# **Table of Contents District Courts**

Agency Profile	1
Agency Expenditure Overview	4
Agency Financing by Fund	5
Agency Change Summary	8
Additional Documents	10
Change Item Request - Maintain Core Justice Operations	10
Change Item Request - Mandated Psychological Services Deficit	12
Change Item Request - Contract Interpreter Payment Rate Continuation	14
Change Item Request - New Treatment Courts	16
Change Item Request - Court Case Backlog	18
Change Item Request - CourtroomTechnologyEnhancements	20

District Courts Agency Profile

https://www.mncourts.gov/

#### **AT A GLANCE**

- In 2021, 860,604 cases were filed in district court.
- District Court proceedings are held in 104 locations throughout all 87 Minnesota counties.
- District Courts are organized into ten judicial districts for administrative purposes.
- There are 296 judges at the District Court level.
- District Courts serve all Minnesota citizens.

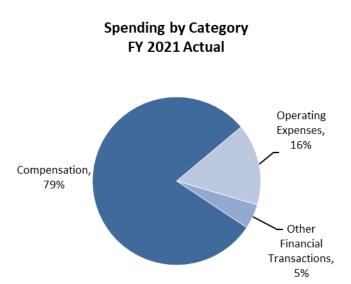
#### **PURPOSE**

The mission of the Judicial Branch is to provide justice through a system that assures equal access for the fair and timely resolution of cases and controversies.

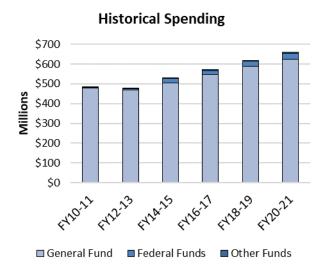
District courts are the backbone of the state's court system. District courts provide access to the justice system across the state, with courthouses located in all 87 counties. For administrative purposes, district courts are divided among ten judicial districts. A chief judge serves as the administrative head in each judicial district. Judicial District Administrators assist the Chief Judge in carrying out his/her responsibilities. Court administration staff at the county level manage scheduling, case flow, finance, personnel and juries.

District Court judges hear everything from traffic tickets, civil and family conflicts, and first-degree murder trials. Some district courts may have separate divisions, such as criminal, civil, probate, family, and juvenile courts.

#### **BUDGET**



Source: Budget Planning & Analysis System (BPAS)



Source: Consolidated Fund Statement

The District Courts spent \$349 million in fiscal year (FY) 2021. Of this amount, \$332 million (95%) was from state general fund appropriations, while the remaining \$17 million (5%) of funding was received from various sources, such as federal and local government grants and donations from foundations.

#### **STRATEGIES**

The District Court conducts its functions in support of three strategic goals to deliver its mission:

- 1. Access to Justice A justice system that is open, affordable, understandable, and provides appropriate levels of service to all users.
  - Ensuring access to justice for all is an enduring commitment for Minnesota's court system. It is also an increasingly challenging concern given changing court customer expectations, shifting demographics, and increased competition for scarce resources.
- 2. Effective Administration of Justice A justice system that adopts approaches and processes for the fair and just resolution of all cases.
  - Over the last two decades, Minnesota courts have worked diligently to become increasingly efficient and effective. The Judicial Branch is focused on being a well-managed court system that seeks innovative ways to promote justice for individual litigants in individual cases.
- 3. Public Trust and Accountability A justice system that engenders public trust and confidence through impartial decision-making and accountability for the use of public resources.
  - The Judicial Branch is accountable to the public. It is critical that the Branch maintain and continuously improve public trust and accountability, and it must meet this challenge by collaborating with court customers to eliminate disparities in the court system.

In recent years, the Judicial Branch has begun implementing an ambitious reform agenda involving the use of technology and the re-engineering of business practices in a system-wide effort to expand services and ensure equal access to justice. The centerpiece of this effort – the eCourtMN Initiative – transformed Minnesota's courts from a paper-based environment to an electronic information environment that will ensure convenient, timely, and appropriate access to case information for all stakeholders, and result in more timely and efficient processing of cases. Electronic filing of cases, at both the trial and appellate levels, became mandatory on July 1, 2016. 2021 was a transformative year in the history of the court system. A year in which judges and staff not only stepped up to keep the courts open during a time of crisis, but in which the Branch laid the foundation for a more robust, efficient, effective, and accessible court system into the future. Current efforts focus on leveraging technology to provide high-quality, consistent, and convenient court administration services anywhere in the state.

