

Report of
AN ACTUARIAL VALUATION
December 31, 1979 of the
Minneapolis Police Relief Association
Minneapolis, Minnesota

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STATE OF MINNESOTA

Minneapolis Police Relief Association

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GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY

ACTUARIES & CONSULTANTS

2090 First National Building
Detroit, Michigan 48226
Area 313: 961-3346

September 19, 1980

Minneapolis Police Relief Association

City of Minneapolis

Minneapolis, Minnesota

This report, prepared at your request, presents the results of the actuarial valuation of the Minneapolis Police Relief Association as of December 31, 1979.

Purpose

The purpose of the actuarial valuation is to determine the "annual financial requirement" (the annual contribution) of the Relief Association for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 1981.

Basis of Report

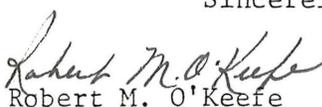
Our report is based upon the active employees, the retirants and beneficiaries, and the asset data as of December 31, 1979 furnished by the President of your association.

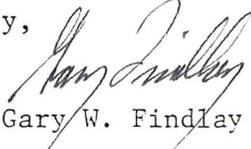
The financial assumptions utilized are the same except for the assumed retirement age as those used in the last actuarial valuation. The assumed retirement age was lowered from 58 to 56. The economic assumptions relating to investment return and rates of pay increases are established by State Law.

The funding methods utilized are the same as those used in the last actuarial valuation.

The actuarial valuation was prepared using generally accepted actuarial principles and practices based upon the funding methods, financial assumptions and the summary of the plan provisions described in this report and the member and financial data supplied by the association.

Sincerely,


Robert M. O'Keefe


Gary W. Findlay

Comments

Recent State Legislation

Legislation, recently enacted by the State of Minnesota, has produced significant changes effecting every local police and salaried firefighters relief association in Minnesota. These changes can be briefly summarized as follows:

1. All local relief associations are required to phase out by placing all police and fire employees hired after June 15, 1980 into the Minnesota PERA - Police and Fire Fund unless the respective city elected to retain the local fund.
2. All local relief associations (regardless of whether they phase out or not) must amortize (fund) their unfunded accrued liability by December 31, 2010.
3. All cities with local relief associations which phase out and which comply with the Financial Guidelines Act are entitled to participate in a state amortization aid program.
4. All current active members of local relief associations which phase out are entitled to receive a benefit improvement.
5. Active member contributions are to be increased to 8.0%.

This report reflects the phase out of the Relief Association.

Financing of Unfunded Accrued Liabilities

The phase out legislation requires that the Unfunded Accrued Liability be funded in a level dollar amount by December 31, 2010. (For a description of the Unfunded Accrued Liabilities see Appendix II).

Benefit Improvements

Members who retire on an age and service pension or disability pension after July 1, 1980 will receive a health and welfare benefit of 1/80 of Base Pay.

This additional benefit increased the Unfunded Accrued Liability by approximately \$1,775,000 and increased the contribution by 1.0% of Payroll.

Member Contributions

Member Contributions will increase from 6.0% to 8.0% in 1981 and beyond.

Retirement Age

The assumed retirement age was lowered from age 58 to age 56 to reflect the current trend to retire at a lower age than age 58.

This change increased the Unfunded Accrued Liability by \$10,257,477 and increased the contribution by 6.35% of Payroll.

SECTION A

RESULTS OF THE VALUATION

Minneapolis Police Relief Association

Summary of Valuation Results

The results of the actuarial valuation and the financial status of the Plan as of December 31, 1979 are summarized as follows:

