

State of Minnesota



Office of the State Auditor

Julie Blaha
State Auditor

Cottonwood County Windom, Minnesota

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 100 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice – conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information – collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations – provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension – monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for Minnesota’s local public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing – promotes compliance and accountability in local governments’ use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Cottonwood County Windom, Minnesota

Year Ended December 31, 2020



Office of the State Auditor

**Audit Practice Division
Office of the State Auditor
State of Minnesota**

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

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**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

ORGANIZATION
2020

| Office | Name | Term Expires |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Commissioners | | |
| 1st District | Larry Anderson | January 2023 |
| 2nd District | Kevin Stevens ¹ | January 2025 |
| 3rd District | Donna Gravley | January 2023 |
| 4th District | Norman Holmen | January 2025 |
| 5th District | Tom Appel ² | January 2023 |
| Officials | | |
| Elected | | |
| Attorney | Nicholas Anderson | January 2023 |
| Auditor/Treasurer | Donna Torkelson | January 2023 |
| County Recorder | Kathleen Kretsch | January 2023 |
| Sheriff | Jason Purrington | January 2023 |
| Appointed | | |
| Assessor | Gale Bondhus | December 31, 2024 |
| Coordinator | Kelly Thongvivong | Indefinite |
| Highway Engineer | Nicholas Klisch | May 2022 |
| Veterans Service Officer | Todd Dibble | Indefinite |
| Emergency Management Director | Paul Johnson | Indefinite |

¹Chair 2020

²Chair 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners
Cottonwood County
Windom, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cottonwood County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cottonwood County, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1.E to the financial statements, in 2020, the County adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which represents a change in accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Cottonwood County's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with

auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 5, 2021, on our consideration of Cottonwood County’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Cottonwood County’s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Cottonwood County’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County’s basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the SEFA is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

/s/Julie Blaha

/s/Dianne Syverson

JULIE BLAHA
STATE AUDITOR

DIANNE SYVERSON, CPA
DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

October 5, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
DECEMBER 31, 2020
(Unaudited)**

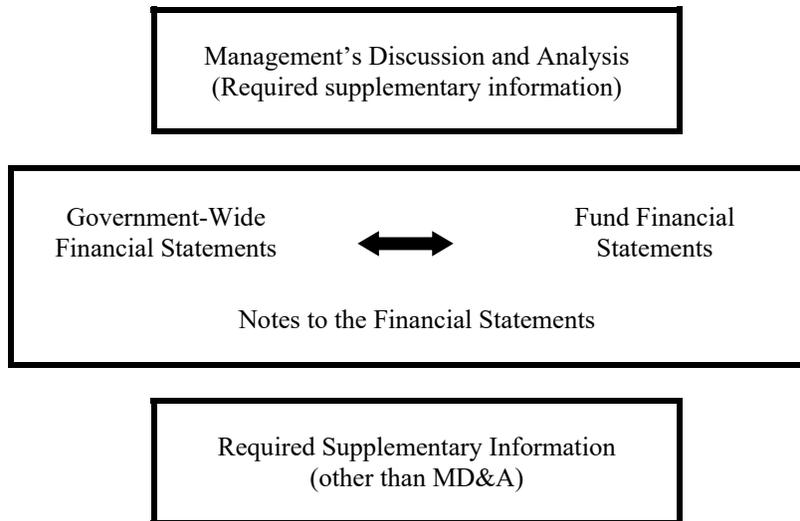
Cottonwood County's Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Governmental activities' total net position is \$70,718,180, of which \$61,211,387 is the investment in capital assets, leaving \$3,221,863 of the governmental activities' net position restricted for specific uses and \$6,284,930 as unrestricted.
- Business-type activities have a total net position of \$1,562,826, of which \$885,498 is the net investment in capital assets, leaving \$437,421 of the business-type net position restricted for specific uses and \$239,907 as unrestricted.
- Cottonwood County's net position increased by \$4,940,911 for the year ended December 31, 2020. This increase is comprised of an increase of \$5,044,941 in the governmental activities' net position and a decrease of \$104,030 in the business-type activities' net position.
- The net cost of governmental activities was \$9,856,712 for the current fiscal year. The net cost was funded by general revenues and other items totaling \$14,901,653.
- Governmental funds' fund balances increased by \$1,204,496.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. Cottonwood County's basic financial statements consist of three parts: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The MD&A (this section) and other information are required to accompany the basic financial statements and, therefore, are included as required supplementary information. The following chart demonstrates how the different pieces are interrelated.



There are two government-wide financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Exhibits 1 and 2) provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements start on Exhibit 3. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements—The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the County as a whole begins on Exhibit 1. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps the reader determine whether the County's financial condition has improved or declined as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the full accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's net position and changes in net position. You can think of the County's net position—the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources—as one way to measure the County's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of County roads, to assess the overall health of the County.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities—Most of the County’s basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and human services, culture and recreation, and conservation of natural resources. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The County charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides. The County’s solid waste landfill activities are reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the County’s major funds begins on Exhibit 3. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the significant funds—not the County as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the County Board establishes some funds to help it control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The County’s three kinds of funds—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—use different accounting methods.

- Governmental funds—Most of the County’s basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County’s general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County’s programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are described in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.
- Proprietary funds—When the County charges customers for the services it provides—whether to outside customers or to other units of the County—these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the County’s enterprise fund presents the same information as the business-type activities in the government-wide statements but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Fiduciary funds—Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held for the benefit of parties outside of the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County’s own programs or activities. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All fiduciary funds are presented on separate statements on Exhibits 10, 11, C-1, and C-2 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Cottonwood County's budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund (Exhibits A-1 to A-2), changes in its obligation to provide other postemployment benefits to its employees (Exhibit A-3), and schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability and schedules of contributions (Exhibits A-4 to A-9).

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The County's combined net position is \$72,281,006. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the County's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1
Net Position

| | 2020 | | | 2019 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 16,240,418 | \$ 1,620,554 | \$ 17,860,972 | \$ 18,665,553 |
| Capital assets | <u>61,211,387</u> | <u>1,865,569</u> | <u>63,076,956</u> | <u>57,651,801</u> |
| Total Assets | <u>\$ 77,451,805</u> | <u>\$ 3,486,123</u> | <u>\$ 80,937,928</u> | <u>\$ 76,317,354</u> |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | <u>\$ 805,592</u> | <u>\$ 26,183</u> | <u>\$ 831,775</u> | <u>\$ 1,173,661</u> |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Long-term liabilities | \$ 5,891,447 | \$ 1,726,224 | \$ 7,617,671 | \$ 7,251,861 |
| Other liabilities | <u>602,607</u> | <u>215,568</u> | <u>818,175</u> | <u>722,271</u> |
| Total Liabilities | <u>\$ 6,494,054</u> | <u>\$ 1,941,792</u> | <u>\$ 8,435,846</u> | <u>\$ 7,974,132</u> |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | <u>\$ 1,045,163</u> | <u>\$ 7,688</u> | <u>\$ 1,052,851</u> | <u>\$ 2,159,357</u> |
| Net Position | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 61,211,387 | \$ 885,498 | \$ 62,096,885 | \$ 57,651,801 |
| Restricted | 3,221,863 | 437,421 | 3,659,284 | 4,688,810 |
| Unrestricted | <u>6,284,930</u> | <u>239,907</u> | <u>6,524,837</u> | <u>5,016,915</u> |
| Total Net Position | <u>\$ 70,718,180</u> | <u>\$ 1,562,826</u> | <u>\$ 72,281,006</u> | <u>\$ 67,357,526</u> |

Net position of the County's governmental activities was \$70,718,180. Unrestricted net position—the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements—was \$6,284,930 at the end of the year. The net position of business-type activities was \$1,562,826.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in Thousands)

| | 2020 | | | 2019 |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Program revenues | | | | |
| Fees, fines, and charges | \$ 1,682 | \$ 733 | \$ 2,415 | \$ 2,015 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 6,590 | - | 6,590 | 5,912 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 772 | - | 772 | 631 |
| General revenues | | | | |
| Property taxes | 10,808 | - | 10,808 | 10,390 |
| Other taxes | 900 | - | 900 | 749 |
| Grants, gifts, and miscellaneous | 3,232 | 6 | 3,238 | 1,845 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 23,984 | \$ 739 | \$ 24,723 | \$ 21,542 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| General government | \$ 4,828 | \$ - | \$ 4,828 | \$ 3,913 |
| Public safety | 2,945 | - | 2,945 | 3,261 |
| Highways and streets | 6,411 | - | 6,411 | 5,878 |
| Sanitation | 339 | - | 339 | 323 |
| Health and human services | 2,868 | - | 2,868 | 2,868 |
| Culture and recreation | 386 | - | 386 | 388 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 1,117 | - | 1,117 | 882 |
| Interest | 6 | - | 6 | 41 |
| Landfill | - | 882 | 883 | 560 |
| Total Expenses | \$ 18,900 | \$ 882 | \$ 19,782 | \$ 18,114 |
| Increase (decrease) before transfers | \$ 5,084 | \$ (143) | \$ 4,941 | \$ 3,428 |
| Transfers | (39) | 39 | - | - |
| Increase (decrease) in net position | \$ 5,045 | \$ (104) | \$ 4,941 | \$ 3,428 |
| Net Position – January 1, as restated | * 65,673 | 1,667 | 67,340 | 63,930 |
| Net Position – December 31, as reported | \$ 70,718 | \$ 1,563 | \$ 72,281 | \$ 67,358 |

*Amount includes a change in accounting principles.

The County's activities increased net position by 7.34 percent (\$72,281,006 for 2020 compared to \$67,340,095 for 2019).

TOTAL COUNTY REVENUE

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the County's governmental activities (see Table 2) were \$23,984,365, while total expenses were \$18,900,472 and transfers out were \$38,952. This reflects a \$5,044,941 increase in net position for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the County's business-type activities (see Table 2) were \$739,684, transfers in were \$38,952, and expenses were \$882,666. This reflects a \$104,030 increase in net position for the year ending December 31, 2020

Governmental Activities' Expenses

The cost of the County's governmental activities this year was \$18,900,472. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes and other general revenue was \$9,856,712 because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$1,682,091) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$7,361,669).

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the County's five largest program functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost, less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Governmental Activities
(in Thousands)

| | 2020 | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Total Cost of Services | Net Cost of Services |
| Highways and streets | \$ 6,411 | \$ (500) |
| General government | 4,828 | 4,529 |
| Public safety | 2,945 | 2,619 |
| Health and human services | 2,868 | 2,868 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 1,117 | 189 |
| All others | 731 | 151 |
| Totals | <u>\$ 18,900</u> | <u>\$ 9,856</u> |

THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As the County completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the Balance Sheet) reported a combined fund balance of \$12,982,716, which is above last year's total of \$11,778,220 (restated). The governmental funds' change in fund balance (an increase of \$1,204,496 for 2020) represents an 10.21 percent increase in governmental fund balances.

The General Fund showed an increase in fund balance of \$1,719,907. The overall increase in fund balance resulted from revenues over expenditures mostly due to a planned capital outlay for building needs that was not expended but was levied for in 2020.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund's fund balance decreased by \$60,943 in 2020. The decrease is a result of construction costs being more than anticipated due to unfavorable construction bids.

In 2020, the Ditch Special Revenue Fund showed a decrease in fund balance of \$301,763. This is due to expenditures on a new joint ditch (JCD 350), expenditures on judicial ditch (JD 3), joint ditch (JD 24CB), and returned funds to judicial ditch (JD 25).

The Building Capital Projects Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$152,705 in 2020. The decrease is due to expenditures for the renovation or tuckpointing of the Courthouse that was included in the budget and the purchase of property that was not included in the budget.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

One budget amendment was made for 2020. The actual revenues were \$1,596,801 more than the budgeted revenues. The actual expenditures were greater than expected by \$126,441, due mostly to unbudgeted, unanticipated expenses related to the Coronavirus and mostly offset by the receipt of a Coronavirus Relief Grant from the Federal Government. In addition to the receipt and expenditures of Coronavirus Relief, an amount was budgeted for long term capital outlay in anticipation of building needs that was not expended.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2020, the County had \$63,076,956 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, highways and streets, and equipment. (See Table 4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$5,425,155, or 9.40 percent, over last year.

Table 4
Changes in Capital Assets During 2020

Governmental Activities

| | <u>Beginning Balance</u> | <u>Increase</u> | <u>Decrease</u> | <u>Ending Balance</u> |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Capital assets not depreciated | | | | |
| Land | \$ 321,124 | \$ 132,326 | \$ 1,140 | \$ 452,310 |
| Right-of-way | 796,481 | - | - | 796,481 |
| Construction in progress | - | 3,948,501 | - | 3,948,501 |
| Total capital assets not depreciated | \$ 1,117,605 | \$ 4,080,827 | \$ 1,140 | \$ 5,197,292 |
| Capital assets depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 5,687,816 | \$ 797,483 | \$ 105,950 | \$ 6,379,349 |
| Machinery and equipment | 7,043,544 | 548,425 | 249,838 | 7,342,131 |
| Infrastructure | 74,982,321 | 1,337,774 | - | 76,320,095 |
| Total capital assets depreciated | \$ 87,713,681 | \$ 2,683,682 | \$ 355,788 | \$ 90,041,575 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 3,070,942 | \$ 116,317 | \$ 19,000 | \$ 3,168,259 |
| Machinery and equipment | 4,348,482 | 509,384 | 190,896 | 4,666,970 |
| Infrastructure | 24,702,259 | 1,489,992 | - | 26,192,251 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ 32,121,683 | \$ 2,115,693 | \$ 209,896 | \$ 34,027,480 |
| Total capital assets depreciated, net | \$ 55,591,998 | \$ 567,989 | \$ 145,892 | \$ 56,014,095 |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$ 56,709,603 | \$ 4,648,816 | \$ 147,032 | \$ 61,211,387 |

Business-Type Activities

| | <u>Beginning Balance</u> | <u>Increase</u> | <u>Decrease</u> | <u>Ending Balance</u> |
|---|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Capital assets not depreciated | | | | |
| Land | \$ 249,586 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 249,586 |
| Capital assets depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 52,731 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 52,731 |
| Land improvements | 2,386,204 | 1,124,950 | - | 3,511,154 |
| Machinery and equipment | 1,072,652 | - | 72,120 | 1,000,532 |
| Total capital assets depreciated | \$ 3,511,587 | \$ 1,124,950 | \$ 72,120 | \$ 4,564,417 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 28,915 | \$ 968 | \$ - | \$ 29,883 |
| Land improvements | 2,222,433 | 87,063 | - | 2,309,496 |
| Machinery and equipment | 567,627 | 99,079 | 57,651 | 609,055 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ 2,818,975 | \$ 187,110 | \$ 57,651 | \$ 2,948,434 |
| Total capital assets depreciated, net | \$ 692,612 | \$ 937,840 | \$ 14,469 | \$ 1,615,983 |
| Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$ 942,198 | \$ 937,840 | \$ 14,469 | \$ 1,865,569 |

Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total outstanding debt of \$1,421,951 versus \$1,438,200 last year—a decrease of 1.13 percent—as shown in Table 5.

