Metropolitan Council 1991 Annual Report to the Legislature

Jan. 15, 1992

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ABOUT THIS REPORT

The Metropolitan Council is required by state law to submit to the Minnesota Legislature by Jan. 15 each year an annual report of its activities the previous year. To fulfill the requirements of Minnesota Statute 473.245, this report sets out the Council's recommendations for Metropolitan Area legislation. It explains regional policy plans adopted during the year, summarizes major Council studies and their recommendations, and provides Council budget information for 1991 and 1992. A list of local government plan amendments and applications for federal money submitted to the Council during 1991 is also required and is included in an appendix to this report.

MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIR

Members of the Legislature,

Nearly one year has passed since I was named chair of the Metropolitan Council. At the time of my appointment, Gov. Carlson issued a challenge to the Council to be bold, innovative and visionary in its planning. I think we are meeting the challenge.

The Council's decision to take the lead in developing a comprehensive transit strategy for the region is a good example. In the ongoing debate about light rail transit--when, where and how it should be built--a broader perspective was absent. This region must have a well-thought-out strategy that is based on <u>all</u> our transit needs. It must understand how a variety of transit modes-such as light rail transit, high-occupancy-vehicle lanes, and park-and-ride car pooling--might work together to meet those needs. Looking at the bigger picture will enable this region to be realistic about its transit needs and its resources, and to set priorities for using those resources wisely.

Our regional radio communications task force is another example. Many local governments in the seven-county area have outmoded emergency two-way radio systems and are running out of channel capacity. The task force is looking at the feasibility of implementing a region-wide radio network that all communities could use, rather than have each community spend more to go its own way. The task force is comprised of local government officials and emergency-service providers from throughout the region.

The Council promotes this kind of inter-community cooperation. In fact, we've made exploring the potential for governmental service-sharing a priority of our 1992 work. While partnerships among governments aren't new, the Council believes the region could benefit from more of them. Reducing costs shouldn't be the only consideration, but it is often the biggest benefit of working together. Effectiveness is another, especially when collaboration between different governmental jurisdictions--like school districts and cities--affords a better chance to address complex issues that don't fall into neat categories.

The Council has exercised regional leadership in three other critical areas this year--meeting the region's long-term needs for airport capacity, protecting the region's water resources, and better managing the region's solid waste. These efforts are described on the following pages.

In 1992 the Council will continue to provide regional leadership and focus on areas where we can have the biggest impact. We will apply our unique regional perspective. We will provide solid data, analysis and research support to local governments. We will serve as a forum to share ideas and information, and facilitate cooperation between different jurisdictions. And we will help to develop solutions that are sound and workable.

We look forward to working with you in the 1992 session.

Sincerely,

Mary E. Anderson, Chair

THE COUNCIL AT A GLANCE

The Metropolitan Council was created by the Minnesota Legislature in 1967 in large part to solve problems caused by a fragmented and overburdened sewage treatment system in the seven-county Metropolitan Area. As benefits of region-wide planning, coordination and efficiency were demonstrated, the Council was given additional planning authority under state and federal laws.

The Council developed a comprehensive plan, updated periodically, to guide land use and growth in the seven-county area. It also has authority to plan for the region's four big "systems"--transit and highways, sewers, airports and parks--as well as solid-waste management, affordable housing, services to elderly people, and water supply and quality.

In addition, the Council researches growth and development trends. It helps communities and counties resolve differences; administers a number of regional, state and federal grant and loan programs; and serves as a housing and redevelopment authority for the seven-county area.

The Council has 17 members, 16 appointed by the governor to four-year, part-time terms from districts of roughly equal population within the region. The 17th member is a full-time chair, appointed by the governor to represent the region at large. The Council's work is supported by a full-time professional staff of about 195 people. Hundreds of residents from throughout the region are involved in various ways, including serving on the Council's many citizen advisory committees.

Council members as of December 1991 are:

Mary E. Anderson, Chair

Liz Anderson, District 1
Dede Wolfson, District 2
James W. Senden, District 3
Carol A. Kummer, District 4
David F. Fisher, District 5
Donald B. Riley, District 6
Esther Newcome, District 7
Susan Anderson, District 8

Ken Kunzman, District 9
Jim Krautkremer, District 10
Polly P. Bowles, District 11
Sondra R. Simonson, District 12
Dirk deVries, District 13
Bonnie D. Featherstone, District 14
Margaret Schreiner, District 15
E. Craig Morris, District 16

LEGISLATIVE INITIATIVES

Fiscal Disparities

The fiscal disparities law, passed by the legislature in 1971, requires taxing jurisdictions in the seven-county Metro Area to contribute 40 percent of their growth in commercial-industrial property tax base since 1971 to an area-wide pool. The pool of contributions is then redistributed among all the region's communities. The redistribution of tax base is based on a community's population and how its per-capita market value of property compares with the average for the Metro Area.

The fiscal disparities law significantly reduces differences in tax base. According to the Citizens League, the ratio between the highest commercial-industrial tax base per capita and the lowest is 4 to 1 among cities with more than 9,000 residents. That ratio would be 22 to 1 without fiscal disparities.

The Metropolitan Council supports the current fiscal disparities program as an appropriate regional tool for tax-base sharing. Region-wide sharing of tax-base growth fits the Council's view that the Metropolitan Area functions as a single economic unit. The fiscal disparities program also supports regional planning objectives. Redistributing tax base spreads the benefits of economic development spurred by regional facilities such as freeways, interchanges and airports. The program also helps older communities finance redevelopment, and encourages land uses that don't produce tax revenue, such as parks.

The Council takes the following positions on fiscal disparities:

- 1. Since the program is working to reduce tax-base disparities, as originally intended, no further changes should be undertaken.
- 2. If the law is going to be opened up and debated at the legislature, then the Council's positions on the issues are as follows:
 - The legislature should explore ways to adjust contributions for assessment practices, thereby improving the fairness of the program.
 - Exemptions for pre-1979 tax-increment financing districts should be phased out over time and the same rules should apply to those districts that apply to the post-1979 districts.
 - Because Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport property tax status is complex and its tax value is relatively small, no change is recommended.
 - The pre-1971 base exemption should not be phased out.
 - The contribution rate should remain the same.
 - The fiscal disparities base should not be adjusted for inflation.
 - The formula for distributing the fiscal disparities metro-wide pool should not be changed to take needs into account.

Agricultural Preserves

The Metropolitan Agricultural Preserves Program was established in 1980 to help preserve long-term agricultural areas within the seven-county Metropolitan Area. The program is an important piece of the Metropolitan Council's growth strategy for the region: to encourage urban development in the metropolitan urban service area and discourage development in the rural area.

The program was designed to place Metro Area farmland on a more equal footing with farmland in outstate Minnesota, which is not affected by urban pressures for development. Farmland enrolled in the program is assessed according to its agricultural use rather than its market value. The maximum property tax rate for ag preserve land is 105 percent of the previous year's statewide average tax rate levied by townships. If the local rate is higher, the difference is paid in the form of a tax credit by the county or state conservation fund. Thus, the tax credits paid under the program are a function of relative property tax rates inside and outside the Metro Area.

In recent years, however, statewide farmland values have declined and tax rates have increased. In the Metro Area, farmland values have increased and tax rates have remained fairly stable. This has resulted in a dramatic decrease in the amount of tax credits paid to Metro Area farmers.

The Council recommends the following changes in the law:

1. Establish a minimum tax credit of \$3 per acre for all land enrolled in the program.

A minimum credit would guarantee some level of benefit for all program participants each year. Even with the program, farmland in the Metro Area is valued higher than farmland in greater Minnesota. Tax rates in the Metro Area are no longer much higher than in the rest of the state, partly because of the tax-base differences. This means that farmers in the Metro Area pay significantly higher taxes, and many participants have received no tax credits during the last several years.

2. Lower the minimum parcel size eligible to participate in the program from 40 acres to 20 acres, with exceptions to permit parcels as small as 10 acres to be enrolled. Remove the restrictions on soil type for parcels less than 40 acres.

This change would permit smaller parcels that still meet the definition of "agriculture" for property-tax purposes to enroll in the program. It would permit land used for livestock and poultry operations, truck farms, nursery products and other farms not on the highest-quality soils to receive protection. This is consistent with local government and Council land-use objectives.

Metropolitan Housing and Redevelopment Authority Jurisdiction

Federal law governing the Section 8 rent assistance program was amended in November 1990 to require public housing agencies to administer the Section 8 program on a statewide basis. Under the new provisions, Section 8 families residing in the seven-county Metro Area who want to move to any location in Minnesota outside the Metro Area (or into St. Croix County, Wisconsin) can

do so, and Metro HRA must provide Section 8 assistance to those families.

Current state law does not recognize the change in federal law. The Metro HRA's legal jurisdiction under state law is limited to the seven-county area. Under the new federal provisions, the Metro HRA can and does operate outside its state-defined legal jurisdiction.

In addition, state law prohibits the Council from administering the Section 8 program in local communities within the Metro Area that operate their own Section 8 program. One community recently opted out of the voucher portion of the program, effectively leaving administration of vouchers in that community, under federal law, to the Council.

To minimize the risk and associated costs of litigation that may arise out of the Metro HRA's administration of the Section 8 program, the Council recommends that state law be amended to clarify the Metro HRA's authority to administer the Section 8 program pursuant to statewide portability provisions in federal law.

Regional Parks Funding

The legislature has since 1976 provided funding for acquisition and development of the seven-county area regional park system. The legislature has also, since 1985, provided funds for supplemental grants to help operate and maintain the parks.

In order to continue to finance the cost of regional park acquisition and development, and to operate and maintain the regional park system, the Council is asking the legislature to appropriate for the 1993-94 biennium:

- \$24.99 million for capital funding, plus a special \$5 million appropriation for Lake Minnetonka; and
- \$3 million in state general funds for operation and maintenance of the parks.

The Council will also support efforts at the legislature to secure funds for debt service payments for bonds sold by the regional park implementing agencies for regional park acquisition and development. The agencies are Washington County, Suburban Hennepin Regional Park District, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The Council will work the Metropolitan Parks and Open Space Commission to review and evaluate alternative funding sources for regional parks.

POLICY PLANS

MANAGING SOLID WASTE

The seven-county Metropolitan Area already has made substantial progress in improving how it deals with solid waste. But more needs to be done to protect the environment and recapture resources. The Council in 1991 adopted a new policy plan for improving solid waste management to the year 2010. The plan:

- Puts greater responsibility on waste generators to recycle and reduce the amount of waste they produce in the first place. The plan calls for expanding recycling-collection service and establishing trash-collection fees based on the weight or volume of waste produced.
- Strengthens economic incentives to process waste rather than dispose of it in landfills. The plan proposes increased landfill fees to reflect all the costs of using landfills, including costs of managing them after they are closed.
- Calls for metropolitan counties (which are primarily responsible for carrying out the regional solid waste plan) to cooperatively develop and operate waste facilities as one regional system so that all solid waste is handled in the most appropriate and cost-effective way.
- Calls for counties to plan for managing all solid waste produced in the region (except industrial hazardous wastes), including wastes like hazardous household chemicals and debris from building demolitions.
- Says that toxic materials should be removed from the waste stream and be managed separately from waste that is incinerated or processed in other ways. The plan calls for the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency to develop a list of materials on which to assess a statewide fee or tax because of their toxicity as waste. Revenues would help pay for public education efforts and household hazardous-waste collection programs.
- Sets a high recycling goal of 50 percent by the year 2000, thereby providing more balance between recycling and waste processing.
- Strives to reduce the region's dependence on landfills to a minimum. However, it says some landfill capacity will be needed to handle the percentage of waste that can't be processed or recycled in the future, as well as the rejects, residuals and ash from recycling and resource-recovery facilities.
- Shows a preference among waste management methods. Ranked first is waste reduction (keeping materials from getting into the waste stream in the first place); second, materials recovery (recycling); third, composting yard wastes and food wastes; fourth, resource recovery (including refuse-derived-fuel processing, mass burning or mixed-waste composting); and last, land disposal.

RECREATION OPEN SPACE

The seven-county Metro Area's regional park system was first created in 1974. It has grown to include 29 parks, 10 park reserves, four trail corridors and a floral display garden--in all, 45,000 acres of land. In 1991, the Council revised its regional plan for parks. The plan:

- Reaffirms strong support for a regional system based on high-quality natural resources, rather than one that focuses on uniform geographic distribution or population location.
- Assigns top funding priority to acquisition of land in danger of being lost to potential park use, and to development and redevelopment of parkland where user demand is greatest.
- Establishes a strong new focus for planning, acquiring and developing a cohesive regional trail network. Seven new trails and a substantial extension of an existing trail are proposed.
- Reaffirms the responsibility of the state to fund major acquisition and development projects for regional parks that include unique natural resources and/or are widely used by visitors from Greater Minnesota.
- Identifies the urgent need to find a new major, reliable, long-term source of funding to acquire and develop regional parkland. The funding would supplement existing state aids and Metro Area bonds.
- Identifies the pivotal role assigned to master plans prepared by the park implementing agencies in the process of planning, programming and funding regional recreation open space.

METROPOLITAN DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT FRAMEWORK: RURAL AREA POLICIES

The Metropolitan Development and Investment Framework (MDIF) outlines the Council's basic strategy for managing the region's resources, including highways and transit, sewers, parks and airports, as well as the public dollars spent on them. The framework calls for encouraging growth within an area where needed urban services are provided, and not providing services outside it. In this way, the framework divides the region into urban and rural service areas.

In 1991, the Council adopted amendments to its *MDIF* policies for the general rural use area. This is the area outside the metropolitan urban service area that is not designated for commercial agriculture. Over 40 percent of Metro Area land falls into this category. The amendments are designed to reaffirm the basic strategy of restricting extensive development outside the urban area and, at the same time, give rural area communities more flexibility. The amended plan:

• Allows residential development at densities of no more than one unit per 10 acres

computed on a 640-acre basis (a maximum of 64 units per square mile).

