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The Report of the
GAIN/LOSS ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE
During calendar 1981
Crystal Police Relief Association
Crystal, Minnesota

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GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY
CONSULTING ACTUARIES

Directive to MS 69.77

Directive

The Report of the
GAIN/LOSS ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE
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Crystal Police Relief Association
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GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY

ACTUARIES & CONSULTANTS

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May 20, 1982

Board of Trustees

Crystal Police Relief Association

Crystal, Minnesota

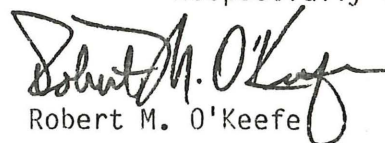
Submitted in this report are the results of the 1981 gain/loss analysis of the financial experiences of the Crystal Police Relief Association.

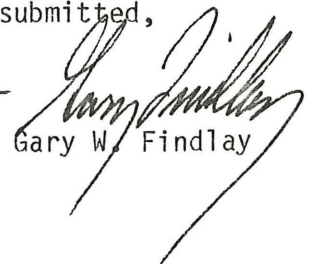
The composite results of this study are reported on Schedule 1, and comments regarding the results are on page 10.

The gain/loss analysis was based upon statistical data furnished by the Association regarding active and retired member changes and related financial transactions.

The actuarial assumptions used for regular valuation purposes and which produce "expected" experience data are shown in the appendix of this report. A brief summary of the Association's benefits is also included in the appendix.

Respectfully submitted,


Robert M. O'Keefe


Gary W. Findlay

PURPOSE OF GAIN/LOSS ANALYSIS

Actual financial experience will not coincide exactly with assumed financial experience--differences are to be expected since the future cannot be predicted with absolute precision. The changes in computed liabilities resulting from differences between actual and assumed experiences are called actuarial gains, if the experience was financially favorable and actuarial losses, if the experience was financially unfavorable. Actuarial gains result in decreases in contribution rates and actuarial losses result in increases.

Regular actuarial valuations provide information about aggregate computed liabilities. However, regular valuations do not develop the information needed to explain the year to year changes in computed liabilities attributable to each activity within the retirement system financial mechanism. The purpose of a gain/loss analysis is to determine the change in computed liabilities and contribution rates attributable to variations between actual and assumed experience.

Once a difference between actual and assumed experience in a risk area has been observed to be sizeable and persistent, the assumed experience should be changed to reflect the observed reality. However, gains and losses over a relatively short period of time may not be indicative of long term trends which provide the basis for selection of actuarial assumptions.

ACTIVITY WHICH RESULTS IN GAINS OR LOSSES

Age & Service Retirement.

If members retire at older ages than assumed, there is a gain. If retirements occur at younger ages than assumed there is a loss.

Disability & Death-in-Service.

If casualty claims are less than assumed, there is a gain. If there are more casualty losses than assumed, there is a loss.

Withdrawal.

If more liabilities are released by withdrawal than assumed, there is a gain.
If there are fewer withdrawals than assumed, there is a loss.

Salary Increases.

If there are smaller salary increases than assumed, there is a gain.
If salary increases are greater than assumed, there is a loss.

Investment Income.

If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain.
If investment income is less than assumed, there is a loss.

Post Retirement Mortality.

If benefit recipients die at younger ages than assumed, there is a gain.
If they live longer than assumed, there is a loss.

Contribution.

Gains or losses arise due to the delay in implementing changes in the recommended contribution.

Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous gains and losses include changes due to data adjustments, rounding and changes in the average age and service characteristics of the group.

Crystal Police Relief Association

Schedule 1.