Table 5
Changes in Outstanding Debt During 2020

Governmental Activities

| | <u>Beginning Balance</u> | <u>Additions</u> | <u>Reductions</u> | <u>Ending Balance</u> | <u>Due Within One Year</u> |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Bonds payable (fund liquidating the debt) | | | | | |
| G.O. Drainage Crossover Refund Bond 2011 (Ditch) | \$ 105,000 | \$ - | \$ 105,000 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Add: unamortized premium | 228 | - | 228 | - | - |
| Total bonds payable | \$ 105,228 | \$ - | \$ 105,228 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Loans payable | 1,332,972 | 258,967 | 169,988 | 1,421,951 | 165,234 |
| Governmental Activities Debt | <u>\$ 1,438,200</u> | <u>\$ 258,967</u> | <u>\$ 275,216</u> | <u>\$ 1,421,951</u> | <u>\$ 165,234</u> |

The County's general obligation bond rating is an AA-. This rating is assigned by national rating agencies. The state limits the amount of net debt that counties can issue to three percent of the market value of all taxable property (\$3,257,119,142) in the County. The County's outstanding net debt (\$1,421,951) is significantly below this state-imposed limit (\$97,713,574).

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting landfill fees, the fiscal year 2021 budget, and property tax rates.

- Cottonwood County is anticipating reductions of state aids to local governments. The County will do its best to maintain a stable service environment even if state reductions are implemented.
- County governmental fund expenditures for 2021 are budgeted to decrease slightly by 1.2 percent from 2020.
- Property taxes levied have increased 3.0 percent for 2021.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Auditor/Treasurer, Donna Torkelson, Cottonwood County Courthouse, 900 – 3rd Avenue, Windom, Minnesota 56101; (507) 831-1342.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 1

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Governmental Activities</u> | <u>Business-Type Activities</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ 12,121,469 | \$ 390,313 | \$ 12,511,782 |
| Receivables | 2,984,558 | 55,857 | 3,040,415 |
| Internal balances | 800,000 | (800,000) | - |
| Inventories | 334,391 | - | 334,391 |
| Restricted assets | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | - | 1,974,384 | 1,974,384 |
| Capital assets | | | |
| Non-depreciable | 5,197,292 | 249,586 | 5,446,878 |
| Depreciable – net of accumulated depreciation | 56,014,095 | 1,615,983 | 57,630,078 |
| Total Assets | \$ 77,451,805 | \$ 3,486,123 | \$ 80,937,928 |
| <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> | | | |
| Deferred other postemployment benefits outflows | \$ 92,532 | \$ 2,902 | \$ 95,434 |
| Deferred pension outflows | 713,060 | 23,281 | 736,341 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ 805,592 | \$ 26,183 | \$ 831,775 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 287,585 | \$ 29,840 | \$ 317,425 |
| Salaries payable | 185,437 | 5,657 | 191,094 |
| Contracts payable | 84,389 | 180,071 | 264,460 |
| Accrued interest payable | 202 | - | 202 |
| Unearned revenue | 44,994 | - | 44,994 |
| Long-term liabilities | | | |
| Due within one year | 221,694 | 2,838 | 224,532 |
| Due in more than one year | 1,910,440 | 1,569,828 | 3,480,268 |
| Other postemployment benefits liability | 304,950 | 9,667 | 314,617 |
| Net pension liability | 3,454,363 | 143,891 | 3,598,254 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 6,494,054 | \$ 1,941,792 | \$ 8,435,846 |
| <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> | | | |
| Deferred other postemployment benefits inflows | \$ 19,711 | \$ 590 | \$ 20,301 |
| Deferred pension inflows | 1,025,452 | 7,098 | 1,032,550 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ 1,045,163 | \$ 7,688 | \$ 1,052,851 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

***EXHIBIT 1
(Continued)***

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Governmental Activities</u> | <u>Business-Type Activities</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <u>Net Position</u> | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 61,211,387 | \$ 885,498 | \$ 62,096,885 |
| Restricted for | | | |
| General government | 249,431 | - | 249,431 |
| Public safety | 251,405 | - | 251,405 |
| Highways and streets | 949,500 | - | 949,500 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 1,669,457 | - | 1,669,457 |
| Economic development | 102,070 | - | 102,070 |
| Postclosure care | - | 437,421 | 437,421 |
| Unrestricted | <u>6,284,930</u> | <u>239,907</u> | <u>6,524,837</u> |
| Total Net Position | <u>\$ 70,718,180</u> | <u>\$ 1,562,826</u> | <u>\$ 72,281,006</u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| <u>Functions/Programs</u> | Expenses | Fees, Charges, Fines, and Other |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Governmental activities | | |
| General government | \$ 4,827,950 | \$ 291,281 |
| Public safety | 2,945,074 | 84,879 |
| Highways and streets | 6,410,836 | 219,265 |
| Sanitation | 338,674 | 341,358 |
| Health and human services | 2,867,610 | - |
| Culture and recreation | 386,623 | 96,502 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 1,117,264 | 648,806 |
| Interest | 6,441 | - |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 18,900,472 | \$ 1,682,091 |
| Business-type activities | | |
| Landfill | 882,666 | 733,212 |
| Total | \$ 19,783,138 | \$ 2,415,303 |

General Revenues

Property taxes
Gravel taxes
Mortgage registry and deed tax
Wheelage tax
Windpower tax
Grants and contributions not restricted
to specific programs
Payments in lieu of tax
Investment income
Miscellaneous
Gain on sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net Position – January 1, as previously reported
Restatement (Note 1.E)

Net Position – January 1, as restated

Net Position – Ending

EXHIBIT 2

| <u>Program Revenues</u> | | <u>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position</u> | | |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u> | <u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u> | <u>Governmental Activities</u> | <u>Business-Type Activities</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| \$ 7,500 | \$ - | \$ (4,529,169) | \$ - | \$ (4,529,169) |
| 240,865 | - | (2,619,330) | - | (2,619,330) |
| 5,919,343 | 771,745 | 499,517 | - | 499,517 |
| 69,692 | - | 72,376 | - | 72,376 |
| - | - | (2,867,610) | - | (2,867,610) |
| 73,314 | - | (216,807) | - | (216,807) |
| 279,210 | - | (189,248) | - | (189,248) |
| - | - | (6,441) | - | (6,441) |
| \$ 6,589,924 | \$ 771,745 | \$ (9,856,712) | \$ - | \$ (9,856,712) |
| - | - | - | (149,454) | (149,454) |
| \$ 6,589,924 | \$ 771,745 | \$ (9,856,712) | \$ (149,454) | \$ (10,006,166) |
| | | \$ 10,808,169 | \$ - | \$ 10,808,169 |
| | | 72,493 | - | 72,493 |
| | | 23,365 | - | 23,365 |
| | | 131,539 | - | 131,539 |
| | | 672,534 | - | 672,534 |
| | | 2,412,377 | - | 2,412,377 |
| | | 319,396 | - | 319,396 |
| | | 174,201 | - | 174,201 |
| | | 218,873 | - | 218,873 |
| | | 107,658 | 6,472 | 114,130 |
| | | (38,952) | 38,952 | - |
| | | \$ 14,901,653 | \$ 45,424 | \$ 14,947,077 |
| | | \$ 5,044,941 | \$ (104,030) | \$ 4,940,911 |
| | | \$ 65,690,670 | \$ 1,666,856 | \$ 67,357,526 |
| | | (17,431) | - | (17,431) |
| | | \$ 65,673,239 | \$ 1,666,856 | \$ 67,340,095 |
| | | \$ 70,718,180 | \$ 1,562,826 | \$ 72,281,006 |

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 3

**BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>General</u> | <u>Road and Bridge</u> | <u>Ditch</u> | <u>Building</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ 9,115,036 | \$ 2,128,025 | \$ 687,309 | \$ 191,099 | \$ 12,121,469 |
| Taxes receivable – delinquent | 124,224 | - | - | 266 | 124,490 |
| Special assessments receivable | | | | | |
| Delinquent | 24,091 | - | 59 | - | 24,150 |
| Noncurrent | 1,277,259 | - | - | - | 1,277,259 |
| Loans receivable | 104,738 | - | - | - | 104,738 |
| Due from other governments | - | 1,453,921 | - | - | 1,453,921 |
| Inventories | - | 334,391 | - | - | 334,391 |
| Advance to other funds | 1,200,005 | - | - | - | 1,200,005 |
| Total Assets | \$ 11,845,353 | \$ 3,916,337 | \$ 687,368 | \$ 191,365 | \$ 16,640,423 |
| <u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</u> | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 239,729 | \$ 40,958 | \$ - | \$ 6,898 | \$ 287,585 |
| Salaries payable | 135,268 | 50,169 | - | - | 185,437 |
| Contracts payable | - | 84,389 | - | - | 84,389 |
| Unearned revenue | 44,994 | - | - | - | 44,994 |
| Advance from other funds | - | - | 400,005 | - | 400,005 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 419,991 | \$ 175,516 | \$ 400,005 | \$ 6,898 | \$ 1,002,410 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue | \$ 1,425,574 | \$ 1,229,398 | \$ 59 | \$ 266 | \$ 2,655,297 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**EXHIBIT 3
(Continued)**

**BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>General</u> | <u>Road and Bridge</u> | <u>Ditch</u> | <u>Building</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| <u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</u> | | | | | |
| (Continued) | | | | | |
| Fund Balances | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | | | | |
| Long-term loans receivable | \$ 104,738 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 104,738 |
| Advances to other funds | 1,200,005 | - | - | - | 1,200,005 |
| Inventories | - | 334,391 | - | - | 334,391 |
| Restricted for | | | | | |
| Law library | 42,702 | - | - | - | 42,702 |
| Recorder's technology fund | 111,800 | - | - | - | 111,800 |
| Recorder's compliance fund | 94,929 | - | - | - | 94,929 |
| Enhanced 911 | 72,379 | - | - | - | 72,379 |
| Permit to carry administration | 115,961 | - | - | - | 115,961 |
| Sheriff forfeitures | 63,065 | - | - | - | 63,065 |
| Septic/sewer loan repayments | 490,450 | - | - | - | 490,450 |
| Land restoration | 131,691 | - | - | - | 131,691 |
| Aquatic invasive species program | 197,211 | - | - | - | 197,211 |
| Buffer administration | 245,137 | - | - | - | 245,137 |
| Low-interest small business loans | 102,070 | - | - | - | 102,070 |
| Highway construction | - | 97,719 | - | - | 97,719 |
| Ditch maintenance and repairs | - | - | 819,926 | - | 819,926 |
| Assigned for | | | | | |
| Capital improvements | 1,652,837 | 2,079,313 | - | - | 3,732,150 |
| Building projects | - | - | - | 184,201 | 184,201 |
| Unassigned | 5,374,813 | - | (532,622) | - | 4,842,191 |
| Total Fund Balances | \$ 9,999,788 | \$ 2,511,423 | \$ 287,304 | \$ 184,201 | \$ 12,982,716 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances | \$ 11,845,353 | \$ 3,916,337 | \$ 687,368 | \$ 191,365 | \$ 16,640,423 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 4

**RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO
THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Fund balance – total governmental funds (Exhibit 3) | | \$ 12,982,716 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. | | 61,211,387 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. | | 2,655,297 |
| Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest on long-term liabilities until due and payable. | | (202) |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. | | |
| Loans payable | \$ (1,421,951) | |
| Compensated absences | (710,183) | |
| Other postemployment benefits liability | (304,950) | |
| Net pension liability | <u>(3,454,363)</u> | (5,891,447) |
| Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the other postemployment benefits liability are not reported in the governmental funds. | | |
| Deferred other postemployment benefits outflows | | 92,532 |
| Deferred other postemployment benefits inflows | | (19,711) |
| Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds. | | |
| Deferred pension outflows | | 713,060 |
| Deferred pension inflows | | <u>(1,025,452)</u> |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1) | | <u>\$ 70,718,180</u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 5

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>General</u> | <u>Road and Bridge</u> | <u>Ditch</u> | <u>Building</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 9,093,039 | \$ 2,368,544 | \$ - | \$ 224,936 | \$ 11,686,519 |
| Special assessments | 248,301 | - | 162,751 | - | 411,052 |
| Licenses and permits | 25,471 | 66,725 | - | - | 92,196 |
| Intergovernmental | 3,399,255 | 7,912,777 | - | - | 11,312,032 |
| Charges for services | 708,898 | 36,104 | - | - | 745,002 |
| Fines and forfeits | 15,021 | - | - | - | 15,021 |
| Investment earnings | 174,201 | - | - | - | 174,201 |
| Miscellaneous | 157,273 | 116,436 | 18,036 | 123,564 | 415,309 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 13,821,459 | \$ 10,500,586 | \$ 180,787 | \$ 348,500 | \$ 24,851,332 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 4,722,213 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 4,722,213 |
| Public safety | 3,088,265 | - | - | - | 3,088,265 |
| Highways and streets | - | 10,132,341 | - | - | 10,132,341 |
| Sanitation | 340,062 | - | - | - | 340,062 |
| Health and human services | 15,966 | - | - | - | 15,966 |
| Culture and recreation | 382,478 | - | - | - | 382,478 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 737,806 | - | 375,688 | - | 1,113,494 |
| Capital outlay | | | | | |
| General government | - | - | - | 501,205 | 501,205 |
| Intergovernmental | | | | | |
| Highways and streets | - | 473,003 | - | - | 473,003 |
| Health and human services | 2,851,644 | - | - | - | 2,851,644 |
| Debt service | | | | | |
| Principal | 169,988 | - | 105,000 | - | 274,988 |
| Interest | 5,847 | - | 1,862 | - | 7,709 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 12,314,269 | \$ 10,605,344 | \$ 482,550 | \$ 501,205 | \$ 23,903,368 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | \$ 1,507,190 | \$ (104,758) | \$ (301,763) | \$ (152,705) | \$ 947,964 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**EXHIBIT 5
(Continued)**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>General</u> | <u>Road and Bridge</u> | <u>Ditch</u> | <u>Building</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ - | \$ 7,298 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 7,298 |
| Transfers out | (46,250) | - | - | - | (46,250) |
| Loans issued | 258,967 | - | - | - | 258,967 |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | - | 107,658 | - | - | 107,658 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | <u>\$ 212,717</u> | <u>\$ 114,956</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 327,673</u> |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | <u>\$ 1,719,907</u> | <u>\$ 10,198</u> | <u>\$ (301,763)</u> | <u>\$ (152,705)</u> | <u>\$ 1,275,637</u> |
| Fund Balance – January 1, as previously reported | \$ 8,297,312 | \$ 2,572,366 | \$ 589,067 | \$ 336,906 | \$ 11,795,651 |
| Restatement (Note 1.E) | (17,431) | - | - | - | (17,431) |
| Fund Balance – January 1, as restated | <u>\$ 8,279,881</u> | <u>\$ 2,572,366</u> | <u>\$ 589,067</u> | <u>\$ 336,906</u> | <u>\$ 11,778,220</u> |
| Increase (decrease) in inventories | <u>-</u> | <u>(71,141)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(71,141)</u> |
| Fund Balance – December 31 | <u>\$ 9,999,788</u> | <u>\$ 2,511,423</u> | <u>\$ 287,304</u> | <u>\$ 184,201</u> | <u>\$ 12,982,716</u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 6

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE
GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds (Exhibit 5) \$ 1,275,637

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in unavailable revenue.