- Reaffirms Council policy of no minimum lot size to allow clustering of homes within the 640-acre parcel. Lot sizes should be determined by performance standards. At a minimum, they must ensure at least two sewage disposal drainfields on each site: a primary drainfield and a replacement should the original system fail.
- Supports--in addition to agriculture, single-family homes, existing development and urban-generated uses--other land uses in the general rural use area. These uses must be consistent with local and regional plans, and cannot require urban-level support services (such as highways, sewers or transit).
- Encourages local governments to plan for rural-to-urban transition areas in their comprehensive plans, and will support local efforts to prevent development incompatible with future urbanization.
- May require communities to modify comprehensive plans that are inconsistent with the policies. The Council will consider exceptions to the policies for local governments that cannot meet the policies because of existing subdivisions or land developments. Criteria for exceptions are spelled out in an appendix to the MDIF.

MAJOR REPORTS AND THEIR RECOMMENDATIONS

PRIORITY PROGRAMS

Each year, the Council identifies several priority issues and focuses a large portion of its resources on them. The Council's 1991 priorities were long-term airport system planning, housing, integrated planning for human services, solid waste management, transportation and water resources management.

Airport Planning

The Council's primary focus in airport planning during 1991 was the "dual-track" planning process mandated by the 1989 legislature. One track focuses on siting a possible replacement major airport for the region; the Council and the Metropolitan Airports Commission (MAC) are conducting this planning. The second track involves finding ways to improve the capacity of the current major airport, Minneapolis-St. Paul International (MSP); the MAC is responsible for this effort.

Council Recommends Dakota Search Area - In December 1991 the Council designated a 115-square-mile area in east-central Dakota County as the search area within which a site will be located for a possible replacement airport for MSP. The Dakota Search Area was recommended in September by the Council's 41-member New Airport Search Area Advisory Task Force. Their recommendation was the culmination of a two-year study of potential search areas in the 14-county greater metro region.

The Dakota Search Area was found to be the most suitable. It provides the best overall access in time and distance to the entire Metro Area. It has the fewest environmental constraints in terms of wetlands, floodplains, peat soils, and sensitive plant and animal habitats. The area also has the most favorable characteristics in terms of housing and population density, land uses and noise impacts. Other criteria evaluated included general land requirements, airspace considerations, and policy considerations.

The Council also made several associated recommendations in its report to the legislature. They include:

- 1. Dual-Track Major Airport Planning Strategy. The Council and the MAC should:
 - Examine in the 1991 Annual Contingency Assessment Report ways to shorten and expedite the planning process required for the new major airport site selection, airport development planning and environmental analysis;
 - Develop a detailed planning time line for the siting process (1992-1996 or a shortened period) for use by the affected units of government, public agencies and

general public; and

- Develop a budget for future work on both tracks of the process.
- 2. New-Major Airport Siting. The MAC should establish an interactive planning process with the affected communities, Dakota County and regional and state agencies to assist in the new-airport studies. The MAC and the Council should address the issues identified in the "Issues to be Addressed During New-Major Airport Site Selection Process" section of the report titled Selecting a Search Area for a New Major Airport, Part Four: Search Area Designation, in the planning for a potential new-major airport in the Dakota Search Area.
- 3. Land-Use Compatibility. The Council should work closely with Dakota County and communities in and around the search area to develop a joint management plan for land-use compatibility around a new airport that would take effect if the decision is made to build a new major airport.
- 4. Financial and Technical Assistance. Communities in the search area should be provided financial and/or technical assistance for their participation in the site selection and new airport planning process. The Council should work with the communities, Dakota County and the MAC to develop technical and financial assistance proposals for legislative consideration for the 1992 legislative session. The report and recommendations should be presented to the Minnesota Advisory Council on Metropolitan Airport Planning.
- 5. Assistance for Home Owners and Land Owners. The Metropolitan Council, in consultation with the search area communities, Dakota County and the MAC, should prepare a proposal for a purchase guarantee program and funding source to assist owners of individual homes and/or small acreage who are facing a hardship situation in selling their properties at fair prices in the search area. The report and recommendations should be presented to the Minnesota Advisory Council on Metropolitan Airport Planning.
- 6. Airport Site Protection. The Metropolitan Council, in conjunction with the search area communities, Dakota County, the MAC and communities adjacent to MSP should study the pros and cons of various site protection measures, their impacts on the local area and how they could be implemented for each track of the dual track process. The study should be presented to the Minnesota Advisory Council on Metropolitan Airport Planning.
- 7. Contingency Planning Assessment. In 1992, as a part of the contingency planning process, the Council in consultation with MAC should reassess the long-term major airport capacity needs of the region and the adequacy of MSP. This update of the 1988 MSP adequacy study should be carried out with the assistance of an independent panel of experts to evaluate the basic assumptions and methodology used to develop long-term aviation forecasts for the region. This should include a financial assessment of the state's budget in order to make a determination as to whether or not it is appropriate to continue with the dual-track process.

Dual-Track Planning on Track - In January 1991 the Council completed its second annual assessment of factors that influence the timing and choices made under the dual-track strategy. The factors include trends and forecasts of aircraft landings and takeoffs, the economy of the

region, growth in passenger and freight travel, and changes in the airline industry.

Traffic at MSP continued to grow during 1990. The number of passengers increased by 4.5 percent, to 9.6 million in 1990. The number of flights increased by 4.3 percent over the same period. Both rates exceed the one percent long-term annual rate of growth supporting the economic justification for new airport capacity for the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area.

The regional carrier market showed the strongest growth, with passengers up by 20.2 percent and flights by 25.5 percent. This is a significant change from last year's forecast that said regional traffic would be the slowest growing segment at MSP.

Hubbing traffic at MSP increased sharply over 1989. The number of incoming passengers flying on to other destinations, a measure of hubbing activity, grew by 12.2 percent in 1990.

The report concluded that no changes in the scope and timing of the dual-track major airport strategy are needed.

Reliever Airport System Needs Improvements - The Council in 1991 concluded a lengthy study of the Metro Area's system of seven reliever airports. It found that the system cannot adequately meet future air-traffic demand levels, and that the useful life of MSP will be shortened unless the reliever system is improved. The Council made three primary recommendations to address deficiencies identified in the system:

- Develop a parallel runway and air-traffic control tower at Anoka County-Blaine Airport.
- Investigate the feasibility of building an additional reliever airport in northwestern Hennepin County.
- Encourage diversion of air traffic to airports that have surplus capacity.

The Council will work with the MAC and the Federal Aviation Administration to continue to monitor the reliever system and plan to implement the study's recommendations.

Housing

Regional Housing Plan Recommended - In 1991 the Council's 43-member Regional Housing Task Force completed its work. The task force was appointed in 1990 to identify and discuss the primary housing problems facing the region in the 1990s and to recommend policies, programs and legislation aimed at solving the problems.

The impetus for the task force came from several Council studies that pointed out major shifts that will be occurring in the region's housing market. The shifts will be caused by changing demographics, the rapid aging of the region's housing stock and the potential deterioration of central city and older suburban neighborhoods.

Task force members included legislators, local elected officials, builders, realtors, financial experts and community leaders. The group focused its discussion in four areas: rental housing, home ownership, housing and services, and neighborhood stabilization.

The task force's final recommendations are summarized as follows:

- 1. Despite times of fiscal austerity, the state and federal governments need to increase their commitment to housing for people with low incomes in the form of both program appropriations and tax benefits. The state should expand the existing housing trust fund, which helps provide housing for people with very low incomes.
- 2. The task force recommended several policy directions to guide delivery of housing and services and implementation of neighborhood plans. Among them are:
 - Promote self-sufficiency and maximizing a person's potential through housing and service programs.
 - Support and facilitate direct neighborhood and community involvement in housing planning.
 - Maximize existing funding and resources for housing and services.
 - Use rehabilitation, maintenance and adaptation of the existing housing stock as the principal methods to meet regional housing needs.
- 3. The task force recommended that the Council should develop a comprehensive regional housing plan, similar in scope to its region-wide plans for sewers and transportation. The plan should identify the region's overall housing needs and resources, and identify ways to bridge gaps between them. The state should mandate and fund the development of local housing plans that respond to the policies and strategies of the regional plan. Local plans should contain a housing inventory to identify current and potential market-rate rental and subsidized housing that is affordable. The inventories should also identify single- and multifamily housing, including group homes and homeless shelters. Local plans should include redevelopment plans for deteriorating neighborhoods. The plans should also identify existing and needed linkages between housing and services--such as transportation, day care and job training.

The Council accepted the report and formed a group to develop specific legislative proposals. The group was expected to report to the Council in January 1992.

What Makes a Neighborhood Vital? - Another major study undertaken by the Council's Housing Program in 1991 focused on neighborhoods--what they are, how they function and what makes them work well. The report, near completion at the end of 1991, reflects the complexity and diversity of issues that shape neighborhoods in the region. A forum was held in December to present a draft of the report to neighborhood representatives. Participants in the forum identified areas where the Council can play an important role in strengthening neighborhoods. In the second phase of the study, the Council will develop policies related to neighborhoods that can be incorporated into upcoming revisions of the Housing Guide Chapter and Metropolitan Development and Investment Framework, as well as the Council's Human Investment Framework.

Housing Development Fees - In 1990 the Council undertook a study of the impact of government fees, regulations and processes on the cost of housing. The study began with a survey of 25

developing cities and 25 of the largest developers and builders in the region. An advisory group of area builders, local officials and others knowledgeable on the subject assisted in development of the final report. A number of recommendations are made in the report, primary of which are the following:

- Builders/developers and cities should establish an ongoing joint committee, cosponsored by the Builders Association of Minnesota and the Association of Metropolitan Municipalities, to discuss new housing development issues of mutual concern and to prepare joint policies and model codes, regulations and procedures that can be adopted by cities and builders.
- Cities that do not have adequate supplies of lower-cost housing should adjust their new housing development fee schedules so that they can reduce the fees charged for lower-cost housing.

The Council's Metropolitan and Community Development Committee received the report in December but did not adopt its recommendations. No further action is anticipated.

In 1992 the Council will complete an inventory of the region's current housing stock. The inventory will be used to develop a regional housing plan, and to revise the goals and policies contained in the Housing Guide Chapter of the *Metropolitan Development Guide*. The Council may also pursue legislative and identified regional funding options recommended by the Regional Housing Task Force.

Human Investment Framework

One of the Council's roles has been to analyze the region's long-term investments in physical facilities to determine the most effective way to spend public dollars. But because people are the region's most important resource, the Council believes it is also essential that regional policies promote a productive, healthy and secure population within a vital regional community. To do a better job of using our collective, but limited, resources, three questions are important to answer:

- Is the Twin Cities Area investing effectively and efficiently in its people?
- How should the region's human investments be changed?
- What regional policies should guide those investments?

The first step is to gather information.

When people think of human services, they tend to think of welfare and health-related programs. But the region's investments in people are much broader than that. They include such things as education, public transportation and law enforcement. In analyzing human investment in the region, the Council is looking at 11 service categories: physical and mental health; food and clothing; income and economic opportunity; housing; transportation; education; support for individuals and families; safety and security; personal growth; environmental quality; and organized action. Following is a summary of three major Council studies in human investments near completion in late 1991.

Human Services Inventory - A comprehensive data-gathering effort to determine what human service programs and facilities exist in the region, where they are located and who provides them. The final report will describe by type of service and county, the number of public and private agencies and organizations that provide each service. A geographic map will be developed that will help analyze the implications for urban, suburban and rural parts of the region.

Human Resources Spending - A comprehensive description and analysis of public and private philanthropic spending on human services in the seven-county area. Information sources include state departments, counties, United Ways and other organized giving, the Council on Foundations, local governments and school districts. The final report will identify revenue sources for spending in the 11 categories described above, including which level of government funds services and what revenue sources it uses. The study will allow policymakers to examine appropriate levels of services as well as the mix of public, private and nonprofit agencies delivering services.

Life Cycle Study - A study of individuals' needs over the course of the life cycle, combined with the Council's demographic forecasts, to anticipate future pressures on various human service programs in the Metro Area. The study takes into consideration the changing ethnic and racial composition of the region's population and the effects of social trends and technological change. The study is scheduled to be completed in April 1992.

In 1991 the Council also completed a draft report on the growing diversity of the Twin Cities Area population and its implications for housing policy. The report explores the diversity of housing needs and preferences among the four major communities of color in the Twin Cities Area. Topics covered include rental and home ownership rates; space and spatial arrangements; housing types and conditions; location; and the impact of income on these areas. The report discusses housing issues common across all segments of the population, issues that spring directly from economic differences, and issues specifically related to cultural and ethnic differences. Policy conflicts resulting from both economic and cultural differences among various populations are identified.

In 1992 the Council will use the information from these studies to help develop a general policy document on human-service investments for the region.

Solid Waste

The Council is in charge of planning the management of the Metro Area's solid waste. In this role, it studies ways to best manage waste and develops policies for a regional management system. It also conducts environmental reviews of proposed facilities, administers an extensive grant program to encourage recycling and other alternatives to landfilling waste, and works with other agencies to develop coordinated approaches to dealing with solid waste.

Much of the solid waste division's work in 1991 focused on completing a new policy plan (see page 7). Other major reports and their recommendations are summarized below.

Region Makes Progress Toward Abating Landfills - The seven-county Metropolitan Area used 39 percent less landfill space from July 1990 through June 1991 than in the previous year, the

Council reported to the legislature in November. The Fiscal Year 1991 Abatement Progress Report for the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area reported that the region recycled nearly one million tons of municipal solid waste, or about 37 percent of the total managed, including yard waste.

The region's five facilities that process waste to generate energy received about 1.2 million tons of garbage during the year. Of that, an estimated 469,000 tons were landfilled as excess waste, rejects unable to be processed, processing residuals and incinerator ash. In sum, about 30 percent of the region's municipal waste was converted to energy. To reduce the amount of waste from resource recovery facilities that is landfilled, the report recommends that the counties coordinate their efforts. Waste that can't be shredded into fuel at one facility should be shipped to another for incineration, or perhaps go to a composting facility.

