INTRODUCTION

Name of Association Minnesota Highway Patrol Officers' Retirement Association

In accordance with Chapter 359 of the 1965 Minnesota Laws, Chapter 249 of the 1967 Minnesota Laws, and Chapter 289 of the 1969 Minnesota Laws, an actuarial survey as of June 30, 1969 has been made of this retirement association. The valuation covers the membership of the fund as shown in the census of members and survivors of deceased members, which is included in this report. The details of the benefits under the plan, assets in the fund, income of the fund, and membership data were furnished by the Association.

This report covers the following items:

- A. Benefits of the Plan and Contributions.
- B. Assumptions in Actuarial Valuation.
- C. Results of Valuation.
- D. Discussion of Results.
- E. Analysis of Change in the Unfunded Accrued Liability.
- F. Census of Membership and Benefits as of June 30, 1969.
- G. Analysis of Changes in Membership.
- H. Average Ages at Entry and Retirement.
- I. Results of Valuation Based upon 3% Interest Assumption.
- J. Certification by Actuary.

MINNESOTA HIGHWAY PATROL OFFICERS' RETIREMENT FUND

A. BENEFITS OF PLAN AND CONTRIBUTIONS

This plan provides the following major benefits:

1. Retirement Benefit.

- a. Requirements for retirement:
 - (1) Age 55 and 10 years of service required for full service benefit.
 - (2) 10 years of service required for vesting of deferred annuity benefit with payments to start at age 55.
- b. Monthly annuity:

2 1/2% of average covered monthly salary for each year up to and including 20 years; 2% for each year of service in excess of 20.

2. Disability Benefit.

a. Requirements:

In Line of Duty:

None.

Not in Line of Duty:

5 years of service and age less than 55.

b. Monthly Annuity:

In Line of Duty:

50% of average covered monthly salary

plus 2% for each year of service in

excess of 20.

Not in Line of Duty:

2 1/2% of average covered monthly salary for each year up to and including 20 years

plus 2% for each year in excess of 20;

a minimum of 25%.

3. Widow's and Orphan's Benefits.

a. Active members:

(1) Death benefit before retirement:

Widow:

20% of average covered monthly salary.

Orphans:

8% of average covered monthly salary to age 18 for each child plus \$20 per month

prorated equally to such children.

(Maximum total orphan benefit \$200 per month.)

(2) Death benefit after retirement:

None (actuarial equivalent of life annuity may be chosen under an option to provide a widow's benefit). However, the widows of those members who retired or separated from the fund with vested benefits prior to January 1, 1965 will receive \$75 per month.

b. Retired member:

None.

4. Other Death Benefit

(lump sum):

None.

5. Termination of Employment Benefit:

Automatic refund without interest if less than 10 years of service. Must be requested if 10 years or more of service - otherwise vested with the benefit at age 55. No refunds after 20 years of service.

6. Contributions:

Member:

7.0% of salary

Employer Regular:

11.2% of salary

Employer Additional:

8.0% of salary

Total

26.2% of salary

B. ASSUMPTIONS IN ACTUARIAL VALUATION

United States Life Tables, 1959-61 1. Mortality:

> (White Males and White Females). These tables were used for both active

> and retired members, and for survivors.

°2. The rates of disability were adapted from Disability:

> experience of the New York State Employees' Retirement System, graduated and extra-

polated as required for this valuation.

3. Withdrawal: A rate of withdrawal of .030 at age 20

decreasing uniformly to zero at age 50

with no withdrawals after that age.

Salaries were assumed to increase 3% Salary Scale:

each year.

5. Retirement Age: The assumed average age at retirement

for this fund was 57.3.

6. Interest: 3 1/2%, compounded annually.

It is felt that these assumptions are appropriate for the valuation of this fund on a realistic basis.