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Unavailable revenue – December 31 | \$ 2,655,297 | |
| Unavailable revenue – January 1 | <u>(3,630,709)</u> | (975,412) |

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, in the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of assets is reported; whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Therefore, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the assets disposed.

| | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------|
| Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure | \$ 6,764,509 | |
| Net book value of assets disposed | (147,032) | |
| Current year depreciation | <u>(2,115,693)</u> | 4,501,784 |

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred or amortized in the statement of activities.

| | | |
|----------------------|--|-----------|
| Issuance of new debt | | |
| Loans issued | | (258,967) |

| | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|---------|
| Principal payments | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 105,000 | |
| Loan payments | <u>169,988</u> | 274,988 |

| | | |
|--|--|-----|
| Amortization of premium and deferred amount of refunding | | 228 |
|--|--|-----|

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**EXHIBIT 6
(Continued)**

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE
GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

| | | | |
|--|----|-----------|---------------------|
| Change in inventories | \$ | (71,141) | |
| Change in deferred other postemployment benefits outflows | | 2,390 | |
| Change in deferred pension outflows | | (358,132) | |
| Change in accrued interest payable | | 1,040 | |
| Change in compensated absences | | (44,431) | |
| Change in other postemployment benefits liability | | (18,926) | |
| Change in net pension liability | | (335,364) | |
| Change in deferred other postemployment benefits inflows | | 3,757 | |
| Change in deferred pension inflows | | 1,047,490 | 226,683 |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2) | | | \$ 5,044,941 |

PROPRIETARY FUND

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 7

**STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Landfill Enterprise Fund</u> |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | |
| Current assets | |
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ 390,313 |
| Accounts receivable | 55,857 |
| Restricted assets | |
| Cash and pooled investments | <u>1,974,384</u> |
| Total current assets | <u>\$ 2,420,554</u> |
| Noncurrent assets | |
| Capital assets | |
| Nondepreciable | \$ 249,586 |
| Depreciable – net | <u>1,615,983</u> |
| Total noncurrent assets | <u>\$ 1,865,569</u> |
| Total Assets | <u>\$ 4,286,123</u> |
| <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> | |
| Deferred other postemployment benefits outflows | \$ 2,902 |
| Deferred pension outflows | <u>23,281</u> |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | <u>\$ 26,183</u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**EXHIBIT 7
(Continued)**

**STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Landfill Enterprise Fund</u> |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| <u>Liabilities</u> | |
| Current liabilities | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 29,840 |
| Salaries payable | 5,657 |
| Contracts payable | 180,071 |
| Compensated absences payable – current | 2,838 |
| | <hr/> |
| Total current liabilities | \$ 218,406 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | |
| Advances from other funds | \$ 800,000 |
| Compensated absences payable – long-term | 32,865 |
| Estimated liability for landfill closure/postclosure care | 1,536,963 |
| Other postemployment benefits liability | 9,667 |
| Net pension liability | 143,891 |
| | <hr/> |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | \$ 2,523,386 |
| | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 2,741,792 |
| | |
| <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> | |
| Deferred other postemployment benefits inflows | \$ 590 |
| Deferred pension inflows | 7,098 |
| | <hr/> |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ 7,688 |
| | |
| <u>Net Position</u> | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 885,498 |
| Restricted for postclosure care | 437,421 |
| Unrestricted | 239,907 |
| | <hr/> |
| Total Net Position | \$ 1,562,826 |
| | <hr/> <hr/> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 8

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Landfill Enterprise Fund</u> |
|---|--|
| Operating Revenues | |
| Charges for services | \$ 716,762 |
| Licenses and permits | 67 |
| Miscellaneous | <u>16,383</u> |
| Total Operating Revenues | <u>\$ 733,212</u> |
| Operating Expenses | |
| Personal services | \$ 215,880 |
| Professional services | 155,427 |
| Other services and charges | 365,569 |
| Utilities | 6,961 |
| Depreciation | 187,110 |
| Landfill closure and postclosure care costs | <u>(48,281)</u> |
| Total Operating Expenses | <u>\$ 882,666</u> |
| Operating Income (Loss) | \$ (149,454) |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | |
| Gain on the disposal of property | <u>6,472</u> |
| Income (Loss) Before Transfers | \$ (142,982) |
| Transfers in | <u>38,952</u> |
| Change in Net Position | \$ (104,030) |
| Net Position – January 1 | <u>1,666,856</u> |
| Net Position – December 31 | <u><u>\$ 1,562,826</u></u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 9

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents**

| | Landfill Enterprise Fund |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities | |
| Receipts from customers and users | \$ 728,547 |
| Payments to suppliers | (508,019) |
| Payments to employees | (215,343) |
| | \$ 5,185 |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities | |
| Transfers in | \$ 38,952 |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities | |
| Purchase of capital assets | \$ (944,879) |
| Proceeds from sales of assets | 20,941 |
| Advance from other funds | 800,000 |
| | \$ (123,938) |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ (79,801) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents – January 1 | 2,444,498 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents – December 31 | \$ 2,364,697 |
| Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position – Exhibit 7 | |
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ 390,313 |
| Restricted cash and pooled investments | 1,974,384 |
| | \$ 2,364,697 |
| Total Cash and Cash Equivalents – December 31 | \$ 2,364,697 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**EXHIBIT 9
(Continued)**

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents**

| | <u>Landfill Enterprise Fund</u> |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ <u>(149,454)</u> |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | |
| Depreciation expense | \$ 187,110 |
| Landfill closure and postclosure care costs | (48,281) |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable | (4,665) |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred other postemployment benefits outflows | (99) |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred pension outflows | (13,757) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | 19,938 |
| Increase (decrease) in salaries payable | 1,361 |
| Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable | 3,043 |
| Increase (decrease) in other postemployment benefits liability | 789 |
| Increase (decrease) in net pension liability | 27,787 |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred other postemployment benefits inflows | (157) |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred pension inflows | <u>(18,430)</u> |
| Total adjustments | <u>\$ 154,639</u> |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | <u>\$ 5,185</u> |
| Non-Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities | |
| Capital assets acquired on account | <u>\$ 180,071</u> |

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 10

**STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Custodial Funds</u> |
|---|----------------------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | |
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ 994,119 |
| Taxes and special assessments receivable for other governments | <u>415,889</u> |
| Total Assets | <u>\$ 1,410,008</u> |
| <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> | |
| Prepaid taxes | <u>\$ 52,372</u> |
| <u>Net Position</u> | |
| Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments | <u>\$ 1,357,636</u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT 11

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| <u>Additions</u> | <u>Custodial Funds</u> |
|---|------------------------|
| Contributions from individuals | \$ 42,488 |
| Property tax collections for other governments | 12,727,925 |
| Fees collected for state | <u>1,333,325</u> |
| Total Additions | \$ 14,103,738 |
| | |
| <u>Deductions</u> | |
| Payments of property tax to other governments | \$ 11,696,657 |
| Payments to state | 1,873,914 |
| Payments to other individuals/entities | <u>121,253</u> |
| Total Additions | \$ 13,691,824 |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 411,914 |
| Net Position – January 1, as previously reported | \$ - |
| Net Position – Restatement (Note 1.E) | <u>945,722</u> |
| Net Position – January 1 | \$ 945,722 |
| Net Position – December 31 | \$ 1,357,636 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Cottonwood County was established May 23, 1857, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

The County participates in joint ventures described in Note 5.B. The County also participates in jointly-governed organizations described in Note 5.C.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns: (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities and the business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as a separate column in the fund financial statements. The County reports all of its funds as major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements

2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund is used to account for restricted revenues from the federal and state government, as well as assigned property tax revenues used for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The Ditch Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the cost of constructing and maintaining an agricultural drainage ditch system. Financing is provided by special assessments levied against benefited properties.

The Building Capital Projects Fund is used to account for assigned property tax revenues and rental income to pay the cost of constructing and maintaining County buildings.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

The Landfill Fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and development of the County solid waste landfill.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type:

Custodial funds are safekeeping in nature. These funds account for monies the County holds for others in a fiduciary capacity.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Cottonwood County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Additionally, each fund's equity in the County's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can be deposited or effectively withdrawn from cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity
(Continued)

2. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Auditor/Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2020. A market approach is used to value all investments. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Other funds may receive investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2020 were \$174,201.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either “due to/from other funds” (the current portion of interfund loans) or “advances to/from other funds” (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as “due to/from other funds.” Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as “internal balances.”

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in the General Fund to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

No allowance for accounts receivable and uncollectible taxes/special assessments has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity
(Continued)

4. Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable consist of delinquent special assessments and noncurrent special assessments. No provision has been made for an estimated uncollectible amount.

5. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

6. Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current period, the County did not have any capitalized interest.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| <u>Assets</u> | <u>Years</u> |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Buildings | 25 - 75 |
| Building improvements | 25 |
| Land improvements | 10 |
| Public domain infrastructure | |
| Bridges | 75 |
| Roads | 50 |
| Machinery and equipment | 3 - 15 |

8. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if it has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The current portion is a percentage based on the average of the previous five-year severance payouts. For the governmental activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund. For the business-type activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the Landfill Enterprise Fund.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity
(Continued)

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds and government-wide financial statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

11. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County reports deferred outflows of resources only under the full accrual basis of accounting associated with pension plans and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and, accordingly, they are reported only in the statement of net position.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

11. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of deferred inflows. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from delinquent taxes and special assessments receivable and grants receivable. Unavailable revenue arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. Unavailable revenue is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The County also reports deferred inflows of resources associated with pension plans and OPEB. These inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

12. Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates, and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value. For the governmental activities, the net pension liability is liquidated by the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund. For the business-type activities, the net pension liability is liquidated by the Landfill Enterprise Fund.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity
(Continued)

13. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified in the following components:

Net investment in capital assets – the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted – the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

14. Classification of Fund Balances

The County’s fund balance policy establishes a minimum unassigned fund balance equal to 35 percent of total General Fund expenditures. In the event the unassigned fund balance drops below the established minimum level, the County Board will develop a plan to replenish the fund balance to the established level within two years.

The County’s fund balance policy also includes the authority to establish a financial stabilization account that will be a committed fund balance. The County has not established such an account at this time.

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

14. Classification of Fund Balances (Continued)

Restricted – amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the County Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of actions (resolution) it employed to previously commit these amounts.

Assigned – amounts the County intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Board or the County Auditor/Treasurer, who has been delegated that authority by Board resolution.

Unassigned – the residual classification for the General Fund, which includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or committed.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

15. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources; and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Change in Accounting Principles

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the County adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which establishes criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities. The implementation of this statement has resulted in changing the presentation of the financial statements by removing revenue from the General Fund and Governmental Activities that is not own source revenue and including accruals and ending net position to custodial funds not previously required. Beginning net position has been restated to reflect this change.

| | Governmental Activities | General Fund |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Net Position/Fund balance January 1, 2020, as previously reported | \$ 65,690,670 | \$ 8,297,312 |
| Change in accounting principles | (17,431) | (17,431) |
| Net Position/Fund Balance, January 1, 2020, as restated | \$ 65,673,239 | \$ 8,279,881 |
| | | Custodial Funds |
| Net Position, January 1, 2020, as previously reported | | \$ - |
| Change in accounting principles | | 945,722 |
| Net Position, January 1, 2020, as restated | | \$ 945,722 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Deficit Fund Balance

The Ditch Special Revenue Fund had a positive fund balance of \$287,304 as of December 31, 2020; however, 11 of the 87 ditch systems had deficit balances. The deficits will be eliminated with future special assessment levies against the benefited properties. The following is a summary of the individual ditch systems:

| | | |
|--|----|-----------|
| 76 ditches with positive fund balances | \$ | 819,926 |
| 11 ditches with deficit fund balances | | (532,622) |
| Total Fund Balance | \$ | 287,304 |

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Building Capital Projects Fund's expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$152,705. The expenditures in excess of budget were funded by available fund balance.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's total cash and investments are as follows:

| | | |
|---|----|------------|
| Government-wide statement of net position | | |
| Governmental activities | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ | 12,121,469 |
| Business-type activities | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | | 390,313 |
| Cash and pooled investments – restricted assets | | 1,974,384 |
| Statement of fiduciary net position | | |
| Custodial funds | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | | 994,119 |
| Total Cash and Investments | \$ | 15,480,285 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

a. Deposits

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. § 118A.02 to designate a depository for public funds. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and federally insured time deposits. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County has adopted a policy for custodial credit risk by obtaining collateral or bond for all uninsured amounts on deposit and obtaining necessary documentation to show compliance with state law and a perfected security interest under federal law. As of December 31, 2020, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

b. Investments

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as “high risk” by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) time deposits that are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or bankers’ acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Fair Value of Investments

The County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. Investments (Continued)

- *Level 1:* Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- *Level 2:* Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and
- *Level 3:* Unobservable inputs.

At December 31, 2020, the County had the following recurring fair value measurements.

| | Fair Value Measurements Using | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|--|
| | December 31, 2020 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| Investments by fair value level | | | | |
| Negotiable certificates of deposit | \$ 3,513,000 | \$ - | \$ 3,513,000 | \$ - |

Investments classified in Level 2 are valued using matrix pricing based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in both short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings and other credit risk requirements set by state statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The County has adopted a policy for custodial credit risk by permitting brokers that obtain investments for the County to hold them only to the extent there is Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) coverage and excess SIPC coverage available. Securities purchased that exceed available SIPC coverage shall be transferred to the County's custodian. At December 31, 2020, none of the County's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. It is the County's policy that U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities, and obligations backed by U.S. Treasury and/or U.S. agency securities may be held without limit.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. Investments (Continued)

The following table presents the County’s cash and investment balances at December 31, 2020, and information relating to potential investment risks:

| Investment Type | Credit Risk | | Concentration | Interest | Carrying (Fair) Value |
|---|------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Credit Rating | Rating Agency | Risk Over 5% of Portfolio | Rate Risk Maturity Date | |
| Negotiable certificates of deposit with brokers | N/A | N/A | N/A | Various | \$ 3,513,000 |
| Total investments | | | | | \$ 3,513,000 |
| Checking | | | | | 10,840,935 |
| Savings | | | | | 1,025,000 |
| Petty cash and change funds | | | | | 4,350 |
| Certificates of deposit | | | | | 97,000 |
| Total Cash and Investments | | | | | \$ 15,480,285 |

N/A – Not Applicable

2. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2020, for the County’s governmental activities and business-type activities are as follows:

| | Total Receivables | Amounts Not Scheduled for Collection During the Subsequent Year |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Governmental Activities | | |
| Taxes | \$ 124,490 | \$ - |
| Special assessments – delinquent | 24,150 | - |
| Special assessments – noncurrent | 1,277,259 | 1,085,777 |
| Loans | 104,738 | 100,980 |
| Due from other governments | 1,453,921 | - |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 2,984,558 | \$ 1,186,757 |
| Business-Type Activities | | |
| Accounts | \$ 55,857 | \$ - |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

2. Receivables (Continued)

Details on Loans Receivable

In 2012, Cottonwood County agreed to loan the Southwest Mental Health Center \$131,000 at 2.00 percent interest to help construct a new administrative building. Funds were issued to the Southwest Mental Health Center on May 23, 2013. At December 31, 2020, the outstanding loan balance was \$104,738.

