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# MAXI AUDIT

# FOR THE

# CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

rieke carroll muller associates inc

architects engineers land surveyors planners NOVEMBER 1981

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MAXI AUDIT

OF THE

PUBLIC WORKS ENGINEERING

(NEW PUBLIC HEALTH BUILDING)

FOR

BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

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#### Introduction

This Maxi-Audit Report is a detailed engineering analysis, of the Public Works Engineering Building, to identify possible energy conservation measures. These items are shown along with their costs, yearly energy savings and payback times.

#### Summary

The Public Works Engineering building has just been completely remodeled and enlarged to become the Public Health Service building. The existing building for the most part, was brought up to current energy standards for new building construction. The addition of new equipment should help the efficiency of operating the facility.

The existing five zone heat-cool system and the new six zone heatcool system gives a very deluxe space control for the intended use. It is suggested that a multi-colored floor plan layout with thermostat and zone identification be utilized by the building and operating managements. A thorough understanding of all eleven zones for wintersummer, and occupied-unoccupied times will add to efficient operation.

If all occupants understand that one single zone setting can upset the master cooling load analyzer during the summer or a single zone improperly set can reset the entire heating system; efficiencies and comfort can be accomplished. A "shakedown" period for heating and cooling should establish the best settings. Interior zones virtually don't know it's winter or summer, only lighting and occupant loads for cooling. Exterior zones should sense and offset all other load demands. There is no reason or economics to have windows open. The new equipment can be set to make use of free cooling for spring and fall if properly adjusted.

With such a thorough remodel of the building, very few energy saving items could be listed; however, these should have future energy cost projections applied.

	Energy Saving Items							
	Item	Cost	Energy Savings	Payback Time				
1.	Short boiler flue	-	_	-				
2.	Add relief grille to vestibule	\$ 40.00	\$ 35.58/yr	1.12 years				
3.	Add outdoor boiler controller	\$ 200.00	\$ 149.40.yr	1.34 years				
4.	Add wall insulation	\$ 1,384.80	\$ 195.59/yr	7.08 years				
5.	Solar domestic hot water	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 42.09/yr	47.5 years				
6.	Solar space heating	\$58,000.00	\$ 740.61/yr	78 years				

#### MAXI-AUDIT REPORT

A	BUILDING NAME Public Works Engineering		NAME OF ORGANIZATION City of Bloomington	DATE 11-5-81
	BUILDING ADDRESS 10000 Logan Avenue South		ADDRESS 2215 West Old Shakopee Road	
	CITY Bloomington, MN	zip code 55431	cıry Bloomington, MN	zip code 55431
CONT/ DATA	Bloomington, MN PERSON COMPLETING FORM P. R. Wilcox	теlephone 612/935-6901	CONTACT PERSON Arthur W. Jensen	TELEPHONE 612/881 <b>-</b> 5811

B Instructions: For blocks 1 and 2 check the box which best fits the building ownership conditions. For block 3 determine which of the four categories describes the building type and then within the category check off the sub category befitting the building function.

<u> </u>			T		00110010			
	1.	OWNERSHIP TYPE		За.	SCHOOLS	С.	LOCAL GOVERN	
		ý⊈] Public	(PUB)		Elementary	(SCHL-ELM)	X Office	(LOCG-OFFC)
		Non-Profit Association	(NAP)		Secondary	(SCHL-SECD)	Storage	(LOCG-STRG)
1					Coll. or Univ.	(SCHL-POST)	Service	(LOCG-SERV)
	2.	ULTIMATE OWNER			Vocational	(SCHL-VOCL)	Library	(LOCG-LBRY)
		[] County	(CNTY)		Education Agency	(SCHL-ADMN)	Police	(LOCG-PLCE)
		XI City	(CITY)		Administration	(SCHL-ADMN)	Fire	(LOCG-FIRE)
CODE		[] Township	(TOWN)		OTHER	(SCHL-OTHR)	OTHER	(LOCG-OTHR)
6		L] State	(STAT)					
		D Public School	(PUSC)	b.	PUBLIC CARE	d.	HOSPITALS	
≿		Private School	(PRSC)		Nursing Home	(PBCR-NURS)	General	(HOSP-GENL)
1251		L3 Non-Profit Association	(NPAP)		Long Term Care	(PBCR-TERM)	Tuberculosis	(HOSP-TUBR)
ā		Indian Tribe	(INDN)		Rehab. Facility	(PBCR-RHAB)	[] OTHER	(HOSP-OTHR)
20					Public Health Ctr.	(PBCR-HCTR)		
BUILDING					Res. Child Care Ctr.	(PBCR-RCCC)		
<u> </u>								

Check the type of reports which were completed prior to this maxi-audit report form. XI Energy Report Elementary School Energy Report (form no. ED-00444-02) Secondary School Energy Report (form no. ED-00445-02) XI Mini-Audit Report (form no. EN-00065-01) If no energy report was completed before this maxi-audit report, include one with this report. Elementary school administrators should use form no. ED-00444-02. Secondary and vocational school administrators should use form no. ED-00445-02. All other building owners should use form no. EN-00041-01. All building auditors are to use the mini-audit form EN-00065-01 after completion of one of the first three above.

