The Report of the
GAIN/LOSS ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE
During calendar 1982
St. Cloud
Police Relief Association
St. Cloud, Minnesota

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# GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY ACTUARIES & CONSULTANTS

2090 First National Building Detroit, Michigan 48226 Area 313: 961-3346

April 12, 1983

Board of Trustees

St. Cloud Police Relief Association

St. Cloud, Minnesota

<u>Submitted in this report</u> are the results of the 1982 <u>gain/loss analysis</u> of the financial experiences of the St. Cloud Police Relief Association.

The <u>composite results</u> of this study are reported on Schedule 1, and comments regarding the results are on page 12.

The gain/loss analysis was based upon statistical data furnished by the Association regarding active and retired member changes and related financial transactions.

The actuarial assumptions used for regular valuation purposes and which produce "expected" experience data are shown in the appendix of this report. A brief summary of the Association's benefits is also included in the appendix.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert M. O'Keefe

Gary W. Findlay

#### PURPOSE OF GAIN/LOSS ANALYSIS

Actual financial experience will not coincide exactly with assumed financial experience—differences are to be expected since the future cannot be predicted with absolute precision. The changes in computed liabilities resulting from differences between actual and assumed experiences are called <u>actuarial gains</u>, if the experience was financially favorable and <u>actuarial losses</u>, if the experience was financially unfavorable. Actuarial gains result in decreases in contribution rates and actuarial losses result in increases.

Regular actuarial valuations provide information about aggregate computed liabilities. However, regular valuations do not develop the information needed to explain the year to year changes in computed liabilities attributable to each activity within the retirement system financial mechanism. The purpose of a gain/loss analysis is to determine the change in computed liabilities and contribution rates attributable to variations between actual and assumed experience.

Once a difference between actual and assumed experience in a risk area has been observed to be sizeable and persistent, the assumed experience should be changed to reflect the observed reality. However, gains and losses over a relatively short period of time may not be indicative of long term trends which provide the basis for selection of actuarial assumptions.

#### Age & Service Retirement.

If members retire at older ages than assumed, there is a gain. If retirements occur at younger ages than assumed there is a loss.

### Disability & Death-in-Service.

If casualty claims are less than assumed, there is a gain. If there are more casualty losses than assumed, there is a loss.

#### Withdrawal.

If more liabilities are released by withdrawal than assumed, there is a gain.

If there are fewer withdrawals than assumed, there is a loss.

# Salary Increases.

If there are smaller salary increases than assumed, there is a gain.

If salary increases are greater than assumed, there is a loss.

## Investment Income.

If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain.

If investment income is less than assumed, there is a loss.

#### Post Retirement Mortality.

If benefit recipients die at younger ages than assumed, there is a gain.

If they live longer than assumed, there is a loss.

#### Contribution.

Gains or losses arise due to the delay in implementing changes in the recommended contribution.

#### Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous gains and losses include changes due to data adjustments, rounding and changes in the average age and service characteristics of the group.

#### St. Cloud Police Relief Association

Schedule 1.

Gains & Losses in Accrued Liabilities and Changes in Contribution Requirements During Calendar 1982

Type of Activity	(Gair Active Members	Retirants & Beneficiaries in 1,000)		Requirements or Loss * \$ Payment on UAL (\$ in 1,000)
Age & Service Retirements	\$(25.2)	\$ N/A	(0.21)%	\$(1.68)
Disability & Death-in-Service				
a. <u>Disability</u>	(1.0)	N/A	(0.03)	(0.07)
b. <u>Death-in Service</u>	(5.9)	N/A	(0.02)	(0.39)
Withdrawal	11.9	N/A	0.03	0.79
Salary Increases	97.9	104.1	N/A	13.46
Investment Income	(19.5)	(86.6)	N/A	(7.07)
Post Retirement Mortality	N/A	(111.7)	N/A	(7.44)
Contribution	6.0	33.6	N/A	2.64
Miscellaneous	(10.4)	(10.4)	1.16	(1.39)
EXPERIENCE RELATED (GAIN)/LOSS & CORRESPONDING CHANGE IN CONTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS	\$ 53.8	\$(71.0)	0.93%	\$(1.15)
Changes due to plan amendments	(4.2)#	(8.3)##	0.00	(0.83)
TOTAL (GAIN)/LOSS DURING YEAR	\$ 49.6	\$(79.3)	0.93%	\$(1.98)

<sup>\*</sup> Accrued liabilities and contribution requirements are affected by gains and losses. Gains result in reductions in both and losses result in increases in both.