	<u>1978</u>	<u>1979</u>
A. <u>Membership as of December 31</u>		
Active Members	811	771
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	604	599
Disabled Members and Beneficiaries	26	35
Survivors of Active Members	87	97
Terminated Members with Deferred Benefits	-	1
Totals	<u>1,528</u>	<u>1,503</u>
 B. Active Member Payroll	 \$ 18,394,210	 \$ 18,661,284
 C. <u>Unfunded Accrued Liabilities</u> <u>as of December 31</u>		
Active Members	\$ 60,636,012	\$ 75,327,861
Retired Members and beneficiaries receiving benefits	57,203,851	58,338,621
Number terminated and entitled to a deferred annuity	<u>206,647</u>	<u>152,870</u>
Totals	<u>\$118,046,510</u>	<u>\$133,819,352</u>
 D. <u>Accrued Assets as of December 31</u>		
Market Value	\$ 25,316,792	\$ 29,845,812
Actuarial Value	25,316,792	29,845,812
 E. Contribution Rate effective for	 <u>1980</u>	 <u>1981</u>
Normal Cost of annuities as a % of Valuation Payroll	21.21%	23.73% ⁵ <i>typo</i>
less Member Contributions	- 6.00	- 8.00
Net Contribution for Current Service	<u>15.21</u>	<u>15.75%</u>
 Contribution toward Unfunded Accrued Liability \$ amount*	 \$ 5,760,080	 \$ 8,494,852

* The contribution computed for 1980 was 5.0% (interest only) of the Unfunded Accrued Liability as of December 31, 1978. The contribution computed for 1981 is computed in order to fund the Unfunded Accrued Liability by December 31, 2010.

Minneapolis Police Relief Association

COMPUTED CONTRIBUTION for the Fiscal Year Beginning January 1, 1981

<u>Contributions for</u>	<u>If \$ Paid Equally Throughout Year</u> <u>% of Active</u>	<u>Payroll for 1981</u>	<u>+</u>	<u>U.A.L. Dollars</u>
Normal cost of annuities:				
Age & service: to member	17.15%			
Age & service: to survivors	3.78			
Disability	0.91			
Death before retirement	<u>1.91</u>			
Total Normal Cost	23.75%			
Unfunded accrued liabilities (UAL) (Level Payment to fund the UAL by 2010)				
Retired Lives				\$3,713,040
Active members				<u>4,781,812</u>
Total				\$8,494,852
Total Annuities	23.75%		+	\$8,494,852
Member contributions	8.00			
COMPUTED EMPLOYER RATE %:				
(a) If \$ Paid Equally Throughout Year	15.75%		+	\$8,494,852
(b) If \$ Paid in equal payments in July and December	15.94%			\$8,599,763

Minneapolis Police Relief Association

Present Actuarial Condition

The Retirement System accrued actuarial assets totaled 29.8+ million dollars on December 31, 1979 -- a considerable sum of money if unencumbered and allocated among a small group of persons. This is not the case with Retirement System assets.

The following schedule puts the 29.8+ million dollars into perspective by showing the relationship between accrued assets, accrued liabilities, and the number of persons with actual and potential claims on the Retirement System.

	<u>Accrued Actuarial Assets</u>	<u>Accrued Liabilities</u>	<u>Unfunded Accrued Liabilities</u>	<u>% Funded</u>
Retirants and Beneficiaries				
Retired Members (445)		\$ 74,231,781		
Surviving Spouse (231)		13,132,256		
Surviving Children (55)		820,396		
Total (731)	\$29,845,812	\$ 88,184,433	\$ 58,338,621	33.8%
Deferred Members (1)	0	152,870	152,870	0
Active Members (771)	0	75,327,861	75,327,861	0
Totals	\$29,845,812	\$163,665,164	\$133,819,352	18.2%

Accrued liabilities represent the value, computed as of December 31, 1979 of:

- (i) retirement allowances likely to be paid the 731 retirants and beneficiaries;
and
- (ii) the contributions assumed to have been made for the 771 from their entry
into the plan until December 31, 1979.

To illustrate, the value of retirement allowances likely to be paid the 731 retirants and beneficiaries -- discounted for investment earnings and mortality -- was computed to be \$88,184,433 as of December 31, 1979. This means that if the 731 retirants and beneficiaries live and die according to the assumed mortality and if the \$88,184,433 can be invested to yield an average annual return of 5.0 percent over the remaining lifetimes of the 731 retirants and beneficiaries, then the \$88,184,433 together with investment earnings thereon will just be sufficient to pay the 731 retirants and beneficiaries their allowances for their remaining lifetimes.