#### **RESULTS**

It is the policy of the Minnesota Judicial Branch to establish core performance goals and to monitor key results that measure progress toward meeting these goals in order to ensure accountability of the Judicial Branch, improve overall operations of the court and enhance the public's trust and confidence in the Judiciary. Throughout the year, the district courts are directed to review performance measure results. This review is shared with the Judicial Council (the Branch's governing body) twice a year. An important goal is whether courts handle cases in a timely manner. The COVID-19 pandemic had a dramatic impact on the Minnesota Judicial Branch and statewide court operations. In early March 2020, most in-person court proceedings were suspended, public access to court facilities was limited, and courthouse service windows were restricted to only telephone and email support. Currently all courthouses are open, and efforts are underway to address the significant challenges to the Judicial Branch's timeliness goals as a result of the pandemic.

Type of Measure	Name of Measure	Previous	Current	Dates
Results	Statewide Clearance Rate – The Clearance Rate measures whether courts are disposing of as many cases as are filed in the same year.	95%	102%	FY2020 and FY2021
Results	Statewide Time to Disposition - Time to Disposition assesses the length of time it takes a court to process cases.	93% disposed of within Judicial Branch time objectives.	88% disposed of within Judicial Branch time objectives.	FY2020 and FY2021
Results	Statewide Pending Rate for Juvenile Delinquency Cases – Assesses the number of cases that have not been disposed of during the timing objective standard of 99% disposition within 6 months.	19.9% of cases are pending after 6 months.	24% of cases are pending after 6 months.	FY2020 and FY2021

Data are from the Judicial Branch 2020 and 2021 Performance Measures – Key Results and Measures Annual Reports. The reports can be found at <a href="http://www.mncourts.gov">http://www.mncourts.gov</a>.

The Minnesota Constitution, Article VI; <a href="https://www.revisor.mn.gov/constitution/#article-6">https://www.revisor.mn.gov/constitution/#article-6</a>, provides the authority for the District Court. Minn. Stat Chapters 484, 485, 486, 491, 491A, 492, and 493; https://www.revisor.mn.gov/statutes/part/JUDICIARY, provide the legal authority for district court operations.

# **Agency Expenditure Overview**

	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimate	Forecast B	ase
	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25
Expenditures by Fund						
1000 - General	294,249	332,127	306,179	349,340	333,988	333,988
2000 - Restrict Misc Special Revenue	1,911	1,578	1,704	4,019	1,786	1,786
2001 - Other Misc Special Revenue		25	27	5	2	2
2403 - Gift	121	123	135	293	20	20
3000 - Federal	15,056	7,569	12,606	18,339	11,071	11,071
3010 - Coronavirus Relief	518	5,900				
3015 - ARP-State Fiscal Recovery			5,154	4,807		
6000 - Miscellaneous Agency	2,082	2,216	2,563	2,550	1,937	1,025
Total	313,937	349,539	328,366	379,353	348,804	347,892
Biennial Change				44,244		(11,023)
Biennial % Change				7		(2)
Expenditures by Program  District Courts	313,937	ı				
	313,337	349,539	328,366	379,353	348,804	347,892
Total	313,937	349,539 <b>349,539</b>	328,366 328,366	379,353 <b>379,353</b>	348,804 348,804	347,892 <b>347,892</b>
	<u> </u>					
Total	<u> </u>					
Total  Expenditures by Category	<u> </u>					
Total  Expenditures by Category  Compensation	313,937	349,539	328,366	379,353	348,804	347,892
Expenditures by Category  Compensation  Operating Expenses	<b>313,937</b> 265,900	<b>349,539</b> 275,473	<b>328,366</b> 283,131	<b>379,353</b> 291,215	<b>348,804</b> 286,357	<b>347,892</b> 286,357
Expenditures by Category  Compensation  Operating Expenses	265,900 41,144	<b>349,539</b> 275,473 54,329	<b>328,366</b> 283,131  39,100	291,215 72,509	<b>348,804</b> 286,357 56,151	286,357 56,151
Expenditures by Category  Compensation  Operating Expenses  Grants, Aids and Subsidies	265,900 41,144 1,038	275,473 54,329 1,464	283,131 39,100 1,262	291,215 72,509 1,276	286,357 56,151 1,276	286,357 56,151 1,276
Expenditures by Category  Compensation  Operating Expenses  Grants, Aids and Subsidies  Capital Outlay-Real Property	265,900 41,144 1,038 296	275,473 54,329 1,464 1,860	283,131 39,100 1,262 116	291,215 72,509 1,276 1,926	286,357 56,151 1,276 1,926	286,357 56,151 1,276 1,926
Expenditures by Category  Compensation  Operating Expenses  Grants, Aids and Subsidies  Capital Outlay-Real Property  Other Financial Transaction	265,900 41,144 1,038 296 5,559	275,473 54,329 1,464 1,860 16,412	283,131 39,100 1,262 116 4,757	291,215 72,509 1,276 1,926 12,427	286,357 56,151 1,276 1,926 3,094	286,357 56,151 1,276 1,926 2,182