Instructions: Complete this section with a summary of what was accomplished as a result of the energy report and the mini-audit report.

ENERGY REPORT:

D

ENERGY REPORT AND MINI-AUDIT REPORT SUMMARY The energy report was reviewed by the city administrator and mini-audit was deemed necessary. Six items completed after energy report.

MINI-AUDIT REPORT:

Twenty-three of the 47 energy opportunities were completed shortly after the mini-audit. Additional items have been completed except for the higher cost items. New recordkeeping system shows reduced energy use and need for maxi-audit.

E	Instructions: This section is to be completed and signed I registered electrical engineer. This section should be compl filled in.	by a registered architect, a registered mechanical engineer, or a letted after this maxi-audit report is completed. All blanks must be
	I have reviewed the building energy report and/or the mini-aud to be correct, to the best of my knowledge, or I have corrected the maxi-audit report to the Minnesota Energy Agency.	dit report for this building. I found all information contained therein d any misinformation on the reports, which will be resubmitted with
	I am not directly responsible for the day-to-day operation of	this building being audited.
	I have fully disclosed my financial interests relating to thi by this audit.	is maxi-audit and any energy conservation measures considered
	Referring to section G, I have included an analysis that assume and maintenance procedures have been realized.	nes all energy savings obtained from energy conservation operation
	I have calculated the total energy cost savings, by fuel typ recommended energy conservation measures, taking into ac	be, expected to result from the acquisition and installation of all ccount the interaction among the various measures.
	The energy prices used in the maxi-audit report are the curr	ent prices based on the institution's most recent purchase.
	Included in the maxi-audit report is a solar analysis for: (che	eck one or more)
	X a domestic hot water heating system	
	X a space heating system	
	an electrical generation system	
	🗆 an attached solar greenhouse	
	🗆 other: (specify)	
	(should, should not) Included in the maxi-audit report is a list of local zoning ord	_ undergo a solar installation. dinances or building codes that will restrict the utilization of solar no local zoning ordinances or building codes to my knowledge that
	I recommend that this building <u>should not</u> (should, should not)	undergo a waste, wind, or wood installation. (circle which one(s))
		ny direct supervision and all information contained herein is correct ical engineer, electrical engineer, or architect under the laws of the
	Architect	Engineer Paul Martinsen
	Signature	Signature Paul Bo Martinen
	Registration no.	Registration no9597
	Firm	Firm_Rieke Carroll Muller Associates, Inc.
	Address	Address P.O. Box 130, Hopkins, MN 55343
	Phone	Phone612/935-6901
	Date	Date11-5-81
æ		
NTS		
MAX-AUDITOR STATEMENTS		
TAT		
N S		

Instructions: For determining the remaining useful life of the building, list each addition of the building and describe the addition, its condition, its age, and its gross square footage. Then for the building as a whole enter the remaining useful life in years. Enter the gross floor area of the building. Some of this information can be found in the energy report.

	Building Unit	Cor	ndition		Age	Sq. Ft.
	1960 office building	21 years	3239			
	1970 remodel				11 years	3239
	1970 new addition	-			11 years	3600
EFUL						
NG US THE BI						
REMAINING USEFUL LIFE OF THE BUILDING	Remaining Useful Life of the Building	82	Yrs	Gross Floor Area of the Building	683	39 Sq. Ft.

Instructions: Enter the energy consumption of the building by fuel type in MMBTU's/year when the building is at optimum efficiency. Enter the energy index in MBTU's/square foot/year.

G

ESTIMATED ENERGY INDEX

	Fuel 1	Fuel 2	Electricity	Total
MMBTU/Year	778.42		1425.77	2204.19
MBTU/sq. ft./Yr.	113.82		208.48	322.3

NOTE: For the conversion of fuel quantity to BTU's, use the following conversion factors for this section only.

Electricity — 11,600 BTU per kilowatt-hour Natural gas — 1,030 BTU per cubic foot Distillate fuel oil — 138,690 BTU per gallon Residual fuel oil — 149,690 BTU per gallon Coal — 24.5 million BTU per standard short ton Liquefied petroleum gases including propane ar

