

Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association



Annual Actuarial Valuation

December 31, 1990

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645 State Office Building
Saint Paul, Mignesota 55155

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company
Actuaries and Consultants

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May 16, 1991

Board of Trustees Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association Albert Lea, Minnesota

Submitted in this report are the results of the December 31, 1990 actuarial valuation of the assets, actuarial values and contribution requirements associated with the benefits provided by the Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association.

The valuation results contained in Section A provide the actuarial information needed to determine the employer's "minimum obligation" effective January 1, 1992. Section A also contains comments regarding the valuation results.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Association concerning benefits, financial transactions, active members, terminated members, retirants and beneficiaries. Data was checked for year to year consistency but was not otherwise audited by us. This information is summarized in Section B.

A description of the actuarial funding method and the risk experience assumptions used is contained in Section C. The economic risk experience assumptions, as well as the actuarial funding method to be used, are established by state law.

Information needed to comply with Statement No. 5 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board is contained in Section D.

The actuarial valuation was prepared using generally accepted actuarial principles and practices based upon the methods, assumptions, summary of plan provisions and the member and financial data described in this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Daniel Petersen Hary & Findlay

Daniel Petersen Gary W. Findlay

Section A Valuation Results

COMMENTS

Economic Assumptions and Financing Method

The economic assumptions of 5% annual investment return and 3-1/2% annual salary increases are established by state law. State law also specifies that the annual minimum obligation of the municipality shall be determined by adding (i) the employer normal cost percent times covered payroll to (ii) the level dollar amount required to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability by December 31, 2010.

It is worth noting that when the same assumptions and methods are applied to plans which differ in nature, the valuation results may not be comparable. Caution should be exercised when attempting to assess the financial condition of one Association relative to another on the basis of valuation results produced using the assumptions and methods mandated by state law.

Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association

CONTRIBUTION RATE TO PROVIDE BENEFITS

Member portion & Employer portion Effective January 1, 1992

	If Paid Equally Throughout Year Normal Cost			
Contributions for	% of Active Payroll for 1992	+	UAAL Dollars	
Normal cost of annuities:				
Age & service: to members Age & service: to survivors Disability Death before retirement Refunds of member contributions Total Normal Cost	22.70% 5.29 2.77 2.62 <u>0.30</u> 33.68%			
Amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (19 year level dollar payment)				
Retired lives Active members Total			\$ 0 127,300 127,300	
Total Cost of Benefits	33.68%	+	\$127,300	
Member contributions	8.00%			
COMPUTED EMPLOYER RATE:				
(a) If Paid Equally Throughout Year (b) IF PAID AT CALENDAR YEAR END	25.68% 26.31%	+ +	\$127,300 \$130,444	

Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association Present Actuarial Condition

The Association's accrued actuarial assets were in excess of \$7.3 million on December 31, 1990 -- a considerable sum of money if unencumbered and allocated among a small group of persons. This is not the case with the Association's assets.

The following schedule puts the \$7.3 million into perspective by showing the relationship between accrued actuarial assets, actuarial accrued liabilities, and the number of persons with actual and potential claims on the Association's assets.

	Accrued Actuarial Assets	Actuarial Accrued <u>Liabilities</u>	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	Percent <u>Funded</u>
Retirants and Beneficiaries Retired Members (12) Surviving Spouses (5) Surviving Children (0)		\$3,186,331 614,526 0		
Total (17)	\$3,800,857	\$3,800,857	\$ 0	100.0%
Deferred Members (0)	0	0	0	0.0
Active Members (17)	3,545,016	5,121,623	1,576,607	69.2
Total	\$7,345,873	\$8,922,480	\$1,576,607	82.3%

- ctuarial accrued liabilities represent the value, computed as of December 31, 1990 of:
 - (i) retirement allowances likely to be paid the 17 retirants and beneficiaries; and
 - (ii) the contributions assumed to have been made for the 17 active members from entry into the plan until December 31, 1990.

The value of retirement allowances likely to be paid the 17 retirants and beneficiaries, discounted for investment earnings and mortality, was computed to be \$3,800,857 as of December 31, 1990. To put this amount in perspective, the \$3,800,857, together with investment earnings, will just be sufficient to pay the 17 retirants and beneficiaries their allowances for their remaining lifetimes. This assumes the 17 retirants and beneficiaries live and die according to the assumed mortality and the \$3,800,857 is invested to yield an average annual return of 5.0% over the remaining lifetimes of the retirants and beneficiaries.

represents the amount that would have been accumulated by December 31, 1990. This assumes the normal cost (which is expressed as a level percentage of pay) had been contributed from the date of hire until December 31, 1990 for the 17 actives, and that these amounts had earned 5.0% interest. It also assumes that the members in the past lave lived, died, withdrawn, retired and received salary increases according to the actuarial assumptions shown in this report.

