The Report of the
GAIN/LOSS ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE
During calendar 1981
Chisholm Police Relief Association
Chisholm, Minnesota

GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY
ACTUARIES & CONSULTANTS

2090 First National Building
Detroit, Michigan 48226
Area 313: 961-3346

June 24, 1982

Board of Trustees

Chisholm Police Relief Association
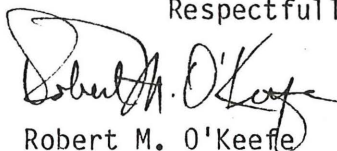
Chisholm, Minnesota

Submitted in this report are the results of the 1981 gain/loss analysis of the financial experiences of the Chisholm Police Relief Association

The composite results of this study are reported on Schedule 1, and comments regarding the results are on page 10.

The gain/loss analysis was based upon statistical data furnished by the Association regarding active and retired member changes and related financial transactions.

The actuarial assumptions used for regular valuation purposes and which produce "expected" experience data are shown in the appendix of this report. A brief summary of the Association's benefits is also included in the appendix.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert M. O'Keefe   Gary W. Findlay

PURPOSE OF GAIN/LOSS ANALYSIS

Actual financial experience will not coincide exactly with assumed financial experience--differences are to be expected since the future cannot be predicted with absolute precision. The changes in computed liabilities resulting from differences between actual and assumed experiences are called actuarial gains, if the experience was financially favorable and actuarial losses, if the experience was financially unfavorable. Actuarial gains result in decreases in contribution rates and actuarial losses result in increases.

Regular actuarial valuations provide information about aggregate computed liabilities. However, regular valuations do not develop the information needed to explain the year to year changes in computed liabilities attributable to each activity within the retirement system financial mechanism. The purpose of a gain/loss analysis is to determine the change in computed liabilities and contribution rates attributable to variations between actual and assumed experience.

Once a difference between actual and assumed experience in a risk area has been observed to be sizeable and persistent, the assumed experience should be changed to reflect the observed reality. However, gains and losses over a relatively short period of time may not be indicative of long term trends which provide the basis for selection of actuarial assumptions.

ACTIVITY WHICH RESULTS IN GAINS OR LOSSES

<u>Age & Service Retirement.</u>

If members retire at older ages than assumed, there is a gain. If retire-

ments occur at younger ages than assumed there is a loss.

<u>Disability & Death-in-Service.</u>

If casualty claims are less than assumed, there is a gain. If there are

more casualty losses than assumed, there is a loss.

<u>Withdrawal.</u>

If more liabilities are released by withdrawal than assumed, there is a gain.

If there are fewer withdrawals than assumed, there is a loss.

<u>Salary Increases.</u>

If there are smaller salary increases than assumed, there is a gain.

If salary increases are greater than assumed, there is a loss.

<u>Investment Income.</u>

If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain.

If investment income is less than assumed, there is a loss.

<u>Post Retirement Mortality.</u>

If benefit recipients die at younger ages than assumed, there is a gain.

If they live longer than assumed, there is a loss.

<u>Contribution.</u>

Gains or losses arise due to the delay in implementing changes in the

recommended contribution.

<u>Miscellaneous.</u>

Miscellaneous gains and losses include changes due to data adjustments,

rounding and changes in the average age and service characteristics of the

group.

Chisholm Police Relief Association

Schedule 1.

Gains & Losses in Accrued Liabilities
and Changes in Contribution Requirements
During Calendar 1981

Type of Activity	Accrued Liabilities (Gain) or Loss *		Contribution Requirements (Gain) or Loss *	
	Active Members	Retirants & Beneficiaries	Normal Cost % of Payroll	$ Payment on UAL
	($ in 1,000)			($ in 1,000)
Age & Service Retirements	$ 0.0	$ N/A	(0.01)%	$ 0.00
Disability & Death-in-Service				
a. Disability	(1.9)	N/A	0.00	(0.12)
b. Death-in Service	2.0	N/A	(0.04)	0.13
Withdrawal	2.9	N/A	0.00	0.19
Salary Increases	7.7	(10.1)	N/A	(0.16)
Investment Income	(0.1)	(1.9)	N/A	(0.13)
Post Retirement Mortality	N/A	9.1	N/A	0.60
Contribution	1.0	(21.3)	N/A	(1.33)
Miscellaneous	8.2	(1.2)	N/A	0.45
EXPERIENCE RELATED (GAIN)/LOSS & CORRESPONDING CHANGE IN CONTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS	$19.8	$(25.4)	(0.05)%	$(0.37)
Changes due to plan amendments	47.2	0.0	3.48	3.09
TOTAL (GAIN)/LOSS DURING YEAR	$67.0	$(25.4)	3.43 %	$ 2.72

* Accrued liabilities and contribution requirements are affected by gains and losses.
  Gains result in reductions in both and losses result in increases in both.