# **Agency Financing by Fund**

(Dollars in Thousands)

		(Dollars in Thousand				iousarias)
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimate	Forecast I	Base
	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25
1000 - General						
Balance Forward In		15,444		20,194		
Direct Appropriation	309,002	317,202	326,372	329,146	333,988	333,988
Transfers In	4,116	6,212	3,998	129	449	449
Transfers Out	4,116	6,712	3,998	129	449	449
Cancellations		19				
Balance Forward Out	14,753		20,193			
Expenditures	294,249	332,127	306,179	349,340	333,988	333,988
Biennial Change in Expenditures				29,143		12,457
Biennial % Change in Expenditures				5		2
Full-Time Equivalents	2,571.93	2,578.79	2,608.14	2,608.14	2,608.14	2,608.14
2000 - Restrict Misc Special Revenue						
Balance Forward In	1,906	2,020	2,237	2,232		
Receipts	1,948	1,731	1,649	1,712	1,711	1,711
Transfers In	71	43	51	75	75	75
Balance Forward Out	2,014	2,217	2,234			
Expenditures	1,911	1,578	1,704	4,019	1,786	1,786
Biennial Change in Expenditures				2,233		(2,151)
Biennial % Change in Expenditures				64		(38)
Full-Time Equivalents	6.99	7.36	7.29	7.29	6.16	6.16
2001 - Other Misc Special Revenue						
Balance Forward In		5	5	4		
Receipts		24	27	1	2	2
Transfers In	5					
Balance Forward Out	5	5	5			
Expenditures		25	27	5	2	2
Biennial Change in Expenditures				7		(28)
Biennial % Change in Expenditures						(87)
		·				
2403 - Gift						
Balance Forward In	233	247	234	243		

130

111

Receipts

20

20

144

50

# **Agency Financing by Fund**

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimate	Forecast	Base
	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25
Balance Forward Out	241	234	243			
Expenditures	121	123	135	293	20	20
Biennial Change in Expenditures				184		(388)
Biennial % Change in Expenditures				75		(91)
Full-Time Equivalents	0.46	0.50	0.79	0.79	0.68	0.68

#### 3000 - Federal

Balance Forward In	9,538	6,038	9,195	6,916	48	48
Receipts	10,971	10,706	10,327	11,471	11,071	11,071
Balance Forward Out	5,454	9,174	6,917	48	48	48
Expenditures	15,056	7,569	12,606	18,339	11,071	11,071
Biennial Change in Expenditures				8,319		(8,803)
Biennial % Change in Expenditures				37		(28)
Full-Time Equivalents	40.11	48.54	44.71	44.71	44.71	44.71

3010 - Coronavirus Relief

Direct Appropriation	518	5,900		
Expenditures	518	5,900		
Biennial Change in Expenditures			(6,418)	0
Biennial % Change in Expenditures			(100)	
Full-Time Equivalents		6.71		

3015 - ARP-State Fiscal Recovery

Balance Forward In		4,807	
Direct Appropriation	9,961		
Balance Forward Out	4,807		
Expenditures	5,154	4,807	
Biennial Change in Expenditures		9,961	(9,961)
Biennial % Change in Expenditures			(100)
Full-Time Equivalents	46.80	46.80	