Historical Funding Ratio Schedule (\$ in thousands)

-			
Valuation Date December 3	Actuarial Accrued <u>Liabilities</u>	Accrued Actuarial <u>Assets</u>	Percent <u>Funded</u>
1981	\$5,540	\$2,098	37.9%
1982	6,133	2,630	42.9
1983*	6,682	3,005	45.0
1984	7,011	3,502	49.9
1985	7,271	4,339	59.7
1986	7,414	4,908	66.2
1987	7,739	5,269	68.1
1988	8,004	5,954	74.4
1989	8,410	7,029	83.6
1990	8,922	7,346	82.3

^{*} After change in assumptions.

Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association

Computed Contributions - Comparative Schedule

Year En <u>Decembe</u> Valuation	r 31	Total Normal Cost as a Percent of Valuation Payroll*	Contribution For Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities
1981	1983	N/A	N/A
1982	1984	31.00%	\$233,447
1983	1985**	33.39	249,637
1984	1986	33.31	242,979
1985	1987	33.69	207,360
1986	1988	33.68	181,305
1987	1989	33.67	183,133
1988	1990	33.66	156,021
1989	1991	33.67	108,101
1990	1992	33.68	127,300

^{*} Includes employee contributions.

^{**} After change in assumptions.

Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association CONTRIBUTION FOR CALENDAR YEAR EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 1992

For any period of time the percent-of-payroll contribution rate is converted to dollars. The amount of dollars for any calendar year depends upon the results of the last actuarial valuation, and the timing of contributions within the year. The later the contribution date, the greater the dollar amount will be.

The municipality's dollar contribution for the year may be determined as follows:

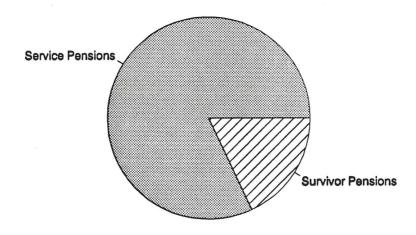
(1)	Estimated covered payroll for 1992		2	
(2)	Total normal cost % from page A-2		33.68%	
(3)	Total normal cost (Line 1 times line 2)			\$
(4)	x 1.035 1990 Administrative expenses paid from the Special Fund			
(5)	Amortization payment on UAAL from page A-2			127,300
(6)	Total contributions required (Line 3 plus line 4 plus line 5)			
(7)	Employee contributions (Line 1 times 8%)		\$	
(8)	 (a) State amortization aid based on 12/31/78 UAAL of \$1,910,374 (b) State amortization aid based on 1984 legislation (c) Total State amortization aid 	\$28,751 	34,664	
(9)	Estimated insurance premium aid			
(10)	Estimated total contributions from other sources (Line 7 plus line 8 plus line 9)			
(11)	Employer's Minimum Obligation if payment is made in equal installments throughout the year (Line 6 minus line 10)			\$
(12)	EMPLOYER'S MINIMUM OBLIGATION IF PAYMENT IS MADE AT YEAR END (Line 11 times 1.0247)			\$

Section B

Valuation Data and Summary of Benefit Provisions

Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association Retirants and Beneficiaries December 31, 1990 By Type of Annuity Being Paid

Type of Annuity Being Paid	No.	Monthly Amounts	Computed Actuarial Accrued Liabilities
Retirants receiving: Age & Service Disability	12 _0	\$18,281.42 0.00	\$3,186,331 0
Totals	12	18,281.42	3,186,331
Beneficiaries receiving: Spouse Child	5 0	4,028.44	614,526 0
Totals	5	4,028.44	614,526
	-		
Totals	17	\$22,309.86	\$3,800,857



Monthly Amount Paid by Benefit

Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association
Retirants and Beneficiaries December 31, 1990
By Attained Ages

		Number				
Attained Ages	Age & Service	Disability	Death Before <u>Retirement</u>			
55-59	3	,				
60-64 65-69 70-74 75-79	3 5 2 1		1			
80-84 85-89	1 _1	_	_			
Totals	16		1			

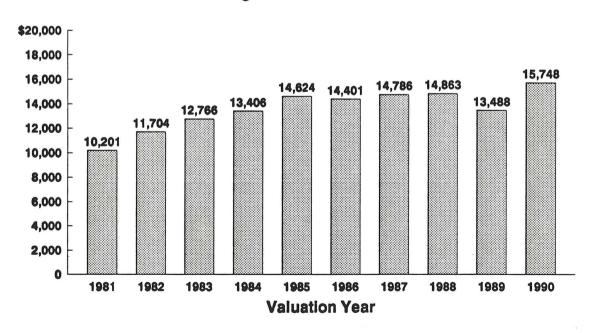
Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association

Retirants and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls

Comparative Statement

Valuation Date <u>December 31</u>	No. Added	No. Removed from Rolls	Rolls No.	End of Year Annual Allowances	Discounted Value of
1981	3		13	\$132,616	\$2,325,638
1982	2		15	175,562	3,014,808
1983	2	1	16	204,254	3,685,244
1984			16	214,492	3,691,183
1985	1		17	248,603	4,134,908
1986	1	1	17	244,820	3,950,327
1987			17	251,367	3,932,285
1988	1	1	17	252,679	3,806,394
1989	1	1	17	229,292	3,765,466
1990			17	267,718	3,800,857