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

| | Beginning Balance | Increase | Decrease | Ending Balance |
|--|----------------------|--------------|------------|-------------------|
| Capital assets not depreciated | | | | |
| Land | \$ 321,124 | \$ 132,326 | \$ 1,140 | \$ 452,310 |
| Right-of-way | 796,481 | - | - | 796,481 |
| Construction in progress | - | 3,948,501 | - | 3,948,501 |
| Total capital assets not depreciated | \$ 1,117,605 | \$ 4,080,827 | \$ 1,140 | \$ 5,197,292 |
| Capital assets depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 5,687,816 | \$ 797,483 | \$ 105,950 | \$ 6,379,349 |
| Machinery and equipment | 7,043,544 | 548,425 | 249,838 | 7,342,131 |
| Infrastructure | 74,982,321 | 1,337,774 | - | 76,320,095 |
| Total capital assets depreciated | \$ 87,713,681 | \$ 2,683,682 | \$ 355,788 | \$ 90,041,575 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 3,070,942 | \$ 116,317 | \$ 19,000 | \$ 3,168,259 |
| Machinery and equipment | 4,348,482 | 509,384 | 190,896 | 4,666,970 |
| Infrastructure | 24,702,259 | 1,489,992 | - | 26,192,251 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ 32,121,683 | \$ 2,115,693 | \$ 209,896 | \$ 34,027,480 |
| Total capital assets depreciated, net | \$ 55,591,998 | \$ 567,989 | \$ 145,892 | \$ 56,014,095 |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$ 56,709,603 | \$ 4,648,816 | \$ 147,032 | \$ 61,211,387 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

| | <u>Beginning Balance</u> | <u>Increase</u> | <u>Decrease</u> | <u>Ending Balance</u> |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Capital assets not depreciated | | | | |
| Land | \$ 249,586 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 249,586 |
| Capital assets depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 52,731 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 52,731 |
| Land improvements | 2,386,204 | 1,124,950 | - | 3,511,154 |
| Machinery and equipment | 1,072,652 | - | 72,120 | 1,000,532 |
| Total capital assets depreciated | \$ 3,511,587 | \$ 1,124,950 | \$ 72,120 | \$ 4,564,417 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 28,915 | \$ 968 | \$ - | \$ 29,883 |
| Land improvements | 2,222,433 | 87,063 | - | 2,309,496 |
| Machinery and equipment | 567,627 | 99,079 | 57,651 | 609,055 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ 2,818,975 | \$ 187,110 | \$ 57,651 | \$ 2,948,434 |
| Total capital assets depreciated, net | \$ 692,612 | \$ 937,840 | \$ 14,469 | \$ 1,615,983 |
| Business-Type Activities | | | | |
| Capital Assets, Net | \$ 942,198 | \$ 937,840 | \$ 14,469 | \$ 1,865,569 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Governmental Activities | |
| General government | \$ 72,154 |
| Public safety | 112,411 |
| Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets | 1,919,487 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 6,696 |
| Culture and recreation | 4,945 |
| Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities | <u>\$ 2,115,693</u> |
| Business-Type Activities | |
| Landfill | <u>\$ 187,110</u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2020, is as follows:

1. Advances To/From Other Funds

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | Amount |
|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| General | Ditch Special Revenue Landfill Enterprise Fund | \$ 400,005 <u>800,000</u> |
| Total Advances To/From Other Funds | | <u>\$ 1,200,005</u> |

The advance to the Ditch Special Revenue Fund is to provide working capital to ditch systems with low reserves and current operating costs in excess of its revenues. This balance will be paid from future ditch special assessments.

The advance to the Landfill Enterprise Fund is for the construction of cell 8 at the landfill. The landfill is not expected to repay \$720,000 within the subsequent year.

2. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

| | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|
| Transfers to Landfill Enterprise Fund from General Fund | \$ 38,952 | Interest distribution |
| Transfers to Road and Bridge Special Revenue fund from General Fund | <u>7,298</u> | Interest distribution |
| Total Interfund Transfers | <u>\$ 46,250</u> | |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

1. Construction Commitments

The County has active construction projects as of December 31, 2020. The projects include the following:

| | Spent-to-Date | Remaining Commitment |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Governmental Activities | | |
| Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund | | |
| SAP 017-633-001 | \$ 437,887 | \$ 16,071 |
| SAP 017-607-021 | 318,415 | 6,585 |
| Total | \$ 756,302 | \$ 22,656 |

2. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

Loans Payable

In 1996, the County agreed to act as loan and project sponsor for a project loan agreement made under the Clean Water Partnership Law with the State of Minnesota through the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (PCA) and the Brown-Nicollet-Cottonwood Project Joint Powers Board. The County is required to repay these funds to the PCA. Beginning in 1998, Ag Well loan funds were received through the Minnesota Department of Agriculture. The loan terms and repayment are similar to those received through the PCA. The County is required to repay the funds to the Minnesota Department of Agriculture. All loans are secured by special assessments placed on the individual parcels requesting repair of a failing system. Loan payments are reported in the General Fund.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

3. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2020, were as follows:

Governmental Activities

| <u>Year Ending December 31</u> | <u>Loans Payable*</u> | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| | <u>Principal</u> | <u>Interest</u> |
| 2021 | \$ 165,234 | \$ 4,573 |
| 2022 | 160,838 | 3,501 |
| 2023 | 153,690 | 2,475 |
| 2024 | 145,903 | 1,603 |
| 2025 | 128,400 | 1,055 |
| 2026 - 2030 | 336,167 | 934 |
| Total | <u>\$ 1,090,232</u> | <u>\$ 14,141</u> |

*The debt service requirements for a loan from the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency of \$331,719 are not known as of December 31, 2020.

4. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

| | <u>Beginning Balance</u> | <u>Additions</u> | <u>Reductions</u> | <u>Ending Balance</u> | <u>Due Within One Year</u> |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Bonds payable | | | | | |
| 2011 G.O. Drainage Refunding | | | | | |
| Bonds | \$ 105,000 | \$ - | \$ 105,000 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Add: unamortized premium | 228 | - | 228 | - | - |
| Total bonds payable | \$ 105,228 | \$ - | \$ 105,228 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Loans payable | 1,332,972 | 258,967 | 169,988 | 1,421,951 | 165,234 |
| Compensated absences | 665,752 | 282,777 | 238,346 | 710,183 | 56,460 |
| Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities | <u>\$ 2,103,952</u> | <u>\$ 541,744</u> | <u>\$ 513,562</u> | <u>\$ 2,132,134</u> | <u>\$ 221,694</u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

4. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities (Continued)

For governmental activities, drainage bonds are generally liquidated by the Ditch Special Revenue Fund and loans are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Business-Type Activities

| | Beginning Balance | Additions | Reductions | Ending Balance | Due Within One Year |
|---|----------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care | \$ 1,585,244 | \$ - | \$ 48,281 | \$ 1,536,963 | \$ - |
| Compensated absences | 32,660 | 8,175 | 5,132 | 35,703 | 2,838 |
| Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities | <u>\$ 1,617,904</u> | <u>\$ 8,175</u> | <u>\$ 53,413</u> | <u>\$ 1,572,666</u> | <u>\$ 2,838</u> |

5. Nonexchange Financial Guaranties – Red Rock Rural Water System

The Red Rock Rural Water System (RRRWS) was established by the Fifth Judicial District under Minn. Stat. §§ 116A.01 through 116A.26 to serve as a multi-county water system in the Counties of Brown, Cottonwood, Jackson, Lyon, Martin, Murray, Nobles, Redwood, and Watonwan.

On August 18, 2011, pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 475 and 116A, the County issued the \$1,450,000 G.O. Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2011A, on behalf of the RRRWS to refund the outstanding portion of the G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2003. Scheduled bond payments for the issuance began on July 1, 2012, and continue until the final maturity date of January 1, 2027. Bonds maturing on January 1, 2019, and thereafter are subject to a continuous early redemption option.

On December 17, 2020, pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 475 and 116A, the County issued the \$4,590,000 G.O. Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A, on behalf of the RRRWS to current refund the G.O. Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A and the G.O. Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2008C. Scheduled bond payments for this

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

5. Nonexchange Financial Guaranties – Red Rock Rural Water System (Continued)

issuance begin on July 1, 2021, and continue until the final maturity date of January 1, 2048. Bonds maturing on January 1, 2030, and thereafter, are subject to a continuous early redemption option.

On December 23, 2020, pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 475 and 116A, the County issued the \$1,350,000 G.O. Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2020B, on behalf of the RRRWS to finance water system improvements. Scheduled bond payments for this issuance begin on January 1, 2021, and continue until the final maturity date of January 1, 2040. Bonds are subject to a continuous early redemption option.

The RRRWS is responsible for the payment of all costs, principal, and interest relating to these bonds through special assessments on the properties being serviced or the net revenues of the water system. In the event of a deficiency in the debt service accounts established by the RRRWS, the County has validly obligated itself to levy additional ad valorem taxes upon all the taxable property within the County to complete debt payments as scheduled. No arrangements have been established for recovery payments should such an event occur. On December 31, 2020, the outstanding principal balance for the 2011A, 2020A, and 2020B bonds were \$755,000, \$4,590,000, and \$1,350,000, respectively.

6. Deferred Inflows of Resources – Unavailable Revenue

Deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2020, for the County's governmental funds are as follows:

| | <u>Unavailable Revenue</u> |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Delinquent property taxes | \$ 124,490 |
| Special assessments receivable, delinquent and noncurrent | 1,301,409 |
| Highway allotments that do not provide current financial resources | <u>1,229,398</u> |
| Total Governmental Funds | <u>\$ 2,655,297</u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

7. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County Board reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$1,536,963 landfill closure and postclosure care liability at December 31, 2020, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 76 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$491,724 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2020.

The Board expects to close the landfill in 2035. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care. The Board is in compliance with these requirements and, at December 31, 2020, the County has \$1,974,384 in assets restricted for these purposes. Cottonwood County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from investment earnings on these annual contributions. However, if investment earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws and regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future tax revenue.

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Plan Description

Cottonwood County administers an OPEB plan, a single-employer defined benefit health care plan, to eligible retirees and their dependents.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Plan Description (Continued)

Elected County officials and their dependents and surviving spouses are entitled to one year of paid health insurance for every two years of service to the County as established and amended by County resolution. There is no maximum number of years of coverage for officials elected prior to 1995. Those elected between 1995 and February 4, 2004, are restricted to a maximum of six years of coverage, and those elected thereafter are restricted to a maximum of four years. As of January 1, 2019, the maximum monthly contribution was set at \$800.

The County also provides health insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and their dependents. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy.

No assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB Statement 75. The OPEB plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

As of the January 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments | 4 |
| Active plan participants | <u>82</u> |
| Total | <u>86</u> |

2. Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$314,617 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019, which was rolled forward to a measurement date of January 1, 2020. The OPEB liability is liquidated through the General Fund, the Landfill Enterprise Fund, and other governmental funds that have personal services.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

2. Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

The total OPEB liability in the fiscal year-end December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Inflation | 2.75 percent |
| Salary increases | 3.25 percent, average wage inflation plus merit/productivity increases |
| Health care cost trend | 8.00 percent, decreasing 0.50 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.50 percent |

The current year discount rate is 3.26 percent, which is a change from the prior year rate of 4.11 percent. For the current valuation, the discount rate was selected from a range of the Bond Buyer G.O. 20-year Bond Municipal Bond Index, the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Rate Index, and the Fidelity 20-year G.O. Municipal Bond Index, where the range is given as the spread between the lowest and highest rate.

Mortality rates are based on SOA RPH-2018 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions are currently based on a combination of historical information and the most recent actuarial valuation for PERA as of June 30, 2018.

3. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

| | <u>Total OPEB Liability</u> |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | \$ 294,902 |
| Changes for the year | |
| Service cost | \$ 29,020 |
| Interest | 12,546 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 164 |
| Changes in assumptions | 15,675 |
| Benefit payments | (37,690) |
| Net change | \$ 19,715 |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ 314,617 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

4. OPEB Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

| | 1% Decrease (2.26%) | Discount Rate (3.26%) | 1% Increase (4.26%) |
|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ 333,944 | \$ 314,617 | \$ 296,254 |

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the health care cost trend previously disclosed, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rate:

| | 1% Decrease (7.00% Decreasing to 3.50%) | Health Care Cost Trend Rate (8.00% Decreasing to 4.50%) | 1% Increase (9.00% Decreasing to 5.50%) |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ 290,175 | \$ 314,617 | \$ 343,439 |

5. OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$48,841. The County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

5. OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual economic experience | \$ 143 | \$ 17,340 |
| Changes in actuarial assumptions | 59,762 | 2,961 |
| Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date | 35,529 | - |
| Total | \$ 95,434 | \$ 20,301 |

The \$35,529 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ended December 31 | OPEB Expense Amount |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2021 | \$ 7,275 |
| 2022 | 7,275 |
| 2023 | 7,275 |
| 2024 | 7,275 |
| 2025 | 7,282 |
| Thereafter | 3,222 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

6. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2020:

- The discount rate used changed from 4.11 percent to 3.26 percent.

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

a. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Cottonwood County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Plan (the General Employees Plan), the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (the Police and Fire Plan), and the Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan (the Correctional Plan), which are cost sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The General Employees Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund) has multiple benefit structures with members belonging to the Coordinated Plan, the Basic Plan, or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and the Basic Plan and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was closed to new members during 1978 and merged into the General Employees Plan in 2015. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after five years of credited service. No Cottonwood County employees belong to either the Basic Plan or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

a. Plan Description (Continued)

Police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Police and Fire Plan (accounted for in the Police and Fire Fund). For members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing ten percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years. Benefits for members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years and increasing five percent for each year of service until fully vested after 20 years.

Local government employees of a county-administered facility who are responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional facility and its inmates are covered by the Correctional Plan (accounted for in the Correctional Fund). For members hired after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing ten percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years.

b. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can be modified only by the state legislature. Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January.

General Employees Plan benefit recipients will receive a post-retirement increase equal to 50 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.00 percent and maximum of 1.50 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

b. Benefits Provided (Continued)

For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under the Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

Police and Fire Plan benefit recipients will receive a 1.00 percent post retirement increase. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

Correctional Plan benefit recipients will receive a post-retirement increase equal to 100 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.00 percent and maximum of 2.50 percent. If the Correctional Plan's funding status declines to 85 percent or below for two consecutive years or 80 percent for one year, the maximum will be lowered from 2.50 percent to 1.50 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraph of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not yet receiving them, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any 60 consecutive months of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. In the General Employees Plan, two methods are used to compute benefits for

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

b. Benefits Provided (Continued)

Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.20 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.70 percent of average salary for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 1.70 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. For Police and Fire Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.00 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Correctional Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.90 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For General Employees Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. For Police and Fire Plan and Correctional Plan members, normal retirement age is 55, and for members who were hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based on years of service and average high five salary.

c. Contributions

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. General Employees Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in 2020. Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80 percent of their annual covered salary in 2020. Correctional Plan members were required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary in 2020.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

c. Contributions (Continued)

In 2020, the County was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered salary:

| | |
|---|-------|
| General Employees Plan – Coordinated Plan members | 7.50% |
| Police and Fire Plan | 17.70 |
| Correctional Plan | 8.75 |

The Police and Fire Plan member and employer contribution rates increased 0.50 percent and 0.75 percent, respectively, from 2019.