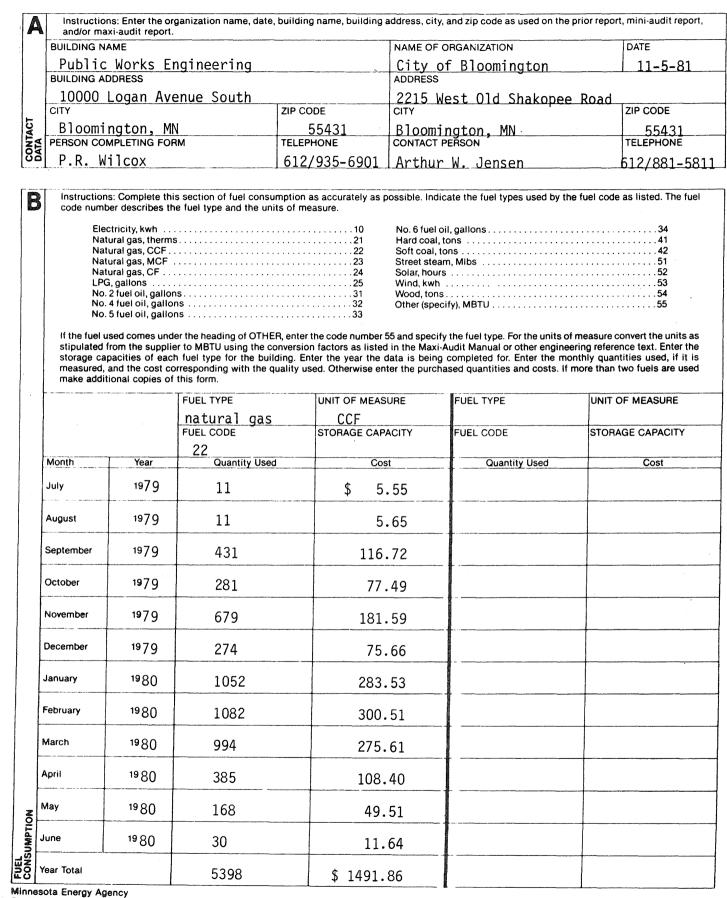
Liquefied petroleum gases including propane and butane—95,475 BTU per gallon Steam—1,390 BTU per pound

The above conversion factors are stipulated in the federal requirements for the Institutional Buildings Grants Program. These source conversion factors are to be used in this section only. Conversion factors may be taken from engineering reference manuals for fuels not listed.

Above figures based on original building before addition and remodel.

Н Instructions: Read through the list of energy conservation opportunities provided in the Maxi-Audit Manual. Upon completion of a thorough engineering and economic analysis enter all the energy conservation opportunities in this section. Enter the results of the engineering and economic analysis for each energy conservation opportunity as indicated on the "Energy Conservation Measure Development Sheet" and/or "Energy Conservation Operations and Mainenance Procedure Development Sheet" or other format in the appropriate boxes. The classification numbers, major and subclass, should be taken from the classification scheme for energy conservation opportunities. Use the fuel codes as listed. The fuel codes indicate the type and the unit of measure. If the fuel comes under OTHER convert the units of measure to MBTU and describe the fuel saved in the description. Enter yes or no in the box entitled "Funding Requested" to indicate whether funding is being applied for through the Institutional Buildings Grants Program. The "Funding Requested" and "Implementation Date" boxes are the only boxes that are not required to be filled upon completion of the maxi-audit report. See page 14 for important detailed instructions. ECO REPORT SUMMARY . 10 No. 2 fuel oil, gallons Electricity, kwh 31 Street steam, MIbs 51 Natural gas, therms. 21 No. 4 fuel oil, gallons Solar, hours 32 52 Natural gas, CCF 22 No. 5 fuel oil, gallons 33 Wind, kwh 53 Natural gas, MCF 23 No. 6 fuel oil, gallons 34 Wood, tons 54 Natural gas, CF 24 Hard coal, tons Other (specify), MBTU 55 41 LPG, gallons 25 Soft coal, tons 42 Quantity of 1 Saved Units Fuel 1 Code Fuel 1 Cost Savings \$ Item No Classification Description Short boiler flue may reduce efficiencies Major Sub under windy conditions. 3 1 7 Fuel 2 Code Quantity of 2 Saved Units Funding Requested Fuel 2 Cost Implem Date Savings \$ Total Fuel Savings MMBTU Total Fuel Acquisition Cost \$ Installation Cost - \$ Design Cost \$ Total Modification Cost \$ Simple Payback Period Yrs Cost Savings \$ TOTAL FUEL ELECT CODE Quantity Saved - KWH Elect Cost Savings \$ Total Energy Cost Savings \$ Alternate Payback Yrs Increase In O & M Cost \$ Useful Lite - Yrs Salvage Value \$ 10 (optional) Quantity of 1 Saved - Units Fuel 1 Code Fuel 1 Cost Savings - \$ Classification No. Add relief grille to north vestibules Major Sub 12,892Ft<sup>3</sup> so doors will close. 22 \$ 35.58 2 2 7 Fuel 2 Code Quantity of 2 Saved-Units Fuel 2 Cost Savings-\$ Funding Requested Implem Date Total Modification Cost -- \$ Simple Payback Period - Yrs Total Fuel Savings-MMBTU Total Fuel Cost Savings \$ Acquisition Cost-\$ Installation Cost-\$ Design Cost – \$ TOTAL FUEL \$40.00 1.12 35.58 \$10.00 \$30.00 12.89 \$ \_ ELECT Quantity Saved-KWH Elect. Cost Savings-\$ Increase In O & M Cost-\$ Salvage Value-\$ Useful Life - Yrs Total Energy Cost Savings-\$ Alternate Payback - Yrs 50 \$35.58 -10 (optional) Fuel 1 Code Quantity of 1 Saved—Units Fuel 1 Cost Savings-\$ Classification Description Item No. Sub Add outdoor reset controller to the Major 3 boiler. 22 \$149.40 54,129.8Ft 3 1 Fuel 2 Code Quantity of 2 Saved-Units Fuel 2 Cost Savings-\$ Funding Requested Implem Date Total Modification Simple Payback Total Fuel Savings-MMBTU Total Fuel Cost Savings \$ Acquisition Cost-\$ Installation Cost-\$ Design Cost-\$ Cost-\$ Period - Yrs TOTAL FUEL \$200.00 1.34 54.2 \$ 149.40 \$100.00 \$100.00 \_ ELECT Quantity Saved-KWH Elect. Cost Savings-\$ Increase In O & M Cost-\$ Salvage Value-\$ Useful Life-Yrs Total Energy Cost Savings-\$ Alternate Payback-Yrs. 25 \$149.40 10 (optional) Fuel 1 Code Quantity of 1 Saved—Units Fuel 1 Cost Savings-\$ Item No. Classification Sub Add insulation to southwest walls that Major 70,772Ft<sup>3</sup> 22 \$195.59 4 2 8 are not insulated. Fuel 2 Code Quantity of 2 Saved-Units Fuel 2 Cost Savings-\$ Funding Requested Implem Date Total Fuel Savings-MMBTU Total Fuel Acquisition Cost-\$ Installation Cost-\$ Design Cost-\$ **fotal Modification** Simple Payback Period - Yrs. Cost Savings \$ Cost-\$ TOTAL FUEL \$195,59 \$409.25 \$975.55 \$1384.80 7.08 70.8 \_ Quantity Saved—KWH Total Energy Cost Savings-\$ ELECT. CODE Elect. Cost Increase In O & M Cost-\$ Salvage Value-\$ Useful Life—Yrs. Alternate Payback — Yrs. Savings-\$ \$195.59 50 -\_ 10 (optional)

