STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office of the State Auditor



Julie Blaha State Auditor

MURRAY COUNTY
(Including the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission)
SLAYTON, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 100 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice – conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information – collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations – provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension – monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for Minnesota's local public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing – promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

Office of the State Auditor 525 Park Street, Suite 500 Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103 (651) 296-2551 state.auditor@osa.state.mn.us www.auditor.state.mn.us

This document can be made available in alternative formats upon request. Call 651-296-2551 [voice] or 1-800-627-3529 [relay service] for assistance; or visit the Office of the State Auditor's web site: www.auditor.state.mn.us.

MURRAY COUNTY (Including the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission) SLAYTON, MINNESOTA

Year Ended December 31, 2018



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Exhibit	Page
Introductory Section		
Organization Schedule – Murray County		1
Organization Schedule – Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission		2
Financial Section		
Independent Auditor's Report		3
Management's Discussion and Analysis		6
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-Wide Financial Statements		
Statement of Net Position	1	17
Statement of Activities	2	20
Fund Financial Statements		
Governmental Funds		
Balance Sheet	3	22
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the		
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position—Governmental		
Activities	4	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund		
Balance	5	27
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,		
and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the		
Government-Wide Statement of Activities—Governmental		
Activities	6	29
Proprietary Funds		
Statement of Fund Net Position	7	31
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net		
Position	8	34
Statement of Cash Flows	9	36
Fiduciary Funds		
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	10	38
Notes to the Financial Statements		39

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Financial Section (Continued) Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund A-1 Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund A-2 I15 Human Services Special Revenue Fund A-3 I16 Ditch Special Revenue Fund A-4 I17 EDA Special Revenue Fund Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Other Postemployment Benefits Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund Hospital Enterprise Fund PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 I21 Schedule of Contributions A-9 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 I23 Schedule of Contributions A-11 I24 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund A-2 Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Combining Statement of Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position E-1 I39 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position E-2 I14		Exhibit	Page
Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund A-1 112 Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund A-2 115 Human Services Special Revenue Fund A-3 116 Ditch Special Revenue Fund A-4 117 EDA Special Revenue Fund A-5 118 Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Other Postemployment Benefits Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund A-6 119 Hospital Enterprise Fund A-7 120 PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 121 Schedule of Contributions A-9 122 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 123 Schedule of Contributions A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information 125 Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 132 Capital Projects Fund B-1 134 Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds C-1 135 Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139	Financial Section (Continued)		
Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund General Fund A-1 Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund Human Services Special Revenue Fund A-3 Ditch Special Revenue Fund A-4 Ditch Special Revenue Fund A-5 Ditch Special Revenue Fund A-6 Ditch Special Revenue Fund A-7 EDA Special Revenue Fund Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Other Postemployment Benefits Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund Hospital Enterprise Fund A-7 PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 E21 Schedule of Contributions A-9 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 E23 Schedule of Contributions A-11 E24 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Cother Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 B-1 B-1 B-2 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 B-2 B-3 B-4 B-4 B-5 B-1 B-7 B-7 B-8 B-9 B-1 B-1 B-9 B-1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
General Fund Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund Human Services Special Revenue Fund A-2 Human Services Special Revenue Fund A-3 Bitch Special Revenue Fund A-4 EDA Special Revenue Fund Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Other Postemployment Benefits Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund Hospital Enterprise Fund PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-9 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Contributions A-11 Schedule of Contributions A-11 Schedule of Contributions A-11 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Contributions A-11 Schedule of Contributions A-11 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 123 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 123 Schedule of Contributions A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 Special Revenue B-1 132 Capital Projects Fund B-2 133 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139	<u> </u>		
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund Human Services Special Revenue Fund A-3 116 Ditch Special Revenue Fund A-4 EDA Special Revenue Fund Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Other Postemployment Benefits Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund Hospital Enterprise Fund PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 121 Schedule of Contributions PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 123 Schedule of Contributions A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139		Δ_1	112
Human Services Special Revenue Fund Ditch Special Revenue Fund Ditch Special Revenue Fund A-4 Ditch Special Revenue Fund A-5 EDA Special Revenue Fund Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Other Postemployment Benefits Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund Hospital Enterprise Fund PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 EDA Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-9 EDA Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Contributions A-11 EDA Schedule Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 EDA			
Ditch Special Revenue Fund EDA Special Revenue Fund Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Other Postemployment Benefits Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund Hospital Enterprise Fund A-7 120 PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 121 Schedule of Contributions A-9 122 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 123 Schedule of Contributions A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund Governmental Funds Agency Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Cther Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139			
EDA Special Revenue Fund Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Other Postemployment Benefits Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund Hospital Enterprise Fund PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 Schedule of Contributions A-9 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-11 Schedule of Contributions A-11 Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 Schedule Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds C-1 Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue B-1 Schedule Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 Schedule Schedule Schedule Schedule Schedule One Schedule Sched	•		
Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Other Postemployment Benefits Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund A-6 119 Hospital Enterprise Fund A-7 120 PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 121 Schedule of Contributions A-9 122 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 123 Schedule of Contributions A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information 125 Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 132 Capital Projects Fund B-2 133 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds C-1 135 Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139			
Other Postemployment Benefits Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund Hospital Enterprise Fund A-7 120 PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 121 Schedule of Contributions A-9 122 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 123 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 132 Capital Projects Fund B-2 133 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139		A- 3	110
Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund Hospital Enterprise Fund A-7 120 PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 121 Schedule of Contributions A-9 122 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 123 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund B-1 132 Capital Projects Fund B-2 133 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Cother Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Hospital Enterprise Fund PERA General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 Schedule of Contributions A-9 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Contributions A-11 A-11 A-124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-2 Siduciary Funds Agency Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Cother Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue B-1 B-1 B-2 B-2 B-3 B-3 B-3 B-4 B-1 B-1 B-2 B-3 B-1	• •	A-6	119
PERÀ General Employees Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-8 Schedule of Contributions A-9 122 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-11 Schedule of Contributions A-11 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-2 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Cother Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139			
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Schedule of Contributions A-9 122 PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Contributions A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund Agency Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139	<u>.</u>	11 /	120
Schedule of Contributions PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Contributions A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-2 Siduciary Funds Agency Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 132 E-1 133 124 125 125 126 127 128 129 129 129 129 129 120 120 121 121 122 122 123 124 125 125 126 127 128 128 129 129 120 120 121 121 122 122 123 124 125 125 126 127 128 128 129 129 120 120 121 121 122 122 123 124 125 125 126 127 127 128 128 129 129 129 120 120 121 121 122 122 122 123 124 125 125 126 127 127 128 128 129 129 129 120 120 121 121 122 122 122 123 124 125 125 126 127 127 128 128 128 128 129 129 120 120 121 121 122 122 123 124 125 125 126 127 127 128 128 128 128 128 129 129 120 120 120 121 121 122 122 123 124 125 125 126 127 127 128 128 128 128 128 129 128 128 128 129 129 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	± •	A-8	121
PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability A-10 Schedule of Contributions A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-2 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 123 A-10 123 124 A-10 124 A-11 125 A-11 132 A-11 132 A-11 132 A-11 132 A-1 132 A-11 13	<u> </u>		
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Schedule of Contributions A-11 124 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-2 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 138		71)	122
Schedule of Contributions Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-2 Siduciary Funds Agency Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Cother Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 124 124 125 125 125	▲ •	A-10	123
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information 125 Supplementary Information Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 132 Capital Projects Fund B-2 133 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds 134 Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds C-1 135 Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139			
Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-2 I33 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds C-1 I35 Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 I39		71 11	
Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-2 I33 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds C-1 I35 Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 I39	Supplementary Information		
Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-2 I33 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds C-1 I35 Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 I39	11 •		
Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund B-1 Capital Projects Fund B-2 I33 Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds C-1 I35 Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 I37 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 I39			
Capital Projects Fund Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position B-2 133 B-2 134 C-1 134 C-1 135 C-1 135		B-1	132
Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position 134 C-1 135 D-1 137			
Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds C-1 135 Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139			
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—All Agency Funds C-1 135 Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139			134
Agency Funds C-1 135 Other Schedule Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139			
Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	C-1	135
Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue D-1 137 Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Statement of Net Position E-1 139	Other Schedule		
Statement of Net Position E-1 139		D-1	137
Statement of Net Position E-1 139	Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission		
		E-1	139
buttonion of no tendes, Expenses, and enanges in fact I ostubile ————————————————————————————————————			
Statement of Cash Flows E-3 142			

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page
Management and Compliance Section Murray County Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing		
Standards		144
Schedule of Findings and Recommendations		147
Corrective Action Plan		151
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings		153
Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing		155
Standards		155





ORGANIZATION SCHEDULE 2018

Office	Name	Term Expires
Commissioners		
1st District	James Jens ¹	January 2021
2nd District	Lori Gunnink	January 2021
3rd District	Gerald Magnus	January 2019
4th District	Glenn Kluis	January 2019
5th District	Dave Thiner ²	January 2021
Officers		
Elected		
Attorney	Travis J. Smith	January 2019
Auditor/Treasurer	Heidi E. Winter	January 2019
County Judge	Christina Wietzema	January 2021
County Recorder	Evelyn C. Larson	January 2019
Registrar of Titles	Evelyn C. Larson	January 2019
Sheriff	Steven Telkamp	January 2019
Appointed		
Assessor	Marcy Barritt	Indefinite
Coordinator	Aurora Heard	Indefinite
Highway Engineer	Randy Groves	Indefinite
Court Administrator	Scott Kelly	Indefinite
Veterans Service Officer	James Reinert	Indefinite
Coroner	Dr. Michael B. McGee	December 2018

¹Chair for 2018

²Chair for 2019

ORGANIZATION SCHEDULE SHETEK AREA WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION $2018\,$

Name	Position	Term Expires
Commissioners		
Jamie Thomazin	Chair	December 2019
Donna Kor	Vice Chair	December 2021
Jon Hoyme	Secretary	December 2018
Harley Wahl	Member	December 2020
Trevor Humphrey	Member	December 2021
David Maguire	Member	December 2021
Greg Grant	Member	December 2020





STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Murray County Slayton, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Murray County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Murray County Medical Center, which is both a major fund (Hospital Enterprise Fund) and 94 percent, 93 percent, and 98 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the business-type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Hospital Enterprise Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Murray County as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1.E. to the financial statements, in 2018, the County adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which represents a change in accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Murray County's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reports dated December 6, 2019, on our consideration of Murray County's and the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission component unit's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of their compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of these reports is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Murray County's and the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission component unit's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Murray County's and the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission component unit's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. They do not include the Murray County Medical Center, which was audited by other auditors.

/s/Julie Blaha

/s/Greg Hierlinger

JULIE BLAHA STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

December 6, 2019







MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview and analysis of Murray County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. The MD&A provides comparisons with the previous year and is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements that follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Governmental activities' total net position is \$61,473,723, of which \$51,144,269 is the County's net investment in capital assets, and \$3,455,873 is restricted for specific purposes. The unrestricted net position of \$6,873,581 may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's governmental activities' net position increased by \$2,852,946 for the year ended December 31, 2018.
- The net cost of governmental activities for the current fiscal year was \$6,746,910. General revenues and transfers totaling \$9,599,856 funded the net cost.
- The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$102,139, the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund's fund balance decreased by \$73,849, the Human Services Special Revenue Fund saw no change, the EDA Special Revenue Fund's fund balance decreased by \$52,687, and the Ditch Special Revenue Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,178,612.
- For the year ended December 31, 2018, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,289,237.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three parts: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the County using the full accrual basis of accounting, with the difference (assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the County is improving or deteriorating. It is important to consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of County roads and other capital assets, to assess the overall health of the County.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements of the County are divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities—Most of the basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, and economic development. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The County charges fees to cover the costs of certain services it
 provides. Included here are the operations of the Murray County Medical Center and
 Congregate Housing.
- Component units—The County includes the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission, a legally separate entity, because the County appoints the Commission members and must approve any debt.

The government-wide statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the significant funds—not the County as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law or by bond covenants. However, the County Board establishes some funds to help it control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Human Services Special Revenue Fund, Ditch Special Revenue Fund, EDA Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided as either required or other supplementary information for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are Exhibits 3 through 6 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> are maintained by Murray County. Enterprise funds account for the Murray County Medical Center and Congregate Housing. The County uses an internal service fund to account for self-insurance activities. The financial statements for these funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are Exhibits 7 through 9 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own programs or activities. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All fiduciary activities are presented in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position on Exhibit 10.

The County presents the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission as a discretely presented component unit.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 39 through 111 of this report.

(Unaudited)

Other Information

Other information is provided as supplementary information regarding Murray County's intergovernmental revenue and financial statements for the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net position serves as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$67,038,132 at the close of 2018. The largest portion of Murray County's net position (86.3 percent) reflects the net investment in capital assets (for example: land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure such as roads and bridges), less any related debt used to acquire those assets. However, it should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending or for liquidating any remaining debt. Comparative data with 2017 is presented.

Net Position (in thousands)

			2018				
A	ctivities	A	ctivities		Total		2017
\$	19,099	\$	7,851	\$	26,950	\$	24,978
	51,978		11,155		63,133		63,673
\$	71,077	\$	19,006	\$	90,083	\$	88,651
\$	1,546	\$	921	\$	2,467	\$	3,707
	6		8		14		-
	-		21		21		29
\$	1,552	\$	950	\$	2,502	\$	3,736
\$	8,074	\$	10,237	\$	18,311	\$	20,005
	708		2,440		3,148		3,179
\$	8,782	\$	12,677	\$	21,459	\$	23,184
\$	2.338	\$	1.715	\$	4.053	\$	4,420
	35		-		35		92
\$	2,373	\$	1,715	\$	4,088	\$	4,512
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 71,077 \$ 1,546 6	Governmental Activities Busine Activities \$ 19,099 \$ 51,978 \$ 71,077 \$ 71,077 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,546 \$ 6 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Activities Activities \$ 19,099	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities \$ 19,099	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total \$ 19,099 51,978 \$ 7,851 63,133 \$ 26,950 63,133 \$ 71,077 \$ 19,006 \$ 90,083 \$ 1,546 \$ 921 \$ 2,467 6 8 14 21 21 21 \$ 1,552 \$ 950 \$ 2,502 \$ 8,074 708 \$ 10,237 19,240 \$ 18,311 2,440 \$ 8,782 \$ 12,677 \$ 21,459 \$ 2,338 35 \$ 1,715 19,715 \$ 4,053 25 \$ 35 - 35	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total \$ 19,099

		2018		
	ernmental ctivities	iness-Type ctivities	 Total	 2017
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 51,144 3,456 6,874	\$ 6,742 - (1,178)	\$ 57,886 3,456 5,696	\$ 57,603 2,873 4,215
Total Net Position, as reported	\$ 61,474	\$ 5,564	\$ 67,038	\$ 64,691
Change in accounting principle*				 288
Total Net Position, as restated				\$ 64,979

^{*}The January 1, 2018, net position was increased by \$288,239 to adopt new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Unrestricted net position in the amount of \$5,696,076—the part of net position that may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements—is 8.5 percent of net position.

Governmental Activities

The County's governmental activities' net position increased by 4.9 percent, (\$61,473,723 for 2018 compared to \$58,620,777 for 2017). Key elements in this increase in net position are as follows for 2018, with comparative data for 2017.

Governmental Activities Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

		2018	 2017	
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Fees, charges, fines, and other	\$	2,859	\$ 1,648	
Operating grants and contributions		6,241	5,197	
Capital grants and contributions		119	384	
General revenues				
Property taxes		6,746	6,432	
Other		2,854	 2,409	
Total Revenues	_ \$	18,819	\$ 16,070	

	2018		 2017	
Expenses				
General government	\$	3,022	\$ 2,801	
Public safety		2,593	2,346	
Highways and streets		6,437	5,287	
Sanitation		348	351	
Human services		1,206	1,179	
Health		107	94	
Culture and recreation		699	632	
Conservation of natural resources		1,245	1,643	
Economic development		242	296	
Interest		67	 79	
Total Expenses	\$	15,966	\$ 14,708	
Change in Net Position	\$	2,853	\$ 1,362	
Net Position – January 1, as restated		58,621*	 57,175	
Net Position – December 31, as reported	\$	61,474	\$ 58,537	

^{*}Amount includes a change in accounting principles.

The cost of all governmental activities for 2018 was \$15,966,168 and, as shown on the Statement of Activities on Exhibit 2, the amount that taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes was only \$6,746,910. The amount paid by those who directly benefited from the programs was \$2,859,004, and the amount paid by other governments and organizations to subsidize certain programs with operating grants and contributions was \$6,241,014. Capital grants and contributions were \$119,240. The County paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$834,030 in grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, \$6,745,699 in property taxes, and \$1,061,593 in wind and solar production tax.

The following table presents the cost of each of the County's four largest program functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost, less revenues generated by the activity). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Governmental Activities 2018 (in thousands)

	otal Cost Services	Net Cost (Revenue) of Services		
General government	\$ 3,022	\$	2,635	
Public safety	2,593		2,155	
Highways and streets	6,437		957	
Conservation of natural resources	1,245		(1,121)	
All others	 2,669		2,121	
Total	\$ 15,966	\$	6,747	
(Unaudited)			Page 11	

Business-Type Activities

The County's business-type activities include Congregate Housing (Sunrise Terrace) and the Hospital (Murray County Medical Center). The business-type activities' net position decreased by 12.5 percent (\$6,358,475 for the beginning of 2018 compared to \$5,564,409 for the end of 2018). Key elements in this decrease in net position are as follows, with comparative data for 2017.

Business-Type Activities Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	2018			2017	
Revenues					
Program revenues	\$	15,912	\$	16 000	
Fees, charges, and other Capital grants and contributions	Ф	13,912	Ф	16,980 26	
General revenues				20	
Other		137		50	
Total Revenues	\$	16,049	\$	17,056	
Expenses					
Hospital	\$	16,562	\$	17,125	
Congregate Housing		281		251	
Total Expenses	\$	16,843	\$	17,376	
Change in Net Position	\$	(794)	\$	(320)	
Net Position – January 1, as restated		6,358*		6,474	
Net Position – December 31, as reported	_\$	5,564	\$	6,154	

^{*}Amount includes a change in accounting principles.

The cost of all business-type activities for 2018 was \$16,842,859 and, as shown on the Statement of Activities on Exhibit 2, none of this was financed by the taxpayers through County taxes. The majority of costs for business-type activities were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs and services. In 2018, this amount was \$15,911,389.

The following table presents the cost of each of the County's business-type activities, as well as the loss made from each.

Business-Type Activities 2018 (in thousands)

	otal Cost Services	(Re	et Cost evenue) Services
Hospital Congregate Housing	\$ 16,562 281	\$	(906) (25)
Total	\$ 16,843	\$	(931)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and the balances left at year-end available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,870,925, an increase of \$1,424,091 in comparison with the prior year. Of the combined ending fund balances, \$840,888 is nonspendable, \$2,878,898 is restricted, \$809,149 is committed, \$4,052,753 is assigned, and \$3,289,237 is unassigned and available for spending at the County's discretion.

The General Fund is the main operating fund for the County. Of the combined ending fund balances, \$586,980 is nonspendable, \$1,502,692 is restricted, \$559,149 is committed, \$701,595 is assigned, and \$3,289,237 is unassigned. Overall fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$102,139 during 2018.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund had \$253,908 in nonspendable funds and \$2,837,245 in assigned funds. Overall fund balance in the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund decreased by \$73,849 during 2018.

The Human Services Special Revenue Fund has no fund balance, as Southwest Health and Human Services performs human services functions and public health delivery for Murray County through a joint powers arrangement.

The Ditch Special Revenue Fund had \$553,404 in restricted fund balance, and overall fund balance increased by \$1,178,612 during 2018.

(Unaudited)

The EDA Special Revenue Fund had restricted funds of \$428,801 and assigned funds of \$513,913. The EDA Special Revenue Fund's fund balance decreased by \$52,687 during 2018.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, there were positive budget variances in the General Fund. The actual revenues in the General Fund were \$58,494 more than budgeted, and expenditures were \$28,014 under budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Governmental Activities

The County's capital assets for its governmental activities at December 31, 2018, totaled \$51,977,856 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure. The investment in capital assets increased \$679,436, or 1.3 percent, from the previous year. The major capital asset events were: construction of highways and streets and the purchase of highway and other miscellaneous equipment.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation, in thousands)

	2018		2017	
Land, including right-of-way	\$	834	\$	746
Works of art and historical treasures		34		34
Construction in progress		148		500
Infrastructure		43,052		42,235
Buildings		4,752		4,710
Improvements other than buildings		278		282
Machinery and equipment		2,880		2,791
Total	\$	51,978	\$	51,298

Additional information about the County's capital assets for governmental activities can be found in Note 3.A.3. to the financial statements.

