Gender Revision of 1986

Volume 4

Revising
Minnesota Statutes
Chapters 160 – 240

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01/17/86
                    GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4
                                                                   PAGE
160*#085S
        160.085 PROPOSED ACQUISITIONS BY STATE AND COUNTY ROAD
     AUTHORITIES; FILING FOR RECORD.
       Subdivision 1. In order to facilitate the acquisition of
    right-of-way required for highways, state and county road
    authorities may file for record in the office of the county
     recorder or registrar of titles in the county in which
    right-of-way is to be acquired, such orders or resolutions, as
 8
    required by law, in the form of maps or plats showing
    right-of-way by course distance, bearing and arc length, and
10
    other rights or interests in land to be acquired as the road
11
    authority determines necessary. Said map or plat shall show by
    outline all tracts or parcels of land affected by the proposed
12
13
    acquisition. The map or plat shall be certified by the
    commissioner of transportation or his the commissioner's
14
15
    designated assistant and any registered land surveyor in the
16
    employ of the state as to trunk highways. The map or plat shall
17
    be certified as to county state-aid highways and county highways
18
    by the chairman chair of the county board or the county engineer
    or his the engineer's designated assistant, and by a registered
19
20
    land surveyor in the employ of the county. The map or plat so
21
    certified is entitled to record without compliance with the
    provisions of chapter 505. Any amendments, alterations, rescissions or vacations of such orders, resolutions, maps or
22
23
24
   plats so filed shall be entitled to record in like manner. The
25
    recorder or registrar may make suitable notations on the
26
    appropriate map or plat affected by an amendment, alteration,
    rescission or vacation to direct the attention of anyone
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28
     examining the record to the proper map or plat.
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       No change for subd la to 3
160*#10S
       160.10 ROADS ON MINERAL LANDS.
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        No change for subd 1 to 3
        Subd. 4. CONSTRUCTION OF RELOCATED ROAD. The owner
32
    or lessee may choose to construct the relocated road with his
    the owner's or lessee's own forces or by contract, or he may
34
    elect to have the construction done in whole or in part by the
36
    road authority. The owner or lessee and the road authority
37
    shall enter into an agreement setting forth the respective
38
    responsibilities of each in accord with the provisions of this
39
    section.
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       No change for subd 5 to 8
160*#14S
41
       160.14 MARKING BOUNDARIES OF HIGHWAYS.
       Subdivision 1. PLACING MARKING DEVICES. Road
42
43
    authorities may place and shall thereafter preserve and maintain
44
    suitable monuments or other marking devices in such manner as to
45
    clearly indicate the boundary lines of highways. The
    commissioner is authorized to engage the services of registered
46
47
    land surveyors to perform land survey work as required for
48
    location or re-establishment of section corners, establishment
    of the boundary of highway right-of-way together with boundary
49
    monumentation. If the commissioner employs and engages a
50
51
    registered land surveyor for such work the land surveyor shall
    be in responsible charge of the work performed by \frac{1}{100}
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53
    surveyor's employees in connection with the assignment.
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    location of the boundary markings may be described by course
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distance and bearing or delineated in the same manner on a plat 56 or map showing location of said marking devices and filed with 57 the county recorder or registrar of titles in the county where 58 the highways are located. 59

No change for subd 2

Subd. 3. RESERVATION OF RIGHTS OF ABUTTING OWNERS. Within one year after the notice, any abutting owner may serve upon the road authority signed written objections to the highway boundaries as marked, specifying wherein he the owner believes the boundaries as marked to be in error. A copy thereof executed in accordance with section 507.24 shall be filed with the county recorder in the county where the highway is located. The service and filing of the objections shall preserve the rights of the abutting owner in and to the land in controversy until the boundaries of the highway are judicially determined or until agreed to by the abutting owner and the road authority.

71 No change for subd 4

160*#16S

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160.16 WARNING SIGNS AND DETOUR SIGNS.
       No change for subd 1
     Subd. 2.
                 CONTRACTOR TO PLACE DETOUR SIGNS. The
 3
 4 contractor, foreman lead supervisor, or person in charge of work
   or repairs on any public road shall, when the doing of the work
   or repairs necessitates the closing of a part of the road to
 6
     traffic, post signs stating that the road is under repair and
 8 describing the direction and distance of the detour necessary to
9 avoid the part of the road being repaired. The signs shall be
   posted at the intersection of the road under repair with the
10
11
    road to be traveled while detouring and at appropriate intervals
12 along the road.
13
      No change for subd 3
160*#20S
14
       160.20 DRAINAGE.
       Subdivision 1. CONNECTING DRAINS TO HIGHWAY DRAINS.
15
   When the course of natural drainage of any land runs to a
16
    highway, the owner of the land shall have the right to enter
17
18
    upon the highway for the purpose of connecting his a drain or
19 ditch with any drain or ditch constructed along or across the
20 highway, but before making the connections he, shall first
    obtain a written permit for the connections from the road
21
    authority having jurisdiction. The connections shall be made in
22
   accordance with specifications set forth in the permits. The
23
   road authority shall have power to prescribe and enforce
24
25 reasonable rules and regulations with reference to the
    connections. The highway shall be left in as good condition in every way as it was before the connection was made.
26
27
28
     No change for subd 2 to 4
160*#22S
29
       160.22 TREES.
       No change for subd 1 to 7a
30
31
       Subd. 8. DISPOSITION OF TIMBER AND WOOD. Upon
32
   written notice of a determination to cut and remove the trees
33 and hedges, the road authority may proceed to cut and remove the
34
    same. The timber and wood so cut and removed shall belong to
35 the abutting owners, and the road authority shall cause the wood
36 and timber to be placed upon the abutting owner's property
37
   adjacent to the highway, doing no unnecessary damage to such
    property. In case the abutting owner notifies the road
38
    authority that he the owner does not want the timber or wood,
39
40 the road authority shall dispose of the wood and timber in such
41
    manner as it deems proper.
42
       No change for subd 9
       Subd. 10. EXCEPTION; TOWN ROADS. Trees, hedges and
43
44 other shrubs or plants within the limits of any town road and
45
   not acquired by the town as provided in subdivision 3, may be
46
    cut and removed without regard to the provisions of subdivisions
47
    5 and 6 when they interfere with the maintenance or
48 reconstruction of the road or with the safety and convenience of
49
    the public; provided that the town gives written notice to the
abutting owner of its intention to cut and remove 14 days before
51
    taking such action and the abutting owner does not request a
52 hearing during that period. The notice shall plainly advise the
53 abutting owner of his the right to a hearing. If the abutting
54 owner requests a hearing within the time required the town shall
55 proceed in accordance with subdivisions 5 and 6, and this
    subdivision shall not apply. The timber and wood cut pursuant
56
57
    to this subdivision shall be disposed of in accordance with
58
    subdivision 8.
160*#25S
59
       160.25 TUNNELS UNDER HIGHWAYS.
       Subdivision 1. PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT. The road
61
  authorities may permit any owner or lessee of land abutting both
    sides of a highway to tunnel under the highway for such purposes
62
    as the owner or lessee deems desirable in utilizing the lands.
63
64 The tunnel and appurtenances thereto shall be constructed and
65
    maintained so as not to endanger or unduly inconvenience the
66 public in the use of the highway and, except as hereinafter
67
    provided, shall be constructed by and at the expense of the
68 owner or lessee at-his-expense.
69
      No change for subd 2 to 4
160*#265
70
      160.26 MOVING BUILDINGS OVER HIGHWAYS.
7.1
       No change for subd 1 to 2
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Subd. 4. COST OF REMOVING FENCES, POLES. No person,

evidence its payment.

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firm, or corporation shall be required to displace or
    temporarily remove his-or-its the fences, poles, wires, cables,
     or other appurtenances of that person, firm, or corporation to
     permit the moving of any building or structure upon, along, or
 5 across the road or street, nor shall guard rails and
     appurtenances placed upon the road or street be displaced or
     moved for like reason until the reasonable cost of the
    displacement, removal, and replacement shall have been paid or
 9
     tendered.
10
        No change for subd 5
160*#262S
11
        160.262 RECREATIONAL VEHICLE LANES.
12
        No change for subd 1
13
        Subd. 2. Each county and municipality including towns
14 having statutory city powers may adopt the model standards to
15
    govern highways under its jurisdiction and may adapt them to
16
    local circumstances. Such local regulations shall be submitted
17
    to the commissioner of transportation who shall approve them
18 within 60 days after receipt if-he-finds upon finding that they
19
   meet the minimum standards established pursuant to this section.
20
    Approved local regulations shall qualify the submitting unit of
21
     government for state or state approved funding of recreational
22
     vehicle lane projects undertaken pursuant to such regulations.
23
       No change for subd 3
160*#276S
24
       160.276 TRAVEL INFORMATION FRANCHISE PROGRAM.
        No change for subd 1 to 2
25
        Subd. 3. The program may also include franchises for the
26
    construction, operation and maintenance of additional
28
     information structures by and at the expense of the franchisee
    at-his-expense on state owned lands within safety rest or
29
30
    tourist information center areas. All structures constructed by
     the franchisee shall meet or exceed specifications prescribed by
    the commissioner of transportation and shall satisfy the
32
    requirements of the state building code for accessibility by the
     physically handicapped. All structures shall be designed to
34
    enhance their site and shall be aesthetically compatible with
35
36
    the natural environment.
37
       No change for subd 4
160*#2815
38
       160.281 TOURIST INFORMATION CENTER IN SOUTH DAKOTA.
39
       Subdivision 1. AUTHORITY TO ACQUIRE SITE.
40
    commissioner of transportation is authorized to enter into an
41
     agreement with appropriate officials of the federal government
42
    and the state of South Dakota, to acquire by gift or purchase
43
    for trunk highway uses and purposes such land in the state of
44
    South Dakota as he the commissioner may deem necessary for use
45
    as a site for and to construct and operate thereon a combination
46
    rest area and tourist information center, which center shall be
47
    located not more than one mile west of the Minnesota-South
48
    Dakota state lines, along the eastbound lane of Interstate 90.
49
       No change for subd 2 to 4
160*#80S
       160.80 SIGN FRANCHISE PROGRAM.
50
       No change for subd 1 to 5
51
       Subd. 6. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. The commissioner shall
52
53
    appoint a committee of at least one representative of each of
54
    the four industries eligible for signing under this section and
55
    at least three representatives of the department of
    transportation, for the purpose of advising him the commissioner
56
57
    on the sign franchise program.
161*#07S
58
       161.07 MANNER OF PAYMENTS.
       No change for subd 1
59
                            The copy of the abstracts
60
       Subd. 2. PAYMENT.
    delivered to the commissioner of finance shall be accompanied by
62
    the original voucher or vouchers, together with the proof of
63
    claim for each item included in such abstracts. If there be
64
    sufficient money in the proper fund, the commissioner of finance
65
    shall issue his a warrant upon the state treasurer for the gross
66
    amount shown by such abstract. The state treasurer shall
67
    deliver checks to the several persons entitled thereto as shown
68
    by such abstracts, and he shall preserve in his the treasurer's
69
    office a record of each check and remittance showing the date of
70
    each issue, the name of the payee and any other facts tending to
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161*#0845
     161.084 SURPLUS IN TURNBACK FUNDS.
       If on determining at any time the commissioner determines
 3 that there are surplus funds in either the county or municipal
     turnback account that are not needed for the purposes specified
    herein, he the commissioner shall notify the commissioner of
 6 finance in writing of such determination, and such surplus
    funds, in the amount specified by the commissioner, shall be
 8 transferred to the county state-aid highway fund, or the
    municipal state-aid street fund, as the case may be, and
10 apportioned as provided by law.
161*#10S
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        161.10 INVESTIGATIONS; RECOMMENDATIONS; REPORTS.
12
        When practicable the commissioner shall investigate and
13 determine the location of road material in the state, ascertain
the most approved methods of construction and improvement of
roads, investigate the most approved laws in relation to road
     roads, investigate the most approved laws in relation to roads
16
    in other states and hold public meetings throughout the state
17
    when deemed advisable. On or before November 15 on each
18 even-numbered year he the commissioner shall make a printed
report to the governor and the legislature stating the condition, management, and financial transactions of his the
21
    transportation department, including a statement of the expense
22 incurred in maintaining such department; the number of miles of
   roads built or improved during the preceding two fiscal years
23
24
    and their cost; the general character and location of material
25 suitable for road construction; the general character and needs
26 of the roads of the state; the name, location, size, and
   description of each state trail, state water access site, and state rest area established by him the commissioner since his
27
28
29 the last report; and recommend such legislation as he the
30
   commissioner deems advisable. The report shall be transmitted
31
    by the governor to the legislature.
161*#14S
       161.14 NAMES AND DESIGNATIONS OF CERTAIN HIGHWAYS.
32
33
     No change for subd 1 to 8
34
      Subd. 9. YELLOWSTONE TRAIL.
                                       The highway now marked
   and known as Trunk Highway No. 212 from the Wisconsin state line
35
    to the South Dakota state line is hereby named and designated as
36
   the "Yellowstone Trail," and the commissioner of transportation
37
38 shall adopt a suitable marking design with which he the
39
    commissioner shall mark or blaze said highway to carry out the
40 purposes of this subdivision.
41
     Subd. 10. SIOUX TRAIL.
                                  The following route is named
42 and designated the "Sioux Trail:"
43
       Beginning at a point in Mendota at or near the Mendota
44 Bridge over the Mississippi River; thence extending
45 southwesterly along Legislative Route No. 117 to its junction
46 with Legislative Route No. 187; thence extending westerly along
    Legislative Route No. 187 to its junction with Constitutional
47
   Route No. 5 in Shakopee; thence extending southwesterly along
48
49 Constitutional Route No. 5 to Mankato; thence extending
50
   southwesterly along Constitutional Route No. 5 to its junction
51
    with Legislative Route No. 83; thence extending northwesterly
   along Legislative Route No. 83 to its junction with
52
53 Constitutional Route No. 15; thence extending northerly along
   Constitutional Route No. 15 across the Minnesota River to its
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55
    junction with Nicollet County State-Aid Highway No. 21; thence
56
    extending northwesterly along Nicollet County State-Aid Highway
57
   No. 21 to Nicollet County State-Aid Highway No. 29 near Fort
   Ridgely State Memorial Park; thence extending northwesterly
59
   along Nicollet County State-Aid Highway No. 29 to Renville
    County State-Aid Highway No. 5 at the Renville County line;
60
61
    thence extending northwesterly along Renville County State-Aid
   Highway No. 5 to Renville County Highway No. 51 at or near
63
   Franklin; thence extending northwesterly along Renville County
    Highway No. 51 to Constitutional Route No. 14 easterly of Morton;
64
65
    thence extending along Constitutional Route No. 14 to its
66 junction with Constitutional Route No. 4 at Morton; thence
67
    extending northwesterly along Constitutional Route No. 4 at its
68
    junction with Renville County State-Aid Highway No. 15; thence
69
    extending northwesterly along Renville County State-Aid Highway
70 No. 15 to its junction with Renville County State-Aid Highway
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71 No. 10; thence extending northerly along Renville County

State-Aid Highway No. 10 to its junction with Renville County Highway No. 52; thence extending along Renville County Highway

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No. 52 to Chippewa County Highway No. 40 at the Chippewa County line; thence extending northwesterly along Chippewa County Highway No. 40 to its junction with Constitutional Route No. 12 at Granite Falls; thence extending northwesterly along Constitutional Route No. 12 to its junction with Constitutional Route No. 66 at Montevideo; thence extending northwesterly along 7 Constitutional Route No. 66 to its junction with Legislative 8 Route No. 147 at or near Appleton; thence extending 9 northwesterly along Legislative Route No. 147 to it junction with Constitutional Route No. 6; thence extending northwesterly 10 11 along Constitutional Route No. 6 to Ortonville. 12

The commissioner of transportation shall adopt a suitable marking design with which he the commissioner shall mark or blaze the specified portions of the trunk highway routes heretofore described over which the Sioux Trail is located, and the counties of Nicollet, Renville, and Chippewa shall mark or blaze their respective highways heretofore described with the same marking design adopted by the commissioner of transportation.

No change for subd 11

Subd. 12. HIAWATHA PIONEER TRAIL. (1) The following route is named and designated the "Hiawatha Pioneer Trail":

Beginning at Trunk Highway No. 61 on the boundary line between the states of Minnesota and Wisconsin; thence northwesterly on Trunk Highway No. 61 to junction with Trunk Highway No. 12 in St. Paul; thence westerly and southwesterly on Trunk Highways No. 12 and No. 5 to Fort Snelling; thence southwesterly on Trunk Highway No. 3 to Faribault; thence westerly on Trunk Highway No. 99 to St. Peter; thence southerly on Trunk Highway No. 22 to Mankato; thence westerly on Trunk Highway No. 68 to Sleepy Eye; thence northerly on Trunk Highway No. 4 to Fairfax; thence westerly on Trunk Highway No. 19 to junction with Trunk Highway No. 67; thence northerly on Trunk Highway No. 67 to Granite Falls; thence southwesterly on Trunk Highway No. 23 to junction with Trunk Highway No. 14; thence westerly on Trunk Highway No. 14 to Lake Benton; thence southerly on Trunk Highway No. 75 to Pipestone; thence easterly on Trunk Highway No. 30 to Slayton; thence southerly on Trunk Highway No. 59 to Worthington; thence easterly on Trunk Highway No. 16 to Jackson; thence southerly on Trunk Highway No. 71 to the boundary line between the states of Minnesota and Iowa.

(2) The route of the "Hiawatha Pioneer Trail" designated in clause (1) of this subdivision is the main route of the trail. The following routes are named and designated as the alternate southern route and the alternate northern route of the "Hiawatha Pioneer Trail."

The alternate southern route is described as follows:
Commencing at the junction of Trunk Highway No. 61, on the
main route, and Trunk Highway No. 14, north and west of Winona,
thence westerly on Trunk Highway No. 14 to Owatonna; thence
northerly on Trunk Highway No. 3 to Faribault, and connecting to
the main route.

The alternate northern route is described as follows: Commencing at the junction of Trunk Highway No. 12, on the main route, and Trunk Highway No. 10 in the city of St. Paul; thence northerly on Trunk Highway No. 10 to Little Falls, to junction Trunk Highway No. 371; thence northerly on Trunk Highway No. 371 to Brainerd and junction with Trunk Highway No. 18; thence easterly on Trunk Highway No. 18 to Garrison and junction with Trunk Highway No. 169; thence southerly on Trunk Highway No. 169 to junction with Trunk Highway No. 65; thence northerly on Trunk Highway No. 65 to Jacobsen, and junction with Trunk Highway No. 34; thence easterly on Trunk Highway No. 34 to junction with Trunk Highway No. 2; thence easterly and southerly on Trunk Highway No. 2 to Duluth and junction with Trunk Highway No. 23; thence southerly and westerly on Trunk Highway No. 23 to Sandstone and junction of Trunk Highway No. 61, thence southerly on Trunk Highway No. 61 to North Branch and junction with Trunk Highway No. 95; thence easterly and southerly on Trunk Highway No. 95 to Stillwater and junction with Trunk Highway No. 212; thence southerly and westerly to Trunk Highway No. 12 on the main route in the city of St. Paul.

(3) The commissioner of transportation shall adopt a suitable marking design with which he the commissioner shall mark or blaze the highways heretofore described over which the "Hiawatha Pioneer Trail" is located.

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No change for subd 12a to 21
   161*#14195
     2 161.1419 MISSISSIPPI RIVER PARKWAY COMMISSION;
              No change for subd 1 to 2
              Subd. 3. The commission may hold meetings and hearings at
     5 such time and places as it may designate to accomplish the
     6 purposes set forth in this section and may subpoena witnesses
     7 and records. It shall select a chairman chair, a vice-chairman vice-chair, and such other officers from its membership as it
           vice-chair, and such other officers from its membership as it
    9 deems necessary. The commission shall appoint a secretary who
   10 shall also serve as a commission member.
          No change for subd 4
   11
   Subd. 5. The commissioner of transportation shall designate one employee of the department of transportation who
   15 commissioner of natural resources shall appoint one staff member
   16 of-his-staff who shall advise with and assist the commission in
   17 carrying out its functions and duties.
   18
            No change for subd 6 to 8
   161*#1425
   19 161.142 GREAT RIVER ROAD.
20 Subd. 2. LOCATION; CONSTRU
             Subd. 2. LOCATION; CONSTRUCTION; IMPROVEMENT;
   21 MAINTENANCE; ACQUISITION OF LAND. The commissioner of
   22 transportation shall establish and locate the route or routes of
   23 the Great River Road and shall thereafter construct,
   24 reconstruct, improve and may maintain same. He The commissioner
   25 may acquire by purchase, gift or eminent domain proceedings, in
   26 fee or such lesser estate as he the commissioner may determine,
   27 all lands and properties needed in laying out, establishing,
   28
          constructing, reconstructing, and improving the Great River Road
  29 in Minnesota.
           No change for subd 3
Subd. 4. ACCEPTANCE OF FEDERAL FUNDS; COOPERATION WITH
   31 Subd. 4. ACCEPTANCE OF FEDERAL 1985, 1985, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 20
33 accept any federal funds made available to the state of
   34 Minnesota for expenditure on the Great River Road. He The
35 <u>commissioner</u> may cooperate with the federal government or any
federal agency in the establishment, construction, reconstruction and improvement of the Great River Road to the
   38 end that the state will obtain all federal funds available for
39 expenditure on the Great River Road in Minnesota. He The
40 <u>commissioner</u> may act as agent for any other department of state,
41 public corporation, or political subdivision of the state in
42 accepting federal aid in their behalf for the purposes expressed
  43 in subdivisions 2 to 7, and may distribute any federal aid
   received by the department to other departments of the state,
public corporations or political subdivisions of the state.
          public corporations or political subdivisions of the state.
46
            No change for subd 5 to 7
   161*#155
             161.15 SPECIFIC LOCATION; LIMITATION ON DEVIATIONS.
   47
   48
               The commissioner may specifically and definitely locate all
   49 of the routes of the trunk highway system, but in so locating
   50 same, he the commissioner shall not deviate from the starting
   51 points or terminals as set forth in the route description; nor
   52 shall there be any deviation from the various cities named in
53 the routes through which such routes shall pass.
          the routes through which such routes shall pass.
   161*#16S
   54
              161.16 TEMPORARY TRUNK HIGHWAYS; DEFINITELY LOCATED
   55
          TRUNK HIGHWAYS; VACATION AND REVERSION.
   56
            Subdivision 1. TEMPORARY TRUNK HIGHWAYS.
                                                                                        Until such
57 time as the commissioner definitely locates and constructs the
   58 several routes of the trunk highway system, he the commissioner
  shall select practicable existing roads along the general location of such routes which-he and shall maintain them for the
61 benefit of the traveling public. Such roads shall be known as
62 temporary trunk highways. The road authority which had
   63 jurisdiction over such road shall, thereupon, be relieved of
   64
           responsibilities thereto; provided, however, if the definite
        location of the route shall be other than the location of the
  65
66 temporary trunk highway, the portion of the temporary locations
  67 which is not included in the definite location shall, upon
   68 notice of the commissioner, revert to the road authority unless
69 the same lies within the corporate limits of a city, in which
   70 case it shall become a street of the city, provided that when
   71 the portion of the temporary location, which is not included in
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72 the definite location lies within a city having a population of

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less than 5,000, that portion shall revert to the county if it meets the criteria for a county state-aid highway.

Subd. 2. DESIGNATION AND LOCATION BY ORDER. commissioner shall by order or orders designate such temporary trunk highways, and when-he-has-determined on determining the definite location of any trunk highway or portion thereof, the 6 same shall also be designated by order or orders. The definite 8 location of such highway or portion thereof may be in the form 9 of a map or plat showing the lands and interests in lands 10 required for trunk highway purposes. Formal determination or order if by map or plat, shall be certified by the commissioner 11 12 of transportation on said map or plat. The commissioner may, by 13 similar order or orders, change the definite location of any 14 trunk highway between the fixed termini, as fixed by law, when 15 such changes are necessary in the interest of safety and 16 convenient public travel. The commissioner shall file certified 17 copies of such orders with the county auditor of the county 18 wherein such highways are located. Such certified copies shall become permanent records and shall not be removed from the 19 20 office or offices wherein filed.

Subd. 3. PUBLIC HEARING. When the county board of any county requests a public hearing in regard to the definite location or a change in the definite location of any trunk highway within its boundaries, the commissioner shall hold such hearing in such county before making his a determination in such

No change for subd 4 to 5

Subd. 6. VACATION. When the definite location of any trunk highway takes the place of and serves the same purpose as any portion of an existing road, however established, the commissioner may make an order vacating such portion of the road. A copy of the order shall be served upon the owners and occupants of the lands on which is located the portion of the road so vacated. A copy of the order, together with proof of service, or affidavit of publication if the owners are unknown or reside outside the state, shall be filed with the county auditor of the county in which such lands lie. Any person claiming to be damaged by the vacation may appeal at any time within 30 days after the service of the order to the district court of the county for a determination of his damages, by serving notice of the appeal on the commissioner and filing same with proof of service in the office of the clerk of the district court. The appeal shall be tried in the same manner as an appeal from an award in proceedings in eminent domain. 161*#17S

161.17 APPROVAL OF PLANS.

Subd. 2. INTERSTATE SYSTEM. It is hereby declared that construction of the interstate system of highways will vitally affect the future development of the cities through which these routes pass and such municipalities should have an important role in the development of this highway system; that on the other hand the future planning and programming of construction projects over a period of years is necessary to take maximum advantage of federal aid and to build a unified and coordinated interstate system; that excessive delay in local approval of plans for construction of one segment may seriously impede completion of the entire system and adversely affect other municipalities along the interstate routes; that the mutual exchange of information and close cooperation between the department and local governing bodies should be encouraged by improved administrative processes for securing orderly review of plans and the resolution of differences over interstate routes and projects; and that the provisions of subdivision 1 for local approval of trunk highway plans must be modified for the interstate highway system in the light of these various considerations. Before the-commissioner-proceeds proceeding with the preparation of the final plans for the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of any route on the interstate system lying within any city, he the commissioner shall submit to its governing body preliminary plans covering the route location. The preliminary plans shall be submitted as part of a report containing such supporting data that the commissioner deems helpful to the governing body in appraising the plans submitted.

Any public hearing on location of an interstate route held in compliance with federal requirements shall be held at least

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one month after submission to the governing body of the report provided for in this subdivision. After the public hearing, when-the-commissioner-has-prepared and on preparing final plans, 3 he the commissioner shall submit the final plans to the governing body for approval. If the governing body does not 5 approve the final plans within three months after submitted, the 7 commissioner may refer the plans to (1) the Twin Cities 8 Metropolitan Area Planning Commission, if the project is within 9 the area of its jurisdiction, or (2) the municipal advisory committee on state-aid rules and regulations established under 10 11 section 162.09, subdivision 2, if the project is elsewhere in 12 the state. If a member of the advisory committee is from the 13 municipality concerned he that member shall be excused. If the 14 plans are so referred, the commission or committee shall give 15 the commissioner and the governing body ample opportunity to 16 present the case for or against approval of the plans so 17 referred. Not later than three months after such hearings and 18 independent study as it deems desirable, it shall approve or 19 disapprove such plans, making such additional recommendations 20 consistent with state and federal requirements as it deems 21 appropriate, and it shall submit a written report containing its 22 findings and recommendations to the commissioner and the 23 governing body. The commissioner shall not proceed with the 24 proposed construction, reconstruction, or improvement except in 25 accordance with plans approved by the governing body or, if 26 referred to the commission or committee, until after the 27 commission or committee has made its report, and then only after 28 the governing body has had an additional 90 days within which to 29 consider the plans originally submitted or such modified plans 30 as may be submitted to it by the commissioner following the 31 report of the commission or committee. If within such 90-day 32 period, the governing body does not approve the plans submitted 33 to it, and if the commissioner then wishes to proceed with the 34 project according to plans differing substantially from the 35 plans recommended by the commission or committee in its report, 36 he the commissioner shall, before proceeding with the project, 37 file a written report with the commission or committee and the 38 governing body stating fully his the reasons for doing so. Whenever plans are referred to the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area 39 40 Planning Commission, the commission shall be reimbursed from the 41 trunk highway fund for actual and necessary expenses incurred by 42 the commission in staff work incident to consideration of plans 43 and action thereon by the commission. Whenever plans are 44 referred to the advisory committee on rules and regulations, 45 members of the committee shall be paid their necessary expenses 46 to the same extent and in the same manner as for its duties in 47 considering the commissioner's rules and regulations. 161*#173S

161.173 SUBMISSION OF CORRIDOR PROPOSAL.

The commissioner shall submit to the governing body of each municipality wherein a trunk highway is proposed to be constructed or improved, and to the governing body of each municipality adjacent to any such municipality, a report containing: a statement of the need for this proposed construction or improvement, a description of alternate routes which were considered by the commissioner and an explanation of the advantages and disadvantages in the selection of any route considered. The report shall also contain for each alternate, 58 the following information: general alignment and profile, approximate points of access, highway classification, an approximate cost estimate, relation to existing and planned regional and local development and to other transportation routes and facilities, and a statement of the expected general effect on present and future use of the property within the corridor. Where a state trunk highway is proposed to be constructed or improved within the metropolitan area, a copy of the report shall also be submitted to the metropolitan council and the regional transit board established by chapter 473. In all areas of the state a copy of the report shall be sent to 69 established regional, county and municipal planning commissions in the area affected by the highway project. Not less than 45. nor more than 90 days, or as otherwise mutually agreed, after the report has been submitted, the commissioner shall hold a 73 public hearing on the proposed highway construction or 74 improvement at such time and place within any municipality

wherein a portion of the proposed construction or improvement is

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located, as the commissioner shall determine. Not less than 30 days before the hearing the commissioner shall mail notice 3 thereof to the governing body of each municipality or agency entitled to receive a copy of the report, and shall cause notice of the hearing to be published at least once each week for two successive weeks in a newspaper or newspapers having general circulation in such municipalities, the second publication to be 8 not less than five days before the date of the hearing. 9 notice shall state the date, time, place and purpose of the 10 hearing, shall describe the proposed or actual general location 11 of the highway to be constructed or improved, and shall state 12 where the report may be inspected prior to the hearing by any 13 interested person. The hearing shall be conducted by the commissioner or his the commissioner's designee, and shall be 14 15 transcribed and a record thereof mailed to each municipality or 16 agency entitled to receive a copy of the report. All interested 17 persons shall be permitted to present their views on the 18 proposed highway construction or improvement. The hearing may 19 be continued as often as necessary. Within 120 days after the hearing is completed, the governing body of each municipality or 20 21 agency entitled to receive a copy of the report shall submit to the commissioner its approval or disapproval of the report. If 22 23 all or any part of the report is disapproved, the municipality 24 or agency shall state the reasons for such disapproval and suggested changes in the report. The commissioner shall, before 25 26 preparing additional plans for the proposed highway construction 27 or improvement, submit to the governing body of each 28 municipality or agency disapproving the report, a statement 29 accepting or rejecting any suggested changes and the reasons for 30 his acceptance or rejection. 161*#1745

161.174 SUBMISSION OF LAYOUT PLANS.

The commissioner shall submit to the governing body of each municipality wherein a highway is proposed to be constructed or improved, a proposed layout plan for the highway construction or improvement containing: the proposed location, elevation, width and geometrics of the construction or improvement, together with a statement of the reasons therefor. Said plan shall also contain: approximate right-of-way limits; a tentative schedule for right-of-way acquisition, if known; proposed access points; frontage roads; separation structures and interchanges; location of utilities, when known; landscaping, illumination, a tentative construction schedule, if known; and the estimated cost of the construction or improvement. The commissioner shall submit more than one layout plan. Each such plan shall also be submitted to the metropolitan council and the regional transit board if any portion of the proposed highway construction or improvement is located in the metropolitan area. In all areas of the state a copy of the layout plan shall be sent to established regional, county and municipal planning commissions in the area affected by the highway project. Not less than 90 nor more than 120 days after said plan has been submitted, the commissioner shall hold a public hearing on the proposed highway construction or improvement at such time and place within any municipality wherein a portion of the construction or improvement is located, as the commissioner shall determine. The hearing shall be noticed, held and conducted in the manner provided in section 161.173, except that the commissioner shall mail notice of the hearing only to those municipalities and agencies entitled to receive a copy of the layout plan. The hearing shall be transcribed and a record thereof made available to each municipality or agency entitled to receive a copy of said plan. Within 180 days after the hearing is completed, the commissioner shall formally adopt a layout plan. A copy of the layout plan as adopted shall be submitted to each municipality or agency entitled to receive a copy of the proposed plan, together with the reasons for any change in the plan as presented at the hearing. Within 120 days after the receipt of the adopted layout plan, each such municipality or agency shall submit to the commissioner its approval or disapproval of the layout plan and the reasons for such disapproval, and proposed alternatives, which may include a recommendation of no highway. Such alternatives submitted by a municipality located within the metropolitan area shall, upon request of the municipality, be reviewed by the metropolitan council in order to determine

whether such alternatives are likely to meet minimum federal

PAGE

1 requirements. The metropolitan council is authorized to provide whatever assistance it deems advisable to the submitting municipality in order to assist it in arriving at an alternative which meets minimum federal requirements. If said plan or any part thereof is not disapproved within such period, the 6 commissioner may proceed to prepare final construction plans and specifications for the highway construction or improvement consistent with the adopted layout plan, and may acquire the 8 necessary right-of-way. If the layout plan or any part thereof 10 is disapproved by any municipality or agency, and the 11 commissioner determines to proceed with the plan without 12 modifications, he the commissioner shall proceed in the manner provided in section 161.175. #f-the-commissioner-determines On 13 determining to proceed with the plan with modifications, he the 14 15 commissioner shall submit the modified layout plan to the 16 municipalities and agencies entitled to receive the original 17 layout plan in the manner described above, for approval or disapproval by each such municipality or agency within 60 days 19 after receipt of the modified layout plan. If the modified 20 layout plan or any part thereof is not disapproved by any municipality or agency within 60 days after its receipt, the 21 22 commissioner may proceed to prepare final construction plans and 23 specifications consistent with the modified layout plan, and may acquire the necessary right-of-way. If the modified plan is disapproved by any municipality and the commissioner determines 24 25 to proceed with the plan without additional modification, he the 26 27 commissioner shall proceed in the manner provided in section 28 161.175. If the layout plan is disapproved, either as originally submitted or as modified and the commissioner does 29 30 not act pursuant to section 161.175, within one year from the 31 date of the completion of the hearing, any objecting 32 municipality entitled to receive a copy of the layout plan by 33 virtue of this section may invoke the appellate procedure 34 pursuant to section 161.175, in the same manner as the same 35 might be invoked by the commissioner. In the event the appellate procedure is invoked by either the commissioner or the 36 37 municipality, the commissioner shall hold a public hearing prior 38 to the appointment of an appeal board. Such hearing shall be limited to the proposed alternative layout plans. 161*#1755 40

161.175 APPEAL BOARD.

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Upon the request of the commissioner an appeal board shall be appointed. One of the members shall be selected by the 43 governor and one by the governing body of the municipality involved. If more than one municipality is involved in the proposal the governing bodies of the municipalities involved shall appoint one member. This appointment shall be made by resolutions of the governing bodies of said municipalities which resolutions shall be submitted to the governor. When the governor has received resolutions from a majority of the 50 municipalities involved designating the same person, said person shall be deemed appointed. If a majority of the municipalities which must include all disapproving municipalities have not agreed on the same person and submitted such resolutions to the governor within 60 days after receipt of the commissioner's request for an appeal board by the commissioner, then the chief justice of the supreme court shall appoint such member upon application by the commissioner upon five days notice to all municipalities involved. The two members so selected shall select a third member. If they cannot agree on a third member within 30 days after the last member was appointed, then the chief justice of the supreme court shall appoint the third member upon application of the commissioner after five days notice to the first two members. The three persons so selected and appointed shall serve as a highway appeal board and as such board they shall choose a chairman chair from among their members and they shall have such duties and exercise such powers as are hereinafter provided. Members of the board shall not be employees or consultants of any counties, the state of Minnesota, or any of the municipalities involved in the proposal. 161*#176S

161.176 POWERS OF APPEAL BOARD.

71 Subdivision 1. The highway appeal board shall, on notice 72 to the commissioner and the affected municipalities, hold an 73 appeal hearing on the entire highway layout plan as proposed by 74 the commissioner, and alternates consistent with minimum federal

requirements that are presented by the disapproving municipalities. The board shall take into consideration all aspects of the proposal including highway design, economic 3 development, aesthetics, urban and rural planning, agriculture, transportation planning, and all other factors concerning highways. After considering all the evidence in the record, the appeal board shall issue an order approving the commissioner's 8 proposed highway layout plan or one of the alternatives. The 9 appeal board shall be limited in its ruling to any previously 10 submitted layout plan of the commissioner or an alternate 11 presented by the community in response to the commissioner. A copy of the order and a memorandum setting forth the reasons 13 therefor shall be filed with the secretary of state, and shall 14 be mailed to the commissioner and each municipality or agency 15 entitled to receive notice of the layout hearing. If the cost is not substantially in excess of his the programmed estimates for 16 projects included in his the commissioner's current construction 17 program the commissioner shall construct the plan approved by 19 the board in accordance with the original program schedule. 20 Subd. 2. The chairman chair of the board, or any member 21 thereof, shall have the power to subpoena witnesses; to 22 administer oaths, and to compel the production of books, 23 records, and other evidence. The rules of evidence and procedure for the trial of civil matters shall apply, but such 24 25 rules may be modified by the board when it is deemed necessary. All evidence, including records and documents in the possession 26 27 of the board of which it desires to avail itself, shall be 28 offered and made a part of the record in the proceeding, and no 29 other factual information or evidence shall be considered in the determination of the matter. Documentary evidence may be 30 31 received in the form of copies or excerpts, or by incorporation 32 by reference. The board shall cause a record of all proceedings

No change for subd 3 to 4

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161.177 CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

and conditions as the board shall prescribe.

before it to be made and filed with the chairman chair of the board. Copies thereof shall be made available upon such terms

38 Not less than 120 days before the date specified by the 39 commissioner for the receipt of construction bids for the 40 construction or improvement of any state trunk highway within any municipality, the commissioner shall submit to the governing 41 42 body of each municipality or agency entitled to receive a copy 43 of the layout plan therefor under section 161.174, a copy of as 44 complete a set of construction plans as is possible which will 45 be issued to prospective bidders. All such plans shall be in 46 accordance with the highway construction or improvement layout 47 plan as approved under section 161.174, or section 161.176. If 48 the construction plans are not in accordance with the layout 49 plan as approved, the governing body of any municipality or agency entitled to receive notice of the hearing under section 50 51 161.174, within 60 days after the receipt of such construction plans, may request the establishment of a highway appeal board 52 53 as provided in section 161.175, and the highway appeal board 54 shall approve the plans following the procedures outlined in 55 that section, except that action and comment is limited to 56 changes from or additions to the layout. Changes in design capacity required to accommodate increased traffic forecasts 57 shall not be considered deviations from the layout. A copy of 58 59 any plans prepared to affect any highway construction or 60 improvement plan previously approved by the highway appeal board, shall also be sent to the chairman chair of the board. 61 If the construction plans are not in accordance with the layout 62 plan approved by the board under section 161.176, the board, 63 64 within 60 days after the receipt of such plans, shall issue its 65 order directing the commissioner to withhold any advertisement 66 for construction bids until the plans are revised to comply with 67 the plan approved by the board, or are approved by the board. 68 If no municipality or agency requests the establishment of a highway appeal board, or the highway appeal board does not issue 70 its order, as provided above, the commissioner may proceed to 71 advertise for construction bids. 161*#202S

72 161.202 REPLACEMENT OF PUBLIC LANDS.

73 No change for subd 1

74 Subd. 2. REPLACEMENT OF ACQUIRED PUBLIC LANDS.

Whenever it has been determined that the commissioner of transportation is to acquire any public lands for the construction or improvement of a federally-aided state trunk 4 highway, including urban extensions thereof, he the commissioner may, and in the case of parks shall, upon the request of the affected agency, authorize the affected agency to replace the same within a reasonable time by gift, purchase, or condemnat same within a reasonable time by gift, purchase, or condemnation 8 if granted the power of eminent domain by law. The replacement in an agreement entered into between any affected agencies and the commissioner. Such resistances 9 lands to be acquired by the affected agency shall be designated the commissioner. Such replacement lands shall be a functional 12 replacement which shall consist of but not be limited to land 13 substantially equal in acreage, use, interest, or estate in the lands to be acquired from the affected agency. If the parties are unable to agree on the designation of the replacement lands, 16 the parties may agree to submit to an arbiter or the district 17 court the issue of which replacement lands proposed by the 18 parties is a functional replacement for the lands to be acquired 19 from the affected agency. After the completion of the 20 acquisition of the replacement lands by the affected agency the 21 cost of replacement shall be ascertained and paid by the state 22 from any funds available for the acquisition of lands. 23 No change for subd 3 to 5 161*#203S 24 161.203 RIGHTS PRESERVED; EFFECTIVE DATE. 25 Nothing in section 161.202 shall be construed to amend, alter, or in any manner modify the rights, duties or obligations 27 of any party to any litigation instituted on or before July 1, 28 1969 without his the party's consent. Such litigation only 29 concerns the proposed acquisition by the department of park lands in areas known as Minnehaha Park, Wilson Park, and North Mississippi Park located in the city of Minneapolis. Laws 1969, 31 Chapter 968 becomes effective on July 1, 1969. 161*#215 33 161.21 STUDIES. 34 Subdivision 1. The commissioner may make or cause to be 35 made such studies and investigations as he the commissioner 36 deems necessary for the purpose of determining the most advantageous location and design of trunk highways from the standpoint of both present and future traffic needs, and in standpoint of both present and future traffic needs, and in 39 making such determinations he the commissioner may take into 40 consideration the probable future development of both urban and 41 rural areas and the effect of such development on future traffic 42 needs as indicated by such studies and investigations and the 43 location and design with respect to recreational vehicle lane 44 establishment. 45 No change for subd 2 161*#225 161.22 APPRAISERS. 46 The commissioner may employ full time appraisers on a 47 salary basis, and he may employ appraisers on a fee basis, for 48 properties needed for highway purposes. Appraisers may also be employed to make estimates whereasters. 49 the purpose of ascertaining or estimating the costs of lands and employed to make estimates whenever federal law or federal rules 52 and regulations require estimates as a prerequisite to obtaining 53 federal aid. 161*#23S 54 161.23 EXCESS ACQUISITION. 55 Subdivision 1. ACQUISITION OF ENTIRE TRACT. 56 Whenever-the-commissioner-of-transportation-determines On 57 determining that it is necessary to acquire any interest in a 58 part of a tract or parcel of real estate for trunk highway 59 purposes, he the commissioner of transportation may acquire in 60 fee, with the written consent of the owner or owners thereof, by 61 purchase, gift, or condemnation the whole or such additional 62 parts of such tract or parcel as he the commissioner deems to be 63 in the best interests of the state. Any owner or owners 64 consenting to such excess acquisition may withdraw his-or-their 65 the consent at any time prior to the award of commissioners in 66 the case of condemnation proceedings, or at any time prior to 67 payment in the case of purchase. In the event of withdrawal the 68 commissioner shall dismiss from the condemnation proceedings the 69 portion of the tract in excess of what is needed for highway

Subd. 2. CONVEYANCE OF EXCESS. #f-the-commissioner of-transportation-acquires On acquiring real estate in excess of

purposes.

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what is needed for trunk highway purposes as authorized in subdivision 1, he the commissioner of transportation shall, within one year after the completion of the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of the highway for which a portion of the real estate was needed and required, convey and quitclaim the excess real estate to the highest responsible bidder, after receipt of sealed bids following mailed notice to adjacent landowners and published notice of the sale for three successive weeks in a newspaper or trade journal of general circulation in the territory from which bids are likely to be 10 received. All bids may be rejected and new bids received upon 11 12 like advertisement. The deed may contain restrictive clauses limiting the use of such real estate in the interests of safety 13 and convenient public travel when the commissioner finds that 15 the restrictions are reasonably necessary. 16

No change for subd 2a Subd. 3. LEASING. The commissioner may lease for the term between the acquisition and sale thereof and for a fair rental rate and upon such terms and conditions as he the commissioner deems proper, any excess real estate acquired under the provisions of this section, and any real estate acquired in fee for trunk highway purposes and not presently needed therefor. All rents received from the leases shall be paid into the state treasury. Seventy percent of the rents shall be credited to the trunk highway fund. The remaining 30 percent shall be paid to the county treasurer where the real estate is located, and shall be distributed in the same manner as real estate taxes. This subdivision does not apply to real estate leased for the purpose of providing commercial and public service advertising pursuant to franchise agreements as provided in sections 160.276 to 160.278.

No change for subd 4 to 5

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161.24 CHANGES REQUIRED BY CONSTRUCTION OF TRUNK HIGHWAY.

No change for subd 1 to 2

Subd. 3. DETOURS DURING CONSTRUCTION. When On determining, during construction, reconstruction, or maintenance of a trunk highway, the-commissioner-determines that it is impractical to provide crossovers within the trunk highway limits for local highways or city streets designated for and carrying traffic of five tons or more per axle, and the commissioner-determines that it is necessary to provide a detour outside the limits of the trunk highway for traffic using such local highways or streets to meet local traffic needs, he the commissioner may, upon request of the local road authority, expend trunk highway funds on the most practical detour to the extent necessary to provide a route reasonably adequate to carry such detoured traffic. He The commissioner may provide temporary traffic control devices on such detours as he $\underline{\text{the}}$ commissioner deems necessary.

No change for subd 4 to 6

161*#25S

161.25 TEMPORARY TRUNK HIGHWAY DETOUR AND TEMPORARY TRUNK HIGHWAY HAUL ROAD.

When-the-commissioner-determines On determining, for the purpose of constructing or maintaining any trunk highway, that any public street or highway is necessary for a detour or haul road, the commissioner may designate by order any such street or highway as a temporary trunk highway detour or as a temporary trunk highway haul road, and he shall thereafter maintain the same as a temporary trunk highway until he the commissioner revokes the designation. Prior to revoking the designation the commissioner shall restore such streets or highways to as good condition as they were prior to the designation of same as temporary trunk highways. Upon revoking the designations such streets or highways shall revert to the subdivision charged with the care thereof at the time it was taken over as a temporary trunk highway.

161*#295

67 161.29 TOLL BRIDGE MAY BE PART OF TRUNK HIGHWAY SYSTEM. 68 When-the-commissioner-determines On determining that it is in the best interests of the public and necessary in the 70 location, construction, improvement, or maintenance of any trunk 71 highway, he the commissioner may designate by order as a part of 72 the trunk highway system any toll bridge situated wholly within the state, and he may acquire by purchase, gift, or

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1 condemnation, as provided by law, the necessary rights or
      easement in, to, or over any such toll bridge as will enable the public to use the bridge for highway traffic free of toll.
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  161*#305
         161.30 MARKING DESIGN.
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          Subdivision 1. COMMISSIONER TO ADOPT.
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                                                     The
       commissioner shall adopt a suitable marking design with which he
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      the commissioner shall mark or blaze the trunk highway routes,
   8 and as the definite final location of each route is opened to
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      traffic the markings shall be changed to such location.
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        Subd. 2. REVISION AND CONSOLIDATION OF MARKING AND
  11 NUMBERING OF ROUTES. In order to coordinate the markings of
  12 the various existing routes, together with the new routes which
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      have been or may be added, and in order to avoid duplication in
  14 numbers used on interstate routes, the commissioner may revise
  15 and consolidate the marking and numbering of the routes within
      the system from time to time. When-the-commissioner-does-so
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  17 revise Upon revising the marking or numbering he the
18 commissioner shall prepare a map showing the existing routes and
  19 identifying numbers and the routes and identifying numbers or
  20 design of the revised system. This map shall be authenticated
      by a certificate of the commissioner certifying the same as
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     being the map showing the revised markings under the provisions
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      of this section. This map and certificate shall be filed in the
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  24 office of the commissioner and thereafter shall govern the
  25 identification of the several routes or portions thereof in the
26 trunk highway system and all proceedings, records, and accounts
      thereafter shall be governed accordingly. Proceedings pending
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  28 and under way at the time such map is filed shall cite both the
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      old and the new identifications.
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          161.31 MAPS AND PAMPHLETS.
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         No change for subd 1
                                  The commissioner may print and
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       Subd. 2. PAMPHLETS.
     distribute pamphlets containing information pertaining to the trunk highway system. The pamphlets shall be limited to
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  35 information as to the location and use of trunk highway routes,
 36 the location and proper use of traffic interchanges, speed laws
     and traffic restrictions, the meaning and use of traffic control
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      devices and directional signs, and other information that will
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      contribute to safer and more convenient use of trunk highways
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     through increased knowledge and better understanding of the
     traveling public. He The commissioner may use other means of
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      communication to disseminate such information when such other
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      means are more practical and efficient.
  161*#32S
         161.32 MANNER OF CONDUCTING WORK ON TRUNK HIGHWAY.
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          Subdivision 1. ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS. The
     commissioner may conduct the work or any part thereof incidental
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      to the construction and maintenance of the trunk highways by
48 labor employed therefor or by contract. In cases of
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      construction work, the commissioner shall first advertise for
     bids for contracts, and if no satisfactory bids are received, he
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      may either reject all bids and readvertise, or do the work by
52 labor employed therefor. Except as hereinafter provided, when
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     work is to be done under contract, he the commissioner shall
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      advertise for bids once each week for three successive weeks
  55 prior to the date such bids are to be received. The
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      advertisement for bids shall be published in a newspaper or
  57 other periodical of general circulation in the state. The plans
      and specifications for the proposed work shall be on file in the
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      commissioner's office prior to the first call for bids.
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         No change for subd 2
                   EMERGENCIES. In the case of emergency,
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          Subd. 3.
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      contracts may be let without advertising for bids. Emergency is
 63 defined as a condition on a trunk highway that necessitates
      immediate work in order to keep such highway open for travel.
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     No such contract shall be let without advertising for bids
     except upon the written authority of the commissioner or his the
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      commissioner's deputy.
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         No change for subd 4 to 6
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          161.322 PAYMENT OF INTEREST TO CONTRACTORS.
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          When any contract for the construction, improvement, or
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repair of any trunk highway has been entered into by the

commissioner of transportation of the state of Minnesota, and

the work provided for in the contract has been in all things completed to the satisfaction of the commissioner or his the commissioner's agent except for the release of sureties, in 4 accordance with the contract, by the person with whom the commissioner has contracted, herein termed the contractor, unless final estimate for the work is made within 90 days after 6 the contractor has so completed the work, he the contractor 8 shall be entitled to receive interest at the rate equal to the 9 monthly index of long term United States bond yields for the month prior to the month in which this obligation is incurred 10 from the date of the expiration of that 90 day period upon all 11 amounts finally determined to be due him the contractor which 12 13 were not paid prior to the expiration of that period, to be paid in the same manner as, and at the time of, the final payment 14 15 under the contract. The 90 day requirement, and the interest provisions provided for herein, shall not apply if delay is 16 caused by the contractor; nor shall the 90 day requirement apply 17 18 to contracts over two million dollars if the contract provides specifically for a different period of time in which to make 19 20 such final estimate. 161*#34S 161.34 CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE ARISING OUT OF CONTRACT. 21 22 Subdivision 1. WAIVER OF IMMUNITY. When a 23 controversy arises out of any contract for the construction or 24 repair of state trunk highways entered into by the commissioner 25

or by his the commissioner's authority, in respect to which controversy a party to the contract would be entitled to redress against the state, either in a court of law or equity if the state were suable, and when no claim against the state for the same redress has heretofore been made, the state hereby waives immunity from suit in connection with such controversy and confers jurisdiction on the district courts of the state to hear and try the controversy in the manner provided for the trial of causes in the district courts. Only a party to the contract shall have the right to bring action against the state.

Subd. 2. WHEN ACTION MAY BE COMMENCED. No such action shall be maintained unless commenced within 90 days after the plaintiff has been furnished by the state with a final estimate under his the plaintiff's contract, or, at the election of the plaintiff, within six months after the work provided for under his that contract shall have been in all things completed. No change for subd 3 to 4

161*#36S

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161.36 FEDERAL AID.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. FEDERAL AID, ACCEPTANCE; COMMISSIONER AS AGENT. The commissioner may accept federal moneys and other moneys, either public or private, for and in behalf of the state of Minnesota or any governmental subdivision thereof, for the construction, improvement, or maintenance of roads and bridges upon such terms and conditions as are or may be prescribed by the laws of the United States and any rules or regulations made thereunder, and is authorized to act as an agent of any governmental subdivision of the state of Minnesota upon the request of such subdivision in accepting the moneys in its behalf for road or bridge purposes, in acquiring right of way therefor, and in contracting for the construction, improvement, or maintenance of roads or bridges financed either in whole or in part by federal moneys. The governing body of any such subdivision is authorized to designate the commissioner as its agent for such purposes and to enter into an agreement with him the commissioner prescribing the terms and conditions of the agency in accordance herewith and with federal laws, rules and regulations.

Subd. 3. COMMISSIONER AS AGENT IN CERTAIN CASES. commissioner may act as the agent of any political subdivision of the state as provided herein for the construction of roads and bridges toward the construction of which no federal aid is available in the event that the construction adjoins, is connected, or in the judgment of the commissioner can be best and most economically performed in connection with construction upon which federal aid is available and upon which he the commissioner is then acting as agent.

No change for subd 4 to 5

73 Subd. 6. NO PERSONAL LIABILITY CREATED. Nothing in 74 this section shall be construed as creating any personal

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PAGE GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 01/17/86 1 liability upon the commissioner or in any way authorizing him the commissioner to create any liability on the part of the state of Minnesota when he-is acting as the agent of any 4 governmental subdivision thereof, or when he-is acting at the 5 request of the United States. 161*#395 6 161.39 AID TO OTHER ROAD AUTHORITIES AND STATE DEPARTMENTS. 8 No change for subd 1 9 Subd. 2. ADDITIONAL WORK. If so requested he the 10 assisting road authority may examine the whole or any part of 11 the highway or street system under the jurisdiction of the road 12 authority and recommend changes, alterations, or additions thereto that he the assisting road authority deems to be in the public interest and in the interest of safety and convenient public interest and in the interest of safety and convenient public travel. The commissioner may make surveys, studies, investigations, and perform work and services as are necessary 16 17 in carrying out such requests. 18 No change for subd 3 to 6 161*#434S 161.434 RIGHT OF WAYS OF INTERSTATE AND TRUNK HIGHWAYS; 19 20 LIMITED LAND USE. 21 The commissioner may also make such arrangements and 22 agreements as he the commissioner deems necessary in the public 23 interest for the limited use of land owned as interstate or 24 trunk highway right-of-way, which use shall be for highway purposes, including aesthetic purposes, but not including the 25 26 erection of permanent buildings, except buildings or structures 27 erected for the purpose of providing information to travelers 28 through commercial and public service advertising pursuant to 29 franchise agreements as provided in sections 160.276 to 160.278. The commissioner shall secure the approval of the 30 31 appropriate federal agency where such approval is required. 161*#44S 32 161.44 RELINQUISHMENT OF LANDS OWNED IN FEE. 33 No change for subd 1 to 2 Subd. 3. CONVEYANCE WHEN REMAINDER OF TRACT NO LONGER 34 35 OWNED BY VENDOR OR SURVIVING SPOUSE. If the lands were part 36 of a larger tract and the remainder of the tract is no longer owned by the person or his the person's surviving spouse from 37 whom the lands were acquired, the lands shall be offered for 38 39 conveyance to the person owning the remaining tract in the same 40 manner and on the same terms as provided in subdivision 2. 41 Subd. 4. CONVEYANCE WHEN REMAINDER OF TRACT HAS BEEN DIVIDED INTO SMALLER TRACTS. If the lands were part of a 42 43 larger tract and if the tract has been platted or divided into 44 smaller tracts and sold, the commissioner may offer the lands to 45 the owners of the smaller tracts or lots abutting upon the lands 46 in the same manner and on the same terms as provided in 47 subdivision 2, or he the commissioner may proceed to sell the 48 lands to the highest responsible bidder as provided in 49 subdivisions 5 and 6. 50 Subd. 51 CASES. CONVEYANCE TO HIGHEST BIDDER IN CERTAIN Subd. 5. If the larger tract has been platted into lots or 52 divided into smaller tracts and the commissioner elects to 53 proceed under this subdivision, or if the lands constituted an 54 entire tract and the person from whom the lands were acquired 55 and his the person's spouse are deceased, or if the offers as 56

provided for are not accepted and the amount of money not tendered within the time prescribed, the lands may be sold and 58 conveyed to the highest responsible bidder upon three weeks published notice of such sale in a newspaper or other periodical 60 of general circulation in the general area where the lands are 61 located. All bids may be rejected and new bids received upon 62 like advertisement.

63 Subd. 6. PUBLIC AUCTION. In lieu of the 64 advertisement for sale and conveyance to the highest responsible 65 bidder, such lands may be offered for sale and sold at public 66 auction to the highest responsible bidder. Such sale shall be made after publication of notice thereof in a newspaper of 68 general circulation in the area where the property is located 69 for at least two successive weeks and such other advertising as 70 the commissioner may direct. If the sale is made at public auction a duly licensed auctioneer may be retained to conduct such sale, his the auctioneer's fees for such service to be paid from the proceeds, and there is appropriated from such proceeds

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1 an amount sufficient to pay such fees.
      No change for subd 6a to 11
161*#441S
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       161.441 LAND ACQUISITION AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER
     GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES.
      Subdivision 1. AUTHORITY. Whenever the commissioner
 6 of transportation has knowledge that lands are being acquired,
    or are about to be acquired, by a political subdivision of the
 8 state, another state agency, or other governmental authority
 9 including but not limited to bodies corporate such as public
10 housing authorities created by statute, and he determines that a
   portion of such lands to be acquired, or lands contiguous
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    thereto, are needed presently or in the future for trunk highway
    purposes, he the commissioner may, if-he-deems on deeming it to
13
14 be in the best interests of the state, enter into land
15 acquisition agreements, as hereinafter provided, with such
     political subdivision, state agency, or governmental authority.
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17
     Power is hereby conferred upon the commissioner of
18 transportation, and upon political subdivisions, state agencies,
and governmental authorities to enter into, and carry out to
final conclusion in accordance with the terms thereof, such land
21 acquisition agreements, each with the other, for the purpose of
22 acquiring lands for their particular public purpose.
23
       No change for subd 2 to 3
162*#02S
       162.02 COUNTY STATE-AID HIGHWAY SYSTEM.
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       No change for subd 1 to 3a
       Subd. 4. LOCATION AND ESTABLISHMENT.
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                                                The county
   boards of the several counties shall by resolution and subject
27
   to the concurrence of the commissioner locate and establish a
28
29 system of county state-aid highways in accordance with the rules
30 and regulations made and promulgated by the commissioner. It
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    shall be the duty of the commissioner to review each system
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    considering the availability of funds and the desirability of
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   each system in relation to an integrated and coordinated system
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    of highways. After review the commissioner shall by written
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    order approve each system or any part thereof which in his the
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    commissioner's judgment is feasible and desirable. A certified
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    copy of the order shall be filed with the county auditor and the
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    county engineer.
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      No change for subd 5 to 8
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       Subd. 9. COMMISSIONER'S POWER. When it shall be
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    made to appear to the commissioner that the county board of any
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    county has refused to locate and establish a county state-aid
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    highway which in the opinion of the commissioner is necessary to
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    provide an integrated and coordinated highway system, the
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   commissioner may, until the county state-aid highway is located
    and established, withhold from the county so much of the
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    county's share of the county state-aid highway fund as he the
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    commissioner deems advisable.
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      No change for subd 10 to 12
162*#06S
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       162.06 ACCRUALS TO COUNTY STATE-AID HIGHWAY FUND.
    Subdivision 1. ESTIMATE. On or before the second Tuesday of January of each year the commissioner shall estimate
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    the probable sum of money that will accrue to the county
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    state-aid highway fund during the first six months of each year
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    ending June 30. To such estimated amounts he the commissioner
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    shall add the sum of money already accrued in the county
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    state-aid highway fund for the last preceding six month period
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    ending December 31 of each year. The total of such sums except
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    for deductions to be first made as provided herein shall be
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    apportioned to the several counties as hereinafter provided.
        No change for subd 2
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        Subd. 3. DISASTER ACCOUNT. After deducting
    administrative costs as provided in subdivision 2, the
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    commissioner shall set aside a sum of money as is necessary to
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    provide for the calendar year a disaster account of $300,000.
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    This sum shall be used to provide aid to any county encountering
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    disasters or unforeseen events affecting its county state-aid
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    highway system, and resulting in an undue and burdensome
69
    financial hardship. Any county desiring aid by reason of such
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    disaster or unforeseen event shall request the aid in the form
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    required by the commissioner. Upon receipt of the request the
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    commissioner shall appoint a board consisting of three county
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engineers and three county commissioners from counties other

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than the requesting county. The board shall investigate the 2 matter and report its findings and recommendations in writing to 3 the commissioner. Final determination of the amount of aid, if any, to be paid to the county from the disaster account shall be made by the commissioner. Ef-the-commissioner-determines Upon determining to aid any such county he the commissioner shall 7 certify to the commissioner of finance the amount of the aid, and the commissioner of finance shall thereupon issue a warrant 9 in that amount payable to the county treasurer of the county. 10 Money so paid shall be expended on the county state-aid highway 11 system in accordance with the rules and regulations of the 12 commissioner. 13 No change for subd 4 to 5

162*#08S

162.08 ALLOCATION OF APPORTIONMENTS.

Subdivision 1. ALLOCATION. When-the-commissioner has-determined Upon determining the sum of money to be apportioned to each county as hereinbefore provided, he the 18 commissioner shall allocate a percentage of such sum for expenditure solely on those portions of each county's county state-aid highways located within cities having a population of less than 5,000, according to the last federal decennial census, or, if incorporated during the ten-year period between federal decennial censuses, according to their incorporation census. The percentage so allocated shall equal the percentage that the total needs of the county state-aid highway system in such 26 cities bears to the total county state-aid highway needs in each 27 county. Money so allocated shall be set apart and credited to 28 the municipal account of each county.

As-soon-as-the-commissioner-has Subd. 2. STATEMENT. 30 determined Upon determining the amount of money to be apportioned to each of the counties, and as-soon-as-he-has determined-of-such-amount the sum of such amount to be allocated for expenditure on those county state-aid highways located 34 within cities having a population of less than 5,000, he the commissioner shall forthwith send a statement of the amount to the commissioner of finance, and the county auditor and county engineer of each county. The amounts so apportioned and allocated to each county shall be paid by the state to the 39 treasurer of each county out of the county state-aid highway 40 fund as hereinafter provided, and in accordance with rules and regulations made and promulgated by the commissioner not inconsistent herewith.

Subd. 3. AID TO TOWNSHIPS. Any county having within 44 its boundaries organized town governments may, by resolution, allocate to the towns within its boundaries so much of the money apportioned to it under the provisions of sections 162.01 to 162.181, that it deems necessary to aid the townships in the construction of town roads. The resolution shall set forth the amount of money or the percentage of its apportionment that the county has allocated to the towns. A certified copy of the resolution shall be forwarded to the commissioner on or before the second Tuesday of January of each year. Upon receipt of such resolution and as-soon-as-he-has-determined upon determining the amount of money to be apportioned to the county, the commissioner shall certify to the commissioner of finance 56 the amount of money, as set forth in the resolution, that is to be paid out of the county's apportionment for distribution to the towns. The commissioner of finance shall thereupon issue a warrant in that amount payable to the county treasurer, and the proceeds thereof shall be distributed by the county to the towns. All money so allocated and distributed shall be used by the towns solely for the construction of town roads. Each county board so allocating such funds may devise a formula 64 taking into account each town's levy for road and bridge 65 purposes, its mileage of town roads and population outside the corporate limits of all cities within the township, and such other factors as the county board shall deem advisable as a means of dividing the allocation among the several towns in order that such division among the towns be as equitable as possible. No part of the money allocated for expenditure solely within cities having a population of less than 5,000 shall be allocated or distributed to the towns. The commissioner of transportation shall maintain a permanent record of the 74 allocations of county state-aid highway funds to the townships

in each county. In making the annual apportionments of county

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state-aid highway funds, he the commissioner shall reduce the
    money needs of said counties in the amounts necessary to
     equalize their status with those counties not making such
    township allotments.
        No change for subd 4 to 5
                 ADVANCES OF CITY FUNDS; FINANCING. Any
 6
        Subd. 6.
    city having a population of less than 5,000 may, by agreement
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    with the county pursuant to section 162.17, subdivision 2, and
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    under rules and regulations of the commissioner and with his the
     commissioner's consent, use available funds for the purpose of
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     accelerating construction of any portion of the county state-aid
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    highway system within its limits. To finance such construction,
     the city may issue its obligations to the same extent and in the
     same manner as for financing construction of any other street.
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     By such agreement, the county may pledge itself to use any part
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    of one or more future allotments to its municipal account to
     reimburse the city for all or any portion of the money so spent
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    by the city, not including interest on obligations issued to
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    finance the project. A copy of the agreement shall be filed
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    with the commissioner. Thereafter, as allotments are credited
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    annually to the municipal account of the county, the
    commissioner shall certify to the commissioner of finance that
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    payments to the county may be made in the amounts and at the
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    times specified in the agreement within the limits of the
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    amounts so credited. The county shall pay funds so received to
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     the city in accordance with the terms of the agreement.
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       No change for subd 7 to 9
                   PROJECT APPROVAL, REPORTS.
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       Subd. 10.
                                               When the
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    county board of any county determines to do any construction
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    work on a county state-aid highway or other road eligible for
    the expenditure of state aid funds within the county, and
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    desires to expend on such work a portion of the money
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    apportioned or allocated to it out of the county state-aid
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    highway fund, the county shall first obtain approval of the
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    project by the commissioner. Thereafter the county engineer
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    shall make such reports in such manner as the commissioner
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    requires under his rules and regulations of the commissioner.
    Upon receipt of satisfactory reports, the commissioner shall
    certify to the commissioner of finance the amount of money that
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    is eligible to be paid from the county's apportionment or
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    allocation for the work under contract or actually completed.
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    The commissioner of finance shall thereupon issue a warrant in
    that amount payable to the county treasurer. In no event shall
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    the warrant with all other warrants issued exceed the amount
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    apportioned and allocated to the county.
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       No change for subd 11
162*#081S
       162.081 TOWN ROAD ACCOUNT.
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48
        No change for subd 1 to 2
       Subd. 3. APPORTIONMENT. When-the-commissioner
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    determines Upon determining the amount of money to be
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    apportioned to each county under section 162.07, he the
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    commissioner shall also determine the amounts in the town road
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    account to be apportioned under subdivision 2. The
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    apportionment under subdivision 2 must be included in the
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    statement sent to the commissioner of finance and the county
    auditor and county engineer of each county under section 162.08,
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    subdivision 2. The amounts so apportioned and allocated to each
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    county from the town road account must be paid by the state to
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    the treasurer of each county at the same time that payments are
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    made under section 162.08, subdivision 2.
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       No change for subd 4
162*#09S
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       162.09 MUNICIPAL STATE-AID STREET SYSTEM.
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        No change for subd 1 to 5
       Subd. 6. ESTABLISHMENT.
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                                  The governing bodies of
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    such cities shall by resolution and subject to the concurrence
    of the commissioner locate and establish a system of municipal
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    state-aid streets in accordance with the rules and regulations
    of the commissioner. A certified copy of the resolution shall
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    be transmitted to the commissioner. Upon receipt of the
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    resolution it shall be the duty of the commissioner to review
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    each system, considering the availability of funds and the
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    desirability of each system in relation to an integrated and
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    coordinated system of highways. After review, the commissioner
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shall, by written order, approve each system or any portion

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   thereof which in his the commissioner's judgment is feasible and
   desirable. A certified copy of the order shall be filed with
3 the clerk and the engineer of the city.
4
      No change for subd 7 to 10
162*#12S
    162.12 ACCRUALS TO MUNICIPAL STATE-AID STREET FUND.
5
      Subdivision 1. ESTIMATE OF ACCRUALS. On or before
7 the second Tuesday of January of each year the commissioner
8
   shall estimate the probable sum of money that will accrue to the
9
    municipal state-aid street fund during the first six months of
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10 each year ending June 30. To the estimated amount he the 11 commissioner shall add the sum of money already accrued in the 12 municipal state-aid street fund for the last preceding six-month period ending December 31. The total of such sums, except for deductions to be first made as provided herein, shall be 15 apportioned by the commissioner to the cities having a 16 population of 5,000 or more as hereinafter provided. 17 No change for subd 2

Subd. 3. DISASTER ACCOUNT. After deducting 19 administrative costs as provided in subdivision 2, the 20 commissioner shall set aside each year a sum of money equal to two percent of the remaining money in the municipal state-aid street fund to provide for a disaster account; provided, that 23 the total amount of money in the disaster account shall never 24 exceed five percent of the total sums to be apportioned to the 25 cities having a population of 5,000 or more. The disaster 26 account shall be used to provide aid to any such city 27 encountering disaster or unforeseen event affecting the 28 municipal state-aid street system of the city, and resulting in 29 an undue and burdensome financial hardship. Any such city desiring aid by reason of such disaster or unforeseen event shall request aid in the form required by the commissioner. 32 Upon receipt of the request the commissioner shall appoint a 33 board consisting of three engineers and three members of the governing bodies of the cities from cities other than the 35 requesting city. The board shall investigate the matter and 36 report its findings and recommendations in writing to the commissioner. Final determination of the amount of aid, if any, to be paid to the city from the disaster account shall be made 39 by the commissioner. #f-the-commissioner-determines Upon 40 determining to aid the city, he the commissioner shall certify 41 to the commissioner of finance the amount of aid, and the commissioner of finance shall thereupon issue a warrant in that amount payable to the fiscal officer of the city. Money so paid 44 shall be expended on the municipal state-aid street system in 45 accordance with rules and regulations of the commissioner.

162*#145 162.14 APPORTIONMENT TO CITIES.

No change for subd 4

48 Subdivision 1. STATEMENT. As-soon-as-the 49 commissioner-has-determined Upon determining the amount of money to be apportioned to each of the cities having a population of 51 5,000 or more, he the commissioner shall forthwith send a 52 statement of the amount to the commissioner of finance and to 53 the clerk and engineer of each such city. The amount so 54 apportioned to each city shall be paid by the state to the apportioned to each city shall be paid by the state to the 55 fiscal officer of the city out of the municipal state-aid street 56 fund as hereinafter provided and in accordance with rules and 57 regulations promulgated by the commissioner, not inconsistent herewith. No change for subd 2 to 6

60 163.051 COUNTY WHEELAGE TAXES; COLLECTION; DISTRIBUTION; COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE LEVIES.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. COLLECTION OF TAX. The wheelage tax levied 64 by any metropolitan county, if made collectible by the state 65 registrar of motor vehicles, shall be certified by the county 66 auditor to the registrar not later than August 1 in the year 67 before the calendar year or years for which the tax is levied, 68 and the registrar shall collect such tax with the motor vehicle 69 taxes on the affected vehicles for such year or years. Every 70 owner and every operator of such a motor vehicle shall furnish to the registrar all information requested by him the 71

registrar. No state motor vehicle tax on any such motor vehicle 73 for any such year shall be received or deemed paid unless the

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1 applicable wheelage tax is paid therewith. The proceeds of the wheelage tax levied by any metropolitan county, less any amount retained by the registrar to pay costs of collection of the wheelage tax, shall be paid to the state treasurer and deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the county wheelage tax fund of each metropolitan county. 6

No change for subd 2a

Subd. 3. DISTRIBUTION OF TAX. On or before April 1 in 1972 and each subsequent year, the commissioner of finance shall issue his a warrant in favor of the treasurer of each metropolitan county for which the registrar has collected a wheelage tax in the amount of such tax then on hand in the county wheelage tax fund. There is hereby appropriated from the county wheelage tax fund each year, to each metropolitan county entitled to payments authorized by this section, sufficient moneys to make such payments.

No change for subd 4 to

163*#07S

163.07 COUNTY HIGHWAY ENGINEER.

Subdivision 1. APPOINTMENT. The county board of 20 each county shall appoint and employ, as hereinafter provided, a county highway engineer who shall have charge of the highway work of the county and the forces employed thereon, and who shall make and prepare all surveys, estimates, plans, and specifications which are required of him the engineer. The county highway engineer may be removed by the county board during the term of office for which he-is appointed only for incompetency or misconduct shown after a hearing upon due notice and upon stated charges. The burden of proving incompetency or misconduct shall rest upon the party alleging the same.

Subd. 2. QUALIFICATIONS, SALARY AND TERM. The county highway engineer shall be a registered highway or civil engineer, registered under the laws of the state of Minnesota. He The county highway engineer may be selected from a list of eligible registered highway engineers prepared by the commissioner of transportation. The list shall be submitted by the commissioner of transportation to any county board requesting same. The county board may appoint a new county engineer for a term of only one year. All reappointments shall be for a term of four years, and shall be made in May of the year in which the term expires. The county highway engineer shall be a citizen and resident of this state. His The county highway engineer's salary shall be fixed by the county board and shall be payable the same as other county officers are paid. His The salary shall not be reduced during his the county highway engineer's term of office.

No change for subd 2a

Subd. 3. LEAVE OF ABSENCE FROM STATE SERVICE. Any registered professional engineer employed by the state when properly certified by the commissioner of transportation may be employed as an engineer on a full time basis for any city, county, or any other governmental agency, and during the period of such employment and for the purposes of such employment he, may be granted leave of absence from the state service, notwithstanding any limitation on leaves of absence contained in the civil service act.

No change for subd 4

Subd. 5. PROMOTIONAL EXAMINATION. The commissioner of transportation may certify any city or county highway engineer that he the commissioner may deem qualified to the commissioner of employee relations as eligible to take any specific promotional examination held for civil engineer or civil engineering aid as classified by the state civil service commission. The service rating of such engineer shall include past service with the state and as city or county highway engineer, if he the engineer had prior service with the state transportation department as a supervisory engineer.

DUTIES. The county highway engineer shall Subd. 6. devote his the entire time to his official duties and, before entering upon the duties of his office, give bond to the state in the penal sum of \$29,000, to be approved and filed in the same manner as are the bonds of the other county officers. All premiums for the bond shall be paid by the county. The state, the several governmental subdivisions thereof, or any person damaged by any wrongful act or omission of the county highway engineer in the performance of his official duties may maintain

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1 an action on his the bond for the recovery of the damages so
 2 sustained.
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      Subd. 7.
                   REPORTS. The county highway engineer shall
      prepare and submit to the county board annually a full and
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     complete report covering all county highway work, and he shall
  6 prepare and submit such other reports relating to the county
     highway system as the county board directs.
     Subd. 8. Repealed, 1969 c 304 s 2
No change for subd 9
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 163*#09S
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        163.09 PAYMENTS.
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        No change for subd 1
 12
        Subd. 2. METHOD.
                             The payroll shall be prepared by
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     the county engineer either monthly or semi-monthly as directed
     by the county board. It The county highway engineer shall be
 14
    certified-by-the-county-highway-engineer certify it as being
 15
 16 true and correct and shall be-presented-by-him present it to the
     county auditor for payment. It shall thereupon be lawful for
 17
 18
     the county auditor and county treasurer to pay the claims as set
 19 forth in the payroll without allowance therefor by the county
    board. Upon presentation to the county auditor of the
 20
 21
     payroll, he the auditor shall forthwith issue to the several
 22
     claimants whose names appear therein his a warrant in payment of
 23
     their respective claims.
 163*#10S
        163.10 PAYMENT; HENNEPIN COUNTY.
 24
      No change for subd 1
 25
 26
        Subd. 2. METHOD.
                             The foreman lead supervisor in
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    charge of each crew shall transmit daily to the county auditor a
 supervision of the lead supervisor, the number of hours, and character or kind of work performed.
      character or kind of work performed by each, together with the
 31 rate of pay of each. From these cards the county auditor shall
 32 make a payroll for each crew in such form as may be approved by
 33 the state auditor. The payroll shall be verified by the foreman
 34
      <u>lead supervisor</u> from whose daily reports the same shall have
 35 been compiled. These payrolls shall then be presented to the
     county board for allowance or disallowance. On the allowance of
 37 a payroll by the county board, the county auditor shall
 38
     forthwith issue to the several claimants whose names appear
 39 therein, his warrants in payment of their respective claims.
 163*#115
       163.11 ESTABLISHMENT, ALTERATION, VACATION, REVOCATION.
 40
        No change for subd 1 to 3 Subd. 4. VACATION. When a newly established,
 41
 42
43 relocated, or altered county highway is opened for travel which
 44 takes the place of and serves the same purpose as any portion of
45 another county highway, the county board may vacate any such
 46
      portion of the other highway by resolution. The board shall
47
     cause personal service of the resolution to be made upon each
 48
    occupant of land through which the vacated portions passed and
 49 shall also post notice of the resolution for at least ten days.
 50 A copy of the resolution together with proof of service and
 51 affidavit of posting shall be filed in the county auditor's
     office. Within 30 days after the service, any person claiming
 52
 53 to be damaged by the vacation may appeal to the district court
 54
     of the county for a determination of his damages by serving
 55 notice of the appeal upon the county board and filing same with
 56 proof of service in the office of the clerk of the district
 57
     court. The appeal shall state the nature and the amount of
 58 damages claimed. It shall be tried in the same manner as an
 59 appeal from an award in eminent domain proceedings.
 60
     No change for subd 5 to 7
 163*#155
        163.15 BRIDGES ACROSS DIVERSION CHANNELS.
 61
 62
       Whenever any county has been authorized by the commissioner
 63 of natural resources to divert the channel of a navigable stream
 64
     for the purpose of improving a county road and the board of
 65 commissioners of such county has by resolution ordered diversion
 66
     of the navigable stream across private property so that the
 67
     stream and the channel 'thereof when so diverted deprives the
     owner of the private property of access to the county road, the
 69
     owner of the private property may grant to the county a
 70
     perpetual easement for road purposes across his that private
 71
      property commencing at a point 50 feet distant from the
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relocated or diversion channel, thence crossing the relocated or

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diversion channel and intersecting the county road so to be
     improved; and the road easement shall extend for a distance of
    two rods on each side of the center line thereof and be and
 4 remain a public road. The county shall forthwith establish and
     construct a highway upon the strip of land pursuant to law,
 6 build a suitable bridge, including approaches thereto, across
     the channel, and at public expense thenceforth maintain the road
 8 and bridge so established in a safe condition so as to afford
    the owner of the private property access to the improved county
10
     road.
163*#16S
11
        163.16 IMPASSABLE ROADS.
12
        No change for subd 1
13
        Subd. 2. HEARING ON COMPLAINT.
                                           At the designated
    time and place the county board shall consider the complaint and
14
15
     hear and consider such testimony as may be offered by the
16
     officers of the town and the complainants relative to the
17
     matters set forth in the complaint. The chairman chair of the
18
    county board, or the presiding officer thereof, may administer
    oaths to witnesses and require them to testify under oath. The
19
20
    county board may drive over the road and make such further
21
    investigations as it deems necessary.
      No change for subd 3 to 4
22
164*#05S
23
       164.05 TOWN ROAD DRAINAGE TAX.
       No change for subd 1 to 2
Subd. 3. PETITION. When a petition signed by ten or
24
25
    more freeholders and voters of a town shall be presented to the
27
   town clerk at least 20 days before the time of holding the
     annual town meeting, praying that the question of authorizing
29
     the town board to levy and assess a town road drainage tax be
30
     submitted to the voters of such town, the town clerk shall
31
     include in his the notice of such annual town meeting a notice
32
     that such question will be voted on at such meeting. Such
33
     question shall be voted on by ballot and it shall be the duty of
34
    the clerk to provide at the expense of the town a suitable
35
    number of ballots, which may be printed or written or partly
36
    printed and partly written, in substantially the following form:
37
        "Shall the town board be authorized to levy and assess a
     Town Road Drainage Tax?
38
39
       (Yes ..) (No ..)"
40
       No change for subd 4
164*#07S
       164.07 ESTABLISHMENT, ALTERATION, OR VACATION.
41
42
       No change for subd 1 to 10
       Subd. 11. ORDER. The order establishing, altering
43
44
    or vacating any road shall be recorded by the town clerk, and a
45
    copy thereof certified as true and correct by the town clerk
     shall be forthwith filed for record with the county recorder or
47
    registrar of titles of the county within which the land and
    premises are located. The certified copy of the order shall be first presented to the county auditor who shall enter the same
48
49
50
    in his the transfer records and note upon the certified copy
51
     over his the auditor's official signature, the words "entered in
    the transfer record." The order or a certified copy shall be
52
53
     received in all courts as competent evidence of the facts
54
     therein contained and be prima facie evidence of the regularity
55
     of the proceedings prior to the making thereof, except upon the
56
     hearing of an appeal.
57
       No change for subd 12
164*#08S
58
       164.08 CARTWAYS.
       No change for subd \, 1 \, to \, 2 \,
59
       Subd. 3. MAINTENANCE COSTS. When a cartway is not
60
61
     maintained by the town, one or more of the private property
62
     owners who own land adjacent to a cartway or one or more of the
63
     private property owners who has no access to his-or-her the
64
     owner's land except by way of the cartway may maintain the
65
    cartway. The cost of maintenance shall be equitably divided
66
    among all of the private property owners who own land adjacent
67
    to the cartway and all of the private property owners who have
68
     no access to their land except by way of the cartway.
69
     following factors may be taken into consideration when
70
     determining an equitable share of maintenance expenses:
71
     frequency of use, the type and weight of the vehicles or
     equipment, and the distance traveled on the cartway to the
```

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1 individual's property. The town board may determine the
   2 maintenance costs to be apportioned to each private property
   owner if the private property owners cannot agree on the
division of the costs. The town board's decision may be
   5 appealed within 30 days to the county court of the county in
   6 which the cartway is located. Private property owners who pay
      the cost of maintenance shall have a civil cause of action
   8 against any of the private property owners who refuse to pay
  9 their share of the maintenance cost.
  164*#15S
  10
         164.15 DEDICATION OF LAND FOR ROAD.
  11
       No change for subd 1
  12
         Subd. 2. BRIDGE OVER LAKE. Any person owning land
  13 to exceed 40 acres constituting part of an island within any
  14
      meandered lake may at his-own personal expense erect a bridge
      across such portion of the lake as may separate his the person's
  15
  16 land from the nearest town road on shore, provided the structure
  17
      shall not interfere with the use of that part of the lake for
      the passage of such water craft as would otherwise pass that
  18
  19 point. Before proceeding with the construction of the bridge,
  20 proper plans and specifications therefor shall be prepared and
  21
      submitted to and approved by the town board of the town in which
  22 the bridge is to be constructed. If public waters are involved,
  23
      the plans shall first be approved by the commissioner of natural
  24 resources. Upon the completion of the bridge in accordance with
  25 the plans and specifications, the town board shall approve the
  26 same and endorse its approval upon the plans and specifications
  27
      therefor; and thereupon the same shall be filed in the office of
     the clerk of the town in which the bridge is located and the
  28
  29 bridge shall thereupon become a part of the town road and open
  30
     to the use of the public as such.
  165*#03S
         165.03 STRENGTH OF BRIDGES.
  31
         No change for subd 1 to 2
         Subd. 3. The county engineer shall maintain a complete
  33
     inventory record of all bridges as set forth in subdivision 2(b)
     with the inspection reports thereof:--He, and shall certify
  35
     annually, to the commissioner of transportation that inspections
  37
     have been made. A report of the inspections shall be filed
  38
     annually, on or before February 15th of each year, with the
      county auditor or township clerk, or the governing body of the
  39
    municipality. The report shall contain recommendations for the
  40
  41 correction of, or legal posting of load limits on any bridge or
  42 structure that is found to be understrength or unsafe.
        Subd. 4. The city engineer shall maintain a complete
 43
     inventory record of all bridges as set forth in subdivision 2(c)
  44
     with the inspection reports thereof :-- He, and shall certify
  45
     annually, to the commissioner of transportation that inspections
 46
  47
     have been made. A report of the inspections shall be filed
     annually, on or before February 15th of each year, with the
 48
     governing body of the municipality. The report shall contain
 50 recommendations for the correction of, or legal posting of load
 51
      limits on any bridge or structure that is found to be
 52
     understrength or unsafe.
        No change for subd 5 to 6
 165*#045
 54
         165.04 BRIDGES, CULVERTS; WIDTHS.
       No change for subd 1
 55
 56
         Subd. 2. EXTRAORDINARY REPAIR OR IMPROVEMENTS.
     the-commissioner-deems Upon finding it practical to do so, he
57
    the commissioner may make extraordinary repairs or improvements
 58
 59
      on existing trunk highway bridges less than 24 feet wide between
 60 curbs without widening such bridges. Counties and
61 municipalities may make extraordinary repairs or improvements on
 major existing bridges less than 24 feet wide between curbs, without widening such bridges if the
 64 extraordinary repairs or improvements are first approved by the
 65 commissioner. A major bridge shall mean a bridge which,
66 together with its approaches, is at least 75 feet in length.
 67
         No change for subd 3
 165*#05S
        165.05 RAILROAD BRIDGES OVER HIGHWAYS.
69
         Subdivision 1. WIDTH. Any railroad bridge hereafter
 70
      constructed or substantially reconstructed over a public highway
      including city streets, shall be constructed so as to leave a
 71
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72 clear opening for the highway at least four feet wider than the

66

166*#07S

01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 PAGE surfaced portion of the highway, but in no event less than 28 2 feet wide; provided that the requirement that the clear opening for the highway be at least four feet wider than the surfaced portion of the highway may be modified by the commissioner in accordance with plans approved by him the commissioner. No change for subd 2 165*#06S 165.06 HIGHWAY BRIDGES AND APPROACHES OVER RAILROAD. 7 Subdivision 1. WIDTH OF BRIDGE. The clear roadway 8 width between curbs on any bridge hereafter constructed on any 9 public highway, including city streets, over the tracks of any 10 11 railroad shall be at least four feet wider than the surface 12 portion of the highway, but in no event less than 28 feet; provided that the requirement that the width of the bridge be at 13 least four feet wider than the surface portion of the highway 14 15 may be modified by the commissioner in accordance with the plans approved by him the commissioner; further provided that in the 16 17 case of bridges hereafter constructed on any town road over the tracks of any railroad the minimum width shall be 20 feet. 18 19 Subd. 2. APPROACHES. The approaches to the bridge shall be at least eight feet wider than the surfaced portion of 20 the roadway, but not less than 32 feet wide, and the grade of 21 the approach shall not exceed five feet rise in 100 feet, 22 23 provided that the requirement that the grade of the approach may 24 be modified by the commissioner in accordance with plans 25 approved by him the commissioner; provided that in the case of 26 town roads the minimum width of the approaches to the bridge 27 shall be 24 feet. It shall leave a clear space from the 28 railroad rails of at least 22 feet measured vertically. 166*#02S 29 166.02 NOTICE OF APPLICATION. 30 Any person intending to apply for a ferry license shall 31 give two weeks' posted notice of such intention, stating therein as nearly as possible the points between which he the applicant 32 proposes to operate such ferry, and file such notice, with proof 33 of posting, with the auditor of the county in which the ferry is 34 situated at least ten days prior to presenting the presentation 35 36 of-his application; but no notice of an application for a renewal of a license shall be required. 37 166*#03S 38 166.03 LICENSE; REQUISITES. On proof of the posting and filing of such notice, and on 39 being satisfied that the applicant is a suitable person, that a 40 ferry is necessary at the point specified, and that such point is not within half a mile of any other established ferry, the 42 43 county board may grant the license applied for for a period specified therein, not exceeding ten years. All licenses so 44 granted shall be sealed with the seal of the county board, 45 46 signed by its-chairman the chair, and attested by the auditor. 166*#04S 47 166.04 LICENSEE TO GIVE BOND. 48 Before receiving such license, the applicant shall give 49 bond to the county, to be approved by the county board, in a penal sum of not less than \$500, conditioned that he the applicant: will keep the ferry in proper condition for use and 50 51 attend the same at all times fixed by law for operating it; that 52 he will neither demand nor take illegal tolls; and that-he will 53 54 faithfully perform all other duties enjoined-upon-him imposed by 55 Such bond shall be filed with the county auditor. 166*#055 56 166.05 LICENSE FEE. 57 The county board shall fix the fee for a ferry license at 58 such sum as it may deem reasonable, but not less than \$5 nor 59 more than \$200 per annum. The licensee shall pay the license 60 fee yearly in advance to the county treasurer, taking duplicate 61 receipts therefor, one-of-which-he-shall and file one of the 62 duplicates with the county auditor within ten days from its date. All ferries shall be deemed situated in the county where 63 64 the ferry house is situated, and the license fee shall be

166.07 EQUIPMENT AND ATTENDANCE. 67 Every licensed ferryman ferry operator shall provide and 68 keep sufficient and safe boats in good repair for the conveyance of persons and property, and a sufficient number of hands to 70 manage them and give proper attendance from daylight until

required only in such county.

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dark. He The ferry operator shall attend at any hour of the
 2 night, when called upon, for the purpose of conveying the United
 3 States mail, or any person desiring, with or without a team or
     vehicle, to cross on the ferry. When the stream is impassable
     by reason of high-water, wind, storm, or drift ice, or when it
    is frozen over, no damage shall be recovered for failure or
 7
    refusal to carry persons or property across such stream.
166*#08S
       166.08 TOLLS; PENALTIES FOR OVERCHARGE.
8
       The county board shall establish at each ferry the tolls
10
    for passengers, horses, carriages, and other things there
11
    transported. Every ferryman ferry operator who neglects to keep
12
     such boats and give such attendance, as provided for in this
13
    chapter, or demands or receives more than the amount designated
14 by the county board, shall forfeit $20 and be liable for all
15
    damages caused thereby, either or both of which may be recovered
16
    by an action on his the ferry operator's bond.
166*#09S
       166.09 NOT APPLICABLE TO FERRIES IN CITIES.
17
       The provisions of this chapter relating to ferries shall
18
19
    not apply to any stream so far as the same is bordered by any
   city. The council of such city shall have the sole right to
20
21 grant ferry licenses across such stream as far as the same
22
   borders thereon, and to make and enforce such regulations for
    such ferries, ferry licenses, and fees as it may deem proper,
23
24 except that such licenses shall not be granted for a longer term
   than ten years. This section shall not be so construed as to
25
26 abridge the rights of the county board in any county other than
27 the one in which such city is situated. Every ferryman ferry
28 operator licensed by a council hereunder shall have the same
29 rights and be subject to the same liabilities as those licensed
30
    by county boards.
168*#011S
       168.011 DEFINITIONS.
31
32
       No change for subd 1 to 15
       Subd. 16. GROSS WEIGHT. "Gross weight" means the
33
34
   actual unloaded weight of the vehicle, either a truck or
35
    tractor, or the actual unloaded combined weight of a
   truck-tractor and semitrailer or semitrailers, or of the
36
37
   truck-tractor, semitrailer and one additional semitrailer, fully
38
   equipped for service, plus the weight of the maximum load which
39
   the applicant has elected to carry on such vehicle or combined
40
    vehicles. The term gross weight applied to a truck used for
    towing a trailer means the unloaded weight of the truck, fully
41
42
    equipped for service, plus the weight of the maximum load which
    the applicant has elected to carry on such truck, including the
43
    weight of such part of the trailer and its load as may rest upon
44
   the truck. The term gross weight applied to school buses means
45
46
    the weight of the vehicle fully equipped with all fuel tanks
    full of fuel, plus the weight of the passengers and their
47
48 baggage computed at the rate of 100 pounds per passenger seating
49
   capacity, including that for the driver. The term gross weight
   applied to other buses means the weight of the vehicle fully
50
51
    equipped with all fuel tanks full of fuel, plus the weight of
52
    passengers and their baggage computed at the rate of 150 pounds
    per passenger seating capacity, including that for the driver.
53
54 For bus seats designed for more than one passenger, but which
55
    are not divided so as to allot individual seats for the
   passengers that occupy them, allow two feet of its length per
56
57
    passenger to determine seating capacity. The term gross weight
58 applied to a truck, truck-tractor or a truck used as a
59
    truck-tractor used exclusively by the owner thereof for
60 transporting unfinished forest products or used by the owner
61
    thereof to transport agricultural, horticultural, dairy and
    other farm products including livestock produced or finished by
62
63 the owner of the truck and any other personal property owned by
64
    the farmer to whom the license for such truck is issued, from
65
    the farm to market, and to transport property and supplies to
66 the farm of the owner, as described in subdivision 17, shall be
   the actual weight of the truck, truck-tractor or truck used as a
67
68
   truck-tractor or the combined weight of the truck-tractor and
69
    semitrailer plus the weight of the maximum load which the
70
   applicant has elected to carry on such vehicle or combined
71
    vehicles and shall be licensed and taxed as provided by section
72
    168.013, subdivision lc. The term gross weight applied to a
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truck-tractor or a truck used as a truck-tractor used

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exclusively by the owner, or by a for hire carrier hauling exclusively for one owner, for towing an equipment dolly shall be the actual weight of the truck-tractor or truck used as a truck-tractor plus the weight of such part of the equipment dolly and its load as may rest upon the truck-tractor or truck used as a truck-tractor, and shall be licensed separately and taxed as provided by section 168.013, subdivision le, and the equipment dolly shall be licensed separately and taxed as 9 provided in section 168.013, subdivision 1d, which is applicable 10 for the balance of the weight of the equipment dolly and the balance of the maximum load the applicant has elected to carry 11 on such combined vehicles. The term "equipment dolly" as used 13 in this subdivision means a heavy semitrailer used solely by the owner, or by a for hire carrier hauling exclusively for one 14 15 owner, to transport his the owner's construction machinery, 16 equipment, implements and other objects used on a construction 17 project, but not to be incorporated in or to become a part of a 18 completed project. The term gross weight applied to a wrecker defined in section 169.01, subdivision 52, means the weight of 19 the wrecker fully equipped for service, including the weight of 20 21 the crane, winch and other equipment to control the movement of 22 a towed vehicle, but does not include the weight of a wrecked or disabled vehicle towed or drawn by the wrecker. 23

Subd. 17. FARM TRUCK. "Farm truck" means all single unit trucks, truck-tractors, tractors, semitrailers, and trailers used by the owner thereof to transport agricultural, horticultural, dairy, and other farm products, including livestock, produced or finished by the owner of the truck, and any other personal property owned by the farmer to whom the license for the truck is issued, from the farm to market, and to transport property and supplies to the farm of the owner. Trucks, truck-tractors, tractors, semitrailers, and trailers registered as "farm trucks" may be used by the owner thereof to occasionally transport unprocessed and raw farm products, not produced by the owner of the truck, from the place of production to market when the transportation constitutes the first haul of the products, and may be used by the owner thereof, either farmer or logger who harvests and hauls forest products only, to transport logs, pulpwood, lumber, chips, railroad ties and other raw and unfinished forest products from the place of production to an assembly yard or railhead when the transportation constitutes the first haul thereof, provided that the owner and operator of the vehicle transporting planed lumber shall have in $\verb|his|$ immediate possession a statement signed by the producer of the lumber designating the governmental subdivision, section and township where the lumber was produced and that this haul, indicating the date, is the first haul thereof. The licensed vehicles may also be used by the owner thereof to transport, to and from timber harvesting areas, equipment and appurtenances incidental to timber harvesting, and gravel and other road building materials for timber haul roads.

"Farm trucks" shall also include only single unit trucks, which, because of their construction, cannot be used for any other purpose and are used exclusively to transport milk and cream enroute from farm to an assembly point or place for final manufacture, and for transporting milk and cream from an assembly point to a place for final processing or manufacture. This section shall not be construed to mean that the owner or operator of the truck cannot carry on his usual accommodation services for his patrons on regular return trips, such as butter, cream, cheese, and other dairy supplies.

No change for subd 18 to 20

DEALER. "Dealer" means any person, firm, Subd. 21. or corporation regularly engaged in the business of manufacturing, or selling, purchasing, and generally dealing in new and unused motor vehicles having an established place of business for the sale, trade, and display of new and unused motor vehicles and having in its,-his,-or-their possession new and unused motor vehicles for the purposes of sale or trade. "Dealer" also includes any person, firm or corporation regularly engaged in the business of manufacturing or selling, purchasing, and generally dealing in new and unused motor vehicle bodies, chassis mounted or not, and having an established place of business for the sale, trade and display of such new and unused motor vehicle bodies, and having in its,-his-or-their possession new and unused motor vehicle bodies for the purposes of sale or

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                                                              PAGE 28
    trade.
       No change for subd 22 to 33
 2
168*#012S
 3
       168.012 VEHICLES EXEMPT FROM LICENSE FEES.
      No change for subd 1 to 6
 4
       Subd. 7. Motor vehicles which during any calendar year, or
 5
     in the case of a vehicle registered pursuant to section 168.017,
 6
     during the registration period there provided for, are not
 8
    operated on a public highway shall be exempt from the provisions
9 of this chapter requiring registration, payment of tax and
10 penalties for nonpayment thereof, provided that the owner of any
     such vehicle shall first file his a verified written application
11
with the commissioner of public safety, correctly describing the
13 vehicle and certifying that it has not been and will not be
14
    operated upon a public highway. Motor vehicles whose domicile
15
    is in a foreign state and are legally licensed in that state and
16
    owned by a Minnesota resident shall be exempt from the
    provisions of this chapter and subject to the provisions of
17
18 section 168.191. Provided, that this exemption does not
19 conflict with any existing reciprocal agreement with the state
20
    in which the vehicle is domiciled.
21
     No change for subd 8 to 11
168*#0135
      168.013 RATE OF TAX.
22
23
       No change for subd 1
       Subd. la. PASSENGER AUTOMOBILES; AMBULANCES; HEARSES.
24
25
    On passenger automobiles as defined in section 168.011,
26
    subdivision 7, ambulances, and hearses, except as otherwise
27
    provided, the tax shall be $10 plus an additional tax equal to
28
    1.25 percent of the base value, except that on pickup trucks the
29 tax shall be:
30
      (a) for the 1982 registration year, $10 plus an additional
31
    tax equal to .75 percent of base value;
      (b) for the 1983 registration year and each succeeding
32
33
    year, $10 plus an additional tax equal to 1.25 percent of base
    value.
34
35
       Subject to the classification provisions herein, "base
36
    value" means the manufacturer's suggested retail price of the
37
    vehicle including destination charge as reflected on the price
38
    listing affixed to the vehicle in conformity with 15 U.S.C. 1231
39
    to 1233 (Public Law 85-506) or otherwise suggested by the
40
    manufacturer or determined by the registrar if no suggested
41
   retail price exists, and shall not include the cost of each
42
    accessory or item of optional equipment separately added to the
43
   vehicle and the suggested retail price.
44
       If the-registrar-is unable to determine the base value
45 because the vehicle is specially constructed, or for any other
46 reason, he the registrar may establish such value upon the cost
47
    price to the purchaser or owner as evidenced by a certificate of
48
    cost but not including Minnesota sales or use tax or any local
49
    sales or other local tax.
50
     The registrar shall classify every vehicle in its proper
51
    base value class as follows:
52
     FROM
53
                          $ 0
                                            $199.99
54
                                             399.99
55
     and thereafter a series of classes successively set in
56
    brackets having a spread of $200 consisting of such number of
57
    classes as will permit classification of all vehicles.
58
       The base value for purposes of this section shall be the
59
    middle point between the extremes of its class.
60
     The registrar shall establish the base value, when new, of
61
    every passenger automobile, ambulance and hearse registered
62
    prior to the effective date of Extra Session Laws 1971, Chapter
63 31, using list price information published by the manufacturer
64
    or any nationally recognized firm or association compiling such
```

shall be computed upon the base value thus determined taking 70 into account the depreciation provisions of Extra Session Laws 71 1971, Chapter 31. The annual additional tax computed upon the base value as provided herein, during the first year of vehicle life shall be 74 computed upon 100 percent of the base value; for the second

data for the automotive industry. If the-registrar-is unable to

ascertain the base value of any registered vehicle in the 67 foregoing manner, he the registrar may use any other available 68 source or method. The tax on all previously registered vehicles

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PAGE 29 01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 year, 90 percent of such value; for the third year, 75 percent of such value; for the fourth year, 60 percent of such value; for the fifth year, 45 percent of such value; for the sixth year, 35 percent of such value; for the seventh year, 30 percent of such value; for the eighth year, 20 percent of such value; for the ninth year, 15 percent of such value; for the tenth year, 10 percent of such value; for the eleventh and each succeeding year, the sum of \$13; provided that for registrations renewed on or after January 1, 1982, the annual additional tax 10 for the eleventh and each succeeding year of vehicle life shall 11 be \$13, for registrations renewed on or after January 1, 1983, 12 the annual additional tax shall be \$18, for registrations 13 renewed on or after January 1, 1984, the annual additional tax 14 shall be \$22, and for registrations renewed on or after January 1, 1985, the annual additional tax shall be \$25. 15 16 In no event shall the annual additional tax be less than 17 \$13 for any registration renewed after January 1, 1982, nor less 18 than \$18 for any registration renewed after January 1, 1983, \$22 19 for any registration renewed after January 1, 1984, and \$25 for any registration renewed after January 1, 1985. 20 No change for subd 1b to 6 21 22 Subd. 7. AGENTS. Any act required herein of an owner may be performed in his the owner's behalf by a duly 23 24 authorized agent. Any person having a lien upon, or claim to, 25 any motor vehicle may pay any tax due thereon to prevent the 26 penalty for delayed registration from accruing, but the 27 registration certificate and number plates shall not be issued 28 until legal ownership is definitely determined. No change for subd 8 to 9 29 GROSS WEIGHT, ADDITIONAL TAX FOR EXCESSIVE. Subd. 12. Whenever an owner has registered a vehicle and paid the tax 31 32 as provided in subdivisions 1 to 1g, on the basis of a selected 33 gross weight of the vehicle and thereafter such owner desires to 34 operate such vehicle with a greater gross weight than that for 35 which the tax has been paid, such owner shall be permitted to re-register such vehicle by paying the additional tax due 36 37 thereon for the remainder of the calendar year for which such vehicle has been re-registered, the additional tax computed pro 38 rata by the month, one-twelfth of the annual tax due for each 39 40 month of the year remaining in the calendar year, beginning with 41 the first day of the month in which such owner desires to 42 operate the vehicle with the greater weight. In computing the additional tax as aforesaid, the owner shall be given credit for 43 44 the unused portion of the tax previously paid computed pro rata 45 by the month, one-twelfth of the annual tax paid for each month of the year remaining in the calendar year beginning with the 46 47 first day of the month in which such owner desires to operate 48

the vehicle with the greater weight. An owner will be permitted one reduction of gross weight or change of registration per year, which will result in a refund. This refund will be pro-rated monthly beginning with the first day of the month after such owner applies to amend his the registration. The application for amendment shall be accompanied by a fee of \$3, and all fees shall be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund. Provided, however, the owner of a vehicle may re-register the vehicle for a weight of more than 81,000 pounds for one or more 30-day periods. For each 30-day period, the additional tax shall be equal to one-twelfth of the difference between the annual tax for the weight at which the vehicle is registered and re-registered. When a vehicle is re-registered in accordance with this provision, a distinctive windshield sticker provided by the commissioner of public safety shall be permanently displayed.

Subd. 13. Repealed, 1973 c 218 s 9

Beginning in and INCREASE OF TAX RATE. Subd. 14. for the first calendar year following the issuance and sale of bonds of the state of Minnesota under the provisions of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, Article 14, Section 4, and after July 1, 1957, under the provisions of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, Article 14, Section 11, the proceeds of the sale of which are to be used in the construction of bridges and approaches thereto forming a part of the trunk highway system, all motor vehicle taxes imposed by Minnesota Statutes, Section 168.013, Subdivisions 1 to 1g shall be increased by 5 percent; such increased rate of tax shall remain in effect until and including the calendar year following the

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year in which all principal and interest on all of any such
  2 bonds shall be paid in full. Immediately upon the payment in
  3 full of all interest and principal on all of any such bonds, the
  4 commissioner of finance shall certify that fact to the registrar
     of motor vehicles and the registrar shall, for the second
  6 calendar year and thereafter following his receipt of such
     certification, cease to collect motor vehicle taxes at the
 8 increased rate prescribed by this subdivision.
      No change for subd 15 to 20
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 168*#0215
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       168.021 LICENSE PLATES FOR PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED
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     PERSONS.
     No change for subd 1 to 2
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        Subd. 3. UNAUTHORIZED USE OF PLATE. A person who
14 appropriates or uses the plate provided in this section upon a
 15 motor vehicle other than as authorized by this section is guilty
16 of a gross misdemeanor. This subdivision does not preclude a
    person who is not physically handicapped from operating a
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18 vehicle upon which these plates are displayed where he the
19 person is the owner of the vehicle and permits its operation by
20 a physically handicapped person, or where he the person operates
     the vehicle with the consent of the owner who is physically
 21
22 handicapped. A non-handicapped driver is not entitled to the
23 parking privileges provided in this section and in section
 24
    169.346 unless he-is transporting a physically handicapped
25 person.
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       No change for subd 4 to 7
168*#032S
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        168.032 REFUNDMENT.
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        If such person shall have paid the tax for the year in
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    which-he-enters when entering upon such active service he the
30 person shall surrender to the registrar when-he-applies on
31 applying for the exemption the number plates issued upon the
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     registration. Upon proper application and surrender of the
33
     number plates, the registrar shall refund to the applicant from
34 the motor vehicle license suspense fund the portion of the tax
35 paid proportionate to the portion of the year during which the
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     motor vehicle will not be used on any highway of the state.
37
        168.033 MAY PAY PROPORTIONATE PART OF TAX.
      If such person shall not have paid the tax for the year th
39 which-he-enters when entering upon such active service, the
   registrar shall not accept his the application until he the
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     person has registered his the motor vehicle and paid the portion
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     of the tax with penalties, if any, proportionate to the portion
43 of the year up to the date of application.
168*#04S
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        168.04 MILITARY PERSONNEL; EXEMPTIONS.
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        No change for subd 1
provisions of this chapter, requiring the registration and taxation of motor vehicles and the registration and
     Subd. 2. LICENSED BY THE ARMED FORCES. The
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    taxation of motor vehicles and the display of license number
    plates shall not apply to a motor vehicle operated by the owner
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50 or his authorized agent while the owner is engaged in active
51 service in the armed forces of the United States, subject to the
    following conditions and limitations:
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53
        (1) That such vehicle is properly registered with, and
54 displays the license number plates of, the armed forces of the
55 United States in a foreign country;
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      (2) That such vehicle is used only for personal
57 transportation or for transportation of the owner or authorized
58 agent's personal property;
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        (3) That such vehicle shall be subject to all provisions of
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     law applicable to vehicles owned by Minnesota residents except
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     to the extent that exemption from said law is provided by this
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      (4) That the exemption provided by this subdivision shall
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     be valid only for a period of 30 days after a vehicle has
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     arrived in this state.
168*#041S
       168.041 IMPOUNDING REGISTRATION PLATES AND CERTIFICATES.
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    Subdivision 1. When any person is convicted of driving a
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68 motor vehicle after the suspension or revocation of the drivers
69 license or driving privileges of such person, the court shall
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70 require the registration plates and registration certificates of

71 any motor vehicle involved in such violation owned by such

person or registered in $\frac{h+s}{2}$ that person's name to be surrendered to the court. Upon surrender thereof the court shall issue a receipt therefor.

If the violator is not the owner of such motor vehicle, the court shall require the registration plates and the registration certificate of any motor vehicle used by the violator, with the permission of the owner who had knowledge of the fact that the violator's drivers license had been revoked or suspended prior to the commission of the offense, to be surrendered to the court.

Subd. 2. If any person is convicted of violating any law or municipal ordinance, except parking laws or ordinances, regulating the operation of motor vehicles on the streets or highways, and the record of such person so convicted shows a previous conviction for driving after suspension or revocation of his the person's driver's license or driving privileges, the court may direct the commissioner of public safety to suspend the driver's license of such person for not exceeding one year. The court may also require the registration plates and registration certificates of any motor vehicles owned by the violator or registered in his the violator's name to be surrendered to the court.

Subd. 3. If a person is convicted of any offense which makes mandatory the revocation of the drivers license of such person, or is convicted of driving a motor vehicle without having a valid driver's license in force, the court may require the registration plates and registration certificates of any motor vehicle owned by such person or any motor vehicles registered in his that person's name to be surrendered to the court.

No change for subd 4

Subd. 5. At the time of ordering the surrender of the registration plates and registration certificates of a violator or owner, the court shall notify the registrar of motor vehicles of that fact. Except as provided in subdivision 6 or subdivision 7, no new or duplicate registration plates or new registration certificates shall be issued to such violator or owner until his the surrendered plates and certificates are returned to him the violator or owner by the court.

Subd. 6. Any such violator or owner may apply to the registrar of motor vehicles for new registration plates which shall bear a special series number which may be readily identified by traffic law enforcement officers. A fee of \$5 shall accompany the application. The registrar of motor vehicles shall forthwith notify the court of such application. The court may return the registration certificate of such violator or owner to the registrar of motor vehicles, together with its consent to the issuance of such registration plates to such violator or owner. Thereupon the registrar of motor vehicles shall issue such new registration plates. Until the drivers license of such violator is reinstated, any new registration plates issued to him the violator or to an owner whose plates have been impounded shall bear a special series number.

Subd. 7. If an owner wishes to sell a motor vehicle during the time its registration plates and registration certificate are impounded or during the time its registration plates bear a special series number, he the owner may apply to the court which impounded such plates and certificate, for consent to transfer title to the motor vehicle. If the court is satisfied that the proposed sale is in good faith and for a valid consideration, that the owner will thereby be deprived of the custody and control of the motor vehicle, and that the sale is not for the purpose of circumventing the provisions of this section, it may certify its consent to the registrar of motor vehicles and return the impounded registration plates and certificates. during the time the registration plates and certificate of registration are impounded the title to said motor vehicle is transferred by the foreclosure of a chattel mortgage, the cancelation of a conditional sales contract, a sale upon execution, or by decree or order of a court of competent jurisdiction, the court shall order the license plates and registration certificate surrendered to the new owner and notify the registrar of motor vehicles of such action. The registrar of motor vehicles shall then transfer the registration plates and registration certificates to the new owner.

No change for subd 8 to 9

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168*#0535
        168.053 DRIVE-AWAY IN TRANSIT LICENSE.
        Subdivision 1. Any person, firm, or corporation engaged in
     the business of transporting motor vehicles,-not-his-own owned
   by another, by delivering, by drive-away or towing methods,
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     either singly or by means of the full mount method, the saddle
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    mount method, the tow-bar method, or any other combination
     thereof, and under their own power, vehicles over the highways
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    of the state from the manufacturer or any other point of origin,
    to any point of destination, within or without the state, shall
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    make application to the registrar for a drive-away in transit
    license. This application for annual license shall be
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    accompanied by a registration fee of $250 and contain such
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     information as the registrar may require. Upon the filing of
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     the application and the payment of the fee, the registrar shall
15 issue to each drive-away operator a general distinguishing
16 number, which number must be carried and displayed on the power
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    unit consistent with section 169.79 and such number shall remain
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    on the vehicle while being operated within the state.
19 Additional plates bearing the same distinguishing number desired
20 by any drive-away operator may be secured from the registrar of
    motor vehicles upon the payment of a fee of $2 for each set of
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    additional license plates. Any person, firm, or corporation
23
     engaging in the business as a drive-away operator, of
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    transporting and delivering by means of full mount method, the
25 saddle mount method, the tow-bar method, or any combination
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    thereof, and under their own power, motor vehicles, who fails or
     refuses to file or cause to be filed an application, as is
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28 required by law, and to pay the fees therefor as the law
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    requires, shall be found guilty of violating the provisions of
30 sections 168.053 to 168.057; and, upon conviction, fined not less than $50, and not more than $100, and all costs of court.
   Each day so operating without securing the license and plates as
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    required therein shall constitute a separate offense within the
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    meaning thereof.
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       No change for subd 2
168*#095
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        168.09 REGISTRATION; REREGISTRATION.
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       Subdivision 1. No motor vehicle, except as is exempted by
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    section 168.012, shall use or be operated upon the public
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     streets or highways of the state in any calendar year until it
40 is registered, as provided in this section, and the motor
41 vehicle tax and fees as provided in this chapter are paid and
    the number plates issued for the motor vehicle are displayed on
42
43 the vehicle. No motor vehicle, except as provided by section
44 168.012, which shall for any reason not be subject to taxation
45 as provided in this chapter, shall use or be operated upon the
46 public streets or highways of this state until it is registered,
47
     as provided in this section, and shall display number plates as
48 required by the provisions of this chapter, except that the
49 purchaser of a new motor vehicle may operate his that motor
50 vehicle without plates if the permit authorized by section
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     168.091 or 168.092 is displayed.
       No change for subd 2 to 6
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168*#0915
53
        168.091 TEMPORARY VEHICLE PERMITS FOR NONRESIDENTS.
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        No change for subd 1
        Subd. 2. The registrar may issue a quantity of permits in
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   booklet form to licensed dealers upon payment of the proper fee
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    for each permit contained in said booklet. When the-dealer
    issues issuing a permit, he the dealer shall immediately forward
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    to the registrar information on forms supplied by the registrar
60 showing to whom the permit was issued, the vehicle description,
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     date of issue and expiration, and such other information as the
     registrar may require.
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       No change for subd 3
168*#0925
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        168.092 TEMPORARY VEHICLE PERMITS.
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        No change for subd 1
        Subd. 2. The registrar may issue a quantity of permits in
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67 booklet form to licensed dealers. When the-dealer-issues
   issuing a permit, he the dealer shall immediately forward to the
69 registrar information on forms supplied by the registrar showing
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    to whom the permit was issued, the vehicle description, date of
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71 issue and expiration, and such other information as the 72 registrar may require.

168*#10S

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168.10 REGISTRATION; CLASSIC CARS.

Subdivision 1. APPLICATION. Except as provided in subdivisions la, lb, lc, ld and lg, every owner of any motor 3 vehicle in this state, not exempted by section 168.012 or 168.26, shall as soon as ownership of a motor vehicle is acquired and annually thereafter during the period provided in section 168.31, file with the commissioner of public safety on a blank provided by him the commissioner a listing for taxation and application for the registration of such vehicle, stating 10 the first, middle and last names, the dates of birth, and 11 addresses of all owners thereof who are natural persons, the 12 full names and addresses of all other owners, the name and address of the person from whom purchased, make of motor 13 vehicle, year and number of the model, manufacturer's 14 15 identification number or serial number, type of body, the weight 16 of the vehicle in pounds, for trailers only, its rated load carrying capacity and for buses only, its seating capacity, and 17 18 such other information as the commissioner may require. Any 19 false statement wilfully and knowingly made in regard thereto 20 shall be deemed perjury and punished accordingly. The listing 21 and application for registration by dealers or manufacturers' 22 agents within the state, of motor vehicles received for sale or 23 use within the state shall be accepted as compliance with the 24 requirements of this chapter, imposed upon the manufacturer.

Registration shall be refused a motor vehicle if the original identification or serial number has been destroyed, removed, altered, covered or defaced. However, if the commissioner is satisfied on the sworn statements of the owner or owners or such other persons as he the commissioner may deem advisable that the applicant is the legal owner, a special identification number in the form prescribed by the commissioner shall be assigned to the motor vehicle. When it has been determined that the number had been affixed to such vehicle in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, the vehicle may thereafter be registered in the same manner as other motor vehicles. In the case of a new or rebuilt motor vehicle manufactured or assembled without an identification or serial number, the commissioner may assign an identification number to the motor vehicle in the same manner as prescribed heretofore.

No change for subd la to lb

Subd. 1c. COLLECTOR'S VEHICLE, COLLECTOR LICENSE. Any motor vehicle, including any truck, that is at least 20 model years old and manufactured after 1935, or any motor vehicle of a defunct make defined as any car or truck originally licensed as a separate identifiable make as designated by the division of motor vehicles, and owned and operated solely as a collector's vehicle, shall be listed for taxation and registration as follows: An affidavit shall be executed stating the name and address of the person from whom purchased and of the new owner, the make of the motor vehicle, year and number of the model, the manufacturer's identification number and that the vehicle is owned and operated solely as a collector's item and not for general transportation purposes. The owner must also prove that he-or-she the owner also has one or more vehicles with regular license plates. If the registrar is satisfied that the affidavit is true and correct and the owner pays a \$25 tax, the registrar shall list the vehicle for taxation and registration and shall issue number plates.

The number plates issued shall bear the inscription "Collector," "Minnesota" and the registration number, but no date. The number plates are valid without renewal as long as the vehicle is in existence and shall be issued for the applicant's use only for the vehicle. The registrar has the power to revoke the plates for failure to comply with this subdivision.

Subd. ld. COLLECTORS VEHICLES, STREET ROD LICENSE.

Any modernized motor vehicle manufactured prior to the year 1949 or designed and manufactured to resemble such vehicle shall be listed for taxation and registration as follows:

An affidavit shall be executed stating the name and address of the person from whom purchased and of the new owner, the make of the motor vehicle, year number of model, and the manufacturer's identification number. The affidavit shall further state that the vehicle is owned and operated solely as a street rod and not for general transportation purposes. The

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owner must also prove that he-or-she the owner has one or more vehicles with regular license plates. If the registrar is 3 satisfied that the affidavit is true and correct and the owner pays a \$25 tax, the registrar shall list such vehicle for taxation and registration and shall issue number plates.

The number plates issued shall bear the inscription "Street Rod", "Minnesota" and the registration number but no date. The number plates are valid without renewal as long as the vehicle is in existence and shall be issued for the applicant's use only for such vehicle. The registrar has the power to revoke such plates for failure to comply with this subdivision.

Subd. le. OUTDOOR STORAGE. Pioneer, classic, collector vehicles, or street rods, licensed or unlicensed, operable or inoperable, may be stored in compliance with local government zoning and ordinances on their owners' property, provided that the vehicles and any outdoor storage areas they may require are maintained in such a manner that they do not constitute a health or environmental hazard and are screened from ordinary public view by means of a fence, shrubbery, 20 rapidly growing trees or other appropriate means. The appropriate local agency or authority may inform an owner of his the owner's failure to comply with these requirements, and may order the vehicles removed from the outdoor storage area if the owner fails to comply with these requirements within 20 days after the warning.

No change for subd 1f to 2

OFFENSES. It shall be unlawful for any Subd. 3. person:

- (1) To display or cause to be displayed or to have-in-his possession possess any canceled, revoked, suspended or fraudulently obtained or stolen registration plates;
- (2) To lend his the person's registration plates to any person another or knowingly to permit the use thereof by another;
- (3) To display or represent as one's the person's own any registration plates not issued to him that person; provided, however, this shall not apply to any legal change of ownership of the motor vehicle to which the plates are attached;
- (4) To fail or refuse to surrender to the department upon its lawful demand any registration plates which have been revoked, canceled, or suspended by proper authority;
- (5) To use a false or fictitious name or address or 42 description of the motor vehicle, identification number, or serial number in any application for registration of a motor vehicle or to knowingly make a false statement or to knowingly conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in any such 46 application;
- (6) To destroy, alter, remove, cover or deface the identification or serial number of any motor vehicle or to 49 knowingly operate any motor vehicle the identification or serial number of which has been destroyed, altered, removed, covered or defaced without first making application for assignment of a special identification number as provided by law.

No change for subd 4

53 168*#101S

> 168.101 OWNERSHIP AND REGISTRATION OF PASSENGER AUTOMOBILES OR TRUCKS BY PERSONS UNDER THE AGE OF 18; PROHIBITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Except as provided in this subdivision it is unlawful for a person under the age of 18 to own a passenger automobile or truck. A person who is under the age of 18 may own a passenger automobile or truck only if any of the following conditions exist:

- (1) The person has completed a driver training course approved by the commissioner of public safety and has attained the age of 17;
- (2) The person is a high school graduate and has attained the age of 17;
- (3) The person is an employed, emancipated minor who holds a Minnesota drivers license;
- (4) The person, before January 1, 1964, owns a passenger automobile or truck which is registered in his the person's name with the registrar of motor vehicles;
- (5) The person became the owner of the passenger automobile or truck which he the person seeks to register in Minnesota while a resident of a foreign state, district, territory, or 75 country, and which passenger automobile or truck is duly

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1 registered in his the person's name in such foreign state, 2 district, territory, or country.

Subd. 2. Any person who knowingly sells or in any manner knowingly transfers title of a passenger automobile or truck to a person who is prohibited from owning a passenger automobile or truck under the provisions of subdivision 1 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person who knowingly fails to mail in the application for registration or transfer to the registrar of motor vehicles or otherwise fails to submit said forms to him the registrar within 14 days following date of sale shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 3. The registrar of motor vehicles shall refuse to register a passenger automobile or truck unless the owner submits to the registrar, at the time the owner files his the first application for registration or transfer of a passenger automobile or truck, a written and verified statement that he the owner is 18 years of age or over or, if under the age 18, that-he is permitted by the provisions of subdivision 1 to own a passenger automobile or truck. The statement of an applicant under the age of 18 also shall set forth the number of the applicant's drivers license, or if the applicant has no drivers license he the applicant shall so state. The applicant shall make an oath or affirmation before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths and affirmations that the statements made are correct and true. The registrar may prescribe a form for the statement required by this subdivision, which form the registrar may make a part of the application for registration or transfer.

Subd. 4. A person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor. The commissioner of public safety shall suspend, for not less than one year, the drivers license of a person who, while under the age of 18, misrepresents his the person's age on the statement required by subdivision 3.

No change for subd 5 168*#11S

168.11 REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE.

Subdivision 1. The registrar shall file such application and, upon approval thereof and upon payment of the motor vehicle tax, as herein provided, together with all arrears and penalties, if any, and upon the delivery to him the registrar of the duly endorsed registration certificate of the former owner, as hereinafter provided, or proof of loss provided in lieu thereof, shall assign to it a distinctive number and issue to the owner a registration certificate, which shall contain the name, place of residence, with street and number, if in a city, and post-office address of the owner, a specific description of the vehicle, and the number assigned, together with a place on the face of the certificate in which the owner shall, immediately upon receipt thereof, place his the owner's signature and, on the reverse side thereof, an assignment and notice of sale or termination of ownership, with places for the signatures of both seller and purchaser, and a place for assignment of $h ilde{ ilde{ ilde{ ilde{h}}} ilde{ ilde{ ilde{h}}} ilde{ ilde{ ilde{h}}}$ credit for the tax. The registration certificate shall be retained by the owner until expiration or surrender, as herein provided. When in administering this chapter convenience or necessity requires, the registration certificate may also be called or referred to as the registration card.

Subd. 2. In the case of motor vehicles taxed under the provisions of section 168.013, subdivision le, a non-negotiable copy of the registration card shall be issued. The owner or driver shall carry said copy in his immediate possession at all times when operating the vehicle and shall display the same upon demand of a peace officer, and authorized representative of the department or an officer authorized by law to enforce the laws relating to the operation of motor vehicles upon the public streets and highways. Nothing herein shall be construed to vary the terms or conditions of section 168.013, subdivision 3.

Subd. 3. If the registrar fails to mail to the registered owner of a motor vehicle a notification of renewal for the motor vehicle at least 30 days before the expiration of the vehicle's registration, and all past due taxes and fees have been paid, the registrar must provide at no charge a written statement to that effect to the registered owner at the owner's request. The registrar must retain in his-or-her the registrar's files a

record sufficient to demonstrate whether any owner of a registered motor vehicle has been notified by mail of the renewal of the registration. 168*#12S 4 168.12 LICENSE PLATES. 5 No change for subd 1 6 Subd. 2. AMATEUR RADIO STATION LICENSEE; SPECIAL LICENSE PLATES. Any applicant who is an owner or joint owner 8 of a passenger automobile, van or pickup truck, or a self-propelled recreational vehicle, and a resident of this 9 10 state, and who holds an official amateur radio station license, 11 or a citizens radio service class D license, in good standing, 12 issued by the Federal Communications Commission shall upon compliance with all laws of this state relating to registration 13 and the licensing of motor vehicles and drivers, be furnished 14 15 with license plates for the motor vehicle, as prescribed by law, 16 upon which, in lieu of the numbers required for identification under subdivision 1, shall be inscribed the official amateur 17 18 call letters of the applicant, as assigned by the Federal 19 Communications Commission. The applicant shall pay in addition 20 to the registration tax required by law, the sum of \$10 for the 21 special license plates, and at the time of delivery of the 22 special license plates the applicant shall surrender to the 23 registrar the current license plates issued for the motor 24 vehicle. This provision for the issue of special license plates 25 shall apply only if the applicant's vehicle is already 26 registered in Minnesota so that the applicant has valid regular Minnesota plates issued for that vehicle under which to operate 27 28 it during the time that it will take to have the necessary 29 special license plates made. If the-applicant-owns owning or 30 jointly owns owning more than one motor vehicle of the type 31 specified in this subdivision he, the applicant may apply for 32 special plates for each of not more than two vehicles, and, if 33 each application complies with this subdivision, the registrar 34 shall furnish the applicant with the special plates, inscribed 35 with the official amateur call letters and other distinguishing 36 information as the registrar considers necessary, for each of the two vehicles. And the registrar may make reasonable 37 38 regulations governing the use of the special license plates as 39 will assure the full compliance by the owner and holder of the 40 special plates, with all existing laws governing the 41 registration of motor vehicles, the transfer and the use thereof. Despite any contrary provision of subdivision may be special license plates issued under this subdivision may be 43 44 transferred to another motor vehicle upon the payment of a fee 45 of \$5. The fee must be paid into the state treasury and 46 credited to the highway user tax distribution fund. The 47 registrar must be notified of the transfer and may prescribe a 48 form for the notification. No change for subd 2a to 5 49 168*#13S 50 168.13 PROOF OF OWNERSHIP. 51 The registrar shall approve no application and issue no 52 number plates for any motor vehicle, except such as may have 53 come direct from the manufacturer, or from another state, unless 54 and until the registration certificate theretofore issued or 55 proof of loss thereof by sworn statement shall be delivered to 56 the registrar, and-he who shall satisfy-himself be satisfied from his the records that all taxes and fees due hereunder shall 57 58 have been paid, and endorsements upon the certificate or sworn 59 proof of loss, in writing, signed by the seller and purchaser, 60 shall furnish proof that the applicant for registration is 61 paying or receiving credit for the tax upon the vehicle of 62 which he the applicant is the rightful possessor; or, in case 63 such certificate or proof is not available, the registrar, 64 or his the registrar's deputy, shall satisfy-himself be satisfied of such fact by personal view of the motor vehicle 65 66 serial and motor numbers and by proof of the claim of ownership 67 thereof. 68 Motor vehicles brought into Minnesota from other states 69 shall not be registered or have number plates issued therefor 70 until such registration certificate or other evidence of title 71 as may reasonably be required from the registrant within that state be surrendered to the registrar in the same manner as 72

certificates of this state, or in lieu thereof, such view and 74 evidence of the chain of ownership be had as will assure the

payment of the proper tax so long as the motor vehicle shall be in the state.