#### FUEL AND ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION REPORT



EN-00078-01 December 1979

Above figures are for consumption for original building without addition.

Instructions: Complete this section on electrical consumption as accurately as possible. Enter the electrical utility name supplying electrical power to the building and the rate classification utilized. Enter the year that the data is being completed for. Use the same months and year for this section as were used in the fuel consumption section. Enter the electrical energy consumed in kilowatt-hours. Enter the total electric bill for each month. If the building has a demand meter, enter the maximum kilowatt demand for each month. Enter the power factor also, if it is included in the utility metering.

Rate Classific	ation: COMM	ercial	_		
Month	Year	Energy Kilowatt-Hours	Maximum Demand Kilowatts	Power Factor	Cost (\$)
July	19 79	25,520			\$1144.86
August	19 79	23,480			551.48
September	19 79	11,120			494.43
October	19 79	7,760			321.65
November	19 79	6,800			264.19
December	19 79	8,040			372.03
January	19 80	7,560			367.97
February	19 80	8,760			389.45
March	19 80	6,800			348.66
April	19 80	7,240			365.18
May	19 80	7,560			371.97
June	19 80	9,440			457.71

Upon completion of the Fuel and Electrical Consumption Report Form mail it to:

Minnesota Energy Agency Conservation Research and Development Conservation Division 980 American Center Building 150 East Kellogg Boulevard St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Minnesota Energy Agency EN-00078-01 December 1979

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#### RENEWABLE RESOURCES REPORT

The most practical renewable resource area for the Public Works Engineering building is solar. The building was analyzed for application of a solar collector system for both the domestic hot water system and the building heating system. The results are tabulated below.

	Domestic Hot Water-50%	Building Heating-49%
Cost	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 58,000.00
Energy Savings	\$ 42.09/yr	\$ 740.61/yr
Payback Time	47.5 years	78 years

Based on the above data, the systems would not be practical to install, because the payback time is excessive or will probably exceed the life of the building.

Month	<sup>N</sup> d (Days per month)	T <sub>a</sub> ( <sup>0</sup> F)	<sup>H</sup> t (Btu/day ft <sup>2</sup> )	N <sub>f</sub> (ft <sup>3</sup> /month)
				105 000
January	31	12.2	1124	105,200
February	28	15.8	1363	108,200
March	31	28.4	1433	99,400
April	30	44.6	1442	38,500
May	31	57.2	1475	16,800
June	30	66.2	1522	3,000
July	31	71.6	1588	1,100
August	31	69.8	1581	1,100
September	30	60.8	1519	43,100
October	31	50.0	1484	28,100
November	30	32.0	1004	67,900
December	31	19.4	897	27,400

#### SOLAR ASSISTANCE TO BUILDING HEATING (GIVEN DATA)

 $T_a$  = monthly average ambient temperature (<sup>o</sup>F)

 $H_T$  = daily average radiation incident on the collector surface (Btu/day ft<sup>2</sup>)

 $N_{f}$  = number of fuel units consumed per month (ft<sup>3</sup>/month)