6000 - Miscellaneous Agency

Balance Forward In 22,734 24,004 37,216 31,886 912	
--	--

# **Agency Financing by Fund**

	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimate	Forecast	Base
	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25
Receipts	3,357	15,428	(2,769)	(28,424)	1,025	1,025
Transfers Out	5					
Balance Forward Out	24,004	37,216	31,884	912		
Expenditures	2,082	2,216	2,563	2,550	1,937	1,025
Biennial Change in Expenditures				815		(2,151)
Biennial % Change in Expenditures				19		(42)

	FY23	FY24	FY25	Biennium 2024-25
Direct				
Fund: 1000 - General				
FY2023 Appropriations	329,146	329,146	329,146	658,292
Base Adjustments				
Current Law Base Change		5,042	5,042	10,084
Program or Agency Sunset		(200)	(200)	(400)
Forecast Base	329,146	333,988	333,988	667,976
Dedicated				
Fund: 2000 - Restrict Misc Special Revenue				
Planned Spending	4,019	1,786	1,786	3,572
Forecast Base	4,019	1,786	1,786	3,572
Fund: 2001 - Other Misc Special Revenue				
Planned Spending	5	2	2	4
Forecast Base	5	2	2	4
Fund: 2403 - Gift				
Planned Spending	293	20	20	40
Forecast Base	293	20	20	40
Fund: 3000 - Federal				
Planned Spending	18,339	11,071	11,071	22,142
Forecast Base	18,339	11,071	11,071	22,142
Fund: 6000 - Miscellaneous Agency				
Planned Spending	2,550	1,937	1,025	2,962
Forecast Base	2,550	1,937	1,025	2,962
Revenue Change Summary				
Dedicated				
Fund: 2000 - Restrict Misc Special Revenue				
Forecast Revenues	1,712	1,711	1,711	3,422
Fund: 2001 - Other Misc Special Revenue				
Forecast Revenues	1	2	2	4
Fund: 2403 - Gift				

# **Agency Change Summary**

	FY23	FY24	FY25	Biennium 2024-25
Forecast Revenues	50	20	20	40
Fund: 3000 - Federal				
Forecast Revenues	11,471	11,071	11,071	22,142
Fund: 6000 - Miscellaneous Agency				
Forecast Revenues	(28,424)	1,025	1,025	2,050
Non-Dedicated				
Fund: 1000 - General				
Forecast Revenues	16,963	16,500	16,848	33,348

# FY 2024-25 Biennial Budget Change Item

#### **Change Item Title: Maintain Core Justice Operations**

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
General Fund				
Expenditures	25,278	45,388	45,388	45,388
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Funds				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact =	25,278	45,388	45,388	45,388
(Expenditures – Revenues)				
FTEs	0	0	0	0

#### Request:

The Judicial Branch seeks \$70,666,000 in the FY2024-25 biennium to increase the compensation of District Courts judges by 9% in FY2024 and 6% in FY2025, provide a 9% compensation pool for employees in FY2024 and 6% in FY2025, and to fund unavoidable health insurance premium increases in each year. The request represents a 10.58% increase in the District Courts biennial base budget. The request maintains the current complement of employees.

#### Rationale/Background:

The budget request is focused on:

- Ensuring access, fairness and equity in the judicial system;
- Recognizing the vital role judges and employees have in ensuring access to justice; and
- Helping to maintain the quality and capacity of employees and judges necessary to effectively and efficiently address a growing caseload the long-term impacts from the pandemic.

In order to continue driving innovation in the state's justice system, the Judicial Branch needs to retain and attract skilled employees and judges that can maintain and operate a modern, efficient, and technology-based court system.

Like many employers, the Judicial Branch faces significant issues with employee recruitment and retention. The share of employees who left employment with the Judicial Branch has increased by 42% since 2018, and the number of applicants for each open position with the Judicial Branch has fallen by 51% during that same time.

Minnesota also needs to ensure that judge salaries remain competitive with other public sector legal positions. Today, judges in some counties make less than the county attorneys who appear before them, and, in some cases, even less than the assistant county attorneys.

The Judicial Branch strives to ensure adequate compensation for its judges and staff. However, in recent years, the Judicial Branch compensation structure has fallen behind its public sector peers in both state and local governments.

Addressing this disparity within the public sector will ensure the Judicial Branch can continue to recruit and retain the skilled and experienced workforce it needs to continue driving innovation in the justice system and providing high-quality service to the people of Minnesota. This request will also recognize the incredible work judges and court staff have done throughout the pandemic to ensure access to justice in Minnesota.