Business-Type Activities

The County's capital assets for its business-type activities at December 31, 2018, totaled \$11,154,666 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and land improvements. The investment in capital assets decreased by \$1,220,071, or 9.9 percent, from the previous year. The decrease was due to the depreciation recorded in 2018.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation, in thousands)

	2018		2017	
Land, including right-of-way	\$	183	\$	183
Land improvements		375		415
Buildings		9,495		10,528
Fixed equipment		112		152
Major movable equipment		990		1,096
Total	\$	11,155	\$	12,374

Additional information about the County's capital assets for business-type activities can be found in Note 3.A.3. to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total outstanding debt of \$8,265,096, which was backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

Outstanding Debt (in thousands)

	2018		2017	
General obligation capital improvement plan bond	\$	834	\$	1,027
General obligation ditch bonds		3,009		1,904
General obligation refunding bonds		434		537
Hospital revenue bond		3,964		4,376
Loans payable		24		52
Capital improvement note				117
Total	\$	8,265	\$	8,013

The County's overall debt increased by \$252,225 from 2017 to 2018 mainly due to issuance of Series 2018 G.O. Ditch Bonds offset by principal payments made.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of debt a county may levy to 3.00 percent of its total market value. At the end of 2018, the County's outstanding debt was 0.25 percent of its total estimated market value.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the 2019 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the year.

- The unemployment rate for Murray County at the end of 2018 was 3.3 percent. This is 0.4 percentage points higher than the state unemployment rate of 2.9 percent and 0.6 percentage points lower than the national unemployment rate of 3.9 percent. This is a decrease of 1.3 percentage points from the County's 4.6 percent rate of one year prior.
- Mortgage interest rates have remained relatively consistent with those of 2017, but refinancing of mortgages and/or financing of new construction, particularly in the agricultural sector, continues to occur at an increased rate.
- The County's net property tax levy for 2019 increased from \$7,043,080 to \$7,424,478. This is a net increase of \$381,398, or 5.42 percent.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Murray County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the County Auditor/Treasurer, Heidi E. Winter, Murray County Government Center, PO Box 57, Slayton, Minnesota 56172.











EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

				mponent Unit Shetek Area			
	- G	overnmental	ary Governmer usiness-Type	11			ter and Sewer
	Ü	Activities	Activities		Total		Commission
<u>Assets</u>							
Current assets							
Cash and pooled investments	\$	11,386,670	\$ 2,129,307	\$	13,515,977	\$	-
Petty cash and change funds		1,980	-		1,980		-
Taxes receivable							
Delinquent		49,418	-		49,418		-
Special assessments receivable							
Current		3,380,497	-		3,380,497		455,052
Delinquent		13,938	-		13,938		7,000
Accounts receivable		28,347	251,579		279,926		40,893
Internal balances		724,113	(724,113)		-		-
Patient receivables – net		-	3,002,985		3,002,985		-
Accrued interest receivable		77,346	-		77,346		-
Third-party payor settlements receivable		-	182,824		182,824		-
Due from other governments		2,058,414	-		2,058,414		812
Due from component unit		951	-		951		-
Advance to component unit		325,000	-		325,000		-
Loans receivable		68,172	-		68,172		-
Inventories		259,530	455,117		714,647		59,989
Prepaid items		6,358	240,558		246,916		-
Restricted assets							
Cash and pooled investments		-	 11,200		11,200	_	487,318
Total current assets	\$	18,380,734	\$ 5,549,457	\$	23,930,191	\$	1,051,064
Noncurrent assets							
Noncurrent cash and investments	\$	-	\$ 2,208,914	\$	2,208,914	\$	-
Special assessments receivable		-	-		-		5,199,650
Loans receivable		518,905	-		518,905		-
Long-term receivable		200,000	-		200,000		-
Capital assets							
Non-depreciable		1,016,823	182,513		1,199,336		361,046
Depreciable – net of accumulated							
depreciation		50,961,033	10,972,153		61,933,186		11,455,161
Other assets			 93,021		93,021		
Total noncurrent assets	\$	52,696,761	\$ 13,456,601	\$	66,153,362	\$	17,015,857
Total Assets	\$	71,077,495	\$ 19,006,058	\$	90,083,553	\$	18,066,921

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Duime	ry Governmer				mponent Unit Shetek Area
	 overnmental Activities	Bu	ry Governmen siness-Type Activities	<u> </u>	Total	Wat	ter and Sewer
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>							
Deferred pension outflows Deferred other postemployment benefits	\$ 1,545,949	\$	921,167	\$	2,467,116	\$	-
outflows	5,596		7,769		13,365		_
Deferred charges on bond refunding	 -		21,426		21,426		<u>-</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,551,545	\$	950,362	\$	2,501,907	\$	_
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 247,601	\$	767,996	\$	1,015,597	\$	2,635
Salaries payable	242,858		1,349,560		1,592,418		-
Claims payable	-		305,533		305,533		-
Due to other governments	89,118		177		89,295		-
Due to primary government	-		-		-		951
Advance from primary government	-		-		-		325,000
Unearned revenue	102,244		-		102,244		-
Accrued interest payable	25,994		5,675		31,669		37,799
Payable from restricted assets	-		11,200		11,200		-
Compensated absences payable - current	80,327		241		80,568		-
Special assessments payable - current	-		5,167		5,167		-
Loans payable – current	7,236		-		7,236		-
General obligation bonds payable -							
current	200,000		110,000		310,000		230,000
General obligation special assessment							
debt payable – current	125,000		-		125,000		-
Revenue bonds payable - current	-		427,177		427,177		582,149
Customer deposits	 						2,466
Total current liabilities	\$ 1,120,378	\$	2,982,726	\$	4,103,104	\$	1,181,000

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

			Prima	ary Governmen	t		mponent Unit Shetek Area
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-Type			ter and Sewer
		Activities		Activities		Total	 Commission
<u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)							
Noncurrent liabilities							
Compensated absences payable	\$	574,241	\$	15,434	\$	589,675	\$ -
Special assessments payable		-		31,004		31,004	-
Loans payable		16,843		-		16,843	-
General obligation bonds payable – net General obligation special assessment		633,587		323,633		957,220	2,135,000
debt payable – net		2,884,423				2,884,423	
Revenue bonds payable		2,004,423		3,537,197		3,537,197	3,560,361
Other postemployment benefits		-		3,337,197		3,337,197	3,300,301
liability		273,166		258,087		531,253	_
Net pension liability		3,279,314		5,529,400		8,808,714	_
1.00 points intolling		5,277,511		5,525,100		0,000,711	
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	7,661,574	\$	9,694,755	\$	17,356,329	\$ 5,695,361
Total Liabilities	\$	8,781,952	\$	12,677,481	\$	21,459,433	\$ 6,876,361
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred pension inflows	\$	2,338,527	\$	1,714,530	\$	4,053,057	\$ -
Prepaid property taxes		34,838				34,838	 -
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,373,365	\$	1,714,530	\$	4,087,895	\$
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	51,144,269	\$	6,741,914	\$	57,886,183	\$ 5,308,697
Restricted for							
General government		372,561		-		372,561	-
Public safety		289,894		-		289,894	-
Highways and streets		1,737,852		-		1,737,852	-
Sanitation		241,196		-		241,196	-
Economic development		428,801		-		428,801	-
Debt service		385,569		-		385,569	328,722
Wastewater system replacement		-		-		-	158,596
Unrestricted		6,873,581		(1,177,505)		5,696,076	 5,394,545
Total Net Position	\$	61,473,723	\$	5,564,409	\$	67,038,132	\$ 11,190,560

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		 CI	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions		
		ees, Charges, Fines, and			
	 Expenses	 Other			
Functions/Programs					
Primary government					
Governmental activities					
General government	\$ 3,021,855	\$ 279,321	\$	23,200	
Public safety	2,593,427	90,627		324,665	
Highways and streets	6,436,984	107,607		5,360,883	
Sanitation	348,090	223,708		67,729	
Human services	1,205,884	-		-	
Health	106,881	-		-	
Culture and recreation	698,695	48,463		95,364	
Conservation of natural resources	1,244,812	1,996,635		369,173	
Economic development	242,007	112,643		-	
Interest	 67,533	 		-	
Total governmental activities	\$ 15,966,168	\$ 2,859,004	\$	6,241,014	
Business-type activities					
Hospital	\$ 16,562,108	\$ 15,655,724	\$	-	
Congregate Housing	 280,751	 255,665		232	
Total business-type activities	\$ 16,842,859	\$ 15,911,389	\$	232	
Total Primary Government	\$ 32,809,027	\$ 18,770,393	\$	6,241,246	
Component unit					
Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission	\$ 894,671	\$ 524,438	\$		

General Revenues

Property taxes

Mortgage registry and deed tax

Wind and solar production tax

Payments in lieu of tax

Wheelage tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

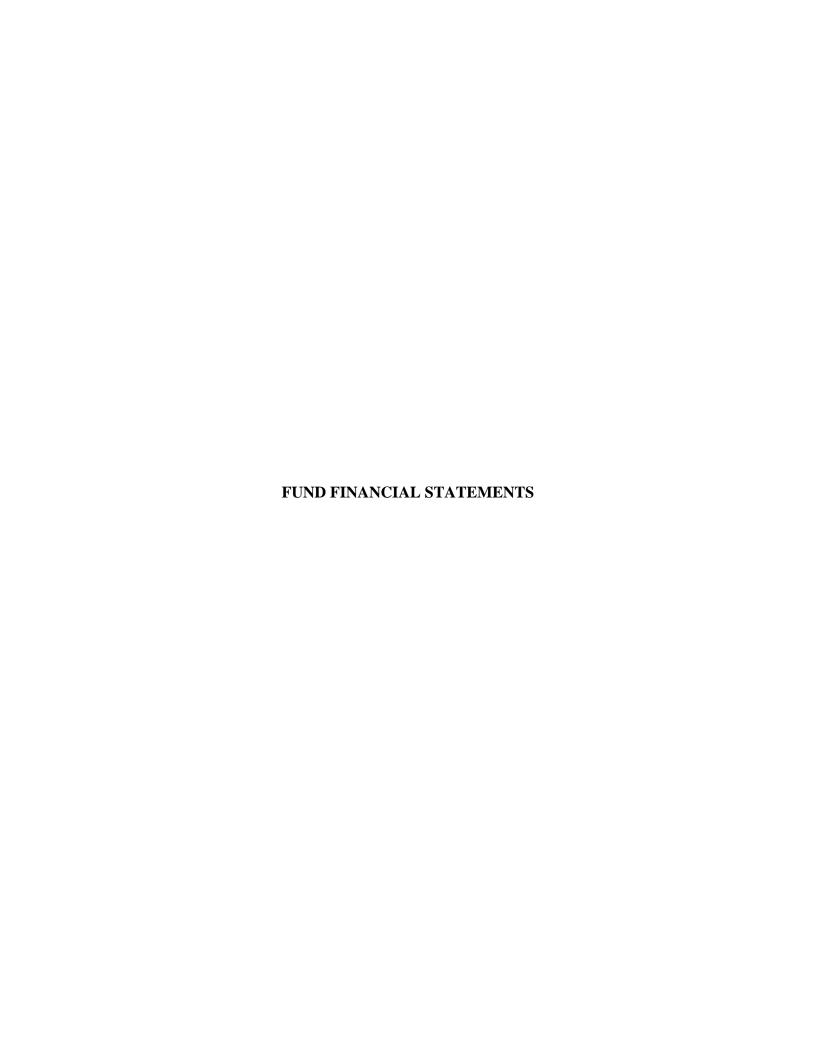
Change in net position

Net Position - Beginning, as restated (Note 1.E.)

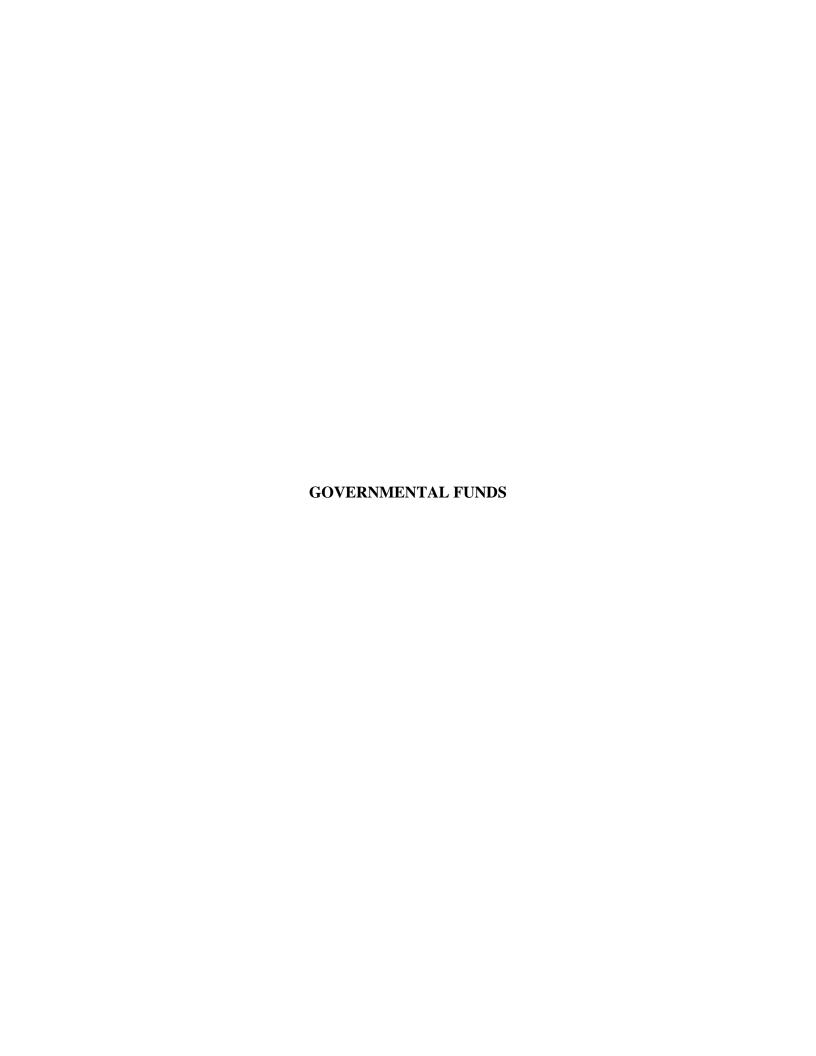
Net Position – Ending

				Net (E)	pense) Revenue ar	iu Chang	es in Net I osition	Cor	mponent Unit
	Capital			Prima	ry Government				hetek Area
	rants and	G	overnmental		siness-Type		_	Wa	ter and Sewer
Co	ntributions		Activities		Activities		Total		Commission
\$	84,120 23,318 11,802	\$	(2,635,214) (2,154,817) (956,692) (56,653)	\$	- - - -	\$	(2,635,214) (2,154,817) (956,692) (56,653)		
	-		(1,205,884) (106,881)		-		(1,205,884) (106,881)		
	- - - -		(554,868) 1,120,996 (129,364) (67,533)		- - - -		(554,868) 1,120,996 (129,364) (67,533)		
\$	119,240	\$	(6,746,910)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(6,746,910)		
\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	(906,384) (24,854)	\$	(906,384) (24,854)		
\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	(931,238)	\$	(931,238)		
\$	119,240	\$	(6,746,910)	\$	(931,238)	\$	(7,678,148)		
\$	220,117							\$	(150,116)
		\$	6,745,699 7,501 1,061,593 403,442 107,248 834,030 254,140 183,304 2,899	\$	78,376 60,491 1,204 (2,899)	\$	6,745,699 7,501 1,061,593 403,442 107,248 912,406 314,631 184,508	\$	- - - - 3,054 7,740
		\$	9,599,856	\$	137,172	\$	9,737,028	\$	10,794
		\$	2,852,946	\$	(794,066)	\$	2,058,880	\$	(139,322)
			58,620,777		6,358,475		64,979,252		11,329,882
		\$	61,473,723	\$	5,564,409	\$	67,038,132	\$	11,190,560









BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 General	 Road and Bridge
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 6,374,673	\$ 2,674,413
Undistributed cash in agency funds	71,530	20,087
Petty cash and change funds	1,980	-
Taxes receivable		
Delinquent	31,625	7,913
Special assessments receivable		
Delinquent	11,731	-
Noncurrent	439,370	-
Accounts receivable	7,843	8,850
Loans receivable	-	-
Accrued interest receivable	77,346	-
Due from other governments	64,524	1,993,890
Due from component unit	951	-
Advance to component unit	325,000	-
Advance to other funds	250,000	-
Inventories	7,195	252,335
Prepaid items	4,785	1,573
•		
Total Assets	\$ 7,668,553	\$ 4,959,061
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,		
and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 117,511	\$ 31,010
Salaries payable	186,218	50,945
Due to other governments	74,059	1,000
Unearned revenue	 102,244	 -
Total Liabilities	\$ 480,032	\$ 82,955
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue	\$ 527,927	\$ 1,778,358
Prepaid property taxes	 20,941	 6,595
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 548,868	\$ 1,784,953

	Human Services		Ditch	 EDA	 Debt Service	 Capital Projects		Total
\$	- 16,920 -	\$	643,329 2,561	\$ 937,397	\$ 390,417 5,343	\$ 250,000	\$	11,270,229 116,441 1,980
	8,511		-	-	1,369	-		49,418
<u> </u>	25,431	<u>\$</u>	2,207 2,941,127 11,654	\$ 587,077 - - - - - - - - - - 1,524,474	\$ 397,129	\$ 250,000	<u>\$</u>	13,938 3,380,497 28,347 587,077 77,346 2,058,414 951 325,000 250,000 259,530 6,358 18,425,526
\$	- - 11,377	\$	98,676 2,781 2,682	\$ 404 2,914 -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - -	\$	247,601 242,858 89,118 102,244
\$	11,377	\$	104,139	\$ 3,318	\$ 	\$ 	\$	681,821
\$	8,511 5,543	\$	2,943,335	\$ 578,442	\$ 1,369 1,759	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	5,837,942 34,838
\$	14,054	\$	2,943,335	\$ 578,442	\$ 3,128	\$ 	\$	5,872,780

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 General	<u> </u>	Road and Bridge
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,			
and Fund Balances (Continued)			
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable			
Inventories	\$ 7,195	\$	252,335
Prepaid items	4,785		1,573
Advances	575,000		-
Restricted for			
Septic/sewer loans	6,994		_
Attorney's forfeitures	1,512		_
Debt service	-,		_
EDA revolving loans	_		_
EDA child care provider grant	_		_
Recorder's compliance	126,002		
Recorder's technology	245,047		_
Supervision fees	22,691		-
Sheriff's contingency	5,768		-
Permits to carry	65,450		-
E-911			-
	195,985		-
Ditch maintenance and conservation	-		-
Unspent grant monies	583,058		-
County match	8,989		-
Solid waste assessments	241,196		-
Committed to			
General Fund contracts	414,444		-
911 sign replacement	144,705		-
Capital improvement	-		-
Assigned to			
County septic system loans	74,669		-
Parks	79,766		-
Sanitation	78,762		-
Road and bridge	-		2,837,245
Economic development	-		-
Avoca dam replacement	18,750		-
Fairgrounds building improvement	78,524		-
Courts building improvement	158,259		-
Sheriff's motor pool	71,271		-
General motor pool	27,155		-
Ambulance replacement	114,439		-
Unassigned	 3,289,237		-
Total Fund Balances	\$ 6,639,653	\$	3,091,153
Total Liabilities Deferred Inflavor of	_		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 7,668,553	\$	4,959,061