C. RESULTS OF VALUATION

1.	Valuation.		
	Normal Cost of Benefits	\$	539, 991
	Administrative Expense		2,892
	Accrued Liability	12	, 590, 841
2.	Current Deficit from Full Funding.		
	Accrued Liability	•	, 590, 841
	Assets in Fund *		<u>,618,508</u>
	* Unfunded Accrued Liability	\$ 6	, 972, 333
3.	Annual Payment to Achieve Full Funding by 1997.		
	Annual Deposit to Retire Deficit by 1997	\$.	381, 317
	Total Normal Cost		539,991
	Administrative Expense	•	2,892
	Total Annual Payment	\$	924, 200
4.	Minimum Contribution to Prevent Increase in Deficit	•	
	Interest on Deficit at 3.5%	\$	244, 032
۰	Total Normal Cost		539,991
	Administrative Expense		2,892
	Minimum Contribution	\$	786, 915
5.	*Income of Fund during Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	<u> 1969</u> .	
	Members' Contributions	\$	180, 857
	Taxes or Public Funds		521,900
	Other		0
	Total Contributions	\$	702,757
	Investment Income	\$	221,822
6.	*Annual Payroll.		
	Total Payroll as of 6-30-69	\$ 3	, 545, 474

^{*} Data furnished by Association.

D. DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The valuation was made by a method known as the entry age normal cost method. Under this method, the normal cost is determined based on the age at hire of each member. This normal cost is the annual deposit required (using the assumptions outlined in Section B above) to pay for the cost of each member's prospective benefits over a period from his date of hire to his date of retirement. This normal cost is determined as a level percentage of payroll; therefore, future increases in payroll will produce increases in the number of dollars of normal cost.

The elements of normal cost for this plan are:

Type of Benefit	Normal Cos	
Service Retirement Benefit	\$	375,389
*Disability Benefit		79,400
Withdrawal Benefit		1,254
Survivor's Benefit		57,978
Vesting		25,970
Total Normal Cost	\$	539, 991

This total normal cost and the administrative expense equal 15.31% of the total payroll as of June 30, 1969.

When a retirement plan is fully funded, the fund contains an amount equal to the accumulation (under the actuarial assumptions made) of the normal cost for each member from his date of hire to the date of the valuation. This accumulation is called the accrued liability or the required reserve.

The elements of accrued liability for this plan are:

	Type of Benefit	Accr	ued Liability
1.	Active Members		
	Retirement Benefit	\$	8, 296, 051
	Disability Benefit		620,462
	Withdrawal Benefit		5,887
	Survivor's Benefit		403,018
	Vesting		323,861
	Total for Active Members	\$	9,649,279
2.	Inactive Members		
	Retired	\$	2,042,222
	Deferred Retired		251,802
	Widows		359,311
	Orphans		72,358
	Survivor's Benefit	•	215, 869
	Total for Inactive Members	\$	2, 941, 562
	Total Accrued Liability	\$	12, 590, 841

A retirement plan which is fully funded requires future contributions no larger than the sum of the administrative expense and the normal costs for all active members to pay for the prospective benefits (if the assumptions made are realized exactly). To the extent that normal costs and administrative expenses have not been paid in the past, a plan is not fully funded. The amount by which the plan is short of full funding is called the unfunded accrued liability of the fund. In other words, the unfunded accrued liability is the excess of the accrued liability over the actual assets of the fund.

The amount of annual contribution which would be required to pay each year's normal cost, the administrative expenses and eliminate the deficit by 1997 is the "total annual payment" shown in Section C of this report.

The deficit in the fund will increase unless at least 3 1/2% interest on the deficit is paid each year in addition to the normal cost and the administrative expenses. The sum of these three amounts should be regarded as the minimum annual contribution to the fund in order to keep the deficit at its present size. This "minimum contribution" is shown in Section C of this report.

E. ANALYSIS OF CHANGE IN THE UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY

As of 6-30-68

Total Accrued Liability \$ 8,843,554
Assets in Fund 4,927,531
Unfunded Accrued Liability \$ 3,916,023

As of 6-30-69

Total Accrued Liability \$ 12,590,841
Assets in Fund 5,618,508
Unfunded Accrued Liability \$ 6,972,333

Increase in Unfunded Accrued Liability \$ 3,056,310

Increase Due to Improvement in Benefits \$ 4,354,813

Decrease Due to Change in
Assumed Interest Rate \$964,718

Decrease Due to Gain from
Actual Experience 149,707

Decrease Due to Amortization Contribution 184,078 1,298,50

\$ 3,056,310

F. CENSUS OF MEMBERSHIP AND BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 1969

Status	Number	Annual Payroll		
Active Members	427	\$ 3,545,474		
	•			
Status	Number	Annual Benefit		
Service Retirements	74	\$ 198,934.92		
Widow Annuitants	22	27,056.28		
Orphan Annuitants	22	8,640.00		
	,	\$ 234,631.20		
·		Augus 1 Dan efit		
Status	Number	Annual Benefit		
Deferred Annuitants	12	\$ 22,410.60		

G. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERSHIP

Active Members

Number as of 6-30-68	397
Transfer to Actives from Deferred Status	1
New Entrants Total	<u>36</u>
Iotal	434
Deaths	1
Withdrawals with Vested Benefits	2
Withdrawals without Vested Benefits	2
Retired	
Total Terminations	$\frac{2}{7}$
Number as of 6-30-69	427
Service Retirements	
Number as of 6-30-68	69
Newly Retired	2
Transfer from Deferred Status	4
Transfer from Disabled Status	1
. Total	76
Deaths	2
Number as of 6-30-69	74
Disabled Annuitants	
Number as of 6-30-68	1
Newly Disabled	0
Total	<u> </u>
	•
Transfer to Retired Status	1
Number as of 6-30-69	0
Widows Annuitants	
Number as of 6-30-68	18
Newly Widowed	
Total	$\frac{4}{22}$
Widows Remarrying	0
Number as of 6-30-69	22

Orphan Annuitants

Number as of 6-30-68 Newly Orphaned Total	$\frac{16}{\frac{7}{23}}$
Orphans Attaining Age 18	1
Number as of 6-30-69	22
Deferred Annuitants	
Number as of 6-30-68 New Deferred Annuitants Total	15 2 17
Transfer to Retired Status	4
Transfer to Active Status	. 1
Deaths	
Number as of 6-30-69	12

H. AVERAGE AGES AT ENTRY AND RETIREMENT

The average age at which employment commences is as follows:

All Current Members		27.2
New Entrants Fiscal Year	1964-1965	26.0
	1965-1966	27.5
	1966-1967	26.5
	1967-1968	25.9
	1968-1969	26.4
The average age at which servi	ice retirements have taken place	is as
All Current Service Retire	ements	57.3
New Retireds Fiscal Year	1964-1965	58.4
	1965-1966	56.8
	1966-1967	58.9
	1967-1968	60.5
	1968-1969	56.7

I. RESULTS OF VALUATION BASED UPON 3% INTEREST ASSUMPTION

Chapter 289 of the 1969 Minnesota Laws requires that for purposes of comparison a valuation be made using a 3% interest assumption as well as a 3 1/2% interest assumption. The results under the 3% interest assumption are as follows:

1. Valuation.

Normal Cost of Benefits	\$	598, 359
Administration Expense		2, 892
Accrued Liability	13	,555,559

2. Current Deficit from Full Funding.

Accrued Liability	\$13,555,559
Assets in Fund *	<u>5,618,508</u>
Unfunded Accrued Liability	\$ 7,937,051

3. Annual Payment to Achieve Full Funding by 1997.

Annual Deposit to Retire Deficit by 1997	\$	410,663
Total Normal Cost		598, 359
Administrative Expense		2,892
Total Annual Payment	\$1	,011,914

4. Minimum Contribution to Prevent Increase in Deficit.

Interest on Deficit at 3.5%	\$ 238, 112
Total Normal Cost	598, 359
Administrative Expense	2, 892
Minimum Contribution	\$ 839, 363

^{*} Data furnished by Association.

J. CERTIFICATION BY ACTUARY

Name of Association Minnesota Highway Patrol Officers' Retirement Association

We hereby certify that this actuarial survey of the above named Association was made as of June 30, 1969, on the basis of accepted actuarial methods and procedures. The survey was completed in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 359 of Minnesota Laws 1965, Chapter 249 of Minnesota Laws 1967 and Chapter 289 of Minnesota Laws 1969.

Franklin C. Smith

Franklin C. Smith Associate, Society of Actuaries GEORGE V. STENNES & ASSOCIATES

STATE POLICE OFFICERS VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1969

The purpose of this memorandum is to discuss the valuation report of the Minnesota State Police Officers Retirement Association which was submitted to the Commission in accordance with Chapter 249 of Minnesota Laws 1967 and Chapter 289 of Minnesota Laws 1969. The valuation was made on the basis of the entry age normal cost method and assuming 3 1/2% interest. The 1968 valuation was prepared by Rodger R. Patrick of Hewitt Associates, and the current one by our firm.