Month		X/A	Y/A	l X	Y	f	f x L <sub>T</sub>
Contraction of Security Securi	(Btu/Month)	1/ft <sup>2</sup>	1/ft <sup>2</sup>				(Btu/Month)
January February	65,013,600 66,867,600	$1.60 \times 10^{-3}$	$0.32 \times 10^{-3}$ 0.34 x 10^{-3}	2.32 2.00	0.46 0.49	0.30 0.32	19,504,080 21,397,632
March	61,429,200	$1.38 \times 10^{-3}$ $1.56 \times 10^{-3}$	$0.43 \times 10^{-3}$	2.26	0.62	0.41	25,185,972
April	23,793,000	$3.55 \times 10_{-3}$	$1.11 \times 10^{-3}$	5.15	1.61	0.83	19,748,190
May	10,382,400	$7.77 \times 10_{-3}$	$2.60 \times 10^{-3}$	11.27	3.77 21.07	1.00 1.00	10,382,400 1,854,000
June July	1,854,000 679,800	$39.63 \times 10^{-3}$ 107.56 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	$14.53 \times 10^{-3}$ 42.73 x 10^{-3}	57.46 155.96	61.96	1.00	679,800
August	679,800	$108.94 \times 10^{-3}$	$42.54 \times 10^{-3}$	157.96	61.68	1.00	679,800
September	26,635,800	$2.86 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.01 \times 10^{-3}$	4.15	1.46	0.81	21,574,998
October	17,365,800	4.85 x 10 3	$1.56 \times 10^{-3}$	7.03	2.26	0.93	16,150,194
November	41,962,200	$2.16 \times 10^{-3}$ 5.92 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	$0.42 \times 10^{-3}$	3.13	0.61	0.37	15,526,014
December	16,933,200	$5.92 \times 10^{-5}$	$0.97 \times 10^{-7}$	8.58	1.41	0.61	10,329,252

#### SOLAR ASSISTANCE TO BUILDING HEATING (CALCULATED DATA)

A change of the second of the

333,596,400

163,011,930

$$L_{T} = N_{f} \times H_{f} \times E_{f}$$

$$H_{f} = \text{fuel heating value} = 1030 \text{ BTU/ft}^{3}$$

$$E_{f} = \text{average furnace efficiency} = 70\%$$

$$X/A = 16.8 \times N_{d} \times (212 - T_{a})$$

$$L_{T}$$

$$Y/A = 0.59 \times H_{T} \times N_{d}$$

$$L_{T}$$

A = solar collector plate area = 1,450 Ft<sup>2</sup> Х = X/A x A  $= Y/A \times A$ Y  $f = 1.029Y-0.065X-0.245Y^{2}+0.0018X^{2}+0.0215Y^{3}$ 

#### SOLAR ASSISTANCE TO BUILDING HEATING COLLECTOR SYSTEM CALCULATIONS

1. System Contribution (F)

$$F = \frac{\sum f x L_T}{\sum L_T}$$

$$= \frac{163,011,930}{333,596,400}$$

2. System Cost (Cs)

$$C_s = \frac{40.00}{\text{ft}^2 \times \text{Area}}$$
  
=  $\frac{40.00}{\text{ft}^2 \times 1,450}$   
=  $\frac{558,000.00}{100}$ 

3. System Energy Savings (S<sub>S</sub>)

$$S_{s} = F x \Sigma N_{f} x C_{f}$$
  
 $C_{f} =$  fuel cost per unit  
 $= .49 x 5,398,000 \text{ ft}^{3}/\text{yr } x $.0028/\text{ft.}^{3}$   
 $= $740.61/\text{year}$ 

4. System Payback Time (t)

t

ι

$$= \frac{C_{s}}{S_{s}}$$
  
=  $\frac{$580.000.00}{$740.61/yr}$ 

= 78.31 years

# SOLAR ASSISTANCE TO DOMESTIC WATER HEATING (GIVEN DATA)

Month	Do	N <sub>d</sub>	Ta	H <sub>t</sub>
	Work days/mo.	(Days per month)	( <sup>0</sup> F)	(Btu/day ft <sup>2</sup> )
				1101
January	23	31	12.2	1124
February	21	28	15.8	1363
March	21	31	28.4	1433
April	22	30	44.6	1442
May	22	31	57.2	1475
June	21	30	66.2	1522
July	23	31	71.6	1588
August	21	31	69.8	1581
September	22	30	60.8	1519
October	23	31	50.0	1484
November	20	30	32.0	1004
December	23	31	19.4	897

 $T_a$  = monthly average ambient temperature (<sup>O</sup>F)

 $H_T$  = daily average radiation incident on the collector surface (Btu/day ft<sup>2</sup>)

Month	L <sub>w</sub>	N <sub>f</sub>	X/A	Y/A	х	Y	f	f x L <sub>w</sub>
	(Btu/Month)	(Ft <sup>3</sup> /mo)	$(1/ft^{2})$	$(1/ft^2)$				(Btu/Month)
January	1,624,683.2	2,628.94	0.082	0.0127	4.10	0.64	0.35	568,639.12
February	1,483,406.4	2,400.33	0.079	0.0152	3.95	0.76	0.42	623,030.69
March	1,483,406.4	2,400.33	0.077	0.0177	3.85	0.89	0.52	771,371.33
April	1,554,044.8	2,514.64	0.059	0.0170	2.95	0.85	0.55	854,724.64
May	1,554,044.8	2,514.64	0.053	0.0173	2.65	0.87	0.58	901,345.98
June	1,483,406.4	2,400.64	0.048	0.0182	2.40	0.91	0.60	890,043.84
July	1,624,683.2	2,628.94	0.042	0.0179	2.10	0.90	0.61	991,056.75
August	1,483,406.4	2,400.33	0.047	0.0195	2.35	0.98	0.66	979,048.22
September	1,554,044.8	2,514.64	0.049	0.0173	2.45	0.87	0.57	885,805.54
October	1,624,683.2	2,628.94	0.055	0.0167	2.75	0.84	0.53	861,082.10
November	1,412,768.0	2,400.33	0.075	0.0126	3.75	0.63	0.34	480,341.12
December	<u>1,624,683.2</u>	2,628.94	0.077	0.0101	3.85	0.51	0.25	406,170.80