Human Services		Ditch	 EDA	 Debt Service		Capital Projects	Total	
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	259,530
-		-	-	-		-		6,358
-		-	-	-		-		575,000
-		-	-	-		-		6,994
-		-	-	-		-		1,512
-		-	-	394,001		_		394,001
-		-	418,794	-		-		418,794
-		-	10,007	-		-		10,007
-		-	-	-		-		126,002
-		-	-	-		-		245,047
-		-	-	-		-		22,691
-		-	-	-		-		5,768
-		-	-	-		-		65,450
-		-	-	-		-		195,985
-		553,404	-	-		-		553,404
-		-	-	-		-		583,058
-		-	-	-		-		8,989
-		-	-	-		-		241,196
-		-	-	-		-		414,444
-		-	-	-		-		144,705
-		-	-	-		250,000		250,000
-		-	-	_		-		74,669
-		-	-	-		_		79,766
-		-	-	-		_		78,762
-		-	-	-		-		2,837,245
-		-	513,913	-		_		513,913
-		-	-	-		_		18,750
-		-	-	-		-		78,524
-		-	-	-		-		158,259
-		-	-	-		-		71,271
-		-	-	-		-		27,155
-		-	-	-		-		114,439
 <u> </u>			 	 				3,289,237
\$ -	\$	553,404	\$ 942,714	\$ 394,001	\$	250,000	\$	11,870,925
					,			
\$ 25,431	\$	3,600,878	\$ 1,524,474	\$ 397,129	\$	250,000	\$	18,425,526



EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2018

Fund balance – total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 11,870,925
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		51,977,856
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension obligations are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		1,545,949
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from the other postemployment benefits liability are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		5,596
An internal service fund is used by Murray County to charge the costs of self-funded insurance programs to functions. The cumulative net revenue (expense) of internal service fund activities reported with governmental activities related to business-type activities is shown as an internal balance.		474,113
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources—unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.		5,837,942
A long-term receivable is not due in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.		200,000
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Special assessment general obligation bonds General obligation bonds Loans payable Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits liability Net pension liability Accrued interest payable	\$ (3,009,423) (833,587) (24,079) (654,568) (273,166) (3,279,314) (25,994)	(8,100,131)
Deferred inflows of resources resulting from pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(2,338,527)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 61,473,723

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		General		Road and Bridge
Revenues				
Taxes	\$	5,136,178	\$	1,379,943
Special assessments	Ψ	278,037	Ψ	1,577,743
Licenses and permits		38,921		8,500
Intergovernmental		1,864,969		5,412,771
Charges for services		344,525		16,683
Gifts and contributions		17,744		10,003
Investment earnings		206,574		
Miscellaneous		262,309		103,484
Miscenaneous		202,309		105,464
Total Revenues	\$	8,149,257	\$	6,921,381
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	\$	3,320,166	\$	-
Public safety		2,544,301		-
Highways and streets		-		6,430,497
Sanitation		338,906		-
Culture and recreation		673,202		-
Conservation of natural resources		690,300		-
Economic development		2,230		-
Intergovernmental		106,881		528,018
Debt service				
Principal		27,525		-
Interest		895		-
Administrative charges		-		-
Bond issuance costs		-		
Total Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	7,704,406	\$	6,958,515
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	444,851	\$	(37,134)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	\$	14,164	\$	-
Transfers out		(359,777)		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		850		7,000
Bonds issued		-		=
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(344,763)	\$	7,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	100,088	\$	(30,134)
Fund Balance – January 1		6,537,514		3,165,002
Increase (decrease) in inventories		2,051		(43,715)
Fund Balance – December 31	<u>\$</u>	6,639,653	\$	3,091,153

	Human Services		Ditch		EDA		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total
\$	1,070,512	\$	- 604,273	\$	- -	\$	340,142	\$	-	\$	7,926,775 882,310
	135,372		24,145		-		- 15,934		-		47,421 7,453,191
	-		-		-		·-		-		361,208
	-		-		-		-		-		17,744
	-		50,952		20,921 62,924		224		-		227,719 479,669
\$	1,205,884	\$	679,370	\$	83,845	\$	356,300	\$		\$	17,396,037
Ψ	1,205,004	Ψ	019,510	Ψ	05,045	Ψ	330,300	Ψ		Ψ	17,550,057
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	645	\$	-	\$	3,320,811
	-		-		-		-		-		2,544,301
	-		-		-		-		-		6,430,497
	-		-		-		-		-		338,906
	-		509,677		-		-		-		673,202
	-		309,677		242,090		-		-		1,199,977 244,320
	1,205,884		-		-		-		-		1,840,783
	-		115,000		-		312,000		-		454,525
	-		43,035		-		23,284		-		67,214
	-		990 45,010		-		495		-		1,485 45,010
\$	1 205 994	•		•	242,090	\$		\$		\$	
Φ	1,205,884	\$	713,712	\$	242,090	Φ	336,424	Ф		Ф	17,161,031
\$		\$	(34,342)	\$	(158,245)	\$	19,876	\$		\$	235,006
\$	-	\$	3,794	\$	105,558	\$	-	\$	250,000	\$	373,516
	-		(10,840)		-		-		-		(370,617)
	-		-		-		-		-		7,850
			1,220,000		-		-		-	_	1,220,000
\$		\$	1,212,954	\$	105,558	\$	-	\$	250,000	\$	1,230,749
\$	-	\$	1,178,612	\$	(52,687)	\$	19,876	\$	250,000	\$	1,465,755
	-		(625,208)		995,401		374,125		<u>.</u>		10,446,834 (41,664)
\$	-	\$	553,404	\$	942,714	\$	394,001	\$	250,000	\$	11,870,925

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)			\$ 1,465,755
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in revenue deferred as unavailable.			
Unavailable revenue – December 31	\$	5,837,942	
Unavailable revenue – January 1		(4,436,439)	1,401,503
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported; whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. The difference is the net book value of the assets disposed of.			
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure	\$	3,515,534	
Net book value of assets disposed of	Ψ	(21,617)	
Current year depreciation		(2,814,481)	679,436
Issuing long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, those amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of activities.			
Principal payments			
General obligation bonds	\$	195,000	
Special assessment bonds		115,000	
Capital improvement notes		117,000	
Loans payable		27,525	
Amortization of discount		(2,110)	452,415
New debt issued (see Note 3.C.4. for more information)			(1,220,000)

EXHIBIT 6 (Continued)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest payable	\$	3,278	
Change in compensated absences	Ψ	(18,125)	
Change in long-term receivable		(15,000)	
Change in other postemployment benefits liability		(13,454)	
Change in deferred other postemployment benefits outflows		5,596	
Change in net pension liability		661,845	
Change in deferred pension outflows		(616,648)	
Change in deferred pension inflows		111,612	
Change in inventories		(41,664)	77,440
An internal service fund is used by Murray County to charge the cost of the self-funded insurance programs to functions. A portion of the increase or decrease in net position of the internal service fund is reported in the government-wide statement of activities.			(3,603)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)

\$ 2,852,946



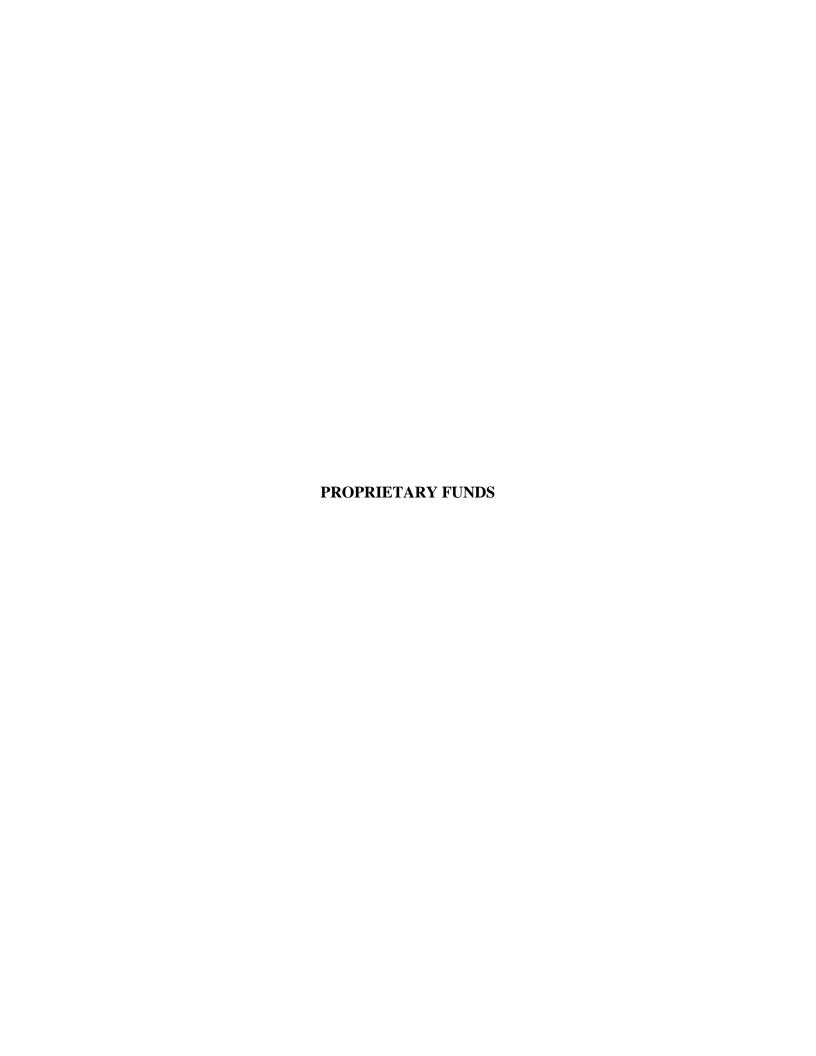




EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Internal Congregate Service Fund Housing Self-Insurance Hospital Total **Assets Current assets** \$ 776,320 \$ 32,816 \$ 809,136 \$ 1,320,171 Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable 115,198 228 115,426 136,153 Patient receivables - net 3,002,985 3,002,985 Third-party payor settlements receivable 182,824 182,824 455,117 455,117 Inventories 240,558 240,558 Prepaid items Total current assets, unrestricted \$ 4,773,002 \$ 33,044 \$ 4,806,046 \$ 1,456,324 Restricted assets Cash and pooled investments 11,200 11,200 4,773,002 \$ 4,817,246 **Total current assets** 44,244 1,456,324 Noncurrent assets \$ Noncurrent cash and investments \$ 2,208,914 \$ 2,208,914 Capital assets Nondepreciable 182,513 182,513 Depreciable - net 10,563,185 408,968 10,972,153 **Total noncurrent assets** 12,954,612 408,968 13,363,580 Other assets Investment in Minnesota Rural Health 8,750 \$ 8,750 Physician receivables 84,271 84,271 Total other assets \$ 93,021 93,021 **Total Assets** 17,820,635 453,212 18,273,847 1,456,324 **Deferred Outflows of Resources** Deferred pension outflows \$ 914,083 \$ 7,084 \$ 921,167 \$ Deferred other postemployment benefits outflows 7,627 142 7,769 Deferred charges on bond refunding 21,426 21,426

921,710

\$

28,652

950,362

Total Deferred Outflows of Resources

EXHIBIT 7 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Business-Type Activities							
	Enterprise Funds]	Internal	
			Congregate				Service Fund	
		Hospital		Housing		Total	Self	f-Insurance
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Current liabilities payable from current assets								
Accounts payable	\$	761,100	\$	6,896	\$	767,996	\$	_
Salaries payable	Ψ	1,346,504	Ψ	3,056	Ψ	1,349,560	Ψ	_
Claims payable		-		-		-		305,533
Compensated absences payable – current		_		241		241		-
Due to other governments		_		177		177		_
Accrued interest payable		3,154		2,521		5,675		-
Special assessments payable – current		5,167		-		5,167		-
General obligation bonds payable – current		-		110,000		110,000		-
Revenue bonds payable – current		427,177				427,177		-
Total current liabilities payable from								
current assets	\$	2,543,102	\$	122,891	\$	2,665,993	\$	305,533
Current liabilities payable from restricted								
assets								
Accounts payable				11,200		11,200		-
Total current liabilities	\$	2,543,102	\$	134,091	\$	2,677,193	\$	305,533
Noncurrent liabilities								
Advance from other funds	\$	-	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	-
Compensated absences payable – long-term		-		15,434		15,434		-
Special assessments payable – long-term		31,004		-		31,004		-
General obligation bonds payable – long-term		-		323,633		323,633		-
Revenue bonds payable – long-term		3,537,197		-		3,537,197		-
Other postemployment benefits liability		253,355		4,732		258,087		-
Net pension liability	_	5,475,471		53,929	_	5,529,400		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	9,297,027	\$	647,728	\$	9,944,755	\$	-
Total Liabilities	\$	11,840,129	\$	781,819	\$	12,621,948	\$	305,533
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred pension inflows	\$	1,704,265	\$	10,265	\$	1,714,530	\$	_

EXHIBIT 7 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Business-Type Activities							
	Enterprise Funds					Internal		
	Congregate					Service Fund		
		Hospital		Housing		Total	Sel	f-Insurance
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	6,745,153	\$	(3,239)	\$	6,741,914	\$	-
Unrestricted		(1,547,202)		(306,981)		(1,854,183)		1,150,791
Total Net Position	\$	5,197,951	\$	(310,220)	\$	4,887,731	\$	1,150,791
Some amounts reported for business-type a (Exhibit 1) are different because certain as Internal Service Fund are included with bu	sets and liabil	lities of the Self-				676,678		
Net Position of Business-Type Activities					\$	5,564,409		

EXHIBIT 8

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Business-Type Activities

	Business-Type Activities							
		Enterprise Funds			Internal Service Fund			
	Congregate							
		Hospital		Housing		Total	Sel	lf-Insurance
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	249,720	\$	249,720	\$	2,276,454
Patient services revenues		15,220,722		-		15,220,722		-
Miscellaneous		435,002		6,945		441,947		-
Total Operating Revenues	\$	15,655,724	\$	256,665	\$	15,912,389	\$	2,276,454
Operating Expenses								
Personal services	\$	-	\$	84,842	\$	84,842	\$	-
Professional services		4,323,057		5,142		4,328,199		-
Nursing services		2,926,555		-		2,926,555		-
Contracted services		-		46,289		46,289		-
Repairs and maintenance		1,063,807		26,935		1,090,742		-
Administration and fiscal services		4,111,618		495		4,112,113		-
Other services and charges		-		4,843		4,843		-
Supplies		-		16,015		16,015		-
Utilities		-		27,176		27,176		-
Insurance		-		2,970		2,970		-
Wellness center		15,118		-		15,118		-
Professional building		6,817		-		6,817		-
Surgery clinic		743,596		-		743,596		-
Slayton clinic		1,698,728		-		1,698,728		-
Fulda clinic		32,319		-		32,319		-
Interest expense		152,982		-		152,982		-
Depreciation		1,482,466		51,121		1,533,587		-
Cost of service								2,285,153
Total Operating Expenses	<u></u> \$	16,557,063	\$	265,828	\$	16,822,891	\$	2,285,153
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(901,339)	\$	(9,163)	\$	(910,502)	\$	(8,699)

EXHIBIT 8 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Internal Congregate **Service Fund** Housing **Self-Insurance** Hospital Total **Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)** Investment income \$ 60,491 \$ 60,491 232 78,608 Grants 78,376 Gain on disposal of capital assets 204 204 (13,281)Interest expense (13,281)(1,591)Amortization of bond discount (1,591)**Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)** 139,071 (14,640)\$ 124,431 **Income (Loss) Before Transfers** \$ (762,268)(23,803)(786,071)(8,699)Transfers in 425 425 (3,324)Transfers out (3,324)(26,702) (8,699) Change in net position \$ \$ (788,970)(762,268)Net Position – January 1, as restated (Note 1.E.) 5,960,219 1,159,490 (283,518)Net Position – December 31 5,197,951 (310,220)1,150,791 Some amounts for business-type activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because the net revenue (expense) of the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund is reported with business-type activities. (5,096)

Total Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities

(794,066)

EXHIBIT 9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Business-Type Activities

	Business-Type Activities							
	Enterprise Funds				Internal			
			(Congregate			Se	ervice Fund
		Hospital		Housing		Total	Se	lf-Insurance
		-						
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	14,821,026	\$	261,247	\$	15,082,273	\$	2,280,429
Other receipts and payments – net		435,002		-		435,002		-
Payments to suppliers and contractors		(5,697,412)		(133,111)		(5,830,523)		(2,297,532)
Payments to employees		(9,837,017)		(81,773)		(9,918,790)		<u> </u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating								
activities	\$	(278,401)	\$	46,363	\$	(232,038)	\$	(17,103)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing								
Activities								
Noncapital grants and donations	\$	78,376	\$	_	\$	78,376	\$	_
Transfers in	Ψ	-	Ψ	425	Ψ	425	Ψ	_
Transfers out		_		(3,324)		(3,324)		_
Transfers out				(3,324)	-	(3,324)		
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital								
financing activities	\$	78,376	\$	(2,899)	\$	75,477	\$	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing								
Activities								
Principal paid on long-term debt	\$	(417,119)	\$	(105,000)	\$	(522,119)	\$	_
Interest paid on long-term debt	-	(152,982)	-	(6,575)	-	(159,557)	-	_
Purchases of capital assets		(313,516)		(0,0,0)		(313,516)		_
Gain on disposal of capital assets		204		_		204		_
oun on disposit of cupital assets		204				204		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and								
related financing activities	\$	(883,413)	\$	(111,575)	\$	(994,988)	\$	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities								
Investment earnings received	\$	60,491	\$	-	\$	60,491	\$	_
Decrease in noncurrent cash and investments		219,271		_		219,271		_
Decrease in physician receivables		5,240				5,240		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing								
activities	\$	285,002	\$		\$	285,002	\$	-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash								
Equivalents	\$	(798,436)	\$	(68,111)	\$	(866,547)	\$	(17,103)
z-qu-, memo	Ψ	(750,150)	Ψ	(00,111)	Ψ	(000,217)	Ψ	(17,100)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1		1,574,756		112,127		1,686,883		1,337,274
Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31	\$	776,320	\$	44,016	\$	820,336	\$	1,320,171

EXHIBIT 9 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Internal Service Fund Congregate Housing Self-Insurance Hospital **Total** Cash and Cash Equivalents - Exhibit 7 \$ Cash and pooled investments 776,320 32,816 \$ 809,136 1,320,171 Restricted cash and pooled investments 11,200 11,200 **Total Cash and Cash Equivalents** 776,320 44,016 820,336 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) (901,339) (9,163)\$ (910,502) (8,699)Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation expense 1,482,466 51.121 \$ 1.533.587 Interest expense 152,982 282 153.264 Provision for bad debts 129,796 129,796 (Increase) decrease in patient receivables - net (240,126)(240, 126)95,289 (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (27,428)(27,428)(Increase) decrease in inventories 19,073 19,073 (68,709)(68,709)(Increase) decrease in prepaid items (Increase) decrease in deferred pension outflows 611,571 6,151 617,722 (Increase) decrease in deferred other postemployment benefits outflows (142)(142)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 122,911 1,397 124,308 Increase (decrease) in salaries payable 6,782 525 7,307 (103,693)Increase (decrease) in claims payable Increase (decrease) in third-party payor settlements (289,366)(289,366)Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable 3,581 3,581 Increase (decrease) in due to other governments 40 40 Increase (decrease) in other postemployment (3,375)benefits liability (3,363)(12)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability (1,016,990)(5,701)(1,022,691)Increase (decrease) in deferred pension inflows (256,661)(1,716)(258,377)**Total adjustments** 622,938 55,526 678,464 (8,404)Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities (278,401)46,363 (232,038)(17,103)