This memorandum contains the following:

- 1. Statistical and Valuation Data
- 2. Discussion of Valuation Results
- 3. Conclusion

1. Statistical and Valuation Data

Results of the valuation reports as of June 30, 1968 and June 30, 1969 are shown for comparative purposes. Figures are rounded where necessary for simplicity of presentation.

icity of presentation.		
•	As of	As of
Membership	June 30, 1968	June 30, 1969
Andrew de la constant		
Active Members	169	184
Retired Members	41	39
Disabled Members	1	0
Widows of Deceased Members	25	27
Children of Deceased Members	10	10
Deferred Annuitants	4	4
Payroll and Annuities Payable	(Thousand	s of Dollars)
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,487	\$ 1,716
Annuities (Annual)	134	129
Valuation Balance Sheet	(Thousan	ds of Dollars)
Accrued Liability	\$ 4,050	\$ 5,318
Assets	1,604	1,885
Unfunded Accrued Liability		
(Deficit)	\$ 2,446	\$ 3,433
Funding Ratio		
(Assets/Accrued Liability)	39.6%	35.4%
	Retired Members Disabled Members Widows of Deceased Members Children of Deceased Members Deferred Annuitants Payroll and Annuities Payable Covered Payroll Annuities (Annual) Valuation Balance Sheet Accrued Liability Assets Unfunded Accrued Liability (Deficit)	As of Membership Active Members Retired Members Disabled Members Widows of Deceased Members Children of Deceased Members Deferred Annuitants 4 Payroll and Annuities Payable Covered Payroll Annuities (Annual) Valuation Balance Sheet Accrued Liability Assets Unfunded Accrued Liability (Deficit) As of June 30, 1968 Item 30, 1968

As of As of June 30, 1969

(4) Normal Costs and Funding Costs

		Percent of Payroll	Percent of Payroll
	Normal Cost Expenses	$\frac{11.7\%}{0.2}$ $\frac{0.2}{11.9\%}$	$\frac{13.06\%}{0.46}$ $\frac{0.46}{13.52\%}$
	Normal Cost Plus Expenses Interest on Deficit Minimum Contribution	$\frac{11.9\%}{4.8}$ $\frac{4.8}{16.7\%}$	$\frac{13.52\%}{7.00}$ 20.52%
	Normal Cost Plus Expenses Amortization by 1997 Required Contribution	$\frac{11.9\%}{8.3}$ 20.2%	13.52% 10.94 24.46%
(5)	Statutory Contributions		
	Employee Employer Regular Employer Additional Total	6.0% 9.0 <u>6.5</u> 21.5%	7.0% 11.2 8.0 $26.2%$
(6)	Estimated Investment Yield*	3.99%	3.96%

^{*}Ratio of reported investment income to estimated mean assets for fiscal year.

2. Discussion of Valuation Results

Important changes were made by the 1969 Legislature. The State Police Officers Retirement System was merged with the Highway Patrol System with the same benefit formula applicable to all participants. Although the State Police Officers plan already provided a percentage of average salary as a benefit, the change produced an improvement in the percentage.

At the same time, the new legislation changed the assumed interest rate from 3% to $3 \frac{1}{2}\%$.

The above changes produced an increase of \$987, 239 in the unfunded accrued liability. This may be broken down as follows:

Increases:		
From Improvement in Benefits	\$ 1,986,012	
From Change in Valuation Age	245, 391	
Total Increases		\$ 2,231,403
Decreases:		
From Actuarial Gains and		
Changes in Methods	\$ 782,227	
From Amortization Contribution	123, 145	
From Change in Assumed		
Interest Rate	338, 792	
Total Decreases		1, 244, 164
Net Increase		\$ 987, 239

The first decrease item of \$782,227 results from interest earnings of 3.96% compared with an assumed rate of 3%, from terminations and retired deaths in excess of the number assumed, and from a difference in the assumptions and methods used to calculate the cost of the disability and survivors benefits on the two valuation dates.