The County's contributions for the year ended December 31, 2020, to the pension plans were:

| | |
|------------------------|------------|
| General Employees Plan | \$ 241,892 |
| Police and Fire Plan | 131,805 |
| Correctional Plan | 57,873 |

The contributions are equal to the statutorily required contributions as set by state statute.

d. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan

At December 31, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$2,638,001 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

d. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan (Continued)

was 0.0440 percent. It was 0.0444 percent measured as of June 30, 2019. The County recognized pension expense of \$111,897 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense.

The County also recognized \$7,071 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's expense related to its contribution to the General Employees Plan, which qualifies as a special funding situation. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$16 million to the General Employees Plan annually until September 15, 2031.

| | | |
|--|----|-----------|
| The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 2,638,001 |
| State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County | | 81,245 |
| Total | \$ | 2,719,246 |

The County reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual economic experience | \$ 24,255 | \$ 9,981 |
| Changes in actuarial assumptions | - | 97,845 |
| Difference between projected and actual investment earnings | 42,309 | - |
| Changes in proportion | 31,855 | 57,753 |
| Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date | 122,281 | - |
| Total | \$ 220,700 | \$ 165,579 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

d. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan (Continued)

The \$122,281 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| <u>Year Ended December 31</u> | <u>Pension Expense Amount</u> |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2021 | \$ (177,641) |
| 2022 | 2,082 |
| 2023 | 44,663 |
| 2024 | 63,736 |

Police and Fire Plan

At December 31, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$879,177 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.0667 percent. It was 0.0694 percent measured as of June 30, 2019. The County recognized pension expense of \$116,403 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

d. Pension Costs

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

The State of Minnesota also contributed \$13.5 million to the Police and Fire Plan in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The contribution consisted of \$4.5 million in direct state aid that meets the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation.

Legislation required the State of Minnesota to pay direct state aid of \$4.5 million on October 1, 2019, and to pay \$9 million by October 1 of each subsequent year until full funding is reached, or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The County recognized an additional \$6,375 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense related to the special funding situation.

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 879,177 |
| State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County | <u>20,721</u> |
| Total | <u>\$ 899,898</u> |

Legislation also requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$9 million to the Police and Fire Plan each year, starting in fiscal year 2014, until the plan is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later. The County also recognized \$6,003 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contribution to the Police and Fire Plan.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

d. Pension Costs

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

The County reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual economic experience | \$ 39,847 | \$ 43,191 |
| Changes in actuarial assumptions | 304,790 | 582,046 |
| Difference between projected and actual investment earnings | 20,644 | - |
| Changes in proportion | 41,907 | 40,183 |
| Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date | 64,511 | - |
| Total | \$ 471,699 | \$ 665,420 |

The \$64,511 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ended December 31 | Pension Expense Amount |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2021 | \$ (61,516) |
| 2022 | (256,541) |
| 2023 | 29,315 |
| 2024 | 34,688 |
| 2025 | (4,178) |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

d. Pension Costs (Continued)

Correctional Plan

At December 31, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$81,076 for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.2988 percent. It was 0.2997 percent measured as of June 30, 2019. The County recognized pension expense of (\$135,675) for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's pension expense.

The County reported its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual economic experience | \$ 772 | \$ 29,843 |
| Changes in actuarial assumptions | - | 166,608 |
| Difference between projected and actual investment earnings | 14,223 | - |
| Changes in proportion | - | 5,100 |
| Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date | 28,947 | - |
| Total | \$ 43,942 | \$ 201,551 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

d. Pension Costs

Correctional Plan (Continued)

The \$28,947 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ended December 31 | Pension Expense Amount |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2021 | \$ (196,536) |
| 2022 | (9,140) |
| 2023 | 4,494 |
| 2024 | 14,626 |

Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense for all plans recognized by the County for the year ended December 31, 2020, was \$92,625.

e. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following additional actuarial assumptions:

| | General Employees Fund | Police and Fire Fund | Correctional Fund |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Inflation | 2.25% per year | 2.50% per year | 2.50% per year |
| Active Member Payroll Growth | 3.00% per year | 3.25% per year | 3.25% per year |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.50% | 7.50% | 7.50% |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

e. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table for the General Employees Plan and the RP-2014 mortality tables for the Police and Fire and the Correctional Plans, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 2.00 percent for the Correctional Plan. For the Police and Fire Plan, cost of living benefit increases for retirees are 1.00 percent as set by state statute.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study for the General Employees Plan was dated June 27, 2019. The experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was dated August 30, 2016. The experience study for the Correctional Plan was dated February 2012. The mortality assumption for the Correctional Plan is based on the Police and Fire Plan experience study. Inflation and investment assumptions for all plans were reviewed in the experience study report for the General Employees Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

e. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

| <u>Asset Class</u> | <u>Target Allocation</u> | <u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u> |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| U.S. equities | 35.50% | 5.10% |
| Broad international stock pool | 17.50 | 5.30 |
| Bond pool | 20.00 | 0.75 |
| Alternatives | 25.00 | 5.90 |
| Cash equivalents | 2.00 | 0.00 |

f. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent in 2020, which remained consistent with 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Plan, the Police and Fire Plan, and the Correctional Plan were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

g. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2020:

General Employees Plan

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

g. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

General Employees Plan (Continued)

- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two to five and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Retiree Mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

g. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

General Employees Plan (Continued)

- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100 percent Joint and Survivor option changed from 35 percent to 45 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100 percent Joint and Survivor option changed from 15 percent to 30 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020, through December 31, 2023, and 0.00 percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

Police and Fire Plan

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Correctional Plan

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

h. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

h. Pension Liability Sensitivity (Continued)

| | Proportionate Share of the | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| | General Employees Plan | | Police and Fire Plan | | Correctional Plan | |
| | Discount Rate | Net Pension Liability | Discount Rate | Net Pension Liability | Discount Rate | Net Pension Liability |
| 1% Decrease | 6.50% | \$ 4,227,801 | 6.50% | \$ 1,752,327 | 6.50% | \$ 503,881 |
| Current | 7.50 | 2,638,001 | 7.50 | 879,177 | 7.50 | 81,076 |
| 1% Increase | 8.50 | 1,326,544 | 8.50 | 156,799 | 8.50 | (257,443) |

i. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296 7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

2. Defined Contribution Plan

Five elected officials of Cottonwood County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the state legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes five percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

2. Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives two percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by Cottonwood County during the year ended December 31, 2020, were:

| | <u>Employee</u> | <u>Employer</u> |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Contribution amount | \$ 7,221 | \$ 7,221 |
| Percentage of covered payroll | 5.00% | 5.00% |

4. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. The County has entered into joint powers agreements with other Minnesota municipalities to form the Southwest/West Central Service Cooperative to establish, procure, and administer group employee benefits. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$500,000 per claim in 2020 and 2021. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

4. Risk Management (Continued)

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Service Cooperative is a joint powers entity which sponsors a plan to provide group employee health benefits to its participating members. Cottonwood County became a participating member effective January 1, 2008. All members pool premiums and losses; however, a particular member may receive increases or decreases depending on a good or bad year of claims experience. Premiums are determined annually by the Service Cooperative and are based partially on the experience of the County and partially on the experience of the group. The Service Cooperative solicits proposals from carriers and negotiates the contracts.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

B. Joint Ventures

Counties Providing Technology

Counties Providing Technology (CPT) was established in 2018, under the authority conferred upon by member parties by Minn. Stat. § 471.59, for the purpose of purchasing the former software vendor, Computer Professionals Unlimited, Inc., (CPUI) and to provide for the development, operation, and maintenance of technology applications and systems. Cottonwood County and 22 other counties are members of CPT. Each member county provided an initial contribution to start up CPT and provide funds for the purchase of CPUI. CPT purchased CPUI in September 2018 for a purchase price of \$3,600,000.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
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5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

Counties Providing Technology (Continued)

Control is vested in the CPT Board, which consists of one individual appointed by each member county's Board of Commissioners. The joint powers agreement provides that initial operating capital contributed by each member is to be repaid from any excess in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year, in proportion to the initial contribution. Once the initial contribution is repaid, there is no remaining equity interest for the member counties.

Financing is primarily from county member contributions. During 2020, Cottonwood County contributed \$59,239 to CPT. Current financial information can be obtained from the Stevens County Auditor/Treasurer, 400 Colorado Avenue, Suite 303, Morris, Minnesota 56267.

Des Moines Valley Health and Human Services

Des Moines Valley Health and Human Services (DVHHS) was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, by Cottonwood and Jackson Counties. DVHHS began official operations on January 1, 2014, and performs human services and public health functions. Funding is provided by the member counties based on consideration of the population based on the most recent national census. DVHHS is governed by the Board of Commissioners made up of the five Commissioners from each member county.

Financing is provided by state and federal grants and appropriations from member counties. Cottonwood County's contributions in 2020 for the health and human services function were \$2,851,644. Complete financial statements of DVHHS can be obtained at 11 Fourth Street, Windom, Minnesota 56111.

Cottonwood County Family Services Collaborative

The Cottonwood County Family Services Collaborative was established in 2000 under the authority of Minn. Stat. §§ 124D.23 and 245.491. The Collaborative includes DVHHS; Cottonwood County Corrections; Southwestern Mental Health Center; Independent School District 177; Independent School District 173; Independent School District 2884; Independent School District 991; Western Community Action, Inc./Head

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5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

Cottonwood County Family Services Collaborative (Continued)

Start; and Cottonwood County. The primary function of the Collaborative is to create opportunities to enhance family strengths and support through service coordination and access to informal communication.

The Collaborative is financed primarily by state grants. Control of the Collaborative is vested in the Governing Board consisting of ten members. The Governing Board is composed of one member from each Executive Committee organization. The DVHHS acts as the fiscal agent for the Collaborative. During 2020, Cottonwood County provided \$20,000 in funding to the Collaborative Integrated Fund.

Complete financial information can be obtained by contacting DVHHS at 11 Fourth Street, Windom, Minnesota 56111.

Red Rock Rural Water System

The Red Rock Rural Water System was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 116A through a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59 and under the jurisdiction of the Fifth Judicial District. Brown, Cottonwood, Jackson, Lyon, Martin, Murray, Nobles, Redwood, and Watonwan Counties have agreed to guarantee their shares of debt arising within each respective county. The Red Rock Rural Water System provides water for participating rural water users and cities within the water district. The cost of providing these services is recovered through user charges.

The governing body is composed of nine members appointed to three-year terms by the District Court. Each county is responsible for levying and collecting the special assessments from the benefited properties within the county. The bond issue and notes payable are shown as long-term debt in the financial statements of the Red Rock Rural Water System.

Complete financial information can be obtained from the Red Rock Rural Water System, 305 West Whited Street, Jeffers, Minnesota 56145.

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5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Southwest Regional Solid Waste Commission

Cottonwood County has entered into a joint powers agreement with 11 other counties to create and operate the Southwest Regional Solid Waste Commission under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Commission was formed to exercise the County's authority and obligation pursuant to Minn. Stat. chs. 400 and 115A; to provide for the management of solid waste in the respective counties; and provide the greatest public service benefit possible for the entire contiguous 12-county area encompassed by the counties in planning, management, and implementation of methods to deal with solid waste in southwest Minnesota.

The governing board is composed of one Board member from each of the participating counties. Financing of the Commission's solid waste management program is through appropriations from the participating counties, grants and loans from the Minnesota Office of Waste Management, or from the sale of bonds or other obligations secured by revenues of the Commission. Administration and planning costs of the Commission are assessed to the counties on equal shares.

The Commission is headquartered in Ivanhoe, Minnesota, where Lincoln County acts as fiscal host. A complete financial report of the Southwest Regional Solid Waste Commission can be obtained from the Lincoln County Auditor at 319 North Rebecca Street, PO Box 29, Ivanhoe, Minnesota 56142.

Southwestern Minnesota Adult Mental Health Consortium Board

In November 1997, the Southwestern Minnesota Adult Mental Health Consortium Board was created under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. Presently, its members include Big Stone, Chippewa, Kandiyohi, Lac qui Parle, McLeod, Meeker, Nobles, Renville, Swift, and Yellow Medicine Counties; Southwest Health and Human Services, representing Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, Pipestone, Redwood, and Rock Counties; and DVHHS, representing Cottonwood and Jackson Counties. The Board is headquartered in Windom, Minnesota, where DVHHS acts as fiscal agent.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

Southwestern Minnesota Adult Mental Health Consortium Board (Continued)

The Board takes actions and enters into agreements as necessary to plan and develop within the Southwestern Minnesota Adult Mental Health Consortium Board's geographic jurisdiction, a system of care that serves the needs of adults with serious and persistent mental illness. The Governing Board is composed of one Board member from each of the participating counties. Financing is provided by state proceeds or appropriations for the development of the system of care.

A complete financial report of the Southwestern Minnesota Adult Mental Health Consortium Board can be obtained by contacting DVHHS at 11 Fourth Street, Windom, Minnesota 56111.

Southwestern Mental Health Center, Inc.

Southwestern Mental Health Center, Inc., is a private, non-profit agency established in 1959 by Cottonwood, Jackson, Nobles, Pipestone, and Rock Counties in southwest Minnesota. It was formed for the purpose of providing mental health services and programs to the residents of these counties.

During 2020, Cottonwood County did not contribute to Southwestern Mental Health Center, Inc., for mental health services. Complete financial statements for Southwestern Mental Health Center, Inc., can be obtained at 216 East Luverne Street, Luverne, Minnesota 56156.

Rural Minnesota Energy Board

The Rural Minnesota Energy Board was established in 2005 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The purpose of the Board is to provide policy guidance on issues surrounding energy development in rural Minnesota. The focus of the Board includes, but is not limited to, renewable energy, wind energy, energy transmission lines, hydrogen energy technology, and bio-diesel and ethanol use. During the year, Cottonwood County paid \$2,500 to the Board.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Southwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board

As of August 23, 2013, the Southwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board changed its name to the Southwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board. The Southwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board was established April 22, 2008, between Cottonwood County, the City of Marshall, the City of Worthington, and 12 other counties under authority of Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 403.39. The purpose of the agreement is to formulate a regional radio board to provide for regional administration of enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System (ARMER).

Control is vested in a Joint Powers Board consisting of one County Commissioner and one City Council member for each party to the agreement. The members representing counties and cities are appointed by their respective governing bodies for the membership of that governing body. In addition, voting members of the Board include a member of the Southwest Minnesota Regional Advisory Committee, a member of the Southwest Minnesota Regional Radio System User Committee, and a member of the Southwest Minnesota Owners and Operators Committee.

Financing is provided by appropriations from member parties and by state and federal grants. During 2020, Cottonwood County contributed \$2,510 to the Joint Powers Board.

Southern Prairie Community Care

In 2014, the Southern Prairie Health Purchasing Alliance changed its name to Southern Prairie Community Care. Chippewa, Cottonwood, Jackson, Kandiyohi, Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, Nobles, Redwood, Rock, Swift, and Yellow Medicine Counties entered into a joint powers agreement on June 26, 2012, to establish the Southern Prairie Health Purchasing Alliance pursuant to the provisions of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. Southwest Health and Human Services represents Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, Redwood, and Rock counties in this agreement. The purpose of the joint powers is to plan, formulate, operate, and govern a rural care delivery system to improve the health and quality of life of the citizens of member counties. The Joint Powers Board is composed of one representative from each county.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

Southern Prairie Community Care (Continued)

Lyon County serves as fiscal agent and reports the transactions of Southern Prairie Community Care as an agency fund on its financial statements. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Southern Prairie Community Care at 607 West Main Street, Marshall, Minnesota 56258.