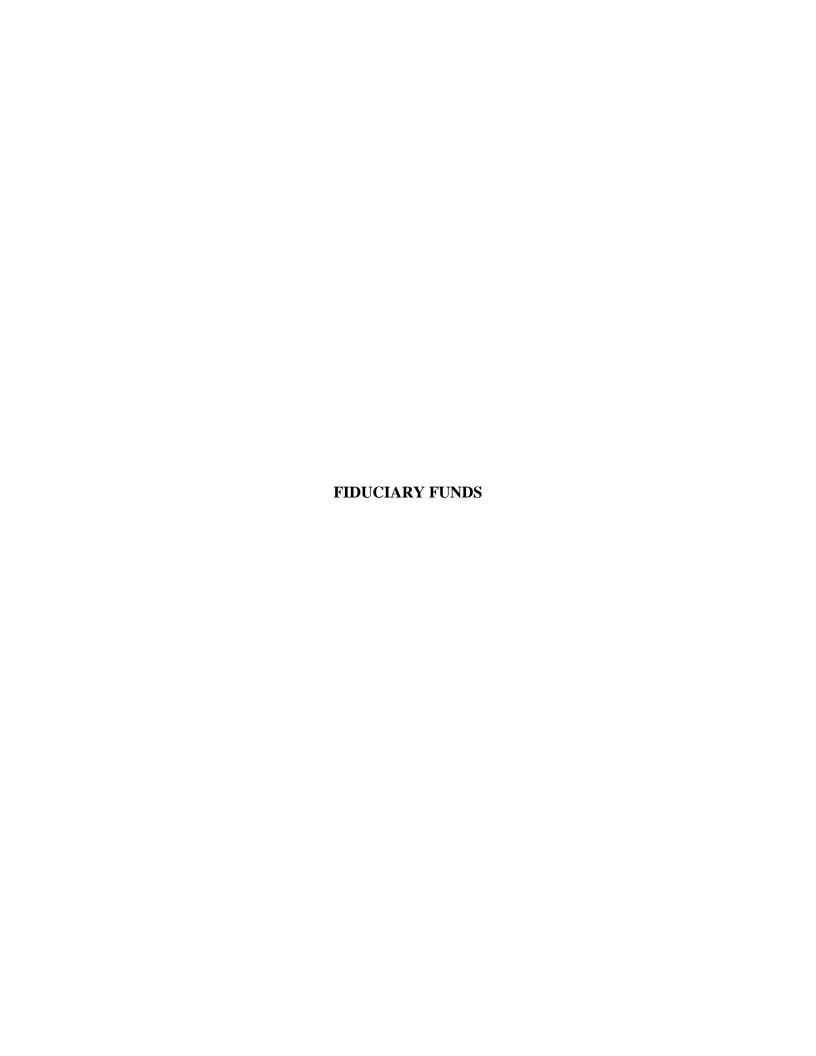




EXHIBIT 10

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Assets

Cash and pooled investments	\$ 159,875
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts payable	\$ 20
Customer deposits	5,912
Due to other governments	 153,943
Total Liabilities	\$ 159,875



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Murray County was established May 23, 1857, and is an organized County having the powers, duties, and privileges granted to counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present Murray County and its component units for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and has the ability to impose its will on that governing body, or if the organization could potentially provide specific financial benefits or impose specific burdens on the County. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year. The County Coordinator, appointed by the Board, serves as the Clerk of the Board but does not vote in its decisions.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are legally separate organizations so intertwined with the County that they are, in substance, the same as the County and, therefore, are reported as if they were part of the County. Murray County has the following blended component units:

Component Unit	Component Unit Included in Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements
Murray County Medical Center, hereafter the Hospital, provides acute inpatient and outpatient care to the County area.	County Commissioners are the members of the Murray County Medical Center Board, and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists.	Separate financial statements can be obtained at: 2042 Juniper Avenue Slayton, Minnesota 56172

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Component Unit	Component Unit Included in Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements
Murray County Economic Development Authority	The Authority's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the County, and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists.	Separate financial statements are not issued for the Murray County Economic Development Authority.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

While part of the reporting entity, discretely presented component units are presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The following component unit of Murray County is discretely presented:

Component Unit	Component Unit Included in Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements
The Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission is responsible for constructing and operating a sanitary water and sewer district within Murray County.	The County appoints the Water and Sewer Commission members and must approve any debt.	Separate financial statements are not issued for the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission.

Joint Ventures

The County participates in several joint ventures described in Note 5.B.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, that recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities, different business-type activities, and discretely presented component unit are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The County presents two enterprise funds. The County reports all of its governmental and enterprise funds as major funds.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

B. Basic Financial Statements

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The Hospital Enterprise Fund accounts for unrestricted donations received by the Hospital as nonoperating revenue in the period received. Donations restricted by donors or grantors for specific operating purposes are reported as nonoperating revenue to the extent used within the period.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.
- The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for restricted revenues from the federal and state government, as well as assigned property tax revenues used for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.
- The <u>Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for assigned property tax revenues used for economic assistance and community social services programs.
- The <u>Ditch Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for special assessment revenues levied against benefited property to finance the cost of constructing and maintaining an agricultural drainage ditch system.
- The <u>EDA Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for restricted revenue resources from the state and an appropriation from the General Fund for the costs relating to activity of the Economic Development Authority.
- The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of restricted resources used for and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of general obligation bonds.
- The <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for financial resources committed for acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The <u>Hospital Fund</u> is used to account for the operation of the Murray County Medical Center, a blended component unit of Murray County.
- The <u>Congregate Housing Fund</u> is used to account for the operation of the Murray County Congregate Housing facility.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

- The <u>Internal Service Fund</u> accounts for health insurance premiums and payments.
- Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Murray County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied provided they are also available. Shared revenues are generally recognized in the period the appropriation goes into effect and the revenues are available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met and are available. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Issuances of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are identified only for the purpose of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary funds and the discretely presented component unit. Murray County and its discretely presented component unit have defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Additionally, each fund's or the discretely presented component unit's equity in the County's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

2. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The cash balances of substantially all funds and the discretely presented component unit are pooled and invested by the County Auditor/Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2018. A market approach is used to value all investments other than external investment pools, which are measured at net asset value. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

2. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

pooled investments of governmental and fiduciary funds are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2018 were \$205,114.

The Hospital's investment earnings for the year ended December 31, 2018, were \$60,491 and are included in nonoperating revenues.

Murray County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The investment in the pool is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15 or November 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

3. <u>Receivables and Payables</u> (Continued)

Special assessments receivable consist of delinquent special assessments payable in the years 1998 through 2018 and noncurrent special assessments payable in 2019 and after. Unpaid special assessments at December 31 are classified in the financial statements as delinquent special assessments.

No allowance for uncollectible receivables has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material. All enterprise fund receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Patient receivables are uncollateralized patient and third-party payor obligations. The Hospital provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts based on the allowance method using management's judgement. Patients are not required to provide collateral for services rendered. Payment for services is required within 45 days of receipt of invoice or claim submitted. Accounts past due are individually analyzed for collectability. Amounts for which no payment have been received are written off using management's judgement on a per-account basis. In addition, an allowance is estimated for other accounts based on historical experience of the Hospital.

4. <u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories in proprietary funds and at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

5. Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

6. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (for example, roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of two years and an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (entry price) on the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current period, the Hospital Enterprise Fund and the Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund had no capitalized interest.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

6. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment of the County, as well as the blended component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	10 - 40
Buildings	7 - 40
Public domain infrastructure	20 - 50
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20

7. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation, sick leave, and comp time balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. A liability for compensated absences is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The government-wide statement of net position reports both current and noncurrent portions of compensated absences. The current portion consists of an amount based on a trend analysis of current usage of vacation. The noncurrent portion consists of the remaining amount of vacation, vested sick leave, and comp time. For the governmental activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Ditch Special Revenue Fund, and EDA Special Revenue Fund. For the business-type activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

8. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, if material, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates, and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value. For the governmental activities, the net pension liability is liquidated by the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, and EDA Special Revenue Fund. For the business-type activities, the net pension liability is liquidated by the Congregate Housing Fund and Hospital Enterprise Fund.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County reports deferred outflows of resources only under the full accrual basis of accounting associated with defined benefit pension plans, other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and deferred charges on bond refunding and, accordingly, they are reported only in the statement of net position. A deferred charge on bond refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three types of deferred inflows that qualify for reporting in this category. Prepaid property taxes represent the County's share of tax collections collected prior to year-end that are not due until the following year. Since the property taxes were levied for use in a future year, the revenue is deferred and recognized in the period for which the amounts were levied. These amounts arise under both the modified and full accrual basis of accounting and are reported in both the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of net position. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from delinquent taxes receivable, delinquent and noncurrent special assessments receivable, interest receivable, EDA revolving loans receivable, and grant monies receivable, for amounts that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The unavailable revenue is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which it becomes available. Unavailable revenue arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The County also reports deferred pension inflows associated with defined benefit pension plans and OPEB. These inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

11. Unearned Revenue

Proprietary funds, governmental funds, and government-wide financial statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At December 31, 2018, all unearned revenue was the result of receiving grants prior to the revenue recognition criteria being met.

12. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide, proprietary fund, and the component unit financial statements is classified in the following categories:

- <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.
- Restricted net position the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Unrestricted net position</u> the amount of net position that does meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

13. Classification of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which Murray County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity
 - 13. <u>Classification of Fund Balances</u> (Continued)
 - <u>Restricted</u> amounts in which constraints have been placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
 - <u>Committed</u> amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the County Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.
 - <u>Assigned</u> amounts the County intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Board or the County Auditor/Treasurer who has been delegated that authority by Board resolution.
 - <u>Unassigned</u> the residual classification for the General Fund, and includes all
 spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In
 other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a
 deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which
 amounts had been restricted or committed.

Murray County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

14. Minimum Fund Balance

Murray County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund. The General Fund is heavily reliant on property tax revenues to fund current operations. However, current property tax revenues are not available for distribution until June. Therefore, the County Board has determined it needs to maintain a minimum unrestricted fund balance (committed, assigned, and unassigned) within a range of 35 to 50 percent of the General Fund operating expenditures. At December 31, 2018, unrestricted fund balance for the General Fund was at or above the minimum fund balance level.

15. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources; and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Restatement of Net Position for Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the County adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statement 75. GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, changes the amount employers report as OPEB expense and defers some allocations of expenses to future years as deferred outflows or inflows of resources. This statement also requires additional note disclosures and schedules in the required supplementary information. Beginning net position has been restated to reflect this change.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

E. Restatement of Net Position for Change in Accounting Principle (Continued)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Net Position, January 1, 2018, as previously reported	\$ 58,537,158	\$ 6,153,855
Restatement of net position Adjustment for OPEB	83,619	204,620
Net Position, January 1, 2018, as restated	\$ 58,620,777	\$ 6,358,475
	Hospital Enterprise Fund	Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund
Net Position, January 1, 2018, as previously reported	Enterprise	Housing Enterprise
Net Position, January 1, 2018, as previously reported Restatement of net position Adjustment for OPEB	Enterprise Fund	Housing Enterprise Fund

F. Hospital Net Patient/Resident Service Revenue

The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors that provide payments to the Hospital at amounts different from established rates. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates of discharge, reimbursed costs, discounted charges, and per diem payments. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

F. Hospital Net Patient/Resident Service Revenue (Continued)

The Hospital provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because the Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as net patient service revenue. The amount of charges foregone for services and supplies furnished under the Hospital's charity care policy aggregated \$124,139 in 2018 and \$155,159 in 2017.

Revenue from the Medicare and Medicaid programs accounted for approximately 43 and seven percent and 43 and nine percent of the Hospital's net patient revenue for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term.

The Hospital also has entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the Hospital under these agreements are discounts from established charges, fee schedules, and prospectively determined rates per discharge.

The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

- Medicare The Hospital has elected Critical Access Hospital (CAH) designation for Medicare. As a CAH, the Hospital is reimbursed for inpatient, swing bed, and outpatient services to Medicare patients on a reasonable cost basis. Medicare reimburses the Hospital for these services using interim rates, with a final settlement determined based on the annual cost report that is filed by the Hospital. This cost report is subject to audit by the Medicare fiscal intermediary. The Hospital's Medicare cost reports have been finalized by the Medicare fiscal intermediary through December 31, 2013.
- Medicaid Inpatient acute care services provided to Medicaid program beneficiaries
 are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according
 to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other
 factors. Outpatient services related to the Medicaid program beneficiaries are
 reimbursed on a cost basis under the CAH program.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. <u>Deficit Net Position</u>

The Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund had a deficit fund net position for the year ended December 31, 2018, of \$310,220. The County expects future excess of revenues over expenses will eliminate the deficit.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

Expenditures exceeded final budget in the Debt Service Fund:

Ex	Expenditures		nal Budget	Ex	Excess		
\$	336,424	\$	335,782	\$	642		

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Reconciliation of the County's total cash and investments to the basic financial statements follows:

Government-wide statement of net position	
Governmental activities	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 11,386,670
Petty cash and change funds	1,980
Business-type activities	
Cash and pooled investments	2,129,307
Restricted assets – cash and pooled investments	11,200
Noncurrent cash and investments	2,208,914
Component unit – Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission	
Restricted assets – cash and pooled investments	487,318
Statement of fiduciary net position	
Cash and pooled investments	 159,875
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 16,385,264

Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Deposits	
Checking	\$ 2,030,099
Non-negotiable certificates of deposit	9,304,000
Invested in MAGIC Fund	5,049,185
Petty cash and change funds	 1,980
Total Deposits, Cash on Hand, and Investments	\$ 16.385.264

Deposits a.

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2018, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

b. Investments

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's policy is to minimize interest rate risk by investing in both short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a policy on custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2018, the County's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. It is the County's policy that U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities, and obligations backed by U.S. Treasury and/or U.S. agency securities, may be held without limit.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

The following table presents the County's deposit and investment balances at December 31, 2018, and information relating to potential investment risks:

	Cred	lit Risk	Concentration Risk	Interest Rate Risk	Carrying
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Over 5 Percent of Portfolio	Maturity Date	 (Fair) Value
Investment pools/mutual funds MAGIC Fund	N/R	N/A	>5%	N/A	\$ 5,049,185
Checking Non-negotiable certificates of deposit Petty cash and change funds					 2,030,099 9,304,000 1,980
Total Cash and Investments					\$ 16,385,264

 $N/A-Not\ Applicable$

N/R - Not Rated

MAGIC is a local government investment pool which is quoted at a net asset value (NAV). The County invests in this pool for the purpose of the joint investment of the County's money with those of other counties to enhance the investment earnings accruing to each member.

MAGIC Portfolio is valued using amortized cost. Shares of the MAGIC Portfolio are available to be redeemed upon proper notice without restrictions under normal operating conditions. There are no limits to the number of redemptions that can be made as long as the County has a sufficient number of shares to meet their redemption request. The MAGIC Fund's Board of Trustees can suspend the right of withdrawal or postpone the date of payment if the Trustees determine that there is an emergency that makes the sale of a Portfolio's securities or determination of its NAV not reasonably practical.

<5% – Concentration is less than 5% of investments

>5% – Concentration is more than 5% of investments

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources (Continued)

2. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2018, for the County's governmental activities and business-type activities, including amounts not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year, follow. Receivables for business-type activities include the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts.

				R	Total eceivables	Sc.	mounts Not heduled for Collection During Subsequent Year
Governmen	ıtal A	ctivities					
Receivabl	es						
Taxes				\$	49,418	\$	-
Special a	ssess	ments			3,394,435		2,514,267
Accounts	s rece	ivable			28,347		-
Loans re	ceiva	ble			587,077		518,905
Accrued	inter	est receivable			77,346		-
Due fron	n othe	er governments			2,058,414		-
		nponent unit			951		-
Long-ter	m rec	eivable			200,000		180,000
Total R	eceiv	ables		\$	6,395,988	\$	3,213,172
	R	Total eceivables	Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	Re	Total eceivables – Net	Scl	nounts Not heduled for Collection During Subsequent Year
D							
Business-Type Activities							
Receivables Accounts receivable	\$	251,579	¢	¢	251,579	\$	
Patient receivables	Ф	4,094,485	\$ - (1,091,500)	\$	3,002,985	Ф	-
r attent receivables		4,074,403	(1,091,300)		3,002,763		 _
Total Receivables	\$	4,346,064	\$ (1,091,500)	\$	3,254,564	\$	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

2. Receivables (Continued)

Long-Term Receivable

On January 1, 2007, the County issued \$1,625,000 General Obligation (G.O.) Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A, which included refunding G.O. Water Revenue Bonds of 1999 in the amount of \$315,000. The portion of the bond for refunding of the Water Revenue Bonds is to be repaid from net revenues of the Red Rock Rural Water System as well as special assessments within Murray County against all benefited property. The \$200,000 long-term receivable from the Red Rock Rural Water System is equal to the outstanding balance of the G.O. Water Refunding Bonds at December 31, 2018.

Loans Receivable

In 2001, the Murray County Board transferred responsibility for managing and operating the Murray County Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund to the Economic Development Authority, which is accounted for in the EDA Special Revenue Fund. The purpose of the fund is to provide low-interest, flexible-term loans for the development of new businesses or the expansion of existing ones. These loans have been made to private enterprises and are offset by unavailable revenue. Changes in loans receivable are as follows:

Loan agreements Beginning balance Loans issued Loan forgiven Loan repayments	\$ 538,658 122,564 (10,000) (64,145)
Ending Balance	\$ 587,077

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning		_		_		Ending		
		Balance		Increase	<u>Decrease</u>		 Balance		
Capital assets not depreciated									
Land	\$	318,183	\$	88,175	\$	1	\$ 406,357		
Works of art and historical treasures		34,376		-		-	34,376		
Right-of-way		427,690		-		-	427,690		
Construction in progress		499,538		117,725		468,863	 148,400		
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$	1,279,787	\$	205,900	\$	468,864	\$ 1,016,823		
Capital assets depreciated									
Land improvements	\$	558,251	\$	18,826	\$	-	\$ 577,077		
Buildings		8,037,240		303,203		5,746	8,334,697		
Machinery and equipment		7,570,431		693,810		292,080	7,972,161		
Infrastructure		72,140,551		2,762,659		-	 74,903,210		
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	88,306,473	\$	3,778,498	\$	297,826	\$ 91,787,145		
Less: accumulated depreciation for									
Land improvements	\$	275,515	\$	23,970	\$	-	\$ 299,485		
Buildings		3,327,121		260,581		5,117	3,582,585		
Machinery and equipment		4,779,337		584,272		271,092	5,092,517		
Infrastructure		29,905,867		1,945,658			 31,851,525		
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	38,287,840	\$	2,814,481	\$	276,209	\$ 40,826,112		
Total capital assets depreciated,									
net	\$	50,018,633	\$	964,017	\$	21,617	 50,961,033		
Governmental Activities									
Capital Assets, Net	\$	51,298,420	\$	1,169,917	\$	490,481	\$ 51,977,856		

Construction in progress at December 31, 2018, consists of amounts completed on open road projects, an aeration system, and Courts Building security upgrades.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. <u>Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General government	\$	276,736
Public safety		166,000
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets		2,272,468
Sanitation		19,768
Culture and recreation, including depreciation of infrastructure assets		74,905
Conservation of natural resources		4,604
	· ·	
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$	2,814,481

Business-Type Activities

	 Beginning Balance	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance	
Capital assets not depreciated Land	\$ 182,513	\$		\$		\$	182,513
Capital assets depreciated							
Land improvements	\$ 833,357	\$	-	\$	-	\$	833,357
Buildings	20,199,560		16,047		-		20,215,607
Fixed equipment	1,307,996		-		-		1,307,996
Major movable equipment	 9,324,557		297,469				9,622,026
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 31,665,470	\$	313,516	\$		\$	31,978,986
Less: accumulated depreciation for							
Land improvements	\$ 417,451	\$	41,117	\$	-	\$	458,568
Buildings	9,671,140		1,049,577		-		10,720,717
Fixed equipment	1,155,883		39,965		-		1,195,848
Major movable equipment	 8,228,772		402,928				8,631,700
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 19,473,246	\$	1,533,587	\$		\$	21,006,833
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 12,192,224	\$	(1,220,071)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	10,972,153
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,374,737	\$	(1,220,071)	\$		\$	11,154,666

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Business-Type Activities Hospital Congregate Housing	\$ 1,482,466 51,121
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,533,587

B. <u>Interfund Receivables</u>, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2018, is as follows:

1. Advance To/From Other Funds

The Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund has a balance due to the General Fund of \$250,000 resulting from a shortfall in operations in the Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund. There is no repayment schedule set.

2. Advance to Component Unit

The Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission has a balance due to Murray County's General Fund at December 31, 2018, of \$325,000 for a shortfall due to greater than expected operations and flood disaster costs. There is no repayment schedule set.

3. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

Transfer to Ditch Special Revenue Fund from General Fund	\$ 3,794	Interest
Transfer to EDA Special Revenue Fund from General Fund	105,558	Appropriation
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund from General Fund	250,000	Commitment
Transfer to General Fund from Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund	3,324	Interest
Transfer to General Fund from Ditch Special Revenue Fund	10,840	Interest
Transfer to Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund from General Fund	425	Interest
Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 373,941	

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

C. <u>Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

1. Payables

Payables at December 31, 2018, were as follows:

	 vernmental activities	Business-Type Activities		
Accounts payable	\$ 247,601	\$ 767,996		
Salaries payable	242,858	1,349,560		
Claims payable	-	305,533		
Due to other governments	89,118	177		
Payable from restricted assets	 	 11,200		
Total Payables	\$ 579,577	\$ 2,434,466		

2. <u>Construction Commitments</u>

The County has active construction projects and other commitments as of December 31, 2018. The projects and commitments include the following:

	Spe	nt-to-Date	emaining mmitment
Governmental Activities			
Pictometry – General Fund	\$	85,756	\$ 111,352
Playground Equipment and Installation – General			
Fund		41,190	10,136
Courts Building Security Upgrade – General Fund		-	285,100
Konica Color Copier – General Fund		=	 7,856
Total Construction Commitments	\$	126,946	\$ 414,444

Additional remaining commitments for highway projects are state-funded and, therefore, not obligations of the County at December 31, 2018.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

3. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources – Unavailable Revenue/Prepaid Property Taxes</u>

Unavailable revenue consists of special assessments, taxes, state grants, loans receivable, and accrued interest receivable not collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period. Prepaid property taxes consist of the County's share of 2019 property taxes collected in advance. Deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2018, are summarized below by fund:

	A	Special ssessments	 Taxes	 Grants	R	Loans eceivable	 Interest	 Total
Governmental funds General Fund	\$	451,101	\$ 52,566	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 45,201	\$ 548,868
Special Revenue Funds Road and Bridge		-	14,508	1,770,445		-	-	1,784,953
Human Services Ditch		2,943,335	14,054	-		-	-	14,054 2,943,335
EDA Debt Service Fund		- -	 3,128	 - -		578,442	 -	 578,442 3,128
Total	\$	3,394,436	\$ 84,256	\$ 1,770,445	\$	578,442	\$ 45,201	\$ 5,872,780
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenue Prepaid property taxes	\$	3,394,436	\$ 49,418 34,838	\$ 1,770,445	\$	578,442	\$ 45,201	\$ 5,837,942 34,838
Total	\$	3,394,436	\$ 84,256	\$ 1,770,445	\$	578,442	\$ 45,201	\$ 5,872,780

4. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

Governmental Activities – Bonds Payable

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Average Interest Rate (%)	 Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2018		
General obligation bonds 2011A G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds	2022	\$180,000 - \$220,000	0.60 - 2.75	\$ 1,965,000	\$	840,000	
Less: unamortized discount						(6,413)	
Net G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds					\$	833,587	

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

4. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

<u>Governmental Activities – Bonds Payable</u> (Continued)

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Average Interest Rate (%)	 Original Issue Amount		Outstanding Balance eccember 31, 2018
Special assessment bonds with government commitment						
		\$25,000 -	4.00 -			
2007A G.O. Refunding Bonds	2029	\$195,000	4.25	\$ 1,625,000	\$	200,000
-		\$100,000 -	2.00 -			
2016A G.O. Ditch Bonds	2032	\$130,000	2.45	1,695,000		1,595,000
		\$65,000 -	2.30 -			
2018A G.O. Ditch Bonds	2034	\$100,000	3.30	1,220,000		1,220,000
Less: unamortized discount						(5,577)
Net G.O. Special Assessment Bonds					\$	3,009,423

The Series 2007A G.O. Refunding Bonds include an amount to refund the 1999A G.O. Water Revenue Bonds of the Red Rock Rural Water System (RRRWS). The RRRWS is levying special assessments to pay for these bonds. The County has pledged its full faith and credit for the repayment of principal and interest on these refunding bonds should RRRWS special assessment revenue be insufficient. The County has recognized a long-term receivable in the governmental activities for the current principal amount, \$200,000, due from the RRRWS, which will decrease as principal payments are made. Payments are reported in the Ditch Special Revenue Fund.

Murray County issued the Series 2011A G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds to provide funds for the construction of the Law Enforcement Center addition. The County has pledged its full faith and credit for the repayment of principal and interest on these bonds. Debt service payments are made from the Debt Service Fund. These bonds are issued as ten-year serial bonds.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

4. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

<u>Governmental Activities – Bonds Payable</u> (Continued)

The County issued the Series 2016A G.O. Ditch Bonds to finance improvements to County Ditch Nos. 35, 73, and 82. The term of the bonds is 16 years, with principal payments starting on February 1, 2018. Debt service requirements will be made from the Ditch Special Revenue Fund, as they are to be repaid from future special assessment collections.

The County issued the Series 2018A G.O. Ditch Bonds to finance improvements to County Ditch No. 61 and Judicial Ditch No. 8. The term of the bonds is 16 years, with principal payments starting on February 1, 2020. Debt service requirements will be made from the Ditch Special Revenue Fund, as they are to be repaid from future special assessment collections.

Business-Type Activities – Bonds Payable

Type of Indebtedness	Final Installment Maturity Amounts		Average Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2018		
G.O. 2012A Housing Development Refunding Bonds	2022	\$100,000 - \$110,000	1.00 - 1.60	\$ 960,000	\$	440,000	
Less: unamortized discount						(6,367)	
Total G.O. Refunding Bonds, Net					\$	433,633	
Health Care Facilities Gross Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A	2028		3.000 - 3.125	\$ 8,100,000	\$	3,964,374	

In 2012, the County issued \$960,000 Housing Development Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A. The refunded bonds were retired in 2013. The bonds are payable primarily from rental payments from the 20-unit Murray County Congregate Care Housing Project located adjacent to the Murray County Medical Center in the City of Slayton. The bonds are additionally secured by unlimited ad valorem taxes on all taxable property within Murray County. The facility is owned and operated by the Economic Development Authority of Murray County.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

4. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

<u>Business-Type Activities – Bonds Payable</u> (Continued)

In 2012, the Hospital entered into an agreement with Minnwest Bank South for the issuance of Health Care Facilities Gross Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, to a maximum of \$8,100,000. The Hospital approved a bond resolution that includes an annual rate of 3.125 percent through the first 60 payments. On the 60th and the 120th payment dates, the interest rate will be adjusted to a rate per annum equal to 3.000 percent plus the Federal Home Loan Bank Advance Rate provided; however, in no event shall the interest rate on the bond be less than 2.625 percent, nor shall an increase in the annual rate exceed 1.500 percent. The Hospital is required to maintain certain financial and operational covenants in relation to the Health Care Facilities Gross Revenue Bonds.

<u>Governmental Activities – Loans Payable</u>

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity				Original Issue Amount	I	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2018	
Cottonwood River CWP Project Rock River CWP Project	2022 2023	\$	6,633 1.048	2.00 2.00	\$ 59,847 9,459	\$	19,589 4,490	
Total Loans Payable	2023		1,046	2.00	\$ 69,306	\$	24,079	

In 1998, the County agreed to act as loan and project sponsor for a loan agreement made under the Clean Water Partnership (CWP) Law with the State of Minnesota through its Pollution Control Agency. The County makes loans to residents to be used for the control and abatement of water pollution. The loans are to be repaid at interest rates of 2.00 percent, with repayment terms from five to 20 years, and are secured by special assessments placed on the individual parcels requesting funding of a project. Loan payments are reported in the General Fund.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

4. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

<u>Governmental Activities – Loans Payable</u> (Continued)

In 2004, the County Board authorized \$1,400,000 to be used for a County septic loan program. As of December 31, 2018, the County has issued \$1,325,331 to Murray County residents for the control and abatement of water pollution. As of December 31, 2018, \$426,756 of the \$439,370 special assessments receivable balance reported in the General Fund represents outstanding septic system loans.

5. <u>Business-Type Activities – Special Assessments</u>

The Hospital was assessed for road improvements to Juniper Avenue in the amount of \$51,674 by the City of Slayton for the year ended December 31, 2014. Annual installments of \$5,167 began in 2016 and are expected to continue until 2026. The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2018, is \$36,171.

6. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2018, were as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending	(G.O. Capital I Plan B	-	rement	Special Assessment Bonds					
December 31	I			nterest		Principal	Interest			
2019	\$	200,000	\$	18,500	\$	125,000	\$	53,753		
2020		205,000		13,941		190,000		64,220		
2021		215,000		8,791		185,000		60,625		
2022		220,000		3,025		190,000		56,973		
2023		-		-		200,000		53,099		
2024 - 2028		-		-		1,050,000		202,544		
2029 - 2033		-		-		975,000		78,029		
2034		_		-		100,000		1,650		
Total	\$	840,000	\$	44,257	\$	3,015,000	\$	570,893		

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

6. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Year Ending	Loans Payable									
December 31	P	rincipal	In	terest						
2019	\$	7,236	\$	446						
2020		7,381		300						
2021		4,427		167						
2022		4,515		78						
2023		520		5						
Total	\$	24,079	\$	996						

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending		Revenue	ls		G.O. Bonds					
December 31	F	Principal	Interest		F	Principal	I	nterest		
2019	\$	427,177	\$	136,823	\$	110,000	\$	5,418		
2020		442,589		121,411		110,000		4,070		
2021		459,277		104,723		110,000		2,557		
2022		476,228		87,772		110,000		880		
2023		493,804		70,196		-		-		
2024 - 2027		1,665,299		98,996		<u>-</u>				
Total	\$	3,964,374	\$	619,921	\$	440,000	\$	12,925		

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

7. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	 Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		 Ending Balance	 Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable General obligation capital improvement plan bonds Special assessment debt with government commitment	\$ 1,035,000 1,910,000	\$	- 1,220,000	\$	195,000 115,000	\$ 840,000 3,015,000	\$ 200,000 125,000	
Less: unamortized discounts	 (14,100)				(2,110)	 (11,990)	 	
Net bonds payable	\$ 2,930,900	\$	1,220,000	\$	307,890	\$ 3,843,010	\$ 325,000	
G.O. capital notes payable Loans payable Compensated absences	 117,000 51,604 636,443		346,178		117,000 27,525 328,053	 24,079 654,568	 7,236 80,327	
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,735,947	\$	1,566,178	\$	780,468	\$ 4,521,657	\$ 412,563	

Business-Type Activities

	Beginning Balance	C		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Long-term liabilities Housing Development Refunding Bond Hospital Revenue Bond Hospital special assessment Compensated absences	\$ 545,000 4,376,325 41,339 12,094	\$	- - - 7,658	\$	105,000 411,951 5,168 4,077	\$	440,000 3,964,374 36,171 15,675	\$	110,000 427,177 5,167 241
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 4,974,758	\$	7,658	\$	526,196	\$	4,456,220	\$	542,585
Less: unamortized discounts	(7,958)				(1,591)		(6,367)		
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 4,966,800	\$	7,658	\$	524,605	\$	4,449,853	\$	542,585

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

8. Prior Years' Debt Defeasance - Business-Type Activities

In prior years, the County has defeased for the City of Slayton Economic Development Authority the G.O. Housing Development Bonds, Series 1996, which were accounted for in the Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund as a capital lease by creating a separate irrevocable trust fund. New debt has been issued, and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust fund. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the capital lease, which was backed by the G.O. Housing Development Bonds, Series 1996, has been considered defeased and, therefore, removed as a liability from the County's financial statements. As of December 31, 2018, the amount of defeased debt outstanding but removed from financial statements amounted to \$470,000.

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund

a. Plan Description

Murray County provides a single-employer defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical insurance benefits. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b.

b. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Murray County Board of Commissioners. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the premium costs. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy.

No assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB 75. The OPEB plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund

b. Funding Policy (Continued)

As of the January 1, 2018, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active plan participants

74

c. Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$277,898 was measured as of January 1, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018. A portion of the year-end OPEB liability, \$4,732, is reported in the Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund business-type activity. The remaining \$273,166 year-end OPEB liability is reported in governmental activities. The OPEB liability is liquidated through the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, EDA Special Revenue Fund, and the Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund.

The total OPEB liability for the fiscal year-end December 31, 2018, reporting date was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.00 percent, average wage inflation plus merit/productivity

increases

Health care cost trend 6.50 percent in 2018, decreasing to 5.00 percent over six years

The salary increases have been determined on the long-term inflation assumption plus any additional wage increase assumption in excess of inflation. The additional wage increase assumption is based on review of increases in the taxable wage base compared to inflation.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund

c. <u>Total OPEB Liability</u> (Continued)

The current year discount rate is 3.30 percent. For the current valuation, the discount rate is the 20-year municipal bond yield. The municipal bond rate assumption was set by considering published rate information for 20-year high quality, tax-exempt, general obligation municipal bonds as of January 1, 2018.

Mortality rates are based on Society of Actuaries RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale (Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel).

Economic assumptions are based on input from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data.

d. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at January 1, 2018 (Restated)	\$	264,308		
Changes for the year				
Service cost	\$	24,988		
Interest		9,209		
Benefit payments		(20,607)		
Net change	\$	13,590		
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	277,898		

T I OPER

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund (Continued)

e. OPEB Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		To	tal OPEB
	Discount Rate	I	Liability
1% Decrease	2.30%	\$	300,385
Current	3.30		277,898
1% Increase	4.30		256,738

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the health care cost trend previously disclosed, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rate:

	Health Care Trend Rate	tal OPEB Liability
1% Decrease	5.50% Decreasing to 4.00%	\$ 245,597
Current	6.50% Decreasing to 5.00%	277,898
1% Increase	7.50% Decreasing to 6.00%	316,184

f. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$7,716. The County reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of \$5,738, which will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2019. The County had no deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB to report.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

- D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)
 - 1. Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund (Continued)
 - g. Changes in Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial methods and assumptions occurred in 2018:

- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel) to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel).
- The retirement and withdrawal tables for all employees were updated.
- The discount rate used changed from 4.00 percent to 3.30 percent.
- The actuarial cost method used changed from the Projected Unit Credit to the Entry Age, level percentage of pay.

2. Hospital Enterprise Fund

Certain employees of the Murray County Medical Center (the Hospital) are eligible to participate in a health insurance plan provided by Murray County. The Hospital provides health insurance benefits for certain retired employees under a single-employer, fully-insured plan. The plan provides health insurance and other benefits to participating retirees who have reached the age of 55 and have 15 years of service with the Hospital. The Hospital provides benefits for retirees as required by state statutes. Pursuant to the provisions of the plan, retirees are required to pay the total premium cost. As of January 1, 2018, there were no retirees receiving health benefits from the Hospital's health plan.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

2. <u>Hospital Enterprise Fund</u> (Continued)

a. OPEB Benefits

Individuals who are employed by the Hospital and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue health care benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical and prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and an OPEB liability.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement. At December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active plan participants

97

b. Total OPEB Liability

The Hospital's total OPEB liability of \$253,355 was measured as of January 1, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increases 3.00 percent, average wage inflation plus merit/productivity

increases

Discount rate 3.30 percent, compounded annually, including inflation Health care cost trend 6.50 percent in 2018, decreasing to 5.00 percent over six years

c. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.30 percent, which reflects the index rate for 20-year high quality, tax-exempt, general obligation municipal bonds as of the measurement date.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

2. <u>Hospital Enterprise Fund</u>

c. <u>Discount Rate</u> (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the actuarial experience study with dates corresponding to those previously disclosed.

d. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	 Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at January 1, 2018 (Restated)	\$ 256,718		
Changes for the year Service cost Interest Benefit payments	\$ 24,521 8,682 (36,566)		
Net change	\$ (3,363)		
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 253,355		

Change of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.00 percent to 3.30 percent.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

2. <u>Hospital Enterprise Fund</u> (Continued)

e. OPEB Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Hospital, calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the Hospital's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Discount Rate	tal OPEB Liability
1% Decrease	2.30%	\$ 272,836
Current	3.30	253,355
1% Increase	4.30	235,166

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Hospital, calculated using the health care cost trend previously disclosed, as well as what the Hospital's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rate:

	Health Care Trend Rate	tal OPEB Liability
1% Decrease	5.50% Decreasing to 4.00%	\$ 226,350
Current	6.50% Decreasing to 5.00%	253,355
1% Increase	7.50% Decreasing to 6.00%	285,464

f. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Hospital recognized OPEB expense of \$33,203. The Hospital reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of \$7,627, which will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2019. The Hospital had no deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB to report.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

2. <u>Hospital Enterprise Fund</u> (Continued)

g. Changes in Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial methods and assumptions occurred in 2018:

- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The discount rate used changed from 4.00 percent to 3.30 percent.
- The actuarial cost method used changed from the Projected Unit Credit to the Entry Age Normal.

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

a. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Murray County and the Murray County Medical Center are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Plan (the General Employees Plan) and the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (the Police and Fire Plan), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The General Employees Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund) has multiple benefit structures with members belonging to the Coordinated Plan, the Basic Plan, or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

a. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was closed to new members during 1978 and merged into the General Employees Plan in 2015. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after five years of credited service. No County or Medical Center employees belong to either the Basic Plan or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund.

Police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Police and Fire Plan (accounted for in the Police and Fire Fund). For members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing ten percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years. Benefits for members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years and increasing 5.00 percent for each year of service until fully vested after 20 years.

b. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can be modified only by the state legislature. Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. General Employees Plan and Police and Fire Plan benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.00 percent for the post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio reaches 90 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will be 2.50 percent. If, after reverting to a 2.50 percent benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than 80 percent for one year or less than 85 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to 1.00 percent.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

b. <u>Benefits Provided</u> (Continued)

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraph of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any 60 consecutive months of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. In the General Employees Plan, two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.20 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.70 percent of average salary for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 1.70 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. For Police and Fire Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.00 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For General Employees Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. For Police and Fire Plan, normal retirement age is 55, and for members who were hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based on years of service and average high-five salary.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

c. Contributions

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. General Employees Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in 2018. Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 10.80 percent of their annual covered salary in 2018.

In 2018, the County was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered salary:

General Employees Plan – Coordinated Plan members	7.50%
Police and Fire Plan	16.20

The employee and employer contribution rates did not change from the previous year.

The County's contributions for the year ended December 31, 2018, to the pension plans were:

General Employees Plan	\$ 765,068
Police and Fire Plan	124.322

The contributions are equal to the contractually required contributions as set by state statute.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

d. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan

At December 31, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$8,082,838 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 0.1457 percent. It was 0.1502 percent measured as of June 30, 2017. The County recognized pension expense of \$36,292 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense.

The County also recognized \$61,795 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution to the General Employees Plan, which qualifies as a special funding situation. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$16 million to the General Employees Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2019, and \$6 million thereafter, through calendar year 2031.

The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,082,838
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	264.992
Total	\$ 8,347,830

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

d. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan (Continued)

The County reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred outflows of Resources	I	Deferred inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	216,043	\$	244,317
Changes in actuarial assumptions		800,203		914,594
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		_		800,546
Changes in proportion		-		595,921
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to				
the measurement date		369,368		-
Total	\$	1,385,614	\$	2,555,378

The \$369,368 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ended	Expense
December 31	Amount
2019	\$ 42,604
2020	(680,870)
2021	(732,161)
2022	(168,705)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

d. Pension Costs (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan

At December 31, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$725,876 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 0.068 percent. It was 0.067 percent measured as of June 30, 2017. The County recognized pension expense of \$80,928 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

The County also recognized \$6,129 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contribution to the Police and Fire Plan. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$9 million to the Police and Fire Plan each year, starting in fiscal year 2014, until the plan is 90 percent funded.