For purposes of comparison, the 1969 results on a 3% interest assumption are given below:

Accrued Liability	\$ 5,657	Normal Cost	14.27%
Assets	1,885	Expenses	0.46
Unfunded Accrued Liab	ility \$ 3,772		14.73%
		Amortization by	
Funding Ratio	33.3%	1997	11.37
5			26.10%

3. Conclusion

The Valuation Report complies with the requirements of the various statutes and indicates that the current statutory contribution is somewhat in excess of the required amount.

Franklin C. Smith
Associate, Society of Actuaries
GEORGE V. STENNES AND ASSOCIATES
Commission Actuaries

INTRODUCTION

Name of Association: Minnesota State Police Officers' Retirement Association

In accordance with Chapter 359 of the 1965 Minnesota Laws, Chapter 249 of the 1967 Minnesota Laws, and Chapter 289 of the 1969 Minnesota Laws, an actuarial survey as of June 30, 1969 has been made of this retirement association. The valuation covers the membership of the fund as shown in the census of members and survivors of deceased members, which is included in this report. The details of the benefits under the plan, assets in the fund, income of the fund, and membership data were furnished by the Association.

This report covers the following items:

- A. Benefits of the Plan and Contributions.
- B. Assumptions in Actuarial Valuation.
- C. Results of Valuation.
- D. Discussion of Results.
- E. Analysis of Change in the Unfunded Accrued Liability.
- F. Census of Membership and Benefits as of June 30, 1969.
- G. Analysis of Changes in Membership.
- H. Average Ages at Entry and Retirement.
- I. Results of Valuation Based upon 3% Interest Assumption.
- J. Certification by Actuary.

MINNESOTA STATE POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT FUND

A. BENEFITS OF PLAN AND CONTRIBUTIONS

This plan provides the following major benefits:

1. Retirement Benefit.

- a. Requirements for retirement:
 - (1) Age 55 and 10 years of service required for full service benefit.
 - (2) 10 years of service required for vesting of deferred annuity benefit with payments to start at age 55.
- b. Monthly annuity:

2 1/2% of average covered monthly salary for each year up to and including 20 years; 2% for each year of service in excess of 20.

2. Disability Benefit.

a. Requirements:

In Line of Duty:

None.

Not in Line of Duty:

5 years of service and age less than 55.

b. Monthly Annuity:

In Line of Duty:

50% of average covered monthly salary

plus 2% for each year of service in

excess of 20.

Not in Line of Duty:

2 1/2% of average covered monthly salary for each year up to and including 20 years plus 2% for each year in excess of 20;

a minimum of 25%.

3. Widow's and Orphan's Benefits.

- a. Active members:
 - (1) Death benefit before retirement:

Widow:

20% of average covered monthly salary.

Orphans:

8% of average covered monthly salary to age 18 for each child plus \$20 per month

prorated equally to such children.

(Maximum total orphan benefit \$200 per month.)

(2) Death benefit after retirement:

None (actuarial equivalent of life annuity may be chosen under an option to provide a widow's benefit).

b. Retired member:

None.

4. Other Death Benefit

(lump sum):

None.

5. Termination of Employment Benefit:

Automatic refund without interest if less than 10 years of service. Must be requested if 10 years or more of service - otherwise vested with the benefit at age 55. No refunds after 20 years of service.

6. Contributions:

Member:

7.0% of salary

Employer Regular:

11.2% of salary

Employer Additional:

8.0% of salary

Total

26.2% of salary

B. ASSUMPTIONS IN ACTUARIAL VALUATION

1. Mortality:

United States Life Tables, 1959-61 (White Males and White Females). These tables were used for both active and retired members, and for survivors.

2. Disability:

The rates of disability were adapted from experience of the New York State Employees' Retirement System, graduated and extrapolated as required for this valuation.

3. Withdrawal:

A rate of withdrawal of .030 at age 20 decreasing uniformly to zero at age 50 with no withdrawals after that age.

4. Salary Scale:

Salaries were assumed to increase 3%

each year.

5. Retirement Age:

The assumed average age at retirement

for this fund was 62.5.

6. Interest:

3 1/2%, compounded annually.

It is felt that these assumptions are appropriate for the valuation of this fund on a realistic basis.