Chisholm Police Relief Association

Schedule 2.

Gains & Losses in Accrued Liabilities
From January 1, 1979 thru December 31, 1981

Type of Activity	1/1/79 - 12/31/79 Accrued Liabilities (Gain) or Loss		1/1/80 - 12/31/80 Accrued Liabilities (Gain) or Loss		1/1/81 - 12/31/81 Accrued Liabilities (Gain) or Loss	
	Active Members ($ in 1,000)	Retirants & Beneficiaries	Active Members ($ in 1,000)	Retirants & Beneficiaries	Active Members ($ in 1,000)	Retirants & Beneficiaries
Age & Service Retirements	$ 0.0	$ N/A	$ 0.0	$ N/A	$ 0.0	$ N/A
Disability & Death-in-Service						
a. Disability	(0.9)	N/A	(1.1)	N/A	(1.9)	N/A
b. Death-in Service	0.7	N/A	0.6	N/A	2.0	N/A
Withdrawal	0.3	N/A	1.3	N/A	2.9	N/A
Salary Increases	20.3	49.7	15.8	0.0	7.7	(10.1)
Investment Income	0.5	6.9	(0.4)	(5.3)	(0.1)	(1.9)
Post Retirement Mortality	N/A	6.1	N/A	8.8	N/A	9.1
Contribution	6.1	14.8	(0.9)	(2.5)	1.0	(21.3)
Miscellaneous	(11.1)	(31.8)	(63.9)	(4.2)	8.2	(1.2)
EXPERIENCE RELATED (GAIN)/LOSS	$15.9	$45.7	$(48.6)	$(3.2)	$19.8	$(25.4)
Method Change for Casualty Cost			5.0			
Changes Due to Plan Amendments	N/A	N/A	11.2	0.0	47.2	0.0
TOTAL (GAIN)/LOSS DURING 3 YEAR PERIOD	$15.9	$45.7	$(32.4)	$(3.2)	$67.0	$(25.4)

Chisholm Police Relief Association

Schedule 3.

Employees Active at Both Beginning & End of 1981

Age Group Beg. Year	No.	Beginning Salary	Ending Salary	% Increase In Salary
35-39	1	$18,294	$19,549	6.9%
50-54	2	42,432	45,300	6.8
TOTALS	3	$60,726	$64,849	6.8%

Employees Active at Either Beginning or End of 1981

Years Service	Beginning of Year	End of Year
0		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5 or more	3	3

Average Age: 47.7 years.

Average Service: 21.2 years.

Chisholm Police Relief Association

Schedule 4.

Separations From Active Service (Other Than Age & Service Retirement)
During 1981

Age at Termination	Withdrawal		Disability		Death	
	Actual	Expected	Actual	Expected	Actual	Expected
35-39		*		*		*
55-59		*		*		*
TOTALS	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

* Less than 0.1%

Years Service at Termination	Actual	Expected
0		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5 or more	___	___
TOTALS	0	0.0

Average age at separation: N/A years.

Average service at separation: N/A years.

Chisholm Police Relief Association

Schedule 5.

Separations From Active Service
For Age & Service Retirement

Age at Termination	1979		1980		1981	
	Actual	Expected	Actual	Expected	Actual	Expected
	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

Average age at retirement during period examined was N/A years.

Average service at retirement during period examined was N/A years.

Chisholm Police Relief Association

Schedule 6.

Death After Retirement
(Disability and Service Retirants)

Age at Death	1979		1980		1981	
	Actual	Expected	Actual	Expected	Actual	Expected
60-64		0.1168		0.1272		0.1683
65-69	—	0.1137	—	0.1223	—	0.1667
TOTALS	0	0.2305	0	0.2495	0	0.3350

COMMENTS

Economic Assumptions and Financing Method

The economic assumptions of 5% annual investment return and 3 1/2% annual salary increases are established by state law. State law also specifies that the annual minimum obligation of the municipality shall be determined by adding (i) the employer normal cost percent times covered payroll to (ii) the level dollar amount required to amortize the unfunded accrued liability by December 31, 2010.