<sup>#</sup> This actually represents the gain from reimbursement of medical insurance coverage on retired members and beneficiaries.

<sup>##</sup> This gain resulted from a change in the date of birth of retired members.

Schedule 2.

Gains & Losses in Accrued Liabilities
From January 1, 1979 thru December 31, 1981

Type of Activity	Accrued (Gain Active Members	- 12/31/79 Liabilities ) or Loss Retirants & Beneficiaries n 1,000)	Accrued (Gain) Active Members E	- 12/31/80 Liabilities or Loss Retirants & Beneficiaries	Accrued (Gain) Active Members B	- 12/31/81 Liabilities or Loss Retirants & Geneficiaries
Age & Service Retirements	\$(10)	\$N/A	\$(10)	\$N/A	\$ (5.1)	\$ N/A
Disability & Death-in-Service						
a. <u>Disability</u>	(7)	N/A	(8)	N/A	(10.4)	N/A
b. <u>Death-in Service</u>	(8)	N/A	(15)	N/A	(18.1)	N/A
Withdrawal	14	N/A	(34)	N/A	102.6	N/A
Salary Increases	441	494	160	129	243.4	398.6
Investment Income	(9)	(31)	(19)	(71)	(15.1)	(57.5)
Post Retirement Mortality	N/A	32	N/A	41	N/A	(154.8)
Contribution	(11)	(18)	(27)	(33)	1.9	112.3
Miscellaneous	(25)	<u>(29</u> )	_21	30	9.4	9.4
EXPERIENCE RELATED (GAIN)/LOSS	\$385	\$448	\$ 68	\$ 96	\$308.6	\$308.0
Method Change for Casualty Cost			87			
Changes Due to Plan Amendments	0	0	285	157	0.0	0.0
TOTAL (GAIN)/LOSS DURING PREVIOUS 3 YEAR PERIOD	\$385	\$ <u>448</u>	\$440	\$253	\$308.6	\$308.0

Age Group Beg. Year	No.	Beginning Salary	Ending Salary	% Increase In Salary
30 <b>-</b> 34	2	\$ 42,576	\$ 45,120	6.0%
35 <b>-</b> 39	6	127,728	135,360	6.0
40-44	12	255,456	270,720	6.0
45-49	6	127,728	135,360	6.0
50-54	2	42,576	45,120	6.0
55-59	2	42,576	45,120	6.0
TOTALS	30	\$638,640	\$676,800	6.0%

Employees Active at Either Beginning or End of 1982

Years	Beginning	End		
Service	of Year	of Year		
5 or more	31	30		

Average Age: 44.2 years.

Average Service: 19.1 years.

# St. Cloud Police Relief Association Schedule 4. Comparative Schedule Of Active Members

Valuation Date December 31	Active Members	Valuation Payroll	Age	Averag Service	e Pay	% Incr.
2001111001						-
1978	34	\$517,344	40.8 yrs.	15.6 yrs.	\$15,216	
1979	34	609,552	41.8	16.6	17,928	18%
1980	33	639,144	43.0	17.8	19,368	8
1981	31	659,928	43.7	18.4	21,288	10
1982	30	676,800	44.2	19.1	22,560	6

St. Cloud Police Relief Association

# Schedule 5.

Separations From Active Service Due to Withdrawal During Four Year Period Ended December 31, 1982

Age at Termination	Actual	1979 Expected	Actual	1980 Expected	Actual	1981 Expected	Actual	1982 Expected
30-34 35-39		0.1 0.1	1	0.1 0.1		0.1		0.1
40-44 45-49		0.1		0.1	2	0.1		0.1
Totals	0	0.3	1	0.2		0.2	0	0.2
Totals	0	0.3	1	0.3	2	0.2	U	0.2