168*#155

168.15 RIGHTS AS TO REGISTRATION CERTIFICATES AND NUMBER 3 4

Upon the transfer of ownership, destruction, theft, 6 dismantling as such, or the permanent removal by the owner thereof from this state of any motor vehicle registered in 8 accordance with the provisions of this chapter, the right of the owner of such vehicle to use the registration certificate and 10 number plates assigned such vehicle shall expire, and such 11 certificate and any existing plates shall be, by such owner, 12 forthwith returned, with transportation prepaid, to the 13 registrar with a signed notice of the date and manner of 14 termination of ownership, giving the name and post-office address, with street and number, if in a city, of the person to 15 16 whom transferred. No fee may be charged for a return of plates 17 under this section. When the ownership of a motor vehicle shall 18 be transferred to another who shall forthwith register the same 19 in his the other's name, the registrar may permit the manual 20 delivery of such plates to the new owner of such vehicle. 21 When any-person-seeks seeking to become the owner by gift, 22 trade, or purchase of any vehicle for which a registration 23 certificate has been theretofore issued under the provisions of this chapter, he a person shall join with the registered owner 24 25 in transmitting with his the application the registration 26 certificate, with the assignment and notice of sale duly 27 executed upon the reverse side thereof, or, in case of loss of 28 such certificate, with such proof of loss by sworn statement, in writing, as shall be satisfactory to the registrar. Upon the 29 30 transfer of any motor vehicle by a manufacturer or dealer, for 31 use within the state, whether by sale, lease, or otherwise, such 32 manufacturer or dealer shall, within seven days after such 33 transfer, file with the registrar a notice or report containing 34 the date of such transfer, a description of such motor vehicles, 35 and the name, street and number of residence, if in a city, and 36 the post-office address of the transferee, and shall transmit 37 therewith the transferee's application for registration thereof.

Upon the transfer of any automobile engine or motor, except a new engine or motor, transferred with intent that the same be installed in a new automobile, and whether such transfer be made by a manufacturer or dealer, or otherwise, and whether by sale, lease or otherwise, the transferor shall, within two days after such transfer, file with the registrar a notice or report containing the date of such transfer and a description, together with the maker's number of the engine or motor, and the name and post-office address of the purchaser, lessee, or other transferee.

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168.16 REFUNDS; APPROPRIATION.

After the tax upon any motor vehicle shall have been paid for any year, refund shall be made for errors made in computing the tax or fees and for the error on the part of an owner who may in error have registered a motor vehicle that was not before, nor at the time of registration, nor at any time thereafter during the current past year, subject to tax in this state, provided that after more than two years after the tax was paid no refund shall be made for any tax paid on any vehicle exempted from taxation by reasons of nonuse as provided by section 168.012. The refundment shall be made from any fund in possession of the registrar and shall be deducted from his the registrar's monthly report to the commissioner of finance. detailed report of the refundment shall accompany the report. The former owner of a transferred vehicle by an assignment in writing endorsed upon his the registration certificate and delivered to the registrar within the time provided herein may sell and assign to the new owner thereof the right to have the tax paid by him the former owner accredited to the owner who duly registers the vehicle. Any owner at the time of such occurrence, whose vehicle shall be permanently destroyed, or sold to the federal government, the state, or political subdivision thereof, shall upon filing a verified claim be entitled to a refund of the unused portion of the tax paid upon

the vehicle, computed as follows: (1) If the vehicle is registered under the calendar year system of registration, the refund is computed pro rata by the 1 month, one-twelfth of the annual tax paid for each month of the 2 year remaining after the month in which the plates and 3 certificate were returned to the registrar;

(2) In the case of a vehicle registered under the monthly 5 series system of registration, the amount of the refund is equal 6 to the sum of the amounts of the license fee attributable to those months remaining in the licensing period after the month in which the plates and certificate were returned to the 9 registrar.

There is hereby appropriated to the persons entitled to a refund, from the fund or account in the state treasury to which the money was credited, an amount sufficient to make the refund 13 and payment.

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168.17 SUSPENSION OF REGISTRATION.

All registrations and issue of number plates shall be 16 subject to amendment, suspension, modification or revocation by the registrar summarily for any violation of or neglect to 18 comply with the provisions of this chapter. In any case where the proper registration of a motor vehicle is dependent upon procuring information entailing such delay as to unreasonably deprive the owner of the use of his the motor vehicle, the 22 registrar may issue a tax receipt and plates conditionally. In any case when the-registrar-for-cause-has-revoked revoking a registration for cause, he the registrar shall have authority to demand the return of the number plates and registration certificates, and, if necessary, to seize the number plates issued for such registration.

168*#181S

168.181 NONRESIDENT OWNERS, RECIPROCITY AGREEMENTS OR ARRANGEMENTS; CONDITIONS AND LIMITATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary or inconsistent herewith the registrar of motor 32 vehicles with the approval of the attorney general is hereby empowered to make agreements with the duly authorized 34 representatives of the other states, District of Columbia, territories and possessions of the United States or arrangements with foreign countries or provinces exempting the residents of such other states, districts, territories and possessions and foreign countries or provinces using the public streets and highways of this state from the payment of any or all motor vehicle taxes or fees imposed by chapter 168, subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) Upon condition that the exemption provided herein shall be operative as to a motor vehicle owned by a nonresident only to the extent that under the laws of the state, district, territory or possession or foreign country or province of his 46 residence like exemptions are granted to motor vehicles registered under the laws and owned by residents of Minnesota.
 - (2) Upon condition that any such motor vehicle so operated in this state by any such nonresident shall at all times carry and display all license number plates or like insignia required by the laws of the state, district, territory or possession or foreign country or province of his residence.
- (3) Upon condition that the exemptions provided herein 54 shall not apply to a passenger automobile or house trailer owned by a resident of any state, district, territory or possession or foreign country or province temporarily residing in this state while gainfully employed on the same job for a period of six months or more.
 - (4) Upon condition that the exemptions provided herein shall not apply to motor vehicles owned by nonresidents including any foreign corporation and used for carrying on intrastate commerce within this state. Such nonresident or foreign corporation shall be required to register each such vehicle and pay the same tax and penalties if any therefor as is required with reference to like vehicles owned by residents of Minnesota.
 - (5) Upon condition that the exemption provided herein shall not apply to a truck, tractor, truck-tractor, or semi-trailer, except two-wheeled traflers of less than 3,000 pounds carrying capacity; if
 - (a) The class of its registration does not permit to it a state-wide operation in the state of its registration, or if
 - (b) The registration fee or tax for which it is registered is computed on a mileage basis, or if

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       (c) Its gross weight exceeds the gross weight for which it
     is registered in the state, district, territory or possession,
     or foreign country or province of its registration.
        (6) Upon condition that nonresident owners of commercial
   vehicles, including trucks, truck-tractors, trailers,
     semi-trailers and buses domiciled in a foreign state, district,
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     territory or possession or foreign country or province, and
    bringing such vehicles into the state of Minnesota for the
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     purpose of doing interstate business shall be required to comply
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    with all the laws and regulations as to payment of taxes
     applicable to like vehicles owned by Minnesota residents unless
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     the state, district, territory or possession or foreign country
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     or province grants full reciprocity privileges comparable to
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     that extended by sections 168.181 to 168.231. In the event a
     state, district, territory or possession or foreign country or
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16 province is not fully reciprocal as to taxes or fees on
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    commercial vehicles or buses operated in interstate commerce,
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     then in that event such owners of foreign commercial vehicles or
    buses shall be required to pay a tax in an amount similar to the
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    tax of whatever character assessed by such other state,
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    district, territory or possession or foreign country or province
     against vehicles registered in Minnesota and operated in
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     interstate commerce in that state, district, territory or
    possession or foreign country or province. It is further
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    provided that such owners of foreign commercial vehicles and
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     buses subject to registration under the provisions of this
     paragraph shall make application for a permit in which shall be
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    set forth the conditions for operation of such vehicles in this
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       Subd. 2. Agreements made pursuant to this section may also
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     include exemption from taxes or fees on a vehicle owned by a
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     person, firm, or corporation licensed as a motor vehicle dealer
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    or motor vehicle manufacturer in another state or country when
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    such vehicle is operated displaying the dealer plates or
     manufacturer plates issued to such dealer or manufacturer by the
    jurisdiction of his residence; provided, however, that such
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     operation is not for the purpose of soliciting the sale of
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     vehicles within this state other than at an auction conducted by
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     a motor vehicle auctioneer licensed under section 168.27.
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     Greater privileges shall not be granted to such dealer or
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    manufacturer than permitted by the laws of the jurisdiction of
     his residence. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to
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     apply to or vary the terms and conditions of sections 168.053 to
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     168.057.
168*#187S
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        168.187 INTERSTATE REGISTRATION AND RECIPROCITY.
        No change for subd 1 to 15
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        Subd. 16. NEW FLEETS. The initial application for
     proportional registration of a fleet shall state the mileage
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    data with respect to such fleet for the preceding year in this
    and other states. If no operations were conducted with such
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     fleet during the preceding year, the application shall contain a
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    full statement of the proposed method of operation and estimates
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    of annual mileage in this and other states. The commissioner of
     public safety shall determine the in-state and total fleet miles
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     to be used in computing the proportional registration fee for
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    the fleet. The commissioner of public safety may adjust the
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     estimate in the application if he the commissioner is not
     satisfied with its correctness.
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        No change for subd 17
        Subd. 18. REFUSAL OF PROPORTIONAL REGISTRATION.
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   commissioner of public safety may refuse proportional
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     registration of vehicles based in another state if-he-finds on
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     finding that such other state does not grant similar
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     registration privileges to fleet vehicles based in this state
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     and that such refusal is in the best interest of this state.
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        Subd. 19. PRESERVATION OF RECORDS AND AUDIT.
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     owner whose application for proportional registration has been
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    accepted shall preserve the records on which it is based for a
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    period of four years following the date of its filing. Each
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73 accuracy of computations and payments and assessments of 74 deficiencies or allowances for credit. If any owner fails to make records available to the commissioner of public safety upon

acceptance shall be conditioned upon agreement of the owner to

make such records available to the commissioner of public

safety, at his the commissioner's request, for audit as to

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request or fails to maintain records from which his the owner's 2 true liability may be determined, the commissioner may, 30 days 3 after a written demand for availability of records or 4 notification of insufficient records, impose an arbitrary assessment of liability based on the commissioner's estimate of the true liability of such owner as determined from information 7 furnished by the owner, information gathered by the commissioner 8 at his the commissioner's own instance, information available to the commissioner concerning operations by similar owners and 10 such other pertinent information as may be available to the 11 commissioner. 12

No change for subd 20 to 23

Subd. 24. ADMINISTRATIVE AGREEMENTS AND RULES. The 14 commissioner of public safety may enter into agreements or 15 arrangements with other states on behalf of this state for 16 proportional registration of proratable vehicles in the manner provided in this section for the purpose of facilitating the administration thereof. In addition he, the commissioner may make arrangements or agreements with other states for the 20 exchange of information for audit and enforcement activities in connection with such proportional registration. The registration of fleet vehicles under this section shall be subject to the rights, terms and conditions granted or contained in any applicable agreement or arrangement made by the commissioner under the authority of this section.

Subd. 25. APPEAL PROCEDURE. Any fleet owner operating under license and fee procedures of this section, upon disagreement with the commissioner of public safety in his the commissioner's administration of this section, may petition in writing to the commissioner stating clearly his the rationale for disagreement with any procedure or decision. The commissioner shall rule on the reconsideration petition after a hearing held as a contested case pursuant to chapter 14. 168*#27S

> 168.27 MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS; VIOLATIONS, PENALTIES. No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. NEW MOTOR VEHICLE DEALER. (a) No person shall engage in the business of selling or arranging the sale of new motor vehicles or shall offer to sell, solicit, arrange or advertise the sale of new motor vehicles without first acquiring a new motor vehicle dealer license. A new motor vehicle dealer licensee shall be entitled thereunder to sell, broker, wholesale or auction and to solicit and advertise the sale, broker, wholesale or auction of new motor vehicles covered by his the franchise and any used motor vehicles or to lease and to solicit and advertise the lease of new motor vehicles and any used motor vehicles and such sales or leases may be either for consumer use at retail or for resale to a dealer. Nothing herein shall be construed to require an applicant for a dealer license who proposes to deal in: (1) new and unused motor vehicle bodies; or (2) type A, B, or C motor homes as defined in section 168.011, subdivision 25, to have a bona fide contract or franchise in effect with either the first-stage manufacturer of the motor home or the manufacturer or distributor of any motor vehicle chassis upon which the new and unused motor vehicle body is mounted. The modification or conversion of a new van-type vehicle into a multipurpose passenger vehicle which is not a motor home does not constitute dealing in new or unused motor vehicle bodies, and a person engaged in the business of selling these van-type vehicles must have a bona fide contract or franchise with the appropriate manufacturer under subdivision 10. A van converter or modifier may-sell who owns these modified or converted van-type vehicles which-he-owns may sell them at wholesale to new motor vehicle dealers having a bona fide contract or franchise with the first-stage manufacturer of the vehicles.

(b) The requirements pertaining to franchises do not apply to persons who remodel or convert motor vehicles for medical purposes. For purposes of this subdivision, "medical purpose" means certification by a licensed physician that remodeling or conversion of a motor vehicle is necessary to enable a handicapped person to use the vehicle.

No change for subd 3 to 7
Subd. 8. EXEMPTIONS. (1) Salesmen Salespeople and other employees of licensed dealers under this section shall not be required to obtain individual licenses.

No change for subd 9

Subd. 10. PLACE OF DOING BUSINESS. All licensees under this section shall have an established place of business which shall include as a minimum,

- (1) For a new motor vehicle dealer, the following:
- (a) a permanent enclosed commercial building on a permanent foundation, owned or under lease by the licensee. The lease shall be for a minimum term of one year. The building shall contain office space where the books, records and files necessary to conduct the business are kept and maintained with personnel available during normal business hours;
- (b) a bona fide contract or franchise (1) in effect with a manufacturer or distributor of the new motor vehicles he the dealer proposes to sell, broker, wholesale or auction, or (2) in effect with the first-stage manufacturer or distributor of new motor vehicles purchased from a van converter or modifier which he the dealer proposes to sell, broker, wholesale, or auction, or (3) in effect with the final stage manufacturer of the new type A, B or C motor homes which he the dealer proposes to sell, broker, wholesale, or auction;
- (c) a facility for the repair and servicing of motor vehicles and the storage of parts and accessories, not to exceed ten miles distance from the principal place of business. Such service may be provided through contract with bona fide operators actually engaged in such services.
- (2) For a used motor vehicle dealer the following: a permanent enclosed commercial building on a permanent foundation, owned or under lease by the licensee. The lease shall be for a minimum term of one year. The building shall contain office space for the books, records and files necessary to conduct the business and maintained with personnel available during normal business hours or automatic telephone answering service during normal working hours.
- (3) For a motor vehicle lessor, the following: a commercial office space where the books, records and files necessary to conduct the business are kept and maintained with personnel available during normal business hours or an automatic telephone answering service during normal business hours.
- (4) For a motor vehicle broker, the following: a commercial office space where the books, records and files necessary to conduct the business are kept and maintained with personnel available during normal business hours or an automatic telephone answering service during normal business hours.
- (5) For a motor vehicle wholesaler, the following: a commercial office space where the books, records and files necessary to conduct the business are kept and maintained with personnel available during normal business hours or an automatic telephone answering service during normal business hours.
- (6) For a motor vehicle auctioneer, the following: a permanent enclosed commercial building, within or without the state, on a permanent foundation, owned or under lease by the licensee. The lease shall be for a minimum term of one year. The building shall contain office space where the books, records and files necessary to conduct the business are kept and maintained with personnel available during normal business hours or an automatic telephone answering service during normal business hours.
- (7) If a new or used motor vehicle dealer maintains more than one place of doing business in a county, the separate places shall be listed on the application. If additional places of business are maintained outside of one county, separate licenses shall be obtained for each county.
- (8) If a motor vehicle lessor, broker or auctioneer maintains more than one permanent place of doing business, either in one or more counties, the separate places shall be listed in the application, but only one license shall be required.

No change for subd 11

Subd. 12. GROUNDS FOR SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION. A license may be suspended or revoked by the registrar of motor vehicles upon proof satisfactory to $h\pm m$ the registrar of any of the following:

(1) violations of any of the provisions of this chapter;

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- (2) violation of or refusal to comply with the requests and order of the registrar;
- (3) failure to make or provide to the registrar all listings, notices, and reports required by him the registrar:
- (4) failure to pay to the registrar all taxes, fees, and arrears due from and by such dealer;
 - (5) failure to duly apply for renewal of license provided for herein;
 - (6) revocation of previous license, of which the records of the registrar relating thereto shall be prima facie evidence of such previous revocation;
 - (7) failure of continued occupancy of an established place of business:
- (8) sale of a new and unused current model motor vehicle other than the make of motor vehicle described in the franchise or contract filed with the original application or renewal thereof, without permission from the registrar;
- (9) sale of a new and unused current model motor vehicle to anyone except for consumer use, or to a dealer duly licensed to sell the same make of motor vehicle;
- (10) material misstatement or misrepresentation in application for license or renewal thereof;
- (11) having advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, broadcast or televised or caused or permitted to be advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, broadcast or televised in any manner whatsoever, or having made orally any statement or representation with regard to the sale, lease or financing of motor vehicles which is false, deceptive or misleading:
- (12) having been convicted of violating section 325F.69, or having been enjoined due to a violation of section 325F.69;
- (13) having been convicted of violating the Minnesota odometer law, section 325E.14, 325E.15, or 325E.16, or the federal odometer law, United States Code, title 15, sections 1981 to 1991, as amended through December 31, 1984;
- (14) having been convicted of violating the sale of motor vehicles on Sunday law, section 168.275; or
- (15) having been convicted under section 609.53 of receiving or selling stolen vehicles.

With respect to clauses (12), (13), and (15), the registrar may suspend or revoke a license immediately upon receiving certification of conviction or permanent injunction. A hearing 43 is required under subdivision 13 within 30 days following a summary suspension or revocation under this paragraph, if a hearing is requested by the licensee.

Subd. 13. SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION; HEARING. The registrar of motor vehicles, upon his the registrar's own motion or upon the complaint of another, shall prepare and cause to be served upon the licensee complained of, a written notice or complaint setting forth, in substance, the violations charged, a statement of the deficiencies which exist and any corrective action deemed appropriate. Said notice shall include a statement that in the event corrective action is deemed appropriate and corrective action is not taken, the dealer's license may be suspended or revoked. The notice shall require the licensee to appear at the time and place fixed therein before the registrar or inspector, and show cause why his the license should not be suspended or revoked.

The registrar shall, at the time and place fixed in the notice, proceed to hear and determine the matter on its merits. All hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 14, except that the provisions of section 14.50, shall not apply. The registrar is authorized to subpoena witnesses and administer oaths. If the registrar shall find the existence of any of the causes for suspension or revocation as set forth in subdivision 12 and determine that corrective action has not been taken or that corrective action will not prevent repetition of the violations charged or that the public interest will not be served by corrective action and the licensee's license should be suspended or revoked, the registrar shall issue a written order setting out his the decision, and a copy of such order shall be served upon such licensee in the manner provided by law for the service of summons in a civil action. #f-the-registrar-finds On finding that the dealer has violated any of the provisions of this section but that the nature of

said violation or the circumstances thereof are such that a

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1 suspension of the license would be adequate, he the registrar may, instead of revoking the license suspend it for a period not exceeding 90 days. #f-he-finds On finding that the violation does not justify a suspension only, he the registrar shall revoke the license. Upon a suspension or revocation, if it be a 6 new or used motor vehicle dealer, said licensee shall immediately return to the registrar all number plates, including any "in transit" plates, in its possession and its dealer's 9 license certificate.

No change for subd 14

Subd. 15. ENFORCEMENT. The registrar is hereby authorized to enforce this section and he is directed to appoint 13 under his the registrar's hand not less than seven persons 14 amongst his the registrar's several employees, as inspectors and investigators and who when so appointed, shall have full authority to enforce this section throughout the state. Before entering upon their official duties, the oath of appointment of each of the additional employees shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. The registrar, his the registrar's inspectors or investigators, when traveling or otherwise pursuing their duties outside the office of the registrar, shall be paid for their actual expenses incurred out of the same funds as other employees of the registrar of motor vehicles. The inspectors shall assist licensees in compliance with laws governing licensees and administered hereunder.

No change for subd 16 to 17

TESTIMONIAL POWERS. Subd. 18. The registrar shall have, and is hereby granted full authority to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses before him the registrar, production of books, papers, and other documents, articles, or instruments, and compel the disclosure by such witnesses of all facts known to them relative to the matter under investigation, and shall have full authority to administer oaths and to take testimony. All parties disobeying the orders of subpoenas of the registrar shall be guilty of contempt, as in proceedings in district courts of the state and may be punished in like manner.

No change for subd 19

Subd. 20. APPLICATION. This section shall not apply to any person, copartnership, or corporation engaged in the business of selling vehicles designed to operate exclusively over snow, motor scooters, motorized wheel chairs, utility trailers, farm wagons, farm trailers, farm tractors or other farm implements whether self-propelled or not, even though such wagons, trailers, tractors or implements may be equipped with a trailer hitch, or to any person licensed as a real estate broker or salesperson pursuant to chapter 82, who engages in the business of selling, or who offers to sell, solicits or advertises the sale of manufactured homes affixed to land, unless such person, copartnership or corporation shall also be engaged in the business of selling other motor vehicles or manufactured homes within the provisions of this section. As used in this subdivision the term "utility trailer" has the following meaning:

"Utility trailer" means a motorless vehicle, other than a boat trailer or snowmobile trailer, equipped with one or two wheels and having a carrying capacity of 2000 pounds or less and used for carrying property on its own structure while being drawn by a motor vehicle.

Subd. 21. Repealed, 1981 c 59 s 20

Subd. 22. MOTORIZED BICYCLES, BOAT AND SNOWMOBILE TRAILERS. Any person, copartnership or corporation having a permanent enclosed commercial building or structure either owned in fee or leased and engaged in the business, either exclusively or in addition to any other occupation, of selling motorized bicycles, boat trailers or snowmobile trailers, may apply to the registrar for a dealer's license. Upon payment of a \$10 fee the registrar shall license the applicant as a dealer for the remainder of the calendar year in which the application was received. Thereafter the license may be renewed on or before the second day of January of each year by payment of a fee of \$10. The registrar shall issue to each dealer, upon his request of the dealer, dealer plates as provided in subdivision 16 upon payment of \$3 for each plate, and the plates may be used in the same manner and for the same purposes as is provided in subdivision 16. Except for motorized bicycle dealers, the registrar shall also issue to the dealer, upon his request of

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1 the dealer, "in transit" plates as provided in subdivision 17 2 upon payment of a fee of \$2 for each plate. This subdivision shall not be construed to abrogate any of the provisions of this 4 section as the same relates to the duties, responsibilities and 5 requirements of persons, copartnerships or corporations engaged in the business, either exclusively or in addition to other occupations, of selling motor vehicles or manufactured homes. Subd. 23. REGISTRAR MAY FILE CHARGES. The registrar 9 or his the registrar's appointed inspectors may file charges 10 with the county attorney against any licensee who violates any

of the provisions of this section, including but not limited to,

the grounds for suspension or revocation set out in subdivision

13 12. Any violation of this section is a misdemeanor.

14 No change for subd 24 to 25

168*#275S

168.275 SALE OF MOTOR VEHICLES ON SUNDAY FORBIDDEN. Any person who shall carry on or engage in the business of 17 buying, selling, exchanging, dealing in or trading in new or used motor vehicles; or who shall open any place of business or lot wherein he the person attempts to or does engage in the 20 business of buying, selling, exchanging, dealing or trading in new or used motor vehicles; or who does buy, sell, exchange, deal or trade in new or used motor vehicles as a business on the 23 first day of the week, commonly known and designated as Sunday, 24 is guilty of a misdemeanor for the first offense, and a gross 25 misdemeanor for each succeeding offense. Such a person upon 26 conviction for the first offense shall pay a fine not to exceed \$700 or be imprisoned for a period of not more than ten days; 28 and for the second offense shall pay a fine not to exceed \$3,000 29 or be imprisoned for a period of not more than 30 days or both; 30 and for the third or each subsequent offense shall pay a fine of not more than \$3,000 or be imprisoned for a period of not more than six months or both.

168*#285 168.28 VEHICLES SUBJECT TO TAX; EXCEPTIONS. 33

Every motor vehicle (except those exempted in section 168.012, and except those exempted in section 168.012 which are being towed upon the streets and highways and which shall not be deemed to be using the streets and highways within the meaning of this section) shall be deemed to be one using the public streets and highways and hence as such subject to taxation under 40 this act if such motor vehicle has since April 23, 1921, used such public streets or highways, or shall actually use them, or if it shall come into the possession of an owner other than as a 43 manufacturer, dealer, warehouseman warehouse operator, mortgagee or pledgee. New and unused motor vehicles in the possession of a dealer solely for the purpose of sale, and used or secondhand 46 motor vehicles which have not theretofore used the public streets or highways of this state which are in the possession of 48 a dealer solely for the purpose of sale and which are duly 49 listed as herein provided, shall not be deemed to be vehicles 50 using the public streets or highways. The driving or operating of a motor vehicle upon the public streets or highways of this state by a motor vehicle dealer or any employee of such motor vehicle dealer for demonstration purposes or for any purpose 54 incident to the usual and customary conduct and operation of his the business in which he-has-been licensed under section 168.27 to engage, or solely for the purpose of moving it from points 57 outside or within the state to the place of business or storage 58 of a licensed dealer within the state or solely for the purpose of moving it from the place of business of a manufacturer, or licensed dealer within the state to the place of business or residence of a purchaser outside the state, shall not be deemed to be using the public streets or highways in the state within the meaning of this chapter or of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, Article 14, and shall not be held to make the motor vehicle subject to taxation under this chapter as one using the public streets or highways, if during such driving or moving the dealer's plates herein provided for shall be duly displayed upon such vehicle. Any dealer or distributor may 69 register a motor vehicle prior to its assessment or taxation as 70 personal property, and pay the license fee and tax thereon for 71 the full calendar year as one using the public streets and highways, and thereafter such vehicle shall be deemed to be one using the public streets and highways and shall not be subject

74 to assessment or taxation as personal property during the

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1 calendar year for which it is so registered, whether or not such vehicle shall actually have used the streets or highways. 168*#295

168.29 DUPLICATE PLATES.

In the event of the defacement, loss or destruction of any 4 5 number plates, the registrar, upon receiving and filing a sworn 6 statement of the vehicle owner, setting forth the circumstances of the defacement, loss, destruction or theft of the number 8 plates, together with any defaced plates and the payment of the 9 fee of \$5 shall issue a new set of plates. The registrar shall then note on his the registrar's records the issue of such new 10 11 number plates and shall proceed in such manner as he the 12 registrar may deem advisable to cancel and call in the original 13 plates so as to insure against their use on another motor 14 vehicle. Duplicate registration certificates plainly marked as 15 duplicates may be issued in like cases upon the payment of a \$1 16 fee. 168*#30S

168.30 TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP.

Every owner or transferor of a motor vehicle who fails or 19 delays for more than 14 days to surrender the registration 20 certificate and existing number plates as herein provided, before he the owner or transferor having paid the tax required 21 by this chapter shall be entitled to sell and assign his the 22 right to have the tax paid by him the owner or transferor 23 24 credited to the transferee as herein provided, shall pay to the registrar a fee of \$1 provided the added fee for such failure or 25 delay in reporting such transfer of ownership as required by law 27 shall not be more than one-half the annual tax. A filing with, 28 or delivery to the registrar of any application, notice, 29 certificate or plates as required by this section shall be 30 construed to be within the requirements of this section if made to the registrar or his a deputy registrar at an office 31 32 maintained therefor, or if deposited in the mail or with a 33 carrier by express with postage or carriage charge prepaid, and 34 properly addressed to the registrar within 14 days after the 35 transfer of ownership or other occurrence upon which this 36 section provides for such filing or delivery. 168*#31S

168.31 TAX, WHEN DUE AND PAYABLE.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 4. INSTALLMENTS. If the tax for a vehicle 39 assessed under section 168.013 or 168.187 amounts to more than 40 \$400, the owner may pay such tax by installments. The owner 41 shall tender with his the application for registration one-third of the annual tax due or \$400, whichever is greater, plus any 43 penalties or arrears, plus a fee of \$10. Instead of this fee, 45 the applicant may furnish a bond, bank letter of credit, or 46 certificate of deposit approved by the registrar of motor vehicles, for the total of the tax still due. The amount of the 47 bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit may include any penalties which are assessed. The bond, letter of credit, 49 or certificate of deposit shall be for the benefit of the state 50 for monetary loss caused by failure of the vehicle owner to pay 51 delinquent license fees and penalties. The remainder of the tax 52 53 due shall be paid in two equal installments; the due date of the first installment shall be the first day of the fifth month of 54 55 the registration period for which the tax is assessed and the 56 second installment shall be due on the first day of the ninth month of the registration period for which the tax is assessed. 57 When the applicant elects to pay the administrative fee, the 59 registrar shall issue to the applicant validation stickers for the installment paid. When the applicant elects to furnish a 61 bond, bank letter, or letter of deposit, the registrar shall 62 issue validation stickers for the registration year. If an owner of a vehicle fails to pay an installment on or before the 63 64 due date thereof, the vehicle shall not use the public streets 65 or highways in this state until the installment or installments 66 of the tax remaining due on such vehicle shall have been paid in 67 full for the licensed year together with a penalty at the rate of \$1 per day for the remainder of the month in which the 68 69 balance of the tax becomes due and \$4 a month for each 70 succeeding month or fraction thereof during which the balance of 71 the tax remains unpaid. Upon the payment of the balance of the tax and the penalties, the registrar shall issue a registration

certificate to the owner of the vehicle in the manner provided

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by law. The registrar shall deny installment payment privileges provided in this subdivision in the subsequent year to any owner 3 on any or all vehicles of such owner who during the current year fails to pay any installment due within one month after the due

6 No change for subd 5 to 6 168*#321S

168,321 MANUFACTURERS TO FILE STATEMENT.

The registrar may refuse to register any new vehicle unless the manufacturer thereof has filed the sworn statement herein 10 provided for the model of the motor vehicle offered for registration. The registrar shall have authority to determine the weight of any vehicle on which the record of the manufacturer's shipping weight is not available in his the 14 office.

Every manufacturer of a motor vehicle sold or offered for sale within this state shall each year file with the registrar a sworn statement showing the various models manufactured, the 18 manufacturer's shipping weights including the weight of 19 automatic transmissions where such equipment is offered as 20 optional equipment and not included in the shipping weight, the beginning serial or identification number of each model or 22 series if manufactured on a yearly model basis, or if not 23 manufactured on a yearly model basis, the formula or method used 24 to determine the year of model, and such other information as the registrar deems necessary. Upon the introduction of any new 26 models during the year, the manufacturer shall in like manner file a new statement setting forth the required information for each new model.

The information furnished in the manufacturer's statement may be considered by the registrar as prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein.

168*#33S

168.33 COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC SAFETY TO BE REGISTRAR. Subdivision 1. DUTIES. The commissioner of public safety shall be the registrar of motor vehicles of the state of Minnesota, and it shall be-his-duty-to exercise all the powers granted to and perform all the duties imposed upon-him by this chapter. The commissioner of public safety--in-his-discretion; may employ not to exceed eight persons as inspectors, to obtain information and report to the registrar regarding motor vehicles subject to taxation under this chapter upon which the tax has not been paid, and to present suitable complaints to courts of competent jurisdiction.

Subd. 2. POWERS. The registrar shall have the power 44 to appoint, hire and discharge and fix the compensation of the necessary employees, in the manner provided by law, as may be required to enable him the registrar to properly carry out the duties imposed upon-him by the provisions of this chapter. As 48 of April 14, 1976, the registrar may appoint, and for cause discontinue, a deputy registrar for any city as the public interest and convenience may require, without regard to whether the county auditor of the county in which the city is situated 52 has been appointed as the deputy registrar for the county or has 53 been discontinued as the deputy registrar for the county, and 54 without regard to whether the county in which the city is 55 situated has established a county license bureau which issues 56 motor vehicle licenses as provided in section 373.32.

Effective August 1, 1976, the registrar may appoint, and for cause discontinue, a deputy registrar for any city as the public interest and convenience may require, if the auditor for the county in which the city is situated chooses not to accept appointment as the deputy registrar for the county or is discontinued as a deputy registrar, or if the county in which the city is situated has not established a county license bureau which issues motor vehicle license as provided in section 373.32. Any person appointed by the registrar as a deputy registrar for any city shall be a resident of the county in which the city is situated.

The registrar may appoint, and for cause discontinue, the county auditor of each county as a deputy registrar. Upon approval of the county board, the auditor, with the approval of the director of motor vehicles, may appoint, and for cause discontinue, the clerk or equivalent officer of each city or any other person as a deputy registrar as public interest and convenience may require, regardless of his the appointee's

county of residence. Notwithstanding any other provision, a person other than a county auditor or a director of a county license bureau, who was appointed by the registrar before August 1, 1976, as a deputy registrar for any city, may continue to serve as deputy registrar and may be discontinued for cause only by the registrar. The county auditor who appointed the deputy registrars shall be responsible for the acts of deputy registrars appointed by him the auditor. Each such deputy, 8 9 before entering upon the discharge of his duties, shall take and 10 subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge his the duties and to 11 uphold the laws of the state. If a deputy registrar appointed hereunder is not an officer or employee of a county or city, such deputy shall in addition give bond to the state in the sum 13 14 of \$10,000, or such larger sum as may be required by the 15 registrar, conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his duties 16 as deputy registrar. A corporation governed by chapter 302A may 17 be appointed a deputy registrar. Upon application by an 18 individual serving as a deputy registrar and the giving of the 19 requisite bond as provided in subdivision 2 of this section, 20 personally assured by the individual or another individual 21 approved by the commissioner of public safety, a corporation named in an application shall become the duly appointed and 22 23 qualified successor to the deputy registrar. Each deputy registrar appointed hereunder shall keep and maintain, in a 24 25 convenient public place within the place for which he-is 26 appointed, a registration and motor vehicle tax collection 27 bureau, to be approved by the registrar, for the registration of 28 motor vehicles and the collection of motor vehicle taxes 29 thereon. He The deputy registrar shall keep such records and make such reports to the registrar as that officer, from time to 30 31 time, may require. Such records shall be maintained at the 32 facility of the deputy registrar. The records and facilities of the deputy registrar shall at all times be open to the 33 34 inspection of the registrar or his the registrar's agents. He 35 The deputy registrar shall report to the registrar by the next 36 working day following receipt all registrations made and taxes 37 and fees collected by him the deputy registrar. The filing fee 38 imposed pursuant to subdivision 7 shall be deposited in the 39 treasury of the place for which he-is appointed, or if such 40 deputy-is not a public official, he such deputy shall retain the filing fee, but the registration tax and any additional fees for 41 42 delayed registration he the deputy registrar has collected he the deputy registrar shall deposit by the next working day 43 44 following receipt in an approved state depository to the credit of the state through the state treasurer. The place for which the deputy registrar is appointed through its governing body 45 46 shall provide the deputy registrar with facilities and personnel 47 48 to carry out the duties imposed by this subdivision if such 49 deputy is a public official. In all other cases, the deputy 50 shall maintain a suitable facility for serving the public. 51 No change for subd 2a to 2b 52 Subd. 3. RECORD. The registrar shall keep a 53 54 registrar's office, indexed, according to registration number, according to name of owner, according to make of motor vehicle 55 56 and the factory identification number for such makes as are so 57 identified or according to the serial number of such makes as 58 are so identified until the manufacturers thereof adopt and use 59 an identification number, and according to such other 60 information as he the registrar shall deem advisable. 61 Duplicates of the certificate of registration shall be used, 62 until a more efficient system is evolved, to make the 63 registration number and owner's indexes herein required, and 64 such other copies as are desirable. He The registrar may 65 furnish to any one applying therefor transcripts of such records 66 for not less than the cost of preparing the same; provided, that 67 any sums in excess of such cost received by the registrar for 68 furnishing such transcripts shall be paid by him the registrar 69 into the state treasury. He The registrar shall also furnish 70 copies thereof, without charge, to the chiefs of police of the 71 cities of Minneapolis, 'St. Paul, and Duluth. 72 No change for subd 4 73 Subd. 5. SYNOPSIS OF LAWS; REPORT. The registrar 74 shall prepare a brief synopsis of this chapter, and such other 75 matter dealing with regulations in the use of motor vehicles as 76

he the registrar may deem advisable, and furnish a copy of same

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GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 01/17/86 -PAGE 48 1 to any person upon application. He The registrar shall prepare, on or before November 15, preceding any regular legislative session, a report to the legislature containing such information and recommendations as he the registrar may deem advisable. 5 Subd. 6. APPLICATION FORMS FURNISHED. The registrar 6 shall furnish, from time to time, to the county recorder of each 7 county in the state forms for listing and for applications for 8 registration, as provided herein, and shall, before January 9 first in each year, furnish to the county recorder of each 10 county, and to such others as he the registrar shall deem 11 advisable, charts or lists setting forth the tax to which each 12 motor vehicle is subject. The registrar shall immediately 13 destroy all number plates surrendered to him the registrar which are unsuitable for further issue, and shall cancel all 14 15 certificates so surrendered. No change for subd 7 16 168*#345 168.34 INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED. 17 The registrar shall maintain in his the registrar's office 18 19 an information bureau to immediately answer such questions, 20 through personal inquiry, telephone, or letter, as may be 21 answered from his the registrar's files, and, when authorized by an inquirer to telegraph collect, shall so answer. Sheriffs and 22 police departments shall promptly report stolen motor vehicles 23 24 and motor vehicles recovered, on forms provided by the 25 registrar, and each month the registrar shall print and send a 26 list of such motor vehicles to such officials and to the motor vehicle department in each of the several states. Initial 27 28 applications for registration shall be checked against the 29 list. Registrations shall be completed with the utmost dispatch, in such manner as to render the most efficient service 30 31 to the public, on the same day that the application is 32 received. The telephone and telegraph shall be immediately used 33 in all cases where reverse or collect charges are authorized. 34 The registrar, or any deputy or employee, shall not be liable to 35 any person for mistake or negligence in the giving of information not wilfully calculated to injure such person. The 36 37 registration system shall be so conducted, and the requirements 38 thereof so construed, as to furnish to the public immediate, accurate information as to any single car about which the 39 inquiry may be made, and to furnish the registrar a means of 40 41 checking back during any year to determine that all motor 42 vehicles subject to taxation and licensing have had the proper 43 tax or fee paid thereon. The mail or carriers by express may be 44 used for any notice for delivery required of the registrar. 168*#36S 168.36 UNREGISTERED VEHICLES, USE. 45 Subdivision 1. MISDEMEANOR. Any person who shall 46 use or cause any motor vehicle to be used or operated in 47 violation of the provisions of this chapter or while a 48 49 certificate of registration of a motor vehicle issued to him the 50 person is suspended or revoked, or who shall knowingly deliver a 51 motor vehicle to another to be used or operated in violation of this chapter, or who shall violate any of the provisions 52 thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. 53 54 Subd. 2. CERTAIN ACTS, MISDEMEANORS. Any person who 55 shall loan or use any number plate or registration certificate 56 upon or in connection with any motor vehicle except the one for 57

which the same was duly issued, or upon any such motor vehicle after such certificate or plates, or the right to use the same, have expired, or any person who shall retain in his possession or shall fail to surrender, as herein provided, any such number plate or registration certificate shall be guilty of a 62 misdemeanor. Any person who manufactures, buys, sells, uses or displays motor vehicle license number plates, motor vehicle registration certificates, or tax receipts issued by this state or any other state, territory or district in the United States, without proper authority from such state, territory or district of the United States, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, punished by a fine of not less than \$25 69 nor more than \$100 or by confinement of not less than 15 nor more than 90 days or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Subd. 3. ALTERATIONS, MISDEMEANORS. Any person who shall deface or alter any registration certificate or number 73 plate or retain the same in his possession after it has been 74 defaced or altered shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

168.37 PLATE TABS OR STICKERS; MONTHLY REGISTRATION SYSTEM.

Subd. 3. The registrar may rearrange the words and figures on plates issued for vehicles under the monthly series system of registration to provide space on the plates for tabs or stickers which he the registrar shall issue to indicate the period of registration.

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8 168.381 MANUFACTURE OF MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE NUMBER 9 PLATES.

License number plates required by law may be manufactured by the Minnesota correctional facility-St. Cloud, the Minnesota correctional facility-Stillwater or other facility established by law for the confinement of persons convicted of felony upon order from the registrar of motor vehicles, such order to state the quality of material desired in such plates, the specifications thereof, and the amount or number desired.

Should the commissioner of corrections decide not to supply the required quantity of license plates, or discontinue the manufacture of plates, the commissioner of public safety is authorized to seek other suppliers on a competitive basis. Materials purchased to be used in the manufacture of such motor vehicle number plates shall be tested as to conformance with specifications established by the commissioner of public safety in a privately operated laboratory service to be designated by the commissioner. The cost of such laboratory shall be included in the cost of materials purchased. The cost of delivery of such number plates to the commissioner of public safety at places which he the commissioner may designate shall be included in the expenses incurred in their manufacture. The commissioner of public safety shall establish new or revised specifications for the material and equipment used in the manufacture of number plates ordered for manufacture after August 1, 1975, and may from time to time revise such specifications, provided that such specifications conform to the requirements of section 168.12. In establishing new or revised specifications he the commissioner shall consult with and give consideration to the advice and recommendations of representatives of the Minnesota state patrol, local police officers' associations and the county sheriffs' association.

Moneys appropriated to the department of public safety to 41 procure the plates for any fiscal year or years shall be available for allotment, encumbrance, and expenditure from and after the date of the enactment of such appropriation. Materials and equipment used in the manufacture of such number plates are subject only to the approval of the commissioner of public safety.

This section contemplates that moneys to be appropriated to the department of public safety in order to carry out the terms and provisions of this section will be appropriated by the legislature from the highway user tax distribution fund. 168*#62S

168.62 REGISTRATION.

Subdivision 1. An owner or operator of more than one intercity bus shall register a percentage of his those intercity buses of the owner or operator in Minnesota. The percentage of the intercity buses so registered shall be determined by dividing the total number of miles traveled by such intercity buses within the state of Minnesota by the total number of miles traveled by such intercity buses both within and without the state of Minnesota. Such percentage figure so arrived at is the percentage of intercity motor buses which the owner or operator thereof shall register in Minnesota. A fractional intercity bus shall be registered as one intercity bus. The number of intercity buses so registered in the state of Minnesota are deemed to be domiciled in Minnesota and subject to motor vehicle taxation in this state.

Subd. 2. When the number of intercity buses to be registered in Minnesota is determined as herein provided, the owner or operator thereof shall select the particular intercity buses to be so registered. The motor vehicle tax to be paid thereon for each calendar year shall be determined by the registrar of motor vehicles --- He, who shall compute the amount of motor vehicle tax on each intercity bus of the owner or operator thereof as though all of such intercity buses were

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1 required to be registered in Minnesota. The amount so arrived at shall then be divided by the total number of intercity buses 3 of such owner or operator to obtain the average motor vehicle 4 tax due on an intercity bus registered in Minnesota. Such 5 average tax shall be paid on each intercity bus registered in Minnesota in the same manner and at the same time as other motor vehicles using the streets and highways of Minnesota are taxed 8 and the taxes paid thereon. The registrar of motor vehicles shall issue number plates for the intercity buses registered in

Subd. 3. At the same time that an owner or operator of intercity buses registers them in Minnesota and obtains number 13 plates therefor, he the owner or operator shall apply for special identification plates or certificates for the remainder of his that fleet of intercity buses. The registrar of motor vehicles shall design an appropriate plate or identification certificate for this purpose which shall be issued upon the payment of a fee of \$10.00 covering each intercity bus so 19 identified. The proceeds of such fees shall be deposited to the 20 credit of the highway user tax distribution fund. No intercity bus shall at any time be operated in the state of Minnesota without either Minnesota number plates or special identification plates or certificates issued as herein provided. 168*#63S

168.63 REGISTRAR OF MOTOR VEHICLES, DUTIES.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. The registrar of motor vehicles shall determine the percentage of intercity buses to be registered in Minnesota 28 by an owner or operator thereof. He The registrar shall 29 determine the total number of miles traveled by each intercity bus within the state of Minnesota and the total number of miles such intercity bus traveled both within and without the state of 32 Minnesota. In making such determinations he the registrar may 33 use mileage records of operation of each owner or operator of intercity buses for such period of time as he the registrar deems appropriate and during which operation existed. If there are no operations in Minnesota for any period of time so as to 37 determine the mileage records of operation he the registrar shall use such estimates as will fairly determine the percentage of intercity buses which any owner or operator thereof shall register in Minnesota.

Subd. 3. Whenever-an-owner-or-operator-of-intercity-buses increases-his When increasing the fleet of intercity buses after the beginning of a calendar year in which a percentage of the 44 fleet has been registered in Minnesota, he the owner or operator of those intercity buses shall notify the registrar of motor vehicles thereof.

Subd. 4. Whenever the-owner-or-operator-of-intercity-buses 48 substitutes substituting an intercity bus in his the fleet as a 49 result of new purchase or otherwise, he the owner or operator of 50 <u>intercity buses</u> shall likewise notify the registrar of motor vehicles thereof.

Subd. 5. At the close of each calendar year and not later 53 than February 15th of the next succeeding year, beginning with 54 1959, the registrar of motor vehicles shall re-compute and 55 re-determine the number of intercity buses required to have been registered in Minnesota for the prior year and the actual amount of tax liability for such previous year shall likewise be 58 re-determined. Any additional tax which may be due by any owner or operator of intercity buses shall be paid forthwith. If it 60 is determined as a result of such recomputation that there has 61 been an overpayment of tax, the amount of such overpayment shall be credited to the amount of tax which may be due by the owner 63 or operator of intercity buses in any subsequent year. In the event any owner or operator of intercity buses discontinues 65 operations in Minnesota and has a tax credit due him as a result of overpayment of motor vehicle taxes for any year, the amount of such overpayment shall be refunded. Such sums as are necessary to make the refunds herein are hereby appropriated annually from the highway user tax distribution fund.

168.64 RULES, REQUIREMENTS.

The registrar of motor vehicles shall:

72 (a) Promulgate such rules and regulations as he the 73 registrar may deem necessary in order to fully administer and 74 carry out the terms and provisions of sections 168.61 to 168.65;

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- (b) Require owners and operators of intercity buses to furnish such information and to make and file such reports as he the registrar deems necessary in order to administer sections 168.61 to 168.65.
- (c) Require re-computation of the percentage of intercity buses of any owner or operator at any time he the registrar has 7 reason to believe that an insufficient number of such intercity buses of such owner or operator are registered in Minnesota. If as a result of any such re-computation, the registrar of motor 9 10 vehicles determines that additional intercity buses should be 11 registered in Minnesota, he the registrar shall require the 12 owner or operator thereof to so register such additional buses 13 and pay the taxes thereon in accordance with the standards required by this section. All intercity buses registered under 14 15 the terms of this provision shall be registered for a full 16 calendar year. All taxes computed on the percentage of intercity buses to be registered in the state of Minnesota shall 17 18 likewise be computed on the basis of a full calendar year. If 19 additional taxes are required to be paid by an owner or operator 20 of intercity buses under this provision, such owner or operator 21 shall also pay interest at the rate of six percent per annum on 22 the amount so paid with interest computed from January 1st of 23 the calendar year in which the taxes are due to the date of 24 payment. 168*#67S
 - 168.67 SALES FINANCE COMPANIES; LICENSES, FEES, REFUNDS.
 - (a) No person shall engage in the business of a sales finance company in this state without a license therefor as provided in sections 168.66 to 168.77 provided, however, that no bank, trust company, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, whether state or federally chartered, industrial loan and thrift company, or licensee under the Minnesota Regulated Loan Act authorized to do business in this state shall be required to obtain a license under sections 168.66 to 168.77.
 - (b) The application for a license shall be in writing, under oath and in the form prescribed by the administrator. The application shall contain the name of the applicant; date of incorporation, if incorporated; the address where the business is or is to be conducted and similar information as to any branch office of the applicant; the name and resident address of the owner or partners, or, if a corporation or association, of the directors, trustees and principal officers, and other pertinent information the administrator requires.
 - (c) The licensee fee for the fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30 of the following year, or any part thereof shall be the sum of \$150 for the principal place of business of the licensee, and the sum of \$75 for each branch of the licensee, maintained in this state. Any licensee who proves to the satisfaction of the administrator, by affidavit or other proof satisfactory to the administrator, that during the 12 calendar months of the immediately preceding fiscal year, for which his the license has been paid that he the licensee has not held retail installment contracts exceeding \$15,000 in amount, shall be entitled to a refund of that portion of each license fee paid in excess of \$25. The administrator shall certify to the commissioner of finance that the licensee is entitled to a refund, and payment thereof shall be made by the state treasurer. The amount necessary to pay for the refundment of the license fee is appropriated out of the general fund. All license fees received by the administrator under sections 168.66 to 168.77 shall be deposited with the state treasurer.
 - (d) Each license shall specify the location of the office or branch and must be conspicuously displayed there. In case the location be changed, the administrator shall endorse the change of location on the license.
 - (e) Upon the filing of such application, and the payment of the fee, the administrator shall issue a license to the applicant to engage in the business of a sales finance company under and in accordance with the provisions of sections 168.66 to 168.77 for a period which shall expire the last day of June next following the date of its issuance. The license shall not be transferable or assignable. No licensee shall transact any business provided for by sections 168.66 to 168.77 under any other name.

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71 72 PAGE

- 168.68 SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF LICENSE.
- (a) A license may be suspended or revoked by the 3 administrator on the following grounds:
- 4 (1) material misstatement in application for license;
- (2) intentional failure to comply with any provision of 6 sections 168.66 to 168.77 relating to retail installment 7 contract;
- 8 (3) defrauding any retail buyer to the buyer's damage;
- (4) fraudulent misrepresentation, circumvention or 10 concealment by the licensee through whatever subterfuge or 11 device of any of the material particulars or the nature thereof required to be stated or furnished to the retail buyer under sections 168.66 to 168.77.
- (b) If a licensee is a firm, association or corporation, it 15 shall be sufficient cause for the suspension or revocation of a 16 license that any officer, director or trustee of a licensed firm, association or corporation, or any member of a licensed partnership, has so acted or failed to act as would be cause for 19 suspending or revoking a license to such part as an individual. 20 Each licensee shall be responsible for the acts of any or all of 21 his the licensee's employees while acting as his the licensee's agent, if the licensee after actual knowledge of his that 23 employee's act retained the benefits, proceeds, profits or 24 advantages accruing from the acts or otherwise ratified the acts.
- (c) No license shall be suspended or revoked except after hearing. The administrator shall give the licensee at least ten days' written notice, in the form of an order to show cause, of 28 the time and place of the hearing by certified mail addressed to the principal place of business in this state of the licensee. The notice shall contain the grounds of complaint against the licensee. Any order suspending or revoking the license shall recite the grounds upon which it is based. The order shall be 33 entered upon the records of the administrator and shall not be 34 effective until after 30 days' written notice thereof given after such entry forwarded by certified mail to the licensee at 36 such principal place of business. No revocation, suspension or 37 surrender of any license shall impair or affect the obligation of any lawful retail installment contract acquired previously thereto by the licensee.
- (d) Within 30 days after the service of notice of any order 41 of suspension or revocation of a license, the licensee aggrieved may appeal from the order to the district court for the county in which the principal place of business of the licensee in this 44 state is located, by service of a written notice of appeal upon the administrator, and filing it with proof of service with the clerk of the court to which the appeal is taken, within five days. The district court has jurisdiction over the appeal. It shall be entered upon the records of the court and tried 49 according to the rules of civil procedure in so far as they are applicable. Upon receiving service of a notice of appeal upon him, the administrator shall file with the clerk of the district 52 court to which the appeal is taken a certified copy of the order 53 appealed from and of the order to show cause upon which it was based. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the documents filed shall frame the issues to be determined upon the appeal. The court shall determine, de novo, all questions, both of fact and of law, touching upon the legality and reasonableness of the 58 determination of the administrator, and shall render such judgment as shall be lawful and just. Pending final judgment on the appeal, the order appealed from shall be stayed. Upon 61 motion of the licensee or the administrator, the appeal shall be 62 tried ahead of all other actions pending before the court except criminal cases. Appeals may be taken as in other civil cases. 168*#69S

168.69 COMPLAINTS ALLEGING VIOLATION.

Any retail buyer having reason to believe that sections 67 contract has been violated may file with the administrator a
68 written complaint setting factors. 168.66 to 168.77 relating to his the buyer's retail installment written complaint setting forth the details of such alleged 69 violation and the administrator, upon receipt of such complaint, 70 may inspect the pertinent books, records, letters and contracts of the licensee and of the retail seller involved, relating to such specific written complaint.

168*#70S

73 168.70 TESTIMONIAL POWERS OF ADMINISTRATOR.

74 The administrator shall have power to issue subpoenas to

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compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, papers, books, records and other evidence before him 3 the administrator in any matter over which he the administrator has jurisdiction, control or supervision pertaining to sections 5 168.66 to 168.77. The administrator shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations to any person whose testimony 7 is required.

If any person shall refuse to obey any such subpoena, or to give testimony, or to produce evidence as required thereby, any judge of any district court may, upon application and proof of such refusal, make an order for the issuance of a subpoena, or subpoena duces tecum, for the witness to appear before the administrator and to give testimony, and to produce evidence as required thereby. Upon filing such order in the office of the clerk of such court the clerk shall issue a subpoena, as directed, under the seal of said court, requiring the person to whom it is directed to appear at the time and place therein designated.

If any person served with any such subpoena shall refuse to obey the same, or to give testimony or to produce evidence as required thereby, the administrator may report such refusal to the court, and the court shall thereupon enforce obedience to the subpoena in the manner provided by law for enforcing obedience to subpoenas of the court.

168*#705S

168.705 EXAMINATIONS.

For the purpose of discovering violations of sections 168.66 to 168.77 or securing information lawfully required by 28 him the administrator hereunder, the administrator may, at any time, either personally or by a person or persons duly designated by him the administrator, investigate the conditional sales contracts and business related to the conditional sales contracts and examine the books, accounts, records, and files 33 used therein, of every licensee and of every person who shall be engaged in the business of a sales finance company, whether the person shall act as principal or agent, or under or without the authority of sections 168.66. to 168.77. For that purpose, the administrator and his the administrator's duly designated representative shall have free access to the offices and places of business, books, accounts, papers, records, files, safes, and vaults of all these persons. The administrator and all persons duly designated by him the administrator shall have authority to require the attendance of and to examine, under oath, all persons whomsoever whose testimony he the administrator may require relative to the conditional sales contract or the business or to the subject matter of any examination, investigation, or hearing.

The administrator shall make an examination of the affairs, business, office, and records of each licensee at least once every two calendar years. Each licensee shall pay to the administrator an amount as may be required under section 46.131, and the administrator may maintain an action for the recovery of the costs in any court of competent jurisdiction. 168*#706S

168.706 BOOKS OF ACCOUNT; ANNUAL REPORT.

The licensee shall keep and use in his the licensee's business such books, accounts, and records as will enable the administrator to determine whether the licensee is complying with the provisions of sections 168.66 to 168.77 and with the 58 rules and regulations lawfully made by the administrator hereunder. Every licensee shall preserve such books, accounts, and records, including cards used in the card system, if any, for at least two years after making the final entry on any 62 conditional sale contract recorded therein.

Each licensee shall annually on or before March 15 file a report to the administrator giving such relevant information as the administrator reasonably may require concerning the business and operations during the preceding calendar year of each licensed place of business, conducted by such licensee within the state. Such report shall be made under oath and shall be in the form prescribed by the administrator, who shall make and publish annually an analysis and recapitulation of such reports. 168*#71S

71 168.71 RETAIL INSTALLMENT CONTRACTS.

72 (a) (1) Every retail installment contract shall be in writing, shall contain all the agreements of the parties, shall

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be signed by the retail buyer and seller, and a copy thereof 2 shall be furnished to such retail buyer at the time of the 3 execution of the contract.

- (2) No provisions for confession of judgment or power of 5 attorney therefor contained in any retail installment contract or contained in a separate agreement relating thereto, shall be valid or enforceable.
- (3) The holder of a retail installment contract may, if the contract so provides, collect a delinquency and collection 10 charge on each installment in arrears for a period not less than 11 ten days in an amount not in excess of five percent of each installment or \$5, whichever is the less. In addition to such 13 delinquency and collection charge, the retail installment contract may provide for the payment of attorneys' fees not exceeding 15 percent of the amount due and payable under such contract where such contract is referred to an attorney not a salaried employee of the holder of the contract for collection plus the court costs.
- (4) Unless written notice has been given to the retail 20 buyer of actual or intended assignment of a retail installment 21 contract, payment thereunder or tender thereof made by the retail buyer to the last known holder of such contract shall be binding upon all subsequent holders or assignees.
- (5) Upon written request from the retail buyer, the holder 25 of the retail installment contract shall give or forward to the retail buyer a written statement of the dates and amounts of payments and the total amount unpaid under such contract. A retail buyer shall be given a written receipt for any payment 29 when made in cash.
 - (b) The retail installment contract shall contain the following items:
- (1) The cash sale price of the motor vehicle which is the 33 subject matter of the retail installment contract;
 - (2) The amount of the retail buyer's down payment, whether made in money or goods, or partly in money or partly in goods;
 - (3) The difference between items one and two;
- (4) The charge, if any, included in the transaction for any 38 insurance and other benefits, specifying the types of coverage and benefits;
- (5) Principal balance, which is the sum of item three and 41 item four;
 - (6) The amount of the time price differential;
 - (7) The time balance payable by the retail buyer to the 44 retail seller and the number of installment payments required 45 and the amount of each installment expressed in dollars or 46 percentages, and date of each payment necessary finally to pay the time balance which is the sum of item five and item six.

Provided, however, that said items one to seven inclusive 49 need not be stated in the sequence or order set forth above and that additional items may be included which serve to explain the 51 calculations involved in determining the stated time balance to be paid by the retail buyer.

- (c) Every retail seller or sales finance company, if a 54 charge for insurance on the motor vehicle is included in a retail installment contract shall within 30 days after execution of the retail installment contract send or cause to be sent to the retail buyer a policy or policies or certificate of insurance, which insurance shall be written by a company authorized to do business in this state, clearly setting forth the amount of the premium, the kind or kinds of insurance and the scope of the coverage and all the terms, exceptions, limitations, restrictions and conditions of the contract or contracts of the insurance. The buyer of a motor vehicle under a retail installment contract shall have the privilege of purchasing such insurance from an agent or broker of his the buyer's own selection and selecting an insurance company mutually acceptable to the seller and the buyer; provided, however, that the inclusion of the cost of the insurance premium in the retail installment contract when the buyer selects the agent, broker or company, shall be optional with the seller.
 - (d) Any sales finance company hereunder may purchase or acquire from any retail seller any retail installment contract on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon between them.
 - (e) An acknowledgment by the retail buyer of the delivery of any such copy or notice as required in subsection (a) of this

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section contained in the body of the statement or contract shall be conclusive proof of delivery in any action or proceeding by or against any assignee of a retail installment contract. 168*#832S

168.832 LICENSE.

No person, firm or corporation shall engage in the motor 6 bicycle business, either exclusively or in connection with any other occupation, without being licensed as provided in sections 168.831 to 168.837. An applicant for a license or renewal shall 8 apply to the commissioner of public safety in writing. The 10 application shall be duly verified. The applicant shall submit such information as the commissioner of public safety may require, upon blanks supplied by him the commissioner, including 12 but not limited to the following: The name and address of the 14 owner, the address of the business, the approximate number of motor bicycles to be used in the business, and the number on the state number plate of each motor bicycle. A license, unless 15 16 17 revoked, continues in force through December 31 of each year. 18 The annual license fee is \$25, which shall be deposited in the general fund of the state treasury. A separate license shall be obtained for each place of business. The licensee shall display 19 20 21 the license in a prominent place on the premises. 168*#833S

168.833 INSURANCE REQUIRED.

23 No license shall be issued until the applicant obtains and 24 files with the commissioner of public safety a policy of 25 liability insurance by an insurance company authorized to do business under the laws of the state of Minnesota, to be kept in 26 27 force for the remainder of the licensing year. The policy shall 28 insure the applicant, his the applicant's renters, and lessees, 29 and the persons operating such motor bicycles against liability 30 for loss in the sum of \$25,000 for injury to or death of any one 31 person in any one accident, \$50,000 for injury to or death of more than one person in any one accident, and \$5,000 because of 32 33 damage to or destruction of property in any one accident 34 resulting from the negligent operation, use or defective condition of any motor bicycle belonging to the applicant. The 35 36 policy shall contain a provision for a continuing liability 37 thereunder for the term of the license to the full amount 38 thereof, notwithstanding any recovery thereon. The policy also 39 shall contain an endorsement to the effect that the liability 40 under the policy is not affected by reason of any motor bicycle having been furnished to, or rented or leased by a minor, and 41 42 further, that the commissioner of public safety shall be 43 notified by letter at least ten days before the cancellation of the insurance policy. The policy shall also contain a provision providing for at least \$200 medical payments to cover the 44 45 46 operator or passenger of such vehicle if personal injury results 47 to the operator or passenger from its use. 168*#834S

168.834 LICENSEE'S DUTIES.

Subdivision 1. RENTAL TO LICENSED OPERATORS ONLY; PARENTAL CONSENT. A licensee shall not rent, lease, or furnish a motor bicycle to any person who is not licensed by the state of Minnesota to operate such a vehicle, or, in the case of a nonresident who is not duly licensed to operate such a vehicle under the law of the state or country of $h \div s$ residence. It is unlawful to rent, lease, or furnish a motor bicycle to a person under the age of 18 years unless the person furnishes and leaves with the licensee a statement in writing showing the consent of the person's parent or guardian to the rental, lease, or furnishing of a motor bicycle to such person. Before renting, leasing, or furnishing a motor bicycle to a person the licensee shall make a permanent and legible record containing the name, address, and age of the person to whom the motor bicycle is leased, rented, or furnished, and shall record on this record the number and date of issue and expiration of the driver's license, together with any limitations noted thereon and the description of the person as set forth on the driver's license. The record so kept also shall identify the vehicle rented, leased, or furnished to the person by the number on the vehicle's state number plate.

69 70 Subd. 2. MAINTENANCE; OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS; SAFETY 71 HELMETS. The licensee shall maintain in safe operating 72 'condition all motor bicycles rented, leased, or furnished by him 73 the licensee. The licensee, his the licensee's agent, or

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employee shall explain the operation, including but not limited to the controls, pedals, gears, and brakes, of the particular 3 motor bicycle to be used by the person before the person uses 4 it, unless the licensee, his the licensee's agent, or employee is aware that the person knows how to operate the particular 6 motor bicycle.

The licensee, his the licensee's agent or his employee 8 shall call to the attention of the user of such vehicle the 9 precautionary measures that must be followed for the safety of the driver and the public and make available for each motor ll bicycle at least one sanitized safety helmet, or similar headgear, which shall be offered for use to the driver. 168*#8425

168.842 REGISTRATION AND TAXATION OF RENTAL TRUCKS. An owner of rental trucks shall annually register a 15 percentage of his the owner's rental trucks in Minnesota. The 16 number of rental trucks required to be registered in the state 17 shall be determined by dividing the total number of miles traveled within the state during the next preceding calendar 19 year by all rental trucks owned by an owner by the total number 20 of miles traveled both within and without the state during the 21 next preceding calendar year by all rental trucks owned by that owner and applying the percentage figure thus arrived at to the 23 total number of rental trucks owned by that owner. The number 24 of rental trucks thus determined shall be the number of rental trucks deemed to be domiciled within the state and subject to registration and taxation in a calendar year. 168*#8435

168.843 REGISTRATION AND TAXATION OF RENTAL TRAILERS. An owner or operator of rental trailers shall annually 29 register a percentage of his the rental trailers of that owner 30 or operator in Minnesota. The number of rental trailers
31 required to be registered in Minnesota shall be a number equal 32 to the average number of rental trailers operated in and through the state during the preceding calendar year. The number of 34 rental trailers thus determined shall be the number of rental 35 trailers deemed to be domiciled within the state and subject to 36 registration and taxation in a calendar year. 168*#844S

168.844 OTHER VEHICLES.

Upon registration of the number of rental trucks or rental 39 trailers required by sections 168.841 to 168.846 to be registered in this state and upon payment of all registration 41 fees, all rental trucks or rental trailers owned by an owner and identified as being a part of his the owner's fleet and 43 currently licensed in any state, territory, province, country or 44 the District of Columbia shall be permitted to operate in this state in both interstate and intrastate commerce. 168A#01S

168A.01 DEFINITIONS. 46

No change for subd 1 to 4

Subd. 5. "Established place of business" means the place 49 actually occupied either continuously or at regular periods by a 50 dealer or manufacturer where his books and records of business are kept and a large share of his business is transacted.

No change for subd 6 to 24 168A#10S

168A.10 TRANSFER OF INTEREST BY OWNER.

54 Subdivision 1. If an owner transfers his interest in a vehicle other than by the creation of a security interest, he the owner shall at the time of the delivery of the vehicle execute an assignment and warranty of title to the transferee in 58 the space provided therefor on the certificate or as the department prescribes. With respect to motor vehicles subject to the provisions of section 325E.15, the transferor shall also, in the space provided therefor on the certificate or as the department prescribes, state the true cumulative mileage registered on the odometer or that the actual mileage is unknown if the odometer reading is known by the transferor to be 65 different from the true mileage. The transferor shall cause the 66 certificate and assignment to be mailed or delivered to the transferee or to the department.

Subd. 2. Except as provided in section 168A.11, the transferee shall, promptly after taking delivery to-him of the vehicle, execute the application for a new certificate of title 71 in the space provided therefor on the certificate or as the

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department prescribes, and cause the certificate and application to be mailed or delivered to the department.

Subd. 3. Upon request of the owner or transferee, a secured party in possession of the certificate of title shall, either deliver the certificate to the transferee for delivery to the department, or upon receipt from the transferee of the owner's assignment, the transferee's application for a new certificate and the required fee, mail or deliver them to the department. The delivery of the certificate does not affect the rights of the secured party under his a security agreement.

No change for subd 4

Subd. 5. Except as provided in section 168A.11 and as between the parties, a transfer by an owner is not effective until the provisions of this section have been complied with; however, an owner who has delivered possession of the vehicle to the transferee and has complied, or within 48 hours after such delivery does comply, with the provisions of this section requiring action by him the owner is not liable as owner for any damages resulting from operation of the vehicle after the delivery of the vehicle to the transferee.

168A#11S

168A.11 PURCHASE OF VEHICLE BY DEALER.

Subdivision 1. If a dealer buys a vehicle and holds it for resale and procures the certificate of title from the owner or the secured party within ten days after taking delivery of the vehicle to-him, and complies with subdivision 2 hereof, he the dealer need not apply for a certificate of title, but upon transferring the vehicle to another person other than by the creation of a security interest shall promptly execute the assignment and warranty of title by a dealer, showing the names and addresses of the transferee and of any secured party holding a security interest created or reserved at the time of the resale, and the date of the security agreement in the spaces provided therefor on the certificate or as the department prescribes. With respect to motor vehicles subject to the provisions of section 325E.15, the dealer shall also, in the space provided therefor on the certificate or as the department prescribes, state the true cumulative mileage registered on the odometer or that the exact mileage is unknown if the odometer reading is known by the transferor to be different from the true mileage. The dealer shall mail or deliver the certificate to the department with the transferee's application for a new certificate.

Subd. 2. If A dealer buys, on buying a vehicle which is subject to an outstanding certificate of title, he shall at the time of taking delivery of the vehicle to-him execute in triplicate a purchase receipt for the vehicle in a form designated by the department, and deliver one copy to the seller. Within 48 hours thereafter the dealer shall mail or deliver one copy of such receipt to the department.

Subd. 3. Every dealer shall maintain for three years at an established place of business a record in the form the department prescribes of every vehicle bought, sold, or exchanged by-him, or received by-him for sale or exchange, which shall be open to inspection by a representative of the department or peace officer during reasonable business hours. With respect to motor vehicles subject to the provisions of section 325E.15, the record shall include either the true mileage as stated by the previous owner or the fact that the previous owner stated the actual cumulative mileage was unknown; the record also shall include either the true mileage the dealer stated upon transferring the vehicle or the fact the dealer stated the mileage was unknown. 168A#12S

168A.12 INTEREST PASSING BY OTHER THAN VOLUNTARY 63 64 TRANSFER.

Subdivision 1. If the interest of an owner in a vehicle passes to another other than by voluntary transfer, the transferee shall, except as provided in subdivision 2, promptly mail or deliver to the department the last certificate of title, 69 if available, proof of the transfer, and his an application for a new certificate in the form the department prescribes.

Subd. 2. If the interest of the owner is terminated or the vehicle is sold under a security agreement by a secured party named in the certificate of title, the transferee shall promptly mail or deliver to the department the last certificate of title,

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1 if available, his an application for a new certificate in the
    form the department prescribes, and an affidavit made by or on
    behalf of the secured party that the interest of the owner was
     lawfully terminated or the vehicle sold pursuant to the terms of
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    the security agreement. If the secured party succeeds to the
 6 interest of the owner and holds the vehicle for resale, he the
    secured party need not secure a new certificate of title
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   provided that he-mails-or-delivers a notice thereof in form
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 9 designated by the department is mailed or delivered by the
10 secured party to the department in duplicate within 48 hours a
     notice-thereof-in-form-designated-by-the-department, but upon
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    transfer to another person the secured party shall promptly mail
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13 or deliver to the transferee or the department the certificate,
   affidavit, and other documents required to be sent to the
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   department by the transferee.
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       No change for subd 3
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168A#13S
       168A.13 FEES TO ACCOMPANY APPLICATIONS; DELIVERY OF
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   LICENSE PLATES AND REGISTRATION CARD.
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       No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. An application for the naming of a secured party
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21 or his the party's assignee on a certificate of title shall be
   accompanied by the required fee when mailed or delivered to the
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    department.
       No change for subd 3
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168A#17S
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       168A.17 SECURITY INTERESTS.
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       No change for subd 1
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                                 A security interest is
       Subd. 2. PERFECTION.
   perfected by the delivery to the department of the existing
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   certificate of title, if any, an application for a certificate
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    of title containing the name and address of the secured party,
   the date of his the secured party's security agreement and the
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32 required fee. It is perfected as of the time of its creation if
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   the delivery is completed within ten days thereafter; otherwise
   as of the time of the delivery.
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       Subd. 3. INTERESTS CREATED IN OTHER STATES.
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     vehicle is subject to a security interest when brought into this
    state, the validity of the security interest is determined by
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38 The law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the
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    security interest attached, subject to the following:
      (1) If the parties understood at the time the security
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    interest attached that the vehicle would be kept in this state
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    and it was brought into this state within 30 days thereafter for
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    purposes other than transportation through this state, then the
     validity of the security interest in this state is determined by
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    the law of this state.
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       (2) If the security interest was already perfected under
    the law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the
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    security interest attached, the following rules apply:
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       (a) If the name of the secured party is shown on an
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    existing certificate of title issued by that jurisdiction, his
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   the party's security interest continues perfected in this state.

(b) If the name of the secured party is not shown on an
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    existing certificate of title issued by that jurisdiction, the
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   security interest continues perfected in this state for four
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    months after a first certificate of title of the vehicle is
    issued in this state, and also thereafter if within the four
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   month period it is perfected in this state. The security
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   interest may also be perfected in this state after the
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    expiration of the four month period; in that case perfection
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    dates from the time of perfection in this state.
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      (3) If the security interest was not perfected under the
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     law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security
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    interest attached, it may be perfected in this state; in that
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    case perfection dates from the time of perfection in this state.
       (4) A security interest may be perfected under clause (2)
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66 (b) or clause (3) of this subdivision, either as provided in
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     subdivision 2, or by the secured party delivering to the
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    department a notice of security interest in the form the
    department prescribes, and the required fee.
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71 INTEREST.
 72 If an owner creates a security interest in a vehicle:

168A.18 DUTIES OF PARTIES WITH RELATION TO SECURITY

168A#18S

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(1) The owner shall immediately execute the application in

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the space provided therefor on the certificate of title, or on a
separate form the department prescribes, to name the secured
party on the certificate, showing the name and address of the
secured party, and cause the certificate, application, and the
required fee to be delivered to the secured party.
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- (2) The secured party shall immediately cause the certificate, application, and the required fee to be mailed or delivered to the department.
- (3) Upon request of the owner or subordinate secured party, a secured party in possession of the certificate of title shall either mail or deliver the certificate to the subordinate secured party for delivery to the department, or upon receipt from the subordinate secured party of the owner's application, and the required fee, mail or deliver them to the department with the certificate. The delivery of the certificate does not affect the rights of the first secured party under his a security agreement.
- (4) Upon receipt of the certificate of title, application, and the required fee, the department shall either endorse on the certificate or issue a new certificate containing the name and address of the new secured party, and mail or deliver the certificate to the first secured party named in it. 168A#19S

168A.19 ASSIGNMENT OF SECURITY INTEREST.

Subdivision 1. A secured party may assign, absolutely or otherwise, his a security interest in the vehicle to a person other than the owner without affecting the interest of the owner or the validity of the security interest, but any person without notice of the assignment is protected in dealing with the secured party as the holder of the security interest and the secured party remains liable for any obligations as secured party until the assignee is named as secured party on the certificate.

No change for subd 2

168A#20S

168A.20 SATISFACTION OF SECURITY INTEREST.

Subdivision 1. Upon the satisfaction of a security interest in a vehicle for which the certificate of title is in the possession of the secured party, he the secured party shall within 15 days execute a release of his security interest in the space provided therefor on the certificate or as the department prescribes, and mail or deliver the certificate and release to the next secured party named therein, or if none, to the owner or any person who delivers to the secured party an authorization from the owner to receive the certificate. The owner, other than a dealer holding the vehicle for resale, shall promptly cause the certificate and release, together with the required fee, to be mailed or delivered to the department, which shall release the secured party's rights on the certificate or issue a new certificate.

Subd. 2. Upon the satisfaction of a security interest in a vehicle for which the certificate of title is in the possession of a prior secured party, the secured party whose security interest is satisfied shall within 15 days execute a release in the form the department prescribes and deliver the release to the owner or any person who delivers to the secured party an authorization from the owner to receive it. The secured party in possession of the certificate of title shall either deliver the certificate to the owner, or the person authorized by him the owner, for delivery to the department, or upon receipt of the release, mail or deliver it with the certificate to the department, which shall release the subordinate secured party's rights on the certificate or issue a new certificate. 168A#21S

168A.21 DISCLOSURE OF SECURITY INTEREST.

63 A secured party named in a certificate of title shall upon 64 written request of the owner or of another secured party named 65 on the certificate disclose any pertinent information as to his 66 the security agreement and the indebtedness secured by it. 168A#29S

168A.29 FEES. 67

No change for subd 1

68 69 Subd. 2. If a person applies for an original or a new 70 certificate of title to a vehicle, concurrently with an 71 application for-transfer, as transferee, of registration of the 72 vehicle to-himself, the fee prescribed in subdivision 1 shall be

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in lieu of the fee prescribed by section 168.54, with respect to
     any transfer of ownership or registration of the vehicle to the
 3 applicant.
        No change for subd 3
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168A#30S
       168A.30 PENALTIES.
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       No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. A person is guilty of a misdemeanor who:
 7
        (1) With fraudulent intent permits another, not entitled
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     thereto, to use or have possession of a certificate of title;
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      (2) Willfully fails to mail or deliver a certificate of
11 title to the department within ten days after the time required
    by sections 168A.01 to 168A.31;
12
13
        (3) Willfully fails to deliver to his the transferee a
14 certificate of title within ten days after the time required by
15 sections 168A.01 to 168A.31;
16
       (4) Commits a fraud in any application for a certificate of
17 title;
18
      (5) Fails to notify the department of any fact as required
19
     by sections 168A.01 to 168A.31; or
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        (6) Willfully violates any other provision of sections
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     168A.01 to 168A.31 except as otherwise provided in sections
    168A.01 to 168A.31.
22
168C#04S
        168C.04 REGISTRATION FEE.
23
        Subdivision 1. The registration fee for bicycles shall be
24
25 $3 until January 1, 1985, and shall be $5 thereafter. These
    fees shall be paid at the time of registration. The fees, and
27 any donations in excess of the fees must be deposited in the
    general fund. Proof of purchase is required for registration. Bicycles lacking proof of purchase may be registered if there is
29
30 no evidence that the bicycle is stolen. However, the
31 registration record must be marked to indicate that no proof of
   purchase was provided. The registration is valid for three
32
33
     calendar years. A person registering a bicycle may add an
34 additional amount to the registration fee, and all amounts so
35 added must be deposited in the same manner as registration
36 fees. A person registering a bicycle must at the time of
37 registration be informed that he <u>a registrant</u> may add an
38 additional amount to the fee and that all such additional
39 amounts will be used for the purposes specified in subdivision 2.
40 No change for subd 2 to 3
Subd. 4. Not later than march 1, 1503 and 42 shall report to the legislature on his-expenditures funds
        Subd. 4. Not later than March 1, 1985 the commissioner
43 expended under subdivision 2, paragraph (b) and accomplishments
44
    in carrying out the purposes of that clause.
168C#06S
45
        168C.06 NOTIFICATION OF CHANGE OF ADDRESS.
46
        Whenever Upon moving or change of address, the owner of a
47 bicycle registered pursuant to Laws 1976, Chapter 199 moves-or
48
     changes-address,-he shall notify the commissioner in writing of
49
    the new address within 14 days.
168C#09S
        168C.09 THEFT; PENALTY.
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       No change for subd 1 to 2
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        Subd. 3. Any person who knowingly sells or offers for sale
53 a bicycle registered under Laws 1976, Chapter 199 which is not
54 owned by him that person or a family member of-his-family is
55 guilty of theft and subject to punishment under section 609.52,
     subdivision 3.
56
168C#11S
        168C.11 DEPUTY REGISTRARS OF BICYCLES.
57
        Subdivision 1. APPOINTMENT. Subject to the
58
     provisions of subdivision 2, the commissioner shall appoint as
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    deputy registrars of bicycles any bicycle dealer, or agent or
   employee thereof, or agent or employee of a nonprofit
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    organization promoting bicycling or in whose activities
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    bicycling plays an integral part, or an agent or employee
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    designated by a municipality that sells bicycles at public
65 auction who applies for appointment in a manner prescribed by
66 the commissioner; provided that concurrently there may be no
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    more than one deputy for each separate place of business of a
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    bicycle dealer. Deputy registrars of bicycles shall act as
69 agents of the commissioner and may accept registrations as
70 provided in Laws 1976, Chapter 199, except that no deputy
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registrar of bicycles shall be required to register bicycles

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sold by other bicycle dealers. The commissioner, deputy
     registrars of motor vehicles, and deputy registrars of bicycles
     may charge and retain an additional $1 per registration granted
     for their services. In the case of a deputy registrar of motor
     vehicles, the $1 shall be deposited in the treasury of the place
     for which he the deputy registrar is appointed, or if the-deputy
     is not a public official he the deputy registrar shall retain
     the filing fee. Other registration fees collected by the
     commissioner, deputy registrars of motor vehicles, and deputy
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     registrars of bicycles shall be processed, accounted for, and
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     transmitted to the state treasurer as required by the
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     commissioner.
     Subd. 2. DENIAL, SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF APPOINTMENTS. The commissioner, without prior notice or
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    hearing, may issue an order denying, suspending or revoking any
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     appointment made or applied for pursuant to this section if-he
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     finds upon finding that the applicant or deputy registrar of
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     bicycles has violated or failed to comply with any provision of
     Laws 1976, Chapter 199 or any rule adopted hereunder. Upon the
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     entry of such an order the commissioner shall promptly serve a
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     copy thereof on the applicant or deputy registrar of bicycles.
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     The order shall state the reasons for its issuance and, in the
     case of a suspension or revocation of appointment, shall specify
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24
     that upon the written request of the deputy registrar of
25
     bicycles the matter will be set for hearing within 15 days after
     the receipt of the request, provided that with the consent of
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     the deputy registrar of bicycles a hearing may be held
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     subsequent to the expiration of the period specified herein. If
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     no hearing is requested, the order will remain in effect until
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     it is modified or vacated by the commissioner. If a hearing is
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     requested, the commissioner, after notice and hearing in
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     accordance with the provisions of chapter 14, shall affirm,
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    modify or vacate the order.
168C#13S
34
        168C.13 REGISTRATION BY POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.
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       No change for subd 1
36
        Subd. 2. Any political subdivision of the state which
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     licensed or registered bicycles prior to March 1, 1977, may
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     after such date, continue to maintain its licensing or
    registration records and may require the owner of record as of
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40
     March 1, 1977, of any bicycle registered therewith on or prior
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    to that date to notify the political subdivision when-he-sells
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     upon selling or otherwise transferrs transferring ownership of
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     the bicycle.
169*#01S
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       169.01 DEFINITIONS.
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        No change for subd 1 to 4a
       Subd. 5. AUTHORIZED EMERGENCY VEHICLE. "Authorized
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     emergency vehicle" means any of the following vehicles when
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     equipped and identified according to law: (1) A vehicle of a
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     fire department; (2) a publicly owned police vehicle or a
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     privately owned vehicle used by a police officer for police work
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     under agreement, express or implied, with the local authority to
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     which he the officer is responsible; (3) a vehicle of a licensed
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     land emergency ambulance service, whether publicly or privately
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    owned; (4) an emergency vehicle of a municipal department or a
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    public service corporation, approved by the commissioner of
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     public safety or the chief of police of a municipality; (5) any
     volunteer rescue squad operating pursuant to Laws 1959, Chapter
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     53; (6) a vehicle designated as an authorized emergency vehicle
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     upon a finding by the commissioner of public safety that
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     designation of that vehicle is necessary to the preservation of
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     life or property or to the execution of emergency governmental
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     functions.
       No change for subd 6 to 20
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        Subd. 21. COMMISSIONER. Unless stated otherwise,
     "commissioner" means the commissioner of transportation of this
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66
     state. Regardless of the commissioner referred to, however, he
     the commissioner is to be considered as acting directly or
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     through his the commissioner's duly authorized officers and
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     agents.
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       No change for subd 22 to 47
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Subd. 48. MOTOR VEHICLE DEALER. "Motor vehicle 71 72 dealer" means any person engaged in the business of 73 manufacturing or selling new and unused motor vehicles, or used 74 motor vehicles, or both, having an established place of business

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than is necessary.

Subd. 3.

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for the sale, trade, and display of such motor vehicles, and
     having in his possession motor vehicles for the purpose of sale
 3
    or trade.
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        No change for subd 49 to 68
169*#06S
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       169.06 SIGNS, SIGNALS, MARKINGS.
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       No change for subd 1
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       Subd. 2. PLACEMENT AND MAINTENANCE ON TRUNK HIGHWAYS.
     The commissioner shall place and maintain such
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 9
   traffic-control devices, conforming to the manual and
   specifications, upon all state trunk highways as he the
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    commissioner shall deem necessary to indicate and to carry out
    the provisions of this chapter or to regulate, warn, or guide
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     traffic. The commissioner may construct and maintain signs at
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     the entrance of each city, which sign shall have placed thereon
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     the name of the city and the population thereof. The
    commissioner may construct and maintain other directional signs
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    upon the trunk highways and such signs shall be uniform. The
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   commissioner may authorize variations from the manual and
    specifications for the purpose of investigation and research
19
    into the use and development of traffic control devices. When
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   such authorized variation pertains to the regulation of traffic,
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   notice of the intended regulatory purpose shall be published in
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    a qualified newspaper of general circulation in the area where
24
    the research is being conducted.
25
      No other authority shall place or maintain any traffic
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   control device upon any highway under the jurisdiction of the
   commissioner except by the latter's permission.

No change for subd 3 to 5
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       Subd. 6. PEDESTRIAN CONTROL SIGNALS.
30 special pedestrian-control signals exhibiting the words "Walk"
    or "Don't Walk" are in place such signals shall indicate as
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32
    follows:
      (a) "Walk", flashing or steady. Pedestrians facing such
33
34 signals may proceed across the roadway in the direction of the
   signal and shall be given the right-of-way by the drivers of all
35
36
    vehicles.
     (b) "Don't Walk", flashing or steady. No pedestrian shall
37
38 start to cross the roadway in the direction of such signals, but
39
   any pedestrian who has partially completed-his-crossing crossed
40
    on the "Walk" signal shall proceed to a sidewalk or safety
    island while the "Don't Walk" signal is showing.
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      No change for subd 7 to 8
42
169*#08S
43
       169.08 UNLAWFUL TO POSSESS, ALTER, DEFACE, OR REMOVE
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     No person shall, without lawful authority, possess, or
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46 attempt to or in fact alter, deface, injure, knock down, or
    remove any official traffic-control device or any railroad sign
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48
    or signal or any inscription, shield, or insignia thereon, or
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   any other part thereof. A person who voluntarily notifies a law
50 enforcement agency that he the person is in possession of such
    an article, and who returns the article within ten days after
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    gaining possession thereof, shall not be subject to prosecution
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53
    for such possession.
169*#09S
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       169.09 ACCIDENTS.
       Subdivision 1. DRIVER TO STOP. The driver of any
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    vehicle involved in an accident resulting in immediately
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   demonstrable bodily injury to or death of any person shall
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   immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of the accident, or as
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    close to the scene as possible, but shall then return to and in
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    every event, shall remain at, the scene of the accident until he
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    the driver has fulfilled the requirements of this chapter as to
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    the giving of information. The stop shall be made without
63
    unnecessarily obstructing traffic.
64
       Subd. 2. DRIVER TO STOP. The driver of any vehicle
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    involved in an accident to a vehicle which is driven or attended
66 by any person shall immediately stop such vehicle at the scene
    of such accident, or as close thereto as possible, but shall
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    forthwith return to, and in every event shall remain at, the
69
    scene of the accident until he the driver has fulfilled the
70 requirements of this chapter as to the giving of information.
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    Every such stop shall be made without obstructing traffic more
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DRIVER TO GIVE INFORMATION. (a) The driver

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of any vehicle involved in an accident resulting in bodily injury to or death of any person, or damage to any vehicle which is driven or attended by any person, shall stop and give his the driver's name, address, date of birth and the registration number of the vehicle he-is-driving being driven, and shall, upon request and if available, exhibit his the driver's license 6 or permit to drive to the person struck or the driver or occupant of or person attending any vehicle collided with. The 9 driver also shall give the information and upon request exhibit 10 the license or permit to any police officer at the scene of the accident or who is investigating the accident. The driver shall 11 12 render reasonable assistance to any person injured in the 13 accident.

(b) If not given at the scene of the accident, the driver, within 72 hours thereafter, shall give upon request to any person involved in the accident or to a peace officer investigating the accident the name and address of the insurer providing automobile liability insurance coverage, and the local insurance agent for the insurer.

No change for subd 4

Subd. 5. NOTIFY OWNER OF DAMAGED PROPERTY. driver of any vehicle involved in an accident resulting only in damage to fixtures legally upon or adjacent to a highway shall take reasonable steps to locate and notify the owner or person in charge of such property of such fact and of his the driver's name and address and of the registration number of the vehicle he-is-driving being driven and shall, upon request and if available, exhibit his the driver's or chauffeur's license, and make report of such accident in every case. The report shall be made in the same manner as a report made pursuant to subdivision 7.

No change for subd 6

ACCIDENT REPORT TO COMMISSIONER. The driver Subd. 7. of a vehicle involved in an accident resulting in bodily injury to or death of any person or total property damage to an apparent extent of \$500 or more, shall forward a written report of the accident to the commissioner of public safety within ten days thereof. If -in-the-opinion-of-the-commissioner-of-public safety, On determining that the original report of any driver of a vehicle involved in an accident of which report must be made as provided in this section is insufficient he, the commissioner of public safety may require the driver to file supplementary reports.

No change for subd 8 to 10

Subd. 11. CORONER TO REPORT DEATH. Every coroner or other official performing like functions shall report in writing to the department of public safety the death of any person within his the coroner's jurisdiction as the result of an accident involving a motor vehicle and the circumstances of the accident. The report shall be made within 15 days after the death.

In the case of drivers killed in motor vehicle accidents and of the death of pedestrians 16 years of age or older, who die within four hours after accident, the coroner or other official performing like functions shall examine the body and shall make tests as are necessary to determine the presence and percentage concentration of alcohol, and drugs if feasible, in the blood of the victim. This information shall be included in each report submitted pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision and shall be tabulated on a monthly basis by the department of public safety. This information may be used only for statistical purposes which do not reveal the identity of the deceased.

No change for subd 12

Subd. 13. ACCIDENT REPORTS CONFIDENTIAL. All written reports and supplemental reports required under this section to be provided to the department of public safety shall be without prejudice to the individual so reporting and shall be for the confidential use of the department of public safety and other appropriate state, federal, county and municipal governmental agencies for accident analysis purposes, except that the department of public safety or any law enforcement department of any municipality or county in this state shall, upon written request of any person involved in an accident or upon written request of the representative of his-or-her the person's estate, surviving spouse, or one or more surviving next of kin, or a

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trustee appointed pursuant to section 573.02, disclose to the requester, his-or-her the requester's legal counsel or a 3 representative of his-or-her the requester's insurer any information contained therein except the parties' version of the accident as set out in the written report filed by the parties or may disclose identity of a person involved in an accident when the identity is not otherwise known or when the person denies presence at the accident. No report shall be used as evidence in any trial, civil or criminal, arising out of an accident, except that the department of public safety shall furnish upon the demand of any person who has, or claims to have, made a report, or, upon demand of any court, a certificate showing that a specified accident report has or has not been

made to the department of public safety solely to prove a compliance or a failure to comply with the requirements that the report be made to the department of public safety. Disclosing any information contained in any accident report, except as provided herein, is unlawful and a misdemeanor. Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent any person who has made a report pursuant to this chapter from providing

20 information to any persons involved in an accident or their representatives or from testifying in any trial, civil or criminal, arising out of an accident, as to facts within the person's knowledge. It is intended by this subdivision to render privileged the reports required but it is not intended to prohibit proof of the facts to which the reports relate. Legally qualified newspaper publications and licensed radio and television stations shall upon request to a law enforcement agency be given an oral statement covering only the time and place of the accident, the names and addresses of the parties involved, and a general statement as to how the accident happened without attempting to fix liability upon anyone, but said legally qualified newspaper publications and licensed radio and television stations shall not be given access to the hereinbefore mentioned confidential reports, nor shall any such statements or information so orally given be used as evidence in any court proceeding, but shall merely be used for the purpose of a proper publication or broadcast of the news.

When these reports are released for accident analysis purposes the identity of any involved person shall not be revealed. Data contained in these reports shall only be used for accident analysis purposes, except as otherwise provided by this subdivision. Accident reports and data contained therein which may be in the possession or control of departments or 45 agencies other than the department of public safety shall not be discoverable under any provision of law or rule of court.

The department may charge authorized persons a \$5 fee for a copy of an accident report.

No change for subd 14 to 15

169*#1215

169.121 MOTOR VEHICLE DRIVERS UNDER INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.

No change for subd 1

Subd. la. ARREST. A peace officer may lawfully arrest a person for violation of subdivision 1 without a warrant upon probable cause, without regard to whether the violation was committed in the officer's presence.

When a peace officer has probable cause to believe that a person is driving or operating a motor vehicle in violation of subdivision 1, and before a stop or arrest can be made the person escapes from the geographical limits of the officer's jurisdiction, the officer in fresh pursuit of the person may stop or arrest the person in another jurisdiction within this state and may exercise the powers and perform the duties of a peace officer under sections 169.121 and 169.123. An officer acting in fresh pursuit pursuant to this subdivision is serving in his the regular line of duty as fully as though he-was within his the officer's jurisdiction.

The express grant of arrest powers in this subdivision does not limit the arrest powers of peace officers pursuant to sections 626.65 to 626.70 or section 629.40 in cases of arrests for violation of subdivision 1 or any other provision of law.

No change for subd 2 to 3 Subd. 4. PENALTIES. The co The commissioner of public safety shall revoke the driver's license of a person convicted of violating this section shall-have-his-driver's-license-or

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operating-privileges-revoked-by-the-commissioner-of-public
safety as follows:

(a) First offense: not less than 30 days;

(b) Second offense in less than five years: not less th
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- (b) Second offense in less than five years: not less than 90 days and until the court has certified that treatment or rehabilitation has been successfully completed where prescribed in accordance with section 169.126;
- (c) Third offense in less than five years: not less than one year, together with denial under section 171.04, clause (8), until rehabilitation is established in accordance with standards established by the commissioner;
- (d) Fourth or subsequent offense on the record: not less than two years, together with denial under section 171.04, clause (8), until rehabilitation is established in accordance with standards established by the commissioner.

If the person convicted of violating this section is under the age of 18 years, the commissioner of public safety shall revoke the offender's driver's license or operating privileges until the offender reaches the age of 18 years or for a period of six months or for the appropriate period of time under clauses (a) to (d) for the offense committed, whichever is the greatest period.

For purposes of this subdivision, a juvenile adjudication under this section, section 169.129, an ordinance in conformity with either of them, or a statute or ordinance from another state in conformity with either of them is an offense.

Whenever department records show that the violation involved personal injury or death to any person, not less than 90 additional days shall be added to the base periods provided above.

Any person whose license has been revoked pursuant to section 169.123 as the result of the same incident is not subject to the mandatory revocation provisions of clause (a) or (b).

No change for subd 5

Subd. 6. PRELIMINARY SCREENING TEST. When a peace officer has reason to believe from the manner in which a person is driving, operating, controlling, or acting upon departure from a motor vehicle, or has driven, operated, or controlled a motor vehicle, that the driver may be violating or has violated subdivision 1, he the officer may require the driver to provide a sample of his the driver's breath for a preliminary screening test using a device approved by the commissioner of public safety for this purpose. The results of this preliminary screening test shall be used for the purpose of deciding whether an arrest should be made and whether to require the tests authorized in section 169.123, but shall not be used in any court action except to prove that a test was properly required of a person pursuant to section 169.123, subdivision 2. Following the screening test additional tests may be required of the driver pursuant to the provisions of section 169.123.

The driver who refuses to furnish a sample of his the driver's breath is subject to the provisions of section 169.123 unless, in compliance with section 169.123, he the driver submits to a blood, breath or urine test to determine the presence of alcohol or a controlled substance.

No change for subd 7 to 10

169*#122S

169.122 OPEN BOTTLE LAW; PENALTY.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. No person shall have in his possession on his the person while in a private motor vehicle upon a public highway, any bottle or receptacle containing intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor which has been opened, or the seal broken, or the contents of which have been partially removed.

65 No change for subd 3 to 4

169*#123S

169.123 CHEMICAL TESTS FOR INTOXICATION.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. IMPLIED CONSENT; CONDITIONS; ELECTION AS TO TYPE OF TEST. (a) Any 'person who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a motor vehicle within this state or upon the ice of any boundary water of this state consents, subject to the provisions of this section and section 169.121, to a chemical test of his that person's blood, breath, or urine for

the purpose of determining the presence of alcohol or a

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controlled substance. The test shall be administered at the direction of a peace officer. The test may be required of a person when an officer has probable cause to believe the person was driving, operating, or in physical control of a motor 5 vehicle in violation of section 169.121 and one of the following 6 conditions exist: (1) the person has been lawfully placed under 7 arrest for violation of section 169.121, or an ordinance in 8 conformity with it; or (2) the person has been involved in a 9 motor vehicle accident or collision resulting in property damage, personal injury, or death; or (3) the person has refused 11 to take the screening test provided for by section 169.121, 12 subdivision 6; or (4) the screening test was administered and recorded an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more.

- (b) At the time a test is requested, the person shall be informed:
- (1) that Minnesota law requires the person to take a test 17 to determine if the person is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance;
- (2) that if testing is refused, the person's right to drive 20 will be revoked for a minimum period of one year or, if the 21 person is under the age of 18 years, for a period of one year or until he-or-she the person reaches the age of 18 years, whichever is greater;
- (3) that if a test is taken and the results indicate that 25 the person is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, the person will be subject to criminal penalties and the person's right to drive may be revoked for a minimum period 28 of 90 days or, if the person is under the age of 18 years, for a period of six months or until he-or-she the person reaches the age of 18 years, whichever is greater;
- (4) that after submitting to testing, the person has the right to consult with an attorney and to have additional tests 33 made by a-person someone of his the person's own choosing; and
 - (5) that if he the person refuses to take a test, the refusal will be offered into evidence against him the person at trial.
- (c) The peace officer who requires a test pursuant to this 38 subdivision may direct whether the test shall be of blood, 39 breath, or urine. However, if the breath, or urine. However, if the officer directs that the test shall be of a person's blood or urine, the person may choose whether the test shall be of his blood or urine.

No change for subd 2a to 2c

Subd. 3. MANNER OF MAKING TEST; ADDITIONAL TESTS. 44 Only a physician, medical technician, physician's trained mobile intensive care paramedic, registered nurse, medical technologist 46 or laboratory assistant acting at the request of a peace officer 47 may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the presence 48 of alcohol or controlled substance. This limitation does not apply to the taking of a breath or urine sample. The person 50 tested has the right to have a-person someone of his the person's own choosing administer a chemical test or tests in addition to any administered at the direction of a peace 53 officer; provided, that the additional test sample on behalf of 54 the person is obtained at the place where the person is in 55 custody, after the test administered at the direction of a peace officer, and at no expense to the state. The failure or inability to obtain an additional test or tests by a person 58 shall not preclude the admission in evidence of the test taken 59 at the direction of a peace officer unless the additional test was prevented or denied by the peace officer. The physician, medical technician, physician's trained mobile intensive care paramedic, medical technologist, laboratory assistant or 63 registered nurse drawing blood at the request of a peace officer 64 for the purpose of determining alcohol concentration shall in no manner be liable in any civil or criminal action except for negligence in drawing the blood. The person administering a breath test shall be fully trained in the administration of breath tests pursuant to training given by the commissioner of public safety.

REFUSAL; REVOCATION OF LICENSE. If a person Subd. 4. refuses to permit a test, none shall be given, but the peace 72 officer shall report the refusal to the commissioner of public safety and the authority having responsibility for prosecution of misdemeanor offenses for the jurisdiction in which the acts occurred. A refusal to submit to an alcohol concentration test does not constitute a violation of section 609.50, unless the

 refusal was accompanied by force or violence or the threat of force or violence. If a person submits to a test and the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more, the results of the test shall be reported to the commissioner of public safety and to the authority having responsibility for prosecution of misdemeanor offenses for the jurisdiction in which the acts occurred.

Upon certification by the peace officer that there existed probable cause to believe the person had been driving, operating, or in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance and that the person refused to submit to a test, the commissioner of public safety shall revoke the person's license or permit to drive, or his nonresident operating privilege, for a period of one year. If the person refusing to submit to testing is under the age of 18 years, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license or permit to drive, or his-or-her nonresident operating privilege, for a period of one year or until the person reaches the age of 18 years, whichever is greater. Upon certification by the peace officer that there existed probable cause to believe the person had been driving, operating or in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance and that the person submitted to a test and the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more, the commissioner of public safety shall revoke the person's license or permit to drive, or his nonresident operating privilege, for a period of 90 days or, if the person is under the age of 18 years, for a period of six months or until he-or-she the person reaches the age of 18 years, whichever is greater.

If the person is a resident without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in this state, the commissioner of public safety shall deny to the person the issuance of a license or permit for the same period after the date of the alleged violation as provided herein for revocation, subject to review as hereinafter provided.

Subd. 5. NOTICE OF REVOCATION OR DETERMINATION TO DENY; REQUEST FOR HEARING. A revocation under subdivision 4 becomes effective at the time the commissioner of public safety or a peace officer acting on his behalf of the commissioner of public safety notifies the person of the intention to revoke and of revocation. The notice shall advise the person of the right to obtain administrative and judicial review as provided in this section. If mailed, the notice and order of revocation is deemed received three days after mailing to the last known address of the person.

No change for subd 5a

Subd. 5b. ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW. At any time during a period of revocation imposed under this section a person may request in writing a review of the order of revocation by the commissioner of public safety. Upon receiving a request the commissioner or his the commissioner's designee shall review the order, the evidence upon which the order was based, and any other material information brought to the attention of the commissioner, and determine whether sufficient cause exists to sustain the order. Within 15 days of receiving the request the commissioner shall report in writing the results of his the review. The review provided in this subdivision is not subject to the contested case provisions of the administrative procedure act in sections 14.01 to 14.70.

The availability of administrative review for an order of revocation shall have no effect upon the availability of judicial review under this section.

Subd. Sc. PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW. Within 30 days following receipt of a notice and order of revocation pursuant to this section, a person may petition the court for review. The petition shall be filed with the clerk of county or municipal court in the county where the alleged offense occurred, together with proof of service of a copy on the commissioner of public safety, and accompanied by the standard filing fee for civil actions. No responsive pleading shall be required of the commissioner of public safety, and no court fees shall be charged for his the appearance of the commissioner of public safety in the matter.

The petition shall be captioned in the name of the person making the petition as petitioner and the commissioner of public safety as respondent. The petition shall state with specificity

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the grounds upon which the petitioner seeks rescission of the 2 order of revocation or denial.

The filing of the petition shall not stay the revocation or 4 denial. The reviewing court may order a stay of the balance of the revocation if the hearing has not been conducted within 60 days after filing of the petition upon terms the court deems proper. Judicial reviews shall be conducted according to the 8 rules of civil procedure.

Subd. 6. HEARING. A hearing under this section shall 10 be before a municipal or county judge, in any county in the 11 judicial district where the alleged offense occurred. The 12 hearing shall be to the court and may be conducted at the same time and in the same manner as hearings upon pre-trial motions in the criminal prosecution under section 169.121, if any. The in the criminal prosecution under section 169.121, if any. The 15 hearing shall be recorded. The commissioner of public safety 16 shall appear and be represented by the attorney general or 17 through the prosecuting authority for the jurisdiction involved.

The hearing shall be held at the earliest practicable date, 19 and in any event no later than 60 days following the filing of 20 the petition for review. The judicial district administrator shall establish procedures to ensure efficient compliance with the provisions of this subdivision. To accomplish this, the 23 administrator may, whenever possible, consolidate and transfer 24 review hearings among the county courts within the judicial 25 district.

The scope of the hearing shall be limited to the issues of: 27 (1) whether the peace officer had probable cause to believe 28 the person was driving, operating, or in physical control of a 30 controlled substance, and whether the person was lawfully placed 31 under arrest for violation of territories. under arrest for violation of section 169.121, or the person was 32 involved in a motor vehicle accident or collision resulting in 33 property damage, personal injury or death, or the person refused to take a screening test provided for by section 169.121, 35 subdivision 6, or the screening test was administered and 36 recorded an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more; and

- (2) whether at the time of the request for the test the 38 peace officer informed the person of his the person's rights and 39 the consequences of taking or refusing the test as required by the consequences of taking or refusing the test as required by 40 subdivision 2; and
- (3) either (a) whether the person refused to permit the 42 test, or (b) whether a test was taken and the test results indicated an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more at the time of testing, and whether the testing method used was valid and 45 reliable, and whether the test results were accurately evaluated.

It shall be an affirmative defense for the petitioner to prove that, at the time of the refusal, his the petitioner's refusal to permit the test was based upon reasonable grounds.

Certified or otherwise authenticated copies of laboratory or medical personnel reports, records, documents, licenses and certificates shall be admissible as substantive evidence.

The court shall order either that the revocation be 53 rescinded or sustained and forward the order to the commissioner of public safety. The court shall file its order within 14 days following the hearing. If the revocation is sustained, the court shall also forward the person's driver's license or permit 57 to the commissioner of public safety for his further action by 58 the commissioner of public safety if the license or permit is not already in the commissioner's possession.

No change for subd 7

Subd. 8. NOTICE OF ACTION TO OTHER STATES. When it 62 has been finally determined that a nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been revoked or denied, the commissioner of public safety shall give information in writing of the action taken to the official in charge of 66 traffic control or public safety of the state of the person's residence and of any state in which he the person has a license.

Subd. 9. Repealed, 1984 c 622 s 26

No change for subd 10

169*#1265

169.126 ALCOHOL PROBLEM ASSESSMENT.

No change for subd 1

72 Subd. 2. The assessment report shall contain an evaluation of the convicted defendant concerning his the defendant's prior 73 74 traffic record, characteristics and history of alcohol problems, 75 and amenability to rehabilitation through the alcohol safety

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program. The assessment report shall include a recommendation
 2 as to a treatment or rehabilitation program for the defendant.
 3 The assessment report shall be classified as private data on
 4 individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.
5 No change for subd 3 to 6
169*#12615
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        169.1261 REINSTATEMENT OF DRIVING PRIVILEGES; NOTICE.
        Upon expiration of any period of revocation under section
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    169.121 or 169.123, the commissioner of public safety shall
   notify the person of the terms upon which his driving privileges
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    can be reinstated, which terms are: (1) successful completion
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    of a driving test and proof of compliance with any terms of
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    alcohol treatment or counseling previously prescribed, if any;
   and (2) any other requirements imposed by the commissioner and
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    applicable to that particular case. The commissioner shall also
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    notify the person that if driving is resumed without
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    reinstatement of driving privileges, the person will be subject
     to criminal penalties.
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169*#129S
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        169.129 AGGRAVATED VIOLATIONS; PENALTY.
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        Any person who drives, operates, or is in physical control
    of a motor vehicle, the operation of which requires a driver's
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    license, within this state or upon the ice of any boundary water
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    of this state in violation of section 169.121 or an ordinance in
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     conformity with it before his the person's driver's license or
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    driver's privilege has been reinstated following its
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    cancellation, suspension or revocation (1) because he the person
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    drove, operated, or was in physical control of a motor vehicle
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    while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance
    or while he the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or
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    more or (2) because he the person refused to take a test which
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    determines the presence of alcohol or a controlled substance
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    when requested to do so by a proper authority, is guilty of a
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    gross misdemeanor. Jurisdiction over prosecutions under this
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    section is in the county court.
169*#14S
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        169.14 SPEED RESTRICTIONS.
        No change for subd 1 to 3
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       Subd. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONES BY COMMISSIONER.
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    When-the-commissioner-determines On determining upon the basis
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    of an engineering and traffic investigation that any speed set
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     forth in this section is greater or less than is reasonable or
    safe under the conditions found to exist on any trunk highway or
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    upon any part thereof, he the commissioner may erect appropriate
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    signs designating a reasonable and safe speed limit thereat,
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    which speed limit shall be effective when such signs are
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    erected. Any speeds in excess of such limits shall be prima
    facie evidence that the speed is not reasonable or prudent and
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    that it is unlawful; except that any speed limit within any
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    municipality shall be a maximum limit and any speed in excess
    thereof shall be unlawful. Whenever-the-commissioner-determines
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    On determining upon that basis that a part of the trunk highway
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    system outside a municipality should be a zone of maximum speed
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    limit, he the commissioner may establish that part as such a
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   zone by erecting appropriate signs showing the beginning and end
    of the zone, designating a reasonable and safe speed therefor,
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    which may be different than the speed set forth in this section,
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    and that it is a zone of maximum speed limit. The speed so
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    designated by him the commissioner within any such zone shall be
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    a maximum speed limit, and speed in excess of such limit shall
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    be unlawful. He The commissioner may in the same manner from
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    time to time alter the boundary of such a zone and the speed
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    limit therein or eliminate such zone.
       No change for subd 5 to 7
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       Subd. 8. MINIMUM SPEEDS.
                                    Where-the-commissioner
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    determines On determining upon the basis of an engineering and
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    traffic investigation that a speed at least as great as, or in
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    excess of, a specified and determined minimum is necessary to
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    the reasonable and safe use of any trunk highway or portion
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    thereof, he the commissioner may erect appropriate signs
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    specifying the minimum speed on such highway or portion
    thereof. The minimum speed shall be effective when such signs
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    are erected. Any speeds less than the posted minimum speeds
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shall be prima facie evidence that the speed is not reasonable

or prudent and that it is unlawful. No change for subd 9 to 10

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169*#141S
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169.141 FUEL CONSERVATION; HIGHWAY SPEED REDUCTIONS; PENALTY.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. Upon a finding by the governor, after due 5 consideration of available information and consultation with 6 such federal and state officials as he the governor deems 7 appropriate, that it is necessary to reduce highway vehicular 8 speeds, the commissioner of transportation, with the approval of the governor, shall, by order, designate the maximum allowable 10 speed of vehicles using the highways of this state. The order 11 shall be effective the day following the filing of a certified 12 copy thereof in the office of the secretary of state, and shall remain in effect until rescinded by order of the commissioner of transportation. Any speed in excess of the designated maximum 15 speed as contained in the order is unlawful, and the penalties 16 provided in section 169.89 apply.

No change for subd 3 to 169*#16S

169.16 SPEED ON BRIDGES.

No person shall drive a vehicle over any bridge or other elevated structure constituting a part of a highway at a speed 21 which is greater than the maximum speed which can be maintained with safety to such bridge or structure, when such structure is 23 sign-posted as provided in this section.

The commissioner, upon request from any local authority, shall, or, upon his the commissioner's own initiative, may, 26 conduct an investigation of any bridge or other elevated structure constituting a part of a highway, and if-he-shall 28 thereupon-find on finding that such structure cannot with safety to itself withstand vehicles traveling at the speed otherwise permissible under this chapter, the commissioner shall determine and declare the maximum speed of vehicles which such structure maximum speed to be erected and maintained at a distance of 100 feet before each end of such account. feet before each end of such structure.

Upon the trial of any person charged with a violation of 36 this section, proof of the determination of the maximum speed by the commissioner and the existence of the signs shall constitute conclusive evidence of the maximum speed which can be maintained with safety to such bridge or structure.

169*#18S

169.18 DRIVING RULES.

No change for subd 1 to 2 Subd. 3. PASSING. The following rules shall govern the overtaking and passing of vehicles proceeding in the same 45 rules hereinafter stated:
46 (1) The decimal stated: 44 direction, subject to the limitations, exceptions, and special

- (1) The driver of a vehicle overtaking another vehicle 47 proceeding in the same direction shall pass to the left thereof 48 at a safe distance and shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until safely clear of the overtaken vehicle;
- (2) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is 51 permitted, the driver of an overtaken vehicle shall give way to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle on audible warning, and shall not increase the speed of his the overtaken vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle;

No change for subd 4 to 10 55

169*#195

169.19 TURNING AND STARTING.

Subdivision 1. TURNING AT INTERSECTION. The driver 58 of a vehicle intending to turn at an intersection shall do so as 59 follows:

- 60 (1) Both the approach for a right turn and a right turn shall be made as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway;
- (2) Approach for a left turn on other than one-way roadways 64 shall be made in that portion of the right half of the roadway nearest the center line thereof, and after entering the intersection the left turn shall be made so as to leave the intersection to the right of the center line of the roadway being entered. Whenever practicable the left turn shall be made 69 in that portion of the intersection to the left of the center of 70 the intersection;
- (3) Approach for a left turn from a two-way roadway into a 72 one-way roadway shall be made in that portion of the right half

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1 of the roadway nearest the center line thereof and by passing to the right of such center line where it enters the intersection;

- (4) A left turn from a one-way roadway into a two-way roadway shall be made from the left hand lane and by passing to the right of the center line of the roadway being entered upon leaving the intersection;
- (5) Where both streets or roadways are one way, both the approach for a left turn and a left turn shall be made as close as practicable to the left-hand curb or edge of the roadway;
- (6) Local authorities in their respective jurisdictions may cause markers, buttons, or signs to be placed within or adjacent 12 to intersections and thereby require and direct that a different 13 course from that specified in this section be traveled by vehicles turning at an intersection, and when markers, buttons, or signs are so placed no driver of a vehicle shall turn a vehicle at an intersection other than as directed and required by such markers, buttons, or signs;
- (7) Whenever it is necessary for the driver of a motor vehicle to cross a bicycle lane adjacent to his the driver's lane of travel to make a turn, the driver shall drive the motor vehicle into the bicycle lane prior to making the turn, and shall make the turn, yielding the right of way to any vehicles approaching so close thereto as to constitute an immediate 24 hazard.

No change for subd 2 to 7

Subd. 8. HAND SIGNALS. When the signal is given by means of the hand and arm the driver shall indicate $\frac{1}{100}$ 28 intention to start, stop, or turn by extending the hand and arm from and beyond the left side of the vehicle in the following manner and these signals shall indicate as follows:

- (1) Left turn. -- Hand and arm extended horizontally.
- (2) Right turn. -- Hand and arm extended upward, except 33 that a bicyclist or motorcyclist may extend the right hand and 34 arm horizontally to the right side of the bicycle or motorcycle.
 - (3) Stop or decrease speed. -- Hand and arm extended downward.

169*#20S

169.20 RIGHT-OF-WAY.

Subdivision 1. APPROACHING UNCONTROLLED INTERSECTION. When two vehicles enter an uncontrolled intersection from different highways at approximately the same time the driver of the vehicle on the left shall yield the right-of-way to the vehicle on the right.

At an uncontrolled approach to a T-shaped intersection, the driver required to turn shall yield to the cross traffic.

The driver of any vehicle traveling at an unlawful speed shall forfeit any right of way which he the driver might otherwise have hereunder.

The foregoing rules are modified as hereinafter stated in this section.

No change for subd 2 to 4

Subd. 5. EMERGENCY VEHICLE. Upon the immediate approach of an authorized emergency vehicle equipped with at least one lighted lamp exhibiting red light visible under normal atmospheric conditions from a distance of 500 feet to the front of such vehicle and, except where otherwise not required by law, when the driver is giving audible signal by siren, the driver of each other vehicle shall yield the right of way and shall immediately drive to a position parallel to and as close as possible to the right-hand edge or curb of the highway clear of any intersection, and shall stop and remain in this position until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed, except when otherwise directed by a police officer. The driver of an authorized emergency vehicle escorting the movement of a vehicle or load which is oversize or overweight need not sound an audible signal by siren but shall exhibit the light required by this paragraph. The driver of each other vehicle then shall yield the right of way, as required by this paragraph, to the emergency vehicle escorting the vehicle or load which is oversize or overweight.

Upon the approach of an authorized emergency vehicle the motorman driver of each street car and the operator of each trackless trolley car shall immediately stop such car clear of any intersection and keep it in this position and keep the doors and gates of the street car or trackless trolley car closed until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed, except when

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otherwise directed by a police officer. This subdivision shall not operate to relieve the driver of 3 an authorized emergency vehicle from the duty to drive with due 4 regard for the safety of persons using the highways. 5 No change for subd 6 169*#201S 6 169,201 YIELD SIGN. 7 The driver of a vehicle approaching a YIELD sign shail slow 8 to a speed that is reasonable for conditions of traffic and 9 visibility, and stop if necessary, and yield the right of way to 10 any pedestrian legally crossing the roadway on-which-he-is driving, and to all vehicles on the intersecting street or 11 12 highway which are so close as to constitute an immediate hazard. 169*#215 169.21 PEDESTRIANS. 13 No change for subd 1 14 Subd. 2. RIGHTS IN ABSENCE OF SIGNALS. 15 16 traffic-control signals are not in place or in operation the 17 driver of a vehicle shall yield the right of way, slowing down 18 or stopping if need be to so yield, to a pedestrian crossing the roadway within a crosswalk but no pedestrian shall suddenly 19 20 leave a curb or other place of safety and walk or run into the 21 path of a vehicle which is so close that it is impossible for the driver to yield. This provision shall not apply under the conditions as otherwise provided in this subdivision. 22 23 24 When any vehicle is stopped at a marked crosswalk or at any 25 unmarked crosswalk at an intersection to permit a pedestrian to 26 cross the roadway, the driver of any other vehicle approaching 2.7 from the rear shall not overtake and pass the stopped vehicle. It is unlawful for any person to drive a motor vehicle 28 29 through a column of school children crossing a street or highway 30 or past a member of a school safety patrol, while the member of 31 the school safety patrol is directing the movement of children 32 across a street or highway and while the school safety patrol 33 member is holding his an official signal in the stop position. 34 No change for subd 3 to 5 169*#2225 35 169.222 OPERATION OF BICYCLES. No change for subd 1 to 2 36 37 Subd. 3. CLINGING TO VEHICLES. No-person Persons 38 riding upon any bicycle, coaster, roller skates, toboggan, sled, 39 skateboard, or toy vehicle shall not attach the same or himself 40 themselves to any street car or vehicle upon a roadway. No change for subd 4 to 5 41 42 Subd. 6. BICYCLE EQUIPMENT. (a) No person shall 43 operate a bicycle at nighttime unless the bicycle or its operator is equipped with a lamp which shall emit a white light 44 45 visible from a distance of at least 500 feet to the front and 46 with a red reflector of a type approved by the department of 47 public safety which is visible from all distances from 100 feet to 600 feet to the rear when directly in front of lawful lower 48 49 beams of head lamps on a motor vehicle. No person may operate a 50 bicycle at any time when there is not sufficient light to render 51 persons and vehicles on the highway clearly discernible at a 52 distance of 500 feet ahead unless the bicycle or its operator is 53 equipped with reflective surfaces that shall be visible during 54 the hours of darkness from 600 feet when viewed in front of 55 lawful lower beams of head lamps on a motor vehicle. 56 The reflective surfaces shall include reflective materials 57 on each side of each pedal to indicate their presence from the 58 front or the rear and with a minimum of 20 square inches of 59 reflective material on each side of the bicycle or its 60 operator. Any bicycle equipped with side reflectors as required 61 by regulations for new bicycles prescribed by the United States 62 consumer product safety commission shall be considered to meet 63 the requirements for side reflectorization contained in this 64 subdivision. 65 (b) No person shall operate a bicycle unless it is equipped 66 with a brake which will enable the operator to make the braked 67 wheels skid on dry, level, clean pavement. 68 (c) No person shall operate upon a highway any bicycle 69 equipped with handlebars so raised that the operator must elevate his the hands above the level of his the shoulders in 70 71 order to grasp the normal steering grip area.

(d) No person shall operate upon a highway any bicycle

which is of such a size as to prevent the operator from stopping

01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 PAGE the bicycle, supporting it with at least one foot on the highway surface and restarting in a safe manner. No change for subd 7 to 10 169*#265 4 169.26 SPECIAL STOPS AT RAILROADS. When any person driving a vehicle approaches a railroad 6 grade crossing and a clearly visible electric or mechanical signal device gives warning of the immediate approach of a 8 train, the driver of such vehicle shall stop not less than ten 9 feet from the nearest track of such railroad and shall not 10 proceed until he-can safe to do so safety. 11 The driver of a vehicle shall stop and remain standing and 12 not traverse such a grade crossing when the crossing gate is 13 lowered or when a human flagman flagger gives or continues to 14 give a signal of the approach or passage of a train. 169*#285 15 169.28 CERTAIN VEHICLES TO STOP AT RAILROADS. The driver of any motor vehicle carrying passengers for 16 17 hire, or of any school bus whether carrying passengers or not, 18 or of any vehicle carrying explosive substances or flammable liquids, or liquid gas under pressure as a cargo or part of a 19 cargo, before crossing at grade any track or tracks of a 20 21 railroad, shall stop the vehicle not less than ten feet from the nearest rail of the railroad and while so stopped shall listen 22 23 and look in both directions along the track for any approaching train, and for signals indicating the approach of a train, 24 25 except as hereinafter provided, and shall not proceed until he 26 can safe to do so safely. 27 No stop need be made at any crossing where a police officer 28 or a traffic-control signal directs traffic to proceed. 29 No stop need be made at a crossing on a rail line on which 30 service has been abandoned and where a sign erected in conformance with section 169.06 and bearing the word "Exempt" 31 32 has been installed, unless directed otherwise by a flagman 33 flagger. The installation or presence of an exempt sign shall 34 not relieve any driver of the duty to use due care. 35 This section shall not apply at street railway grade 36 crossings within a business or residence district. 37 A school bus shall not be flagged across railroad grade 38 crossings except at those railroad grade crossings that the 39 local school administrative officer may designate. 169*#29S 40 169.29 CROSSING RAILROAD TRACKS WITH CERTAIN EQUIPMENT. 41 No person shall operate or move any caterpillar tractor, 42 steam shovel, derrick, roller, or any equipment or structure 43 having a normal operating speed of six or less miles per hour or 44 a vertical body or load clearance of less than nine inches above 45 the level surface of a roadway upon or across any tracks at a railroad grade crossing without first complying with this 46 47 section. Before making any crossing, the person operating or moving 48 49 any vehicle or equipment set forth in this section shall first 50 stop the same not less than ten, nor more than 50, feet from the nearest rail of the railway, and while so stopped shall listen and look in both directions along the track for any approaching 51 52 train and for signals indicating the approach of a train, and 53 shall not proceed until the crossing can be made safely. 54 55 No crossing shall be made when warning is given by 56 automatic signal or crossing gates or a flagmen flagger or 57 otherwise of the immediate approach of a railroad train or car. 58 No stop need be made at a crossing on a rail line on which 59 service has been abandoned and where a sign erected in conformance with section 169.06 and bearing the word "Exempt" 60 has been installed, unless directed otherwise by a flagman 61 62 flagger. The installation or presence of an exempt sign shall not relieve any driver of the duty to use due care. 63 169*#305S 64 169.305 CONTROLLED ACCESS REGULATIONS AND PENALTIES. 65 No change for subd 1 66 Subd. 2. Except for a driver of an authorized emergency vehicle in the course of performing his duties, no driver of a 67

169.342 GOOD SAMARITAN; EXCEPTION TO STOPPING AND

controlled access highway.

No change for subd 3

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169*#342S

68 vehicle shall back the same upon the roadway or shoulder of any

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1 PARKING.

A person who stops or parks his that person's motor vehicle on any highway or street for the sole purpose of aiding another 4 motorist who signals for assistance by raising the hood of the 5 vehicle or displaying a flag, flare or similar signal is not in 6 violation of any law, ordinance, or regulation prohibiting the 7 stopping or parking of a motor vehicle, and no peace officer shall issue a traffic ticket therefor if:

- (a) The motorist in distress is not already being given aid 10 or assistance;
- (b) The person takes reasonable safety precautions in 12 stopping and parking his the vehicle, and conforms with other 13 laws regulating the stopping and parking of vehicles;
- (c) The person is not in violation of traffic laws or regulations other than the prohibition against stopping and 16 parking; and
 - (d) The person promptly leaves the scene if directed to leave by a peace officer.

19 This section does not apply to any person who stops or 20 parks a vehicle next to an unattended vehicle. 169*#345S

169.345 PARKING PRIVILEGES FOR PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED. Subdivision 1. SCOPE OF PRIVILEGE. Any physically handicapped person who displays prominently upon the vehicle 24 parked by him or under his the direction and for his the use of the handicapped person, the distinguishing certificate 26 specified in this section shall be entitled to courtesy in the parking of the vehicle and be relieved of any liability with respect to parking except as provided in sections 169.32 and 169.34; provided that any municipal governing body may, by ordinance, prohibit parking on any street or highway for the purpose of creating a fire lane, or to provide for the accommodation of heavy traffic during morning and afternoon rush 33 hours and the privileges extended to such handicapped persons 34 shall not apply on streets or highways where and at such time parking is prohibited. The certificate specified in this section shall also serve to identify vehicles properly parked in 37 designated handicapped parking spaces as provided in section 169.346.

Subd. 2. DEFINITIONS. For the purpose of this section physically handicapped means any person who has sustained an amputation or material disability of either or both arms or legs, or who has been otherwise disabled in any manner rendering it difficult and burdensome for-him to walk.

Subd. 3. IDENTIFYING CERTIFICATE. (a) The division 45 of driver and vehicle services in the department of public safety shall issue without charge a special identifying certificate for a marked motor vehicle to any physically handicapped applicant upon submission by the applicant of a 49 certificate by a qualified physician to the division that he the 50 applicant is a physically handicapped person within the meaning of subdivision 2. (b) Upon submission of satisfactory evidence that a motor vehicle is used for the purpose of transporting physically handicapped persons within the meaning of subdivision 54 2, the division may issue without charge a special identifying certificate or insignia for the vehicle. The operator of the vehicle, when displaying the certificate or insignia, has the same parking privileges provided in subdivision 1 for the physically handicapped during the period the vehicle is in use for transporting physically handicapped persons.