Southwest Minnesota Private Industry Council, Inc.

The Southwest Minnesota Private Industry Council, Inc., (SW MN PIC) is a private nonprofit corporation, which was created through a joint powers agreement on October 1, 1983, and began operations in 1985 under the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) authorized by Congress to administer and operate job training programs in a 14-county area of Southwestern Minnesota. These counties include Big Stone, Chippewa, Cottonwood, Jackson, Lac qui Parle, Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, Redwood, Rock, Swift, and Yellow Medicine.

SW MN PIC is governed by the Chief Elected Official Board, which is composed of one representative from each member county. Cottonwood County provided \$2,840 to this organization in 2020. Separate financial information can be obtained from the Lyon County Government Center, 607 West Main Street, Marshall, Minnesota 56258.

Advocate, Connect, Educate (A.C.E.) of Southwest Minnesota

Cottonwood County, in conjunction with Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, Nobles, Redwood, and Rock Counties, and the Southwest Regional Development Commission, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, have formed an agreement to coordinate the delivery of volunteer services to non-profit community service entities and local units of government meeting the guidelines for receiving volunteer services under the authority of the counties. The entity known as Retired and Senior Volunteer Program of Southwest Minnesota (RSVP of Southwest Minnesota) changed its name to A.C.E. of Southwest Minnesota as of January 1, 2014. The Board comprises one voting member from each participating County and one voting member of the A.C.E. of Southwest Minnesota Advisory Council. In 2020, Cottonwood County made contributions of \$22,498 to the A.C.E. of Southwest Minnesota.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items (Continued)

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Cottonwood County, in conjunction with other governmental entities and various private organizations, has formed the jointly-governed organizations listed below:

Area II Minnesota River Basin Project

The Area II Minnesota River Basin Project provides cost-share and technical assistance for the implementation of flood reduction measures to the area between the Cities of Ortonville and Mankato. During the year, Cottonwood County paid \$3,904 to the Project.

Greater Blue Earth River Basin Alliance

The Greater Blue Earth River Basin Alliance (GBERBA) establishes goals, policies, and objectives to protect and enhance land and water resources in the Greater Blue Earth River Basin. The Board consists of County Commissioners and members of the Soil and Water Conservation Districts. During the year, Cottonwood County made \$3,019 in contributions to the GBERBA.

Redwood-Cottonwood Rivers Control Area

The Redwood-Cottonwood Rivers Control Area (RCRCA) works to improve water quality, reduce erosion, and enhance recreational opportunities by providing education, outreach, monitoring, and technical assistance within the boundaries of the watersheds of the Redwood and Cottonwood Rivers for the participating counties. The RCRCA consists of Brown, Cottonwood, Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, Pipestone, Redwood, and Yellow Medicine Counties. During the year, Cottonwood County made payments of \$9,300 to the RCRCA.

Heron Lake Watershed District

The Heron Lake Watershed District was established to protect and improve water resources within the Watershed border. The County Board is responsible for appointing two members of the Board of Managers for the Heron Lake Watershed District, but Cottonwood County's responsibility does not extend beyond making the appointments.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

Region Five – Southwest Minnesota Homeland Security Emergency Management Organization

The Region Five – Southwest Minnesota Security Emergency Management Organization (SWMHSEM) was established to provide for regional coordination of planning, training, purchase of equipment, and allocating emergency services and staff in order to better respond to emergencies and natural or other disasters within the SWMHSEM region. Control is vested in the Board, which is composed of representatives appointed by each Board of County Commissioners. Cottonwood County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.

Minnesota Criminal Justice Data Communications Network

The Minnesota Criminal Justice Data Communications Network Joint Powers Agreement exists to create access for the County Sheriff and County Attorney to systems and tools available from the State of Minnesota, Department of Public Safety, and the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to carry out criminal justice. During the year, Cottonwood County made no payments to the joint powers.

Sentencing to Service

Cottonwood County, in conjunction with other local governments, participates in the State of Minnesota's Sentencing to Service (STS) program. STS is a project of the State Department of Administration's Strive Toward Excellence in Performance (STEP) program. STEP's goal is a statewide effort to make positive improvements in public services. It gives the courts an alternative to jail or fines for the nonviolent offenders who can work on a variety of community or state projects. Private funding, funds from various foundations and initiative funds, as well as the Minnesota Departments of Corrections and Natural Resources, provide the funds needed to operate the STS program. Although Cottonwood County has no operational or financial control over the STS program, Cottonwood County budgets for a percentage of this program.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative

Under the Minnesota Joint Powers Law, Minn. Stat. § 471.59, Minnesota counties have created the Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative (MCCC) to jointly provide for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of data processing systems, facilities, and management information systems. During the year, Cottonwood County expended \$21,785 to the MCCC.

South Central Minnesota County Comprehensive Water Planning Project

The South Central Minnesota County Comprehensive Water Planning Project was established to provide regional water quality to Minnesota River Basin member counties. The project involves Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood, Faribault, Freeborn, Jackson, Le Sueur, Martin, Nicollet, Sibley, Steele, Waseca, and Watonwan Counties. Cottonwood County did not contribute to the Project in 2020.

D. Subsequent Event

On March 11, 2021, the President of the United States signed an amended version of the Covid Relief Package, the American Rescue Plan, which includes \$65.1 billion in direct, flexible aid for counties in America. The U.S. Department of the Treasury will oversee and administer payments of the State and Local Coronavirus Recovery Funds to state and local governments, for which every county is eligible to receive a direct allocation from the Treasury. Counties will receive funds in two tranches – 50 percent in 2021 and the remaining 50 percent no earlier than 12 months from the first payment. The U.S. Treasury is required to pay the first tranche to counties no later than 60-days after enactment. Cottonwood County's projected allocation of the State and Local Coronavirus Recovery Funds is \$2,174,692.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-1

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Budgeted Amounts</u> | | <u>Actual Amounts</u> | <u>Variance with Final Budget</u> |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | <u>Original</u> | <u>Final</u> | | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 9,206,708 | \$ 9,206,708 | \$ 9,093,039 | \$ (113,669) |
| Special assessments | 215,000 | 215,000 | 248,301 | 33,301 |
| Licenses and permits | 17,460 | 17,460 | 25,471 | 8,011 |
| Intergovernmental | 1,892,986 | 1,892,986 | 3,399,255 | 1,506,269 |
| Charges for services | 625,975 | 625,975 | 708,898 | 82,923 |
| Fines and forfeits | 12,000 | 12,000 | 15,021 | 3,021 |
| Investment earnings | 95,000 | 95,000 | 174,201 | 79,201 |
| Miscellaneous | 159,529 | 159,529 | 157,273 | (2,256) |
| Total Revenues | \$ 12,224,658 | \$ 12,224,658 | \$ 13,821,459 | \$ 1,596,801 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Current | | | | |
| General government | | | | |
| Commissioners | \$ 492,596 | \$ 492,596 | \$ 458,051 | \$ 34,545 |
| Courts | 99,100 | 99,100 | 107,453 | (8,353) |
| Law library | 11,000 | 11,000 | 1,707 | 9,293 |
| Auditor/treasurer | 499,687 | 499,687 | 464,179 | 35,508 |
| Assessor | 564,458 | 564,458 | 492,052 | 72,406 |
| Geographic information system | 90,374 | 90,374 | 38,694 | 51,680 |
| Office of technology | 283,739 | 283,739 | 233,068 | 50,671 |
| Elections | 171,962 | 171,962 | 163,615 | 8,347 |
| Attorney | 410,373 | 410,373 | 412,342 | (1,969) |
| Recorder | 354,553 | 354,553 | 329,426 | 25,127 |
| Building and plant | 1,439,996 | 1,439,996 | 203,386 | 1,236,610 |
| Veterans service officer | 114,747 | 114,747 | 113,126 | 1,621 |
| Other general government | 232,226 | 233,226 | 1,705,114 | (1,471,888) |
| Total general government | \$ 4,764,811 | \$ 4,765,811 | \$ 4,722,213 | \$ 43,598 |
| Public safety | | | | |
| Sheriff | \$ 1,513,580 | \$ 1,513,580 | \$ 1,578,253 | \$ (64,673) |
| Emergency services | 104,999 | 104,999 | 95,868 | 9,131 |
| Coroner | 28,500 | 28,500 | 46,960 | (18,460) |
| Safety program | 9,955 | 9,955 | 9,082 | 873 |
| Jail | 1,327,302 | 1,327,302 | 1,237,329 | 89,973 |
| Probation and parole | 179,533 | 179,533 | 120,773 | 58,760 |
| Total public safety | \$ 3,163,869 | \$ 3,163,869 | \$ 3,088,265 | \$ 75,604 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**EXHIBIT A-1
(Continued)**

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Budgeted Amounts</u> | | <u>Actual Amounts</u> | <u>Variance with Final Budget</u> |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | <u>Original</u> | <u>Final</u> | | |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Current (Continued) | | | | |
| Sanitation | | | | |
| Recycling | \$ 351,374 | \$ 351,374 | \$ 340,062 | \$ 11,312 |
| Health and human services | | | | |
| Environmental health | \$ 16,000 | \$ 16,000 | \$ 15,966 | \$ 34 |
| Culture and recreation | | | | |
| Parks | \$ 206,682 | \$ 206,682 | \$ 254,168 | \$ (47,486) |
| Regional library | 63,720 | 63,720 | 63,720 | - |
| Snow riders | 80,000 | 80,000 | 64,590 | 15,410 |
| Total culture and recreation | <u>\$ 350,402</u> | <u>\$ 350,402</u> | <u>\$ 382,478</u> | <u>\$ (32,076)</u> |
| Conservation of natural resources | | | | |
| Extension | \$ 135,489 | \$ 135,489 | \$ 132,981 | \$ 2,508 |
| Soil and water conservation | 141,470 | 141,470 | 127,391 | 14,079 |
| Water planning | 126,280 | 126,280 | 131,349 | (5,069) |
| Water quality loan program | 194,086 | 194,086 | 252,120 | (58,034) |
| Environmental services | 91,403 | 91,403 | 93,965 | (2,562) |
| Total conservation of natural resources | <u>\$ 688,728</u> | <u>\$ 688,728</u> | <u>\$ 737,806</u> | <u>\$ (49,078)</u> |
| Intergovernmental | | | | |
| Health and human services | <u>\$ 2,851,644</u> | <u>\$ 2,851,644</u> | <u>\$ 2,851,644</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Debt service | | | | |
| Principal | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 169,988 | \$ (169,988) |
| Interest | - | - | 5,847 | (5,847) |
| Total debt service | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 175,835</u> | <u>\$ (175,835)</u> |
| Total Expenditures | <u>\$ 12,186,828</u> | <u>\$ 12,187,828</u> | <u>\$ 12,314,269</u> | <u>\$ (126,441)</u> |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | <u>\$ 37,830</u> | <u>\$ 36,830</u> | <u>\$ 1,507,190</u> | <u>\$ 1,470,360</u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**EXHIBIT A-1
(Continued)**

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Budgeted Amounts</u> | | <u>Actual Amounts</u> | <u>Variance with Final Budget</u> |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | <u>Original</u> | <u>Final</u> | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | |
| Transfers out | \$ (10,000) | \$ (10,000) | \$ (46,250) | \$ (36,250) |
| Loans issued | - | - | 258,967 | 258,967 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | <u>\$ (10,000)</u> | <u>\$ (10,000)</u> | <u>\$ 212,717</u> | <u>\$ 222,717</u> |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | <u>\$ 27,830</u> | <u>\$ 26,830</u> | <u>\$ 1,719,907</u> | <u>\$ 1,693,077</u> |
| Fund Balance – January 1, as previously reported | \$ 8,297,312 | \$ 8,297,312 | \$ 8,297,312 | \$ - |
| Restatement (Note 1.E) | (17,431) | (17,431) | (17,431) | - |
| Fund Balance – January 1, as restated | <u>\$ 8,279,881</u> | <u>\$ 8,279,881</u> | <u>\$ 8,279,881</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Fund Balance – December 31 | <u><u>\$ 8,307,711</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 8,306,711</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 9,999,788</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 1,693,077</u></u> |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-2

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Budgeted Amounts</u> | | <u>Actual Amounts</u> | <u>Variance with Final Budget</u> |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | <u>Original</u> | <u>Final</u> | | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 2,367,677 | \$ 2,367,677 | \$ 2,368,544 | \$ 867 |
| Licenses and permits | 10,000 | 10,000 | 66,725 | 56,725 |
| Intergovernmental | 8,059,016 | 8,059,016 | 7,912,777 | (146,239) |
| Charges for services | 30,000 | 30,000 | 36,104 | 6,104 |
| Miscellaneous | 65,000 | 65,000 | 116,436 | 51,436 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 10,531,693 | \$ 10,531,693 | \$ 10,500,586 | \$ (31,107) |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Current | | | | |
| Highways and streets | | | | |
| Administration | \$ 411,990 | \$ 411,990 | \$ 394,939 | \$ 17,051 |
| Maintenance | 1,935,727 | 1,935,727 | 1,694,838 | 240,889 |
| Construction | 6,350,976 | 6,350,976 | 6,397,248 | (46,272) |
| Equipment and maintenance shops | 1,379,067 | 1,379,067 | 1,645,316 | (266,249) |
| Total highways and streets | \$ 10,077,760 | \$ 10,077,760 | \$ 10,132,341 | \$ (54,581) |
| Intergovernmental | | | | |
| Highways and streets | \$ 453,933 | \$ 453,933 | \$ 473,003 | \$ (19,070) |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 10,531,693 | \$ 10,531,693 | \$ 10,605,344 | \$ (73,651) |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) | | | | |
| Expenditures | \$ - | \$ - | \$ (104,758) | \$ (104,758) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 7,298 | \$ 7,298 |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | - | - | 107,658 | 107,658 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 114,956 | \$ 114,956 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 10,198 | \$ 10,198 |
| Fund Balance – January 1 | 2,572,366 | 2,572,366 | 2,572,366 | - |
| Increase (decrease) in inventories | - | - | (71,141) | (71,141) |
| Fund Balance – December 31 | \$ 2,572,366 | \$ 2,572,366 | \$ 2,511,423 | \$ (60,943) |

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-3

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>2020</u> | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 29,020 | \$ 25,644 | \$ 23,659 | \$ 8,999 |
| Interest | 12,546 | 10,458 | 11,251 | 7,658 |
| Changes of benefit terms | - | - | 9,791 | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 164 | (1,968) | (21,310) | (4,586) |
| Changes of assumption or other inputs | 15,675 | (3,949) | 7,077 | 74,920 |
| Benefit payments | <u>(37,690)</u> | <u>(27,087)</u> | <u>(20,438)</u> | <u>(39,115)</u> |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | \$ 19,715 | \$ 3,098 | \$ 10,030 | \$ 47,876 |
| Total OPEB Liability – Beginning | <u>294,902</u> | <u>291,804</u> | <u>281,774</u> | <u>233,898</u> |
| Total OPEB Liability – Ending | <u><u>\$ 314,617</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 294,902</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 291,804</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 281,774</u></u> |
| | | | | |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 4,487,961 | \$ 4,367,845 | \$ 4,083,191 | \$ 3,954,664 |
| | | | | |
| Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 7.01% | 6.75% | 7.15% | 7.13% |