Total actual during four year period  $\frac{3}{1.0}$ 

Years Service at Termination	Actual	1979 Expected	Actual	1980 Expected	Actua	1981 Expected		1982 Expected
5 or more		0.3	_1	0.3	_2	0.2		0.2
Totals	0	0.3	1	0.3	2	0.2	0	0.2

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.1%

#### St. Cloud Police Relief Association

## Schedule 6.

Separations From Active Service Due to Death and Disability

During Four Year Period Ended December 31, 1982

# Death Separations

Age at Time of Death	1979 Actual Expected		Actual	1980 1981 Actual Expected Actual Expected				1982 Actual Expected		
30-34		*		*		*		*		
35-39		*		*		*		*		
40-44		*		*		0.1		*		
45-49		*		*		*		*		
Totals	0	0.2	0	0.2	0	0.2	0	0.2		

Total actual during four year period 0. Total expected during four year period 0.8

# Disability Separations

Age at Time of Disability		1979 Expected	Actua	1980 1 Expected	Actua	1981 1 Expected		1982 Expecte	d
30-34		*		*		*		*	
35-39		*		*		*		*	
40-44		*		*		*		*	
45-49		*		*		*	_	*	
Totals	0	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	

Total actual during four year period 0Total expected during four year period 0.4

St. Cloud Police Relief Association

# Schedule 7.

Separations From Active Service For Age & Service Retirement

Age at Termination		1979 Expected	Actual	1980 Expected	Actual	1981 Expected		1982 Expected
56 57 58 59		1.0		2.0 1.0		2.0 1.0		2.0
60		-			-		_1	1.0
TOTALS	0	1.0	0	3.0	0	3.0	1	3.0

Average age at retirement during period examined was 60.0 years.

Average service at retirement during period examined was 27.0 years.

St. Cloud Police Relief Association
Schedule 8.

# Death After Retirement (Disability and Service Retirants)

Age at Death	Actual	1979 Expected		1980 Expected	Actual	1981 Expected		1982 Expected
40-44		0.0039		0.0043		0.0048		
45-49								0.0053
50-54		0.0253		0.0132				0.0091
55-59		0.0656	y.	0.0856	2	0.0518		0.0347
60-64		0.1556		0.1034		0.1339		0.1557
65-69		0.0652		0.1091		0.0704		0.1085
70-74		0.1606		0.1318		0.1895	1	0.1465
75-79		0.0680		0.1416		0.1530	2	***************************************
TOTALS	0	0.5442	0	0.5890	2	0.6034	3	0.4598

Total actual during four year period  $\underline{\mathbf{5}}$ 

Total expected during four year period 2.1964

## Economic Assumptions and Financing Method

The economic assumptions of 5% annual investment return and 3 1/2% annual salary increases are established by state law. State law also specifies that the annual minimum obligation of the municipality shall be determined by adding (i) the employer normal cost percent times covered payroll to (ii) the <u>level dollar</u> amount required to amortize the unfunded accrued liability by December 31, 2010.

Over the past few years, both the actual rates of salary increase and investment return have generally exceeded the assumed rates, resulting in increases in the dollar amount of unfunded accrued liabilities. If the financial experiences of recent years persist, and the economic assumptions and financing method are not changed, it is reasonable to expect that unfunded accrued liabilities will increase in actual dollar amount for a number of years. This is true even though a level dollar amortization schedule is being followed. Accordingly, it is reasonable to expect that under the described conditions the actual dollar contributions required to make amortization payments will increase for a number of years. On the other hand, if inflation subsides and actual economic activity approaches assumed experience, it is reasonable to expect the dollar amount of the contribution to amortize the unfunded accrued liability to remain relatively constant. The notion that amortization dollar amounts may be increasing is not necessarily cause for alarm. If adjusted for changes in purchasing power, any future increases in the dollar contributions may or may not reflect increases in terms of real dollars (inflation adjusted dollars).