Gains & Losses in Accrued Liabilities and Changes in Contribution Requirements During Calendar 1981

Type of Activity	Accrued Liabilities (Gain) or Loss *		Contribution Requirements (Gain) or Loss *	
	Active Members (\$ in 1,000)	Retirants & Beneficiaries	Normal Cost % of Payroll	\$ Payment on UAL (\$ in 1,000)
<u>Age & Service Retirements</u>	\$ 0.0	\$ N/A	0.54%	\$ 0.0
<u>Disability & Death-in-Service</u>				
a. <u>Disability</u>	475.3	N/A	0.08	31.1
b. <u>Death-in Service</u>	(0.4)	N/A	0.19	0.0
<u>Withdrawal</u>	6.9	N/A	(0.04)	0.5
<u>Salary Increases</u>	223.0	151.4	N/A	24.5
<u>Investment Income</u>	(10.5)	(86.8)	N/A	(6.4)
<u>Post Retirement Mortality</u>	N/A	29.6	N/A	1.9
<u>Contribution</u>	4.0	4.3	N/A	0.5
<u>Miscellaneous</u>	<u>15.9</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.2</u>
EXPERIENCE RELATED (GAIN)/LOSS & CORRESPONDING CHANGE IN CONTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS	\$714.2	\$100.7	0.77%	\$53.3
<u>Changes due to plan amendments</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.0</u>
TOTAL (GAIN)/LOSS DURING YEAR	<u>\$714.2</u>	<u>\$100.7</u>	<u>0.77%</u>	<u>\$53.3</u>

* Accrued liabilities and contribution requirements are affected by gains and losses.
Gains result in reductions in both and losses result in increases in both.

Crystal Police Relief Association

Schedule 2.

Gains & Losses in Accrued Liabilities
From January 1, 1979 thru December 31, 1981

Type of Activity	1/1/79 - 12/31/79		1/1/80 - 12/31/80		1/1/81 - 12/31/81	
	Accrued Liabilities		Accrued Liabilities		Accrued Liabilities	
	(Gain) or Loss		(Gain) or Loss		(Gain) or Loss	
	Active Members	Retirants & Beneficiaries	Active Members	Retirants & Beneficiaries	Active Members	Retirants & Beneficiaries
	(\$ in 1,000)		(\$ in 1,000)		(\$ in 1,000)	
<u>Age & Service Retirements</u>	\$ 0.0	\$ N/A	\$ 0.0	\$ N/A	\$ 0.0	\$ N/A
<u>Disability & Death-in-Service</u>						
a. <u>Disability</u>	118.7	N/A	(6.0)	N/A	475.3	N/A
b. <u>Death-in Service</u>	(11.4)	N/A	(9.9)	N/A	(0.4)	N/A
<u>Withdrawal</u>	(6.1)	N/A	(8.1)	N/A	6.9	N/A
<u>Salary Increases</u>	42.2	50.1	58.3	61.7	223.0	151.4
<u>Investment Income</u>	(6.0)	(44.7)	(6.9)	(58.9)	(10.5)	(86.8)
<u>Post Retirement Mortality</u>	N/A	20.4	N/A	13.4	N/A	29.6
<u>Contribution</u>	(8.2)	(14.2)	(18.2)	(13.0)	4.0	4.3
<u>Miscellaneous</u>	44.6	0.0	69.4	0.0	15.9	2.2
EXPERIENCE RELATED (GAIN)/LOSS	\$173.8	\$11.6	\$ 78.6	\$ 3.2	\$714.2	\$100.7
Method Change for Casualty Cost			34.8			
<u>Changes Due to Plan Amendments</u>	0.0	0.0	33.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL (GAIN)/LOSS DURING 3 YEAR PERIOD	<u>\$173.8</u>	<u>\$11.6</u>	<u>\$147.2</u>	<u>\$ 3.2</u>	<u>\$714.2</u>	<u>\$100.7</u>

Crystal Police Relief Association

Schedule 3.