The commissioner of public safety shall determine the form, size and promulgate rules and regulations governing their issuance and use necessary to carry out the provisions of this 63 section. The physician's certificate shall specify whether the disability is permanent or temporary, and if temporary, the opinion of the physician as to the duration of the disability. The commissioner may issue special identifying certificates to temporarily physically handicapped persons for limited periods of time.

Subd. 4. REVOCATION, PENALTY. If the police of the state or any city, or other local government shall find that the certificate is being improperly used, they shall report to the 72 division of driver and vehicle services in the department of public safety any violation and the commissioner of public safety may,-in-his-discretion, remove the privilege.

Subd. 5. Repealed, 1967 c 389 s 2

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169*#346S
       169.346 PARKING FOR PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED; PROHIBITIONS;
     PENALTIES.
 3 No change for subd 1 to 2
       Subd. 3. PENALTY. Any person who violates the
 5 provisions of subdivision 1 is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and
 6 shall be fined not less than $25 nor more than $100. This
    subdivision shall be enforced in the same manner as parking
 8 ordinances or regulations are enforced in the governmental
   subdivision in which the violation occurs. Law enforcement
10 officers have the authority to tag vehicles parked on either
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    private or public property in violation of the provisions of
12 subdivision 1. A handicapped person charged with violating
13 subdivision 1 because he the person parked in a handicapped
14 parking space without the required certificate or insignia shall
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    not be convicted if-he-produces upon producing in court or prior
16 to the court appearance the required certificate or insignia and
17 demonstrates that-he-was-entitled entitlement to the certificate
18
    or insignia at the time of arrest or tagging.
169*#37S
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       169.37 OBSTRUCTING VIEW OF DRIVER.
       No person shall drive a vehicle when it is so loaded, or
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21 when there are in the front seat such number of persons,
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    exceeding three, as to obstruct the view of the driver to the
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    front or sides of the vehicle or as to interfere with the
24 driver's control over the driving mechanism of the vehicle.
25 No passenger in a vehicle or street car shall ride in such
position as to interfere with the driver's or-motorman's view ahead or to the sides, or to interfere with his the driver's
28 control over the driving mechanism of the vehicle or street car.
169*#40S
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       169.40 FIRE APPARATUS; FIRE STATIONS.
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       No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. No person shall drive a vehicle within 50 feet of
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    the driveway entrance to any fire station while fire apparatus
33 is being driven into the fire station unless he-is on official
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    business.
169*#469S
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       169.469 INJUNCTION.
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      No change for subd 1
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       Subd. 2. Whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the
38 attorney general that any party has sold or offered for sale or
    is selling or offering for sale any such new motor vehicle or
40 new item of motor vehicle equipment in violation of this
   section, he the attorney general may, in the name of the state,
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    seek injunctive relief in any court of competent jurisdiction
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    against any such violation or threatened violation.
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169*#58S
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      169.58 IDENTIFICATION LAMPS.
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       No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. Any motor vehicles operated by an active member
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    of a volunteer fire department authorized by or contracting with
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    any city, town, or township in this state and upon obtaining a
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    permit therefor from the commissioner of public safety may be
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    equipped with a lamp emitting a red light to the front of such
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    vehicle. The lens of such lamp shall be not more than three
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    inches in diameter. Such lamp shall be lighted only when the
53 member of the volunteer fire department is responding to an
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    emergency call in connection with his duties as a volunteer
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    firefighter. The commissioner of public safety is hereby
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    authorized to issue permits on applications of a member of a
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    volunteer fire department properly certified to by the chief of
58 said volunteer fire department, and it shall be the duty of the
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    chiefs of all volunteer fire departments to notify the
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    commissioner of public safety immediately upon the termination
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    of such membership.
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      Subd. 3. The commissioner of public safety, upon
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   application therefor, may issue a permit to any certificated
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    volunteer ambulance driver authorizing the driver to equip any
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    privately owned motor vehicle operated by him the driver with a
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    lamp emitting a red light to the front of the vehicle.
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    lamps shall conform to specifications adopted by the
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commissioner. The lamp shall be lighted only when the driver is

emergency call. The application shall be in the form prescribed

by the commissioner and shall contain verification satisfactory

proceeding to the location of an ambulance in response to an

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1 to the commissioner of the applicant's status as a certificated volunteer ambulance driver. Any permit issued shall expire 3 immediately upon termination of the permittee's employment as a volunteer ambulance driver. 169*#65S

169.65 SPECIFICATIONS FOR LIGHTING AND OTHER DEVICES. The commissioner of public safety is hereby authorized and required to adopt and enforce standard specifications as to the

8 amount, color and direction of light to be emitted or reflected by lighting devices and as to the general construction and 10 mounting on the vehicle for compliance with the requirements and 11 limitations of this chapter.

No person shall have for sale, sell, or offer for sale for 13 use upon or as a part of the equipment of a vehicle, trailer or semi-trailer, or use upon any such vehicle, any head lamp, auxiliary driving lamp, rear lamp, signal lamp, spot lamp, clearance lamp, marker lamp or reflector, or parts of any of the foregoing, unless of a type which has been submitted to and approved by the commissioner of public safety and-approved-by 19 him.

No person shall have for sale, sell, or offer for sale for use upon or as a part of the equipment of a vehicle, trailer or semi-trailer, or bicycle, or use upon any such vehicle, any lamp or device mentioned in this section, which has been approved by the commissioner of public safety unless such lamp or device bears thereon the trademark or name and model designation all permanently marked under which it is approved so as to be legible when installed.

No person shall use upon any vehicle, trailer or semi-trailer or bicycle any lamps mentioned in this section unless such lamps are equipped with bulbs of a type approved by the commissioner of public safety, having a rated candle power, and are mounted and adjusted as to focus and aim in accordance with instructions of the commissioner of public safety.

The commissioner of public safety is hereby authorized to approve or disapprove lighting devices.

The commissioner of public safety is hereby required to approve or disapprove any lighting device, of a type on which approval is specifically required in this chapter, within a reasonable time after such device has been submitted.

The commissioner of public safety is further authorized to set up a procedure which shall be followed when any device is submitted for approval.

The commissioner of public safety is authorized to set and collect a reasonable fee for the testing and approval of all types of devices upon which approval is required in this chapter. Such fee may be sufficient in amount to reimburse the department of public safety for all costs connected with such test and approval.

The commissioner of public safety, upon approving any such 50 lamp or device, shall issue to the applicant a certificate of approval, together with any instructions determined by him the commissioner of public safety.

The commissioner of public safety shall publish lists of 54 all lamps and devices by name and type which have been approved by him the commissioner of public safety, together with instructions as to the permissible candlepower rating of the bulbs which he the commissioner of public safety has determined for use therein and such other instructions as to adjustment as he the commissioner of public safety may deem necessary. No person shall sell for use or use on any vehicle any reconverted lamp or any device redesigned for a use other than for which it was originally approved unless authorized by the commissioner of public safety.

169*#665 64

169.66 HEARINGS ON SPECIFICATIONS.

When-the-commissioner-of-public-safety-has With reason to believe that an approved device which is being sold commercially does not comply with the requirements of this chapter, he the commissioner of public safety may, after giving 30 days' previous notice to the person holding the certificate of approval for such device in this state, conduct a hearing upon 71 the question of compliance of the approved device. After the hearing the commissioner of public safety shall determine whether the approved device meets the requirements of this chapter. If it does not meet the requirements of this

chapter, he the commissioner of public safety shall give notice to the person holding the certificate of approval for such device in this state.

If, at the expiration of 90 days after such notice, the person holding the certificate of approval for such device has 6 failed to satisfy the commissioner of public safety that the approved device as thereafter to be sold meets the requirements of this chapter, the commissioner of public safety shall suspend 8 9 or revoke the approval issued therefor until or unless such 10 device is resubmitted to and retested by an authorized testing 11 agency and is found to meet the requirements of this chapter, and may require that all such devices sold since the 12 13 notification following the hearing be replaced with devices that do comply with the requirements of this chapter. The 14 commissioner of public safety may at the time of the retest 15 16 purchase in the open market and submit to the testing agency one 17 or more sets of such approved devices, and if such device upon 18 such retest fails to meet the requirements of this chapter, the 19 commissioner of public safety may refuse to renew the 20 certificate of approval of such device. 169*#68S

169.68 HORNS.

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Every motor vehicle when operated upon a highway shall be equipped with a horn in good working order and capable of emitting sound audible under normal conditions from a distance of not less than 200 feet, but no horn or other warning device shall emit an unreasonably loud or harsh sound or a whistle. The driver of a motor vehicle shall, when reasonably necessary to insure safe operation, give audible warning with his the horn, but shall not otherwise use such horn when upon a highway.

No vehicle shall be equipped with, nor shall any person use upon a vehicle, any siren, whistle, or bell, except as otherwise permitted in this section. It is permissible, but not required, that any commercial vehicle be equipped with a theft alarm signal device which is so arranged that it cannot be used by the driver as an ordinary warning signal. All authorized emergency vehicles shall be equipped with a siren capable of emitting sound audible under normal conditions from a distance of not less than 500 feet and of a type approved by the department of public safety, but such siren shall not be used except when such vehicle is operated in response to an emergency call or in the immediate pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law, in which latter events the driver of such vehicle shall sound the siren when necessary to warn pedestrians and other drivers of the approach thereof.

169*#685S

169.685 SEAT BELTS AND PASSENGER RESTRAINT SYSTEMS FOR

No change for subd 1 to 4

Subd. 5. (a) Every parent or legal guardian of a child under the age of four years residing in this state, when transporting the child on the streets and highways of this state in a motor vehicle that is owned by the parent or guardian and was equipped with factory-installed seat belts, shall equip and install for use in the motor vehicle, according to the manufacturer's instructions, a child passenger restraint system meeting federal motor vehicle safety standards.

(b) No parent or legal guardian of a child under the age of four years residing in this state who is operating a motor vehicle on the streets and highways of this state may transport his-or-her the child under-the-age-of-four in a seat of the motor vehicle that was equipped with a factory-installed seat belt, unless the child is securely fastened in the child passenger restraint system. Any parent or legal guardian who violates the provisions of this subdivision is guilty of a petty misdemeanor. No penalty under clause (a) of this subdivision may be applied to a person who shows satisfactory evidence to the county court or violations bureau, in person or by mail, of having purchased or otherwise obtained the use of a child restraint system meeting federal motor vehicle safety standards, within 30 days of the violation. No fine may be imposed for a violation which is not a second or subsequent violation within a one-year period. A fine for a violation of this subdivision which is a petty misdemeanor may not exceed \$25. 169*#72S

169.72 SURFACE OF TIRES; TIRES WITH METAL STUDS.

No change for subd 1 Subd. 3. The commissioner of transportation shall 3 prescribe specifications and guidelines for an in-depth study or 4 test of the damage, if any, that may be caused to the public 5 roadways of this state from the use of pneumatic tires that have 6 embedded in them wire or wire coils for improving traction on 7 ice and snow. The cost of such study and test shall be paid for 8 by others, and no part of the study shall be paid for out of state funds except as may be incidentally spent for preparing 10 specifications and guidelines. The study or test, if it is to 11 be effective for the purposes of this subdivision, shall be made 12 in accordance with the specifications and guidelines of the commissioner of transportation, and the tires so studied and tested shall be so constructed that the percent of wire or wire 15 coils in contact with the roadway will not exceed, during the 16 first 1,000 miles of use or operation, 20 percent of the total 17 tire area in contact with the roadway, and after the first 1,000 18 miles of use or operation of such tires, the wire or wire coils 19 in contact with the roadway will not exceed eight percent of the 20 total tire area contact with the roadway. The commissioner of 21 transportation shall promptly evaluate the results of the study,
22 and if-he-determines on determining that the use of pneumatic 23 tires embedded with wire or wire coils meeting the above test 24 specifications as to percentage of wire or wire coils in contact 25 with the roadway will not damage the streets and highways or 26 that the use of such tires will only cause slight and tolerable 27 damage to the streets and highways, he shall, by order, 28 authorize the use of such tires on the streets and highways of 29 this state, specifying in such order the months during which the 30 tires may be used. The metal wire or coils used in such tires 30 tires may be used. The metal wire or coils used in such tires 31 shall be of a limited hardness so that the wire or coils shall 32 wear at the same rate as the rubber in such tires. When the 33 tire is at rest, the wire or coils shall not protrude beyond the 34 - rubber surface of the tire, or shall protrude only to such an 35 insignificant amount as not to cause damage to the highway 36 roadways beyond the tolerable limits set by the commissioner. A 37 certified copy of the order shall be filed with the secretary of 38 state prior to the date that such tires are authorized by the order to be used on the highways and streets. The use of such tires in accordance with, and during the times specified in, the 41 commissioner's order shall be lawful notwithstanding the 42 provisions of subdivision 1. 43 No change for subd 4

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169.77 LAMP AND BRAKE ADJUSTING STATIONS.

Subdivision 1. OFFICIAL STATIONS. The commissioner of public safety shall designate, furnish instructions to and supervise official stations for adjusting head lamps and 48 auxiliary lamps and official stations for testing brakes to 49 conform with the provisions of this chapter. The commissioner of public safety shall cause inspections to be made of such stations and shall revoke and require the surrender of the stations and shall revoke and require the surrender of the certificate issued to a station which-he-finds on finding that 53 it is not properly equipped or conducted. When head lamps and 54 auxiliary lamps or brakes have been adjusted in conformity with the instructions issued by the commissioner of public safety a certificate of adjustment shall be issued to the driver of the 57 motor vehicle on forms issued in duplicate by the commissioner 58 of public safety showing date of issue, registration number of the motor vehicle, owner's name, make of vehicle, and official 60 designation of the adjusting station.

No change for subd 2

169*#785

169.78 MUNICIPAL INSPECTION STATIONS.

Every municipality in the state shall have the power to 64 acquire, erect, establish, equip, operate, and maintain motor 65 vehicle testing stations, for the purpose of testing and inspecting motor vehicles using the public streets of any such municipality, and to finance and pay for the same out of the municipality, and to finance and pay for the same out of the 68 proceeds of the collection of fees charged for such inspection. 69 Any municipality may pass, and by proper penalties enforce, 70 ordinances for these purposes, and by such ordinances:

(1) Require the attendance of such motor vehicles at such 72 testing station for the purpose of inspection, at such time as 73 shall be deemed reasonable, after due notice thereof shall first 74 have been given to the owner of such motor vehicle or his the

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owner's agent; provided, that any owner of five or more
 commercial vehicles having testing equipment and facilities
 meeting the requirements of the municipality may be exempted
 from the requirements of attendance at such testing station;
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- (2) Require the payment of inspection fees, but such fees shall not exceed the amount of 50 cents for any one inspection, or \$1 for any one year;
- (3) Provide free inspections as often as the owner desires between compulsory inspection periods;
- (4) Provide for the issuance of an inspection certificate and require the same to be displayed on the windshield of such motor vehicle in the lower right corner thereof, and in such manner as not to obstruct the driver's view;
- (5) Prohibit the operation on the public streets of such municipality of any motor vehicle which shall not have been submitted for inspection within a reasonable time after notice of such required inspection shall have been given to the owner of such motor vehicle or his the owner's agent, or any motor vehicle which shall be found to be in a faulty or unsafe condition or in violation of any city ordinance or state law, and now having a proper inspection certificate properly displayed.

No such inspection shall be required of the owner of a vehicle who is not a resident of the municipality operating and maintaining the motor vehicle testing station.

In making such inspection or tests, no additional or different mechanical requirements than those provided by state law shall be imposed upon or against a motor vehicle or the owner thereof, or his the owner's agent, in order to entitle such vehicle to an inspection certificate, but no such certificate shall be issued or attached to any vehicle until and unless such vehicle shall, upon such inspection, be found to comply with the terms of the state law. 169*#815

169.81 HEIGHT AND LENGTH LIMITATION.

No change for subd 1 to 4

Subd. 5. MANNER OF LOADING. No vehicle shall be driven or moved on any highway unless such vehicle is so constructed, loaded, or the load securely covered as to prevent any of its load from dropping, sifting, leaking, or otherwise escaping therefrom, except that sand may be dropped for the purpose of securing traction, or water or other substances may be sprinkled on a roadway in cleaning or maintaining such roadway. This subdivision shall not apply to motor vehicles operated by a farmer or his the farmer's agent when transporting produce he the farmer has produced.

Subd. 6. Repealed, 1967 c 215 s 2 Subd. 7. Repealed, 1983 c 198 s 15 No change for subd 8 to 10

169*#865 49

169.86 SPECIAL PERMITS.

Subdivision 1. APPLICATION FOR PERMIT. The commissioner, with respect to highways under his the commissioner's jurisdiction, and local authorities, with respect to highways under their jurisdiction, may, in their discretion, upon application in writing and good cause being shown therefor, issue a special permit, in writing, authorizing the applicant to move a vehicle or combination of vehicles of a size or weight of vehicle or load exceeding the maximum specified in this chapter, or otherwise not in conformity with the provisions of this chapter, upon any highway under the jurisdiction of the party granting such permit and for the maintenance of which such party is responsible.

No change for subd la to 2

Subd. 3. DISCRETION TO ISSUE OR WITHHOLD; CONDITIONS OF OPERATION; LIABILITY INSURANCE. The commissioner or local authority is-authorized-to may issue or withhold such permit at his-discretion; or, if such permit is issued, to limit or prescribe conditions of operation of such vehicle or vehicles, when necessary to assure against undue damage to the road foundations, surfaces or structures, and may require such undertaking or other security as may be deemed necessary to compensate for any injury or damage to any roadway or road structure, and in addition may require that the operator or owner of such vehicle or vehicles have in effect with respect to

the operation of such vehicle or vehicles a policy of liability

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insurance or bond affording substantially the same coverage with
respect to injury to persons and damage to property as is
required for proof of financial responsibility under the
no-fault automobile insurance act, sections 65B.14 and 65B.41 to
65B.71.
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No change for subd 3a to 4

FEES. The commissioner, with respect to Subd. 5. highways under his the commissioner's jurisdiction, may charge a fee for each permit issued. All such fees for permits issued by 10 the commissioner of transportation shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the trunk highway fund. Except for those annual permits for which the permit fees are specified elsewhere in this chapter, the fees shall be:

- (a) \$15 for each single trip permit.
- (b) \$36 for each job permit. A job permit may be issued for like loads carried on a specific route for a period not to exceed two months. "Like loads" means loads of the same product, weight and dimension.
- (c) \$60 for an annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 consecutive months. Annual permits may be issued for:
- (1) refuse compactor vehicles that carry a gross weight up to but not in excess of 22,000 pounds on a single rear axle and not in excess of 38,000 pounds on a tandem rear axle;
- (2) motor vehicles used to alleviate a temporary crisis adversely affecting the safety or well-being of the public;
- (3) motor vehicles which travel on interstate highways and carry loads authorized under subdivision la.
- (d) \$120 for an oversize annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 consecutive months. Annual permits may be issued for:
 - (1) truck cranes;
 - (2) construction equipment, machinery, and supplies;
 - (3) manufactured homes;
- (4) farm equipment when the movement is not made according to the provisions of section 169.80, subdivision 1, paragraphs (a) to (f);
 - (5) double-deck buses;
 - (6) commercial boat hauling.
- (e) for vehicles which have axle weights exceeding the weight limitations of section 169.825, an additional cost added to the fees listed above. The additional cost is equal to the product of the distance traveled times the sum of the overweight axle group cost factors shown in the following chart:

Overweight Axle Group Cost Factors

46	Weight (pounds)	Cont	Per Mile For Eac	h Croup DE.
47	exceeding	Two consec-	Three consec-	Four consec-
48	weight limi-	utive axles	utive axles	utive axles
49	tations on	spaced within	spaced within	spaced with-
50	axles	8 feet or	9 feet or	in 14 feet
51		less	less	or less
52	0-2,000	.100	.040	.036
53	2,001-4,000	.124	.050	.044
54	4,001-6,000	.150	.062	.050
55	6,001-8,000	Not permitted	.078	.056
56	8,001-10,000	Not permitted	.094	.070
57	10,001-12,000	Not permitted	.116	.078
58	12,001-14,000	Not permitted	.140	.094
59	14,001-16,000	Not permitted	.168	.106
60	16,001-18,000	Not permitted	.200	.128
61	18,001-20,000	Not permitted	Not permitted	.140
62	20,001-22,000	Not permitted	Not permitted	.168

The amounts added are rounded to the nearest cent for each 64 axle or axle group. The additional cost does not apply to paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (3).

(f) As an alternative to paragraph (e), an annual permit may be issued for overweight, or oversize and overweight, construction equipment, machinery, and supplies. The fees for the permit are as follows:

70	Gross Weight (pounds) of vehicle	Annual Permit Fee
71	90,000 or less '	\$200.00
72	90,001 - 100,000	\$300.00
73	100,001 - 110,000	\$400.00
74	110,001 - 120,000	\$500.00
75	120,001 - 130,000	\$600.00
76	130,001 - 140,000	\$700.00

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       If the gross weight of the vehicle is more than 140,000
 2 pounds the permit fee is determined under paragraph (e).
        (g) for vehicles which exceed the width limitations set
    forth in section 169.80 by more than 72 inches, an additional
     cost equal to $120 added to the amount in paragraph (a) when the
    permit is issued while seasonal load restrictions pursuant to
    section 169.87 are in effect.
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       No change for subd 6
169*#87S
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       169.87 SEASONAL LOAD RESTRICTIONS; DESIGNATION OF TRUCK
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    ROUTES.
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       Subdivision 1. OPTIONAL POWER.
                                         Local authorities,
    with respect to highways under their jurisdiction, may prohibit
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     the operation of vehicles upon any such highway or impose
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    restrictions as to the weight of vehicles to be operated upon
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    any such highway, whenever any such highway, by reason of
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     deterioration, rain, snow, or other climatic conditions, will be
     seriously damaged or destroyed unless the use of vehicles
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     thereon is prohibited or the permissible weights thereof reduced.
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       The local authority enacting any such prohibition or
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     restriction shall erect or cause to be erected and maintained
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     signs plainly indicating the prohibition or restriction at each
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     end of that portion of any highway affected thereby, and the
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     prohibition or restriction shall not be effective unless and
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    until such signs are erected and maintained.
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      Municipalities, with respect to highways under their
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    jurisdiction, may also, by ordinance, prohibit the operation of
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     trucks or other commercial vehicles, or may impose limitations
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    as to the weight thereof, on designated highways, which
     prohibitions and limitations shall be designated by appropriate
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signs placed on such highways.

The commissioner shall likewise have authority, as hereinabove granted to local authorities, to determine and to impose prohibitions or restrictions as to the weight of vehicles operated upon any highway under the jurisdiction of the commissioner, and such restrictions shall be effective when signs giving notice thereof are erected upon the highway or portion of any highway affected by such action.

When a local authority petitions the commissioner to establish a truck route for travel into, through, or out of the territory under its jurisdiction, the commissioner shall investigate the matter. If the commissioner determines from his investigation that the operation of trucks into, through, or out of the territory involves unusual hazards because of any or all of the following factors; load carried, type of truck used, or topographic or weather conditions, the commissioner may make his, by order designating, designate certain highways under his the commissioner's jurisdiction as truck routes into, through, or out of such territory. When these highways have been marked as truck routes pursuant to the order, trucks traveling into, through, or out of the territory shall comply with the order.

52 No change for subd 2 to 3 169*#8715

169.871 CIVIL PENALTY.

Subdivision 1. CIVIL LIABILITY. The owner or lessee of a vehicle that is operated with a gross weight in excess of a weight limit imposed under sections 169.825 and 169.832 to 169.851 and 169.87 or a shipper who ships or tenders goods for shipment in a single truck or combination vehicle that exceeds a weight limit imposed under sections 169.825 and 169.832 to 169.851 and 169.87 is liable for a civil penalty as follows:

- (a) If the total gross excess weight is not more than 1,000 pounds, one cent per pound for each pound in excess of the legal limit;
- (b) If the total gross excess weight is more than 1,000 pounds but not more than 3,000 pounds, \$10 plus five cents per pound for each pound in excess of 1,000 pounds;
- (c) If the total gross excess weight is more than 3,000 pounds but not more than 5,000 pounds, \$110 plus ten cents per pound for each pound in excess of 3,000 pounds;
- (d) If the total gross excess weight is more than 5,000 pounds but not more than 7,000 pounds, \$310 plus 15 cents per pound for each pound in excess of 5,000 pounds;
- (e) If the total gross excess weight is more than 7,000 pounds, \$610 plus 20 cents per pound for each pound in excess of

7,000 pounds.

Any penalty imposed upon a defendant under this subdivision 3 shall not exceed the penalty prescribed by this subdivision. Any fine paid by the defendant in a criminal overweight action that arose from the same overweight violation shall be applied 6 toward payment of the civil penalty under this subdivision. A 7 peace officer who cites a driver for a violation of the weight limitations established by sections 169.81 to 169.851 and 169.87 shall give written notice to the driver that he the driver or another may also be liable for the civil penalties provided herein in the same or separate proceedings.

No change for subd la to 7

169*#88S

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169.88 DAMAGES; LIABILITY.

Any person driving any vehicle, object, or contrivance upon 15 any highway or highway structure shall be liable for all damage which the highway or highway structure may sustain as a result of any illegal operation, driving, or moving of such vehicle, object, or contrivance, or as a result of operation, driving or moving any vehicle, object, or contrivance weighing in excess of the maximum weight in this chapter but authorized by a special permit issued as provided in sections 169.80 to 169.88.

When such driver is not the owner of such vehicle, object, 23 or contrivance, but is so operating, driving, or moving the same with the express or implied permission of the owner, then the owner and driver shall be jointly and severally liable for any 26 such damage.

Any person who by his willful acts or failure to exercise 28 due care, damages any road, street, or highway or highway structure shall be liable for the amount thereof.

Damages under this section may be recovered in a civil 31 action brought by the authorities in control of such highway or highway structure.

169*#89S

169.89 PENALTIES.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. PENALTY; JURY TRIAL. A person charged with 36 a petty misdemeanor is not entitled to a jury trial but shall be 37 tried by a judge without a jury. If convicted, he the person is 38 not subject to imprisonment but shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$100.

No change for subd 3 to 4

Subd. 5. DRIVER IMPROVEMENT CLINICS; ATTENDANCE. 42 conjunction with or in lieu of other penalties provided by law for violation of this chapter or a municipal ordinance enacted 44 in conformance thereto, the trial court may in its judgment of conviction order the convicted person to attend and satisfactorily complete a course of study at an approved driver improvement clinic. The commissioner of public safety may, upon 48 his-own the motion of the commissioner of public safety or upon recommendation of the court, suspend, for a period of not to 50 exceed 30 days, the operator's license or permit or nonresident 51 operating privilege of any person who fails or refuses to comply with an order to attend a driver improvement clinic. The requirement of attendance at a driver improvement clinic is not a fine, imprisonment, or sentence within the meaning of section 609.02. The court may not order a convicted person to attend a driver improvement clinic which is located more than 35 miles from the person's residence. For the purposes of this section 58 "an approved driver improvement clinic" means a clinic whose 59 curriculum and mode of instruction conform to standards promulgated by the commissioner of public safety.

169*#91S 61

169.91 ARRESTS.

Subdivision 1. PROCEDURE. When any person is arrested for any violation of any law or ordinance relating to the operation or registration of vehicles punishable as a petty misdemeanor, misdemeanor, gross misdemeanor, or felony, the arrested person shall be taken into custody and immediately taken before a judge within the county in which the offense jurisdiction over the offenses and is nearest or most accessible with reference to the place with with reference to the place where the arrest is made, in any of 71 the following cases:

(1) When a person arrested demands an immediate appearance 73 before a judge;

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- (2) When a person is arrested and charged with an offense under this chapter causing or contributing to an accident resulting in injury or death to any person;
- (3) When the person is arrested upon a charge of negligent homicide;
- (4) When the person is arrested upon a charge of driving or operating or being in actual physical control of any motor 8 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or
- (5) When the person is arrested upon a charge of failure to 11 stop in the event of an accident causing death, personal injuries, or damage to property;
 - (6) When there is reasonable cause for believing that the person arrested may leave the state, except as provided in subdivision 4;
 - (7) In any other event when the person arrested refused to give his-written a promise in writing to appear in court, as provided in subdivision 3.
 - Subd. 2. Repealed, Ex1971 c 27 s 49
 - Subd. 3. NOTICE TO APPEAR. When a person is arrested for any violation of any law or ordinance relating to motor vehicles, their registration or their operation, or the use of the highways, the arresting officer shall prepare a written notice to appear in court. This place must be before a judge within the county in which the offense charged is alleged to have been committed who has jurisdiction and is nearest or most accessible with reference to the place of arrest.

In order to secure release, if the arrested person is eligible for release, without being taken into custody and immediately taken before a judge, as provided in this section, the arrested person must give his-written a promise in writing to appear in court by signing the written notice prepared by the arresting officer. The officer shall retain the original of the notice and deliver the copy marked "SUMMONS" to the person arrested. The officer shall then release the person arrested from custody.

- Subd. 4. RECIPROCAL AGREEMENTS. The commissioner of public safety is empowered to enter into and carry out reciprocal agreements with duly authorized representatives of other states, districts, territories and possessions of the United States and provinces of foreign countries having laws or compacts authorizing the release of residents of party jurisdictions upon personal recognizance following arrest for violation of a law or ordinance relating to the operation of a motor vehicle.
- (a) When a reciprocal agreement is in effect, a law enforcement officer observing a violation of any traffic regulation by a resident of a party jurisdiction shall issue an appropriate citation and shall not, subject to the provisions of clause (b), require the nonresident to post bond or collateral to secure appearance for trial but shall accept the nonresident's personal recognizance, except the nonresident has the right upon request to post bond or collateral in a manner provided by law and in that case the provisions of this subdivision do not apply.
- (b) A nonresident shall not be entitled to be released on his personal recognizance if immediate appearance before a judge is required by subdivision 1 or the offense is:
- (1) One which, upon conviction, would result in the revocation of a person's drivers license under the laws of this state; or
 - (2) A violation of a highway weight limitation; or
- (3) A violation of a law governing transportation of hazardous materials; or
- 65 (4) Driving a motor vehicle without a valid driver's 66 license. 169*#92S

169.92 FAILURE TO APPEAR.

Subdivision 1. Any person wilfully violating his the person's written promise to appear in court, given as provided in sections 169.90 to 169.95, is guilty of a misdemeanor, provided he the person is found guilty of the charge upon which he-was originally arrested. A written promise to appear in court may be complied with by an appearance by counsel.

74 Subd. 2. When a nonresident is released upon his-written a 75 promise in writing to appear and he has not appeared in court or

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1 complied with other orders of the court regarding the appearance or proceedings, the court shall notify the commissioner of 3 public safety of the nonappearance upon a form provided by the commissioner.

Subd. 3. Upon receipt of notice from the court that the nonresident did not appear in court following release from 7 custody upon his-written the nonresident's promise in writing to appear, the commissioner of public safety shall forward a copy of the report to the driver licensing authority of the state, district, territory, possession or province of residence of the person.

Subd. 4. (a) Upon receiving a report from the driver licensing authority of a state, district, territory or possession of the United States or a province of a foreign country which has an agreement in effect with this state pursuant to section 169.91 that a resident of this state or a person licensed as a driver in this state did not appear in court following written promise to appear in the party jurisdiction, the commissioner of public safety shall notify the 20 driver that his the driver's license will be suspended unless the commissioner receives notice within 30 days that the driver has appeared in the appropriate court of the other jurisdiction. If the commissioner does not receive notice of the appearance of the Minnesota resident in the appropriate court within 30 days of the date of the commissioner's notice to the driver, the commissioner may suspend the person's driver's

(b) The order of suspension shall indicate the reason for the order and shall notify the person that his the person's license shall remain suspended until he the person has furnished 31 evidence, satisfactory to the commissioner that-he-has-complied, 32 of compliance with any order entered by the court.

(c) Suspension shall be ordered under this subdivision only 34 when the report from the other jurisdiction clearly identifies the person arrested; describes the violation, specifying the section of the traffic law, ordinance, rule or regulation violated; indicates the location and date of the offense; and describes the vehicle involved and its registration number. 169*#973S

169.973 REGULATION OF CLINICS; DIRECTOR.

Subdivision 1. The commissioner of public safety shall supervise the administration and conduct of driver improvement 42 clinics. The commissioner of public safety shall promulgate and mode of instruction of driver improvement clinics and such other matters as he the commissions. 43 rules and regulations setting forth standards for the curriculum other matters as he the commissioner of public safety considers necessary for the proper administration of such clinics. In the preparation of such standards the commissioner of public safety 48 shall consult with the commissioner of education and state associations of judges. A driver improvement clinic established under Laws 1965, Chapter 711 shall conform to the standards 51 promulgated by the commissioner of public safety. The course of study at a driver improvement clinic may not exceed a cumulative total of nine hours with no single class session lasting more than three hours.

No change for subd 2 169*#974S

169.974 MOTORCYCLES, MOTOR SCOOTERS AND MOTOR BIKES. No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. LICENSE REQUIREMENTS. No person shall operate a motorcycle on any street or highway unless-he-has without having a valid standard driver's license with a two-wheeled vehicle endorsement as provided by law. No such two-wheeled vehicle endorsement shall be issued unless the person applying therefor has in possession a valid two-wheeled vehicle instruction permit as provided herein, has passed a 65 written examination and road test administered by the department of public safety for such endorsement, and, in the case of applicants under 18 years of age, shall present a certificate or 68 other evidence of having successfully completed an approved two-wheeled vehicle dri'ver's safety course in this or another 70 state, in accordance with rules promulgated by the state board of education for courses offered through the public schools, or rules promulgated by the commissioner of public safety for courses offered by a private or commercial school or institute.

73 74 The commissioner of public safety may waive the road test for

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any applicant if-he-determines on determining that the applicant 2 possesses a valid license to operate a two-wheeled vehicle 3 issued by a jurisdiction that requires a comparable road test for license issuance. A two-wheeled vehicle instruction permit shall be issued to any person over 16 years of age, who is in possession of a valid driver's license, who is enrolled in an approved two-wheeled vehicle driver's safety course, and who has passed a written examination for such permit and has paid such 8 fee as the commissioner of public safety shall prescribe. A 9 10 two-wheeled vehicle instruction permit shall be effective for 45 11 days, and may be renewed under rules to be prescribed by the commissioner of public safety. 12 13

No person who is operating by virtue of a two-wheeled vehicle instruction permit shall:

- (a) Carry any passengers on the streets and highways of this state on the motorcycle which he the person is operating;
 - (b) Drive the motorcycle at night time;
- (c) Drive the motorcycle on any highway marked by the commissioner as an interstate highway pursuant to title 23 of the United States Code; or
- (d) Drive the motorcycle without wearing protective headgear that complies with standards established by the commissioner of public safety.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, the commissioner of public safety may, however, issue a special motorcycle permit, restricted or qualified in such manner as he the commissioner of public safety shall deem proper, to any person demonstrating a need therefor and unable to qualify for a standard driver's license.

No change for subd 3

Subd. 4. EQUIPMENT FOR OPERATORS AND PASSENGERS. (a) No person under the age of 18 shall operate or ride a motorcycle on the streets and highways of this state, -unless-he-is without wearing protective headgear that complies with standards established by the commissioner of public safety; and no person shall operate a motorcycle unless-he-is without wearing an eye-protective device except when the motorcycle is equipped with a wind screen.

(b) The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to persons during their participation in a parade for which parade a permit or other official authorization has been granted by a local governing body or other governmental authority or to persons riding within an enclosed cab.

44 No change for subd 5 to 7 169*#985

> 169.98 POLICE OR PATROL VEHICLES; SECURITY GUARD VEHICLES; MARKINGS AND COLORS.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. The commissioner of public safety may authorize the use of specially marked state patrol vehicles, that have only a marking composed of a shield on the right door with the words inscribed thereon "Minnesota State Patrol" for primary use in the enforcement of highway traffic regulations when in his the judgment of the commissioner of public safety the use of specially marked state patrol vehicles will contribute to the safety of the traveling public. The number of such specially marked state patrol vehicles used in the enforcement of highway traffic regulations shall not exceed ten percent of the total number of state patrol vehicles used in traffic law enforcement. All specially marked state patrol vehicles shall be operated by uniformed members of the state patrol and so equipped and operated as to clearly indicate to the driver of a car which is signaled to stop that the specially marked state patrol vehicle is being operated by the state patrol.

64 No change for subd 3 to 4 169*#995

169.99 UNIFORM TRAFFIC TICKET.

Subdivision 1. Except as provided in subdivision 3, there shall be a uniform ticket issued throughout the state by the police and peace officers or by any other person for violations of this chapter and ordinances in conformity thereto. Such uniform traffic ticket shall be in the form and have the effect of a summons and complaint. There shall also be included on the uniform ticket a receipt in lieu of bail which, when signed by the defendant, shall be a guarantee by him-of-his-appearance the defendant to appear in the court having jurisdiction over the

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matter. The uniform traffic ticket shall consist of four parts, on paper sensitized so that copies may be made without the use of carbon paper, as follows:

- (1) the complaint, with reverse side for officer's notes for testifying in court, driver's past record, and court's action, printed on white paper;
- (2) the abstract of court record for the department of 8 public safety, which shall be a copy of the complaint with the 9 certificate of conviction on the reverse side, printed on yellow 10 paper;
- (3) the police record, which shall be a copy of the complaint and of the reverse side of copy (1), printed on pink 13 paper;
- (4) the summons, with, on the reverse side, such information as the court may wish to give concerning the traffic 16 violations bureau, and a plea of guilty and waiver, printed on 17 off-white tag stock.

Subd. la. In every charge of a violation of any provision of this chapter, the uniform traffic ticket shall contain a blank or space wherein the officer shall specify his the officer's opinion as to whether or not an offense which is otherwise a petty misdemeanor was committed in a manner or under 23 circumstances so as to endanger or be likely to endanger any 24 person or property. 25 Subd 2

Subd. 2. The attorney general shall by rule or regulation 26 promulgated in the manner provided by law prescribe the detailed form of the uniform traffic ticket, and shall revise the uniform 28 ticket on such subsequent occasions as he the attorney general deems necessary and proper to keep the uniform ticket in 30 conformity with highway traffic regulations. In the manner 31 provided by law the attorney general shall give notice to all interested parties of a hearing to be held prior to the promulgation of the uniform traffic ticket or any changes therein. The uniform traffic ticket shall not be in mandatory 35 use throughout the state until 18 months after the attorney general has first promulgated the uniform traffic ticket and the attorney general shall enforce the uniformity of the promulgated 38 traffic ticket throughout the state.

No change for subd 3

170*#55S

170.55 SERVICE OF PROCESS; RESIDENTS; NONRESIDENTS; COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC SAFETY AS AGENT.

Subdivision 1. The use and operation by a resident of this state or his the resident's agent, or by a nonresident or his the nonresident's agent of a motor vehicle within the state of Minnesota, shall be deemed an irrevocable appointment by such resident when-he-has-been if absent from this state continuously for six months or more following an accident, or by such nonresident at any time, of the commissioner of public safety to be his the resident's or nonresident's true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served all legal process in any action or proceeding against him the resident or nonresident or his the executor, administrator, or personal representative of the resident or nonresident growing out of such use and operation of a motor vehicle within this state, resulting in damages or loss to person or property, whether the damage or loss occurs on a highway or on abutting public or private property. Such appointment is binding upon the nonresident's executor, administrator, or personal representative. Such use or 59 operation of a motor vehicle by such resident or nonresident is a signification of his agreement that any such process in any action against him the resident or nonresident or his executor, administrator, or personal representative of the resident or nonresident which is so served, shall be of the same legal force and validity as if served upon him the resident or nonresident personally or on his the executor, administrator, or personal representative of the resident or nonresident. Service of such process shall be made by serving a copy thereof upon the commissioner or by filing such copy in his the commissioner's office, together with payment of a fee of \$2, and such service shall be sufficient service upon the absent resident or the nonresident or his the executor, administrator, or personal representative of the resident or nonresident; provided that notice of such service and a copy of the process are within ten

days thereafter sent by mail by the plaintiff to the defendant

75 at his the defendant's last known address and that the

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plaintiff's affidavit of compliance with the provisions of this
     chapter is attached to the summons.
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        Subd. 2. The court in which the action is pending may
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     order such continuance as may be necessary to afford the
     defendant reasonable opportunity to defend any such action, not
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     exceeding 90 days from the date of filing of the action in such
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     court. The fee of $2 paid by the plaintiff to the commissioner
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     at the time of service of such proceedings shall be taxed in his
     the plaintiff's cost if he the plaintiff prevails in the suit.
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     The said commissioner shall keep a record of all such processes
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    so served which shall show the day and hour of such service.
171*#01S
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       171.01 DEFINITIONS.
        No change for subd 1 to 10
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        Subd. 11. COMMISSIONER. The commissioner of public
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     safety of the state of Minnesota, acting directly or through his
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    duly authorized agents.
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        No change for subd 12 to 21
171*#015S
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        171.015 DRIVER'S LICENSE DIVISION.
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        Subdivision 1. A division in the department of public
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     safety to be known as the driver's license division is hereby
21 created, under the supervision and control of a director. The
22 commissioner may place the director's position in the
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    unclassified service if the position meets the criteria
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     established in section 43A.08, subdivision lay-and-he. The
25 <u>director</u> shall be assigned the duties and responsibilities
26 prescribed in this section.
        No change for subd 2 to 6
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171*#02S
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        171.02 LICENSE; SURRENDER OF OTHER LICENSES.
        Subdivision 1. No person, except those hereinafter
   expressly exempted, shall drive any motor vehicle upon any
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    street or highway in this state unless such person has a license
     valid under the provisions of this chapter for the type or class
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    of vehicle being driven. No person shall receive a driver's
     license unless and until he the person surrenders to the
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    department all valid driver's licenses in his possession issued
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     to him the person by any other jurisdiction. All surrendered
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    licenses shall be returned by the department to the issuing
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    department together with information that licensee is now
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     licensed in new jurisdiction. No person shall be permitted to
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    have more than one valid driver's license at any time.
       Subd. 2. VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS; TRUCKS AND EMERGENCY
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    EQUIPMENT; MIDMOUNT AERIAL LADDER TRUCK. Drivers' licenses
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     shall be classified according to the types of vehicles which may
     be driven by the holder of each type or class of license. The
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    commissioner may, as appropriate, subdivide the classes listed
46 in this subdivision and issue licenses classified accordingly.
47 No class of license shall be valid to operate a motorcycle or
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    school bus unless so endorsed. There shall be three general
     classes of licenses as follows:
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        (a) Class C; valid for all farm trucks as defined in
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     section 168.011, subdivision 17, operated by the owner or an
     immediate member-of-his family member or an employee not
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     primarily employed for the purpose of operating the farm truck
54 or employed for the purpose of operating the farm truck during
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   harvest for the first, continuous transportation of agricultural
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     products from the place of production or on farm storage site to
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    any other location within 50 miles of the place of the
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     production or on farm storage site, fire trucks and emergency
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     fire equipment, regardless of the number of axles, and whether
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     or not in excess of 26,000 pounds GVW, driven or operated by
     volunteer firefighters while on duty, and all single unit
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     two-axle vehicles not in excess of 26,000 pounds GVW including
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     vehicles with a temporary auxiliary axle as defined in section
     169.67, subdivision 4. Holder may also tow trailers under
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     10,000 pounds GVW including house trailers. Buses as defined
    under this chapter may not be driven by a holder of a class C
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     license. A person employed as a tilterman tiller operator by a
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     fire department may drive the rear portion of a midmount aerial
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     ladder truck with a class C license.
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(b) Class B; valid for all vehicles in class C and all

(c) Class A; valid for any vehicle or combination thereof.

other single unit vehicles including buses.

No change for subd 3

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171.03 PERSONS EXEMPT.

The following persons are exempt from license hereunder:

- (1) Any person in the employ or service of the United States federal government while driving or operating a motor vehicle owned by or leased to the United States federal 6 government;
- (2) Any person while driving or operating any farm tractor, 8 or implement of husbandry temporarily operated or moved on a 9 highway;
- (3) A nonresident who is at least 15 years of age and who has in his immediate possession a valid driver's license issued to him the nonresident in his the home state or country may 13 operate a motor vehicle in this state only as a driver;
- 14 (4) Any nonresident who is at least 18 years of age, whose 15 home state or country does not require the licensing of drivers 16 may operate a motor vehicle as a driver, only for a period of 17 not more than 90 days in any calendar year if the motor vehicle 18 so operated is duly registered for the current calendar year in the home state or country of such nonresident;
- (5) Any person who becomes a resident of the state of Minnesota and who has in his possession a valid driver's license 22 issued to him the person under and pursuant to the laws of some other state or province or by military authorities of the United States may operate a motor vehicle as a driver, only for a period of not more than 60 days after becoming a resident of this state without being required to have a Minnesota driver's license as provided in this chapter;
- (6) Any person operating a snowmobile, as defined in 28 29 section 84.81.

171*#04S

171.04 PERSONS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR DRIVER'S LICENSES.

The department shall not issue a driver's license hereunder:

- (1) To any person who is under the age of 16 years; to any 33 person under 18 years unless such person shall have successfully 34 completed a course in driver education, including both classroom and behind-the-wheel instruction, approved by the state board of 36 education for courses offered through the public schools, or, in 37 the case of a course offered by a private, commercial driver education school or institute, by the department of public 39 safety; except when such person has completed a course of driver education in another state or has a previously issued valid license from another state or country; nor to any person under 18 years unless the application of license is approved by either parent when both reside in the same household as the minor applicant, otherwise the parent having custody or with whom applicant, otherwise the parent having custody or with whom the 45 minor is living in the event there is no court order for 46 custody, or guardian having the custody of such minor, or in the event a person under the age of 18 has no living father,-mother parent or guardian, the license shall not be issued to such person unless his the application therefor is approved by his 50 the person's employer. Driver education courses offered in any public school shall be open for enrollment to persons between the ages of 15 and 18 years residing in the school district or 53 attending school therein. Any public school offering driver education courses may charge an enrollment fee for the driver 55 education course which shall not exceed the actual cost thereof to the public school and the school district. The approval required herein shall contain a verification of the age of the 58 applicant;
 - (2) To any person whose license has been suspended during the period of suspension except that a suspended license may be reinstated during the period of suspension upon the licensee furnishing proof of financial responsibility in the same manner as provided in the Minnesota no-fault automobile insurance act;
 - (3) To any person whose license has been revoked except upon furnishing proof of financial responsibility in the same manner as provided in the Minnesota no-fault automobile insurance act and if otherwise qualified;
 - (4) To any person who is a drug-dependent person as defined in section 254A.02, subdivision 5;
 - (5) To any person who has been adjudged legally incompetent by reason of mental illness, mental deficiency, or inebriation, and has not been restored to capacity, unless the department is satisfied that such person is competent to operate a motor vehicle with safety to persons or property;

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- (6) To any person who is required by this chapter to take an examination, unless such person shall have successfully 3 passed such examination;
- (7) To any person who is required under the provisions of the Minnesota no-fault automobile insurance act of this state to 6 deposit proof of financial responsibility and who has not deposited such proof;
 - (8) To any person when the commissioner has good cause to believe that the operation of a motor vehicle on the highways by such person would be inimical to public safety or welfare;
 - (9) To any person when, in the opinion of the commissioner, such person is afflicted with or suffering from such physical or mental disability or disease as will affect such person in a manner to prevent him the person from exercising reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle while operating the same upon the highways; nor to a person who is unable to read and understand official signs regulating, warning, and directing traffic.

171*#041S

171.041 RESTRICTED LICENSES FOR FARM WORK.

Notwithstanding any provisions of section 171.04, relating to the age of an applicant to the contrary, the commissioner may issue a restricted farm work license to operate a motor vehicle to a person who has attained the age of 15 years but who is under the age of 16 years and who, except for his age, is qualified to hold a driver's license. The restricted license shall be issued solely for the purpose of authorizing the person to whom the restricted license is issued to assist his the person's parents or guardians with farm work. A person holding such a restricted license may operate a motor vehicle only during daylight hours and only within a radius of 20 miles of his the parent's or guardian's farmhouse; however, in no case may a person holding such a restricted license operate a motor vehicle in a city of the first class. An applicant for a restricted license shall apply to the commissioner for the 35 license on forms prescribed by the commissioner. The application shall be accompanied by a written verified statement by the applicant's parent or guardian setting forth the necessity for the license.

171*#042S

171.042 DRIVER'S LICENSE FOR MEDICAL REASONS.

Notwithstanding any provisions of section 171.04, relating to the age of an applicant, the commissioner may issue a driver's license to a person who has attained the age of 15 years but is under the age of 16 years, who, except for his age, is qualified to hold a driver's license and who needs to operate a motor vehicle because of personal or family medical reasons. Applicants shall apply to the commissioner for the license on forms prescribed by the commissioner. The application shall be accompanied by written verified statements by the applicant's parent or guardian and by a doctor setting forth the necessity for the license. The commissioner in issuing such license may impose such conditions and limitations as in his the commissioner's judgment are necessary to the interests of the public safety and welfare. 171*#05S

54 171.05 INSTRUCTION PERMITS.

> Subdivision 1. Any person who, except for his a lack of instruction in operating a motor vehicle, would otherwise be qualified to obtain a Class C driver's license under this chapter, may apply for an instruction permit and the department shall issue such permit entitling the applicant, while having such permit in his immediate possession, to drive a motor vehicle for which a Class C license is valid upon the highways for a period of one year, but such person must be accompanied by an adult licensed driver who is actually occupying a seat beside the driver. Any license of a lower class may be used as an instruction permit for a higher class for a period of six months after passage of the written test or tests required for the higher class and when the licensee is accompanied by and receiving instruction from a holder of the appropriate higher class license. A copy of the record of examination taken for the higher class license must be carried by the driver while using such lower class license as an instruction permit.

Subd. 2. Notwithstanding any provision in subdivision 1 to the contrary, the department, upon application therefor, may

01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 PAGE issue an instruction permit to an applicant who is 15 years of age and who is enrolled in an approved driver education program including behind the wheel training. Such an instruction permit 3. 4 holder who has the permit in his possession may operate a motor 5 vehicle while receiving behind the wheel training in an approved driver education program, but only when accompanied by an 6 authorized instructor who occupies the seat beside him the permit holder, or during and upon completion of the course while 8 accompanied by a licensed parent or guardian or licensed adult 9 10 driver authorized by the parent or guardian who also must occupy the seat beside the instruction permit holder. 11 171*#06S 171.06 LICENSES, PERMITS. 12 No change for subd 1 to 2a 13 Subd. 3. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION. Every application 14 shall state the full name, date of birth, sex and residence 15 address of the applicant, a description of the applicant in such 16 17 manner as the commissioner may require, and shall state whether or not the applicant has theretofore been licensed as a driver; 18 19 and, if so, when and by what state or country and whether any 20 such license has ever been suspended or revoked, or whether an 21 application has ever been refused; and, if so, the date of and 22 reason for such suspension, revocation, or refusal, together with such facts pertaining to the applicant and his the 23 24 applicant's ability to operate a motor vehicle with safety as may be required by the commissioner. The application form shall 25 26 contain a notification to the applicant of the availability of 27 the donor document provided pursuant to section 171.07, 28 subdivision 5, and shall contain spaces where the applicant must 29 indicate a desire to receive or not to receive the donor 30 document. The application shall be in the form prepared by the 31 commissioner. MIDDLE NAME MAY-BE-MAIDEN-NAME. For the 32 Subd. 3a. 33 purposes of subdivision 3, and section 171.07, subdivision 1, 34 the full name of a married applicant may include, at the option 35 of the applicant, the applicant's family name prior to marriage 36 instead of the applicant's given middle name, notwithstanding 37 the middle name specified on the applicant's marriage 38 certificate. APPLICATION, FILING: Any applicant for an 39 Subd. 4. 40 instruction permit, a driver's license, restricted license, or 41 duplicate license may file an application with a clerk of the 42 district court or at a state office. The clerk or state office 43 shall receive and accept the application. To cover all expenses 44 involved in receiving, accepting, or forwarding to the department applications and fees, the clerk of the district court may retain a county fee of \$1 for each application for a 45 46 47 Minnesota identification card, instruction permit, duplicate license, driver license, or restricted license. The amount 48 49 allowed to be retained by the clerk of the district court shall 50 be paid into the county treasury and credited to the general 51 revenue fund of the county. The clerk of court shall forward all applications and fees, less the amount herein allowed to be 52 retained for expense, to the department within 72 hours of the 53 54 final day of any established reporting period. The clerks of 55

the district courts may appoint agents to assist in accepting applications, but the clerks shall require every agent to forward to the clerk by whom he the agent is appointed all 58 applications accepted and fees collected by him the agent, except that an agent may retain one-half of the \$1 county fee to cover his the agent's expenses involved in receiving, accepting or forwarding the applications and fees. The clerks of court 62 shall be responsible for the acts of agents appointed by them and for the forwarding to the department of all applications accepted and those fees collected by agents and by themselves as are required to be forwarded to the department.

Subd. 5. Repealed, 1979 c 150 s 2

171*#075 67

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171.07 DEPARTMENT TO ISSUE LICENSE AND NONQUALIFICATION CERTIFICATES; ANATOMICAL GIFT INDICATION.

Subdivision 1. LICENSE; CONTENTS. The department 7.0 shall, upon the payment of the required fee, issue to every applicant qualifying therefor a license designating the type or class of vehicles he the applicant is authorized to drive as applied for, which license shall bear thereon a distinguishing 74 number assigned to the licensee, the full name, date of birth,

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                                                                  PAGE
      residence address and permanent mailing address if different, a
 2 description of the licensee in such manner as the commissioner
     deems necessary, and a space upon which the licensee shall write
      his the usual signature and his-or-her the date of birth of
      the licensee with pen and ink. No license shall be valid until
     it has been so signed by the licensee. Except in the case of an
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     instruction permit, every license shall bear thereon a colored
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     photograph of the licensee. Every license issued to an
     applicant under the age of 19 shall be of a distinguishing color
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 10 and plainly marked "provisional." The department shall use such
    process or processes in the issuance of licenses that prohibits
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     as near as possible, the ability to alter or reproduce the
     licenses, or prohibit the ability to superimpose a photo on such
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     licenses without ready detection. A license issued to an
     applicant of age 65 or over shall be plainly marked "senior" if
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     requested by the applicant.
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        No change for subd la to 2
        Subd. 3. Upon payment of the required fee the department
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     shall issue to every applicant therefor a Minnesota
 20 identification card. The card must bear a distinguishing number
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     assigned to the applicant, a colored photograph, the full name,
     date of birth, residence address, a description of the applicant
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 23
     in the manner as the commissioner deems necessary, and a space
     upon which the applicant shall write his the usual signature and
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     his the date of birth of the applicant with pen and ink.
        Each Minnesota identification card must be plainly marked
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"Minnesota identification card - not a driver's license." The fee for a Minnesota identification card issued to a person who is mentally retarded, as defined in section 252A.02, subdivision 2, is 50 cents.

No change for subd 3a to 5 31

171*#085

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171.08 LICENSEE TO HAVE LICENSE IN POSSESSION.

Every licensee shall have his the license in his immediate 34 possession at all times when operating a motor vehicle and shall 35 display it upon demand of a peace officer, an authorized representative of the department, or an officer authorized by law to enforce the laws relating to the operation of motor 38 vehicles on public streets and highways. No person charged with violating the possession requirement shall be convicted if he the person produces in court or the office of the arresting officer a driver's license previously issued to him that person for the class of vehicle which-he-was-driving being driven which 43 was valid at the time of his arrest or satisfactory proof that 44 at the time of the arrest he the person was validly licensed for the class of vehicle which-he-was-driving being driven. The licensee shall also, upon request of any officer, write his the licensee's name in the presence of the officer to determine the identity of the licensee.

171*#09S

171.09 COMMISSIONER MAY IMPOSE RESTRICTIONS.

The commissioner shall have the authority, when good cause appears, to impose restrictions suitable to the licensee's driving ability or such other restrictions applicable to the licensee as the commissioner may determine to be appropriate to assure the safe operation of a motor vehicle by the licensee. The commissioner may, upon receiving satisfactory evidence of any violation of the restrictions of such license, suspend or revoke the same, but the licensee shall be entitled to a hearing, as provided herein.

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle in any manner in violation of the restrictions imposed in a restricted license issued to him that person. 171*#10S

171.10 DUPLICATE LICENSES; VEHICLE ENDORSEMENT.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. When Any person, after applying for or receiving a driver's license and prior to the expiration year of the license, who wishes to have a motorcycle or school bus vehicle endorsement added to the license, he shall, after taking the necessary examination, apply for a duplicate license and make payment of the proper fee. 171*#11S

171.11 CHANGE OF DOMICILE OR NAME.

71 When any person, after applying for or receiving a driver's 72 license, shall change his permanent domicile from the address

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    named in such application or in the license issued to him the
     person, or shall change his-or-her a name by marriage or
    otherwise, such person shall, within 30 days thereafter, make
 4 application for a duplicate driver's license upon a form
 5 furnished by the department; such application or duplicate
     license shall show both the licensee's old address and his new
    address or his the former name and new name as the case may be.
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 8 Such application for a duplicate license, upon change of address
 9 or change of name, shall be accompanied by all certificates of
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     driver's license then in the possession of the applicant
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    together with the required fee.
171*#12S
        171.12 FILING.
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        No change for subd 1
        Subd. 2. ACCIDENT REPORTS AND ABSTRACTS OF COURT
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15 RECORDS OF CONVICTION FILED. The department shall file all
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   accident reports and abstracts of court records of convictions
   received by it under the laws of this state and its political subdivisions, and in connection therewith maintain convenient
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19 records or make suitable notations in order that an individual
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    record of each licensee showing the convictions of such licensee
   and the traffic accidents in which he the licensee has been
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     involved shall be readily ascertainable and available for the
23 consideration of the department upon any application for renewal
24 of license and the revocation, suspension, or limitation of
     licenses. No record shall be maintained of a conviction of any
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    Minnesota resident for an offense committed while operating a
    vehicle as a chauffeur in any other state or Canadian province
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    unless such state or province is one with which Minnesota
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    engages in reciprocal reporting of convictions.
        No change for subd 3 to 5
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171*#13S
       171.13 EXAMINATION.
        Subdivision 1. APPLICANTS. Except as otherwise
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   provided in this section, the commissioner shall examine each applicant for a driver's license by such agency as he the
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    commissioner directs. This examination must include a test of
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    applicant's eyesight; ability to read and understand highway
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    signs regulating, warning, and directing traffic; knowledge of
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    traffic laws; knowledge of the effects of alcohol and drugs on a
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   driver's ability to operate a motor vehicle safely and legally;
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   an actual demonstration of ability to exercise ordinary and
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    reasonable control in the operation of a motor vehicle; and
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    other physical and mental examinations as the commissioner finds
   necessary to determine the applicant's fitness to operate a
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   motor vehicle safely upon the highways, provided, further
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    however, no driver's license shall be denied an applicant on the
     exclusive grounds that the applicant's eyesight is deficient in
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   color perception. Provided, however, that war veterans
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   operating motor vehicles especially equipped for handicapped
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    persons, shall, if otherwise entitled to a license, be granted
   such license. The commissioner shall make provision for giving these examinations either in the county where the applicant
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    resides or at a place adjacent thereto reasonably convenient to
53 the applicant.
       Subd. la.
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                    WAIVER. The commissioner may waive the
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    requirement that the applicant demonstrate his ability to
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   exercise ordinary and reasonable control in the operation of a
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    motor vehicle if-he-determines on determining that the applicant
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    possesses a valid driver's license issued by a jurisdiction that
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     requires a comparable demonstration for license issuance.
        No change for subd 2
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        Subd. 3. EXAMINATION OF LICENSED DRIVER.
                                                      The
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    commissioner may require an examination by such agency as he \underline{\text{the}}
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     commissioner directs of any licensed driver, to determine
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    incompetency, physical or mental disability or disease, or any
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   other condition which might affect the driver from exercising
66 reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle, but no
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     examination shall be required only for the reason that any
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notice of the cancelation. Subd. 4. PENALTY; FAILURE TO SUBMIT TO EXAMINATION.

the person. The commissioner shall give the person written

unsafe person to operate a motor vehicle upon the public

licensed driver has attained a certain age. If as a result of

the examination the commissioner believes that the driver is an

highways, he the commissioner may cancel the driver's license of

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If a licensee does not submit to any examination required under
 2 the provisions of subdivision 3, the commissioner may cancel the
 3 driver's license of the licensee. If such license is canceled,
 4 the licensee shall immediately surrender to the department all
    driver's license certificates in his possession.
       Subd. 5. FEE FOR VEHICLE ENDORSEMENT. Any person
 7 applying to secure a motorcycle or school bus vehicle
 8 endorsement on his the person's driver's license shall pay a
     $2.50 examination fee at the place of application.
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171*#131S
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       171.131 REPORTING TO COMMISSIONER.
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       No change for subd 1
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       Subd. 2. Any physician reporting in good faith and
13 exercising due care shall have immunity from any liability,
14 civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of his
15 actions pursuant to this section. No cause of action may be
     brought against any physician for not making a report pursuant
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    to this section.
171*#14S
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        171.14 CANCELLATION.
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       The commissioner shall have authority to cancel any
    driver's license upon determination that the licensee was not
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    entitled to the issuance thereof hereunder, or that the licensee
22 failed to give the required or correct information in his the
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    application, or committed any fraud or deceit in making such
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     application. The commissioner may also cancel the driver's
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    license of any person who, at the time of the cancellation,
26 would not have been entitled to receive a license under the
    provisions of section 171.04. Upon cancellation the licensee
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     shall immediately surrender the license so canceled to the
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    department.
171*#16S
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       171.16 COURT MAY RECOMMEND SUSPENSION.
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       No change for subd 1 to 2
       Subd. 3. SUSPENSION FOR FAILURE TO PAY FINE. When
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   any court reports to the commissioner that a person: (1) has
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    been convicted of violating a law of this state or an ordinance
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    of a political subdivision which regulates the operation or
    parking of motor vehicles, (2) has been sentenced to the payment
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    of a fine or had a penalty assessment levied against him-or-her
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    that person, or sentenced to a fine upon which a penalty
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    assessment was levied, and (3) has refused or failed to comply
    with that sentence or to pay the penalty assessment,
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   notwithstanding the fact that the court has determined that the
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    person has the ability to pay the fine or penalty assessment,
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    the commissioner shall suspend the driver's license of such
    person for 30 days for a refusal or failure to pay or until
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   notified by the court that the fine or penalty assessment, or
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    both if a fine and penalty assessment were not paid, has been
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    paid.
       Subd. 4. Repealed, 1973 c 698 s 8
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       No change for subd 5
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171*#17S
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       171.17 REVOCATION.
       The department shall forthwith revoke the license of any
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    driver upon receiving a record of such driver's conviction of
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    any of the following offenses:
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      (1) manslaughter or criminal vehicular operation resulting
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     from the operation of a motor vehicle;
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      (2) any violation of section 169.121 or 609.487;
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       (3) any felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle
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    was used:
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       (4) failure to stop and disclose identity and render aid,
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    as required under the laws of this state, in the event of a
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    motor vehicle accident resulting in the death or personal injury
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    of another;
       (5) perjury or the making of a false affidavit or statement
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    to the department under any law relating to the ownership or
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    operation of a motor vehicle;
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       (6) except as this section otherwise provides, conviction,
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    plea of guilty, or forfeiture of bail not vacated, upon three
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    charges of violating, within a period of 12 months any of the
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    provisions of chapter 169, or of the rules, regulations, or
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    municipal ordinances enacted in conformance therewith for which
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the accused may be punished upon conviction by imprisonment;

(7) conviction of an offense in another state which, if

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committed in this state, would be grounds for the revocation of the driver's license.

When any judge of a juvenile court, or any of its duly any person under the age of 18 years has committed any offense defined in this section and interest the section and inter 4 authorized agents, shall determine, formally or informally, that defined in this section, such judge, or duly authorized agent, 7 shall immediately report such determination to the department, 8 and the commissioner shall immediately revoke the license of 9 that person.

Upon revoking the license of any person, as hereinbefore in Il this chapter authorized, the department shall immediately notify 12 the licensee, in writing, by depositing in the United States post office a notice addressed to the licensee at his the licensee's last known address, with postage prepaid thereon. 171*#18S

171.18 SUSPENSION.

The commissioner shall have authority to and may suspend the license of any driver without preliminary hearing upon a showing by department records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee:

- (1) Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation of license is required upon conviction; or
- (2) Has been convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction for violation of a provision of the highway traffic regulation act or an ordinance regulating traffic and where it appears from department records that the violation for which he the licensee was convicted contributed in causing an accident resulting in the death or personal injury of another, or serious property 28 damage; or
 - (3) Is an habitually reckless or negligent driver of a motor vehicle; or
 - (4) Is an habitual violator of the traffic laws; or
 - (5) Is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle as determined and adjudged in a judicial proceeding; or
 - (6) Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of such license; or
 - (7) Has committed an offense in another state which, if committed in this state, would be grounds for suspension; or
 - (8) Has committed a violation of section 171.22, clause (4); or
 - (9) Has failed to appear in court as provided in section 169.92, subdivision 4.

Provided, however, that any action taken by the commissioner under subparagraphs (2) and (5) shall conform to the recommendation of the court when made in connection with the 45 prosecution of the licensee.

Upon suspending the license of any person, as hereinbefore in this section authorized, the department shall immediately 48 notify the licensee, in writing, by depositing in the United States post office a notice addressed to the licensee at his the 50 <u>licensee's</u> last known address, with postage prepaid thereon, and the licensee's written request shall afford him the licensee an 52 opportunity for a hearing within not to exceed 20 days after receipt of such request in the county wherein the licensee resides, unless the department and the licensee agree that such hearing may be held in some other county. Upon such hearing the 56 commissioner, or his duly authorized agent, may administer oaths and issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers, and may require a reexamination of the licensee. Upon such hearing the department shall either rescind its order of suspension or, good cause appearing therefor, may extend the suspension of such license or revoke such license. The department shall not suspend a license for a period of more than one year. 171*#181S

171.181 RESIDENT DRIVING PRIVILEGE.

Subdivision 1. When-the-commissioner-revokes On revoking or suspends suspending the driver license of a Minnesota resident as a result of a foreign state conviction, he the commissioner shall notify that foreign state when the driver 69 license is reinstated or a new license issued.

For the purposes of this section, "foreign state" means a state as defined in section 171.01, subdivision 15, excluding the state of Minnesota.

Subd. 2. Repealed, 1983 c 127 s 2

171*#182S

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driver be licensed.

171.182 SUSPENSION; UNINSURED VEHICLES. No change for subd 1 to 4 Subd. 5. STATEMENTS. A person whose license or 3 4 nonresident's operating privileges has been suspended or has become subject to suspension because of an unsatisfied judgment 5 may be relieved of the suspension by filing with the commissioner an affidavit stating that at the time of the 8 accident giving rise to the judgment he the person was insured, 9 that the insurer is liable for the judgment, and the reason, if known, why the judgment has not been paid. The affidavit shall 10 be accompanied by a copy of the insurance policy and other 11. 12 documents the commissioner requires to show that the loss, 13 injury or damage giving rise to the judgment was covered by the 14 policy. If the-commissioner-is satisfied that the insurer was 15 authorized to issue the policy and is liable for the judgment, 16 at least to the extent and for the amounts required in this 17 chapter, he the commissioner shall not suspend the license, or 18 reinstate the license if already suspended. 171*#195 19 171.19 PETITION FOR REINSTATEMENT OF LICENSES. 20 Any person whose driver's license has been refused, 21 revoked, suspended, or canceled by the commissioner, except where the license is revoked under section 169.123, may file a 22 petition for a hearing in the matter in the district court in 23 24 the county wherein such person shall reside and, in the case of a non-resident, in the district court in any county, and such 25 court is hereby vested with jurisdiction, and it shall be its 26 duty, to set the matter for hearing upon 15 days' written notice 27 to the commissioner, and thereupon to take testimony and examine 28 29 into the facts of the case to determine whether the petitioner is entitled to a license or is subject to revocation, 30 suspension, cancelation, or refusal of license, under the 32 provisions of this chapter, and shall render judgment 33 accordingly. The petition shall be heard by the court without a jury and may be heard in or out of term. The commissioner may 34 35 appear in person, or by his agents or representatives, and may 36 present his evidence upon the hearing by affidavit personally, 37 by himself,-his agents, or by representatives. The petitioner 38 may present his evidence by affidavit, except that the 39 petitioner must be present in person at such hearing for the 40 purpose of cross-examination. In the event the department shall be sustained in these proceedings, the petitioner shall have no 41 42 further right to make further petition to any court for the purpose of obtaining a driver's license until after the 43 expiration of one year after the date of such hearing. 44 171*#225 45 171.22 UNLAWFUL ACTS. 46 It shall be unlawful for any person: (1) To display, or cause or permit to be displayed, or have 47 48 in his possession, any canceled, revoked, suspended, fictitious, 49 or fraudulently altered driver's license; or (2) To lend his the person's driver's license to any other 50 51 person or knowingly permit the use thereof by another; or 52 (3) To display or represent as one's own any driver's 53 license not issued to him that person; or (4) To fail or refuse to surrender to the department, upon 54 55 its lawful demand, any driver's license which has been 56 suspended, revoked, or canceled; or 57 (5) To use a false or fictitious name or date of birth to 58 any police officer or in any application for a driver's license, 59 or to knowingly make a false statement, or to knowingly conceal 60 a material fact, or otherwise commit a fraud in any such 61 application; or (6) To alter any driver's license, or to counterfeit or 62 63 make any fictitious license; or 64 (7) To take any part of the driver's license examination 65 for another or to permit another to take the examination for him 66 that person. 171*#23S 67 171.23 SHALL NOT RENT MOTOR VEHICLE TO UNLICENSED DRIVER. 68 No person shall rent or lease a motor vehicle to any other 69 person unless the latter person is then duly licensed hereunder, 70 or, in the case of a non-resident, then duly licensed under the

law of the state or country of his residence, except a

non-resident whose home state or country does not require that a

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171.25 ENFORCEMENT. 1

The commissioner shall be charged with the responsibility 3 for the administration and execution of this chapter.

Any duties required of or powers conferred on the

5 commissioner under the provisions of this chapter may be done and performed or exercised by any of his duly authorized agents. 6 171*#295

171.29 REVOKED LICENSES; EXAMINATION FOR NEW LICENSES. Subdivision 1. No person whose drivers license has been

revoked by reason of conviction, plea of guilty, or forfeiture 10 of bail not vacated, under section 171.17 or 65B.67, or revoked 11 under section 169.123 shall be issued another license unless and until he that person shall have successfully passed an

examination as required for an initial license.

Subd. 2. (a) A person whose drivers license has been 15 revoked as provided in subdivision 1, except under section 169.121 or 169.123, shall pay a \$30 fee before his the person's drivers license is reinstated.

(b) A person whose drivers license has been revoked as provided in subdivision 1 under section 169.121 or 169.123 shall pay a \$150 fee before his-or-her the person's drivers license is 21 reinstated; 50 percent of this fee shall be credited to the trunk highway fund and 50 percent shall be credited to a 23 separate account to be known as the county probation 24 reimbursement account. Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner of corrections for the costs that counties assume under Laws 1959, chapter 698, of providing probation assume under Laws 1959, chapter 698, of providing probation and 27 parole services to wards of the commissioner of corrections. 28 This money is provided in addition to any money which the 29 counties currently receive under section 260.311, subdivision 5.

171.30 LIMITED LICENSE.

Subdivision 1. ISSUANCE. In any case where a person's license has been suspended under section 171.18 or revoked under section 169.121, 169.123, or 171.17, the 34 commissioner may at-his-own-discretion issue a limited license 35 to the driver including under the following conditions:

- (1) if the driver's livelihood or attendance at a chemical dependency treatment or counseling program depends upon the use 38 of the driver's license; or
- (2) if attendance at a post-secondary institution of 41 upon the use of the driver's license.
 42 The commissioner 40 education by an enrolled student of that institution depends

The commissioner in issuing a limited license may impose such conditions and limitations as in his the commissioner's judgment are necessary to the interests of the public safety and welfare including re-examination as to the driver's qualifications. The license may be limited to the operation of particular vehicles, to particular classes and times of 48 operation and to particular conditions of traffic. The 49 commissioner may require that an applicant for a limited license affirmatively demonstrate that use of public transportation or carpooling as an alternative to a limited license would be a significant hardship.

The limited license issued by the commissioner shall 54 clearly indicate the limitations imposed and the driver 55 operating under the limited license shall have the license operating under the limited license shall have the license in 56 his possession at all times when operating as a driver.

In determining whether to issue a limited license, the commissioner shall consider the number and the seriousness of prior convictions and the entire driving record of the driver and shall consider the number of miles driven by the driver 61 annually.

- Subd. 2. A limited license shall not be issued for a period of 60 days to an individual who-has-had-his whose license or privilege has been revoked or suspended for commission of the 65 following offenses:
 - (a) Manslaughter or criminal negligence resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle.
 - (b) Any felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used.
- 70 (c) Failure to stop and disclose identity as required under the laws of this state, in the event of a motor vehicle accident 72 resulting in the death or personal injury of another.

No change for subd 3

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 171*#32S
         171.32 ACTION UPON INFORMATION RELATING TO BLINDNESS.
         Subdivision 1. The commissioner upon receipt of any such
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      information shall take such action as he the commissioner deems
      necessary to insure that each such person meets the accepted
      visual acuity standards required of all driver's license
     applicants and such further action as required by law or
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      regulation. The driver's license of any person who has been
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     classified as legally blind shall be immediately cancelled.
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         Subd. 2. Any person who is notified that his the person's
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     driver's license may be cancelled because of a defect of visual
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      acuity pursuant to the provisions of this section may demand and
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      shall receive the standard visual acuity examination required of
 13
      all driver's license applicants, or may be examined by a
      qualified physician of his the person's choice.
 14
 15
         No change for subd 3
 171*#33S
 16
         171.33 DRIVER TRAINING SCHOOLS; DEFINITIONS.
         No change for subd 1
 17
 18
         Subd. 2. "Instructor" means any person, whether acting for
 19
      himself as operator of a commercial driver training school or as
 20
      an employee of any such school, who teaches or supervises
      persons learning to drive motor vehicles or preparing to take an
 21
 22
      examination for a driver's license, and any person who
 23
      supervises the work of any other instructor.
 24
        No change for subd
 171*#37S
        171.37 INSPECTION AND EXAMINATION.
 25
        The commissioner or his an authorized representative shall
 26
 27
      inspect the school facilities and equipment of applicants and
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      licensees and shall examine applicants for instructor's
29
     licenses. The commissioner shall issue or adopt such
      regulations and do all things necessary and proper to accomplish
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 31-
     the purposes of this section.
 171*#385
        171.38 ISSUANCE, RENEWAL, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION OF
 32
 33
      LICENSES.
 34
        The commissioner may revoke or refuse to issue or renew a
 35
      school or instructor's license in any case where-he-finds on
 36
      finding that the applicant or licensee has not complied with, or
 37
      has violated any of the provisions of sections 171.33 to 171.41
 38
      or any regulation issued or adopted pursuant thereto. Any
 39
      revoked license shall be returned to the commissioner by the
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     licensee, and its holder cannot apply for a new license for a
41
      period as determined by the commissioner not to exceed one year
      from the date of such revocation.
42
 173*#06S
         173.06 RULES AND REGULATIONS RELATING TO PERMITS.
43
        Subdivision 1. The commissioner of transportation shall
 44
 45
     adopt and may modify, amend or repeal regulations governing the
 46
      issuance of permits or renewals thereof for the erection and
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     maintenance of advertising devices within scenic areas; provided
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      that he the commissioner shall not adopt, modify, amend or
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      repeal any regulation that will impair any agreement with the
 50
      federal government. The commissioner of transportation may
     limit the application of any regulation adopted by him the
 51
52
     commissioner to exclude or include in whole or in part,
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     specified areas within the scenic area based upon use, nature of
 54
     the surrounding community, or such other factors as may make
      separate classification or regulation necessary or desirable.
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 56
        No change for subd 2
 173*#07S
 57
        173.07 APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS; CONTENTS; RENEWALS.
 58
        Subdivision 1. Application for permits or renewals thereof
 59
      for the placement and maintenance of advertising devices within
 60
      scenic areas shall be on forms prescribed by the commissioner
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     and shall contain such information as he the commissioner may
 62
     require. No advertising device shall be placed without the
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consent of the owner or occupant of the land, and adequate proof 64 of such consent shall be submitted to the commissioner at the time application is made for such permits or renewals. There shall be furnished with each permit an identifying number which shall be affixed by the permit holder to the advertising device in accordance with rules and regulations of the commissioner of transportation.

No change for subd 2

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173*#13S
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14 15 173.13 DEVICES ALONG INTERSTATE HIGHWAYS.

No change for subd 1 to 7

Subd. 8. There shall be submitted, together with the fee 3 4 for the annual renewal, a statement by the applicant that the owner or occupant of the property has consented to the continued use of his the property for such advertising device.

No change for subd 9

Subd. 10. The commissioner may revoke any permit granted herein for cause upon 30 days written notice of such hearing to 10 the permittee. Such notice and hearing and all regulations with respect thereto shall be in accordance with chapter 14. The 12 commissioner within 10 days after hearing shall notify the permittee what he the permittee must do to retain the permit and the permittee shall have 30 days therefrom in which to comply with the order of the commissioner.

No change for subd 11

173*#14S

173.14 PERMIT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER.

Every permit issued by the commissioner of transportation shall be assigned an identification number. The commissioner shall also issue with each permit an identifying number which shall be attached to the advertising device in a conspicuous 22 place by the permittee in accordance with rules and regulations of the commissioner. The permittee shall also have his the permittee's name plainly marked on each advertising device. 173*#17S

173.17 REMOVAL OF DEVICES, TIME FOR REMOVAL; COMPENSATION.

It is hereby declared that where in order to carry out the provisions of this chapter it is necessary that property rights be acquired, such acquisition is for a public purpose and is necessary for a highway purpose. The commissioner of transportation is authorized to acquire by purchase, gift or condemnation all advertising devices and all property rights pertaining thereto which are prohibited under the provisions of this chapter, and any rules or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, provided that such advertising devices were in lawful existence on June 8, 1971. In any such acquisition, purchase or condemnation, just compensation shall be paid for:

- (1) The taking from the owner of such sign, display or device of all right, title, leasehold and interest in such sign, display or device; and
- (2) The taking from the owner of the real property on which such advertising device is located immediately prior to its removal or relocation, the right to erect and maintain thereon advertising devices, and full compensation therefor, including severance damage and damage to the remainder of the outdoor advertising plant regardless of whether it is located on property contiguous to or a part of that on which such sign is located, shall be included in the amounts paid to the respective owners. Provided, however, that no compensation shall be paid for severance damage and damage to the remainder of the outdoor advertising plant unless federal laws, or rules and regulations promulgated by the United States Department of Transportation provide for federal participation in the cost of such severance 54 damage and damage to the remainder of the outdoor advertising
- (3) Compensation required herein shall be paid to the person or persons entitled thereto. Notwithstanding any other provisions of Laws 1971, Chapter 883, no advertising device shall be required to be removed or relocated unless and until the commissioner of transportation shall tender payment to the owner of the advertising device and the owner of real property upon which the same is located, in cash or check drawn on the state treasury, of 100 percent of the amount of just compensation required herein, as determined by the commissioner of transportation; provided that the acceptance of said tendered amount by the person or persons to be compensated shall be without prejudice to his-or-their further rights to have just 68 compensation finally determined in accordance with the provisions of Laws 1971, Chapter 883, and to receive any greater or additional amount under chapter 117.
 - (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, including section 173.20, no advertising device which was lawfully erected shall be removed until all rights in the

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property, personal or real, have been acquired by purchase,
    gift, or eminent domain proceedings under chapter 117, whether
 3 or not the advertising device is removed pursuant to this
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    chapter or any other statute, ordinance, or regulation of any
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    political subdivision of the state or local zoning authority.
      The Minnesota department of transportation with the
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 7
    assistance and cooperation of the department of energy and
 8
    economic development shall make recommendations to the standing
 9
    committees on transportation of both houses of the legislature
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    by February 1, 1982 for a comprehensive directional signing
11
   program.
173*#18S
12
        173.18 ADJUSTMENTS BETWEEN OWNERS AS TO SPACING.
13
        If two or more advertising devices erected before May 26,
    1965 are in violation of the spacing requirements as herein
14
    provided, the commissioner of transportation shall notify the
15
     owners of such devices and give such owners full opportunity to
   be heard. He The commissioner shall thereafter make a finding
17
    as to the date of erection of each of the devices. The device
18
    or devices last erected shall be deemed nonconforming and shall
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     be removed by the owner or owners not later than July 1, 1969.
174*#02S
21
        174.02 COMMISSIONER; POWERS; DUTIES.
22
        No change for subd 1 to 2
                  DEPARTMENTAL ORGANIZATION.
23
    commissioner shall organize the department in a manner
24
    recognizing the administrative and staffing needs of all modes
25
26
    of transportation within his the commissioner's jurisdiction,
27
    and shall employ personnel as he the commissioner deems
    necessary to discharge the functions of the department.
28
    commissioner shall adopt an affirmative action plan for the
30
    department in order to insure that department hiring encourages
31
    the selection of members of groups of persons who because of
32
    unfair or unlawful discriminatory practices have in the past
33
    been denied equal employment opportunity. This plan need not be
34
    promulgated as a rule, but it shall be approved by the
    commissioner of employee relations. The plan shall provide that the affected groups of persons shall constitute at least the
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    same proportional number of employees in the department as they
38
    constitute in the total employment in state government; provided
    that this limitation shall expire in respect to an affected
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    group when the commissioner of employee relations certifies that
41
    members of that affected group are employed in the department in
42
    the same proportion as they constitute in the total employment
43
    in state government.
        No change for subd 4
44
       Subd. 5. COOPERATION.
45
                                  To facilitate the development
    of a unified and coordinated intrastate and interstate
46
47
    transportation system:
        (a) The commissioner shall maintain close liaison,
48
49
    coordination and cooperation with the private sectors of
50
    transportation, the upper great lakes seaway development
51
    commission corporation, and any multi-state organization
52
    involved in transportation issues affecting the state;
53
       (b) The commissioner shall participate in the planning,
     regulation and development of the port authorities of the state;
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56
        (c) The commissioner or his the commissioner's designee
57
     shall be a nonvoting, ex officio member of the metropolitan
     airports commission, as organized and established under sections
59
    473.601 to 473.679.
174*#04S
        174.04 FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE; APPLICATIONS; DISBURSEMENT.
60
        Subdivision 1. REVIEW OF APPLICATION. Any state
62
    agency which receives an application from a regional development
63
    commission, metropolitan council, public transit commission,
64
    airport commission, port authority or other political
    subdivision of the state for financial assistance for
66
    transportation planning, capital expenditures or operations to
67
    any state or federal agency, shall first submit the application
68
    to the commissioner of 'transportation. The commissioner shall
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    review the application to determine whether it contains matters
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that substantially affect the statewide transportation plan and

priorities. If the application does not contain such matters,

the commissioner shall within 15 days after receipt return the

application to the applicant political subdivision for

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PAGE
    forwarding to the appropriate agency. If the application
    contains such matters, the commissioner shall review and comment
    on the application as being consistent with the plan and
 4 priorities. The commissioner shall return the application
    together with his comments within 45 days after receipt to the
 6
    applicant political subdivision for forwarding with the
     commissioner's comments to the appropriate agency.
       No change for subd 2 to 3
 8
174*#065
 9
       174.06 TRANSFER OF POWERS.
10
       No change for subd 1 to 7
       Subd. 8. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR STATUTORY REVISIONS.
11
12
     The commissioner shall submit, together with the proposals
13
   required by subdivision 7, specific recommendations of language
14
    to update all statutory sections which relate to the operation
15
    of his the department and are in need of revision. The
16
    commissioner's report shall give special consideration to
17
    sections affecting rule-making and public hearings, to language
    or provisions rendered obsolete by passage of time, and to
18
19
     overall clarity and brevity of the statutes.
174*#10S
20
        174.10 PROCEEDINGS BEFORE TRANSPORTATION REGULATION
21
     BOARD.
22
        No change for subd 1
23
        Subd. 2. In all matters over which the commissioner has
24 regulatory, or enforcement authority, he the commissioner may
25
    issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses and the
26
    production of all necessary papers, books, records, documents,
27
     and other evidentiary material. Any person failing or refusing
    to appear to testify regarding any matter about which he the
29
    person may be lawfully questioned or to produce any papers,
   books, records, documents, or other evidentiary materials in the matter to be heard, after having been required by a subpoena of
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   the commissioner to do so may, upon application by the
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   commissioner to the district court in any district, be ordered
    to comply therewith. An administrative law judge in a
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    rule-making or contested case proceeding may, on behalf of the
    commissioner, issue subpoenas, administer oaths to witnesses,
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37
    and take their affirmations. Depositions may be taken within or
    without the state by the commissioner or his the commissioner's
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    designee in the manner provided by law for the taking of
40 depositions in civil actions. A subpoena or other process or
41
    paper may be served upon any person named therein, anywhere
42
    within the state by any officer authorized to serve subpoenas or
43
    other process or paper in civil actions, with the same fees and
   mileage and in the same manner as prescribed by law for service
44
   of process issued out of the district court of this state.
46
       No change for subd 3 to 4
174*#17S
       174.17 EVALUATION OF VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSALS.
47
       No change for subd 1
49
       Subd. 2. Subject to the provisions of sections 174.15 to
50
    174.17 and the provisions of any other applicable law, if the
   commissioner of transportation determines, based upon the
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52
    reports and recommendations of his the department, that adoption
53
   of a value engineering proposal will result in direct and
    immediate savings in the construction project contract costs,
54
55
   the commissioner shall approve and authorize the adoption of the
56
    implementing supplemental agreement and the supplemental
57
    agreement shall be processed and adopted as otherwise provided
58
    by law.
174*#22S
       174.22 DEFINITIONS.
59
60
       No change for subd 1 to 7
61
       Subd. 8. "Regular route transit" means transportation of
62
    passengers for hire by a motor vehicle or other means of
63
    conveyance by any person operating on a regular and continuing
    basis as a common carrier on fixed routes and schedules.
65
    "Regular route transit" does not include transportation of
    children to or from school or of passengers between a common
67
    carrier terminal station and a hotel or motel, transportation by
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   common carrier railroad or common carrier railroads or by taxi,
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   transportation furnished by a person solely for his-or-its that
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person's employees or customers, or paratransit.

No change for subd 9 to 13

174*#235

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174.23 GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES.
        No change for subd 1
        Subd. 2. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE. The commissioner
    shall seek out and select eligible recipients of financial
 4
     assistance under sections 174.21 to 174.27. The commissioner
    shall establish by rule the procedures and standards for review
     and approval of applications for financial assistance submitted
 8
    to the commissioner pursuant to sections 174.21 to 174.27. Any
     applicant shall provide to the commissioner any financial or
 9
10
     other information required by the commissioner to carry out his
11
    the commissioner's duties. The commissioner may require local
12
     contributions from applicants as a condition for receiving
13
    financial assistance. Before the commissioner approves any
     grant, the application for the grant shall be reviewed and
14
15
    approved by the appropriate regional development commission only
16
    for consistency with regional transportation plans and
   development guides. If an applicant proposes a project within the jurisdiction of a transit authority or commission or a
17
18
     transit system assisted or operated by a city or county, the
20
   application shall also be reviewed by that commission, authority
     or political subdivision for consistency with its transit
22
     programs, policies and plans. Any regional development
     commission that has not adopted a transportation plan may review
    but may not approve or disapprove of any application.
24
25
        No change for subd 3 to 8
174*#31S
26
       174.31 COORDINATION OF SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION SERVICE IN
     THE METROPOLITAN AREA.
27
28
       No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. FINANCING; IMPLEMENTATION; MANAGEMENT AND
29
30
     ADVISORY GROUPS. The project shall be operated pursuant to
31
    the rules governing and funded with money available under the
32
     paratransit grant program. The commissioner shall not operate
33
    the project but shall contract for services necessary for its
34
    operation. All transportation service provided through the
35
   project shall be provided under a contract between the
    commissioner and the provider which specifies the service to be
36
37
     provided and the rates for providing it. The commissioner shall
38
    establish a committee to set management policies for the
39
    project. The management policy committee shall include the
40
    commissioner or his the commissioner's designee, representatives
    of persons contracting to provide services for the project, a
41
    representative of the metropolitan council, a representative of
42
    the metropolitan transit commission and at least two
43
44
    representatives of the task force established to advise the
45
     committee. The meetings of the management policy committee
46
    shall be public and minutes of all meetings shall be taken,
47
    preserved and made available for public inspection. The
48
     commissioner shall establish an advisory task force of
49
    individuals representing the elderly, handicapped and other
50
    users of service provided by the project to advise the
51
   management policy committee.
52
       No change for subd 3 to 5
174A#01S
        174A.01 ESTABLISHMENT; POWERS; MEMBERSHIP.
53
       No change for subd 1 to 2
55
       Subd. 3. CHAIRPERSON CHAIR. The governor shall
56
     appoint one of the board members chairperson chair.
       No change for subd 4 to 5
57
175*#001S
        175.001 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY.
58
59
        No change for subd 1
        Subd. 2. OATH. The commissioner before entering
60
61
     upon the duties of his office, shall take the oath prescribed by
62
                  Repealed, 1969 c 1129 art 8 s 17
        Subd. 3.
63
        Subd. 4. Repealed, 1977 c 305 s 46
64
       No change for subd 5
65
175*#003S
66
       175.003 TRANSFER OF EMPLOYEES.
67
       All persons in the classified service employed by a
68
     department the functions, powers and duties of which are
69
    transferred by sections 175.001 to 175.006 to another
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    department, are hereby transferred to such other department
    without loss to the employee of any rights the employee may have
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acquired by reason of his employment at the time of the transfer.

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175.17 POWERS AND DUTIES, COMMISSIONER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

- (1) The commissioner shall administer the laws relating to workers' compensation and the laws governing employees of the 5 state, a county, or other governmental subdivisions who contract 6 tuberculosis;
 - (2) The commissioner shall adopt reasonable and proper rules governing rules of practice before the workers' compensation division in matters which are not before a compensation judge;
- (3) The commissioner shall collect, collate, and publish statistical and other information relating to work under the department's jurisdiction and make public reports in-his judgment the commissioner judges necessary, including such other 15 reports as may be required by law;
- (4) The commissioner shall establish and maintain branch 17 offices as needed for the conduct of the affairs of the workers' compensation division.

175*#20S

175.20 ENFORCEMENT.

The commissioner or his an authorized representative may enter and inspect places of employment, during normal working 22 hours, and investigate facts, conditions, practices or matters as he the commissioner deems appropriate to enforce the laws within his the commissioner's jurisdiction. The commissioner or his an authorized representative may issue subpoenas, take 26 testimony, compel the attendance of witnesses, and shall have authority to administer oaths and take testimony under oath, but no person shall be compelled to attend as a witness unless he-is paid the fees provided for witnesses in the district court. 175*#245

175.24 DUTIES OF EMPLOYERS AND OTHERS TO MAKE REPORTS; PRESERVATION OF RECORDS.

On request of the department of labor and industry, and within the time limited therein, every employer of labor, any officer of a labor organization, or any person from whom the department of labor and industry shall find it necessary to gather information, shall make a certified report to the department, upon blanks furnished by it, of all matters covered 38 by the request. The names of persons or concerns supplying such information shall not be disclosed. Every notice, order, or direction given by such department shall be in writing, signed by an officer or inspector of such department, or a person 42 specially designated for the purpose, and be served by him the signer. Papers so served and all records and documents of the department are hereby declared public documents and shall not be destroyed within two years after their return or receipt by such department.

175*#27S

175.27 DISCLOSURE OF NAMES OF PERSONS GIVING

INFORMATION; REFUSAL TO TESTIFY; DENYING ADMISSION; PENALTY. Any employee of the department of labor and industry who shall disclose the names of any persons supplying information at the request of such department shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person who, having been duly subpoenaed, shall refuse to attend or testify in any hearing under the direction of the department of labor and industry shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any owner or occupant of any place of employment who shall refuse to admit thereto any employee of the department seeking entrance in the discharge of his the employee's duties, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person, firm, or corporation, or any of its officers or agents, who or which shall refuse to file with the department such reports as are required by it under the provisions of sections 175.24 to 175.27 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

175*#335 63

175.33 PHYSICIANS TO REPORT CERTAIN CASES OF POISON TO THE DEPARTMENT.

Every physician attending on or called in to visit a 66 patient whom he the physician believes to be suffering from 67 poisoning from lead, phosphorus, arsenic, or mercury or their compounds, or from anthrax, or from compressed air illness, contracted as a result of the nature of the patient's 70 employment, shall send to the department of labor and industry a notice stating the name and full postal address and place of

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employment of the patient and the disease from which, in the
 2 opinion of the physician, the patient is suffering, with such
     other specific information as may be required by the department
 4 of labor and industry and which may be ascertained by the
 5 physician in the course of his duties.
175*#345
        175.34 FAILURE TO REPORT.
        ## Any physician, when required by section 175.33 to send a
 8 notice, who fails forthwith to send the same, he-shall-be is
     guilty of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction, punished by a
     fine not exceeding $10 or by imprisonment in the county jail for
    not exceeding ten days.
11
175A#01S
        175A.01 CREATION.
12
        No change for subd 1 to 2
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14
        Subd. 3. OATH. Each judge of the workers'
     compensation court of appeals before entering upon the duties of
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    his office, shall take the oath prescribed by law.
175A#02S
        175A.02 OFFICERS.
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18
        The judges of the workers' compensation court of appeals
     shall choose a chief judge from among their number. The chief
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    judge shall appoint one of the judges to serve as the
     administrator, who shall be custodian of the court's files and
21
    records and shall coordinate and make hearing assignments. The
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23
    judge who is appointed the administrator may delegate the duties
    of administrator to an employee chosen to be the assistant
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25
     administrator. The clerk of district court in each county shall
    be the clerk of the workers' compensation court of appeals in
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27
    that county. Filing fees and library fees deposited with the
28
    clerk of district court in \frac{1}{h+s} \underline{the} capacity as clerk of the
29
    workers' compensation court of appeals and in cases originally
30 commenced in district court and transferred to the workers'
31 compensation court of appeals shall be retained by the clerk of
32
    district court. The workers' compensation court of appeals
33
     clerk in each county shall be subject to the supervision of the
     administrator in workers' compensation court of appeals matters.
34
175A#03S
35
        175A.03 POLITICAL NONPARTICIPATION.
36
        Every judge of the workers' compensation court of appeals
     and every officer or employee of the workers' compensation court
37
     of appeals who by solicitation or otherwise exerts his
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     influence, directly or indirectly, to induce other officers or
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     employees of the state to adopt his the inducer's political
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     views, or to favor any particular person or candidate for
42
     office, or to contribute funds for campaign or political
43
     purposes, shall be removed from his office or position by the
44
     appointing authority appointing-him.
175A#07S
45
       175A.07 POWERS.
        Subdivision 1. PROCESS; PROCEDURES. The workers'
46
47
    compensation court of appeals shall keep such record of all its
48
     proceedings as it deems appropriate and shall issue necessary
49
    processes, writs, warrants, and notices which the workers'
50
    compensation court of appeals is required or authorized to
51
    issue. Notices and other documents required to be served or
52
    filed on the workers' compensation court of appeals shall be
53
     served on the administrator of the court or his the
54
     administrator's delegate.
55
       No change for subd 2 to 4
176*#011S
56
       176.011 DEFINITIONS.
57
        No change for subd 1
                           "Child" includes a posthumous
58
        Subd. 2. CHILD.
59
     child, a child entitled by law to inherit as a child of a
    deceased person, a child of a person adjudged by a court of
60
61
    competent jurisdiction to be the father of the child, and a
62
     stepchild, grandchild, or foster child who was a member of the
63
     family of a deceased employee at the time of his injury and
64
    dependent upon him the employee for support.
65
       · Subd. 3. DAILY WAGE.
                               "Daily wage" means the daily
66
    wage of the employee in the employment in-which-he-was engaged
67
    \underline{\text{in}} at the time of injury but does not include tips and
68
     gratuities paid directly to an employee by a customer of the
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employer and not accounted for by the employee to the employer. If the amount of the daily wage received or to be received by

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the employee in the employment in-which-he-was engaged in at the 2 time of injury was irregular or difficult to determine, or if 3 the employment was part time, the daily wage shall be computed by dividing the total amount the employee actually earned in such employment in the last 26 weeks, by the total number of 6 days in which the employee actually performed any of the duties of such employment, provided further, that in the case of the construction industry, mining industry, or other industry where 9 the hours of work are affected by seasonal conditions, the 10 weekly wage shall not be less than five times the daily wage. Where board or allowances other than tips and gratuities are made to an employee in addition to wages as a part of the wage 13 contract they are deemed a part of his earnings and computed at their value to the employee. In the case of persons performing 14 services for municipal corporations in the case of emergency, then the normal working day shall be considered and computed as 17 eight hours, and in cases where such services are performed 18 gratis or without fixed compensation the daily wage of the person injured shall, for the purpose of calculating 20 compensation payable under this chapter, be taken to be the usual going wage paid for similar services in municipalities 22 where such services are performed by paid employees. If, at the 23 time of injury, the employee was regularly employed by two or more employers, the employee's earnings in all such employments shall be included in the computation of daily wage.

Subd. 4. COMMERCIAL BALER. "Commercial baler" means a person going from place to place baling hay or straw as a business, but does not include a farmer owning a baling machine not engaged in such business generally and doing his the farmer's own baling and casually doing such work for other farmers in the same community or exchanging work with another farmer.

COMMERCIAL THRESHERMAN THRESHER. "Commercial thresherman thresher" means a person going from place to place threshing grain or shredding or shelling corn as a business, but does not include a farmer owning a threshing, shredding, or shelling machine not engaged in such business generally and doing his the farmer's own threshing, shredding, 39 or shelling and casually doing such work for other farmers in the same community or exchanging work with another farmer.

No change for subd 6 to 8 Subd. 9. EMPLOYEE. "Employee" means any person who 41 43 performs services for another for hire including the following:

- (1) an alien;
 - (2) a minor;
- (3) a sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, marshal, policeman police officer, firefighter, county highway engineer, and peace officer while engaged in the enforcement of peace or in the pursuit or capture of any person charged with or suspected of crime and any person requested or commanded to aid an officer in arresting any person, or in retaking any person who has escaped from lawful custody, or in executing any legal 53 process in which case, for purposes of calculating compensation payable under this chapter, the daily wage of the person requested or commanded to assist an officer or to execute a 56 legal process shall be the prevailing wage for similar services where the services are performed by paid employees;
 - (4) a county assessor;
- (5) an elected or appointed official of the state, or of 60 any county, city, town, school district or governmental 61 subdivision in it. An officer of a political subdivision elected or appointed for a regular term of office, or to 63 complete the unexpired portion of a regular term, shall be included only after the governing body of the political subdivision has adopted an ordinance or resolution to that effect;
- (6) an executive officer of a corporation, except an 68 officer of a family farm corporation as defined in section 69 500.24, subdivision 1, clause (c), or an executive officer of a closely held corporation who is referred to in section 176.012;
- 71 . (7) a voluntary uncompensated worker, other than an inmate, rendering services in state institutions under the commissioner 73 of human services and state institutions under the commissioner 74 of corrections similar to those of officers and employees of these institutions, and whose services have been accepted or 76 contracted for by the commissioner of human services or the

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commissioner of corrections as authorized by law, shall be employees. In the event of injury or death of the voluntary 3 uncompensated worker, the daily wage of the worker, for the purpose of calculating compensation payable under this chapter, shall be the usual going wage paid at the time of the injury or death for similar services in institutions where the services are performed by paid employees;

- (8) a voluntary uncompensated worker engaged in peace time in the civil defense program when ordered to training or other duty by the state or any political subdivision of it, shall be an employee. The daily wage of the worker for the purpose of calculating compensation payable under this chapter, shall be the usual going wage paid at the time of the injury or death for similar services where the services are performed by paid employees;
- (9) a voluntary uncompensated worker participating in a program established by a county welfare board shall be an employee. In the event of injury or death of the voluntary uncompensated worker, the wage of the worker, for the purpose of calculating compensation payable under this chapter, shall be the usual going wage paid in the county at the time of the injury or death for similar services where the services are performed by paid employees working a normal day and week;
- (10) a voluntary uncompensated worker accepted by the commissioner of natural resources who is rendering services as a volunteer pursuant to section 84.089 shall be an employee. The daily wage of the worker for the purpose of calculating compensation payable under this chapter, shall be the usual going wage paid at the time of injury or death for similar services where the services are performed by paid employees;
- (11) a member of the military forces, as defined in section 190.05, while in state active service, as defined in section 190.05, subdivision 5a. The daily wage of the member for the purpose of calculating compensation payable under this chapter shall be based on the member's usual earnings in civil life. If there is no evidence of previous occupation or earning, the trier of fact shall consider the member's earnings as a member of the military forces;
- (12) a voluntary uncompensated worker, accepted by the director of the Minnesota historical society, rendering services as a volunteer, pursuant to chapter 138, shall be an employee. The daily wage of the worker, for the purposes of calculating compensation payable under this chapter, shall be the usual going wage paid at the time of injury or death for similar services where the services are performed by paid employees;
- (13) a voluntary uncompensated worker, other than a student, who renders services at the Minnesota School for the Deaf or the Minnesota Braille and Sight-Saving School, and whose services have been accepted or contracted for by the state board of education, as authorized by law, shall be an employee. In the event of injury or death of the voluntary uncompensated worker, the daily wage of the worker, for the purpose of calculating compensation payable under this chapter, shall be the usual going wage paid at the time of the injury or death for similar services in institutions where the services are performed by paid employees;
- (14) a voluntary uncompensated worker, other than a resident of the veterans home, who renders services at a Minnesota veterans home, and whose services have been accepted or contracted for by the commissioner of veterans affairs, as authorized by law, is an employee. In the event of injury or death of the voluntary uncompensated worker, the daily wage of the worker, for the purpose of calculating compensation payable under this chapter, shall be the usual going wage paid at the time of the injury or death for similar services in institutions where the services are performed by paid employees;
- (15) a worker who renders in-home attendant care services to a physically handicapped person, and who is paid directly by the commissioner of human services for these services, shall be an employee of the state within the meaning of this subdivision, but for no other purpose;
- (16) those students enrolled in and regularly attending the medical school of the University of Minnesota, whether in the graduate school program or the post-graduate program, notwithstanding that the students shall not be considered employees for any other purpose. In the event of the student's

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injury or death, the weekly wage of the student for the purpose 2 of calculating compensation payable under this chapter, shall be the annualized educational stipend awarded to the student, divided by 52 weeks. The institution in which the student is enrolled shall be considered the "employer" for the limited purpose of determining responsibility for paying benefits payable under this chapter;

- (17) a faculty member of the University of Minnesota 9 employed for the current academic year is also an employee for 10 the period between that academic year and the succeeding academic year if:
- (a) the faculty member has a contract or reasonable 13 assurance of a contract from the University of Minnesota for the succeeding academic year; and
 - (b) the personal injury for which compensation is sought arises out of and in the course of activities related to the faculty member's employment by the University of Minnesota; and
 - (18) a worker who performs volunteer ambulance driver or attendant services is an employee of the political subdivision, nonprofit hospital, nonprofit corporation, or other entity for which the worker performs the services. The daily wage of the worker for the purpose of calculating compensation payable under this chapter is the usual going wage paid at the time of injury or death for similar services if the services are performed by paid employees; and
 - (19) a voluntary uncompensated worker, accepted by the commissioner of administration, rendering services as a volunteer at the department of administration. In the event of injury or death of the voluntary uncompensated worker, the daily wage of the worker, for the purpose of calculating compensation payable under this chapter, shall be the usual going wage paid at the time of the injury or death for similar services in institutions where the services were performed by paid employees.

In the event it is difficult to determine the daily wage as provided in this subdivision, then the trier of fact may determine the wage upon which the compensation is payable.

No change for subd 9a to 11 Subd. 11a. FAMILY FARM. "Family farm" means any farm operation which pays or is obligated to pay less than \$8,000 in cash wages, exclusive of machine hire, to farm laborers for services rendered during the preceding calendar year. For purposes of this subdivision, farm laborer does not include any spouse, parent or child, regardless of age, of a farmer employed by the farmer, or any executive officer of a family farm corporation as defined in section 500.24, subdivision 2, or any spouse, parent or child, regardless of age, of such an officer employed by that family farm corporation, or other farmers in the same community or members of their families exchanging work with the employer. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a farm laborer shall not be considered as an independent contractor for the purposes of this chapter; provided that a commercial baler or commercial thresherman thresher shall be 53 considered an independent contractor.

Subd. 12. FARM LABORER. "Farm laborer" does not include an employee of a commercial thresherman thresher or commercial baler.

No change for subd 13 to 14

Subd. 15. OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE. "Occupational disease" means a disease arising out of and in the course of employment peculiar to the occupation in which the employee is engaged and due to causes in excess of the hazards 'rdinary of employment and shall include undulant fever. Ordinary diseases of life to which the general public is equally exposed outside of employment are not compensable, except where the diseases follow as an incident of an occupational disease, or where the exposure peculiar to the occupation makes the disease an occupational disease hazard. A disease arises out of the employment only if there be a direct causal connection between the conditions under which the work is performed and if the occupational disease follows as a natural incident of the work as a result of the exposure occasioned by the nature of the employment. An employer is not liable for compensation for any occupational disease which cannot be traced to the employment as a direct and proximate cause and is not recognized as a hazard characteristic of and peculiar to the trade, occupation, process, or employment or which results from a hazard to which

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the worker would have been equally exposed outside of the
     employment. If immediately preceding the date of his
     disablement or death, an employee was employed on active duty
     with an organized fire or police department of any municipality,
     as a member of the Minnesota state patrol, conservation officer
     service, state crime bureau, as a forest officer by the
     department of natural resources, or sheriff or full time deputy
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     sheriff of any county, and his \underline{\text{the}} disease is that of myocarditis, coronary sclerosis, pneumonia or its sequel, and at
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     the time of his employment such employee was given a thorough
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     physical examination by a licensed doctor of medicine, and a
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     written report thereof has been made and filed with such
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     organized fire or police department, with the Minnesota state
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     patrol, conservation officer service, state crime bureau,
     department of natural resources, or sheriff's department of any
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     county, which examination and report negatived any evidence of
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     myocarditis, coronary sclerosis, pneumonia or its sequel, the
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    disease is presumptively an occupational disease and shall be
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     presumed to have been due to the nature of his employment.
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       Subd. 16. PERSONAL INJURY. "Personal injury" means
     injury arising out of and in the course of employment and
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     includes personal injury caused by occupational disease; but
23
     does not cover an employee except while engaged in, on, or about
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     the premises where his the employee's services require his the
     employee's presence as a part of such service at the time of the
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     injury and during the hours of such service. Where the employer
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     regularly furnished transportation to his employees to and from
     the place of employment such employees are subject to this
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     chapter while being so transported, but shall not include an
     injury caused by the act of a third person or fellow employee
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     intended to injure the employee because of personal reasons
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     personal-to-him, and not directed against him the employee as an
    employee, or because of his the employment.

Subd. 17. PHYSICIAN. "Physician" means one
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     authorized by law to practice his the medical profession within
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     one of the United States and in good standing in his the
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     profession, and includes surgeon.
       Subd. 18. WEEKLY WAGE. "Weekly wage" is arrived at
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     by multiplying the daily wage by the number of days and
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    fractional days normally worked in the business of the employer
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    for the employment involved. If the employee normally works less than five days per week or works an irregular number of
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     days per week, the number of days normally worked shall be
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     computed by dividing the total number of days in which the
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     employee actually performed any of the duties of his employment
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     in the last 26 weeks by the number of weeks in which the
     employee actually performed such duties, provided that the
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     weekly wage for part time employment during a period of seasonal
     or temporary layoff shall be computed on the number of days and
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     fractional days normally worked in the business of the employer
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     for the employment involved. If, at the time of the injury, the
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     employee was regularly employed by two or more employers, the
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     employee's days of work for all such employments shall be
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     included in the computation of weekly wage. Occasional overtime
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     is not to be considered in computing the weekly wage, but if
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     overtime is regular or frequent throughout the year it shall be
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     taken into consideration. The maximum weekly compensation
     payable to an employee, or to his the employee's dependents in
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     the event of death, shall not exceed 66 2/3 percent of the
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     product of the daily wage times the number of days normally
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     worked, provided that the compensation payable for permanent
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     partial disability under section 176.101, subdivision 3, and for
     permanent total disability under section 176.101, subdivision 4,
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     or death under section 176.111, shall not be computed on less
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     than the number of hours normally worked in the employment or
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     industry in which the injury was sustained, subject also to such
     maximums as are specifically otherwise provided.
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        No change for subd 19 to 20
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        Subd. 21. HOUSEHOLD WORKER.
                                         "Household worker"
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     means one who is a domestic, repairman repairer, groundskeeper,
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     or maintenance worker in, for, or about a private home or
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No change for subd 22 to 26

section 176.012.

household, but the term shall not include independent

contractors nor shall it include persons performing labor for

which they may elect workers' compensation coverage under

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                 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4
                                                                 PAGE
                                                                         108
       176.021 APPLICATION TO EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES.
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       Subdivision 1. LIABILITY FOR COMPENSATION. Except as
     excluded by this chapter all employers and employees are subject
 4 to the provisions of this chapter.
 5
       Every employer is liable for compensation according to the
 6 provisions of this chapter and is liable to pay compensation in
     every case of personal injury or death of his an employee
 8 arising out of and in the course of employment without regard to
 9 the question of negligence. The burden of proof of these facts
10 is upon the employee.
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        If the injury was intentionally self-inflicted or the
    intoxication of the employee is the proximate cause of the
12
13 injury, then the employer is not liable for compensation. The
14 burden of proof of these facts is upon the employer.
15
       No change for subd la to 3
       Subd. 3a. PERMANENT PARTIAL BENEFITS, PAYMENT.
16
17 Payments for permanent partial disability as provided in section
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    176.101, subdivision 3, shall be made in the following manner:
       (a) If the employee returns to work, payment shall be made
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20 by lump sum;
     (b) If temporary total payments have ceased, but the
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23 same intervals as temporary total payments were made;
24 (c) If temporary total distributions
22 employee has not returned to work, payment shall be made at the
     (c) If temporary total disability payments cease because
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    the employee is receiving payments for permanent total
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    disability or because the employee is retiring or has retired
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    from the work force, then payment shall be made by lump sum;
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       (d) If the employee completes a rehabilitation plan
29 pursuant to section 176.102, but the employer does not furnish
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    the employee with work he the employee can do in his a
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     permanently partially disabled condition, and the employee is
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    unable to procure such work with another employer, then payment
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    shall be made by lump sum.
       No change for subd 3b to 5
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       Subd. 6. COMPENSATION UNDER CITY CHARTER.
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                                                     Where, in
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    any city operating under a home rule charter, a mode and manner
    of compensation is provided by the charter which is different
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    from that provided by this chapter, and the amount of
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   compensation provided by the charter would, if taken thereunder,
    exceed the amount the employee is entitled to under this chapter
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    for the same period, he the employee shall, in addition to his
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   compensation under this chapter, receive under the charter an
43 amount equal to the excess in compensation provided by the
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   charter over what he the employee is entitled to by this
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    chapter; if the amount of compensation provided by the charter
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    would, if taken thereunder, be equal to or less than the amount
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    of compensation the employee is entitled to under this chapter
   for the same period, he the employee shall take only under this
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    chapter.
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     Subd. 7. PUBLIC OFFICER. If an employee who is a
51 public officer of the state or governmental subdivision
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    continues to receive the compensation of his office during a
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    period when he-is receiving benefits under the workers'
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    compensation law for temporary total or temporary partial
55 disability or permanent total disability and the compensation of
   his office exceeds $100 a year, the amount of that compensation attributable to the period for which benefits under the workers'
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   compensation law are paid shall be deducted from such benefits.
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    If an employee covered by the Minnesota state retirement system
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receives total and permanent disability benefits pursuant to section 352.113 or disability benefits pursuant to sections 352.95 and 352B.10, the amount of disability benefits shall be 63 deducted from workers' compensation benefits otherwise payable. 64 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 176.132, a deduction under this subdivision does not entitle an employee to supplemental benefits under section 176.132. Subd. 8. AMOUNTS ADJUSTED. Amounts of compensation 68 payable by an employer or his an employer's insurer under this chapter may be rounded to the nearest dollar amount. An employer or insurer who elects to make such adjustments shall do

No change for subd 9

176*#031S

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176.031 EMPLOYER'S LIABILITY EXCLUSIVE. 73

The liability of an employer prescribed by this chapter is

so for all compensation payments under this chapter.

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exclusive and in the place of any other liability to such
     employee, his personal representative, surviving spouse, parent,
    any child, dependent, next of kin, or other person entitled to
     recover damages on account of such injury or death. If an
     employer other than the state or any municipal subdivision
    thereof fails to insure or self-insure his liability for
 7 compensation to his injured employees and their dependents, an
    injured employee, or his legal representatives or, if death
 9 results from the injury, any dependent may elect to claim
10 compensation under this chapter or to maintain an action in the
11 courts for damages on account of such injury or death. In such
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   action it is not necessary to plead or prove freedom from
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     contributory negligence. The defendant may not plead as a
14 defense that the injury was caused by the negligence of a fellow
15 servant, that the employee assumed the risk of his employment,
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   or that the injury was due to the contributory negligence of the
     employee, unless it appears that such negligence was wilful on
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    the part of the employee. The burden of proof to establish such
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     wilful negligence is upon the defendant. For the purposes of
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    this chapter the state and each municipal subdivision thereof is
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     treated as a self-insurer when not carrying insurance at the
     time of the injury or death of an employee.
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176*#041S
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       176.041 EXCLUDED EMPLOYMENTS; APPLICATION, EXCEPTIONS.
        No change for subd 1
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       Subd. 2. EXTRA-TERRITORIAL APPLICATION. If an
26 employee who regularly performs the primary duties of his
27 employment within this state, or who is hired within this state,
    receives an injury while outside of this state in the employ of
29 the same employer, the provisions of this chapter shall apply to
30 such injury unless the transfer is normally considered to be
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   permanent. If a resident of this state is transferred outside
   the territorial limits of the United States as an employee of a
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    Minnesota employer, he the resident shall be presumed to be
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    temporarily employed outside of this state while so employed.
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        No change for subd 3
       Subd. 4. OUT-OF-STATE EMPLOYMENTS. If an employee
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   who regularly performs the primary duties of his employment
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    outside of this state or is hired to perform the primary duties
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    of his employment outside of this state, receives an injury
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    within this state in the employ of the same employer, such
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    injury shall be covered within the provisions of this chapter if
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     the employee chooses to forego any workers' compensation claim
   resulting from the injury that he the employee may have a right
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     to pursue in some other state.
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       Subd. 5.
                  Repealed, 1974 c 486 s 6
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       No change for subd 6
176*#061S
       176.061 THIRD PARTY LIABILITY.
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       No change for subd 1 to 4
       Subd. 5. CUMULATIVE REMEDIES. If an injury or death
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    for which benefits are payable is caused under circumstances
    which created a legal liability for damages on the part of a
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    party other than the employer, that party being then insured or
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    self-insured in accordance with this chapter, and the provisions
    of subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4 do not apply, or the party other
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    than the employer is not then insured or self-insured as
    provided by this chapter, legal proceedings may be taken by the employee or the employee's dependents in accordance with clause
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    (a), or by his the employer, or by the attorney general on
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    behalf of the special compensation fund, in accordance with
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    clause (b), against the other party to recover damages,
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    notwithstanding the payment of benefits by the employer or the
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    special compensation fund or their liability to pay benefits.
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        (a) If an action against the other party is brought by the
    injured employee or the employee's dependents and a judgment is
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    obtained and paid or settlement is made with the other party,
    the employer or the special compensation fund may deduct from
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    the benefits payable the amount actually received by the
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    employee or dependents or paid on their behalf in accordance
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    with subdivision 6. If the action is not diligently prosecuted
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    or if the court deems it advisable in order to protect the
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    interests of the employer or the special compensation fund, upon
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application the court may grant the employer or the special

compensation fund the right to intervene in the action for the prosecution of the action. If the injured employee or the

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1 employee's dependents or any party on their behalf receives benefits from the employer or the special compensation fund or institutes proceedings to recover benefits or accepts from the 3 4 employer or the special compensation fund any payment on account of the benefits, the employer or the special compensation fund is subrogated to the rights of the employee or the employee's dependents or has a right of indemnity against a third party. 8 The employer or the attorney general on behalf of the special compensation fund may maintain a separate action or continue an 10 action already instituted. This action may be maintained in the 11 name of the employee or the names of the employee's dependents, or in the name of the employer, or in the name of the attorney 13 general on behalf of the special compensation fund, against the other party for the recovery of damages. If the action is not 14 15 diligently prosecuted by the employer or the attorney general on behalf of the special compensation fund, or if the court deems it advisable in order to protect the interest of the employee, 17 18 the court, upon application, may grant to the employee or the employee's dependents the right to intervene in the action for 20 the prosecution of the action. The proceeds of the action or settlement of the action shall be paid in accordance with 22 subdivision 6. 23

- (b) If an employer, being then insured, sustains damages due to a change in workers' compensation insurance premiums, whether by a failure to achieve a decrease or by a retroactive or prospective increase, as a result of the injury or death of an employee which was caused under circumstances which created a legal liability for damages on the part of a party other than the employer, the employer, notwithstanding other remedies provided, may maintain an action against the other party for recovery of the premiums. This cause of action may be brought either by joining in an action described in clause (a) or by a separate action. Damages recovered under this clause are for the benefit of the employer and the provisions of subdivision 6 are not applicable to the damages.
- (c) The third party is not liable to any person other than the employee or the employee's dependents, or the employer, or the special compensation fund, for any damages resulting from the injury or death.

A co-employee working for the same employer is not liable for a personal injury incurred by another employee unless the injury resulted from the gross negligence of the co-employee or was intentionally inflicted by the co-employee.

- Subd. 6. COSTS, ATTORNEY FEES, EXPENSES. The proceeds of all actions for damages or of a settlement of an action under this section, except for damages received under subdivision 5, clause (b) received by the injured employee or the employee's dependents or by the employer or the special compensation fund, as provided by subdivision 5, shall be divided as follows:
- (a) After deducting the reasonable cost of collection, including but not limited to attorneys fees and burial expense in excess of the statutory liability, then
- (b) One-third of the remainder shall in any event be paid to the injured employee or the employee's dependents, without being subject to any right of subrogation.
- (c) Out of the balance remaining, the employer or the special compensation fund shall be reimbursed in an amount equal to all benefits paid under this chapter to or on behalf of the employee or the employee's dependents by the employer or special compensation fund, less the product of the costs deducted under clause (a) divided by the total proceeds received by the employee or his dependents from the other party multiplied by all benefits paid by the employer or the special compensation fund to the employee or the employee's dependents.
- (d) Any balance remaining shall be paid to the employee or the employee's dependents, and shall be a credit to the employer or the special compensation fund for any benefits which the employer or the special compensation fund is obligated to pay, but has not paid, and for any benefits that the employer or the special compensation fund is obligated to make in the future.

There shall be no reimbursement or credit to the employer or to the special compensation fund for interest or penalties.

74 No change for subd 7 to 10

176*#081S

176.081 LEGAL SERVICES OR DISBURSEMENTS; LIEN; REVIEW.

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duties and responsibilities.

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No change for subd 1 to 2
        Subd. 3. An employee who is dissatisfied with his attorney
    fees, may file an application for review by the workers'
 4 compensation court of appeals. Such application shall state the
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     basis for the need of review and whether or not a hearing is
     requested. A copy of such application shall be served upon the
     attorney for the employee by the court administrator and if a
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     hearing is requested by either party, the matter shall be set
     for hearing. The notice of hearing shall be served upon known
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    interested parties. The attorney for the employee shall be
     served with a notice of the hearing. The workers' compensation
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12 court of appeals shall have the authority to raise the question
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     of the issue of the attorney fees at any time upon its own
14
     motion and shall have continuing jurisdiction over attorney fees.
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       Subd. 4. Repealed, 1985 c 234 s 22
16
        No change for subd 5 to 7a
17
       Subd. 8. Where compensation benefits are payable under
18 this chapter, and a dispute exists between two or more employers
19 or two or more insurers as to which is liable for payment, and
20 litigation ensues to resolve such dispute, the employee shall be
     awarded against the party held liable for the benefits, the
21
reasonable attorney fees, costs and disbursements he-incurs
incurred to protect his the employee's rights, even if he the
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     employee is being voluntarily paid benefits by one of the
     parties to the dispute.
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26
       No change for subd 9 to 11
176*#101S
27
       176.101 COMPENSATION SCHEDULE.
        No change for subd 1 to 3d
28
        Subd. 3e. END OF TEMPORARY TOTAL COMPENSATION. (a)
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   Ninety days after an employee has reached maximum medical
    improvement or 90 days after the end of an approved retraining
32
     program, whichever is later, the employee's temporary total
    compensation shall cease. This cessation shall occur at an
34
     earlier date if otherwise provided by this chapter.
       (b) If at any time prior to the end of the 90-day period
36
     described in clause (a) the employee retires or the employer
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     furnishes work to the employee that is consistent with an
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     approved plan of rehabilitation and meets the requirements of
     section 176.102, subdivision 1, or, if no plan has been
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     approved, that the employee can do in his-or-her the employee's
     physical condition and that job produces an economic status as
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     close as possible to that the employee would have enjoyed
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    without the disability, or the employer procures this employment
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     with another employer or the employee accepts this job with
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     another employer, temporary total compensation shall cease and
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     the employee shall, if appropriate, receive impairment
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     compensation pursuant to subdivision 3b. This impairment
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    compensation is in lieu of economic recovery compensation under
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    subdivision 3a, and the employee shall not receive both economic
50
     recovery compensation and impairment compensation. Temporary
51
     total compensation and impairment compensation shall not be paid
52
     concurrently. Once temporary total compensation ceases no
53
     further temporary total compensation is payable except as
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     specifically provided by this section.
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       (c) Upon receipt of a written medical report indicating
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     that the employee has reached maximum medical improvement, the
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     employer or insurer shall serve a copy of the report upon the
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     employee and shall file a copy with the division. The beginning
     of the 90-day period shall commence on the day this report is
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60
     served on the employee for the purpose of determining whether a
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     job offer consistent with the requirements of this subdivision
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     is made. A job offer may be made before the employee reaches
    maximum medical improvement.
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64
       (d) The job which is offered or procured by the employer or
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     accepted by the employee under clause (b) does not necessarily
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     have to commence immediately but shall commence within a
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     reasonable period after the end of the 90-day period described
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     in clause (a). Temporary total compensation shall not cease
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    under this subdivision until the job commences.
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       (e) If the job offered under clause (a) is not the job the
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     employee had at the time of injury it shall be offered in
    writing and shall state the nature of the job, the rate of pay,
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the physical requirements of the job, and any other information

necessary to fully and completely inform the employee of the job

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       The employee has 14 calendar days to accept or reject the
     job offer. If the employee does not respond within this period
 2
     it is deemed a refusal of the offer. Where there is an
 4 administrative conference to determine suitability under section
 5 176.242, the period begins to run on the date of the
6 commissioner's decision.
       (f) Self-employment may be an appropriate job under this
8 subdivision.
     The commissioner shall monitor application of this
10 subdivision and may adopt rules to assure its proper application.
11
     No change for subd 3f to 3s
       Subd. 3t. MINIMUM ECONOMIC RECOVERY COMPENSATION.
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13 (a) Economic recovery compensation pursuant to this section
14 shall be at least 120 percent of the impairment compensation the
15
    employee would receive if that compensation were payable to the
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       (b) Where an employee has suffered a personal injury for
18 which temporary total compensation is payable but which produces
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   no permanent partial disability and the employee is unable to
    return to his former employment for medical reasons attributable
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    to the injury, the employee shall receive 26 weeks of economic
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   recovery compensation. This paragraph shall not be used to
23
   determine monitoring period compensation under subdivision 3i
   and shall not be a minimum for determining the amount of
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    compensation when an employee has suffered a permanent partial
   disability.
       No change for subd 3u to 3v
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       Subd. 4. PERMANENT TOTAL DISABILITY. For permanent
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   total disability, as defined in subdivision 5, the compensation
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   shall be 66 2/3 percent of the daily wage at the time of the
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    injury, subject to a maximum weekly compensation equal to the
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    maximum weekly compensation for a temporary total disability and
   a minimum weekly compensation equal to the minimum weekly
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34
   compensation for a temporary total disability. This
35 compensation shall be paid during the permanent total disability
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   of the injured employee but after a total of $25,000 of weekly
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    compensation has been paid, the amount of the weekly
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    compensation benefits being paid by the employer shall be
   reduced by the amount of any disability benefits being paid by
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    any government disability benefit program if the disability
   benefits are occasioned by the same injury or injuries which
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give rise to payments under this subdivision. This reduction shall also apply to any old age and survivor insurance benefits. Payments shall be made at the intervals when the wage was payable, as nearly as may be. In case an employee who is permanently and totally disabled becomes an inmate of a public institution, no compensation shall be payable during the period of confinement in the institution, unless he-has there is wholly dependent on him the employee for support some person named in section 176.111, subdivisions 1, 2 or 3, in which case the 51 compensation provided for in section 176.111, during the period 52 of confinement, shall be paid for the benefit of the dependent person during dependency. The dependency of this person shall be determined as though the employee were deceased.