Average Annual Allowances



Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association
Active Members December 31, 1990
By Attained Age and Years of Service

Attained		Yea	rs of S	ervice	to Valu	ation D			otals Valuation
Age	0-4	<u>5-9</u>	<u>10-14</u>	<u>15-19</u>	<u>20-24</u>	<u>25-29</u>	30 Plus	No.	Payroll
35-39			1					1	\$ 30,737
40-44 45-49			1	1	2	2		1	30,737 198,192
50-54 55-59				1	2	4 1	1	2	228,051 84,903
								_	
Totals			3	2	4	7	1	17	\$572,620

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

Age: 48.6 years.

Service: 22.5 years.

Annual Pay: \$33,684.

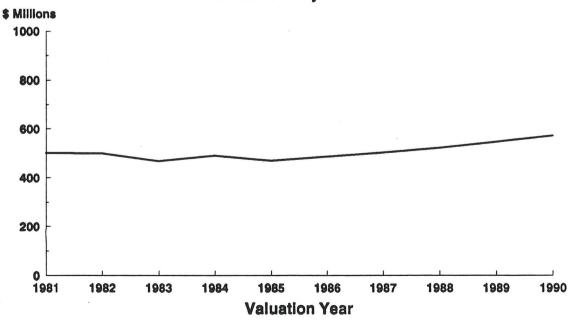
Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association

Comparative Schedule

Of Active Members

Valuation Date		Valuation		Averag	P	
December 31	Active Members	Payroll	Age	Service	Pay	% Incr.
1981	22	\$502,524	43.0 yrs.	16.9 yrs.	\$22,842	10.1%
1982	20	501,619	43.0	16.6	26,081	9.8
1983	18	469,233	42.6	16.6	26,069	3.9
1984	18	490,732	43.6	17.6	27,263	4.6
1985	17	469,624	43.6	17.5	27,625	1.3
1986	17	486,615	44.6	18.5	28,624	3.6
1987	17	503,802	45.6	19.5	29,635	3.5
1988	17	523,734	46.6	20.5	30,808	4.0
1989	17	547,840	47.6	21.5	32,226	4.6
1990	17	572,620	48.6	22.5	33,684	4.5

Valuation Payroll



Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association

Brief Summary (12/31/90) of Benefit Provisions Evaluated and/or Considered

Age & Service Retirement

Eligibility. 20 years of service and 50 years of age.

Amount. For first 20 years of service, 50% of final salary. For each year in excess of 20, 1% of final salary is added to the benefit. For each year in excess 25, an additional 1/2% of base pay is added to the benefit. (The latter additional benefit is not subject to the post-retirement adjustment provisions.)

Disability Retirement

<u>Eligibility</u>. Disabled to the extent that no longer able to perform the duties of a fireman before being eligible for age & service retirement.

Amount. Same as regular retirement.

Member's Death While Active, Or In Deferred Status, Or Retired

Eligibility.

Spouse. Legally married to member at least 1 year before separation from service and residing with member at time of death. Benefits terminate upon remarriage. If that marriage is terminated, the widow's pension benefits can be reinstated at the appropriate level without backpay.

Child. Age 18 or younger.

Amount.

Spouse. 30% of final salary.

Child. 10% of final salary per child. Children's maximum is 20% if spouse is receiving or 50% if no spouse is receiving.

<u>Vested Deferred</u>. 20 years of service and separated before age 50. Payment beginning is deferred to attainment of age 50.

<u>Post-Retirement Adjustments ("Escalator")</u>. Each time active firemen's salaries are changed, payments to all benefit recipients are simultaneously changed by the same percent that active pay is changed.

<u>Member Contributions</u>. 8% of base pay. Total member contributions are refundable, without interest, if no benefit is payable upon separation from service.

Section C

Valuation Methods and Assumptions

Albert Lea Firemen's Relief Association Valuation Methods and Assumptions

The Entry Age Normal Cost method was used to determine the normal cost of all benefits. The rate of investment return (interest) as required by state law used in making the valuation was 5.0 percent per annum, compounded annually. Age & service retirement was assumed to occur at age 56, attained age if older.

Mortality Table*

Single Life Values:

	Pres	<u>sent Value</u>	thly				
	Lev	Level		asing	Future Life		
Sample	For L	ife	3.5%	<u>rearly</u>	Expectance	y (Years)	L
Ages	<u>Men</u>	Women	<u>Men</u>	Women	Men	Women	
45	\$177.21	\$189.58	\$280.82	\$314.75	29.50	34.00	
50	163.12	177.21	246.55	280.82	25.20	29.50	
55	147.50	163.12	212.60	246.55	21.16	25.20	
60	130.52	147.50	179.49	212.60	17.42	21.16	
65	112.87	130.52	148.28	179.49	14.05	17.42	
70	95.20	112.87	119.70	148.28	11.09	14.05	
75	77.77	95.20	93.83	119.70	8.52	11.09	
80	61.71	77.77	71.69	93.83	6.39	8.52	

^{*} UP-1984 Table set forward 2 years for males and set back 3 years for females.

