The Report of the
GAIN/LOSS ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE
During calendar 1982
West St. Paul Firefighter's Relief Association
West St. Paul, Minnesota

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GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY ACTUARIES & CONSULTANTS

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April 15, 1983

Board of Trustees

West St. Paul Firefighter's Relief Association

West St. Paul, Minnesota

<u>Submitted in this report</u> are the results of the 1982 <u>gain/loss analysis</u> of the financial experiences of the West St. Paul Firefighters Relief Association.

The <u>composite results</u> of this study are reported on Schedule 1, and comments regarding the results are on page 12.

The gain/loss analysis was based upon statistical data furnished by the Association regarding active and retired member changes and related financial transactions.

The actuarial assumptions used for regular valuation purposes and which produce "expected" experience data are shown in the appendix of this report. A brief summary of the Association's benefits is also included in the appendix.

Respectfully submitted,

sam ch

Gary

Robert M. O'Keefe

PURPOSE OF GAIN/LOSS ANALYSIS

Actual financial experience will not coincide exactly with assumed financial experience—differences are to be expected since the future cannot be predicted with absolute precision. The changes in computed liabilities resulting from differences between actual and assumed experiences are called <u>actuarial gains</u>, if the experience was financially favorable and <u>actuarial losses</u>, if the experience was financially unfavorable. Actuarial gains result in decreases in contribution rates and actuarial losses result in increases.

Regular actuarial valuations provide information about aggregate computed liabilities. However, regular valuations do not develop the information needed to explain the year to year changes in computed liabilities attributable to each activity within the retirement system financial mechanism. The purpose of a gain/loss analysis is to determine the change in computed liabilities and contribution rates attributable to variations between actual and assumed experience.

Once a difference between actual and assumed experience in a risk area has been observed to be sizeable and persistent, the assumed experience should be changed to reflect the observed reality. However, gains and losses over a relatively short period of time may not be indicative of long term trends which provide the basis for selection of actuarial assumptions.

Age & Service Retirement.

If members retire at older ages than assumed, there is a gain. If retirements occur at younger ages than assumed there is a loss.

Disability & Death-in-Service.

If casualty claims are less than assumed, there is a gain. If there are more casualty losses than assumed, there is a loss.

Withdrawal.

If more liabilities are released by withdrawal than assumed, there is a gain.

If there are fewer withdrawals than assumed, there is a loss.

Salary Increases.

If there are smaller salary increases than assumed, there is a gain.

If salary increases are greater than assumed, there is a loss.

Investment Income.

If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain.

If investment income is less than assumed, there is a loss.

Post Retirement Mortality.

If benefit recipients die at younger ages than assumed, there is a gain. If they live longer than assumed, there is a loss.

Contribution.

Gains or losses arise due to the delay in implementing changes in the recommended contribution.

Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous gains and losses include changes due to data adjustments, rounding and changes in the average age and service characteristics of the group.

West St. Paul Firefighter's Relief Association

Schedule 1.

Gains & Losses in Accrued Liabilities and Changes in Contribution Requirements During Calendar 1982

Type of Activity	(Gain Active Members	d Liabilities) or Loss * Retirants & Beneficiaries in 1,000)	Contribution Requirements (Gain) or Loss * Normal Cost \$ Payment % of Payroll on UAL (\$ in 1,000)		
Age & Service Retirements	\$(10)	\$N/A	(0.03)%	\$(0.67)	
Disability & Death-in-Service					
a. <u>Disability</u>	(3)	N/A	(0.01)	(0.20)	
b. <u>Death-in Service</u>	(7)	N/A	0.00	(0.46)	
Withdrawal	10	N/A	0.00	0.67	
Salary Increases	43	40	N/A	5.53	
Investment Income	(11)	(138)	N/A	(9.93)	
Post Retirement Mortality	N/A	(53)	N/A	(3.53)	
Contribution	(19)	, 0	N/A	(1.27)	
Miscellaneous	(3)	_(3)	0.00	(0.40)	
EXPERIENCE RELATED (GAIN)/LOSS & CORRESPONDING CHANGE IN CONTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS	\$ 0	\$(154)	(0.04)%	\$(10.26)	
Changes due to plan amendments	0	33	0.00	2.20	
TOTAL (GAIN)/LOSS DURING YEAR	\$ 0	\$(121)	(0.04)%	\$ (8.06)	

^{*} Accrued liabilities and contribution requirements are affected by gains and losses. Gains result in reductions in both and losses result in increases in both.