The County reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

d. Pension Costs

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	I	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	28,984	\$	181,236
Changes in actuarial assumptions		940,874		1,051,716
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		-		143,309
Changes in proportion		46,464		121,418
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to				
the measurement date		65,180		
Total	\$	1,081,502	\$	1,497,679

The \$65,180 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Pension Expense Amount
2019	\$ (18,437)
2020	(50,607)
2021	(101,806)
2022	(310,591)
2023	84

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

d. Pension Costs (Continued)

Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense for all plans recognized by the County for the year ended December 31, 2018, was \$117,220.

e. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following additional actuarial assumptions:

Inflation2.50 percent per yearActive member payroll growth3.25 percent per yearInvestment rate of return7.50 percent

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on RP-2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan. For the Police and Fire Plan, cost of living benefit increases for retirees are 1.00 percent as set by state statute.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study for the General Employees Plan was dated June 30, 2015. The experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was dated August 30, 2016. Economic assumptions were updated in 2017 based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

e. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Domestic stocks	36%	5.10%			
International stocks	17	5.30			
Bonds (fixed income)	20	0.75			
Alternative assets (private markets)	25	5.90			
Cash	2	0.00			

f. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent in 2018, which remained consistent with 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Plan and the Police and Fire Plan were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

- 1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)
 - g. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2018:

General Employees Plan

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

Police and Fire Plan

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- Post-retirement benefit increases changed to 1.00 percent for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048, was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. Additionally, annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter, until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 10.80 percent to 11.30 and 11.80 percent of pay, respectively. Employer contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 16.20 percent to 16.95 and 17.70 percent of pay, respectively. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

g. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

• Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

h. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Proportionate Share of the							
	General E	Employees Plan	Police a	nd Fire Plan				
	Discount	Net Pension	Discount	Net Pension				
	Rate	Liability	Rate	Liability				
1% Decrease	6.50%	\$ 13,135,648	6.50%	\$ 1,556,323				
Current	7.50	8,082,838	7.50	725,876				
1% Increase	8.50	3,911,889	8.50	39,130				
Current	Discount Rate 6.50% 7.50	Net Pension Liability \$ 13,135,648 8,082,838	Discount Rate 6.50% 7.50	Net Pension Liability \$ 1,556,323 725,876				

i. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans (Continued)

2. Defined Contribution Plan

Four County Commissioners and two employees of Murray County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the state legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by Murray County during the year ended December 31, 2018, were:

	En	nployee	Employer			
Contribution amount	\$	7,250	\$	7,250		
Percentage of covered payroll		5.00%		5.00%		

4. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. To manage these risks, the County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). MCIT is a public entity risk pool currently

4. Risk Management (Continued)

operated as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. For all other risk, other than pertaining to health insurance, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$500,000 per claim in 2018 and 2019. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Murray County Medical Center is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous three years in any of the policies. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

On October 25, 2013, Murray County entered into a joint powers agreement with three local counties (Lyon, Redwood, and Swift) and Southwest Health and Human Services to form the Minnesota Public Sector Collaborative to self-insure health insurance as of January 1, 2014. Premiums are withheld from employees and transferred into an internal service fund. Claims are managed and paid by a third party, and the County is billed weekly, in aggregate, for claims incurred.

4. Risk Management (Continued)

The County established a limited risk management program for health coverage in 2014. Premiums are paid into the Internal Service Fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. The County has retained risk up to a \$50,000 stop-loss per person insured (employee and eligible dependent) per year (\$1,000,000 aggregate) for the health plan. Liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

The December 31, 2018, liability is determined based on detailed reports received by the County from the third-party administrator for claims incurred, adjusted, and paid through February 28, 2019. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during 2017 and 2018 are as follows:

	2017			2018		
Unpaid claims, January 1	\$	171,142	\$	409,226		
Incurred claims Claims payments		2,348,550 (2,110,466)		2,740,362 (2,844,055)		
Unpaid claims, December 31	\$	409,226	\$	305,533		

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

Lincoln-Pipestone Rural Water System

At December 31, 2018, the Lincoln-Pipestone Rural Water System had \$40,841,000 of general obligation bonds outstanding through 2056. The bonds were issued by some of the participating counties in the Rural Water System to finance the construction of water system expansions and improvements.

The debt is paid by the Lincoln-Pipestone Rural Water System from special assessments levied against property specifically benefited by the applicable expansion, extension, or enlargement of the system and from the net revenues from time to time received in excess of the current costs of operating and maintaining the system. The bonds are general obligations of the issuing counties for which their full faith, credit, and taxing powers are pledged. The participating counties (Jackson, Lac qui Parle, Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, Redwood, Rock, and Yellow Medicine) have adopted Board resolutions and have signed joint powers agreements to define their liability for a proportional share of the debt should the issuing counties be required to make any debt service payments. In such a situation, each of the other counties will promptly reimburse the paying counties in proportion to the percentage of Lincoln-Pipestone Rural Water System customers located in such county, in accordance with Minn. Stat. § 116A.24, subd. 3. The outstanding bonds are reported as liabilities in the annual financial statements of the Lincoln-Pipestone Rural Water System and are not reported as liabilities in the financial statements of any of the ten participating counties. participating counties disclose a contingent liability due to the guarantee of indebtedness.

B. Joint Ventures

Murray County has an ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the following joint ventures:

Southwest Health and Human Services

Southwest Health and Human Services (SWHHS) was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 145A and §§ 471.59 and 393.01, subd. 7, by Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, and Pipestone Counties. SWHHS began official operation on January 1, 2011, and performs human

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

Southwest Health and Human Services (Continued)

service and public health functions. Funding is provided by the member counties based on consideration of: (1) population based on the most recent national census, (2) tax capacity, and (3) the most recent three-year average Social Services Expenditure and Grant Reconciliation Report (SEAGR), each factor to be weighted equally.

Rock County's health and human service functions were assumed by SWHHS as of January 1, 2012. Redwood County's health and human service functions and Pipestone County's human services function joined SWHHS as of January 1, 2013.

SWHHS is governed by the:

- Joint Health and Human Services Board ("Joint Board") responsible for financial, personnel, budget, and general administration of the agency, and is made up of one County Commissioner (or alternate) from each county serving on the Community Health Board and one County Commissioner (or alternate) serving on the Human Services Board.
- Human Services Board responsible for duties set forth in Minn. Stat. ch. 393 and made up of two County Commissioners appointed annually and one layperson to be appointed consistent with the requirement of the Commissioner of Human Services.
- Community Health Board responsible for all duties set forth in Minn. Stat.
 ch. 145A and made up of one County Commissioner and one alternate from each
 member county, unless such county shall have a population in excess of twice that
 of any other member county, in which case, it shall have two Commissioners and
 two alternates.

Financing is provided by state and federal grants and appropriations from member counties. Murray County's contribution in 2018 for the human services function was \$1,205,884, and its contribution to the health services function was \$106,881.

Complete financial statements of Southwest Health and Human Services can be obtained at 607 West Main, Marshall, Minnesota 56258.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. <u>Joint Ventures</u> (Continued)

Lincoln-Pipestone Rural Water System

Murray County, along with Jackson, Lac qui Parle, Lincoln, Lyon, Nobles, Pipestone, Redwood, Rock, and Yellow Medicine Counties, jointly established the Lincoln-Pipestone Rural Water System pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 116A. The Rural Water System is responsible for storing, treating, and distributing water for domestic, commercial, and industrial use within the area it serves. The cost of providing these services is recovered through user charges.

The Lincoln-Pipestone Rural Water System is governed by a Board appointed by the District Court. The Rural Water System's Board is solely responsible for the budgeting and financing of the Rural Water System.

Bonds were issued by Lincoln, Nobles, and Yellow Medicine Counties to finance the construction of the Rural Water System. Costs assessed to municipalities and special assessments levied against benefited properties pay approximately 85 percent of the amount necessary to retire principal and interest on the bonds. The remainder of the funds necessary to retire the outstanding bonds and interest will be provided by appropriations from the Lincoln-Pipestone Rural Water System. Outstanding obligations at December 31, 2018, were \$40,841,000.

Complete financial statements of the Lincoln-Pipestone Rural Water System can be obtained at East Highway 14, PO Box 188, Lake Benton, Minnesota 56149-0188.

Red Rock Rural Water System

The Red Rock Rural Water System was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 116A through a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59 and under the jurisdiction of the Fifth Judicial District. Brown, Cottonwood, Jackson, Lyon, Martin, Murray, Nobles, Redwood, and Watonwan Counties have agreed to guarantee their shares of debt arising within each respective county. The Red Rock Rural Water System provides water for participating rural water users and cities within the water district. The cost of providing these services is recovered through user charges.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

Red Rock Rural Water System (Continued)

The governing body is composed of nine members appointed to three-year terms by the District Court. Each county is responsible for levying and collecting the special assessments from the benefited properties within the county. The bond issue and notes payable are shown as long-term debt in the financial statements of the Red Rock Rural Water System.

Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Red Rock Rural Water System, 305 West Whited Street, Jeffers, Minnesota 56145.

Buffalo Ridge Drug Task Force

The Buffalo Ridge Drug Task Force was established under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and includes Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, and Rock Counties, and the Cities of Adrian, Fulda, Slayton, and Worthington. The Task Force provides drug enforcement services for member organizations.

Control of the Task Force is vested in a Board of Directors. The Board of Directors consists of the Chief of Police and the Sheriff from each party.

Fiscal agent responsibilities for the Task Force are with the City of Worthington. During the year, Murray County provided \$32,283 to the Task Force.

Plum Creek Library System

Murray County, along with 19 cities and eight other counties participates in the Plum Creek Library System. The Plum Creek Library System was created as a public library service on May 29, 1974, by the act of contracting with various public libraries in its region to provide expanded library service, with the additional purpose of furthering the public interest by providing the potential for extending public library services into areas without such services. The Plum Creek Library System is governed by a board of trustees which consists of two representatives from each county. One is appointed by the County Commissioners, the second from the board of participating libraries. During 2018, Murray County provided \$58,667 to the Plum Creek Library System.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

<u>Plum Creek Library System</u> (Continued)

Complete financial statements of the Plum Creek Library System can be obtained at 290 South Lake Street, PO Box 697, Worthington, Minnesota 56187.

Advocate, Connect, Educate (A.C.E.) of Southwest Minnesota

Murray County, in conjunction with Cottonwood, Lincoln, Lyon, Nobles, Redwood, and Rock counties and the Southwest Regional Development Commission, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, have formed an agreement to coordinate the delivery of volunteer services to non-profit community service entities and local units of government meeting the guidelines for receiving volunteer services under the authority of the counties. The entity known as the Retired and Senior Volunteer Program of Southwest Minnesota (RSVP of Southwest Minnesota) changed its name to A.C.E. of Southwest Minnesota as of January 1, 2014. The Board comprises one voting member from each participating County and one voting member of the A.C.E. of Southwest Minnesota Advisory Council. In 2018, Murray County made contributions of \$27,611 to the A.C.E. of Southwest Minnesota.

C. Agricultural Best Management Loan Program

Murray County has entered into an agreement with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and two local lending institutions to jointly administer a loan program to individuals to implement projects that prevent or mitigate non-point source water pollution. While the County is not liable for the repayment of the loans in any manner, it does have certain responsibilities under the agreement.

D. Functional Expenses – Hospital Enterprise Fund

The Hospital provides general health care services to residents within its geographic location. Expenses related to providing these services for the year ended December 31, 2018, are:

Health care services General and administrative	\$ 7,249,612 9,307,451
Total	\$ 16,557,063

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

E. Concentrations of Credit Risk – Hospital Enterprise Fund

The Hospital grants credit, without collateral, to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payors and patients at December 31, 2018, follows:

Medicare	43%
Medicaid	7
Other third-party payors	40
Private pay	10
Total	100%

F. Related-Party Transactions

The Hospital entered into a management agreement with Sanford Health Network, beginning May 1, 2008. Under this agreement, Sanford Health provides certain financial and operational consulting services. Total fees paid to Sanford Health for the provision of these services for the year ended December 31, 2018, were \$42,756. The original management agreement was effective through May 1, 2016, and automatically renewed an additional year.

6. Component Unit Disclosures

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition to those policies identified in Note 1, the County's discretely presented component unit has the following significant accounting policies.

1. Financial Reporting Entity

The Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission was formed May 8, 2001, pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 115.18 to 115.37 (now see Minn. Stat. ch. 442A). The Water and Sewer Commission was created for the purpose of promoting public health and welfare by providing an adequate and efficient means of collecting, conveying, pumping, treating, and disposing of domestic sewage and industrial waste within the

6. Component Unit Disclosures

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

Shetek Area. The Water and Sewer Commission is governed by a five-member Board appointed by the Murray County Board of Commissioners. Each member of the Board must be a voter residing in the area. The Water and Sewer Commission is reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. Separate financial statements are not issued.

The Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission has no component units for which it is financially accountable.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission presents as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered through user charges. Operating revenues, such as sewer utility charges, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to provide services. Expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses.

3. Assets and Liabilities

Deposits and Investments

The Water and Sewer Commission's cash balance is combined with Murray County as part of its pooled cash and investments account. Investments are included in an external investment pool, which is measured at net asset value.

6. Component Unit Disclosures

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3. <u>Assets and Liabilities</u> (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are identified only for the purpose of the statement of cash flows. The Water and Sewer Commission has defined cash and cash equivalents to include restricted and unrestricted cash held by Murray County as part of its pooled cash and investments account. The Murray County pooled investment account is treated as a cash equivalent because the Water and Sewer Commission can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

Accounts and Special Assessments Receivable

Accounts receivable represents amounts due from the sewer system users for utility charges unpaid at December 31, 2018.

Special assessments receivable consist of delinquent special assessments payable in the year 2018 and noncurrent special assessments payable in 2019 and after. Unpaid special assessments at December 31, 2018, are classified in the financial statements as delinquent special assessments.

No allowance for accounts receivable and uncollectible special assessments receivable has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material.

Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the Water and Sewer Commission are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, applicable laws and regulations limit their use.

6. Component Unit Disclosures

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3. <u>Assets and Liabilities</u> (Continued)

Special Assessments Revenue

Special assessments were levied to pay debt associated with the sewer system construction and are reported as capital contributions in an amount equal to the capital asset. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for special assessments levied with property taxes. Tax settlements, including special assessment collections, are received four times a year—in January, May, October, and November. The special assessments levy is recognized as capital contributions in the year of the levy.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. The Water and Sewer Commission defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property and equipment of the Water and Sewer Commission are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
T 1:	75
Land improvements	75
Collection system	40
Machinery and equipment	15

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

6. Component Unit Disclosures

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources; and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

B. Detailed Notes

1. Deposits

Cash transactions are administered by the Murray County Auditor/Treasurer who is, according to Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04, authorized to deposit cash and to invest in certificates of deposit in financial institutions designated by the County's Board. Minnesota statutes require that all County deposits be covered by insurance, surety bond, or collateral, a requirement for which Murray County was in compliance at December 31, 2018. As of December 31, 2018, the Water and Sewer Commission had \$487,318 on deposit with Murray County.

2. Receivables

The Water and Sewer Commission's noncurrent special assessments receivable balance at December 31, 2018, of \$5,199,650 is not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year.

6. Component Unit Disclosures

B. <u>Detailed Notes</u> (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018, follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance	
Capital assets not depreciated	\$	386,046	\$	_	\$	25,000	\$	361,046
Land	Ψ	380,040	Ψ		Ψ	23,000	Ψ	301,040
Capital assets depreciated								
Land improvements	\$	1,718,495	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,718,495
Buildings and structures		57,450		-		-		57,450
Machinery and equipment		497,215		-		-		497,215
Infrastructure		13,104,082		-		-		13,104,082
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	15,377,242	\$	_	\$	_	\$	15,377,242
Total capital assets depreciated	Ψ	13,377,242	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	13,377,242
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements	\$	242,495	\$	22,913	\$	-	\$	265,408
Building and structures		10,889		1,436		-		12,325
Machinery and equipment		300,270		33,591		-		333,861
Infrastructure		2,981,130		329,357		-		3,310,487
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	3,534,784	\$	387,297	\$		\$	3,922,081
Total capital assets depreciated,								
Net	\$	11,842,458	\$	(387,297)	\$		\$	11,455,161
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	12,228,504	\$	(387,297)	\$	25,000	\$	11,816,207

Depreciation expense for 2018 was \$387,297.

4. Advance From Primary Government

The Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission has a balance due to Murray County's General Fund at December 31, 2018, of \$325,000 for a shortfall in cash due to greater than expected operations and flood disaster costs. There is no repayment schedule set.

6. Component Unit Disclosures

B. <u>Detailed Notes</u> (Continued)

5. <u>Due to Primary Government</u>

The Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission has a balance due to Murray County's General Fund at December 31, 2018, of \$951 for postage and billing costs. The balance is expected to be repaid in 2019.

6. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

Bonds Payable

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Average Interest Rate (%)	 Original Issue Amount	Balance ecember 31, 2018
General obligation bonds					
2013A Sewer Revenue Crossover Refunding Bonds	2028	\$150,000 - \$265,000	2.00 - 2.35	\$ 2,590,000	\$ 2,365,000

The G.O. Revenue Bonds will be retired with income from operations, special assessments, and unused construction funding and are exempt from the limitations on net debt imposed by Minnesota law.

	(G.O. Sewer Revenue Crossover							
Year Ended	F	Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A							
December 31		Principal		Interest					
2019	\$	230,000	\$	46,577					
2020		235,000		41,928					
2021		235,000		37,227					
2022		240,000		32,478					
2023		245,000		27,628					
2024 - 2028		1,180,000		60,856					
		_		_					
Total	\$	2,365,000	\$	246,694					

6. Component Unit Disclosures

B. Detailed Notes

6. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u> (Continued)

Minnesota Public Facilities Authority G.O. Notes

In 2006, Minnesota Public Facilities Authority G.O. Notes were issued in the amount of \$15,144,000. Of this amount, \$11,554,549 was issued from the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund, and \$3,589,451 was issued from the Wastewater Infrastructure Fund. In 2014, the Minnesota Public Facilities Authority converted the \$3,589,451 Wastewater Infrastructure Fund Loan into a grant, in effect, reducing the payable portion of the note to zero. Amounts drawn or receivable on this note as of December 31, 2018, were \$11,299,849 from the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund. Note payments for the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund are due semi-annually for interest and annually for principal on February 20 and August 20, 2008 through 2026, at an interest rate of 1.01 percent.

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2018, are as follows:

		Minnesota Public Facilities					
		Authority Loans					
		Water Poll	ution C	Control			
Year Ended		Revolv	ving Fu	nd			
December 31	P	rincipal	Interest				
2019	\$	582,149	\$	41,682			
2020		557,000		35,960			
2021		562,000		30,334			
2022		568,000		24,658			
2023		574,000		18,921			
2024 - 2026		1,299,361		21,766			
				_			
Total	\$	4,142,510	\$	173,321			

The G.O. Revenue Notes will be retired with income from operations, prepayments of special assessments, special assessments, and unused construction funding, and are exempt from the limitations on net debt imposed by Minnesota law. The above debt service requirements are subject to change due to early prepayments of special assessments and loans to be issued in the future.

6. <u>Component Unit Disclosures</u>

B. Detailed Notes (Continued)

7. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Beginning Balance		Additions Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Bonds and notes payable Minnesota Public Facilities Authority General obligation notes General obligation bonds	\$	4,830,548 2,590,000	\$	-	\$ 688,038 225,000	\$	4,142,510 2,365,000	\$	582,149 230,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	7,420,548	\$	-	\$ 913,038	\$	6,507,510	\$	812,149

8. <u>Crossover Refunding</u>

In 2013, the County issued \$2,590,000 G.O. Sewer Revenue Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A, to crossover refund \$1,045,000 of the \$1,715,000 G.O. Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, and \$1,385,000 of the \$2,080,000 G.O. Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2007B. The County issued the Series 2013A Bonds to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$144,456.

The bonds are valid and binding general obligations of Murray County, payable from net revenue of the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission, and additionally secured by ad valorem taxes. The full faith and credit of the County is pledged to their payment, and the County has validly obligated itself to levy ad valorem taxes in the event of any deficiency in the debt service account established for this issue.

Principal due with respect to the \$2,590,000 G.O. Sewer Revenue Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A, is payable annually on February 1, and interest due with respect to the bonds is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year.

6. <u>Component Unit Disclosures</u> (Continued)

C. Risk Management

The Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; and natural disasters for which the Water and Sewer Commission carries commercial insurance through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), a public entity risk pool, for property insurance and workers' compensation. The Water and Sewer Commission purchases only property insurance through LMCIT, as it does not have any employees. The pool currently operates as a common risk management and insurance program for municipal entities. The Water and Sewer Commission pays an annual premium to the LMCIT. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through commercial companies for excess claims. The Water and Sewer Commission retains the risk for the deductible portions of the insurance. There are no employees of the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission, as the Water and Sewer Commission has hired independent contractors to operate the plant, and Murray County performs its accounting functions. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.







EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	5,366,884	\$	5,366,884	\$	5,136,178	\$	(230,706)	
Special assessments		287,456		287,456		278,037		(9,419)	
Licenses and permits		30,400		30,400		38,921		8,521	
Intergovernmental		1,749,223		1,749,223		1,864,969		115,746	
Charges for services		337,780		337,780		344,525		6,745	
Gifts and contributions		1,300		1,300		17,744		16,444	
Investment earnings		30,750		30,750		206,574		175,824	
Miscellaneous		286,970		286,970		262,309		(24,661)	
Total Revenues	\$	8,090,763	\$	8,090,763	\$	8,149,257	\$	58,494	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government									
Commissioners	\$	263,938	\$	263,938	\$	246,192	\$	17,746	
Community relations/web page development		66,220		66,220		57,434		8,786	
Courts		20,500		20,500		27,959		(7,459)	
Law library		5,000		5,000		987		4,013	
Auditor/Treasurer		393,079		393,079		385,754		7,325	
Accounting and auditing		50,000		50,000		39,484		10,516	
County assessor		333,951		333,951		322,334		11,617	
Elections		40,075		40,075		127,226		(87,151)	
Assistive voting grant		45,000		45,000		-		45,000	
Data processing and computer networking		260,771		260,771		206,962		53,809	
Machines room		61,000		61,000		40,130		20,870	
Motor pool		46,475		46,475		37,815		8,660	
Human resources		252,239		252,239		241,182		11,057	
Attorney		228,167		228,167		211,866		16,301	
Recorder		214,020		214,020		218,022		(4,002)	
Planning and zoning		122,704		122,704		124,481		(1,777)	
Buildings and plant		838,112		838,112		824,797		13,315	
Veterans services officer		43,127		43,127		51,034		(7,907)	
License center		98,022		98,022		111,473		(13,451)	
Other general government		16,500		16,500		45,034		(28,534)	
Total general government	\$	3,398,900	\$	3,398,900	\$	3,320,166	\$	78,734	

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Final Budget	
expenditures								
Current (Continued)								
Public safety								
Sheriff	\$	1,861,404	\$	1,861,404	\$	1,976,365	\$	(114,961
E-911 system	-	137,932	-	137,932	-	103,615	-	34,317
Probation		63,392		63,392		47,709		15,683
Civil defense		83,387		83,387		70,140		13,247
Disaster/Flood damage		-		-		269,057		(269,057
Other public safety		5,500		5,500		77,415		(71,915
Total public safety	\$	2,151,615	\$	2,151,615	\$	2,544,301	\$	(392,686
Sanitation								
Solid waste	\$	103,876	\$	103,876	\$	103,177	\$	699
Recycling	-	264,877	-	264,877	-	234,757	-	30,120
Other		1,000		1,000		972		28
Total sanitation	\$	369,753	\$	369,753	\$	338,906	\$	30,847
Culture and recreation								
Regional library	\$	58,667	\$	58,667	\$	58,667	\$	-
Historical society		237,854		237,854		242,820		(4,966
Senior citizens - Advocate, Connect, Educate								
(A.C.E.) of Southwest Minnesota		15,051		15,051		15,111		(60
Transportation		32,500		32,500		32,500		-
Parks		398,869		398,869		284,729		114,140
Minnesota trails		29,356		29,356		32,255		(2,899
Other		6,620		6,620		7,120		(500
Total culture and recreation	\$	778,917	\$	778,917	\$	673,202	\$	105,715
Conservation of natural resources								
Extension	\$	194,738	\$	194,738	\$	193,773	\$	965
Soil and water conservation		186,279		186,279		186,438		(159
Agricultural inspection		77,308		77,308		78,005		(697
Redwood-Cottonwood Rivers Control Area		4,050		4,050		4,050		-
Environmental and land use advisory task force		50		50		33		17
Flood control		2,945		2,945		2,945		-
Agricultural society		39,330		39,330		30,796		8,534
Buffer strip riparian protection		15,000		15,000		-		15,000
Aquatic invasive species prevention		57,042		57,042		48,217		8,825
Water planning		168,847		168,847		92,081		76,766
Water quality loan program		150,000		150,000		51,134		98,866
Other conservation		3,200		3,200		2,828		372

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Expenditures Current (Continued) Economic development								
Other	\$	2,230	\$	2,230	\$	2,230	\$	-
Intergovernmental								
Health	\$	106,881	\$	106,881	\$	106,881	\$	-
Debt service								
Principal	\$	24,604	\$	24,604	\$	27,525	\$	(2,921)
Interest		731		731		895		(164)
Total debt service	\$	25,335	\$	25,335	\$	28,420	\$	(3,085)
Total Expenditures	\$	7,732,420	\$	7,732,420	\$	7,704,406	\$	28,014
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	358,343	\$	358,343	\$	444,851	\$	86,508
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	\$	91,000	\$	91,000	\$	14,164	\$	(76,836)
Transfers out		(525,558)		(525,558)		(359,777)		165,781
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		850		850
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(434,558)	\$	(434,558)	\$	(344,763)	\$	89,795
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(76,215)	\$	(76,215)	\$	100,088	\$	176,303
Fund Balance – January 1		6,537,514		6,537,514		6,537,514		-
Increase (decrease) in inventories		-		-		2,051		2,051
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	6,461,299	\$	6,461,299	\$	6,639,653	\$	178,354

EXHIBIT A-2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	V	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget		
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	1,436,479	\$	1,436,479	\$	1,379,943	\$	(56,536)		
Licenses and permits		7,000		7,000		8,500		1,500		
Intergovernmental		4,389,628		4,389,628		5,412,771		1,023,143		
Charges for services		21,000		21,000		16,683		(4,317)		
Miscellaneous		68,100		68,100		103,484		35,384		
Total Revenues	\$	5,922,207	\$	5,922,207	\$	6,921,381	\$	999,174		
Expenditures										
Current										
Highways and streets										
Administration	\$	319,461	\$	319,461	\$	314,136	\$	5,325		
Maintenance		1,786,484		1,786,484		2,595,930		(809,446)		
Engineering		197,525		197,525		227,500		(29,975)		
Construction		2,279,000		2,279,000		2,632,968		(353,968)		
Maintenance and shop		609,140		609,140		659,963		(50,823)		
Total highways and streets	\$	5,191,610	\$	5,191,610	\$	6,430,497	\$	(1,238,887)		
Intergovernmental										
Highways and streets		451,618		451,618		528,018		(76,400)		
Total Expenditures	\$	5,643,228	\$	5,643,228	\$	6,958,515	\$	(1,315,287)		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)										
Expenditures	\$	278,979	\$	278,979	\$	(37,134)	\$	(316,113)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		20,000		20,000		7,000		(13,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	298,979	\$	298,979	\$	(30,134)	\$	(329,113)		
Fund Balance – January 1		3,165,002		3,165,002		3,165,002		-		
Increase (decrease) in inventories		25,000		25,000		(43,715)		(68,715)		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	3,488,981	\$	3,488,981	\$	3,091,153	\$	(397,828)		

EXHIBIT A-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final			Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,120,249	\$	1,120,249	\$	1,070,512	\$	(49,737)
Intergovernmental		84,245		84,245		135,372		51,127
Total Revenues	\$	1,204,494	\$	1,204,494	\$	1,205,884	\$	1,390
Expenditures								
Intergovernmental								
Human services		1,204,494		1,204,494		1,205,884		(1,390)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balance – January 1								
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	_

EXHIBIT A-4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues							
Special assessments	\$ 596,880	\$	596,880	\$	604,273	\$	7,393
Intergovernmental	20,492		20,492		24,145		3,653
Miscellaneous	 -		-		50,952		50,952
Total Revenues	\$ 617,372	\$	617,372	\$	679,370	\$	61,998
Expenditures							
Current							
Conservation of natural resources							
Other	\$ 174,101	\$	174,101	\$	509,677	\$	(335,576)
Debt service							
Principal	109,997		109,997		115,000		(5,003)
Interest	44,736		44,736		43,035		1,701
Administrative charges	142		142		990		(848)
Bond issuance costs	 -		-		45,010		(45,010)
Total Expenditures	\$ 328,976	\$	328,976	\$	713,712	\$	(384,736)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$ 288,396	\$	288,396	\$	(34,342)	\$	(322,738)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$ 54,000	\$	54,000	\$	3,794	\$	(50,206)
Transfers out	-		-		(10,840)		(10,840)
Bonds issued	 				1,220,000		1,220,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 54,000	\$	54,000	\$	1,212,954	\$	1,158,954
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 342,396	\$	342,396	\$	1,178,612	\$	836,216
Fund Balance – January 1	 (625,208)		(625,208)		(625,208)		-
Fund Balance – December 31	\$ (282,812)	\$	(282,812)	\$	553,404	\$	836,216

EXHIBIT A-5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE EDA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original			Final	 Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	12,027	\$	12,027	\$ 20,921	\$	8,894
Miscellaneous		62,260		62,260	 62,924		664
Total Revenues	\$	74,287	\$	74,287	\$ 83,845	\$	9,558
Expenditures							
Current							
Economic development							
Economic Development Commission		155,558		155,558	 242,090		(86,532)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	(81,271)	\$	(81,271)	\$ (158,245)	\$	(76,974)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		130,558		130,558	105,558		(25,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	49,287	\$	49,287	\$ (52,687)	\$	(101,974)
Fund Balance – January 1		995,401		995,401	995,401		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	1,044,688	\$	1,044,688	\$ 942,714	\$	(101,974)

EXHIBIT A-6

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES AND CONGREGATE HOUSING ENTERPRISE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 24,988
Interest	9,209
Benefit payments	 (20,607)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 13,590
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning, as restated	 264,308
Total OPEB Liability – Ending	\$ 277,898
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,626,858
Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.66%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

EXHIBIT A-7

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS HOSPITAL ENTERPRISE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 24,521
Interest	8,682
Benefit payments	 (36,566)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (3,363)
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning, as restated	 256,718
Total OPEB Liability – Ending	\$ 253,355
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,123,174
Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4.14%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

EXHIBIT A-8

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Propor Share Net Po Liab	oyer's tionate of the ension oility set) a)	Pro Sha Ne I As with	State's portionate are of the t Pension iability ssociated h Murray County	Priss S	Employer's roportionate Share of the Net Pension iability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a + b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2018 2017 2016 2015	0.1457 % 0.1502 0.1608 0.1597	9,5 13,0	082,838 588,670 056,162 276,482	\$	264,992 120,582 170,623 N/A	\$	8,347,830 9,709,252 13,226,785 8,276,482	\$ 9,787,977 9,677,297 10,577,661 9,971,624	82.58 % 99.08 123.43 83.00	79.53 % 75.90 68.91 78.19

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

N/A - Not Applicable

EXHIBIT A-9

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Year Ending	1	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	in S	Actual ntributions Relation to tatutorily Required ntributions (b)	 ontribution Deficiency) Excess (b - a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2018	\$	765,068	\$	765,068	\$ -	\$ 10,200,875	7.50 %
2017		790,677		790,677	-	10,542,367	7.50
2016		745,320		745,320	-	9,937,599	7.50
2015		706,218		706,218	-	9,416,245	7.50

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

EXHIBIT A-10

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pr S	Employer's coportionate hare of the let Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2018	0.068 %	\$	725,876	\$ 717,880	101.11 %	88.84 %
2017	0.067		904,580	689,293	131.23	85.43
2016	0.071		2,849,354	685,787	415.49	63.88
2015	0.065		738,552	604,170	122.24	86.61

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

EXHIBIT A-11

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	Actual Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions (b)		_	ontribution Deficiency) Excess (b - a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)	
2018	\$	124,322	\$	124,322	\$	-	\$ 767,420	16.20 %	
2017		112,457		112,457		-	694,179	16.20	
2016		111,020		111,020		-	685,306	16.20	
2015		102,429		102,429		_	632,278	16.20	

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.



NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. General Budget Policies

The County Board adopts estimated revenue and expenditure budgets for all governmental funds. The expenditure budget is approved at the fund level.

The budgets may be amended or modified at any time by the County Board. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations. Comparisons of final budgeted revenues and expenditures to actual are presented in the required supplementary information for the General Fund and budgeted special revenue funds.

2. Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

3. <u>Budget Amendments</u>

There were no amendments to the budget in the current year.

4. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following individual funds had expenditures in excess of final budgets for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Expenditures	Final Budget	Excess
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	\$ 6.958.515	\$ 5.643.228	\$ 1.315.287
Human Services Special Revenue Fund	1,205,884	1,204,494	1,390
Ditch Special Revenue Fund	713,712	328,976	384,736
EDA Special Revenue Fund	242,090	155,558	86,532

5. Other Postemployment Benefits Funded Status

Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund

In 2018, Murray County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. See Note 3.D. in the notes to the financial statements for additional information regarding the County's other postemployment benefits.

Hospital Enterprise Fund

In 2018, the Hospital Enterprise Fund implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. See Note 3.D. in the notes to the financial statements for additional information regarding the Hospital's other postemployment benefits.

6. Employer Contributions to Other Postemployment Benefits

Governmental Activities and Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund

Assets have not been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

The following changes in actuarial methods and assumptions occurred in 2018:

- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel) to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel).
- The retirement and withdrawal tables for all employees were updated.
- The discount rate used changed from 4.00 percent to 3.30 percent.
- The actuarial cost method used changed from the Projected Unit Credit to the Entry Age, level percentage of pay.

6. <u>Employer Contributions to Other Postemployment Benefits</u> (Continued)

Hospital Enterprise Fund

Assets have not been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

The following changes in actuarial methods and assumptions occurred in 2018:

- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The discount rate used changed from 4.00 percent to 3.30 percent.
- The actuarial cost method used changed from the Projected Unit Credit to the Entry Age Normal.

7. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods</u> and Assumptions

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the fiscal year June 30:

General Employees Retirement Plan

2018

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

2017

• The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members (30 percent for deferred Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members). The revised CSA loads are now 0.00 percent for active member liability, 15 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.

7. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods</u> and Assumptions

General Employees Retirement Plan

<u>2017</u> (Continued)

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.
- Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund plan provisions change the employer supplemental contribution to \$21 million in calendar years 2017 and 2018 and returns to \$31 million through calendar year 2031. The state's required contribution is \$16 million in PERA's fiscal years 2018 and 2019 and returns to \$6 million annually through calendar year 2031.

2016

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was also changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

2018

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- Post-retirement benefit increases changed to 1.00 percent for all years, with no trigger.

7. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods</u> and Assumptions

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

<u>2018</u> (Continued)

- An end date of July 1, 2048, was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. Additionally, annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter, until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 10.80 percent to 11.30 and 11.80 percent of pay, respectively. Employer contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 16.20 percent to 16.95 and 17.70 percent of pay, respectively. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017

- The assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- The assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for non-vested members.

7. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods</u> and Assumptions

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

<u>2017</u> (Continued)

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality table assumed for healthy retirees.
- The assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- The assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- The assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064, and 2.50 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

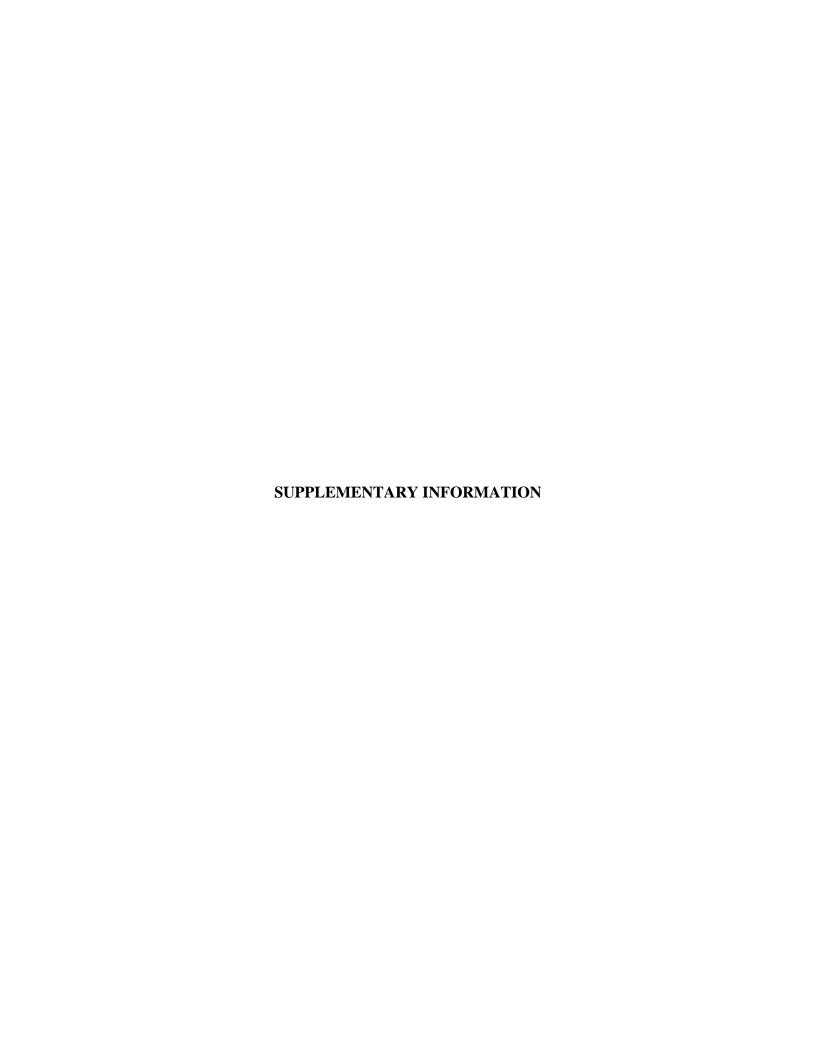
7. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods</u> and Assumptions

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

<u>2016</u>

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.