Sample Rates of Separation from Active Employment Before Retirement, Death or Disability

Sample	% of Active Members
Ages	<u>Separating within Next Year</u>
20	1.50%
25	1.25
30	1.00
35	0.75
40	0.50
45	0.25
50+	0.00

Sample Ages	Present Pay Resulting in Pay of \$1.000 at Age 60	Present Increase in Pay <u>During Next Year</u>
20	\$ 253	3.5%
25	300	3.5
30	356	3.5
35	423	3.5
40	503	3.5
45	597	3.5
50	709	3.5
55	842	3.5
60	1,000	3.5

Use of the pay adjustment factor illustrated above is required by state law.

Anticipated Disability Retirements

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Becoming Disabled within Next Year
20	0.08%
25	0.08
30	0.08
35	0.08
40	0.20
45	0.26
50	0.49
55	0.89

Section D

The Pension Benefit Obligation
and Certain Other Disclosures
Required by Statement No. 5 of the
Governmental Accounting Standards Board

PENSION BENEFIT OBLIGATION

The amount shown below as the "pension benefit obligation" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits and is intended to (i) help users assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis, (ii) assess progress being made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and (iii) allow for comparisons among public employee retirement plans. The measure is independent of the actuarial funding method used to determine contributions to the plan.

The pension benefit obligation was determined as part of an actuarial valuation of the plan as of December 31, 1990. Significant actuarial assumptions used in determining the pension benefit obligation include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 5.0% per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 3.5% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation, and (c) the assumption that benefits will increase 3.5% per year after retirement.

At December 31, 1989, the unfunded pension benefit obligation was \$1,449,364 determined as follows:

Pension Benefit Obligation:

Retirants and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	\$3,800,857
Current employees	
Accumulated employee contributions including allocated investment income	487,820
Employer financed	4,436,214
Total Pension Benefit Obligation	\$8,724,891
Net assets available for benefits, at cost (market value was \$7,486,564)	7,275,527
Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation	\$1,449,364

The total pension benefit obligation as of January 1, 1990 was \$8,202,411. During the year, the plan experienced a net change of \$522,480 in the pension benefit obligation.

CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE

The Association's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The normal cost and actuarial accrued liability are determined using an entry age actuarial funding method. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are being amortized as a level dollar amount over a period of 19 years.

During the year ended December 31, 1990, contributions totaling \$357,303 -- \$313,485 employer and \$43,818 employee -- were made in accordance with contribution requirements determined by an actuarial valuation of the plan as of December 31, 1988. The employer contributions consisted of \$134,390 for normal cost and \$179,095 for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Employer contributions represented 59.86% of covered payroll.

Significant actuarial assumptions used to compute contribution requirements were the same as those used to compute the standardized measure of the pension benefit obligation.

Computed Contribution Comparative Schedule

<u>Contribution Rates</u>							
Fiscal	Valuation	Normal Cost			Dollar Cor	ntribution	
Year	Date	% of Valuation	UAAL	Valuation	For Fisc	cal Year	
December 31	December 31	<u>Payroll</u>	<u>Dollars</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	Computed	<u> Actual</u>	
1987	1985	25.69%	\$207,360	\$469,624	\$328,006	\$339,912	
1988	1986	25.68	181,305	486,615	306,268	311,708	
1989	1987	25.67	183,133	503,802	312,459	315,542	
1990	1988	25.66	156,021	523,734	290,411	313,485	
1991	1989	25.67	108,101	547,840	248,732		
1992	1990	25.68	127,300	572,620	274,349		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ANALYSIS OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Valuation Date <u>ecember 31</u>	(1) Net Assets Available for Benefits	(2) Pension Benefit Obligation (PBO)	(3) Percent Funded (1)/(2)	(4) Unfunded PBO (2)-(1)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) Unfunded PBO as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4)/(5)
1987	\$5,255,215	\$7,523,718	69.8%	\$2,268,503	\$503,802	450.3%
1988	5,919,273	7,791,048	76.0	1,871,775	523,734	357.4
1989	6,967,496	8,202,411	84.9	1,234,915	547,840	225.4
1990	7,275,527	8,724,891	83.4	1,449,364	572,620	253.1

Analysis of the dollar amounts of net assets available for benefits, pension benefit obligation, and unfunded pension benefit obligation in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the net assets available for benefits as a percentage of the pension benefit obligation provides one indication of the plan's funded status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan. The unfunded pension benefit obligation and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded pension benefit obligation as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the progress being made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the plan.