No change for subd 4a Subd. 5. TOTAL DISABILITY. The total and permanent loss of the sight of both eyes, the loss of both arms at the shoulder, the loss of both legs so close to the hips that no effective artificial members can be used, complete and permanent 60 paralysis, total and permanent loss of mental faculties, or any other injury which totally incapacitates the employee from 62 working at an occupation which brings him the employee an income constitutes total disability.

64 No change for subd 6 to 8 176*#102S

176.102 REHABILITATION. 65

No change for subd 1 to la

Subd. 2. ADMINISTRATORS. The commissioner shall hire a director of rehabilitation services in the classified service. 69 The commissioner shall monitor and supervise rehabilitation services, including, but not limited to, making determinations 71 regarding the selection and delivery of rehabilitation services 72 and the criteria used to approve qualified rehabilitation 73 consultants and rehabilitation vendors. The commissioner may also make determinations regarding fees for rehabilitation services, the fitness of qualified rehabilitation consultants

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and vendors to continue to be approved under this section and
     has authority to discipline, by fine or otherwise, the
     consultants or vendors who act in violation of this chapter or
     rules adopted pursuant to this chapter. The commissioner may
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     hire qualified personnel to assist in his the commissioner's
     duties under this section and may delegate his the duties and
     performance.
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 8
        Subd. 3.
                  REVIEW PANEL. There is created a
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     rehabilitation review panel composed of the commissioner or a
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     designee, who shall serve as an ex officio member and two
     members each from employers, insurers, rehabilitation, and
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     medicine, one member representing chiropractors, and four
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     members representing labor. The members shall be appointed by
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     the commissioner and shall serve four-year terms which may be
     renewed. Compensation for members shall be governed by section
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     15.0575. The panel shall select a chairman chair. The panel
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     shall review and make a determination with respect to (a)
18
     appeals regarding eligibility for rehabilitation services,
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     rehabilitation plans and rehabilitation benefits under
20
     subdivisions 9 and 11; (b) appeals on any other rehabilitation
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     issue the commissioner determines under this section; and (c)
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     appeals regarding fee disputes, penalties, discipline,
     certification approval or revocation of registration of
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     qualified rehabilitation consultants and approved vendors.
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     panel shall continuously study rehabilitation services and
     delivery and develop and recommend rehabilitation rules to the
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     commissioner.
       The commissioner may appoint alternates for one-year terms
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    to serve as a member when a member is unavailable. The number
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     of alternates shall not exceed one labor member, one employer or
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     insurer member, and one member representing medicine,
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     chiropractic, or rehabilitation.
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        No change for subd 3a to 14
176*#111S
        176.111 DEPENDENTS, ALLOWANCES.
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        No change for subd 1 to 2
        Subd. 3. PERSONS WHOLLY SUPPORTED. A wife, child,
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     husband, mother, father, grandmother, grandfather, grandchild,
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     sister, brother, mother-in-law, father-in-law, wholly supported
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     by a deceased worker at the time of his death and for a
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     reasonable time prior thereto are considered his actual
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     dependents of the deceased worker and compensation shall be paid
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     to them in the order named.
        Subd. 4. PERSONS PARTIALLY SUPPORTED. Any member of
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     a class named in subdivision 3 who regularly derived part-of-his
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     partial support from the wages of a deceased worker at the time
     of his death and for a reasonable time prior thereto is
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     considered his <u>a</u> partial dependent and compensation shall be
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     paid to such dependents in the order named.
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        No change for subd 5 to 12
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        Subd. 14.
                   PARENTS. If the deceased employee leave
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     no widow surviving spouse or child or-husband entitled to any
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     payment under this chapter, but leaves both parents wholly
     dependent on deceased, there shall be paid to such parents
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     jointly 45 percent of the weekly wage at the time of the injury.
     of the deceased. In case of the death of either of the wholly
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     dependent parents the survivor shall receive 35 percent of the
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     weekly wage thereafter. If the deceased employee leave one
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     parent wholly dependent on the deceased, there shall be paid to
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     such parent 35 percent of the weekly wage at the time of the
     injury of the deceased employee. The compensation payments
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     under this section shall not exceed the actual contributions
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     made by the deceased employee to the support of his the
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     employee's parents for a reasonable time immediately prior to
     the injury which caused the death of the deceased employee.
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        Subd. 15. REMOTE DEPENDENTS. If the deceased
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     employee leave no widow surviving spouse or child or-husband or
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     parent entitled to any payment under this chapter, but leaves a
     grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, mother-in-law, or
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     father-in-law wholly dependent on him the employee for support,
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     there shall be paid to such dependent, if but one, 30 percent of
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     the daily wage at the time of injury of the deceased, or if more
     than one, 35 percent of the daily wage at the time of the injury
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of the deceased, divided among them share and share alike.

Subd. 21. DEATH, BENEFITS; COORDINATION WITH

No change for subd 16 to 20

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GOVERNMENTAL SURVIVOR BENEFITS. The following provision shall 2 apply to any dependent entitled to receive weekly compensation 3 benefits under this section as the result of the death of an employee, and who is also receiving or entitled to receive benefits under any government survivor program:

The combined total of weekly government survivor benefits and workers' compensation death benefits provided under this section shall not exceed 100 percent of the weekly wage being earned by the deceased employee at the time of the injury 10 causing his death; provided, however, that no state workers' compensation death benefit shall be paid for any week in which the survivor benefits paid under the federal program, by themselves, exceed 100 percent of such weekly wage provided, 14 however, the workers' compensation benefits payable to a 15 dependent surviving spouse shall not be reduced on account of any governmental survivor benefits payable to decedent's 17 children if the support of the children is not the responsibility of the dependent surviving spouse.

For the purposes of this subdivision "dependent" means dependent surviving spouse together with all dependent children and any other dependents. For the purposes of this subdivision, mother's insurance benefits received pursuant to 42 U.S.C., 402 (g), are benefits under a government survivor program. 176*#132S

176.132 SUPPLEMENTARY BENEFITS.

No change for subd 1

- Subd. 2. AMOUNT. (a) The supplementary benefit payable under this section shall be the difference between the amount the employee receives on or after January 1, 1976, under 29 section 176.101, subdivision 1 or subdivision 4, and 65 percent 30 of the statewide average weekly wage as computed annually.
- (b) In the event an eligible recipient is currently receiving no compensation or is receiving a reduced level of 33 compensation because of a credit being applied as the result of a third party liability or damages, the employer or insurer shall compute the offset credit as if the individual were entitled to the actual benefit or 65 percent of the statewide average weekly wage as computed annually, whichever is greater. If this results in the use of a higher credit than otherwise 39 would have been applied and the employer or insurer becomes liable for compensation benefits which would otherwise not have been paid, the additional benefits resulting shall be handled according to this section.
- (c) In the event an eligible recipient is receiving no compensation or is receiving a reduced level of compensation because of a valid agreement in settlement of a claim, no 46 supplementary benefit shall be payable under this section. Attorney's fees shall be allowed in settlements of claims for supplementary benefits in accordance with this chapter.
- (d) In the event an eligible recipient is receiving no 50 compensation or is receiving a reduced level of compensation because of prior limitations in the maximum amount payable for permanent total disability or because of reductions resulting from the simultaneous receipt of old age or disability benefits, 54 the supplementary benefit shall be payable for the difference 55 between the actual amount of compensation currently being paid 56 and 65 percent of the statewide average weekly wage as computed annually.
- (e) In the event that an eligible recipient is receiving 59 simultaneous benefits from any government disability program, the amount of supplementary benefits payable under this section shall be reduced by five percent. If the individual does not receive the maximum benefits for which he the individual is eligible under other governmental disability programs due to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 424a (d), this reduction shall not apply.

No change for subd 2a to 5 176*#135S

176.135 TREATMENT; APPLIANCES; SUPPLIES.

No change for subd 1 to 3

67 68 Subd. 4. CHRISTIAN SCIENCE TREATMENT. Any employee 69 electing to receive Christian Science treatment as provided in 70 subdivision 1 shall notify his the employer in writing of his 71 the election within 30 days after July 1, 1953, and any person 72 hereafter accepting employment shall give such notice at the 73 time he-accepts of accepting employment. Any employer may elect 74 not to be subject to the provisions for Christian Science

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"NOTICE

substantially in the following form:

You are hereby notified that an injury was received by (Name), who was in your employment at (place)

1 treatment provided for in this section by filing a written 2 notice of such election with the commissioner of the department 3 of labor and industry, in which event the election of the employee shall have no force or effect whatsoever. No change for subd 5 176*#1361S 6 176.1361 TESTIMONY OF PROVIDERS. When a compensation judge or the workers' compensation 8 court of appeals has reason to believe that a medical or other 9 provider of treatment services has submitted false testimony or 10 a false report in any proceeding under this chapter, the 11 compensation judge or the workers' compensation court of appeals 12 shall refer the matter to an appropriate licensing body or other 13 professional certifying organization for review and recommendations. Based upon their recommendation, the 14 commissioner may bar the provider from making an appearance, and disallow the admission into evidence of written reports of the 16 17 provider, in any proceeding under this chapter for a period not 18 to exceed one year in the first instance and three years in the 19 second instance, and may permanently bar the provider from 20 appearance and his the provider's reports from admission in evidence thereafter. 176*#137S 176.137 REMODELING OF RESIDENCE; HANDICAPPED EMPLOYEES. 23 Subdivision 1. The employer shall furnish to an employee who is permanently disabled because of a personal injury 25 suffered in the course of employment with that employer such 26 alteration or remodeling of his the employee's principal 27 residence as is reasonably required to enable the employee to move freely into and throughout h + s the residence and to 28 29 otherwise adequately accommodate the disability. Any remodeling 30 or alteration shall be furnished only when the division or 31 workers' compensation court of appeals determines that the injury is to such a degree that the employee is substantially 32 33 prevented from functioning within the principal residence. 34 No change for subd 2 to 5 176*#141S 35 176.141 NOTICE OF INJURY. Unless the employer has actual knowledge of the occurrence 36 of the injury or unless the injured worker, or a dependent or 37 someone in behalf of either, gives written notice thereof to the 39 employer within 14 days after the occurrence of the injury, then 40 no compensation shall be due until the notice is given or 41 knowledge obtained. If the notice is given or the knowledge 42 obtained within 30 days from the occurrence of the injury, no 43 want, failure, or inaccuracy of a notice shall be a bar to 44 obtaining compensation unless the employer shows that-he-was 45 prejudiced prejudice by such want, defect, or inaccuracy, and then only to the extent of the prejudice. If the notice is given or the knowledge obtained within 180 days, and if the 46 47 48 employee or other beneficiary shows that his failure to give 49 prior notice was due to his the employee's or beneficiary's mistake, inadvertence, ignorance of fact or law, or inability, or to the fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit of the employer 51 or his agent, then compensation may be allowed, unless the employer shows that-he-was-prejudiced prejudice by failure to 53 receive the notice, in which case the amount of compensation 55 shall be reduced by a sum which fairly represents the prejudice shown. Unless knowledge is obtained or written notice given 56 57 within 180 days after the occurrence of the injury no compensation shall be allowed, except that an employee who is unable, because of mental or physical incapacity, to give notice 59 60 to the employer within 180 days from the injury shall give the 61 prescribed notice within 180 days from the time the incapacity 62 ceases. 176*#145S 63 176.145 SERVICE OF NOTICE, FORM. 64 The notice referred to in section 176.141 may be served 65 personally upon the employer, or upon any agent of the employer 66 upon whom a summons may be served in a civil action, or by 67 sending it by certified mail to the employer at the last known 68 residence or business place thereof within the state, and may be

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GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 01/17/86 1, while engaged as (kind of work), on or about the day of, 19...., and who is 3 now located at (give town, street, and number); 4 that, so far as now known, the nature of the injury was 5, and that compensation may be claimed therefor. Dated, 19.. (signed) 6 (giving address)" No variation from this form shall be material if the notice 8 9 is sufficient to advise the employer that a certain employee, by 10 name, received a specified injury in the course of his 11 employment on or about a specified time, at or near a certain 12 place specified. 176*#151S 13 176.151 TIME LIMITATIONS. The time within which the following acts shall be performed 14 15 shall be limited to the following periods, respectively: 16 (1) Actions or proceedings by an injured employee to 17 determine or recover compensation, three years after the 18 employer has made written report of the injury to the 19 commissioner of the department of labor and industry, but not to 20 exceed six years from the date of the accident. 21 (2) Actions or proceedings by dependents to determine or recover compensation, three years after the receipt by the 22 commissioner of the department of labor and industry of written 23 24 notice of death, given by the employer, but not to exceed six years from the date of injury, provided, however, if the 25 employee was paid compensation for the injury from which the 26 27 death resulted, such actions or proceedings by dependents must 28 be commenced within three years after the receipt by the 29 commissioner of the department of labor and industry of written

- 30 notice of death, given by the employer, but not to exceed six years from the date of death. In any such case, if a dependent of the deceased, or any one in his the dependent's behalf, gives written notice of such death to the commissioner of the department of labor and industry, the commissioner shall forthwith give written notice to the employer of the time and 36 place of such death. In case the deceased was a native of a foreign country and leaves no known dependent within the United States, the commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall give written notice of the death to the consul or other representative of the foreign country forthwith. .
- (3) In case of physical or mental incapacity, other than 42 minority, of the injured person or his dependents to perform or cause to be performed any act required within the time specified in this section, the period of limitation in any such case shall be extended for three years from the date when the incapacity 46 ceases.
- (4) In the case of injury caused by x-rays, radium, radioactive substances or machines, ionizing radiation, or any 49 other occupational disease, the time limitations otherwise 50 prescribed by Minnesota Statutes 1961, Chapter 176, and acts amendatory thereof, shall not apply, but the employee shall give notice to the employer and commence his an action within three 53 years after the employee has knowledge of the cause of such injury and the injury has resulted in disability. 176*#155S

176.155 EXAMINATIONS.

Subdivision 1. EMPLOYER'S PHYSICIAN. The injured 57 employee must submit himself to examination by the employer's physician, if requested by the employer, and at reasonable times thereafter upon the employer's request. The employee is entitled upon request to have his-own a personal physician present at any 61 such examination. Each party shall defray the cost of his own that party's physician. Any report or written statement made by the employer's physician as a result of an examination of the employee, regardless of whether the examination preceded the injury or was made subsequent to the injury, shall be made available, upon request and without charge, to the injured employee or his representative of the employee.

Subd. 2. NEUTRAL PHYSICIAN. In each case of dispute as to the injury the commissioner of labor and industry, or in case of a hearing the compensation judge conducting the hearing, or the workers' compensation court of appeals if the matter is before it, may upon-its-own-or-his-own-motion,-or-upon with or without the request of any interested party, made-in-compliance with-the-rules-of-the-commissioner-of-labor-and-industry-and-the

workers'-compensation-court-of-appeals-regulating-the-proper time-and-forms-for-such-request; designate a neutral physician from the list of neutral physicians developed by the commissioner of labor and industry to make an examination of the injured worker and report his the findings to the commissioner of labor and industry, compensation judge, or the workers' compensation court of appeals, as the case may be; provided that 8 the request of the interested party must comply with the rules of the commissioner of labor and industry and the workers' 10 compensation court of appeals regulating the proper time and forms for the request, and further provided that when an 11 12 interested party requests, not later than 30 days prior to a scheduled prehearing conference, that a neutral physician be 13 14 designated, the compensation judge shall make such a 15 designation. When a party has requested the designation of a 16 neutral physician prior to a prehearing conference, that party 17 may withdraw the request at any time prior to the hearing. The 18 commissioner of labor and industry, compensation judge, or the 19 workers' compensation court of appeals, as the case may be, may 20 request the neutral physician to answer any particular question 21 with reference to the medical phases of the case, including 22 questions calling for an opinion as to the cause and occurrence 23 of the injury insofar as medical knowledge is relevant in the 24 answer. A copy of the signed certificate of the neutral 25 physician shall be mailed to the parties in interest and either 26 party, within five days from date of mailing, may demand that 27 the physician be produced for purposes of cross-examination. 28 The signed certificate of a neutral physician is competent 29 evidence of the facts stated therein. The expense of the 30 examination shall be paid as ordered by the commissioner of labor and industry, compensation judge, or the workers' 31 32 compensation court of appeals. 33 The commissioner of labor and industry shall develop and 34 maintain a list of neutral physicians available for designation pursuant to this subdivision or section 176.391, subdivision 2. 35 No change for subd 3 to 5 176*#161S 37 176.161 ALIEN DEPENDENTS. Subdivision 1. RESIDING OUTSIDE UNITED STATES. In 38 case a deceased employee for whose injury or death compensation 39 40 is payable leaves surviving him an alien dependent residing 41 outside the United States the commissioner shall direct the payment of all compensation due the dependent to be made to the 42 duly accredited consular officer of the country of which the 43 44 beneficiary is a citizen residing within the state, or to his a 45 designated representative residing within the state; or, if the 46 commissioner believes that the interests of the dependent will 47 be better served and at any time prior to the final settlement 48 the dependent files with the commissioner a power of attorney 49 designating any other suitable person residing in this state to 50 act as attorney in fact in such proceedings, the commissioner 51 may appoint such person. If it appears necessary to institute 52 proceedings to enforce payment of compensation due the 53 dependent, the commissioner may permit the consular officer to 54 institute these proceedings. If during the pendency of these 55 proceedings, such power of attorney is filed by the alien 56 dependent, the commissioner shall then determine whether such 57 attorney in fact be substituted to represent such dependent or 58 if the consular officer or his a representative continue therein. 59 The person so appointed may carry on proceedings to settle all 60 claims for compensation and receive for distribution to such 61 dependent all compensation arising under this chapter. The 62 settlement and distribution of the funds shall be made only on the written order of the commissioner. The person so appointed 63 64 shall furnish a bond satisfactory to the commissioner, 65 conditioned upon the proper application of the money received by 66 him. Before the bond is discharged, the person so appointed shall file with the commissioner a verified account of his 67 68 receipts and disbursements of such compensation. 69 No change for subd 2 to 3 176*#175S 70 176.175 RIGHT TO COMPENSATION, AWARD. Subdivision 1. PREFERRED CLAIM. The right to 71 72

compensation and all compensation awarded any injured employee or for death claims to his dependents have the same preference against the assets of the employer as unpaid wages for labor.

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1 This compensation does not become a lien on the property of third persons by reason of this preference. Subd. 2. NON-ASSIGNABILITY. No claim for 4 compensation owned by an injured employee or his dependents is 5 assignable. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any 6 claim for compensation owned by an injured employee or his dependents is exempt from seizure or sale for the payment of any 7 8 debt or liability. 176*#1815 9 176.181 INSURANCE. 10 No change for subd 1 Subd. 2. COMPULSORY INSURANCE; SELF-INSURERS. (1) 11 Every employer, except the state and its municipal subdivisions, 1.3 liable under this chapter to pay compensation shall insure payment of compensation with some insurance carrier authorized to insure workers' compensation liability in this state, or obtain a written order from the commissioner of commerce 17 exempting the employer from insuring his liability for 18 compensation and permitting him-to-self-insure self-insurance of 19 the liability. The terms, conditions and requirements governing self-insurance shall be established by the commissioner pursuant 21 to chapter 14. The commissioner of commerce shall also adopt, pursuant to clause (2)(c), rules permitting two or more employers, whether or not they are in the same industry, to 22 23 24 enter into agreements to pool their liabilities under this 25 chapter for the purpose of qualifying as group self-insurers. 26 With the approval of the commissioner of commerce, any employer 27 may exclude medical, chiropractic and hospital benefits as 28 required by this chapter. An employer conducting distinct operations at different locations may either insure or 29 30 self-insure the other portion of his operations as a distinct and separate risk. An employer desiring to be exempted from 31 insuring his liability for compensation shall make application 32 to the commissioner of commerce, showing his financial ability 33 34 to pay the compensation, whereupon by written order the 35 commissioner of commerce, on deeming it proper, may make an 36 exemption as-he-deems-proper. The commissioner of commerce may require further statements of financial ability of the employer 37 38 to pay compensation. Upon ten days written notice the commissioner of commerce may revoke his the order granting an 39 40 exemption, in which event the employer shall immediately insure his the liability. As a condition for the granting of an 41 42 exemption the commissioner of commerce may require the employer 43 to furnish security the commissioner of commerce considers 44 sufficient to insure payment of all claims under this chapter. 45 If the required security is in the form of currency or 46 negotiable bonds, the commissioner of commerce shall deposit it 47 with the state treasurer. In the event of any default upon the part of a self-insurer to abide by any final order or decision of the commissioner of labor and industry directing and awarding 49 50 payment of compensation and benefits to any employee or the 51 dependents of any deceased employee, then upon at least ten days notice to the self-insurer, the commissioner of commerce may by 52 53 written order to the state treasurer require him the treasurer 54 to sell the pledged and assigned securities or a part thereof 55 necessary to pay the full amount of any such claim or award with 56 interest thereon. This authority to sell may be exercised from 57 time to time to satisfy any order or award of the commissioner of labor and industry or any judgment obtained thereon. When 59 securities are sold the money obtained shall be deposited in the 60 state treasury to the credit of the commissioner of commerce and 61 awards made against any such self-insurer by the commissioner of commerce shall be paid to the persons entitled thereto by the 62 63 state treasurer upon warrants prepared by the commissioner of 64 commerce and approved by the commissioner of finance out of the 65 proceeds of the sale of securities. Where the security is in 66 the form of a surety bond or personal guaranty the commissioner 67 of commerce, at any time, upon at least ten days notice and 68 opportunity to be heard, may require the surety to pay the 69 amount of the award, the payments to be enforced in like manner 70 as the award may be enforced. 71 (2)(a) No association, corporation, partnership, sole 72 proprietorship, trust or other business entity shall provide 73 services in the design, establishment or administration of a

group self-insurance plan under rules adopted pursuant to this

subdivision unless it is licensed to do so by the commissioner

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Subd. 5.

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of commerce. An applicant for a license shall state in writing
     the type of activities it seeks authorization to engage in and
     the type of services it seeks authorization to provide. The
    license shall be granted only when the commissioner of commerce
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    is satisfied that the entity possesses the necessary
    organization, background, expertise, and financial integrity to
    supply the services sought to be offered. The commissioner of
    commerce may issue a license subject to restrictions or
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    limitations, including restrictions or limitations on the type
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    of services which may be supplied or the activities which may be
    engaged in. The license is for a two year period.
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- (b) To assure that group self-insurance plans are financially solvent, administered in a fair and capable fashion, and able to process claims and pay benefits in a prompt, fair and equitable manner, entities licensed to engage in such business are subject to supervision and examination by the commissioner of commerce.
- (c) To carry out the purposes of this subdivision, the commissioner of commerce may promulgate administrative rules, including emergency rules, pursuant to sections 14.01 to 14.70. These rules may:
- (i) establish reporting requirements for administrators of group self-insurance plans;
- (ii) establish standards and guidelines to assure the adequacy of the financing and administration of group self-insurance plans;
- (iii) establish bonding requirements or other provisions assuring the financial integrity of entities administering group self-insurance plans;
- (iv) establish standards, including but not limited to minimum terms of membership in self-insurance plans, as necessary to provide stability for those plans;
- (v) establish standards or guidelines governing the formation, operation, administration and dissolution of self-insurance plans; and
- (vi) establish other reasonable requirements to further the purposes of this subdivision.

No change for subd 2a

Subd. 3. FAILURE TO INSURE, PENALTY. Any employer who fails to comply with the provisions of subdivision 2 to secure payment of compensation is liable to the state of Minnesota for a penalty of \$100, if the number of uninsured employees in-his-employment is less than five and for a penalty of \$400 if the number of such uninsured employees in-his employment is five or more. If the commissioner determines that the failure to comply with the provisions of subdivision 2 was willful and deliberate, the employer shall be liable to the state of Minnesota for a penalty of \$500, if the number of uninsured employees in-his-employment is less than five, and for a penalty of \$2,000 if the number of his uninsured employees is five or more. If the employer continues his noncompliance, he the employer is liable for five times the lawful premium for compensation insurance for such employer for the period he the employer fails to comply with such provisions, commencing ten days after notice has been served upon him the employer by the commissioner of the department of labor and industry by certified mail. These penalties may be recovered jointly or separately in a civil action brought in the name of the state by the attorney general in any court having jurisdiction. Whenever any such failure occurs the commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall immediately certify the fact thereof to the attorney general. Upon receipt of such certification the attorney general shall forthwith commence and prosecute such action. All penalties recovered by the state in any such action shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the special compensation fund. If an employer fails to comply with the provisions of subdivision 2, to secure payment of compensation after having been notified of his the employer's duty, the attorney general, upon request of the commissioner, may proceed against the employer in any court having jurisdiction for an order restraining him the employer from having any person in his employment at any time when he the employer is not complying with the provisions of subdivision 2. No change for subd 4

INDEMNIFICATION. A political subdivision or

association of political subdivisions which is self insured, may

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                                                                  PAGE
     be indemnified by the special compensation fund for payments for
     which the political subdivision or association is liable under
 3
     this chapter. This indemnification shall be made only if all
 4
    other assets together with the interest earned thereon which
 5
     have been contributed by the subdivision pursuant to rules
    adopted by the commissioner of commerce as provided for in this
 6
 7
     section have been exhausted.
 8
       The state treasurer, as custodian of the fund, has a cause
 9
    of action for all moneys paid out or to be paid out if the
    political subdivisions or association of subdivisions fail to
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11
    meet a repayment schedule which he the treasurer establishes at
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    the time the request for indemnification is granted.
       No change for subd 6 to
13
176*#183S
       176.183 UNINSURED AND SELF-INSURED EMPLOYERS; BENEFITS
14
15
    TO EMPLOYEES AND DEPENDENTS; LIABILITY OF EMPLOYER.
16
       No change for subd 1 to la
       Subd. 2. The commissioner of labor and industry, in
17
     accordance with the terms of the order awarding compensation,
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    shall pay compensation to the employee or his the employee's
20
    dependent from the special compensation fund. The commissioner
    of labor and industry shall certify to the commissioner of
21
22
    finance and to the legislature annually the total amount of
23
    compensation paid from the special compensation fund under
24
    subdivisions 1 and 1a. The commissioner of finance shall upon
25
    proper certification reimburse the special compensation fund
26
    from the general fund appropriation provided for this purpose.
27
    The amount reimbursed shall be limited to the certified amount
28
    paid under this section or the appropriation made for this
29
    purpose, whichever is the lesser amount. Compensation paid
30
    under this section which is not reimbursed by the general fund
31
    shall remain a liability of the special compensation fund and
32
   shall be financed by the percentage assessed under section
33
    176.131, subdivision 10.
34
       No change for subd 3 to 4
176*#185S
       176.185 POLICY OF INSURANCE.
35
36
       Subdivision 1. NOTICE OF COVERAGE, TERMINATION,
37
    CANCELLATION. Within ten days after the issuance of a policy
38
    of insurance covering the liability to pay compensation under
39
    this chapter written by an insurer licensed to insure such
    liability in this state, the insurer shall file notice of
40
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    coverage with the commissioner under regulations and on forms
42
    prescribed by the commissioner. No policy shall be canceled by
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    the insurer within the policy period nor terminated upon its
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    expiration date until a notice in writing is delivered or mailed
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    to the insured and filed with the commissioner, fixing the date
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    on which it is proposed to cancel it, or declaring that the
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    insurer does not intend to renew the policy upon the expiration
48
    date. A cancellation or termination is not effective until 30
49
    days after written notice has been filed with the commissioner
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    in a manner prescribed by the commissioner unless prior to the
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expiration of the 30-day period the employer obtains other insurance coverage or an order exempting the employer from carrying insurance as provided in section 176.181. Upon receipt of the notice the commissioner shall notify the insured that the insured must obtain coverage from some other licensed carrier and that, if unable to do so, the insured shall request the commissioner of commerce to require the issuance of a policy as provided in section 79.251, subdivision 4. Upon a cancellation or termination of a policy by the insurer the employer is entitled to have-a-policy be assigned to-him a policy in accordance with sections 79.251 and 79.252. Notice of cancellation or termination by the insured shall be served upon the insurer by written statement mailed or delivered to the insurer. Upon receipt of the notice the insurer shall notify the commissioner of the cancellation or termination and the commissioner shall ask the employer for the reasons for the cancellation or termination and notify the employer of the duty 68 under this chapter to insure the employer's employees.

No change for subd '2 to 3

Subd. 4. COMPULSORY PROVISIONS. Every insurance policy which insures the payment of compensation shall contain provisions declaring the following:

(1) Notice to or knowledge by the employer is notice to or knowledge by the insurer.

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(2) Jurisdiction of the employer for any purpose is
     jurisdiction of the insurer.
      (3) The insurer is bound by an award rendered against the
 4
     employer.
       (4) The employee has an equitable lien upon any amount
     which the insurer owes under the policy to the employer. Where
 6
     the employer is legally incapacitated or otherwise unable to
 8
    receive this amount and pay it over to the employee or his the
     employee's dependent, the insurer will pay the amount directly to the employee or his dependent. This payment by the insurer
 9
10
11
    directly to the employee or his dependent discharges the
12
     obligation of the insurer to the employee, and the obligations
13
    of the insurer and the employer to the employee or his dependent.
       (5) The insolvency or bankruptcy of the employer does not
14
15
     relieve the insurer from its obligation to pay compensation.
       Subd. 5. AGREEMENT THAT EMPLOYEE PAY PART OF COST OF
16
                 Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, an
17
     INSURANCE.
    agreement between an employee and his employer under which the
18
19 employee is to pay any part of the cost of insuring the
20
     employer's risk is void. An employer who makes a charge or
21
    deduction prohibited by this subdivision is guilty of a
22
    misdemeanor.
      No change for subd 6
23
       Subd. 7. NOTICE, EFFECT. Where an employer has
24
25
    properly insured the payment of compensation to his an employee,
26
    and he posts a notice in conspicuous places about his the place
27
    of business stating that he there is so-insured insurance and
    by-whom the name of the insurer, and he files a copy of that
28
    notice with the commissioner of the department of labor and
29
30
     industry, the employee, or his the employee's dependent, shall
    proceed directly against the insurer. In such case but subject
31
32
    to subdivision 8, the employer is released from further
33
    liability in this respect.
34
        Subd. 8. Repealed, 1977 c 342 s 28
       Subd. 9. APPLICATION OF SECTION. Where an employer,
35
36
    who has been exempted from the requirement that he to insure his
    liability for compensation under this chapter, insures any part
37
38
     of that liability, this section applies to such an employer to
39
    the extent that its provisions are applicable.
40
       No change for subd 10
176*#191S
        176.191 DISPUTE BETWEEN TWO OR MORE EMPLOYERS OR
42
     INSURERS REGARDING LIABILITY.
        No change for subd 1 to 3
44
        Subd. 4. If the employee's medical expenses for a personal
45
    injury are paid pursuant to any program administered by the
46
    commissioner of human services, or he the employee receives
47
    subsistence or other payments pursuant to such a program, and it
48
    is subsequently determined that the injury is compensable
49
    pursuant to this chapter, the workers' compensation insurer
50
    shall reimburse the commissioner of human services for the
    payments made, including interest at a rate of 12 percent a year.
52
       Amounts paid to an injured employee pursuant to such a
53
    program and attributable to the personal injury shall be
54
    deducted from any settlement or award of compensation or
55
    benefits under this chapter. The insurer shall attempt, with
56
    due diligence, to ascertain whether payments have been made to
57
    an injured employee pursuant to such a program prior to any
58
    settlement or issuance of a binding award and shall notify the
    commissioner when such payments have been made.
60
       No change for subd 5 to 8
176*#195S
       176.195 REVOCATION OF INSURER'S LICENSE.
61
62
      No change for subd 1 to la
      Subd. 2. COMMENCEMENT OF PROCEEDINGS. The
63
64
    commissioner of commerce may act under subdivision 1 or
65
    subdivision la upon his the commissioner's own motion, the
66
    recommendation of the commissioner of labor and industry, the
67
    chief administrative law judge, or the workers' compensation
68
    court of appeals, or the complaint of any interested person.
69
       No change for subd '3
70
       Subd. 4. NOTICE OF HEARING. Such commissioner shall
    prescribe the method of procedure at the hearing, and its time
71
72
    and place --- He-shall, and mail to all interested parties ten
    days notice of the hearing.
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Subd. 5. FINDINGS OF FACTS, ORDER. Such

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commissioner shall make findings of fact and enter an
     appropriate order. He The commissioner shall file the findings
 3 and order, and mail a copy of them to the commissioner of the
    department of labor and industry, the complainant, and the
   insurer.
 6
                  APPEAL TO DISTRICT COURT. If he the
      Subd. 6.
 7 insurer acts within ten days from the date he-received of
 8 receipt of a copy of the findings and order, the insurer may
9 appeal from an order revoking his the license. The appeal shall
10 be taken to the district court of the district in which the
11 office of the commissioner of commerce is located by serving a
12
     written notice of appeal on such commissioner. Such
     commissioner shall thereupon file a certified copy of his the
13
14
     commissioner's findings and order with the clerk of the district
     court. This certified copy is prima facie evidence of the facts
15
16
     it states. When the certified copy has been filed with the
17
     clerk, the court shall summarily hear and determine the
     questions involved in the appeal.
18
19
      No change for subd 7
176*#2055
20
        176.205 PERSON DEEMED EMPLOYER.
        Subdivision 1. FRAUDULENT DEVICE TO EVADE
21
    RESPONSIBILITY TO WORKER. Subject to subdivision 2, a person
23 who creates or executes any fraudulent scheme, artifice, or
     device to enable him the person to execute work without being
    responsible to the worker under this chapter, is deemed an
25
26
    "employer" and is subject to the liabilities which this chapter
27
    imposes on employers.
28
        No change for subd
29
        Subd. 3. EXCEPTIONS.
                                 A person shall not be deemed a
30
    contractor or subcontractor where:
31
       (a) he the person performs his work upon another's
32
     premises, with the other's tools or appliances, and under the
33
    other's direction; or,
34
     (b) he the person does what is commonly called "piece work;"
35
36
        (c) in any way the system of employment merely provides a
37
     method of fixing the worker's wages.
38
       No change for subd 4
176*#2155
39
        176.215 SUBCONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH CHAPTER.
40
       No change for subd 1
41
       Subd. 2.
                  SUBROGATION.
                                 Where A person who has paid
42 compensation under this section, -he is subrogated to the rights
43 of the injured employee against his the employee's immediate
     employer, or any person whose liability for compensation payment
44
45
     to the employee is prior to the liability of the person who paid
46
     it.
47
       No change for subd 3
176*#225S
48
        176.225 ADDITIONAL AWARD AS PENALTY.
49
       No change for subd 1 to 3
50
        Subd. 4. HEARING BEFORE COMMISSIONER OF COMMERCE.
51
   When-he-has-received Upon receipt of a complaint filed under
52
    subdivision 3, the commissioner of commerce shall hear and
53
    determine the matter in the manner provided by this chapter. #f
54
   he-finds On finding that a charge made by the complaint is true,
55
   the commissioner of commerce shall revoke the license of the
56
    insurer to do business in this state. The insurer may appeal
57
    from the action of the commissioner revoking his the license in
58 the manner provided in this chapter.
59
       Subd. 5.
                 PENALTY. Where the employer is guilty of
    inexcusable delay in making payments, the payments which are
60
61
    found to be delayed shall be increased by 10 percent.
62
    Withholding amounts unquestionably due because the injured
63
   employee refuses to execute a release of his the employee's
    right to claim further benefits will be regarded as inexcusable
64
65
    delay in the making of compensation payments. If any sum
   ordered by the department to be paid is not paid when due, and
67
   no appeal of the order is made, the sum shall bear interest at
68
    the rate of 12 percent per annum. Any penalties paid pursuant
69
   to this section shall not be considered as a loss or expense
70
   item for purposes of a petition for a rate increase made
71
    pursuant to chapter 79.
176*#231S
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176.231 REPORT OF DEATH OR INJURY TO COMMISSIONER OF THE

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY.
         No change for subd 1
         Subd. 2. INITIAL REPORT, WRITTEN REPORT. Where
      subdivision 1 requires an injury to be reported within 48 hours,
     the employer may make his an initial report by telephone,
   telegraph, or personal notice, and file a written report of the injury within seven days from its occurrence or within such time
 8
     as the commissioner of labor and industry designates. All
     written reports of injuries required by subdivision 1 shall
10
    include the date of injury, amounts of payments made, if any,
     and the date of the first payment. The reports shall be in quadruplicate on a form designed by the commissioner, with two
11
12
13 copies to the commissioner and one to the insurer.
14
        If an insurer or self insurer repeatedly fails to pay
     benefits within three days of the due date, pursuant to section 176.221, the insurer or self insurer shall be ordered by the
15
16
17 commissioner to explain, in person, the failure to pay benefits
18
    due in a reasonable time. If prompt payments are not thereafter
19
     made, the commissioner shall refer the insurer or self insurer
20
     to the commissioner of commerce for action pursuant to section
     176.225, subdivision 4.
21
22
        No change for subd 3 to 6
   Subd. 7. MEDICAL REPORTS. If requested by the division, a compensation judge, the workers' compensation court
23
24
25
    of appeals, or any member or employee thereof an employer,
26 insurer, or employee shall file with the commissioner the
27
     original or a verified copy of any medical report in his
     possession which bears upon the case and shall also file a
     verified copy of the same report with the agency or individual
29
     who made the request.
        No change for subd 8 to 10
31
176*#241S
        176.241 NOTICE TO DIVISION OF INTENTION TO DISCONTINUE
32
     COMPENSATION PAYMENTS.
        Subdivision 1. NECESSITY FOR NOTICE AND SHOWING;
34
35
     CONTENTS. Subject to sections 176.242 and 176.243, where an
36
     employee claims that the right to compensation continues, the
37
     employer may not discontinue payment of compensation until the
38
     employer provides the employee with notice in writing of his
39
    intention to do so, on a form prescribed by the commissioner,
40
     together with a statement of facts clearly indicating the
41
    reasons for the discontinuance. A copy of the notice shall be
42
    provided to the division by the employer.
43
        The notice to the employee and the copy to the division
44
     shall state the date of intended discontinuance and the reason
    for the action. The notice to the employee and the copy to the
45
     division shall be accompanied by a statement of facts in support
46
47
     of the discontinuance of compensation payments and whatever
48
     medical reports are in the possession of the employer bearing on
     the physical condition of the employee at the time of the
49
50
     proposed discontinuance.
51
        No change for subd 2 to 4
176*#253S
        176.253 INSURER, EMPLOYER; PERFORMANCE OF ACTS.
52
53
        Where this chapter requires an employer to perform an act,
54
     the insurer of the employer may perform that act. Where the
    insurer acts in behalf of the employer, the employer is responsible for the authorized acts of the insurer and for any
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57
    delay, failure, or refusal of the insurer to perform the act.
58
       This section does not relieve the employer from any penalty
     or forfeiture which this chapter imposes on him the employer.
59
176*#261S
60
        176.261 EMPLOYEE OF COMMISSIONER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF
61
     LABOR AND INDUSTRY MAY ACT FOR AND ADVISE A PARTY TO A
62
     PROCEEDING.
63
        When requested by an employer or an employee or his an
64 employee's dependent, the commissioner of the department of
65
    labor and industry may designate one or more of the division
     employees to advise that party of his rights under this chapter,
67
    and as far as possible to assist in adjusting differences
68 between the parties. The person so designated may appear in
69 person in any proceedings under this chapter as the
70 representative or adviser of the party. In such case, the party 71 need not be represented by an attorney at law.
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176*#265S 72 176.265 REPORT TO LEGISLATURE.

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The commissioner of the department of labor and industry
   shall observe in detail the operation of this chapter throughout
 3 the state. He The commissioner shall make a report to each
 4 session of the legislature concerning the operation of the
 5
    chapter, proposing such changes as he the commissioner deems
 6
   advisable to improve the law.
176*#271S
 7 176.271 INITIATION OF PROCEEDINGS.
 8
        Subdivision 1. Unless otherwise provided by this chapter
    or by the commissioner of labor and industry, all proceedings
10 before the division are initiated by the filing of a written
11 petition on a prescribed form with the commissioner of labor and
    industry at his the commissioner's principal office.
12
13
     No change for subd 2
176*#275S
    176.275 FILING OF PAPERS.
14
15
       The workers' compensation division and the workers'
16 compensation court of appeals shall file any paper which has
17 been delivered to it for filing immediately upon its receipt in
18 the office of the commissioner of the department of labor and
19
    industry. The commissioner of the department of labor and
20 industry shall file any paper which has been delivered to him
    the commissioner for filing immediately upon its receipt.
21
176*#2955
22 176.295 NONRESIDENT EMPLOYERS; FOREIGN CORPORATION.
23
       Subdivision 1. AFFIDAVIT OF INABILITY TO OBTAIN
24 SERVICE. Where an employee or his an employee's dependent
25 has filed a petition for compensation with the commissioner of
26 the department of labor and industry, and he is unable to make
27
     service of the petition and other notices on the employer
28 because the latter is a nonresident or a foreign corporation,
29 the petitioner may file an affidavit with the commissioner of
30
    the department of labor and industry stating that he the
31 petitioner is so unable to make service.
      Subd. 2. ACTION IN DISTRICT COURT.
32
                                            When he the
33 petitioner has filed the affidavit with the commissioner of the
34 department of labor and industry, the petitioner may bring an
35 action against the employer in the district court located in the
36 county in which the employee resided at the time of the injury
37
   or death. The action shall be brought and conducted in the same
38 manner as are other civil actions in district court. The
39
    complaint shall state that a petition for compensation has been
    filed with the commissioner of the department of labor and
40
   industry, and shall be accompanied by a verified copy of the
41
42
   affidavit. The complaint shall also state the facts upon which
   the right to compensation or other relief is based.
43
44
      No change for subd 3 to 4
176*#301S
45
      176.301 DETERMINATION OF ISSUES.
46
       Subdivision 1. TRIAL BY COURT; REFERENCE TO
47 COMMISSIONER. When issue has been joined in the district
48 court action, the court may try the action itself without a
   jury, or refer the matter to the commissioner. In the latter
49
50
    case, the commissioner shall refer the matter to the chief
51
   administrative law judge for assignment to a compensation
52
    judge. The compensation judge shall report his findings and
53 decisions to the district court. The court may approve or
54 disapprove such decision in the same manner as it approves or
55
   disapproves the report of a referee. The court shall enter
   judgment upon such decision.
56
      No change for subd 2
176*#3515
       176.351 TESTIMONIAL POWERS.
58
59
       Subdivision 1. OATHS. The compensation judge to whom
60 a petition has been assigned for hearing shall administer an
61 oath to each witness. The commissioner may also administer an
    oath when required in the performance of his duties.
63
      Subd. 2. SUBPOENAS. Upon-his-own-initiative;-or-upon
64 Acting with or without the written request of an interested
65
   party, the commissioner or compensation judge before whom a
witness or the production of such books, papers, records and documents as are material in the
66 hearing is held may issue a subpoena for the attendance of a
   documents as are material in the cause and are designated in the
69
   subpoena. The commissioner may also issue a subpoena for the
70
   attendance of a witness or the production of such books, papers,
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records, and documents as are material in the cause pending and

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are designated in the subpoena.
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Subd. 2a. SUBPOENAS NOT PERMITTED. A member of the rehabilitation review panel or medical services board or an 4 employee of the department who has conducted an administrative conference or hearing under section 176.102, 176.103, 176.135, 176.136, 176.242, or 176.243, shall not be subpoenaed to testify regarding the conference, hearing, or concerning a mediation session. A member of the rehabilitation review panel, medical services board, or an employee of the department may be required to answer written interrogatories limited to the following questions:

- (a) Were all statutory and administrative procedural rules adhered to in reaching the decision?
- (b) If the answer to question (a) is no, what deviations took place?
- (c) Did the person making the decision consider all the information presented to-him-or-her prior to rendering a decision?
- (d) Did the person making the decision rely on information outside of the information presented at the conference or hearing in making the decision?
- (e) If the answer to question (d) is yes, what other information was relied upon in making the decision?

In addition, for a hearing with a compensation judge and with the consent of the compensation judge, an employee of the department who conducted an administrative conference, hearing, or mediation session, may be requested to answer written interrogatories relating to statements made by a party at the prior proceeding. These interrogatories shall be limited to affirming or denying that specific statements were made by a party.

ADVANCEMENT OF FEES AND COSTS. The person Subd. 3. who applies for issuance of a subpoena shall advance the required service and witness fees. The commissioner shall pay for the attendance of witnesses who are subpoenaed by him the 36 <u>commissioner</u>. The chief administrative law judge shall pay for the attendance of witnesses who are subpoenaed by a compensation judge. The fees are the same as the service and witness fees in civil actions in district court.

No change for subd 4

176*#421S

176.421 APPEALS TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT OF APPEALS.

Subdivision 1. TIME FOR TAKING; GROUNDS. When a petition has been heard before a compensation judge, within 30 days after a party in interest has been served with notice of an award or disallowance of compensation, or other order affecting the merits of the case, he the party may appeal to the workers' compensation court of appeals on any of the following grounds:

- (1) the order does not conform with this chapter; or
- (2) the compensation judge committed an error of law; or
- (3) the findings of fact and order were unsupported by substantial evidence in view of the entire record as submitted;
- (4) the findings of fact and order were procured by fraud, or coercion, or other improper conduct of a party in interest.

No change for subd 2 to 4 Subd. 5. TRANSCRIPT; CERTIFICATION OF THE RECORD. When the notice of appeal has been filed with the chief administrative law judge and the fee for the preparation of the record has been paid, the chief administrative law judge shall immediately order the preparation of a typewritten transcript of that part of the hearing delineated in the notice. The official reporter or other person designated by the chief administrative law judge who transcribes the proceedings shall certify to their correctness.

If the transcript is prepared by a person who is not an employee of the office of administrative hearings, upon completion of the transcript, the original shall be filed with the chief administrative law judge.

When the transcript has been completed and is on file with the chief administrative law judge, he the chief judge shall certify the record to the workers' compensation court of appeals and notify the commissioner of the certification.

No change for subd 6 to 7

176*#451S

176*#571S

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176.451 DEFAULTS. Subdivision 1. APPLICATION TO DISTRICT COURT FOR 3 JUDGMENT. Where there has been a default of more than 30 days in the payment of compensation due under an award, the 5 employee, or his the employee's dependent, or other person 6 entitled to the payment of money under the award, may apply to the judge of any district court for the entry of judgment upon the award. 8 No change for subd 2 9 Subd. 3. CLERK'S FEES. The clerk shall charge only 10 11 25 cents for the entire service he the clerk performs under this section. 12 MATTERS FOR DETERMINATION; JUDGMENT. 13 Subd. 4. 14 he a judge hears the application for judgment upon the award, the judge has authority to determine only the facts of the award and the regularity of the proceedings upon which the award is 17 based. The judge shall enter judgment accordingly. Judgment shall not be entered upon an award while an appeal 1.8 19 is pending. 20 No change for subd 5 176*#4715 176.471 REVIEW BY SUPREME COURT ON CERTIORARI. 21 Subdivision 1. TIME FOR SEEKING REVIEW; GROUNDS.
Where the workers' compensation court of appeals has made an 24 award or disallowance of compensation or other order, if a party in interest who acts within 30 days from the date he the party 25 26 was served with notice of the order,-he may have the order reviewed by the supreme court on certiorari upon one of the 27 29 (1) the order does not conform with this chapter; or, 30 (2) the workers' company this 28 following grounds: (2) the workers' compensation court of appeals committed 31 any other error of law; or, (3) the findings of fact and order were unsupported by 32 33 substantial evidence in view of the entire record as submitted. No change for subd 2 to 10 34 176*#5015 176,501 ATTORNEY GENERAL ACTS FOR WORKERS' COMPENSATION 35 36 COURT OF APPEALS. Unless the workers' compensation court of appeals directs 37 38 otherwise, when an order of the workers' compensation court of appeals is reviewed by the supreme court under this chapter, the attorney general shall represent the workers' compensation court 41 of appeals. He The attorney general shall prepare and present 42 such papers, briefs, and arguments as he the attorney general 43 deems necessary to support the order under review. 176*#521S 176.521 SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS. 44 Subdivision 1. VALIDITY. An agreement between an 45 46 employee or his an employee's dependent and the employer or insurer to settle any claim, which is not upon appeal before the workers' compensation court of appeals, for compensation under 49 this chapter is valid where it has been executed in writing and 50 signed by the parties and intervenors in the matter, and, where 51 one or more of the parties is not represented by an attorney, 52 the division or a compensation judge has approved the settlement 53 and made an award thereon. If the matter is upon appeal before the workers' compensation court of appeals or district court, the workers' compensation court of appeals or district court is 56 the approving body. 57 No change for subd 2 to 3 176*#541S 176.541 STATE DEPARTMENTS. 58 59 No change for subd 1 Subd. 2. DEFENSE OF CLAIM AGAINST STATE. When the 61 commissioner of the department of labor and industry believes that a claim against the state for compensation should be contested, he the commissioner shall defend the state clai contested, he the commissioner shall defend the state claim. 64 Subd. 3. DUTIES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. At any stage 65 in such a compensation proceeding, the attorney general may 66 assume the duty of defending the state. When the commissioner 67 of the department of labor and industry or a department of this state requests the attorney general to assume the defense, he 68 69 the attorney general shall do so. 70 No change for subd 4 to 8

176.571 INVESTIGATIONS OF INJURIES TO STATE EMPLOYEES.

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No change for subd 1
        Subd. 2. FINDINGS OF FACT, PROPOSED ORDER.
                                                      When the
 3
    commissioner of the department of labor and industry has
    completed his an investigation, he the commissioner shall make
     findings of fact and shall enter an award or other order
     which he the commissioner proposes to make relating to the
 7
     liability of the state to pay compensation.
        Subd. 3. COPIES OF FINDINGS AND PROPOSED ORDER,
 8
    MAILING. The commissioner of the department of labor and
 9
10
    industry shall mail a copy of his the findings and proposed
11
    order to the employee, the head of the department in which he
12
    the employee works, and the attorney general.
13
       No change for subd 4
14
        Subd. 5. RECONSIDERATION OF ORDER.
                                              When an
15
   objection has been filed under subdivision 4, the commissioner
16
    of the department of labor and industry shall reconsider his a
    proposed order. Subject to subdivision 6, in making this reconsideration, the commissioner of the department of labor and
17
18
    industry may set aside or correct any finding or order, or both,
19
    without the necessity of holding a formal hearing.
20
21
       No change for subd 6 to
176*#581S
22
       176.581 FINDINGS AND FINAL ORDER.
23
       Subdivision 1. FILING OF CERTIFIED COPIES.
                                                     The
    commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall file
24
    a certified copy of h + s the findings and final order with the
25
    attorney general and the commissioner of finance.
27
       Subd. 2. PAYMENT OF COMPENSATION. Upon a warrant
28
    prepared by the commissioner of the department of labor and
29
    industry and approved by the commissioner of finance, and in
30 accordance with the terms of the order awarding compensation,
31
   the state treasurer shall pay compensation to the employee or
32
    his the employee's dependent. These payments shall be made from
33
    money appropriated for this purpose.
34
     No change for subd 3
176*#602S
35
       176.602 PAYMENTS FROM STATE COMPENSATION REVOLVING FUND.
36
        The state treasurer shall only pay from the state
    compensation revolving fund the awards of compensation and the
37
38
     expenses of other benefits to an employee or his the employee's
39
    dependent.
176A#02S
       176A.02 CREATION; PURPOSE; ORGANIZATION OF THE FUND.
40
        No change for subd 1
41
        Subd. 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS. The board of directors
42
    consists of seven members and the commissioner of labor and
43
    industry who shall be an ex officio member. Each director shall
44
    hold office until a successor is appointed and qualifies. Each
45
46
    director shall represent a policyholder and may be an employee
    of a policyholder. A policyholder may designate a person to
47
    represent them on the board. The initial board of directors
48
    shall be appointed by the governor and shall consist of seven
49
50
    members, and the commissioner of labor and industry. Each
51
    member of the initial board shall be either an employer or
52
    employee. If the fund is operational and issuing policies upon
    the expiration of the terms of the initial board and thereafter,
54
    the governor shall appoint every other director until the
    governor has made four appointments. The remaining three
55
    directors shall be chosen by the fund's policyholders. In
56
    addition to the commissioner, no more than one member of the
57
58
    board shall be a representative of a governmental entity. At
    least two members of the board shall represent private, for
59
    profit, enterprises. No member of the board may represent or be
60
    an employee of an insurance company.
62
     The membership terms shall be as provided in section
63
    15.0575. The membership compensation shall be set by the board.
64
       The board shall annually elect a chairman chair from among
65
    its members and other officers it deems necessary for the
66
     performance of its duties.
       No change for subd 3 to 6
67
177*#235
       177.23 DEFINITIONS.
68
69
        No change for subd 1 to 2
70
       Subd. 3. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor
71
    and industry or his authorized designee or representative.
72
       No change for subd 4 to 6
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Subd. 7. "Employee" means any individual employed by an
employer but does not include:
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- (1) two or fewer specified individuals employed at any given time in agriculture on a farming unit or operation who are paid a salary;
- (2) any individual employed in agriculture on a farming unit or operation who is paid a salary greater than the 8 individual would be paid if the individual worked 48 hours at 9 the state minimum wage plus 17 hours at 1-1/2 times the state 10 minimum wage per week;
- (3) an individual under 18 who is employed in agriculture 12 on a farm to perform services other than corn detasseling or 13 hand field work when one or both of that minor hand field worker's parents or physical custodians are also hand field workers;
 - (4) for purposes of section 177.24, an individual under 18 who is employed as a corn detasseler;
 - (5) any staff member employed on a seasonal basis by a nonprofit organization for work in an organized children's resident or day camp operating under a permit issued under section 144.72;
 - (6) any individual employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity, or a satesman salesperson who conducts no more than 20 percent of his sales on the premises of the employer;
 - (7) any individual who renders service gratuitously for a nonprofit organization;
- (8) any individual who serves as an elected official for a political subdivision or who serves on any governmental board, 30 commission, committee or other similar body, or who renders service gratuitously for a political subdivision;
 - (9) any individual employed by a political subdivision to provide police or fire protection services or employed by an entity whose principal purpose is to provide police or fire protection services to a political subdivision;
 - (10) any individual employed by a political subdivision who is ineligible for membership in the public employees retirement association under section 353.01, subdivision 2b, clause (a), (b), (d), or (i);
 - (11) any driver employed by an employer engaged in the business of operating taxicabs;
 - (12) any individual engaged in babysitting as a sole practitioner;
 - (13) for the purpose of section 177.25, any individual employed on a seasonal basis in a carnival, circus, or fair;
 - (14) any individual under 18 working less than 20 hours per workweek for a municipality as part of a recreational program;
 - (15) any individual employed by the state as a natural resource manager 1, 2, or 3 (conservation officer);
 - (16) any individual in a position for which the United States Department of Transportation has power to establish qualifications and maximum hours of service under United States Code, title 49, section 304;
 - (17) any individual employed as a seafarer. The term "seafarer" means a master of a vessel or any person subject to the authority, direction, and control of the master who is exempt from federal overtime standards under United States Code, title 29, section 213(b)(6), including but not limited to pilots, sailors, engineers, radio operators, firefighters, watchmen security guards, pursers, surgeons, cooks, and stewards;
 - (18) any individual employed by a county in a single family residence owned by a county home school as authorized under section 260.094 if the residence is an extension facility of that county home school, and if the individual as part of his the employment duties resides at the residence for the purpose of supervising children as defined by section 260.015, subdivision 2; or
 - (19) nuns, monks, priests, lay brothers, lay sisters, ministers, deacons, and other members of religious orders who serve pursuant to their religious obligations in schools, hospitals, and other nonprofit institutions operated by the church or religious order.

73 No change for subd 8 to 11 177*#24S

74 177.24 PAYMENT OF MINIMUM WAGES.

No change for subd 1 to 2 75

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SHARING OF GRATUITIES. For purposes of this
    chapter, any gratuity received by an employee or deposited in or
 3 about a place of business for personal services rendered by an
 4
    employee is the sole property of the employee. No employer may
     require an employee to contribute or share a gratuity received
    by the employee with the employer or other employees or to
 7
     contribute any or all of the gratuity to a fund or pool operated
     for the benefit of the employer or his employees. This section
    does not prevent an employee from voluntarily and individually
 9
10
    sharing his gratuities with other employees. The agreement to
11
    share gratuities must be made by the employees free of any
12
    employer participation. The commissioner may require the
13
    employer to pay restitution in the amount of the gratuities
14
    diverted. If the records maintained by the employer do not
15
    provide sufficient information to determine the exact amount of
    gratuities diverted, the commissioner may make a determination
17
    of gratuities diverted based on available evidence and mediate a
18
    settlement with the employer.
19
       No change for subd 4 to 5
177*#25S
20
       177.25 OVERTIME.
       Subdivision 1. COMPENSATION REQUIRED. No employer
21
22
    may employ an employee for a workweek longer than 48 hours,
23
    unless the employee receives compensation for employment in
24
    excess of 48 hours in a workweek at a rate of at least 1-1/2
25
    times the regular rate at which he the employee is employed.
26
    The state of Minnesota or a political subdivision may grant time
27
    off at the rate of 1-1/2 hours for each hour worked in excess of
28
    48 hours in a week in lieu of monetary compensation. An
29
    employer does not violate the overtime pay provisions of this
30
    section by employing any employees for a workweek in excess of
    48 hours without paying the compensation for overtime employment
31
32
    prescribed (1) if the employee is employed under an agreement
33
    meeting the requirement of section 7(b)(2) of the Fair Labor
34
    Standards Act of 1938, as amended, or (2) if the employee is
35
    employed as a sugarbeet hand laborer on a piece rate basis,
36
    provided that the regular rate of pay received per hour of work
    exceeds the applicable wage provided in section 177.24,
37
38
    subdivision 1 by at least 40 cents.
39
      Subd. 2. HEALTH CARE EXCEPTION. An employer who
40
    operates a health care facility does not violate subdivision 1
41
    if the employer and employee agree before performance of the
42
    work to accept a work period of 14 consecutive days in lieu of
43
    the workweek of seven consecutive days for the purpose of
44
    overtime compensation and if for the employment in excess of
    eight hours in any work day and in excess of 80 hours in the
45
46
    14-day period the employee receives compensation at a rate not
47
    less than 1-1/2 times the regular rate at which he the employee
48
    is employed.
                  MOTOR VEHICLE SALESPERSONS SALESPEOPLE;
49
       Subd. 3.
50
    MECHANICS. Subdivision 1 does not apply to any salesman
51
    salesperson, parts man person, or mechanic primarily engaged in
    selling or servicing automobiles, trailers, trucks, or farm
52
53
    implements and paid on a commission or incentive basis, if
54
    employed by a nonmanufacturing establishment primarily engaged
55
    in selling the vehicles to ultimate purchasers.
56
       No change for subd 4
177*#26S
57
       177.26 DIVISION OF LABOR STANDARDS.
58
       No change for subd 1 to 2
       Subd. 3. EMPLOYEES; TRANSFER FROM DIVISION OF WOMEN AND
59
60
    CHILDREN. All persons employed by the department in the
61
    division of women and children are transferred to the division
62
    of labor standards. A transferred person does not lose rights
63
    acquired by reason of his employment at the time of transfer.
177*#27S
64
       177.27 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE COMMISSIONER.
65
       Subdivision 1. EXAMINATION OF RECORDS. The
66
    commissioner may enter during reasonable office hours or upon
67
    request and inspect the place of business or employment of any
    employer of employees working in the state, to examine and
68
    inspect books, registers, payrolls, and other records of any
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    employer that in any way relate to wages, hours, and other
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transcribe any or all of the books, registers, payrolls, and other records as he the commissioner deems necessary or

conditions of employment of any employees. The commissioner may

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     appropriate and may question the employees to ascertain
    compliance with sections 177.21 to 177.35. The commissioner may
     investigate wage claims or complaints by an employee against an
   employer if the failure to pay a wage may violate Minnesota law
 5
    or an order or rule of the department.
       No change for subd 2 to 3
       Subd. 4. COMPLIANCE ORDERS. The commissioner may
   issue an order requiring an employer to comply with sections
 9
     177.21 to 177.35, 181.032, 181.101, 181.13, 181.14, 181.145, and
     181.79, or with any rule promulgated under section 177.28.
10
    department shall serve the order upon the employer or his the
11
12 employer's authorized representative in person or by certified
    mail at the employer's place of business. An employer who
13
    wishes to contest the order must file written notice of his
   objection to the order with the commissioner within ten days
15
16
    after being served with the order. A public hearing must then
17
    be held in accordance with sections 14.57 to 14.70.
       No change for subd 5 to 6
18
177*#285
19
       177.28 POWER TO MAKE RULES.
20
       No change for subd 1
21
       Subd. 2. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. The commissioner shall
    appoint an advisory committee which he the commissioner shall
22
   consult about administrative rules. The committee must be
23
24 composed of an equal number of not more than three
25
    representatives each of employers and employees and of not more
26
    than three disinterested persons representing the public.
       Subd. 3. RULES REQUIRED. The commissioner shall
27
28 adopt rules under sections 177.21 to 177.35 defining and
29
    governing:
       (1) salesmen salespeople who conduct no more than 20
30
31
    percent of their sales on the premises of the employer;
       (2) allowances as part of the wage rates for board,
32
33
    lodging, and other facilities or services furnished by the
34
    employer and used by the employees;
35
       (3) bonuses;
36
       (4) part-time rates;
37
     (5) special pay for special or extra work;
38
       (6) procedures in contested cases;
39
       (7) other facilities or services furnished by employers and
40 used by employees; and
41
      (8) other special items usual in a particular
42
    employer-employee relationship.
43
      Subd. 4. An employee who receives $35 or more per month in
   gratuities is a tipped employee. An employer is entitled to a
44
45
    credit in an amount up to 20 percent of the minimum wage which a
46 tipped employee receives; except that effective January 1, 1985,
the credit is reduced to 15 percent; effective January 1, 1986,
the credit is reduced to ten percent; effective January 1, 1987,
    the credit is reduced to five percent; and effective January 1,
49
50 1988, the credit is eliminated. The credit against the wages
    due may not be taken unless at the time the credit is taken the
51
52
   employer has received a signed statement for that pay period
53
    from the tipped employee stating the amount of gratuities
54 received during that pay period that he the employee did receive
55
    and retain during that pay period all gratuities received by-him
    in an amount equal to or greater than the credit applied against
56
57
    the wages due by his the employer. The statements shall be
    maintained by the employer as a part of his business records.
58
59
    The employer may hold an employee's check until the signed
60
    statement for that period, stating the amount of gratuities, is
61
    received.
62
       Subd. 5.
                 RULES REGARDING HANDICAPPED. In order to
63
    prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, avoid undue
64
     hardship, and safeguard the minimum wage rates under sections
    177.24 and 177.25, the department shall also issue rules
65
66
    providing for the employment of handicapped workers at wages
67 lower than the wage rates applicable under sections 177.24 and
68 177.25, under permits and for periods of time as specified
    therein. The rules must provide for the employment of learners
69
70
    and apprentices at wages lower than the wage rates applicable
71 under sections 177.24 and 177.25, under permits and subject to
   limitations on number, proportion, length of learning period,
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occupations, and other conditions as the department may prescribe. The rules must provide that where a handicapped

person is performing or is being considered for employment where

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he-will-perform work must be performed which is equal to work
     performed by a nonhandicapped person, the handicapped person
     must be paid the same wage as a nonhandicapped person with
     similar experience and skill.
 5
       No change for subd 6
177*#32S
        177.32 PENALTIES.
 6
       No change for subd 1
 8
       Subd. 2. FINE. An employer shall be fined not less
 9
   than $700 nor more than $3,000 if convicted of discharging or
10
    otherwise discriminating against any employee because:
       (1) the employee has complained to his the employer or to
12 the department that he-has-not-been-paid wages have not been
13
    paid in accordance with sections 177.21 to 177.35;
14
       (2) the employee has instituted or will institute a
15
     proceeding under or related to sections 177.21 to 177.35; or
16
       (3) the employee has testified or will testify in any
17
    proceeding.
177*#33S
18
       177.33 EMPLOYEES' REMEDIES.
19
       An employer who pays an employee less than the wages and
20
    overtime compensation to which the employee is entitled under
21
    sections 177.21 to 177.35 is liable to the employee for the full
22 amount of the wages and overtime compensation, less any amount
23 actually paid to the employee by the employer, for an additional
24 equal amount as liquidated damages and for costs and reasonable
25
    attorney's fees allowed by the court. An agreement between the
   employee and the employer to work for less than the applicable
26
27
    wage rate is not a defense to the action. The action may be
28
    maintained in any court of competent jurisdiction by one or more
29
     employees for-himself-or-themselves.
177*#44S
       177.44 HIGHWAY CONTRACTS; HOURS OF LABOR; WAGE RATES;
30
    PENALTY.
31
                        HOURS, WAGES PERMITTED. A laborer or
32
        Subdivision 1.
33 mechanic employed by a contractor, subcontractor, agent, or
34 other person doing or contracting to do all or part of the work
   under a contract based on bids as provided in Minnesota Statutes
35
36 1971, section 161.32, to which the state is a party, for the
37
    construction or maintenance of a highway, may not be permitted
38 or required to work longer than the prevailing hours of labor
39 unless the laborer or mechanic is paid for all hours in excess
40
    of the prevailing hours at a rate of at least 1-1/2 times his
41
     the hourly basic rate of pay of the laborer or mechanic. He The
     laborer or mechanic must be paid at least the prevailing wage
42
43
    rate in the same or most similar trade or occupation in the area.
       No change for subd 2 to 5
Subd. 6. PENALTIES. A contractor, subcontractor, or
44
45
    agent who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and
46
47
    may be fined not more than $300 or imprisoned not more than 90
48
    days or both. Each day that the violation continues is a
49
     separate offense.
       Whoever induces a job applicant or employee on any project
50
51
    subject to this section to give up or forego any part of the
52
    wages to which he-is entitled under the contract governing the
53
     project by threat not to employ, by threat of dismissal from
54
    employment, or by any other means may be fined not exceeding
55
    $1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year or both.
56
       Any employee under this section who knowingly permits the
57
    contractor or subcontractor to pay him less than the prevailing
    wage rate set forth in the contract, or who gives up any part of
58
    the compensation to which he-is entitled under the contract, may
59
60
    be fined not exceeding $40 or imprisoned not more than 30 days
61
    or both. Each day any violation of this paragraph continues is
62
    a separate offense.
63
       No change for subd 7
178*#02S
64
       178.02 APPRENTICESHIP ADVISORY COUNCIL.
65
       Subdivision 1. MEMBERS. The commissioner of labor
    and industry, hereinafter called the commissioner, shall appoint
67
    an apprenticeship advisory council, hereinafter referred to as
68
    the council, composed of three representatives each from
69
    employer and employee organizations, and two representatives of
    the general public. The assistant commissioner of education
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responsible for vocational education or his designee shall be an

ex officio member of the council and shall serve in an advisory

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1 capacity only.
       No change for subd 2 to 4
178*#035
       178.03 DIVISION OF VOLUNTARY APPRENTICESHIP.
 4
       No change for subd 1 to 2
 Subd. 3. DUTIES AND FUNCTIONS. The director, under the supervision of the commissioner, and with the advice of the
 7 apprenticeship advisory council, is authorized: to administer
 8
    the provisions of this chapter; to promote apprenticeship and
 9 other forms of on the job training; to establish, in cooperation
     with the apprenticeship advisory council and with the
10
11 apprenticeship committees, conditions and training standards for
12
    the approval of apprenticeship programs and agreements, which .
    conditions and standards shall in no case be lower than those
13
14
    prescribed by this chapter; to promote equal employment
    opportunity in apprenticeship and other on the job training and
15
16 to establish a Minnesota Plan for Equal Employment Opportunity
17
    in Apprenticeship which shall be consistent with standards
18
     established under Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, Part
19 30, as amended; to issue certificates of registration to
20
    sponsors of approved apprenticeship programs; to act as
21
    secretary of the apprenticeship advisory council; to approve, if
22
     in-his of the opinion that approval is for the best interest of
23
    the apprentice, any apprenticeship agreement which meets the
24 standards established hereunder; to terminate any apprenticeship
25
   agreement in accordance with the provisions of such agreement;
26
    to keep a record of apprenticeship agreements and their
27
    disposition; to issue certificates of completion of
    apprenticeship; and to perform such other duties as the
29 commissioner deems necessary to carry out the intent of this
30
    chapter; provided, that the administration and supervision of
    supplementary instruction in related subjects for apprentices;
31
32 coordination of instruction on a concurrent basis with job
33 experiences, and the selection and training of teachers and
34 coordinators for such instruction shall be the function of state
35
    and local boards responsible for vocational education. The
   director shall have the authority to make wage determinations
36
37
   applicable to the graduated schedule of wages and journeyman
38
   wage rate for apprenticeship agreements, giving consideration to
39
    the existing wage rates prevailing throughout the state, except
    that no wage determination by the director shall alter an
40
41 existing wage provision for apprentices or journeymen that is
42 contained in a bargaining agreement in effect between an
43
    employer and an organization of employees, nor shall the
   director make any determination for the beginning rate for an
44
45
   apprentice that is below the wage minimum established by federal
46
   or state law.
       No change for subd 4 to 5
47
178*#041S
       178.041 RULE MAKING POWER.
       Subdivision 1. The commissioner may, upon receipt of the
49
50
    council's proposals, accept, adopt, and issue them by rule with
51
    any modifications or amendments he the commissioner finds
52 appropriate. He The commissioner may refer them back to the
53 council with his recommendations for further study,
54
   consideration and revision. He-may-also-issue Additional
55
    rules may be issued as he the commissioner may deem necessary.
      No change for subd 2
56
178*#05S
57
       178.05 APPRENTICESHIP COMMITTEES AND PROGRAMS.
58
        No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. MEMBERS. (a) The total number of members on
59
60
   a committee may range from four to twelve.
61
     (b) In joint participation there shall be equal
62
     representation of employers and employees.
63
       (c) Members shall be selected by the group or groups they
64 represent subject to approval by the director.
65
       (d) A committee may have as one of its employee
66
    representatives, an active apprentice of record, provided that
67
     he-or-she the apprentice has completed a minimum of 6,000 hours
68
   of an apprenticeship term or has entered the fourth year of the
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        No change for subd 3
178*#06S
71
       178.06 APPRENTICE.
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The term "apprentice," as used herein, means a person at

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least 16 years of age who has entered into a written agreement, hereinafter called an apprentice agreement, with a committee, an employer, an association of employers, or an organization of employees, which apprentice agreement provides for not less than 2,000 hours or one year of reasonably continuous employment for such person and for his participation in an approved program of training through employment and through concurrent, supplementary education in related subjects. Whenever a minimum age exceeding 16 years is prescribed by federal or state law to 10 apply to workers in certain hazardous occupations, the minimum 11 age so prescribed shall be applicable to apprentices. 178*#07S

178.07 APPRENTICE AGREEMENTS.

Every apprentice agreement entered into under this chapter shall contain:

- (1) The names of the contracting parties;
- (2) The date of birth, and information as to the race and sex of the apprentice;
- (3) A statement of the trade, craft, or business which the apprentice is to be taught, and the time at which the apprenticeship will begin and end;
- (4) A statement showing the number of hours to be spent by the apprentice in work and the number of hours to be spent in concurrent, supplementary instruction in related subjects, which instruction shall be not less than 144 hours during each year of the apprenticeship term. The maximum number of hours of work per week not including time spent in related and supplemental instruction for any apprentice shall not exceed either the number prescribed by law or the customary regular number of hours per week for the employees of the company by which the apprentice is employed. An apprentice may be allowed to work overtime provided that the overtime work does not conflict with his-or-her supplementary instruction course attendance. All time in excess of the number of hours of work per week as specified in the apprenticeship agreement shall be considered overtime. For overtime, the apprentice's rate of pay shall be increased by the same percentage as the journeyman's rate of pay for overtime is increased in the same industry or establishment;
- (5) A statement setting forth a schedule of the processes in the trade or industry divisions in which the apprentice is to be taught and the approximate time to be spent at each process;
- (6) A statement of the graduated scale of wages to be paid the apprentice and whether the required school time shall be compensated;
- (7) A statement providing for a period of probation of not more than 500 hours of employment and instruction extending over not more than four months, during which time the apprentice agreement shall be terminated by the director upon written request of either party, and providing that after such probationary period the apprentice agreement may be terminated by the director by mutual agreement of all parties thereto, or terminated by the director for good and sufficient reason;
- (8) A provision that controversies or differences concerning the terms of the apprentice agreement which cannot be resolved by the parties thereto, or which are not covered by a collective bargaining agreement, may be submitted to the director for determination as provided for in section 178.09;
- (9) A provision that an employer who is unable to fulfill his an obligation under the apprentice agreement may, with the approval of the director, transfer such contract to any other employer, provided that the apprentice consents and that such other employer agrees to assume the obligations of the apprentice agreement; and
- (10) Such additional terms and conditions as may be prescribed or approved by the director not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter. 178*#08S

178.08 DIRECTOR TO APPROVE APPRENTICE AGREEMENTS. 66

Every apprentice agreement is subject to approval by the director and shall be signed by the committee, the employer, an association of employers, or an organization of employees, and by the apprentice, and if the apprentice is a minor, by a parent or legal guardian. When a minor enters into an apprentice agreement under this chapter for a period of training extending into his majority the apprentice agreement shall likewise be binding for such a period as may be covered during the

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                                  GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4
                                                                                                                PAGE
                                                                                                                            134
  1 apprentice's majority.
178*#095
            178.09 INVESTIGATIONS BY DIRECTOR.
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             Subdivision 1. COMPLAINT. Upon the complaint of any
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         interested person or upon his the director's own initiative the
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       director may investigate to determine if there has been a
       violation of the terms of an apprentice agreement made under
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    this chapter. He The director may conduct such proceedings as
  7
 8 are necessary for that investigation and determination. All such proceedings shall be on a fair and impartial basis and
10 shall be conducted according to rules promulgated under section
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        178.041.
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           Subd. 2.
                              DETERMINATION; APPEAL. The determination of
13 the director shall be filed with the commissioner and written
14 notice shall be served on all parties affected by it. Any
15 person aggrieved by any determination or action of the director
       may appeal to the commissioner. If no appeal is filed with the commissioner within ten days of the date of service, the
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18 director's determination shall become the order of the
19 commissioner. If an appeal is filed, the commissioner shall
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      appoint and convene a hearing board to be composed of three
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        members of the council, one member being a representative of an
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       employer organization, one representative being a member of an
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      employee organization, and one member representing the general
public. The board shall hold a hearing on the appeal after due
notice to the interested parties and shall submit to the
       notice to the interested parties and shall submit to the commissioner findings of fact and a recommended decision
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        accompanied by a memorandum of the reasons for it. Within 30
28 days after submission, the commissioner may adopt as-his-own the
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       recommended decision of the board, or disregard the recommended
30 decision of the board and prepare his-own a decision based on
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       the findings of fact and accompanied by his a memorandum of
32 reasons for that decision. Written notice of the commissioner's
        determination and order shall be served on all parties affected
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      by it. Any person aggrieved or affected by any determination or
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35 order of the commissioner may appeal from it to the district
36 court having jurisdiction at any time within 30 days after the
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        date of the order by service of a written notice of appeal on
38 the commissioner. Upon service of the notice of appeal, the
39 commissioner shall file with the clerk of the district court to
from, together with findings of fact on which it is based. The person serving a notice of appeal of the person serving a notice of the person serving a no
40 which the appeal is taken a certified copy of the order appealed
        person serving a notice of appeal shall, within five days after
43 its service, file it, with proof of service, with the clerk of
44 the court to which the appeal is taken. The district court
shall then have jurisdiction over the appeal and it shall be
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       entered in the records of the district court and tried de novo
47 according to the applicable rules. Any person aggrieved or
48 affected by any determination, order, or decision of the
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       district court may appeal as in other civil cases.
179*#01S
             179.01 DEFINITIONS; MINNESOTA LABOR RELATIONS ACT.
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No change for subd 1 to 3

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Subd. 4. EMPLOYEE. "Employee" includes, in addition to the accepted definition of the word, any employee whose work has ceased because of any unfair labor practice, as defined in 55 section 179.12, on the part of the employer or because of any 56 current labor dispute and who has not obtained other regular and 57 substantially equivalent employment, but does not include any individual individuals employed in agricultural labor or by his 59 a parent or spouse or in domestic service of any person at his the person's own home.

No change for subd 5 to 11

Subd. 12. COMPETENT EVIDENCE. "Competent evidence" means evidence admissible in a court of equity and such other evidence other than hearsay as is relevant and material to the issue and is of such character that it would be accepted by reasonable men persons as worthy of belief.

No change for subd 13 to 15

Subd. 16. PROFESSIONAL STRIKEBREAKER. "Professional strikebreaker" means any person who:

(a) Offers-himself Makes an offer to an employer at whose place of business a labor dispute is presently in progress for the-purpose-of-employment-to-replace to work as a replacement for an employee or employees involved in such labor dispute; and

(b) During a period of five years immediately preceding

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such offer, has, on more than one occasion, offered-himself made
     an offer to employers for to work as a temporary employment-for
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    the-purpose-of-replacing employee to personally replace
     employees involved in labor disputes. For the purposes of this
     subdivision, "employment work" shall mean the rendering of
    services for wages or other consideration. For the purposes of
    this subdivision, "offer" shall include arrangements made for or
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    on behalf of employers by any person.
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179*#03S
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       179.03 POLITICAL ACTIVITIES FORBIDDEN.
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        Any mediator, under the provisions of sections 179.01 to
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     179.17, who exerts his personal influence, directly or
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     indirectly, to induce any other person to adopt his the
     mediator's political views, or to favor any particular candidate
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    for office, or to contribute funds for political purposes shall
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     forthwith be removed from his office or position by
     the appointing authority appointing-him; provided, that before
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    removal the director of mediation services shall be entitled to
     a hearing before the governor, and any other employee shall be
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     entitled to a similar hearing before the director of mediation
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     services.
179*#04S
        179.04 EXPENSES; FEES.
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        Subdivision 1. The director of mediation services and his
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     employees, or any special mediator, shall be paid their actual
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    and necessary traveling and other expenses incurred in the
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     performance of their duties. Vouchers for such expenses shall
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     be itemized and sworn to by the person incurring the expense.
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       No change for subd 2
179*#06S
       179.06 COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.
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        Subdivision 1. NOTICES. When any employee,
     employees, or representative of employees, or labor organization
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     shall desire to negotiate a collective bargaining agreement, or
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     make any change in any existing agreement, or shall desire any
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     changes in the rates of pay, rules or working conditions in any
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     place of employment, it shall give written notice to the
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     employer of its demand, which notice shall follow the employer
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     if the place of employment is changed, and it shall thereupon be
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     the duty of the employer and the representative of employee or
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     labor organization to endeavor in good faith to reach an
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     agreement respecting such demand. An employer shall give a like
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    notice to his employees, representative, or labor organizations
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     of any intended change in any existing agreement. If no
     agreement is reached at the expiration of ten days after service
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     of such notice, any employees, representative, labor
     organization, or employer may at any time thereafter petition
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    the director of mediation services to take jurisdiction of the
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     dispute and it shall be unlawful for any labor organization or
     representative to institute or aid in the conduct of a strike or
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     for an employer to institute a lock-out, unless such petition
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     has been served by the party taking such action upon the
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     director and the other parties to the labor dispute at least ten
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     days before the strike or lock-out becomes effective. Unless
     the strike or lock-out is commenced within 90 days from the date
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     of service of the petition upon the director, it shall be
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    unlawful for any of the parties to institute or aid in the
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     conduct of a strike or lock-out without serving a new petition
    in the manner prescribed for the service of the original
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    petition, provided that the 90-day period may be extended by
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     written agreement of the parties filed with the director.
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       A petition by the employer shall be signed by him the
     employer or his a duly authorized officer or agent; and a
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    petition by the employees shall be signed by their
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     representative or its officers, or by the committee selected to
    negotiate with the employer. In either case the petition shall be served by delivering it to the director in person or by
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     sending it by certified mail addressed to him the director at
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     his the director's office. The petition shall state briefly the
    nature of the dispute and the demands of the party who serves
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    it. Upon receipt of a petition, the director shall fix a time
    and place for a conference with the parties to the labor dispute
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about a settlement of the dispute, including assisting in negotiating and drafting a settlement agreement. It shall be

whatever steps he the director deems most expedient to bring

upon the issues involved in the dispute, and he shall then take

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1 the duty of all parties to a labor dispute to respond to the summons of the director for joint or several conferences with him the director and to continue in such conference until 4 excused by the director, not beyond the ten-day period 5 heretofore prescribed except by mutual consent of the parties. Subd. 2. DIRECTOR, POWERS AND DUTIES. The director 6 7 may at the request of either party to a labor dispute render 8 assistance in settling the dispute without the necessity of filing the formal petition referred to in subdivision 1. If the 10 director takes jurisdiction of the dispute as a result of such a request, he the director shall then proceed as provided in 11 12 subdivision 1. 179*#07S

179.07 LABOR DISPUTE AFFECTING PUBLIC INTERESTS; PROCEDURE.

If the dispute is in any industry, business, or institution affected with a public interest, which includes, but is not 16 restricted to, any industry, business, or institution engaged in supplying the necessities of life, safety, or health, so that a temporary suspension of its operation would endanger the life, safety, health, or well-being of a substantial number of people of any community, the provisions of section 179.06 shall apply and the director of mediation services shall also notify the governor who may appoint a commission of three to conduct a hearing and make a report on the issues involved and the merits 25 of the respective contentions of the parties to the dispute. If the governor decides to appoint a commission, he $\underline{\text{the governor}}$ shall so advise the director who shall immediately notify the parties to the labor dispute and also inform them of the date of the notification to the governor. The members of such commission shall on account of vocations, employment, or affiliations be representatives of employees, employers, and the public, respectively. Such report shall be filed with the 33 governor not less than five days before the end of the 30-day 34 period hereinafter provided and may be published as he the governor may determine in one or more legal newspapers in the counties where the dispute exists. If and when the governor shall notify the director of his the decision to appoint a 38 commission, neither party to the dispute shall make any change in the situation affecting the dispute and no strike or lockout shall be instituted until 30 days shall have elapsed after the notification to the governor. In case the governor shall fail to appoint a commission within five days after the notification to-him, this limitation on the parties shall be suspended and inoperative. If the governor shall thereafter appoint a commission, no strike or lockout having been instituted in the meantime, the limitation shall again become operative, but in no case for more than the 30-day period. The 30-day period may be extended by stipulation upon the record of the hearing before the commission or by written stipulation 50 signed by the parties to the labor dispute and filed with the 51 director. If so extended, the report of the commission shall be filed with the governor not less than five days before the end of the extended period. 179*#08S

179.08 POWERS OF COMMISSION APPOINTED BY GOVERNOR.

(1) The commission appointed by the governor pursuant to the provisions of sections 179.01 to 179.17 shall have the power to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence which relates to any matter involved in any such hearing, and may by its chairman chair administer oaths and affirmations, and may examine witnesses. Such attendance of witnesses and the production of 62 such evidence may be required from any place in the state at any designated place of hearing, but hearings shall be held in a county where the labor dispute has arisen or exists;

(2) In case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena issued under clause (1), the district court of the state for the county where the proceeding is pending or in which the person guilty of such contumacy or refusal to obey is found, or resides, or transacts business, or application by the commission 70 shall have jurisdiction to issue to such person an order 71 requiring such person to appear before the commission, there to produce evidence as so ordered, or there to give testimony touching the matter under investigation or in question, and any

failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by the

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court as a contempt thereof;

(3) Any party to or party affected by the dispute may appear before the commission in person or by attorney or by their representative, and shall have the right to offer competent evidence and to be heard on the issues before the report is made.

Any commissioners so appointed shall be paid a per diem of 8 \$75 and their necessary expenses while serving. 179*#083S

179.083 JURISDICTIONAL CONTROVERSIES.

Whenever two or more labor organizations adversely claim 11 for themselves or their members jurisdiction over certain 12 classifications of work to be done for any employer or in any industry, or over the persons engaged in or performing such work 13 and such jurisdictional interference or dispute is made the 15 ground for picketing an employer or declaring a strike or boycott against him the employer, the director of mediation services shall certify that fact to the governor. Upon receipt 16 17 18 of such certification the governor,-in-his-discretion, may 19 appoint a labor referee to hear and determine the jurisdictional 20 controversy. If the labor organizations involved in the 21 controversy have an agreement between themselves defining their 22 respective jurisdictions, or if they are affiliated with the 23 same labor federation or organization which has by the charters 24 granted to the contending organizations limited their 25 jurisdiction, the labor referee shall determine the controversy 26 in accordance with the proper construction of the agreement or 27 of the provisions of the charters of the contending organizations. If there is no agreement or charter which 28 29 governs the controversy, the labor referee shall make such 30 decision as, in consideration of past history of the 31 organization, harmonious operation of the industry, and most 32 effective representation for collective bargaining, will best 33 promote industrial peace. If the labor organizations involved in the controversy so desire, they may submit the controversy to 34 a tribunal of the federation or labor organization which has 35 36 granted their charters or to arbitration before a tribunal 37 selected by themselves, provided the controversy is so submitted prior to the appointment by the governor of a labor referee to 38 act in the controversy. After the appointment of the labor 40 referee by the governor, or the submission of the controversy to 41 another tribunal as herein provided, it shall be unlawful for any person or labor organization to call or conduct a strike or 42 boycott against the employer or industry or to picket any place 43 44 of business of the employer or in the industry on account of 45 such jurisdictional controversy. 179*#09S

179.09 ARBITRATION.

When a labor dispute arises which is not settled by mediation such dispute may, by written agreement of the parties, be submitted to arbitration on such terms as the parties may specify, including among other methods the arbitration procedure under the terms of sections 572.08 to 572.26 and arbitration under the voluntary industrial arbitration tribunal of the American arbitration association. If such agreement so provides, the director of mediation services may act as a member of any arbitration tribunal created by any such agreement and, if the agreement so provides, the director may appoint one or more of such arbitrators. Either or both of the parties to any such agreement or any arbitration tribunal created under any such agreement may apply to the director to have the tribunal designated as a temporary arbitration tribunal and, if so designated, the temporary arbitration tribunal shall have power to administer oaths to witnesses and to issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence, which subpoenas shall be enforced in the same manner as subpoenas issued by the commission under section 179.08. Any such temporary arbitration tribunal shall file with the director a copy of its report, duly certified by its chairman chair. 179*#11S

179.11 UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICES BY EMPLOYEES.

It shall be an unfair labor practice:

70 (1) For any employee or labor organization to institute a 71 strike if such strike is a violation of any valid collective 72 agreement between any employer and $h \div s + its$ employees or labor 73 organization and the employer is, at the time, in good faith

complying with the provisions of the agreement, or to violate the terms and conditions of such bargaining agreement;

- (2) For any employee or labor organization to institute a strike if the calling of such strike is in violation of sections 179.06 or 179.07;
- (3) For any person to seize or occupy property unlawfully during the existence of a labor dispute;
- (4) For any person to picket or cause to be picketed a place of employment of which place the person is not an employee while a strike is in progress affecting the place of employment, unless the majority of persons engaged in picketing the place of employment at these times are employees of the place of employment;
- (5) For more than one person to picket or cause to be picketed a single entrance to any place of employment where no strike is in progress at the time;
- (6) For any person to interfere in any manner with the operation of a vehicle or the operator thereof when neither the owner nor operator of the vehicle is at the time a party to a strike;
- (7) For any employee, labor organization, or officer, agent, or member thereof, to compel or attempt to compel any person to join or to refrain from joining any labor organization or any strike against his the person's will by any threatened or actual unlawful interference with his the person, or immediate family member, or physical property, or to assault or unlawfully threaten any such person while in pursuit of lawful employment;
- (8) Unless the strike has been approved by a majority vote of the voting employees in a collective bargaining unit of the employees of an employer or association of employers against whom such strike is primarily directed, for any person or labor organization to cooperate in engaging in, promoting or inducing a strike. Such vote shall be taken by secret ballot at an election called by the collective bargaining agent for the unit, and reasonable notice shall be given to all employees in the collective bargaining unit of the time and place of election.
- (9) For any person or labor organization to hinder or prevent by intimidation, force, coercion or sabotage, or by threats thereof, the production, transportation, processing or marketing by a producer, processor or marketing organization, of agricultural products, or to combine or conspire to cause or threaten to cause injury to any processor, producer or marketing organization, whether by withholding labor or other beneficial intercourse, refusing to handle, use or work on particular agricultural products, or by other unlawful means, in order to bring such processor or marketing organization against his-or its will into a concerted plan to coerce or inflict damage upon any producer; provided that nothing in this subsection shall prevent a strike which is called by the employees of such producer, processor or marketing organization for the bona fide purpose of improving their own working conditions or promoting or protecting their own rights of organization, selection of bargaining representative or collective bargaining.
- 54 (10) The violation of clauses (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), 55 (8) and (9) are hereby declared to be unlawful acts. 179*#12S

56 179.12 EMPLOYERS' UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICES.

- It shall be an unfair labor practice for an employer:
- (1) To institute any lock-out of his its employees in violation of any valid collective bargaining agreement between the employer and his its employees or labor organization if the employees at the time are in good faith complying with the provisions of the agreement, or to violate the terms and conditions of such bargaining agreement;
- (2) To institute any lock-out of his its employees in violation of section 179.06 or 179.07;
- (3) To encourage or discourage membership in any labor organization by discrimination in regard to hire or tenure of employment or any terms or conditions of employment; provided, that this clause shall not apply to the provisions of collective bargaining agreements entered into voluntarily by an employer and his its employees or a labor organization representing the employees as a bargaining agent, as provided by section 179.16;
- (4) To discharge or otherwise to discriminate against an employee because he the employee has signed or filed any affidavit, petition, or complaint or given any information or

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testimony under this chapter;
      (5) To spy directly or through agents or any other persons
   upon any activities of employees or their representatives in the
   exercise of their legal rights;
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      (6) To distribute or circulate any blacklist of individuals
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   exercising any legal right or of members of a labor organization
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for the purpose of preventing individuals so blacklisted from

- obtaining or retaining employment; (7) To engage or contract for the services of a person who is an employee of another if such employee is paid a wage which is less than is agreed to be paid by the engaging or contracting employer under an existing union contract for work of the same grade or classification;
- 14 (8) Wilfully and knowingly to utilize any professional 15 strikebreaker to replace an employee or employees involved in a 16 strike or lockout at a place of business located within this 17 state:
- 18 (9) The violation of clauses (2), (4), (5), (6), (7), and 19 (8) are hereby declared to be unlawful acts. 179*#15S
- 20 179.15 VIOLATORS NOT ENTITLED TO BENEFITS OF CERTAIN 21 SECTIONS.

Any employer, employee, or labor organization who has violated any of the provisions of sections 179.01 to 179.17 with respect to any labor dispute shall not be entitled to any of the benefits of sections 179.01 to 179.17 respecting such labor disputes and such employer, employee, or labor organization shall not be entitled to maintain in any court of this state an action for injunctive relief with respect to any matters growing out of that labor dispute, until he-shatt-have-in good faith made use is made of all means available under the laws of the state of Minnesota for the peaceable settlement of the dispute. 179*#16S

179.16 REPRESENTATIVES FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. CERTIFICATION OF GROUP REPRESENTATIVE BY DIRECTOR. When a question concerning the representative of employees is raised by an employee, group of employees, labor organization, or employer the director of mediation services or any person designated by him the director shall, at the request of any of the parties, investigate such controversy and certify to the parties in writing, the name or names of the representatives that have been designated or selected. The director shall decide in each case whether, in order to insure to employees the full benefit of their right to self-organization and to collective bargaining and otherwise to effectuate the purpose of this chapter, the unit appropriate for the purpose of collective bargaining shall be the employer unit, craft unit, plant unit; provided, that any larger unit may be decided upon with the consent of all employers involved, and provided that when a craft exists, composed of one or more employees then such craft shall constitute a unit appropriate for the purpose of collective bargaining for such employee or employees belonging to such craft and a majority of such employees of such craft may designate a representative for such unit. Two or more units may, by voluntary consent, bargain through the same agent or agents with an employer or employers, their agent or agents. Supervisory employees shall not be considered in the selection of a bargaining agent. In any such investigation, the director may provide for an appropriate hearing, and may take a secret ballot of employees or utilize any other suitable method to ascertain such representatives, but the director shall not certify any labor organization which is dominated, controlled, or maintained by an employer. director has certified the representatives as herein provided, he the director shall not be required to again consider the matter for a period of one year unless it appears to him the director that sufficient reason exists.

Subd. 3. WITNESSES; POWERS OF DIRECTOR. In the investigation of any controversy concerning the representative of employees for collective bargaining, the director of mediation services shall have power to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence which relates directly to any matter involved in any such hearing, and the director or his representative may administer oaths and affirmations, and may examine witnesses.

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01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 PAGE 140 Such attendance of witnesses and the production of such evidence 2 may be required from any place in the state at any designated 3 place of hearing, but hearings shall be held in a county where 4 the question has arisen or exists. No change for subd 4 179*#185 179.18 DEFINITIONS; MINNESOTA LABOR UNION DEMOCRACY ACT. No change for subd 1 to 3 Subd. 4. EMPLOYEE. "Employee" includes, in addition to the accepted definition of the word, any employee whose work 9 has ceased because of any unfair labor practice as defined in 10 11 section 179.12 on the part of the employer or because of any 12 current labor dispute and who has not obtained other regular and 13 substantially equivalent employment, but does not include any 14 individual individuals employed in agricultural labor or by his 15 a parent or spouse or in domestic service of any person at his the person's own home. 16 No change for subd 5 17 18 Subd. 6. COMPETENT EVIDENCE. "Competent evidence" 19 means evidence admissible in a court of equity and such other 20 evidence other than hearsay as is relevant and material to the 21 issue and is of such character that it would be accepted by 22 reasonable men persons as worthy of belief. 179*#195 23 179.19 ELECTION OF OFFICERS OF LABOR ORGANIZATION. The officers of every labor organization shall be elected 25 for such terms, not exceeding four years, as the constitution or 26 bylaws may provide. The election shall be by secret ballot. The constitution or bylaws may provide for multiple choice 27 28 voting, nomination by primaries or run-off elections, or other 29 method of election by which selection by a majority may be 30 obtained. In the absence of such provision, the candidate for 31 any office receiving the largest number of votes cast for that 32 office shall be declared elected. It is the duty of every labor 33 organization and the officers thereof to hold an election for the purpose of electing the successor of every such officer 34 prior to the expiration of his a term. Any employee who is 35 36 elected to a full time position in a labor organization shall be 37 given a leave of absence for the duration of time he-holds holding such office, without losing his seniority or his 38 39 entitlement to any rights acquired as a result of his employment. 179*#22S 179.22 LABOR REFEREE.
There is hereby created an office, to be known as labor 40 41 referee. The governor may from time to time appoint labor 42 43 referees for particular disputes as hereinafter provided. 44 appointment shall be for the duration only of the particular 45 dispute. Such labor referees shall be paid a per diem of \$75 per day while so engaged, and their necessary expenses. When approved by him the director, the director of mediation services shall cause to be paid, from the appropriation to him the 49 <u>director</u>, the amount due to the labor referees for services and 50 expenses. 179*#23S 179.23 DIRECTOR TO CERTIFY VIOLATIONS TO GOVERNOR. 51 52 Subdivision 1. CERTIFICATION TO GOVERNOR. Whenever 53 it reasonably appears to the director of mediation services that 54 any labor organization has failed substantially to comply with 55 any of the requirements of sections 179.18 to 179.25, he the 56 <u>director</u> shall certify that fact to the governor and transmit to 57 the governor all the information he the director has received 58 with reference thereto. 59 Subd. 2. GOVERNOR MAY APPOINT A LABOR REFEREE. Upon 60 receipt of such certification by the director of mediation 61 services, the governor, within five days from the date of such certification, shall appoint, if he the governor deems it advisable, a labor referee to act in the dispute. If the 63 governor does not appoint a labor referee within five days, he 65 the governor shall so notify the director and return the files to him the director, which shall close the dispute. 66 67 Subd. 3. QUALIFICATION OF LABOR REFEREE. Upon 68 receipt of notice of appointment as labor referee, such officer 69 shall qualify by taking his an oath of office and filing the

same in the office of the secretary of state. He The officer

of the date of filing such oath.

shall also notify the director of mediation services in writing

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Subd. 4. NOTICE OF TIME AND PLACE OF HEARING.
    Within ten days from the date of his appointment, the labor
 3 referee shall fix the time and place of hearing upon the
 4 complaint and send notice thereof by certified mail to the labor
     organization and to the officers thereof who are charged in the
     complaint with dereliction of duties, the complainant and to
     such other persons as may be named as parties to the dispute.
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        Subd. 5. APPEARANCE; EVIDENCE. Any party to or
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     party affected by the dispute may appear at the hearing before
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     the labor referee in person or by attorney or by other
     representative, and shall have the right to offer competent
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     evidence and to be heard on the issues before any order herein
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     provided is made. When all evidence has been adduced and the
14
     arguments heard, the labor referee shall prepare and file with
15
     the director of mediation services within 30 days from the close
16
     of testimony, his findings of fact and his an order sustaining
17
     or dismissing the charges. If the charges are sustained, such
     labor organization is thereby disqualified from acting as the
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     representative of employees until such disqualification has been
20
    removed as provided herein.
     Subd. 6. REMOVAL OF DISQUALIFICATION BY LABOR ORGANIZATION. Any labor organization which has been
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    disqualified from acting as a representative of employees
24
     pursuant to subdivision 5 for failure to perform any duty
25
     imposed upon it by sections 179.18 to 179.25 may remove such
     disqualification by applying to the director of mediation
26
     services and submitting proof of performance of the duty for the
27
28
     non-performance of which the disqualification was imposed. Upon
     receipt of such application, the director shall notify all parties who participated in the hearing before the referee as
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30
     adversary parties by mail of the filing of such application. If
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     within 20 days after the mailing of such notice, written
    objection to the removal of such disqualification is filed with
33
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     the director, he the director shall certify the dispute to the
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    governor, and further proceedings shall thereupon be had in like
36
     manner hereinbefore provided for the determination of disputes.
37
    Thereupon the labor referee appointed for such proceedings shall
38
     make and file his an order either confirming the prior order for
39
     disqualification or removing the disqualification, as the case
40
     may require. If no objection is so filed, the director shall
41
     make an order removing such disqualification.
       No change for subd 7
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179*#254S
43
        179.254 CONSTRUCTION WORKERS INSURANCE BENEFIT FUNDS;
44
     DEFINITIONS.
45
       No change for subd 1 to 2
        Subd. 3. "Construction worker" means any laborer or
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47
    tradesman member of a trade who is employed in the building or
48
     construction industry and who is engaged in, but not limited to,
49
     any of the following occupations: carpenters, electricians,
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     plumbers, bricklayers, masons, steamfitters, pipefitters, iron
     workers, sheet metal workers, cement finishers, laborers,
52
     operating engineers, lathers, plasterers, painters, pipe
53
     coverers, and glasiers.
54
       No change for subd
179*#255S
        179.255 PAYMENTS INTO HOME BENEFIT FUND.
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56
        Whenever a construction worker who is a member of a benefit
    fund works temporarily in a location such that contributions are
57
58
     made by or for him the worker into another benefit fund, the
59
     trustees of the fund, or their agent, shall pay all such moneys
60
     to the trustees of the fund to which the construction worker is
61
     a member, except that such payment shall not exceed the rate of
62
    contribution to the fund in which the construction worker is a
63
     member. Payments may be made by check and shall be made
64
     promptly and regularly, at least once every 30 days. Each such
65
     payment from the trustees of one fund to the trustees of another
66
     shall be accompanied by a written statement including the name,
67
     address, and social security number of each construction worker
68
     for whom payment is made, the amount being paid for each worker,
69
     and the number of hours of work for which payment is being made.
179*#256S
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70 179.256 NOTIFICATION.
71 Whenever a construction

71 Whenever a construction worker may qualify for the 72 reimbursement of benefit payments to his a home benefit fund as 73 described in section 179.255, the trustees of the benefit fund

PAGE

1 of which he the worker is a member, or their agent, shall so notify the trustees of the benefit fund to which payments will 3 be made during the temporary period of work. Such notification shall be made promptly in writing and shall include the name, 5 address, and social security number of the construction worker and the starting date of his the temporary period of work. 179*#285

179.28 RECOVERY FOR TORT.

Any employer injured through commission of any unlawful act as provided in section 179.27 shall have a cause of action 10 against any employees, representative of employees, or labor organization committing such unlawful act, and shall recover in 12 a civil action all damages sustained by him the employer from such injury.

179*#38S

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179.38 ARBITRATION MANDATORY.

In the event of the existence of any labor dispute which cannot be settled by negotiation between the charitable hospital employers and their employees, either such employers or 18 employees may petition and avail themselves of the provisions of sections 179.01 to 179.17, insofar as sections are not inconsistent with the provisions of sections 179.35 to 179.39. If such dispute is not settled within ten days after submission to mediation, any unsettled issue of maximum hours of work, minimum hourly wage rates, and other conditions of employment concerning union security shall, upon service of written notice 25 by either party upon the other party and the director of mediation services, be submitted to the determination of a board of arbitrators whose determination shall be final and binding upon the parties. The board of arbitrators shall be selected and proceed in the following manner, unless otherwise agreed 30 between the parties: the employers shall appoint one arbitrator, the employees shall appoint one arbitrator, and the two arbitrators so chosen shall appoint a third arbitrator who shall act as chairman chair and who shall receive reasonable compensation for his the work; but if said arbitrators are unable to agree upon the appointment of such third arbitrator within five days after submission to arbitration, the governor shall submit five names to the parties and the parties shall select the third arbitrator, who shall act as chairman chair, from the five submitted by the governor. The selection of the third arbitrator shall be by the process of elimination, with the parties taking turns at striking names from the list of five 42 submitted by the governor, until only one name remains. If the parties are unable to agree with respect to which party shall take the first turn for the purpose of striking a name, it shall be decided by the flip of a coin. Each party shall be 46 responsible for compensating the arbitrator of their choice, and the parties shall share equally the compensation paid to the third arbitrator. The board of arbitrators shall serve as a 49 temporary arbitration tribunal and shall have the powers 50 provided for commissioners under section 179.08. The board of arbitrators shall make its determination with all due diligence and shall file a copy of its report with the director of mediation services.

179*#41S 54

179.41 SECONDARY BOYCOTT DEFINED. As used in sections 179.40 to 179.47, the term "secondary boycott" means any combination, agreement, or concerted action;

- (a) to refuse to handle goods or to perform services for an employer because of a labor dispute, agreement, or failure of agreement between some other employer and his its employees or a bona fide labor organization, or
- (b) to cease performing or to cause any employees to cease performing any services for an employer, or to cause loss or injury to such employer or to his its employees, for the purpose of inducing or compelling such employer to refrain from doing 65 business with, or handling the products of, any other employer because of a dispute, agreement, or failure of agreement between the latter and his its employees or a labor organization, or
 - (c) to cease performing or to cause any employer to cease performing any services for another employer, or to cause any loss or injury to such other employer, or to his its employees, for the purpose of inducing or compelling such other employer to refrain from doing business with, or handling the products of, any other employer because of an agreement, dispute, or failure

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each year.

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of agreement between the latter and his its employees or a labor
 2 organization.
179*#42S
       179.42 UNLAWFUL ACT AND UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICE.
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       It is an unlawful act and an unfair labor practice for any
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     person or organization to combine with another, to cause loss or
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     injury to an employer, to refuse to handle or work on particular
 7 goods or equipment or perform services for an employer, or to
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    withhold patronage, or to induce, or to attempt to induce,
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    another to withhold patronage or other business intercourse, for
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    the purpose of inducing or coercing such employer to persuade or
11 otherwise encourage or discourage his its employees to join or
     to refrain from joining any labor union or organization or for
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    the purpose of coercing such employer's employees to join or
14
     refrain from joining any labor union or organization.
179*#46S
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        179.46 LIMITATIONS; FEDERAL ACT.
16
       Nothing in sections 179.40 to 179.47 shall be construed as
    requiring any person to work or perform services against his the
17
     person's will for any other person, nor to prohibit a strike,
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    picketing or bannering which is otherwise lawful under the
20
    statutes and laws of this state; nothing in sections 179.40 to
    179.47 shall be construed to apply to the refusal by an employee
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     to enter upon the premises of an employer other than his the
     employee's own employer when the employees of such other
24 employer are engaged in a strike which is not an unfair labor
25
     practice, but does not include any person subject to the Federal
26
    Railway Labor Act as amended from time to time.
179*#60S
       179.60 INTERFERING WITH EMPLOYEE OR MEMBERSHIP IN UNION.
27
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       It shall be unlawful for any person, company, or
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     corporation, or any agent, officer, or employee thereof, to
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    coerce, require, or influence any person to enter into any
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    agreement, written or verbal, not to join, become, or remain a
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    member of any lawful labor organization or association, as a
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     condition of securing or retaining employment with such person,
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    firm, or corporation. It shall be unlawful for any person,
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    company, or corporation, or any officer or employee thereof, to
    coerce, require, or influence any person to contribute or pay to
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    any person, company, or corporation, or any officer or employee
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     thereof, any sum of money or other valuable thing for the sole
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     purpose of securing or retaining employment with such person,
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    firm, or corporation. It shall be unlawful for any two or more
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    corporations or employers to combine, to agree to combine, or
    confer together for the purpose of interfering with any person
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    in procuring, or in preventing him the person from procuring,
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   employment, or to secure the discharge of any employee by
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     threats, promises, circulating blacklists, or any other means
    whatsoever. It shall be unlawful for any company or
46
47
    corporation, or any agent or employee thereof, to blacklist any
48
    discharged employee, or by word or writing seek to prevent,
49
    hinder, or restrain a discharged employee, or one who has
50
    voluntarily left its employ, from obtaining employment
     elsewhere. Every person and corporation violating any of the
51
52
     foregoing provisions shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
179A#03S
       179A.03 DEFINITIONS.
53
       No change for subd 1 to 11
54
       Subd. 12. PRINCIPAL. "Principal" and "assistant
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    principal" means any person so licensed by the state board of
57
     education who devotes more than 50 percent of his-or-her the
58
     time to administrative or supervisory duties.
59
       No change for subd 13 to 19
179A#05S
       179A.05 PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS BOARD; POWERS AND
60
61
    DUTIES.
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       Subdivision 1. MEMBERSHIP. The public employment
63
    relations board is established with five members appointed by
64
     the governor. Two members shall be representative of public
65
    employees; two shall be representative of public employers; and
66
    one shall be representative of the public at large. Public
67
    employers and employee organizations representing public
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     employees may submit for consideration names of persons
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representing their interests. The board shall select one of its

members to serve as chairman chair for a term beginning May 1

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No change for subd 2
Subd. 3. RULES, MEETINGS. The board shall adopt
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         rules governing its procedure and shall hold meetings as
     4 prescribed in those rules. The chairman chair shall preside at
     5 meetings of the board.
          No change for subd 4 to 7
    179A#12S
               179A.12 EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATION; ELECTIONS;
           DECERTIFICATION.
    8
         No change for subd 1 to 11
     9
               Subd. 12. BAR TO RECONSIDERATION. When the director
   10
    11 certifies an exclusive representative, he the director shall not
   exclusive representative is decertified by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by the director
   12 consider the question again for a period of one year, unless the
   13
          jurisdiction, or by the director.
   179A#13S
  15
                179A.13 UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICES.
    16
               No change for subd 1
                Subd. 2. EMPLOYERS. Public employers, their agents
   17
         and representatives are prohibited from:
   18
    19
            (1) interfering, restraining, or coercing employees in the
    20
           exercise of the rights guaranteed in sections 179A.01 to 179A.25;
        (2) dominating or interfering with the formation,
    21
    22 existence, or administration of any employee organization or
    23 contributing other support to it;
   24
           (3) discriminating in regard to hire or tenure to encourage
    25 or discourage membership in an employee organization;
    26
             (4) discharging or otherwise discriminating against an
    28 affidavit, petition, or complaint or given any information or 29° testimony under sections 1704 21° testi
           testimony under sections 179A.01 to 179A.25;
    30 (5) refusing to meet and negotiate in good faith with the
    31 exclusive representative of its employees in an appropriate unit;
    32
             (6) refusing to comply with grievance procedures contained
    33
           in an agreement;
              (7) distributing or circulating any blacklist of
    34
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           individuals exercising any legal right or of members of a labor
    36 organization for the purpose of preventing blacklisted
   37
           individuals from obtaining or retaining employment;
    38
              (8) violating rules established by the director regulating
   39 the conduct of representation elections;
 40
              (9) refusing to comply with a valid decision of a binding
  41 arbitration panel or arbitrator;
   42
               (10) violating or refusing to comply with any lawful order
        or decision issued by the director or the board; or
  43
            (11) refusing to provide, upon the request of the exclusive
  44
   45
           representative, all information pertaining to the public
           employer's budget both present and proposed, revenues and other
   46
   47 financing information. In the executive branch of state
  48 government, this clause shall not be considered contrary to the
 49
           budgetary requirements of sections 16A.10 and 16A.11.
          No change for subd 3
    50
   179A#16S
  51 179A.16 INTEREST ARBITRATION.
  52
            No change for subd 1 to 3 Subd. 4. CONSTRUCTION OF ARBITRATION PANEL. The
   53
   54 board shall provide the parties to the interest arbitration a
   55 list of seven arbitrators. In submitting names of arbitrators
  56 to the parties, the board shall try to include names of persons
  57
           from the geographical area in which the public employer is
  58 located. The parties shall, under the direction of the chairman
  59
         chair of the board, alternately strike names from the list of
 60 arbitrators until only three names remain, or if requested by
  61 either party, until only a single arbitrator remains. If the 62 parties are unable to agree on who shall strike the first name
          parties are unable to agree on who shall strike the first name,
 63 the question shall be decided by the flip of a coin. The 64 arbitrator or arbitrators remaining after the striking procedure
65 constitute the arbitration panel.
             No change for subd 5 to 8
    66
    179A#19S
 67 179A.19 ILLEGAL STATES.
68 No change for subd 1 to 3
 68
   Subd. 4. REAPPOINTMENT. A public employee .....

70 knowingly participates in a strike in violation of this section may
   71 and whose employment has been terminated under this section may
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72 subsequently be appointed or reappointed, employed or

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reemployed, but the employee shall be on probation for two years
      with respect to the civil service status, tenure of employment,
      or contract of employment to which he-or-she the employee was
  3
      previously entitled.
        Subd. 5. COMPENSATION. No employee is entitled to
  6
      any daily pay, wages, reimbursement of expenses, or per diem for
  7
      the days on which he-or-she the employee engaged in a strike.
  8
        Subd. 6. HEARINGS. Any public employee is entitled
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      to request the opportunity to establish that he-or-she the
 10
      employee did not violate this section. The request shall be
 11
      filed in writing with the officer or body having the power to
 12
      remove the employee, within ten days after notice of termination
 13
      is served upon the employee. The employing officer or body
 14
      shall within ten days commence a proceeding at which the
 15
      employee shall be entitled to be heard for the purpose of
 16
      determining whether the provisions of this section have been
 17
     violated by the public employee. If there are contractual
 18
      grievance procedures, laws or rules establishing proceedings to
 19
     remove the public employee, the hearing shall be conducted in
 20
     accordance with whichever procedure the employee elects. The
     election shall be binding and shall terminate any right to the
 21
 22
      alternative procedures. The same proceeding may include more
     than one employee's employment status if the employees' defenses
 23
 24
      are identical, analogous, or reasonably similar. The
 25
      proceedings shall be undertaken without unnecessary delay.
 26
        Any person whose termination is sustained in the
 27
      administrative or grievance proceeding may appeal in accordance
 28
      with chapter 14.
        No change for subd 7
 29
 179A#20S
 30
         179A.20 CONTRACTS.
 31
         No change for subd 1 to 3
 32
         Subd. 4. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE. All contracts shall
     include a grievance procedure which shall provide compulsory
 33
 34
     binding arbitration of grievances including all disciplinary
 35
      actions. If the parties cannot agree on the grievance
 36
      procedure, they shall be subject to the grievance procedure
 37
      promulgated by the director under section 179A.04, subdivision
 38
      3, clause (h).
 39
        Employees covered by civil service systems created under
 40
      chapter 43A, 44, 375, 387, 419, or 420, by a home rule charter
 41
     under chapter 410, or by Laws 1941, chapter 423, may pursue a
 42
      grievance through the procedure established under this section.
 43
      When the grievance is also within the jurisdiction of appeals
 44
      boards or appeals procedures created by chapter 43A, 44, 375,
 45
      387, 419, or 420, by a home rule charter under chapter 410, or
 46
      by Laws 1941, chapter 423, the employee may proceed through the
 47
      grievance procedure or the civil service appeals procedure, but
 48
      once a written grievance or appeal has been properly filed or
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      submitted by the employee or on the employee's behalf with his
 50
      the employee's consent the employee may not proceed in the
 51
      alternative manner.
 52
         This section does not require employers or employee
 53
      organizations to negotiate on matters other than terms and
      conditions of employment.
 54
 55
        No change for subd 5 to 6
 179A#22S
        179A.22 STATE AND ITS EMPLOYEES; NEGOTIATIONS.
 56
         No change for subd 1 to 2
 57
 58
         Subd. 3. DUTIES. In all negotiations between the
 59
      state and exclusive representatives the state shall be
 60
      represented by the commissioner of employee relations or his the
      commissioner's representative. The attorney general, and each
 61
 62
      appointing authority shall cooperate with the commissioner of
 63
      employee relations in conducting negotiations and shall make
 64
      available any personnel and other resources necessary to enable
 65
      the commissioner to conduct effective negotiations.
 66
         No change for subd 4
179A#25S
         179A.25 INDEPENDENT REVIEW.
 67
         It is the public policy of the state of Minnesota that
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 69
      every public employee should be provided with the right of
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      independent review, by a disinterested person or agency, of any
 71
      grievance arising out of the interpretation of or adherence to
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terms and conditions of employment. When such review is not

provided under statutory, charter, or ordinance provisions for a

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civil service or merit system, the governmental agency may 2 provide for such review consistent with the provisions of law or 3 charter. If no other procedure exists for the independent 4 review of such grievances, the employee may present his the 5 grievance to the public employment relations panel under procedures established by the board. 180*#01S 7 180.01 APPOINTMENT. 8 The board of commissioners of any county in this state, where there are at least five mines situate and in operation, is 9 10 hereby authorized and directed, on or before the first day of 11 July, 1905, to appoint an inspector of mines, who shall hold 12 office for the term of three years or until his a successor is appointed and qualified, and in addition thereto may appoint one 13 assistant inspector for every 20 mines as the board may 15 determine for the purpose of discharging the duties hereinafter prescribed; to fix the compensation and traveling expenses of 16 17 such inspector or any assistant inspector and provide for the 18 payment of the same, and to remove such inspector or any assistant inspector and appoint another in his place when in the 19 20 judgment of the board the best interests of the owners and 21 employees of such mines may so require. 180*#02S 180.02 QUALIFICATIONS, SALARY, OATH, BOND. 22 23 Each inspector of mines and assistant shall be at least 25 years of age, a citizen of the state, and a resident of the 24 25 county wherein he-is appointed, of good moral character and 26 temperate habits. Previous to his appointment he the inspector 27 shall have had practical experience as a miner or otherwise 28 engaged as an employee in mines of the state at least six years, 29 or a mining engineer having had previous to his appointment at 30 least two years of practical experience in iron mines and iron 31 mining and having had at least one year of such experience in this state. He $\underline{\text{The inspector}}$ shall not while in office in any 32 33 way be interested as an owner, operator, agent, stockholder, or 34 engineer of any mine. He The inspector shall make-his-residence live or have his an office in the mining district of the county 35 36 for which he-is appointed. The salary of each inspector of 37 mines and assistant shall be such sum as shall be fixed by the 38 county board not exceeding \$7,500 per annum, and he shall be 39 allowed actual traveling expenses not to exceed \$1,200 in any one year. He The inspector shall file with the county auditor 40 41 an itemized account of his expenses every three months, verified 42 by his affidavit, showing that they have been incurred in the 43 discharge of his official duties. Before entering upon the 44 discharge of the duties of his office, he the inspector shall 45 take an oath before some person authorized by law to administer 46 oaths that-he-will to support the Constitution of the United 47 States and the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, and 48 that he the inspector will faithfully, impartially, and to the 49 best of his ability discharge the duties of his office, and file 50 a certificate of his having done so in the office of the county 51 auditor. He The inspector shall give bond, payable to the 52 county board, in the penal sum of \$5,000, with sufficient 53 sureties to be approved by the county board, conditioned that he 54 the inspector will faithfully discharge the duties of his office 55 and this bond shall be filed with the county auditor. 180*#03S 56 180.03 DUTIES. Subdivision 1. The duties of the inspector of mines shall 57 be to visit in person or by one-of-his assistants all the 59 working mines of his the inspector's county at least once every 90 days and oftener if requested so to do as hereinafter 61 provided, and closely inspect the mines so visited and condemn all such places where he-shall-find-that the employees are in 63 danger from any cause, whether resulting from careless mining or 64 defective machinery or appliances of any nature; -he. The 65 inspector shall compel the erection of a partition between all 66 shafts where hoisting of ore is performed, and where there are ladder ways, where men workers must ascend or descend going to 67 68 and from their work. In case the inspector of mines shall find

that a place is dangerous from any cause, as aforesaid, it shall

70 be his the inspector's duty immediately to order the-men those 71 engaged in the work at that place to quit work, and notify the

superintendent, agent, or person in charge to secure the place from the existing danger, which notification or order shall be

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01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 1 in writing, clearly define the limits of the dangerous place, and specify the work to be done or change to be made to render the same secure, ordinary mine risks excepted. It shall be the duty of the inspector of mines to order the person, persons, or corporation working any mine, or the agent, 6 superintendent, foreman <u>lead supervisor</u>, or other person having immediate charge of the working of any mine, to furnish all shafts, open pits, caves, and chutes of such mine where danger 9 exists with some secure safeguard at the top of the shaft, open 10 pit, cave, or chute, so as to guard against accidents by persons 11 falling therein or by material falling down the same, also a 12 covering overhead on all the carriages on which persons ascend 13 or descend up and down the shaft, if in his the inspector's 14 judgment it shall be practicable and necessary for the purpose 15 of safety. 16 No change for subd 2 to 3 17 Subd. 4. Upon written application, the county mine 18 inspector may exempt from the requirements of subdivision 2, any abandoned excavation, open pit, or shaft which is provided with 19 fencing, barriers, appropriate signs, or combinations of them, 20 in a manner that is reasonably similar to the standards set 21 22 forth in subdivision 2, or which in his the inspector's judgment does not constitute a safety hazard. 23 180*#04S 180.04 REQUIRING EMPLOYEES TO WORK AFTER ORDER TO QUIT; 24 LIABILITY OF EMPLOYER. 25

If any person is required to continue work in any place in which the inspector of mines has ordered employees to quit work, as aforesaid, except to do such work as may have been by him the inspector required to be done in order to render such place safe, ordinary risks of mining excepted; the persons or corporations so requiring employees to work in such place shall be liable for all accidents causing injury or death to any employee arising by reason of such place not having been repaired or changed as required by the inspector. 180*#05S

180.05 INSPECTOR, POWERS; OWNER, DUTIES.

36 It shall be lawful for the inspector of mines or assistant 37 inspector to enter, examine, and inspect any and all mines and 38 machinery belonging thereto at all reasonable times by day or by 39 night, but so as not to obstruct or hinder the necessary 40 workings of such mines, and it shall be the duty of the owner, 41 operator, or agent of every such mine, upon the request of the 42 inspector of mines, or assistant inspector to furnish for his inspection, all maps, drawings, and plans of the mine, together 43 44 with the plans of all contemplated changes in the manner of 45 working the mine or any part thereof; to furnish him-with some 46 suitable person, as he the inspector may desire, who shall be 47 chosen from a list containing at least three candidates, 48 submitted by a majority of employees of the mine, to 49 accompany him the inspector through the mine, or any part 50 thereof, and to furnish him suitable ladders and other necessary 51 appliances to make a proper inspection and to furnish upon 52 request the inspector of mines with all necessary facilities for 53 such entry, examination, and inspection, and if the owner, 54 operator, or agent refuse to permit such inspection or to 55 furnish the necessary facilities for such entry, examination, 56 and inspection, and continue so to refuse or permit, after 57 written request thereof made by the inspector of mines, such 58 refusal or neglect shall be deemed a gross misdemeanor, and, 59 upon conviction thereof, such owner, operator, or agent shall be 60 punished by a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$3,000 61 for each offense. 180*#06S

180.06 SALARY AND EXPENSES.

The salary and expenses of the inspector of mines shall be paid out of the treasury of the county for which he-is appointed by vouchers similar to those used by other county officials. The board of county commissioners shall furnish the inspector of mines with necessary books, stationery, and supplies. 180 * # 075

180.07 INSPECTION REQUESTED, EXAMINATION.

69 When 20 or more persons working in any mine or place where 70 mining is done, or the owner, operator, or agent of any mine, or 71 the certified collective bargaining agent for the employees of 72 said mine, shall notify the inspector of mines in writing that

1 his services are needed he the inspector shall immediately make an inspection thereof and examine as to the necessary 3 precautions and general safety of the mines and see that all the provisions of this chapter are observed and strictly carried out. 180*#08S 5 180.08 ACCIDENTS; NOTICE, INVESTIGATION. When by reason of any accident in any mine loss of life or 6 serious personal injury shall occur it shall be the duty of the 7 manager or superintendent of the mine, and in his their absence 8 the person or officer under him them in charge of the mine, to give notice thereof forthwith to the inspector of mines, stating 10

11 the particulars of such accident, and the inspector shall, if he 12 the inspector deems it necessary from the facts reported, go immediately to the scene of such accident and make such suggestions and render such assistance as he the inspector may 14 deem necessary in the premises and personally investigate the 16 cause of such accident and take such steps as he the inspector may deem necessary for the safety of the employees of such mine and to prevent accident of a like or similar nature. The 18 inspector shall be accompanied by three persons appointed by the 20 manager or other person in charge of the mine and by three 21 persons appointed by a majority of the employees of the mine to serve in such cases.

180*#10S

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180.10 REMOVAL OF FENCE; GUARD.

Any workman worker, employee, or other person who shall open, remove, or disturb any fence, guard, barrier, or rail and not close or replace or have the same closed or replaced again around or in front of any shaft, test pit, chute, excavation, cave, or land liable to cave, injure, or destroy, whereby accident, injury, or damage results, either to the mine or those 30 at work therein, or to any other person, shall be guilty of a 31 misdemeanor. A workman worker, employee, or other person who, in regard to any fence, guard, barrier; or rail, does any of the acts prohibited by section 609.52, commits theft of the fence, guard, barrier, or rail may be sentenced as provided in section 609.52.