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-4

**SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY
PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| Measurement Date | Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) | State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with Cottonwood County (b) | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a + b) | Covered Payroll (c) | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|---|---|
| 2020 | 0.0440 % | \$ 2,638,001 | \$ 81,245 | \$ 2,719,246 | \$ 3,132,392 | 84.22 % | 79.06 % |
| 2019 | 0.0444 | 2,454,777 | 76,163 | 2,530,940 | 3,141,273 | 78.15 | 80.23 |
| 2018 | 0.0437 | 2,424,297 | 79,638 | 2,503,935 | 2,938,376 | 82.50 | 79.53 |
| 2017 | 0.0455 | 2,904,690 | 36,528 | 2,941,218 | 2,931,536 | 99.08 | 75.90 |
| 2016 | 0.0442 | 3,588,821 | 46,790 | 3,635,611 | 2,726,276 | 131.64 | 68.91 |
| 2015 | 0.0441 | 2,285,491 | N/A | 2,285,491 | 2,661,420 | 85.87 | 78.19 |

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
The measurement date for each year is June 30.
N/A – Not Applicable

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-5

**SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| Year Ending | Statutorily Required Contributions (a) | Actual Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions (b) | Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b - a) | Covered Payroll (c) | Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c) |
|------------------------|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--|
| 2020 | \$ 241,892 | \$ 241,892 | \$ - | \$ 3,225,227 | 7.50 % |
| 2019 | 237,075 | 237,075 | - | 3,160,998 | 7.50 |
| 2018 | 227,619 | 227,619 | - | 3,034,917 | 7.50 |
| 2017 | 214,441 | 214,441 | - | 2,857,339 | 7.50 |
| 2016 | 221,212 | 221,212 | - | 2,949,196 | 7.50 |
| 2015 | 201,271 | 201,271 | - | 2,682,647 | 7.50 |

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
The County's year-end is December 31.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-6

**SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY
PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| Measurement Date | Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) | State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with Cottonwood County (b) | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a + b) | Covered Payroll (c) | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|---|---|
| 2020 | 0.0667 % | \$ 879,177 | \$ 20,721 | \$ 899,898 | \$ 752,700 | 116.80 % | 87.19 % |
| 2019 | 0.0694 | 738,833 | N/A | 738,833 | 732,528 | 100.86 | 89.26 |
| 2018 | 0.0686 | 731,205 | N/A | 731,205 | 722,622 | 101.19 | 88.84 |
| 2017 | 0.0710 | 958,584 | N/A | 958,584 | 723,927 | 132.41 | 85.43 |
| 2016 | 0.0690 | 2,769,090 | N/A | 2,769,090 | 632,067 | 438.10 | 63.88 |
| 2015 | 0.0640 | 727,190 | N/A | 727,190 | 581,888 | 124.97 | 86.61 |

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-7

**SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| Year Ending | Statutorily Required Contributions (a) | Actual Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions (b) | Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b - a) | Covered Payroll (c) | Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c) |
|------------------------|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--|
| 2020 | \$ 131,805 | \$ 131,805 | \$ - | \$ 744,663 | 17.70 % |
| 2019 | 125,411 | 125,411 | - | 739,887 | 16.95 |
| 2018 | 117,506 | 117,506 | - | 725,345 | 16.20 |
| 2017 | 114,244 | 114,244 | - | 705,068 | 16.20 |
| 2016 | 115,740 | 115,740 | - | 714,650 | 16.20 |
| 2015 | 96,819 | 96,819 | - | 597,738 | 16.20 |

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
The County's year-end is December 31.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-8

**SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY
PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES LOCAL GOVERNMENT CORRECTIONAL SERVICE RETIREMENT PLAN
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| Measurement Date | Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) | Covered Payroll (b) | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability |
|-----------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|---|---|
| 2020 | 0.2988 % | \$ 81,076 | \$ 650,285 | 12.47 % | 96.67 % |
| 2019 | 0.2997 | 41,493 | 639,351 | 6.49 | 98.17 |
| 2018 | 0.3034 | 49,900 | 619,731 | 8.05 | 97.64 |
| 2017 | 0.3100 | 883,503 | 622,062 | 142.03 | 67.89 |
| 2016 | 0.2800 | 1,022,879 | 520,527 | 196.51 | 58.16 |
| 2015 | 0.2700 | 41,742 | 479,860 | 8.70 | 96.95 |

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT A-9

**SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES LOCAL GOVERNMENT CORRECTIONAL SERVICE RETIREMENT PLAN
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| Year Ending | Statutorily Required Contributions (a) | Actual Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions (b) | Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b - a) | Covered Payroll (c) | Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c) |
|------------------------|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--|
| 2020 | \$ 57,873 | \$ 57,873 | \$ - | \$ 661,403 | 8.75 % |
| 2019 | 56,474 | 56,474 | - | 645,413 | 8.75 |
| 2018 | 55,040 | 55,040 | - | 629,027 | 8.75 |
| 2017 | 53,023 | 53,023 | - | 606,249 | 8.75 |
| 2016 | 49,357 | 49,357 | - | 564,095 | 8.75 |
| 2015 | 44,352 | 44,352 | - | 507,119 | 8.75 |

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
The County's year-end is December 31.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

1. Budget Information

The Cottonwood County Board adopts estimated revenue and expenditure budgets for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund. The expenditure budget is approved at the fund level.

The budgets may be amended or modified at any time by the County Board. Comparisons of final budgeted revenues and expenditures to actual are presented in the required supplementary information for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

2. Budget Amendments

The revenue and expenditure budgets were amended during the year.

3. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following funds had expenditures in excess of appropriations (the legal level of budgetary control) for the year ended December 31, 2020:

| <u>Fund</u> | <u>Expenditures</u> | <u>Final Budget</u> | <u>Excess</u> |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| General Fund | \$ 12,314,269 | \$ 12,187,828 | \$ 126,441 |
| Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund | 10,605,344 | 10,531,693 | 73,651 |

The expenditures in excess of budget were funded by unbudgeted revenues and fund balance.

4. Other Postemployment Benefits Funded Status

Assets have not been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

5. Other Postemployment Benefits – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred:

2020

- The discount rate used changed from 4.11 percent to 3.26 percent.

2019

- The discount rate used changed from 3.44 percent to 4.11 percent.
- Mortality tables used were changed for healthy lives from SOA RPH-2017 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using scale MP-2017 to SOA RPH-2018 total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2018. Mortality tables used for disabled lives changed from SOA RPH-2017 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2017 to SOA RPH-2018 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2018.
- The retirement assumption has been updated to follow the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.
- Health care trend rates have been reset to an initial rate of 8.0 percent decreasing by 0.5 percent annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent.
- For elected officials, age and marital status assumptions have been updated to follow PERA assumptions as of June 30, 2018. Spousal age difference has also been updated to follow PERA assumptions for all other County employees.

2018

- The discount rate used changed from 3.81 percent to 3.44 percent.

2017

- The discount rate used changed from 3.57 percent to 3.81 percent.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

5. Other Postemployment Benefits – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

2017 (Continued)

- Mortality tables used were changed for healthy lives from 2000 Retired Pensioners Mortality Rates for Male and Female to SOA RPH-2017 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2017. Mortality tables used for disabled lives changed from 2000 Retired Pensioners Mortality Rates for Male and Female set ahead 20 years to SOA RPH-2017 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2017.
- The retirement assumption has been updated to follow the PERA actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016.
- The health care election assumption for County employees who are not elected officials has been increased from 25 percent to 40 percent based on actual historical County information.
- Health care trend rates have been reset to an initial rate of 8.0 percent decreasing by 0.5 percent annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent.

The following change in plan provisions occurred:

2018

- The maximum County subsidy for elected officials increased from \$720 per month to \$800 per month for all coverage levels.

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the fiscal year June 30:

General Employees Retirement Plan

2020

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

General Employees Retirement Plan

2020 (Continued)

- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two to five and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Retiree Mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

General Employees Retirement Plan

2020 (Continued)

- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100 percent Joint and Survivor option changed from 35 percent to 45 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100 percent Joint and Survivor option changed from 15 percent to 30 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020, through December 31, 2023, and 0.00 percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.
- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

General Employees Retirement Plan

2018 (Continued)

- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90 percent funding to 50 percent of the Social Security cost of living adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to the Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members (30 percent for deferred Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members). The revised CSA loads are now 0.00 percent for active member liability, 15 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.
- Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund plan provisions change the employer supplemental contribution to \$21 million in calendar years 2017 and 2018 and returns to \$31 million through calendar year 2031. The state's required contribution is \$16 million in PERA's fiscal years 2018 and 2019 and returns to \$6 million annually through calendar year 2031.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

General Employees Retirement Plan (Continued)

2016

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was also changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

2020

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

2019

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- Post-retirement benefit increases changed to 1.00 percent for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048, was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. Additionally, annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter, until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

2018 (Continued)

- Member contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 10.80 percent to 11.30 and 11.80 percent of pay, respectively. Employer contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 16.20 percent to 16.95 and 17.70 percent of pay, respectively. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017

- The assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- The assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA load has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality table assumed for healthy retirees.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

2017 (Continued)

- The assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- The assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- The assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

2016

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions (Continued)

Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan

2020

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

2019

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018

- The single discount rate was changed from 5.96 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.
- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 2.50 percent per year to 2.00 percent per year.
- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 2.50 percent per year with a provision to reduce to 1.00 percent if the funding status declines to a certain level, to 100 percent of the Social Security cost of living adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 2.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. If the funding status declines to 85 percent for two consecutive years, or 80 percent for one year, the maximum increase will be lowered to 1.50 percent.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions

Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan

2018 (Continued)

- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016 and is applied to healthy and disabled members. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2016).
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA load has been changed to 35 percent for vested members and 1.00 percent for non-vested members.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.31 percent per annum to 5.96 percent per annum.

2016

- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 5.31 percent.
- The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GOVERNMENTAL FUND

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT B-1

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
BUILDING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Budgeted Amounts</u> | | <u>Actual Amounts</u> | <u>Variance with Final Budget</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | <u>Original</u> | <u>Final</u> | | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 224,936 | \$ 224,936 | \$ 224,936 | \$ - |
| Miscellaneous | 123,564 | 123,564 | 123,564 | - |
| Total Revenues | \$ 348,500 | \$ 348,500 | \$ 348,500 | \$ - |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Capital outlay | | | | |
| General government | 348,500 | 348,500 | 501,205 | (152,705) |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ - | \$ - | \$ (152,705) | \$ (152,705) |
| Fund Balance – January 1 | 336,906 | 336,906 | 336,906 | - |
| Fund Balance – December 31 | <u>\$ 336,906</u> | <u>\$ 336,906</u> | <u>\$ 184,201</u> | <u>\$ (152,705)</u> |

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Taxes and Penalties Custodial Fund – to account for the collection of taxes and penalties and their payment to the various taxing districts.

State Revenue Custodial Fund – to account for the state’s share of collections and their payment to the state.

Jail Canteen Custodial Fund – to account for inmate deposits, inmate canteen purchases, and fees paid to various agencies.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT C-1

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | Taxes and Penalties | State Revenue | Jail Canteen | Total Custodial Funds |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ 911,873 | \$ 66,649 | \$ 15,597 | \$ 994,119 |
| Taxes and special assessments receivable for other governments | 415,889 | - | - | 415,889 |
| Total Assets | \$ 1,327,762 | \$ 66,649 | \$ 15,597 | \$ 1,410,008 |
| <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> | | | | |
| Prepaid taxes | \$ 52,372 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 52,372 |
| <u>Net Position</u> | | | | |
| Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments | \$ 1,275,390 | \$ 66,649 | \$ 15,597 | \$ 1,357,636 |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT C-2

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| | <u>Taxes and Penalties</u> | <u>State Revenue</u> | <u>Jail Canteen</u> | <u>Total Custodial Funds</u> |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <u>Additions</u> | | | | |
| Contributions from individuals | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 42,488 | \$ 42,488 |
| Property tax collections for other governments | 12,727,925 | - | - | 12,727,925 |
| Fees collected for state | 786,195 | 547,130 | - | 1,333,325 |
| Total Additions | \$ 13,514,120 | \$ 547,130 | \$ 42,488 | \$ 14,103,738 |
| <u>Deductions</u> | | | | |
| Payments of property tax to other governments | \$ 11,696,657 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 11,696,657 |
| Payments to state | 979,896 | 894,018 | - | 1,873,914 |
| Payments to other individuals/entities | 77,286 | - | 43,967 | 121,253 |
| Total Deductions | \$ 12,753,839 | \$ 894,018 | \$ 43,967 | \$ 13,691,824 |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 760,281 | \$ (346,888) | \$ (1,479) | \$ 411,914 |
| Net Position – January 1, as previously reported | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Net Position – Restatement (Note 1.E) | 515,109 | 413,537 | 17,076 | 945,722 |
| Net Position – January 1 | \$ 515,109 | \$ 413,537 | \$ 17,076 | \$ 945,722 |
| Net Position – December 31 | \$ 1,275,390 | \$ 66,649 | \$ 15,597 | \$ 1,357,636 |

SCHEDULES

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT D-1

**SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Appropriations and Shared Revenue

State

| | | |
|---|----|-----------|
| Highway users tax | \$ | 6,876,518 |
| County program aid | | 644,831 |
| PERA aid | | 18,662 |
| Disparity reduction aid | | 43,179 |
| Police aid | | 90,572 |
| Enhanced 911 | | 94,174 |
| Market value credit | | 273,113 |
| Select Committee on Recycling and the Environment (SCORE) | | 69,692 |
| Aquatic invasive species aid | | 56,760 |
| Riparian protection aid | | 122,948 |

Total appropriations and shared revenue **\$ 8,290,449**

Reimbursement for Services

Local **\$ 224,523**

Payments

Local

Payments in lieu of taxes **\$ 319,396**

Grants

State

| | | |
|---|----|---------|
| Minnesota Department/Board/Office of Corrections | \$ | 28,622 |
| Natural Resources | | 65,517 |
| Public Safety | | 20,428 |
| Transportation | | 310,224 |
| Water and Soil Resources | | 44,994 |
| Veterans Affairs | | 7,500 |
| Pollution Control Agency | | 54,508 |

Total state **\$ 531,793**

Federal

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-----------|
| Department of Homeland Security | \$ | 53,394 |
| Justice | | 1,440 |
| Transportation | | 458,445 |
| Treasury | | 1,432,592 |

Total federal **\$ 1,945,871**

Total state and federal grants **\$ 2,477,664**

Total Intergovernmental Revenue **\$ 11,312,032**

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

EXHIBIT D-2

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

| Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Pass-Through Grant Numbers | Expenditures | Passed Through to Subrecipients |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| U.S. Department of Justice | | | | |
| Direct | | | | |
| Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program | 16.607 | N/A | \$ 1,440 | \$ - |
| U.S. Department of Transportation | | | | |
| Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation | | | | |
| Highway Planning and Construction Cluster | | | | |
| Highway Planning and Construction | 20.205 | 00017 | \$ 452,383 | \$ - |
| Passed Through City of Worthington, Minnesota | | | | |
| Highway Safety Cluster | | | | |
| State and Community Highway Safety | 20.600 | Not Provided | 932 | - |
| National Priority Safety Programs | 20.616 | Not Provided | 1,409 | - |
| Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated | 20.608 | Not Provided | 3,721 | - |
| Total U.S. Department of Transportation | | | \$ 458,445 | \$ - |
| U.S. Department of the Treasury | | | | |
| Passed Through Minnesota Management and Budget | | | | |
| COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund | 21.019 | SLT0016 | \$ 1,432,592 | \$ 309,512 |
| U.S. Department of Homeland Security | | | | |
| Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety | | | | |
| Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) | 97.036 | PA-05-MN-4442 | \$ 35,113 | - |
| Emergency Management Performance Grants | 97.042 | F-EMPG-2019 | 18,281 | - |
| Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security | | | \$ 53,394 | \$ - |
| Total Federal Awards | | | \$ 1,945,871 | \$ 309,512 |
| Totals by Cluster | | | | |
| Total expenditures for Highway Planning and Construction Cluster | | | \$ 452,383 | |
| Total expenditures for Highway Safety Cluster | | | 2,341 | |

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Cottonwood County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Cottonwood County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Cottonwood County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Cottonwood County.

