STATE OF MINNESOTA Office of the State Auditor



Julie Blaha State Auditor

HUBBARD COUNTY PARK RAPIDS, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 100 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice – conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information – collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations – provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension – monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 600 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing – promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2018



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota

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Introductory Section

ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2018

Office	Name	Term Expires
Commissioners		
1st District	Vern Massie	January 2019
2nd District	Charlene Christenson	January 2021
3rd District	Ed Smith	January 2019
4th District	Daniel Stacey	January 2021
5th District	Cal Johannsen	January 2019
Officers		
Elected		
Attorney	Jonathan Frieden	January 2023
Sheriff	Cory Aukes	January 2023
Appointed	-	-
Assessor	Ginger Woodrum	Indefinite
Auditor/Treasurer	Kay Rave	Indefinite
Coordinator	Eric Nerness	Indefinite
Highway Engineer	Jed Nordin	Indefinite
Land Commissioner	Mark Lohmeier	Indefinite
Recorder	Nicole Lueth	Indefinite
Social Services Director	Deb Vizecky	Indefinite
Solid Waste Administrator	Josh Holte	Indefinite
Veteran Services Officer	Jerrold Bjerke	Indefinite

Financial Section



STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Hubbard County Park Rapids, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hubbard County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, including the Heritage Community Enterprise Fund as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Heritage Living Center, Manor, and Cottages (Heritage Community), which statements reflect 35 percent and 98 percent, respectively, of the assets and revenues of both the Heritage Community Enterprise Fund, a major fund, and the business-type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Heritage Living Center, Manor, and Cottages, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We have applied audit procedures on the conversion adjustments to the financial statements of the Heritage Living Center, Manor, and Cottages, which conform those financial statements to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Heritage Living Center, Manor, and Cottages, prior to these

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conversion adjustments, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. In addition, we did not audit the financial statements of the Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA), which represents the amounts shown as the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Hubbard County HRA, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hubbard County as of December 31, 2018, including the Heritage Community Enterprise Fund as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1.E. to the financial statements, in 2018, the County adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which represents a change in accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hubbard County's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2019, on our consideration of Hubbard County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Hubbard County's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hubbard County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. It does not include the Heritage Community, which was audited by other auditors.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA), as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The SEFA is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the SEFA is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

/s/Julie Blaha

JULIE BLAHA STATE AUDITOR /s/Greg Hierlinger

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 23, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Hubbard County

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

The management of Hubbard County offers readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Hubbard County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. The Management's Discussion and Analysis provides comparisons with the previous year and is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements that follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The total net position of governmental activities is \$96,777,780, of which \$78,339,297 is the net investment in capital assets, \$9,560,994 is restricted for specific purposes, and \$8,877,489 is unrestricted. The total net position of governmental activities increased by \$11,156,380 in 2018, after the restatement for a change in accounting principle (see Note 1.E.).

The total net position of business-type activities is (\$2,041,947), of which (\$367,328) is the net investment in capital assets, \$730,280 is restricted for specific purposes, and (\$2,404,899) is unrestricted. The total net position of business-type activities decreased by \$1,556,691 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

At the close of 2018, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,760,294, an increase of \$1,200,309 from the prior year. Of the total fund balance amount, \$771,784 is nonspendable, \$7,188,851 is legally or contractually restricted, \$5,216,998 is committed, and \$12,582,661 is assigned for specific purposes. Maintaining an adequate fund balance is necessary to provide County services throughout the year.

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OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Hubbard County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities using the full accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we divide the County into three kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, and conservation of natural resources. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The County charges fees to cover the costs of certain services it provides. Included here are the operations of the Heritage Living Center, Heritage Manor, and Heritage Cottages.
- Component units The County includes a separate legal entity in its report. The Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) is reported in a separate column. Although legally separate, this "component unit" is important because the County appoints a voting majority of the HRA Board, and the County can impose its will on the HRA.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

(Unaudited)

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Hubbard County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, fund level financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County reports four governmental fund types: General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Permanent. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, the Social Services Special Revenue Fund, the Forfeited Tax Sale Special Revenue Fund, and the Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the Building Bonds Debt Service Fund and the Environmental Trust Permanent Fund are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in combining statements after the notes to the financial statements.