180*#11S

180.11 ANNUAL REPORT.

It shall be the duty of the inspector of mines to make and file no later than March first each year with the auditor of the county for which he-is appointed, and with the department of labor and industry, a full and complete report of all his acts, proceedings, and doings hereunder for each year ending December 31, stating therein among other things the number of visits and 43 inspections made, the number of mines in operation, the number not in operation, the names of the mines, where located, the 45 owners, lessees, or managers, the names of the officers, the quantity of ore shipped, the number of men workers employed, the average wages for different kinds of work, the number of accidents, fatal or otherwise, the cause of such accidents, and such other information in relation to the subject of mines and mining inspection as he the inspector may deem of proper 51 interest and beneficial to the mining interests of the state. 180*#12S

180.12 VIOLATIONS.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. Any person who is in immediate charge of the working of any mine who fails to carry out any order of the inspector, issued pursuant to section 180.03 or who permits, 57 directs, or authorizes any person to work in a manner which violates the provisions of section 180.04 shall upon finding by 59 the district court of the county where the mine is situated that the order of the inspector was not unjust or unreasonable or an abuse of his discretion be guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as provided in 63 section 609.03. Each time an order of the inspector issued 64 under section 180.04 is not complied with, shall constitute a separate offense. Each offense shall be prosecuted by the county attorney of the county in which the offense took place. 180*#135

180.13 NEGLECT OF INSPECTOR.

68 Any inspector of mines appointed hereunder failing to 6.9 comply with the requirements of this chapter shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and, upon conviction thereof, fined not 71 less than \$100 nor more than \$3,000 and be dismissed from

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office, and the board of commissioners shall remove him the
     inspector from office for neglect of duty, drunkenness,
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     incompetency, malfeasance in office, or other good cause.
181*#01S
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       181.01 WAGES OF MINORS; TO WHOM PAID.
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        Any parent or guardian claiming the wages of a minor in
     service shall so notify his the employer and, if he-fails-so
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 7
     failing to do so, payment to the minor of wages so earned shall
     be valid.
181*#03S
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        181.03 CERTAIN ACTS RELATING TO PAYMENT OF WAGES
10
     UNLAWFUL.
11
        Any person, firm, corporation, or association who or which,
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    directly or indirectly and with intent to defraud, causes any
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     employee to give a receipt for wages for a greater amount than
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     that ac sally paid to the employee for services rendered or
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     directly or indirectly demands or receives from any employee any
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    rebate or refund from the wages to which the employee is
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     entitled under his contract of employment with such employer, or
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    in any manner makes or attempts to make it appear that the wages
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     paid to any employee were greater than the amount actually paid
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     to the employee shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
181*#031S
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       181.031 EMPLOYERS NOT TO ACCEPT CONSIDERATION FOR
22
     SECURING EMPLOYMENT.
23
      Any employer, or any manager, superintendent, foreman lead
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     supervisor, or other representative of any employer, who,
     directly or indirectly, demands or accepts from any employee any
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     part of such employee's wages or other consideration, or any
     gratuity, in consideration of giving to or securing, or
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     assisting in securing, for any employee any employment with such
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     employer shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
181*#063S
        181.063 ASSIGNMENT OF WAGES, PUBLIC EMPLOYEES.
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        Any officer or employee of a county, town, city, or school
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     district, or any department thereof, has the same right to sell,
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     assign, or transfer his salary or wages as is now possessed by
     any officer of or person employed by any corporation, firm, or
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     person.
181*#08S
       181.08 PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS; PAYMENT OF WAGES,
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     REQUIREMENTS.
38
        All public service corporations doing business within this
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     state are required to pay their employees at least semimonthly
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     the wages earned by them to within 15 days of the date of such
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     payment, unless prevented by inevitable casualty. Such wages
42
     less any voluntarily authorized payroll deduction set out in
43
    section 181.06 shall be paid in cash, or by checks convertible
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     into cash at full face value thereof, without any service,
     exchange, discount, float or other charges, at a bank designated
45
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     by such public service corporation located in any city in which
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     the employee to whom the check is issued is employed or into
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     which such employee is required to go in the performance of his
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     work for the company issuing the same. It shall be the duty of
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     the corporation to make necessary arrangements with a bank for
     the cashing of these checks without such charges, or to
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     reimburse any employee who has paid such charges upon request.
     When an employee shall be discharged his wages shall be paid to
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     him at the time of his discharge or whenever he the employee
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     shall demand the same thereafter; allowing a reasonable time
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     within which to compute wages due and to make authorized and
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     other deductions required by law.
181*#09S
58
        181.09 RECOVERY OF WAGES, COSTS.
59
        When any public service corporation neglects or refuses to
60
     pay its employees, as prescribed by section 181.08, the wages
61
     may be recovered by action without further demand. Costs of $10
62
     shall be allowed to the plaintiff and included in his the
63
     judgment, in addition to his disbursements allowed by law.
181*#10S
       181.10 WAGES PAID EVERY 15 DAYS.
65
       Every person, firm, corporation, or association employing
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     any person to labor or perform service on any project of a
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     transitory nature, such as the construction, paving, repair, or
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maintenance of roads or highways, sewers or ditches, clearing

land, or the production of forest products or any other work

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which requires the employee to change his the employee's place 2 of abode, shall pay the wages or earnings of such person at intervals of not more than 15 days, and payments thereof shall 4 be made at the place of employment or in close proximity thereto.

181.11 DISCHARGED EMPLOYEE MUST BE PAID WITHIN 24 HOURS. When any such transitory employment as is described in section 181.10 which requires an employee to change his the employee's place of abode while performing the service required by the employment is terminated, either by the completion of the work or by the discharge or quitting of the employee, the wages or earnings of such employee in such employment shall be paid 12 within 24 hours and, if not then paid, the employer shall pay to the employee-his employee's reasonable expenses of remaining in the camp or elsewhere away from his home while awaiting the arrival of payment of his wages or earnings and, if such wages 16 or earnings are not paid within three days after the termination of such employment for any cause, the employer shall, in 18 addition, pay to the employee the average amount of his the employee's daily earnings in such employment from the time of the termination of the employment until payment has been made in full, but not for a longer period of time than 15 days. 181*#13S

181.13 PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO PAY WAGES PROMPTLY.

When any person, firm, company, association, or corporation 24 employing labor within this state discharges a servant or employee, the wages or commissions actually earned and unpaid at the time of the discharge shall become immediately due and payable upon demand of the employee. If the employee's earned wages and commissions are not paid within 24 hours after such demand, whether the employment was by the day, hour, week, month, or piece or by commissions, the discharged employee may 31 charge and collect the amount of his-or-her the employee's 32 average daily earnings at the rate agreed upon in the contract of employment, for such period, not exceeding 15 days, after the expiration of the 24 hours, as the employer is in default, until full payment or other settlement, satisfactory to the discharged employee, is made. In the case of a public employer where 37 approval of expenditures by a governing board is required, the 24-hour period for payment shall not commence until the date of the first regular or special meeting of the governing board following discharge of the employee. The wages and commissions 41 must be paid at the usual place of payment unless the employee 42 requests that the wages and commissions be sent to-him-or-her through the mails. If, in accordance with a request by the 44 employee, the employee's wages and commissions are sent to the employee through the mail, the wages and commissions shall be deemed to have been paid as of the date of their postmark for the purposes of this section.

181*#14S 48

181.14 NOTICE TO BE GIVEN; SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES. When any such employee, not having a contract for a definite period of service, quits or resigns his-or-her employment, the wages or commissions earned and unpaid at the 52 time the employee quits or resigns shall become due and payable within five days thereafter. Any employer failing or refusing to pay such wages or commissions, after they become due, upon the demand of the employee, shall be liable to the employee from the date of the demand for an additional sum equal to the amount of the employee's average daily earnings provided in the contract of employment, for every day, not exceeding 15 days in all, until such payment or other settlement satisfactory to the employee is made. If any employee having such a contract gives not less than five days' written notice to the employer of his or-her intention to quit, the wages or commissions of the employee giving notice may be demanded and shall become due 24 hours after the employee quits or resigns, and the penalty herein provided shall apply from the date of demand. If the employer disputes the amount of wages or commissions claimed by the employee under the provisions of this section or section 181.13, and the employer makes a legal tender of the amount which the employer in good faith claims to be due, the employer 70 shall not be liable for any sum greater than the amount so

tendered and interest thereon at the legal rate, unless, in an

recovers a greater sum than the amount so tendered with interest

action brought in a court having jurisdiction, the employee

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thereon; and if, in the suit, the employee fails to recover a greater sum than that so tendered, with interest, the employee shall pay the cost of the suit, otherwise the cost shall be paid 4 by the employer. In cases where the discharged or quitting employee was, during his-or-her employment, entrusted with the collection, disbursement, or handling of money or property, the employer shall have ten secular days after the termination of the employment to audit and adjust the accounts of the employee before the employee's wages or commissions shall become due and payable, and the penalty herein provided shall apply in such case only from the date of demand made after the expiration of the period allowed for audit and adjustment. If, upon such audit and adjustment of the accounts of the employee, it is found that any money or property entrusted to the employee by the employer has not been properly accounted for or paid over to the employer, as provided by the terms of the contract of employment, the employee shall not be entitled to the benefit of sections 181.13 to 181.17, but the claim for unpaid wages or commissions of such employee, if any, shall be disposed of as provided by existing law. Wages and commissions paid under this section shall be paid at the usual place of payment unless the employee requests that the wages and commissions be sent to him or-her the employee through the mails. If, in accordance with a request by the employee, the employee's wages and commissions are sent to the employee through the mail, the wages and commissions shall be deemed to have been paid as of the date of their postmark for the purposes of this section. 181*#145S

181.145 PROMPT PAYMENT OF COMMISSIONS TO COMMISSION SALESPERSONS SALESPEOPLE.

Subdivision 1. DEFINITIONS. For the purposes of this section, "commission salesperson" means a person who is paid on the basis of commissions for sales and who is not covered by sections 181.13 and 181.14 because he-or-she the person is an independent contractor. For the purposes of this section, the phrase "commissions earned through the last day of employment" means commissions due for services or merchandise which have actually been delivered to and accepted by the customer by the final day of the salesperson's employment.

- Subd. 2. PROMPT PAYMENT REQUIRED. (a) When any person, firm, company, association, or corporation employing a commission salesperson in this state terminates the salesperson, or when the salesperson resigns his-or-her that position, the employer shall promptly pay the salesperson, at the usual place of payment, his-or-her commissions earned through the last day of employment or be liable to the salesperson for the penalty provided under subdivision 3 in addition to any earned commissions unless the employee requests that the commissions be sent to him-or-her the employee through the mails. If, in accordance with a request by the employee, the employee's commissions are sent to the employee through the mail, the commissions shall be deemed to have been paid as of the date of their postmark for the purposes of this section.
- (b) If the employer terminates the salesperson or if the salesperson resigns giving at least five days written notice, the employer shall pay the salesperson's commissions earned through the last day of employment on demand no later than three working days after the salesperson's last day of work.
- (c) If the salesperson resigns without giving at least five days written notice, the employer shall pay the salesperson's commissions earned through the last day of employment on demand no later than six working days after the salesperson's last day of work.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c), if the terminated or resigning salesperson was, during his or-her employment, entrusted with the collection, disbursement, or handling of money or property, the employer has ten working days after the termination of employment to audit and adjust the accounts of the salesperson before the salesperson can demand his-or-her commissions earned through the last day of employment. In such cases, the penalty provided in subdivision 3 shall apply only from the date of demand made after the expiration of the ten working day audit period.

Subd. 3. PENALTY FOR NONPROMPT PAYMENT. If the employer fails to pay the salesperson his-or-her commissions earned through the last day of employment on demand within the

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1 applicable period as provided under subdivision 2, the employer
      shall be liable to the salesperson, in addition to his-or-her
  3 earned commissions, for a penalty for each day, not exceeding 15
  days, which the employer is late in making full payment or
satisfactory settlement to the salesperson for the commissi
      satisfactory settlement to the salesperson for the commissions
  6 earned through the last day of employment. The daily penalty
  7 shall be in an amount equal to one-fifteenth of the
     salesperson's commissions earned through the last day of
 9
     employment which are still unpaid at the time that the penalty
10 will be assessed.
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        No change for subd 4 to 5
181*#155
 12
        181.15 WHEN EMPLOYEE NOT ENTITLED TO BENEFITS.
13
        No such servant or employee who secretes-or-absents-himself
 14 hides or stays away to avoid receiving payment to-him, or
refuses to receive the same when fully tendered, shall be entitled to any benefit under sections 181.13 to 181.17 for
     entitled to any benefit under sections 181.13 to 181.17 for such
17 time as he so avoids avoiding payment; provided, when any number
 18 of employees enter upon a strike the wages due such striking
 19
     employees at the time of entering upon such strike shall not
    become due until the next regular pay day after the commencement
 20
21
     of such strike.
 181*#285
        181.28 LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS, HOURS.
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 23
        Locomotive engineers and firemen fire tenders shall not be
     required to serve as such for more than 14 consecutive hours.
 24
 25 At least nine hours, or as many hours less as are asked for by
 26 these engineers or firemen fire tenders, shall be allowed for
 27
      rest before being again required to go on duty. Nothing herein
 28
      shall permit any such engineer or fireman fire tender to desert
 29 his a locomotive when, by reason of accident or of delay caused
 30 by the elements, another cannot immediately be procured to-take
     his-place as a replacement, nor prohibit him them, in any case,
 31
32 from serving longer than 14 hours if he they so desires desire.
33 Every superintendent or other officer or employer of a railway
 34 company who shall order or require any service in violation of
      is section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and such company
 35
     shall be liable to any engineer or fireman fire tender for
36
37
     injuries sustained by-him in consequence of such violation.
 181*#295
 38
        181.29 CERTAIN RAILROAD EMPLOYEES, HOURS.
 39
        It shall be unlawful for any railroad company within the
 40 state, or any of its officers or agents, to require or permit
 41 any employee engaged in or connected with the movement of any
 42 rolling stock, engine, or train, to remain on duty more than 16
 43
     consecutive hours, or to require or permit any such employee who
 has been on duty 16 consecutive hours to perform any further
 45
    service without having had at least eight hours' rest, or to
 46 require or permit any such employee to be on duty at any time to
 47 exceed 16 hours in any consecutive 24 hours. This section shall not apply to work performed in the protection of life or
 49 property in cases of accident, wreck, or other unavoidable
 50 casualty, and it shall not apply to the time necessary for
 51 trainmen train workers to reach a resting place when an
 52
     accident, wreck, washout, snow blockade, or other unavoidable
    cause has delayed their train.
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 181*#52S
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        181.52 INTERFERENCE WITH EMPLOYMENT.
        No individual, corporation, member of any firm, or any
 55
 56 agent, officer, or employee of any of them, shall contrive or
     conspire to prevent any person from obtaining or holding any
 57
 58
     employment, or discharge, or procure or attempt to procure the
      discharge of, any person from employment, by reason of his the
 59
 60
     person having engaged in a strike.
 181*#53S
        181.53 CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO EMPLOYMENT NOT REQUIRED.
 61
 62
        No person, whether acting directly or through an agent, or
 63
     as the agent or employee of another, shall require as a
    condition precedent to employment any written statement as to
 65
    the participation of the applicant in a strike, or as to his a
    personal record, save as to his conviction of a public offense,
 66
 67
      for more than one year immediately preceding the date of his
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68 application therefor; nor shall any person, acting in any of the

application for employment in contravention of this section.

69 aforesaid capacities, use or require blanks or forms of

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181*#545

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181.54 COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES, SAFETY INSPECTION

The commissioner of human services is hereby authorized and empowered to expend out of any relief funds available therefor such sums of money which in his the commissioner's judgment may be necessary for safety inspection work required by law for the 7 protection of employees engaged upon such state and federal 8 projects as may be designated by him the commissioner. 181*#58S

181.58 SURVIVING SPOUSE PAID WAGES DUE.

For the purposes of this section the word "employer" includes every person, firm, partnership, corporation, the state of Minnesota, all political subdivisions, and all municipal corporations.

If, at the time of the death of any person, his an employer performed, and no executor or administrator of his the person's estate has been appointed, such employer shall, upon the request of the surviving spouse, forthwith pay this indebtedness, in such an amount as may be due, not exceeding the sum of \$3,000, to the surviving spouse. The employer may in the same manner provide for payment to the surviving spouse of accumulated credits under the vacation or overtime plan or system maintained by the employer. The employer shall require proof of claimant's relationship to decedent by affidavit, and require claimant to acknowledge receipt of such payment in writing. Any payments made by the employer pursuant to the provisions of this section shall operate as a full and complete discharge of the employer's indebtedness to the extent of the payment, and no employer shall thereafter be liable therefor to the decedent's estate or the decedent's executor or administrator thereafter appointed. Any amounts so received by a spouse shall be considered in diminution of the allowance to the spouse under section 525.15. 181*#65S

181.65 PENALTIES.

Any person, firm, association, or corporation violating any provision of section 181.64 and this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person who shall be influenced, induced, or persuaded to enter or change his employment or change his a place of employment through or by means of any of the things prohibited in section 181.64, shall have a right of action for the recovery of all damages that-he-shall-have sustained in consequence of the false or deceptive representations, false advertising, or false pretenses used to induce him the person to enter into or change his a place of employment, against any person, firm, association, or corporation directly or indirectly causing such damage; and, in addition to all such actual damages such person may have sustained, shall have the right to recover such reasonable attorneys' fees as the court shall fix, to be taxed as costs in any judgment recovered. 181*#66S

181.66 EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK LAW; DEFINITIONS. No change for subd 1 to 2

Subd. 3. "Employee" means an individual who, otherwise than as co-partner of the employer or as an independent contractor, renders personal service wholly or partly in this state to an employer who pays or agrees to pay such individual at a fixed rate. However, where services are rendered only partly in this state, an individual is not an employee unless his a contract of employment has been entered into, or payments thereunder are ordinarily made or to be made within this state.

59 No change for subd 4 to 6

181*#67S

181.67 WAGE DISCRIMINATION BASED ON SEX; PROTECTION OF EMPLOYEES INVOLVED IN PROCEEDING.

Subdivision 1. No employer shall discriminate between employees on the basis of sex by aying wages to employees at a rate less than the rate at-which-he the employer pays wages to employees of the opposite sex for equal work on jobs the performance of which requires equal skill, effort, and responsibility, and which are performed under similar working conditions, except where such payment is made pursuant to a seniority system, a merit system, a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality of production, or a differential based on any other factor other than sex. Provided, that an 72 employer who is paying a wage rate differential in violation of

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sections 181.66 to 181.71 shall not, in order to comply with the
 2 provisions of sections 181.66 to 181.71, reduce the wage rate of
 3 any employee.
 4
       No change for subd 2
181*#685
        181.68 ACTIONS; LIMITATIONS, DAMAGES, ATTORNEY FEES,
 5
     PARTIES, COMPROMISES.
 6
      Subdivision 1. Any employee whose compensation is at a
    rate that is in violation of section 181.67 has a right of
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 9 action against his an employer for the recovery of the amount of
10 the unpaid wages to which the employee is entitled for the one
11 year period preceding the commencement of the action, and an
12 amount up to the amount of these unpaid wages may be levied at
   the discretion of the court as exemplary damages.
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14
       No change for subd 2 to 4
181*#73S
15
        181.73 MIGRANT LABOR; HEALTH INSURANCE.
16
        Subdivision 1. Any person, association, organization, or
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     other group employing five or more persons, full time, part time
    or otherwise, who come within the definition of recruited
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    migrant laborers as hereafter defined and who are employed or
19
    are recruited to be employed in the processing of agricultural
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    produce other than as field labor, shall provide at his-or its
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22 expense health care insurance during the period of employment or
     for illness or injury incurred while employed. Such health care
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24 insurance shall be in accordance with such regulations as the
25 commissioner of economic security may prescribe by rule or
26
    regulation for each such recruited migrant laborer who is not a
   resident of Minnesota and who does not have health care insurance meeting the requirements of the rules and regulations
27
28
29 promulgated by the commissioner of economic security.
30
       No change for subd 2
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        Subd. 3. For the purposes of this section, a recruited
32 migrant laborer is a migrant laborer who is offered some type of
33 housing or transportation expense by an employer as an
34
    inducement to his employment or anticipated employment.
181*#74S
35
        181.74 FAILURE OF EMPLOYER TO PAY BENEFITS OR WAGE
36 SUPPLEMENTS, PENALTY.
       Subdivision 1. Any employer required under the provisions
37
    of an agreement to which he the employer is a party to pay or
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39
    provide benefits or wage supplements to employees or to a third
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    party or fund for the benefit of employees, and who refuses to
41 pay the amount or amounts necessary to provide such benefits or
42
    furnish such supplements within 60 days after such payments are
43
    required to be made under law or under agreement, is guilty of a
44
    gross misdemeanor. If such employer is a corporation, any
45 officer who intentionally violates the provisions of this
46
    section shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor. The institution
47
    of bankruptcy proceedings according to law shall be a defense to
48 any criminal action under this section.
49
       No change for subd 2
181*#75S
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       181.75 POLYGRAPH TESTS OF EMPLOYEES OR PROSPECTIVE
51
    EMPLOYEES PROHIBITED.
     Subdivision 1. PROHIBITION, PENALTY. No employer or
52
53 agent thereof shall directly or indirectly solicit or require a
54 polygraph, voice stress analysis, or any test purporting to test
55
     the honesty of any employee or prospective employee. No person
56
    shall sell to or interpret for an employer or his the employer's
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   agent a test that he the person knows has been solicited or
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    required by an employer or his agent to test the honesty of an
59
    employee or prospective employee. An employer or agent or any
60
    person knowingly selling, administering, or interpreting tests
61
    in violation of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor. If an
62
    employee requests a polygraph test any employer or agent
63
    administering the test shall inform him the employee that taking
64
    the test is voluntary.
       No change for subd 2
65
66
       Subd. 3. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF. In addition to the
67
    penalties provided by Yaw for violation of this section,
68 specifically and generally, whether or not injunctive relief is
69 otherwise provided by law, the courts of this state are vested
70
    with jurisdiction to prevent and restrain violations of this
71
    section and to require the payment of civil penalties. Whenever
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it shall appear to the satisfaction of the attorney general that

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this section has been or is being violated, he the attorney
     general shall be entitled, on behalf of the state, to sue for
    and have injunctive relief in any court of competent
     jurisdiction against any such violation or threatened violation
     without abridging other penalties provided by law.
 6
       No change for subd 4
181*#78S
 7
        181.78 AGREEMENTS; TERMS RELATING TO INVENTIONS.
 8
        Subdivision 1. Any provision in an employment agreement
     which provides that an employee shall assign or offer to assign
10
     any of his the employee's rights in an invention to his the
11
     employer shall not apply to an invention for which no equipment,
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     supplies, facility or trade secret information of the employer
     was used and which was developed entirely on the employee's own
13
14
   time, and (1) which does not relate (a) directly to the business
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     of the employer or (b) to the employer's actual or demonstrably
16
     anticipated research or development, or (2) which does not
17
    result from any work performed by the employee for the
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     employer. Any provision which purports to apply to such an
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     invention is to that extent against the public policy of this
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    state and is to that extent void and unenforceable.
       No change for subd 2
21
22
       Subd. 3. If an employment agreement entered into after
23
    August 1, 1977 contains a provision requiring the employee to
24
     assign or offer to assign any of his the employee's rights in
25
     any invention to his an employer, the employer must also, at the
26
     time the agreement is made, provide a written notification to
27
     the employee that the agreement does not apply to an invention
     for which no equipment, supplies, facility or trade secret
28
29
     information of the employer was used and which was developed
30
     entirely on the employee's own time, and (1) which does not
31
     relate (a) directly to the business of the employer or (b) to
32
     the employer's actual or demonstrably anticipated research or
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     development, or (2) which does not result from any work
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     performed by the employee for the employer.
181*#795
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       181.79 WAGES DEDUCTIONS FOR FAULTY WORKMANSHIP, LOSS,
     THEFT OR DAMAGE.
36
       Subdivision 1. No employer shall make any deduction,
37
38
     directly or indirectly, from the wages due or earned by any
39
    employee, who is not an independent contractor, for lost or
40
     stolen property, damage to property, or to recover any other
41
     claimed indebtedness running from employee to employer, unless
42
     the employee, after the loss has occurred or the claimed
43
    indebtedness has arisen, voluntarily authorizes the employer in
44
     writing to make the deduction or unless the employee is held
45
     liable in a court of competent jurisdiction for the loss or
46
    indebtedness. Such authorization shall not be admissible as
47
     evidence in any civil or criminal proceeding. Any authorization
48
     for a deduction shall set forth the amount to be deducted from
49
     the employee's wages during each pay period.
50
      A deduction may not be in excess of the amount established
51
     by law as subject to garnishment or execution on wages.
52
       Any agreement entered into between an employer and an
53
     employee contrary to this section shall be void. This section
     shall not apply to the following:
54
        (a) in cases where a contrary provision in a collective
55
     bargaining agreement exists;
56
57
       (b) any rules established by an employer for employees who
58
     are commissioned satespersons salespeople, where the rules are
59
     used for purposes of discipline, by fine or otherwise, in cases
60
    where errors or omissions in performing their duties exist; or
61
        (c) in cases where an employee, prior to making a purchase
62
    or loan from the employer, voluntarily authorizes in writing
63
    that the cost of the purchase or loan shall be deducted from the
64
     employee's wages, at regular intervals or upon termination of
65
     employment.
      No change for subd 2
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181*#81S
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       181.81 DISMISSAL FOR AGE; PROHIBITION; EXCEPTIONS;
68
    REMEDIES.
69
      Subdivision 1. (a) It is unlawful for any employer, public
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    or private, excluding the United States government and any of
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    its instrumentalities, to refuse to hire or employ, or to
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discharge, dismiss, reduce in grade or position, or demote any

individual on the grounds that the individual has reached an age

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of less than 70, except in cases where federal statutes or rules or other state statutes, not including special laws compel or specifically authorize such action. Nothing in this section 4 shall prohibit compulsory retirement of employees who have 5 attained 70 years of age or more; provided further that nothing 6 in this section shall prohibit compulsory retirement of an employee who has attained at least 65 years of age and who for 8 the two year period immediately before retirement is employed in an executive or a high policy making position if that employee is entitled to an immediate non-forfeitable annual retirement 11 benefit from a pension, profit sharing, savings or deferred 12 compensation plan of an employer, or any combination of these 13 benefits which totals in the aggregate at least \$27,000. If the 14 retirement benefit is in a form other than a straight life annuity, the equivalent annualized payment value of the benefit 15 16 shall be actuarially determined according to rules promulgated 17 by the commissioner of labor and industry. Pilots and flight 18 crew members shall not be subject to the provisions of this 19 section or section 363.02, subdivision 6, but shall be retired from this employment pursuant to standards contained in 20 21 regulations promulgated by the federal aviation administration 22 for airline pilots and flight officers and are subject to the 23 bona fide occupational requirements for these employees as 24 promulgated by the federal aviation administration. 25

(b) Prior to June 1, 1982 every employer shall notify an 26 employee in writing at least 90 days but no more than 120 days prior to the employee's 65th birthday of the option to continue employment beyond that date. The notice shall state in a conspicuous manner that the employee shall respond to the notice 30 within 30 days of the employee's desire to continue employment beyond the employee's 65th birthday. Every employer shall post 32 in a conspicuous place a notice written or approved by the 33 commissioner of labor and industry stating that the mandate commissioner of labor and industry stating that the mandatory 34 retirement age is age 70. Employment shall continue for as long as the employee desires or until the employer demonstrates that the employee no longer can meet the bona fide requirements, consistently applied, for the job or position or until the employee reaches the compulsory retirement age established by the employer. When an employer intends to terminate an employee 40 who is 65 years of age or older earlier than age 70 on the ground that he the employee no longer can meet the bona fide requirements for the job or position he the employer shall give the employee 30 days notice of his that intention.

(c) If there exists a date on which the accrual of pension 45 benefits or credits, or the contributions therefor by the 46 employee or the employer, or the employee's employment related health and welfare benefits or insurance coverages are diminished or eliminated by virtue of the employee attaining a certain age, the employer shall notify the employee of the changes at least 90 but not more than 120 days prior to the 52 shall not be construed to require any change in the employer contribution levels of any personal contribution contribution levels of any personal contribution contr 51 effective date of the change. This section, in and of itself, contribution levels of any pension or retirement plan, or to require any employer to increase an employer's or employee's 55 payments for the provision of insurance benefits contained in any employee benefit or insurance plan.

No change for subd 2

181*#83S

181.83 CORN DETASSELERS; TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT. Upon termination by the employer of employment to perform corn detasseling, or injury to, or illness of the employee, the employer shall provide transportation to the terminated, injured or ill individual to-return-him from the place of work to the 63 location at which he the employee was picked up on the day of 64 termination, injury or illness. The employer shall pay a terminated, injured or ill individual at the individual's usual rate of pay during the time period between when the individual was terminated, injured or became ill, and when the employer returned the individual to the location at which he the employee was picked up. 181*#87S

181.87 PAYMENT TERMS. 70

No change for subd 1 to 2

72 Subd. 3. GUARANTEED HOURS. The employer shall

73 guarantee to each recruited migrant worker a minimum of 70 hours 74 pay for work in any two successive weeks and, should the pay for

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1 hours actually offered by the employer and worked by the migrant
 2 worker provide a sum of pay less than the minimum guarantee, the
 3 employer shall pay the migrant worker the difference within
     three days after the scheduled payday for the pay period
    involved. Payment for the guaranteed hours shall be at the
    hourly wage rate, if any, specified in the employment statement,
    or the federal minimum wage, whichever is higher. Any pay in
 8
    addition to the hourly wage rate specified in the employment
    statement shall be applied against the guarantee. This
10 guarantee applies for the minimum period of employment specified
11
    in the employment statement beginning with the date on which
12
     employment is to begin as specified in the employment statement.
13 The date on which employment is to begin may be changed by the
   employer by written, telephonic, or telegraphic notice to the
15
    migrant worker, at his the worker's last known address, no later
     than ten days prior to the previously stated beginning date.
17
    The migrant worker shall contact the recruiter to obtain the
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    latest information regarding the date upon which employment is
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    to begin no later than five days prior to the previously stated
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     beginning date. This guarantee shall be reduced, when there is
21
     no work available for a period of seven or more consecutive days
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    during any two week period subsequent to the commencement of
23
    work, by five hours pay for each such day, when the
24
    unavailability of work is caused by climatic conditions or an
25
     act of God, provided that the employer pays the migrant worker,
26
    on the normal payday, the sum of $5 for each such day.
27
      Subd. 4. WORKER FIRED OR QUITS. If the migrant
28
    worker quits or is fired for cause prior to the completion of
29
    the operation for which he-was hired, the migrant worker is
30 entitled to no further guarantee under subdivision 3 from that
31
     employer. If the migrant worker quits or is fired for cause
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     before the completion of a two week pay period, he the worker is
33
     entitled to no guarantee for that period.
      No change for subd 5 to 7
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181*#895
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       181.89 CIVIL ACTIONS.
       Subdivision 1. MAY BRING ACTION. Any migrant worker
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     claiming to be aggrieved by a violation of sections 181.86 to
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   181.88 may bring a civil action for damages and injunctive
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    relief against his the worker's employer.
       Subd. 2. JUDGMENT; DAMAGES. If the court finds that
41
     any defendant has violated the provisions of sections 181.86 to
42
    181.88, the court shall enter judgment for the actual damages
43
    incurred by the plaintiff or the appropriate penalty as provided
44
    by this subdivision, whichever is greater. The court may also
     award court costs and a reasonable attorney's fee. The
45
    penalties shall be as follows:
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47
       (1) Whenever the court finds that an employer has violated
48
     the record keeping requirements of section 181.88, $50;
       (2) Whenever the court finds that an employer has recruited
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     a migrant worker without providing a written employment
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    statement as provided in section 181.86, subdivision 1, $250;
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      (3) Whenever the court finds that an employer has recruited
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    a migrant worker after having provided a written employment
54
    statement, but finds that the employment statement fails to
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    comply with the requirement of section 181.86, subdivision 1 or
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    section 181.87, $250;
57
       (4) Whenever the court finds that an employer has failed to
    comply with the terms of an employment statement which he the
58
59 employer has provided to a migrant worker or has failed to
60
    comply with any payment term required by section 181.87, $250;
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       (5) Whenever the court finds that an employer has failed to
62
    pay wages to a migrant worker within a time period set forth in
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    section 181.87, subdivision 2 or 3, $250; and
64
       (6) Whenever penalties are awarded, they shall be awarded
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     severally in favor of each migrant worker plaintiff and against
66
     each defendant found liable.
181A#03S
67
       181A.03 DEFINITIONS.
68
       No change for subd 1 to 3
       Subd. 4. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the
69
   department or his designees.
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       No change for subd 5 to 7
181A#05S
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       181A.05 EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES.
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Subdivision 1. Any minor 14 or 15 years of age who wishes

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to work on school days during school hours shall first secure an 2 employment certificate. The certificate shall be issued only by the school district superintendent, his the superintendent's 4 agent, or some other person designated by the board of 5 education. The employment certificate shall be issued only for 6 a specific position with a designated employer and shall be 7 issued only in the following circumstances:

- (1) If a minor is to be employed in an occupation not 9 prohibited by regulations promulgated under section 181A.09 and as evidence thereof presents a signed statement from his the prospective employer; and
 - (2) If the parent or guardian of the minor consents to the employment; and
- (3) If the issuing officer believes the minor is physically 15 capable of handling the job in question and further believes the 16 best interests of the minor will be served by permitting him the minor to work.

No change for subd 2

Subd. 3. If the issuing officer is in doubt about whether the proposed employment is in accordance with these provisions, he the officer shall consult with the division before issuing the certificate.

23 No change for subd 4 to 5 181A#06S

attend such schools.

181A.06 AGE CERTIFICATES.

Subdivision 1. Every employer shall require proof of the age of any minor employee or prospective employee by requiring the minor to submit an age certificate, a copy of his the minor's birth certificate, or a copy of his the minor's driver's license. Upon the request of a minor, an age certificate shall be issued by or under the authority of the school superintendent of the district in which the applicant resides. 32 Superintendents, principals, or headmasters of independent or parochial schools shall issue age certificates to minors who

Subd. 2. The age certificate shall show the age of the minor, the date of his birth, the date of issuance of the certificate, the name and position of the issuing officer, the name, address, and description of the minor, and what evidence was accepted as proof of age. The age certificate shall also show the name of the employer, the proposed occupation, and shall state that a separate employment certificate is required for minors under 16 to work on regular school days during school hours. It shall be signed by the issuing officer and by the minor in his the officer's presence.

No change for subd 3

Subd. 4. The employer shall keep an age certificate received-by-him for the duration of the minor's employment and 48 shall keep on file all age certificates, copies of birth certificates or copies of drivers' licenses presented to the employer pursuant to subdivision 1, where they may be readily examined by an agent of the division of labor standards. 181A#07S

181A.07 EXEMPTIONS.

No change for subd 1 to 3

Subd. 4. Any minor employed to do home chores, to babysit or employed by his-parents a parent shall be exempt from all 56 provisions of sections 181A.01 to 181A.12.

Subd. 5. The commissioner may grant exemptions from any provisions of sections 181A.01 to 181A.12 for an individual minor if he the commissioner finds that such an exemption would 60 be in the best interest of the minor involved. Such exemptions 61 shall be granted only in accordance with the established regulations of the department.

No change for subd 6

181A#08S

181A.08 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE DEPARTMENT.

Subdivision 1. The commissioner, his an authorized representative, or any truant officer may enter and inspect the place of business or employment and may interview any employees, of any employer of employees in any occupation in the state, all for the purpose of ascertaining whether any minors are employed contrary to the provisions of sections 181A.01 to 181A.12. Such authorized persons may require that employment certificates, age certificates, and lists of minors employed shall be produced for their inspection.

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Subd. 2. The commissioner or his an authorized
     representative may issue an order requiring an employer to
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     comply with the provisions of sections 181A.01 to 181A.12 or
     with any regulations promulgated under the provisions of section
     181A.09. Any such order shall be served by the department upon
    the employer or his an authorized representative in person or by
     certified mail at the employers place of business. If an
     employer wishes to contest the order for any reason, he the
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     employer shall file written notice of his objection with the
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     commissioner within ten days after service of said order upon
11
     said employer. Thereafter, a public hearing shall be held in
     accordance with the provisions of sections 14.57 to 14.70, and
12
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     such regulations consistent therewith as the commissioner shall
14
    make.
15
        Subd. 3. The commissioner or his an authorized
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     representative may apply to any court of competent jurisdiction
     for an order restraining the violation of an order issued by the
17
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     commissioner pursuant to subdivision 2, or for an order
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     enjoining and restraining violations of this chapter or
20
     regulations adopted pursuant to section 181A.09.
181A#09S
       181A.09 POWER TO MAKE REGULATIONS.
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22
        Subdivision 1. The commissioner shall make, revise and
23
     promulgate such regulations, including definitions of terms, as
24
     he the commissioner shall deem appropriate to carry out the
     purposes of sections 181A.01 to 181A.12 and to prevent the
25
26
    circumvention or evasion thereof.
27
       Subd. 2. The commissioner shall, by regulation, establish
28
     a list of those occupations which he the commissioner finds to
29
     be particularly hazardous for the employment of children, or
30
     detrimental to their health or well-being.
31
       No change for subd 3
181A#12S
       181A.12 PENALTIES.
32
        Subdivision 1. FINES; PENALTY. Any employer who
33
34
    hinders or delays the department or its authorized
     representative in the performance of its duties under sections
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36
     181A.01 to 181A.12 or refuses to admit the commissioner or his
37
     an authorized representative to any place of employment or
     refuses to make certificates or lists available as required by
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    sections 181A.01 to 181A.12, or otherwise violates any
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     provisions of sections 181A.01 to 181A.12 or any rules issued
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    pursuant thereto shall be assessed a fine to be paid to the
42
    commissioner for deposit in the general fund. The fine may be
43
     recovered in a civil action in the name of the department
44
     brought in the district court of the county where the violation
     is alleged to have occurred or the district court where the
45
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     commissioner has an office. Fines are in the amounts as follows:
47
        (a) employment of minors under the age of 14
              (each employee)
48
                                                                 $ 50
49
          (b) employment of minors under the age of 16
50
              during school hours while school is in session
51
              (each employee)
                                                                   50
52
          (c) employment of minors under the age of 16
53
              before 7:00 a.m. (each employee)
                                                                   50
54
          (d) employment of minors under the age of 16
55
              after 9:00 p.m.
56
              (each employee)
                                                                   50
57
        (e) employment of minors under the age of 16
58
              over eight hours a day (each employee)
                                                                   50
59
          (f) employment of minors under the age of 16
60
              over 40 hours a week (each employee)
                                                                   50
61
          (g) employment of minors under the age of 18
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              in occupations hazardous or
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              detrimental to their well-being as defined
64
                                                                  100
              by rule (each employee)
65
        (h) employment of minors under the age of 16
66
              in occupations hazardous or
67
              detrimental to their well-being as defined
68
              by rule (each employee)
                                                                  100
69
        (i) minors under the age of 18 injured in
70
             hazardous employment (each employee)
                                                                  500
71
          (j) minors employed without proof of age
72
              (each employee)
                                                                    5
73
        An employer who refuses to make certificates or lists
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available as required by sections 181A.01 to 181A.12 shall be

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                                                              PAGE
1 assessed a $500 fine.
       An employer who engages in repeated violations of sections
3
     181A.01 to 181A.12 is also guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
       No change for subd 2
 4
181B#025
 5
        181B.02 DEFINITIONS.
        No change for subd 1 to 9
 6
        Subd. 10. "Accrued portion of the normal retirement
 7
 8 benefit" with respect to employees with ten or more years of
 9
     covered service means the larger of either the present value of
the pension benefit which the employee has earned prior to
11 cessation under the terms of the pension plan itself or the
12 present value of the normal retirement benefit to which the
13
     employee would be entitled under the plan as in effect on the
14 date of the cessation if he the employee continued to earn
15 pension credits based on the covered service he which would have
16 accumulated had he the employee continued as a plan participant
     until normal retirement age or if he the employee continued to
17
18
     earn annually until normal retirement age the same rate of
19
     compensation as that which he had been earning earned prior to
20 cessation, upon which his a pension credit would have been
21
     computed under the plan at the rate specified by the plan for
     the years subsequent to the cessation, multiplied by a fraction
22
     not to exceed one, the numerator of which is the total number
23
     of his years of covered service as of the date of cessation, and
24
25
     the denominator of which is the total number of years he the
26 employee would have had in covered service in such plan as of 27 normal retirement age if he the employee had continued to be a
     normal retirement age if he the employee had continued to be an
28 active participant in the plan until attaining such age.
29
        With respect to employees with less than ten years of
30 covered service, the defining term means the present value of
31
     the total amount of pension benefits which have been vested on
32 or prior to the date of cessation. Where the above formulas are
33 inapplicable or inequitable the defined term means that portion
34 of the normal retirement benefit to which the commissioner
35
     determines actuarially the employee should be entitled based on
36 the covered service of the employee, as of the date of the
37 cessation.
38
       No change for subd 11 to 17
181B#03S
        1818.03 PENSION REFUNDING CHARGE, VESTED BENEFITS PRIOR
39
40
     TO PENSION BENEFITS PROTECTION ACT.
41
        Every employer who hereafter ceases to operate a place of
42
     employment or a pension plan within this state shall owe to his
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employees covered by sections 181B.01 to 181B.17 a pension funding charge which shall be equal to the present value of the 45 total amount of vested pension benefits based upon covered service occurring before April 10, 1974 of such employees of the employer who have completed ten or more years of any covered service under the pension plan of the employer and whose vested pension benefits have been or will be forfeited because of the employer's ceasing to operate a place of employment or a pension plan, less the amount of such vested pension benefits which are 52 compromised or settled to the satisfaction of the commissioner as provided in sections 181B.01 to 181B.17. 181B#04S

54 181B.04 NONVESTED BENEFITS PRIOR TO ACT.

Every employer who hereafter ceases to operate a place of 56 employment or a pension plan within this state shall owe to his employees covered by sections 1818.01 to 1818.17 a pension funding charge which shall be equal to the present value of the 59 total amount of nonvested pension benefits based upon service occurring before April 10, 1974 of such employees of the employer who have completed ten or more years of any covered service under the pension plan of the employer and whose 63 nonvested pension benefits have been or will be forfeited because of the employer's ceasing to operate a place of 65 employment or a pension plan, less the amount of such nonvested 66 pension benefits which are compromised or settled to the satisfaction of the commissioner as provided in sections 181B.01 to 181B.17.

181B#05S

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69 1818.05 VESTED BENEFITS UNDER ACT.

70 Every employer who hereafter ceases to operate a place of 71 employment or a pension plan within this state shall owe to his employees covered by sections 181B.01 to 181B.17 a pension

funding charge which shall be equal to the present value of the total amount of vested pension benefits based upon covered service occurring after April 10, 1974 of such employees of the employer who have completed ten or more years of any covered service under the pension plan of the employer and whose vested pension benefits have been or will be forfeited because of the employer's ceasing to operate a place of employment or a pension plan, less the amount of such vested pension benefits which are 9 compromised or settled to the satisfaction of the commissioner 10 as provided in sections 181B.01 to 181B.17. 181B#06S 181B.06 NONVESTED BENEFITS UNDER ACT. 11 12 Every employer who hereafter ceases to operate a place of

Every employer who hereafter ceases to operate a place of employment or a pension plan within this state shall owe to his employees covered by sections 181B.01 to 181B.17 a pension funding charge which shall be equal to the present value of the total amount of nonvested pension benefits based upon covered service occurring after April 10, 1974 of such employees of the employer who have completed ten or more years of any covered service under the pension plan of the employer and whose nonvested pension benefits have been or will be forfeited because of the employer's ceasing to operate a place of employment or a pension plan, less the amount of such nonvested pension benefits which are compromised or settled to the satisfaction of the commissioner as provided in sections 181B.01 to 181B.17.

181B#09S

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181B.09 INVESTIGATION BY COMMISSIONER.

Upon receipt of such notification, or upon his-own the commissioner's initiative when such notification is not given as required, the commissioner shall cause an investigation to be made of the employer to determine the number of employees who have completed ten or more years of covered service under the pension plan of the employer and whose nonvested or vested pension benefits have been or will be forfeited by such cessation, the number of employees whose vested pension benefits have been or will be forfeited by such cessation, the amounts of such nonvested or vested pension benefits, if any, of such employees, and any other facts or circumstances concerning the employer, his employees and the pension plan for such employees as may be necessary or useful to the commissioner to carry out his duties and responsibilities under sections 181B.01 to 181B.17. The investigation, insofar as practicable, shall be conducted at the employer's place of business during normal business hours. The employer shall cooperate fully with the commissioner in such investigation, and shall make available to $\frac{1}{100}$ the commissioner any books, records or other information necessary or useful to such investigation. To aid in such investigations, the commissioner is authorized to administer oaths and affirmations and to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses or the production of books, records or other documents. The commissioner may seek, through the attorney general acting-on-his-behalf, orders from any court of competent jurisdiction to compel an employer to comply with the provisions of sections 181B.01 to 181B.17 and to punish disobedience of any subpoena issued pursuant to sections 181B.01 to 181B.17.

181B#10S 56

181B.10 DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF BENEFITS; AGREEMENTS AS TO BENEFITS.

As part of the investigation of an employer, the commissioner shall determine the amount of nonvested and vested pension benefits which have been compromised or settled to $h \dot{\pm} s$ the commissioner's satisfaction. Nonvested and vested pension benefits may be compromised or settled by voluntary agreement between the employer and individual employees which is mutually understood by both parties to be a complete and final satisfaction of the employer's obligations regarding such benefits, provided that both parties are made fully aware of their rights and obligations under sections 181B.01 to 181B.17 prior to the making of such voluntary agreement. Before any such settlement can be made it must be approved by the commissioner. The commissioner shall not approve any settlement that is not fair and equitable. Further, for all settlements entered into by the employer the relationship between the present value of the compromised pension credits and the value

GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 01/17/86 PAGE of the settlement must be as constant as is practicable. 181B#12S 181B.12 PURCHASE OF PREPAID DEFERRED ANNUITY. 3 The amount certified by the commissioner as due and payable 4 to the employees shall be paid to the employees by the employer through the purchase of a prepaid deferred annuity payable to 5 6 the employee when he-reaches normal retirement age is reached or to his a beneficiary upon the employee's death. Such purchase 8 shall be made through a trust authorized by the United States 9 Internal Revenue Service to make such purchases in a manner 10 which exempts from federal income taxation the money used to purchase the annuity and all income earned by such annuity up to 11 12 the date of the distribution of the annuity amount. In no event shall the amount of annuity to be distributed at normal retirement age exceed the amount of the accrued normal retirement age exceed the amount of the accrued normal

181B#14S

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15 retirement benefit.

181B.14 ACTS CONSTITUTING TERMINATION.

For the purposes of sections 181B.01 to 181B.17, the 18 employment of any employee involuntarily terminated within one 19 year of the date an employer ceases to operate a place of employment or a pension plan within this state, or within such 21 longer period as prescribed by the commissioner when he $\underline{\text{the}}$ commissioner determines that an employer is attempting to evade 23 the provisions of sections 181B.01 to 181B.17, shall be deemed 24 to have been terminated because of the employer's ceasing to 25 operate its place of employment or a pension plan, unless the employer can conclusively show that the termination was attributable to some other cause.

182*#655

182.65 CITATION AND LEGISLATIVE PURPOSE.

No change for subd 1 to 1a

Subd. 2. The legislature finds that the burden on 31 employers and employees of this state resulting from personal injuries and illnesses arising out of work situations is substantial; that the prevention of these injuries and illnesses 34 is an important objective of the government of this state; that 35 the greatest hope of attaining this objective lies in programs of research and education, and in the earnest cooperation of government, employers and employees; and that a program of 38 regulation and enforcement is a necessary supplement to these 39 more basic programs.

The legislature declares it to be its purpose and policy 41 through the exercise of its powers to assure so far as possible every working-man-and-woman worker in the state of Minnesota safe and healthful working conditions and to preserve our human 44 resources by

- (a) Authorizing the occupational safety and health advisory 46 council to advise, consult with or recommend on any matters relating to the Minnesota occupational safety and health plan to 48 the commissioner of labor and industry and the state commissioner of health and by authorizing the commissioner of 50 labor and industry to promulgate and enforce mandatory occupational safety and health standards applicable to employers 52 and employees in the state of Minnesota;
- (b) Encouraging employers and employees to increase their efforts to reduce the number of occupational safety and health hazards at their places of employment, and to stimulate employers and employees to institute new and to perfect existing 57 programs for providing safe and healthful working conditions;
 - (c) Providing that employers and employees have separate but dependent responsibilities and rights with respect to achieving safe and healthful working conditions;
 - (d) Providing for research in the field of occupational safety and health; including the psychological factors involved, and by developing innovative methods, techniques, and approaches for dealing with occupational safety and health problems;
 - (e) Exploring ways to discover latent diseases, establishing causal connections between diseases and work in environmental conditions, and conducting other research relating to health problems, in recognition of the fact that occupational health standards present problems often different from those involved in occupational safety;
 - (f) Utilizing advances already made by federal laws and regulations providing safe and healthful working conditions;
 - (g) Providing criteria which will assure insofar as

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standard or variance with the commissioner.

Subd. 9. No employee shall be discharged or in any way

No change for subd $\,7\,$ to $\,8\,$

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practicable that no employee will suffer diminished health,
     functional capacity, or life expectancy as a result of his work
     experience;
 4
       (h) Providing an effective enforcement program which shall
 5
     include a prohibition against giving advance notice of an
 6
     inspection and sanctions for any individual violating this
 7
     prohibition;
 8
       (i) Providing for appropriate reporting procedures with
    respect to occupational safety and health, which procedures will help achieve the objectives of this chapter and accurately
 9
10
11
    describe the nature of the occupational safety and health
12
    problem;
13
       (j) Encouraging joint labor-management efforts to reduce
14
    injuries and diseases arising out of employment;
15
        (k) Providing consultation to employees and employers which
16
     will aid them in complying with their responsibilities under
17
    this chapter where such consultation does not interfere with the
18
     effective enforcement of this chapter;
19
       (1) Providing for training programs to increase the number
20
     and competence of personnel engaged in the field of occupational
21
     safety and health.
182*#651S
        182.651 DEFINITIONS.
22
23
        No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor
24
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     and industry or his a duly designated representative.
26
       No change for subd 3 to 9
        Subd. 10. "Place of employment" means any factory, plant,
27
28
    foundry, construction site, farm workplace, premises, vehicle or
29
     any other work environment where any employee is during the
     course of his employment.
30
        No change for subd 11 to 19
182*#653S
        182.653 RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF EMPLOYERS.
33
        No change for subd 1
        Subd. 2. Each employer shall furnish to each of his its
35
     employees conditions of employment and a place of employment
36
     free from recognized hazards that are causing or are likely to
37
     cause death or serious injury or harm to his its employees.
38
       No change for subd 3
39
       Subd. 4. Each employer shall refrain from any unreasonable
40
    restraint on the right of the commissioner or his an authorized
41
     representative of the commissioner to inspect the employer's
42
     place of business. Each employer shall assist the commissioner,
43 or his an authorized representative of the commissioner, in the
     performance of inspection duties by supplying or by making
44
45
     available information dealing with injury reports, general
46
     safety records, and other records required under this chapter,
47
     and any necessary personnel or necessary inspection aids.
48
       No change for subd 4a to 6
49
        Subd. 7. Any employer is entitled, under section 182.668,
     to protection of h \div s trade secrets and other legally privileged
50
51
     communications.
182*#654S
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        182.654 RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF EMPLOYEES.
        No change for subd 1
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54
        Subd. 2. Each employee shall comply with occupational
55
     safety and health standards and all rules, regulations, and
56
     orders issued pursuant to this chapter which are applicable to
57
     his the employee's own actions and conduct.
        No change for subd 3
58
59
        Subd. 4. Each employee or his an authorized representative
60
     shall be notified by his an employer of any application for a
61
     temporary order granting the employer a variance from any
62
     provision of this chapter or standard or regulation promulgated
63
     pursuant to this chapter.
64
        Subd. 5. The employee representative shall be given the
65
     opportunity to participate in any hearing which concerns an
     application by his an employer for a variance from a standard
67
    promulgated under this chapter.
68
       Subd. 6. Any employee who may be adversely affected by a
69
     standard or variance issued pursuant to section 182.655 may file
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     a petition stating h + s <u>a</u> position with regard to proposed
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from its issuance.

Subd. 9. The commissioner is authorized to grant a

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discriminated against because such employee has filed any
 2 complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any
 3 proceeding or inspection under or related to this chapter or has
 4 testified or is about to testify in any such proceeding or because of the exercise by such employee on behalf of himse
    because of the exercise by such employee on behalf of himself
 6 the employee or others of any right attorded of the Discriminatory acts are subject to the sanctions contained in
 8 section 182.669.
9
       No change for subd 10 to 11
182*#655S
       182.655 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS.
11
       No change for subd 1 to 4
12 Subd. 5. Any employer may apply to the commissioner for a
13 temporary order granting a variance from a standard or any
14 provision thereof promulgated under this section. Such
15 temporary order shall be granted only if the employer files an
16
    application which meets the requirements of subdivision 7 and
17 establishes that:
18
       (a) He It is unable to comply with a standard by its
19 effective date because of unavailability of professional or
20 technical personnel or of materials and equipment needed to come
21 into compliance with the standard or because necessary
22 construction or alteration of facilities cannot be completed by
23 the effective date;
24
      (b) He It is taking all available steps to safeguard his
25
    employees against the hazards covered by the standard; and
26
     (c) He It has an effective program for coming into
27
    compliance with the standard as quickly as practicable.
28
     No change for subd 6
29
        Subd. 7. An application for a temporary order under this
30 section shall contain:
       (a) A specification of the standard or portion thereof from
32
    which the employer seeks a variance;
33
      (b) A representation by the employer, supported by
34 representations from qualified persons having first hand
35 knowledge of the facts represented, that he it is unable to
36
    comply with the standard or portion thereof and a detailed
37
    statement of the reasons therefor;
38
        (c) A statement of the steps being taken and which will be
39 taken, with specific dates, to protect employees against the
40 hazards covered by the standard;
      (d) A statement of when he it expects to be able to comply
41
42
     with the standard and what steps he it has taken and what-steps
43 he will take, with specific dates, to come into compliance with
44
    the standard; and
45
       (e) A certification that he it has informed his employees
    of the application by giving a copy thereof to their authorized
46
47 representative, posting a statement giving a summary of the
48 application and specifying where a copy may be examined at the
49 place or places where notices to employees are normally posted,
30 and by other appropriate means, and that he it has informed his
51
     employees of their right to petition the commissioner for a
52 hearing.
53
       Subd. 8. Any affected employer may apply to the
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    commissioner for a rule or order for a permanent variance from a
55
    standard promulgated under this section. Affected employees
56 shall be given a notice of each such application and an
57
    opportunity to participate in a hearing. The commissioner shall
58
    issue such rule or order if he the commissioner determines on
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    the record, after opportunity for an inspection where
60 appropriate and a hearing, that the proponent of the variance
61
   has demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence that the
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    conditions, practices, means, methods, operations or processes
63
    used or proposed to be used by an employer will provide
64
    employment and places of employment to his employees which are
65 as safe and healthful as those which would prevail if he
66
    complied there was compliance with the standard. The rule or
    order so issued shall prescribe the conditions the employer must
67
68 maintain, and the practices, means, methods, operations and
69 processes which he it must adopt and utilize. Such a rule or
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    order may be modified or revoked upon application by an
71 employer, employees, or by the commissioner on his the
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   commissioner's own motion, in the manner prescribed for its
73 issuance under this subdivision at any time after six months
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01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 PAGE 165 variance from any standard or portion thereof whenever he the commissioner determines that such variance is necessary to permit an employer to participate in an experiment approved by him the commissioner or the United States secretary of labor or the United States secretary of health, education and welfare, designed to demonstrate or validate new and improved techniques to safeguard the health and safety of workers. 8 No change for subd 10 to 14 182*#6565 182.656 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADVISORY COUNCIL. 9 Subdivision 1. An occupational safety and health advisory 11 council consisting of 12 members appointed by the commissioner of labor and industry is created to advise the department. The council members shall be chosen so that three shall represent 12 13 management; three shall represent labor; three shall represent 15 occupational safety and health professions; and three shall 16 represent the general public. The commissioner of labor and industry shall designate one 17 18 of the public members as chairman chair. The members shall be 19 selected upon the basis of their experience and competence in 20 the field of occupational safety and health. The commissioner 21 of labor and industry and the state commissioner of health shall 22 be ex officio members and the commissioner of labor and industry shall serve as secretary of the council. The council shall 23 elect from its members, by a concurring vote of not less than 24 25 six members, other officers as necessary to carry out the duties thereof. 26 Repealed, 1975 c 315 s 26 27 Subd. 2. Subd. 3. A majority of the council members constitutes a quorum. The council shall meet at the call of its chairman 28 A majority of the council members constitutes a 29 chair, or upon request of any six members. A tape recording of 30 31 the meeting with the tape being retained for a one-year period will be available upon the request and payment of costs to any 32 33 interested party. The council shall expire and the terms, compensation, and removal of members shall be as provided in 34 35 section 15.059. 182*#659S 36 182.659 INSPECTIONS. 37

No change for subd 1

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Subd. 2. In making his inspections and investigations under this chapter the commissioner shall have the power to administer oaths, certify as to official acts, take and cause to be taken depositions of witnesses, issue subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production of papers, books, documents, records and testimony. In case of failure of any person to comply with any subpoena lawfully issued, or on the refusal of any witness to produce evidence or to testify to any matter regarding which he the person may be lawfully interrogated, the district court shall, upon application of the commissioner, compel obedience proceedings for contempt, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued by the court or a refusal to testify therein.

Subd. 3. Subject to regulations issued by the commissioner, a representative of the employer and a representative authorized by his employees shall be given an opportunity to accompany the commissioner during the physical inspection of any workplace under subdivision 1 for the purpose of aiding such inspection. The authorized representative of employees shall also be given the opportunity to participate in any conference or discussion held prior to or during any such inspection. Where there is no authorized employee representative, the commissioner shall consult with a reasonable number of employees concerning matters of health and safety in the workplace. No employee as a consequence of aiding such inspection shall lose any privilege or payment that he the employee would otherwise earn, such loss being a discriminatory act subject to the sanctions contained in section 182.669.

Subd. 4. Any employee or representative of employees who believes that a violation of a safety or health standard exists that threatens physical harm, or that an imminent danger exists, may request an inspection by giving notice to the commissioner of such violation or danger. Any such notice shall be reduced to writing, shall set forth with reasonable particularity the grounds for the notice, and shall be signed by the employee or representative of employees. A copy of the notice shall be

provided the employer or his agent no later than the time of the

inspection, except that, upon the request of the person giving 2 such notice, his the employee's name and the names of individual employees referred to therein shall not appear in such copy or 3 on any record published, released, or made available pursuant to section 182.663, subdivision 4. If upon receipt of such 6 notification the commissioner determines that there are 7 reasonable grounds to believe that such violation or danger 8 exists, he the commissioner shall make a special inspection in accordance with the provisions of this section as soon as 9 10 practicable, to determine if such danger or violation exists. 11 An inspection conducted pursuant to a complaint may cover all of the premises of the employer and shall not be limited to that 12 portion of the premises specified in the notice. If the 13 14 commissioner determines that there are no reasonable grounds to 15 believe that such a violation or danger exists he the commissioner shall notify the employee or representative of 16 17 employees in writing of such determination. Upon such 18 notification the employee or the employee representative may 19 request the commissioner to reconsider his the determination. 20 Upon receiving such request the commissioner shall review his 21 the determination. 22

No change for subd 5

Subd. 6. Upon the refusal of an owner, operator, or agent in charge to permit entry as specified in this chapter 732, the commissioner may apply for an order in the district court in the county in which he-was-refused entry was refused, which compels the employer to permit the commissioner to enter and inspect the place of employment.

7 to 8 No change for subd

182*#661S

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182.661 ENFORCEMENT.

Subdivision 1. If, after an inspection or investigation, the commissioner issues a citation under section 182.66, he the commissioner shall notify the employer by certified mail of the penalty, if any, proposed to be assessed under section 182.666 and that the employer has 15 working days within which to notify the commissioner in writing that he the employer wishes to contest the citation, proposed assessment of penalty, or the period of time fixed in the citation given for correction of violation. A copy of the citation and the proposed assessment of penalty shall also be mailed to the bargaining representative and, in the case of the death of an employee, to the next of kin if requested and designated representative of the employee if known to the department of labor and industry. If within 15 working days from the receipt of the notice issued by the commissioner the employer fails to notify the commissioner in writing that he the employer intends to contest the citation or proposed assessment of penalty, and no notice contesting either the citation, the type of violation, proposed penalty, or the time fixed for abatement in the citation is filed by any employee or representative of employees under subdivision 3 within such time, the citation and assessment, as proposed, shall be deemed a final order of the board and not subject to review by any court or agency.

Subd. 2. If the commissioner has reason to believe that an employer has failed to correct a violation for which a citation has been issued within the period permitted for its correction, which period shall not begin to run until the entry of a final order by the board in case of any review proceedings under this section initiated by the employer in good faith and not solely for delay or avoidance of penalties, the commissioner shall notify the employer by certified mail of such failure and of the penalty proposed to be assessed under section 182.666 by reason of such failure, and that the employer has 15 working days within which to notify in writing the commissioner that he the employer wishes to contest the commissioner's notification or the proposed assessment of penalty. If, within 15 working days from the receipt of notification issued by the commissioner, the employer fails to notify in writing the commissioner that he the employer intends to contest the notification or proposed assessment of penalty, the notification and assessment, as proposed, shall be deemed a final order of the board and not subject to review by any court or agency.

No change for subd 2a

Subd. 3. If an employer notifies the commissioner that he the employer intends to contest the citation or the proposed

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assessment of penalty or the employee or the employee
    representative notifies the commissioner that he the employee
    intends to contest the time fixed for abatement in the citation
     issued under section 182.66, the citation, the type of alleged
     violation, the proposed penalty, or notification issued under
 6 subdivisions 1 or 2, the board shall conduct a hearing in
    accordance with the applicable provisions of chapter 14, for
 8
    hearings in contested cases. The rules of procedure prescribed
     by the board shall provide affected employees or representatives
10 of affected employees an opportunity to participate as parties
11 to hearings under this subdivision.
12
       No change for subd 4
182*#662S
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       182.662 PROCEDURES TO COUNTERACT SERIOUS AND IMMINENT
14
     DANGERS.
15
        Subdivision 1. If an inspector finds any condition or
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     practice in any place of employment which presents a substantial
17
     probability that the condition or practice could result in death
   or serious physical harm, he the inspector shall issue an order,
19 after consultation either by phone or in person with the
20
    commissioner and upon the commissioner's recommendation, which
21
     prohibits the employment or continuing operational process until
22
    such steps as may be necessary are taken to correct or remove
23
    the situation. This order shall not be effective for a period
24
    longer than three days.
25
       No change for subd 2 to 4
26
        Subd. 5. Whenever and as soon as an inspector concludes
27
    that conditions or practices described in subdivision 1 exist in
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    any place of employment, he the inspector shall inform the
29
     affected employees and employers of the danger and that he the
30
    inspector is recommending to the commissioner that relief be
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       No change for subd 6
182*#663S
       182.663 STATISTICS AND RECORDKEEPING.
33
        No change for subd 1
34
35
        Subd. 2. Each employer shall make, keep and preserve, and
    make available to the commissioner such records regarding his
36
    the employer's activities relating to this chapter as the
37
    commissioner may prescribe by regulations as necessary or
39
    appropriate for the enforcement of this chapter or for the
40
     development of information regarding the causes and prevention
    of occupational accidents and illnesses. The records which the
41
    commissioner shall require the employer to make, keep and
42
43
     preserve shall be at least as effective as those required by the
44
    United States Department of Labor.
45
       No change for subd 3 to 5
46
       182.664 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH REVIEW BOARD.
47
        Subdivision 1. There is hereby created the occupational
    safety and health review board, consisting of three members to
48
    be appointed by the governor. The governor shall designate one
50
    member to serve as chairman chair. The review board members
51
    shall be chosen so that one shall represent management; one
52
    shall represent labor; and one shall represent the general
53
    public. The members shall be chosen from persons qualified by
54
    education, training or experience to carry out the functions of
55
    the board. Service on such board for a term shall not render a
56
     person ineligible for reappointment.
57
       No change for subd la to 2
58
       Subd. 3. The review board or its appointed administrative
59
    law judges may hold hearings at places of convenience to the
     parties concerned. The powers of the board in the conduct of
60
    hearings, including the power to administer oaths and subpoena
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62
    persons, may be exercised on its behalf by a member, members or
63
    an administrative law judge appointed by the board chairman
64
    chair. The board may administer oaths and subpoena persons,
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including parties, as witnesses and may compel them to produce 65 66 documentary evidence for hearings. A notice stating the time and place of the hearing must be given ten days in advance of 67 such a hearing to the parties and copies of the notice of such 68 69 hearing shall be posted by the employer at such places as the 70 board shall require. The hearings shall be open to the public 71 and the records of hearings shall be maintained and available for examination. The hearing shall be conducted in compliance 73 with rules contained in chapter 14. The rules of the board

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1 shall provide affected employers, employees or their
 3 provided they file notice at least five days before the start of the hearing.
 5
        No change for subd 4 to 5
182*#666S
        182.666 PENALTIES.
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 7
        No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. Any employer who has received a citation for a
 9 serious violation of his its duties under section 182.653, or
any standard, rule, or order promulgated under the authority of
this chapter, shall be assessed a fine not to exceed $1,000 for
12 each such violation.
       Subd. 3. Any employer who has received a citation for a
13
violation of his its duties under section 182.653, subdivisions 2 to 4, where such violation is specifically determined not to
16 be of a serious nature as provided in section 182.651,
17
    subdivision 12, may be assessed a fine of up to $1,000 for each
18
    such violation.
       No change for subd 4 to 7
19
182*#667S
20
        182.667 CRIMINAL PENALTIES.
21
        No change for subd 1 to 2
22
       Subd. 3. Any person who gives advance notice of any
23 inspection to be conducted under the authority of this chapter,
24 without the consent of the commissioner or his designees shall,
25 upon conviction, be assessed a fine of up to $3,000 or by
26
     imprisonment for not more than six months or by both.
182*#669S
27
        182.669 DISCRIMINATION.
28
        Subdivision 1. Any employee who-believes-that-he
29
   has believed to have been discharged or otherwise discriminated
30
    against by any person because such employee has exercised any
31
    right authorized under the provisions of sections 182.65 to
32
     182.674, may, within 30 days after such alleged discrimination
33
    occurs, file a complaint with the commissioner alleging the
34
   discriminatory act. Upon receipt of such complaint, the
35 commissioner shall cause such investigation to be made as he the
    commissioner deems appropriate. If upon such investigation the
36
37
    commissioner determines that a discriminatory act was committed
38
    against an employee he the commissioner shall refer the matter
39
    to the office of administrative hearings for a hearing before an
40 administrative law judge pursuant to the provisions of chapter
41
     14. The administrative law judge may order rehiring of the
42
    employee, reinstatement of his the employee's former position,
43 fringe benefits, seniority rights, back pay, recovery of
44 compensatory damages, and reasonable attorney fees, or other
45
    appropriate relief. Nothing in this section precludes an
46
    employee from bringing an action for relief under this section
     or any other provision of law.
47
48
     Subd. 2. Repealed, 1975 c 343 s 2
      Subd. 3. Repealed, 1975 c 343 s 2
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       Subd. 4. Repealed, 1975 c 343 s 2
Subd. 5. Repealed, 1975 c 343 s 2
Subd. 6. Repealed, 1975 c 343 s 2
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182*#67S
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        182.67 ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY.
54
       No change for subd 1 to 2
       Subd. 3. The commissioner shall designate a liaison
56
   officer from his the department whose duty it shall be to insure
57
    the maximum possible consistency in procedures and to insure
   minimum duplication between the department and the other
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59
    agencies that may be involved in occupational safety and health.
183*#352S
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        183.352 ELEVATOR OPERATORS.
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        The owner, manager, or lessee of any building in which
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    there is installed a passenger or freight elevator, as
63 hereinafter defined, shall designate a competent person or
64
    competent persons regularly to operate such elevator; provided,
65
    however, that any such owner, manager or lessee may arrange with
66 one or more tenants of such building to designate one or more of
67
   his-or their employees regularly to operate such elevator. No
person shall employ or permit a person not so designated to operate any such elevator.
68 person not so designated shall operate any such elevator and no
    operate any such elevator. The foregoing prohibitions shall not
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71 apply during any period of time when any such elevator is being

184.22 LICENSES REQUIRED.

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1 constructed, installed, inspected, repaired or maintained.
183*#411S
        183.411 STEAM FARM TRACTION ENGINES; SHOW BOILERS AND
     ENGINES.
 4
       No change for subd 1 to 2
        Subd. 3. LICENSES. A license to operate steam farm
 6
    traction engines, portable and stationary show engines and
 7
   portable and stationary show boilers shall be issued to an
 8
    applicant who:
 9
        (a) is 18 years of age or older;
10
        (b) has two licensed second class, grade A engineers or
11 steam traction engineers, or any combination thereof, cosign his
12
    the application; attesting to his the applicant's competence in
    operating said devices;
13
14
       (c) passes a written test for competence in operating said
15
    devices: and
16
        (d) pays the required fee.
17
       A license shall be valid for the lifetime of the licensee.
18
    A one time fee set by the commissioner pursuant to section
    16A.128, shall be charged for the license.
19
20
       Subd. 4. EXEMPTION. Any licensed steam engineer may
21
   operate steam farm traction engines, portable and stationary
22
     show engines and portable and stationary show boilers, subject
23 to the apparatus and horsepower restrictions set forth in his
24
     the license, without obtaining a license under subdivision 3.
183*#50S
       183.50 INSPECTION OF BOILERS AND PRESSURE VESSELS.
25
26
        The owner or manager of a boiler or pressure vessel shall
27
    allow inspectors full access thereto. Every engineer operating
28
    a boiler shall assist the inspector in the examination, and
29
    point out any known defects in the boilers, steam engines or
30
     turbines in his the engineer's charge.
183*#51S
31
       183.51 EXAMINATIONS; CLASSIFICATIONS; QUALIFICATIONS.
       No change for subd 1 to 13
Subd. 14. CURRENT BOILER OPERATORS. Any person
32
33
   operating a boiler other than a steam boiler on April 15, 1982
35
    shall be qualified for application for the applicable class
   license upon presentation of an affidavit furnished by an
36
37
     inspector and sworn to by his the person's employer or a chief
38 engineer. The applicant must have at least the number of years
39
    of actual experience specified for the class of license
40 requested and pass the appropriate examination.
41
       No change for subd 15
183*#52S
42
       183.52 REVOCATION OF LICENSE.
43
       The chief boiler inspector or his representative may issue
    cease and desist orders to any person found to be in violation
44
    of sections 183.375 to 183.62 or the rules adopted thereunder,
45
    or for otherwise operating or allowing a boiler or pressure
46
47
    vessel to be operated under unsafe or dangerous conditions, and
48
    may petition for enforcement of the order in the district
    court. The department may also suspend or revoke the license of
49
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    any engineer for a violation.
183*#54S
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       183.54 BOILER INSPECTOR TO DELIVER CERTIFICATES; PAYMENT
    OF INSPECTION FEES.
52
53
      No change for subd 1 to 2
       Subd. 3. FAILURE TO PAY FEE. If the owner or lessee
54
55
    of any boiler or pressure vessel, which boiler or pressure
    vessel has been duly inspected, refuses to pay the required fee
56
57
    within 30 days from the date of the inspection, the chief boiler
58
    inspector, or his deputy, may seal the boiler or pressure vessel
59
    until the fee is paid.
184*#21S
       184.21 DEFINITIONS.
60
61
       No change for subd 1 to 9
                  CHARACTER. "Character" includes
62
       Subd. 10.
63
    components of an applicant's ability to be an agent; such as,
    his moral character, education, business integrity, fiscal
65
    integrity, training and knowledge of the employment business,
66
    capability of staff, and the extent of his participation in
67
    operating the agency.
      No change for subd 11
68
184*#22S
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Subdivision 1. INDIVIDUALS; SEPARATE LOCATIONS. No person shall engage in the business of or act as an employment agent or counselor unless he-first-obtains a license from the department is first obtained. Each separate location for the business of an employment agency or for employment counseling 5 6 shall have a separate agency license and a licensed manager who 7 shall have immediate control of only one location. Subd. 2. EXEMPTIONS. Except as otherwise 8 specifically provided, the provisions of sections 184.21 to 9 10 184.41 do not apply to any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association engaged in the business of a 11 12 management consultant, management search consultant or personnel consulting firm (hereafter "search firm") if: (1) the search 13 14 firm is retained by, acts on behalf of and is only compensated 15 by the employer, pursuant to a written or oral agreement specifying the position to be filled; (2) in no instance will 16 17 any individual candidate who is identified, appraised or recommended by the search firm for employment become liable in 18 19 whole or in part to pay a fee of any kind, directly or indirectly, on account of any service performed by the search 20 21 firm; (3) in no instance does the search firm or its agents solicit, persuade or induce any individual to terminate his-or 22 23 her employment with an employer with whom the search firm has placed that individual; and (4) the search firm does not carry 24 on any other activity that comes within the definition of 25 26 employment agency as hereinbefore defined. Each search firm shall file annually with the commissioner a sworn statement 27 indicating whether or not it has conducted its business during 2.8 the past year in a manner consistent with the above provisions, 30 exempting search firms from regulation as employment agencies. 31 The statement must include, in addition to other information the 32 commissioner by rule requires, a representation as to whether 33 the search firm has placed any advertisements in the "help 34 wanted" columns of newspapers published in Minnesota. If the commissioner at any time has reason to believe that the search 35 firm has not conducted its business in a manner consistent with 36 37 the above four conditions, the commissioner may inspect the 38 relevant records of the search firm for the purpose of confirming whether the search firm has maintained its exempt 39 40 status during the year. If it is determined, either by written admission by the search firm or by a finding of fact in a court 41 of law or by a hearing officer pursuant to chapter 14, that any 42 43 of the four conditions were not met, the search firm shall 44 thereafter be considered an employment agency and be subject to the provisions of sections 184.21 to 184.41. If an employment 45 46 agency offers services which are the same or similar to those 47 offered by a search firm, or if a search firm offers services 48 which are the same or similar to those offered by an employment 49 agency, the person or entity offering these combined employment agency and search firm services shall identify itself to the 50 51 public by displaying the name in which it is registered with the 52 commission as a licensed employment agency; provided, that no 53 registered search firm may offer licensed employment agency 54 services at the same location. 55 No change for subd 3 to 184*#26S 184.26 APPLICATION; LICENSING. 56 Subdivision 1. Every applicant for an employment agent's 57 58 license or a renewal thereof shall file with the department a 59 written application stating the name and address of the 60 applicant, the street and number of the building in which the 61

business of the employment agent is to be conducted, the name of the person who is to have the general management of the office, the name under which the business of the office is to be carried on, whether or not the applicant is pecuniarily interested in any other business of a like nature and, if so, where. Such application shall also state whether the applicant is the only person pecuniarily interested in the business to be carried on under the license, and shall be signed by the applicant and sworn to before a notary public and shall identify anyone holding over 20 percent interest in the agency or receiving any percentage of the profits. If the applicant is a corporation, the application shall state the names and addresses of the officers and directors of the corporation, and shall be signed

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73 and sworn to by the president and secretary thereof. If the 74

75 applicant is a partnership, the application shall also state the

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names and addresses of all partners therein, and shall be signed and sworn to by all of them. The application shall also state whether or not the applicant is, at the time of making 3 application, or has at any previous time been engaged in or interested in, or employed by anyone engaged in the business of an employment agent, either in this state or any other, and, if 7 so, when and where. Every applicant for a license to engage in 8 the business of an employment agent shall, at the time of making 9 application for said license, file with the department a schedule of the fees or charges to be collected by such 10 11 employment agency for any services rendered, together with all 12 rules and regulations that may in any way affect the fees 13 charged or to be charged for any service. Such fees and such 14 rules or regulations may thereafter be changed by filing an 15 amended or supplemental schedule showing such charges, with the 16 department. Such schedule of fees and charges shall contain all information concerning financing the payment of the same 17 18 including the rate of interest charged as well as any other 19 service or carrying charges or costs. It shall be unlawful for 20 any employment agency to charge, demand, collect, or receive a 21 greater compensation for any service performed by-him than is 22 specified in such schedule filed with the department. 23

Subd. 2. Every applicant for a license for counselor or a renewal thereof shall file with the department a written application stating the name and address of the applicant, the kind of license desired, the name of the employment agency by whom such applicant will be employed if granted a license, the address where such agency conducts its business, whether or not the applicant is pecuniarily interested in the business of the employment agency by which he the applicant shall be employed or of any other employment agency and if so the name and address of such agency or agencies as well as a description of such interest. The application shall also state whether or not the applicant is at the time of making application or has at any previous time been engaged or interested in or employed by an employment agency either in this state or any other and if so when and where.

No change for subd 3 to 4

Subd. 5. As a prerequisite to the granting of an employment agent's license to any firm, partnership, corporation, or association, an applicant therefor shall designate which of its members, shareholders, officers or directors are or shall be actively engaged in the business of the employment agency who, upon compliance with the terms of sections 184.21 to 184.40 shall, upon issuance of said employment agent's license, be entitled to perform all of the acts of an employment agent contemplated by sections 184.21 to 184.40.

Each such member, shareholder, director, or officer so designated, however, must make application for an employment agency manager's license, which application shall accompany the application for the employment agent's license for the firm, partnership, corporation, or association and be filed with the department at the same time as the application of the firm, partnership, corporation, or association for a license.

In the event any person becomes an active designated member, shareholder, officer, or director of a firm, partnership, corporation, or association after the issuance of an employment agent's license thereto, he the person shall as a prerequisite to becoming such an active member, or shareholder, officer, or director procure an employment agency manager's license as herein provided.

184*#285 63

184.28 EXAMINATION.

Subdivision 1. Every applicant for an employment agency manager's license or a counselor's license shall, before the department issue issues a license to-him, be required to take and successfully complete a written examination conducted by the department or its authorized representative of such nature and scope as will be sufficient in the judgment of the department to establish the competency of the applicant to operate and conduct an employment agency or to perform services as a counselor for such agency. The examination for a license to manage an employment agency shall be more exacting and shall require a higher standard of knowledge as to the fundamentals of operating an employment agency and of the law and regulations pertaining

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thereto, than that for a counselor's license. No examination shall be required for the renewal of any license unless such 3 license has theretofore been revoked or suspended. Provided, 4 however, that any licensee having been licensed to conduct an 5 employment agency or as a counselor in the state of Minnesota 6 who shall fail to renew his the license within 90 days after t who shall fail to renew his the license within 90 days after the date of expiration may be required by the department to again 8 take an examination. 9 No change for subd 2 184*#33S 10 184.33 ISSUANCE OR REFUSAL TO ISSUE; REVOCATION OR 11 SUSPENSION. 12 Subdivision 1. The department shall issue a license as an 13 employment agent, employment agency manager or counselor to any 14 person who qualifies for such license under the terms of 15 sections 184.21 to 184.40. The department may refuse to issue 16 an employment agency license whenever, after due investigation, 17 the department finds that the character of the applicant makes 18 him the applicant unfit to be an employment agent, or when the 19 premises for conducting the business of an employment agent is 20 found upon investigation to be unfit for such use. No agency license shall be issued to any person, firm, corporation or 21 22 association that has, within the past three years, been 23 convicted in any court of fraud or felony. No license shall be 24 issued to any attorney whose license to practice law has been 25 suspended or revoked, for a period of three years after the date of such suspension or revocation. The department may refuse to issue a license to any person or may suspend or revoke the 27 28 license of any employment agent, employment agency manager or 29 counselor when it finds that any of the following conditions 30 31 (a) That the employment agent or counselor has violated any 32 condition of the bond required by sections 184.21 to 184.40; 33 (b) That the person, employment agent or counselor has 34 personally engaged in a fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest 35 practice; 36 (c) That the person, employment agent or counselor has 37 violated any provisions of sections 184.21 to 184.40; 38 (d) That the person, employment agent or counselor has been 39 legally adjudicated incompetent and has not been restored to 40 capacity. 41 No change for subd 2 184*#345 184.34 PROCEDURE FOR THE SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF A 42 43 LICENSE. 44 No change for subd 1 45 Subd. 2. In all other cases the department may not refuse 46 to issue a license or suspend or revoke a license under section 184.33 unless it furnishes the person, employment agent or 47 counselor with a written statement of the charges against-him 48 49 and affords him an opportunity to be heard on the charges. He shall-be-given At least ten days written notice of the date and 50 time of the hearing shall be given. The notice shall be sent by 51 certified mail to the address of the person as shown on his the 52 53 application for license or it may be served in the manner in 54 which a summons is served in civil cases commenced in the district court. 55 56 Subd. 3. At the time and place fixed for the hearing the 57 department shall hold such hearing and thereafter make its order 58 either dismissing the charges or refusing, suspending or 59 revoking the license. At the hearing the accused shall have the right to appear personally and by counsel and to cross examine 60 61 witnesses against-him, and to produce evidence and witnesses in 62 his defense, and shall have the right to have witnesses 63 subpoenaed, which subpoena shall be issued by the commissioner. 64 No change for subd 4 184*#365 65 184.36 PLACES OF BUSINESS. Subdivision 1. No employment agent shall open, conduct, or 67 maintain an employment agency at any other place than that specified in the license without first obtaining the consent of 68 69 the department. Such consent may be withheld for any reason for 70 which an original application might have been rejected, if such

place has been mentioned therein. If such consent is given, it shall be endorsed upon the license and, if such license is

renewed, such other place shall be substituted for the place

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originally named in the license. So long as any employment
     agent shall continue to act as such under his a license he the
     agent shall maintain and keep open an office or place of
     business at the place specified in the license.
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       No change for subd 2
184*#385
       184.38 RULES GOVERNING AGENCIES.
       No change for subd 1 to 5
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       Subd. 6. (a) No employment agent or search firm shall send
 9
     out any applicant for employment without having obtained a job
    order, and if no employment of the kind applied for existed at
10
11
     the place to which the applicant was directed, the employment
12
    agent or search firm shall refund to the applicant, within 48
13
     hours of demand, any sums paid by the applicant for
     transportation in going to and returning from the place.
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       (b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent
16
    an employment agent or search firm from directing an applicant
17
     to an employer where the employer has previously requested that
     he-be-accorded interviews with applicants of certain types and
18
19
    qualifications, even though no actual vacancy existed in the
20
     employer's organization at the time the applicant was so
21
     directed; nor shall it prevent the employment agent or search
    firm from attempting to sell the services of an applicant to the
22
23
    employer even though no order has been placed with the
24
    employment agent or search firm; provided, that prior to
25
    scheduling an interview with an employer, when no opening
    currently exists with that employer, the applicant is clearly
26
27
    informed that no opening exists at that time.
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       Subd. 7. No employment agent shall, by-himself
29
     individually, or by his an agent or agents, solicit, persuade,
30
    or induce any employee to leave any employment in which the
31
    employment agent or his agents has of the employment agent have
32
    placed the employee, nor shall any agent, by-himself
33
     individually or through any of-his agents, persuade or induce or
34
    solicit any employer to discharge any employee.
       No change for subd 8 to 15
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       Subd. 16. Every employment agent shall notify the
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37
    department within 10 days of any change in the address where
38
    such agent conducts his business, and he shall notify the
    department within 10 days when he the employment agent can no
39
    longer be reached at the last business address given by-him to
40
41
     the department.
       Subd. 17. Except for applicant information given in the
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    course of normal agency or firm operations, no employment agent
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    or search firm shall voluntarily sell, give, or otherwise
45
    transfer any files, records, or other information relating to
    his its employment agency or search firm applicants and
46
    employers to any person other than a licensed employment agent
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48
    or registered search firm or a person who agrees to obtain an
    employment agency license or register as a search firm. Every
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    employment agent or search firm who ceases to engage in the
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    business of or act as an employment agent or search firm shall
    notify the department of such fact within 30 days thereof, and
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    shall advise the department as to the disposition of all files
54
    and other records relating to his its employment agency or
55
    search firm business.
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       No change for subd 18 to 20
184A#12S
       184A.12 ISSUANCE; REFUSAL; REVOCATION; SUSPENSION.
57
58
       The department shall issue a license as an entertainment
    agent, to a person who qualifies for the license under the terms
    of sections 184A.04 to 184A.10. The department may refuse to
60
61
    issue an entertainment agency license when, after due
62
    investigation, the department finds that the character-of-the
63
    applicant makes-him is of unfit character to be an entertainment
64
    agent, or when the premises for conducting the business of an
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    entertainment agent is found upon investigation to be unfit for
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     this use. No agency license shall be issued to a person, firm,
    corporation, or association that has, within the past three
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issued to an attorney whose license to practice law has been suspended or revoked, for a period of three years after the date of the suspension or revocation. The department may refuse to issue a license to a person or may suspend or revoke the license of a entertainment agent when it finds that any of the following conditions exist:

years, been convicted of fraud or felony. No license shall be

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PAGE

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(a) the entertainment agent has violated a condition of the
 2 bond required by section 184A.10;
      (b) the person or entertainment agent has personally
 4 engaged in a fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest practice;
 5 (c) the person or entertainment agent has violated any
    provisions of sections 184A.02 to 184A.19; or
 6
        (d) the person or entertainment agent has been legally
 8 adjudicated incompetent and has not been restored to capacity.
 9
        This section shall not be construed to relieve a person
10
     from civil liability or from criminal prosecution under the laws
11
     of this state. A violation of this section shall be treated as
12
     a violation of section 325F.69.
184A#13S
     184A.13 PROCEDURE FOR SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION.
13
14
        No change for subd 1
15
       Subd. 2. OTHER CASES. In all other cases the
16
    department may not refuse to issue a license or suspend or
17
     revoke a license unless it furnishes the person or entertainment
18 agent with a written statement of the charges against-him and
    affords him an opportunity to be heard on the charges. He-shall
19
    be-given At least ten days' written notice of the date and time
20
     of the hearing shall be given. The notice shall be sent by
21
22 certified mail to the address of the person as shown on his the
23 application for license or it may be served in the manner in
24 which a summons is served in civil cases commenced in the
25 district court.
      Subd. 3. HEARING. At the hearing, the person or
26
27 entertainment agent whose license application or continuance is
28
    in question shall have the right to appear personally and be
29
    represented by counsel and to cross-examine witnesses against
30 him and to produce evidence and witnesses in his defense of the
31 charges, and shall have the right to have witnesses subpoenaed,
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    which subpoena shall be issued by the commissioner.
184A#14S
        184A,14 APPEAL TO DISTRICT COURT.
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34
        If the department refuses to grant a license, or suspends
35
    or revokes a license that has been granted, the applicant shall
36 have the right of appeal to the district court of the county of
37
    the applicant's residence. If the applicant is not a resident
38 of the state, he-may the appeal may be to the district court for
39 Ramsey county. The court shall advance cases on their calendars
40 for early disposition. In counties having continuous sessions
   of court, the cases shall be heard within 20 days after appeal
41
     is perfected. Appeal shall be perfected by the service of a
12
43 written notice of appeal upon the commissioner of labor and
44
    industry within 60 days after notice to the applicant of the
45
    department's action.
184A#18S
       184A.18 AGENCY CONDUCT.
47
       No change for subd 1
48
       Subd. 2. STRIKE OR LOCKOUT. No entertainment agent
49
    shall fail to state in an advertisement, proposal, or contract
50 for employment, that there is a strike or lockout at the place
51
    of proposed employment if he the agent has knowledge that this
    condition exists.
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53
       No change for subd 3 to 4
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       Subd. 5. SERVICE ON DEPARTED LICENSEE. When a
    licensee has departed from the state with intent to defraud
55
56 creditors or to avoid service of summons in an action brought
57 under sections 184A.01 to 184A.20, service shall be made upon
58
    the surety as prescribed in the rules of civil procedure. A
59 copy of the summons shall be mailed to the licensee at the last
also at the place where the business of the entertainment agency was conducted as shown by the
60 known post office address of his the licensee's residence and
    was conducted as shown by the records of the department.
63 Service is complete as to the licensee, after mailing, at the
64 expiration of the time prescribed by the rules of civil
65
    procedure for service of summons in the particular court in
66
    which suit is brought.
67
        185.01 EMPLOYEES PERMITTED TO ORGANIZE.
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        It shall not be unlawful for working-men-and-women workers
   to organize themselves into, or carry on, labor unions for the
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70 purpose of lessening the hours of labor or increasing the wages

or carrying out their legitimate purposes as freely as they

or bettering the conditions of the members of such organizations

l could do if acting singly. 185*#02S

2 185.02 RESTRAINING ORDER OR INJUNCTION, WHEN NOT ISSUED. 3 No restraining order or injunction shall be granted by any 4 court of this state, or any judge thereof, in any case between an employer and employee, or between employees, or between persons employed and persons seeking employment, involving or growing out of a dispute concerning terms or conditions of employment except after notice and a hearing in court and shown 9 to be necessary to prevent irreparable injury to property or to 10 a property right of the party making the application, for which 11 injury there is no adequate remedy at law, and such property or 12 property right must be described with particularity in the 13 application, which must be in writing and sworn to by the applicant or by his the applicant's agent or attorney; provided, 14 15 that a temporary restraining order may be issued without notice 16 and hearing upon a proper showing that violence is actually 17 being caused or is imminently probable on the part of the person or persons sought to be restrained; and, provided, that in such 18 restraining order all parties to the action shall be similarly 19 20 restrained.

185*#05S

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185.05 INDICTMENT, WHEN NOT TO BE RETURNED.

No person shall be indicted, prosecuted, or tried in any court of this state for entering into or carrying on any arrangement, agreement, or combination between themselves made with a view of lessening the number of hours of labor or increasing wages or bettering the condition of working-men workers, or for any act done in pursuance thereof, unless such act is in itself forbidden by law if done by a single individual. 185*#08S

185.08 PUBLIC POLICY DECLARED.

In the interpretation of the provisions of sections 185.07to 185.19 and in determining the jurisdiction and authority of the courts of the state, as such jurisdiction and authority are therein defined and limited, the public policy of this state is hereby declared as follows.

Whereas, under prevailing economic conditions, developed with the aid of governmental authority for owners of property to organize in the corporate and other forms of ownership association, the individual unorganized worker is commonly helpless to exercise actual liberty of contract and to protect his freedom of labor, and thereby obtain acceptable terms and conditions of employment, wherefore, though he workers should be free to decline to associate with his-fellows other workers, it is necessary that he workers have full freedom of association, self-organization, and designation of representatives of his the workers own choosing, to negotiate the terms and conditions of his employment, and that he a worker shall be free from the interference, restraint, or coercion of employers of labor, or their agents, in the designation of such representatives or in self-organization or in other concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection; therefore, the following definitions of, and limitations upon, the jurisdiction and authority of the courts of the state, are hereby enacted.

185*#09S

185.09 CERTAIN ACTS NOT ENFORCEABLE.

Any undertaking or promise such as is described in this section, or any other undertaking or promise in conflict with the public policy declared in section 185.08, is hereby declared to be contrary to the public policy of the state, shall not be enforceable in any court of the state, and shall not afford any basis for the granting of legal or equitable relief by any court, including specifically the following:

Every undertaking or promise hereafter made, whether written or oral, express or implied, constituting or contained in any contract or agreement of hiring or employment between any individual firm, company, association, or corporation, and any employee or prospective employee of the same, whereby

- (1) Either party to such contract or agreement undertakes or promises not to join, become or remain a member of, any labor organization or of any employer organization; or
- 70 (2) Either party to such contract or agreement undertakes 71 or promises that-he-will to withdraw from an employment relation 72 in the event that he the party joins, becomes or remains a

1 member of, any labor organization or of any employer 2 organization.

185*#13S

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185.13 LIMITED JURISDICTION OF COURT IN CERTAIN CASES. No court of the state shall have jurisdiction to issue a 5 temporary or permanent injunction in any case involving or growing out of a labor dispute, except after hearing the 7 testimony of witnesses in open court, with opportunity for 8 cross-examination, in support of the allegations of a complaint made under oath, and testimony in opposition thereto, if offered, and except after findings of fact by the court, to the 11 effect:

- (1) That unlawful acts have been threatened and will be committed unless restrained, or have been committed and will be continued unless restrained, but no injunction or temporary restraining order shall be issued on account of any threat or 16 unlawful act excepting against the person or persons, association, or organization making the threat or committing the unlawful act, or actually authorizing or ratifying the same after actual knowledge thereof;
- (2) That substantial and irreparable injury to 21 complainant's property will follow;
- (3) That as to each item of relief granted greater injury will be inflicted upon complainant by the denial of relief than 24 will be inflicted upon defendants by the granting of relief;
 - (4) That complainant has no adequate remedy at law; and
- 25 (5) That the public officers charged with the duty to 27 protect complainant's property have failed to furnish adequate protection.

Such hearing shall be held after due and personal notice thereof has been given, in such manner as the court shall direct, to all known persons against whom relief is sought, and 32 also to the chief of those public officials of the county and 33 city within which the unlawful acts have been threatened or 34 committed, charged with the duty to protect complainant's property. If complainant shall also allege that, unless a temporary restraining order shall be issued without notice, a substantial and irreparable injury to complainant's property will be unavoidable, such a temporary restraining order may be issued upon testimony under oath, sufficient, if sustained, to justify the court in issuing a temporary injunction upon a hearing after notice. Such a temporary restraining order shall be effective until hearing and decision on the petition for a temporary injunction unless theretofore revoked by the court, which hearing shall be held within ten days after issuance of a temporary restraining order unless defendants ask for additional time. Any temporary restraining order so issued shall become void at the expiration of this period of ten days unless renewed. No temporary restraining order or temporary injunction shall be issued except on condition that complainant shall first file an undertaking with adequate security, in an amount to be fixed by the court sufficient to recompense those enjoined for any loss, expense, or damage caused by the improvident or erroneous issuance of such order or injunction, including all reasonable costs, together with a reasonable attorney's fee, and expense of defense against the order or against the granting of any injunctive relief sought in the same proceeding and subsequently denied by the court.

The undertaking herein mentioned shall be understood to signify an agreement entered into by the complainant and the surety upon which a decree may be rendered in the same suit or proceeding against the complainant and surety, upon a hearing to assess damages, of which hearing complainant and surety shall have reasonable notice, the complainant and surety submitting themselves to the jurisdiction of the court for that purpose. Nothing herein contained shall deprive any party having a claim or cause of action under or upon such undertaking from electing to pursue his-ordinary a remedy by suit at law or in equity. 185*#15S

185.15 COURT TO CERTIFY PROCEEDINGS ON APPEAL.

When any court of the state shall issue or deny any 7.0 temporary injunction in a case involving or growing out of a labor dispute, the court shall, upon the request of any party to the proceedings, and on his the party filing the usual bond for 73 costs, forthwith certify, as in ordinary cases, the record of 74 the case for appeal.

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185.18 DEFINITIONS.
 1
        No change for subd 1 to 2
        Subd. 3. PERSONS PARTICIPATING OR INTERESTED IN LABOR
 3
    DISPUTE. A person or association shall be held to be a
    person participating or interested in a labor dispute if relief
    is sought against him-or-it the person or association, and if he
     er-it the person or association is engaged in the same industry,
   trade, craft, or occupation in which such dispute occurs, or has
 9
    a direct or indirect interest therein, or is a member, officer,
    or agent of any association composed in whole or in part of
    employers or employees engaged in such industry, trade, craft,
11
     or occupation.
13
       No change for subd 4 to 5
185*#195
       185.19 APPLICATION OF SECTIONS 185.07 TO 185.18.
14
       Sections 185.07 to 185.18 shall not be held to apply to
16
     policemen police officers or firefighters or any other public
17
     officials charged with duties relating to public safety.
186*#01S
        186.01 UNFAIR COMPETITION AND TRADE PRACTICES PROHIBITED.
19
       Upon application to the governor for relief from unfair
    competition and unfair trade practices arising from competition
20
21
     essentially and preponderantly intrastate, resulting in
22
     unemployment, economic distress and disorganization of service
23
    trades engaged in rendering and performing personal services
24
   upon persons and licensed and regulated as such by the state,
25
     for the safeguard and protection of the public health from
26
    infection or contagion of communicable diseases, the governor,
27
    upon approval thereof, is hereby authorized, empowered and
28
    directed to investigate, ascertain, declare and prescribe
29
     reasonable rules, regulations, or standards, to prevent such
   unfair competition and unfair trade practices, to establish
30
    standards of maximum hours of labor, minimum rates of pay and
31
32
   working conditions, whenever a variance therefrom would
    constitute unfair competition and unfair trade practices, to
33
34
     create trade areas with due regard to the proximity to state
    lines and differentiation between metropolitan and rural areas,
36
    and to make such provisions in relation to the enforcement
37
     thereof as he the governor may from time to time determine. The
38
     term "personal services," as used in this chapter, shall not
     include the services of a person duly licensed or registered by
    the state of Minnesota to practice any of the healing arts.
40
186*#02S
       186.02 APPLICATION.
41
42
       Such application shall be made by not less than 65 percent
43
    of all persons, firms, and corporations engaged in such service
44
    trades in any municipality or subdivision of the state, or in
45
     any trade area created under the provisions of this chapter.
46
    Such rules, regulations, or standards to prevent unfair
47
    competition and unfair trade practices shall be prescribed and
48
    approved by the governor after such reasonable public notice and
49
    hearing as he the governor shall specify and if-he-finds on
50
    finding:
51
       (1) That such rules, regulations, or standards are not
52
     designed to promote monopolies or to eliminate or oppress such
53
    service trades and will not operate to discriminate against them
    and will tend to effectuate the policy of this chapter;
55
       (2) That such rules, regulations, or standards are not
56
    inequitable and the interests of the consumers and the general
57
    public will be protected; and
58
      (3) That such rules, regulations, or standards are
59
   necessary for the stabilization of the business of such service
60
    trades, the governor may, as a condition of approval of any such
61
    rules, regulations, or standards, impose such conditions for the
62
    protection of consumers, competitors, employees, and others and
63
    in the furtherance of the public interest and provide such
    exceptions to and exemptions from the provisions of such rules,
64
65
     regulations, or standards as in his the governor's discretion
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68 186.07 VIOLATION A MISDEMEANOR. 69

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186*#07S

chapter.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter, or who violates any duly adopted rule, regulation, or 71 standard, or who neglects, fails, or refuses to comply with any

are deemed necessary to effectuate the policy declared in this

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1 notice duly issued by the governor, or who fails, refuses, or
    neglects to perform any duty imposed upon him the person by this
    chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished
    accordingly.
 4
 186*#085
  5
        186.08 GOVERNOR MAY APPOINT ENFORCEMENT AGENTS.
       The governor may designate or appoint such agents,
  7
     deputies, commissioners, or any department of the state, to
     administer and enforce every order, rule, regulation, or
     standard prescribed or approved by him the governor.
 190*#02S
10
        190.02 GOVERNOR TO BE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF; RULES AND
 11
     REGULATIONS; STAFF.
        The governor shall be the commander-in-chief of the
 12
 13 military forces, except so much thereof as may be in the actual
 14 service of the United States, and may employ the same for the
 15
     defense or relief of the state, the enforcement of its law, and
     the protection of life and property therein.
16
       He The governor shall make and publish regulations, not
 17
 18 inconsistent with law, and enforce all the provisions of the
 19
    Military Code.
20
       He The governor may appoint a staff, consisting of an
21 adjutant general and six aides-de-camp of field grade who shall
 22 be detailed from the national guard.
 190*#0255
 23
        190.025 FRESH PURSUIT.
24
        Subdivision 1. ENTRY INTO OTHER STATES. In case the
 25 United States is at war or in case of any other emergency
    declared by the president or the congress of the United States
26
27
     or by the governor or the legislature of this state, any
28 organization, unit, or detachment of the military forces of this
29 state, by direction of the governor and upon order of the
 30 officer in immediate command thereof, may continue in fresh
pursuit of insurrectionists, saboteurs, enemies, or enemy forces
beyond the borders of this state into another state until they
33 are apprehended or captured by such organization, unit, or
 34 detachment, or until the military or police forces of such other
35
     state or the forces of the United States have had a reasonable
 36
     opportunity to take up the pursuit or to apprehend or capture
37 the persons pursued, provided such other state shall have given
38 authority by law for such pursuit by such forces of this state.
39 Except as otherwise provided by law, any person who shall be
40
     apprehended or captured in another state by any of the forces of
     this state shall without unnecessary delay be surrendered to the
41
42
     military or police forces of the state in which he the person is
43 taken or to the United States, but such surrender shall not
44
     constitute a waiver by this state of its right to extradite or
45
     prosecute such person for any crime committed in this state.
46
        No change for subd 2 to 3
190*#05S
47
        190.05 DEFINITIONS.
       No change for subd 1 to 5c
48
        Subd. 6. The term "enlisted man member" includes
50 enlisted men-of members in the army national guard,-airmen
     of and the air national guardy-and-enlisted-women-of-either
51
     service-or-both.
52
53
        No change for subd 7
190*#06S
54
        190.06 MILITIA; MEMBERS; EXEMPTIONS.
55
        Subdivision 1. COMPOSITION. The militia shall
56 consist of all able-bodied male citizens of the state and all
57
    other able-bodied males, resident therein, who have or shall
58
     have declared their intention to become citizens of the United
59
     States, when so authorized by federal law, who shall be 18 or
60 more years of age, and, except as otherwise provided, not more
 61
     than 45 years of age; provided, that the governor may, when
62
     he the governor deems it necessary for the defense of the state,
63
     extend the maximum age for militia service to not more than 64
64
     years.
65
        No change for subd 2 to 3
        Subd. 4. EXEMPTIONS FROM MILITARY DUTY.
66
67
     officers, judicial and executive, of the government of the
68
     United States and of the states; persons in the military or
     naval service of the United States; custom house clerks, persons
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70
     employed by the United States in the transmission of the mail;
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71 artificers and workmen workers employed in the armories,

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arsenals, and navy yards of the United States; pilots and
    mariners actually employed in the sea service of any citizen or
 3 merchant within the United States, shall all be exempt from
    militia duty without regard to age, and all persons who because
    of religious beliefs shall claim exemption from military service
    if the conscientious holding of such belief by such person shall
    be established under such regulations as the President of the
8
    United States shall prescribe, shall be exempt from militia
    service in a combatant capacity; but no person so exempted shall
10
    be exempt from militia service in any capacity that the
11
    President of the United States shall declare to be non-combatant.
190*#07S
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       190.07 APPOINTMENT; QUALIFICATIONS; RANK.
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There shall be an adjutant general of the state who shall be appointed by the governor, who shall be a staff officer, who at the time of appointment shall be a commissioned officer of the National Guard of this state, with not less than ten years military service in the armed forces of this state or of the United States, at least three of which shall have been commissioned and who shall have reached the grade of a field officer.

He The adjutant general shall hold rank equal to that of the highest rank authorized for the army and air national guard in the table of organization for units allotted to the state by the department of the army, or the department of the air force, or by both such departments, through the national guard bureau. However, he the adjutant general shall not be appointed to the rank of major general unless-he-has without having 20 years service in the national guard, of which 2 years has been in the rank of brigadier general.

He The adjutant general shall hold office as provided by United States Code, title 32, section 314, as amended through the date of appointment, and shall not be removed from office except upon withdrawal of federal recognition or as otherwise provided by the military laws of this state. 190*#08S

190.08 MILITARY STAFF; ACTIVE DUTY ORDERS; PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

No change for subd 1 to 4

Subd. 5. In addition to the officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men members ordered to active service the adjutant general may employ such civilian administrative, clerical, maintenance, and caretaker personnel as are necessary for administration of the military department.

Subd. 6. The adjutant general shall receive the pay and allowances provided by law for an officer of similar rank and length of service in the armed forces of the United States. All other officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men members in active service on the staff of the adjutant general shall receive the pay and allowances prescribed for personnel of similar grade and length of service in the armed forces of the United States subject to the following provisions: (1) The adjutant general by general orders may limit for pay purposes the grade authorized for any staff position, and (2) Enlisted men members may be paid the additional pay authorized by section 192.51, subdivision 2. 190*#09S

190.09 POWERS, DUTIES.

The adjutant general shall be the chief of staff to the commander-in-chief and the administrative head of the military department. He The adjutant general shall have an office in the capitol and keep it open during the usual business hours.

He The adjutant general shall have custody of all military records, correspondence, and other military documents. He The adjutant general shall be the medium of military correspondence with the governor and perform all other duties pertaining to $h \pm s$ that office prescribed by law. He The adjutant general shall make an annual report to the governor, at such time as the governor may require, of all the transactions of his the military affairs department, setting forth the number, strength and condition of the national quard, and such other matters as he-may-deem deemed important:--He and shall make and transmit to the federal government the returns required by the laws of the United States. He The adjutant general shall, whenever

necessary, cause the military code, orders and regulations of

the state to be printed and distributed to the commissioned

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officers and the several organizations of the national guard-He and shall cause to be prepared and issued all necessary books, blanks and notices required to carry into full effect the 3 provisions of the military code. All such books and blanks 5 shall be and remain the property of the state. 6

The seal now used in the office of the adjutant general shall be the seal of his that office and shall be delivered by him to his the successor in that office. All orders issued from his the adjutant general's office shall be authenticated with his that seal. The adjutant general shall attest all commissions issued to military officers. He The adjutant general will superintend the preparation of all returns and reports required by the United States from the state on military matters.

The adjutant general shall designate an assistant adjutant general to serve as deputy adjutant general to perform the duties of the adjutant general during periods when the adjutant general is absent or unable to perform his that officer's duties. In the absence of all of the above, the senior officer of the national guard, shall perform the duties prescribed for the adjutant general.

The flags and colors carried by Minnesota troops in the Civil War, Indian Wars, Spanish-American War, Mexican Border 24 Campaign, the first World War, and subsequent wars shall be preserved in the capitol under the especial care of the adjutant general. They shall be suitably encased and marked, and, so far as the adjutant general may deem it consistent with their safety, shall at all times be publicly displayed. 190*#0965

190.096 BATTLE FLAGS; REPAIR.

AUTHORITY TO REPAIR. Notwithstanding Subdivision 1. the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1961, chapters 16 and 43, the adjutant general may contract for the repair, restoration, and preservation of regimental battle flags, standards, and guidons with persons or corporations skilled in such repair, restoration, and preservation, upon terms or conditions he the adjutant general deems proper, subject to the approval of the commissioner of administration.

Subd. 2. SURRENDER. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 190.09, the adjutant general may, for the purposes of this section, surrender the immediate custody and control of regimental battle flags, standards, and guidons under conditions and safeguards he the adjutant general deems necessary and proper, for such time as is reasonably necessary for their restoration, after which they shall at once be again properly stored or displayed. The adjutant general shall provide adequate storage and display space for flags, standards, and guidons which have been repaired and restored. 190*#115

190.11 CAMP GROUNDS AND MILITARY RESERVATIONS.

The adjutant general shall have charge of the camp grounds and military reservations of the state and shall be responsible for the protection and safety thereof, and promulgate 52 regulations for the maintenance of order thereon, for the enforcement of traffic rules and for all other lawful regulations as may be ordered for the operation, care and preservation of existing facilities and installations on all state military reservations.

He The adjutant general shall keep in repair all state buildings, and other improvements thereon, including water pipes laid by the state on highways leading thereto and of all military property connected with the grounds --- He and may make 61 such further improvements thereon as the good of the service requires.

Private property may be acquired by condemnation, upon the application of the adjutant general, for camp ground, rifle 65 range, and other military purposes. All damages, cost, and expense incurred in condemning such property shall be paid by the state treasurer, upon certificate of the adjutant general 68 and warrant of the commissioner of finance, from any unexpended balance of the military fund after meeting the demands of the national guard.

190*#13S

190.13 RECORDS OF VETERANS' WAR SERVICE. 71

72 The-adjutant-general-shall-keep-compiled, From the original 73 muster rolls in his the office, and such additional sources as

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he the adjutant general can command, the adjutant general shall
    keep a compilation of a complete alphabetical list of the
     Minnesota volunteers in the Civil War and shall compile and
 3
     maintain individual records of every Minnesota resident who
     served or participated in the Civil War, Spanish-American War,
     Philippine War, Mexican Border service, Indian Wars, and the
   first World War. He The adjutant general shall compile and
     maintain individual records of all members of the Minnesota
    national guard who served in the second World War and subsequent
10
    wars and conflicts and include therein the military history of
11
    each man member as it may be obtainable.
190*#255
12
       190.25 LANDS FOR TRAINING ARMED FORCES.
13
       Subdivision 1. The adjutant general is hereby authorized
14
    to acquire in the name of the state by purchase, gift, or
15
    condemnation, all lands which he the adjutant general may deem
16
    necessary, including lands already devoted to a public use, for
17
    military training purposes, adjacent to or in the vicinity of
18
    the military field training center at Camp Ripley, or at any
19
    other suitable place in this state, subject to the limitations
20
     of funds appropriated and available.
21
       No change for subd 2 to 3
       Subd. 4. The adjutant general is authorized, whenever
22
23
    military training purposes require, to close and obliterate any
24
     and all public roads or highways established over and upon any
25
    of the lands acquired under the authority of this section. In
26
    order to accomplish prescribed military training at the Camp
27
    Ripley Military Reservation, the adjutant general may
28
     temporarily close any road or highway adjacent to the Camp
    Ripley Military Reservation with the concurrence of the road
29
30
    authorities. Prior to closing any road or highway he the
31
    adjutant general shall erect suitable signs and barriers in
32
     ample time so as to minimize any inconvenience to the traveling
     public.
33
191*#05S
34
        191.05 GOVERNOR MAY CALL MILITIA.
35
        Whenever he the governor deems it necessary for any purpose
    authorized by the state constitution or by law, may by public
36
37 proclamation call out the militia or such part or number thereof
    as he the governor may designate for military duty in the
38
39
    service of the state, and may provide for the enrollment,
40
    assembly, and muster into service by voluntary enlistment or by
41
    draft, as he the governor may determine, of the militiamen
42
    militia so called out. For that purpose the governor may make
43
    orders and regulations and enforce the same, appoint all
    necessary officers and fix their compensation, and may require
44
45
    all proper public officers to perform such duties as he the
46
     governor may direct.
191*#06S
       191.06 ENLISTMENT.
47
48
       Subdivision 1. PERIOD. Militiamen Militia members
    called out for duty shall be mustered at once into the service
49
50
    of the state for such period as the governor shall direct, not
51
     exceeding the duration of the war or other occasion for which
52
    they were called out and for six months thereafter.
53
       No change for subd 2 to 5
54
       Subd. 6. GOVERNOR MAY ORGANIZE FORCES.
                                                  Without
55
    limiting any power otherwise conferred on the governor, whenever
56
    any part of the national guard of this state has been or is
57
    about to be called or ordered into active federal service, and
58
    until such service or the occasion therefor has terminated and
    all units of the national guard engaged therein have been
59
60
    relieved therefrom and have returned and become available for
61
    duty within the state, the governor may organize from the
62
    militia and maintain within the state such forces as he the
63
    governor deems necessary.
191*#07S
64
       191.07 DESERTER.
65
       Every militia member who, being accepted as a
    volunteer or duly drafted, fails without reasonable excuse to
66
67
    report for muster as lawfully required, shall be considered and
    treated as a deserter.
191*#08S
69
       191.08 CONSTRUCTION OF LAWS 1943, CHAPTER 108.
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Nothing in Laws 1943, Chapter 108, shall be construed as authorizing the military forces of the state or any part thereof

to be called, ordered, or in any manner inducted as such into 2 the military service of the United States, except the national guard and other forces expressly made subject to such service by 4 state or federal law; but no person shall by reason of his 5 enlistment or commission in the military forces of the state be thereby exempted from military service under any law of the 6 7 United States.

192*#01S

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192.01 MINNESOTA NATIONAL GUARD.

The Minnesota national guard consists of the regularly enlisted militia within the ages prescribed by federal law and regulations, organized, armed, and equipped as hereinafter provided, and of commissioned officers and warrant officers within the ages and having the qualifications prescribed by federal law and regulations. "National guard" applies only to 15 militia organized as provided for in the military code and authorized by federal law and regulations relating to the national guard. The number of officers and enlisted men members of the national guard shall be fixed from time to time and organized so as to meet the requirements of the federal laws. 192*#125

192.12 IN COMPUTING COMMISSIONED SERVICE, THAT IN THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES SHALL BE CONSIDERED.

Service by any person in the armed forces of the United 23 States in the time of war, insurrection, or rebellion, shall be 24 considered as continuous service in the national guard for any and all purposes regarding privileges and exemptions provided by law for members of the national guard by enlistment or commission. The continuous service for an officer shall include only the time he the person was commissioned as an officer. 192*#13S

192.13 SUPPLIES, HOW ISSUED; BOND.

Arms, accoutrements, ammunition and stores shall be issued 31 to the proper officers of each organization, upon requisition as 32 prescribed by federal law. The governor may require of the 33 accountable officers, such bonds as he the governor deems 34 necessary, not to exceed \$5,000, for securing the care and 35 safety of property so issued and shall allow them sufficient 36 money to insure such property against fire when so required by 37 the federal government. He <u>The governor</u> may also allow them 38 sufficient money to establish and maintain regimental depots, 39 approved by him the governor and to pay for the transportation, 40 handling and care of such property which allowance shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated for the purchase of supplies for the guard. The adjutant general, with the approval of the 43 governor, may obtain and pay for, out of the annual military 44 appropriation, an adequate indemnity bond covering officers of the National Guard responsible for moneys and military property. 192*#185

192.18 RETIREMENT.

Subdivision 1. Whenever the federal recognition of an 48 officer or warrant officer of the national guard is withdrawn, 49 his that officer's commission in the Minnesota national guard 50 shall be terminated, except that any officer or warrant officer 51 who shall have served in the Minnesota national guard for a 52 period of not less than 20 years and any officer or warrant officer who becomes disabled in line of duty while in the 54 service of the state or of the United States and is thereby made 55 incapable of performing his military duties may, if-he-applies 56 upon application therefor, be placed in a retired status and have-his that officer's name shall be placed on a roll in 58 the office of the adjutant general to be known as the "roll of 59 retired officers."

Subd. 2. Any enlisted man member who completes not less than 20 years of service in the national guard and is honorably 62 discharged and any enlisted man member of the Minnesota national 63 guard who becomes disabled in the line of duty while in the 64 service of the state or of the United States and is thereby made incapable of performing his military duties may, if-he-applies upon application therefor, be placed in retired status and have his that enlisted member's name shall be placed on a roll in the office of the adjutant general to be known as the "roll of retired enlisted men members."

Subd. 3. An-officer Officers, warrant officer officers, or enlisted man personnel in retired status shall be entitled to wear, when not in conflict with federal law, on state and other

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occasions of ceremony, the uniform of the rank last held by him
     those personnel.
       192.205 ENLISTMENTS.
 3
       Subdivision 1. PERIOD OF ENLISTMENTS.
                                                 Except as
     otherwise provided by federal law or regulation for the national
 6 guard, original enlistments in the military forces shall be for
    a period of three years and subsequent enlistments for periods
    of one or three years. The governor may by order fix shorter period of enlistment or reenlistment for any of the military
10 forces so far as not inconsistent with federal law. In the
11 event of an emergency wherein the governor has called out any of
12
     the military forces, he the governor may by order extend for not
13 exceeding the duration of the emergency and 60 days thereafter
14 the period of any enlistment in the forces called out which
15 would otherwise expire.
        No change for subd 2
17
       Subd. 3. ORGANIZATION NOT TO BE ENLISTED AS UNIT.
18 No civil association, society, club, post, order, fraternity,
19 brotherhood fraternal organization, union, league, or other
20
    organized body shall be enlisted in the military forces as a
21
    unit.
       No change for subd 4
192*#215
        192.21 DISCHARGES FOR ENLISTED MEN MEMBERS.
23
       An enlisted man member discharged from service in the
24
25 national quard shall receive a discharge in writing in such form
26
    and with such classification as is or shall be prescribed by
27
    federal law and in time of peace discharges may be given prior
    to the expiration of terms of enlistment under such regulations
28
   as the federal authorities may prescribe.
192*#23S
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       192.23 SERVICE MEDALS.
31
        The commander-in-chief may, by general order, provide a
    suitable mark of distinction for all officers and enlisted men
32
33
   members who have served in the military forces for an aggregate
    period of five, ten, fifteen, and twenty years, respectively,
34
    and for like service thereafter; and medals to be awarded for
35
    valor, for distinguished service, and for good conduct. He The
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37
    commander-in-chief may authorize the-issuance,-under-regulations
38
    to-be-prescribed-by-him, and prescribe regulations for the
39
     issuance of suitable marks of distinction to be awarded to
40
    officers and enlisted men members who have served in the
    military forces of the state during periods of war or other
41
42
    declared emergencies, provided that these shall not be awarded
    for service for which service medals or bars are authorized by
43
   federal authority.
44
192*#25S
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        192.25 EXEMPTION FROM PROCESS.
       No member of the guard shall be arrested, or served with
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    any summons, order, warrant or other civil process after having
    been ordered to any duty or while going to, attending or
49
    returning from any place to which he the member is required to
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    go for military duty; but nothing herein shall prevent his an
51
    arrest by order of a military officer or for a felony or breach
52 of the peace committed while not in the actual performance
of his-duty assigned duties. The articles of equipment
54
    personally owned by such members shall be exempt from seizure or
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    sale for debt.
192*#265
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       192.26 STATE AND MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES NOT TO
57
    LOSE PAY WHILE ON MILITARY DUTY.
58
      Subdivision 1. Subject to the conditions hereinafter
    prescribed, any officer or employee of the state or of any
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    political subdivision, municipal corporation, or other public
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    agency of the state who shall be a member of the national guard,
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    or any other component of the militia of the state now or
    hereafter organized or constituted under state or federal law,
64
    or who shall be a member of the officers' reserve corps, the
    enlisted reserve corps, the naval reserve, the marine corps
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    reserve, or any other reserve component of the military or naval
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    forces of the United States now or hereafter organized or
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   constituted under federal law, shall be entitled to leave of
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absence from his the public office or employment without loss of pay, seniority status, efficiency rating, vacation, sick leave, or other benefits for all the time when he-is engaged with such

1 organization or component in training or active service ordered or authorized by proper authority pursuant to law, whether for state or federal purposes, but not exceeding a total of 15 days 4 in any calendar year. Such leave shall be allowed only in case the required military or naval service is satisfactorily 6 performed, which shall be presumed unless the contrary is 7 established. Such leave shall not be allowed unless the officer 8 or employee (1) returns to his the public position immediately 9 on being relieved from such military or naval service and not 10 later than the expiration of the time herein limited for such 11 leave, or (2) is prevented from so returning by physical or 12 mental disability or other cause not due to his the officer's or 13 employee's own fault, or (3) is required by proper authority to continue in such military or naval service beyond the time 14 15 herein limited for such leave. 16 Subd. 2. Repealed, 1963 c 658 s 20 192*#2615 17 192.261 LEAVE OF ABSENCE. Subdivision 1. LEAVE OF ABSENCE WITHOUT PAY. 18 19 Subject to the conditions hereinafter prescribed, any officer or 20 employee of the state or of any political subdivision, municipal corporation, or other public agency of the state who engages in 21 22 active service in time of war or other emergency declared by 23 proper authority in any of the military or naval forces of the 24 state or of the United States for which leave is not otherwise 25 allowed by law shall be entitled to leave of absence from his the officer's or employee's public office or employment without 26 27 pay during such service, with right of reinstatement as 28 hereinafter provided. Such leave of absence without pay, 29 whether heretofore or hereafter, shall not extend beyond four years plus such additional time in each case as such an officer 30 or employee may be required to serve pursuant to law. This 31 32 shall not be construed to preclude the allowance of leave with 33 pay for such service to any person entitled thereto under 34 section 192.26. Nothing in this section contained shall affect 35 any of the provisions or application of section 352.27 nor of 36 section 192.26 to 192.264, or any laws amendatory thereof, 37 insofar as such sections pertain to the state employees 38 retirement association or its members. Subd. 2. REINSTATEMENT. Except as otherwise 39 hereinafter provided, upon the completion of such service such 40 41 officer or employee shall be reinstated in the public position, 42 which he was held at the time of entry into such service, or a 43 public position of like seniority, status, and pay if such is 44 available at the same salary which he the officer or employee 45 would have received if he the leave had not been taken such 46 teave, upon the following conditions: (1) that the position has 47 not been abolished or that the term thereof, if limited, has not 48 expired; (2) that he the officer or employee is not physically 49 or mentally disabled from performing the duties of such 50 position; (3) that he the officer or employee makes written 51 application for reinstatement to the appointing authority within 90 days after termination of such service, or 90 days after 52 53 discharge from hospitalization or medical treatment which 54 immediately follows the termination of, and results from, such 55 service; provided such application shall be made within one year 56 and 90 days after termination of such service notwithstanding 57 such hospitalization or medical treatment; (4) that he the 58 officer or employee submits an honorable discharge or other form 59 of release by proper authority indicating that his the officer's 60 or employee's military or naval service was satisfactory. Upon such reinstatement the officer or employee shall have the same 61 62 rights with respect to accrued and future seniority status, efficiency rating, vacation, sick leave, and other benefits as 63 64 if he that officer or employee had been actually employed during the time of such leave. No officer or employee so reinstated 66 shall be removed or discharged within one year thereafter except 67 for cause, after notice and hearing; but this shall not operate to extend a term of service limited by law. 68 69 Subd. 3. SHALL FILE CERTIFICATE. Any public officer 70 elected or appointed for a definite term who, before the 71 expiration of such term, returns from military or naval service 72 under leave of absence without pay under chapters 190 to 194, in 73 lieu of making written application for reinstatement as 74 hereinbefore provided, shall file in the same office where his

official the public officer's oath is filed within 45 days after

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termination of such military or naval service a verified
     certificate that he the public officer has complied with the
     conditions for reinstatement hereinbefore prescribed, and he
     that public officer shall thereupon be deemed to have
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     resumed his that office, with all the rights and privileges
     granted by chapters 190 to 194; provided, that any false
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     statement in such certificate shall be ground for his removal.
       Subd. 4. PERSONS ENGAGED IN ACTIVE SERVICE NOT
 9
     DISQUALIFIED FOR BEING CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC OFFICE.
10
     person who is engaged in active service in any of the military
     or naval forces of the state or of the United States within or
11
     without the state shall thereby be disqualified from being a
13
     candidate for or from being elected or appointed to any public
14
     office within the state if he that person is otherwise eligible
15
     therefor. A person who is elected or appointed to any such
16
     office who at the commencement of the term thereof is engaged in
17
     any such active military or naval service shall not thereby be
18
     disqualified from assuming and holding such office if he-is
     otherwise eligible therefor and if his that person's military or
19
20
     naval service is not constitutionally or legally incompatible
21
     therewith. Such person, if prevented by his military or naval
     duties from taking office in person, may file his an oath of office, also-his and a bond, if required, by mail or other means
22
23
24
     of transmittal, and shall thereupon be deemed to have assumed
25
     office, subject to all the provisions of sections 192.26 to
26
     192.264, so far as applicable.
                 ACTIVE DUTY FOR TRAINING, INACTIVE DUTY
27
        Subd. 5.
28
     TRAINING; REEMPLOYMENT RIGHTS. (a) Any public officer or
     employee who is a member of the military forces who is ordered
29
     to an initial period of active duty for training of not less
30
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     than three consecutive months shall, upon application for
     reemployment within 31 days after that member's (1) his release
32
33
     from that active duty for training after satisfactory service,
34
     or (2) his discharge from hospitalization incident to that
35
     active duty for training, or one year after his a scheduled
     release from that training, whichever is earlier, be entitled to
36
37
     all reemployment rights and benefits provided by section
     192.261. Any person restored to a position in accordance with
38
39
     the provisions of this clause shall not be discharged from the
40
     position without cause within six months after that restoration.
41
       (b) Any public officer or employee not covered by section
42
     192.26, or by clause (a) of this subdivision shall, upon
43
     request, be granted a leave of absence by-his-employer from
44
     public employment for the period required to perform active duty
45
     for training or inactive duty training in the military forces.
46
     Upon his release from a period of active duty for training or
47
     inactive duty training, or upon his discharge from
     hospitalization incident to that training, the officer or
48
     employee shall be permitted to return to his the previously held
49
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     position with the same seniority, status, rate of pay, and
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     vacation as he-would-have-had if he the officer or employee had
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     not been absent for those purposes. He The officer or employee
     shall report for work at the beginning of his the next regularly
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54
     scheduled working period after expiration of the last calendar
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     day necessary to travel from the place of training to the place
56
     of employment following his release from active duty, or within
57
     a reasonable time thereafter if delayed return is due to factors
58
     beyond the employee's control. Failure to report for work at
59
     the next regularly scheduled working period shall make the
60
     employee subject to the conduct rules of the employer pertaining
61
     to explanations and discipline with respect to absence from
62
     scheduled work. If that employee is hospitalized incident to
63
     active duty for training or inactive duty training, he that
64
     employee shall be required to report for work (1) at the
65
     beginning of his the next regularly scheduled work period after
66
     expiration of the time necessary to travel from the place of
     discharge from hospitalization to the place of employment, (2)
67
68
     within a reasonable time thereafter if delayed return is due to
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     factors beyond the employee's control, or (3) within one year
70
     after his the release from active duty for training or inactive
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     duty training, whichever is earlier. If an employee covered by
72
     this clause is not qualified to perform the duties-of-his
73
     position position's duties by reason of disability sustained
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during active duty for training or inactive duty training, but

employ of the employer or his a successor in interest, he that

is qualified to perform the duties of any other position in the

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    employee shall be restored by that employer or his a successor
 2 in interest to another position, the duties of which he that
    employee is qualified to perform and which will provide him like
     seniority, status, and pay, or the nearest approximation thereof
 5 consistent with the circumstances in his the particular case.
 6 For the purpose of this paragraph, the terms "active duty for
    training" and "inactive duty for training" shall have the
8 meanings subscribed to them by the United States Code Annotated,
 9 Title 38, Part III, Chapter 43, Sections 2021 to 2026.
10
       (c) Any employee not covered by clause (a) shall be
11
    considered as having been on leave of absence during the period
12
    required to report for the purpose of being inducted into,
13 entering or determining by a preinduction or other examination
14
    his the employee's physical fitness to enter the military forces.
   Wpon-his-rejection If rejected, upon completion of his the
15
16
    preinduction or other examination, or upon his discharge from
    hospitalization incident to that rejection or examination, the
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18
    employee shall be permitted to return to his the employee's
19 position in accordance with the provisions of clause (b).
20
       No change for subd 6
192*#262S
       192.262 OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES TO PRESERVE PENSION AND
21
22
    RETIREMENT RIGHTS.
23
     Any public officer or employee receiving leave of absence
24 under sections 192.26 to 192.264 and having rights in any state,
25 municipal, or other public pension, retirement, or relief system
   shall retain all such rights accrued up to the time of taking
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such leave, and shall have all rights subsequently accruing 28 under such system as if he-had-been actually employed during the time of such leave; provided, that so far as any increase in the 30 amount of money benefits accruing with respect to the time of 31 such leave is dependent upon the payment of any contributions or assessments, the right to such increase shall be conditioned 33 upon the payment of such contributions or assessments within such reasonable time after the termination of such leave and upon such terms as the authorities in charge of such system may prescribe.

192*#263S 37

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192.263 VACANCIES TO BE FILLED TEMPORARILY.

