D agency, MNPrairie must reduce benefits. In a sample of 15 case files reviewed, two case files had identified errors related to improper reduction of benefits or improper timing of reduced benefits for case files in non-cooperation status.

**Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported:** Agency will correct the cases that were cited for errors. Supervisor will review relevant policies for assets and child support non-coop with Eligibility workers on the Family Team to provide additional support and guidance for processing of these cases.

**Status:** Not Corrected. As a new manager with MNPrairie, I have communicated performance expectations with all my teams, however, we were not able to get all necessary steps in place during 2023. MNPrairie has had turnover in leadership over the financial assistance programs the last couple years. We believe that a more stable leadership structure with help improve performance in all areas.

Finding Number: 2017-002

**Year of Finding Origination: 2017** 

Finding Title: Uniform Guidance Written Procurement Policies and Procedures

Program: Medical Assistance Program (Assistance Listing No. 93.778)

**Summary of Condition:** MNPrairie's written procurement policies did not have the required components of a procurement policy in accordance with Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.318.

**Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported:** The Procurement Policy will be reviewed and updated to incorporate necessary language and procedures will be established to ensure compliance with the procurement standards.

**Status:** Fully Corrected. Corrective action was taken.