With respect to active members, the accrued liability of \$75,327,861 represents the amount that would have been accumulated by December 31, 1979 if the normal cost (which is expressed as a level percentage of pay) had been contributed from the date of hire until December 31, 1979 for each of the 771 actives, if these amounts had earned 5.0% interest, and if the members in the past had lived, died, withdrew, retired and received salary increases according to the actuarial assumptions shown in this report.

Minneapolis Police Relief Association
 Comparative Schedule (\$ in thousands)

Valuation Date <u>December 31</u>	Accrued <u>Liabilities</u>	Accrued <u>Assets</u>	Percent <u>Funded</u>	<u>Unfunded Accrued Liabilities</u>		
				<u>Dollar Amount</u>	<u>Financing Period</u>	<u>% of Member Payroll</u>
1978	\$143,363	\$25,317	17.7%	\$118,047	N/A	642%
1979	163,665	29,846	18.2	133,819	30 years	717

While no one or two numeric indices can fully describe the financial condition of a retirement system, the ratio of unfunded accrued liabilities to active member payroll is significant.

Unfunded accrued liabilities represent retirement system obligations, while active member payroll is a measure of the system's capacity to service the obligations (contributions are based on payroll) -- thus the ratio is a relative index of condition. If the index is decreasing, financial strengthening is indicated -- and vice-versa.

Looking only at dollar indices can be misleading in an inflationary environment; \$1 today is very different from \$1 twenty years ago or \$1 twenty years from now. The relative index neutralizes the inflation distortion of a dollar index since inflation is reflected in both parts of the ratio.

SECTION B
SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS
AND
VALUATION DATA

Minneapolis Police Relief Association

Brief Summary (12-31-79) of Benefit Provisions Evaluated and/or Considered

Age & Service Retirement

Eligibility. 20 years of service and 50 years of age.

Amount. For first 20 years of service, 34/80 of base pay. For service in excess of 20 years, an additional 1/80 is provided for each of the first 4 years and 4/80 is added for the 25th year to a maximum of 42/80 of base pay for 25 or more years of service.

Pay Used for Plan Purposes. "Base pay" means the salary of a first class patrolman.

Disability Retirement.

Eligibility.

Non-Duty. 10 years of service.

Duty. No minimum service required.

In either case, disabled to the extent that unable to perform duties of a police officer.

Amount.

Non-Duty. 14/80 of base pay for 10 years of service plus 2/80 for each year in excess of 10 to a maximum of 34/80 of base pay.

Duty. 34/80 of base pay.

Member's Death While Active, Or In Deferred Status, Or Retired

Eligibility.

Spouse. Legally married to member at separation from service and residing with member at time of death. Benefits terminate upon remarriage.

Child. Younger than age 18 or, if in school, younger than age 22.

Amount.

Spouse. 19/80 of base pay.

Child. 6/80 of base pay per child. Children's maximum is 14/80 if spouse is receiving or 32/80 if no spouse is receiving.

Vested Deferred. 20 years of service and separated before age 50. Payment beginning is deferred to attainment of age 50.

Post-Retirement Adjustments ("Escalator"). Each time base pay is changed, payments to all benefit recipients are changed simultaneously by the same percent that base pay is changed.

Member Contributions. 8% of base pay. Member contributions are non-refundable. If a member terminates after 5 years of service but before being eligible for an immediate or deferred benefit, a lump sum refund of \$500 plus \$100 for each full year over 5 is paid.

Minneapolis Police Relief Association
Retirants and Beneficiaries December 31, 1979
By Type of Annuity Being Paid

<u>Type of Annuity Being Paid</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Monthly Amounts</u>	<u>Computed Accrued Liabilities</u>
Age & service annuity:			
Retirant receiving	412	\$362,803.20	\$66,853,785
Spouse receiving	182	81,370.90	9,007,995
Child receiving	5	566.80	31,259
Totals	<u>599</u>	<u>444,740.90</u>	<u>75,893,039</u>
Disability annuity:			
Retirant receiving	33	27,068.52	7,377,996
Spouse receiving	1	448.78	39,319
Child receiving	1	141.72	4,438
Totals	<u>35</u>	<u>27,659.02</u>	<u>7,421,753</u>
Death before retirement:			
Spouse receiving	48	21,194.63	4,084,942
Child receiving	49	7,015.15	784,699
Totals	<u>97</u>	<u>28,209.78</u>	<u>4,869,641</u>
Deferred Annuity:	1	857.23	152,870
Totals	<u>732</u>	<u>\$501,466.93</u>	<u>\$88,337,303</u>