In any case where a public officer or employee is absent with leave under the provisions of sections 192.26 to 192.264 40 and where it is necessary in the public interest to provide for 41 the performance of the duties of his the position during such position may appoint a substitute, to be known as acting incumbent, who shall qualify absence, the authority having power to fill a vacancy in the incumbent, who shall qualify as required for the regular 45 incumbent, shall receive the same compensation as fixed by law, otherwise such compensation as may be fixed by proper authority, and shall have all the powers and perform all the duties of the 48 position until the return of the regular incumbent; provided, that this shall not preclude the making of any other provision 50 for the discharge of the duties of the position which may be otherwise authorized by law.

51 192*#27S

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192.27 NOT LIABLE FOR ACTS PERFORMED UNDER ORDERS.

The commanding officer of any of the military forces 54 engaged in the suppression of an insurrection, the dispersion of a mob or the enforcement of the laws shall exercise his discretion as to the propriety of firing upon or otherwise 57 attacking any mob or other unlawful assembly; and, if he that officer exercises his honest judgment thereon, he the officer shall not be liable in either a civil or a criminal action for 60 any act done while on such duty. No officer or enlisted man member shall be held liable in either a civil or a criminal 62 action, for any act done under lawful orders and in the performance of his duty.

192*#28S

192.28 PROHIBITING THE FIRING OF BLANK CARTRIDGES UPON 65 ANY UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLAGE.

No officer in charge of personnel, under any pretense or in compliance with any order, shall direct or permit his-men,-or 68 any-of them, to fire blank cartridges upon any mob or unlawful 69 assemblage, under penalty of dishonorable dismissal from the 70 service.

192*#295

192.29 GOVERNOR TO APPOINT COUNSEL.

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If a suit or proceeding shall be commenced in any court by any person against any officer of the military forces for any act done by such officer in his an official capacity in the 3 discharge of any duty under the Military Code, or against any soldier acting under the authority or order of any such officer, 6 or by virtue of any warrant, issued by him that officer pursuant to law, it shall be the duty of the governor, upon the 8 recommendation of the attorney general, to appoint counsel to 9 defend such person. The costs and expenses of any such defense 10 shall be paid out of the appropriation for the maintenance of 11 the national guard. 192*#30S 192.30 SECURITY FOR COSTS. 12

Any person bringing an action or proceeding against a 14 military officer of the state for any act done in the course of his official duty, or against any person acting under the order or authority of such officer, shall give security for the costs, disbursements and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the state or defendant in defending the same, in the same manner and 19 subject to the same regulations, so far as applicable, as in the case of a non-resident plaintiff. And if the plaintiff fails to 21 recover, such attorney's fees may be taxed with the costs and disbursements and judgment therefor be entered against him the plaintiff and his the sureties on the bond.

192*#33S

192.33 ACTION FOR DAMAGES.

Any person injured as a result of a violation of section 192.32 may bring an action to recover his actual damages, costs, and, in addition thereto, exemplary damages. 192*#34S

192.34 DISCRIMINATION WITH RESPECT TO EMPLOYMENT.

It shall be unlawful for any employer to discharge any person from employment because of membership in the military or naval forces of the United States, of this state, or any other state, or to hinder or prevent any person from performing any military service that person may be called upon to perform by proper authority, or to dissuade any person from enlistment in the military service by threat or injury, in case that person shall so enlist, in respect to his that person's employment, trade or business. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a gross misdemeanor. 192*#35S

192.35 INTERFERENCE WITH PERFORMANCE OF MILITARY DUTIES. Any person who interrupts, molests, or insults by abusive words or behavior, or obstructs any officer or soldier of the national guard while on duty, either parade, drill meeting for military improvement or other military duty may be immediately put and kept under guard until the duty is concluded, by the officer in command. Such officer may turn him the person over to any peace officer of the city or place where such drill parade or meeting is being held and such peace officer shall thereupon deliver such offender for examination and trial before any court having jurisdiction. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. 192*#351S

192.351 INTERFERENCE WITH PERFORMANCE OF MILITARY DUTIES WHILE IN ACTIVE SERVICE.

Any person who intentionally obstructs, hinders, or 54 prevents any officer or soldier of the national guard from performing his duties while on active service may be arrested by an officer or soldier present. Such officer or soldier shall turn him the person over to any peace officer of the city or place in which such active service is taking place and such peace officer may thereupon deliver such offender for examination and trial before any court having jurisdiction. person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

192*#365 63 192.36 CERTAIN ACTS FELONIES.

Any officer or soldier member who refuses to account for and to surrender up any moneys or any uniforms or equipment or other military property for which he the officer or member is responsible or accountable, or who shall appropriate the same 68 to his-own personal use, or who shall knowingly make a false 69 payroll or sign a false certificate which is the basis for the payment of moneys under the military code, or who shall aid or

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1 abet another in any of these acts, shall be guilty of a felony and punished as the criminal laws of the state may direct. 192*#385

192.38 ILLNESS, INJURY, OR DEATH OF MEMBER OF MILITARY FORCES; COMPENSATION. 4

Subdivision 1. TEMPORARY EMERGENCY RELIEF. If any 6 officer or enlisted man member of the military forces is wounded or otherwise disabled, dies from disease contracted or injuries 8 received, or is killed while in state active service as defined in section 190.05, subdivision 5a, he the officer or member, or 9 in the case of his death his the officer's or member's dependent 11 spouse, child, or parent, may be provided with immediate temporary relief as necessary in cases of severe hardship, in an amount to be determined by the adjutant general and approved by 14 the governor. All payments under this subdivision shall be made from appropriations for the maintenance of the state military 16 forces. The adjutant general shall notify the workers' compensation commission of any payments made pursuant to this subdivision and the amount of it shall be subtracted from any 19 award made by the commission.

Subd. 2. ASSISTANCE TO CLAIMANTS. To the extent information is available to-him, the adjutant general shall provide information to a person seeking a benefit from the state or federal government or instituting a claim before a 24 legislative commission on claims or federal claims commission arising from loss, damage, or destruction of property or for injury or death incurred or sustained by a member of the military forces.

192*#40S

192.40 GOVERNOR TO APPOINT U.S. PROPERTY AND DISBURSING OFFICER.

The governor, pursuant to federal authority, shall appoint, 31 designate, or detail subject to the approval of the secretary of defense, the adjutant general, or an officer of the national guard who shall be regarded as property and disbursing officer for the United States. He The officer appointed shall receipt and account for all funds and property belonging to the United States in possession of the National Guard of this state and shall make such returns and reports concerning the same as may 38 be required by the secretary of defense. He The officer appointed shall render, through the defense department, such 40 accounts of federal funds entrusted to him that officer for disbursement as may be required by the treasury department.

Before-entering-upon-the-performance-of-his-duties-as The 43 property and disbursing officer he shall, before entering upon 44 the performance of duties, be required to give good and sufficient bond to the United States, the amount thereof to be determined by the secretary of defense, for the faithful performance of his assigned duties and for the safe-keeping and 48 proper disposition of the federal property and funds entrusted 49 to his the care of that officer.

This property and disbursing officer may also be the quartermaster of the state.

192*#41S

192.41 STATE QUARTERMASTER AND PROPERTY OFFICER.

The state quartermaster shall be the property officer of the state and as such shall have charge of and be accountable 55 for, under the adjutant general, all the state military property 56 and shall make such property returns and reports on the same as the governor may direct. He The quartermaster shall be under bond to the state to such amount as the governor may deem necessary.

192*#43S

192.43 DISTRIBUTION OF EQUIPMENT.

Subdivision 1. The commanding officer of a company receiving clothing or equipment for the use of his the command shall distribute the same to the members of his the command, taking receipts and requiring the return of each article at such time and place as he the commanding officer shall direct.

Subd. 2. Legal fines or forfeitures and the value of any 67 articles of uniform, arms or equipment, whether state or federal, issued to any officer or enlisted man member which he fails-to-return is not returned on demand by proper authority 70 and for the loss of or damage to which he the officer or member 71 has been held responsible by a report of survey or other proper 72 proceeding, shall be deducted from such officer's or

192*#55S

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enlisted man's member's pay in the manner provided for in
     federal or state orders or regulations. Deduction from federal
     pay and allowances may only be made in the manner prescribed by
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 4
     federal law or regulation.
192*#4355
        192.435 UNIFORM RETAINED, WHEN.
 5
       Subdivision 1. AUTHORIZATION TO ADJUTANT GENERAL.
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 7
     The adjutant general is authorized to permit members of the
 8
    state guard and its auxiliaries who have served a term of
 9
     enlistment of two years or more, and at the conclusion of such
10 service, to retain the articles of the uniform normally issued
11 to such personnel. Such articles of the uniform shall not
12
     include field equipment, arms, or ammunition. The adjutant
   general at-his-discretion may sell to personnel of the state
13
14
     guard at cost price, less fair wear and tear, such arms and
     ammunition as is not required for other purposes.
15
16
       No change for subd 2
192*#465
17
       192.46 RIFLE PRACTICE; COMPETITIONS.
       The governor may establish special camps for advanced
19 instructions in rifle and gun practice to be attended by
20
     officers and men members who have attained a prescribed standard
21
     of marksmanship and who are selected for the purpose under
22
    suitable rules. From the participants who develop unusual
23
     proficiency therein, rifle and gun teams may be formed, which,
24
     with the approval of the adjutant general, may compete with like
25
    teams in national, interstate or state competitions under rules
26 approved by him the adjutant general. The pay and allowance of
27
     officers while attending such practice or competition shall be
28
    at the rate prescribed for active service. In order to make it
29
    possible for enlisted men members of the national guard to
30
    attend interstate and national rifle competitions, the adjutant
31 general may pay to such enlisted men members detailed as members
32
     of any such team the same pay as is allowed for second
33
     lieutenants of the national guard for duty at encampments.
34
     more than $5,000 shall be expended in any one year for all the
35
     purposes of this section.
192*#475
36
        192.47 ENCAMPMENTS, DRILLS.
37
       The commander-in-chief may order the military forces or any
38
     part thereof into camp each year for such period as he the
39
     commander-in-chief may direct, and shall also provide for their
40
     participation in encampments or field maneuvers at such places
    as may be designated by the federal government pursuant to any
41
42
     act of congress. He The commander-in-chief may7-in-his
43
     discretion, order such organization as he the commander-in-chief
44
     may deem proper, to parade for purposes of drill, review, or
45
    escort duty and prescribe all regulations and requirements
46
    therefor.
192*#495
       192.49 PAY AND ALLOWANCES OF OFFICERS AND ORGANIZATIONS.
47
48
       No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. UNIFORMS TO BE SUPPLIED. When expedient,
49
50
     the adjutant general may issue to commissioned officers from
51
     time to time any available articles of uniform and equipment
52
     suitable for field work, -when-he-believes-it-expedient.
53
    Articles so issued shall be charged to the officer and that
54
     officer shall be-accounted account for by-him them as provided
55
     in regulations.
56
       No change for subd 3
192*#52S
57
       192.52 EXPENSES OF MILITARY FORCES ORDERED TO ACTIVE
58
59
       In all cases where any of the military forces are called
60
    into active service by the governor and where no funds otherwise
61
    appropriated are available therefor, or where the appropriated
62
    funds, if any, are insufficient, the pay rolls of officers and
63
     enlisted men members and expense bills shall be audited by the
64
    commissioner of finance, the commissioner of administration and
65
    the adjutant general, and paid upon their certificate out of the
66
    general fund, and the necessary sums are hereby appropriated.
67
    No payment shall be made pursuant to this section until the
    commissioner of finance has reported the amount of the proposed
68
69
    payment to the committee on finance of the senate and the
70
    committee on appropriations of the house of representatives.
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192.55 PAYMENTS TO BE MADE THROUGH ADJUTANT GENERAL.
 2
        All pay and allowances and necessary expenses for any of
      the military forces shall, when approved by the adjutant
     general, be paid by commissioner of finance's warrants issued to
     the several officers and enlisted men members entitled thereto;
 6 provided, that upon the request of the adjutant general,
     approved by the governor, the sum required for any such pay or
 8 allowances and necessary expenses shall be paid by commissioner
9 of finance's warrant to the adjutant general, who shall
10 immediately pay and distribute the same to the several officers
   or enlisted men members entitled thereto or to their commanding officers or to a finance officer designated by the adjutant
11
12
13 general. The receipt of any such commanding officer or finance
14 officer for any such payment shall discharge the adjutant
15 general from liability therefor. Every commanding officer or
16
     finance officer receiving any such payment shall, as soon as
17 practicable, pay and distribute the same to the several officers
18 or enlisted men members entitled thereto. The officer making
19
    final payment shall, as evidence thereof, secure the signature
20
   of the person receiving the same upon a payroll or other proper
21 voucher.
192*#665
22
        192.66 DESERTION.
        Desertion in the military forces shall be as defined in the
23
   Minnesota code of military justice. But if any soldier enlisted
24
   member is known to have removed from the state, and, through
26
     ignorance or neglect, has failed to apply for discharge, his a
   discharge may be requested by his that enlisted member's
27
28
     immediate commanding officer.
192*#67S
        192.67 OFFENDERS; TRANSFER TO CIVIL AUTHORITIES.
29
        When any felony is committed by any officer or enlisted
30
31
    person member of the military forces while on duty status other
32
     than active state duty, he the officer or enlisted member shall
33 be turned over by his superior officers to the proper civil
   authorities of the county or municipality in which the offense occurred for punishment for such crime, but such trial and
34
35
36 punishment by the civil authorities shall not preclude trial and
37
    additional punishment or dismissal from the service by
38
    court-martial for any military offense resulting from the
39
     commission of said crime.
192*#68S
        192.68 COURTS, COMPENSATION; DISPOSITION OF FINES.
40
41
       No change for subd 1 to 2
42
      Subd. 3. Civil officers and guardsmen national guard
43 <u>members</u> executing the warrants or process of a military court
44 shall receive as compensation therefor the fees allowed by law
45 for like service in the civil courts, which fees are to be taxed
46
     by such court and, in summary cases, paid out of the military
    fund of the company of which the accused is a member. All fees
47
48
   and expenses of trial in general and special courts-martial
49 cases and the fees of jailors in all cases for the keep of
50
    prisoners shall be paid by the adjutant general out of the funds
51
    appropriated for the maintenance of the national guard. No fees
52 shall be allowed or paid to such officers unless an itemized
53
    statement thereof is endorsed on and forthwith returned with
54
     such warrant or process to the court issuing the same.
192*#85S
55
       192.85 CIVIL OFFICERS SHALL BE GUILTY OF MISDEMEANORS
56
     FOR REFUSAL TO ACT.
57
       Any sheriff, constable, jailer, marshal or other civil
    officer named in the military code, who shall neglect or refuse
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59
    to obey, execute or return the lawful warrant or other process
60 of a military court, or make a false return thereon, shall be
61
     guilty of a misdemeanor and in addition to the penalties
62
     attaching thereto, shall forfeit $50 for each offense or neglect
     of duty, the same to be recovered in civil action against such
63
64
    officer and his the official sureties by the adjutant general
65
    for the benefit of the maintenance fund of the National Guard.
192A#025S
66
        192A.025 JURISDICTION TO TRY CERTAIN PERSONNEL.
67
        Subdivision 1. Each person discharged from the state
68 military forces who is later charged with having fraudulently
69
   obtained his the discharge is, subject to section 192A.235,
```

subject to trial by court-martial on that charge and is after

apprehension subject to this code while in the custody of the

71

192A.055 IMPOSITION OF RESTRAINT.

Subdivision 1. Arrest is the restraint of a person by an

```
military for that trial. Upon conviction of that charge he the
     person is subject to trial by court-martial for all offenses
     under this code committed before the fraudulent discharge.
 4
        No change for subd 2
192A#03S
        192A.03 DISMISSAL OF COMMISSIONED OFFICER.
 5
 6
        Subdivision 1. ## Any commissioned officer, dismissed by
 7
     order of the governor, makes may make a written application for
 8
     trial by court-martial, setting forth, under oath, that he-has
 9
     been-wrongfully-dismissed, the dismissal was wrongful. The
10
    governor, as soon as practicable, shall convene a general
    court-martial to try that officer on the charges on which he the
11
     officer was dismissed. A court-martial so convened has jurisdiction to try the dismissed officer on those charges,
12
13
     and he the officer shall be considered to have waived the right
    to plead any statute of limitations applicable to any offense
15
16
    with which he the officer is charged. The court-martial may, as
     part of its sentence, adjudge the affirmance of the dismissal,
17
     but if the court-martial acquits the accused or if the sentence
18
19
    adjudged, as finally approved or affirmed, does not include
    dismissal, the adjutant general shall substitute for the dismissal ordered by the governor a form of discharge authorized
20
21
22
    for administrative issue.
23
        No change for subd 2
24
        Subd. 3. If a discharge is substituted for a dismissal
25
    under this code, the governor alone may reappoint the officer to
    such commissioned grade and with such rank as, in the opinion of
27
    the governor, that former officer would have attained had he-not
    been-dismissed there been no dismissal. The reappointment of such a former officer may be made only if a vacancy is available
28
29
30 under applicable tables of organization. All time between the
31
    dismissal and the reappointment shall be considered as actual
    service for all purposes.
32
33
        Subd. 4. If an officer is discharged from the organized
34
    militia by administrative action or by board proceedings under
35
    law, or is dropped from the rolls by order of the governor, he
36
     the officer has no right to trial under this section.
192A#04S
37
        192A.04 JUDGE ADVOCATES AND LEGAL OFFICERS.
38
        No change for subd 1
39
        Subd. 2. The adjutant general may appoint as many
40
     assistant state judge advocates as he the adjutant general
41 considers necessary. To be eligible for appointment, assistant
   state judge advocates must be officers of the state military
43
    forces and members of the bar of the highest court of the state.
        Subd. 3. The state judge advocate or his-assistants
44
     assistant state judge advocates shall make frequent inspections
45
    in the field in supervision of the administration of military
46
47
     justice.
        Subd. 4. Repealed, 1978 c 552 s 48
Subd. 5. Repealed, 1978 c 552 s 48
48
49
        192A.045 APPREHENSION.
50
        No change for subd 1 to 2
        Subd. 3. If any person subject to this code misses a
52
53
   movement to, or is absent without official leave from, annual
54
    field training or active state duty, such person may be
     apprehended and delivered to his the person's commanding officer.
55
   Apprehension may be made by military police personnel or by any
56
57
    civil peace officer pursuant to a warrant issued by a military
58
     judge upon a finding of probable cause.
59
        No change for subd 4
192A#05S
        192A.05 APPREHENSION OF DESERTERS.
61
        Any civil officer having authority to apprehend offenders
     under the laws of the United States or of a state, territory,
    commonwealth, or possession, or the District of Columbia may
63
    summarily apprehend a deserter from the state military forces
65
    and deliver him the deserter into the custody of the state
66 military forces. If an offender is apprehended outside the
    state, his the offender's return to the area must be in
68
    accordance with normal extradition procedures or reciprocal
69
    agreement.
192A#055S
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```
1 order, not imposed as a punishment for an offense, directing him
     the person to remain within certain specified limits.
 3 Confinement is the physical restraint of a person.
     Subd. 2. An enlisted member may be ordered into arrest or
 5
   confinement by any commissioned officer by an order, oral or
    written, delivered in person or through other persons subject to
 7 this code or through any person authorized by this code to
 8 apprehend persons. A commanding officer may authorize warrant
 9 officers, petty officers, or noncommissioned officers to order
   enlisted members of his the authorizing officer's command or
10
     subject to his the authorizing officer's authority into arrest
11
12 or confinement.
13
       Subd. 3. A commissioned officer or a warrant officer may
be ordered apprehended or into arrest or confinement only by a commanding officer to whose authority he the commissioned
    commanding officer to whose authority he the commissioned
16 officer or warrant officer is subject, by an order, oral or
17 written, delivered in person or by another commissioned
    officer. The authority to order such persons apprehended or
18
19
     into arrest or confinement may not be delegated.
20
       No change for subd 4 to 5
192A#06S
21
        192A.06 RESTRAINT OF PERSONS CHARGED WITH OFFENSES.
22
        Any person subject to this code charged with an offense
23
   under this code may be ordered into arrest or confinement, as
   circumstances may require; but when charged only with an offense
24
25
   normally tried by a summary court-martial, such person shall not
    ordinarily be placed in confinement. When Any person subject to
26
27
    this code is placed in arrest or confinement prior to trial,
   immediate-steps-shall-be-taken-to-inform-him shall immediately
29 be informed of the specific wrong of which he the person is
    accused and to-try-him-or-to-dismiss shall be tried or shall
30
31
    have the charges and-retease-him dismissed and shall be released.
192A#065S
   192A.065 CONFINEMENT IN JAILS.
32
33
        Persons confined other than in a guardhouse, whether
34 before, during, or after trial by a military court, shall be
35 confined in civil jails, penitentiaries, or prisons designated
36 by the governor or by such person as he the governor may
37
   authorize to act.
192A#07S
38
       192A.07 REPORTS AND RECEIVING OF PRISONERS.
39
        Subdivision 1. No provost marshal, commander of a guard,
   master at arms, warden, keeper, or officer of a city or county
40
   jail or any other jail, penitentiary, or prison designated under
41
    section 192A.065 may refuse to receive or keep any prisoner
42
43 committed to his the charge of that official, when the
45 him, of the offense charged against the prisoner.
46 Subd. 2 Every commander.
44 committing person furnishes and signs a statement,-signed-by
      Subd. 2. Every commander of a guard, master at arms,
47 warden, keeper, or officer of a city or county jail or of any
48 other jail, penitentiary, or prison designated under section
49
    192A.065, to whose charge a prisoner is committed, shall, within
50 24 hours after that commitment or as soon as he the person is
51
   relieved from guard, report to the commanding officer of the
52 prisoner the name of the prisoner, the offense charged
53 against him the prisoner, and the name of the person who ordered
54
    or authorized the commitment.
192A#075S
55
       192A.075 PUNISHMENT PROHIBITED BEFORE TRIAL.
56
       Subject to section 192A.305, no person, while being held
57 for trial or the result of trial, may be subjected to punishment
58 or penalty other than arrest or confinement upon the charges
59 pending against-him, nor shall the arrest or confinement imposed
60 upon-him be any more rigorous than the circumstances require to
insure his that person's presence, but he that person may be subjected to minor publishers to
    subjected to minor punishment during that period for infractions
63 of discipline.
192A#08S
    192A.08 DELIVERY OF OFFENDERS TO CIVIL AUTHORITIES.
64
   No change for subd 1
65
66
       Subd. 2. When delivery under this section is made to any
67 civil authority of a person undergoing sentence of a
68
   court-martial, the delivery, if followed by conviction in a
69 civil tribunal, interrupts the execution of the sentence of the
70 court-martial, and the offender after having answered to the
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71 civil authorities for his the offense shall, upon the request of

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competent military authority, be returned to military custody
     for the completion of his the sentence.
192A#085S
 3
        192A.085 COMMANDING OFFICER'S NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENT.
 4
        Subdivision 1. Under such regulations as the governor may
     prescribe any commanding officer may, in addition to or in lieu
 6
     of admonition or reprimand, impose one of the following
     disciplinary punishments for minor offenses without the
 8
     intervention of a court-martial:
        (1) Upon an officer of his the command:
 9
10
        (a) Withholding of privileges for not more than two
11
     consecutive weeks;
        (b) Restriction to certain specified limits, with or
12
13
     without suspension from duty, for not more than two consecutive
14
     weeks; or
15
        (c) If imposed by the governor, the commanding officer of a
16
     force of the state military forces, or the commanding general of
17
     a division, a forfeiture of not more than 15 days pay or a fine
18
     in an equivalent amount.
19
        (2) Upon other military personnel of his the command:
20
        (a) Withholding of privileges for not more than two
21
     consecutive weeks;
22
        (b) Restriction to certain specified limits, with or
     without suspension from duty, for not more than two consecutive
23
24
25
        (c) Extra duties for not more than 14 days, which need not
26
     be consecutive, and for not more than two hours per day,
27
     holidays included;
28
        (d) Reduction to next inferior grade if the grade from
29
     which demoted was established by the command or an equivalent or
30
     lower command;
        (e) If imposed upon a person attached to or embarked in a
31
     vessel, confinement for not more than seven consecutive days; or
33
        (f) A forfeiture of not more than four days pay or a fine
34
     in an equivalent amount.
35
        No change for subd 2 to 3
36
        Subd. 4. A person punished under this section who
37
     considers his the punishment unjust or disproportionate to the
     offense may, through the proper channel, appeal to the next
38
39
     superior authority. The appeal shall be promptly forwarded and
    decided, but the person punished shall not in the meantime be
40
41
   required to undergo the punishment adjudged. The officer who
42
     imposes the punishment, \frac{1}{h+s} \ \underline{the} \ \text{successor} in command, and
43
    superior authority may suspend, set aside, or remit any part or
44
    amount of the punishment and restore all rights, privileges, and
45
    property affected. Before acting on an appeal from a punishment
46
     of a fine or forfeiture of pay or reduction in grade, the
47
     authority who is to act on the appeal shall refer the matter
     to h + s the authority's judge advocate for h + s advice and counsel.
48
49
        No change for subd 5 to
192A#10S
50
        192A.10 JURISDICTION OF GENERAL COURTS-MARTIAL.
51
        Subject to section 192A.095 general courts-martial have
52
     jurisdiction to try persons subject to this code for any offense
53
     made punishable by this code and may, under such limitations as
54
     the governor may prescribe, adjudge any of the following
55
     punishments:
56
        (1) A reprimand;
57
        (2) A fine of not more than $200;
58
        (3) Forfeiture of not more than 48 days pay;
59
        (4) Dismissal, bad conduct discharge, or dishonorable
60
     discharge;
61
        (5) Reduction in rank of an enlisted man member to any
62
     lower enlisted rank including the lowest enlisted rank;
63
        (6) Confinement of not more than six months; or
64
        (7) Any combination of these punishments.
192A#105S
65
        192A.105 JURISDICTION OF SPECIAL COURTS-MARTIAL.
66
        Subject to section 192A.095 special courts-martial have
67
     jurisdiction to try persons subject to this code, except
68
     commissioned officers, 'for any offense for which they may be
69
     punished under this code. A special court-martial may adjudge
70
     the following punishments:
71
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(1) A reprimand;

(2) A fine of not more than \$100;

(3) Forfeiture of not more than 24 days pay;

72

73

72

73

the same case.

```
(4) Reduction in rank of an enlisted man member to any
 2 lower enlisted rank including the lowest enlisted grade;
      (5) A bad conduct discharge;
 4
        (6) Confinement of not more than 90 days; or
 5
        (7) Any combination of these punishments.
192A#11S
       192A.11 JURISDICTION OF SUMMARY COURTS-MARTIAL.
 7
       No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. No person with respect to whom summary
 9 courts-martial have jurisdiction may be brought to trial before
10 a summary court-martial if he that person objects thereto,
11 unless under section 192A.085 he that person has been permitted
12
     and has elected to refuse punishment under that section. If
    objection to trial by summary court-martial is made by an
13
14 accused who has not been permitted to refuse punishment under
15 section 192A.085, trial shall be ordered by special or general
16
    court-martial, as may be appropriate.
        Subd. 3. A summary court-martial may adjudge the following
17
18 punishments:
19

    A reprimand;

20
      (2) A fine of not more than $25;
21
        (3) Forfeiture of not more than 12 days pay;
22
       (4) Reduction in rank of an enlisted man member to any
23 lower enlisted rank including the lowest enlisted grade;
24
    (5) Confinement of not more than 15 days;
25
        (6) Any combination of these punishments.
192A#145S
        192A.145 WHO MAY SERVE ON COURTS-MARTIAL.
26
27
        No change for subd 1 to 2
28
       Subd. 3. (1) Any enlisted member of the state military
29 forces who is not a member of the same unit as the accused is
30 eligible to serve on general and special courts-martial for the
32 such courts for trial, but he the enlisted member shall serve as
33 a member of a court only if
31
     a member of a court only if, before the conclusion of a session
34 called by the military judge, under section 192A.215 of this
35 code prior to trial or, in the absence of such a session, before
    the court is assembled for the trial of the accused, the accused
36
37
    personally has requested in writing that enlisted members serve
38
    on it. After such a request the accused may not be tried by a
39 general or special court-martial the membership of which does
40 not include enlisted members in a number comprising at least one
41
     third of the total membership of the court, unless eligible
42
    members cannot be obtained on account of physical conditions or
43
    military exigencies. If such members cannot be obtained, the
    court may be convened and the trial held without them, but the
44
45
    convening authority shall make a detailed written statement, to
46
    be appended to the record, stating why they could not be
47
    obtained.
48
       (2) In this section the word "unit" means any regularly
49
    organized body of the state military forces not larger than a
50
    company, a squadron, or a body corresponding to one of them.
51
      Subd. 4. (1) When it can be avoided, no person subject to
52
    this code may be tried by a court-martial any member of which is
    junior to him the person being tried in rank or grade.
53
54
       (2) When convening a court-martial, the convening authority
    shall detail as members thereof such members as in his the
55
56 convening authority's opinion are best qualified for the duty by
57
    reason of age, education, training, experience, length of
58
    service, and judicial temperament. No member is eligible to
59
    serve as a member of a general or special court-martial when he
60
    the member is the accuser or a witness for the prosecution or
61
     has acted as investigating officer or as counsel in the same
62
     case.
192A#15S
63
       192A.15 MILITARY JUDGE SYSTEM.
64
       No change for subd 1 to 2
65
       Subd. 3. The military judge to be detailed to a
66
    court-martial shall be designated by the adjutant general, or
67 his the adjutant general's designee, for detail by the convening
68 authority. A military judge may be detailed generally to act as
69 summary court officer.
```

Subd. 4. No person is eligible to act as a military judge

71 in a case if he that person is the accuser or a witness for the

prosecution or has acted as investigating officer or counsel in

70 71 of the form of charges.

195

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Subd. 5. The military judge of a general or special
     court-martial may not consult with the members of the court
     except in the presence of the accused, trial counsel and defense
     counsel, nor may he the military judge vote with the members of
     the court.
192A#155S
 6
        192A.155 DETAIL OF TRIAL COUNSEL AND DEFENSE COUNSEL.
 7
        Subdivision 1. For each general and special court-martial
 8
    the authority convening the court shall detail trial counsel and
 9
     defense counsel, and such assistants as he-considers considered
10
     appropriate. No person who has acted as investigating officer,
11
     military judge, or court member in any case may act later as
12
    trial counsel, assistant trial counsel, or, unless expressly
13
     requested by the accused, as defense counsel or assistant
     defense counsel in the same case. No person who has acted for the prosecution may act later in the same case for the defense,
14
15
16
     nor may any person who has acted for the defense act later in
17
    the same case for the prosecution.
18
        No change for subd
192A#165S
19
        192A.165 ABSENT AND ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.
        No change for subd 1 to 3
20
21
        Subd. 4. No person is eligible to act as a military judge
     in a case if he that person is the accuser, a witness for the
22
23
     prosecution, a counsel, or has acted as investigating officer in
24
     the same case.
192A#17S
25
        192A.17 CHARGES AND SPECIFICATIONS.
26
        Subdivision 1. Charges and specifications shall be signed
27
     by a person subject to this code under oath before a person
28
     authorized by this code to administer oaths and shall state:
29
        (1) That the signer has personal knowledge of, or has
30
     investigated, the matters set forth therein; and
        (2) That they are true in fact to the best of his the
31
32
     signer's knowledge and belief.
33
        Subd. 2. Upon the preferring of charges the proper
34
     authority shall take immediate steps to determine what
35
     disposition should be made thereof in the interest of justice
36
     and discipline, and the person accused shall be informed of the
37
     charges against-him as soon as practicable.
192A#175S
38
        192A.175 COMPULSORY SELF-INCRIMINATION PROHIBITED.
39
        Subdivision 1. No person subject to this code may compel
40
     any person to incriminate-himself make self-incriminating
41
     statements or acts or to answer any question the answer to which
42
     may tend to incriminate-him be self-incriminating.
43
       Subd. 2. No person subject to this code may interrogate or
44
    request any statement from an accused or a person suspected of
45
     an offense without first informing him that person:
       (1) of the nature of the accusation and-advising-him-that
46
     he-does-not-have-to-make-any;
47
       (2) that no statement regarding the offense of-which-he-is
48
49
     accused-or-suspected need be made; and
       (3) that any statement made-by-him the person makes may be
50
51
     used as evidence against him the person in a trial by
52
    court-martial.
53
        Subd. 3. No person subject to this code may compel any
54
    person to make a statement or produce evidence before any
55
     military tribunal if the statement or evidence is not material
56
    to the issue and may tend to degrade-him be degrading.
57
        Subd. 4. No statement obtained from any person in
    violation of this section, or through the use of coercion,
58
59
    unlawful influence, or unlawful inducement may be received in
60
     evidence against him that person in a trial by court-martial.
192A#18S
61
       192A.18 INVESTIGATION.
62
        Subdivision 1. No charge or specification may be referred
63
    to a general court-martial for trial until a thorough and
     impartial investigation of all the matters set forth therein has
65
    been made. The convening authority shall request his the unit's
     judge advocate to appoint an investigating officer. The
67
    investigating officer shall be a member of the state military
    forces. This investigation shall include inquiry as to the
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truth of the matter set forth in the charges, and consideration

Subd. 2. The accused shall be advised of the charges

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1 against-him and of his the right to be represented at that
 2 investigation by counsel. Upon his-own the accused's request
  3 military counsel shall be provided without cost, or, if he the
  4 accused prefers, he-may-retain civilian counsel of his-own the
5 accused's choice may be retained at his to
    accused's choice may be retained at his the accused's own
    expense. At that investigation full opportunity shall be given
  7
    to the accused to cross examine adverse witnesses against-him if
     they are available and to present anything he-may-desire in his
     own the accused's behalf, either in defense or mitigation, and
 9
 10 the investigating officer shall examine available witnesses
 11
    requested by the accused. If the charges are forwarded after
 12
     the investigation, they shall be accompanied by a report
 13
      containing the substance of the testimony taken on both sides
14 and a recommendation as to the disposition which should be made
 15
    of the case in the interest of justice and discipline. A copy
    thereof shall be given to the accused.
16
 17
      Subd. 3. If an investigation of the subject matter of an
 18 offense has been conducted before the accused is charged with
 19 the offense, and if the accused was present at the investigation
 20 and afforded the opportunities for representation, cross
 21
      examination, and presentation prescribed in subdivision 2, no
 22 further investigation of that charge is necessary under this
 23 section unless it is demanded by the accused after he-is being
 24 informed of the charge. A demand for further investigation-
 25
     entitles the accused to recall witnesses for further cross
 26 examination and to offer any new evidence in his-own behalf of
 27 the accused.
 28
       No change for subd 4
 192A#185S
       192A.185 FORWARDING OF CHARGES.
 29
     When a person is held for trial by general court-martial
 31 the commanding officer shall, within eight days after the
 32 accused is ordered into arrest or confinement, if practicable,
33 forward the charges, together with the investigation and allied
 34 papers, to the governor. If that is not practicable, he the
 35 commanding officer shall report in writing to the governor the
 36
     reasons for delay.
192A#19S
 37 192A.19 ADVICE OF STATE JUDGE ADVOCATE AND REFERENCE FOR
38 TRIAL.
 39
       Subdivision 1. Before directing the trial of any charge by
40
     general court-martial, the convening authority shall refer it to
     the state judge advocate for consideration and advice. The
 41
42 convening-authority-may-not-refer A charge may not be referred
43 to a general court-martial for trial unless he the convening
 44
     authority has found that the charge alleges an offense under
45
     this code and is warranted by evidence indicated in the report
    of the investigation.
46
 47
        No change for subd 2
 192A#195S
48
        192A.195 SERVICE OF CHARGES.
     The trial counsel to whom court-martial charges are
 49
 50
     referred for trial shall cause to be served upon the accused a
 51 copy of the charges upon which trial is to be had. In time of
     peace no person may, against-his over objection, be brought to
 52
 53 trial, or be required to participate either by-himself alone or
 54 with counsel in a session called by a military judge under
    section 192A.215 in a general court-martial case within a period
 55
 56
     of five days after the service of charges upon-him or in a
 57
     special court-martial within a period of three days after the
 58
     service of the charges upon-him.
 192A#20S
     192A.20 GOVERNOR MAY PRESCRIBE RULES.

The procedure, including modes of proof, in cases before
 59
 60
 61 military courts and other military tribunals may be prescribed
    by the governor by regulations, which shall, so far as he the
 62
    governor considers practicable, apply the principles of law and
 63
 64
     the rules of evidence generally recognized in the trial of
    criminal cases in the courts of the state, but which may not be
 66 contrary to or inconsistent with this code.
 192A#205S
 67
        192A.205 UNLAWFULLY INFLUENCING ACTION OF COURT.
 68
        Subdivision 1. No authority convening a general, special,
```

or summary court-martial nor any other commanding officer may censure, reprimand, or admonish the court or any member,

military judge or counsel thereof, with respect to the findings

71

192A.245 PLEAS OF THE ACCUSED.

Subdivision 1. If an accused after arraignment makes an

```
or sentence adjudged by the court, or with respect to any other
     exercise of its-or-his functions in the conduct of the
     proceeding. No person subject to this code may attempt to
     coerce or, by any unauthorized means, influence the action of
    the court-martial or any other military tribunal or any member
    thereof, in reaching the findings or sentence in any case, or
 6
     the action of any convening, approving, or reviewing authority
    with respect to his judicial acts. The foregoing provisions of
 8
 9 this subdivision shall not apply with respect to (1) general
10
    instructional or informational courses in military justice if
11
    such courses are designed solely for the purpose of instructing
12
    members of a command in the substantive and procedural aspects
13
    of courts-martial, or (2) to statements and instructions given
14
    in open court by the military judge or counsel.
15
        Subd. 2. In the preparation of an effectiveness, fitness,
16
    or efficiency report or any other report or document used in
17
    whole or in part for the purpose of determining whether a member
18
    of the state military forces is qualified to be advanced in
19
     grade, or in determining the assignment or transfer of such a
    member or in determining whether such member should be retained
20
21
    on any type of duty or status, no person subject to this code
22
    may, in preparing any such report (1) consider or evaluate the
23
    performance of duty of any such member as a member of a
24
    court-martial, or (2) give a less favorable rating or evaluation
25
    of any member because of the zeal with which such member, as
    counsel, represented any accused before a court-martial. This
26
    section shall not apply to evaluations made by a judge advocate
27
    on the performance of his that judge advocate's own staff.
28
192A#21S
       192A.21 DUTIES OF TRIAL COUNSEL AND DEFENSE COUNSEL.
29
        No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. The accused has the right to be represented in
31
    his-defense before a general or special court-martial by
33
    civilian counsel if provided by him the accused, or by military
    defense counsel detailed under section 192A.155. Should the
    accused have civilian counsel of his the accused's own
35
    selection, the defense counsel, and assistant defense counsel,
37
    if any, who were detailed shall, if the accused so desires, act
38
    as his associate defense counsel; otherwise they shall be
39
    excused by the military judge.
40
      Subd. 3. In every court-martial proceeding, the defense
41
    counsel may, in the event of conviction, forward for attachment
    to the record of proceedings a brief of such matters he the
42
43
     defense counsel feels should be considered in behalf of the
44
    accused on review, including any objection to the contents of
    the record which he that defense counsel considers appropriate.
45
       Subd. 4. An assistant trial counsel of a general
46
47
    court-martial may, under the direction of the trial counsel or
    when he the assistant trial counsel is qualified to be a trial
48
    counsel as required by section 192A.-155, perform any duty
49
50
    imposed by law, regulation, or the custom of the service upon
51
    the trial counsel of the court. An assistant trial counsel of a
    special court-martial may perform any duty of the trial counsel.
52
53
       Subd. 5. An assistant defense counsel of a general or
54
   special court-martial may, under the direction of the defense
55
    counsel or when he the assistant defense counsel is qualified to
56
    be the defense counsel as required by section 192A.155 perform
57
    any duty imposed by law, regulation, or the custom of the
58
    service upon counsel for the accused.
192A#235S
       192A.235 STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.
59
60
        No change for subd 1 to 3
61
       Subd. 4. Periods in which the accused was absent from
    territory in which the state has the authority to apprehend him
    the accused, or in the custody of civil authorities, or in the
63
    hands of the enemy, shall be excluded in computing the period of
65
    limitation prescribed in this section.
192A#24S
66
       192A.24 FORMER JEOPARDY.
       Subdivision 1. No person may, without his that person's
68
    consent, be tried a second time in any military court of the
    state for the same offense.
70
       No change for subd 2 to
192A#245S
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irregular pleading, or after a plea of guilty sets up matter
 2 inconsistent with the plea, or if it appears that he the accused
 3 has entered the plea of guilty improvidently or through lack of
 4 understanding of its meaning and effect, or if he the accused
     fails or refuses to plead, a plea of not guilty shall be entered
 5
 6 in the record, and the court shall proceed as though he the
 7 accused had pleaded not guilty.
 8
        No change for subd 2
192A#255S
 9
       192A.255 REFUSAL TO APPEAR OR TESTIFY.
10
       Subdivision 1. REFUSAL TO APPEAR. Any person not
11
     subject to this code who:
12
       (1) has been duly subpoenaed to appear as a witness or to
13
     produce books and records before a military court or before any
   military or civil officer designated to take a deposition to be
15 read in evidence before a court;
16
       (2) has been duly paid or tendered the fees and mileage of
17
    a witness at the rates allowed to witnesses attending the
18 district court of the state; and
19
       (3) willfully neglects or refuses to appear, or refuses to
20
     qualify as a witness or to testify or to produce any evidence
21
     which that person has been legally subpoenaed to produce;
22
      is guilty of an offense against the state and a military
23 court may punish him that person in the same manner as the civil
24
    courts of the state.
192A#275S
25
       192A.275 VOTING AND RULINGS.
26
        No change for subd 1 to 2
27
        Subd. 3. Before a vote is taken on the findings, the
28 military judge of a court-martial shall, in the presence of the
29
    accused and counsel, instruct the members of the court as to the
30
   elements of the offense and charge them:
31
       (1) That the accused must be presumed to be innocent until
32
    his quilt is established by legal and competent evidence beyond
33 reasonable doubt;
34
       (2) That in the case being considered, if there is a
35
    reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the accused, the doubt must
36
    be resolved in favor of the accused and he the accused must be
37
     acquitted;
38
       (3) That if there is a reasonable doubt as to the degree of
39 guilt the finding must be in a lower degree as to which there is
40
    no reasonable doubt; and
        (4) That the burden of proof of establishing the guilt of
41
     the accused beyond reasonable doubt is upon the state.
42
43
        No change for subd 4
192A#29S
44
        192A.29 RECORD OF TRIAL.
       Subdivision 1. Each general and special court-martial
45
46
     shall keep a verbatim record of the proceedings and testimony in
47
     each case brought before it, and the record shall be
48
     authenticated by the signature of the military judge. If the
     record cannot be authenticated by the military judge by reason
49
    of his the military judge's death, disability, or absence, it
50
51
     shall be authenticated by the signature of the trial counsel or
52
     by that of a member if the trial counsel is unable to
53
     authenticate it by reason of his the trial counsel's death,
     disability, or absence. In a court-martial consisting of only a
54
55
     military judge, the record shall be authenticated by the court
56
    reporter under the same conditions which would impose such a
     duty on a member under this subdivision. If the proceedings
57
58
     have resulted in an acquittal of all charges and specifications
59
     or, if not affecting an officer, in a sentence not including
60
     discharge and not in excess of that which may otherwise be
61
     adjudged by a special court-martial, the record shall contain
62
    such matters as may be prescribed by regulations of the
63
    governor. A copy of the record of the proceedings of each
64
    general and special court-martial shall be given to the accused
65
     as soon as it is authenticated.
66
      No change for subd 2
192A#305S
       192A.305 EFFECTIVE DATE OF SENTENCES.
67
        No change for subd 1 to 3
68
69
       Subd. 4. On application by an accused who is under
70 sentence to confinement that has not been ordered executed, the
```

convening authority or, if the accused is no longer under his 72 the convening authority's jurisdiction, the officer exercising

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similar court-martial convening authority over the command to
 2 which the accused is currently assigned, may in his the
    convening authority's sole discretion defer service of a
 4 sentence to confinement. The deferment shall terminate when the
   sentence is ordered executed. The deferment may be rescinded at
 6 any time by the officer who granted it or, if the accused is no
    longer under his that officer's jurisdiction, by the officer
 8 exercising similar court-martial jurisdiction over the command
    to which the accused is currently assigned.
 9
192A#31S
10
       192A.31 EXECUTION OF CONFINEMENT.
       No change for subd 1 to 2
11
       Subd. 3. The keepers, officers, and wardens of city or
13
    county jails and of other jails, penitentiaries, or prisons
    designated by the governor, or by such persons as he the
15 governor may authorize to act under section 192A.065, shall
    receive persons ordered into confinement before trial and
17
    persons committed to confinement by a military court and shall
    confine them according to law. No such keeper, officer, or
    warden may require payment of any fee or charge for so receiving
19
    or confining a person, except as provided by law.
192A#315S
21
       192A.315 EXECUTION OF SENTENCE; SUSPENSION OR DEFERMENT
22
    OF SENTENCE.
      Except as provided in sections 192A.12 and 192A.345 a
24
   court-martial sentence, unless suspended, may be ordered
25
    executed by the convening authority when it is approved by-him.
26
    He The convening authority shall approve the sentence or such
27
    part, amount, or commuted form of the sentence as he the
28
    convening authority sees fit, and may suspend or defer the
29
     execution of the sentence as approved by him the convening
30
     authority.
192A#325S
31
       192A.325 GENERAL COURT-MARTIAL RECORDS.
32
       The convening authority shall refer the record of each
    general court-martial to the state judge advocate, who shall
33
     submit his <u>a</u> written opinion thereon to the convening authority.
35
    If the final action of the court has resulted in an acquittal of
36
     all charges and specifications, the opinion shall be limited to
37
     questions of jurisdiction.
192A#335S
38
        192A.335 REHEARINGS.
39
       Subdivision 1. If the convening authority disapproves the
    findings and sentence of a court-martial he the convening
40
    authority may, except where there is lack of sufficient evidence
41
    in the record to support the findings, order a rehearing. In
42
43
    such a case he the convening authority shall state the reasons
44
     for disapproval. If he-disapproves the findings and sentence are
45
     disapproved and does-not-order a rehearing is not ordered, he
46
    shall-dismiss the charges shall be dismissed by the convening
47
    authority.
48
        Subd. 2. Each rehearing shall take place before a
49
    court-martial composed of members not members of the
50
    court-martial which first heard the case. Upon a rehearing the
51
    accused may not be tried for any offense of which he the accused
52
    was found not guilty by the first court-martial, and no sentence
53 in excess of or more severe than the original sentence may be
    imposed, unless the sentence is based upon a finding of guilty
54
55
   of an offense not considered upon the merits in the original
56
    proceedings, or unless the sentence prescribed for the offense
57
    is mandatory.
192A#34S
58
       192A.34 APPROVAL BY THE CONVENING AUTHORITY.
59
       In acting on the findings and sentence of a court-martial
60
    the convening authority may approve only such findings of
61
    guilty, and the sentence or such part or amount of the sentence,
62
    as he-finds found to be correct in law and fact and as he in his
63
    the discretion determines-should of the commanding authority is
64
    determined to be approved. Unless he-indicates indicated
65
    otherwise, approval of the sentence is approval of the findings
66
    and sentence.
192A#345S
67
       192A.345 REVIEW OF RECORDS; DISPOSITION.
68
       No change for subd 2
       Subd. 4. The state judge advocate shall review the record
```

of trial in each case sent to-him-for-review as provided under

192A#39S

192A.39 PRINCIPALS.

71

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subdivision 2. If the final action of the court-martial has
     resulted in an acquittal of all charges and specifications, the
     opinion of the state judge advocate is limited to questions of
 4
     jurisdiction.
      Subd. 5. The state judge advocate shall take final action
 5
     in any case reviewable by him the state judge advocate.
 6
 7
      Subd. 6. In a case reviewable by the state judge advocate
 8
    under this section, the state judge advocate may act only with
 9
    respect to the findings and sentence as approved by the
    convening authority. He The state judge advocate may affirm only such findings of guilty, and the sentence or such part or
10
11
12
    amount of the sentence, as he the state judge advocate finds
13
    correct in law and fact and determines, on the basis of the
     entire record, should be approved. In considering the
14
15
     record, he the state judge advocate may weigh the evidence,
16
     judge the credibility of witnesses, and determine controverted
17
    questions of fact, recognizing that the trial court saw and
18
    heard the witnesses. #f-the-state-judge-advocate-sets On
19
    setting aside the findings and sentence, he-may, except where
20 the setting aside is based on lack of sufficient evidence in the
21
     record to support the findings, the state judge advocate may
     order a rehearing. If-he-sets On setting aside the findings and
22
23 sentence and-does-not-order without ordering a rehearing, he the
24 state judge advocate shall order that the charges be dismissed.
25
        Subd. 7. In a case reviewable by the state judge advocate
    under this section, he the state judge advocate shall instruct the convening authority to act in accordance with his the state
26
27
28 judge advocate's decision on the review. If he the state judge
29
   advocate has ordered a rehearing but the convening authority
30
     finds a rehearing impracticable, he-may-dismiss the charges may
31
    be dismissed by the convening authority.
32
        No change for subd 8
192A#355S
33
        192A.355 REVIEW COUNSEL.
34
        No change for subd 1 to 2
35
       Subd. 3. If-provided-by-him, An accused entitled to be so
36 represented may be represented by civilian counsel before the
37
     reviewing authority, before the staff judge advocate and before
   the state judge advocate if the counsel is provided by the
38
39
    accused.
192A#36S
40
        192A.36 VACATION OF SUSPENSION.
        Subdivision 1. Before the vacation of the suspension of a
41
42
    special court-martial sentence which as approved includes a
43
   bad-conduct discharge, or of any general court-martial sentence,
44 the officer having special court-martial jurisdiction over the
45
    probationer shall hold a hearing on the alleged violation of
46
     probation. The probationer shall be represented at the hearing
47
    by counsel if he the probationer so desires.
48
        No change for subd 2 to 3
192A#375S
       192A.375 RESTORATION.
49
50
        No change for subd 1
       Subd. 2. If a previously executed sentence of dishonorable
51
52
    or bad-conduct discharge is not imposed on a new trial, the
   governor shall substitute therefor a form of discharge
53
54
     authorized for administrative issuance unless the accused is to
55
   serve out the remainder of his the accused's enlistment.
56
        Subd. 3. If a previously executed sentence of dismissal is
   not imposed on a new trial, the governor shall substitute
57
58 therefor a form of discharge authorized for administrative
59
    issue, and the commissioned officer dismissed by that sentence
60 may be reappointed by the governor alone to such commissioned
    grade and with such rank as in the opinion of the governor that
61
    former officer would have attained had he the officer not been
62
63 dismissed. The reappointment of such a former officer may be
64 made if a position vacancy is available under applicable tables
   of organization. All time between the dismissal and
65
66
    reappointment shall be considered as service for all purposes.
192A#385S
67
       192A.385 PERSONS TO BE TRIED OR PUNISHED.
68
       No person may be tried or punished for any offense provided
69
   for in sections 192A.39 to 192A.605 unless it was committed
70
    while he that person was in a duty status.
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Any person subject to this code who:
        (1) Commits an offense punishable by this code, or aids,
     abets, counsels, commands, or procures its commission; or
        (2) Causes an act to be done which if directly performed by
     him that person would be punishable by this code;
        is a principal.
192A#3955
        192A.395 ACCESSORY AFTER THE FACT.
        Any person subject to this code who, knowing that an
 9
     offense punishable by this code has been committed, receives,
10
    comforts, or assists the offender in order to hinder or prevent
11
     his the offender's apprehension, trial, or punishment shall be
12
     punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#415S
13
       192A.415 SOLICITATION.
14
        Subdivision 1. Any person subject to this code who
15
   solicits or advises another or others to desert in violation of
    section 192A.43 or mutiny in violation of section 192A.475
17
    shall, if the offense solicited or advised is attempted or
     committed, be punished with the punishment provided for the
19
    commission of the offense, but if the offense solicited or
20 advised is not committed or attempted he the person shall be
21 punished as a court-martial may direct.
22
       Subd. 2. Any person subject to this code who solicits or
23
    advises another or others to commit an act of misbehavior before
     the enemy in violation of section 192A.50 or sedition in
25 violation of section 192A.475 shall, if the offense solicited or
    advised is committed, be punished with the punishment provided for the commission of the offense, but if the offense solicited
26
27
     or advised is not committed he the person shall be punished as a
29
     court-martial may direct.
192A#42S
       192A.42 FRAUDULENT ENLISTMENT, APPOINTMENT, OR
30
31
     SEPARATION.
   Any person who:
32
33
       (1) Procures his that person's own enlistment or
    appointment in the state military forces by knowingly false
34
    representation or deliberate concealment as to his that person's
35
36
     qualifications for that enlistment or appointment and receives
37
    pay or allowances thereunder; or
38
        (2) Procures his that person's own separation from the
39 state military forces by knowingly false representation or
40
     deliberate concealment as to his that person's eligibility for
41
     that separation;
42
        shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#425S
43
       192A.425 UNLAWFUL ENLISTMENT, APPOINTMENT, OR SEPARATION.
44
       Any person subject to this code who effects an enlistment
45
     or appointment in or a separation from the state military forces
46
     of any person who is known to h \pm m that person to be ineligible
47
     for that enlistment, appointment, or separation because it is
     prohibited by law, regulation, or order shall be punished as a
48
     court-martial may direct.
49
192A#43S
50
       192A.43 DESERTION.
51
       Subdivision 1. Any member of the state military forces who:
52
       (1) Without authority goes or remains absent from his that
53
     member's unit, organization, or place of duty with intent to
54
     remain away therefrom permanently;
55
       (2) Quits his that member's unit, organization, or place of
56
     duty with intent to avoid hazardous duty or to shirk important
57
     service; or
58
        (3) Without being regularly separated from one of the state
59
     military forces enlists or accepts an appointment in the same or
60
     another one of the state military forces, or in one of the armed
61
    forces of the United States, without fully disclosing the fact
     that he that member has not been regularly separated;
62
63
        is guilty of desertion.
64
        Subd. 2. Any commissioned officer of the state military
65
     forces who, after tender of his the officer's resignation and
66
     before notice of its acceptance, quits his the post or proper
67
     duties without leave and with intent to remain away therefrom
68
     permanently is guilty of desertion.
69
       No change for subd 3
192A#435S
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192A.435 ABSENCE WITHOUT LEAVE.

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Any person subject to this code who, without authority:
        (1) Fails to go to his that person's appointed place of
 3
    duty at the time prescribed;
     (2) Goes from that place; or
        (3) Absents-himself Is absent or remains absent from his an
    assigned unit, organization, or place of duty at which he the
     person is required to be at the time prescribed;
 8
        shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#44S
       192A.44 MISSING MOVEMENT.
 9
10
        Any person subject to this code who through neglect or
11
    design misses the movement of a ship, aircraft, or unit with
    which he the person is required in the course of duty to move
12
13
     shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#45S
14
        192A.45 DISRESPECT TOWARDS SUPERIOR COMMISSIONED OFFICER.
15
        Any person subject to this code who behaves with disrespect
     towards his that person's superior commissioned officer shall be
17
     punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#455S
       192A.455 ASSAULTING OR WILLFULLY DISOBEYING SUPERIOR
18
     COMMISSIONED OFFICER.
20
        Any person subject to this code who:
        (1) Strikes his that person's superior commissioned officer
   or draws or lifts up any weapon or offers any violence
22
23
    against him that superior commissioned officer while he that
24
   officer is in the execution of his-office official duties; or
25
       (2) Willfully disobeys a lawful command of his that
25
    person's superior commissioned officer;
27
        shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#46S
28
       192A.46 INSUBORDINATE CONDUCT TOWARD WARRANT OFFICER,
29
     NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICER, OR PETTY OFFICER.
        Any warrant officer or enlisted member who:
30
31
        (1) Strikes or assaults a warrant officer, noncommissioned
32
   officer, or petty officer while that officer is in the execution
33
    of his-office official duties;
34
        (2) Willfully disobeys the lawful order of a warrant
    officer, noncommissioned officer, or petty officer; or
35
36
       (3) Treats with contempt or is disrespectful in language or
    deportment toward a warrant officer, noncommissioned officer, or petty officer while that officer is in the execution of his
37
38
    office official duties;
40
       shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#465S
        192A.465 FAILURE TO OBEY ORDER OR REGULATION.
41
        Any person subject to this code who:
43
       (1) Violates or fails to obey any lawful general order or
44
    regulation;
45
        (2) Having knowledge of any other lawful order issued by a
   member of the state military forces which it is his the person's
46
47
    duty to obey, fails to obey the order; or
48
     (3) Is derelict in the performance of his duties;
49
        shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#47S
50
        192A.47 CRUELTY AND MALTREATMENT.
51
       Any person subject to this code who acts cruelly,
52
     oppressively or maltreats any person subject to his the person's
   orders shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
53
192A#475S
54
        192A.475 MUTINY OR SEDITION.
55
        Subdivision 1. Any person subject to this code who:
56
        (1) With intent to usurp or override lawful military
57
    authority refuses, in concert with any other person, to obey
58
    orders or otherwise do his that person's duty or creates any
59
    violence or disturbance is guilty of mutiny;
60
        (2) With intent to cause the overthrow or destruction of
    lawful civil authority, creates, in concert with any other
61
62 person, revolt, violence, or other disturbance against that
63
   authority is guilty of sedition;
64
      (3) Fails to do his the utmost to prevent and suppress a
65
   mutiny or sedition being committed in his that person's
66 presence, or fails to take all reasonable means to inform his a
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superior commissioned officer or commanding officer of a mutiny

or sedition which he that person knows or has reason to believe is taking place is guilty of a failure to suppress or report a

67

69

```
1 mutiny or sedition.
       No change for subd 2
192A#485S
 3
        192A.485 RELEASING PRISONER WITHOUT PROPER AUTHORITY.
        Any person subject to this code who, without proper
    authority, releases any prisoner committed to his that person's
 6
    charge, or who through neglect or design suffers any such
     prisoner to escape, shall be punished as a court-martial may
 8 direct, whether or not the prisoner was committed in strict
 9
    compliance with law.
192A#50S
        192A.50 MISBEHAVIOR BEFORE THE ENEMY.
10
11
       Any person subject to this code who before or in the
12 presence of the enemy:
13
       (1) Runs away;
14
        (2) Shamefully abandons, surrenders, or delivers up any
15
   command, unit, place, or military property which it is his the
    person's duty to defend;
16
17
        (3) Through disobedience, neglect, or intentional
18
    misconduct endangers the safety of any such command, unit,
     place, or military property;
19
20
        (4) Casts away his the person's arms or ammunition;
21 .
       (5) Is guilty of cowardly conduct;
22
      (6) Quits his a place of duty to plunder or pillage;
        (7) Causes false alarms in any command, unit, or place
23
24
    under control of the armed forces of the United States or the
25
    state military forces;
        (8) Willfully fails to do his the utmost to encounter,
26
27
    engage, capture, or destroy any enemy troops, combatants,
28 vessels, aircraft, or any other thing which it is his that
    person's duty so to encounter, engage, capture, or destroy; or
29
30
       (9) Does not afford all practicable relief and assistance
     to any troops, combatants, vessels, or aircraft of the armed
31
32 forces belonging to the United States or their allies, to the
33
    state, or to any other state, when engaged in battle;
34
        shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#51S
       192A.51 IMPROPER USE OF COUNTERSIGN.
36
       Any person subject to this code who in time of war
37
    discloses the parole or countersign to any person not entitled
38 to receive it, or who gives to another who is entitled to
39
   receive and use the parole or countersign a different parole or
40
    countersign from that which, to his that person's knowledge, he
    the person was authorized and required to give, shall be
41
42
     punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#52S
43
        192A.52 CAPTURED OR ABANDONED PROPERTY.
44
        No change for subd 1
45
        Subd. 2. Any person subject to this code who:
46
        (1) Fails to carry out the duties prescribed in subdivision
47
        (2) Buys, sells, trades, or in any way deals in or disposes
48
49
     of captured or abandoned property, whereby he that person
    receives or expects any profit, benefit, or advantage to-himself
50
51
     personally or to another directly or indirectly connected
     with himself that person; or
52
53
        (3) Engages in looting or pillaging;
54
        shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#53S
55
        192A.53 MISCONDUCT OF A PRISONER.
56
        Any person subject to this code who, while in the hands of
57
     the enemy in time of war:
58
        (1) For the purpose of securing favorable treatment by his
59
     that person's captors acts without proper authority in a manner
60
     contrary to law, custom, or regulation, to the detriment of
    others of whatever nationality held by the enemy as civilian or
61
62
     military prisoners; or
63
        (2) While in a position of authority over such persons
64
     maltreats them without justifiable cause;
65
      shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
192A#56S
66
       192A.56 DRUNK ON DUTY; SLEEPING ON POST; LEAVING POST
67
     BEFORE RELIEF.
68
       Any person subject to this code who is found drunk on duty
     or sleeping upon his an assigned post, or who leaves his that
69
```

post before he-is being regularly relieved, shall be punished as

70

71

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1 a court-martial may direct.
 192A#59S
        192A.59 FRAUDS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.
 2
        Any person subject to this code:
 3
        (1) Who, knowing it to be false or fraudulent
 4
        (a) makes any claim against the United States, the state,
  6
     or any officer thereof; or
        (b) presents to any person in the civil or military service
 8 thereof, for approval or payment, any claim against the United
    States, the state, or any officer thereof;
 10
        (2) Who, for the purpose of obtaining the approval,
 11
     allowance, or payment of any claim against the United States,
 12
     the state, or any officer thereof
       (a) makes or uses any writing or other paper knowing it to
13
 14 contain any false or fraudulent statements;
 15
       (b) makes any oath to any fact or to any writing or other
     paper knowing the oath to be false; or
 16
17
        (c) forges or counterfeits any signature upon any writing
    or other paper, or uses any such signature knowing it to be
18
 19
    forged or counterfeited;
 20
       (3) Who, having charge, possession, custody, or control of
     any money or other property of the United States or the state
21
. 22
     furnished or intended for the armed forces of the United States
     or the state military forces, knowingly delivers to any person
 23
     having authority to receive it any amount thereof less than that
 24
25
     for which he that person receives a certificate or receipt; or
26
       (4) Who, being authorized to make or deliver any paper
27
     certifying the receipt of any property of the United States or
 28
     the state furnished or intended for the armed forces of the
29
     United States or the state military forces, makes or delivers to
30 any person such writing without having full knowledge of the
31 truth of the statements therein contained and with intent to
32
     defraud the United States or the state;
 33
        shall, upon conviction, be punished as a court-martial may-
34 direct.
192A#595S
35
       192A.595 LARCENY AND WRONGFUL APPROPRIATION.
36
        Subdivision 1. Any person subject to this code who
37
     wrongfully takes, obtains, or withholds, by any means, from the
 38 possession of the owner or of any other person or from the state
 39
     or United States any money, personal property, or article of
40
     value of any kind:
41
      (1) With intent permanently to deprive or defraud another
42 person or the state or United States of the use and benefit of
 43 property or to appropriate it to his-own personal use or the use
 44
     of any person other than the owner, steals that property and is
 45
     guilty of larceny; or
       (2) With intent temporarily to deprive or defraud another
 46
 47
    person or the state or United States of the use and benefit of
    property or to appropriate it to his-own personal use or the use
 48
     of any person other than the owner, is guilty of wrongful
 49
50
    appropriation.
51
        No change for subd 2
192A#60S
        192A.60 CONDUCT UNBECOMING AN OFFICER AND-A-GENTLEMAN.
52
53
        Any commissioned officer who is convicted of conduct
54 unbecoming an officer and-a-gentleman shall be punished as a
55
     court-martial may direct.
 192A#615S
        192A.615 AUTHORITY TO ADMINISTER OATHS.
56
57
        No change for subd 1 to 2
58
       Subd. 3. The signature without seal of any such person
 59
     together with the title of his the person's office, is prima
60
     facie evidence of his the authority to administer oaths.
192A#62S
        192A.62 SECTIONS TO BE EXPLAINED.
61
     Sections 192A.02, 192A.025, 192A.045 to 192A.085, 192A.145, 192A.155, 192A.205, 192A.295, 192A.385 to 192A.595, and 192A.62
 62
63
     to 192A.63 shall be carefully explained to every enlisted member
 65
     at the time of his the member's enlistment or transfer or
 66
     induction into, or at the time of his the member's order to duty
 67
     in or with any of the state military forces or within 30 days
68
     thereafter. They shall also be explained annually to each unit
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of the state military forces. A complete text of this code and