It is also worth noting that when the same assumptions and methods are applied to plans which differ in nature, the valuation results may not be comparable (for example, it is currently not valid to compare valuation results for a plan having full escalation to valuation results for a plan having a 3 1/2% cap on escalation.) Caution should be exercised when attempting to assess the financial condition of one Association relative to another on the basis of valuation results produced using the assumptions and methods mandated by state law.



# St. Cloud Police Relief Association Valuation Methods and Assumptions

The Entry Age Normal Cost method was used to determine the normal cost of all benefits.

The rate of investment return (interest) used in making the valuation was 5.0 percent per annum, compounded annually. State law requires use of this assumption.

The mortality table used was the United States Life Table, 1959-61, White Males and White Females.

Single Life Values:

	Pre	sent Value	of \$1 Mont	th1y		
	Level Increasing For Life 3.5% Yearly		asing	Future Life Expectancy (Years)		
Sample			3.5% Yearly			
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
45	\$169.61	\$186.84	\$263.23	\$304.86	27.33	32.52
50	154.85	174.20	229.51	270.80	23.22	28.08
55	139.29	159.62	197.24	236.11	19.45	23.81
60	122.79	142.73	166.26	200.76	16.01	19.69
65	106.31	124.22	137.82	166.16	12.97	15.88
70	89.86	104.31	111.71	132.82	10.29	12.38
75	73.39	83.92	87.66	101.94	7.92	9.28
80	57.54	64.24	66.29	74.77	5.89	6.67

Age & service retirement was assumed to occur at age 56, or attained age if older.

# Sample Rates of Separation From Active Employment Before Retirement, Death or Disability

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Separating Within Next Year
20	3.00%
25	2.50
30	2.00
35	1.50
40	1.00
45	0.50
50+	0.00

Sample Ages	Present Pay Resulting in Pay of \$1,000 at Age 60	Percent Increase in Pay During Next Year
20	\$ 253	3.5%
25	300	3.5
30	356	3.5
35	423	3.5
40	503	3.5
45	597	3.5
50	709	3.5
55	842	3.5
60	1,000	3.5

Use of the pay adjustment factor illustrated above is required by state law.

# <u>Disability retirements</u> were assumed to occur as indicated below:

Sample Ages	<pre>% of Active Members Becoming   Disabled Within Next Year</pre>
20	0.08%
25	0.08
30	0.08
35	0.08
40	0.20
45	0.26
50	0.49
55	0.89

#### St. Cloud Police Relief Association

Brief Summary (12/31/82) of Benefit Provisions Evaluated and/or Considered

# Age & Service Benefits

Eligibility. 20 years of service and 50 years of age.

Amount. For first 20 years of service, 35/75 of base pay. For each year of service in excess of 20 an additional 1/75 is added up to a maximum of 42/75 of base pay for 27 or more years of service.

Pay Used For Plan Purposes. "Base pay" means the salary of a first class patrolman.

## Disability

<u>Eligibility</u>. Permanently disabled to the extent that unable to perform duties of police officer before being eligible for age & service retirement.

Amount. 36/75 of base pay.

# Member's Death While Active, Or In Deferred Status, Or Retired

# Eligibility.

Spouse. Legally married to member at least one year before separation from service and residing with member at time of death. Benefits terminate upon remarriage.

Child. Younger than age 18.

#### Amount.

Spouse. 24/75 of base pay.

 $\underline{\text{Child}}$ . 6/75 of base pay per child. Children's maximum is 12/75 if spouse is receiving or 36/75 if no spouse is receiving.

<u>Vested Deferred</u>. 20 years of service and separated before age 50. Maximum benefit of 40/75 of base pay. Payment beginning is deferred to attainment of age 50.

<u>Post Retirement Adjustment</u>. Each time base pay is changed, payments to all benefit recipients are simultaneously changed by the same percent that base pay is changed.

<u>Member Contributions</u>. 8.25% of base pay. 75% of total member contributions is refundable, without interest, if no monthly benefit is payable upon separation from service.

Medical Insurance Coverage. \$63.58 per month for retirants up to age 65 if they are single or \$212.20 per month if they require family coverage.

<u>Lump Sum Payment At Retirement.</u> \$5,000 after 20 years service and age 50 or \$6,000 after 25 years service and age 50.