C. RESULTS OF VALUATION

l.	Valuation.		
	Normal Cost of Benefits	\$	224, 119
	Administrative Expense	•	7,906
	Accrued Liability	5	, 317, 712
2.	Current Deficit from Full Funding.		0
	Accrued Liability	\$ 5	, 317, 712
	Assets in Fund *	1	, 884, 645
	Unfunded Accrued Liability		, 433, 067
3.	Annual Payment to Achieve Full Funding by 1997.		
	Annual Deposit to Retire Deficit by 1997	\$	187,754
	Total Normal Cost		224, 119
	Administrative Expense		7,906
	Total Annual Payment	\$	419,779
4.	Minimum Contribution to Prevent Increase in Deficit.		
	Interest on Deficit at 3.5%	\$	120, 157
	Total Normal Cost	•	224, 119
	Administrative Expense		7,906
	Minimum Contribution	\$	352, 182
5.	*Income of Fund during Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1969	<u>9</u> . ·	
	Members' Contributions	\$	102, 949
	Taxes or Public Funds	7	265,441
	Other		0
	Total Contributions	\$	368, 390
	Investment Income	\$	67,791
6.	*Annual Payroll.		
	Total Payroll as of 6-30-69	\$ 1	,715,810

^{*} Data furnished by Association.

D. <u>DISCUSSION OF RESULTS</u>

The valuation was made by a method known as the entry age normal cost method. Under this method, the normal cost is determined based on the age at hire of each member. This normal cost is the annual deposit required (using the assumptions outlined in Section B above) to pay for the cost of each member's prospective benefits over a period from his date of hire to his date of retirement. This normal cost is determined as a level percentage of payroll; therefore, future increases in payroll will produce increases in the number of dollars of normal cost.

The elements of normal cost for this plan are:

Type of Benefit	Normal Cost
Service Retirement Benefit	\$ 150,925
Disability Benefit	34, 272
Withdrawal Benefit	440
Survivor's Benefit	32,538
Vesting	5,944
Total Normal Cost	\$ 224, 119

This total normal cost and the administrative expense equal 13.52% of the total payroll as of June 30, 1969.

When a retirement plan is fully funded, the fund contains an amount equal to the accumulation (under the actuarial assumptions made) of the normal cost for each member from his date of hire to the date of the valuation. This accumulation is called the accrued liability or the required reserve.

The elements of accrued liability for this plan are:

•	Type of Benefit	Accrued Liability
1.	Active Members	
	Retirement Benefit	\$ 3,543,548
	Disability Benefit	247, 447
	Withdrawal Benefit	2, 005
	Survivor's Benefit	322,007
	Vesting	48,841
	Total for Active Members	\$ 4, 163, 848
2.	Inactive Members	
	Retired	\$ 702,995
	Deferred Retired	73, 296
	Widows	278,778
	Orphans	23, 235
	Survivor's Benefit	75,560
	Total for Inactive Members	\$ 1, 153, 864
	Total Accrued Liability	\$ 5, 317, 712

- 6 -

A retirement plan which is fully funded requires future contributions no larger than the sum of the administrative expense and the normal costs for all active members to pay for the prospective benefits (if the assumptions made are realized exactly). To the extent that normal costs and administrative expenses have not been paid in the past, a plan is not fully funded. The amount by which the plan is short of full funding is called the unfunded accrued liability of the fund. In other words, the unfunded accrued liability is the excess of the accrued liability over the actual assets of the fund.

The amount of annual contribution which would be required to pay each year's normal cost, the administrative expenses and eliminate the deficit by 1997 is the "total annual payment" shown in Section C of this report.

The deficit in the fund will increase unless at least 3 1/2% interest on the deficit is paid each year in addition to the normal cost and the administrative expenses. The sum of these three amounts should be regarded as the minimum annual contribution to the fund in order to keep the deficit at its present size. This "minimum contribution" is shown in Section C of this report.