of the regulations prescribed by the governor thereunder shall

be made available to any member of the state military forces,

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upon his the member's request, for his personal examination.
192A#625S
        192A.625 COMPLAINTS OF WRONGS.
        Any member of the state military forces who-believes
 3
     himself having a belief of being wronged by his a commanding
     officer, and who, upon due application to that commanding
     officer, is refused redress, may complain to any superior
     commissioned officer, who shall forward the complaint to the
     governor or adjutant general.
192A#63S
 9
        192A.63 REDRESS OF INJURIES TO PROPERTY.
10
        Subdivision 1. Whenever complaint is made to any
     commanding officer that willful damage has been done to the
11
12
     property of any person or that his property has been wrongfully
13
     taken by members of the state military forces, he the commanding
14
     officer may, subject to such regulations as the governor may
15
     prescribe, convene a board to investigate the complaint. The
16
     board shall consist of from one to three commissioned officers
17
     and, for the purpose of that investigation, it has power to
18
     summon witnesses and examine them upon oath or affirmation, to
19
     receive depositions or other documentary evidence, and to assess
20
     the damages sustained against the responsible parties. The
     assessment of damages made by the board is subject to the
21
22
     approval of the commanding officer, and in the amount approved
     by h \div m the commanding officer shall be charged against the pay
23
24
     of the offenders. The order of the commanding officer directing
     charges herein authorized is conclusive, except as provided in
25
26
     subdivision 3, on any disbursing officer for the payment by him
     the commanding officer to the injured parties of the damages so
27
28
     assessed and approved.
29
       No change for subd 2
30
        Subd. 3. Any person subject to this code who is accused of
     causing willful damage to property has the right to be
31
32
     represented by counsel, to summon witnesses in-his-behalf, and
33
     to cross examine those-appearing-against-him:--He-has-the-right
34
     of adverse witnesses, and to appeal to the next higher commander.
192A#645S
        192A.645 PAYMENT OF FINES AND DISPOSITION THEREOF.
35
36
        Fines imposed by a military court may be paid to it or to
37
     an officer executing its process. The amount of such a fine may
38
     be noted upon any state roll or account for pay of the
39
     delinquent and deducted from any pay or allowance due or
40
     thereafter to become due him the delinquent, until the fine is
41
     liquidated. Any sum so deducted shall be turned in to the
42
     military court which imposed the fine. The proceeds of all such
     fines shall be disposed of in accordance with section 192.68.
43
44
     All moneys so deposited with the adjutant general are
45
     appropriated for the purposes stated.
192A#66S
46
       192A.66 DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY BY THE GOVERNOR.
47
       Except for the power in sections 192A.115 and 192A.13, the
48
     governor-may-delegate-any authority vested in him the governor
49
     under this code may be delegated, and may-provide provisions
50
     made for the subdelegation of any such authority,-except-the
51
     power-given-him-by-sections-192A-115-and-192A-13.
193*#142S
52
        193.142 MINNESOTA STATE ARMORY BUILDING COMMISSION.
53
       Subdivision 1. CORPORATION CREATED; OFFICERS. For
54
     the purpose of constructing armories as provided by section
55
     193.141, there shall be created a corporation to be known as the
56
     "Minnesota State Armory Building Commission." The members and
57
     governing body of such corporation shall be the adjutant general
58
     and not less than two officers of the line of the national guard
59
    of the state above the grade of lieutenant colonel, to be
60
     selected and appointed by the adjutant general. The adjutant
61
    general shall be chairman chair of such commission. Such
62
     commission shall elect a secretary and a treasurer from the
63
    members thereof other than the adjutant general. The treasurer
64
    of the corporation shall give a security bond to the corporation
65
     in such sum as the corporation may determine, conditioned in
66
    like manner to the bonds of treasurers of public bodies, to be
67
    approved and filed as the corporation may determine.
68
       Subd. 2. FILING; OFFICERS; MEMBERS; VACANCY.
69
     the filing with the secretary of state of a certificate by the
     adjutant general naming the persons authorized to compose such
```

commission and corporation, and declaring them to be constituted

1 a commission and corporation hereunder, such persons shall 2 forthwith become and be such commission and corporation without further proceeding. In case of a vacancy in the membership of 4 such commission and corporation, the remaining members, provided 5 there are not less than two, shall have power to act and to elect such temporary officers of the commission as may be necessary during the existence of the vacancy. In case at any time there shall not be at least two qualified officers of the 9 national guard in addition to the adjutant general eligible to serve as members of such commission, the adjutant general may appoint a member or members of such commission from the appoint a member or members of such commission from the lieutenant colonels of the line of the national guard of the 12 13 state, so as to provide not more than two members of such 1.4 commission in addition to himself the adjutant general. The membership of the members last so appointed shall automatically 15 16 terminate upon the appointment and qualification of an officer 17 of the national guard eligible under subdivision 1, to serve as 18 a member of such commission, provided the total membership be not thereby reduced to less than three including the adjutant 19 20 general. In case of a vacancy in the office of the adjutant general, or in case of the incapacity of the adjutant general to 21 22 act as a member and chairman chair of such commission, the 23 officer who is appointed or authorized according to law to 24 exercise the powers of the adjutant general for the time being, 25 shall during the existence of such vacancy or incapacity act as a member and chairman chair of such commission and have all the 26 27 powers and duties herein vested in or imposed upon the adjutant 28 general as a member and chairman chair of such commission. The 29 adjutant general shall certify to the secretary of state all 30 changes in the membership of the commission, but failure on-his part to do so shall not affect the authority of any new member 31 32 of the commission or the validity of any act of the commission after the accession of a new member. 33

Subd. 3. TRUSTEE IN CERTAIN CASES. In case at any time all or all but one of the line officers of the national guard who are members of the commission or who are eligible to serve as such are in active service outside the state, or where 38 for any other reason there are not at least two qualified line 39 officers of the national guard available within the state to serve as members of the commission, the adjutant general, or in 41 . case of his incapacity or of a vacancy in that office, the officer who is appointed or authorized according to law to exercise the powers of the adjutant general for the time being, 44 shall become trustee of the commission and shall have all the powers and perform all the duties of the commission and its officers so long as such conditions exist. Upon the occurrence 47 of such conditions the officer becoming trustee shall file with the Secretary of State a certificate reciting the circumstances and declaring that he that officer assumes office as such 50 trustee, and thereupon shall be deemed to have qualified as 51 such, with all the authority hereby conferred. Any change in 52 such office shall be likewise certified by the officers 53 succeeding as trustee. Upon the termination of such cor succeeding as trustee. Upon the termination of such conditions, the adjutant general or his an authorized substitute shall certify the circumstances in like manner, with the names of the officers then authorized by law to compose the commission, and thereupon such officers shall constitute the commission, and the 58 authority of the trustee shall terminate.

No change for subd 4

193*#1435

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193.143 STATE ARMORY BUILDING COMMISSION, POWERS.

Such corporation, subject to the conditions and limitations prescribed in sections 193.141 to 193.149, shall possess all the 63 powers of a body corporate necessary and convenient to accomplish the objectives and perform the duties prescribed by sections 193.141 to 193.149, including the following, which shall not be construed as a limitation upon the general powers hereby conferred:

(1) To acquire by lease, purchase, gift or condemnation proceedings all necessary right, title and interest in and to the lands required for a site for a new armory and all other real or personal property required for the purposes contemplated 72 by the military code and to hold and dispose of the same, subject to the conditions and limitations herein prescribed; provided that any such real or personal property or interest therein may be so acquired or accepted subject to any condition

which may be imposed thereon by the grantor or donor and agreed to by such corporation not inconsistent with the proper use of such property by the state for armory or military purposes as herein provided.

- (2) To exercise the right of eminent domain in the manner provided by chapter 117, for the purpose of acquiring any property which such corporation is herein authorized to acquire by condemnation; provided, that the corporation may take possession of any such property so to be acquired at any time after the filing of the petition describing the same in condemnation proceedings; provided further, that this shall not preclude the corporation from abandoning the condemnation of any such property in any case where possession thereof has not been taken.
- (3) To construct and equip new armories as authorized herein; to pay therefor out of the funds obtained as hereinafter provided and to hold, manage, and dispose of such armory, equipment, and site as hereinafter provided. The total amount of bonds issued on account of such armories shall not exceed the amount of the cost thereof; provided also, that the total bonded indebtedness of the commission shall not at any time exceed the aggregate sum of \$4,500,000.
 - (4) To sue and be sued.
- (5) To contract and be contracted with in any matter connected with any purpose or activity within the powers of such corporations as herein specified; provided, that no officer or member of such corporation shall be personally interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract in which such corporation is interested.
- (6) To employ any and all professional and non-professional services and all agents, employees, workmen workers and servants necessary and proper for the purposes and activities of such corporation as authorized or contemplated herein and to pay for the same out of any portion of the income of the corporation available for such purposes or activities. The officers and members of such corporation shall not receive any compensation therefrom, but may receive their reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties; provided however, that whenever the duties of any member of the commission require his full time and attention the commission may compensate him the member therefor at such rates as it may determine.
- (7) To borrow money and issue bonds for the purposes and in the manner and within the limitations herein specified, and to pledge any and all property and income of such corporation acquired or received as herein provided to secure the payment of such bonds, subject to the provisions and limitations herein prescribed, and to redeem any such bonds if so provided therein or in the mortgage or trust deed accompanying the same.
- (8) To use for the following purposes any available moneys received by such corporation from any source as herein provided in excess of those required for the payment of the cost of such armory and for the payment of any bonds issued by the corporation and interest thereon according to the terms of such bonds or of any mortgage or trust deed accompanying the same:
- (a) To pay the necessary incidental expenses of carrying on the business and activities of the corporation as herein authorized;
- (b) To pay the cost of operating, maintaining, repairing, and improving such new armories;
- (c) If any further excess moneys remain, to purchase upon the open market at or above or below the face or par value thereof any bonds issued by the corporation as herein authorized; provided, that any bonds so purchased shall thereupon be canceled.
 - (9) To adopt and use a corporate seal.
- (10) To adopt all needful bylaws, rules, and regulations for the conduct of business and affairs of such corporation and for the management and use of all armories while under the ownership and control of such corporation as herein provided, not inconsistent with the use of such armory for armory or military purposes.
 - (11) Such corporation shall issue no stock.
- (12) No officer or member of such corporation shall have any personal share or interest in any funds or property of the corporation or be subject to any personal liability by reason of

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any liability of the corporation.

(13) The Minnesota state armory building commission created under section 193.142 shall keep all moneys and credits received 4 by it as a single fund, to be designated as the "Minnesota State Armory Building Commission Fund," with separate accounts for each armory; and the commission may make transfers of moneys from funds appertaining to any armory under its control for use for any other such armory; provided such transfers shall be made 9 only from moneys on hand, from time to time, in excess of the 10 amounts required to meet payments of interest or principal on bonds or other obligations appertaining to the armory to which such funds pertain and only when necessary to pay expenses of 13 operation, maintenance and debt service of such other armory; provided further, no such transfer of any moneys paid for the support of any armory by the municipality in which such armory is situated shall be made by the commission.

(14) The corporation created under section 193.142 may designate one or more state or national banks as depositories of its funds, and may provide, upon such conditions as the corporation may determine, that the treasurer of the corporation shall be exempt from personal liability for loss of funds deposited in any such depository due to the insolvency or other acts or omissions of such depository.

(15) The governor is empowered to apply for grants of 25 money, equipment and materials which may be made available to the states by the federal government for leasing, building and equipping armories for the use of the military forces of the 28 state which are reserve components of the armed forces of the 29 United States, whenever he the governor is satisfied that the 30 conditions under which such grants are offered by the federal 31 government, are for the best interests of the state and are not inconsistent with the laws of the state relating to armories, 33 and to accept such grants in the name of the state. The 34 Minnesota state armory building commission is designated as the 35 agency of the state to receive such grants and to use them for 36 armory purposes as prescribed in this chapter, and by federal laws, and regulations not inconsistent therewith. 193*#1455

193.145 FUNDS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF ARMORY; TAX LEVY.

No change for subd 1 to 3

Subd. 4. PAYMENTS BY ADJUTANT GENERAL. In addition 41 to the payments by the state under subdivision 3, the adjutant 42 general is hereby authorized to pay to such corporation, out of any moneys which may from time to time be appropriated to and 44 for his the military department and not appropriated or set apart for any other specific purpose, the sum of not less than \$3,000 per year for each unit of the national guard quartered in such armory when only one such unit is so quartered, and the sum 48 of not less than \$2,000 per year for each additional unit when 49 more than one such unit is so quartered, and may bind himself 50 and-his-successors-in-office the office of the adjutant general, corporation to make such payments in a specific amount or 53 amounts out of such appropriations for a period of not more than 40 years.

No change for subd 5

193*#146S

193.146 ISSUANCE OF BONDS.

No change for subd 1 to 2

Subd. 3. EXECUTION. Such bonds shall be signed by the adjutant general, as chairman chair, attested by the secretary, and counter-signed by the treasurer of such corporation, and the interest coupons to be thereto attached shall be executed and authenticated by the printed, engraved, or lithographed facsimile signatures of such chairman chair and secretary.

No change for subd 4

193*#295

66 193.29 CONTROL OF NEW ARMORY.

No change for subd 1 to 2

Subd. 3. JOINT BOARDS. In all cases in which more 69 than one company or other unit of the military forces shall 70 occupy the same armory, the armory board shall consist of three officers assigned to the units or organizations quartered therein. The adjutant concern the second of the second o therein. The adjutant general shall designate by order from 73 time to time the representatives of each unit quartered therein

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to comprise the armory board for each armory,-and-he-may
    change. In the discretion of the adjutant general, the
     membership of the board may be changed from time to time -in-his
     discretion, so as to give the several organizations quartered
     therein proper representation on the board.
       No change for subd 4
193*#30S
        193.30 COMMANDING OFFICERS OF ARMORY BOARD.
        The senior officer on each armory board shall be the
    chairman chair, and the junior officer thereof shall be the
10 recorder. A record of the proceedings of the board shall be
    kept, and all motions offered, whether seconded or not, shall be put to a vote and the result recorded. In the case of a tie
12
13
     vote the adjutant general, upon the request of any member, shall
14 decide. The governor may make and alter rules and regulations
   for the government of armory boards, officers, and other persons having charge of armories, arsenals, or other military property
15
16
17
    of the state.
193*#31S
18
        193.31 SENIOR OFFICER TO CONTROL DRILL HALL.
19
        The senior officer of any company or other organization
20 assembling at an armory for drill or instruction shall have
21
   control of the drill hall or other portion of the premises used
    therefor during such occupancy, subject to the rules prescribed
22
     for its use and the orders of his that officer's superior. Any
23
    person who intrudes contrary to his orders, or who interrupts,
25 molests, or insults any troops so assembled, or who refuses to
    leave the premises when properly requested so to do, shall be
26
27
     guilty of a misdemeanor. Nothing in this section shall prevent
    reasonable inspection of the premises by the proper municipal
28
29
    officer, or by the lessor thereof in accordance with the terms
30
    of the lease.
193*#345
        193.34 USE OF ARMORIES BY PATRIOTIC AND SERVICE MEN'S
31
     MEMBER'S ORGANIZATIONS.
33
        The use of armories for the regular meetings or functions
     of those patriotic societies or recognized military service
    Men's members organizations holding charters from Congress or
35
    incorporated in this state shall be granted by the armory board
37
     or officer in charge of any armory at such times and under such
     circumstances as not to interfere with the use of the armory for
39
    military purposes by the company or companies quartered therein,
    subject to the armory rules and regulations as are in force
41
     governing the use of such armories.
196*#02S
        196.02 COMMISSIONER OF VETERANS AFFAIRS.
42
43
        Subdivision 1. APPOINTMENT; QUALIFICATIONS. The
     department shall be under the supervision and control of a
44
45
    commissioner of Veterans' Affairs who shall be appointed by the
46
     governor under the provisions of section 15.06. No person shall
     be eligible to receive appointment as commissioner unless he
47
48
     that person has the following qualifications:
        (1) Residence in the state of Minnesota;
49
50
        (2) Citizenship in the United States;
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        (3) Veteran of the armed forces of the United States as
52
    defined in section 197.447.
        No change for subd 2
53
54
        Subd. 3. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER. The commissioner may
55
    designate one of-his-employees employee as deputy commissioner,
56
    who shall have the qualifications prescribed in this section,
57
    and may revoke such status at any time, regardless of the civil
58
    service status of such employee and without affecting such
59
    status. The deputy may exercise all the powers of the
60
   commissioner, subject to his the commissioner's direction and
61
     control.
196*#05S
62
        196.05 DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.
63
        The commissioner shall:
        (1) Act as the agent of a resident of the state having a
64
     claim against the United States for benefits arising out of or
66
     by reason of service in the armed forces and prosecute the claim
67
     without charge;
        (2) Act as custodian of veterans' bonus records;
68
69
        (3) Administer the laws relating to the providing of bronze
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flag holders at veterans' graves for memorial purposes;

(4) Administer the laws relating to recreational or rest

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camps for veterans so far as applicable to state agencies;
      (5) Administer the state soldiers' welfare fund and
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     veterans' relief fund and other funds appropriated for the
     payment of bonuses or other benefits to veterans or for the
 5
     rehabilitation of veterans;
 6
       (6) Cooperate with national, state, county, municipal, and
 7
     private social agencies in securing to veterans and their
 8 dependents the benefits provided by national, state, and county
 9 laws, municipal ordinances, or public and private social
    agencies;
10
11
        (7) Provide necessary assistance where other adequate aid
12
     is not available to the dependent family of a veteran while the
13
     veteran is hospitalized and after the veteran is released for as
14
     long a period as is necessary as determined by the commissioner;
15
       (8) Act as the guardian of the estate for a minor or an
16
   incompetent person receiving moneys from the United States
17
     government when requested to do so by an agency of the United
18
    States of America provided sufficient personnel are available;
19
       (9) Cooperate with United States governmental agencies
     providing compensation, pensions, insurance, or other benefits
20
    provided by federal law, by supplementing the benefits
21
22
    prescribed therein, when conditions in an individual case make
23
    it necessary;
24
        (10) Assist in implementing state laws, rights and
25
    privileges relating to the re-employment of veterans upon their
26
    separation from the armed forces;
       (11) Contact, at times as he the commissioner deems proper,
27
28
    war veterans, as defined in section 197.447, who are confined in
29 a public institution; investigate the treatment accorded those
30
    veterans and report annually to the governor the results of the
31
     investigations; and the heads of the public institutions shall
32
    permit the commissioner, or his the commissioner's
33 representative, to visit any veteran; and, if the commissioner,
34 or his the commissioner's representative requests any
35
    information relative to any veteran and his the veteran's
36
     affairs, the head of the institution shall furnish it;
37
       (12) Other powers as may be authorized and necessary to
38
     carry out the provisions of chapters 196, 197 and 198.
196*#051S
39
        196.051 GUARDIANSHIP.
40
        No change for subd 1
41
        Subd. 2. BONDING. Notwithstanding section 525.551 or
42
     other law, the commissioner is not required to file a bond when
43
    he-acts acting as guardian pursuant to authority granted by
44
    section 196.051.
        Subd. 3. FUNDS. The commissioner may commingle the
45
   funds of persons who are under his the commissioner's
46
47
    guardianship pursuant to authority granted by section 196.051.
48
    The commissioner shall keep complete and accurate accounts
49
    showing each transaction that occurs with respect to the funds
50 of each person under his the commissioner's guardianship.
51
        No change for subd 4
196*#06S
52
       196.06 ANNUAL REPORT.
53
       Subdivision 1. TO GOVERNOR. The commissioner shall
54
    make an annual written report to the governor giving:
       a. An account of all moneys received and disbursed;
55
       b. A description of the work done;
56
57
       c. Administrative improvements;
58

 d. Activities of the department;

       e. The number of veterans who have, during the past year,
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60
    received relief in any form;
      f. The number of veterans on relief rolls;
62
       g. The number of claims presented on behalf of veterans,
    and the disposition thereof;
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64
       h. The recommendations he the commissioner may deem
65
     necessary for the active performance of the duties and purposes
66 of the department.
67
       No change for subd 2
196*#08S
68
       196.08 FILES AND RECORDS CONFIDENTIAL.
69
       The contents of, and all files, records, reports, papers
70
     and documents pertaining to, any claim for the benefits of Laws
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    1943, Chapter 420, whether pending or adjudicated, shall be
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     deemed confidential and privileged and no disclosure thereof
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shall be made, without the consent in writing of the claimant

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who has not been adjudicated incompetent, except as follows:
       a. To said claimant personally, his a duly appointed
     guardian, his an attorney in fact, or his a duly authorized
 3
     representative, and as to personal matters concerning-himself
     alone, when, in the judgment of the commissioner, such
     disclosure would not be injurious to the physical or mental
     health of the claimant.
 7
 8
       b. To the representatives of veterans' organizations
 9
     recognized by the United States government, not exceeding five
   from each such veterans' organizations, and when such
10
     representatives have been duly certified as such by the state
11
12
     department of any such veterans' organizations in the state of
13
     Minnesota.
14
       c. In any court in the state of Minnesota which has
     jurisdiction of the parties to, and subject matter of, an action
15
16
     or proceeding therein pending, as found by said court, when
17
    required to be produced by the process of such court, and then
18
     only in open court, as evidence, in such action or proceeding
    after a judge thereof shall have ruled the same to be relevant
19
     and competent evidence in such action or proceeding according to
21
     the laws and statutes of said state.
196*#115
22
        196.11 CERTAIN POWERS OF ADJUTANT GENERAL TRANSFERRED.
       All powers and duties now imposed by law upon the adjutant
23
24
     general with reference to war veterans and the Soldiers' Welfare
25
     Director are hereby transferred to the commissioner of veterans
26
     affairs and shall hereafter be exercised, performed, and
27
     administered by him the commissioner of veteran's affairs.
196*#14S
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       196.14 EMPLOYMENT OF PERSONS ENTITLED TO VETERANS'
29
     PREFERENCE.
30
       The commissioner,-whenever-he-deems-it-practicable shall
31
    employ persons entitled to preference under section
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    43A.11 whenever the commissioner deems it practicable. Upon
33
    request by the commissioner, the commissioner of employee
    relations shall certify for appointment to positions in the
35 department from the appropriate eligible list only those persons
36
     entitled to preference under section 43A.11. Otherwise
37
     employment in the department shall be governed by the provisions
38
    of the state civil service act.
196*#22S
39
       196.22 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE COMMISSIONER.
                       AGENT ORANGE INFORMATION PROGRAM. The
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        Subdivision 1.
     commissioner shall establish and maintain an Agent Orange
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42
    information program. The commissioner shall:
43
      (1) provide information regarding epidemiological, genetic,
44
     and other scientific studies proposed, underway, or completed
45
     that pertain to adverse health conditions which may be
46
     associated with exposure to chemical agents, including Agent
47
    Orange;
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       (2) monitor and report on the activities and policies of
49
    the United States government relating to the exposure of
50
     veterans to chemical agents, including Agent Orange; and
51
      (3) respond, within his the commissioner's powers and
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     duties under chapters 196 and 197, to other issues of concern to
53
    veterans relating to exposure to chemical agents, including
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    Agent Orange.
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       No change for subd 2 to 4
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                  COMMUNICATION OF VETERANS CONCERNS. Within
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     his the commissioner's powers and duties under chapters 196 and
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     197, the commissioner shall take any action appropriate to
59
     represent the concerns of veterans related to exposure to
60
     chemical agents, including Agent Orange, to appropriate
61
     officials and representatives of the United States government.
197*#02S
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       197.02 FUNDS USED FOR CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF DISABLED
63
     SOLDIERS.
64
       The commissioner of veterans affairs, the board,
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     superintendent, commission, or other administrative body in
66
     charge of any such hospital, sanatorium, or institution shall
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    retain and pay into the funds of such institution for and on
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     account of such ex-service persons for whose care, maintenance,
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    and treatment an allowance is collected, as provided in section
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197.01, from the United States government or any agency of the

United States government, out of the moneys so collected, only

the average gross per capita cost of maintaining and supporting

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1 inmates in any such hospital, sanatorium or other institution and any special or extra expenditures or disbursements made for or in connection with the care and maintenance of such 4 ex-service persons, and shall retain in a separate fund and shall pay to the commissioner of veterans affairs as hereinafter 6 provided, for and on account of the state soldiers' welfare fund established in section 197.03, the excess of such amounts so 8 collected over and above such gross per capita maintenance cost 9 and disbursements and expenditures. The proper officer of each 10 of said institutions shall keep in a book prepared for that purpose a daily record of the ex-service persons actually residing there and domiciled in such institution, and shall make 13 monthly reports thereof to the commissioner of veterans affairs.

The governing board, commission, or administrative head of 15 any such institution shall, on or before the tenth day of every 16 month, transmit to the commissioner of veterans affairs the 17 excess of such amounts so collected over and above such gross per capita costs and disbursements and he the commissioner shall pay into the state soldiers' welfare fund the sums so received 20 from any such institution, and the excess of the sums collected by it as herein provided for from the United States government or any agency thereof, in excess over and above such gross per capita maintenance cost and disbursements. 197*#03S

197.03 STATE SOLDIERS' WELFARE FUND CREATED.

There is created a state soldiers' welfare fund to aid and assist any citizen of Minnesota or resident alien residing in Minnesota who served in the military or naval forces of the 28 United States, in securing compensation, hospitalization, medical treatment, insurance or other relief or benefits to which he the server may be entitled from the United States or any other government or state and for the emergency relief, hospitalization, treatment and maintenance of all such persons who were bona fide residents of the state at the time their need arose and his their dependents as hereinafter provided. 197*#05S

197.05 FUND, HOW EXPENDED.

The state soldiers' welfare fund shall be administered by the commissioner of veterans affairs and shall be used to locate and investigate the facts as to any citizen of Minnesota or resident alien residing in Minnesota who served in the military or naval forces of the United States and who is indigent or suffering from any disability whether acquired in the service or not; to assist the person and his the person's dependents as 43 hereinafter provided in establishing and proving any just 44 claim he the person may have against the United States 45 government, or any other government or state for compensation, insurance, relief, or other benefits; to provide emergency 47 hospitalization, treatment, maintenance, and relief for any 48 person suffering from disability who was a bona fide resident of 49 the state at the time his the need arose and his the person's 50 dependents, as hereinafter provided; and to cooperate with other 51 state, municipal, and county officials and civic or civilian 52 agencies or organizations in carrying out the provisions of 53 sections 197.01 to 197.07.

The fund is appropriated to be used in the manner determined by the commissioner of veterans affairs for these purposes.

197*#06S 57

197.06 SOLDIERS' WELFARE AGENT.

The commissioner of veterans affairs shall have charge of activities as provided in this section, and may employ 60 assistants and incur other expenses as may be necessary for the administration of the state soldiers' welfare fund and carrying out the provisions of sections 197.01 to 197.07. No expense shall be incurred under the provisions of sections 197.01 to 197.07 in excess of the moneys available to the state soldiers' welfare fund.

The duties and powers of the commissioner of veterans affairs, in addition to those provided elsewhere by law, shall 68 be to:

- (1) Administer the state soldiers' welfare fund;
- (2) Cooperate with national, state, county, municipal and private social agencies in securing to former soldiers and their dependents the benefits provided by national, state, and county laws, municipal ordinances, or public and private social

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agencies;
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- (3) Establish and provide assistance to a former soldier who is in need of hospitalization but unable to accept it because the acceptance would imperil his the soldier's current employment in order to insure employment after hospitalization;
- (4) Provide necessary assistance where other adequate aid is not available to the dependent family of a former soldier while the soldier is being hospitalized and afterwards during such period as is necessary;
- (5) Cooperate with United States government agencies providing compensation, pensions, insurance or other benefits provided by federal law, by supplementing the benefits prescribed by federal law, when exceptional conditions in an individual case make it necessary; and
- (6) Establish and provide employment, placement, and 15 16 advisement service for disabled veterans as cannot be furnished by cooperation with other free public employment agencies. 17 197*#07S

18 197.07 SOLDIERS' WELFARE FUND DEPOSITED IN STATE 19 TREASURY.

The soldiers' welfare fund shall be deposited in the state treasury and paid out only in such vouchers as may be authorized and approved by the commissioner of veterans affairs in the same manner and under the same restrictions as are now provided by law for the disbursement of funds by him the commissioner. 197*#131S

197.131 BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF BIG ISLAND VETERANS CAMP. Subdivision 1. CREATION AND MEMBERSHIP. The board of governors of the Big Island Veterans Camp - Lake Minnetonka supervises and manages the camp. The board consists of eight members. Two members each are appointed by the state level organization of the American Legion, the Disabled American Veterans, the Military Order of the Purple Heart, and the Veterans of Foreign Wars provided that at least two appointees are Vietnam veterans. The commissioner of veterans affairs or the commissioner's designee may attend and participate in an advisory capacity at any of the board meetings. The term of each member of the board is two years or until the appointment and qualification of a successor. The board selects a chairperson chair and secretary from its membership who serve terms of one year.

No change for subd 2 197*#132S

197.132 POWERS AND DUTIES.

The board of governors of the Big Island Veterans Camp -Lake Minnetonka establishes policies for the proper management of the camp. The board may contract for services needed to operate the camp including the services of a manager, may hire employees, and may make other expenditures for the procurement of materials, services, or equipment necessary for the operation of the camp. Expenditures are made upon the approval of the chairperson chair. The board must prepare an annual report detailing a complete report of financial transactions, usage levels, and other activities regarding the management and operation of the camp. Copies of the annual reports must be submitted to each appointing organization and to the commissioner of veterans affairs. The board may accept donations, contributions, gifts, and bequests of real of personal property that may be made for the maintenance or operation of the camp.

The board shall make the camp available to veterans using the following priorities:

- (1) qualified disabled veterans and their dependents;
- (2) qualified veterans, their dependents, and widows surviving spouses of qualified veterans who were campers prior to the deed transfer; and
- (3) qualified veterans, their dependents, and widows surviving spouses of qualified veterans.

The camp must be operated as a family camp for the rest and relaxation of veterans and their dependents rather than as a program-oriented camp. .

The board must publicize the camp to the greatest extent possible to make the camp's facilities known to Minnesota veterans.

The board is not a state agency. The board shall purchase liability and related insurance sufficient to indemnify the

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state against all claims arising from the conduct or management of the activities conducted by the board, its agents, or contractors. 197*#46S

197.46 VETERANS PREFERENCE ACT; REMOVAL FORBIDDEN; RIGHT OF MANDAMUS.

Any person whose rights may be in any way prejudiced contrary to any of the provisions of this section, shall be 8 entitled to a writ of mandamus to remedy the wrong. No person holding a position by appointment or employment in the several counties, cities, towns, school districts and all other 11 political subdivisions in the state, who is a veteran separated from the military service under honorable conditions, shall be removed from such position or employment except for incompetency or misconduct shown after a hearing, upon due notice, upon stated charges, in writing.

Any veteran who has been notified of the intent to discharge him the veteran from an appointed position or employment pursuant to this section shall be notified in writing 19 of such intent to discharge and of his the veteran's right to 20 request a hearing within 60 days of receipt of the notice of intent to discharge. The failure of a veteran to request a hearing within the provided 60-day period shall constitute a waiver of his the right to a hearing. Such failure shall also 24 waive all other available legal remedies for reinstatement.

Request for a hearing concerning such a discharge shall be made in writing and submitted by mail or personal service to the employment office of the concerned employer or other appropriate office or person.

In all governmental subdivisions having an established civil service board or commission, or merit system authority, such hearing for removal or discharge shall be held before such civil service board or commission or merit system authority. Where no such civil service board or commission or merit system authority exists, such hearing shall be held by a board of three persons appointed as follows: one by the governmental subdivision, one by the veteran, and the third by the two so 37 selected. In the event the two persons so selected do not appoint the third person within ten days after the appointment of the last of the two, then the judge of the district court of 40 the county wherein the proceeding is pending, or if there be more than one judge in said county then any judge in chambers, shall have jurisdiction to appoint, and upon application of either or both of the two so selected shall appoint, the third person to the board and the person so appointed by the judge with the two first selected shall constitute the board. The veteran may appeal from the decision of the board upon the charges to the district court by causing written notice of 48 appeal, stating the grounds thereof, to be served upon the governmental subdivision or officer making the charges within 15 days after notice of the decision and by filing the original notice of appeal with proof of service thereof in the office of the clerk of the district court within ten days after service thereof. Nothing in section 197.455 or this section shall be construed to apply to the position of private secretary, teacher, superintendent of schools, or one chief deputy of any elected official or head of a department, or to any person holding a strictly confidential relation to the appointing officer. The burden of establishing such relationship shall be upon the appointing officer in all proceedings and actions relating thereto.

All officers, boards, commissions, and employees shall conform to, comply with, and aid in all proper ways in carrying into effect the provisions of section 197.455 and this section notwithstanding any laws, charter provisions, ordinances or rules to the contrary. Any wilful violation of such sections by 66 officers, officials, or employees is a misdemeanor. 197*#4815

197.481 ENFORCEMENT. 67 68

No change for subd 1 to 2

Subd. 3. SUBPOENAS. The commissioner shall have 70 free access to relevant records of all parties and may issue 71 subpoenas for and compel the attendance of witnesses and the 72 giving of testimony and the production of books, records, 73 accounts, documents and papers; and may administer oaths to 74 witnesses. If any person shall fail or refuse to appear or

GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 PAGE testify regarding that upon which he the person may be lawfully 2 interrogated, or produce any books, records, accounts, documents or papers relevant in the matter under consideration, after having been lawfully required by subpoena, any judge of the district court in any county of the state where the subpoena was 6 made returnable, on application of the commissioner, shall compel obedience or punish disobedience as for contempt as in the case of disobedience of a similar subpoena issued by such 9 court. 10 Subd. 4. HEARING. The commissioner shall hold a 11 hearing on the petition of any party within 20 days of serving, 12 or being served with the petition. The veteran may demand an opportunity to be heard at a time set by the commissioner. A 13 14 party who fails to demand such hearing within 20 days shall be 15 heard only by permission of the commissioner, except that if any 16 party demands to be heard all parties shall have the right to be 17 heard. A hearing hereunder shall be conducted and orders issued in accord with sections 14.57 to 14.60 and 14.62, at the office of the commissioner or at a place he the commissioner designates. 19 20 The commissioner shall notify all parties, by mail, of the time 21 and place of the hearing. 22 Subd. 5. PERSONNEL. The commissioner may appoint a

hearing officer to act in his-stead the commissioner's place and to employ such other personnel as are necessary to investigate facts in cases brought under this section.

26 No change for subd 6 to 8

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197.49 INSURANCE BENEFITS OF DECEASED TO PASS TO NEXT OF KIN ON DISAPPEARANCE OF SPOUSE OF VETERAN.

When a resident of the state shall have died intestate when serving in the military or naval forces of the United States of America during the world war, and whose spouse shall have deserted him the resident prior to his enlistment, and the whereabouts of the spouse shall have been unknown for a period of 20 years or more last past, then such spouse shall be presumed to have pre-deceased him the resident, and any and all benefits due and payable to his the resident's estate under and 37 by virtue of any war risk insurance act or acts amendatory thereto shall descend to the next of kin as of the date of the death of any such enlisted person, and such estate shall be distributed as provided by the laws of the state for the distribution of the estate of persons dying intestate.

197*#58S 42

197.58 STATE TO PROVIDE SPACE FOR VETERAN ORGANIZATIONS. The commissioner of administration shall set apart space in the state veterans service building, for the use of congressionally chartered veterans organizations and their auxiliaries, incorporated, or when incorporated, under the laws of the state. The commissioner shall honor requests for space from the veterans organizations on a first come, first served basis until all available space is occupied. The commissioner of administration shall give priority to utilizing space in the veterans service building for the department of veterans' affairs and veterans organizations and their auxiliaries. space shall be under the charge of the Minnesota state commander of the department of Minnesota of the veteran organization assigned thereto, and such person as he the commander may in writing designate, and shall be used for the purpose of keeping therein records, archives, trophies, supplies, and other veteran property of the organization and as its general headquarters office for the department of Minnesota. 197*#59S

197.59 HAWKING OR PEDDLING; EXEMPTION FROM LICENSE FEES; MUNICIPAL LICENSING; PENALTY FOR UNLAWFUL ISSUANCE OF LICENSE.

No license fee or other charge provided by any law of the state shall be required by any veteran for the privilege of hawking or peddling goods and merchandise, not prohibited by law or ordinance, in the county where he the veteran has established a bona fide residence, solely upon his the veteran's own account. Nothing herein contained prevents any city, or other municipality from levying and collecting such license fees for hawking or peddling within its corporate limits. Upon application therefor, accompanied by proof of such discharge, to any clerk or other officer authorized to issue such license, the

72 same shall forthwith be granted. Every such clerk or other officer issuing such license shall ascertain that the applicant

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1 is entitled thereto; and any such clerk or other officer issuing 2 a license to any person who is not entitled to receive one under 3 the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a 4 misdemeanor. Every violation hereof is a misdemeanor, the minimum punishment whereof is a fine of \$10. 197*#60S 6

197.60 VETERANS SERVICE OFFICERS; APPOINTMENT; COMPENSATION.

Subdivision 1. The county board of any county except Clay county, or the county boards of any two or more counties acting 10 pursuant to the provisions of section 197.602, shall appoint a veterans service officer and shall provide necessary clerical help, office space, equipment, and supplies for him the officer, 13 together with reimbursement for mileage and other traveling 14 expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of his duties; and may appoint one or more assistant veterans service officers who shall have the qualifications prescribed in section 197.601. 17 The county board of Clay county may appoint a veterans service 18 officer and assistant veterans service officers as provided in 19 this subdivision. Subject to the direction and control of the 20 <u>veterans service officer</u>, the assistant veterans service officer may exercise all the powers, and shall perform the duties, of 22 the veterans service officer, subject-to-his-direction-and 23 control, and shall be subject to all the provisions of sections 24 197.60 to 197.606 relating to a veterans service officer. Every county officer and agency shall cooperate with the veterans service officer and shall provide him the officer with information necessary in connection with the performance of his 28 duties.

No change for subd 2 to 3

Subd. 4. In each county employing a veterans service 31 officer, the county board may levy a tax annually sufficient to defray the estimated cost of all salaries and expenses necessarily incident to the performance by the veterans service 34 officer of his duties during the succeeding year, and to make up 35 any deficiency in the fund raised for that purpose during the 36 preceding year in any county which has a population of 150,000 or less. The tax so levied may be levied in excess of and over 38 and above all taxing limitations, including, but not restricted to, limitations based upon population or mill rates. 197*#601S

197.601 QUALIFICATIONS OF VETERANS SERVICE OFFICERS. No person shall be appointed a veterans service officer 42 under sections 197.60 to 197.606 unless-he-has without the

43 following qualifications: 44

- (1) Residence in the state of Minnesota;
- (2) Citizenship in the United States;
- (3) Veteran as defined in section 197.447;
- (4) Education and training for the duties of veterans
- 48 service officer; 49 (5) Knowledge (5) Knowledge of the law and the regulations and rulings of 50 the United States Veterans Administration applicable to cases 51 before it and the administration thereof. 197*#602S

197.602 JOINT ACTION BY TWO OR MORE COUNTIES.

The county boards of two or more contiguous counties may 54 make a written agreement, executed on behalf of the several 55 county boards by the respective chairmen chairs and secretaries thereof, whereby the counties may jointly employ a veterans service officer. The agreement shall specify the compensation 58 to be paid to the veterans service officer, the amount thereof 59 to be paid by each county, the number of days per month to be worked by-him in each county, the percentage of the total amount of compensation to be paid by each county, the amount of travel and other expenses to be paid by each county, and such other 63 terms and conditions as may be agreed upon by the counties. 197*#603S

197.603 DUTIES.

65 Subdivision 1. It shall be the duty of the veterans 66 service officer to aid all residents of the governmental 67 subdivision by which he the officer is employed in securing 68 benefits provided by law on account of the service of any person in the armed forces of the United States, from which he the 70 person has a discharge other than dishonorable. The veterans 71 service officer shall aid all veterans who are residents of the governmental subdivision by which he the officer is employed,

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     regardless of the nature of discharge, in securing counseling or
     treatment concerning alcohol and drug dependency and abuse.
        Subd. 2. Pursuant to chapter 13 the veterans service
     officer is the responsible authority with respect to all records
     in his the officer's custody. The data on clients' applications
     for assistance is private data on individuals, as defined in
    section 13.02, subdivision 12.
197*#6045
       197.604 UNLAWFUL TO PAY FEE.
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        Subdivision 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to pay
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   any veterans service officer or any employee under him the
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     officer or for any veterans service officer or employee
     under him the officer to receive any fee directly or indirectly
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    for any service rendered in securing any benefit referred to in
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    section 197.603.
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       No change for subd 2
197*#63S
16
       197.63 VITAL STATISTICS RECORDS, CERTIFIED COPIES.
       No change for subd 1
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        Subd. 2. PAYMENT OF FEES.
                                    When the salary of the
    officer issuing a certified copy under this section consists in
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    whole or in part of fees authorized by law, such-officer-shall
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    be-paid-the-legal-fee-therefor-by the officer's governmental
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     subdivision of-which-he-is-an-officer shall pay the officer the
23
    legal fee therefor, and the governing body thereof is authorized
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     and directed to order such payment made from the general revenue
25
    funds thereof.
197*#752S
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       197.752 EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE-POW/MIA DEPENDENTS.
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       Any dependent of a prisoner of war or a person missing in
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     action, upon being duly accepted for enrollment in any Minnesota
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     public post-secondary institution, shall be allowed to attend
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     the institution to obtain a bachelors degree or certificate of
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    completion, for-so-long-as-he-is while eligible, free of tuition
    or charge. A dependent who enrolls as an undergraduate in any
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     private Minnesota post-secondary institution shall be entitled
34
    to payment by the state of tuition and fees at a rate not to
35
     exceed $250 per year for so long as the dependent is eligible to
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    attend the institution and is working toward a bachelors degree
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    or certificate of completion.
        "Prisoner of war" and "persons missing in action" for
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    purposes of this section mean any person who was a resident of
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    the state at the time the person entered service of the United
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    States Armed Forces, or whose official residence is within the
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    state, and who, while serving in the United States Armed Forces
43
    has been declared to be a prisoner of war, or to be a person
44
    missing in action as established by the Secretary of Defense
45
    after August 1, 1958.
        "Dependent" for purposes of this section means the spouse
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    of a prisoner of war or person missing in action, or any child
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    born before or during the period of time his the child's parent
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    served as a prisoner of war or was declared a person missing in
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    action, or any child legally adopted or in the legal custody of
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    the parent prior to and during the time the parent served as a
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    prisoner of war or was declared to be a person missing in
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    action. Once a person qualifies as a dependent under the terms
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    and provisions of this section there shall be no situation such
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    as the return of the spouse or parent or the reported death of
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    the spouse or parent that will remove the dependent from
    provisions or benefits of this section.
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197*#78S 197.78 STATE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS UNAVAILABLE THROUGH FEDERAL PROGRAMS.

Subdivision 1. The state board of education shall foster and support educational programs for the benefit of veterans to assure that no Minnesotan shall be deprived of his earned veterans benefits by virtue of the unavailability of programs for which the veteran is entitled to enroll and receive subsistence, tuition, and other benefits under federal programs. It shall be the responsibility of the state board to measure the demand for veterans service educational programs based on the criteria mandated by federal veterans benefits laws and to authorize, promote, and make grants within appropriated amounts to assure such program availability.

Subd. 2. Repealed, 1979 c 335 s 18

197*#971S

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     197.971 VIETNAM VETERANS BONUS, DEFINITIONS.
        No change for subd 1
      Subd. 2. "Applicant" means a veteran or his veteran's
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     guardian, or a beneficiary or his beneficiary's guardian, or a
     next of kin or his next of kin's guardian, eligible for adjusted
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    compensation payments, who has filed an application therefor
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 7 with the commissioner.
8 No change for subd 3 to 7
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       Subd. 8. "Honorable service" means such service in the
 9
10 armed forces as is evidenced by
11 1. An honorable discharge; or
      A general discharge under honorable conditions; or
12
            In the case of an officer, a certificate of honorable
13
14 service; or
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     4. In the case of a veteran who has not been discharged, a
16 certificate from appropriate service authority that his the
17 <u>veteran's</u> service was honorable.

18 Subd. 9 "P-----
       Subd. 9. "Resident" means a person who was a resident of
     the state of Minnesota at the time of induction into the armed
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     forces and had been a resident of this state during the six
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21
     months immediately preceding his induction. The rules for
     determining residency with regard to voter eligibility shall
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23 govern the determination of residency for purposes of sections
24 197.971 to 197.986.
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        No change for subd 10 to 12
197*#972S
26
       197.972 ADJUSTED COMPENSATION.
27
       Each veteran who became eligible for the Vietnam
28 Expeditionary Medal or the Vietnam Service Medal as the result
29 of service between July 1, 1958 and July 27, 1973 shall be paid
30 adjusted compensation by the state of Minnesota. The amount of
31 the compensation paid to a veteran eligible for these medals
32 shall be $300 plus $15 for each month or major fraction of a
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     month of active duty served by the veteran between July 1, 1958
34 and July 27, 1973. The maximum payment of adjusted compensation
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    for these veterans shall be $600.
       All other veterans who served on active duty during the
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     period between August 5, 1964 and January 27, 1973 shall be paid
38 adjusted compensation by the state of Minnesota in an amount
    equal to $15 for each month or major fraction of a month service
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     on active duty during this period. The maximum payment to these
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     veterans shall be $300 and the minimum payment shall be $100.
    Any veteran. who was a prisoner of war or missing in action or
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43 the next of kin of any veteran who is missing in action shall
44 receive the sum of $1,000 in lieu of all other payments. If the
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     veteran is deceased, payment shall be made to his the veteran's
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     beneficiary. The beneficiary of a veteran who died from service
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     connected causes which arose during the period of time in which
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     the veteran could become eligible for adjusted compensation,
     shall receive the sum of $1,000 in lieu of all other payments.
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     No payment shall be made to any veteran or beneficiary or next
     of kin who has an application pending for, or received, or is
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     eligible to receive, a similar payment from another state.
197*#973S
     197.973 APPLICATIONS.
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       Subdivision 1. Each veteran or his veteran's beneficiary
55 or next of kin entitled to adjusted compensation may make
56 application therefor to the commissioner, which shall be made
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     upon a form prescribed by the commissioner and verified by the
58 applicant; provided that if the veteran be incompetent or his
     the veteran's beneficiary or next of kin be a minor or an
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60
     incompetent application shall be made by his a guardian. Each
     application shall be accompanied by such evidence of honorable
61
62
     service during the period of service, and such other information
63 and evidence, all as the commissioner may require.
64
       No change for subd 2
197*#9745
65
        197.974 ALLOWANCES.
66
        Subdivision 1. Upon submission of proof satisfactory to
67 the commissioner that an applicant is entitled to payment under
68
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sections 197.971 to 197.986, the commissioner shall compute the amount of the adjusted compensation and pay the same to the 70 person entitled thereto. Payment of the adjusted compensation 71 shall not be made by the commissioner until the expiration of the time for demanding a review, unless the applicant shall file with the commissioner an acceptance, in writing, of the amount

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                                                                 PAGE
 1 of adjusted compensation due the applicant as determined by the
 2 commissioner. The filing of the acceptance shall be a waiver of
    the applicant of his the right of review. If a demand for
 4 review is made by the applicant, the commissioner shall not pay
     any adjusted compensation to him the applicant until the board
    has made its order.
       No change for subd 2
197*#977S
 8
     197.977 APPEALS.
 9
       Whenever-the-commissioner-has-determined On determining the
10
     amount of adjusted compensation to be due an applicant, or that
11
    the claim of any applicant be disallowed, he the commissioner
12
    shall promptly notify the applicant thereof. Any applicant
13 aggrieved by any determination of the commissioner may demand of
14
     the commissioner that the claim be reviewed by a board. Any
15
    demand for review shall be filed with the commissioner, in
16
    writing, within 60 days after the commissioner has mailed notice
17
    to the applicant of his the determination. Upon receipt of a
18 demand for review, the commissioner shall certify the demand,
19
     together with all files and records relating to the claim, to a
   board. Unless a demand for review as hereinabove provided is
21
    filed with the commissioner by an applicant, all orders,
22
     decisions and acts of the commissioner with reference to the
23
    claim of the applicant shall be final and conclusive upon the
    applicant. After the expiration of the review boards as provided
25
    in section 197.978, subdivision 4, the orders, decisions, and
    acts of the commissioner subsequent to the expiration shall be
27
     appealable to district court as a contested case pursuant to
    sections 14.63 to 14.70.
197*#9785
29
       197.978 BOARD OF REVIEW.
30
       Subdivision 1. The governor is authorized to appoint a
31
    board and such additional boards as may be recommended to him
32
    the governor by the commissioner. Each board shall consist of
33
    three veterans, one of whom shall be designated as chairman
34
    chair at the time of appointment. Each member shall hold office
    at the pleasure of the governor. Each board shall sit during
35
36
    such times and at such places as may be determined by the
37
    commissioner. Each member of a board shall be paid as
38
    compensation $35 per day and subsistence and traveling expenses,
39
    while actually engaged in his duties as a board member.
       Subd. 2. When a determination of the commissioner comes
40
41
    before a board for review, the board is empowered to examine and
42
     determine the claim of the applicant for adjusted compensation.
43
    The board may hold public hearings and an applicant shall have
44
     the right to a public hearing if he the applicant so requests.
45
    The board may conduct its own investigations and may require any
    applicant to submit evidence in support of his the claim.
46
47
       Subd. 3. Upon receipt from the commissioner of the files
48
    and records relating to the claim of an applicant, the board
49
    shall fix a time and place for hearing thereon, shall notify the
50
    applicant thereof, and shall inquire of-him whether he the
51
    applicant desires a public hearing. At the hearing upon the
    claim of the applicant for adjusted compensation, the board
52
53
    shall consider the results of its investigations, if any, the
54
    evidence submitted by the applicant in support of his the claim,
55
    and as soon thereafter as possible make its order granting or
56
   disallowing the claim of the applicant, and, if the claim is
57
    granted, fixing the amount to which the applicant is entitled.
58
    The decision and order of the board shall be final and
    conclusive. The board shall mail copies of said order to the
59
    applicant and to the commissioner. The commissioner, upon
60
61
    receipt of an order of the board allowing a claim, shall
62
    forthwith pay the same.
63
      No change for subd
197*#979S
       197.979 NOTICES.
64
65
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All notices and correspondence to the applicant shall be directed to him the applicant by mail at the address listed in his the application, and all notices and correspondence to the commissioner shall be addressed to him the commissioner at his the commissioner's office in the city of St. Paul. 197*#9815

70 197.981 RULES AND REGULATIONS.

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71 The commissioner is authorized to adopt such rules and regulations as he the commissioner deems necessary to carry out

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    the terms of sections 197.971 to 197.986.
198*#0225
       198.022 ELIGIBILITY OF SPOUSES, SURVIVING SPOUSES,
2
 3
    PARENTS.
     The commissioner is hereby authorized to admit eligible
5
   spouses accompanying veterans, or to admit spouses, surviving
6
   spouses and parents of those veterans who are or if living would
7
    be, eligible for admission to the home.
8
     (1) All applicants for admission to the Minnesota veterans
9 home must be without adequate means of support and unable by
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- 10 reason of wounds, disease, old age, or infirmity to properly maintain themselves. (2) Veterans must have served in a Minnesota regiment or 13 have been credited to the state of Minnesota, or have been a
- 14 resident of the state preceding the date of application for admission. (3) Spouses, surviving spouses, and parents of eligible veterans must be at least 55 years of age, and have been 18 residents of the state of Minnesota preceding the date of
- application for admission. (4) A surviving spouse, eligible for admission except that the veteran did not serve in a Minnesota regiment or was not a 22 resident of Minnesota at the time of his death may be eligible for admission provided he the surviving spouse has resided in the state not less than 15 years next preceding the date of application for admission.
- (5) A spouse, surviving spouse or parent of the veteran who has previously been a resident of Minnesota for not less than ten years and who lost his residency in the state by moving therefrom for the benefit of his health or the health of his a 30 . spouse or child, and who has returned to the state for the purpose of making it his home is eligible for admission to the veterans home provided he the spouse is otherwise eligible.
- . (6) A spouse or surviving spouse of a veteran of the Civil 34 War shall be eligible for admission if he-was married to the veteran prior to the year 1905. A spouse or surviving spouse of a veteran of the Spanish-American War, the Philippine Insurrection, or the Boxer rebellion shall be eligible for admission if he-was married to the veteran prior to December 31, 1937.

198*#03S 40

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198.03 MAINTENANCE CHARGES.

Any person otherwise eligible for admission to the 42 Minnesota veterans home, except that he the person has means of support, may, at the discretion of the commissioner of veterans affairs, be admitted to the Minnesota veterans home upon 45 entering into and complying with the terms of a contract made 46 by him the person with the commissioner, providing for reasonable compensation to be paid by such person to the state of Minnesota for his care, support, and maintenance in the 49 home. Any earnings derived by the person from participating in a work therapy program while the person is a resident of the home may not be considered a means of support. 198*#065

198.06 ADMINISTRATOR; APPOINTMENT; DUTIES; TERMINATION. The Minnesota veterans home shall be governed by the 54 commissioner and is under the management of the administrator. The administrator shall be appointed by the commissioner and shall serve in the unclassified service. The administrator's term of service may be terminated by the commissioner upon 58 service by certified mail of written notice setting forth the grounds for the termination. The termination shall be effective immediately upon receipt of the written notice. The administrator shall have a current Minnesota nursing home administrator's license. The commissioner, whenever-he-deems on deeming it practicable to do so, shall appoint an administrator who is a veteran as defined under section 197.447. The 65 commissioner shall determine policy and shall adopt and enforce 66 rules for the government of the home and proper bylaws for the conduct of its business. The commissioner shall make rules not inconsistent with this chapter respecting the admission, 69 maintenance, conduct and discharge of residents of the home, and 70 the disbursements of funds under its control.

198*#23S 71 198.23 PERSONAL PROPERTY OF RESIDENTS; WILLS. 72 Upon the decease of any resident of the home, the

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                                                                          221
    commissioner shall cause such of his the resident's personal
     estate as may be left in his the resident's possession to be
 3 disposed of pursuant to his the resident's will, if any. All
 4 property of the deceased resident of the home not so bequeathed
     by will, and remaining at the home, unclaimed, for one year
     after his the resident's death, shall be inventoried, appraised,
    and sold, and the proceeds thereof paid into the state treasury
 8
    to the credit of the Minnesota veterans home endowment, bequest
    and devises fund.
198*#231S
        198.231 PERSONAL PROPERTY OF DISCHARGED RESIDENTS.
11
       Personal property of discharged residents of the veterans
12
   home that remain's unclaimed for one year after his-or-her
     discharge may be inventoried, appraised, and sold. The proceeds
13
    from the sale must be deposited into the state treasury.
15
    Proceeds from the sale of personal property and any funds held
    on behalf of the resident in the member's depository accounts
     must be credited to a separate state account and disposed of in
17
    accordance with sections 345.41 to 345.43.
198*#265S
19
        198.265 DEPOSITORY ACCOUNTS.
20
        The commissioner may accept moneys from residents for safe
    keeping purposes to be returned to such residents on demand.
21
22
    Sufficient money shall be retained at the home to satisfy normal
    demand withdrawal requests of the residents and other anticipated needs. Residents' deposits shall otherwise be
23
24
25
    deposited in the state treasury to a separate investment account
26
    provided by the commissioner of finance, which shall be invested
27
    by the state board of investment in accordance with section
   11A.21. Residents' moneys on deposit in this account may be
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    placed in this account only after the member has signed an
30
    agreement that he the resident is willing to have the money in
31
    an account that does not draw interest directly to the
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    resident himself personally.
      There is annually appropriated from the account established
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34
    by this section a sufficient amount to return to the Minnesota
    veterans home, upon written request, sufficient money to satisfy
35
36
     the demand of residents for the return of their money and other
37
    requirements.
38
       The interest earned from the investment of the deposits is
39
    annually appropriated to the commissioner from the account
    established by this section to be used by the commissioner only
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41
    for the direct benefit of the residents of the home, and the
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interest shall be available to the home not less than twice each year.

198*#32S

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198.32 VETERANS HOME; COMPLAINTS; RESIDENT'S RIGHTS. Subdivision 1. RESIDENT'S RIGHTS. A resident of the Minnesota veterans home has the right to complain and otherwise exercise his freedom of expression and assembly which is guaranteed by amendment I of the United States Constitution. The administrator of the home shall inform each resident in writing at the time of admission of his the right to complain to the administrator about home accommodations and services. A notice of the right to complain shall be posted in the home. The administrator shall also inform each resident of his the right to complain to the commissioner of veterans affairs. Each resident of the home shall be encouraged and assisted, throughout his the period of stay in the home, to understand and exercise his the rights of freedom of expression and assembly as a resident and as a citizen, and, to this end, he the resident may voice grievances and recommend changes in policies and services to home staff, other residents, and outside representatives of his the resident's choice, free from restraint, interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal, including retaliatory eviction. A resident of the home may not be denied any tenant rights available to-him under chapter 566, including the right to recover possession of the premises. Subd. 2. RETALIATION PROHIBITED. The administrator may not retaliate against any resident who exercises his the right to voice grievandes by evicting the resident. There shall

be a rebuttable presumption that any eviction within 45 days of

the exercise by a resident of his the right to voice grievances

is retaliatory. 198*#335

72 198.33 PRIVACY OF RESIDENTS; SEARCH AND SEIZURE LIMITED

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1 TO CRIMINAL WARRANT.

SEARCHES PROHIBITED. A-resident Subdivision 1. Residents of the Minnesota veterans home has have the right to a 4 legitimate expectation of privacy in his-person their persons 5 and property against unreasonable searches and seizures. A 6 search of a resident's room or property may be conducted only 7 when necessary to protect the residents from weapons, illegal 8 drugs, or alcohol, if possession is prohibited by the 9 commissioner, and is subject to the following:

- 10 (a) Prior to conducting a search of a resident's room or property, the administrator shall provide written authorization to conduct the search. This authorization must identify the 13 resident whose room or property is to be searched, state the 14 nature of the risk to the health or safety of that resident or 15 to other individuals in the home, set forth the facts which 16 establish that the risk exists and the source of those facts, 17 and particularly describe the area to be searched and the 18 property to be seized. A separate authorization must be 19 completed for each resident whose room or property is to be searched.
- (b) The resident shall be informed of the reasons 22 necessitating a search of his the room or property and shall be 23 present during the conduct of the search if the resident requests to be present. A copy of the administrator's authorization must be administrator's authorization must be given to the resident.
 - (c) If property or other items are taken, a written receipt describing the property or items taken must be given to the resident.
- (d) The provisions of this section do not restrict the entry by employees of the home into a resident's room or into areas where the personal possessions of residents are stored for the purpose of providing care or services to the resident or for housekeeping and maintenance purposes. The provisions of this 34 section do not apply to inspections conducted by governmental agencies for the purpose of assessing compliance with state or federal laws and regulations.
 - (e) Unauthorized searches or seizures by employees of the Minnesota veterans home may be grounds for dismissal.
- Subd. 2. WAIVER PROHIBITED. The Minnesota veterans home may not require a resident to waive protection against 41 unreasonable searches and seizures as a condition of eligibility 42 for admission or continuing residence at the home. A search 43 conducted under a waiver obtained in violation of this section 44 is an unlawful search and seizure and the person aggrieved may move the district court for return of his the property under section 626.21.

200*#031S 47

200.031 DETERMINATION OF RESIDENCE.

Residence shall be determined in accordance with the following principles, so far as they may be applicable to the facts of the case:

- (a) The residence of an individual is in the precinct where the individual's home is located, from which the individual has no present intention of moving, and to which, whenever the individual is absent, he the individual intends to return;
- (b) An individual does not lose residence if he the individual leaves his home to live temporarily in another state or precinct;
- (c) An individual does not acquire a residence in any 59 precinct of this state if he the individual is living there only temporarily, without the intention of making that precinct his home;
 - (d) If an individual goes into another state or precinct with the intention of making it his home or files an affidavit of residence there for election purposes, he the individual loses his residence in his the former precinct;
- (e) If an individual moves to another state with the 67 intention of living there for an indefinite period, he the 68 individual loses his residence in this state, notwithstanding any intention to return at sime indefinite future time;
- (f) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an 71 individual's residence is located in the precinct where his the individual's family lives, unless his the individual's family is 73 living in that precinct only temporarily;
- (g) If an individual's family lives in one precinct and the individual lives or does business in another, the individual's 75

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residence is located in the precinct where his the individual's
     family lives, unless he the individual establishes a home in the
     other precinct and intends to remain there, with or without his
    the individual's family;
        (h) The residence of a single individual is in the precinct
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     where he the individual lives and usually sleeps;
 7
      (i) The mere intention to acquire a new residence, is not
 8
    sufficient to acquire a new residence, unless the individual
9
     moves to that location; moving to a new location is not
10
    sufficient to acquire a new residence unless the individual
11
    intends to remain there;
12
       (j) The residence of an individual who is working
13
     temporarily in any precinct of this state is in the precinct
    where his the individual's permanent home is located;
14
15
      (k) The residence of an individual who is living
    permanently in a soldiers' home or nursing home is in the
16
     precinct where the home is located.
17
201*#014S
18
        201.014 ELIGIBILITY TO VOTE.
        No change for subd 1 to 2 Subd. 3. PENALTY. Any individual who votes when-he
19
20
     knows-he who knowingly is not eligible to vote is guilty of a
21
    felony.
22
201*#016S
        201.016 RESIDENCE REQUIREMENTS FOR VOTING; PENALTY.
23
        Subdivision 1. DETERMINATION OF RESIDENCE; PENALTY.
25
    An eligible voter may vote only in the precinct in which he the
26 <u>voter</u> maintains residence. The residence of a voter shall be
27 determined in accordance with section 200.031. Any individual
28 who votes in a precinct knowing that he the individual does not
29
   maintain residence in that precinct is guilty of a felony.
30
       No change for subd 2
201*#0545
31
       201.054 METHODS OF REGISTERING; PENALTY.
32
        No change for subd 1
33
       Subd. 2. PROHIBITIONS; PENALTY. No individual shall
34
    intentionally:
35
       (a) Cause or attempt to cause his the individual's name to
36
     be registered in any precinct if he the individual is not
37
    eligible to vote;
38
        (b) Cause or attempt to cause his the individual's name to
    be registered for the purpose of voting in more than one
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40
   precinct, or in any precinct in which he the individual does not
41
    maintain residence;
42
       (c) Misrepresent his the individual's identity when
43
     attempting to register to vote; or
44
       (d) Aid, abet, counsel, or procure any other individual to
45
     violate this subdivision.
       A violation of this subdivision is a felony.
201*#056S
       201.056 SIGNATURE OF REGISTERED VOTER; MARKS ALLOWED.
47
48
        An individual who is unable to write his the individual's
49
     name shall be required to sign a registration card by making his
50
     the individual's mark. If the individual registers in person,
     the clerk or election judge accepting the registration shall
52
    certify the mark by signing the individual's name. If the
individual registers by mail, the mark shall be certified by having a voter registered in the individual's precinct sign the
55 individual's name and his the voter's own name and give his the
56
   voter's own address.
201*#061S
57
       201.061 REGISTRATION ON OR BEFORE ELECTION DAY.
        No change for subd 1 to 2
59
       Subd. 3. ELECTION DAY REGISTRATION. An individual
    who is eligible to vote may register on election day by
61
     appearing in person at the polling place for the precinct in
62
    which the individual maintains residence, by completing a
63
    registration card, making an oath in the form prescribed by the
     secretary of state and providing proof of residence. An
65
     individual may prove residence for purposes of registering by:
       (1) showing his a drivers license or Minnesota
66
67
    identification card issued pursuant to section 171.07;
68
      (2) showing any document approved by the secretary of state
69
     as proper identification; or
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(3) having a voter who is registered to vote in the

precinct sign an oath in the presence of the election judge

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PAGE
  1 vouching that he the voter personally knows that the individual
  2 is a resident of the precinct. A voter who has been vouched for
     on election day may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching
  4 for any other individual on that election day.
      A county or municipality may require that an election judge
  6 responsible for election day registration initial each completed
     registration card.
        Subd. 4. REGISTRATION BY ELECTION JUDGES; PROCEDURES.
  8
     Registration at the polling place on election day shall be
 10
    conducted by the election judges. The election judge who
 11
      registers an individual at the polling place on election day
 12
      shall not handle that voter's ballots at any time prior to the
 13
     opening of the ballot box after the voting ends. Registration
 14
     cards and forms for oaths shall be available at each polling
 15
     place. If an individual who registers on election day proves
     residence by oath of a registered voter, the form containing the oath shall be attached to the individual's registration card
 16
 17
 18
    until his the individual's address is verified by the county
 19
      auditor. Registration cards completed on election day shall be
 20
      forwarded to the county auditor who shall add the name of each
     voter to the registration system unless the information
 21
 22
      forwarded is substantially deficient. A county auditor who
 23
     finds an election day registration substantially deficient shall
 24
     give written notice to the individual whose registration is
     found deficient. An election day registration shall not be
 25
 26
     found deficient solely because the individual who provided proof
 27
     of residence was ineligible to do so.
 28
        No change for subd 5 to 7
 201*#0715
 29
       201.071 REGISTRATION CARDS.
 30
       No change for subd 1 to 2
 31
        Subd. 3.
                  DEFICIENT REGISTRATION. No registration is
    deficient if it contains the voter's name, address, date of
 32
    birth, prior registration if any and signature. The absence of
 33
 34 a zip code number does not cause the registration to be
     deficient. The election judges shall request an individual to
 35
 36
     correct a registration card if it is deficient or illegible. No
 37
     eligible voter may be prevented from voting unless his the
38 voter's registration card is deficient or he the voter is duly
 39
     and successfully challenged in accordance with sections 201.195
 40
     or 204C.12.
41
      A registration card accepted prior to August 1, 1983, is
 42 not deficient for lack of date of birth. The county or
 43 municipality may attempt to obtain the date of birth for a
 44
     registration card accepted prior to August 1, 1983, by a request
 45
     to the voter at any time except at the polling place. Failure
 46 by the voter to comply with this request does not make the card
 47
     deficient.
 48
        No change for subd 4 to 6
 201*#0915
 49
        201.091 REGISTERED VOTER LISTS; REPORTS; REGISTRATION
 50
     PLACES.
        No change for subd 1 to 2
 51
 52
        Subd. 2a. If the responsibility for maintaining the
    duplicate registration file has been delegated by the county
 53
 54 auditor in accordance with section 201.081, subdivision 2, the
 55
    official maintaining the duplicate registration file shall
 56
     deliver the original voter registration cards to the county
     auditor within 30 days after the primary election and within 60
 57
    days after a general election. Within 60 days after he-receives
 58
 59 receiving the original voter registration cards after a general
     election the county auditor shall send back the corrected list
 60
     of registered voters to the official maintaining the duplicate
 61
 62
    registration file.
        No change for subd 2b to 8
 63
 201*#125
 64
        201.12 PROPER REGISTRATION, VERIFICATION BY MAIL,
     CHALLENGES.
 66
       No change for subd 1
 67
        Subd. 2. CHALLENGES. Upon return of the notice by
 68
     the postal service, the county auditor or his the auditor's
 69
     staff shall personally ascertain the name and address of that
 70
     individual. If the individual is no longer at the address
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recorded in the original registration file, the county auditor shall affix the word "challenged" to the duplicate registration

73 card. Any individual challenged in accordance with this

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subdivision shall comply with the provisions of section 204C.12,
   before being allowed to vote.
201*#1215
       201.121 ENTRY OF NAMES; MAILED NOTICE.
 4
        No change for subd 1 to 2
 5
        Subd. 3. POST-ELECTION SAMPLING. Within ten days
   after an election, the county auditor shall send the notice
 6
 7 required by subdivision 2 to a random sampling of the
 8
    individuals registered on election day. The random sampling
 9
    shall be determined in accordance with the rules of the
10 secretary of state. As soon as practicable after the election,
11 the county auditor shall mail the notice required by subdivision
12
    2 to all other individuals registered on election day. If a
13
    notice is returned as not deliverable, the county auditor shall
     attempt to determine the reason for the return. If-the A county
14
15 auditor who does not receive or obtain satisfactory proof of the
16
     an individual's eligibility to vote7-he shall immediately notify
17
     the county attorney and the secretary of state.
201*#145
       201.14 CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT, REPORT CHANGES OF NAMES.
18
       The clerk of district court in each county shall report
19
20
    monthly to the county auditor the name and address of each
21
    individual, 18 years of age or over, who maintains residence in
    that county and whose name was changed during the month
23
    preceding the date of the report, by marriage, divorce or any
   order or decree of the court. Upon receipt of the report, the
    county auditor shall notify by mail each registered voter whose
25
26
    name was changed that it will be necessary for-him to
27
   re-register under the changed name in order to vote.
201*#195S
28
       201.195 CHALLENGES.
29
       Subdivision 1. PETITION; HEARING. Upon petition
30 filed with the county auditor, any voter registered within a
   county may challenge the eligibility or residence of any other
31
    voter registered within that county. The petition shall state
32
33 the grounds for challenge and be accompanied by an affidavit
34
   stating that the challenge is based on the challenger's personal
35
    knowledge. Within five days after receipt of the petition, the
    county auditor shall set a date for a hearing on the challenge
36
    and notify the challenger by mail. A copy of the petition and
37
    notice of the hearing shall be served on the challenged voter by
39
    the county auditor in the same manner as in a civil action. The
40
    hearing shall be held before the county auditor or his the
41
     auditor's designee who shall then make findings and affirm or
     dismiss the challenge.
43
      No change for subd 2 to 3
201*#2215
       201.221 RULES.
44
45
       No change for subd 1 to 2
46
       Subd. 3. PROCEDURES FOR DUPLICATE REGISTRATION FILE.
47
    The secretary of state shall prescribe the form of the duplicate
48
    registration file so that a duplicate card contains spaces for
49
    the voter's name, address, telephone number, and signature, and
50
    space to indicate whether the voter has voted in a given
51
    election. The secretary of state shall prescribe procedures for
52
     transporting the duplicate registration files to the election
53
     judges for use on election day.
54
       The secretary of state shall prescribe an alternate form of
55
     the duplicate registration file for counties and cities which
56
    make the election authorized by section 201.071, subdivision 5.
57
    The alternate form shall not require a duplicate card or voter's
58
     signature. Information contained in the duplicate registration
59
     file shall include the voter's name, address, month and day of
60
     birth, last registration (if any), and a record of the vote
    history for the previous four years of elections. The secretary
61
62
    of state shall prescribe the form for the duplicate registration
63
     file to be used on election day in the polling place and the
64
     file shall include the name, address, month and day of birth,
65
     and a space for the voters to sign the file when they vote. He
66
    The secretary of state shall prescribe the form for a county or
67
    municipality to request the day and month of birth from
68
    currently registered voters. The county or municipality shall
69
    not request the day and month of birth from currently registered
70
    voters by any communication other than the prescribed form and
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the form shall clearly indicate that a currently registered

voter does not lose his-or-her registration status by failing to

202A#13S

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1 provide his-or-her the day and month of birth. The secretary of
     state shall prescribe procedures for transporting the duplicate
      registration files to the judges on election day. In accordance
 4 with section 204B.40, the county auditor and the clerk of any
  5 municipality shall retain the prescribed duplicate registration
  6
      file used on the date of election for one year following the
  7 election.
  8
       Subd. 4. COUNTY RULES. The county auditor of each
  9 county may adopt rules which delegate to municipal officials in
 10 that county the duties assigned to county auditors by this
 11
      chapter. If Delegation by the county auditor delegates of the
 12 duty to accept registrations, -that-delegation does not relieve
13 him the county auditor of the duty to accept registrations.
 When a municipal official is delegated duties given to the county auditor by this chapter, the governing body of the
      When a municipal official is delegated duties given to the
 16 municipality shall immediately provide the necessary funds,
 17 equipment and facilities, establish a place of registration and
 18
      put the registration plan into operation without delay.
 201*#275
 19
        201.27 VIOLATIONS, PENALTY.
      No change for subd 1
      Subd. 2. KNOWLEDGE OF VIOLATION. A deputy, clerk,
 21
22 employee or other subordinate of a county auditor or municipal clerk who has knowledge or reason to believe that a violation of
 24 this chapter has occurred shall immediately transmit a report of
 25
      his the knowledge or belief to the county auditor or municipal
 26
     clerk, together with any possessed evidence of the violation
 27
     coming-into-his-possession. Any county auditor or municipal
 28
      clerk who has knowledge or reason to believe that a violation of
 29 this chapter has occurred shall immediately transmit a report
 30
     of his the knowledge or belief to the county attorney of the
 31 county where the violation is thought to have occurred, together 32 with any possessed evidence of the violation coming-into-his
 33 possession. The county auditor or municipal clerk shall also
 34 immediately send a copy of the report to the secretary of
 35
    state. A violation of this subdivision is a misdemeanor.
      No change for subd 3
 36
 201*#2755
 37 201.275 INVESTIGATIONS; PROSECUTIONS.
38 A county attorney receiving a report of a possible
 39 violation of this chapter shall immediately and diligently
 40 inquire into the facts of the possible violation. If there are
41 reasonable grounds for instituting a prosecution, the county
 42
     attorney shall present the charge, together with all the
 43 evidence that he the county attorney can procure, to the grand
 44 jury of the county. A county attorney who fails or refuses to
 45 faithfully perform any duty imposed by this chapter is guilty of
    a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall forfeit his the county
 46
 47
      attorney's office.
 202A#11S
      202A.11 PARTY NAME.
 48
 49
        Subdivision 1. CHANGE. Any major political party may
 50 change its name by complying with the following conditions:
      The state central committee of the party may call a
 51
 52 convention, and shall state in its call that a convention is
 53 called for a certain time and place, for the purpose of changing
     the name of the party to some specific name given in the call.
 54
 55
     The convention shall be held not less than 70 days before the
 56 state primary, and the change shall be agreed upon by resolution
     of a majority of the convention. A copy of the resolution
 57
 58
     determining the change of the name, certified by the chairman
 59 <u>chair</u> and secretary of the convention, shall be filed with the
 60 secretary of state within five days after the holding of the
 61 convention. Thereafter the political party shall be known by the
 62
     new name called for by the resolution, and the party under its
 63 new name shall have all the rights that it had under its former
 64 name.
 65
        No change for subd 2
 202A#12S
 66
      202A.12 STATE CONVENTION, AUTHORITY OF.
     No change for subd '1 to 3
Subd. 4. CONSTITUTION, FILING. The chairman chair
 67
 69 of the state central committee of each party shall file with the
secretary of state a copy of the party's constitution and all amendments to the constitution as they are enacted.
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202A.13 COMMITTEES, CONVENTIONS.
       The rules of each major political party shall provide that
    for each congressional district and each county or legislative
3
    district a convention shall be held at least once every state
    general election year. Each major political party shall also
    provide for each congressional district and each county or
    legislative district an executive committee consisting of a
    chairman chair and such other officers as may be necessary.
    party rules may provide for only one executive committee and one
10
    convention where any county and congressional district have the
11
    same territorial limits.
202A#135S
12
       202A.135 LEAVE TIME FROM EMPLOYMENT; PARTY OFFICERS;
    DELEGATES TO PARTY CONVENTIONS.
13
14
       Upon-giving If an employee gives at least ten days written
15
    notice to his the employer, an the employee may be absent
    himself from his work to attend any meeting of the state central
16
17
    committee or executive committee of a major political party if
18
    the employee is a member of the committee, or to may attend any
    convention of major political party delegates including meetings
19
    of official convention committees if the employee is a delegate
20
    or alternate delegate to that convention. An employee who gives
21
    proper notice as provided in this section shall suffer no
22
23
    penalty or deduction from his salary or wages on account of his
    absence other than a deduction in salary or wages for the actual
24
25
    time of his absence from employment. A violation of this
26
    section by an employer is a misdemeanor.
202A#14S
       202A.14 PRECINCT CAUCUS.
27
       No change for subd 1
28
       Subd. 2. CAUCUS CALL.
                                The chairman chair of the
29
    county or legislative district executive committee, whichever is
    provided for by party rules, shall issue the call for the
31
    precinct caucus at least 20 days before the time set for holding
33
    the caucus, and the call shall contain the following:
       (a) Name of party;
       (b) Precinct number;
35
       (c) Date caucus is to be held;
37
        (d) Place caucus is to be held;
38
        (e) Hours during which caucus shall be held;
39
        (f) Statutory rules governing the caucus;
        (g) A statement of business to be conducted including the
    election of a chairman chair and such other officers as may be
41
42
    provided by party rules, and the election of delegates to county
43
    or district conventions;
       (h) Number of delegates to be elected;
       (i) Name of the county or legislative district chairman
45
46
    chair issuing the call;
47
       (j) Name of the present precinct chairman chair or other
48
    person who will be the convener of the caucus;
       (k) A space for entering the names of the officers and
49
50
    delegates elected by the caucus.
51
       Subd. 3. NOTICE. The county or legislative district
    chairman chair shall give at least six days' published notice of
52
53
    the holding of the precinct caucus, stating the place, date, and
54
    time for holding the caucus --- He, and shall deliver the same
55
    information to the county auditor at least 20 days before the
56
    precinct caucus. The county auditor shall make this information
57
    available to persons who request it.
202A#16S
58
       202A.16 CAUCUS, WHO MAY PARTICIPATE AND VOTE.
59
       No change for subd 1 to 2
60
       Subd. 3. In case the right of a person to participate at
61
    the caucus is challenged, the question of his the right to
    participate shall be decided by a vote of the whole caucus. A
62
63
    person so challenged may not vote on the question of his the
64
    person's right to participate.
       No change for subd 4
65
202A#17S
66
       202A.17 CAUCUS, BUSINESS.
       Each precinct caucus shall elect a chairman chair and such
68
   other officers as may be provided by party rules, and the proper
    number of delegates to congressional district, county, or
70
    legislative district conventions as determined by the party's
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call. The caucus may also discuss party policies, candidates,

and any other business as prescribed by party rules.

general election.

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202A#18S
       202A.18 CAUCUS, PROCEDURE.
  1
  2
         Subdivision 1. The convener shall be the temporary
  3 chairman chair of the caucus.
      No change for subd 2 to 3
Subd. 4. Upon completion of the counting of votes the
  6 chairman chair shall announce the names of persons who are
     elected, and he shall certify the names to the chairman chair of
  8
     the county or legislative district executive committee and to
      the chairman chair of the state central committee.
 10
        No change for subd 5
  202A#19S
         202A.19 CAUCUS, SCHOOL SCHEDULE PREEMPTION, EXCUSAL FROM
 11
      EMPLOYMENT TO ATTEND.
 12
       No change for subd 1
 14
         Subd. 2. Every employee who is entitled to attend a major
 15 political party precinct caucus is entitled, after giving the
 16 employer at least ten days written notice, to <u>be</u> absent himself
17 from his work for the purpose of attending the caucus during the
 18 time for which the caucus is scheduled without penalty or
 19
      deduction from his salary or wages on account of his the absence
 20
      other than a deduction in salary for the time he-absented
 21 himself of absence from his employment.
 22
        No change for subd 3 to 6
 203B#02S
         203B.02 GENERAL ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.
 23
 24
         Subdivision 1. UNABLE TO GO TO POLLING PLACE. Any
 25 eligible voter who reasonably anticipates-he-will expects to be
 26 unable to go to the polling place on election day in the
     precinct where the individual maintains residence because of
 27
 28 absence from the precinct, illness, disability, religious
 29 discipline, observance of a religious holiday, or service as an
 30 election judge in another precinct may vote by absentee ballot
     as provided in sections 203B.04 to 203B.15.
 31
        No change for subd 2 to 3
 32
 203B#13S
         203B.13 ABSENTEE BALLOT COUNTING BOARDS.
 33
        No change for subd 1 to 3
 34
         Subd. 3a. DUPLICATE REGISTRATION FILES. If the
 35
 36 election judges of an absentee ballot counting board are
    authorized to receive, examine, and validate absentee ballots, the county auditor or city clerk shall remove from the duplicate
 37
     registration files the cards of all persons who have applied for
 39
 40 absentee ballots at the election and deliver them to the
 41 election judges of the absentee ballot counting board along with
 42
     the applications for absentee ballots. When a duplicate
43 registration card has been removed from the file for this
 44 purpose it shall be replaced with a notification to the election
 45
      judges that the voter's card has been removed and directing them
 46 to contact the election judges of the absentee ballot counting
 47
     board if that voter should present-himself appear at the polling
48 place for the purpose of casting-his-vote voting in person. If
     contacted by the judges of the precinct, the election judges of
 49
 50 the absentee ballot counting board shall examine the duplicate
 51
      registration card of the voter to determine if his an absentee
 52 ballot has been cast. They shall notify the precinct election
     judges of their findings and, if the absentee ballot has not yet
 53
 54
     been cast, the voter shall be allowed to cast-his vote in
 55 person. The election judges of the absentee ballot counting
56 board shall make a notation on the duplicate registration card
 57 that the voter has voted and no absentee ballot shall be counted
 58 for that voter.
 59
         No change for subd 4
 204B#06S
         204B.06 FILING FOR PRIMARY; AFFIDAVIT OF CANDIDACY.
 61
         Subdivision 1. FORM OF AFFIDAVIT. An affidavit of
    candidacy shall state the name of the office sought and shall
 63
     state that the candidate:
       (a) Is an eligible voter;
 65
         (b) Has no other affidavit on file as a candidate for any
 66 other office at the same primary or next ensuing general
 67
     election; and
        (c) Is, or will be on assuming the office, 21 years of age
 68
69
     or more, and will have maintained residence in the district from
 70
     which he the candidate seeks election for 30 days before the
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An affidavit of candidacy for partisan office shall also
    state the name of the candidate's political party or political
 3 principle, stated in three words or less.
       Subd. 2. MAJOR PARTY CANDIDATES. A candidate who
    seeks the nomination of a major political party for a partisan
    office shall state on the affidavit of candidacy that he the
    candidate either participated in that party's most recent
     precinct caucus or that-he intends to vote for a majority of
 9
    that party's candidates at the next ensuing general election.
10
     Subd. 3. Repealed, 1983 c 253 s 26
11
       No change for subd 4 to 7
204B#07S
       204B.07 NOMINATING PETITIONS.
12
13
       Subdivision 1. FORM OF PETITION. A nominating
14
     petition may consist of one or more separate pages each of which
   shall state:
15
16
       (a) The office sought;
17
       (b) The candidate's name and residence address, including
18 street and number if any; and
19
       (c) The candidate's political party or political principle
20
    expressed in not more than three words. No candidate who files
21
   for a partisan office by nominating petition shall use the term
22
    "nonpartisan" as a statement of his political principle or the
23
   name of his the candidate's political party. A candidate who
24
   files by nominating petition to fill a vacancy in nomination for
    a nonpartisan office pursuant to section 204B.13, shall not
25
26
    state any political principle or the name of any political party
27
    on the petition.
28
       No change for subd 2 to 6
204B#12S
29
       204B.12 WITHDRAWAL OF CANDIDATES.
30
       Subdivision 1. BEFORE PRIMARY. A candidate may
31
    withdraw his-name from the primary ballot by filing an affidavit
    of withdrawal with the same official who received the affidavit
32
    of candidacy. The affidavit shall request that official to
33
34 withdraw the candidate's name from the ballot and shall be filed
35
   no later than three days after the last day for filing for the
36
    office.
37
       Subd. 2. Repealed, 1983 c 303 s 24
38
       No change for subd 3
204B#13S
       204B.13 VACANCY IN NOMINATION.
39
      No change for subd 1
40
                 PARTISAN OFFICE; NOMINATION BY PARTY
41
42
    COMMITTEE. A vacancy in nomination of a major political party
43
    may be filled by filing a nomination certificate not later than
    four days before the general election with the same official who
44
   received the affidavits of candidacy for that office.
45
46
       The nomination certificate shall be prepared under the
47
    direction of and executed by the chairman chair and secretary of
48
    the proper committee of that political party. The chairman
49
    chair and secretary when filing the certificate shall attach an
50
    affidavit stating that the newly nominated candidate has been
51
    selected by that committee and that the individuals signing the
52
    certificate and making the affidavit are the chairman chair and
53
     secretary of the committee.
54
       No change for subd 3 to 4
204B#14S
55
       204B.14 ELECTION PRECINCTS.
56
       No change for subd 1 to 2
       Subd. 3. BOUNDARY CHANGES; PROHIBITIONS; EXCEPTION.
57
58
     During the period from January 1 in any year ending in seven to
    January 1 in any year ending in two, no changes may be made in
59
60
    the boundaries of any election precinct except as provided in
61
     this subdivision. If a city annexes an unincorporated area
62
     located in the same county as the city and adjacent to the
    corporate boundary, the annexed area may be included in an
63
64
     election precinct immediately adjacent to it.
65
       A municipality or county may establish new election
66
     precincts lying entirely within the boundaries of any existing
67
     precinct and shall assign names to the new precincts which
    include the name of the former precinct.
69
       During a year ending in one, the council of each home rule
70
    charter city which elects councilmen its council members by
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wards and which has a city election in the year ending in one or

which has a general city election before March 15 in a year

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  1 ending in two may change precinct boundaries for the purpose of
     reapportioning wards. As soon as possible after legislative
     apportionment, and prior to the next election, cities shall
 4
     rearrange the precincts so that no precinct lies in more than
 5
     one legislative district.
  6
     No change for subd 4 to 7
 204B#195S
       204B.195 TIME OFF FROM WORK TO SERVE AS ELECTION JUDGE.
        An individual who is selected to serve as an election judge
 9 pursuant to section 204B.21, subdivision 2 may, after giving his
10
     an employer at least ten days' written notice, be absent himself
11 from his a place of work for the purpose of serving as an
     election judge. An employer may not penalize an employee for
13 that absence other than a deduction in salary for the time he
14
     absented-himself the employee was absent from his the place of
15
     employment.
204B#20S
16
        204B.20 ELECTION BOARD; CHAIRMAN CHAIR; DUTIES.
        The election judges appointed to serve in an election
17
18
     precinct shall constitute the election board for that precinct.
19 The appointing authority shall designate one of the election
20
    judges in each precinct to serve as the chairman chair of the
21
     election board. The chairman chair shall assign specific duties
22
     to the election judges of that precinct as necessary or
23 convenient to complete forms, obtain signatures, and perform all
24
     the other duties required of election judges.
204B#21S
25
        204B.21 APPOINTMENT OF ELECTION JUDGES.
        Subdivision 1. APPOINTMENT LISTS; DUTIES OF POLITICAL
26
     PARTIES AND COUNTY AUDITOR. On July 1 in a year in which
27
28
     there is an election for a partisan political office, the county
29
     or legislative district chairmen chairs of each major political
30
     party, whichever is designated by the state party, shall prepare
     a list of eligible voters to act as election judges in each
31
32
     election precinct in the county or legislative district.
33
     The chairmen chairs shall furnish the lists to the county
     auditor of the county in which the precinct is located.
34
35
        By July 15, the county auditor shall furnish to the
36 appointing authorities a list of the appropriate names for each
     election precinct in the jurisdiction of the appointing
 37
38
     authority. Separate lists shall be submitted by the county
     auditor for each major political party.
39
40
        No change for subd 2
204B#23S
41
        204B.23 VACANCIES AMONG ELECTION JUDGES.
42
        A vacancy on an election board occurs when any election
43 judge who is a member of that board:
44
       (a) Fails to arrive at the polling place within 30 minutes
45
     after the time when the polling place is scheduled to open;
46
        (b) Becomes unable to perform the duties of the office
47
     after assuming those duties; or
48
        (c) For any reason fails or refuses to perform the duties
49
     of the office as assigned by the chairman chair of the election
50
    board.
51
        When a vacancy occurs, the remaining election judges of the
52
    precinct shall elect an individual to fill the vacancy subject
53
     to the provisions of section 204B.19. When possible the
54
     election judges shall elect individuals who have been trained as
55 election judges pursuant to section 204B.25. The oath signed by
56
   the new election judge shall indicate that the new election
57
     judge was elected to fill a vacancy.
204B#28S
58
        204B.28 CLERKS; ELECTION SUPPLIES; DUTIES.
59
        Subdivision 1. TRAINING PROGRAM FOR ELECTION OFFICIALS.
60
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Before each state primary, each county auditor shall conduct a training program for local election officials. The county auditor may require the municipal clerks and the chairmen chairs of the election boards in the county to meet for this training program before the election at a time and place set by the county auditor. The training program shall include instruction in election procedures and the duties of municipal clerks and election judges. The chairmen chairs of the election boards

shall be compensated by the municipalities for the incidental expenses incurred by them to attend a training program.

Subd. 2. ELECTION SUPPLIES; DUTIES OF COUNTY AUDITORS AND CLERKS. Except as otherwise provided for absentee ballots

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in section 204B.35, subdivision 4, the county auditor shall
    complete the preparation of the election materials for which he
     \underline{\text{the auditor}} is responsible at least one week before every state
     primary and state general election. At any time after all
     election materials are available from the county auditor but not
 6
    later than one week before the election each municipal clerk
    shall secure from the county auditor:
 8
       (a) The forms that are required for the conduct of the
     election;
10
       (b) Any printed voter instruction materials furnished by
     the secretary of state;
(c) Any other instructions for election officers; and
11
12
13
        (d) A sufficient quantity of the official ballots, ballot
14
    boxes, registration files, envelopes for ballot returns, and
    other supplies and materials required for each precinct in order
15
16
     to comply with the provisions of the Minnesota election law.
17 The county auditor may furnish the election supplies to the
18 municipal clerks in the same manner as the supplies are
19
    furnished to precincts in unorganized territory pursuant to
20
     section 204B.29, subdivision 1.
204B#30S
21
        204B.30 UNOFFICIAL BALLOTS.
        When no official or substitute ballots are ready at the
22
23
    time when voting is scheduled to begin or if the supply is
    exhausted before the voting ends, the election judges shall
24
25 contact the municipal clerk and, at his the clerk's direction,
    shall prepare unofficial ballots, printed or written as nearly
26
27 as practicable in the form of the official ballots, which
   ballots may be used until official or substitute ballots are
28
    available. When unofficial ballots are prepared and used in any
    precinct, the election judges shall note that fact on the
30
    summary statement of the returns for that precinct and specify
31
32
    the number of unofficial ballots that were cast.
204B#34S
33
        204B.34 NOTICE OF ELECTION.
        Subdivision 1. STATE ELECTIONS. At least 15 days
   before any state primary or state general election the municipal
35
    clerk shall post in his the clerk's office a notice stating the
37
    officers to be nominated or elected, the location of each
38
    polling place in the municipality, and the hours for voting. An
39
    optional provision of the notice may include municipal officers
40
    to be nominated or elected. The county auditor shall post a
41 similar notice in his the auditor's office including information
42
    concerning any polling places in unorganized territory in the
43
   county. The governing body of a municipality or county may
44 publish this notice in addition to posting it. Failure to give
45 the notice required in this section shall not invalidate a state
46
    primary or state general election.
47
       No change for subd 2 to
204B#35S
48
        204B.35 PREPARATION OF BALLOTS.
49
        No change for subd 1
50
        Subd. 2. MANNER OF PREPARATION. Ballots shall be
    prepared in a manner that enables the voters to understand which
51
52
    questions are to be voted upon and the identity and number of
    candidates to be voted for in each office and to designate their
53
54
    choices easily and accurately. The name of a candidate shall
    not appear on a ballot in any way that gives the candidate an
55
56
    advantage over his an opponent except as otherwise provided by
57
58
       No change for subd 3 to 4
204B#36S
59
       204B.36 BALLOTS; FORM.
60
       No change for subd 1
61
        Subd. 2. CANDIDATES AND OFFICES. The name of each
62
   candidate shall be printed at a right angle to the length of the
    ballot. At a general election the name of the political party
64
    or the political principle of each candidate for partisan office
65
   shall be printed above or below the name of the candidate. The
    name of a political party or a political principle shall be
66
67
    printed in capital and lower case letters of the same type, with
68
    the capital letters at least one-half the height of the capital
69
    letters used for names of the candidates. At a general
70
     election, blank lines shall be printed below the name of the
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last candidate for each office, or below the title of the office

if no candidate has filed for that office, so that a voter may

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write in the names of individuals whose names are not on the 3 that kind to be elected. At a primary election, no blank lines 4 shall be provided for writing in the 2 ballot. One blank line shall be printed for each officer of shall be provided for writing in the names of individuals whose 5 names do not appear on the primary ballot.

On the left side of the ballot at the same level with the 7 name of each candidate and each blank line shall be printed a 8 square in which the voter may designate his a vote by a mark (square in which the voter may designate his a vote by a mark (X). 9 Each square shall be the same size. Above the first name on 10 each ballot shall be printed the words, "Put an (X) in the 11 square opposite the name of each candidate you wish to vote for." At the same level with these words and directly above the 13 squares shall be printed a small arrow pointing downward. 14 Directly underneath the official title of each office shall be 15 printed the words "Vote for one" (or more, according to the number to be elected).

No change for subd 3 to 4

18 Subd. 5. DESIGNATION OF INCUMBENT; JUDICIAL OFFICES. 19 If a chief justice, associate justice, or judge is a candidate 20 to succeed himself again, the word "incumbent" shall be printed 21 after his that judge's name as a candidate. 204B#41S

204B.41 VACANCY IN NOMINATION; CHANGING BALLOTS.

When a vacancy in nomination is filled pursuant to section 204B.13, after the ballots have been printed, the officer in charge of preparing the ballots shall prepare and distribute a 26 sufficient number of separate paper ballots which shall be headed with the words "OFFICIAL SUPPLEMENTAL BALLOT". This ballot shall contain the title of the office for which the 29 vacancy in nomination has been filled and the names of all the candidates nominated for that office. The ballot shall conform 31 to the provisions governing the printing of other official ballots as far as practicable. The title of the office and the 33 names of the candidates for that office shall be blotted out or stricken from the regular ballots by the election judges. The official supplemental ballot shall be given to each voter when he the voter is given the regular ballot or is directed to the voting machine. Regular ballots shall not be changed nor shall 38 official supplemental ballots be prepared as provided in this section during the three calendar days before an election. Absentee ballots that have been mailed prior to the preparation of official supplemental ballots shall be counted in the same manner as if the vacancy had not occurred. Official 43 supplemental ballots shall not be mailed to absent voters to whom ballots were mailed before the official supplemental ballots were prepared. 204B#44S

204B.44 ERRORS AND OMISSIONS; REMEDY.

Any individual may file a petition in the manner provided in this section for the correction of any of the following 49 errors, omissions or wrongful acts which have occurred or are about to occur:

- (a) An error or omission in the placement or printing of the name or description of any candidate on any official ballot;
- (b) Any other error in preparing or printing any official ballot;
- (c) Failure of the chairman chair or secretary of the proper committee of a major political party to execute or file a certificate of nomination;
- (d) Any wrongful act, omission, or error of any election judge, municipal clerk, county auditor, canvassing board or any of its members, the secretary of state, or any other individual charged with any duty concerning an election.

The petition shall describe the error, omission or wrongful act and the correction sought by the petitioner. The petition shall be filed with any judge of the supreme court in the case of an election for state or federal office or any judge of the district court in that county in the case of an election for county or municipal office. The petitioner shall serve a copy of the petition on the officer, board or individual charged with the error, omission or wrongful act, and on any other party as required by the court. Upon receipt of the petition the court shall immediately set a time for a hearing on the matter and order the officer, board or individual charged with the error, omission or wrongful act to correct the error or wrongful act or perform the duty or show cause why-he-should for not do doing

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so. The court shall issue its findings and a final order for
     appropriate relief as soon as possible after the hearing.
     Failure to obey the order is contempt of court.
204C#06S
       204C.06 CONDUCT IN AND NEAR POLLING PLACES.
 5
        Subdivision 1. LINGERING NEAR POLLING PLACE. An
    individual shall be allowed to go to and from the polling place
     for the purpose of voting without unlawful interference. No
     voters or other individuals shall congregate in any number
     within 100 feet of a polling place. No one, either inside a
 9
10
     polling place or within 100 feet of the entrance to it, shall
    ask a voter how he-or-she the voter intends to vote or has voted
11
     on any office or question on the ballot. No one except an
13
     election official or an individual who is waiting to register or
14
     to vote shall stand within 50 feet of the entrance to a polling
15
     place.
       No change for subd 2 to 7
16
204C#07S
17
       204C.07 CHALLENGERS.
18
        Subdivision 1. PARTISAN ELECTIONS. At an election to
     fill partisan offices, the chairman chair of an authorized
20
    committee of each major political party may appoint by written
21
     certificate voters from that political party to act as
     challengers of voters at the polling place for each precinct.
22
23
    Only one challenger from each major political party for each
24
     precinct shall be allowed to remain in the polling place at one
25
26
       No change for subd 2 to 4
204C#10S
27
       204C.10 PERMANENT REGISTRATION; COMPLETION OF VOTER
28
    CERTIFICATES; VERIFICATION OF REGISTRATION.
29
       Subdivision 1. An individual seeking to vote shall print
    his the individual's name and address on a certificate which
30
31
     states that the individual is at least 18 years of age, a
32
     citizen of the United States, has resided in Minnesota for 20
33
     days immediately preceding the election, certifies that-he
34
    resides residence at the address shown, is not under
35
     guardianship of the person, has not been found by a court of law
36
     to be legally incompetent to vote or convicted of a felony
     without having civil rights restored, is registered and has not
37
38
     already voted in the election. The individual shall then sign
39
    the certificate.
40
       An election judge shall compare the signature on the
41
     voter's certificate with the signature as it appears on the
42
     duplicate registration card and the address with the address on
    the duplicate registration card. If the election judge is
43
44
     satisfied that the signatures are the same, the election judge
45
     shall initial the certificate and record the fact of voting on
46
     the back of the duplicate registration card. The initialed
47
     certificate shall be handed to the voter, who shall deliver it
    to the election judge in charge of ballots as proof of the right
48
49
     to vote.
       Subd. 2. Subdivision 1 does not apply to voting in
50
51
    counties or municipalities which make the election authorized by
52
     section 201.071, subdivision 5. In lieu of the certificate
53
     required by subdivision 1, an applicant shall sign the duplicate
    registration file in the space provided next to \frac{\mbox{$h$}\dot{\mbox{$s$}}}{\mbox{$t$}\mbox{$t$}}
54
     applicant's name in the file. In lieu of the signature
55
56
     comparison required by subdivision 1, a judge may, before the
57
     applicant signs the duplicate registration file, request that
     the-applicant-give-his the applicant's name, address, and day
58
     and month of birth. After the applicant signs the registration
59
60
     file, the judge shall give the applicant a voter's receipt. The
61
     voter shall deliver the voter's receipt to the judge in charge
62
     of ballots as proof of his the voter's right to vote, and
     thereupon the judge shall hand to the voter the ballot.
64
     judges shall destroy the voters' receipts at the end of the day.
204C#12S
65
       204C.12 CHALLENGES TO VOTERS; PENALTY.
66
       Subdivision 1. MANNER OF CHALLENGING. An election
67
     judge shall, and an authorized challenger or other voter may,
68
     challenge an individual whom he the person knows or reasonably
69
     believes is not an eligible voter.
70
       No change for subd 2
71
        Subd. 3. DETERMINATION OF RESIDENCE. In determining
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the legal residence of a challenged individual, the election

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judges shall be governed by the principles contained in section
     200.031. If the challenged individual's answers to the
     questions show that-he-is-not-eligible ineligibility to vote in
     that precinct, he the individual shall not be allowed to vote.
 5
    If the individual has marked ballots but not yet deposited them
 6
    in the ballot boxes before the election judges determine that-he
 7 is-not-eligible ineligibility to vote in that precinct, the
 8 marked ballots shall be placed unopened with the spoiled
 9 ballots. If the answers to the questions fail to show that the
10
    individual is not eligible to vote in that precinct and the
11
    challenge is not withdrawn, the election judges shall verbally
12 administer the oath on the voter certificate to the individual.
13
    After taking the oath and completing and signing the voter
14 certificate, the challenged individual shall be allowed to vote.
15
       No change for subd 4 to 5
204C#14S
16
       204C.14 UNLAWFUL VOTING; PENALTY.
17
       No individual shall intentionally:
18
       (a) Misrepresent his the individual's identity in applying
19 for a ballot, depositing a ballot in a ballot box or attempting
20 to vote by means of a voting machine or electronic voting system;
21
       (b) Vote more than once at the same election;
        (c) Put a ballot in a ballot box for any illegal purpose;
22
23
        (d) Give more than one ballot of the same kind and color to
24
   an election judge to be placed in a ballot box;
25
       (e) Aid, abet, counsel or procure another to go into any
   precinct for the purpose of voting in that precinct, knowing
26
27
    that the other individual is not eligible to vote in that
28
   precinct; or
29
       (f) Aid, abet, counsel or procure another to do any act in
30 violation of this section.
31
       A violation of this section is a felony.
204C#15S
32
       204C.15 ASSISTANCE TO VOTERS:
        Subdivision 1. INTERPRETERS; PHYSICAL ASSISTANCE IN
33
34
    MARKING BALLOTS. A voter who states claims under oath that-he
35 is-in a need of for assistance because he-cannot of
36
    inability to read English or is-physically-unable physical
37
    inability to mark a ballot may obtain the aid of two election
38
     judges who are members of different major political parties.
    The election judges shall mark the ballots as directed by the
39
40 voter and in as secret a manner as circumstances permit. If the
41
    voter is deaf or cannot speak English or understand it when it
42
    is spoken, the election judges may select two individuals who
43
    are members of different major political parties to act as
44 interpreters. The interpreters shall take an oath similar to
45
    that taken by election judges, and shall assist the individual
46
    in marking the ballots. A voter in need of assistance may
47 alternatively obtain the assistance of any individual the voter
48
    chooses. The individual who assists the voter shall take an
49
   oath that-he-or-she-is-eligible of eligibility to do so. Only
50
    the following persons may not provide assistance to a voter:
51
    the voter's employer, an agent of the voter's employer, an
52 officer or agent of the voter's union, or a candidate for
53 election. The person who assists the voter shall, unaccompanied
54 by an election judge, retire with that voter to a booth and mark
55 the ballot as directed by the voter. No person who assists
    the ballot as directed by the voter. No person who assists
56 another voter as provided in the preceding sentence shall mark
57
    the ballots of more than three voters at one election. Before
58 the ballots are deposited, the voter may show them privately to
    an election judge to ascertain that they are marked as the voter
59
60 directed. An election judge or other individual assisting a
    voter shall not in any manner request, persuade, induce, or
62
    attempt to persuade or induce the voter to vote for any
63
    particular political party or candidate. The election judges or
    other individuals who assist the voter shall not reveal to
64
65 anyone the name of any candidate for whom the voter has voted or
66
   anything that took place while assisting the voter.
67
       Subd. 2. OUTSIDE THE POLLING PLACE. An individual
68 who is unable to enter a polling place where paper ballots or an
69
    electronic voting system are used may register and vote without
70 leaving his a motor vehicle. Two election judges who are
71
    members of different major political parties shall assist the
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73 shall provide the necessary ballots. The voter may request 74 additional assistance in marking ballots as provided in

72 73 voter to register and to complete a voter's certificate and

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subdivision 1.
        Subd. 2a. LEVER MACHINE PRECINCTS. An individual who
     is unable to enter a polling place where a lever voting system
     is used may register and vote without leaving his a motor
     vehicle. Two election judges who are members of different
 6
    political parties shall assist the voter to register. They
     shall provide the voter with the necessary ballots, a ballot
     envelope and an absentee ballot return envelope, which shall be
 8
 9
     completed by the voter, returned to the election judge, and
10 processed pursuant to section 203B.12.
11
        An individual who is unable to enter a voting machine booth
    in a precinct where a lever voting system is used shall be
12
    provided with the necessary ballots, a ballot envelope, and an
13
14
    absentee ballot return envelope, which shall be completed by the
15
     voter and returned to the election judge and processed pursuant
16
    to section 203B.12.
17
       No change for subd 3
204C#18S
18
        204C.18 BALLOTS; SECRECY.
19
        Subdivision 1. PARTY PREFERENCES; PROTECTION OF
20 SECRECY. The election judges shall make no entry or notation
21
    in the election register or anywhere else showing the political
   party to which a voter belongs or for which political party he the voter voted. No election judge shall knowingly permit
22
23
     anyone in the polling place to make such an entry or notation.
24
25
       No change for subd 2
204C#28S
        204C.28 ELECTION NIGHT; DUTIES OF COUNTY AUDITORS AND
26
27
     MUNICIPAL CLERKS.
28
        Subdivision 1.
                         COUNTY AUDITOR. Every county auditor
     shall remain at his the auditor's office to receive delivery of
29
30
     the returns, to permit public inspection of the summary
31
     statements, and to tabulate the votes until all have been
    tabulated and the results made known, or until 24 hours have
33
    elapsed since the end of the hours for voting, whichever occurs
    first. The county auditor shall file all envelopes containing ballots in a safe place with seals unbroken. If the envelopes
34
35
36 were previously opened by proper authority for examination or
37
     recount, the county auditor shall have the envelopes sealed
38
    again and signed by the individuals who made the inspection or
39
     recount. The envelopes may be opened by the county canvassing
     board if necessary to procure election returns that the election
40
41
    judges inadvertently may have sealed in the envelopes with the
    ballots. In that case, the envelopes shall be sealed again and signed in the same manner as otherwise provided in this
42
43
44
    subdivision.
                  CLERKS. The clerk of every first, second,
45
        Subd. 2.
46
    and third class city shall remain at his the clerk's office to
    receive delivery of returns, or until 24 hours have elapsed
47
48
     since the end of the hours for voting, whichever occurs first.
49
    The clerk of every first class city shall keep a book in which,
50
    in the presence of the election judges or other individuals who
51
    deliver the returns, the clerk shall make a record of all
    materials delivered, the time of delivery, and the names of the
53
     election judges or other individuals who made delivery. The
     book shall be retained in the clerk's office for the same period
55
     as the ballots as provided in section 204B.40.
204C#31S
        204C.31 CANVASSING BOARDS; MEMBERSHIP.
56
57
        Subdivision 1. COUNTY CANVASSING BOARD. The county
58
    canvassing board shall consist of the county auditor, the clerk
    of the district court, the mayor or chairman chair of the town
60
    board of the county's most populous municipality, and two
61
     members of the county board selected by the board from its
62
    members who are not candidates at the election. If one of these
    individuals fails to appear at the meeting of the canvassing
64 board and in the absence of any selection by the county board
65
    from among its own members, the county auditor shall appoint an
66
     eligible voter of the county who is not a public official or a
67
    candidate for public office to fill the vacancy. Three members
    constitute a quorum.
69
       No change for subd 2
204C#39S
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71 No change for subd 1 72 Subd. 2. INSPECTION; TIME; PLACE. The county auditor

204C.39 CORRECTION OF OTHER OBVIOUS ERRORS.

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71

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1 shall schedule a meeting of the county canvassing board at his
      the auditor's office as soon as practicable after the court
  3
       issues an order under subdivision 1 and shall give sufficient
   4 advance notice of the meeting to the affected candidates. The
   5 board, in the presence of all the candidates for the office or
  6 their representatives shall inspect the ballots and returns,
     correct any error and proceed further in accordance with the order of the court.
   7
  8
  9
        Preparation of the county canvassing board report with
  10 respect to other offices on the ballot shall not be delayed
   11
      because of an inspection required by this section.
          No change for subd 3 to 4
  12
  204C#41S
  13
         204C.41 NEGLECT OF DUTY; OTHER OFFENSES BY ELECTION
       OFFICIALS; PENALTY.
  14
  15
          An election officer or other individual required by law to
  16 safely keep and produce ballots on election day the-ballots
  17
      entrusted-to-him or to perform any other act, who intentionally
  18
       fails or refuses to perform the act required, or who is required
      by law to abstain from any act, and intentionally does the act,
  19
  20
      or who in either of these cases is guilty of fraud, corruption,
  21
      partiality or misbehavior in conducting or aiding in the conduct
       of an election, or in counting or making returns of votes, or
  22
      who wrongfully refuses to make or deliver a certificate of
  23
  24
      election, or who falsely or corruptly performs any required act,
  25
     for which a punishment has not been otherwise expressly provided
  26
       for by law, is guilty of a felony.
  204D#04S
          204D.04 BALLOT PREPARATION.
  27
  28
         No change for subd 1
  29
         Subd. 2. INSTRUCTIONS TO PRINTER; PRINTER'S BOND.
  30 The official charged with the preparation and distribution of
  31
     the ballots shall prepare instructions to the printer for
  32 rotation of the names of candidates, for layout of the ballot
  33
      and for providing the ballots in groups of 50. The instructions
  34
       shall be approved by the legal advisor of the official before
      delivery to the printer. Before a contract is awarded for
  35
  36
      printing ballots, the printer shall furnish a sufficient bond in
  37
      an amount not less than $1000 nor more than $5000, conditioned
  38
      on printing the ballots in conformity with the Minnesota
  39
      election law and the instructions delivered to-him. The
      official responsible for printing the ballots shall set the
  40
  41
       amount of the bond.
  204D#07S
  42
          204D.07 PLACING NAMES ON BALLOTS.
  43
        Subdivision 1. DUTIES OF COUNTY AUDITOR. Except as
  44
      provided in subdivisions 2 and 3, the county auditor shall place
  45
      on the appropriate state primary ballot the name of each
  46
       candidate who has properly filed an affidavit of candidacy with
      him the auditor and of each candidate certified by the secretary
 47
  48
       of state pursuant to section 204D.06.
  49
        No change for subd 2 to 3
  204D#09S
 50
         204D.09 SAMPLE PRIMARY BALLOTS.
          At least two weeks before the state primary the county
  51
52
     auditor shall prepare a sample state partisan primary ballot and a sample state and county nonpartisan primary ballot for public
  53
 54
      inspection. The names of all of the candidates to be voted for
  55 in the county shall be placed on the sample ballots, with the
56
       names of the candidates for each office arranged alphabetically
  57
      according to the surname. Only one sample state partisan
  58
       primary ballot and one sample state and county nonpartisan
  59
      ballot shall be prepared for any county. The county auditor
  60
      shall post the sample ballots in a conspicuous place in his the
 61
      <u>auditor's</u> office and shall cause them to be published at least
  62
       one week before the state primary in at least one newspaper of
  63
       general circulation in the county.
 204D#11S
  64
         204D.11 STATE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOTS; CANDIDATES;
  65
       OFFICIAL IN CHARGE; RULES; REIMBURSEMENT.
  66
        Subdivision 1. WHITE BALLOT; RULES; REIMBURSEMENT.
67 The names of the candidates for all partisan offices voted on at
     the state general election shall be placed on a single ballot
  68
       printed on white paper which shall be known as the "white
 69
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ballot." This ballot shall be prepared by the county auditor

subject to the rules of the secretary of state. The state shall

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1 contribute to the cost of preparing the white ballot and the
 2 envelopes required for the returns of that ballot. The
     secretary of state shall adopt rules for preparation and time of
     delivery of the white ballot and for establishing a basis for
     distributing to the counties the money appropriated by the state
     for white ballot costs. The appropriation shall be available
 7 both years of the biennium and shall be used for all state
     general and special elections. The secretary of state shall report to the chairmen chairs of the senate finance and house
     appropriations committees on all money used for special
10
11
     elections.
        No change for subd 2 to 6
12
204D#15S
13
        204D.15 PINK BALLOT; FORM; DISTRIBUTION; SAMPLE BALLOT.
14
        No change for subd 1 to 2
        Subd. 3. SAMPLE PINK BALLOT. Four weeks before the
15
     state general election the secretary of state shall file sample
16
17
     copies of the pink ballot in his the secretary of state's office
18
     for public inspection. Three weeks before the state general
19
     election the secretary of state shall mail sample copies of the
     pink ballot to each county auditor. Each auditor shall post the sample ballot in a conspicuous place in the auditor's office.
20
21
204D#16S
22
       204D.16 SAMPLE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOTS; POSTING;
23
     PUBLICATION.
24
       Two weeks before the state general election the county
25
     auditor shall prepare sample copies of the white and canary
   ballots and shall post copies of these sample ballots and a
26
     sample of the pink ballot in his the auditor's office for public
27
28 inspection. No earlier than 15 days and no later than two days
   before the state general election the county auditor shall cause
29
30
     the sample white and canary ballots to be published in at least
31
     one newspaper of general circulation in the county.
204D#22S
32
        204D.22 WRIT OF ELECTION.
33
        No change for subd 1
        Subd. 2.
                  POSTING OF WRIT. Immediately upon receipt
    of the writ, the secretary of state shall send a certified copy
35
   of the writ by certified mail to the county auditor of each
37
     county in which candidates to fill the vacancy are to be voted
38
    upon. The county auditor shall post a copy of the writ in his
     the auditor's office at least five days before the close of the
39
     time for filing affidavits of candidacy for the special election.
40
41
        No change for subd 3 to 4
204D#25S
        204D.25 SPECIAL ELECTION BALLOTS.
42
43
        Subdivision 1. FORM. Except as provided in
     subdivision 2, the county auditor shall prepare separate ballots
44
45
     for a special primary and special election as required by
46
     sections 204D.17 to 204D.27. The ballots shall be headed
     "Special Primary Ballot" or "Special Election Ballot" as the
47
48
     case may be, followed by the date of the special primary or
49
     special election. Immediately below the title of each office to
     be filled shall be printed the words "To fill vacancy in term
50
51
     expiring ......, with the date of expiration of the term
52
    and any other information that is necessary to distinguish the
     office from any other office to be voted upon at the same
53
54
     election. Otherwise the form of the ballots shall comply as far
55
    as practicable with the laws relating to ballots for state
56
    primaries and state general elections. The county auditor shall
     post a sample of each ballot in his the auditor's office as soon as prepared and not later than four days before the special
57
58
59
     primary or special election. Publication of the sample ballot
60
     for a special primary or special election is not required.
61
       No change for subd 2
204D#27S
62
       204D.27 SPECIAL ELECTION RETURNS.
63
        No change for subd 1 to 4
        Subd. 5. CANVASS; SPECIAL PRIMARY; STATE CANVASSING
64
65
     BOARD. Not later than four days after the returns of the
66
     county canvassing boards are certified to the secretary of
     state, the state canvassing board shall complete its canvass of
68
     the special primary. The secretary of state shall then promptly
69
     certify to the county auditors the names of the nominated
70
     individuals and notify each nominee of his the nomination.
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No change for subd 6 to 11

71

PAGE

205*#075

205.07 CITY GENERAL ELECTION. Subdivision 1. DATE. The municipal general election in each statutory city shall be held on the first Tuesday after 4 the first Monday in November in every even-numbered year; except 5 that the governing body of a statutory city may, by ordinance 6 passed at a regular meeting held before September 1 of any year, 7 elect to hold the election on the first Tuesday after the first 8 Monday in November in each odd-numbered year. A city which was 9 a village on January 1, 1974 and before that date provided for a 10 system of biennial elections in the odd-numbered year shall 11 continue to hold its elections in that year until changed in accordance with this section. When a city changes its elections 12 13 from one year to another, and does not provide for the 14 expiration of terms by ordinance, the term of an incumbent 15 expiring at a time when no municipal election is held in the 16 months immediately prior to expiration is extended until the date for taking office following the next scheduled municipal 17 18 election. If the change results in having three councilmen 19 council members to be elected at a succeeding election, the two 20 individuals receiving the highest vote shall serve for terms of four years and the individual receiving the third highest number 21 22 of votes shall serve for a term of two years. To provide an 23 orderly transition to the odd or even year election plan, the governing body of the city may adopt supplementary ordinances 24 25 regulating initial elections and officers to be chosen at the 26 elections and shortening or lengthening the terms of incumbents 27 and those elected at the initial election so as to conform as 28 soon as possible to the regular schedule provided in section 29 412.02, subdivision 1. Whenever the time of the municipal 30 election is changed, the city clerk immediately shall notify in 31 writing the county auditor and secretary of state of the change 32 of date. Thereafter the municipal general election shall be 33 held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in 34 each odd-numbered or even-numbered year until the ordinance is 35 revoked and notification of the change is made. 36 Subd. 2. Repealed, 1976 c 44 s 70 205*#17S 205.17 BALLOTS. 37 38 No change for subd 1 to 4 Subd. 5. STATUTORY CITIES; VACANCIES. In statutory 39 40 cities, the names of candidates to fill vacancies at a special 41 election held as provided in section 412.02, subdivision 2a, 42 shall be placed on the municipal primary and general election 43 ballots. The names of candidates to fill a vacancy in the 44 office of councilman council member in a statutory city shall be 45 listed under the separate heading "Special election 46 for councilmember to fill vacancy in term expiring 47," with the date of expiration of the term and any other 48 information necessary to distinguish the office. Under the 49 heading for the office of mayor in a special election shall be 50 the words "To fill vacancy in term expiring" 205*#845 51 205.84 WARDS IN CERTAIN CITIES. 52 Subdivision 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS. In a statutory city electing councilmen council members by wards, wards shall 53 54 be as equal in population as practicable and each ward shall be composed of compact, contiguous territory. Each councilman 55 council member shall be a resident of the ward for which he-is 56 elected, but a change in ward boundaries does not disqualify 57 58 a councilman council member from serving for the remainder 59 of his a term. Subd. 2. REDEFINING WARD BOUNDARIES. The governing 60 body of the city may by ordinance redefine ward boundaries after 61 62 a municipal general election. The council shall hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance before its adoption. One week's published notice of the hearing shall be given. Within 63 64 65 six months after the official certification of each federal 66 decennial or special census, the governing body of the city shall either confirm the existing ward boundaries as conforming 67 68 to the standards of subdivision 1 or redefine ward boundaries to 69 conform to those standards. If the governing body of the city 70 fails to take either action within the time required, no further 71 compensation shall be paid to the mayor or councilmen council 72 member until the wards of the city are either reconfirmed or 73 redefined as required by this section. An ordinance

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                                                                  PAGE
    establishing new ward boundaries shall apply to the first
    election held at least six months after adoption of the
 3
    ordinance.
206*#565
        206.56 DEFINITIONS.
 4
 5
        No change for subd 1
                              to 9
       Subd. 10. OPERATING LEVER. "Operating lever" means
 6
 7
     the lever on a lever voting machine which the voter must move to
 8
    the right in order to close the curtains of the machine and
     unlock the machine for voting, and which the voter must move to
 9
10
     the left in order to open the curtains of the machine and record
11
     his a vote.
12
       No change for subd 11 to 15
206*#575
       206.57 EXAMINATION OF NEW VOTING SYSTEMS.
13
       Subdivision 1. EXAMINATION AND REPORT BY SECRETARY OF
15
     STATE; APPROVAL. A vendor of a lever voting machine or
16
     electronic voting system may apply to the secretary of state to
17
     examine the machine or system and to report as to its compliance
18 with the requirements of law and as to its accuracy, durability,
19
   efficiency, and capacity to register the will of voters. The
    secretary of state or a designee shall examine the machine or
20
21
     system submitted and file a report on it in the office of the
22
     secretary of state. Examination is not required of every
23
    individual machine or counting device, but only of each type of
24
    lever voting machine or electronic voting system before its
25
    adoption, use, or purchase and before its continued use after
26
    significant changes have been made in an approved machine or
    system.
27
28
       If the report of the secretary of state or his the
29
     secretary's designee concludes that the kind of machine or
30 system examined complies with the requirements of sections
31
    206.55 to 206.87 and can be used safely, the machine or system
    shall be deemed approved by the secretary of state, and may be
32
33
     adopted and purchased for use at elections in this state. A
34
    voting machine or system not approved by the secretary of state
35
    may not be used at an election in this state. The secretary of
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    state may adopt permanent and emergency rules consistent with
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     sections 206.55 to 206.87 relating to the examination and use of
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     voting machines and electronic voting systems.
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       No change for subd 2 to 3
206*#63S
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        206.63 PAPER BALLOTS TO BE AVAILABLE.
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       When lever voting machines or an electronic voting system
     are used in an election, a reasonable supply of paper ballots
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    and ballot boxes must be maintained by the official charged with
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     providing ballot strips or ballot booklets and ballot cards for
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    a polling place where lever voting machines or an electronic
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    voting system is used. If one or more of the voting machines or
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marking devices in a polling place fails to function during the election, the official in charge of elections may dispatch paper ballots and ballot boxes to the polling place in the quantity the official deems necessary to avoid undue delay occasioned by the machine or marking device failure. If paper ballots are used in an election pursuant to this section, they must be handled, counted, and canvassed in the same manner as absentee ballots. When notification of machine or marking device failure is received, the official in charge of supplying ballots shall notify the county headquarters of the major political parties with an office in the county or the county chairmen chairs of the major political parties without delay and before paper ballots are distributed. 206*#68S

206.68 LEVER VOTING MACHINES.

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A lever voting machine adopted by a county or municipality must be constructed to automatically register and count all votes cast; to insure every voter an opportunity to vote in secret; to conceal the number of votes for each candidate and upon each question during the hours of voting; to permit a voter to vote once and only once for all the candidates and upon all the questions for whom or upon which he the voter is legally entitled to vote; to permit a voter to vote by means of devices connected with the mechanism of the machine for any person for any office elective by the voters of the voter's precinct at an election, even if the person's name does not appear upon the machine as a candidate for the office; to prevent a voter from

PAGE

1 voting for more than one person for an office, unless the voter is lawfully entitled to vote for more than one person, and in that event to limit the voter to the number to be elected to the 3 4 office; to prevent a primary voter from voting for the 5 nomination of candidates of more than one party, or for a person whose name is not on the primary ballot; and to prevent a voter from voting for a candidate or upon a proposed question for whom 7 8 or upon which the voter is not lawfully entitled to vote. Lever 9 voting machines may be used which are not constructed to permit 10 a voter to change from one party to another in a party primary 11 or to retract a write-in vote. In these cases the voter must follow the procedure provided in section 206.74, subdivision 2 12 13 in order to change a vote.

206*#70S

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206.70 CUSTODIAN OF MACHINES.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. VOTING MACHINE KEYS. The custodians shall keep secure all keys to voting machines. A public official who 18 by law is authorized to have custody of a voting machine may have the keys to a machine which is in his the official's custody. Election officials entrusted with keys for election purposes may not retain them longer than necessary to accomplish 22 these purposes. It is unlawful for an unauthorized person to possess the keys of a voting machine.

206*#72S

206.72 INSTRUCTIONS TO JUDGES AND VOTERS.

Subdivision 1. TRAINING FOR ELECTION JUDGES. Not more than 30 days before the primary or before the general election if no primary is held at which a lever voting machine 28 is to be used, the official in charge of elections shall conduct a meeting or meetings to instruct election judges about the operation of the lever voting machine and the duties of election judges when lever voting machines are used. Each election judge serving in a precinct where lever voting machines are used shall attend at least one meeting prior to either the primary or the general election in which the judge is to serve, and shall receive a certificate showing that-he-has-attended attendance at 36 an instruction meeting and has-been-found-qualified a finding of qualification to serve. Each judge who attends an instruction 38 meeting and qualifies and serves at an election shall receive at least \$1 for the time spent in receiving instruction, plus 40 transportation costs for going to and from the meeting, which shall be paid at the same time and in the same manner as the 42 payment for serving on election day. A training certificate may only be issued to an individual who has attended an instruction 44 meeting and has been found qualified to serve as an election judge. No one is eligible to serve as judge who has not received a training certificate. In case of emergency, when an insufficient number of certified judges is available, election judges may be appointed to conduct the election who have not 49 received the required certificate.

50 No change for subd 2 206*#735

> 206.73 OFFICIALS TO PREPARE LEVER MACHINES FOR USE. The official in charge of elections shall examine all lever

53 voting machines before they are sent out to the polling places to see that all the registering counters are set at zero (000), to lock all voting machines so that the counting mechanism cannot be operated, to seal each voting machine with a numbered seal, and to make a written record of the seal.

Before the voting machines are prepared for an election, written notices must be mailed to the chairman chair of the 60 county committee of each political party, if the name of the chairman chair is on file with the county auditor, stating when and where the voting machines will be prepared, and at which times and places one representative of each political party, designated by the chairman chair of the county committee of the party, may be present to see that the machines are 66 properly prepared and placed in condition for use at the election. In nonpartisan primaries and elections each candidate may designate one representative who shall have the same powers as the political party representatives.

When the machines have been prepared for the election, it is the duty of the custodians and the political party or the candidate representatives at their discretion, to make a certificate in writing, which must be filed in the office of the

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official in charge of elections in the municipality, stating the serial number of each machine, whether or not all registering counters have been set at zero (000), the number registered on the protective counter, and the number on the metal seal with 5 which the machine is sealed. 206*#745 206.74 LEVER VOTING MACHINES ON ELECTION DAY. 6 Subdivision 1. PREPARATION OF MACHINES. The election judges shall meet at the polling place at least one hour before 8 the time for opening the polls. Not later than one hour before 9 the polls open, the keys to the voting machines shall be 11

delivered to one of the judges in a sealed envelope on which is recorded the location and number of the voting machine, the 13 number of the seal, and the number registered on the protective counter as reported by the custodian. The election judges shall 15 examine the envelope containing the keys to determine that it has not been opened and to ascertain that the number registered 17 on the protective counter and the numbers on the seals with which the machine is sealed correspond with the numbers recorded 19 on the envelope containing the keys. If the envelope appears to have been opened, if the numbers do not agree, if the numbered 20 metal seal is broken or has been tampered with, or if any other 21 22 discrepancy is found, the election judges shall immediately 23 notify the custodian or other authorized person, who shall come to the polling place, reexamine the machine and, if it is found to be so, certify that it is in order, -if-he-finds-it-to-be-so. 25 26 If the numbers on the seals and on the protective counter agree with the numbers on the envelope, the judges shall open the door 28 concealing the registering counters, carefully examine every counter to see that it registers zero (000) and allow the challengers to examine them. If the machine is equipped with a 30 31 device for printing, embossing, or photographing the registering 32 counters, in lieu of opening the machine, the election judges shall operate it to produce a printed, embossed, or photographed record in order to determine that every counter registers zero 34 (000). The judges shall allow the challengers to examine the record. The election judges shall then compare the ballot strips on the voting machine with the summary statements furnished, to determine that the names and numbers, and letters, if any, on the ballot strips agree with the summary statement. 40 The judges shall then sign a certificate showing the delivery of 41 the keys in a sealed envelope, the number on the seal or seals, 42 the number registered on the protective counter, that all the registering counters are set at zero (000), and that the ballot strips are properly placed in the machine.

Subd. 2. CHANGING PARTY CHOICE OR RETRACTING VOTE. A voter at a primary who has entered the voting machine booth, set the primary lever of a major political party to release the candidates of the party for voting, and turned down levers over the names of candidates, but has not yet recorded votes for any candidates, may -- if-he-wishes, enter the primary of a different major political party by so informing the election judges. general election, a voter who has cast a write-in vote may retract it by informing the judges. In either case all the judges shall go to the machine and shall see that all voting levers have been returned to the unvoted position or that any write-in vote has been removed, crossed out, or erased, so that no votes may be cast for any candidates or on any questions. The voter shall then be permitted to return the operating lever to its original position and start from the beginning. A change from one major political party to another in a primary or the retraction of a write-in vote in a general election shall be noted by the election judges. In each of these cases all the election judges shall sign a certificate stating what was done, and the certificate shall be included with the official returns of the primary.

Subd. 3. ASSISTANCE IN PREPARING BALLOTS. When a voter states under oath that the voter cannot read English or is physically unable to operate the voting machine, the voter may call for aid from two election judges of different major political party affiliation, who shall prepare the voter's ballot on the machine as the voter desires in as secret a manner as circumstances permit. If a voter states that the voter cannot speak the English language or understand it when spoken, the judges may select two persons from different major political parties to act as interpreters. The interpreters shall take an

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storage of ballots and read-outs; and

(f) arrange for observation by the public and by

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1 oath similar to that taken by the judges and shall assist the
    voter in voting. Ef-the A voter who prefers,-he may call to
    his for aid from another voter of the same precinct, who,
    unaccompanied by a judge, may retire with the voter to the
 5 voting booth and prepare the voter's ballot on the voting
 6 machine for-him; but no person shall prepare the ballot of more
     than three voters at one election. Before registering his a
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 8 vote the voter may show his the ballot, as prepared for
    recording, privately to a judge to ascertain that it is prepared
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     as directed. No judge or other person assisting a voter shall
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     in any manner request, persuade, induce, or attempt to persuade
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     the voter to vote for or against a particular political party,
13 candidate, or question but shall only prepare the ballot as
14 requested, and shall not reveal to any one the name of any
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    candidate for whom the voter has voted, or anything that took
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     place while the judge or other person assisted the voter.
      No change for subd 4 to 6
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206*#815
     206.81 ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS; EXPERIMENTAL USE.
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       The secretary of state may license an electronic voting
   system for experimental use at an election prior to its approval
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     for general use. Experimental use shall be observed by the
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22 secretary of state or his the secretary's designee and the
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    results observed shall be considered at any subsequent
    proceedings for approval for general use. The secretary of
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25 state may adopt rules consistent with sections 206.55 to 206.87
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    relating to experimental use. The extent of experimental use
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     shall be determined by the secretary of state.
206*#82S
       206.82 PREPARATION OF ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEM PROGRAMS
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    AND PLANS.
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       Subdivision 1. PROGRAM. A program for use in an
     election conducted by means of an electronic voting system shall
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32 be prepared at the direction of the county auditor or municipal
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   clerk who is responsible for the conduct of the election and
    shall be independently verified by a competent person designated
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    by that official. The term "competent person" as used in this
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    section means a person who can demonstrate that he is a
37 knowledgeable knowledge as a computer programmer and who is
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    other than and wholly independent of any person operating or
    employed by the counting center or the corporation or other
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40 preparer of the program. A test deck prepared by a competent
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   person shall be used for independent verification of the
42 program; it shall test the maximum digits used in totaling the
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    returns and shall be usable by insertion during the tabulation
   process as well as prior to tabulation. The secretary of state
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45 shall adopt rules further specifying test procedures.
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       No change for subd 2
206*#845
       206.84 METHODS OF USING ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.
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       No change for subd 1 to 3
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       Subd. 4. WRITE-IN BALLOTS. If write-in space is not
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   provided on the ballot card, a separate write-in ballot, which
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    may be in the form of a paper ballot, card, or envelope in which
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    the voter places his a ballot card after voting, must be
53 provided when write-in voting is authorized so that voters may
54 write in the names of persons whose names are not on the ballot.
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       No change for subd 5 to
206*#855
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       206.85 OFFICIALS IN CHARGE OF COUNTING.
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       Subdivision 1. DUTIES OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL. The
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    official in charge of elections in a municipality where an
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    electronic voting system is used must:
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       (a) be present or personally represented throughout the
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    counting center proceedings;
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       (b) be responsible for acquiring sufficient facilities and
63 personnel to ensure timely and lawful processing of votes;
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     (c) be responsible for the proper training of all personnel
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    participating in counting center proceedings and deputize all
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    personnel who are not otherwise election judges;
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       (d) maintain actual control over all proceedings and be
68 responsible for the lawful execution of all proceedings in the
69 counting center whether or not by experts or-taymen;
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     (e) be responsible for assuring the lawful retention and
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01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 PAGE 243 candidates' representatives of counting center procedures by publishing the exact location of the counting center in a legal newspaper at least once during the week preceding the week of election and in the newspaper of widest circulation once on the 5 day preceding the election, or once the week preceding the election if the newspaper is a weekly. 6 The official may make arrangements with news reporters which permit prompt reporting of election results but which do 9 not interfere with the timely and lawful completion of counting 10 procedures. 11 No change for subd 2 208*#035 12 208.03 NOMINATION OF PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. 13 Presidential electors for the several major political 14 parties of this state shall be nominated by delegate conventions 15 called and held under the supervision of the respective state 16 central committees of the parties of this state. The names of 17 the persons nominated as presidential electors shall be 18 certified to the secretary of state by the chairperson chair of 19 the convention for the office of presidential elector on or 20 before primary election day. 209*#02S 209.02 ELECTION CONTESTS. 21 22 Subdivision 1. CONTEST, WHO MAY INSTITUTE, GROUNDS. 23 Any voter, including a candidate, may contest the nomination or election of any person for whom he the voter had the right to 24 25 vote, who is declared nominated or elected to the senate or the house of representatives of the United States, to a state, 26 27 county, legislative, or municipal, or district court office, or the declared result of a constitutional amendment or other 28 question voted upon at an election by proceeding as provided in 29 this chapter. The contest may be brought over an irregularity 30 in the conduct of an election or canvass of votes or on the 31 32 grounds of deliberate, serious, and material violations of the 33 provisions of the Minnesota election law. No change for subd 2 34 35 Subd. 3. NOTICE OF CONTEST, FILING, SERVICE. notice of contest shall be filed within seven days after the 36 canvass is completed, except that if the contest relates to a 37 primary, the time for filing the notice of contest shall be 38 39 limited to five days. Within the same period copies thereof 40 shall be served upon the candidate whose election is contested 41 and upon the official authorized to issue the certificate of 42 election. When the contest relates to a constitutional 43 amendment or other question to be voted for statewide or to a 44 question to be voted for in more than one county, the secretary 45 of state shall be designated the contestee, and a copy of the 46 notice of contest shall be served upon him the secretary of 47 state within seven days, or five days in the case of a primary, 48 after the canvass is completed. When the contest relates to a question that affects a single county or a single municipality, 49 50 the county auditor or the clerk of the municipality, as the case may be, shall be designated the contestee, and a copy of the 51 52 notice of contest shall be served upon him the auditor or clerk 53 within seven days, or five days in the case of a primary, after 54 the canvass is completed. In all cases where the contest relates to an irregularity in the conduct of the election or 55 56 canvass of votes a copy of the notice of contest shall also be 57 served within seven days, or five days in the case of a primary, 58 after the canvass is completed upon the county auditor of the 59 county in which the irregularity is said to have existed. 60 Subd. 4. NOTICE OF CONTEST, HOW SERVED. Service of 61 the notice of contest shall be made in the same manner as 62 provided for the service of summons in civil actions. 63 cases one copy of the notice shall be furnished the official 64 authorized to issue the certificate of election at the time of 65 service upon-him, and one copy shall be sent by certified mail 66 to the contestee-at-his contestee's last known address. Subd. 4a. NOTICE OF CONTEST, CERTAIN LEGISLATIVE 67 68 CONTESTS, HOW SERVED. In legislative contests, notice of contest shall be filed and served as provided in subdivisions 2 69 70 to 4, except that the clerk of district court with whom the

notice, and answer, if any, has been filed shall, within three days of receipt of each, submit by certified mail one copy

thereof to the chief justice of the supreme court. Upon receipt of the notice of contest, the chief justice shall, within five

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1 days, submit to the parties a list of all the district judges in the state, having stricken any judges involved in a trial with 3 which serving as judge in the election contest would interfere and having stricken the name of any judge whose health precludes service as judge in the election contest. The parties shall within two days after receiving the list of judges meet together 6 7 and, in cases where an unfair campaign practice is alleged, by 8 alternating strikes remove the names of all judges until but one remains who shall then proceed to hear the contest in the manner 9 10 provided in section 209.10. In cases where no unfair campaign practice is alleged, the parties shall follow the same procedure 11 using only the names of judges of the judicial district or 12 districts covering the area served by the contested office. 13 14 judge shall, within 15 days after notice has been filed, convene 15 at an appropriate place within the county, or, if the district includes all or portions of more than one county, a county 16 17 within the legislative district and hear testimony of the parties, under the ordinary rules of evidence for civil actions. If the contestant does not proceed within the time 19 20 provided for herein his the action shall be dismissed and the judge shall transmit a copy of his the order for dismissal to 21 the chief clerk of the house of representatives or the secretary 22 23 of the senate, as appropriate. 24

No change for subd 5

Subd. 6. CONTEST OF NOMINATION. If a nomination is 26 contested, the court shall decide which candidate was nominated, and that candidate-shall-be-entitled-to-have-his candidate's name shall be printed on the official ballots.

No change for subd 7 to 8

209*#03S

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209.03 CONTESTEE, ANSWER.

When the notice of contest questions only which of the parties to the contest received the highest number of votes 33. legally cast at the election, the contestee need not file an 34 answer. For all other election contests or in any contest in 35 which the contestee desires to offer testimony on points not specified in contestant's notice, he the contestee shall file and serve on the contestant an answer to the notice of contest. 38 The answer shall so far as practicable, conform to the rules for 39 pleading in civil actions. If the contest relates to a primary 40 service of the answer shall be made within the time fixed by the court, but not exceeding five days after service of contestant's notice upon him the contestee; if the contest relates to a 43 general election, service of the answer shall be made within 44 seven days after service of contestant's notice upon him the contestee. Service of the answer shall be made in the same manner as provided for service of an answer in civil actions or in such manner as the court may by order direct. Any other notices shall be served in such manner and within such times as the court may by order direct.

209*#05S 50

209.05 CONTEST, GUARD OF BALLOTS.

In any election, upon demand made of the custodian of the ballots and upon notice to the opposing party, a continuous visual guard over the ballots at all hours of the day and night 54 may be kept by a candidate until the expiration of the time for 55 instituting contests, and in case of a contest it may be kept by any party thereto. The guard may be maintained either by the candidate or other party himself personally or by each of their 58 duly authorized agents not exceeding two for each party at any 59 one time. In event of such demand, the custodian of the ballots shall appoint some suitable person as guard over the ballots during such hours as he the custodian shall deem necessary in 62 order to prevent leaving the same in the sole custody of the 63 candidate or other party or the agents of one of them. 209*#06S

209.06 CONTEST, RECOUNT OF BALLOTS.

65 Subdivision 1. RECOUNT, APPOINTMENT OF INSPECTORS. 66 After a contest has been instituted, either party may have the 67 ballots inspected before preparing for trial. The party 68 applying for such inspection shall file with the clerk of 69 district court in which the contest is brought a verified 70 petition, stating that he the party cannot properly prepare his 71 the party's case for trial without an inspection of such ballots 72 and designating the precincts in which he the party desires to 73 have ballots inspected, and thereupon a judge of the court

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wherein the trial of such case is pending shall appoint three persons for a legislative, county, municipal, district court or other office not specifically provided for herein, or for any question voted upon at a county or municipal election, one selected by each of the parties and a third by those two by whom such inspection shall be made. In case either party neglects or refuses to name an inspector, he the inspector shall be named by 8 such judge. The compensation of inspectors shall be the same as 9 for referees, unless otherwise stipulated. 10

RECOUNT, BOND, TAXING OF COSTS. Subd. 2. applying for the inspection shall file with the clerk of district court a bond in the sum of \$250 if the contest be within a single county; otherwise the bond shall be in a sum to be fixed by the court in its discretion, with such sureties as shall be approved by the court, and conditioned that he the party will pay the costs and expenses of such in case he-fails of failure to maintain his the contest. If the contestee succeeds, costs of the contest shall be taxed against the contestant. If the contestant succeeds, costs of the contest shall be taxed against the contestee, except that if the contestee loses because of an error in the counting of ballots or canvass of the returns or by reason of any other irregularity in the election procedure, costs shall be taxed, in the discretion of the judge, upon those municipalities responsible for errors which resulted in the reversal of the prior results of the election.

Subd. 3. RECOUNT OF BALLOTS, STATEWIDE ELECTION. the contest relates to a state office or to the declared result 29 of a constitutional amendment or other question voted upon at a statewide election, the party applying for the inspection shall 31 designate the precincts in the counties in which he the party desires the inspection to be made; and the court shall order the 33 appointment of as many sets of three inspectors as may be necessary to expeditiously count and inspect the ballots, and the ballots shall be inspected in the office of the county auditor who is the legal custodian of the ballots in question. The inspectors in a state contest shall be selected in the manner provided in subdivision 1.

39 No change for subd 4 209*#095

209.09 APPEALS.

When an appeal is taken from the determination of the district court in any contest instituted under this chapter, the party appealing shall file in the district court a bond in a sum, not less than \$500, and with such sureties, as shall be approved by the judge, conditioned for the payment of all costs incurred by the respondent in case appellant fails on his the appeal. The notice of appeal shall be served and filed no later than ten days in case of a general election and no later than five days in case of a primary after the entry of the determination of the district court in the contest. The return of the appeal shall be made, certified, and filed in the court of appeals or, in the case of a contest relating to the office of state representative or senator, in the supreme court as soon as practicable and in any event within 15 days after service of notice of appeal. The appeal may be brought on for hearing in the court at any time when it is in session, upon such notice from either party, as the court may determine. The notice may be served during term time or in vacation; and it may be heard and determined summarily by the court. The appeal from a determination of an election contest relating to the office of state senator or representative shall take precedence over all other business on the supreme court docket, and shall be disposed of with all convenient dispatch. A copy of the decision shall be forwarded to the chief clerk of the house of representatives or the secretary of the senate, as appropriate. 209*#10S

209.10 CONTEST OF LEGISLATIVE OFFICE.

67 No change for subd 1

68 Subd. 2. LEGISLATIVE CONTEST, HEARING, PROCEDURE. 69 In hearing the contest, the house or senate shall proceed as 70

(a) At the time appointed, the parties shall be called, and, if they appear, their appearance shall be recorded;

73 (b) If the presiding officer be a party, a speaker pro tem 74 shall be elected to preside;

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(c) The contestant's evidence shall be submitted first, followed by that of the contestee, and the contestant shall open the argument, and close the same after the contestee has been 3 heard;

(d) The vote upon the contest shall be viva voce, any member may offer reasons for the an intended vote he-intends-to give, and a majority of the votes given shall decide; but no party to the contest shall vote upon any question relative thereto; and

10 (e) The clerk or secretary shall enter the proceedings in 11 the journal.

209*#12S

209.12 FEDERAL LEGISLATIVE OFFICES.

When the contest relates to the office of senator or a member of the house of representatives of the United States, the 15 only question to be tried by the court, notwithstanding any 16 other provision of law, shall be the question as to which of the parties to the contest received the highest number of votes legally cast at the election, and as to who is entitled to receive the certificate of election. The judge trying the proceedings shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law 21 upon the question so tried. Further evidence upon the points specified in the notices, including but not limited to the 23 question as to the right of any person to nomination or office on the ground of deliberate, serious, and material violation of the provisions of the Minnesota election law, shall be taken and preserved by the judge trying the contest, or under his the judge's direction by some person appointed by him the judge for 28 that purpose, but the judge shall make no findings or conclusion 29 thereon. After the time for appeal has expired, or in case of an appeal, after the final judicial determination of the contest, upon application of either of the parties to the 32 contest, the clerk of the district court shall, without 33 unnecessary delay, certify and carefully seal and immediately forward all the files and records of the proceedings with all the evidence taken, by mail or by express, addressed to the 36 presiding officer of the senate or of the house of representatives as the case may be of the United States, Washington, District of Columbia; and shall also endorse upon the envelope or container in which the same are transmitted the name of the case in which the same were taken, together with the name of the party in whose behalf the same were taken, and shall subscribe such endorsement.

210A#01S

210A.01 DEFINITIONS.

No change for subd 1 to 4 Subd. 5. "Filing office", when used with reference to any 46 candidate, shall be construed to mean the officer who is 47 authorized by law to issue a certificate of nomination or 48 election to such candidate if he-be the candidate is 49 successful. If there be no officer authorized to issue such certificate of nomination or election, then such term shall be construed to mean the clerk of the town or city in which such candidate resides.

No change for subd 6 to 9

210A#02S

210A.02 FALSE CLAIM OF PARTY SUPPORT.

No person or candidate shall knowingly, either by-himself personally or by any other person, while such candidate is seeking a nomination or election, make, directly or indirectly, a false claim stating or implying that the candidate has the support or endorsement of any major political party, or unit 60 thereof, or of any organization, when in fact the candidate does 61 not have such support or endorsement.

210A#07S

210A.07 UNDUE INFLUENCE ON VOTERS PROHIBITED.

No election judge, officer, or any other person shall 63 64 directly or indirectly by-himself, personally or through any other person in-his-behalf, make use of or threaten to make use of any force, coercion, violence, restraint, or undue influence, 66 or inflict or threaten to inflict by-himself, personally or 67 68 through any other person, any temporal or spiritual injury, damage, harm, or loss upon or against any individual in order to induce or compel or attempt to induce or compel that individual 69 70 to vote or refrain from voting for any candidate or the ticket 71

of any political party, or any measure before the people, nor

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shall by abduction, duress, or any fraudulent contrivance,
     impede or prevent the free exercise of the franchise of any
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     voter at any primary or election, or compel, induce, or prevail
     upon any elector to give or to refrain from giving his a vote at
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     any primary or election.
210A#08S
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        210A.08 SOLICITATION OF CONTRIBUTIONS PROHIBITED.
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        No person shall demand, solicit, ask, or invite any payment
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     or contribution to any religious, charitable, or other causes or
     organizations, supposedly to be primarily for the public good,
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     from any candidate for nomination or election, or to subscribe
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     for the support of any club, or organization, or to buy tickets
     to any entertainment or ball or to pay for space in any book,
12
13
     program, periodical, or publication, nor shall such demand or
14
     solicitation be made upon any committee. This shall not apply
15
     to the solicitation of any business & Fertisement in periodicals
16 in which the candidate was a regular contributor, prior to his
17
    candidacy, nor to ordinary business advertisements, nor to
18
    regular payments of any organization, religious, charitable, or
     otherwise, of which he the candidate was a member, or to which
19
20
     he the candidate was a contributor for more than six months
21
     before his candidacy, nor to any ordinary contributions at
22
     church services.
210A#081S
        210A.081 POLITICAL ACTIVITIES PROHIBITED BY EMPLOYEES OF
23
24
     POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.
25
        No officer, agent, clerk, or employee of any political
26
    subdivision shall, directly or indirectly, during his hours of
27
     employment solicit or receive funds or at any time use his
28
    authority or official influence to compel any officer or
29
     employee in the classified service to apply for membership in or
30
    become a member of any organization, or to pay or promise to pay
31
     any assessment, subscription, or contribution, or to take part
    in any political activity. Any person who violates any
32
33
    provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and
34
     shall be punished accordingly, and \frac{1}{2} any officer or employee in
35
    the classified service is found guilty of violating any
     provision of this section,-he is automatically separated from
36
     the service. No political subdivision may impose or enforce any
38
     additional limitations on the political activities of its
39
     employees.
210A#09S
40
        210A.09 INDUCING OR REFRAINING A PERSON AS A CANDIDATE;
41
     TIME OFF FOR PUBLIC OFFICE MEETINGS.
        Subdivision 1. No person shall pay, or promise to reward
     another in any manner or form for the purpose of inducing h \pm m \,
43
    the other person to be or refrain from or cease being a
45
   candidate, and no person shall solicit or receive any payment,
46
    promise, or reward from another for such purpose.
47
       Subd. 2. Any person elected to a public office shall be
48
    permitted time off from his regular employment to attend
49
     meetings of his the public office. No retaliatory action may be
    taken by the employer for absences necessary for the employee to
51
     attend the meetings. Such time off may be without pay, with
   pay, or made up with other hours, as agreed between the employee
53
     and employer. When an employee takes time off without pay, the
54
     employer shall make an effort to allow the employee to make up
55
     the time with other hours when the employee is available.
210A#091S
56
        210A.091 PUBLIC OFFICIAL, NAME.
57
       Every person elected to public office may use the name
58
     given in his the person's affidavit of candidacy or nominating
     petition in transacting official business in the ensuing term of
60
     office.
210A#10S
61
        210A.10 SOLICITING NEAR POLLING PLACES PROHIBITED.
62
        It shall be unlawful for any person within any polling
63
     place or within 100 feet of the building in which any polling
64
    place is situated on the day of any primary or election to ask,
65
     solicit, or in any manner try to induce or persuade any voter on
66
    such primary or election day to vote for or refrain from voting
67
     for any candidate or the candidates of any major political party
68
    or organization, or any measure submitted to the people; and,
     upon conviction thereof,-he-shall-be-punished-by carries a fine
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of not less than \$5 nor more than \$100 for the first offense,

and for the second and each subsequent offense occurring on the

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1 same or different election days, he-shall-be-punished-by a fine
    as aforesaid or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less
    than five nor more than 30 days or by both such fine and
 4 imprisonment.
210A#14S
       210A.14 MAY NOT INFLUENCE EMPLOYEES.
 5
       No person being an employer or acting for or in behalf of
 6
 7
     any employer shall give, distribute or cause to be given or
    distributed to any of his the person's employees, any printed or
 9
    written matters containing any threat, notice or information, or
10 make any threat, verbal or otherwise, that in case any
    particular ticket or a major political party or organization or
11
12
    candidate shall be elected or not elected or any measure
13
    referred to a vote of the people shall be adopted or not
14
    adopted, work in his the place of employment or establishment
15 will cease, in whole or in part, or his the place of employment
16 or establishment will be closed up, or the salaries or wages of
17
    the workmen workers or employees be reduced, or other threats,
18
     expressed or implied, intended or calculated to influence the
     political opinion or action of his-workmen workers or employees.
19
210A#141S
20
       210A.141 REFUSING EMPLOYEE ELECTION PRIVILEGES; PENALTY.
21
       No person acting as principal or as an official or agent of
22
   another, shall directly or indirectly refuse, abridge or in any
23
    manner interfere with the election privileges or immunities of
24
    an employee of that person or his the employee's principal. A
25
     violation of this section is a misdemeanor.
210A#15S
       210A.15 MAY NOT PROMISE APPOINTMENTS.
27
       No person shall, in order to aid or promote his the
28
    person's nomination or election, directly or
29
    indirectly, himself, personally or through any other person,
   appoint or promise to appoint any person, or secure or promise
   to secure or aid in securing the appointment, nomination, or
31
32
    election of any person to any public or private position or
33
    employment, or to any position of honor, trust, or emolument.
34 Nothing herein contained shall prevent a candidate from stating
   publicly his a preference for or support of any other candidate
35
36
    for any office to be voted for at the same primary or election;
    nor prevent a candidate, for any office in which the person
37
38 elected will be charged with the duty of participating in the
39 election or the nomination of any person as a candidate for any
40
    office, from publicly stating or pledging his a preference for
41
    or support of any person for such office or nomination.
210A#19S
42
       210A.19 UNLAWFUL EXPENDITURES; PENALTY.
43
       Subdivision 1. TREATING BY CANDIDATES PROHIBITED.
44
   Every person or candidate for nomination or election to a public
45
    office, who, either by-himself personally or by any other
  person, directly or indirectly, gives, provides, or pays wholly
47
    or in part, or promises to pay wholly or in part, the expenses
48
    of giving or providing any meat, drink, or other entertainment
49
    or provisions, clothing, liquors, cigars or tobacco to or for
50 any person for the purpose of or with the intent to influence
51
    that person or any other person to give or refrain from
52
    giving his a vote at the primary or election to or for any
53
     candidate or measure before the people shall be guilty of a
54 misdemeanor.
55
                 ACCEPTANCE BY ELECTORS PROHIBITED. No
       Subd. 2.
56
    elector shall accept any such meat, drink, entertainment,
57
   provision, clothing, liquor, cigars or tobacco, and such
58 acceptance shall be a ground of challenge to his the elector's
59 vote and of rejecting his the elector's vote on a contest.
210A#20S
       210A.20 MAKING OF WAGERS PROHIBITED.
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61
      Any candidate who, before or during any primary or election
62
    campaign, makes any bet or wager of anything of pecuniary value,
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   or in any manner becomes a party to any such bet or wager on the
64
   result of the primary or election in his the candidate's
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    electoral district, in any part thereof, or on any event or
    contingency relating to any pending primary or election, or who
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provides money or other valuable thing to be used by any person

in betting or wagering upon the results of any pending primary

71 result of any primary or election, makes any bet or wager of

or election, shall be guilty of violation of sections 210A.01 to 210A.44. Any person who, for the purpose of influencing the

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anything of pecuniary value on the result of such primary or
     election, in his the person's electoral district or any part
     thereof, or of any pending primary or election, or on any event
     or contingency relating thereto, shall be guilty of a violation
     of sections 210A.01 to 210A.44 and, in addition thereto, any
     such act shall be a ground of challenge against his the person's
 7
     right to vote.
210A#23S
 8
        210A.23 MAY AUTHORIZE DISBURSEMENTS BY CAMPAIGN
 9
     COMMITTEE.
       Any candidate may delegate to his a personal campaign
10
11.
     committee or to any party committee of his a party in a signed
12
     writing duly-subscribed-by-him, the expenditure of any portion
     of the total disbursements which are authorized to be incurred
13
14
     by him the candidate or on his the candidate's behalf by the
15
     provisions of sections 210A.01 to 210A.44, but the total of all
16
     disbursements by himself the candidate and by-his personal
17
     campaign committee in his the candidate's behalf shall not
18
     exceed in the aggregate the amounts in sections 210A.01 to
19
     210A.44 specified, except as provided herein.
210A#25S
20
        210A.25 DISBURSEMENTS BY CANDIDATE.
21
        No candidate shall make any disbursement for political
     purposes except under \frac{}{h \pm s} \underline{the\ candidate's} personal direction
22
23
     which for any purpose shall be considered his the candidate's
     act, through his the candidate's party committee, or through a
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25
     personal campaign committee, whose authority to act shall be
26
     filed, as provided in sections 210A.01 to 210A.44.
210A#26S
27
        210A.26 MUST FILE VERIFIED STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES.
28
        No change for subd 1
29
        Subd. 2. FILING STATEMENTS, INFORMATION REQUIRED.
30
     The statement of any candidate and the statement of his the
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     candidate's personal campaign committee shall be filed with the
     filing officer of such candidate. The statement of every state
33
     committee and of every congressional committee shall be filed
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     with the secretary of state. The statement of every party
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     committee for a legislative district shall be filed with the
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     filing officer of the candidate for senator or representative in
37
     such legislative district. The statement of every other party
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     committee shall be filed in the office of the county auditor of
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     the county within which, or for a subdivision within which, such
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     disbursements were made. Each statement shall give in full
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42
        (a) Every sum of money and all property, and every other
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     thing of value, received by such candidate or committee during
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     such period from any source whatsoever which he the candidate or
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     it committee uses or has used, or is at liberty to use for
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     political purposes, together with the name of every person or
47
     source from which each was received and the date when each was
48
     received, together with the total amount received from all
49
     sources in any amount or manner;
50
        (b) Every promise or pledge of money, property, or other
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     thing of value, received by such candidate or committee during
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     such period, the proceeds of which he the candidate uses or has
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     used, or is at liberty to use for political purposes, together
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     with the names of the persons by whom each was promised or
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     pledged, the special purposes for which each was promised or
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     pledged, and the date when each was so promised or pledged,
57
     together with the total amount promised or pledged from all
58
     sources in any amounts or manner;
59
        (c) Every disbursement by such candidate or committee for
60
     political purposes during such period, together with the name of
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     every person to whom the disbursement is made, the specific
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     purpose for which each was made, and the date when each was
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     made, together with the total amount of disbursements made in
64
     any amounts or manner; and
65
        (d) Every obligation, expressed or implied, to make any
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     disbursement incurred by such candidate or committee for
67
     political purposes during such period, together with the names
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     of the person or persons to or with whom each such obligation
     has been incurred, the specific purposes for which each was
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made, and the date when each was incurred, together with the

total amount of such obligations made in any amounts or manner.

No change for subd 3 to 210A#28S

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210A.28 NAMES OF CANDIDATES SHALL NOT BE PRINTED ON
   BALLOT UNLESS STATEMENT IS FILED.
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The name of a candidate chosen at a primary, or otherwise, shall not be printed on the official ballot for the ensuing 4 general election, unless there has been filed by or on behalf of the candidate and by his the candidate's personal campaign 6 7 committee, if any, the statements of accounts and expenses 8 relating to nomination required by sections 210A.01 to 210A.44. 210A#30S

210A.30 FAILURE OF TREASURER TO KEEP ACCOUNTS; PENALTY. Every such treasurer or other person who receives any money to be applied to the purposes aforesaid, who fails to keep a correct book of account containing all the statements and details required by law, with intent to conceal the receipt or disbursement of any sum of money received or disbursed by-him-or 15 by-any-other-person, or the purpose for which the same was received or disbursed, or to conceal the existence of any unpaid debt or obligation, or the amount thereof, or to whom the same 18 is due, in detail, or who shall mutilate, deface, or destroy such book with like intent, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. 210A#31S

210A.31 FAILURE BY CANDIDATE TO FILE STATEMENT; PENALTY. Every candidate for nomination or election to any elective 22 office except governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer, state auditor, state 24 senator and state representative, who intentionally fails to make and file the verified statement of moneys contributed, other person, committee, or organization for him the candidate, so far as he the candidate can large 26 disbursed, expended, or promised by-him, personally or by any so far as he the candidate can learn, in the manner, within the time, and with the details required by sections 210A.01 to 30 210A.44, or who enters upon the duties of any such office, or 31 receives any salary or emolument therefrom, with knowledge that such statement has not been filed, and every officer who issues a commission or certificate of election to any person with 34 knowledge that such statement has not been so filed, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. 210A#33S

210A.33 PERSONAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEES.

Any candidate may select a single personal campaign committee to consist of one or more persons. Before any personal campaign committee shall make any disbursement in behalf of any candidate, or shall incur any obligation, expressed or implied, to make-any-disbursement-in-his-behalf do so, such candidate shall file with the filing officer of such candidate a written statement signed by such candidate, setting forth that such personal campaign committee has been appointed and giving the name and address of each member thereof and of the secretary thereof. If the campaign committee consists of only one person, such person shall be deemed the secretary thereof. Any candidate may revoke the selection of any member 49 of such personal campaign committee by a revocation in writing which, with proof of personal service on the member whose selection is so revoked, shall be filed with the filing officer of such candidate. Such candidate may fill the vacancy thus created in the manner in which an original appointment is made. In civil actions and proceedings brought under sections 210A.01 55 to 210A.44, the acts of every member of such personal campaign committee shall be presumed to be with the knowledge and approval of the candidate until it has been clearly proved that the candidate did not have knowledge of and approve the same, 59 and that, in the exercise of reasonable care and diligence, he 60 the candidate could not have had knowledge of and opportunity to disapprove the same.

210A#34S

210A.34 CORPORATIONS NOT TO CONTRIBUTE TO POLITICAL CAMPAIGN; PERMITTED ACTIVITIES; REPORTS; PENALTIES.

Subdivision 1. It shall be unlawful for any corporation doing business in this state to make any contribution or to 66 offer, consent or agree to make any contribution, directly or indirectly, of any money, property, free service of its officers or employees or thing of value to any major political party, 69 organization, committee or individual to promote or defeat the 70 candidacy of any person for nomination, election, or appointment to any political office. For the purpose of this subdivision, "contribution" includes an expenditure to promote or defeat the

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01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 election or nomination of any candidate to any political office which is made with the authorization or expressed or implied consent of, or in cooperation or in concert with, or at the 3 request or suggestion of a candidate7-his or the candidate's principal campaign committee or his agent. Subd. la. It shall be unlawful for any corporation doing 7 business in this state to make any independent expenditure or to 8 offer, consent or agree to make any independent expenditure to 9 promote or defeat the candidacy of any person for nomination, 10 election or appointment to any political office. For the purpose of this subdivision, "independent expenditure" means an 12 expenditure which is not made with the authorization or expressed or implied consent of, or in cooperation or concert 13 14 with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, his or 15 the candidate's principal campaign committee or his agent. No change for subd 1b to 8 16

210A#37S 17 210A.37 COUNTY ATTORNEY TO INQUIRE INTO VIOLATIONS; 18 PENALTIES.

19 If the county attorney of the county shall be notified by any officer or other person of any violation of any of the 20 provisions of sections 210A.01 to 210A.44, it the county 21 attorney shall be-his-duty forthwith to diligently inquire into 23 the facts of such violation, and if there be reasonable ground for instituting a prosecution, it shall be the duty of such 25 county attorney to present the charge, with all the evidence which he can procure be procured, to the grand jury of such 27 county. If any county attorney shall fail or refuse to 28 faithfully perform any duty imposed upon him the county attorney 29 by the provisions of sections 210A.01 to 210A.44, he the county 30 attorney shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and, on conviction 31 thereof, shall forfeit his the office. It shall be the duty of 32 the county attorney, under the penalty of forfeiture of his the 33 office, to prosecute any and all persons guilty of any violation 34 of the provisions of sections 210A.01 to 210A.44, the penalty of 35 which is fine or imprisonment, or both, or removal from office. Any citizen may employ an attorney to assist the county attorney 36 37 to perform his duties under the provisions of sections 210A.01 to 210A.44, and such attorney shall be recognized by the county 38 39 attorney and the court as associate counsel in the proceeding; 40 and no prosecution, action, or proceeding shall be dismissed 41 without notice to, or against the objection of, such associate 42 counsel until the reasons of the county attorney for such dismissal, together with the objections thereto of the associate 43 44 counsel, shall have been filed in writing, argued by counsel, and fully considered by the court, with such limitation as to 45 46 the time of filing such reasons and objections as the court may 47 impose. 210A#38S

210A.38 VIOLATIONS BY UNAUTHORIZED PERSON NOT TO FORFEIT NOMINATION.

When upon the trial of any action or proceedings under the provisions of sections 210A.01 to 210A.44, it shall appear from the evidence that the offense complained of was not committed by or with the knowledge or consent of the candidate - or with his knowledge-or-consent; or was committed without his the 55 candidate's sanction or connivance, and that all reasonable means were taken by such candidate at such election, or were taken by or on behalf of the candidate, or that the offenses complained of were trivial or unimportant, and that in all respects his the candidacy and election were free from all offensive or illegal acts, or that any act or omission of any candidate complained of arose from accidental miscalculation or from some other reasonable cause of like nature, and in any case 63 did not arise from any want of good faith, and under the circumstances it seems to the court to be unjust that the 65 candidate shall forfeit his the nomination, position, or office, then the nomination or election of such candidate shall not by 67 reason of such offense complained to be void, nor shall the 68 candidate be removed from nor deprived of his the nomination, 69 position, or office.

210A#40S 70 210A.40 JUDGMENTS; TO WHOM TRANSMITTED.

71 If any person shall in a criminal action be judged to have been guilty of any violation of the provisions of sections 210A.01 to 210A.44 while a candidate for any office under the 73

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(a) Creation or extension of common law or statutory causes 66 of civil action, and the creation or extension of criminal prohibitions;

of this section, in modes in the following order:

- (b) Imposition of inspection requirements and the ability to enforce violations by injunctive relief in the courts; (c) Implementation of a system of registration whereby
- practitioners who will be the only persons permitted to use a designated title are listed on an official roster after having

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met predetermined qualifications; or
        (d) Implementation of a system of licensing whereby a
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     practitioner must receive recognition by the state that-he-has
     of having met predetermined qualifications, and persons not so
     licensed are prohibited from practicing.
       Two or more of these modes may be simultaneously
     implemented if necessary and appropriate.
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214*#04S
        214.04 SERVICES.
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        Subdivision 1. The commissioner of administration with
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     respect to the board of electricity, the commissioner of
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     education with respect to the board of teaching, the
     commissioner of public safety with respect to the board of
12
    private detective and protective agent services, and the board
13
14
     of peace officer standards and training, and the commissioner of
15
     revenue with respect to the board of assessors, shall provide
16
     suitable offices and other space, joint conference and hearing
17
     facilities, examination rooms, and the following administrative
18
     support services: purchasing service, accounting service,
     advisory personnel services, consulting services relating to
19
     evaluation procedures and techniques, data processing,
20
     duplicating, mailing services, automated printing of license
21
22
     renewals, and such other similar services of a housekeeping
23
     nature as are generally available to other agencies of state
24
     government. Investigative services shall be provided the boards
     by employees of the office of attorney general. The
25
26
     commissioner of health with respect to the health related
27
     licensing boards and the chairman chair of the department of
28
     commerce with respect to the remaining nonhealth related
     licensing boards shall provide the above facilities and services
30
     at a central location for the health related and remaining
31
     nonhealth related licensing boards. The legal and investigative
32
     services for the boards shall be provided by employees of the
     attorney general assigned to the departments servicing the
33
34
    boards. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the attorney general
     shall not be precluded by this section from assigning other
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     attorneys to service a board if necessary in order to insure
37
     competent and consistent legal representation. Persons
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     providing legal and investigative services shall to the extent
39
     practicable provide the services on a regular basis to the same
40
     board or boards.
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      No change for subd 2
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       Subd. 3. The executive secretary of each health related
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    and non-health related board shall be the chief administrative
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     officer for the board but he shall not be a member of the
45
     board. He The executive secretary shall maintain the records of
     the board, account for all fees received by it, supervise and
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47
     direct employees servicing the board, and perform other services
     as directed by the board. The executive secretaries and other employees of the following boards shall be hired by the board,
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    and the executive secretaries shall be in the unclassified civil
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     service:
52
       dentistry;
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       medical examiners;
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      nursing;
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      pharmacy;
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       accountancy;
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       architecture, engineering, land surveying and landscape
58
     architecture:
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       barber examiners;
60
       cosmetology;
61
       electricity;
62
       teaching; and
63
       peace officer standards and training.
64
        The executive secretaries serving the remaining boards
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     shall be hired by those boards, and shall be in the unclassified
66
    civil service except for part-time executive secretaries, who
67
     are not required to be in the unclassified service. Boards not
68
     requiring a full-time executive secretary may employ such
69
     services on a part-time basis. To the extent practicable the
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     sharing of part-time executive secretaries by boards being
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     serviced by the same department is encouraged. Persons
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     providing services to those boards not listed in this
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     subdivision, except executive secretaries of the boards and
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employees of the attorney general, shall be classified civil

service employees of the department servicing the board. To the

extent practicable the commissioner shall insure that staff services are shared by the boards being serviced by the 3 department. If necessary, a board may hire part-time, temporary 4 employees to administer and grade examinations. 5 No change for subd 4 214*#09S 6 214.09 MEMBERSHIP; COMPENSATION; REMOVAL; VACANCIES. 7 No change for subd 1 to 3 Subd. 4. REMOVAL; VACANCIES. A member may be 8 9 removed by the appointing authority at any time (1) for cause after notice and hearing, (2) if the board fails to prepare and 10 11 submit the report required by section 214.07, or (3) after 12 missing three consecutive meetings. The chairman chair of the 13 board shall inform the appointing authority of a member missing 14 the three consecutive meetings. After the second consecutive 15 missed meeting and before the next meeting, the secretary of the 16 board shall notify the member in writing that he the member may 17 be removed if-he-misses for missing the next meeting. In the case of a vacancy on the board, the appointing authority shall 18 19 appoint a person to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the 20 unexpired term. 214*#10S 21 214.10 COMPLAINTS; INVESTIGATION AND HEARING. 22 Subdivision 1. RECEIPT OF COMPLAINT. The executive secretary of a board, a board member or any other person who 23 24 performs services for the board who receives a complaint or 25 other communication, whether oral or written, which complaint or 26 communication alleges or implies a violation of a statute or 27 rule which the board is empowered to enforce, shall promptly 28 forward the substance of the communication on a form prepared by 29 the attorney general to the designee of the attorney general responsible for providing legal services to the board. Before 30 31 proceeding further with the communication, the designee of the 32 attorney general may require the complaining party to state his 33 the complaint in writing on a form prepared by the attorney 34 general. Complaints which relate to matters within the 35 jurisdiction of another governmental agency shall be forwarded 36 to that agency by the executive secretary. An officer of that 37 agency shall advise the executive secretary of the disposition of that complaint. A complaint received by another agency which 38 39 relates to a statute or rule which a licensing board is 40 empowered to enforce shall be forwarded to the executive 41 secretary of the board to be processed in accordance with this 42 section. No complaint alleging a matter within the jurisdiction 43 of the board shall be dismissed by a board unless at least two 44 board members have reviewed the matter. 45 Subd. 2. INVESTIGATION AND HEARING. The designee of the attorney general providing legal services to a board shall 46 47 evaluate the communications forwarded to-him by the board or its 48 members or staff. If the communication alleges a violation of 49 statute or rule which the board is to enforce, the designee is 50 empowered to investigate the facts alleged in the 51 communication. In the process of evaluation and investigation, 52 he the designee shall consult with or seek the assistance of the 53 executive secretary or, if the board determines, a member of the 54 board who has been designated appointed by the board to assist 55 the designee. He The designee may also consult with or seek the 56 assistance of any other qualified persons who are not members of 57 the board who the designee believes will materially aid in the 58 process of evaluation or investigation. The executive secretary 59 or the consulted board member may attempt to correct improper 60 activities and redress grievances through education, conference, 61 conciliation and persuasion, and in these attempts he may be 62 assisted by the designee of the attorney general. If the 62 assisted by the designee of the account, games at tempts at correction or redress do not produce satisfactory results in the opinion of the executive secretary or the 64 65 consulted board member, or if after investigation the designee providing legal services to the board, the executive secretary 66 67 or the consulted board member believes that the communication 68 and the investigation suggest illegal or unauthorized activities 69 warranting board action, he the person having the belief shall 70 inform the executive secretary of the board who shall schedule a 71 disciplinary hearing in accordance with chapter 14. Before the 72 designee-of-the-attorney-general-or-the-executive-secretary-may 73 direct directing the holding of a disciplinary hearing, he the 74 executive secretary or the designee of the attorney general

shall have considered the recommendations of the consulted board member. Before scheduling a disciplinary hearing, the executive secretary must have received a verified written complaint from 4 the complaining party. A board member who was consulted during the course of an investigation may participate at the hearing but may not vote on any matter pertaining to the case. The executive secretary of the board shall promptly inform the 8 complaining party of the final disposition of the complaint. 9 Nothing in this section shall preclude the board from 10 scheduling, on its own motion, a disciplinary hearing based upon the findings or report of the board's executive secretary, a 11 12 board member or the designee of the attorney general assigned to 13 the board. Nothing in this section shall preclude a member of 14 the board or its executive secretary from initiating a complaint. No change for subd 2a 15 16

DISCOVERY; SUBPOENAS. In all matters 17 pending before it relating to its lawful regulation activities, a board may issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all necessary papers, books, 19 records, documents, and other evidentiary material. Any person failing or refusing to appear or testify regarding any matter 21 22 about which he the person may be lawfully questioned or produce 23 any papers, books, records, documents, or other evidentiary materials in the matter to be heard, after having been required 25 by order of the board or by a subpoena of the board to do so may, upon application to the district court in any district, be ordered to comply therewith; provided that in matters to which 27 the peace officers standards and training board is a party, 29 application shall be made to the district court having 30 jurisdiction where the event giving rise to the matter 31 occurred. The chairman chair of the board acting on behalf of 32 the board may issue subpoenas and any board member may 33 administer oaths to witnesses, or take their affirmation. Depositions may be taken within or without the state in the 35 manner provided by law for the taking of depositions in civil 36 actions. A subpoena or other process or paper may be served 37 upon any person named therein, anywhere within the state by any 38 officer authorized to serve subpoenas or other process or paper 39 in civil actions, with the same fees and mileage and in the same manner as prescribed by law for service of process issued out of 40 41 the district court of this state. Fees and mileage and other 42 costs shall be paid as the board directs.

No change for subd 4 to 5

Subd. 6. PEACE OFFICERS STANDARDS AND TRAINING BOARD; SETTLEMENT, HEARING. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 2 to the contrary, upon a finding pursuant to subdivision 5 that further board action is warranted, the executive director of the peace officers standards and training board shall make every effort to resolve grievances or rectify improper activities through education, conference, conciliation and persuasion of appropriate parties.

The executive director shall report to the board the results of his attempts to resolve grievances and rectify improper activities pursuant to the preceding paragraph. The board shall review these results and order further action, including a license revocation hearing to be held in accordance with chapter 14, if deemed necessary. The executive director shall promptly notify the complainant and the subject of the complaint of the final disposition of the matter by the board.

60 No change for subd 7 to 8

214*#135

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214.13 HUMAN SERVICES OCCUPATIONS.

No change for subd 1

Subd. 2. OTHER AGENCY'S COMMENT. Before promulgating any rules regulating a specific occupation under this section, the commissioner shall determine whether a substantial number of persons in that occupation will be employed by an employer who is regulated by or funded through another state agency. If the commissioner so determines, then he the commissioner must submit the proposed rules to the head or governing board of that agency for review and comment: The agency shall review the rules to insure compliance with laws which are administered or enforced by that agency. Agency comment shall be forwarded to the commissioner within 90 days of receiving the proposed rules.

74 After receipt of agency comment, the commissioner may proceed to

75 promulgate the rules.

No change for subd 3 Subd. 4. The commissioner of health shall wherever 2 possible delegate the administration of regulation activities to a health-related licensing board with the concurrence of that board. If the commissioner of health delegates this function, the licensing board may regularly bill the commissioner of 6 health for the cost of performing this function. The licensing 8 board may directly set and charge fees in accordance with the provisions of section 214.06. The commissioner of health may 10 establish an advisory council to advise him the commissioner or 11 the appropriate health-related licensing board on matters relating to the registration and regulation of an occupation. A 12 13 council shall have seven members appointed by the commissioner 14 of which five are members of the registered occupation or 15 related registered or licensed occupations, and two are public 16 members. A council shall expire, and the terms, compensation 17 and removal of members shall be as provided in section 15.059. 18 No change for subd 5 to 7 214*#1415

214.141 ADVISORY COUNCIL; MEMBERSHIP.

There is established a human services occupations advisory council to assist the commissioner of health in formulating 22 policies and rules pursuant to section 214.13. The commissioner shall determine the council's duties and shall establish 24 procedures for its proper functioning, including, but not 25 limited to, methods for selecting temporary members and methods of communicating recommendations and advice to the commissioner for his consideration. The council shall consist of no more 28 than 15 members. Thirteen members shall be appointed by the 29 commissioner, one of whom the commissioner shall designate as 30 chairman chair. The members shall be selected as follows: four members shall represent currently licensed or registered human services occupations; two members shall represent human services 33 occupations which are not currently registered; two members 34 shall represent licensed health care facilities, which can include a health maintenance organization as defined in section 36 62D.02; one member shall represent the higher education coordinating board; one member shall represent the state 38 planning agency; one member shall represent a third party payor to health care costs; and two members shall be public members as defined by section 214.02.

In cases in which the council has been charged by the 42 commissioner to evaluate an application submitted under the provisions of section 214.13, the commissioner may appoint to the council as temporary voting members, for the purpose of 45 evaluating that application alone, one or two representatives 46 from among the appropriate licensed or registered human services occupations or from among the state agencies that have been identified under section 214.13, subdivision 2. In determining whether a temporary voting member or members should be appointed 50 and which human services occupations or state agencies should be represented by temporary voting members, the commissioner shall attempt to systematically involve those who would be most 53 directly affected by a decision to credential a particular 54 applicant group and who are not already represented on the council. The terms of temporary voting members shall not exceed 12 months. The terms of the other council members, and the compensation and removal of all members, shall be as provided in 58 section 15.059.

216*#10S 59

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216.10 ATTORNEYS; PROCEEDINGS IN NAME OF STATE.

The attorney general shall be ex officio attorney for the public utilities commission---He and shall institute and prosecute all actions which the commission shall order brought and render the commissioners all advice, counsel, and assistance necessary for the proper performance of their duties. The necessary for the proper performance of their duties. county attorney of any county in which an action is pending, 66 prosecuted, or defended by direction of the commission shall aid in the prosecution or defense thereof until final determination when requested by the commission. when requested by the commission. When necessary the commission 69 may employ additional counsel to assist the attorney general.

All actions or proceedings instituted by the commission 70 71 shall be brought in the name of the state.

216*#13S

72 216.13 PROCEEDINGS BEFORE COMMISSION; HOW COMMENCED. 73

Proceedings before the commission against any such carrier

No change for subd 5

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1 or public warehouseman warehouse operator shall be instituted by
 2 complaint, verified as a pleading in a civil action, stating in
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    ordinary language the facts constituting the alleged omission or
     offense. The parties to such proceedings shall be termed,
    respectively, "complainant" and "respondent."
216*#14S
        216.14 NOTICE TO RESPONDENT.
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        Upon filing such complaint, if there appear reasonable
    grounds for investigating such matter, the commission shall
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    issue an order directed to and requiring such carrier or
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     warehouseman-requiring-him warehouse operator to grant the
     relief demanded or show cause by answer within 20 days from the
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    service of such notice why such relief should not be granted.
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     Such order, together with a copy of the complaint, shall
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    forthwith be served upon the respondent.
216*#15S
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        216.15 ANSWER.
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       The respondent may file and serve by mail upon the
    complainant, within 20 days after service of the order, an
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     answer alleging that it has already granted the relief demanded
19 or setting up any matter of defense. If the answer allege the
    granting of the relief the complainant shall within 20 days
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    reply admitting or denying such allegation. If he the
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     complainant fails to reply or admits the allegation, the
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     proceeding shall be dismissed.
216A#03S
        216A.03 COMMISSION.
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        Subdivision 1. MEMBERS. As of January 1, 1975 the
     public utilities commission shall consist of five members, three
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    of whom shall be the members then serving, who shall continue to
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    serve for the balance of their elective or appointive terms.
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    There shall be two additional commissioners appointed by the
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     governor with the advice and consent of the senate, one for a
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    term expiring December 31, 1975, and one for a term expiring
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    December 31, 1977. Thereafter the terms of all subsequent
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    members of the commission shall be six years and until their
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    successors have been appointed and qualified. Each commissioner
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    shall be appointed by the governor by and with the advice and
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     consent of the senate. Not more than three commissioners shall
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    belong to the same political party. The governor in-his
     selection-of when selecting commissioners shall give
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    consideration to persons learned in the law or persons who have
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     engaged in the profession of engineering, public accounting or
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     property and utility valuation as well as being representative
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    of the general public.
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       No change for subd la
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                  CHAIRMAN CHAIR. The commission shall
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    elect the chair from one of their number chairman at the meeting
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     of the commission in the second week in January of each year for
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    a term of one year.
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       If a vacancy occurs in the position of chairman chair, the
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    commission shall elect a new chairman chair to complete the
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    unexpired term.
      Subd. 3a. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE CHAFRMAN CHAIR.
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    The chairman chair shall be the principal executive officer of
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    the commission---He and shall preside at meetings of the
     commission. The chairman chair shall organize the work of the
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     commission and may make assignments to commission members,
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    appoint committees and give direction to the commission staff
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     through the executive secretary subject to the approval of the
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    commission.
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                          Before entering upon the duties of
      Subd. 4.
                  OATH.
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     his office, each commissioner shall take and file with the
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    secretary of state the following oath:
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        "I do solemnly swear that I will support the constitution
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    of the United States, the constitution of this state; that I
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    will faithfully discharge my duties as commissioner of the
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    public utilities commission according to the best of my ability;
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    and that I am not in the employ of or holding any official
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     relation to or pecuniarily interested in any individual
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    proprietorship, firm, copartnership, corporation or association,
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     the activities of which are wholly or partially subject to
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     regulation by the public utilities commission; nor do I serve on
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     or under any committee of any political party.'
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01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 PAGE 258 216A.035 CONFLICT OF INTEREST. 1 No person during-his-term-of-membership-on, while a member 2 of the public utilities commission, shall receive any 3 significant portion of his income directly or indirectly from any public utility. No person shall be eligible to be appointed 5 as a member of the public utilities commission unless-and-until he-divests-himself-of without having divested any significant 7 8 interest in, or abandons having abandoned any employment with, a 9 utility. 10 No person who is an employee of the public service 11 department shall participate in any manner in any decision or 12 action of the commission where he that person has a direct or 13 indirect financial interest. Each commissioner or employee of the public service department who is in the general 14 15 professional, supervisory, or technical units established in 16 section 179A.10 or who is a professional, supervisory, or 17 technical employee defined as confidential in section 179A.03, 18 subdivision 4, or who is a management classification employee 19 and whose duties are related to public utilities or 20 transportation regulation shall report to the ethical practices 21 board annually before April 15 any interest he-has in an 22 industry or business regulated by the commission. 216A#05S 23 216A.05 FUNCTIONS AND POWERS. 24 No change for subd 1 Subd. 2. POWERS GENERALLY. The commission shall, to 25 26 the extent prescribed by law: 27 (1) Investigate the management of all warehousemen 28 warehouse operators and telegraph companies, the manner in which 29 their businesses are conducted and the adequacies of the 30 services which they are affording to the public, and make all 31 appropriate orders relating to the continuation, termination or 32 modification of all services and facilities with a view to 33 properly promoting the security and convenience of the public. 34 (2) Review and ascertain the reasonableness of tariffs of 35 rates, fares and charges, or any part or classification thereof, and prescribe the form and manner of filing, posting and 36 37 publication thereof. 38 (3) Prescribe uniform systems of keeping and rendering 39 accounts and the time within which such systems shall be adopted. (4) Order the issuance of franchises, permits or 40

certificates of convenience and necessity.

No change for subd 3 to 4

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43 Subd. 5. HEARINGS UPON PETITIONS. With respect to 44 those matters within its jurisdiction the commission shall receive, hear and determine all petitions filed with it in 46 accordance with the rules of practice and procedure promulgated by the commission, and may investigate, hold hearings and make 48 determinations upon its own motion to the same extent, and in every instance, in which it may do so upon petition. Upon receiving petitions filed pursuant to sections 221.061, 221.081, 221.121, subdivision 1, 221.151, 221.296, and 221.55, the commission shall give notice of the filing of the petition to 53 representatives of associations or other interested groups or persons who have registered their names with the executive secretary for that purpose and to whomever he the executive secretary deems to be interested in the petition. The commission may grant or deny the request of the petition 30 days 57 58 after notice of the filing has been fully given. If the commission receives a written objection and a notice of intent 59 to appear at a hearing to object to the petition from any person within 20 days of the notice having been fully given, the request of the petition shall be granted or denied only after a 63 contested case hearing has been conducted on the petition, unless the objection is withdrawn prior to the hearing. 65 commission may elect to hold a contested case hearing if no 66 objections to the petition are received. If a timely objection is not received, or if received and withdrawn, and the request 68 of the petition is denied without hearing, the petitioner may 69 request within 30 days of receiving the notice of denial, and 70 shall be granted, a contested case hearing on the petition.

71 No change for subd 6 216A#06S

72 216A.06 DIRECTOR.

Subdivision 1. ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE, APPOINTMENT. 73 74 The office of director of the department of public service is

216B#28S

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hereby established. He The director shall be appointed by the
     governor under the provisions of section 15.06.
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       Subd. 2. Repealed, 1977 c 305 s 46
216A#07S
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       216A.07 DIRECTOR; POWERS AND DUTIES.
       Subdivision 1. ADMINISTRATIVE DUTIES. The director
    shall be the executive and administrative head of the public
    service department.--He and shall have and possess all the
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    rights and powers and perform all the duties relating to the
    administrative function of the department as set forth in this
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   chapter. The director may:
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      (1) Prepare all forms or blanks for the purpose of
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     obtaining information which he the director may deem necessary
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    or useful in the proper exercise of his the authority and duties
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    of the director in connection with regulated businesses;
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        (2) Prescribe the time and manner within which forms or
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     blanks shall be filed with the department;
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      (3) Inspect at all reasonable times, and copy the books,
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     records, memoranda and correspondence or other documents and
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    records of any person relating to any regulated business; and
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        (4) Cause the deposition to be taken of any person
    concerning the business and affairs of any business regulated by
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     the department. Information sought through said deposition
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    shall be for a lawfully authorized purpose and shall be relevant
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    and material to the investigation or hearing before the
    commission. Information obtained from said deposition shall be
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    used by the department only for a lawfully authorized purpose
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    and pursuant to powers and responsibilities conferred upon the
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    department. Said deposition is to be taken in the manner
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    prescribed by law for taking depositions in civil actions in the
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    district court.
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       No change for subd 2 to 3
     Subd. 4. INVESTIGATIONS. The director may, on his the director's own initiative, investigate any matter subject to
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     the jurisdiction of the department or commission.
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       No change for subd 5
216B#10S
       216B.10 ACCOUNTING SYSTEM.
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        No change for subd 1 to 3
       Subd. 4. The commission may require any public utility to
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    file annual reports in the form and content, having regard for
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    the provisions of this section, as the commission may require,
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    and special reports concerning any matter about which the
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     commission is authorized to inquire or to keep itself informed.
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    The commission may require the reports to be verified. The
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    basic financial statements in the annual report of a public
    utility may, at the direction of the public utilities
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    commission, be examined by an independent certified public
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    accountant and h \div s the accountant's opinion thereof included in
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     the annual report filed with the commission.
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       No change for subd 5
216B#165S
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       216B.165 ENERGY AUDITS.
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        Subdivision 1. A customer who asks a public utility to
    perform an energy audit of his the customer's residence pursuant
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53 to 42 United States Code 8211 et seq. shall pay no more than $10
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    of the administrative and general expenses associated with the
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    audit. The remainder of the administrative and general expenses
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    of operating a program of energy audits pursuant to 42 United
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    States Code 8211 et seq., including those associated with
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    program audits, list distribution, customer billing services,
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    arranging services and post-installation inspections shall be
    treated as current operating expenses of providing utility
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    service and shall be charged to all ratepayers of the public
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    utility in the same manner as other current operating expenses
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    of providing utility service.
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       No change for subd 2
216B#23S
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       216B.23 LAWFUL RATES; REASONABLE SERVICE.
       No change for subd 1 to 2
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       Subd. 3. A copy of the order shall be served upon the
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    person against whom it runs or his the person's attorney, and
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     notice thereof shall be given to the other parties to the
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    proceedings or their attorneys.
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216B.28 SUBPOENA; WITNESSES; FEES; AND MILEAGE.

The commission and each commissioner, or the secretary of the commission may issue subpoenas and all necessary processes in proceedings pending before it; and each process shall extend 3 4 to all parts of the state and may be served by any person 5 authorized to serve processes of courts of record. Each witness who shall appear before the commission, or at a hearing before one of the individuals designated by it as provided in section 8 216B.15, or whose deposition is taken, shall receive for his 9 attendance the fees and mileage now provided for witnesses in 10 civil cases in courts of record. 216B#29S 216B.29 OATHS; CONTEMPT; EXAMINER'S POWERS. 11 12

The commission and each of the commissioners or authorized examiner, for the purpose mentioned in Laws 1974, Chapter 429, may administer oaths and examine witnesses. In case of failure on the part of any person to comply with any subpoena, or in the case of the refusal of any witness to testify concerning any matter on which he the witness may be interrogated lawfully, any 18 court of record of general jurisdiction or a judge thereof, on application of the commission, may compel obedience by proceedings for contempt as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from the court or a refusal to testify therein.

216B#31S

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216B.31 TESTIMONY AND PRODUCTION OF RECORDS; PERJURY. No person shall be excused from testifying or from producing any book, document, paper, or account in any investigation, or inquiry by, or hearing before, the commission 27 or any commissioner, or person designated by it to conduct hearings, when ordered to do so, upon the ground that the testimony or evidence, book, document, paper, or account required of-him may tend to incriminate him the person or subject him the person to penalty or forfeiture; but no person shall be prosecuted, punished, or subjected to any forfeiture or penalty for or on account of any act, transaction, matter, or thing concerning which he the person shall have been compelled thing concerning which he the person shall have been compelled 35 under oath to testify or produce documentary evidence; provided, 36 that no person so testifying shall be exempt from prosecution or punishment for any perjury committed by-him in his testimony. 216B#421S

38 -216B.421 HOMESTEAD; OPTION OF ELECTRIC SERVICE. Subdivision 1. MULTIPLE SERVICE AREAS; CUSTOMER 40 ELECTION. Notwithstanding the establishment of assigned service areas for electric utilities provided for in section 42 216B.39, when a customer requires electric service for buildings 43 or other structures located on land constituting his the customer's homestead and the buildings or structures are located within more than one assigned service area, the customer may elect to contract for or purchase his the customer's entire 47 electric service requirements from either of the electric 48 utilities providing him-with the customer with electric service. An electric utility may extend its facilities through 50 the assigned service area of another electric utility if the extension is necessary to facilitate the electric utility 52 connecting a customer who elects to purchase or contract for 53 service from it pursuant to this section.

54 No change for subd 2

216B#58S

216B.58 ACTS; OMISSION; FAILURE; CONSTRUCTION THEREOF. In construing and enforcing the provision of Laws 1974, 57 Chapter 429 relating to penalties, the act, omission, or failure 58 of any officer, agent or employee of any person acting within 59 the scope of his official duties of employment shall in every case be deemed to be also the act, omission, or failure of that person.

216B#64S

216B.64 ATTORNEY GENERAL TO REPRESENT COMMISSION AND DEPARTMENT.

The attorney general of the state shall, upon request of the commission or department, represent and appear for the commission or department in all actions and proceedings involving any question under Laws 1974, Chapter 429, and shall aid in any investigation or hearing had under the provisions of Laws 1974, Chapter 429. The attorney general shall perform all duties and services in connection with Laws 1974, Chapter 429 71 and the enforcement thereof as the commission or department may

1 require. He The attorney general shall also bring all actions
2 to collect penalties herein provided.
218*#031S

218.031 COMMON CARRIERS, DUTIES.

Subdivision 1. Except as otherwise directed or authorized, it shall be the duty of every common carrier:

- (1) To prescribe in the first instance, and to publish upon not less than 20 days' public notice in the case of new or increased rates or ten days' public notice in the case of reduced rates, in such manner as may be required by the commissioner and law, all schedules of rates and charges and classifications thereof, together with the rules governing the same, and minimum weights for transportation of freight articles between points or stations in the state, and terminal and switching charges. A new or changed contract rate shall become effective in accordance with the provisions of United States Code, title 49, section 10713. The board may, for good cause, reduce the notice period specified in this clause.
- (2) To comply with every duly authorized rule, regulation or directive of the commissioner or board except as the same may be stayed, pending appeal therefrom.
- (3) To put into effect and observe all schedules of rates and charges and classifications and any amendments or changes therein duly ordered by the board, except as the same may be stayed, pending appeal.
- (4) To maintain as may be directed by the commissioner for public inspection at stations and depots all schedules showing all classifications, rates and charges for transportation of freight currently in force applying from such station. Such schedules shall state the places between which property will be carried and show the classification of freight, the distance tariff, a table of distances between stations, any terminal charges and any rules or regulations in any way affecting the aggregate of such rates and charges.
- (5) Upon request of an owner or consignor of freight to the initial company, whenever the initial line does not reach the place of destination, or the distance from the place of origin to destination may be shortened, to transfer such freight to a connecting line without change in cars if in carload lots, except such change be free of charge to the shipper and receiver; and to transfer with or without change in cars of less than carload lots at a reasonable joint through rate agreed upon by the connecting carriers or prescribed by the board, not greater than the maximum rates allowed by law, provided any unloading and reloading which is necessary shall be at cost and the charge for such transfer included in the joint rate.
- (6) To provide the same switching, transfer and handling facilities for local as for interstate traffic.
- (7) Upon written demand of the owner, to construct, maintain and operate side tracks and reasonable facilities connecting with any grain warehouse, dock, wharf, mill, coal yard, quarry, brick or lime kiln, sand or gravel pit, crushed rock or concrete plant or manufactory as may be required by the board, and on such terms as may be agreed upon, or, on failure of agreement, as may be prescribed by the board.
- (8) To issue receipts or bills of lading covering all property received for transportation from any point in the state to any other point in the state, and to respond for any loss, damage or injury to such property caused by it or any carrier to whom such property may be delivered or over whose line it may pass.
- (9) To refund all overcharges for freight, baggage or express, and pay for any loss, damage or injury to property while in its possession, within 90 days after the filing of a claim for such over-charge, loss or damage.
- (10) To keep its accounts so as to show, as far as practicable, the earnings derived from, and the expenses incurred in, handling intrastate business in such form as the commissioner shall prescribe, including the separation of accounts for each operating division, wholly or partly within the state. Such accounts shall show the total cost of operating through trains and the total cost of operating the local or distributing trains of each operating division, wholly or partly within the state, during the fiscal year to be fixed by the commissioner, the total number of tons of revenue and nonrevenue freight, the number of tons of each carried one mile on the

01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 PAGE 262 1 through trains and on the local trains, respectively, the number 2 of tons and ton miles of revenue and nonrevenue freight carried 3 on through or local trains which are exclusively intrastate, and the gross tons and ton miles made by through and local trains on 5 each division. The accounts shall show the total revenue and nonrevenue train and engine miles and the total revenue and 6 nonrevenue car miles (the nonrevenue car miles to be shown 7 8 loaded and empty separately) produced by such railroad in the 9 state in each operating division, the number of each of the 10 above train, engine and car mileage produced in handling the 1.1 through trains and in handling the local trains, the total 12 locomotive miles produced in switching on each division and such 13 further information related to the income or cost of intrastate 14 business as the commissioner may require. The commissioner may 15 require such accounts to be kept with reference to the 16 intrastate passenger business of each carrier and the train, car 17 and engine mileage incurred in such business in this state as he 18 the commissioner may deem necessary. 19 (11) During pendency of any litigation, when rates prescribed by the board have not been put into effect, to keep a 20 21 correct account of every charge made by it for any services to 22 which such rates apply in excess of the rates prescribed, 23 showing in each case the difference between the amount actually 24 charged and the amount allowed to be charged, the date of the 25 transaction, the stations between which the business was carried 26 and the names and addresses of the consignor and consignee, and 27 to report such information in full to the board on its request. 28 No change for subd 2 to 9 29 Subd. 10. Any common carrier which shall do or cause to be 30 done any unlawful act, or fail to perform any duty prescribed, 31 or violate any duly established order, rule or directive of the 32 commissioner or board, or which shall aid or abet in the 33 performance of any unlawful act or in the failure to perform any 34 such duty, shall be liable in damages to any person injured 35 thereby, and that person, if he that person recovers, shall be 36 allowed, in addition to damages, reasonable attorneys' fees, 37 together with costs and disbursements. 218*#0415 38 218.041 DUTIES OF TRANSPORTATION REGULATION BOARD AND COMMISSIONER. 39 No change for subd 1 to 5 40 41 Subd. 6. The commissioner may: 42 (1) Subpoena books, papers or accounts kept by any 43 regulated business within or without the state, or compel production of verified copies; 44 45 (2) Prepare all forms or blanks for the purpose of 46 obtaining information which the commissioner may deem necessary 47 or useful for the proper exercise of his-or the board's 48 authority and duties of the commissioner or the board in 49 connection with regulated businesses, and prescribe the time and 50 manner within which the blanks and forms shall be completed and 51 52 (3) Inspect, at all reasonable times, and copy the books, 53 records, memoranda, correspondence or other documents and 54 records of any business under his the commissioner's 55 jurisdiction; 56 (4) Examine, under oath, any officer, agent or employee of 57 a business under his the commissioner's jurisdiction concerning 58 its business and affairs; and 59 (5) Prescribe rules, duly promulgated in accordance with 60 chapter 14, relating to rates, care in handling and other 61 livestock transportation matters. 62

No change for subd 7 to 8 218*#0715

63 218.071 RULES AND ORDERS OF COMMISSIONER AND BOARD; 64 OFFENSES AND PENALTIES.

No change for subd 1

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Subd. 2. Unless a different penalty or punishment is specifically prescribed, any person, firm or corporation who performs any unlawful act, or fails to perform any duty imposed upon-him by this chapter, or to obey any valid and final order, rule or directive of the commissioner or board, or who assists and aids therein, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, if the violation be a continuing one, then-he shall be guilty of a new offense for each day of such continuance, and for each offense shall be punished by a fine of one hundred dollars (\$100).

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No change for subd 3 to 4
219*#0725
        219.072 ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW GRADE CROSSINGS.
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       The establishment of all new grade crossings must be
     approved by the commissioner. When establishment of a new grade
    crossing is desired, either by the public officials having the
 5
    necessary authority or by the railroad company, and the public
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    officials and the railroad company cannot agree as to need,
 8 location, or type of warning devices required, either party may
9
    file a petition with the commissioner setting forth the facts
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    and submitting the matter for determination. The commissioner,
    after notice as she-or-he the commissioner deems reasonable,
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    shall conduct a hearing and issue an order determining the
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    matters submitted.
219*#19S
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       219.19 ADDITIONAL WARNING SIGNS PROVIDED.
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At each grade crossing where, because of the conditions surrounding it, the reasonable protection to life and property necessitates placing additional warning signs on the highway farther from the crossing than the home crossing signs, approach warning signs must be installed. The commissioner may designate grade crossings requiring additional signs on either or both sides of the crossing. When-the-commissioner-designates Upon designating a crossing as requiring additional protection, she or-he the commissioner shall notify the road authority having the care of the highway. The road authority, within 30 days after notification, shall furnish and maintain uniform signs in the appropriate places on the highway on either or both sides of the grade crossings.

219*#35S

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Persons owning lands abutting upon a railroad may 30 construct, at their own expense, crossings under, over, or across the railroad and drains under and across the railroad at places and in ways that do not obstruct or impair the use of the railroad. These crossings and drains must be maintained and kept in repair by the railroad company. Before constructing 35 them, the owner of the land shall serve on the nearest station agent of the company a notice, stating in detail the work which the landowner desires to perform, and the company may construct that work; but the crossings and drains may not be opened for the use of the landowner until she-or-he the landowner pays the reasonable cost of construction. 219*#46S

219.46 UNLAWFUL STRUCTURES; CLEARANCES.

Subdivision 1. STRUCTURES. (a) On and after April 16, 1913, it is unlawful for a common carrier or any other person, on a standard gauge road on its line or a standard gauge sidetrack, for use in any traffic mentioned in section 219.45:

- (1) to erect or reconstruct and maintain an adjoining warehouse, coal chute, stock pen, pole, mail crane, standpipe, hog drencher, or any permanent or fixed structure or obstruction within eight feet of the centerline of the track or sidetrack;
- (2) in excavating, to allow an adjoining embankment of earth or natural rock to remain within eight feet of the center line of the track or sidetrack; or
- (3) to erect or reconstruct overhead wires, bridges, viaducts or other obstructions passing over or above its tracks at a height less than 21 feet, measured from the top of the track rail.
- (b) If after May 1, 1943, overhead structures or platforms or structures designed only to be used in the loading or unloading of cars are rebuilt or remodeled, then these overhead structures must be built with an overhead clearance of not less than 22 feet from the top of the rail. These structures or platforms must be built with a side clearance of not less than 8-1/2 feet from the center line of the track unless by order the commissioner may provide otherwise.
- (c) Sections 219.45 to 219.53 do not apply to yards and terminals of depot companies or railway companies used only for passenger service. If 'personal injury is sustained by an employee of a depot company or railway company used only for passenger service, by reason of noncompliance with sections 219.45 to 219.53, that employee, or in case of the employee's death, his-or-her the personal representative, has the rights, privileges, and immunities enumerated in section 219.53.

219*#77S

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       (d) On and after May 1, 1943, it is unlawful for a common
2 carrier or any other person, on a standard gauge road on its
3 line or a standard gauge sidetrack or spur, for use in any
     traffic mentioned in section 219.45:
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 5
       (1) to erect as construct and maintain an adjoining
 6 warehouse, coal chute, stock pen, pole, mail crane, standpipe,
 7 hog drencher, or any permanent or fixed structure or obstruction
    within 8-1/2 feet of the centerline of the track;
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       (2) in excavating, to allow an adjoining embankment of
10 earth or natural rock to remain within 8-1/2 feet of the center
11 line of the track or sidetrack; or
       (3) to erect or construct overhead wires, bridges,
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    viaducts, or other obstructions passing over or above its tracks
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14 at a height less than 22 feet, measured from the top of the
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    track rail.
        No change for subd 2 to 7
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219*#561S
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       219.561 TRACK MOTOR CARS; EQUIPMENT.
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       No change for subd 1
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       Subd. 2. WINDSHIELDS AND TOPS. Upon request of the
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    section foreman <u>lead supervisor</u> in any section operated by a
     railroad referred to in subdivision 1, a track motor car must be
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     equipped within 90 days with a windshield and top wide and high
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     enough to reasonably protect the employees from weather.
24
     However, a railroad company is not required in any one year to
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     equip more than an additional 25 motor cars with that equipment.
      No change for subd 3
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219.77 RAILROAD EMPLOYER LIABILITY.

A company, person, or corporation, owning or operating as a common carrier or otherwise a steam railroad or railway in the 30 state, is liable in damages to an employee suffering injury 31 while engaged in that employment; or, in case of death of the employee, to his-or-her the personal representative for the 33 benefit of the surviving spouse and children of the employee; and if none, then to the employee's parents; and if none, then to the next of kin dependent upon the employee, for injury or death resulting in whole or in part from the negligence of the officers, agents, or employees of the employer, or by reason of 38 a defect or insufficiency in its cars, engines, appliances, machinery, track, roadbed, works, boats, wharves, or other equipment due to the employer's negligence. 219*#815

219.81 CONTRARY CONTRACTS DECLARED VOID.

Any contract, rule, regulation, or device whatever, the purpose or intent of which is to enable an employer to escape liability created by sections 219.77 to 219.83, is to that 45 extent void. In an action brought against the employer under or 46 by virtue of sections 219.77 to 219.83, the employer may set off any sum she-or-he the employer has contributed or paid to any insurance, relief, benefit, or indemnity that may have been paid to the injured employee, or to the persons entitled to it on account of the injury or death for which the action was brought. 219*#82S

219.82 SURVIVAL OF RIGHT OF ACTION.

A right of action given by sections 219.77 to 219.83 to a 53 person suffering injury survives to his-or-her the personal 54 representative for the benefit of the surviving spouse and children of the employee; and if none, then of the employee's parents; and if none, then of the next of kin dependent upon the employee, but in such cases there shall be only one recovery for the same injury.

221*#011S

221.011 DEFINITIONS.

No change for subd 1 to 8

Subd. 9. "Regular route common carrier" means a person who holds himself out to the public as willing, for hire, to transport passengers or property by motor vehicle between fixed termini over a regular route upon the public highways.

No change for subd 10

Subd. 11. "Irregular route common carrier" means a person who holds himself out to the public as willing to transport property from place to place over highways for hire but who does not operate between fixed termini or over a regular route or on regular time schedules. Irregular route common carrier does not include taxis and limousine services transporting passengers and

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                    GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4
                                                                   PAGE
    their luggage.
       No change for subd 12 to 21
        Subd. 23. "Household goods" means personal effects and
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     property used or to be used by the owner in h \pm s the owner's
    dwelling; furniture, fixtures, equipment and property of
    business places and institutions, public or private, when a part
    of the stock, equipment, supplies or property of such
     establishments.
       No change for subd 24 to 31
221*#021S
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        221.021 OPERATION CERTIFICATE OR PERMIT REQUIRED.
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        No person shall operate as a motor carrier or advertise or
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    otherwise hold himself out as a motor carrier without a
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   certificate or permit in full force and effect. A certificate
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    or permit may be suspended or revoked upon conviction of
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    violating a provision of sections 221.011 to 221.296 or an
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    order, rule, or regulation of the commissioner or board
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    governing the operation of motor carriers, and upon a finding by
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    the court that the violation was wilful. The board may, for
    good cause after a hearing, suspend or revoke a permit for a violation of a provision of sections 221.011 to 221.296 or an
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    order, rule, or regulation of the commissioner or board issued
22
    under this chapter.
221*#071S
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       221.071 ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE TO REGULAR ROUTE COMMON
24
    CARRIER OR PETROLEUM CARRIER.
25
                        CONSIDERATIONS; TEMPORARY CERTIFICATES;
       Subdivision 1.
26
    AMENDING. If the board finds from the evidence that the
    petitioner is fit and able to properly perform the services
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    proposed and that public convenience and necessity require the
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    granting of the petition or a part of the petition, it shall
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    issue a certificate of public convenience and necessity to the
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    petitioner. In determining whether a certificate should be
    issued, the board shall give primary consideration to the
33
    interests of the public that might be affected, to the
34
    transportation service being furnished by a railroad which may
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    be affected by the granting of the certificate, and to the
    effect which the granting of the certificate will have upon
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    other transportation service essential to the communities which
    might be affected by the granting of the certificate. The board
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    may issue a certificate as applied for or issue it for a part
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    only of the authority sought and may attach to the authority
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    granted terms and conditions as in its judgment public
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    convenience and necessity may require. If the petitioner is
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    seeking authority to operate regular-route transit service
    wholly within the seven-county metropolitan area with operating
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    assistance provided by the regional transit board, the board
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    shall consider only whether the petitioner is fit and able to
47
    perform the proposed service. The operating authority granted
    to such a petitioner must be the operating authority for which
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    the petitioner is receiving operating assistance from the
    regional transit board. A carrier receiving operating
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    assistance from the regional transit board may amend his the
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with operating assistance from the regional transit board. The board may grant a temporary certificate, ex parte, valid for a period not exceeding 180 days, upon a showing that no regular route common carrier or petroleum carrier is then authorized to serve on the route sought, that no other petition is on file with the board covering the route, and that a need for the proposed service exists.

certificate to provide for additional routes by filing a copy of

the amendment with the board, and approval of the amendment by

the board is not required if the additional service is provided

A certificate issued to a regular route common carrier or petroleum carrier may be amended by the board on ex parte petition and payment of a \$25 fee to the commissioner, to grant an additional or alternate route if there is no other means of transportation over the proposed additional route or between its termini, and the proposed additional route does not exceed ten miles in length.

No change for subd '2

221*#101S

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70 221.101 ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY TO PETROLEUM CARRIERS. 71 In addition to the specific authority granted to petroleum carriers, every petroleum carrier holding a certificate as such 72

may transport petroleum products from an origin point he the

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1 carrier is not authorized to serve when the needs of the
 2 shippers he the carrier serves because of seasonal failure of supplies require corrier for
     supplies require service from such origin point, upon securing
 4 permission from the board, provided that this provision shall
 5 not include the right to enlarge the carrier's destination area.
221*#121S
 6
        221.121 PETITION; HEARING; ISSUANCE; RENEWAL.
      No change for subd 1 to 4
 7
9 operate as a livestock carrier shall file a petition with the board specifying the kind of
       Subd. 5. LIVESTOCK CARRIERS. A person desiring to
     board specifying the kind of permit desired, the name and
11 address of the petitioner and the names and addresses of the
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     officers, if a corporation, and other information as the board
    may require.
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      The board shall issue the permit upon compliance with laws
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     and rules relating to the permit unless it finds that
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    petitioner's vehicles do not meet the safety standards
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    prescribed by the commissioner or that petitioner is not fit and
     able to conduct the proposed operations. A permit issued under
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19 this act must be renewed upon compliance with the provisions of
20 this act and the rules of the board and commissioner. A
21
     livestock carrier, on the return trip after hauling livestock
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     and delivering the livestock, may transport other commodities or
23 property to the carrier's headquarters area. The livestock
24 carrier may transport supplies and equipment used in farm work
25
    from his the carrier's headquarters area to any point in the
26
     state or from any point in the state to his the headquarters
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     area.
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        No change for subd 6 to 7
221*#1315
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        221.131 PERMITS; TERMS, FEES, IDENTIFICATION CARDS.
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        Subdivision 1. PERMIT RENEWAL. Permits issued under
     section 221.121 are effective for a 12-month period. Each
31
32 permit must be renewed annually and each permit holder shall
33
     have one annual renewal date encompassing all of the permits
34
    held by him the holder.
35
      Subd. 2. PERMIT CARRIERS; ANNUAL VEHICLE REGISTRATION.
36
      The permit holder shall pay an annual registration fee of $20
37
     on each vehicle, including pickup and delivery vehicles,
     operated by him the holder under authority of the permit during
38
    the 12-month period or fraction of the 12-month period.
39
40 Trailers and semi-trailers used by a permit holder in
     combination with power units may not be counted as vehicles in
41
     the computation of fees under this section if the permit holder
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     pays the fees for power units. The commissioner shall furnish a
44
    distinguishing annual identification card for each vehicle or
45
    power unit for which a fee has been paid. The identification
    card must at all times be carried in the vehicle or power unit
47 to which it has been assigned. An identification card may be reassigned to another unbials as
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     reassigned to another vehicle or power unit without fee by the
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    commissioner upon application of the permit holder. An
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     identification card issued under the provisions of this section
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     is valid only for the period for which the permit is effective.
    The name and residence of the permit holder must be stenciled or
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vehicle operated under the permit. A fee of $3 is charged for the replacement of an uncertified it.
53 otherwise shown on the outside of both doors of each registered
    the replacement of an unexpired identification card that has
56
    been lost or damaged.
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      No change for subd 3 to 6
221*#151S
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        221.151 PERMITS ASSIGNABLE OR TRANSFERABLE.
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        Subdivision 1. PETITION. Permits, except livestock
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     permits, issued under section 221.121 may be assigned or
61 transferred but only upon the order of the board
62 transfer or assignment after notice and hearing.
    transferred but only upon the order of the board approving the
       The proposed seller and buyer or lessor and lessee of a
63
64 permit, except for livestock carrier permits, shall file a joint
65 notarized petition with the board setting forth the name and
   address of the parties, the identifying number of the permit, and the description of the authority which the parties seek to
66
67
68 sell or lease, a short'statement of the reasons for the proposed
69 sale or lease, a statement of outstanding claims of creditors
70 which are directly attributable to the operation to be conducted
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under the permit, a copy of the contract of sale or lease, and a

73 statement, if existent, of the buyer or lessee. If it appears

72 financial statement with a balance sheet and an income

to the board, after notice to interested parties and a hearing, from the contents of the petition, from the evidence produced at the hearing, and from the department's records, files, and investigation that the approval of the sale or lease of the permit will not adversely affect the rights of the users of the service and will not have an adverse effect upon other competing carriers, the board may make an order granting the sale or lease. Provided, however, that the board shall make no order granting the sale or lease of a permit to a person or corporation or association which holds a certificate or permit other than local cartage carrier permit from the board under this chapter or to a common carrier by rail.

Provided further that the board shall make no order approving the sale or lease of a permit if the board finds that the price paid for the sale or lease of a permit is disproportionate to the reasonable value of the permit considering the assets and goodwill involved. The board shall approve the sale or lease of a permit only after a finding that the transferee is fit and able to conduct the operations authorized under the permit and that the vehicles he the transferee proposes to use in conducting the operations meet the safety standards of the commissioner. In determining the extent of the operating authority to be conducted by the transferee under the sale or lease of the permit, the past operations of the transferor within the two-year period immediately preceding the transfer must be considered. Only such operating authority may be granted to the transferee as was actually exercised by the transferor under his the transferor's authority within the two-year period immediately preceding the transfer as evidenced by bills of lading, company records, operation records, or other relevant evidence.

If an authority to operate as a permit carrier is held by a corporation, a sale, assignment, pledge, or other transfer of the stock interest in the corporation which will accomplish a substantial or material change or transfer of the majority ownership of the corporation, as exercised through its stockholders, must be reported in the manner prescribed in the rules of the board within 90 days after the sale, assignment, pledge, or other transfer of stock. The board shall then make a finding whether or not the stock transfer does, in fact, constitute a sale, lease, or other transfer of the permit of the corporation to a new party or parties and, if they so find, then the continuance of the permit issued to the corporation may only be upon the corporation's complying with the standards and procedures otherwise imposed by this section.

Subd. 2. MS 1974 Repealed, 1973 c 710 s 2; 1974 c 406 s

Subd. 2. EX PARTE TRANSFER. The board shall allow a bona fide transfer of a permit, except a livestock carrier permit, ex parte without hearing if the transferee of the permit is in fact a member or members of the transferor's immediate family. For the purpose of this subdivision immediate family consists only of the lawful spouse, adult child or children, brother, or sister of the transferor. Provided further that the immediate family as defined in this subdivision does not include a person under legal disability or a member of the family regardless of relationship who holds any other permit or certificate under this chapter either as an individual or in partnership or as owner of an interest in a corporation holding a permit or a certificate under this chapter.

Provided further that the transfer under this subdivision must include:

- (1) transfer to a corporation the stock of which is wholly owned by the transferor or the immediate family members of the immediate family;
- (2) transfer to a partnership or partner consisting solely of the immediate family as defined in this subdivision.

Provided further that the transfer of a permit under this subdivision must comply with the standards set forth in this section based upon the contents of the petition of petitioners, pertinent information available to the board and the department, and their records and files. No determination of the extent of the operating authority previously exercised is required.

If it appears to the board that the petition and exhibits do not reasonably comply with the standards set forth in this section, then after notice to interested parties and the

PAGE

I petitioners, the board shall assign the matter for hearing to 2 determine compliance with this section. A user of the service, competing carrier, or interested party shall have the right to file a protest on the transfer as provided in this subdivision by filing a sworn statement with the board within six months 6 from the effective date of the transfer, whereupon the board 7 shall assign the matter for hearing and the continuance of the 8 permit may only be upon the transferee's compliance with the 9 standards and procedures otherwise imposed by this section. 221*#1715 10 221.171 COMPENSATION OF PERMIT CARRIERS FIXED BY 11 SCHEDULES OF RATES AND CHARGES. 12 Subdivision 1. COMPENSATION FIXED. No permit carrier 13 shall charge or receive a greater, lesser, or different compensation for the transportation of persons or property or 14 15 for related service, than the rates and charges named in the 16 carrier's schedule on file and in effect with the commissioner 17 including any rate fixed by the board under section 221.161; nor 18 shall a permit carrier refund or remit in any manner or by any device, directly or indirectly, the rates and charges required 19 to be collected by him the carrier under his the carrier's 20 21 schedules or under the rates, if any, fixed by the board. 22 No change for subd 2 221*#2415 221.241 TRANSPORT FOR HIRE OF FOOD FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. 23 No motor carrier engaged in either intrastate or interstate 24 25 commerce shall transport for hire food for human consumption in any motor vehicle which he the carrier uses for the 26 27 transportation of livestock, unless such motor vehicle has been 28 cleaned. 221*#2515 29 221.251 OVERCHARGES REFUND. 30 No change for subd 1 Subd. 2. Every claim against a motor carrier doing 31 32 business in this state for an overcharge due to difference in 33 weight or inapplicable rate, or for loss, damage, or injury to property while in its possession, must be adjusted and paid 34 within 90 days after the filing of the claim with the agent of 35 36 the carrier delivering the freight, baggage, or express, unless 37 the delivering carrier protests the validity of the claim in 38 writing to the claimant within a 90-day period. Settlement of 39 claims with the claimant is the responsibility of the carrier 40 delivering the freight, baggage, or express to its ultimate destination. No claim may be filed until after the arrival of a 41 42 shipment, or of some part of it, at the point of destination, or 43 until after the lapse of a reasonable time for its arrival. For 44 this purpose, a claim, when filed, must consist of: (a) an original bill of lading or shipping receipt;
(b) a paid freight bill. 45 (b) a paid freight bill; 47 (c) a bill of claimant; and 48 (d) an original invoice or certified copy when necessary. 49 True copies of any of these documents may be used and, in case of absence, an explanation must be attached. The carrier 50 51 shall acknowledge the filing of a claim, or letters, papers, or 52 documents purporting to be a claim, within ten days after 53 receipt and, if the claim as filed does not comply with the 54 above requirements, the carrier shall inform the claimant and advise him the claimant of what may be required to complete the 55 56 claim. 57 No change for subd 3 221*#2715 221.271 LIABILITY. 58 Any person which shall do or cause to be done any unlawful 59 60 act as herein provided, or fail to perform any duty prescribed, 62 commissioner or board, or which shall aid or abet in the performance of any uniquestion 61 or violate any duly established order, rule or directive of the performance of any unlawful act or in the failure to perform any 64 such duty, shall be liable in damages to any person injured 65 thereby, and such person, if he the person recovers, shall be 66 allowed, in addition to damages, reasonable attorneys' fees, 67 together with costs and disbursements.

221*#296S 68 221.296 LOCAL CARTAGE CARRIERS. 69 No change for subd 3 to 7

70 Subd. 8. PERMITS TRANSFERABLE. Permits, issued under 71 the provisions of this section may be transferred but only upon

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73 74 the order of the board approving same after notice and hearing. The proposed seller and buyer of a permit, shall file a joint verified petition with the board setting forth the legal name and address of the parties, the permit number and the description of the authority which the parties seek to sell, a verified statement of the reasons for the proposed sale, a verified statement of all outstanding claims of creditors which are attributable to the business conducted under said permit, a copy of the contract of sale and financial statement with balance sheet and income statement, if existent, of the buyer and the seller. After notice to interested parties and a hearing the board shall not make an order approving and allowing the sale unless the board finds that the buyer is fit and able to conduct the business authorized under said permit, that the vehicles he the buyer proposes to use in conducting such business meet the safety standards of the board, that the price paid for the purchase of the permit is not disproportionate to the reasonable value of the permit considering all assets and good will sold, that the proposed sale is in the best interest of the shipping public, and that the seller has legally engaged in the transportation of property or freight for hire on a meaningful basis as determined by the board within the two year period immediately preceding the sale as proven by accurate and complete bills of lading, company records, operation records, or other relevant evidence. For purposes of determining said two year period, any divesting of interest or control shall be deemed the date of the sale and the board shall look to the substance of the transaction rather than the form. Any agreement for the transfer or sale of a permit shall be reported and filed with the board within 30 days of such agreement.

If any authority to operate as a local cartage carrier, is held by a corporation, any sale, assignment, pledge or other transfer of such stock interest in the corporation which will accomplish a substantial or material change or transfer of the majority ownership of said corporation, as exercised through its stockholders, shall be reported in the manner prescribed by the rules of the board within 30 days after said sale, assignment, pledge or other transfer of stock. The board shall then make a finding whether or not said stock transfer does, in fact, constitute a sale, or other transfer of the permit of said corporation to a new party or parties and, if they so find, then the continuance of the permit issued to said corporation shall only be upon the corporation's complying with the standards and procedures otherwise imposed by this section.

The board shall allow a bona fide transfer of a permit, ex parte without hearing where the transferree of said permit is in fact a member or members of the transferor's immediate family. For the purpose of this paragraph immediate family shall consist only of the lawful spouse, adult child or children, brother or sister of the transferor. A transfer pursuant to this paragraph shall include:

- (1) transfer to a corporation the stock of which is wholly owned by the transferor or the <u>immediate family</u> members of his immediate family.
- 55 (2) transfer to a partnership or partner consisting solely 56 of the immediate family as defined in this paragraph. 221*#67S

221.67 SERVICE OF PROCESS.

The use of any of the public highways of this state for the transportation of persons or property for compensation by a motor carrier in interstate commerce shall be deemed an irrevocable appointment by the carrier of the secretary of state to be his the carrier's true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served all legal process in any action or proceeding brought under this chapter against him the carrier or his the carrier's executor, administrator, personal representative, heirs, successors or assigns. This use is a signification of agreement by the interstate motor carrier that any process in any action against him the carrier or his the carrier's executor, administrator, personal representative, heirs, successors, or assigns which is so served shall be of the same legal force and validity as if served upon him the carrier personally. Service shall be made by serving a copy thereof upon the secretary of state or by filing a copy in his the office of the secretary of state, together with payment of a fee of \$15, and the service

shall be sufficient service upon the absent motor carrier if

notice of the service and a copy of the process are within ten days thereafter sent by mail by the plaintiff to the defendant 3 at his the defendant's last known address and the plaintiff's 4 affidavit of compliance with the provisions of this section and 5 sections 221.60, 221.65, and 221.68 is attached to the summons. 221*#715

221.71 COMMUTER VANS; DRIVER LIABILITY.

Subdivision 1. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the services performed by a driver of a commuter van shall be deemed to be those of an independent contractor and not 10 those of an employee acting within his the scope of employment, unless provided in writing to the contrary.

No change for subd

222*#07S

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222.07 LIABILITY OF RAILROAD CORPORATION LEASING TO FOREIGN CORPORATION.

Any railroad corporation organized under the laws of this state, which heretofore may have leased, or which hereafter may lease, its tracks and right of way to a foreign railroad corporation shall continue liable to any person injured in his person or property in consequence of the negligent operation over such right of way of the trains of such leasing company to the same extent as if operated by such Minnesota corporation as the owner thereof.

222*#29S

222.29 CONTRACTOR'S BOND; LIABILITY OF COMPANY.

Any railway contracting for the construction or repair of its road shall take from the contractor a sufficient bond, conditioned that he the contractor will pay all laborers, mechanics, and other persons performing any part of the work, all just debts due them or incurred in carrying on such work, which bond or a certified copy thereof shall be filed with the county recorder of each county where any part of the work is done. All persons to whom such contractor shall be indebted for any such work, and such railway company in case it shall have 33 paid any debt, claim, or demand as hereinafter provided, may bring an action on such bond for the price of such work or amount of such payment. If the contractor giving the bond shall fail to pay any indebtedness for such work or services; or, if any railway company shall fail to take and file such bond, such company shall be liable for the amount of all such debts incurred by such contractor under or pursuant to such contract. Such laborers, mechanics, or other persons shall give the notice and take the action prescribed in section 222,30. 222*#30S

222.30 LIABILITY OF COMPANY AFTER NOTICE.

When a contractor or subcontractor employed by a railway company in the construction or repair of its railway shall be indebted to any laborer or mechanic for services rendered, such railway company shall be liable to pay such laborer or mechanic the amount of such debt, provided he the laborer or mechanic shall have given notice of his the claim to such company within 60 days after the debt accrued. Such notice shall be in writing, specify the particular nature and amount of the debt, claim, or demand, and be delivered to the secretary or chief engineer of such company, or to the engineer in charge of the construction or repairing of that portion of the road upon which such labor was performed, either personally or by leaving the same at the office or usual place of business of such secretary or engineer; but no action shall be maintained against any railway company under the foregoing provisions unless the same shall be commenced within 60 days after the service of notice as aforesaid.

222*#32S

222.32 ALTERATIONS AND EXTENSIONS OF ROUTE; BRANCHES.

Any railroad company existing in whole or in part under the laws of this state or authorized to own and operate a railroad in this state may, by an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of its directors, empower its president and chief engineer to designate the route of any extension or branch of its road, and of any alteration of its line or route, but before making or building any such extension or branch or alteration, or condemning any land therefor, the president and chief engineer of the railroad company shall in writing, by map, courses and distances, or otherwise, designate the route thereof and, after

having certified to the correctness thereof, file such writing

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222*#63S

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so certified with the secretary of the railroad company, who
    shall record the same in a book to be by-him kept for such
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     purposes, and the railroad company shall obtain a copy of that
     record, duly certified by its president and secretary and
     attested by its seal, and file such certified copy with the
   secretary of state, to be by-him recorded, and thereupon such
     corporation shall have the same right to make any and all such
     alterations and to build any and all such extensions and branches as it would have if it had been authorized so to do by
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 9
10 its charter or articles of incorporation.
222*#58S
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        222.58 INSURANCE OF LOANS.
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        No change for subd 1
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        Subd. 2. ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. A loan is
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     eligible for insurance under this section under the following
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    conditions:
16
        (a) The loan shall be in an original principal amount,
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     bear an interest rate, contain complete amortization provisions,
18 and have a maturity satisfactory under such terms as the
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     commissioner may prescribe by rule.
        (b) The proceeds of the loan shall be used solely for
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21
        (i) participation in contracts for capital investment
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    loans for rail line rehabilitation, or
       (ii) capital improvement projects designed to improve rail
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   service or reduce the economic impact of discontinuance of rail
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25 service. The projects may include but are not limited to
    construction or improvement of short segments of rail line such
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     as side track, team track, and connections between existing
   lines; and construction and improvement of loading, unloading,
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     storage, and transfer facilities of the rail user.
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       (c) The loan agreement shall contain such terms and
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   provisions with respect to any other matters as the commissioner
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     may,-in-his-discretion, prescribe.
33
        (d) The borrower provides a personal guarantee and
34
     collateral for the loan which is acceptable to the commissioner
35
    as sufficient security to protect the interests of the state.
36
        No change for subd
        Subd. 4. PROCEDURES UPON DEFAULT.
37
                                              Except as
38 provided in subdivision 5, the provisions of this subdivision
39
     shall apply upon default. Within 90 days of a default on a
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     loan, the lender shall send notice to the borrower stating that
     the commissioner must be notified if the default continues for
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     another 90 days; and the consequences of that default. The
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     lender shall send a copy of the notice to the commissioner. The
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     lender and the borrower may agree to take any steps reasonable
45
     to assure the fulfillment of the loan obligation.
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        After 180 days from the initial default, if the borrower
47 has not made arrangements to meet his the obligation, the lender
48
    shall file a claim with the commissioner, identifying the loan
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     and the nature of the default. Upon the lender's assignment,
50 transfer, and delivery to the commissioner, within 210 days of
51 the initial default, all rights and interests arising under the
52 loan and any other security interests securing the loan, the
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     commissioner shall pay to the lender from the account an amount
    equal to the outstanding unpaid principal indebtedness at the
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55
   time of default less ten percent, plus interest at six percent
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     per annum from the date of default. The failure of the borrower
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     to make any payment under or as provided by any loan insured
58 under this section shall be considered a default under the loan.
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        No change for subd 5 to 6
222*#61S
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        222.61 EMERGENCY RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.
        The commissioner may exercise emergency rulemaking
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     authority as provided in sections 14.29 to 14.36, to implement
     the provisions of sections 222.55 to 222.62. The commissioner
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     shall solicit information and opinions from outside his the
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     department as provided in section 15.0412, subdivision 6, before
66 adopting these rules. Notwithstanding the provisions of section
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     15.0412, subdivision 5, rules adopted pursuant to this section
68 shall be effective until permanent rules are adopted pursuant to
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222.63 ABANDONED RIGHT-OF-WAY; STATE RAIL BANK. 71 No change for subd 1 to 2c Subd. 3. PUBLIC AND AGENCY PARTICIPATION. If the 72 commissioner desires to acquire, dispose of or utilize any

chapter 15 or until October 1, 1979, whichever occurs first.

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right-of-way which he-is-authorized-to-acquire-or-has is
        permitted to be or has been acquired pursuant to authorization
      under subdivision 2, he the commissioner shall publish a notice
  4 of the proposed action in the state register and in at least one
      newspaper of general circulation in each area where the
        right-of-way is located. If any person objects in writing to the
       proposed action within 30 days of publication of notice the
  8 commissioner shall proceed in the manner provided for a
      contested case. If no written objection is received the
      commissioner may take the proposed action only after holding a
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       public meeting to seek public comment on the action. At least
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     one hearing or meeting required under this subdivision shall be
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      held in the area where the right-of-way is located.
14
           Subd. 4. DISPOSITION PERMITTED. The commissioner
      may; -in-his-discretion; lease any rail line or right-of-way held
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16
      in the state rail bank or enter into an agreement with any
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     person for the operation of any rail line or right-of-way for
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     any of the purposes set forth in subdivision 2 in accordance
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      with a fee schedule to be developed by the commissioner in
     consultation with the advisory task force established in section
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       222.65. The commissioner may after consultation convey any rail
22 line or right-of-way, for consideration or for no consideration
23
      and upon other terms as the commissioner may determine to be in
       the public interest, to a governmental subdivision of the state
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      having power by law to utilize it for any of the purposes set
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       forth in subdivision 2.
           No change for subd 5 to 8
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223*#16S
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           223.16 DEFINITIONS.
           No change for subd 1 to 10
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            Subd. 11. PRODUCER.
                                             "Producer" means a person who
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       grows grain on land that-he-owns-or-leases owned or leased by
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       the person.
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            No change for subd 12 to 16
223*#175
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           223.17 LICENSES; BONDING; CLAIMS; DISBURSEMENTS.
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            No change for subd 1 to 3
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           Subd. 4. BOND. Before a grain buyer's license is
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      issued, the applicant for the license must file with the
     commissioner a bond in a penal sum prescribed by the
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39 commissioner but not less than the following amounts:
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           (a) $10,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases
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      are $100,000 or less;
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       (b) $20,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases
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       are more than $100,000 but not more than $750,000;
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          (c) $30,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases
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      are more than $750,000 but not more than $1,500,000;
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          (d) $40,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases
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       are more than $1,500,000 but not more than $3,000,000; and
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           (e) $50,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases
      exceed $3,000,000. A grain buyer who has filed a bond with the commissioner prior to July 1, 1983 is not required to increase
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     the amount of the bond to comply with this section until July 1,
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    1984. The commissioner may postpone an increase in the amount
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     of the bond until July 1, 1985, if a licensee demonstrates that
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      the increase will impose undue financial hardship on the
55 licensee, and that producers will not be harmed as a result of
57 restrictions on a licensee whose bond increase has been postponed. The amount of the transfer of the transf
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     the postponement. The commissioner may impose other
     postponed. The amount of the bond shall be based on the most
      recent financial statement of the grain buyer filed under
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     subdivision 6.
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         A first-time applicant for a grain buyer's license after
       July 1, 1983 shall file a $20,000 bond with the commissioner.
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     This bond shall remain in effect for the first year of his the
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     license. Thereafter, the licensee shall comply with the
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     applicable bonding requirements contained in clauses (a) to (e).
            In lieu of the bond required by this subdivision the
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     applicant may deposit with the state treasurer cash, a certified
     check, a cashier's check, a postal, bank, or express money
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     order, assignable bonds or notes of the United States, or an
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     assignment of a bank savings account or investment certificate
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       or an irrevocable bank letter of credit as defined in section
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       336.5-103, in the same amount as would be required for a bond.
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           No change for subd 5 to 5a
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Subd. 6. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. For the purpose of

fixing or changing the amount of a required bond or for any other proper reason, the commissioner shall require an annual financial statement from a licensee which has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and which meets the following requirements:

- (a) The financial statement shall include, but not be limited to the following: (1) a balance sheet; (2) a statement of income (profit and loss); (3) a statement of retained earnings; (4) a statement of changes in financial position; and (5) a statement of the dollar amount of grain purchased in the previous fiscal year of the grain buyer.
- (b) The financial statement shall be accompanied by a compilation report of the financial statement which is prepared by a grain commission firm or a management firm approved by the commissioner or by an independent public accountant, in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
- (c) The financial statement shall be accompanied by a certification by the chief executive officer or his the chief executive officer's designee of the licensee, under penalty of perjury, that the financial statement accurately reflects the financial condition of the licensee for the period specified in the statement.

Only one financial statement must be filed for a chain of warehouses owned or operated as a single business entity, unless otherwise required by the commissioner. Any grain buyer having a net worth in excess of \$500,000,000 need not file the financial statement required by this subdivision but must provide the commissioner with a certified net worth statement. All financial statements filed with the commissioner are private or nonpublic data as provided in section 13.02.

Subd. 6a. SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR REFUSAL TO ISSUE LICENSE. (a) If a license applicant or a licensee fails to furnish financial statements the commissioner may refuse to issue or renew the license or may suspend the license.

- (b) The commissioner may refuse to issue or renew a license or may suspend a license if-he-determines upon determining, based upon the financial statement filed under this section or other financial information obtained by him the commissioner, that the applicant or licensee is not financially able to properly perform the services and operate the business for which the license is issued.
- (c) When a license is suspended the licensee shall surrender the license to the commissioner. An applicant or licensee may request an administrative hearing subject to chapter 14 within 15 days after the commissioner suspends a license or refuses to issue or renew a license under clause (b) to determine whether the license should be issued, renewed, or revoked. If no request is made within 15 days after suspension, the commissioner shall revoke the license.

No change for subd 7

- Subd. 8. BOND DISBURSEMENT. (a) The bond required under subdivision 4 shall provide for payment of loss caused by the grain buyer's failure to pay, upon the owner's demand, the purchase price of grain sold to the grain buyer in the manner provided by subdivision 5, including loss caused by failure to pay within the time required. The bond shall be conditioned upon the grain buyer being duly licensed as provided herein.
- (b) The commissioner shall promptly determine the validity of all claims filed with-him and notify the claimants of the determination. An aggrieved party may appeal the commissioner's determination by requesting, within 15 days, that the commissioner initiate a contested case proceeding. In the absence of such a request, or following the issuance of a final order in a contested case, the surety company shall issue payment promptly to those claimants entitled to payment. The commissioner may apply to the district court for an order appointing a trustee or receiver to manage and supervise the operations of the grain buyer in default. The commissioner may participate in any resulting court proceeding as an interested party.
- (c) If a grain buyer has become liable to more than one producer by reason of breaches of the conditions of the bond and the amount of the bond is insufficient to pay the entire liability to all producers entitled to the protection of the bond, the proceeds of the bond shall be apportioned among the

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01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 PAGE 1 bona fide claimants. (d) The bond shall not be cumulative from one licensing period to the next. The maximum liability of the bond shall be its face value for the licensing period. 3 No change for subd 9 223*#177S 223.177 PURCHASE BY VOLUNTARY EXTENSION OF CREDIT 6 7 CONTRACTS. 8 Subdivision 1. INDICATION OF INTENTION. Every grain 9 buyer who intends to purchase grain by voluntary extension of 10 credit contracts shall indicate his the intention to do so 11 annually to the commissioner on a form provided by the 12 commissioner. No change for subd 2 to 7 13 14 Subd. 8. RECORDS. A grain buyer shall keep 15 sufficiently detailed books and records of voluntary extension

16 of credit contracts and evidences of grain, rights in grain, and the proceeds from the sale of grain so as to clearly show 18 compliance with this section. The commissioner or his the 19 commissioner's authorized agent may inspect these books and records to determine whether grain buyers are complying with the provisions of this chapter, and for this purpose the 22 commissioner may enter upon any public or private premises during regular business hours.

223*#185 24 223.18 PENALTY.

A person buying grain without first obtaining a grain 26 buyer's license is guilty of a misdemeanor. Each day of operation without a grain buyer's license constitutes a separate 28 offense. In case of license revocation, no new license shall be 29 granted to the person whose license was revoked nor to anyone 30 either directly or indirectly engaged with him the person in the licensed business for two years. A grain dealer who withholds records from the commissioner, keeps or files records which-he 33 knows knowing them to be false, alters records fraudulently, or presents records to the commissioner any-records-which-he-knows knowing them to be false, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. 226*#02S

226.02 INTEREST IN WAREHOUSE; CERTIFIED COPY.

Before issuing any such certificate, he the person shall 38 file with the county recorder of the county where the warehouse is located a written declaration, stating his name and 40 residence, that he the person intends controlling a warehouse for the storage and sale of such commodities, a correct description of the warehouse, its location, and the name of any 43 other person in any way interested therein. It shall be signed, 44 acknowledged, and recorded in a book kept for that purpose, and 45 a certified copy thereof shall be filed with the clerk of the 46 city or town wherein such business is conducted and kept in the same manner as chattel mortgages are required to be filed and kept, and the party making the declaration shall be indexed as the vendor, and the public as the vendee. 226*#03S

226.03 STATEMENT PRINTED ON BACK.

Every such certificate issued shall have printed on the 52 back thereof a statement that the party issuing it has complied 53 with the law, and give the book, page, and place where the record of such declaration may be found, and the day of filing.
Such certificate, when so issued and delivered, shall transfer 56 to the holder the title to the commodities therein described, shall be assignable by endorsement, and thereupon shall be prima facie evidence of title to such commodities in the endorsee. It 59 shall be registered by the party issuing the same in a book kept 60 for that purpose, which shall show the date, number and name of party to whom issued, the kind and quantity of the commodities, and any brands or marks thereon, and be open to inspection by
any person holding any outstanding certificate in force, his or 64 the person's agent or attorney; and when the commodity specified 65 therein has been delivered, or it has in any other manner become inoperative, that fact, with the date of such delivery or other termination of liability, shall be entered in the register in 68 connection with the entry of its issuance.

226*#045 69 226.04 PROPERTY IN WAREHOUSE.

70 No person shall issue such warehouse certificate unless the 71 property therein described is actually in the warehouse; and it

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    shall remain there until otherwise ordered by the holder of the
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    certificate, subject to the conditions of the contract between
    the warehouseman warehouse operator and the person to whom such
    certificate was issued, or his the person's assigns, as to the
    time of its remaining therein; and no second certificate shall
    be issued for the same property or any part thereof while the
    first is outstanding and in force, nor shall the property be
    sold, encumbered, shipped, transferred, or removed by
   the warehouseman warehouse operator without the written consent
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    of the certificate holder.
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227*#50S
       227.50 RECEIPT; ISSUE; GOODS NOT RECEIVED; PENALTY.
       A warehouseman warehouse operator, or any officer, agent,
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    or servant of a warehouseman warehouse operator, who issues or
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    aids in issuing a receipt knowing that the goods for which such
   receipt is issued have not been actually received by such
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    warehouseman the warehouse operator, or are not under his the
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    actual control of the warehouse operator at the time of issuing
    such receipt, shall be guilty of a crime; and, upon conviction,
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   punished for each offense by imprisonment not exceeding five
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     years or by a fine not exceeding $10,000, or by both.
227*#51S
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       227.51 RECEIPT; ISSUE; CONTAINING FALSE STATEMENT;
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    PENALTY.
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       A warehouseman warehouse operator, or any officer, agent,
    or servant of a warehouseman warehouse operator, who
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     fraudulently issues or aids in fraudulently issuing a receipt
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    for goods knowing that it contains any false statement, shall be
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    guilty of a crime; and, upon conviction, punished for each
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    offense by imprisonment not exceeding one year or by a fine not
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     exceeding $3,000, or by both.
227*#52S
        227.52 RECEIPT; DUPLICATE; NOT SO MARKED; ISSUE.
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       A warehouseman warehouse operator, or any officer, agent,
    or servant of a warehouseman warehouse operator, who issues or
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    aids in issuing a duplicate or additional negotiable receipt for
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   goods knowing that a former negotiable receipt for the same
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    goods or any part of them is outstanding and uncanceled, without
    plainly placing upon the face thereof the word "duplicate"
    except in the case of a lost, stolen or destroyed receipt after
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    proceedings as provided for by law, shall be guilty of a crime;
    and, upon conviction, punished for each offense by imprisonment
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    not exceeding five years or by a fine of not exceeding $10,000,
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    or by both.
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227*#53S
       227.53 RECEIPTS ISSUED FOR WAREHOUSEMAN+S WAREHOUSE
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    OPERATOR'S GOODS WHICH DO NOT STATE THAT FACT.
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       Where there are deposited with or held by a warehouseman
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    warehouse operator goods of-which-he-is-owner, owned by that
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   operator either solely or jointly or in common with others, such
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    warehouseman and if the warehouse operator, or any of his the
    operator's officers, agents, or servants,-who, knowing this
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    ownership, issues or aids in issuing a negotiable receipt for
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such goods which does not state such ownership, that person shall be guilty of a crime; and, upon conviction, punished for each offense by imprisonment not exceeding one year or by a fine not exceeding \$3,000, or by both. 227*#54S

227.54 DELIVERY OF GOODS WITHOUT OBTAINING NEGOTIABLE RECEIPT.

A warehouseman warehouse operator, or any officer, agent, or servant of a warehouseman warehouse operator, who delivers goods out of the possession of such warehouseman warehouse operator, knowing that a negotiable receipt the negotiation of which would transfer the right to the possession of such goods is outstanding and uncanceled, without obtaining the possession of such receipt at or before the time of such delivery, shall, except in cases where such delivery of goods is permitted by law, be guilty of a crime; and, upon conviction, punished for each offense by imprisonment not exceeding one year or by a fine not exceeding \$3,000, or by both. 227*#55S

227.55 NEGOTIATION OF RECEIPT FOR MORTGAGED GOODS. 67 Any person who deposits goods to-which-he-has-not without 69 having title to the goods, or upon which there is a lien or mortgage, and who takes for such goods a negotiable

receipt which-he-afterwards-negotiates, later negotiating it for value with intent to deceive and without disclosing his the want 3 of title or the existence of the lien or mortgage shall be 4 guilty of a crime; and, upon conviction, punished for each 5 offense by imprisonment not exceeding one year or by a fine not exceeding \$3,000, or by both. 6 228.48 NEGOTIATION OF BILL FOR MORTGAGED GOODS. 7 8 Any person who ships goods to-which-he-has-not without having title to the goods, or upon which there is a lien or 9 10 mortgage, and who takes for such goods a negotiable bill which 11 he and afterwards negotiates the bill for value with intent to 12 deceive and without disclosing his the want of title or the 13 existence of the lien or mortgage, shall be guilty of a crime; 14 and, upon conviction, punished for each offense by imprisonment 15 not exceeding one year or by a fine not exceeding \$3,000, or by 16 both. 231*#01S 17 231.01 DEFINITIONS. No change for subd $\,1\,$ to $\,4\,$ 18 Subd. 5. WAREHOUSEMAN WAREHOUSE OPERATOR. The term 19 "warehouseman warehouse operator," as used in this chapter, 20 21 means and includes every corporation, company, association, 22 joint stock company or association, firm, partnership, or 23 individual, their trustees, assignees, or receivers appointed by 24 any court, controlling, operating, or managing within this state 25 directly or indirectly, any building or structure, or any part 26 thereof, or any buildings or structures, or any other property, 27 and using the same for the storage or warehousing of goods, 28 wares, or merchandise for compensation, or who shall hold 29 himself itself out as being in the storage or warehouse 30 business, or as offering storage or warehouse facilities, or 31 advertise for, solicit or accept goods, wares, or merchandise for storage for compensation, but shall not include persons, corporations, or other parties operating grain or cold storage 34 warehouses, or storing on a seasonal basis boats, boating 35 accessories, recreational vehicles or recreational equipment or 36 facilities in which the party storing goods rents and occupies 37 space as a tenant and the entire risk of loss is with the tenant 38 pursuant to written contract between the landlord and tenant. No change for subd 6 Subd. 7. RATE. The term "rate," as used in this 39 40 41 chapter, includes every individual or joint rate, charge, or 42 other compensation of every warehouseman warehouse operator, 43 either for storage or for any other service furnished in 44 connection therewith, or any two or more such individual or 45 joint rates, charges, or other compensations of any warehouseman 46 warehouse operator, or any schedule or tariff thereof, and any 47 rule, regulation, charge, practice, or contract relating thereto. 48 Subd. 8. COMPENSATION. The term "compensation," as 49 used in this chapter, means any remuneration, recompense, 50 indemnification, requital, or satisfaction assessed, collected, 51 or received for the storage or warehousing of goods, wares, or 52 merchandise of another by a warehouseman warehouse operator. 231*#02S 53 231.02 SUPERVISION OVER WAREHOUSEMEN WAREHOUSE OPERATORS. 54 The department shall have general supervision of all 55 warehousemen warehouse operators doing business and shall keep 56 itself informed as to the manner and method in which their 57 business is conducted. It shall examine such business and keep 58 itself informed as to its general condition, capitalization, 59 rates and other charges, its rules and regulations, and the 60 manner in which the plants, equipment, and other property owned, 61 leased, controlled, or operated, are constructed, managed, 62 conducted, and operated, not only with reference to the 63 adequacy, security, and accommodation afforded to the public by 64 their service, but also in respect to the compliance with the 65 provisions of this chapter or with the orders of the department. 231*#03S 231.03 DEPARTMENT; MAY INSPECT BOOKS, PROPERTY, AND 67 EXAMINE AGENTS OF WAREHOUSEMEN WAREHOUSE OPERATORS. 68 The department, each commissioner, and each officer and 69 person employed by the department, has the right, at any and at 70 all times, to inspect the papers, books, accounts and documents,

plant, equipment, or other property of any warehouseman 72 warehouse operator; and the department, each commissioner, and

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Subdivision 1.

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any officer of the department authorized to administer oaths,
   shall have the power to examine, under oath, any officer, agent,
     or employee of such warehouseman warehouse operator in relation
     to any matter within the jurisdiction of the department;
    provided, that any person, other than a commissioner, demanding
 6 such inspection shall produce, under the seal of the
     department, his the authority to make such inspection; and,
 8 provided, that a written record of the testimony or statement so
    given, under oath, shall be made and filed with the department.
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     Information so obtained shall be not admitted in evidence or
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     used in any proceedings except in proceedings provided for in
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     this chapter.
231*#045
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        231.04 DEPARTMENT TO ENFORCE WAREHOUSE LAW.
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        It is hereby made a duty of the department to see that the
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     provisions of the constitution and the statutes of this state
    affecting warehousemen warehouse operators, the enforcement of
17
     which is not specifically vested in some other officer or
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    tribunal, are enforced and obeyed, that violations thereof are
     promptly prosecuted, and that penalties due the state therefor
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     are recovered and collected; and, to this end, it may sue in the
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     name of the state.
231*#05S
       231.05 ACCOUNTS.
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       The department shall have the power to compel every
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   warehouseman warehouse operator to keep and maintain accurate,
     complete, and comprehensive accounts, including records of
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    service furnished and commissions paid, as well as accounts of
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    earnings and expenses, and it may examine and audit such
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    accounts from time to time. Such accounts shall provide for
     forms showing all sources of income, the amounts due and
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    received from each source, and the amounts expended and for each
     purpose, distinguishing clearly all payments for operating
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     expenses from those for new construction, extensions, additions,
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    repairs, or replacements, and for balance sheets showing assets
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     and liabilities.
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      The department may require every warehouseman warehouse
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   operator engaged, directly or indirectly, in any business other
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     than the warehouse business to keep separately, in like manner
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     and form, the accounts of all such other business, and the
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     department may provide for the examination and inspection of the
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     books, accounts, papers, and records of such other business,
    insofar as may be necessary to enforce any provisions of this
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    chapter. The department shall have the power to inquire as to,
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     and prescribe the apportionment of capitalization, earnings,
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     debts and expenses, fairly and justly to be awarded or borne by
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    the ownership, operation, management or control of such
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     warehouse as distinguished from such other business.
231*#065
       231.06 APPRECIATION AND DEPRECIATION ACCOUNTS.
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       The department shall have the power, after a hearing, to
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     require all warehousemen warehouse operators to keep such
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     accounts as will adequately reflect appreciation, depreciation,
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    or obsolescence. The department may, from time to time,
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     ascertain and determine and, by order, fix the proper and
53
     adequate rate of appreciation or depreciation of the property of
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     each warehouseman warehouse operator, and each
    warehouseman warehouse operator shall conform his the
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     appreciation and depreciation accounts to the rate so
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     ascertained, determined, and fixed.
231*#07S
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       231.07 ACCOUNTS TO BE KEPT IN STATE.
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       Each warehouseman warehouse operator shall have and
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     maintain an office in the city in which it has its principal
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     place of business and keep in this office all such books,
    accounts, papers, records, and memoranda as shall be ordered by
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     the department to be kept within the state. The address of such
     office shall be filed with the department. No books, accounts,
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     papers, records, or memoranda ordered to be kept within the
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    state shall at any time be removed from the state except on such
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     conditions as may be prescribed by the department.
231*#085
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       231.08 WHAT IS REQUIRED OF WAREHOUSEMEN WAREHOUSE
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     OPERATORS.
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TO FURNISH INFORMATION.

warehouseman warehouse operator shall furnish all information

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required by the department to carry into effect the provisions of this chapter and make specific answers to all questions 3 submitted by the department, under oath; and if 4 such warehouseman warehouse operator is a corporation, it shall 5 answer under the oath of one of its duly authorized officers. 6

Every warehouseman warehouse operator shall obey and comply 7 with each and every requirement of every order, decision, 8 direction, rule, or regulation made or prescribed by the 9 department in the matters specified in this chapter; and do 10 everything necessary or proper to secure the compliance with and the observance of the same, by all its officers, agents, and 12 employees.

Subd. 2. RIGHTS NOT LIMITED. Nothing in this 14 chapter shall be construed as limiting the rights of any 15 warehouseman warehouse operator to lease or let for any 1 warehouseman warehouse operator to lease or let for any storage 16 purpose any floor of his a building or any portion thereof. Any warehouseman warehouse operator who so leases any portion or portions of his a warehouse shall first file with the department a schedule showing his the rates for such spaces and the monthly rental per square foot or per cubic foot. 231*#095

231.09 OBLIGATION TO ISSUE UNIFORM RECEIPTS.

Every warehouseman warehouse operator receiving goods in store shall issue for all such a receipt embodying the terms of such receipts as authorized by article 7 of the uniform commercial code.

231*#10S

231.10 GENERAL DUTIES OF WAREHOUSEMEN WAREHOUSE OPERATORS.

All rates made, demanded, or received by any warehouseman warehouse operator for any service rendered or to be rendered 30 shall be just and reasonable. Every unjust or unreasonable rate demanded or received for such service is hereby prohibited and declared unlawful.

Every warehouseman warehouse operator licensed under this chapter shall receive, store and forward all property offered for storage by any person or corporation impartially and at as low a rate of charge and in a manner and on terms, and in quantities as favorable to the party offering such property as he the warehouse operator at the same place receives, stores, and forwards, in the ordinary course of business, property of like description and in similar quantities offered by any other person or corporation.

231*#11S

231.11 SCHEDULE OF RATES.

In order to insure nondiscriminatory rates and charges for all depositors, the commissioner shall establish a collective rate-making procedure which will insure the publication and maintenance of just and reasonable rates and charges under uniform, reasonably related rate structures. These procedures 48 shall provide for the joint consideration, initiation, and establishment of rates and charges, and shall assure that the respective revenues and expenses of warehousemen warehouse operators engaged in warehouse services are ascertained. Any participating warehouseman warehouse operator party to a 53 collectively mandated rate or charge has the right to petition the commissioner for the establishment of a rate or charge which deviates from the collectively set rate. Upon receiving the commissioner's approval, that warehouseman warehouse operator may proceed to establish the requested rate or charge. All warehousemen warehouse operators subject to rate regulation 59 under this chapter must comply with the commissioner's 60 rate-making procedures. No warehouseman warehouse operator shall undertake to perform any service, or store any goods, 62 wares, or merchandise, until a schedule of rates has been filed 63 and published in accordance with this chapter. In case of 64 emergency, however, a service or storage not specifically covered by the schedules filed, may be performed or furnished at a reasonable rate, which must then be promptly filed, and which is subject to review in accordance with this chapter.

231.12 CHANGE OF RATES.

69 Unless the department otherwise orders, no warehouseman 70 warehouse operator may change any rate except after ten days' 71 notice to the department and to the public pursuant to this 72 section. Notice shall be given by filing with the department

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     and keeping open for public inspection new schedules or
     supplements stating plainly the changes to be made in the
     schedules then in force and the time when the changes will go
    into effect. The department for good cause shown, may, after
    hearing, allow changes without requiring the ten days' notice by
   an order specifying the changes to be made, the time when they
    shall take effect, and the manner in which they shall be filed
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     and published.
231*#13S
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        231.13 CHARGING MORE OR LESS THAN THE PUBLISHED RATE.
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        Except as specified in sections 231.11 and 231.12, no
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     warehouseman warehouse operator shall have, demand, collect, or
    receive, a greater or less or different compensation for any
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   service rendered or for storing any goods, wares, or merchandise
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     than the rates applicable to such service or storage, as
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    specified in the schedules on file and in effect at the time.
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      When a warehouseman warehouse operator shall have had goods
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    in store for such a period that the storage charges thereon
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    accumulated are more than such goods would bring at a forced
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    sale, the department, upon written application and proof
20 thereof, may authorize such warehouseman warehouse operator to
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    compromise such charges for a sum not less than the amount which
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    such goods would bring at such forced sale.
231*#145
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        231.14 DISCRIMINATION IN RATES.
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        Except as herein otherwise specified, no warehouseman
    warehouse operator, or any officer, agent, or employee thereof,
shall, directly or indirectly, by remittance, rebate, or any
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27 device, inducement, or other means, suffer or permit any
28 corporation or person to obtain any service, or the storage of
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    any goods, wares, or merchandise, at less than the rates then
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     established and in force as shown by the schedule filed and in
31 effect at the time. No person or corporation shall, directly or
32 indirectly, by any device, inducement, or means, either with or
33 without the consent or connivance of a warehouseman warehouse
    operator, or any of the officers, agents, or employees thereof,
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35 obtain, or seek to obtain, any service, or the storage of any
    goods, wares, or merchandise, at less than the rates then
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    established and in force therefor. Any warehouseman warehouse
    operator, or the officers, agents, or employees thereof, or any
    person acting for or employed by it, or transacting business
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    with it, or any other person, who shall violate any provision of
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    this section, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and, upon
    conviction, subject to imprisonment not exceeding one year or to
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    a fine not exceeding $3,000, or both.
231*#15S
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231.15 DEPARTMENT TO FIX RATES AND REGULATIONS.

When the department after a hearing upon its own motion, or upon complaint finds that the rates demanded, observed, charged, or collected by any warehouseman warehouse operator for any 48 service or storage of goods, wares, or merchandise, or in connection with such service or storage, are unjust, unreasonable, discriminatory, preferential, or in any wise in violation of any provision of law the department shall determine the just and reasonable rates to be thereafter effective and in force in such warehouse and fix the same by an order, which shall determine when such rates shall go into effect. Before making any order under the provisions of this section, the warehouseman warehouse operator shall have an opportunity to be heard upon reasonable notice to be determined by the department. 231*#16S

231.16 WAREHOUSEMAN WAREHOUSE OPERATOR TO OBTAIN LICENSE. Every person desiring to engage in the business of warehouseman warehouse operator, before engaging therein, shall be licensed annually by, and shall be under the supervision and subject to the inspection of, the department. Written application in the form prescribed by the department shall be made to the department for license, specifying the city in which it is proposed to carry on the business of warehousing, the location, size, character, and equipment of the buildings or premises to be used by the warehouseman warehouse operator, the kind of goods, wares, and merchandise intended to be stored therein, the name of the person or corporation operating the same, and of each member of the firm or officer of the corporation, and any other facts necessary to satisfy the

01/17/86 GENDER REVISION OF 1986 - VOLUME 4 department that the property proposed to be used is suitable for 2 warehouse purposes and that the warehouseman warehouse operator 3 making the application is qualified to carry on the business of 4 warehousing. Should the department decide that the building or 5 other property proposed to be used as a warehouse is suitable for the proposed purpose and that the applicants are entitled to a license, notice of the decision shall be given the interested 8 parties and, upon the applicants filing with the department the 9 necessary bond, as provided for in this chapter, the department shall issue the license provided for, upon payment of the license fee, as in this section provided. A 10 11 12 warehouseman warehouse operator to whom a license is issued 13 shall pay for the license a fee based on the storage capacity of 14 the warehouse as follows: Storage capacity in square feet 15 \$ 80 16 (1) 5,000 or less (2) 5,001 to 10,000 17 \$155 (3) 10,001 to 20,000 18 (4) 20,001 to 100,000 19 20 (5) 100,001 to 200,000 \$470 21 (6) over 200,000 22 Fees collected under this chapter shall be paid into the 23 grain buyers and storage fund established in section 232.22. 24 The license shall be renewed annually on or before July 1, 25 and always upon payment of the full license fee, as provided for in this section for such renewal; and no license shall be issued 26 27 for any portion of a year for less than the full amount of the license fee, as provided for in this section. Each license 28 29 obtained under this chapter shall be publicly displayed in the 30 main office of the place of business of the warehouseman warehouse operator to whom it is issued. The license shall 31 32 authorize the warehouseman warehouse operator to carry on the 33

business of warehousing only in the one city or town named in the application and in the buildings therein described. The department, without requiring an additional bond and license, 36 may issue permits from time to time to any warehouseman warehouse operator already duly licensed under the 38 provisions of this chapter to operate an additional warehouse in the same city or town for which his the original license was issued during the term thereof, upon his the filing an

department. License may be refused for good cause shown and revoked by the department for violation of law or of any rule or regulation by it prescribed, upon notice and after hearing. 231*#17S

231.17 BONDS OF WAREHOUSEMEN WAREHOUSE OPERATORS.

application for a permit in the form prescribed by the

Every warehouseman warehouse operator applying for and receiving a license from the department, as provided for in this chapter, shall file with the department, acceptable to the 50 department, a surety bond to the state of Minnesota. Such bonds shall be in an amount to be determined by the department as reasonable for the applicant but shall not be less than \$10,000 53 and shall be conditioned for the faithful discharge of all duties as a warehouseman warehouse operator operating under this chapter, and full compliance with the laws of the state and chapter, and full compliance with the laws of the state and 56 rules, regulations, and orders of the department relative thereto. Failure to maintain the bond as required shall void the license. 231*#18S

231.18 PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT; HOW COMMENCED. Proceedings before the department against any warehouseman warehouse operator shall be instituted by complaint, verified as

pleadings in a civil action, stating in ordinary language the facts constituting the alleged omission or offense. The parties 64 to such proceeding shall be termed, respectively, complainant

65 and respondent.

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231.19 NOTICE TO RESPONDENT.

67 Upon filing such complaint, if there appear reasonable 68 grounds for investigating such matter, the department shall 69 issue an order, directed to such warehouseman warehouse 70 operator, requiring him the warehouse operator to grant the 71 relief demanded, or show cause by answer within 20 days from the 72 service of such notice, why such relief should not be granted. 73 Such order, together with a copy of the complaint, shall

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forthwith be served upon the respondent. 231*#255 231.25 INVESTIGATION WITHOUT COMPLAINT; NOTICE. The department shall upon its own motion investigate any 4 matter relating to the management of a business by any warehouseman-of-his-business warehouse operator or the reasonableness of all rates whenever in its judgment the public 6 interest so requires. If any such rates are found unreasonable 8 or discriminatory, the department shall find what is reasonable under the circumstances, and may make new schedules of any or all rates under consideration in such investigation, and its 10 order shall fix the date when such rates shall go into effect. 12 Before making any order under the provisions of this section, 13 the warehouseman warehouse operator shall have an opportunity to 14 be heard upon such notice as the department shall deem 15 reasonable. The rates established under the proceedings 16 instituted under this section shall be in force during the 17 pendency of any appeal or other proceedings to review the action of the department. 18 231*#265

231.26 APPEALS TO THE DISTRICT COURT.

Any party to a proceeding before the department, or any party affected by any order thereof, may appeal therefrom to the district court of the county in which the principal place of business of the respondent is located; or, in case the order is made in a proceeding commenced by the department on its own motion without complaint, to the district court of any county in which the warehouseman-has-his warehouse operator's principal place of business is located, at any time within 30 days after service of a copy of such order on the parties of record, as in this chapter provided, by service of a written notice of appeal on the department or on its secretary. Upon service of the notice of appeal, the department, by its secretary, shall forthwith file with the clerk of the district court to which the appeal is taken a certified copy of the order appealed from, together with the findings of fact on which the same is based. 231*#275

231.27 PROCEEDINGS ON APPEAL; ORDERS NOT APPEALED FROM. The appellant serving such notice of appeal shall, within five days after service thereof, file the same with proof of service, with the clerk of the court to which the appeal is taken, and thereupon the district court shall have jurisdiction over the appeal, and the same shall be tried therein, according to the rules relating to a trial of civil actions, so far as the same are applicable. The complainant before the department, if there is one (otherwise the state of Minnesota), shall be designated as the complainant in the district court, and the warehouseman warehouse operator as the defendant. No further pleadings than those filed before the department shall be necessary. Such findings of fact shall be prima facie evidence of the matters therein stated, and the order shall be prima facie reasonable, and the burden of proof upon all issues raised by the appeal shall be on the appellant. If the court shall determine that the order appealed from is lawful and reasonable, it shall be affirmed, and the order enforced as provided by law. If it shall be determined that the order is unlawful or unreasonable, it shall be vacated and set aside. Such appeal shall not supersede the order appealed from, unless the court, upon an examination of the order and the return made on the appeal and after giving the respondent notice and opportunity to be heard, shall so direct. If such appeal is not taken, such order shall be final and it shall thereupon be the duty of the warehouseman warehouse operator affected to adopt and publish the rates therein prescribed and abide by the order of the department. When no appeal is taken from an order, as herein provided, the parties affected by such order shall be deemed to have waived the right to have the merits of such controversy reviewed by a court and there shall be no trial of the merits or reexamination of the facts of any controversy in which the order was made by any district court to which application may be made for the writ to enforce the same. 231 * # 285

231.28 FAILURE TO OBEY ORDER OR LAW.

When any warehouseman warehouse operator shall fail to obey 70 71 any law of this state, or any order of the department, the department may, upon verified petition alleging such failure,

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apply to the district court of the county in which
     the warehouseman-has-his warehouse operator's principal place of
 3 business is located, for the enforcement of such law or order,
 4 or other appropriate relief. The court, upon such notice as it
 5 may direct, shall hear such matter as in case of an appeal from
     an order. On the hearing, the findings of fact upon which the
     order is based shall be prima facie evidence of the merits
 8 therein stated, and the court may grant any provisional or other
nature of the case may require, and may impose a fine of not more than $50 for each dayle feet.
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     relief, ordinary or extraordinary, legal or equitable, which the
     more than $50 for each day's failure to obey any writ, process,
12 or order of the court, in addition to all other penalties or
forfeitures provided by law. A temporary mandatory or restraining order may be made in such proceedings,
     notwithstanding any undetermined issue of fact, upon such terms
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16 as to security as the court may direct.
231*#30S
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       231.30 INCRIMINATING QUESTIONS.
       In any proceeding under any law relating to
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19 warehousemen warehouse operators, the court at its discretion
20 may require a witness to answer any question, although his the
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    answer may tend to convict him the witness of a crime, but no
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    person so compelled to answer shall thereafter be liable to any
23
     prosecution for such crime.
231*#315
        231.31 COUNSEL FEES MAY BE ALLOWED.
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        In any proceeding in district court under the provisions of
26 any law relating to warehousemen warehouse operators, either by
27 appeal or otherwise, the court may order the payment by either
28 party of such counsel fees and disbursements as it deems just
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     and reasonable.
231*#34S
       231.34 ACTION ON BOND IN THE NAME OF THE STATE.
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      When any one licensed to do business as a public
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    warehouseman warehouse operator fails to perform his a duty, or
33 violates any of the provisions of this chapter, any person or
34 corporation injured by such failure or violation may, with the
35 consent of the department and the attorney general, bring an 36 action in the name of the state, but to his-or-their the
37 person's or corporation's own use, in any court of competent
38 jurisdiction on the bond of such warehouseman warehouse operator.
39 In such action the person or corporation in whose behalf the
    action is brought shall file with the court a satisfactory bond
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     for costs, and the state shall not be liable for any costs.
231*#36S
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        231.36 FALSIFICATION OR DESTRUCTION OF ACCOUNTS.
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        Any person who shall wilfully make any false entry in the
    account or in any record or memorandum kept by a
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45 warehouseman warehouse operator, or who shall wilfully destroy,
46 mutilate, alter, or by any other means or device, falsify a
47 record of any such account, record, or memorandum, or who shall
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     wilfully neglect or fail to make full, true, and correct entries
49 in such accounts, records, or memoranda, of all facts and
50 transactions appertaining to the business of the warehouseman
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    warehouse operator, or shall keep any accounts or records with
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    the intent to evade the provisions of this chapter, shall be
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    guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and, upon conviction, subject to
    imprisonment not exceeding one year or to a fine not exceeding
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    $3,000, or both.
231*#375
        231.37 PENALTY FOR DIVULGENCE OF INFORMATION.
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       Any officer or employee of the department who divulges to
58 any person, other than a member of the department, any fact or
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    information coming to his the knowledge of the officer or
60 employee during the course of an inspection, examination, or
    investigation of any accounts, records, memoranda, books, or
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    papers of a warehouseman warehouse operator, except insofar
63 as he may be authorized by the department, or by a court of
    competent jurisdiction, or a judge thereof, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and, upon conviction, subject to imprisonment
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66 not exceeding one year or to a fine not exceeding $3,000, or to
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    both.
231*#38S
6.8
      231.38 PENALTY FOR TRANSACTING BUSINESS WITHOUT A
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70 Any person who shall transact the business of a

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warehouseman warehouse operator, except for the purpose of
    winding up the same under the supervision of the department,
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    without first procuring a license and giving a bond as provided
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    for in this chapter and any licensed warehouseman warehouse
    operator who shall operate any warehouse without obtaining the
    permit herein provided for or who shall continue to transact
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    such business after such license has expired or such bond may
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    have become void or found insufficient security for the penal
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    sum in which it is executed by the department approving the same
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   shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and upon conviction
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    fined in a sum not less than $100 nor more than $3,000 for each
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    and every day such business is carried on before the license or
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    permit, as the case may be, is issued or after the expiration of
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    such license or permit or after receiving notice from the
15 department that such bond has become void or has been found
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    insufficient security; and the operation of such warehouseman
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    warehouse operator may be enjoined upon complaint of the
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    department before a court of competent jurisdiction.
231*#395
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       231.39 PERSONS VIOLATING ACT OR ORDER; PENALTY.
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Any warehouseman warehouse operator and each person who, either individually or acting as an officer, agent, or employee of a warehouseman warehouse operator, violates or fails to comply with any provisions of this chapter, or fails to observe, obey, or comply with any order, decision, rule, regulation, direction, or requirement or any part or portion thereof of the department made or issued under authority of this chapter or who procures, aids, or abets any warehouseman warehouse operator in his the violation of this chapter or in his the failure to observe, obey, or comply with this chapter or any such order, decision, rule, regulation, direction, or requirement or any part or portion thereof in a case in which a penalty is not otherwise provided for in this chapter is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$3,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Each violation of the provisions of this chapter, or of any order, decision, rule, regulation, direction, or requirement of the department, or any part or portion thereof, by any warehouseman warehouse operator is a separate and distinct

In construing and enforcing the provisions of this chapter relating to penalties, the act, omission, or failure of any officer, agent, or employee of any warehouseman warehouse operator, acting within the scope of his official duties or employment, shall in each case be and be deemed to be the act, omission, or failure of such warehouseman warehouse operator. 232*#245

232.24 SCHEDULE OF INSPECTION, FINANCIAL REPORTS.

No change for subd 1 to 2

Subd. 3. INSPECTION, SAMPLING. The commissioner or his the commissioner's authorized agent shall sample, inspect, and grade grains received or distributed from grain warehouses at such time and place and to such an extent as he the commissioner may deem necessary to determine whether sampling, inspection, and grading conducted by the warehouse operator conforms with the standards set by the board of grain standards. The commissioner may obtain any additional information he the commissioner deems necessary and is authorized to enter upon any public or private premises during regular business hours in order to carry out the provisions of this subdivision.

232*#25S 61

232.25 PENALTY.

A person who violates the provisions of sections 232.20 to 232.25 is guilty of a misdemeanor. The department may, if it finds after a hearing that any of the provisions of sections 232.20 to 232.25 have been violated by a person holding a license to operate a public grain warehouse, suspend or revoke the license. In case of revocation, no new license shall be granted to the person whose license was revoked nor to any one 69 either directly or indirectly engaged with-him in the licensed business for two years.

233*#01S

233.01 DEFINITIONS. 71

72 No change for subd 1