Schedule 2.

Gains & Losses in Accrued Liabilities From January 1, 1979 thru December 31, 1981

Type of Activity	Accrue (Gai Active Members	9 - 12/31/79 d Liabilities n) or Loss Retirants & Beneficiaries in 1,000)	Accrued (Gair Active Members	0 - 12/31/80 d Liabilities n) or Loss Retirants & Beneficiaries in 1,000)	1/1/81 - 12/31/81 Accrued Liabilities (Gain) or Loss Active Retirants & Members Beneficiaries (\$ in 1,000)		
Age & Service Retirements	15	N/A	0	N/A	(9)	N/A	
Disability & Death-in-Service							
a. <u>Disability</u>	(4)	N/A	(4)	N/A	(3)	N/A	
b. <u>Death-in Service</u>	(13)	N/A	(16)	N/A	(7)	N/A	
Withdrawal_	6	N/A	6	N/A	(13)	N/A	
Salary Increases	153	118	78	74	88	78	
Investment Income	*N.C.	*N.C.	(7)	(46)	(18)	(135)	
Post Retirement Mortality	N/A	5	N/A	10	N/A	8	
Contribution	*N.C.	*N.C.	5	5	1	44	
Miscellaneous	(24)	(18)		<u>6</u>	(82)	0	
EXPERIENCE RELATED (GAIN)/LOSS	\$133	\$105	\$ 69	\$ 49	\$(43)	\$ (5)	
Method Change for Casualty Cost			128				
Changes Due to Plan Amendments	0	0	58	0	_0	0	
TOTAL (GAIN)/LOSS DURING PREVIOUS 3 YEAR PERIOD	\$133	\$105	\$255	\$ <u>49</u>	\$(43)	\$_(5)	

Age Group Beg. Year	No.	Beginning Salary	Ending Salary	% Increase In Salary
25-29 30-34 35-39	1 2 8	\$ 24,864 49,728 198,912	\$ 26,352 52,704 210,816	6.0% 6.0 6.0
40-44 45-49 50-54	2 3 1	49,728 74,592 24,864	52,704 79,056 26,352	6.0 6.0 6.0
60-64	_1	24,864	26,352	6.0
TOTALS	18	\$447,552	\$474,336	6.0%

Employees Active at Either Beginning or End of 1982

Years Service	Beginning _of Year_	End of Year
1 2 3 4	1 1	1
5 or more	15	16

Average Age: 41.7 years.

Average Service: 14.3 years.

West St. Paul Firefighter's Relief Association

Schedule 4.

Comparative Schedule

Of Active Members

Valuation Date		Valuation		Averag	e	
December 31	Active Members	Payroll	Age	Service	Pay	% Incr.
1978	19	\$339,948	40.3 yrs.	12.2 yrs.	\$17,892	- %
1979	19	393,984	39.7	12.0	20,736	16
1980	19	431,376	39.2	11.8	22,704	9
1981	18	447,552	40.7	13.3	24,864	10
1982	18	474,336	41.7	14.3	26,352	6

Separations From Active Service Due to Withdrawal During Four Year Period Ended December 31, 1982

Age at Termination	Actual	1979 Expected	Actua	1980 Actual Expected A		1981 Actual Expected		1982 Actual Expected	
25-29		*		*		*		*	
30-34		0.1		0.1	1.	0.1		*	
35-39		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1	
40-44		*		*		*		*	
45-49				*		*		*	
50-54		-				*		*	
Totals	0	0.2	0	0.2	1	0.2	0	0.2	

Total actual during four year period $\underline{1}$ Total expected during four year period $\underline{0.8}$

Years Service at Termination	1979 Actual Expected			1980 Expected		981 Expected	1982 Actual Expected		
2 3 4					1			*	
5 or more		0.2		0.2		0.2	recognition.	0.1	
Totals	0	0.2	0	0.2	1	0.2	0	0.2	

^{*} Less than 0.1%

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Schedule 6.