Minneapolis Police Relief Association

Retirants and Beneficiaries December 31, 1979

By Attained Ages

<u>Attained Ages</u>	<u>Number</u>		
	<u>Age & Service</u>	<u>Disability</u>	<u>Death Before Retirement</u>
15-19	5	1	38
20-24			4
25-29		1	
30-34		1	
35-39		5	
40-44		3	
45-49		5	
50-54	44	3	
55-59	58	3	
60-64	113	4	2
65-69	102	5	
70-74	43		
75-79	190	2	52
80-84	27	1	1
85-89	14	1	
90-94	2		
95-99	<u>1</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Totals	599	35	97

Minneapolis Police Relief Association
 Retirants and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls
 Comparative Statement

Valuation Date <u>December 31</u>	No. Added to Rolls	No. Removed from Rolls	<u>Rolls End of Year</u>		% Incr. in Annual Allowances	Average Allowance	<u>Discounted</u> <u>Value of Allowances</u>	
			No.	Annual Allowances			Total	Average
1978			717	\$5,544,391		\$7,733	\$82,727,290	\$115,380
1979	*	*	731	6,007,316	8%	8,218	88,184,433	120,635

* The means by which the member and beneficiary data was supplied did not allow for the tabulation of those added and removed from the rolls.

Minneapolis Police Relief Association

Active Members December 31, 1979

Tabulated by Attained Age Groups and Years of Accrued Service

Attained Age Groups	Number at Indicated Years of Accrued Service to January 1, 1980							Total No.
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	
25-29	19	23						42
30-34	25	90	65					180
35-39	4	36	102	5				147
40-44	2	13	48	96	2			161
45-49		3	9	68	29	1		110
50-54			3	21	23	27	4	78
55-59				4	16	11	10	41
60				2				2
61				1		1		2
62				1	1		2	4
63							1	1
64						1	2	3
Totals	50	165	227	198	71	41	19	771

Average age: 40.7 years.

Average accrued service: 14.4 years.

Valuation Payroll: \$18,661,284 (\$24,204.00 each).

 There is one inactive member entitled to a deferred annuity.

The people data included in the valuation is shown in groups or summaries,
 for reading convenience.

Financial calculations were made individually for each covered person.

Minneapolis Police Relief Association

Comparative Schedule

Of Active Members

Valuation Date December 31	Active Members	Valuation Payroll	Average			
			Age	Service	Pay	% Incr.
1978	811	\$18,394,210	40.3 yrs.	13.7 yrs.	\$22,681	
1979	771	18,661,284	40.7	14.4	24,204	6.7%

Valuation Assets

The following financial information was furnished by the Association as of December 31, 1979.

Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 131,312
Fixed-Income Investments	7,218,192
Equity Investments	10,068
Investment Advisors, Inc. Portfolio	<u>22,486,240</u>
Total Market Value	\$29,845,812

SECTION C
VALUATION METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Minnesota Police Relief Association
Valuation Methods and Assumptions

Age and Service Allowance. The Entry Age Normal cost method was used to determine the normal cost of age and service benefits including benefits for death after age and service retirement.

Disability and Death before Retirement. The contribution rate sufficient to finance disability and survivor allowances likely to be granted during the next year was computed on a terminal funding basis (One Year Term Cost).

The rate of investment return (interest) used in making the valuation was 5.0 per cent per annum, compounded annually.

The mortality table used was the United States Life Table, 1959-61, White Males and White Females.