E. ANALYSIS OF CHANGE IN THE UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY

As of 6-30-68

Total Accrued Liability \$4,049,939
Assets in Fund 1,604,111
Unfunded Accrued Liability \$2,445,828

As of 6-30-69

Total Accrued Liability \$ 5,317,712
Assets in Fund 1,884,645
Unfunded Accrued Liability 3,433,067

Increase in Unfunded Accrued Liability \$ 987,239

Increases:

From Improvement in Benefits \$ 1,986,012
From Change in Valuation Age 245,391
\$ 2,231,403

Decreases:

From Change in Assumed
Interest Rate \$ 338,792
From Actuarial Gains and
Change in Methods 782,227
From Amortization Contribution 123,145
1,244,164

, <u>244, 164</u> \$ 987, 239

F. CENSUS OF MEMBERSHIP AND BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 1969

Status	Number	Annual Payroll
Active Members	184	\$ 1,715,810
		•
Status	Number	Annual Benefit
Service Retirements	39	\$ 95,675.40
Widow Annuitants	27	26, 275. 56
Orphan Annuitants	10	7,320.00
		\$ 129,270.96
Status	Number	Annual Benefit
Deferred Annuitants	4	\$ 4,961.44

G. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERSHIP

Active Members Number as of 6-30-68 169 New Entrants Total Deaths 0 Withdrawals without Vested Benefits 8 Retired Total Terminations Number as of 6-30-69 184 Service Retirements Number as of 6-30-68 41 Newly Retired 1 Transfer from Disabled Status 1 Total Deaths Number as of 6-30-69 39 Disabled Annuitants Number as of 6-30-68 1 Newly Disabled Total Transfer to Retired Status 1 Number as of 6-30-69 0 Widows Annuitants Number as of 6-30-68 25 Newly Widowed Total Widows Remarrying Number as of 6-30-69 27

Orphan Annuitants

Number as of 6-30-68 Newly Orphaned		$\frac{10}{\frac{0}{10}}$
Total		10
Orphans Attaining Age 18		0
Number as of 6-30-69		10
Deferred Annuitants		
Number as of 6-30-68		4
New Deferred Annuitants Total		$\frac{0}{4}$
Transfer to Retired Status	•	0
Deaths		_0
Number as of 6-30-69		4

H. AVERAGE AGES AT ENTRY AND RETIREMENT

The average age at which employment commences is as follows:

All Current Men	nbers	31.6
New Entrants Fi	scal Year 1964-1965	27.4
•	1965-1966	29.9
	1966-1967	38.0
	1967-1968	NA
	1968-1969	33.0

The average age at which service retirements have taken place is as follows:

All Current Service	ce Retirements	66.8
New Retireds Fisc	cal Year 1964-1965	66.0
	1965-1966	67.5
	1966-1967	66.0
	1967-1968	69.0
	1968-1969	65.0

I. RESULTS OF VALUATION BASED UPON 3% INTEREST ASSUMPTION

Chapter 289 of the 1969 Minnesota Laws requires that for purposes of comparison a valuation be made using a 3% interest assumption as well as a 3 1/2% interest assumption. The results under the 3% interest assumption are as follows:

1. Valuation.

Normal Cost of Benefits	\$	244, 853
Administration Expense		7,906
Accrued Liability	5	,656,504

2. Current Deficit from Full Funding.

Accrued Liability		\$ 5,656,504
Assets in Fund *	•	1,884,645
Unfunded Accrued Liability		\$ 3,771,859

3. Annual Payment to Achieve Full Funding by 1997.

Annual Deposit to Retire Deficit by 1997	\$ 195, 155
Total Normal Cost	244,853
Administrative Expense	7, 906
Total Annual Payment	\$ 447,914

4. Minimum Contribution to Prevent Increase in Deficit.

Interest on Deficit at 3.0%		\$ 113, 156
Total Normal Cost	•	244, 853
Administrative Expense		7,906
Minimum Contribution		\$ 365, 915

^{*} Data furnished by Association.

J. CERTIFICATION BY ACTUARY

Name of Association: Minnesota State Police Officers' Retirement Association

We hereby certify that this actuarial survey of the above named Association was made as of June 30, 1969, on the basis of accepted actuarial methods and procedures. The survey was completed in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 359 of Minnesota Laws 1965, Chapter 249 of Minnesota Laws 1967 and Chapter 289 of Minnesota Laws 1969.