About 440,000 tons of raw garbage was landfilled because of a lack of processing capacity, bringing the total waste landfilled to 909,000 tons. The report estimates the region has about five years of landfill space left if no expansions or new landfills are permitted. The Council supports the new landfill siting process proposed by Metro Area counties, the report says.

The Council projects that the municipal waste stream will grow an average of 1.6 percent annually in the 1990s, even with more aggressive recycling and waste reduction efforts. The figures reported by the counties this year confirmed the Council's estimate of waste stream growth. The estimates are significant because they point to the need for additional waste processing capacity.

The report makes the following recommendations:

Waste Generation

• Metropolitan counties, state agencies and the Council should develop a comprehensive strategy that quantifies on a periodic basis the region's total solid waste stream for use in future development and refinement of waste management policies and programs.

Waste Reduction

- Volume- or weight-based trash collection fees should provide sufficient fee increments to promote waste reduction. Providing unlimited service should be discouraged.
- An environmental protection fee should be added to tipping fees at all land disposal facilities in the state. Funds accumulated from the fee should pay for environmental protection costs, including the removal of toxic materials from the waste stream, and should encourage generators to participate in future waste reduction efforts.
- A tax or fee should be assessed on materials determined by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency to harm the environment. Monies accumulated should be placed in a dedicated fund to reduce the toxicity of the waste stream.

Recycling

• Cities and counties should work to expand the number of materials recycled and should work

toward same-day recycling and garbage collection.

- Cities and counties should make use of their licensing procedures to improve reporting of commercial and industrial recycling by private haulers and recyclers.
- Counties should continue to offer yard-waste composting and direct land-spreading, although subsidies should begin to be phased out. The Council and counties should continue to inform people of the yard waste ban and encourage generators to mulch, compost or separate yard wastes for collection and processing at centralized yard-waste management facilities.

Metropolitan Landfill Abatement Account: Fiscal Year 1991 Expenditures and Activities Report - Operators of mixed municipal solid waste landfills in the region pay a \$2-per-cubic-yard surcharge on waste accepted and disposed of at the landfills. The Council receives \$1.50 of this surcharge to fund activities designed to reduce the region's need for landfills. In fiscal year 1991 the Council awarded \$2.4 million in grants to counties, cities and towns, businesses, public institutions and nonprofit agencies for projects ranging from researching plastics recycling to establishing recycling programs in schools.

Facility Reviews

Minnesota Industrial Containment Facility - The Council conducted an environmental impact review of a proposal by USPCI, Inc., to construct a nonhazardous industrial waste containment facility in Rosemount. The facility would occupy about 120 acres with an additional 116 acres as a buffer. The review found the facility is needed and that the project's design includes necessary safeguards. No significant environmental impacts are anticipated.

RECOMP Municipal Solid Waste Composting Facility - A private firm, RECOMP, Inc., proposes to build a facility to compost 400 tons per day of municipal solid waste on a 30-acre site in Rosemount. The Council in its environmental assessment worksheet found no significant environmental impacts from the project.

Scott County Municipal Solid Waste Compost Project - Scott County proposes to build a facility to compost 200 tons per day of municipal solid waste from Scott and Carver Counties on a 35-acre site in Louisville Township. The Council in its draft environmental assessment worksheet found no significant environmental impacts from the project.

Burnsville Sanitary Landfill Expansion - The Council in October made a preliminary conclusion that a certificate of need should be issued for a 63-acre expansion of the Burnsville landfill. The Council found that existing regional landfill capacity could be exhausted by the mid-1990s and that it is too risky to rely on the metropolitan landfill siting process to develop alternative landfill sites. In its draft environmental impact statement, the Council found no significant environmental impacts from the expansion.

The Council in 1991 also advocated that the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) issue a permit for a resource recovery facility in Dakota County. The facility, which would incinerate an estimated 233,000 tons of municipal solid waste annually, is needed to cut down on landfilling of waste. In fiscal year 1991 the region landfilled 440,000 tons of raw garbage, and an additional

469,000 tons from processing facilities of incinerator ash and excess waste, rejects and residuals. some of which could have been processed at another facility. In December the MPCA voted to deny a permit for the Dakota County incinerator.

In 1992, the Council will monitor the region's progress in implementing the solid waste policy plan and propose legislation to implement the plan. It will also report to the legislature on 1992 landfill abatement progress, review county solid waste master plans and prepare environmental reviews of proposed facilities. In the 1992-93 biennium, about six million dollars will be available in grants to support local recycling programs, help develop and implement new ways to reduce and recycle the region's waste, and continue regional recycling and waste reduction information programs. In a new initiative, the Council will provide technical assistance to business and industry to help them reduce and recycle waste in their operations, and design products that are less toxic and have reduced packaging.

Transportation

In 1991 the Council worked on several fronts to develop a balanced transportation system to meet the region's long-term needs. Among the Council's primary projects were the following:

Regional transit plan - The Council in December 1991 released a draft regional transit plan that, if fully carried out, would substantially change the way Twin Citians travel around the region over the next several decades. The Council initiated the plan in order to establish a unified vision of transit needs in the region, one that replaces the piecemeal approach to transit occurring in recent years. The plan draws together ideas and proposals from all the transportation planning agencies in the region--the Council, the Regional Transit Board (RTB), the Minnesota Department of Transportation (Mn/DOT) and other organizations.

To maintain the region's mobility, the plan proposes strategies on four broad fronts:

- Reorganizing and reinvigorating transit service. Twelve new transit hubs would be developed, in addition to nine park-and-ride lots and two bus layover facilities. Transit would better serve suburb-to-suburb and city-to-suburb trips. It would be strengthened in the central cities and fully developed suburbs. Developing suburbs would get more local service.
- Improving the efficiency and safety of the existing highway system. This would enable transit vehicles to travel smoothly in mixed traffic. Examples include meters at freeway entrance ramps and systems that monitor traffic for problems and advise drivers accordingly.
- Giving advantages to "high-occupancy vehicles" (HOVs) like buses and carpools. This encourages people to share rides or ride transit. Examples include reserving highway lanes for exclusive HOV use and building bypass lanes at metered freeway entrances that enable HOVs to go around a line of waiting cars.
- Encouraging higher-density, "pedestrian-friendly" development in corridors that are easily accessible by transit and ridesharing. This would create stronger "magnets" for trip destinations, boosting transit ridership, reducing congestion and revitalizing older urban areas.

The plan also calls for construction of two light rail transit lines: the first between the Minneapolis and St. Paul downtowns, and the second in the Interstate Hwy. 35W corridor south of downtown Minneapolis.

The Council scheduled a public meeting to hear comments on the plan for January 1992. The final plan will be presented to the legislature in February 1992.

Earlier in 1991, the Council reviewed the RTB's 1991-1995 Five-Year Transit Plan. It disapproved the plan, and asked for several changes, including: reevaluate regional LRT priorities and either confirm the top priority corridor or propose a new one; undertake a comprehensive reevaluation of Metro Mobility, a specialized transit service for elderly people and people with disabilities; provide additional financial information, including fare changes and their impacts on users, ridership and system revenues; and others.

The Council also reviewed environmental reviews of the Northeast and Midway LRT corridors.

Travel Behavior Inventory (TBI) - In 1991 the Council completed data collection for the TBI, the first major travel survey in the seven-county Metro Area since 1970. Most of the Council's work in 1991 focused on analysis of the data and recalibration of computer models used to estimate and forecast travel throughout the region. Reports of specific components of the TBI are expected to be published late in 1991 and in 1992. These include reports of surveys from home interviews; business establishments; on-board transit; traffic counting; traffic coming into and leaving the region; special generator surveys at six locations (including the airport and the University); and a highway speed study. An overall report will be published in mid-1992.

Freeway upgrading - The Council worked with Mn/DOT and local communities to complete environmental impact studies on upgrading Interstate Hwys. 494 and 35W. Drafts of both studies were expected to be completed by the end of the year.

Traffic management - The Council worked with Minneapolis to form a Traffic Management Organization (TMO) to deal with growing congestion downtown. The Council also continued its support of the I-494 TMO.

1992 Transportation Unified Planning Work Program for the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area - The Council in 1991 continued to coordinate all major transportation planning activities through the Transportation Advisory Board. It issued this report describing the proposed transportation and transportation-related planning activities in the Metro Area for 1992 and who is responsible for them. Participants in the activities include the Council, Mn/DOT, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, the MAC and the RTB.

In 1992 the Council will, among other activities, complete the transit facilities plan; review LRT plans; review the preferred alternative decisions for I-35W and I-494; amend the transportation policy plan sections on transit and highways; review applications for right-of-way acquisition loans and revise program guidelines; prepare the TBI summary report and conduct a planners forum on the TBI; conduct the third annual contingency planning assessment as part of the dual-track airport planning process; study the potential reuse of MSP in the event the legislature chooses to build a new major airport; and review the MAC's capital improvement program.

Water Resources Management

The Council continued working to help conserve and protect the Twin Cities Area's water supply. In 1991 the Council focused on developing a proposed long-term water supply plan for the region and planning a coordinated effort to reduce pollution in the Minnesota River.

Long-term water supply plan - In response to the drought of the late 1980s, the 1989 legislature asked the Council to prepare a short-term plan and a long-term plan to protect and conserve the Twin Cities Area's vulnerable water supply. The short-term plan was completed in 1990. In 1991, the Council formulated a proposed long-term plan, to be submitted to the legislature by Feb. 1, 1992.

In developing the proposal, the Council published a series of eight background technical studies to gather data and frame the pertinent issues. The technical studies covered the following water supply issues: alternative sources, water demand, availability, the public water supply system, conservation, effects of low flow on water quality, the economic value of water and the institutional framework for water supply management.

These issues were summarized and framed for discussion in a ninth report, Water Supply Issues in the Metropolitan Area: A Staff Report. In November the Council published its tenth water supply report of the year, a draft of a long-term regional plan, Metropolitan Area Water Supply: A Plan for Action. The proposal calls for a coordinated, region-wide effort to safeguard the seven-county Metro Area's water supply, considered vital to the region's economy.

The proposal asks the legislature to mandate a region-wide planning effort to be carried out by the region's cities, townships and counties, along with the Council. The plan would require communities to address water supply issues in comprehensive plans submitted to the Council for review.

The plan would require each community to provide:

- A description of its water supply system, including its source of water, wells, supply lines, treatment plants and major commercial and industrial users.
- A water conservation program, including emergency preparedness, conservation techniques, pricing methods to reduce demand, reduction of nonessential water uses, and a public education program.
- Suggestions for joint efforts with neighboring communities to share water sources and treatment, including sharing water supplies and pursuing alternative sources.
- A plan to protect surface water and groundwater from pollution, and proposed solutions to actual or anticipated water supply problems.

The proposal also calls for:

- The Department of Natural Resources to ensure that communities, businesses and industries are using water resources wisely. Water users also would be required to prepare water supply contingency plans--actions to be taken in the event of contamination or shortage.
- The state to establish an authority to identify and manage the potential for accidental spills in the Mississippi River, install a system to detect contamination, and implement

emergency cleanup efforts.

- The Council to continue its efforts, including developing data on water use and availability, models of groundwater and surface water and their projected use, information on conservation, and evaluation of alternative supplies and opportunities for water sharing.
- Forming an organization of groups and agencies dealing with and affected by the Mississippi River as a focal point for action.
- A one-time legislative appropriation of \$1 million for the Council to initiate the study and develop tools needed to address the region's water supply system. A decision on long-term funding to carry out the plan is yet to be made.

Reducing "nonpoint" pollution in the Minnesota River - The Council continued its work to meet a federal mandate to reduce nonpoint pollution (urban and rural storm water runoff) by 40 percent to the Minnesota River by 1996. This effort is the first priority in a broader plan to improve surface water quality throughout the Metro Area. In planning the Minnesota River cleanup effort, the Council:

- Evaluated results of monitoring water quality of seven tributaries to the Minnesota River;
- Provided background and related information to a 20-member technical work group made up of local planners, engineers and other technical staff;
- Designed a survey of local land use controls affecting the management of surface water quality. The survey will be used in 1992; and
- Organized a study of how agricultural land use practices in watersheds upstream of Shakopee affect water quality in the Minnesota River.

Other water quality work - The Council in 1991 also: reviewed the Metropolitan Waste Control Commission's 1992 implementation plan; reviewed local comprehensive and sewer plans; completed a handbook local governments can use to protect groundwater; published a lake survey report; and, together with the DNR and other state agencies, developed an approach and criteria to determine sensitivity of groundwater areas.

In 1992 the Council will: finish the long-term water supply plan and submit it to the legislature by Feb. 1; complete preliminary sewer flow projections; negotiate federal water quality permits for Blue Lake and Seneca sewage treatment plants; develop recommendations to meet the goal to reduce pollution in the Minnesota River by 40 percent in watersheds upstream of Shakopee; begin developing target recommendations to reduce pollution in watersheds emptying into the Mississippi and St. Croix Rivers; begin collecting data on the impact of urban runoff on groundwater quality; and conduct and summarize a 1992 lake survey.

Additional Priorities for 1992

The Council has designated eight priorities for its 1992 work program. Four continue from 1991: transportation, solid-waste management, water resources management, and housing. Below are summaries of the additional priorities.

Promoting Service Delivery Initiatives - The Council will examine and promote service delivery initiatives among local jurisdictions in the region to reduce the cost of providing government

services. Among the activities planned are the following:

- The Council will hold two forums in 1992 on the subject of service delivery initiatives. The first will take place in February or March. It will focus on sharing information about cooperative service delivery that is already occurring in the region and in other parts of the U.S.
- The Council will establish a regional clearinghouse of information for local governments. The Intergovernmental Resource Center will be located in the Council's library and will provide information to local governments about local cooperation, collaboration, consolidation and other innovative service delivery initiatives.
- The Council will serve as an advocate for cities and townships by helping to remove barriers which slow or stop more effective and efficient delivery of local government services. The Council will examine various statutory or regulatory obstacles to alternative service delivery approaches and financing arrangements. In 1993 the Council will do the same for counties and school districts.
- The Council will develop models on redesigning local government service delivery and models on what services are best delivered by whom. The Council will also help local governments implement the models. This will be the topic of the second forum, to be held in October 1992.
- The Council will identify and evaluate emerging regional issues. If there are local services which need to be delivered on a regional basis, they will be identified and alternative structures will be proposed.