Employees Active at Both Beginning & End of 1981

<u>Age Group Beg. Year</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Beginning Salary</u>	<u>Ending Salary</u>	<u>% Increase In Salary</u>
25-29	2	\$ 42,000	\$ 50,352	19.9%
30-34	5	105,000	125,880	19.9
40-44	3	63,000	75,528	19.9
45-49	2	42,000	50,352	19.9
50-54	4	84,000	100,704	19.9
55-59	<u>2</u>	<u>42,000</u>	<u>50,352</u>	19.9
TOTALS	18	\$378,000	\$453,168	19.9%

Employees Active at Either Beginning or End of 1981

<u>Years Service</u>	<u>Beginning of Year</u>	<u>End of Year</u>
0	0	0
1	0	0
2	0	0
3	1	0
4	0	1
5 or more	19	17

Average Age: 42.7 years.

Average Service: 12.8 years.

Crystal Police Relief Association

Schedule 4.

Separations From Active Service (Other Than Age & Service Retirement)
During 1981

<u>Age at Termination</u>	<u>Withdrawal</u>		<u>Disability</u>		<u>Death</u>	
	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Expected</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Expected</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Expected</u>
30-34		0.1		*		*
35-39		*		*		*
40-44		*		*		*
45-49		*		*		*
50-54				*		*
55-59				*		*
TOTALS	0	0.2	2	0.1	0	0.1

* Less than 0.1%

<u>Years Service at Termination</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Expected</u>
0	0	0.0
1	0	0.0
2	0	0.0
3	0	0.0
4	0	0.0
5 or more	0	0.2
TOTALS	0	0.2

Average age at separation: N/A years.

Average service at separation: N/A years.

Crystal Police Relief Association

Schedule 5.

Separations From Active Service
For Age & Service Retirement

Age at Termination	1979		1980		1981	
	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Expected</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Expected</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Expected</u>
50						
51						
52						
53						
54						
55						
56						
57						
58						
59						
60						
61						
62						
63						
64						
65 & Over	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
TOTALS	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

Average age at retirement during period examined was N/A years.

Average service at retirement during period examined was N/A years.

Crystal Police Relief Association

Schedule 6.

Death After Retirement
(Disability and Service Retirants)

<u>Age at Death</u>	<u>1979</u>		<u>1980</u>		<u>1981</u>	
	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Expected</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Expected</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Expected</u>
30-34						0.0018
35-39						0.0020
45-49		0.0053		0.0059		0.0065
50-54		0.0181		0.0201		0.0222
55-59		0.0375		0.0406		0.0442
60-64		0.0496		0.0538		0.0583
65-69	<u>—</u>	<u>0.0327</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>0.0352</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>0.0379</u>
TOTALS	0	0.1432	0	0.1556	0	0.1729

COMMENTS

Economic Assumptions and Financing Method

The economic assumptions of 5% annual investment return and 3 1/2% annual salary increases are established by state law. State law also specifies that the annual minimum obligation of the municipality shall be determined by adding (i) the employer normal cost percent times covered payroll to (ii) the level dollar amount required to amortize the unfunded accrued liability by December 31, 2010.

Over the past few years, both the actual rates of salary increase and investment return have generally exceeded the assumed rates, resulting in increases in the dollar amount of unfunded accrued liabilities. If the financial experiences of recent years persist, and the economic assumptions and financing method are not changed, it is reasonable to expect that unfunded accrued liabilities will increase in actual dollar amount for a number of years. This is true even though a level dollar amortization schedule is being followed. Accordingly, it is reasonable to expect that under the described conditions the actual dollar contributions required to make amortization payments will increase for a number of years. On the other hand, if inflation subsides and actual economic activity approaches assumed experience, it is reasonable to expect the dollar amount of the contribution to amortize the unfunded accrued liability to remain relatively constant. The notion that amortization dollar amounts may be increasing is not necessarily cause for alarm. If adjusted for changes in purchasing power, any future increases in the dollar contributions may or may not reflect increases in terms of real dollars (inflation adjusted dollars).

It is also worth noting that when the same assumptions and methods are applied to plans which differ in nature, the valuation results may not be comparable (for example, it is currently not valid to compare valuation results for a plan having full escalation to valuation results for a plan having a 3 1/2% cap on escalation.) Caution should be exercised when attempting to assess the financial condition of one Association relative to another on the basis of valuation results produced using the assumptions and methods mandated by state law.