Appendices

APPENDIX I

FINANCIAL PRINCIPLES AND OPERATIONAL TECHNIQUES

<u>Promises Made. and Eventually Paid</u>. As each year is completed, the plan in effect hands an "IOU" to each member then acquiring a year of service credit -- the "IOU" says: "The Pension Plan owes you a portion of your retirement benefits, payments to be made in cash, commencing when you qualify for retirement."

The related key financial questions are: Which generation of taxpayers contributes the money to cover the IOU? The present taxpayers, who receive the benefit of the member's present year of service? Or the future taxpayers, who happen to be in town paying taxes at the later time when the IOU becomes a cash demand?

A sound principle of sound retirement plan financing is to have this year's taxpayers contribute the money to cover the IOUs being handed out this year. By following this principle, THE CONTRIBUTION RATE WILL REMAIN APPROXIMATELY LEVEL FROM GENERATION TO GENERATION -- our children and grandchildren will contribute the same percents of active payroll we contribute now.

A PENSION PLAN BECOMES CLOSED

The diagram in this appendix shows two important activities which occur after a plan has been closed to employees hired in the future.

Cash benefits paid continue to increase for decades, while active member payroll begins to decrease to zero.

<u>Funding Method</u>. A funding method is the long-term, planned pattern for employer contributions.

For an open plan (a plan covering future employees), the level-percent-of-active-member payroll funding method is the basic funding method.

The level-percent funding method can also be applied to a closed plan. However, the resulting contribution percent usually jumps to a high rate, because the number of covered active members is decreasing.

A preferred funding method for a closed plan consists of: level-percent funding for normal cost (the cost of members' service now being rendered); plus a level dollar contribution for unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities over a limited period of years. The period of years must be limited so that plan assets don't become zero while benefits are still payable.

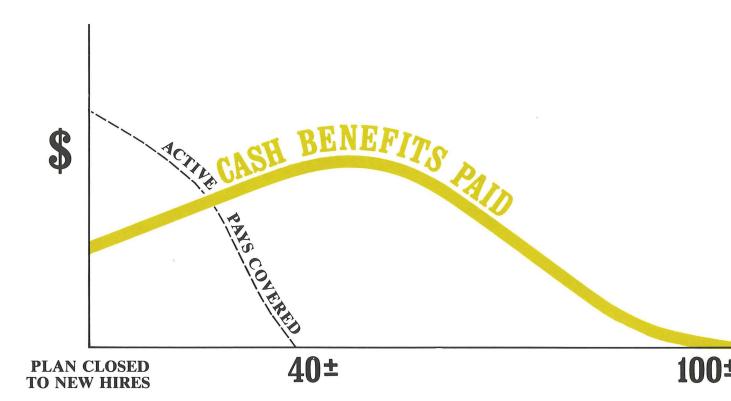
<u>Computing Contributions To Support Plan Benefits</u>. From a given schedule of benefits and from the employee data and asset data furnished him, the actuary determines the contribution rates to support the benefits by means of an actuarial valuation and a funding method.

In making an actuarial valuation, assumptions must be made regarding anticipated financial experiences for the next year and for decades in the future. Only the subsequent actual experience of the plan can indicate the degree of accuracy of the assumptions.

Reconciling Differences Between Assumed Experience and Actual Experience. Once actual experience has occurred and been observed, it will not coincide exactly with assumed experience, regardless of the wisdom of the assumptions or the skill of the actuary and the millions of calculations he made. The future can be predicted with considerable but not 100% precision, except for inflation which seems to defy reliable prediction.

A well-managed plan copes with these continually changing differences by having periodic actuarial valuations. Each actuarial valuation is a complete recalculation of assumed future experience, taking into account all past differences between assumed and actual experience. The result is continuing adjustment in financial position.

A CLOSED PENSION PLAN



YEARS OF TIME

A plan becomes closed when no new hires are admitted to active membership. The persons covered by the plan at the time of closing continue their normal activities and continue to be covered by the plan, until the last survivor dies.

CASH BENEFITS LINE. After a pension plan becomes closed, the usual pattern is for cash benefits to continue to increase for decades of time. Eventually the cash benefits will peak, and then gradually decrease over more decades of time, ultimately to zero. The last cash benefit is likely to occur a century after the time the plan is closed.

The precise amounts of cash benefits cannot be known now, and must be estimated by assumptions of future experiences in a variety of financial risk areas.

APPENDIX II

MEANING OF UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Almost every pension plan (public or private) has "unfunded accrued liabilities", so whatever they are, they aren't rare. Since the term is not part of everyday conversation, it needs some definition.

"Accrued liabilities" are the present value \$ of plan promises to pay benefits in the future based upon service already rendered - - - a liability has been established ("accrued") because the service has been rendered, but the resulting monthly cash benefit may not be payable until years in the future. Accrued liabilities \$ are the result of complex mathematical calculations, which are made by the plan's actuary (which is the name given to the specialist who makes such calculations).