The Council will carry out this work with the help of an advisory committee of local government officials, Council members, and other policy leaders in the community. It will continue to provide staff support to efforts already under way. For example, Council human services staff are working with five northwest Hennepin suburban communities and their school districts to design ways to collaborate in providing housing and services--like transportation and early childhood education-to people with low incomes. If time permits in 1992, the Council will also look for opportunities to share services among regional agencies.

Revision of the Metropolitan Development and Investment Framework - The Council will revise the MDIF, its plan for promoting orderly development of the region's physical infrastructure. The revisions will take into account new regional forecasts for population, household and employment growth based on the 1990 census. They will address potential expansions of the metropolitan urban service area and where future sewer lines and highways may be needed. The revisions will also incorporate the concept of a potential new airport for the region. The focus of the MDIF will likely be broadened to include the interrelationships of physical and human-service planning. The revised plan will also include policies for strengthening the central cities and older, inner-ring suburbs in the Metro Area.

800-Megahertz Trunked Radio Project - The Council, advised by its radio communications task force, will report to the legislature on the need for and feasibility of a region-wide trunked radio system for local governments and recommend a governance structure and financing mechanism.

Parks - The major focus of the parks program will be to improve the regional park trail system.

OTHER ACTIVITIES

In addition to adopting regional policies and major reports described above, the Council in 1991 engaged in a variety of activities to carry out its regional mission. Following is a snapshot of some of this work.

Metro HRA - The Council's Metropolitan Housing and Redevelopment Authority distributed \$18.6 million in rent assistance payments to provide affordable housing to 4,185 households in 140 communities. The HRA achieved 98 percent of its planned utilization of certificates and vouchers in 1991. In addition, the HRA began administering the new federal "portability" legislation, allowing Section 8 recipients to take their certificates to locations outside the seven-county Metro Area. Approximately 450 clients have taken advantage of the new provisions. In 1991 the HRA also initiated several new program elements, including dedication of: 24 vouchers for people who are mentally ill and homeless; 72 certificates and vouchers for families who are participating in programs leading to economic independence and self sufficiency; and 12 certificates for use by families displaced by natural disaster or government action.

1990 Census Data - The Council's Data Center and Research Divisions in 1991 put census data into usable formats, analyzed the data and distributed it to businesses, local governments, nonprofit organizations and the general public. The Council also completed an updated regional geographic base file, incorporating 1990 census data, for use by the legislature to draw new legislative districts. The research division used the census data to develop new regional population, household and employment forecasts through 2010.

Metropolitan Significance Review - The Council undertook a metropolitan significance review of a proposed sand and gravel mining operation in Shakopee at the request of Prior Lake. The review was suspended when the Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community Business Council decided to purchase the land on which the mining operation was to have been established.

Grants for Services for Elderly People - As the designated Area Agency on Aging, the Council allocated and distributed \$5 million in state and federal funds to sustain a wide variety of supportive services for older people in the region in 1992. Most of the funds will be used for congregate dining, home-delivered meals, transportation and other supportive services.

Parks Funding - The Council authorized \$4.9 million in grants from state bond proceeds to regional park implementing agencies for acquisition and development of land in several parks, including Minneapolis Chain of Lakes, Lake Minnetonka and Big Marine. Another \$1.4 million will be allocated to either acquiring the Burlington Northern Regional Trail or further development of Como Regional Park. The Council also distributed \$2.8 million in state funds to park agencies to help pay operation and maintenance costs. The aid amounted to about eight percent of the total cost to operate and maintain regional parks in 1991. The Council issued \$15 million of its own bonds for grants to regional park agencies for park and trail acquisition and development projects, property tax equivalency payments, grant administration, and emergency acquisition of land not financed under other grants. The funds were allocated in 1990.

Table 1
METROPOLITAN AGENCIES
1991 AND 1992 AGENCY BUDGETS

	1991_	1992
Metropolitan Council	16,542,000	15,389,000
Metropolitan Airports Commission	71,936,000	78,974,000
Metropolitan Sports Facilities Commission	19,317,000	20,952,000
Metropolitan Waste Control Commission	128,518,000	139,110,000
Regional Transit Board	3,128,000	3,484,000
Metropolitan Transit Commission	114,838,000	116,993,000

Sources: 1992 Proposed or Approved Budgets

Agency expenses for the Metropolitan Council reflect agency operations only and exclude passthrough expenses.

Agency expenses for the Regional Transit Board reflect agency operations only and exclude transit assistance payments to the Metropolitan Transit Commission and other transit providers. Transit assistance payments total \$89.2 million in 1991 and \$90.1 million in 1992.

Agency expenses for the Airports Commission include depreciation and bond interest. Agency expenses for the Waste Control and Sports Facilities Commission Commissions include debt service payments. Agency expenses for the Transit Commission include operating expenses only and exclude capital and debt service expenses.

Table 2

Metropolitan Council
1991 BUDGET-Revenue and Expenditures by Department
Agency Operations*

	Hun	nan Services		Research/						
-	Metro	Other Human	Metro	Long-Range	Community	Admini-	Chair's	Non-	All Other	Total
	HRA	Services	Systems	Planning	Services	stration	Office	departmental	than HRA	Council
REVENUES										
Federal	\$2,174,832	\$509.914	\$1,102,047						1,611,961	\$3,786,793
State	\$8,353	•	\$1,916,277			\$25,110				\$2,095,579
Regional Agencies		,	\$490,364	\$214,853		\$68,415	\$25,868	\$54,553	854,053	\$854,053
Interest Income	\$36,000	\$25,000				,	,	\$295,000	320,000	\$356,000
Use of Reserves	•	•						•	0	\$0
Other Miscellaneous	\$68,048	\$25,000	\$643,106		\$46,800	\$43,054		\$227,100	985,060	\$1,053,108
Total External Revenue	\$2,287,233	\$705,753	\$4,151,794	\$214,853	\$46,800	\$136,579	\$25,868	\$576,653	\$5,858,300	\$8,145,533
Internal Rev User Charges								\$444,537	444,537	\$444,537
Property Tax Levy	\$0	\$1,548,864	\$2.383.510	\$1.777.898	\$1.062.359	(\$4.888)	\$1,129,378	\$0	7.897.121	\$7,897,121
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,										
Total Revenues and Other	\$2,287,233	\$2,254,617	\$6,535,304	\$1,992,751	\$1,109,159	\$131,691	\$1,155,246	\$1,021,190	\$14,199,958	\$16,487,191
EXPENDITURES		•								
Salaries and Benefits	e1 027 215	\$1,102,536	e2 221 700	£1 100 900	e000 75/	\$1,641,050	\$857,000	\$417,200	0 2/n 22n	\$9,267,545
HRA Administrative Fee	\$491,134	\$1,102,330	\$2,221,390	\$1,100,000	\$ 700,334	¥1,041,030	\$657,000	3417,200	0,240,330	\$491,134
Consultant	\$471,134	\$181,839	\$2,392,519	\$22,500	\$25,000	26,209	\$46,445	\$29,233	2.723.745	•
Travel	\$9,760	\$14,762	\$22,427	\$4,050	\$2,595	\$3,083	\$13,630	\$0	60,547	\$70,307
Printing Services	\$30,369	\$74,225	\$97,010	\$13,410	\$154,930	\$23,609	\$23,470	\$6,000	392,654	\$423,023
Computer Services	\$23,587	\$28,731	\$88,595	\$54,979	\$55,486	\$105,121	\$18,485	\$0	351,397	\$374,984
Other Direct Expenditures	\$113,317	\$97,888	\$176,538	\$27,910	\$144,409	\$311,405	\$244,060	\$178,266	1,180,476	-
Overhead/Facilities	\$97,085	\$103,116	\$183,433	\$94,466	\$145,981	\$189,598	\$103,852	\$0	820,446	\$917,531
New Capital and Debt Service	•	0105,110	V100,100	4,1,100	0,15,701	4107,370	7.05,052	535,590	535,590	\$535,590
User Charges(Depreciation)	20,220	\$26,400	\$93,900	\$50,500	\$47,510	\$162,807	\$28,500	\$14,700	424,317	\$444,537
Total Direct Expenditures		\$1,629,497				\$2,462,882				\$16,542,189
Ψ	.,,	,,		,,	, ,	,,				
Cost Center Indirect Expense	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$672,043)	(\$2,387,550)	(\$349,189)	(\$385,000)	(3,793,782)	(\$3,793,782)
Indirect Expense Allocation to	D									
Line Programs	\$582,414	\$625,120	\$1,259,492	\$624,136	\$304,937	\$56,359	\$341,324	\$0	3,211,368	\$3,793,782
-	-	-		-	-	-				
Total Department Expense	2,395,101	2,254,617	6,535,304	1,992,751	1,109,159	131,691	1,327,577	795,989	14,147,088	16,542,189
Net Surplus/(Deficit)	(107,868)	0	0	0	0	0	(172,331)	225,201	52,870	(54,998)

^{*}This is the amended budget reflecting Council action on amendments through October 31, 1991.

Table 3

Metropolitan Council
1991 Earned Revenue and Actual Expenditures by Department
As of September 30, 1991

_	Human Services			Research/						
	Metro	Other Human	Metro	Long-Range	Community	Admini-	Chair's	Non-	All Other	
-	HRA	Services	Systems	Planning	Services	stration	Office	departmental	than HRA	Total
REVENUES										
Federal	\$1,588,546	\$368,264	\$682,542						1,050,806	\$2,639,352
State	\$2,505	\$92,010	\$766,821			\$25,110			883,941	\$886,446
Regional Agencies			\$400,554	\$194,812		\$9,386	\$9,560	\$40,733	655,045	\$655,045
Interest Income	\$10,000	\$29,709				-	-	\$109,338	139,047	\$149,047
Other Miscellaneous	\$1,800	\$72,900	\$254,399		\$31,243	\$18,965		\$227,100	604,607	\$606,407
Use of Reserves	169,850		-		-	·		-	0	\$169,850
Total External Revenue	\$1,772,701	\$562,883	\$2,104,316	\$194,812	\$ 31,243	\$53,461	\$9,560	\$377,171	\$ 3,333,446	\$5,106,147
Internal Rev User Charges								\$394,700	394,700	\$394,700
Property Tax Levy	\$0							\$3,896,021	3,896,021	\$3,896,021
Total Revenues and Other	\$1,772,701	\$562,883	\$2,104,316	\$194,812	\$31,243	\$53,461	\$9,560	\$4,667,892	\$7,624,167	\$9,396,868
Salaries and Benefits	675,329	742,952	1,588,385	825,963	650,575	1,177,777	\$ 650 , 474	336,543	5,972,670	\$6,647,999
HRA Administrative Fees	481,777	0	4 775 /70	2/ 4/2	050	45 7/0	A11 741	0	0	\$481,777
Consultant	0	113,203	1,735,439	24,140	950	15,369	\$46,714	27,000	• •	\$1,962,814
Travel	7,410	5,962	13,305	2,098	1,529	1,888	\$5,272	0	30,054	\$37,463
Printing Services	23,036	25,250	46,903	8,259	101,359	28,822	\$7,400	1,958	219,951	\$242,988
Overhead	63,138	63,447	119,567	61,676	96,437	143,871	\$68,299	48,303	601,600	\$664,738
Computer Services	29,487	19,360	45,652	24,429	33,241	101,096	\$11,869	2,176	237,823	\$267,310
Other Direct Expenditures	81,523	87,380	50,735	21,091	129,238	210,114	\$261,674	185,282	945,514	• •
New Capital and Debt Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	ADE 707	306,730	306,730	\$306,730
User Charges(Depreciation)	20,779	31,020	68,106	33,855	44,056	150,420	\$25,397	151	353,004	\$373,783
Total Direct Expenditures	1,382,477	\$1,088,575	\$3,668,092	\$1,001,512	\$1,057,383	\$1,829,357	\$1,077,099	\$908,142	\$10,630,160	\$12,012,637
Cost Center Indirect Expense	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$455,463)	(\$1,761,081)	(\$255,025)	(\$306,467)	(2,778,036)	(\$2,778,036)
Indirect Expense Allocation to Line Programs	\$390,224	\$429,299	\$917,814	\$ 477 , 265	\$232,990	\$56,830	\$273,614		2,387,812	\$2,778,036
Total Department Expense	1,772,701	1,517,874	4,585,906	1,478,777	834,910	125,106	1,095,688	601,675	10,239,936	12,012,637
Net Surplus(Deficit)*	0	(954,991)	(2,481,590)	(1,283,965)	(803,667)	(71,645)	(1,086,128)	4,066,217	(2,615,769)	(2,615,769)

^{*}This is a timing deficit due primarily to the payment schedule for property taxes. One half (approximately \$3,900,000) of the tax levy is not collected as of 9/30/91.