#### SOLAR ASSISTANCE TO DOMESTIC WATER HEATING (CALCULATED DATA)

18,507,261 30,061.33

$$L_{w} = 8.33 \times N \times Z \times D_{o} \times (T_{w}-52)$$

$$N_{f} = \frac{L_{w}}{H_{f} \times E_{f}}$$

$$X/A = 16.8 \times N_{d} \times (212 - T_{a}) \times [1 + 0.006(60 - T_{a})]$$

$$Y/A = 0.59 \times H_{T} \times N_{d}$$

$$L_{w}$$

$$X = X/A \times A$$

No. of bldg. occupants = 80Ν = Ζ Daily water consump/occupant = 2 gal = No. of days per mo. bldg. is occupied D =  $T_{w}$ Water temperature ( $^{\circ}F$ ) = 105 $^{\circ}$ = Fuel heating value =  $1030 \text{ BTU/Ft}^3$ Hf Ξ E<sub>f</sub> Avg. heating efficiency = 60%= А Solar collector plate area = 50 Ft2 Ξ

9,212,660.10

 $Y = Y/A \times A$ 

 $f = 1.029Y-0.065X-0.245Y^2+0.0018X^2+0.0215Y^3$ 

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#### SOLAR ASSISTANCE TO DOMESTIC WATER HEATING COLLECTOR SYSTEM CALCULATIONS

System Contribution (F) 1.

$$F = \frac{\sum f x L_{w}}{\sum L_{w}}$$

$$= \frac{9,212,660.1}{18,507,261}$$

$$= .50 \text{ or } 50\%$$

2. System Cost (Cs)

=

$$C_s = $40.00/Ft^2 \times Area$$
  
= \$40.00/Ft<sup>2</sup> x 50 Ft<sup>2</sup>  
= \$2,000.00

System Energy Savings (S<sub>s</sub>) 3.

$$S_{s} = F \times \Sigma N_{f} \times C_{f}$$

$$C_{f} = \text{fuel cost per unit}$$

$$= .50 \times 30,061.33 \text{ Ft}^{3}/\text{yr} \times \$ 0.0028/\text{Ft}^{3}$$

$$= \$42.09/\text{year}$$

4. System Payback Time (t)

$$= \frac{C_s}{S_s}$$

t

$$= \frac{$2,000.00}{$42.09/yr}$$

47.52 years =

# ENERGY CONSERVATION OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE DEVELOPMENT SHEET

Building:

Public Works Engineering 10000 Logan Avenue South Bloomington, MN 55431

Date	11-5-81	· -
Item No.	1	
Major Class	7	
Sub. Class.	3	

## Energy Conservation Operation and Maintenance Procedure

Description of existing condition:

Boiler and water heater flue extends only 3 ft above the flat roof. It appears marginal for minimum draft conditions when only the water heater is running on windy days. Inlet fresh air is also ceiling mounted which may cause a back draft condition.

Description of O & M procedure:

Flue gas back drafts may occur on windy days and reduce boiler and water heater efficiencies. Flue pipe extension may be needed. Boiler has two stage gas valve and should be tested on both stages. Burner is atmospheric combustion.

Estimated energy savings:

Depends on boiler efficiency tests under windy conditions.

Estimated energy cost savings:

It's not so much cost savings as occupant health.

Estimated change of maintenance and operation costs:

none

Date of implementation:

Building:

Public Works Engineering 10000 Logan Avenue South Bloomington, MN 55431

Date	e <u>11-5-81</u>		
Item No.	2		
Major Class	2		
Sub. Class	7		

#### Energy Conservation Measure

**Engineering Analysis:** 

Annual heating degree days \_\_\_\_\_ Annual cooling degree days \_\_\_\_\_

 $\Delta E = 12,892 \ Ft^3/yr$ 

Description of existing equipment:

The north vestibule (room 119) has weatherstripped inner and outer doors with an air tight space. Opening one door forces the other open.

Description of energy conservation measure:

 Fuel 1 natural gas
 units of Measure
 CCF

 Fuel 2 \_\_\_\_\_\_ units of Measure \_\_\_\_\_\_
 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Heat Loss =  $H_1$  = 1.09 x CFM/ft x ft x  $\Delta t$ 

 $\Delta E = \left(\frac{(1.09 \times 2.2 \times 22 \times (70 - (-15)) \times 8159 \times 24}{70 - (-15) \times 0.80 \times 1000}\right) 0.64 \times 1.56$ 

Energy savings = E =  $\left(\frac{H_L \times D \times 24}{\Delta t \times n \times V}\right) C_D \times C_F$ 

Install a relief grille above the inner door to the inside and reduce the infiltration of the outer door from 3.2 CFM/ft of crack to 1 CFM/ ft of crack.