If "accrued liabilities" at any time exceed the plan's accrued assets (cash & investments), the difference is "unfunded accrued liabilities". This is the common condition. If the plan's assets equalled the plan's "accrued liabilities", the plan would be termed "fully funded". This is a rare condition.

Each time a plan adds a new benefit which applies to service already rendered, an "accrued liability" is created, which is also an "unfunded accrued liability" because the plan can't print instant cash to cover the accrued liability. Payment for such unfunded accrued liabilities is spread over a period of years, commonly in the 20-40 year range.

Unfunded accrued liabilities can occur in another way: If actual financial experience is less favorable than assumed financial experience, the difference is added to unfunded accrued liabilities. In plans where plan benefits are directly related to an employee's pay near time of retirement (a common plan provision) rather than his average pay throughout his working career, unfunded accrued liabilities have been increasing in recent years because unexpected rates of pay increase have created additional accrued liabilities which could not be matched by reasonable investment results. Some of these unexpected pay increases are the direct result of inflation, which is a very destructive force on financial stability.

The existence of unfunded accrued liabilities is not bad, then (any more than a mortgage on your house is "bad"), but the changes from year to year in amount of unfunded accrued liabilities are important - - "bad" or "good" or somewhere in between.

Nor are unfunded accrued liabilities a bill payable immediately (your food costs are payable immediately), but it is important that policy-makers prevent the amount from becoming unreasonably high and it is vital that your plan have a sound method for making payments toward them so that they are controlled.

The existence of large amounts of unfunded accrued liabilities indicates that total contributions in past years were less than level - - - an almost certain history if retired life liabilities are not fully funded now.

Office of the State Auditor Firefighters Relief Association Reporting Form



Office of the State Auditor

525 Park Street St. Paul, Minnesota 55103 (612) 297-3685

Firefighters Relief Association

Name	ALBERT LEA
County of	FREEBORN

For the Year Ended December 31, 1990

2. For associations with assets or liabilities of <u>at least \$200,000</u>, per Minnesota Statutes Section 69.051 subdivision 1, return this form along with an audited financial statement by June 30.

^{1.} For associations with assets or liabilities of <u>less than \$200,000</u>, per Minnesota Statutes Section 69.051 subdivision 1a, please obtain a cash audit and return this form with a signed audit Certification (independent public accountant on page 5) by March 31.

Firefighters Relief Association Reporting Form Year Ended December 31, 1990

Name of Relief AssociationALBERT_LEA_FIREMEN'S_RELIEI	ASSOCIATION	
Mailing Address		
City/StateAlbert Lea MN	Zip Code <u>56</u>	5007
TYPE OF SERVICE PENSION BENEFIT PROVIDED IN BYLAWS: Lump sum Monthly or other annuity Defin None Other (specify)		
FIRE DEPARTMENT REPORT		
1. The Fire Department your Relief Association is associated with is: X Municipal Fire Department Independent Nonprofi	t Firefighting Corporat	ion
2. The Fire Department is: Salaried (career) Volunteer Salaried an	d Volunteer	
3. Number of active firefighters:		
Salaried (career)		25
Volunteer		
Total number of members	, 	25
RELIEF ASSOCIATION MEMBERSHIP	REPORT	
4. Number of active members5. Number of retired and/or disabled members receiving benefits6. Number of retired members on deferred pension rolls		
BOND REPORT		
7. Is the Secretary of the Relief Association bonded?		5 000
$lack{\mathbb{K}}$ Yes $lack{\square}$ No 8. Is the Treasurer of the Relief Association bonded? (Required)	Amount of bond	\$_5,000
🗓 Yes 🗌 No	Amount of bond	\$25,000
	*	

NOTE: No treasurer of a relief association governed by sections 69.77 (career or paid) shall enter upon his duties until he has given the association a bond in a reasonable amount acceptable to the municipality for faithful discharge of his duties.

No treasurer of a relief association governed by sections 69.771 to 69.776 shall enter upon the duties of the office until the treasurer has given the association a faithful performance bond in the amount equal to ten percent of the assets of the relief association; however, the bond need not exceed \$500,000.