#### **Proposal:**

The FY2024-25 biennial budget request maintains the current level of services provided by the Judicial Branch. The salary increases are meant to continue efforts to protect the rights of our citizens, ensure prompt services, and deliver efficient dispute resolution, through the Branch's ability to retain and recruit qualified, skilled staff and judges.

#### Impact on Children and Families:

- The change level request does not directly impact children and families.
- There are no potential positive or negative impacts on children and families.
- The change level request will enable the Judicial Branch to continue efforts to attract and retain skilled and knowledgeable employees and judges who can maintain and operate a modern, efficient, and technology-based court system. In FY17, the Branch implemented a formal pay-for-performance structure for unrepresented staff and prioritized pay-for-performance in collective bargaining, ensuring that all employee increases are based on performance. These pay-for-performance structures recognize exemplary performance and serve as performance accountability mechanisms.

#### **Equity and Inclusion:**

- The change level request is not aimed at reducing or eliminating any disparities for Racial and Ethnic groups.
- There are no potential positive or negative impacts on the identified groups.
- The change level request will enable the Judicial Branch to continue efforts to attract and retain skilled and knowledgeable employees and judges who can maintain and operate a modern, efficient, and technology-based court system. In FY17, the Branch implemented a formal pay-for-performance structure for unrepresented staff and prioritized pay-for-performance in collective bargaining, ensuring that all employee increases are based on performance. These pay-for-performance structures recognize exemplary performance and serve as performance accountability mechanisms.

#### Tribal Consultation

Tribal Consultation:
Does this proposal have a substantial direct effect on one or more of the Minnesota Tribal governments?
□Yes
□ fes
⊠No

#### **IT Costs**

This is not an information technology proposal.

#### **Results:**

This proposal is intended to allow the District Courts to continue to provide current levels of service and information to the public.

#### **Statutory Change(s):**

The proposal does not require statutory changes.

### FY 2024-25 Biennial Budget Change Item

#### **Change Item Title: Mandated Psychological Services Deficit**

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
General Fund				
Expenditures	1,996	1,996	1,996	1,996
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Funds				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact =	1,996	1,996	1,996	1,996
(Expenditures – Revenues)				
FTEs	0	0	0	0

#### Request:

The Judicial Branch seeks \$3,992,000 in the FY2024-25 biennium to fund the Mandated Psychological Services budget deficit. The request represents a .60% increase in the District Courts biennial base budget.

#### Rationale/Background:

The Judicial Branch is responsible for the cost of providing psychological examinations under Rule 20 of the Criminal Rules of Procedure and under Minnesota Statutes Chapter 253B, civil commitments, including commitments of persons who are mentally ill and dangerous, persons with sexual psychopathic personalities, and sexually dangerous persons.

The Judicial Branch is experiencing significant increases in the court-related cost of providing psychological examinations in criminal and civil commitment cases. These costs grew by 32% from FY2019 to FY2021.

In addition, on July 1, 2022, the Judicial Branch assumed the cost of providing competency examinations previously funded by the Department of Human Services.

#### **Proposal:**

This change item is not a new initiative. It is aimed at addressing a budget deficit in the Mandated Psychological Services budget and at meeting the statutory and court rule mandates to provide psychological services to individuals who interact with the Judicial Branch on a daily basis.

#### Impact on Children and Families:

This proposal will benefit all Minnesotans who interact with the Trial Courts and are in need of mandated psychological examiner services.

#### **Equity and Inclusion:**

- The change level request does not directly impact any Racial and Ethnic groups.
- The change level request is not aimed at reducing or eliminating any disparities for Racial and Ethnic groups.
- There are no potential positive or negative impacts on the identified groups.

This proposal will benefit individuals who interact with the Trial Courts and are in need of mandated psychological examiner services.

Tribal Consultation:  Does this proposal have a substantial direct effect on one or more of the Minnesota Tribal governments?
□Yes ⊠No
IT Costs This Is not an information technology proposal.

#### **Results:**

This request is sought to comply with statutory and court rule mandates that the Judicial Branch fund court-related costs of examinations under Rule 20 of the Criminal Rules of Procedure and under Minnesota Statutes Chapter 253B, civil commitments, including commitments of persons who are mentally ill and dangerous, persons with sexual psychopathic personalities, and sexually dangerous persons.

#### **Statutory Change(s):**

The proposal does not require statutory changes.