8159

Useful	lifo	50	vears
Cociaria			VCala

(Per 1976 ASHRAE Systems Handbook)

ΗL	=	Design Heat Loss (Btu/hr)
U	=	Heat Transfer Coeff. (Btu/hrxEt <sup>2</sup> x <sup>O</sup> F) Area (Ft <sup>2</sup> )
		(Btu/hrxĘt <sup>∠</sup> x <sup>0</sup> F)
А	=	Area (Ft <sup>2</sup> )
Δt	=	Inside-outside temp ( <sup>O</sup> F)
		Degree Days
		Equipment Efficiency
		Fuel Heating Value (Btu/Ft
Cn	=	Correction Factor
υ		

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$C_F = L$	oad	Correctio	n Factor
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electrical savings	02	kwh/year
fuel 1 savings	12,892 Ft <sup>3</sup>	/vear
fuel 2 savings		/vear
Total Fuel Savings	12.89	MMBTU/Year

Economic Analysis (1) Design cost:	\$ 0
(2) Acquisition cost: 1 - Relief grille	\$ 10.00
(3) Installation cost: 1 man - 2hrs	\$ 30.00
Total Modification Cost = (1) + (2) + (3):	\$ 40.00
Increased operation and maintenance costs:	\$ 0
Salvage or disposal costs:	\$ 0

Energy Cost Savings Electrical and/or fuel cost savings:

12,892  $Ft^3 \times \frac{\$2.76}{1000Ft^3} = \$35.58/year$ 

Electrical \$	0	/year
fuel 1 \$	35,58	/year
fuel 2 \$	0	/year
Total Fuel (1 + 2) \$	35.58	/year

Payback Period

Simple and alternate payback period:

 $\frac{$40.00}{$35.58}$ /year = 1.12 years

Simple	1.12	years
Alternate		years

## **Economic Analysis** 0 (1) Design cost: \$ \$\_ 100.00 (2) Acquisition cost: 1-outdoor controller (T-475A) Honeywell 100.00 \$ (3) Installation cost: 1 electrician - 4 hrs 200.00 \$ Total Modification Cost = (1) + (2) + (3): \$ \_\_\_ 0 Increased operation and maintenance costs: 0 \$\_\_\_ Salvage or disposal costs:

Energy Cost Savings Electrical and/or fuel cost savings:

54,129.8  $Ft^3 \times \frac{\$2.76}{1000} Ft^3 = \$149.40/year$ 

Electrical \$	0	/year
fuel 1 \$	149.40	/year
fuel 2 \$	0	/year
Total Fuel (1 + 2) \$	140.40	/year

Payback Period

Simple and alternate payback period:

\$ 200.00 \$ 149.40/year = 1.34 years

Simple	1.34	years
Alternate		years

#### ENERGY CONSERVATION MEASURE

#### DEVELOPMENT SHEET

Building:

Public Works Engineering 10000 Logan Avenue South Bloomington, MN 55431

Item No.         4           Major Class         2           Sub Class         8	Date	11-5-81
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Item No.	4
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Major Class	2
	Sub. Class _	8

years

Useful life \_\_\_\_\_50

#### **Energy Conservation Measure**

Description of existing equipment:

Brick-concrete block walls have no insulation and have an overall "R" value of 2.40 or a "U" value of 0.42.

Description of energy conservation measure: Add  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " of styrofoam insulation to the interior surfaces of the wall to decrease the overall "U" value from 0.42 to 0.10. This includes furring the walls, attaching the insulation and covering with  $\frac{1}{2}$ " sheetrock. This will reduce the heat loss through the wall.

#### Engineering Analysis:

Annual heating degree days  $\frac{8159}{523}$ Annual cooling degree days  $\frac{523}{523}$ Fuel 1 <u>gas</u> units of Measure <u>CF</u>
Fuel 2 units of Measure <u>CF</u>
Fuel 2 units of Measure <u>CF</u>
\*Energy Consumption = E =  $\left(\frac{H_L xDx24}{\Delta tx_{\Pi}xV}\right)x C_D x C_F$ Since energy savings =  $\Delta E \& H_L = UA\Delta t$ Then energy savings =  $\Delta E = \left(\frac{\Delta UxAx\Delta txDx24}{\Delta tx_{\Pi}xV}\right)x C_D x C_F$   $\Delta E = \left(\frac{0.32x905x68 - (-14)x8159x24}{68 - (-14)x0.80x1000}\right)x 0.64x1.56$ 

 $\Delta E = 79,772 \text{ Ft}^3/\text{year}$ 

\*see page 35 for symbol
 clarification.

electrical savings fuel 1 savings	0 70,772 Ft <sup>3</sup>	kwh/year /vear
fuel 2 savings	0	/year
Total Fuel Savings	70.8	MMBTU/Year