Table 4

Metropolitan Council
1992 BUDGET-Revenues and Expenditures
Agency Operations

_	Hun	nan Services		Research/						
	Metro	Other Human	Metro	Long-Range	Community	Admini-	Chair's	Non-	All Other	Total
· _	HRA	Services	Systems	Planning	Services	stration	Office	departmental	than HRA	Council
•										
REVENUES										
Federal	2,264,827	611,486	600,000	0	0	0	0	0	1,211,486	\$3,476,313
State	7,425	0	850,000	0	0	0	0	0	850,000	\$857,425
Regional Agencies	0	0	551,737	264,656	0	41,642	18,719	71,000	947,754	\$947,754
Interest Income	36,000	30,000	0	0	0	0	0	160,000	190,000	\$226,000
Other Miscellaneous	8,400	0	1,011,500	0	36,000	0	0	233,000	1,280,500	\$1,288,900
Use of Reserves	54,846									\$54,846
Total External Revenue	2,371,498	641,486	3,013,237	264,656	36,000	41,642	18,719	464,000	4,479,740	6,851,238
Internal Rev User Charges								445,525	445,525	\$445,525
Property Tax Levy	0	1,702,304	2,540,388	1,680,710	809,825	145,030	1,158,954	124,959	8 162 170	\$8,162,170
		1,102,504	2,540,500	1,000,110	007,025	145,050	1,150,754	ILT, 757	O, IOL, II O	<u> </u>
Total Revenues and Other	2,371,498	2,343,790	5,553,625	1,945,366	845,825	186,672	1,177,673	1,034,484	\$13,087,435	\$15,458,933
EXPENDITURES										
Salaries and Benefits	1,043,100	1,332,267	2,474,300	1,137,800	750,200	1,385,300	995,739	590,200	8,665,806	\$9,708,906
HRA Administrative Costs	457,498	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	0	\$457,498
Consultant	0	5,000	1,218,790	14,500	Ō	45,000	9,000	22,500	1,314,790	
Travel	14,375	14,506	18,610	3,950	2,820	2,560	12,000	•	54,446	\$68,821
Printing Services	29,720	66,210	81,430	17,600	107,760	35,990	12,880		323,870	\$353,590
Computer Services	26,107	23,114	86,842	34,857	41,285	116,599	17,311	•	320,007	\$346,115
Other Direct Expenditures	133,690	82,645	135,621	19,865	129,785	201,120	263,353		1,189,835	\$1,323,525
Building Rent and Utilities	97,799	\$104,752	185,552	95,487	149,529	169,523	129,622		863,464	\$961,264
Fixed Assets - New Capital O	. 0	\$0	0	. 0	0	0	. 0	408,900	408,900	\$408,900
User Charges(Depreciation)	32,950	\$30,377	80,440	36,363	51,933	170,197	43,265	0	412,575	\$445,525
Total Expenditures	1,835,240	1,658,871	4,281,585	1,360,422	1,233,312	2,126,289	1,483,169	1,410,046	\$13,553,694	\$15,388,933
Cost Center Indirect Expense					-595,183	-1,993,443	-593,496	-459,700	-3,641,823	(\$3,641,823)
Indirect Expense Allocation to										
Line Programs	536,259	684,920	1,272,040	584,944	207,697	53,826	287,999	14,138	3,105,564	\$3,641,823
Total Department Expense	2,371,498	2,343,790	5,553,625	1,945,366	845,825	186,672	1,177,673	964,484	13,017,435	15,388,933
Net Surplus(Deficit)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70,000	70,000	70,000

Metropolitan Council 1991 Annual Report to the Legislature Appendix

January 15, 1992

Metropolitan Council Mears Park Centre 230 E. Fifth St., St. Paul 55101 612 291-6359 TDD 291-0904

Publication No. 310-92-002

I. Federal Grant and Loan Requests A. U.S. Dept. of Agriculture

Referral Number

Applicant/Description

Council Action

15325-1

JORDAN

Qualified Favorable

INDUSTRIAL PARK - INSTALLATION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

I. Federal Grant and Loan Requests

B. U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

1. Housing Subdivision Program

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Referral Number	Applicant/Description		Council Action
15308-1	RIVER INC. SF 51-91-DC, WILDWOOD SPRINGS, 27 LC	ITS, DAYTON	Unfavorable
15315-1	NORTH SUBURBAN DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 53-91-DC, SUNRISE MEADOWS, 37 LOT	rs, woodbury	Favorable
15328-1	UNITED MORTGAGE CORP. SF 58-91-DC, COUNTRY PLACE 2ND, 49 LC	OTS, WOODBURY	Favorable
15329-1	HAGEN, HANS HOMES, INC. SF 59-91-DC, CHERRY HILL FARM 4TH, 24	LOTS, MEDINA	Favorable
15332-1	BUILDERS DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 56-91-DC, HEATHER RIDGE, 84 LOTS, 0	DAKDALE	Favorable
15338-1	FITZGERALD, M. CONSTRUCTION & JUSTIN HOME BUIL SF 69-91-DC, BRANDYWOOD ESTATES, 70	•	Favorable
15349-1	THOMPSON LAND DEVELOPMENT SF 66-91-DC, COLBY LAKE 10TH, 37 LOTS	, WOODBURY	Favorable
15350-1	LIDA CONSTRUCTION SF 71-91-DC, WOODBRIDGE VILLAGE TOW	'NHOMES, 31 LOTS,	Favorable COON RAPIDS
15351-1	JUSTIN PROPERTIES CONTRACTING, INC. SF 73-91-DC, LYTON PARK PLACE, 21 LOT	S, ST. PAUL	Qualified Favorable
15352-1	NEW HORIZON HOMES, INC. SF 76-91-DC, WESCOTT SQUARE TOWNH	OMES, 67 LOTS, EA	Favorable GAN

15377-1	GRAHAM DEVELOPMENT CO. SF 75-91-DC, HERITAGE WOODS ESTATES 2ND, 61 LOTS, PLY	Favorable MOUTH
15378-1	CORNERSTONE DEVELOPMENT SF 78-91-SX, BAVARIA PLACE, 30 LOTS, CHASKA	Favorable
15379-1	HEDLUND PLANNING ENGINEERING SERVICES, INC. SF 83-91-DC, MEADOW WOOD OF CHAMPLIN 3RD, 10 LOTS, 0	Favorable CHAMPLIN
15387-1	PROGRESS DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 84-91-DC, HIGHLAND POND 2ND, 25 LOTS, SAVAGE	Favorable
15388-1	ESSEX DEVELOPMENT CORP. SF 92-91-DC, HAMPTON POND 3RD, 26 LOTS, SAVAGE	Favorable
15389-1	JASPER DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 91-91-DC, RAVENWOOD 2ND, 21 LOTS, WACONIA	Favorable
15390-1	MAMER CONSTRUCTION SF 93-91-DC, CRESTVIEW ESTATES, 18 LOTS, JORDAN	Favorable
15392-1	UNITED MORTGAGE CORP. SF 95-91-DC, HILLS OF STONEBRIDGE 3RD, 74 LOTS, EAGAN	Favorable
15402-1	LYMAN DEVELOPMENT SF 99-91-DC, BRIGHTONS LANDING 2ND, 74 LOTS, WOODBUF	Favorable Y
15403-1	HOKANSON DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 100 & 101-91-DC, WENZEL FARMS, 100 SF & 75TH, LINO LA	Favorable AKES
15433-1	DIAMOND DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 113-91-DC, WEAVER LAKE HIGHLANDS 3RD, 41 LOTS, MAP	Favorable LE GROVE
15434-1	DIAMOND DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 114-91-DC, WEAVER LAKE HIGHLANDS 4TH, 45 LOTS, MAP	Favorable LE GROVE
15435-1	BROOK PARK REALTY, INC. SF 117-91-DC, MINERAL POND 5TH, 15 LOTS, ANOKA	Favorable /
15443-1	TWIN VIEW DEVELOPMENT SF 118-91-DC, TWIN VIEW MEADOWS, 25 LOTS, BROOKLYN CI	Favorable ENTER
15444-1	ESSEX DEVELOPMENT CORP. SF 128-91-DC, HAMPTON POND 4TH, 10 LOTS, SAVAGE	Favorable
15452-1	BROOK PARK REALTY, INC. SF 129-91-DC, HIGHLANDS OF EDINBURGH 8TH, 63 LOTS, BRO	Favorable OOKLYN PARK

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15453-1	LAURENT BUILDERS, INC. SF 135-91-DC, LIBERTY HEIGHTS 6TH, 28 LOTS, CHASKA	Favorable
15456-1	BROOK PARK REALTY, INC. SF 130-91-DC, THE ISLES OF WIGHT, 33 LOTS, BROOKLYN PA	Favorable RK
15457-1	GILES, MIKE & KLOTZ, GLENN SF 133-91-DC, HUNTINGTON ESTATES 4TH, 32 LOTS, SAVAGE	Favorable
15458-1	KENCO CONSTRUCTION, INC. SF 134-91-DC, EAST MEADOW CLIFF, 101 LOTS, COTTAGE GR	Favorable OVE
15459-1	UNITED MORTGAGE CORP. SF 137-91-DC, COVENTRY PASS 3RD, 41 LOTS, EAGAN	Favorable
15460-1	GAGNAN DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 142-91-DC, QUAIL POINTE 2ND, 33 LOTS, BLAINE	Favorable
15469-1	MAPLEWOOD DEVELOPMENT & CONSTRUCTION, INC. SF 159-91-DC, WATERVIEW HILL, 26 LOTS, NORTH ST. PAUL	Favorable
15475-1	ANDERSON, ORAL C. & NADENE L. SF 145-91-DC, OAKVIEW MEADOWS 2ND, 13 LOTS, HAM LAKE	Unfavorable
15476-1	JOHNSON, DEAN R. CONSTRUCTION, INC. SF 150-91-DC, BRITTANY GABLES, 14 LOTS, BURNSVILLE	Favorable
15477-1	SUNSET HOMES CORP. SF 158-91-DC, EDENVALE GLEN TOWNHOUSES, 16 UNITS, EDI	Favorable EN PRAIRIE
15481-1	ZAWISTOWSKI, STANLEY SF 165-91-DC, PONDS OF SHENANDOAH, 83 LOTS, COON RAF	Favorable PIDS
15482-1	CARLSON DROPPS ASSOCIATES SF 166-91-DC, PINE RIDGE, 58 LOTS, LINO LAKES	Favorable
15488-1	THOMPSON, ORRIN HOMES SF 170-91-DC, BRIDLEWOOD FARM, 68 LOTS, PLYMOUTH	Favorable
15489-1	REHBEIN, GERALD SF 164-91-DC, CENTER HILLS 2ND, 40 LOTS, CENTERVILLE	Favorable
15490-1	GOOD VALUE HOMES, INC. SF 104-91-DC, OAKDALE MEADOWS 15TH, 34 LOTS, OAKDALE	Favorable

15491-1	CREEKVIEW CROSSING PARTNERSHIP SF 141-91-DC, CREEKVIEW CROSSING, 85 LOTS, ANDOVER	Favorable
15497-1	LAURENT BUILDERS, INC. SF 182-91-DC, EAGEL CREEK, 22 LOTS, SHAKOPEE	Favorable
15498-1	THOMPSON, ORRIN E. CONSTRUCTION CORP. SF 183-91-DC, PINE MEADOW, 56 LOTS, COTTAGE GROVE	Favorable
15499-1	NORTH SUBURBAN DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 180-91-DC, GREENBROOK RIDGE 2ND, 31 LOTS, EAST BET	Unfavorable HEL
15500-1	GROUND DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 179-91-DC, CEDARGLEN 3RD, LAKEVILLE	Favorable
15503-1	CHAZIN, NORMAN SF 190-91-DC, ESTATES OF EDINBURGH 3RD, BROOKLYN PAI	Favorable RK
15504-1	BUILDERS DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 189-91-DC, HAZELTINE BLUFF 2ND & 3RD, CHASKA	Favorable
15505-1	ARGUS DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 188-91-DC, CHERRY RIDGE 2ND, 23 LOTS, LAKEVILLE	Favorable
15506-1	GROUND DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 186-91-DC, HIGHLANDS OF STILLWATER, 33 LOTS, STILLW	Favorable ATER
15507-1	ARGUS DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 184-91-DC, PINES OF INVERNESS 2ND, 25 LOTS, WOODBU	Favorable IRY
15508-1	ARGUS DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 191-91-DC, LAKE SUSAN HILLS WEST 7TH, 60 LOTS, CHAN	Favorable IHASSEN
15514-1	ARGUS DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 193-91-DC, LAKE SUSAN HILLS WEST 6TH, 12 LOTS, CHAN	Favorable IHASSEN
15515-1	WENSMANN REALTY SF 194-91-DC, ROYAL WOODS 2ND, 44 LOTS, LAKEVILLE	Favorable
15516-1	HEDLUND ENGINEERING SERVICES, INC. SF 196-91-DC, MEADOW WOOD OF CHAMPLIN 2ND, CHAMPLI	Favorable N
15517-1	WENSMANN HOMES SF 197-91-DC, PILOT KNOB ESTATES 7TH ADDITION, 48 LOTS	Favorable , APPLE VALLEY
15522-1	ACORN INVESTMENTS, INC. SF 201-91-DC, BIRCH WOOD ACRES, 135 LOTS, LINO LAKES	Favorable

15532-1	LUND, JAMES CONSTRUCTION, INC. SF 203-91-DC, EAST PARKVIEW 5TH, 13 LOTS, COTTAGE GRO	Favorable DVE
15533-1	WINKLER DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 204-91-DC, APPLE PONDS 3RD, 63 LOTS, APPLE VALLEY	Favorable
15536-1	PROGRESS DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 206-91-DC, MEADOW BROOK 3RD, 40 LOTS, LAKEVILLE	Favorable
15537-1	GOLD NUGGET DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 207-91-DC, KNOLLWOOD 2ND ADDITION, 37 LOTS, COTTA	Favorable GE GROVE
15564-1	LYMAN DEVELOPMENT CO. SF 4-92-DC, WOODBRIDGE PONDS & WOODBRIDGE PONDS 2	Favorable 2ND, 52 LOTS, SAVAGE
15565-1	GOOD VALUE HOMES, INC. SF 5-92-DC, CHESTNUT POND, 17 LOTS, RAMSEY	Favorable
15566-1	GOOD VALUE HOMES, INC. SF 6-92-DC, CHESTNUT HILL, 100 LOTS, RAMSEY	Favorable
15567-1	GOOD VALUE HOMES, INC. SF 7-92-DC, KINGSTON COURT, 44 LOTS, OAKDALE	in Process Dec 31
15568-1	THE ROTTLUND CO., INC. SF 8-92-DC, DIFFLEY COMMONS-ATRIUM TOWNHOMES, 40 LO	In Process Dec 31 OTS, EAGAN
15569-1	BAUER, GERALD SF 11-92-DC, HUNTERS RIDGE, 77 LOTS, RAMSEY	In Process Dec 31
15575-1	DOLAN, DAN DEVELOPMENT SF 3-92-DC, TOWNHOMES OF EVERGREEN 3RD, 15 LOTS, WO	Favorable DODBURY
15576-1	U.S. HOME CORPORATION SF 17-92-DC, COUNTRY HILLS 4TH, 31 LOTS, ROSEMOUNT	Favorable
15577-1	WISEN, KENNETH R. SF 18-92-DC, WISEN 11TH, 26 LOTS, HAM LAKE	In Process Dec 31
15578-1	THE ROTTLUND CO., INC. SF 21-92-DC, RICE LAKE WOODS PLAT TWENTY, 55 LOTS, MA	Favorable APLE GROVE
15579-1	INTEGRITY DEVELOPMENT, INC. SF 19-92-DC, VANTAGE POINT 4TH & 5TH, 57 LOTS, COTTAGE	Favorable E GROVE