Separations From Active Service Due to Death and Disability

During Four Year Period Ended December 31, 1982

Death Separations

Age at Time of Death		1979 Expected	Actual	1980 Expected	1981 al Expected	1982 Actual Expected			
25-29		*		*		*		*	
30-34	4.6	0.1		0.1		*		*	
35-39		*		*		*		*	
40-44		*		*				*	
45-49				*		*		*	
50-54				-		*	-	*	
Totals	0	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	

Total actual during four year period $\underline{0}$ Total expected during four year period $\underline{0.4}$

Disability Separations

Age at Time of Disability	Actua	1979 Expected	Actua	1980 1 Expected	Actual	1981 Expected	1982 Actual Expected		
25-29		*		*		*		*	
30-34		*		*		*		*	
35-39		*		*		*		*	
40-44		*		*				*	
45-49				*		*		*	
50-54						*		*	
	-	-			Q-saline		-		
Totals	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	

Total actual during four year period 0.0 Total expected during four year period 0.0

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Schedule 7.

Separations From Active Service For Age & Service Retirement

Age at Termination	Actual	1979 Expected	Actual	1980 Expected	Actual	1981 Expected	Actual	1982 Expected
56 58 59	1			1.0		1.0		
60 61	_	1.0	_1	1.0				1.0
TOTALS	1	1.0	1	2.0	0	1.0	0	1.0

Average age at retirement during period examined was 58.5 years.

Average service at retirement during period examined was 22.6 years.

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Schedule 8.

Death After Retirement (Disability and Service Retirants)

Age at Death	1979 Actual Expected		Actual	1980 Actual Expected		1981 Expected	1982 Actual Expected		
55-59		0.0604		0.0654		0.0712	1	0.0379	
60-64	-	0.0237	-	0.0496	-	0.0538		0.0800	
TOTALS	0	0.0841	0	0.1150	0	0.1250	1	0.1179	

Total actual during four year period $\underline{1}$

Total expected during four year period 0.4420

COMMENTS

Economic Assumptions and Financing Method

The economic assumptions of 5% annual investment return and 3 1/2% annual salary increases are established by state law. State law also specifies that the annual minimum obligation of the municipality shall be determined by adding (i) the employer normal cost percent times covered payroll to (ii) the <u>level dollar</u> amount required to amortize the unfunded accrued liability by December 31, 2010.

Over the past few years, both the actual rates of salary increase and investment return have generally exceeded the assumed rates, resulting in increases in the dollar amount of unfunded accrued liabilities. If the financial experiences of recent years persist, and the economic assumptions and financing method are not changed, it is reasonable to expect that unfunded accrued liabilities will increase in actual dollar amount for a number of years. This is true even though a level dollar amortization schedule is being followed. Accordingly, it is reasonable to expect that under the described conditions the actual dollar contributions required to make amortization payments will increase for a number of years. On the other hand, if inflation subsides and actual economic activity approaches assumed experience, it is reasonable to expect the dollar amount of the contribution to amortize the unfunded accrued liability to remain relatively constant. The notion that amortization dollar amounts may be increasing is not necessarily cause for alarm. adjusted for changes in purchasing power, any future increases in the dollar contributions may or may not reflect increases in terms of real dollars (inflation adjusted dollars).

It is also worth noting that when the same assumptions and methods are applied to plans which differ in nature, the valuation results may not be comparable (for example, it is currently not valid to compare valuation results for a plan having full escalation to valuation results for a plan having a 3 1/2% cap on escalation.) Caution should be exercised when attempting to assess the financial condition of one Association relative to another on the basis of valuation results produced using the assumptions and methods mandated by state law.



West St. Paul Firefighter's Relief Association Valuation Methods and Assumptions

The Entry Age Normal Cost method was used to determine the normal cost of all benefits.

The rate of investment return (interest) used in making the valuation was 5.0 percent per annum, compounded annually. State law requires use of this assumption.

The mortality table used was the United States Life Table, 1959-61, White Males and White Females.