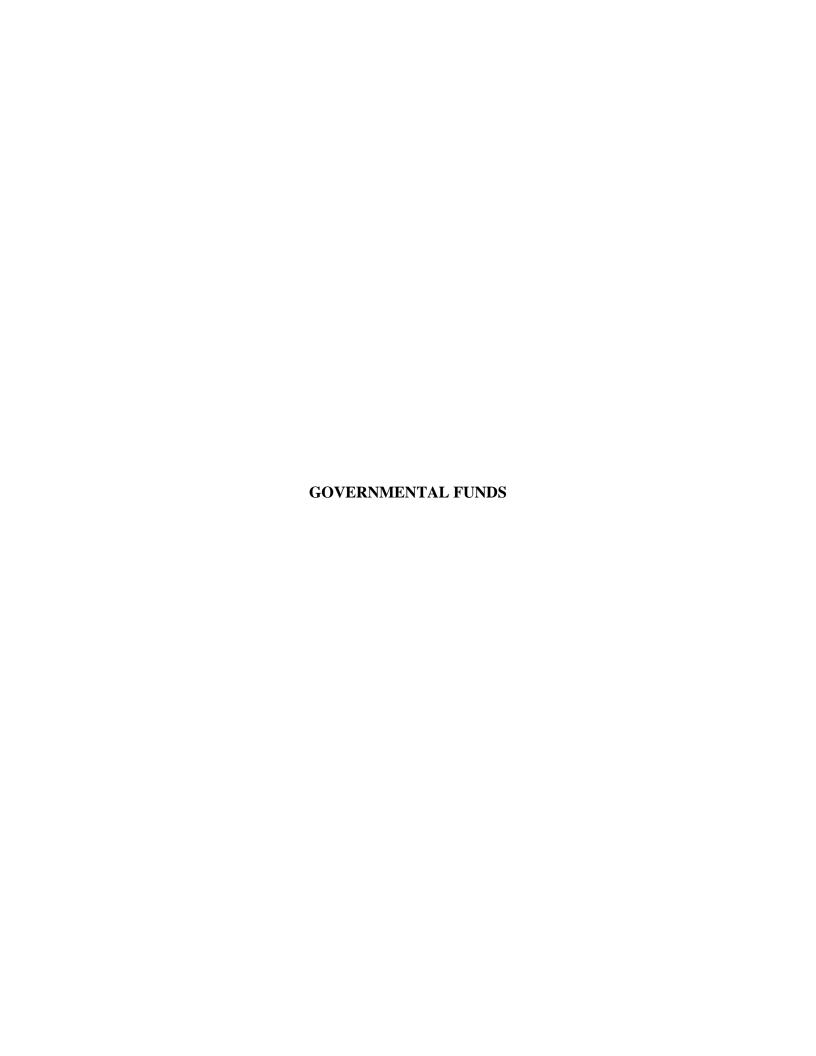




EXHIBIT B-1

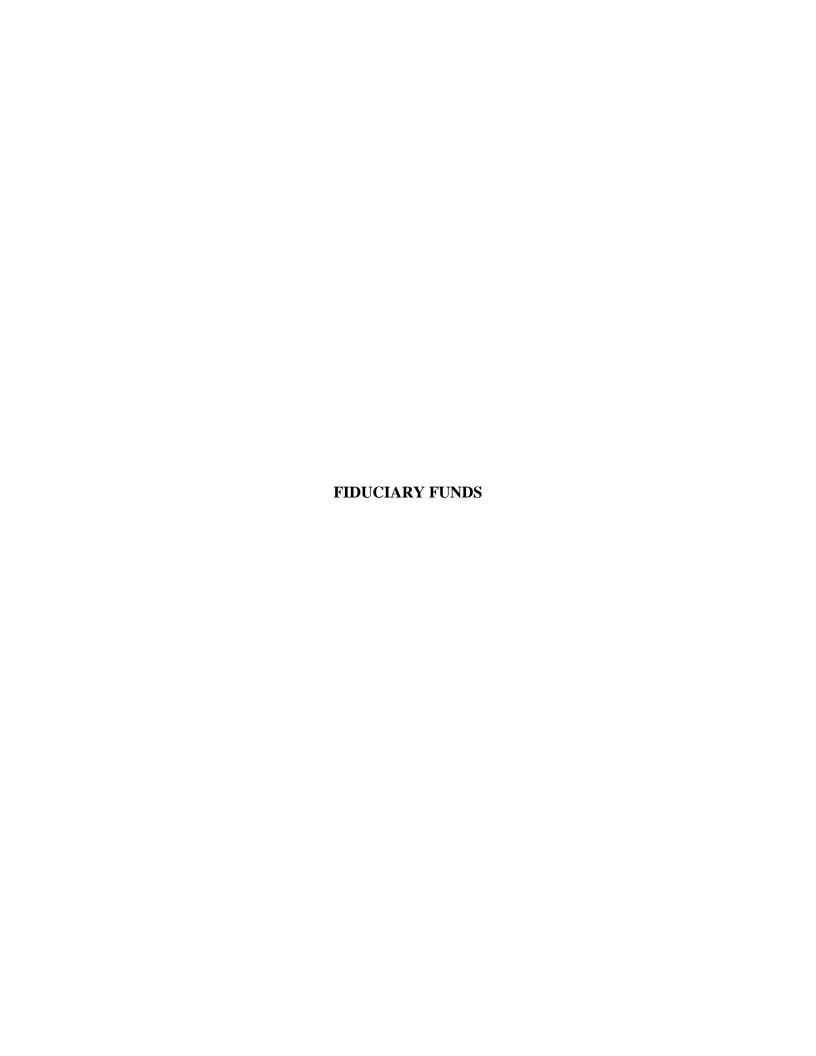
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	356,068	\$	356,068	\$	340,142	\$	(15,926)
Intergovernmental		-		-		15,934		15,934
Investment earnings		-				224		224
Total Revenues	\$	356,068	\$	356,068	\$	356,300	\$	232
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Other general government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	645	\$	(645)
Debt service								
Principal		312,000		312,000		312,000		-
Interest		23,282		23,282		23,284		(2)
Administrative charges		500		500		495		5
Total Expenditures	\$	335,782	\$	335,782	\$	336,424	\$	(642)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	20,286	\$	20,286	\$	19,876	\$	(410)
Fund Balance – January 1		374,125		374,125		374,125		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	394,411	\$	394,411	\$	394,001	\$	(410)

EXHIBIT B-2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		nce with
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	-
Fund Balance – January 1				-				
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	





AGENCY FUNDS

<u>Lime Creek Subordinate Service District</u> – to account for the collection and disbursement of funds for the Lime Creek Subordinate Service District.

 $\underline{\text{Taxes and Penalties}}$ – to account for the collection of taxes and penalties and their distribution to the various funds and governmental units.



EXHIBIT C-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions		Balance December 31	
LIME CREEK SUBORDINATE SERVICE DISTRICT								
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$	6,803 90	\$	2,810	\$	3,681 90	\$	5,932
Total Assets	\$	6,893	\$	2,810	\$	3,771	\$	5,932
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable Customer deposits	\$	22 6,871	\$	20 2,832	\$	22 3,791	\$	20 5,912
Total Liabilities	\$	6,893	\$	2,852	\$	3,813	\$	5,932
TAXES AND PENALTIES								
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	300,123	\$	17,726,434	\$	17,872,614	\$	153,943
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Due to other governments	\$	300,123	\$	17,726,434	\$	17,872,614	\$	153,943

EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions		Balance December 31	
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$	306,926 90	\$	17,729,244	\$	17,876,295 90	\$	159,875
Total Assets	\$	307,016	\$	17,729,244	\$	17,876,385	\$	159,875
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	22	\$	20	\$	22	\$	20
Customer deposits		6,871		2,832		3,791		5,912
Due to other governments		300,123		17,726,434		17,872,614		153,943
Total Liabilities	\$	307,016	\$	17,729,286	\$	17,876,427	\$	159,875





EXHIBIT D-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Governmental Funds	
Appropriations and Shared Revenue		
State		
Highway users tax	\$ 5,018,317	
Market value credit	292,694	
PERA rate reimbursement	11,609	
Disparity reduction aid	25,685	
Police aid	104,401	
County program aid	502,874	
Local performance aid	1,168	
Enhanced 911	79,559	
Aquatic invasive species aid	88,825	
Riparian aid	163,208	
Select Committee on Recycling and the Environment (SCORE)	67,729	
better committee on receiving and the Environment (SCORE)	 01,12)	
Total appropriations and shared revenue	\$ 6,356,069	
Reimbursement for Services		
Local		
Red Rock Rural Water System	\$ 24,145	
Townships	 22,995	
Total reimbursement for services	\$ 47,140	
Payments		
Local		
Local grants	\$ 63,250	
Payments in lieu of taxes	 403,442	
Total payments	\$ 466,692	
Grants		
State		
Minnesota Department/Board/Office of		
Corrections	\$ 13,856	
Natural Resources	70,554	
Secretary of State	44,963	
Transportation	213,965	
Water and Soil Resources	54,189	
Veterans Affairs	7,500	
Historical Society	31,617	
Peace Officer Standards and Training Board	11,484	
Pollution Control Agency	53,806	
Supreme Court	 39,157	
Total state	\$ 541,091	

EXHIBIT D-1 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	G	overnmental Funds
Grants (Continued)		
Federal		
Department of		
Homeland Security	\$	42,199
Total state and federal grants	<u>\$</u>	583,290
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	7,453,191





EXHIBIT E-1

SHETEK AREA WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

Assets

Current assets		
Special assessments receivable		
Current	\$	455,052
Delinquent		4,873
Interest receivable – special assessments		2,127
Accounts receivable		40,893
Due from other governments		812
Inventory		59,989
Total current assets, unrestricted	\$	563,746
Restricted assets		
Cash and pooled investments		487,318
Total current assets	\$	1,051,064
Noncurrent assets		
Special assessments receivable	\$	5,199,650
Capital assets		
Non-depreciable		361,046
Depreciable – net		11,455,161
Total noncurrent assets	<u>\$</u>	17,015,857
Total Assets	\$	18,066,921

EXHIBIT E-1

(Continued)

SHETEK AREA WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

Liabilities

Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	2,635
Due to primary government		951
Advance from primary government		325,000
Accrued interest payable		37,799
Customer deposits		2,466
General obligation bonds payable – current		230,000
Revenue notes payable – current		582,149
Total current liabilities	<u>\$</u>	1,181,000
Noncurrent liabilities		
General obligation bonds payable – long-term	\$	2,135,000
Revenue notes payable – long-term		3,560,361
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$</u>	5,695,361
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	6,876,361
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,308,697
Restricted for		
Debt service		328,722
Wastewater system replacement		158,596
Unrestricted		5,394,545
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	11,190,560

EXHIBIT E-2

SHETEK AREA WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Operating Revenues		
Sewer utility charges	\$	523,688
Charges for services		750
Miscellaneous		7,740
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$</u>	532,178
Operating Expenses		
Personal services	\$	7,536
Professional services		232,262
Other services and charges		61,707
Supplies		84,373
Insurance		4,801
Depreciation		387,297
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$</u>	777,976
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(245,798)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest earnings	\$	3,054
Loss on sale of capital assets		(19,000)
Administrative charges		(495)
Interest expense		(97,200)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>\$</u>	(113,641)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	\$	(359,439)
Capital contributions	<u> </u>	220,117
Change in net position	\$	(139,322)
Net Position – January 1		11,329,882
Net Position – December 31	<u>\$</u>	11,190,560

EXHIBIT E-3

SHETEK AREA WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	554,684
Cash paid to employees		(7,827)
Cash paid for supplies and professional services		(418,400)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$</u>	128,457
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Advance received from primary government	\$	250,000
Interest paid on advance		(2,665)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	<u>\$</u>	247,335
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Special assessments	\$	701,146
Principal paid on long-term debt		(913,038)
Interest paid on bonds		(48,179)
Interest paid on revenue notes		(51,623)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,000
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$	(305,694)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Investment earnings received	\$	3,054
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	73,152
Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1		414,166
Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31	<u>\$</u>	487,318
Cash and Cash Equivalents – Exhibit E-1		
Restricted cash and pooled investments	<u>\$</u>	487,318

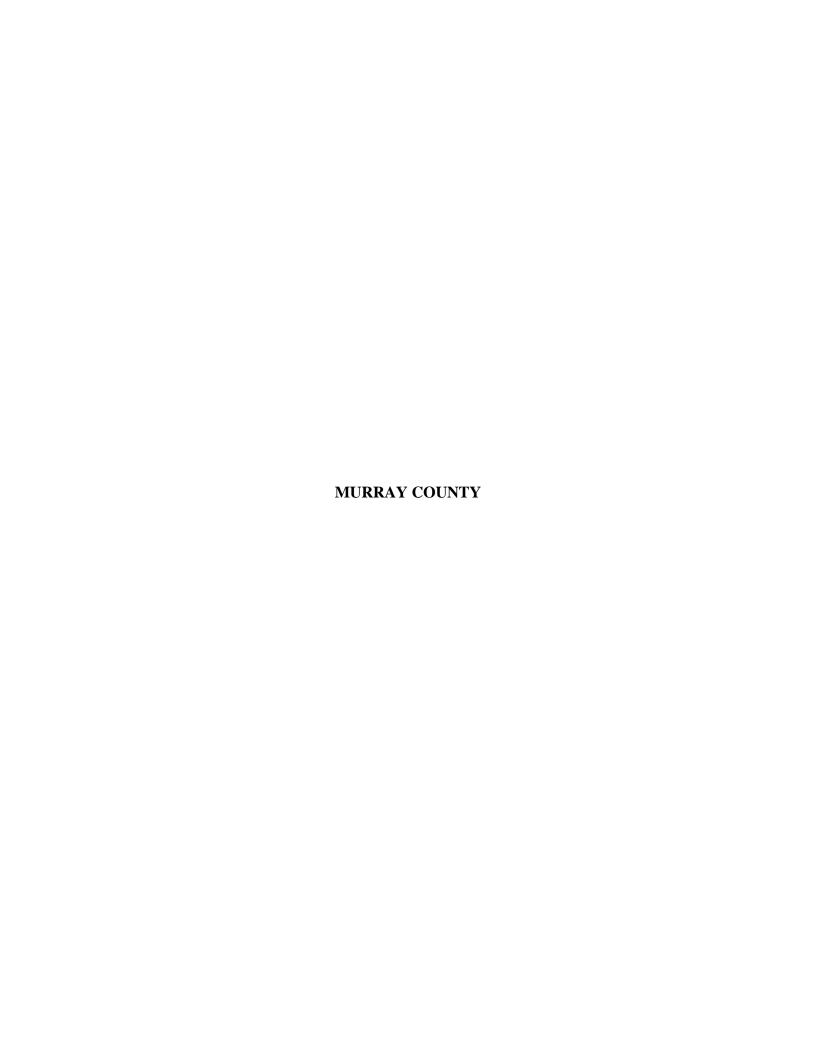
EXHIBIT E-3 (Continued)

SHETEK AREA WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	(245,798)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation expense	\$	387,297
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		24,000
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		(162)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(10,078)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(22,811)
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		(1,727)
Increase (decrease) in due to primary government		951
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable		(291)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits payable		(2,924)
Total adjustments	\$	374,255
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	128,457











STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Murray County Slayton, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Murray County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Murray County Medical Center, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. This report does not include the results of our audit testing of the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission component unit's internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately within the Management and Compliance Section.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Murray County's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Recommendations, we did identify a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Recommendations as item 2015-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Murray County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested in connection with the audit of the County's financial statements: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for tax increment financing because the County administers no tax increment financing districts.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Murray County failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*, except as described in the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations as items 2013-002 and 2014-001. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

Murray County's Response to Findings

Murray County's responses to the internal control and legal compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the Corrective Action Plan. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha

/s/Greg Hierlinger

JULIE BLAHA STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

December 6, 2019



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

I. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

Finding Number 2015-001

Audit Adjustments

Criteria: A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis. Auditing standards define a material weakness as a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Condition: Material audit adjustments were identified that resulted in significant changes to the County's financial statements.

Context: The inability to make all necessary adjustments or to detect material misstatements in the financial statements increases the likelihood that the financial statements would not be fairly presented. These adjustments were found in the audit; however, independent external auditors cannot be considered part of the County's internal control.

Effect: The following audit adjustments were reviewed and approved by management and are reflected in the financial statements:

Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund

• Decreased due from other governments by \$319,631, increased shared intergovernmental revenue—highway users tax by \$215,210, and decreased related deferred inflows of resources—unavailable revenue by \$534,841.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund

• Increased accounts payable and accounts receivable to eliminate \$131,349 reductions in the balance of each account.

Cause: The County did not properly calculate the highway allotment receivable and related unavailable revenue in the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, and did not properly consider payables and receivables for the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund.

Recommendation: We recommend County staff review their financial statement closing procedures and trial balances and journal entries in detail to ensure that all significant adjustments have been made appropriately that are considered necessary to fairly present the County's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

II. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS NOT RESOLVED

Finding Number 2013-002

Publication of Financial Statements

Criteria: The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 375.17 to annually publish its financial statements.

Condition: The County did not publish the financial statements or a summary of the statements in a qualified form prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor for 2012 through 2017.

Context: In lieu of publishing the financial statements, the County posted on its website for a short time the audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2012, through 2017.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Effect: The County is not in compliance with Minn. Stat. § 375.17.

Cause: The County Board and management believe posting the audited financial statements on the County's website is adequate to inform the public. The County Board does not wish to incur the additional cost of publication and continues to make the information physically available at the County Government Center for public inspection.

Recommendation: We recommend the County publish the County's financial statements annually as required by Minn. Stat. § 375.17.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

Finding Number 2014-001

Publishing Claims Paid

Criteria: Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 375.12, County Board minutes must be published within 30 days of the meeting and include an individualized, itemized list of County Board-approved payments over \$2,000. For claims \$2,000 or less, the total number of claims and total amount shall be stated. The County can publish summaries of the minutes, meeting the requirement of Minn. Stat. § 331A.01. However, the County must still publish claims as required by Minn. Stat. § 375.12.

Condition: Murray County does not publish an itemized list of County Board-approved payments over \$2,000 with the total number of claims and total amount for payments under \$2,000 as provided by Minn. Stat. § 375.12.

Context: The publication of County Board minutes provides only a summary by fund for County Board-approved payments made during the respective meeting. The County is concerned that publishing an itemized list of County Board-approved payments over \$2,000 would add substantial cost.

Effect: Noncompliance with Minn. Stat. § 375.12.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Cause: The County Board and management believe publishing a summary of bills paid as approved by the County Board is adequate to inform the public of the substance of the proceedings. The County Board does not wish to incur the additional cost of publication and continues to make the information physically available at the County Government Center.

Recommendation: We recommend the County comply with the above-noted statute and publish an itemized list of County Board-approved payments over \$2,000 with the total number of claims and total amount for payments under \$2,000.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged



Murray County Auditor/Treasurer Heidi E. Winter

2500 28th Street - P.O. Box 57

Slayton, MN 56172-0057 Phone: 507-836-1152

Fax: 507-836-6114 hwinter@co.murray.mn.us

REPRESENTATION OF MURRAY COUNTY

SLAYTON, MINNESOTA

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Finding Number: 2015-001

Finding Title: Audit Adjustments

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Heidi E. Winter – County Auditor/Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

The County staff will set up the appropriate codes when inputting initial journal entries. They will also review the end of the year closing procedures and trial balances and journal entries in detail to ensure that all significant adjustments have been made according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Ongoing

Finding Number: 2013-002

Finding Title: Publication of Financial Statements

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Heidi E. Winter – County Auditor/Treasurer



Corrective Action Planned:

Murray County will continue to weigh the cost vs. benefit of publishing the County's financial statements annually as required by Minnesota Statute § 375.17 and make the most fiscally responsible decision that keeps the public adequately informed.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Ongoing

Finding Number: 2014-001

Finding Title: Publishing Claims Paid

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Heidi E. Winter – County Auditor/Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

Murray County will continue to analyze the cost vs. benefits of publishing an itemized list of County Board approved payments over \$2,000 as required by M.S. § 375.12 and make the most fiscally responsible decision that keeps the public adequately informed.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Ongoing



Murray County Auditor/Treasurer Heidi E. Winter 2500 28th Street - P.O. Box 57

Slayton, MN 56172-0057

Phone: 507-836-1152 Fax: 507-836-6114

hwinter@co.murray.mn.us

REPRESENTATION OF MURRAY COUNTY SLAYTON, MINNESOTA

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Finding Number: 2015-001

Finding Title: Audit Adjustments

Summary of Condition: Material adjustments were identified that resulted in significant changes to the County's financial statements in the General Fund, Ditch Special Revenue Fund, and the Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The County staff will set up the appropriate codes when inputting initial journal entries. They will also review the end of the year closing procedures and trial balances and journal entries in detail to ensure that all significant adjustments have been made according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Status:	Not Corrected. Ple	ease see Co	orrective .	Action Plan for explanation.
	Was corrective act	ion taken s	ignifican ^a	tly different than the action previously reported?
	Yes	No _	X	- -

Finding Number: 2013-002

Finding Title: Publication of Financial Statements

Summary of Condition: The County did not publish the financial statements or a summary of the statements in a qualified form prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor for 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, or 2016.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: Murray County will continue to weigh the cost vs. benefit of publishing the County's financial statements annually as required by Minn. Stat. § 375.17 and make the most fiscally responsible decision that still keeps the public adequately informed.



Status:	Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported?					
	Yes	No _	•		- u.u uu uu u	, 10 0 02 5 1 0 0
_	Number: 2014 Title: Publishi		d			
rinding	Title. Tublishi	ng Cianns I an	u			
Board-ap	-	its over \$2,000) with the t	otal number		d list of County total amount for
analyze (over \$2,0	the cost vs. bene	efits of publish by Minn. Stat.	ing an itemi § 375.12 an	zed list of Co	ounty Board-ap	will continue to opproved payments sponsible decision
Status:			ignificantly		-	eviously reported?







STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission Slayton, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Murray County, Minnesota, which include as supplementary information, the financial statements of the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission, a discretely presented component unit, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Water and Sewer Commission's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Water and Sewer Commission's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Water and

Sewer Commission's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested in connection with the audit of the Water and Sewer Commission's financial statements: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for tax increment financing because the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission administers no tax increment financing districts. The provisions for contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions were tested in connection with our audit of Murray County, Minnesota.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Shetek Area Water and Sewer Commission failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Water and Sewer Commission's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Water and Sewer Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Water and Sewer Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha

/s/Greg Hierlinger

JULIE BLAHA STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

December 6, 2019