15585-1	CHERRY HILL BUILDERS, INC. SF 28-92-DC, CHERRY HILL 8TH, 36 LOTS, MINNETONKA	Favorable
15589-1	SIENNA CORPORATION SF 16-92-DC, CARRIAGE FARMS 6TH, 23 LOTS, WOODBURY	In Process Dec 31
15590-1	SIENNA CORPORATION SF 27-92-DC, CHAPEL HILLS 3RD, 60 LOTS, LAKEVILLE	Favorable
15591-1	LIDA CONSTRUCTION SF 29-92-DC, WOODBRIDGE VILLAGE, 30 LOTS, COON RAPIDS	Favorable
15593-1	ROTTLUND CO., INC. SF 30-92-DC, CONCORDIA MEADOWS ATRIUM TOWNHOMES, 2	Favorable 24 LOTS, ROSEVILLE

I. Federal Grant and Loan Requests B. U.S Dept. of Housing and Urban Development 2. Multiple (221d4), Public Elderly & Handicapped Housing Program (202)				
Referral <u>Number</u>	Applicant/Description	Council <u>Action</u>		
15311-1	BRANDT, JACK 221D4,WATERPARK TOWNHOMES,42 UNITS,APPLE VALLEY,PR	Favorable ROJECT NO.092-35497		
15312-1	BRANDT, JACK 221D4, FERNBROOK TOWNHOMES, 72 UNITS, PLYMOUTH, PF	Favorable ROJECT NO. 092-35498		
15341-1	MINNEAPOLIS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SRO MODERATE REHAB., HOMELESS, 66 S. 12TH ST. AND 70	Favorable 6 FIRST AVE. N.		
15362-1	RILEY, JAMES R. 221D4, SALEM GREEN APARTMENTS,320 UNITS,INVER GROVE	Favorable E HEIGHTS,092-35499		
15437-1	MINNESOTA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 221D4, PARK HEIGHTS APARTMENTS, 108 UNITS, INVER GROV	Favorable /E HEIGHTS		
15448-1	NORTH RIDGE APARTMENTS, MINNESOTA GENERAL PARTNERSHIP 221D4, NORTH RIDGE APARTMENTS, 64 UNITS, ARDEN HILLS,	Favorable 092-35502		
15543-1	WESTMINSTER CORP. 811 CAPITAL ADVANCE, FOUR SEASONS COMMUNITY HOUSI	Favorable NG, 7 UNITS, CRYSTAL		
15544-1	ACCESSIBLE SPACE, INC. 811 CAPITAL ADVANCE, ASI-DAKOTA COUNTY, 24 UNITS, BUF	Favorable INSVILLE		
15545-1	NATIONAL HANDICAP HOUSING INSTITUTE, INC. 811 CAPITAL ADVANCE, NHHI-BARRIER FREE HOUSING, 24 UK	Favorable NITS, HOPKINS		

15546-1	WESTMINSTER CORP. 811 CAPITAL ADVANCE, FORD HOUSE, 11 UNITS, MINNEAPOL	Favorable .IS
15549-1	THE KELLY INSTITUTE 811 CAPITAL ADVANCE, KELLY APARTMENTS, 6 UNITS, ST. LC	Favorable DUIS PARK
15563-1	ST. LOUIS PARK LOW INCOME PUBLIC HOUSING, 15 UNITS, MN46-P144-005-F	Favorable
15438-1	WESTMINSTER CORP. 202, HOUSING FOR THE MENTALLY ILL, 7 UNITS, BLOOMINGT	Favorable ON
15472-1	WESTMINSTER CORP. 202, METRO APARTMENTS, 24 UNITS, BLOOMINGTON, 092-HF	Favorable 1011-CMI
15542-1	EBENEZER SOCIETY 202, EBENEZER RIDGES MANOR, 41 UNITS, BURNSVILLE, 092-	Favorable EE002-WAC
15547-1	WESTMINSTER CORP. 202 CAPITAL ADVANCE, LINCOLN PARK MANOR, 50 UNITS, OA	Favorable AKDALE
15548-1	NATIVE AMERICAN HOUSING FOUNDATION 202 CAPITAL ADVANCE, ELDERS LODGE, 45 UNITS, ST. PAUL	Favorable

I. Federal Grant and Loan Requests C. U.S. Dept. of Transportation 1. Highway Programs

Referral Number	Applicant/Des	ecription	Council Action
15282-2	TAB	NICOLLET TRANSIT MALL SHUTTLE PROJECT, PHASE II	Qualified Favorable
15357-1	TAB	FAU FUNDING ALLOCATION FOR MINNESOTA RIDESHARE (90	Favorable -25)
15357-2	TAB	1991-93 TIP AMENDMENT, RIDESHARE	Favorable
15357-3	TAB	1991-93 TIP AMENDMENT, I-335 INTERSTATE SUBSTITUTION P	Favorable ROGRAM
15413-1	ТАВ	FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION CHANGE REQUESTS - 91-1	Favorable

15509-1	TAB	1992 UPWP (91-7)	Favorable
15560-1	TAB	1992 - 1994 TIP	Favorable
15597-1	MINN. DEPAR	RTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 1992-1997 HIP	In Process Dec 31
15493-1	MINN. DEPAR	RTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CR 64, LOCATED BETWEEN CSAH 15 & CSAH 5	Favorable
15494-1	MINN. DEPAR	RTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REPLACE BRIDGE NO. 92236-WESTERN AVENUE FROM COMP	Favorable D AVE. TO ATWATER ST.
15573-1	MINN. DEPAR	RTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PROJECT MEMORANDUM REPORT, CSAH 9 LOCATED BETWE	Favorable EEN CSAH 20 & CSAH 22

II. State Grant and Loan Requests

15314-1	DAKOTA COU	NTY REPLACE BRIDGE NO. 740, OVER VERMILLION RIVER CSAH 68	Favorable
15447-1	DAKOTA COU	NTY REPLACE BRIDGE L-3251, 225TH STREET S. OVER VERMILLION	Favorable I RIVER
15449-1	ST. PAUL	REPLACE BRIDGE 62501, SELBY AVENUE	Favorable
15454-1	DAKOTA COU	NTY REPLACE BRIDGE L-3288 - MICHAEL AVENUE	Favorable
15455-1	DAKOTA COU	NTY REPLACE BRIDGE L-3282 - GAYLORD AVENUE	Favorable
15470-1	DAKOTA COU	NTY REPLACE BRIDGE L3191 - CSAH 88	Favorable
15471-1	DAKOTA COU	NTY REPLACE BRIDGE L3218 - CR 62	Favorable

III. Independent & Metropolitan Agency Plans and Programs A. Independent Agency (Watershed Management) Plans

Referral <u>Number</u>	Applicant/Description	Council <u>Action</u>
15370-1	NORTH CANNON RIVER WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION WATERSHED MANAGEMENT PLAN	Unfavorable
15450-1	LOWER MINNESOTA RIVER WATERSHED DISTRICT	Favorable

III. Independent & Metropolitan Agency Plans & Programs B. Metropolitan Agency Plans and Programs

Referral Number	Applicant/Des	<u>scription</u>	Council Action
14858-6	MWCC	AMEND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN, WAYZATA LIFT STATION & B	Favorable ROOKLYN PARK
14858-8	MWCC	AMEND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN - PHOSPHOUS REMOVAL PL	Favorable ANT
14858-9	MWCC	AMEND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN, MWWTP RAS PUMP REPLAC	Favorable EMENT
15427-1	MWCC	IMPLEMENTATION PLAN - 1992-2010	Qualified Favorable
15427-2	MWCC	AMEND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN 1992-2010	Qualified Favorable
15584-1	MWCC	AMEND 1991 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN - SENECA PLANT	Favorable
14933-2	RTB	AMENDMENT TO FIVE YEAR TRANSIT PLAN - SOUTHWEST ME	Favorable
15346-1	RTB	FIVE YEAR TRANSIT PLAN - 1991-1995	Unfavorable
15557-1	MWCC	P&S, N-VIRO SLUDGE MANAGEMENT	Favorable
15558-1	MWCC	P&S, N-VIRO SLUDGE MANAGEMENT, PROCESSING FACILITIE	Favorable S SENECA WWTP

15559-1	MWCC	P & S, SENECA SLUDGE HANDLING IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT	Favorable T
14858-7	MWCC	SHAKOPEE LIFT STATION & FORCEMAIN	Favorable
15598-1	MWCC	SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT STUDY, CHASKA WASTEWATER TREA	In Process Dec 31 TMENT PLANT
15596-1	MAC	1992 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS, 1993 CIP	In Process Dec 31
15521-1	MSFC	1992 BUDGET	Favorable

IV. Local Government Plans and Projects A. Land and School District Plans and Plan Amendment

Referral Number	Applicant/Des	cription	Council Action
12698-4	SPRING PARK	(CP AMENDMENT, 1991 PLAN UPDATE, POLICY PLAN/DEVELOF	Favorable PMENT FRAMEWORK
12884-5	MINNETRISTA	CP AMENDMENT, CR 110 WEST MUSA, 12 ACRES	Favorable
12884-6	MINNETRISTA	CP AMENDMENT, SOUTH HALSTEAD BAY GUIDE PLAN & MUS	Qualified Favorable A AMENDMENT
13601-9	HASTINGS	CP AMENDMENT, EAST 1/2 OF LOT 3, SUNSET VIEW	Favorable
13609-2	CORCORAN	CP AMENDMENT, LAND USE PLAN 1990-2000 (PART I)	Favorable
13701-8	MINNEAPOLIS	S CP AMENDMENT, AIRPORT NOISE ELEMENT	Favorable
13849-6	PRIOR LAKE	CP AMENDMENT, ADD 70 ACRES TO MUSA	Unfavorable
13894-8	CHAMPLIN	CP AMENDMENT, BERRY KNOLL - MUSA ADDITION	Favorable
13894-9	CHAMPLIN	CP AMENDMENT, CARTWAY ROAD IMPROVEMENTS	Favorable

14120-6	LINO LAKES	CP AMENDMENT, LAND USE PLAN	Qualified Favorable
14120-7	LINO LAKES	CP AMENDMENT, AMELIA LAKE ESTATES - 53 ACRES	Favorable
14159-6	SHAKOPEE	CP AMENDMENT, 1990-2010 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN	In Process Dec 31
14206-3	ANDOVER	CP AMENDMENT, ADD 84 ACRES TO MUSA	Favorable
14206-4	ANDOVER	CP AMENDMENT, SEWER EXTENSION	In Process Dec 31
14206-5	ANDOVER	CP AMENDMENT, COMPREHENSIVE LAND USE PLAN	In Process Dec 31
14241-6	ST. PAUL	CP AMENDMENT, COMPREHENSIVE SEWER PLAN	Favorable
14269-2	WATERTOWN	I CP AMENDMENT, 91-2, 6.2 ACRES, AGRICULTURE TO LOW DE	Favorable ENISTY
14269-3	WATERTOWN	I CP AMENDMENT, 91-3, CHANGE LAND USE OF 23 ACRES, CR	Favorable 24 & CR 10
14417-5	VADNAIS HEI	GHTS CP AMENDMENT, WAL MART PROJECT	In Process Dec 31
14618-4	MAPLE GROV	/E CP AMENDMENT, THE CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST OF LATTE	Favorable R-DAY SAINTS
14735-2	OAK PARK H	EIGHTS CP AMENDMENT, HIGH SCHOOL SITE ANNEXATION AREA	In Process Dec 31
14880-3	MENDOTA HE	EIGHTS CP AMENDMENT, CASE NO. 91-01, ST. PAUL TURNERS GYMN	Favorable ASTICS SOCIETY
14901-2	SOUTH ST. P.	AUL CP AMENDMENT, TEXT AMENDMENTS AND LAND USE MAP	Favorable
14904-6	BLOOMINGTO	ON CP AMENDMENT, NORTHWEST AREA DISTRICT PLAN	Favorable

14904-7	BLOOMINGTON CP AMENDMENT, WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT ZONES	Favorable
15000-9	EDEN PRAIRIE CP AMENDMENT, CARPENTER NORTH	Favorable
15005-4	CHASKA CP AMENDMENT, 2000 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN	In Process Dec 31
15008-3	LAKETOWN TWP. CP AMENDMENT, 1991 AMENDMENT - DENSITY OPTION	Favorable
15034-9	INVER GROVE HEIGHTS CP AMENDMENT, S.E. QUADRANT 1494/LAFAYETTE FREEWAY	In Process Dec 31
15039-8	APPLE VALLEY CP AMENDMENT, COMPREHENSIVE SEWER POLICY PLAN	Favorable
15039-9	APPLE VALLEY CP AMENDMENT, GRANADA AVENUE- RETAIL BUSINESS TO GE	Favorable ENERAL BUSINESS
15087-3	WHITE BEAR LAKE CP AMENDMENT, REWRITE TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UT	In Process Dec 31 ILITIES CHAPTER
15089-3	FALCON HEIGHTS CP AMENDMENT, LAND USE PLAN	In Process Dec 31
15093-3	MEDINA CP AMENDMENT, UPDATE 1980 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN (PART	In Process Dec 31 ΓΙΑL)
15101-3	VICTORIA CP AMENDMENT, REVISED MOORES ANNEXATION	Favorable
15104-6	MAPLEWOOD CP AMENDMENT, LAND USE & ZONING MAP CHANGES - S. MII	Favorable NNEHAHA AVENUE
15104-7	MAPLEWOOD CP AMENDMENT, LAND USE PLAN AND MAP CHANGES	Favorable
15249-2	PLYMOUTH CP AMENDMENT, LAND USE GUIDE PLAN MAP - 15 ACRES	Favorable
15249-3	PLYMOUTH CP AMENDMENT, CURTIS LAKE	Favorable
1524 9-4	PLYMOUTH CP AMENDMENT, SEVEN PONDS ADDITION	Favorable