Single Life Values:

Pre	Present Value of \$1 Monthly				
Level Increasing		asing	Future Life		
For	For Life		Yearly	Expectancy (Years)	
Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
\$169.61	\$186.84	\$263.23	\$304.86	27.33	32.52
154.85	174.20	229.51	270.80	23.22	28.08
139.29	159.62	197.24	236.11	19.45	23.81
122.79	142.73	166.26	200.76	16.01	19.69
106.31	124.22	137.82	166.16	12.97	15.88
89.86	104.31	111.71	132.82	10.29	12.38
73.39	83.92	87.66	101.94	7.92	9.28
57.54	64.24	66.29	74.77	5.89	6.67
	Le For Men \$169.61 154.85 139.29 122.79 106.31 89.86 73.39	Level For Life Men Women \$169.61 \$186.84 154.85 174.20 139.29 159.62 122.79 142.73 106.31 124.22 89.86 104.31 73.39 83.92	Level Increase For Life 3.5% Men Women Men \$169.61 \$186.84 \$263.23 154.85 174.20 229.51 139.29 159.62 197.24 122.79 142.73 166.26 106.31 124.22 137.82 89.86 104.31 111.71 73.39 83.92 87.66	For Life 3.5% Yearly Men Women Men Women \$169.61 \$186.84 \$263.23 \$304.86 154.85 174.20 229.51 270.80 139.29 159.62 197.24 236.11 122.79 142.73 166.26 200.76 106.31 124.22 137.82 166.16 89.86 104.31 111.71 132.82 73.39 83.92 87.66 101.94	Level For Life Increasing 3.5% Yearly Future Expectance Men Women Men Women Men \$169.61 \$186.84 \$263.23 \$304.86 27.33 \$154.85 \$174.20 \$29.51 \$270.80 23.22 \$139.29 \$159.62 \$197.24 \$236.11 \$19.45 \$122.79 \$142.73 \$166.26 \$200.76 \$16.01 \$106.31 \$124.22 \$137.82 \$166.16 \$12.97 \$89.86 \$104.31 \$111.71 \$132.82 \$10.29 \$73.39 \$83.92 \$7.66 \$101.94 \$7.92

Age & service retirement was assumed to occur at age 58, or attained age if older.

Sample Rates of Separation From Active Employment Before Retirement, Death or Disability

Sample	% of Active Members
Ages	Separating Within Next Year
20	3.00%
25	2.50
30	2.00
35	1.50
40	1.00
45	0.50
50+	0.00

Sample Ages	Present Pay Resulting in Pay of \$1,000 at Age 60	Percent Increase in Pay During Next Year
20	\$ 253	3.5%
25	300	3.5
30	356	3.5
35	423	3.5
40	503	3.5
45	597	3.5
50	709	3.5
55	842	3.5
60	1,000	3.5

Use of the pay adjustment factor illustrated above is required by state law.

<u>Disability retirements</u> were assumed to occur as indicated below:

Sample Ages	Members Becoming ithin Next Year
20 25 30 35 40	0.08% 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.20
45 50 55	0.26 0.49 0.89

Age & Service Retirement

Eligibility. 20 years of service and 55 years of age.

Amount. For first 20 years of service, 40% of base pay. For years 21 thru 30 an additional 1% of base pay is added for each year with the exception of the 25th year for which 3% is added. Maximum benefit for 30 or more years of service is 52% of base pay.

Pay Used For Plan Purposes. "Base pay" means salary of first grade fireman.

Disability Retirement

<u>Eligibility</u>. Permanently disabled to the extent that no longer able to perform the duties of a fireman before being eligible for age & service retirement.

Amount. 40% of base pay. Benefit will be reduced by the amount that income from gainful employment plus the benefit exceed 120% of base pay.

Member's Death While Active, Or In Deferred Status, Or Retired

Eligibility.

Spouse. Legally married to member at least 3 years before separation from service and residing with member at time of death.

Child. Younger than age 18.

Amount.

Spouse. 30% of base pay.

<u>Child.</u> 5% of base pay per child. Children's maximum is 10% of base pay if spouse is receiving or 40% if no spouse is receiving.

<u>Vested Deferred</u>. 20 years of service and separated before age 55. Benefit for service up to 20 years is 1/2% of base pay for each year before October 1965 plus 2% of base pay for each year after October 1965. For service in excess of 20 years an additional 1% per year is added up to a maximum of 52% of base pay.

<u>Post Retirement Adjustments ("Escalator")</u>. Each time base pay is changed, payments to all benefit recipients are simultaneously changed by the same percent that base pay is changed.

Member Contributions. 8% of base pay. Total member contributions are refundable, without interest, if no monthly benefit is payable upon separation from service.