# FY 2024-25 Biennial Budget Change Item

#### **Change Item Title: Contract Interpreter Payment Rate Continuation**

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
General Fund				
Expenditures	200	200	200	200
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Funds				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact =	200	200	200	200
(Expenditures – Revenues)				
FTEs	0	0	0	0

#### Request:

The Judicial Branch seeks \$400,000 in the FY2024-25 biennium to fund the increase in the hourly fee paid to contract interpreters, provided by the 2021 Legislature. The request represents a .06% increase in the District Courts biennial base budget.

#### Rationale/Background:

The 2021 Legislature provided a one-time appropriation *to* increase hourly fees paid to qualified certified and uncertified interpreters who are independent contractors and assist persons disabled in communication in legal proceedings. As a result, contract court interpreter payment rates were increased by 8% for the FY2022-2023 biennium. This request seeks to fund the increase on a permanent basis.

#### **Proposal:**

In 2021, the legislature provided a one-time appropriation of \$200,000 in both FY2022 and FY2023 to increase the contract interpreter hourly fee (Minn. Laws 2021, 1<sup>st</sup>. Sp., Chapter 11, Article 1, Section 4 (c)). This request would provide funds to permanently fund the increase, beginning with the FY2024-FY2025 biennial budget.

#### Impact on Children and Families:

A permanent increase in the contract interpreter fee paid will enable the Branch to continue to provide quality interpreter services in response to constitutional, statutory, and court rule requirements. This will benefit all Minnesotans.

#### **Equity and Inclusion:**

The Judicial Branch is mandated to provide accurate interpretation of court proceedings so that non-English speakers and those disabled in communication are afforded equal access to justice. Continuation of the current contract interpreter fees paid will further this mandate.

#### **Tribal Consultation:**

Does this proposal have a substantial direct effect on one or more of the Minnesota Tribal governments?
□Yes
⊠No

#### **IT Costs**

This is not an information technology proposal.

#### **Results:**

The Judicial Branch's Court Interpreter Program actively tracks the use of contract court interpreters. The Branch will monitor the availability of contract interpreters and will adjust recruitment and retention practices if the number of available contract court interpreters diminishes.

### **Statutory Change(s):**

The proposal does not require statutory changes.

# FY 2024-25 Biennial Budget Change Item

#### **Change Item Title: New Treatment Courts**

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
General Fund				
Expenditures	422	422	422	422
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Funds				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact =	422	422	422	422
(Expenditures – Revenues)				
FTEs	0	0	0	0

#### Request:

The Judicial Branch seeks \$844,000 in the FY2024-25 biennium to fund the New Treatment Courts. The request represents a .13% increase in the District Courts biennial base budget.

#### Rationale/Background:

Since 2017, the Judicial Branch has used a funding formula to provide a stable funding source for existing treatment courts. Under the funding formula a jurisdiction which seeks to establish a treatment court must seek approval by the Judicial Council and take advantage of the training provided by the federal government and start-up funding provided by state and federal grants and/or local or state (non-Judicial Branch) secured funding. When the funding expires, the treatment court may apply for Judicial Branch funding. The criteria for funding includes a minimum number of participants and a justice partner cash or in-kind match.

Over the next biennium four treatment courts will apply for Judicial Branch funding, as the grant funding for these courts is set to expire. The funds sought will enable the four treatment courts to continue operation.

#### **Proposal:**

This change level request is not a new initiative. The request will provide funding for four treatment courts facing a discontinuation of grant funding.

#### **Impact on Children and Families:**

Sustainability funding will enable Minnesotans throughout the state to have access to treatment courts.

#### **Equity and Inclusion:**

Sustainability funding will enable Minnesotans throughout the state to have access to treatment courts.

#### **Tribal Consultation:**

Does this proposal have a substantial direct effect on one or more of the Minnesota Tribal governments?

	Yes
$\boxtimes$	Nο

#### **IT Costs**

This proposal is not a technology project.

#### **Results:**

The Judicial Branch will continue to offer the services of treatment courts in counties throughout the state.

The Judicial Branch recently developed and implemented a statewide treatment court management information system (MIS) to support performance management, program evaluation, and case management.

#### **Statutory Change(s):**

The proposal does not require statutory changes.