15249-5	PLYMOUTH	CP AMENDMENT, BITOERIN ADDITION	Favorable
15254-4	WOODBURY	CP AMENDMENT, VOGEL MANUFACTURING	Favorable
15299-4	EAGAN	CP AMENDMENT, TRANSPORTATION PLAN ELEMENT UPDATE	Withdrawn E
15299-5	EAGAN	CP AMENDMENT, COMPREHENSIVE LAND USE GUIDE PLAN N	Favorable MAP REPRINT
15299-6	EAGAN	CP AMENDMENT, PUBLIC UTILITIES PLAN ELEMENT UPDATE	Withdrawn
15299-7	EAGAN	CP AMENDMENT, TRANSPORTATION PLAN ELEMENT GOALS	Favorable & POLICIES
15299-8	EAGAN	CP AMENDMENT, HADLER PARK PLANNED DEVELOPMENT	Qualified Favorable
15300-4	SHOREVIEW	CP AMENDMENT, KOZLAK'S	Favorable
15300-5	SHOREVIEW	CP AMENDMENT, POPLAR LAKE - SHERWOOD ROAD	Favorable
15300-6	SHOREVIEW	CP AMENDMENT, NATURAL LAND USE CATEGORY	Favorable
15300-7	SHOREVIEW	CP AMENDMENT, TROJOHN AMENDMENT, MAP & TEXT (PDA)	Favorable
15300-8	SHOREVIEW	CP AMENDMENT, INSTITUTIONAL DEFINITION	Favorable
15300-9	SHOREVIEW	CP AMENDMENT, TOM THUMB/VOTEL	Favorable
15327-1	CARVER COL	JNTY CP AMENDMENT, JANUARY 1991, EXPANDS AND CLARIFIES C	Favorable ERTAIN POLICIES
15327-2	CARVER COL	JNTY / BENTON TWP. CP AMENDMENTS, WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT ELEMENT-B	In Process Dec 31 ONGARDS SEWER

15331-1	WATERTOWN CP AMENDMENT, 1991-1, EXTEND SERVICE BOUNDARY FOR	Favorable MUNICIPAL SEWER
15331-2	WATERTOWN CP AMENDMENT, 91-4-AREA #8 NE CITY LIMITS TRANSITION	In Process Dec 31 ZONE
15333-1	BROOKLYN CENTER CP AMENDMENT, AREA #18: REDEVELOPMENT/PUD AND/OR	Favorable LIGHT INDUSTRIAL
15339-1	CHANHASSEN CP AMENDMENT, 1991 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN	In Process Dec 31
15339-2	CHANHASSEN CP AMENDMENT, CHES MAR FARM PUD	Favorable
15347-1	ROSEVILLE CP AMENDMENT, NORTH HEIGHTS HARDWARE	Favorable
15347-2	ROSEVILLE CP AMENDMENT, CORPUS CHRISTI SUBDIVISION	Favorable
15347-3	ROSEVILLE CP AMENDMENT, CONCORDIA ROTTLUND DEVELOPMENT	Favorable
15359-1	SHOREVIEW CP AMENDMENT, MOUNDSVIEW SCHOOL	Favorable
15360-1	SHOREVIEW CP AMENDMENT, BROOKSIDE	Favorable
15360-2	SHOREVIEW CP AMENDMENT, KUENZLI	Favorable
15360-3	SHOREVIEW CP AMENDMENT, GOSPEL MISSION	Favorable
15360-4	SHOREVIEW CP AMENDMENT, MONTESORI SCHOOL	Favorable
15360-5	SHOREVIEW CP AMENDMENT, HOULE/LARSON	Favorable
15360-6	SHOREVIEW CP AMENDMENT, SINNA	Favorable
15360-7	SHOREVIEW CP AMENDMENT, TAN/REILING	Favorable

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15360-8	SHOREVIEW CP AMENDMENT, TELEFARM/FABYANSKE	Favorable
15360-9	SHOREVIEW CP AMENDMENT, I-694/RICE	Favorable
15364-1	FOREST LAKE CP AMENDMENT, REVISIONS TO AIRPORT ELEMENTS	Favorable
15365-1	SCOTT COUNTY CP AMENDMENT, SANITARY SEWER ELEMENT	Qualified Favorable
15375-1	LAKEVILLE CP AMENDMENT, ISD194 - HIGHVIEW & 175TH	Favorable
15375-2	LAKEVILLE CP AMENDMENT, MEADOW BROOK 2ND	Favorable
15375-3	LAKEVILLE CP AMENDMENT, CEDAR GLEN 3RD	Favorable
15375-4	LAKEVILLE CP AMENDMENT, ISD 194 (HIGH SCHOOL)	Favorable
15401-1	RANDOLPH TWP. CP AMENDMENT, 1991 ZONING AMENDMENTS	Qualified Favorable
15405-1	OAKDALE CP AMENDMENT, SECTION 32/33 ANNEXATION AREA	Favorable
15407-1	LAKE ELMO CP AMENDMENT, PLAN 1990-2010	Favorable
15407-2	LAKE ELMO CP AMENDMENT, I-94 MUSA LINE EXPANSION	In Process Dec 31
15408-1	MINNETONKA CP AMENDMENT, NORTHWEST SATELLITE FIRE STATION	Favorable
15441-1	WEST ST. PAUL CP AMENDMENT, REVISED LAND USE PLAN MAP	Favorable
15446-1	APPLE VALLEY CP AMENDMENT, CONCORD PROPERTY	Favorable

15468-1	ROSEMOUNT	CP AMENDMENT, MINNESOTA INDUSTRIAL CONTAINMENT FA	Favorable CILITY
15468-2	ROSEMOUNT	- CP AMENDMENT, TEXT CLARIFICATION	In Process Dec 31
15474-1	SHOREVIEW	CP AMENDMENT, SINNA / LINDIG	Favorable
15474-2	SHOREVIEW	CP AMENDMENT, MILLER PLAN AMENDMENT	Favorable
15474-3	SHOREVIEW	CP AMENDMENT, HIGHWAY 49/96 (LESS NW CORNER)	Favorable
15484-1	CHAMPLIN	CP AMENDMENT, MILL POND SOUTH	Favorable
15484-2	CHAMPLIN	CP AMENDMENT, BRITTANY COMMERCIAL	Favorable
15501-1	HOPKINS	CP AMENDMENT, HIGH TO MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL, H	Favorable IIAWATHA AVENUE
15502-1	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, ORCHARD OAKS	Favorable
15502-2	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, ROYAL WOODS 2ND ADDITION	Favorable
15502-3	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, CHAPEL HILLS 3RD ADDITION	Favorable
15502-4	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, FAIRFIELD BUSINESS CAMPUS	Favorable
15502-5	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, CHERRY RIDGE 2ND ADDITION	Favorable
15502-6	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, SHADY OAK SHORES 4TH ADDITION	Favorable
15502-7	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, ROLLING OAKS SOUTH PLAT FIVE	Favorable
15502-8	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, MEADOW BROOK 3RD ADDITION	Favorable

15502-9	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, LYNWOOD NORTH 6TH ADDITION	Favorable
15523-1	EMPIRE TWP	CP AMENDMENT, AIRPORTS	Favorable
15541-1	HASTINGS	CP AMENDMENT, LOTS 1-4, BLOCK 7, ALLISON ADDITION	Favorable
15550-1	MAY TWP.	CP AMENDMENT, REVISED COMPREHENSIVE LAND USE PLAN	In Process Dec 31
15552-1	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, HOMESTEAD CREEK 4TH ADDITION	Favorable
15552-2	LAKEVILLE	CP AMENDMENT, HIGHVIEW HEIGHTS 4TH ADDITION	Favorable
15556-1	SCIOTA TWP.	CP AMENDMENT, RURAL RESIDENCE AMENDMENT	Qualified Favorable
15595-1	HASSAN TWF	O. CP AMENDMENT, 1991 COMPREHENSIVE LAND USE UPDATE	In Process Dec 31
15310-1	OAK PARK HI	EIGHTS 392 ACRES, INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT #834 HIGH SCI	Staff Information
15400-2	CENTERVILLE	E CONSOLIDATION OF TWO CITIES	In Process Dec 31
15400-1	LINO LAKES	LAND ANNEXATION	Staff Information
15400-1	LINO LAKES	LAND ANNEXATION	Staff Information
IV. Local Governm B. Time Extens		l Projects m Statement Responses	
Referral Number	Applicant/Des	<u>cription</u>	Council Action
13506-4	FRIDLEY	PLAN EXTENSION, MSS	Favorable
13601-8	HASTINGS	PLAN EXTENSION, MSS	Favorable

14497-9	ROSEVILLE	PLAN EXTENSION, MSS	Favorable
1485 9-4	BLAINE	PLAN EXTENSION, MSS	Favorable
15088-3	COTTAGE G	ROVE PLAN EXTENSION, MSS	Favorable
15094-2	NORWOOD	PLAN EXTENSION, MSS	Favorable
15101-4	VICTORIA	PLAN EXTENSION, MSS	Favorable
15431-1	WASHINGTO	N COUNTY PLAN EXTENSION, MSS	Favorable

V. Miscellaneous Referrals

A. Special Transportation Projects

Referral Number	Applicant/Description	Council Action
15059-3	WOODBURY CONTROLLED ACCESS HIGHWAY APPROVAL 1-494	Qualified Favorable
15345-1	MINN. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SOUTHERLY INTERSECTION ON LAFAYETTE FREEWAY, TH 52	Favorable /55
15034-8	INVER GROVE HEIGHTS REQUEST FOR HIGHWAY SYSTEM CHANGE, CSAH 75 AT TH !	In Process Dec 31

V. Miscellaneous Referrals

B. Land Use Changes - Airport Search Areas

Referral Number	Applicant/Description	Council Action
15376-1	CASTLE ROCK TWP. CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT, HORTICULTURAL GREENHOUSE	Favorable
15404-1	ROSEMOUNT LAND USE CHANGE, SOLBERG AGGREGATE	Favorable
15404-2	ROSEMOUNT LAND USE CHANGE, L.H. SOWLES	Favorable

15425-1	CASTLE ROCK TWP. LAND USE CHANGE, MOVE SHED TO 3065 225TH STREET	Favorable
15425-2	CASTLE ROCK TWP. LAND USE CHANGE, MOVE IN MOBILE HOME WHILE BUILDING	Favorable G NEW HOME
15425-3	CASTLE ROCK TWP. LAND USE CHANGE, RADIO REPAIR BUSINESS	Favorable
15442-1	EUREKA TWP. LAND USE CHANGE, JOHN FRIEDGES - MINE GRAVEL	Favorable
15478-1	EMPIRE TWP. LAND USE CHANGE, SOUTHERN TWIN CITIES RADIO	Unfavorable
15553-1	DAKOTA COUNTY LAND USE CHANGE, SHORELAND ZONING ORDINANCE AMEN	In Process Dec 31 IDMENT

V. Miscellaneous Referrals C. State and Federal Environmental Assessments, Scopings, and Statements

Referral Number	Applicant/Description	Council <u>Action</u>
14770-3	MINN. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DEIS, RUNWAY 4-22 EXTENSION	In Process Dec 31
15572-1	MINN. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION EA, TH 101 FROM INTERSTATE 94/TH 101 INTERCHANGE	Favorable
14625-3	DAKOTA COUNTY REGIONAL RAILROAD AUTHORITY EAW/SCOPING DECISION DOCUMENT	Favorable
15309-1	OAK GROVE TWP. VICTORIA HILLS:DEMOLITION DEBRIS LAND DISPOSAL FACILITY	Qualified Favorable Y/GOLF COURSE
15335-1	MINN. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY EAW, LAKEVILLE IMPROVEMENT PROJECT 90-5, TRUNK SEWE	Qualified Favorable R EXTENSION
15340-1	BLOOMINGTON EAW, NORTHWEST AUTOLINK	Favorable
15361-1	MINNEAPOLIS EAW, UNIVERSITY OF ST. THOMAS, MINNEAPOLIS CAMPUS	Qualified Favorable

15391-1	MINN. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY EAW, ROGERS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY IMPROVE	Favorable EMENT
15440-1	EDEN PRAIRIE EAW, DELL ROAD AND SCENIC HEIGHTS ROAD	Unfavorable
15479-1	DAKOTA COUNTY RECONSTRUCTION OF CR 46 FROM IPAVA AVE. TO CSAH 23	Qualified Favorable (CEDAR AVE.)
15480-1	MAC FLYING CLOUD AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT PROJECT	In Process Dec 31
15518-1	WHITE BEAR TWP. EAW, TARGET MEADOWLANDS	Qualified Favorable
15524-1	MAC MSP AIRPORT ASSESSMENT	Favorable
15525-1	MAC ST. PAUL DOWNTOWN ASSESSMENT	Favorable
15526-1	MAC FLYING CLOUD AIRPORT ASSESSMENT	Favorable
15527-1	MAC LAKE ELMO AIRPORT ASSESSMENT	Favorable
15528-1	MAC AIRLAKE AIRPORT ASSESSMENT	Favorable
15529-1	MAC SUN COUNTRY AIRLINES / HANGAR FACILITY	Favorable
15530-1	MAC GROUND MSP TRANSPORTATION CENTER & VALET CONSTR	Favorable UCTION
15554-1	MINN. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY EAW, ST. FRANCIS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY IMPR	In Process Dec 31
15561-1	VADNAIS HEIGHTS EAW, VADNAIS HEIGHTS CENTER	Unfavorable
15571-1	HENNEPIN COUNTY EAW, RECONSTRUCTION OF HENNEPIN CSAH 62 (TOWNLINE	Unfavorable EROAD)
15602-1	CHANHASSEN EAW, CHANHASSEN BUSINESS CENTER	In Process Dec 31