#### Economic Analysis

(1) Design cost:

(2) Acquisition cost: \$ 409.25 930 Ft x \$0.08/Ft = \$ 74.40 905 Ft<sup>2</sup>x \$0.20/Ft<sup>2</sup>= \$ 181.00 905 Ft<sup>2</sup>x \$0.17/Ft<sup>2</sup>= \$ 153.85 \*Furring Insulation Sheetrock (3) Installation cost: \$ 975 55 930 Ft\_x \$0.65/Ft = \$604.50 905 Ft<sup>2</sup>x \$0.23/Ft<sup>2</sup>= \$ 208.15 905 Ft<sup>2</sup>x \$0.18/Ft<sup>2</sup>= \$ 162.90 \*Furring Insulation Sheetrock 1384.80 Total Modification Cost = (1) + (2) + (3): \$ Increased operation and maintenance costs: \$ 0 Salvage or disposal costs: \$ 0

Energy Cost Savings Electrical and/or fuel cost savings:

Gas:  $70,772 \text{ Ft}^3 \times \frac{\$2.76}{1000 \text{ Ft}^3} = \$195.59/\text{year}$ 

Electrical \$	0	/year
fuel 1 \$	195.59	/year
fuel 2 \$	0	/year
Total Fuel (1 + 2) \$	195.59	/year

Payback Period

Simple and alternate payback period:

\$1384.80 \$ 195.59/year = 7.08 years

\*Costs from 1981 Means Building Construction Cost Data - including overhead and profit.

Simple	7.08	years
Alternate		years

0

\$

#### A. Description

The Public Works Engineering building was built in 1960 with additional building space in 1970. Primary use is office space with small amount of storage space.

#### B. Envelope Characteristics

1.	Walls(insulated)	<u>"R"</u>
	Outside Air Film 4" Face Brick 1¼" Rigid Insulation 8" Concrete Block Inside Air Film	$\begin{array}{c} 0.17 \\ 0.44 \\ 4.63 \\ 0.64 \\ \underline{0.68} \\ 6.56 \end{array}$

U = 1/6.56 = 0.15

#### 2. Walls(uninsulated)

Outside Air Film	0.17
4" Face Brick	0.44
¼" Air Space	0.00
8" Concrete Block	1.11
Inside Air Film	0.68
	2.40

U = 1/2.40 = 0.42

3. Roof

Outside Air Film	0.17
Built-up Roofing	0.33
3" Rigid Insulation(urethane)	12.51
10" Concrete Pre-stressed	0.60
Air Space	0.85
5/8" Acoustic Ceiling	1.40
Inside Air Film	0.61
	16.47

U = 1/16.47 = 0.06

C. Building Heat Loss

-	0	
Walls - insulated	0.15 x 2160 Ft <sup>2</sup> x 82 <sup>0</sup> ∆t	= 26,568 BTUH
Walls - uninsulated	0.42 x 905 $Ft^2$ x 82 <sup>0</sup> $\Delta t$	= 31,168 BTUH
Glass & Doors	$0.55 \times 432 \text{ Ft}^2 \times 82^{\circ} \Delta t$	= 19,482 BTUH
Roof	0.06 x 9323 Ft <sup>2</sup> x 82 <sup>0</sup> ∆t	= 45,869 BTUH
Edge Loss	95 x 412 Ft	= 18,540 BTUH
Infilwindows	0.89 x 427 Ft x 82 <sup>0</sup> ∆t	= 31,162 BTUH
Infildoors	0.98 x 110 Ft x $82^{O}$ t	= <u>8,840 BTUH</u>
		181,630 BTUH

- D. Energy Using Systems
  - 1. Heating

There is a combination heat-cool warm air gas fired furnace with baseboard heat-cool supplies. Fresh air intakes are on each unit.

2. Ventilation

Exhaust units for continuous use while occupied mounted on the roof.

3. Lighting System

Fluorescent lighting with high efficiency ballasts for most of the lighting. Outside lighting on light sensors.

- E. Building Equipment
  - Furance horizontal Tjernlund - 5 zone heat-cool decks 400,000 BT.UH input gas max 120,000 BTUH input minimum
  - 2. Air Handler Trane Climate Changer - Blow Three Model CC88128D-180 6 zone heat-cool 5HP blower - 208 volts/3 phase/60 HZ
  - 3. Condensing Units
    Trane condensing unit
    Model RAS-103A
    (2) compressors F.L.A. 24.3
    (2) cond. fans F.L.A. 2.3 1/3HP each

- E. Building Equipment (continued)
  - 4. Condensing Units
    Trane condensing unit
    Model RAUC-C156A
    (2) compressors F.L.A. 27.1
    (2) cond. fans 3/4 H.P. each
  - Boiler Ajax - hot water/natural gas Model WG 250,000 BTUH input 200,000 BTUH output
  - Water Heater Lockinvar - natural gas Model ETN 40 gallon capacity 35,000 BTUH input
  - 7. Electric Wall Heaters Berko (North entry) Model FFR-024A 3kW

Berke (East hallway) Model FFR-2024A 2kW