Firefighters Relief Association Reporting Form Year Ended December 31, 1990

BYLAWS REPORT

TYPE AND AMOUNT OF OTHER BENEFITS 1. Sick:	AMOUNT (enter N/A if not applicable) 1 \$N/A 2 \$50% of salary 3 \$N/A 4
LUMP SUM PENSION BENEFITS (or lump sum paid in installments) Requirements for full vesting 8. Number of Years of Service 9. Amount per Year of Service 10. Do Bylaws Provide for Early Vesting? Benefit payable for each year of service 11. \$1.00 or more but less than \$50.00 12. \$50.00 or more but less than \$100.00 13. \$100.00 or more but less than \$200.00 14. \$200.00 or more but less than \$300.00 15. \$300.00 or more but less than \$600.00 16. \$600.00 or more but less than \$1,000.00 17. \$1,000.00 or more but less than \$2,000.00 18. \$2,000.00 or more	8
MONTHLY ANNUITY PENSION BENEFIT 19. Date of Most Recent Actuarial Valuation 20. Date Filed with State Auditor* Requirements for full vesting 21. Number of Years of Service 22. Amount per Month per Year of Service (1) 50% of salary after 20. 23. Do Bylaws Provide for Early Vesting? years of service Benefit payable for each month of service 24. Less than \$2.00 (2). 1% of final salary after 20 years 25. \$2.00 or more but less than \$4.00 and an additional 1/2% of base 26. \$4.00 or more pay per year over 25 years 27. Benefits after 20 years (amount per month of service)	19
DEFINED CONTRIBUTION (split-the-pie) 28. Please submit a schedule of total assets accrued to each member's account and current year's calculation. Attach schedule.	28 Yes No

NOTE: *All relief associations associated with a volunteer fire department and paying a monthly annuity must submit an actuarial survey every four years by July 1 of the year following the date of which the survey is prepared to the parties listed below. All relief associations associated with a salaried (career) fire department must submit an actuarial survey annually by July 1 to the parties listed below.

- a) State Auditor
- c) Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement
- b) Your Municipality
- d) Legislative Reference Library

If your relief association bylaws provide lump sum benefits, information for questions 7, 10 and 11 may be obtained by completing Schedules I, II, and III. If your bylaws provide monthly annuity benefits, refer to your most recent actuarial survey. If your bylaws provide defined contribution benefits (split-the-pie), complete questions 1-9

survey. If your bylaws provide defined contribution benefits (split-the-pie), c	2011			
FINANCIAL CONDITION		SPECIAL FUND	G	ENERAL FUND
ASSETS December 31, 1990		AMOUNT (Omit Cents)		AMOUNT (Omit Cents)
1. Cash	1	21,614	1	(Offic Certs)
2. Investments	2	4,865,353	2	
3. Accrued Interest Receivable	3	51,176	3	
4. Other Receivables	4		4	
5. TOTAL ASSETS	5	4,938,143	5	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	Ü		J	
6. Payables	6	3,010	6	
7. Required Reserves (Accrued Liability — Sch. 1, line B, filed by Aug. 1, 1990)	7	8,922,480	7	xxxxxxxxxxx
8. Surplus or (Unfunded Accrued Liability)/Fund Balance	8	(3,987,347)	8	
9. Funding Ratio (line 5 — line 6 ÷ line 7)	9	55.3%	9	xxxxxxxxxxx
	10	173,438	10	xxxxxxxxxxxxx
	11	127,300	11	xxxxxxxxxxxxx
The required Continuation to Amortize of indirect Accided Elability				
		4,580,157		
12. CASH & INVESTMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1989	12	4,500,157_	12	
REVENUES 1990		AMOUNT		AMOUNT
13. State Fire Aid	13	76,214	13	xxxxxxxxxxxx
14. City Contributions	14	239,089	14	xxxxxxxxxxxx
15. Members' Salary Deductions or Contributions			15	xxxxxxxxxxxx
16. Members' Dues	16		16	
17. Interest Earned	17	278,575	17	
18. Dividends * Increase in acc. int. rec.	18	14,891	18	-
19. Transfers In(2145)Losson.investments	19		19	
20. Other (Identify) (5.2032)	20		20	
21. TOTAL REVENUES (lines 13 through 20)	21	598,410	21	***************************************
EXPENSES/EXPENDITURES 1990		AMOUNT		AMOUNT
SERVICE PENSIONS Numb	er			
22. Retired (Number and Amount) (List names & amounts below) 13	22	209,103	* 22	xxxxxxxxxxxx
23. Survivors—Spouses and Children (Number and Amount)	23	46,429	23	xxxxxxxxxxxx
	24		24	xxxxxxxxxxxx
OTHER BENEFITS				
25. Sick or Temporary Disability (Number and Amount)	25	16	25	xxxxxxxxxxxx
26. Death and Funeral (Number and Amount)	26		26	xxxxxxxxxxxx
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES				
27. Salaries 2	27	1,200	27	
28. Conventions and Meetings	28		28	
29. Dues	29		29	
30. Actuarial Valuation and Audit	30	3,728	30	
31. Faithful Performance Bond	31	175	31	xxxxxxxxxxxx
32. Other (Identify)Inv. Mgmt. fee	32	30,965	32	
OTHER Other admin exp 492				
33. Transfers Out	33	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	33	
	34	-	34	
35. TOTAL EXPENSES/EXPENDITURES (lines 22 through 34) 3	35	291,600	35	
36. CASH AND INVESTMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1990				
	36	4,886,967	36	
37. Was the Certification of Special Fund Financial Requirements for 1991 (Sch	edu	les I, II, III) certified to y	our m	nunicipal governing
body (for municipal fire department) or fire department (for independent nonpraccordance with appropriate general law or special law?	OTIT	firefighting corporation attach a copy of Sched) Dy A	August 1, 1990, in
		- Litabil a copy of conteu	u103 1,	, ii, iii to tilis report.