```
Subd. 2. WAREHOUSEMAN WAREHOUSE OPERATOR. Wherever
   the term "warehouseman warehouse operator" is used in this chapter it shall be construed to mean and include the party,
      parties, copartnership, association, or corporation engaged in
   5 the operation of a "public terminal warehouse," as defined in
   6 this section.
        Subd. 3. PUBLIC TERMINAL WAREHOUSE. The term
   8 "public terminal warehouse" wherever used in this chapter shall
   9 be construed to mean and include all elevators or warehouses
  10 located within the switching limits of St. Paul, Minneapolis,
      and Duluth, or other points in the state, which are now, or
  11
  12 hereafter may be, designated as terminal points in which grain
  13 not belonging to the warehouseman warehouse operator is received
  14 for storage, whether for hire or without charge, and shall
     include all warehouses where grain stored for different owners is mixed with the grain of other owners and where the identity
  15
  16
  17 of the different lots or parcels is not preserved, and shall
  18 include all warehouses where grain other than that of
      the warehouseman warehouse operator is stored in separate bins
  19
  20
      and the identity thereof preserved.
        Sections 233.03 and 233.04, and sections 233.06 and 233.09,
  21
  22 insofar as relates to the requirements therein, in respect to
 grade and dockage, and wherever requirements in respect to the same occur in sections 233.06 and 233.09, shall not apply to any
  25 such warehouse which is used and operated exclusively for
  26 cleaning, drying, cooling, mixing, and conditioning for the
  27 market, grain belonging to others and storing such grain until
  28 disposed of by the owner thereof, in which warehouse the grain
  29 of each owner or depositor is stored in separate bins or tanks
  30 and is kept separate from the grain of every other owner or
  31 depositor, and no grain belonging to such warehouseman warehouse
     operator is received, handled, or stored.
      In all cases where such grain is delivered to a terminal
  33
 34 elevator the receipt shall be issued in the name of the owner,
  35 or his owner's agent, unless otherwise ordered in writing.
  36
       No change for subd 4
  233*#035
  37
         233.03 DUTIES OF WAREHOUSEMEN A WAREHOUSE OPERATOR.
  38
        Every warehouseman warehouse operator shall receive for
 39 storage and shipment as far as warehouse capacity will permit,
 40
      all grain in suitable condition for storage, tendered in the
     usual course of business, without discrimination of any kind.
  41
 42 All grain shall be inspected on receipt and stored with other
  grain of the same grade except as herein otherwise provided. At
the time of the receipt of the grain, the warehouseman warehouse
      the time of the receipt of the grain, the warehouseman warehouse
45 operator shall issue and deliver to the owner or consignee a
 46 warehouse receipt, authorized by the department, in the
 47
     following form:
 Warehouse Receipt No..... Eleva
         ..... Elevator Co.
          ..... 19......
       The ..... Elevator
51
     52
     as .....situated at
 53
 54
         situated at .....
 55 Minnesota, for storage from ......
  56
        owner, ..... bushels of ..... which has been duly
 57
  57 inspected by a duly authorized inspector of grain

    appointed by the department of agriculture of
    Minnesota, or licensed by the Secretary of

61
       Agriculture of the United States, and has been
 grain of the same kind and grade, is deliverable upon
the return of this receipt properly endorsed by the
 66 owner above named and the payment of all lawful
67
        charges; in case of grain stored separately in a
      special bin, at the request of the owner or consignee, the identity of the grain will be preserved while in
68
 69
       store and the grain'will be delivered as a separate
  70
 71
         lot or parcel, in accordance with the law, upon
```

surrender of the receipt. Loss by fire, heating or

Countersigned by

the elements is at the owner's risk.

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73

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Secretary
           The ..... Elevator Company
      conducts this elevator as a public terminal warehouse
     and receives and stores therein grain of others for
       ..... bushels ..... grade.
                                       Ву .....
                         STUB RECORD
 9
10
                                Initial Car No. Bushels
     Receipt No..... 19....
11
12 Received in store from
13
      Bushels.... Lbs.... Grade....

Car No. Bushels Car No. Bushels
14
15
16
       The receipts shall be consecutively numbered and delivered
17
   to the owner immediately upon receipt of each lot or parcel of
18
     grain, giving the true and correct grade and weight thereof.
19 The manner of receipt of the grain shall be stated in the
20 receipt, and with the number and distinctive mark of each car,
21 and the name of each barge or other vessel. The failure to
    issue a receipt as directed or the issuance of any warehouse
22
23
     receipt differing in form or language from that prescribed shall
24 be a misdemeanor; provided that a warehouse receipt at the
25 request of the owner or consignee, may provide for delivery of
    the grain represented thereby to the depositor, or any other
26
27
    specified person, and may have printed or stamped thereon the
28
     words "non-negotiable."
233*#045
       233.04 GRAIN REDELIVERED ON WAREHOUSE RECEIPT.
29
30
        Upon return of the receipt for grain not stored in separate
31 bins to the proper warehouseman warehouse operator, properly
   endorsed, and upon payment or tender of all advances and legal
32
    charges, grain of the same grade and quantity named therein
33
34
    shall be delivered to the holder of such receipt within 24 hours
     after facilities for receiving the same have been provided. The
35
36 identical grain, if stored in separate bins, shall be so
37
    delivered. If-such-warehouseman-shall-fail-so A warehouse
38
    operator who fails to deliver it -he-shall-be is liable to the
39
    owner in damages at the rate of one cent a bushel for each day's
   delay, unless he-shall-deliver the property is delivered to the
    several owners in the order of demand, as rapidly as it can be
41
42
    done by ordinary diligence. If the warehouseman warehouse
43
    operator shall fail so to deliver such grain, the person
44
    entitled thereto may recover the same, if kept in separate bins,
45
    or the same amount of grain of like grade, if stored with other
   grain, or the value thereof, in a civil action; and
46
47
     such warehouseman warehouse operator shall also be guilty of
48
    theft.
233*#05S
49
      233.05 WAREHOUSEMAN WAREHOUSE OPERATOR NOT TO SELL
50
     WITHOUT AUTHORITY FROM OWNER.
       No warehouseman warehouse operator shall sell or otherwise
51
52
    dispose of or deliver out of store any grain stored in his the
warehouse without the express authority of its owner and the
return of the storage receipt except as herein provided, nor mix
55
    together grain of different grades in store, nor select grain of
56
    different qualities, but of the same grade, for storage or
57
    delivery, nor shall-he-in-any-way tamper with grain of others
58
    while in his the operator's possession or custody with the
    purpose of securing any personal profit to-himself or a profit
59
60
    for any other person, or attempt to deliver grain of one grade
61
    for that of another. Any person violating any provision of this
62
     section shall be punished by a fine of not more than $3,000 or
    imprisonment in the Minnesota correctional facility-Stillwater
63
64
    for not more than five years or both.
233*#06S
       233.06 GRAIN STORED IN SEPARATE BINS.
65
       At the request of the owner or consignee, such warehouseman
66
67
    warehouse operator shall store any grain of the same owner or
68
    consignee, in separate bins, which grain shall then bear the
69
    name of the owner or consignee. The warehouseman warehouse
```

all or any part of such grain. Every such receipt shall give the name of the owner or consignee and state the amount, kind

operator shall issue to the owner or consignee, distinguishing

whether owner or consignee, a warehouse receipt or receipts for

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and grade of grain for which the receipt is issued, and that the grain of such owner or consignee is stored separately from the grain of any other owner or consignee. The warehouseman warehouse operator shall, on presentation and surrender of the 5 warehouse receipt bearing the proper endorsement of the person 6 to whom it was issued, deliver to the person surrendering the receipt such amounts of the same grain as may be demanded and of the same grade as called for by receipt. The warehouseman warehouse operator, at the request of the owner or consignee, 9 10 shall clean, dry, mix or otherwise improve the condition or 11 value of such grain, and it shall be delivered separately from the grain of any other owner or consignee upon the order of the 12 13 owner or consignee, in accordance with the terms of the 14 warehouse receipt issued therefor and endorsed by such owner or 15 consignee; provided, that such special bin receipt, at the 16 request of the owner or consignee, may have printed or stamped thereon the words "non-negotiable" and the delivery of the 17 18 identical grain described therein shall be a sufficient delivery 19 and satisfaction of such receipt. 233*#085

233.08 LICENSE.

No public terminal warehouse shall be operated or receive grain for storage, either to be mixed with the grain of other parties of like grade, or in separate bins, until the owners or parties in charge and operating the warehouse shall first obtain a license from the department authorizing the warehouseman warehouse operator to operate a warehouse under the provisions of this chapter. All licenses issued or renewed annually shall expire at midnight on the 30th day of June next following the date of issuance or renewal. Before any license shall be issued, written application shall be made to the department for 31 license specifying the kind of warehouse, the nature of its construction, its capacity and location, the name of the firm or corporation operating the same and each member of the firm or officer of the corporation and other facts as the department may require shall be contained in the application. The application 36 shall be acted upon with reasonable dispatch by the department; and, if no reason exists for refusing the same, a license may be issued upon the payment of the fee set by the commissioner. The amount of the fee shall be set to cover the costs of administering and enforcing this chapter. A license shall be granted only upon the warehouseman warehouse operator furnishing to the department a bond to the state of Minnesota, to be approved by the department, in a penal sum to be fixed by the department but not less than \$50,000 for each warehouse, which shall be conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of warehouseman warehouse operator and full compliance with all the laws of the state and rules of the department relative to the operation of public terminal warehouses and for the delivery to parties storing grain in such warehouses under the terms of this chapter of the grain or an equal amount of the same kind and grade so stored or the payment therefor of the value of the grain in case of failure to make the delivery. The license may 53 be revoked by the department for violation of the law or any 54 rule or regulation prescribed by the department, but shall only be revoked upon a written notice or complaint specifying the charges and after a hearing had before the department. A license may be refused to any warehouseman warehouse operator 58 whose license has been revoked within the preceding year. If a warehouseman warehouse operator applies for a license for more than one warehouse in the same county, but one bond need be furnished but the same shall in all cases be in proportion to the capacity of all warehouses.

63 Fees collected under this chapter shall be paid into the 64 grain buyers and storage fund established in section 232.22. 233*#09S

233.09 STATEMENT OF GRAIN IN WAREHOUSE; REPORTS.

Every terminal warehouseman warehouse operator shall post conspicuously in his the operator's business office, on or before Tuesday morning of each week, a statement of the amount of grain of each kind and grade in store in his the warehouse at the close of business on the preceding Saturday and render a like statement, verified by him the operator or his a bookkeeper having personal knowledge of the facts, to the warehouse registrar of the department. He The operator shall also make a 74 daily statement to the registrar of the amount of each kind and

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grade of such grain received in store in his the warehouse the
     preceding day; the amount shipped or delivered, and the
     warehouse receipt canceled on such delivery, stating the number
    of each receipt and the amount, kind, and grade of grain shipped
    or delivered thereon; the amount, kind, and grade of grain
     delivered for which no warehouse receipt was issued and how and
    when the same was received, the aggregate of such reported
 8
    cancelation and delivery of unreceipted grain corresponding in
 9
    amount, grade, and kind with the shipments and deliveries
10
    reported; and at the same time report the receipts canceled upon
    issue of new ones, with the number of each such receipt canceled
11
12
    and that issued in its place. He The operator shall also
13
    furnish the registrar any further information regarding receipts
14
    issued or canceled necessary for correct record of all such
    receipts and of grain received and delivered and make a further
15
16
     verified statement to the department of the condition and
17
    management of any terminal warehouse under his the operator's
     control, at such times and in such form as the department may
18
19
    require.
233*#10S
20
       233.10 PUBLICATION OF RATES; CHARGES FOR HANDLING AND
21
     STORING GRAIN.
22
       Every warehouseman warehouse operator operating a "public
23
    terminal warehouse" located within the switching limits of St.
    Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth or other terminal point pursuant to
24
25
     section 233.01, subdivision 3, shall annually, during the first
    week in July, publish in some newspaper, daily if there be one,
26
    published in the place where his the warehouse is situated, a
27
28
     schedule of storage rates for the ensuing year, which shall not
29
    be increased during such year, and no discrimination in rates
30
    shall be made by any such warehouseman warehouse operator. The
    charges for receiving, handling and delivering grain at such
32
    warehouse and the charges for storing grain in such warehouse
33
     shall be fixed by the department, subject to the provisions of
    Minnesota Statutes 1969, Chapter 15.
34
233*#11S
       233.11 INSPECTION.
35
36
       Every person having an interest in any grain stored in any
    such warehouse, and every state grain inspector, shall have the
37
    right to examine at all times during ordinary business hours any
39
    grain so stored, and all parts of such warehouse; and every such
40
    warehouseman,-his warehouse operator and the operator's agents
41
     and servants, shall furnish proper facilities for such
42
     examination.
233*#225
43
        233.22 WITHHOLDING GRAIN.
44
        The owner or consignee of grain consigned to a terminal
    warehouse may have the same withheld from storage and delivered
45
    to him-or-his-order or at the direction of the owner or
46
47
    consignee by giving notice to the carrier in possession thereof,
    and to the warehouseman warehouse operator to whom such grain
48
    was consigned, and paying all charges that may be a lien thereon.
49
50
    Such grain shall be removed within 24 hours after the car or
51
    boat containing the same is placed in a proper and convenient
52
     place for unloading. If the grain be delivered contrary to such
    notice, such warehouseman warehouse operator, and the carrier so
53
54
    delivering the same, shall be jointly and severally liable to
55
    the owner for double its value.
233*#23S
56
       233.23 UNAUTHORIZED STORAGE.
57
       No contract, agreement, understanding, or combination shall
58
    be entered into between any public warehouseman warehouse
59
    operator and any common carrier or other person for the delivery
60
    of any grain at any public warehouse contrary to the direction
61
    of the owner, nor shall any grain be so delivered or received.
233*#33S
62
        233.33 POLICE PROTECTION.
63
       Subdivision 1. PROTECTION TO GRAIN.
                                               All railroad
64
    companies, warehousemen warehouse operators and millers
65
    operating at the terminal points of this state shall furnish
66
    ample and sufficient police protection at all of their several
67
     terminal yards and on their terminal tracks to securely protect
68
    all cars containing grain, while the same are in their
```

possession, shall prohibit and restrain all unauthorized

persons, whether under the guise of samplers, sweepers, or under any other pretext whatever, from entering or loitering in or

about their respective railroad yards or tracks and from entering any cars of grain under their control, or removing 3 grain therefrom, and shall employ and detail such number 4 of watchmen security guards as may be necessary for the purpose 5 of carrying out the provisions of this section. Subd. 2. VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES. Any railroad 6 company, warehouseman warehouse operator or miller operating at 7 any terminal point of this state, who shall fail to comply with 8 9 the provisions of this section, and any unauthorized person, who

10 shall remove grain from a car before said car is unloaded, or who shall sweep or remove any grain from a car after it is

234*#045

a misdemeanor.

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234.04 MAY APPOINT SUPERVISORY BOARDS.

The department is authorized to appoint such local 16 supervisory boards for any county or counties which it may deem 17 necessary for the purpose of supervising generally and under the direction of the department, grain in storage, the issuance of certificates against such grain and carrying out of the purposes 20 and enforcing the provisions of this chapter.

unloaded at any terminal point in this state, shall be guilty of

Such boards shall consist of not less than three nor more than seven members, each of whom shall be a producer of grain in the state and a resident thereof. Each member, upon appointment, shall qualify by taking oath similar to that required of public officials and shall continue in office until his a successor is appointed by the department, which shall also have authority to fill any vacancies arising by reason of the 28 resignation, death, or removal by it of any such member or 29 members.

30 Each such board shall select such officers, keep such 31 records, and perform such duties as the department may prescribe. 234*#07S

234.07 BOND OF SEALER.

Each sealer shall furnish bond for the faithful performance of his all duties in such amount as shall be determined by the 35 department, but in no event shall such bond be in an amount less 36 than \$1,000. The bonds and sureties thereon shall, in every case, be subject to approval of the department and be deposited with it, and in case it is not a personal bond the premium thereon shall be paid by the department out of the funds collected under this chapter. He The sealer shall also qualify by taking oath similar to that required of public officials. 234*#085

234.08 DUTIES OF SEALER.

It shall be the duty of the sealer under the direction of the department to:

- (1) Supervise the storage of grain;
- (2) Ascertain the amount stored by each owner who shall desire to avail-himself take advantage of the privileges of this 48 chapter;
 - (3) Determine so far as possible upon the basis prescribed in the rules and regulations issued hereunder the exact grade 51 and quantity thereof;
 - (4) Ascertain, prior to the issuance of any certificate, 53 that the bin, crib, granary, or other receptacle in which the grain is stored is satisfactory for the storage of such grain and that such receptacle conforms to the regulations applicable thereto promulgated by the department.

He The sealer shall, before delivering certificate to the owner, ascertain that there are no other certificates outstanding upon the grain and seal the granary, crib, bin, or other receptacle in which the grain is stored in the manner 61 hereinafter provided, and thereafter make periodic inspections of the granaries, cribs, bins, or other receptacles so sealed at 63 such times and in such manner as the department may determine; 64 but in no event less frequently than at 90-day intervals, rendering to the department with reference to subsequent inspection, ar to the owner when requested, report or affidavit in such form as may be required in regard to the amount and condition of the grain under seal and the condition of the structure within which it is stored. 234*#115

70 234.11 CERTIFICATES.

71 Certificates shall be upon forms to be prepared and 72 furnished by the department and every certificate must embody

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    within its written or printed terms:
        (1) The date and consecutive number thereof;
        (2) A particular description of the granary, crib, bin, or
     other receptacle in which the grain is stored and of the
 4
    premises on which it is located;
       (3) Description of the grain as may be required by the
 7
    regulations issued hereunder;
 8
        (4) Name of the owner or owners, whether ownership is sole,
 9
     joint, or in trust, and in case of tenants, the date of the
10
     expiration of the lease;
11
        (5) Statement that no other certificates are outstanding on
12
     the grain represented thereby;
13
       (6) Statement whether grain will be delivered to bearer, to
14
     a specified person, or to a specified person or his the person's
15
     order, and at what place it will be delivered;
16
       (7) Facsimile signature of each of the members of the
17
     department and counter signature of the sealer;
18
       (8) Statement of any loans or other indebtedness which in
19
     any manner constitutes a lien, whether statutory or contractual,
    including both mortgage and landlord's lien upon the grain;
20
21
        (9) Form of waivers of liens.
234*#125
22
        234.12 OWNER TO EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE.
23
        No term or condition shall be inserted in any certificate,
24
   whether negotiable or otherwise, which shall in any manner
25
     purport to relieve the owner from exercising that degree of care
    in the safekeeping of the grain in storage which a reasonably
26
27
     prudent man person would exercise with regard to similar
28
     property of-his-own that person owns.
234*#15S
29
        234.15 OWNER TO DELIVER DUPLICATE.
30
       When-the An owner who negotiates the original certificate,
     he shall at the same time deliver to the assignee the duplicate
31
    or the receipt of the county recorder for the same. Such
32
    assignee may file the duplicate in the office of the county
34
     recorder of the county in which the grain is located which
35
    duplicate shall remain in the custody of the county recorder,
36
     except as hereinafter provided.
234*#16S
        234.16 DUPLICATE FILED WITH COUNTY RECORDER.
37
38
       When a duplicate is filed in the office of the county
39
     recorder, he the recorder shall index the same in the chattel
    mortgage index or other suitable index book showing date of the
41
    certificate, the number thereof, to whom issued, kind, quantity,
    and location of the grain. He \underline{\text{The recorder}} shall collect 35 cents for each certificate indexed. The filing and indexing of
42
43
44
     such certificate shall impart the same notice as the filing and
45
    indexing of a chattel mortgage.
234*#175
        234.17 ASSIGNMENTS MAY BE FILED.
46
47
       When the owner or holder of a certificate makes written
48
    assignment thereof the county recorder shall on request of the
49
    assignee enter a copy of such assignment upon the duplicate in
50
     his the recorder's office and enter upon the index book the date
51
    of the assignment, the names of the assignor and the
52
    assignee. He The recorder shall collect 25 cents for each
53
    assignment entered.
234*#225
       234.22 FEES FOR SEALER.
55
        In the exercise of his the power and functions as of an
56
    officer of the peace in connection with the provisions of this
57
     chapter, the sealer is entitled to the same fees as are provided
    by law for the performance of similar duties.
58
234*#275
59
       234.27 UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE TO APPLY.
60
        All the provisions of article 7 of the uniform commercial
61
     code, relative to the negotiation, transfer, sale, or
62
     endorsement of warehouse receipts, shall, so far as possible,
63
    apply to the negotiation, transfer, sale, or endorsement of the
64
    certificates provided for herein.
65
       For the purpose of application of the uniform commercial
```

(a) A certificate authorized by the department which evidences the storing of grain under the provisions of this chapter is a document of title as defined in section 336.1-201, clause (15); and

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71

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(b) A person who has title to and possession of any grain
 2 stored under the provisions of this chapter is a warehouseman
 3 warehouse operator as defined in section 336.7-102, clause
  4
      (1)(h).
 235*#05S
  5
        235.05 CARRIERS' RECEIPTS; PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO GIVE.
 6
        Every common carrier transporting grain shall give the
 7 shipper on request a receipt for the number of pounds of grain
 8 received from him the shipper and deliver such quantity to the
 9 consignee or proper connecting carrier, less loss from
10 transportation, not to excéed 60 pounds to each car.
       Such carrier shall forfeit to the state for each refusal to
 11
12
     give such receipt not less than $10 nor more than $50 and for
13 each failure to deliver the proper quantity of grain not less
14
     than $50 nor more than $100.
235*#07S
15
     235.07 DELIVERY FOR STORAGE A BAILMENT.
       The delivery of grain to any warehouseman warehouse
17
     operator for storage, although it be mingled with that of
     others, or shipped or removed from the original place of
19 storage, shall be deemed a bailment, and not a sale.
235*#10S
       235.10 UNLAWFUL DISCRIMINATION IN SALE OR PURCHASE OF
20
21
     GRAIN.
22
        Any person, firm, copartnership, or corporation engaged in
23
     the business of buying grain, either for himself itself or
destroying the business of a competitor, discriminate between different sections. localities
24 others, who shall, with the intention of creating a monopoly or
     different sections, localities, communities, or cities of this
27 state, by purchasing such grain at a higher price or rate in one
28 locality than is paid for grain of same grade and condition by
29
30
     the purchaser in another locality after making due allowance for
     the difference, if any, in actual cost of transportation from
     the locality of purchase, to the locality of manufacture, use,
31
32 or distribution, shall be deemed guilty of unfair discrimination;
and upon conviction thereof punished by a fine not exceeding 34 $700 or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed six
    $700 or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed six
35
     months.
236*#01S
        236.01 DEFINITIONS.
36
       No change for subd 1 to 3 Subd. 4. "Grain bank receipt" means a non-negotiable
37
38
39 receipt issued to the owner of the grain or his the owner's
40 agent.
41
        No change for subd 5
236*#025
     236.02 GRAIN BANK LICENSING; BONDING OF APPLICANTS.
42
43
        Any person who (1) operates an establishment which
44
    processes grain into feed and (2) is licensed to buy grain as a
45 public or private local grain warehouseman warehouse operator
46
    under section 232.02 may obtain a license to operate a grain
47
    bank. No person may conduct a grain bank without a grain bank
48
     license.
49
       A grain bank license shall be obtained from the department,
50 which is hereby authorized to issue such a license upon
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    compliance by the applicant with the bond requirements of
52
     sections 236.01 to 236.09. Such grain bank license shall be in
53
     addition to the license to buy grain as a public or private
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     local grain warehouseman warehouse operator and shall empower
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     the licensee to conduct a grain bank in accordance with sections
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     236.01 to 236.09.
57
     Every grain bank license shall expire at midnight on the 30th day of June each year. A license shall be required for
58
59 each location where a grain bank is operated. Such licenses
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     shall be revocable by the department for cause upon notice and
61
     hearing. All licenses and rules regulating the operation of the
62 grain bank shall be posted in a prominent and easily accessible
63 place in the grain bank. The license fee shall be set by the
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    commissioner in an amount sufficient to cover the costs of
65
    administering and enforcing this chapter.
      Fees collected under this chapter shall be paid into the
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   grain buyers and storage fund established in section 232.22.
       No license shall be issued for the operation of a grain
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bank until the applicant has filed with the department a bond in

such sum as the department may prescribe, which sum shall not be

less than \$1,500 for each license and shall at all times be in

sufficient sum to protect the holders of outstanding grain bank 2 receipts. Such bonds shall be filed annually and cover the period of the grain bank license. Such bonds shall run to the state of Minnesota and shall be for the benefit of all persons storing grain in such grain bank. They shall be conditioned upon the faithful performance by the grain bank operator of all the provisions of the law relating to the operation of grain banks by such grain bank operator, and the rules and regulations of the department relative thereto. The department is 10 authorized to require such increases in the amounts of such 11 bonds from time to time as it deems necessary for the protection of grain bank receipt holders. The surety of such bonds shall 12 13 be a corporate surety company authorized to transact business in 14 the state of Minnesota. Any person for whose benefit the bond 15 is given may commence an action thereof in their own name in 16 district court. Any person who is granted a grain bank license at more than one location may, with the department's approval, 17 file one bond covering all locations in such total amount as the 18 department may require under sections 236.01 to 236.09 and the 19 20 rules and regulations made pursuant to sections 236.01 to 21 236.09. Any person, firm or corporation licensed as a public 22 local grain warehouseman warehouse operator and bonded under the provisions of section 232.13 may include liability for 23 24 outstanding non-negotiable grain bank receipts under the coverage of such bond in lieu of securing a separate grain bank 25 bond as provided in this section. 26 236*#04S

236.04 CHARGES.

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28 Grain for which a grain bank receipt is issued shall be 29 received and stored for processing. Storage charges shall be paid by the owner at rates prescribed by section 232.06, 31 subdivision 1, and acts amendatory thereof, from ten days after the date on which the grain is delivered to the grain bank until the date the grain or processed grain represented by a grain 33 bank receipt is redelivered to the owner of the grain. Storage 35 charges shall be computed and recorded at the time of the 36 redelivery of grain or processed grain to the owner or at time 37 of sale by the owner. If grain evidenced by a grain bank receipt is not processed or is not sold to the operator of the 38 39 grain bank, the owner thereof or his the owner's authorized 40 agent may obtain redelivery of grain of the kind, quantity, and 41 grade shown on the grain bank receipt which evidences such 42 grain, if the owner or his the authorized agent pays to the 43 grain bank operator a delivery charge in an amount prescribed 44 for delivery charges in public local warehouses by section 45 232.06, subdivision 1, and acts amendatory thereof. Nothing in 46 sections 236.01 to 236.09, however, shall authorize the storage 47 of grain or the issuance of a grain bank receipt for any grain 48 which is not intended, when received at the grain bank, to be 49 redelivered to the owner of the grain or his an authorized agent 50 as a part of mixed or as otherwise processed feeds within a 51 reasonable time after such receipt. 237*#081S

237.081 SUMMARY INVESTIGATIONS OF INADEQUATE SERVICE. No change for subd 1 to 4

Subd. 5. A copy of such order shall be served upon the person against whom it runs or his the person's attorney, and notice thereof shall be given to the other parties to the proceedings or their attorneys. 237*#11S

58 237.11 INSPECTION OF BOOKS OF TELEPHONE COMPANIES IN CASE OF FAILURE TO MAKE REPORTS.

Every telephone company subject to the provisions of this chapter, wherever organized, shall keep an office in this state, and make such reports to the department as it shall from time to time require. All books, records, and files and all of its property shall be at all times subject to inspection by the department. It shall close its accounts and take therefrom a balance sheet on December 31 of each year, and on or before May I following, such balance sheet, together with such other information as the department shall require, verified by an officer of the telephone company, shall be filed with the department.

In the event that any telephone company shall fail to file its annual report, as provided by this section, the department is authorized to make such an examination of the books, records,

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1 and vouchers of the company as is necessary to procure the 2 necessary data for the annual report and cause the same to be 3 prepared. The expense of procuring this data and preparing this 4 report shall be paid by the telephone company failing to report, 5 and the amount paid shall be credited by the state treasurer to 6 funds in-his-hands appropriated for the expense of the 7 department. The department is authorized to force collection of such 9 sum by an action at law in the name of the department. 237*#425 10 237.42 DELIVERY OF MESSAGE. 11 When the party to whom a message is addressed resides or 12 does business within the corporate limits of any city where a 13 telegraph office is situated, the same shall be promptly 14 delivered at his the party's place of residence or business, if 15 the same is known or can with reasonable diligence be ascertained. Otherwise he the party shall be notified by the 16 17 first mail where it can be found. 237*#44S 18 237.44 LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES. 19 If any person or corporation owning or operating a 20 telegraph line wholly or partly within the state shall fail to 21 transmit any message within a reasonable time, or to exercise 22 due diligence to that end, after its reception, or shall fail to deliver any message to the party to whom it is addressed within a reasonable time after its arrival at the place of destination, 25 he-or-it the person or corporation shall be liable in a civil 26 action at the suit of the party injured for all damages 27 sustained by reason of such neglect or omission. The company 28 delivering the message shall state plainly thereon the exact time when it was received at the original point for transmission. 237*#475 30 237.47 ALARM TRANSMISSION TELEPHONE DEVICES; REGULATIONS. No change for subd 1 to 2 $\,$ Subd. 3. Whenever the sheriff, police chief, or fire chief 31 32 33 has knowledge of the use of any such attachment or device not 34 operated or maintained in accordance with the provisions of this 35 section he, that official may order its removal. 36 No change for subd 4 239*#002S 239.002 PURPOSE AND POLICY. 37 In recognition of the facts that (1) only about one dozen 38 39 countries in the world have not yet adopted or begun to 40 implement the metric system of weights and measures; (2) the United States is one, and the only major industrialized nation, 41 42 of that remaining number; (3) the secretary of commerce of the 43 United States, pursuant to a two-year study under the Metric Study Act of 1968, has recommended that the United States now 45 begin a deliberate change to the metric system; (4) economists 46 and other students of international trade recognize the pressing 47 necessity of such a change if this country is to maintain and improve her its rightful place in the world trade community; and 48 49 (5) as the continued economic growth of this state and its local 50 industry is inextricably linked with the ability of the United 51 States to hold and competitively serve foreign export markets, 52 it is, therefore, declared to be in the best interest of the 53 state of Minnesota and her its citizens that this state now 54 begin the gradual but deliberate implementation of the metric 55 system of weights and measures. 239*#08S 239.08 INSPECTING, TESTING, SEALING; INCORRECT WEIGHTS, 56 57 MEASURES. 58 The division or any of its employees shall have power to 59 inspect and test all weights, scales, beams, and measures of 60 every kind, instruments and mechanical devices for measurement, 61 and tools, appliances, or accessories connected with any or all such instruments for measurement that are kept, offered, or exposed for sale, or sold, or used, or employed within this 63 64 state by any person in determining the size, quantity, extent, 65 area, or measurement of quantities, things, produce, articles 66 67 person for sale, hire, or reward; and it shall as often as necessary, see that the points.

this duty the division, or any of its employees, may enter or go into and upon any stand, place, building, or premises to stop

for distribution or consumption, offered or submitted by any

necessary, see that the weights, measures, and all apparatus 69 used in the state are correct. In the general performance of

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any vendor or any dealer and require him the person, if
 2 necessary, to proceed to some place which the scaler may specify
 4 measures, or weighing or measuring instruments that are found, upon inspection, to correspond with
 3 for the purpose of making proper tests. Scales, weights,
    upon inspection, to correspond with the standards in the
    possession of the division shall be sealed with proper devices
    to be approved by the department. Any employee shall condemn,
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    seize, and destroy incorrect weights, measures, or weighing or
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    measuring devices which, in the judgment of the division cannot
    be satisfactorily repaired, and such as are incorrect and yet
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11 may be repaired, shall be marked as "condemned for repair," in
12
    the manner to be prescribed by the division. The owners or
13
     users of any scales, weights, measures, or weighing or measuring
14 instruments which have been so disposed of shall have the same
   repaired or corrected within 30 days, and the same shall not be
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    used or disposed of in any way without the consent of the
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    division.
239*#09S
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        239.09 SPECIAL POSICEMEN POLICE OFFICERS.
19
        The division and all authorized employees under the
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    provisions of sections 239.01 to 239.10 are hereby made special
     policemen police officers and are authorized and empowered to
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    arrest, without formal warrant, any violator of the statute in
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    relation to weights and measures, and to seize for use as
    evidence and without formal warrant, any false weight, measure,
    or weighing or measuring device or package or kind of commodity
25
    found to be used, retained, or offered or exposed for sale or
27
    sold in violation of law.
239*#235
        239.23 OFFENSES; PENALTIES.
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        Any person who shall offer or expose for sale, sell or use,
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   or have-in-his-possession possess a false scale, weight or
    measure, or weighing or measuring device, or any weight or
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    measure or weighing or measuring device which has not been
    sealed as provided by sections 239.01 to 239.10, or use the same
34 in the buying or selling of any commodity or thing; or who shall
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    dispose of any condemned weight, measure, or weighing or
    measuring device, or remove any tag placed thereon by any
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    authorized employee of the division, or sell or offer or expose
sell or offer or expose for sale any such commodities in the manner contrary to law or sell
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    for sale less than the quantity he-represents represented; or
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    manner contrary to law; or sell or offer for sale or have-in-his
    possession possess for the purpose of selling, any device or
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    instrument to be used to, or calculated to, falsify any weight
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    or measure, or refuse to pay any fee charged for testing and
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    sealing or condemning any scale, weight, or measure, or weighing
    or measuring device, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
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239*#245
46
        239.24 HINDERING OFFICIAL; PENALTY.
47
       Any person hindering, impeding, or restricting in any way
     any employee of the division while in the performance of his
48
     official duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
239*#255
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        239.25 OBSTRUCTION OF INSPECTION.
51
        Every person, association, or corporation that refuses to
    allow entrance upon or into his-or its premises, building,
53 stand, or place for the purpose of inspection as prescribed in
section 239.12, or that shall use, employ, keep, sell, or offer or expose for sale any such meters, mechanical devices, or
    measures in violation of section 239.12 shall be guilty of a
57
    misdemeanor and each violation thereof shall constitute a
58
    separate offense.
239*#385
59
        239.38 SEALING.
60
       Every person who shall buy, sell, or dispose of any goods
   or commodities by an unsealed weight, measure, or scale kept by
    him the person, or shall knowingly use any such weight, measure,
62
    or scale which has been sealed, but is incorrect, shall be
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     guilty of a misdemeanor; but no contract of sale shall thereby
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    be rendered void.
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239.53 USING FALSE WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

239*#535

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Every person who shall injure or defraud another by using, 68 with knowledge that the same is false, a false weight, measure, or other apparatus for determining the quantity of any commodity 70 or article of merchandise, or by knowingly delivering less than

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1 the quantity he-represents represented; or who shall retain in his-possession any weight or measure, knowing it to be false, 3 unless it appears beyond a reasonable doubt that it was so retained without intent to use it, or permit it to be used in 5 violation of the foregoing provisions of this section; or who 6 shall knowingly mark or stamp false or short weights or false 7 tare on any cask or package, or knowingly sell or offer for sale 8 any cask or package so marked, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. 240*#02S

240.02 RACING COMMISSION.

Subdivision 1. COMMISSION CREATED. A Minnesota racing commission is established with the powers and duties specified in Laws 1983, chapter 214. The commission consists of nine members appointed by the governor with the advice and 14 consent of the senate. Not more than five of the members may belong to the same political party. The governor shall designate the chairman chair of the commission. Of the members first appointed, three are for terms expiring June 30, 1985, three are for terms expiring June 30, 1987, and three are for terms expiring June 30, 1989. After the expiration of the initial term, appointments are for terms of six years. appointment to fill a vacancy in an unexpired term is for the remainder of the term and is with the advice and consent of the 23 senate.

Subd. 2. QUALIFICATIONS. A member of the commission must have been a resident of Minnesota for at least five years before appointment, and must have a background and experience as 27 would qualify for membership on the commission. A member must, before taking his-or-her a place on the commission, file a bond in the principal sum of \$100,000 payable to the state, conditioned upon the faithful performance of his-or-her duties. No commission-member commissioner, nor any member of his-or-her the commissioner's immediate family, may hold a license issued by the commission or have a direct or indirect financial interest in a corporation, partnership, or association which holds a license issued by the commission.

36 No change for subd 3 to 7

240*#045

240.04 EMPLOYEES.

Subdivision 1. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR. The commission shall appoint an executive director, who is its chief administrative officer and who serves at its pleasure in the 41 unclassified service. He The executive director shall perform the following duties:

- (a) take and preserve records of all proceedings before the commission, maintain its books, documents, and records, and make them available for public inspection as the commission directs;
- (b) if so designated by the commission, act as a hearing officer in hearings which need not be conducted under the administrative procedure act to conduct hearings, receive testimony and exhibits, and certify the record of proceedings to the commission;
- (c) act as the commission's chief personnel officer and 52 supervise the employment, conduct, duties, and discipline of commission employees; and
 - (d) perform other duties as directed by the commission. No change for subd la
 - Subd. 2. DIRECTOR OF PARI-MUTUELS. The commission may employ a director of pari-mutuels who serves in the unclassified service at the commission's pleasure. He The director of pari-mutuels shall perform the following duties:
 - (a) supervise all forms of pari-mutuel betting on horse racing in the state;
 - (b) inspect all machinery;
 - (c) make reports on pari-mutuel betting as the commission directs;
 - (d) subject to commission approval, appoint assistants to perform duties the commission designates; and
 - (e) perform other duties as directed by the commission. If no director of pari-mutuels is appointed his the duties of that office are assigned to the executive director. The commission may contract with outside services or personnel to assist the executive director in the performance of these duties.
 - Subd. 3. DIRECTOR OF RACING SECURITY. The commission may appoint a director of racing security to serve in the unclassified service at the commission's pleasure. The director

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of racing security shall enforce all laws and commission rules
     relating to the security and integrity of racing. He The
     director of racing security and all other persons designated by
     the commission as security officers have free and open access to
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     all areas of all facilities the commission licenses and may
 6 search without a search warrant any part of a licensed racetrack
     and the person of any licensee of the commission on the
     premises. The director of racing security may order a licensee
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     to take, at the licensee's expense, security measures he
10 determines necessary to protect the integrity of racing, but the
11 order may be appealed to the commission. Nothing in this
12
    chapter prohibits law enforcement authorities and agents from
13
     entering, in the performance of their duties, a premises
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    licensed under Laws 1983, chapter 214.
       If no director of racing security is appointed his the
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    duties of that office are assigned to the executive director.
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     The commission may contract with outside services or personnel
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   to assist the executive director in the performance of these
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    duties.
        Subd. 4. VETERINARIAN. The commission may appoint a
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     veterinarian who must be a doctor of veterinary medicine and who
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    serves at its pleasure in the unclassified service. He The
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    veterinarian shall, while employed by the commission, perform
24
    the following duties:
25
       (a) supervise the formulation, administration, and
26
     evaluation of all medical tests the commission's rules require
27
    or authorize:
28
       (b) advise the commission on all aspects of veterinary
29
    medicine relating to its powers and duties; and
30
       (c) supervise all personnel involved in medical testing,
    subject to the supervision of the executive director.
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       If no veterinarian is appointed, his the duties of that
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    office may be assigned to the executive director. The
34
     commission may contract with outside personnel to assist the
    executive director in the performance of these duties.
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       The commission may require that a licensee reimburse it for
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    the costs of services provided by assistant veterinarians.
       No change for subd 5 to 7
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240*#05S
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       240.05 LICENSES; CLASSES.
       No change for subd 1
40
        Subd. 2. FORMS. All application forms for licenses
41
    must contain a statement to the effect that by accepting a
42
43 license from the commission a licensee consents to having his
44 property or person subject to inspection at any time by the
45
    director of racing security or by security officers designated
46 by the commission.
47
       No change for subd 3
240*#08S
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        240.08 OCCUPATION LICENSES.
        No change for subd 1 to 2
49
        Subd. 3. INVESTIGATIONS. The commission shall
51 investigate each applicant for a class C license to the extent
52
     it deems necessary, and may request the assistance of and may
53 reimburse the bureau of criminal apprehension in investigating
    applicants. The commission may by rule require that an
55
    applicant be fingerprinted or furnish his the applicant's
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    fingerprints. Investigations must be conducted and their costs
57 paid in the manner prescribed by section 240.06, subdivision 3.
58 The commission may cooperate with national and international
59
    organizations and agencies in conducting investigations. The
60
   commission may by rule provide for examining the qualifications
61
     of an applicant for the license being applied for which-he-is
62
    applying. The commission has access to all criminal history
63
     data compiled by the bureau of criminal apprehension on class C
64
    applicants and licensees.
65
       No change for subd 4 to 5
240*#135
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        240.13 PARI-MUTUEL BETTING.
       No change for subd \,1\, to \,4\,
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        Subd. 5. PURSES. 'From the amounts deducted from all
     pari-mutuel pools by a licensee, an amount equal to not less
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70 than five percent of all money in all pools must be set aside by
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   the licensee and used for purses for races conducted by him the
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     licensee. The commission may by rule provide for the
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administration and enforcement of this subdivision.

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No change for subd 6 to 8
240*#145
       240.14 RACING DAYS.
       No change for subd 1 to 3
       Subd. 4. RESCINDING OF RACING DAYS. The commission
 5 may, after a public hearing, rescind one or more racing days
6 assigned to a licensee if it determines that the licensee has
 7 not met or will not meet the terms of his the license. A day or
8 days so rescinded may be reassigned to another licensee.
240*#16S
9 240.16 STEWARDS.
10
       Subdivision 1. POWERS AND DUTIES. All horse races
11
     run at a licensed racetrack must be presided over by a board of
     three stewards, who must be appointees of the commission or
12
13 persons approved by it. The commission shall designate one
14 steward as chairman chair. At least two stewards for all races
15 either shall be employees of the commission who shall serve in
16 the unclassified service, or shall be under contract with the
    commission to serve as stewards. The commission may delegate
17
18 the following duties and powers to a board of stewards:
19
      (a) to ensure that races are run in accordance with the
20
    commission's rules;
21
      (b) to supervise the conduct of racing to ensure the
22 integrity of the sport;
23
     (c) to settle disputes arising from the running of horse
24 races, and to certify official results;
25
      (d) to impose on licensees, for violation of law or
26 commission rules, fines not exceeding $500 and license
27 suspensions not exceeding 30 days;
28
     (e) to recommend to the commission where warranted
    penalties in excess of those in clause (d);
29
     (f) to otherwise enforce the laws and rules of racing; and(g) to perform other duties and have other powers assigned
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31
32 by the commission.
33
        No change for subd 2 to 6
240*#21S
34 240.21 RIGHT OF INSPECTION.
35 The commission and its representatives have the right to
   inspect the licensed premises of a licensee and to examine his
36
37
    the licensee's books and other records at any time without a
38 search warrant.
240*#25S
    240.25 PROHIBITED ACTS.
39
       No change for subd 1 to 3
40
       Subd. 4. TAMPERING WITH HORSES. No person may:
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42
       (a) on the premises of a licensed racetrack use, have-in
his-possession possess, or knowingly assist another person in using a battery or buzzer, electrical or mechanical, or other
45 device or appliance, which can be used to affect a horse's
46 racing condition or performance, other than an ordinary whip;
47
     (b) affect or attempt to affect the racing condition or
48 performance of a horse at a race or workout through the use of a
49 drug or medication in violation of the commission's rules; or
50
     (c) use any method, injurious or otherwise, to affect a
51
   horse's racing condition or performance at a race or workout in
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    violation of the commission's rules.
    No change for subd 5 to 7
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240*#275
54
       240.27 EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN PERSONS.
        No change for subd 1
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56
       Subd. 2. HEARING; APPEAL. An order to exclude a
57 person from any or all licensed racetracks in the state must be
58 made by the commission at a public hearing of which the person
59
    to be excluded must have at least five days' notice. If the
60 person-is present at the hearing, he the person must be
61
    permitted to show cause why he the exclusion should not be
62 excluded ordered. An appeal of the order may be made in the
63
    same manner as other appeals under section 240.20.
64
     No change for subd 3 to 4
65
       Subd. 5. EXCLUSIONS BY RACETRACK. The holder of a
66
    license to conduct racing may eject and exclude from its
67 premises any licensee or any other person who is in violation of
any state law or commission rule or order or who is a threat to
racing integrity or the public safety. A person so excluded
70 from racetrack premises may appeal his the exclusion to the
71 commission and must be given a public hearing on his the appeal
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if-he-so-requests upon request. At the hearing he the person must be given the opportunity to show cause why he the exclusion should not be-so-excluded have been ordered. If the commission 4 after the hearing finds that the integrity of racing and the public safety do not justify the exclusion, it shall order the racetrack making the exclusion to reinstate or readmit the person. An appeal of a commission order upholding the exclusion 8 is governed by section 240.20. 240*#28S

240.28 CONFLICT OF INTEREST. 9

Subdivision 1. FINANCIAL INTEREST. No person may serve on the commission or be employed by it who has an interest in any corporation, association, or partnership which holds a license from the commission or which holds a contract to supply goods or services to a licensee or at a licensed racetrack, including concessions contracts. No member or employee of the commission may own, wholly or in part, or have an interest in a horse which races at a licensed racetrack in Minnesota. No 18 member or employee of the commission may have a financial interest in or be employed in a profession or business which conflicts with the performance of his duties as a member or employee.

Subd. 2. BETTING. No member or employee of the commission may bet or cause a bet to be made on a race at a licensed racetrack while serving on or being employed by the commission. No person appointed or approved by the commission as a steward may bet or cause a bet to be made at a licensed racetrack during a racing meeting at which he the person is serving as a steward. The commission shall by rule prescribe such restrictions on betting by its licensees as it deems necessary to protect the integrity of racing.

No change for subd 3