Over the past few years, both the actual rates of salary increase and investment return have generally exceeded the assumed rates, resulting in increases in the dollar amount of unfunded accrued liabilities. If the financial experiences of recent years persist, and the economic assumptions and financing method are not changed, it is reasonable to expect that unfunded accrued liabilities will increase in actual dollar amount for a number of years. This is true even though a level dollar amortization schedule is being followed. Accordingly, it is reasonable to expect that under the described conditions the actual dollar contributions required to make amortization payments will increase for a number of years. On the other hand, if inflation subsides and actual economic activity approaches assumed experience, it is reasonable to expect the dollar amount of the contribution to amortize the unfunded accrued liability to remain relatively constant. The notion that amortization dollar amounts may be increasing is not necessarily cause for alarm. If adjusted for changes in purchasing power, any future increases in the dollar contributions may or may not reflect increases in terms of real dollars (inflation adjusted dollars).

It is also worth noting that when the same assumptions and methods are applied to plans which differ in nature, the valuation results may not be comparable (for example, it is currently not valid to compare valuation results for a plan having full escalation to valuation results for a plan having a 3 1/2% cap on escalation.) Caution should be exercised when attempting to assess the financial condition of one Association relative to another on the basis of valuation results produced using the assumptions and methods mandated by state law.

APPENDICES

Chisholm Police Relief Association

Valuation Methods and Assumptions

_____

The Entry Age Normal Cost method was used to determine the normal cost of all benefits.

The rate of investment return (interest) used in making the valuation was 5.0 percent per annum, compounded annually. State law requires use of this assumption.

The mortality table used was the United States Life Table, 1959-61, White Males and White Females.

	Single Life Values: Present Value of $1 Monthly				Future Life Expectancy (Years)	
Sample Ages	Level For Life		Increasing 3.5% Yearly			
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
45	$169.61	$186.84	$263.23	$304.86	27.33	32.52
50	154.85	174.20	229.51	270.80	23.22	28.08
55	139.29	159.62	197.24	236.11	19.45	23.81
60	122.79	142.73	166.26	200.76	16.01	19.69
65	106.31	124.22	137.82	166.16	12.97	15.88
70	89.86	104.31	111.71	132.82	10.29	12.38
75	73.39	83.92	87.66	101.94	7.92	9.28
80	57.54	64.24	66.29	74.77	5.89	6.67

Age & service retirement was assumed to occur at age 62, or attained age if older.

Sample Rates of Separation From Active Employment Before Retirement, Death or Disability

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Separating Within Next Year
20	3.00%
25	2.50
30	2.00
35	1.50
40	1.00
45	0.50
50+	0.00

Pay Adjustment Factor used to Project Current Pays

Sample Ages	Present Pay Resulting in Pay of $1,000 at Age 60	Percent Increase in Pay During Next Year
20	$ 253	3.5%
25	300	3.5
30	356	3.5
35	423	3.5
40	503	3.5
45	597	3.5
50	709	3.5
55	842	3.5
60	1,000	3.5

Use of the pay adjustment factor illustrated above is required by state law.

Disability retirements were assumed to occur as indicated below:

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Becoming Disabled Within Next Year
20	0.08%
25	0.08
30	0.08
35	0.08
40	0.20
45	0.26
50	0.49
55	0.89

Chisholm Police Relief Association

Brief Summary (12/31/81) of Benefit Provisions Evaluated and/or Considered

Age & Service Retirement

Eligibility. 20 years of service and 55 years of age.

Amount. For first 20 years of service, 50% of average annual earnings during last six months prior to retirement. For each year of service in excess of 20 years an additional annual benefit of $60 is added with the maximum annual amount of this additional benefit being $300. For each year over 25 a benefit of 1/2% of average annual earnings during last six months prior retirement is added. (The latter benefit is not subject to the post retirement adjustment provisions.)

Disability Retirement

Eligibility. Disabled to the extent that no longer able to perform the duties of a police officer prior to being eligible for age & service retirement.

Amount. Same as age & service retirement assuming 20 years of service.

Member's Death While Active, Or in Deferred Status, Or Retired.

Eligibility.

Spouse. Legally married to member at separation from service. Benefits terminate upon remarriage.

Child. Younger than age 16.

Amount.

Spouse. $2,100 per year.

Child. $180 per child per year.

Maximum Family Benefit. $2,460 per year.

Vested Deferred. 20 years service and separated before age 55. Payment beginning is deferred to attainment of age 55.

<u>Post Retirement Adjustments ("Escalator").</u> Retired member's benefits are increased 3% per year.

<u>Member Contributions.</u> 8% of base pay. Total member contributions are refundable, without interest, if no monthly benefit is payable upon separation from service.