# FY 2024-25 Biennial Budget Change Item

#### **Change Item Title: Court Case Backlog**

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
General Fund				
Expenditures	8,421	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Funds				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact =	8,421	0	0	0
(Expenditures – Revenues)				
FTEs	0	0	0	0

#### Request:

The Judicial Branch seeks \$8,421,000 in the FY2024-25 biennium to fund the Court Case Backlog. The request represents a 1.26% one-time increase to the District Courts biennial budget.

#### Rationale/Background:

The Judicial Branch has adopted a strategy and long-term goal for addressing the major criminal case backlog that developed as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **Proposal:**

The Judicial Branch's highest priority for FY24-25 is to address the criminal case backlog. Senior (retired) judges and temporary staff have been employed to assist the district court in resolving the cases that have not been addressed because of the pandemic, while, at the same time, keeping current on new cases being filed. The requested funds would permit the Judicial Branch to continue the use of temporary resources.

#### Impact on Children and Families:

Elimination of the criminal case backlog will benefit all Minnesotans, who rely on the courts to deliver timely access to justice and resolution of their cases.

#### **Equity and Inclusion:**

The Judicial Branch is committed to providing equal access to justice. Addressing the criminal case backlog will benefit all citizens who interact with the court.

#### **Tribal Consultation:**

Does this proposal have a substantial direct effect on one or more of the Minnesota Tribal government	Does this I	proposal have	a substantial	direct effect on	one or more of the	Minnesota Triba	I governments?
---	-------------	---------------	---------------	------------------	--------------------	-----------------	----------------

□Y	es
$\boxtimes N$	o

#### **IT Costs**

This is not a technology proposal.

#### **Results:**

It is the policy of the Minnesota Judicial Branch to establish core performance goals and to monitor key results that measure progress toward meeting these goals in order to ensure accountability of the Branch, improve overall operations of the court and enhance the public's trust and confidence in the Judiciary. Throughout the year the district courts are directed to review performance measure results. This review is shared with the Judicial Council (the Branch's governing body) twice a year. An important goal is whether courts handle cases in a timely manner.

#### **Statutory Change(s):**

This proposal does not require statutory changes.

# FY 2024-25 Biennial Budget Change Item

#### **Change Item Title: Courtroom Technology Enhancements**

Fiscal Impact (\$000s)	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
General Fund				
Expenditures	7,400	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Other Funds				
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0	0
Net Fiscal Impact =	7,400	0	0	0
(Expenditures – Revenues)				
FTEs	0	0	0	0

#### Request:

The Judicial Branch seeks \$7,400,000 in the FY2024-25 biennium to fund courtroom technology enhancements. The request represents a 1.11% one-time increase to the District Courts biennial budget.

#### Rationale/Background:

A cornerstone to the Judicial Branch's efforts to offer remote hearing services to court users and justice partners, is the need to equip courtrooms throughout the state with high quality technology equipment.

#### **Proposal:**

Funds sought will enable the Judicial Branch to continue efforts to integrate and upgrade courtroom technology. This includes:

- Courtroom wiring and infrastructure to meet the bandwidth capacity needs of fully remote courtroom activities
- Side bar technology
- Video conferencing equipment
- Upgraded Virtual Protocol Network (VPN)
- · Upgraded Interpreter equipment and capabilities
- Evidence Display Capabilities

#### Impact on Children and Families:

• This proposal will benefit all Minnesotans who interact with the District Courts by enabling the Judicial Branch to provide accessible and customer focused services through high quality technology solutions.

#### **Equity and Inclusion:**

- The change level request does not directly impact any Racial and Ethnic groups.
- The change level request is not aimed at reducing or eliminating any disparities for Racial and Ethnic groups.
- There are no potential positive or negative impacts on the identified groups.

This proposal will benefit all Minnesotans who interact with the District Courts by enabling the Judicial Branch to provide consistent and customer focused services.

Tribal Consultation:
Does this proposal have a substantial direct effect on one or more of the Minnesota Tribal governments?
□Yes
⊠No
IT Cooks
IT Costs
This is not a MNIT technology proposal.

### **Results:**

The Judicial Branch is committed to providing quality in-court and remote services to the citizens of Minnesota and justice partners. An advisory committee has been established to advance, monitor, and evaluate the ability of the district courts to provide in-court and remote hearings to the citizens of Minnesota. If resources are not available, the Judicial Branch will consider alternative methods to provide these services.

#### **Statutory Change(s):**

This proposal does not require statutory changes.