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

2. De Minimis Cost Rate

Cottonwood County has elected not to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners
Cottonwood County
Windom, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cottonwood County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 5, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Cottonwood County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we did identify a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness and another deficiency that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material

weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2020-001 to be a material weaknesses and item 2020-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cottonwood County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Cottonwood County failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

Other Matters

Included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs is a management practices comment. We believe this recommendation and information to be of benefit to the County, and it is reported for that purpose.

Cottonwood County's Response to Findings

Cottonwood County's responses to the internal control and management practices findings identified in our audit are described in the Corrective Action Plan. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha

JULIE BLAHA
STATE AUDITOR

/s/Dianne Syverson

DIANNE SYVERSON, CPA
DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

October 5, 2021

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM
AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE**Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners
Cottonwood County
Windom, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Cottonwood County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the County's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020. Cottonwood County's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Cottonwood County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Cottonwood County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund (CFDA No. 21.019)

As described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Cottonwood County did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA No. 21.019 COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund as described in finding numbers 2020-003 for Activities Allowed and Unallowed, Allowable Costs/Cost Principles, Period of Performance, and Reporting and 2020-004 for Subrecipient Monitoring. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the County to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund (CFDA No. 21.019)

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, Cottonwood County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on CFDA No. 21.019 COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Other Matters

Cottonwood County’s responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The County’s responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Cottonwood County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County’s internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County’s internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2020-003 and 2020-004 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Cottonwood County's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha

JULIE BLAHA
STATE AUDITOR

/s/Dianne Syverson

DIANNE SYVERSON, CPA
DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

October 5, 2021

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: **Unmodified**

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? **Yes**
- Significant deficiencies identified? **Yes**

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? **No**

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? **Yes**
- Significant deficiencies identified? **None reported**

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the major federal program: **Qualified**

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? **Yes**

The major federal program is:

COVID 19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund

CFDA No. 21.019

The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$750,000.

Cottonwood County qualified as a low-risk auditee? **No**

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

**II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

INTERNAL CONTROL

Finding Number: 2020-001

Prior Year Finding Number: 2019-001

Repeat Finding Since: 2019

Audit Adjustments

Criteria: A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis. Auditing standards define a material weakness as a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Condition: Material audit adjustments were identified that resulted in significant changes to the County's financial statements.

Context: The inability to detect material misstatements in the financial statements increases the likelihood that the financial statements would not be fairly presented. The adjustments were found in the audit; however, independent external auditors cannot be considered part of the County's internal control.

Effect: The following audit adjustments were reviewed and approved by management and are reflected in the financial statements:

- The Building Capital Projects Fund required an adjustment to reduce cash and tax revenue by \$35,064, for property taxes that were settled to the Building Capital Projects Fund, but should have been settled to the General Fund.
- The Landfill Enterprise Fund required an adjustment to increase liabilities and expenditures by \$180,071 for additional 2020-related expenditures.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Cause: This activity was overlooked when financial statement information was prepared.

Recommendation: We recommend County staff implement procedures over financial reporting that include review of balances, disclosures, and supporting documentation by a qualified individual to ensure the information is complete and accurate, and the County's financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

Finding Number: 2020-002

Prior Year Finding Number: N/A

Repeat Finding Since: N/A

Bank Reconciliation

Criteria: Reconciliations are control activities designed to provide reasonable assurance that errors will be prevented and detected in a timely manner and involve the comparison of records or balances from different sources. Effective reconciliations properly account for any differences between the records or balances. This includes investigating why the differences exist and resolving them in a timely manner.

Condition: In 2020, the County was not able to fully reconcile the County Cash Book balance to the monthly bank statements. As of December 31, 2020, there was an unreconciled difference of approximately \$40,000 between the bank and County balances.

Context: Unreconciled differences were noted in each month's bank reconciliation during the year. Unreconciled amounts fluctuated throughout the year indicating continuing errors or irregularities in the County accounting records and/or bank reconciliations.

Effect: When accounting records are not reconciled properly, there is an increased risk that errors or irregularities will not be detected in a timely manner.

Cause: The County indicated that new staff employed at the time were not adequately performing their duties resulting in accounting errors. The County's internal controls were insufficient to identify these potential errors.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Recommendation: We recommend that bank reconciliations be accurately completed in a timely manner. The County should continue to review the related accounting records to identify the source of previous unreconciled differences and resolve them as appropriate. Additional internal controls should be developed and implemented in response to any identified errors that were allowed to occur.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

Finding Number: 2020-003

Prior Year Finding Number: N/A

Repeat Finding Since: N/A

Activities Allowed and Unallowed, Allowable Costs/Cost Principles, Period of Performance, and Reporting

Program: U.S. Department of the Treasury's Coronavirus Relief Fund (CFDA No. 21.019), Award No. SLT0016, 2020

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Office of Management and Budget

Criteria: Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations § 200.303 states that the auditee must establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing the federal award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award.

Section 5001(d) of the *Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act* (CARES Act) provided the eligible purposes for which COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund payments may be used. Payments must have been used to cover costs that were necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency, not accounted for in the County's budget approved as of March 27, 2020, and incurred during the covered period. The State of Minnesota provided requirements, as the pass-through entity, that the covered period for Minnesota counties began on March 1, 2020, and ended on December 1, 2020, (period of performance).

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Condition: The following deficiency was noted in a sample of 22 claims tested:

- A vendor was paid \$305 more than the claim supported.

Additionally, while summarizing the expenditures reported on the November/December Local Government Expenditure Report, the following issues were investigated and found to be deficient:

- \$5,000 was paid to a beneficiary outside the period of performance and subsequently reported twice on the November/December Local Government Expenditure Report.
- \$7,630 was reported on the November/December Local Government Expenditure Report without supporting a claim or other documentation.
- \$65,069 was paid to various vendors, including \$55,000 to a subrecipient, outside the period of performance.

Questioned Costs: \$78,004

Context: It is likely that the County would have eligible payroll expenditures to replace the questioned costs. For items that were outside the period of performance, the County could not provide documentation of a supply chain disruption.

The sample size was based on guidance from chapter 11 of the AICPA Audit Guide, *Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits*.

Effect: The County is not meeting federal regulations pertaining to Activities Allowed and Unallowed, Allowable Costs/Cost Principles, and Period of Performance. Additionally, program participants could receive benefits when they are not eligible.

Cause: The County indicated it was difficult to carry out the requirements of the grant during the period due to staffing constraints. The overpayment to the vendor was noted as a mistake. Additionally, the unsupported claims resulted from the County anticipating they would expend more than they actually did. For the activity paid after the period of performance, the County indicated they were waiting on support for the purchases before passing the money through to the entity.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Recommendation: We recommend the County submit Local Government Expenditure Reports with properly substantiated support for necessary items purchased within the period of performance.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

Finding Number: 2020-004

Prior Year Finding Number: N/A

Repeat Finding Since: N/A

Subrecipient Monitoring

Program: U.S. Department of the Treasury's Coronavirus Relief Fund (CFDA No. 21.019), Award No. SLT0016, 2020

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Office of Management and Budget

Criteria: Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.303 states that the auditee must establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing the federal award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award. Also, the County must comply with the requirements for pass-through entities as identified in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.332, such as clearly identifying the award to the subrecipient; evaluating the subrecipient's risk of noncompliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the award; monitoring the activities of the subrecipient; and verifying the subrecipient is audited, if required.

Condition: The following exceptions were noted in the sample of three subrecipients tested:

- The County did not have a signed agreement on file for two subrecipients.
- None of the subrecipients were provided with sufficient award information.
- The two subrecipients tested that required monitoring by the County, did not have sufficient monitoring procedures performed over them.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Additionally, the County does not have documented policies and procedures for subrecipient monitoring.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context: Cottonwood County passed funds to local governments, which the County is familiar with and who have been operating for many years.

The sample size was based on guidance from chapter 11 of the AICPA Audit Guide, *Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits*.

Effect: Cottonwood County is not meeting federal regulations pertaining to subrecipient monitoring. Also, the County cannot be assured their subrecipients are administering federal awards in compliance with all applicable federal requirements.

Cause: Cottonwood County does not generally provide federal awards to subrecipients and, therefore, did not have policies and procedures in place for subrecipient monitoring activities. Additionally, the County was not aware of the full extent of requirements for subrecipient monitoring.

Recommendation: We recommend Cottonwood County work with departments that pass funds through to subrecipients to identify responsibilities such as completing risk assessments and monitoring procedures over federal programs, as well as creating and maintaining proper documentation to meet the requirements of federal programs. This would include documenting the monitoring procedures performed (such as on-site visits and review of the subrecipients' audit findings) and any related follow-up on findings, and performing and documenting a risk assessment of subrecipients. Additionally, we recommend the County include applicable CFDA numbers in communications regarding the program to its subrecipients. We also recommend the County develop and document policies and procedures for monitoring all federal awards.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Finding Number: 2020-005

Prior Year Finding Number: 2019-002

Repeat Finding Since: 1996

Ditch System Administration

Criteria: In order to maintain effective administration of ditch systems, internal controls should be in place to ensure that ditch system accounting information is accurate and supported. Additionally, each individual ditch system should be maintained with a positive fund balance to meet its financial obligations.

Condition: The allocation of debt service payments to individual ditch systems in the Ditch Fund was not consistent with the original allocation of the related bond proceeds. Additionally, as of December 31, 2020, the County had individual ditch systems with deficit fund balances.

Context: Debt service payments were appropriately allocated in accordance with debt service payment schedules, however, a difference of approximately \$25,000 was noted between the allocation of bond proceeds and the debt payments to individual ditch systems. Also, as of December 31, 2020, 11 of the 87 individual ditch systems had deficit fund balances, totaling \$532,622, which was an increase in the deficit from the \$348,055 reported in the prior year.

Effect: Ditch system balances may be inaccurate due to differences between bond proceeds recorded and debt service payments made. Also, ditch systems with deficit fund balances indicate that measures may need to be taken to ensure each system can meet financial obligations. Interest charges on borrowed funds could be avoided if special assessments were approved to cover the systems' financial obligations.

**COTTONWOOD COUNTY
WINDOM, MINNESOTA**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Cause: Due to the amount of time that has passed since the issuance of the bonds, a specific cause could not be identified for the difference between the allocation of bond proceeds and the debt payments to individual ditch systems. Deficit fund balances occur in most cases when ditch systems have had recent repair or construction costs for which new special assessments will be approved and collected in the next year or two. In some cases, the deficits relate to the major projects financed with bonds in past years and additional research is being performed to determine how to address.

Recommendation: We recommend that the County consider performing additional review of the debt related activity to determine whether adjustments should be made. Additionally, the County should review the past activity of ditch systems with deficit fund balances to identify the source of the deficits, and eliminate the deficit fund balances, as soon as practical, given the identified cause for each deficit.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged



Board of County Commissioners Cottonwood County

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REPRESENTATION OF COTTONWOOD COUNTY WINDOM, MINNESOTA

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Finding Number: 2020-001

Finding Title: Audit Adjustments

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Donna Torkelson, County Auditor/Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

Continue reviewing general ledger accounts monthly – training with Chief Deputy Auditor/Treasurer (new position) to help monitor transactions in Auditor/Treasurer and Highway Offices.

Anticipated Completion Date:

12/31/2021

Finding Number: 2020-002

Finding Title: Bank Reconciliation

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Donna Torkelson, County Auditor/Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

Training with Chief Deputy Auditor/Treasurer (new position) to make sure all reconciliations are completed in a timely manner. Procedures are in place to verify balanced reconciliations. Bank Reconciliations in 2021 have been completed, verified, and balanced.

Anticipated Completion Date:

03/31/2021

Finding Number: 2020-003

Finding Title: Activities Allowed and Unallowed, Allowable Costs/Cost Principles, Period of Performance, and Reporting

Program: Coronavirus Relief Fund (CFDA No. 21.019)

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Donna Torkelson, County Auditor/Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

Review grants issued in 2021 to ensure compliance with timeliness and documentation guidelines.

Anticipated Completion Date:

12/31/2021

Finding Number: 2020-004

Finding Title: Subrecipient Monitoring

Program: Coronavirus Relief Fund (CFDA No. 21.019)

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Donna Torkelson, County Auditor/Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

Develop documented policies and procedures for subrecipient monitoring for any future grant distributions.

Anticipated Completion Date:

12/31/2021

Finding Number: 2020-005

Finding Title: Ditch System Administration

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Donna Torkelson, County Auditor/Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

More complete information will be provided and presented to the County Board to assist with assessment for ditch debt. Have a documented plan for length of ditch debt assessments.

Anticipated Completion Date:

12/31/2021



Board of County Commissioners Cottonwood County

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REPRESENTATION OF COTTONWOOD COUNTY WINDOM, MINNESOTA

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Finding Number: 2019-001
Repeat Finding Since: N/A
Finding Title: Audit Adjustment

Summary of Condition: Material audit adjustments were identified that resulted in significant changes to the County’s financial statements.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The County Auditor/Treasurer will review balances for all funds, disclosures, and supporting documentation to ensure the information is complete and accurate.

Status: Not Corrected. With the change in the Auditor/Treasurer position and a staff shortage in the Auditor/Treasurer’s office during 2020, some items went unidentified at year end. During 2021, the office has been fully staffed, and training has been top priority. Training will continue into 2022 with the Highway and Landfill records.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported?

Yes _____ No X

Finding Number: 2019-002
Repeat Finding Since: 1996
Finding Title: County Ditch Deficit Fund Balances

Summary of Condition: The County had individual ditch systems with deficit fund balances at December 31, 2019.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The Auditor/Treasurer and Board of Commissioners will implement procedures and processes to accurately report and maintain ditch fund balances.

Status: Not Corrected. The Board of Commissioners and Auditor/Treasurer have been developing a plan to clear the deficit balances and a process to ensure the proper assessments are apportioned to ditch funds in the future.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported?
Yes _____ No X