ALBERT LEA FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION STATE REPORTING FORM SCHEDULES December 31, 1990

Page 3 PENSIONS PAID IN 1990

A. BIEDERMAN	\$ 17,145
R. DAHL	20,710
G. DOTY	20,996
D. DUDLEY	17,138
K. FRANTUM	14,741
E. GRINOLDS	31,071
P. HAGEN	17,957
J. HANSON	19,002
R. HAUKOOS	16,417
R. PETERSON	15 , 997
J. SPARK	17,689
C. THROLSON	240
TOTAL	\$ 209,103 ======

Firefighters Relief Association Reporting Form Year Ended December 31, 1990

INVESTMENT REPORT

PURCHASE DATE	INTEREST RATE (CURRENT)	INSTRUMENT NUMBER		TYPE OF INVESTMENT	NAME OF INVESTMENT	AMOUNT 12-31-90
1_(A)_	(A)_	(A)	_(A)_	_(A)	Short Term Inv Fund	\$235,978
2_ <u>(A)</u> _	· (<u>A</u>)	(A)_	(A)	_(A)	U.S.Govts & Agencies	\$ <u>1,592,953</u>
3_(A)_	(A)_	(A)	_(A)_	_(A)	Corporate Bonds	\$198,102
4_(A)_	(A)_	(A)	_(A)_	_(A)	Managed Bond Fund	\$_237,561
5_(A)_	(A)_	(A)	(A)_	_(A)	Corporate Stock	\$_661,441
6_(B)_	(B)_	(B)_	_(B)_	_(B)_S	t. of MN Trust Income . of MN Guaranteed	\$733,920
7_(B)_	(B)_	(B)_	_(B)_		Return Account	\$1,205,398
8						\$
9			-			\$
10		-				\$
11						\$
12	(A) T	h <u>ese in</u> v	e <u>stment</u>	s <u>are i</u> n	cluded in Trust	\$
13	A	ccount 1	- <u>30684</u> -	0 <u>0-4 at</u>	<u>Norwest Bank, Minneapol</u> i	s\$, MN
14	-					\$
15	(B) T	h <u>ese in</u> v	e <u>stment</u>	s <u>are</u> in	<u>cluded in Minnesota St</u> at	:e\$
16	B	oard of	I <u>nvest</u> m	e <u>nts Tr</u> u	st Account	\$
17						\$
18	-					\$
19	-					\$
20		-		(8)	TOTAL	\$ <u>4,865,353</u>

Explanation of column headings:

Purchase Date Interest Rate Instrument Number Number of Shares Type of Investment Name of Investment Amount The date the purchase was made The current interest rate (if applicable)

The identifying number of the investment certificate

For common and preferred stock investments/for bonds and CD's use face value Certificate of deposit, common stock, Bond, etc.

Such as U.S. Treasury, or the name of the company in which stock was purchased The purchase price including commissions, fees and any other applicable costs incurred when buying the investment. Include reinvested interest.

CERTIFICATION BY SECRETARY AND TREASURER OF RELIEF ASSOCIATION AND MUNICIPAL FIRE DEPARTMENT OR INDEPENDENT NONPROFIT FIREFIGHTING CORPORATION

We certify that to the best of our knowledge and belief, the facts presented in this report are true and correct.		
William Q. Struck	(507) 379 - WYK) Business Phone	Jine 25-1991
Signature of Secretary of Relief Association	Business Phone	Dated
John Eisterhold	(501) 377 -4340 Business Phone	June 25-1991.
Signature of Treasurer of Relief Association	Business Phone	Dated
Signature of Municipal Clerk OR if Independent Nonprofit Firefighting Corporation the Municipal Clerk of largest municipality in population contracting with Independent Nonprofit Firefighting Corporation	(507) 377-4320 Business Phone	June 25, 1991 Dated
	()	
Signature of Secretary of Independent Nonprofit Firefighting Corporation (if applicable)	Business Phone	Dated
Thenghang corporation (in applicable)		
CERTIFICATION BY INDEPENDER Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Section 69.051 subdivision revenues, expenditure/expenses and fund balances of the Special Fund states that this is the financial condition of the Special Fund	1a(b), we have examine pecial Fund and the Gene	d the preceding statements of eral Fund (page 3) and hereby
Larry D. Trampel	Bei	rtram Cooper & Co.
PRINT NAME OF AUDITOR/ACCOUNTANT	PRINT I	NAME OF FIRM
115 N Newton Albert Lea MN	56007	
PRINT ADDRES	S OF FIRM	
from D. Trangel	(507) 373-7432	6-25-91
SIGNATURE OF AUDITOR/ACCOUNTANT	PHONE NUMBER	0-25-91 DATED
 If an audit or a financial statement is available, please sub Are the additional required schedules attached? 	mit it along with this repo	ort.

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