Sample Ages	Single Life Values: Present Value of \$1 Monthly				Future Life Expectancy (Years)	
	Level For Life		Increasing 3.5% Yearly		Men	Women
	Men	Women	Men	Women		
45	\$169.61	\$186.84	\$263.23	\$304.86	27.33	32.52
50	154.85	174.20	229.51	270.80	23.22	28.08
55	139.29	159.62	197.24	236.11	19.45	23.81
60	122.79	142.73	166.26	200.76	16.01	19.69
65	106.31	124.22	137.82	166.16	12.97	15.88
70	89.86	104.31	111.71	132.82	10.29	12.38
75	73.39	83.92	87.66	101.94	7.92	9.28
80	57.54	64.24	66.29	74.77	5.89	6.67

Age & service retirement was assumed to occur at age 56, or attained age if older.

Sample Rates of Separation From Active Employment Before Retirement, Death or Disability

<u>Sample Ages</u>	<u>% of Active Members Separating Within Next Year</u>
20	3.00%
25	2.50
30	2.00
35	1.50
40	1.00
45	0.50
50+	0.00

Sample Pay Adjustment Factors used to Project Current Pays

<u>Sample Ages</u>	<u>Present Pay Resulting in Pay of \$1,000 at Age 60</u>	<u>Percent Increase in Pay During Next Year</u>
20	\$ 253	3.5%
25	300	3.5
30	356	3.5
35	423	3.5
40	503	3.5
45	597	3.5
50	709	3.5
55	842	3.5
60	1,000	3.5

Total covered payroll for active members is assumed to increase 3.5% annually.

Disability retirements were assumed to occur as indicated below:

<u>Sample Ages</u>	<u>% of Active Members Becoming Disabled Within Next Year</u>
20	0.08%
25	0.08
30	0.08
35	0.08
40	0.20
45	0.26
50	0.49
55	0.89

MEANING OF "UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITIES"

Almost every pension plan (public or private) has "unfunded accrued liabilities", so whatever they are, they aren't rare. Since the term is not part of everyday conversation, it needs some definition.

"Accrued liabilities" are the present value \$ of plan promises to pay benefits in the future based upon service already rendered - - - a liability has been established ("accrued") because the service has been rendered, but the resulting monthly cash benefit may not be payable until years in the future. Accrued liabilities \$ are the result of complex mathematical calculations, which are made by the plan's actuary (which is the name given to the specialist who makes such calculations).

If "accrued liabilities" at any time exceed the plan's accrued assets (cash & investments), the difference is "unfunded accrued liabilities". This is the common condition. If the plan's assets equalled the plan's "accrued liabilities", the plan would be termed "fully funded". This is a rare condition.

Each time a plan adds a new benefit which applies to service already rendered, an "accrued liability" is created, which is also an "unfunded accrued liability" because the plan can't print instant cash to cover the accrued liability. Payment for such unfunded accrued liabilities is spread over a period of year, commonly in the 20-40 year range.