Franklin C. Smith

Associate, Society of Actuaries

Franklin C. Smith

GEORGE V. STENNES AND ASSOCIATES

HIGHWAY PATROLMEN VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 1969

The purpose of this memorandum is to discuss the valuation report of the Minnesota Highway Patrol Officers Retirement Association which was submitted to the Commission in accordance with Chapter 249 of Minnesota Laws 1967 and Chapter 289 of Minnesota Laws 1969. The valuation was made by our office using the entry age normal cost method and assuming 3 1/2% interest.

This memorandum contains the following:

- Statistical and Valuation Data;
- 2. Discussion of Valuation Results;
- Conclusion. 3.

Statistical and Valuation Data

Results of the valuation reports as of June 30, 1968 and June 30, 1969 are shown for comparative purposes. Figures are rounded where necessary for simplicity of presentation.

(1)	Membership	June 30,	1968 Ju	ne 30, 1969
	Active Members Deferred Annuitants Retired Members Disabled Members Widows of Deceased Members Children of Deceased Members	397 15 69 1 ers 18		427 12 74 0 22
(2)	Payroll and Annuities P	ayable	(Thousands	of Dollars)
	Total Payroll (no limit Covered Payroll (\$6,000 limit in 1968) Annuities (annual)	2,3		\$3,545 3,545 235
(3)	Valuation Balance Sheet	,	(Thousands	of Dollars)
	Accrued Liability Assets Unfunded Accrued Liability (Deficit)	\$8,89 4,92 \$3,93	28	\$12,591 5,619 \$ 6,972
	Funding Ratio (Assets/ Accrued Liability)	55	. 7%	44.6%

(4) Normal Cost and Funding Costs

			30, 1968 Payroll	30, 1969 Payroll
	Normal Cost Administrative Expense Normal Cost Plus Expense	e	16.8% 0.2 17.0%	15.23% 0.08 15.31%
	Normal Cost Plus Expense Interest on Deficit Total (Min. Contribution		17.0% 4.9 21.9%	15.31% 6.88 22.19%
	Normal Cost Plus Expense Amortization by 1997 Total (Required Cont.)	e	17.0% 8.3 25.3%	15.31% 10.75 26.06%
(5)	Statutory Contributions			
	Employee Employer Regular Employer Additional Total Contributions		7.0% 11.2 9.0 27.2%	7.0% 11.2 8.0 26.2%
(6)	Investment Yield *		4.2%	4.3%

^{*} Ratio of reported investment income to mean reported assets.

2. Discussion of Valuation Results

The figures given above for 1968 and 1969 are almost impossible to compare. The 1969 Legislature changed the benefit structure from a flat number of dollars related to a \$6,000 annual salary to a percentage of average salary formula without any ceiling on covered salary.

With the new type of benefit formula, we felt that it was appropriate to introduce an assumption as to future increases in salary and to determine normal cost as a level percentage of a payroll assumed to increase in a like manner.

At the same time, the new legislation changed the assumed interest rate from 3% to 3 1/2%.

The above changes have combined to produce an increase of \$3,056,310 in the unfunded accrued liability. This may be broken down as follows:

Increases:

From Improvement in Benefits

\$4,354,813

Decreases:

From Actuarial Gains	\$149,707
From Amortization	
Contribution	184,078
From Change in Assumed	
Interest Rate	964,718

Total Decreases 1,298,503

Net Increase \$3,056,310

Most of the actuarial gain arose from investment earnings of 4.3% compared with an assumed rate of 3%. In future years, this margin will be narrowed by 0.5%, and the opportunity for excess interest on the reserves for retired lives will be lost.

For purposes of comparison, the 1969 results on a 3% interest assumption are given below:

Accrued Liability	\$13,556
Assets	5,619
Unfunded Accrued Liability	\$ 7,937
Normal Cost	16.88%
Expenses	0.08
Amortization by 1997	16.96% 11.58 28.54%

3. Conclusion

In our opinion, the statutory contributions for this plan are sufficient to pay the normal cost each year and to retire the deficit by 1997. This opinion is based upon cost figures obtained by the entry age normal cost method and upon our valuation assumptions and the benefits provided by the plan as of June 30, 1969.

Franklin C. Smith
Associate, Society of Actuaries
GEORGE V. STENNES AND ASSOCIATES
Commission Actuaries