13128-5
ST. PAUL
FEIS, SHEPARD/WARNER/EAST CBG BYPASS

14741-3
INVER GROVE HEIGHTS
FEIS, IGH RESORT COMMUNITY

Favorable
Favorable
DEIS, NORTHEAST CORRIDOR LRT SYSTEM

V. Miscellaneous Referrals

Referral

D. Critical Area Plans and Projects

Number	Applicant/Description	Action
14902-2	SOUTH ST. PAUL MISSISSIPPI RIVER CRITICAL AREA STUDY	Favorable
15206-2	RAMSEY CRITICAL AREA REVIEW REVISED PRELIMINARY PLAT FAVE	Qualified Favorable

Council

V. Miscellaneous Referrals

E. Solid Waste Maters

1. County Solid Waste Plans and Reports

Referral <u>Number</u>	Applicant/Description	Council <u>Action</u>
15317-2	WASTE MANAGEMENT OF MINNESOTA, INC.	Qualified Favorable

V. Miscellaneous Referrals

D.Solid Waste Matters

2. Solid Waste Permits, Projects, Ordinances, and Contracts

Referral <u>Number</u>	Applicant/Description	Council Action
13416-2	PINE BEND LANDFILL, INC. PINE BEND SANITARY LANDFILL	In Process Dec 31
13782-3	NORTHERN STATES POWER CO. HIGH BRIDGE COAL - ASH STORAGE AND TRANSFER FACILITY	Favorable Y
15535-1	USPCI, INC. MINNESOTA INDUSTRIAL CONTAINMENT FACILITY, SW-383	Qualified Favorable

15316-1	IMI CORNELIUS, INC. GREENHAVEN GOLF COURSE	Favorable
15317-1	WASTE MANAGEMENT OF MINNESOTA, INC. ANOKA REGIONAL SANITARY LANDFILL	Qualified Favorable
15318-1	FULLER, H. B. CO. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15319-1	ST. PAUL PORT AUTHORITY ENERGY PARK UTILITY CO.	Favorable
15320-1	NICOLLET PARTNERSHIP GAVIIDAE COMMONS	Favorable
15334-1	WOODLAKE SANITARY SERVICES, INC. FLYING CLOUD SANITARY LANDFILL	Favorable
15354-1	NORTHERN STATES POWER CO. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY - FIFTH STREET SUBSTA	Qualified Favorable ATION
15355-1	MINNEAPOLIS ENERGY CENTER, INC. & ENERGY CENTER PARTNERS MINNEAPOLIS ENERGY CENTER - NORTH RIVERFRONT PLAN	Qualified Favorable
15356-1	ST. PAUL RAMSEY MEDICAL CENTER WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Qualified Favorable
15363-1	MINNESOTA FACILITIES WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES	Favorable
15369-1	HONEYWELL, INC. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15380-1	VALVOLINE INSTANT OIL CHANGE RAPID OIL CHANGE	Favorable
15381-1	WHITTAKER CORP. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15384-1	TOWLE REAL ESTATE CO. WCCO BUILDING	Favorable
15385-1	UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA CME BUILDING	Favorable

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15386-1	BCED MINNESOTA, INC. TOWN SQUARE	Favorable
15393-1	MWCC WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15394-1	MWCC WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15395-1	SUPER VALUE STORES, INC. MINNEAPOLIS NORTH ANNEX	Favorable
15396-1	CONTROL DATA CORPORATION CONTROL DATA CORPORATION - OFFICE	Favorable
15397-1	VICTORY ENVELOPE, INC. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15398-1	RIDGEDALE CENTER WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15410-1	MOBIL OIL CORP. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15411-1	QUALITY PARK PRODUCTS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15412-1	HINES INTERESTS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP NORWEST CENTER	Favorable
15414-1	WASHINGTON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WASHINGTON COUNTY LANDFILL #1	Qualified Favorable
15415-1	3M CHEMOLITE	Favorable
15416-1	SHIELY, J. L. CO. SHAKOPEE QUARRY AREA	Favorable
15417-1	AMOCO OIL CO. RICHFIELD AMOCO	Favorable
15418-1	GENERAL MILLS, INC. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15419-1	SHIELY, J. L. CO. LARSON QUARRY AREA	Favorable

15420-1	ROGERS WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15422-1	PAPER, CALMENSON & CO. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15423-1	MWCC MUNICIPAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15426-1	KOHLER MIX SPECIALTIES WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Qualified Favorable
15430-1	INDEPENDENCE MUNICIPAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15436-1	TPI /CMS ST. PAUL LIMITED PARTNERSHIP NORWEST CENTER	In Process Dec 31
15439-1	TOWLE REAL ESTATE WCCO RADIO BUILDING	Favorable
15483-1	ANDERSEN CORPORATION WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15512-1	LIFECORE BIOMEDICAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15538-1	NORTHERN STATES POWER CO. VARIOUS HYDROSTATIC TEST SITES IN MINNESOTA	Favorable
15539-1	ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15562-1	MINNESOTA BREWING CO. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15580-1	INTEK WEATHERSEAL PRODUCTS, INC. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15587-1	H F S PROPERTIES HEMAR BUILDING	Favorable
15594-1	AMOCO OIL COMPANY AMOCO S.S. #5016	Favorable

15399-1	GREENFIELD MUNICIPAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Favorable
15445-1	SHIELY, J. L. CO. DREDGE SPOIL DISPOSAL FACILITY	Qualified Favorable
15463-1	KOCH REFINING CO. DREDGE SPOIL DISPOSAL FACILITY - OTTO AVE. TERMINAL	Favorable
15464-1	NORTHERN STATES POWER CO. DREDGE SPOIL DISPOSAL FACILITY, RIVERSIDE GENERATING	Favorable PLANT
15465-1	NORTHERN STATES POWER CO. DREDGE SPOIL DISPOSAL FACILITY, BLACK DOG GENERATIN	Favorable G PLANT
15466-1	KOCH REFINING CO. DREDGE SPOIL DISPOSAL FACILITY	Favorable

V. Miscellaneous F. Special Permi 2. Corps of Arr		
Referral Number	Applicant/Description	Council Action
15321-1	WOLTER, KEVIN FILL MATERIAL, WETLANDS ADJACENT TROTT BROOK, CONST	Unfavorable TRUCT GOLF COURSE
15326-1	MINNETONKA FILL MATERIAL, PUBLIC TRAIL, PURGATORY PARK	Favorable
15330-1	ANOKA COUNTY PARKS FILL MATERIAL, RICE CREEK WETLANDS, 1.75 ACRES-CHOMIN	Unfavorable IIX GOLF COURSE
15342-1	MCGOWAN, RICHARD B. COMPANY, INC. FILL MATERIAL, ACCESS TO FREEWAY LANDFILL SITE FROM B	Favorable EMBASSY ROAD
15358-1	ZAWISTOWSKI, STAN FILL MATERIAL ADJACENT TO COON CREEK, NIGHTINGALE M	Favorable EADOWS
15371-1	BROOKLYN CENTER FILL MATERIAL INTO WETLANDS, 69TH AVENUE REALIGNMEN	Unfavorable T PROJECT
15373-1	MINN. DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES CONSTRUCT PUBLIC ACCESS BOAT RAMPS	Favorable
15383-1	STILLWATER CONSTRUCT STORM SEWER OUTFALL STRUCTURE & INTAKE	Favorable PIPE

15424-1	ST. PAUL	WETLAND FILL & WORK IN NAVIGABLE WATERS - SHEPHERD	Favorable ROAD
15428-1		TMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DISCHARGE FILL, EXTEND FRONTAGE ROAD S. SIDE OF TH 10	Unfavorable 01
15429-1		DUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCT BRIDGE OVER MINNESOTA RIVER CROSSING	Favorable
15432-1	STILLWATER	PLACE UP TO 8 NO-WAKE BUOYS IN ST. CROIX RIVER	Favorable
15451-1	RAMSEY COU	INTY PLACE FILL, LEXINGTON AVE. BETWEEN ROYAL OAKS DRIVE I	Unfavorable N. TO CR J
15467-1	ABC SOD FAF	RM GRADE & EXCAVATE MATERIAL - CHANGE PRODUCT AREA FF	Favorable ROM GRASS TO TREES
15473-1	HIGH FIVE ER	ECTORS, INC. DISCHARGE FILL MATERIAL, COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT	Unfavorable
15487-1	BLAINE	FILL MATERIAL - REALIGNMENT XYLITE ST.BETWEEN 95TH ST.	Unfavorable & 101ST AVE. NE
15495-1	CARVER COU	NTY DISCHARGE FILL MATERIAL, BEVENS CREEK - DITCH 11	Unfavorable
15496-1		TMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DISCHARGE FILL MATERIAL-GATEWAY SEGMENT OF WILLARD	Favorable MUNGER STATE TRAIL
15519-1	MINNETONKA	PLACE FILL IN WETLAND - PUBLIC TRAIL	Favorable
15520-1	·	OKA COUNTY HIGHWAY DEPARTMENTS PLACE FILL MATERIAL INTO RICE CREEK - COUNTY ROAD J	Favorable
15540-1	PETERSON, D	ARRIL PLACE FILL MATERIAL, GARDEN CENTER/NURSERY	Unfavorable
15570-1	MENNE, ROBE	ERT J. DISCHARGE FILL MATERIAL, CONSTRUCT ROAD TO NORTH S	Qualified Favorable HORE MEADOWS
15574-1	ST. PAUL	PLACE FILL, WARNER ROAD BETWEEN JACKSON STREET & C	Qualified Favorable HILDS ROAD

15581-1	MINN. DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES FILL MATERIAL, TWO BOAT RAMPS AT LAKE REBECCA PARK	Favorable
15582-1	REHBEIN, GLENN EXCAVATING FILL & GRADE WITHIN WETLANDS, DEVELOP GOLF COURSE	Favorable
15583-1	RAMSEY COUNTY FILL MATERIAL, REALIGN CR I FROM HAMLINE AVE. TO LEXING	Favorable GTON AVE.
15586-1	MINN. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DISCHARGE FILL MATERIAL, RELOCATE TECHNOLOGY DRIVE	Qualified Favorable
15588-1	HENNEPIN COUNTY PARK RESERVE DISTRICT PLACE FILL IN WATERS - SAND BLANKET IN MEDICINE LAKE	Favorable
15600-1	WEGLEITNER, MARTIN DISCHARGE FILL MATERIAL, RICE LAKE MEADOWS SUBDIVISION	In Process Dec 31 ON

V. Miscellaneous Referrais G. Regional Park Master Plan

Referral <u>Number</u>	Applicant/Description	Council <u>Action</u>
09228-2	MINNEAPOLIS PARK & RECREATION BOARD AMENDMENT TO NOKOMIS/HIAWATHA RP	In Process Dec 31
09285-1	MINNEAPOLIS PARK & RECREATION BOARD SHINGLE _CREEK TRAIL	In Process Dec 31
09217-2	ST. PAUL	In Process Dec 31

V. Miscellaneous Referrals

H. Housing Bond Plans and Programs

Referral <u>Number</u>	Applicant/Description	Council Action
15313-1	ROBBINSDALE HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, 84 UNITS, 40TH AVE. N. AND CR (Favorable 31
15322-1	SCOTT COUNTY HRA HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY	Favorable
15323-1	CARVER COUNTY HRA HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, 114 UNITS MULTIFAMILY, 110340	Favorable GRAKE ROAD

15324-1	CARVER COUNTY HRA HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY	Favorable
15336-1	DAKOTA COUNTY HRA HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, MULTIFAMILY SENIOR HOUSING	Favorable
15337-1	DAKOTA COUNTY HRA HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING	Favorable
15337-2	DAKOTA COUNTY HRA AMENDED HOUSING BOND PROGRAM	Favorable
15343-1	BLOOMINGTON HOUSING BOND PROGRAM	Favorable
15344-1	WEST ST. PAUL HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING	Favorable
15348-1	LAKEVILLE HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY	Favorable
15353-1	APPLE VALLEY HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY	Favorable
15366-1	MINNEAPOLIS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, RIVERTOWN APARTMENTS PROJE	Favorable ECT, 36 UNITS
15367-1	MINNEAPOLIS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, GIRARD TERRACE PROJECT, 17 U	Favorable JNITS
15368-1	ST. PAUL PARK	
	HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY	Favorable
15372-1		Favorable Favorable
15372-1 15374-1	HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY WASHINGTON COUNTY HRA	
	HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY WASHINGTON COUNTY HRA HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY OAKDALE	Favorable
15374-1	HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY WASHINGTON COUNTY HRA HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY OAKDALE HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SINGLE FAMILY WASHINGTON COUNTY HRA	Favorable

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15461-1	SPRING PARK HOUSING BOND PROGRAM	Favorable
15462-1	MINNEAPOLIS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, WALKER RESIDENCE PROJECT	Qualified Favorable
15485-1	WASHINGTON COUNTY HRA HOUSING BOND PROGRAM	Favorable
15510-1	ST. PAUL HOUSING BOND PROGRAM - EPISCOPAL CHURCH HOME OF	Favorable MINNESOTA PROJECT
15534-1	EDEN PRAIRIE HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, MULTIFAMILY HOUSING	Favorable
15551-1	ARDEN HILLS HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, SUTTON PLACE	Favorable
15555-1	ST. PAUL HOUSING BOND PROGRAM	Favorable
15592-1	MAPLEWOOD HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, COTTAGES OF MAPLEWOOD WE	Favorable ST PRÓJECT
15599-1	WASHINGTON COUNTY HRA HOUSING BOND PROGRAM, COTTAGE HOMESTEADS	Favorable