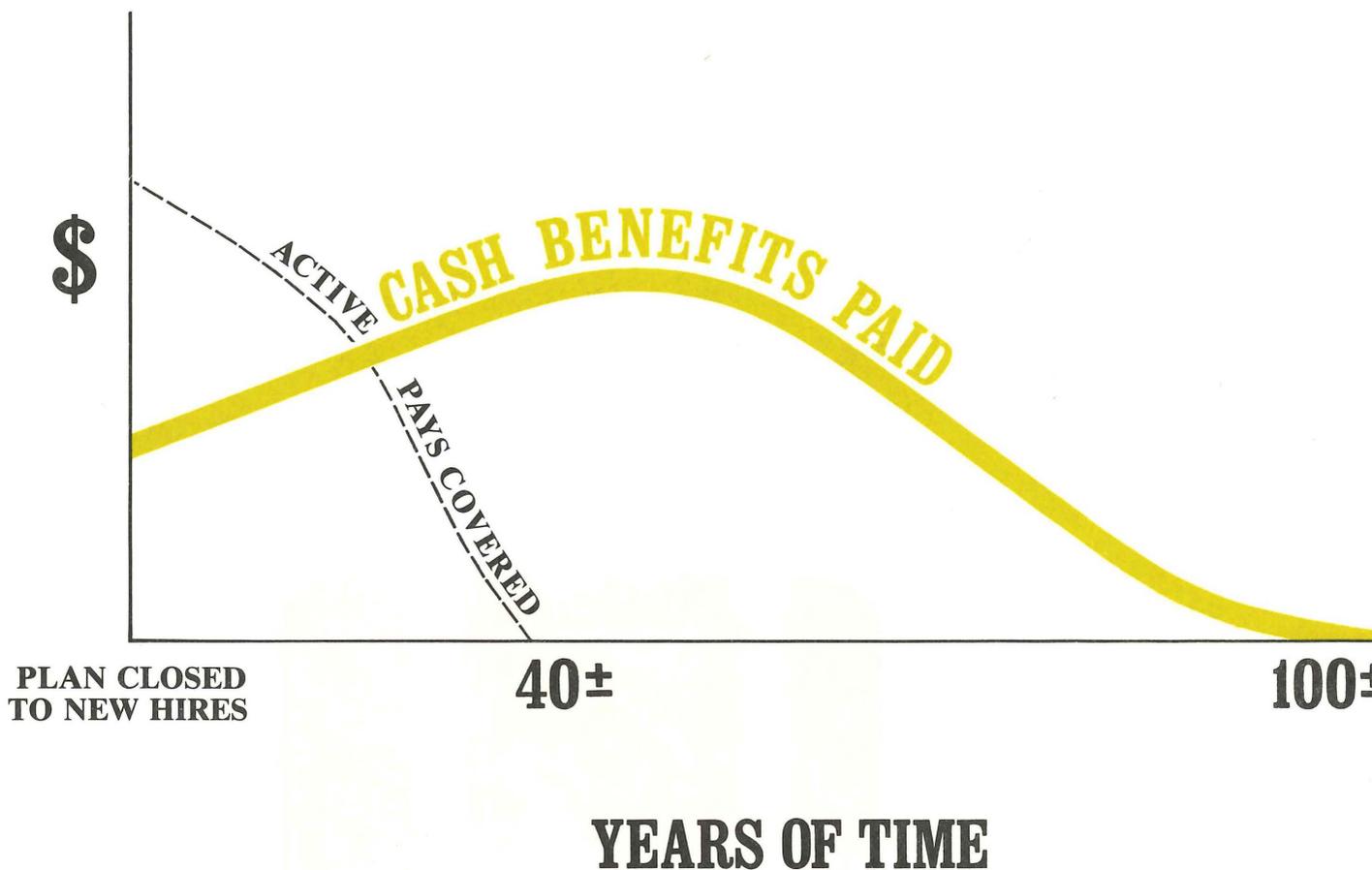
Unfunded accrued liabilities can occur in another way: if actual financial experience is less favorable than assumed financial experience, the difference is added to unfunded accrued liabilities. In plans where plan benefits are directly related to an employee's pay near time of retirement (a common plan provision) rather than his average pay throughout his working career, unfunded accrued liabilities have been increasing in recent years because unexpected rates of pay increase have created additional accrued liabilities which could not be matched by reasonable investment results. Some of these unexpected pay increases are the direct result of inflation, which is a very destructive force on financial stability.

The existence of unfunded accrued liabilities is not bad, then (any more than a mortgage on your house is "bad"), but the changes from year to year in amount of unfunded accrued liabilities are important - - - "bad" or "good" or somewhere in between.

Nor are unfunded accrued liabilities a bill payable immediately (your food costs are payable immediately), but it is important that policy-makers prevent the amount from becoming unreasonably high and it is vital that your plan have a sound method for making payments toward them so that they are controlled.

The existence of large amounts of unfunded accrued liabilities indicates that total contributions in past years were less than level - - - an almost certain history if retired life liabilities are not fully funded now.

A CLOSED PENSION PLAN



A plan becomes closed when no new hires are admitted to active membership. The persons covered by the plan at the time of closing continue their normal activities and continue to be covered by the plan, until the last survivor dies.

CASH BENEFITS LINE. After a pension plan becomes closed, the usual pattern is for cash benefits to continue to increase for decades of time. Eventually the cash benefits will peak, and then gradually decrease over more decades of time, ultimately to zero. The last cash benefit is likely to occur a century after the time the plan is closed.

The precise amounts of cash benefits cannot be known now, and must be estimated by assumptions of future experiences in a variety of financial risk areas.