APPENDICES

Crystal Police Relief Association

Valuation Methods and Assumptions

The Entry Age Normal Cost method was used to determine the normal cost of all benefits.

The rate of investment return (interest) used in making the valuation was 5.0 percent per annum, compounded annually. State law requires use of this assumption.

The mortality table used was the United States Life Table, 1959-61, White Males and White Females.

Sample Ages	Single Life Values: Present Value of \$1 Monthly				Future Life Expectancy (Years)	
	Level		Increasing			
	For Life		3.5% Yearly			
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
45	\$169.61	\$186.84	\$263.23	\$304.86	27.33	32.52
50	154.85	174.20	229.51	270.80	23.22	28.08
55	139.29	159.62	197.24	236.11	19.45	23.81
60	122.79	142.73	166.26	200.76	16.01	19.69
65	106.31	124.22	137.82	166.16	12.97	15.88
70	89.86	104.31	111.71	132.82	10.29	12.38
75	73.39	83.92	87.66	101.94	7.92	9.28
80	57.54	64.24	66.29	74.77	5.89	6.67

Age & service retirement was assumed to occur at age 58, or attained age if older.

Sample Rates of Separation From Active Employment Before Retirement, Death or Disability

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Separating Within Next Year
20	3.00%
25	2.50
30	2.00
35	1.50
40	1.00
45	0.50
50+	0.00

Pay Adjustment Factor used to Project Current Pays

<u>Sample Ages</u>	<u>Present Pay Resulting in Pay of \$1,000 at Age 60</u>	<u>Percent Increase in Pay During Next Year</u>
20	\$ 253	3.5%
25	300	3.5
30	356	3.5
35	423	3.5
40	503	3.5
45	597	3.5
50	709	3.5
55	842	3.5
60	1,000	3.5

Use of the pay adjustment factor illustrated above is required by state law.

Disability retirements were assumed to occur as indicated below:

<u>Sample Ages</u>	<u>% of Active Members Becoming Disabled Within Next Year</u>
20	0.08%
25	0.08
30	0.08
35	0.08
40	0.20
45	0.26
50	0.49
55	0.89

Crystal Police Relief Association

Brief Summary (12/31/81) of Benefit Provisions Evaluated and/or Considered

Age & Service Retirement

Eligibility. 20 years of service and 50 years of age.

Amount. For first 20 years of service, 36/80 of base pay at retirement. For each year in excess of 20, an additional 1/80 is added, up to a maximum of 43/80 of base pay for 27 or more years of service.

Pay Used For Plan Purposes. For benefit determination purposes "base pay" means the salary of a first grade patrolman for the second month of the previous fiscal year. For contribution purposes it means the present pay of a first grade patrolman.

Disability Retirement

Eligibility. Disabled to the extent that no longer able to perform the duties of a police officer before being eligible for age & service retirement.

Amount. 36/80 of base pay at time of disability. If service exceeds 21 years, the amount is recomputed as an age & service benefit at the time the retirant reaches age 50.

Member's Death While Active, Or In Deferred Status, Or Retired

Eligibility.

Spouse. Legally married to member at least one year prior to separation from service and residing with member at time of death. Benefits terminate upon remarriage.

Child. Younger than age 18.

Amount.

Spouse. 19/80 of base pay at separation from service.

Child. 6/80 of base pay per child. Children's maximum is 18/80 if spouse is receiving and 36/80 if no spouse is receiving.

Vested Deferred. 20 years of service and separated before age 50. Maximum benefit is 40/80 of base pay. Payment beginning is deferred to attainment of age 50.

Post Retirement Adjustments ("Escalator"). Each time base pay is changed, payments to all benefit recipients are simultaneously changed by the same percent that base pay is changed.

Member Contributions. 8% of base pay. Total member contributions are refundable, without interest, if no monthly benefit is payable upon separation from service.