Hubbard County adopts annual budgets for its governmental funds, with the exception of the Building Bonds Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparisons have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Proprietary Funds: Hubbard County maintains one enterprise fund. The Heritage Community Enterprise Fund accounts for the combined activities of the County's Heritage Living Center, Heritage Manor, and Heritage Cottages facilities, which provide long-term health care, adult day care, memory care, and assisted living senior housing services for the elderly. Financing is provided by user service charges. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements and are included in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as business-type activities.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Hubbard County's fiduciary funds consist of three agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In addition, the fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because those resources are not available to support the County's programs. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 31 of this report.

Other information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. The County also provides combining statements, budgetary comparison schedules, a schedule of intergovernmental revenue, a schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and related notes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net position serves as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$94,735,833 at the close of 2018. The largest portion of the County's net position (approximately 82 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (i.e., land, permanent right-of-way, construction in progress, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, land improvements, and machinery and equipment). It should be noted that this amount is not available for future spending. Approximately 11 percent of the County's net position amount of \$6,472,590 as of December 31, 2018, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens.

The County's overall financial position increased from last year. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$7,962,309 from the prior year, and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$1,505,682 from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in capital assets and increased deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and a decreased net pension liability in the current year. This resulted in an increased net position of \$9,599,689 from the prior year, after the restatement for a change in accounting principles (see Note 1.E.).

Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activ	ities	Business-T	ype Activ	rities	Total Primary	y Goveri	nment
	 2018		2017	 2018		2017	 2018		2017
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 33,212,599 85,345,400	\$	29,690,060 78,796,328	\$ 13,298,461 2,472,689	\$	13,358,619 2,782,723	\$ 46,511,060 87,818,089	\$	43,048,679 81,579,051
Total Assets	\$ 118,557,999	\$	108,486,388	\$ 15,771,150	\$	16,141,342	\$ 134,329,149	\$	124,627,730
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,169,947	\$	5,778,820	\$ 542,541	\$	672,778	\$ 4,712,488	\$	6,451,598
Liabilities Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 16,621,363 3,282,959	\$	20,578,469 2,654,708	\$ 17,088,834 615,021	\$	16,188,003 575,487	\$ 33,710,197 3,897,980	\$	36,766,472 3,230,195
Total Liabilities	\$ 19,904,322	\$	23,233,177	\$ 17,703,855	\$	16,763,490	\$ 37,608,177	\$	39,996,667
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 6,045,844	\$	5,278,933	\$ 651,783	\$	535,886	\$ 6,697,627	\$	5,814,819
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 78,339,297 9,560,994 8,877,489	\$	71,095,650 7,122,099 7,535,349	\$ (367,328) 730,280 (2,404,899)	\$	(168,968) 2,127,004 (2,443,292)	\$ 77,971,969 10,291,274 6,472,590	\$	70,926,682 9,249,103 5,092,057
Total Net Position, as reported	\$ 96,777,780	\$	85,753,098	\$ (2,041,947)	\$	(485,256)	\$ 94,735,833	\$	85,267,842
Change in accounting principle*			(131,698)						(131,698)
Total Net Position, as restated		\$	85,621,400		\$	(485,256)		\$	85,136,144

*The January 1, 2018, net position was decreased by \$131,698 to adopt new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Changes in Net Position

		Governmen	tal Activ	ities		Business-Ty	pe Activ	vities		Total Prima	y Goverr	iment
		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenues Program revenues												
Fees, charges, fines, and other Operating grants and	\$	8,659,389	\$	8,690,826	\$	8,069,690	\$	6,428,387	\$	16,729,079	\$	15,119,213
contributions Capital grants and		11,873,565		10,442,063		23,067		6,599		11,896,632		10,448,662
contributions General revenues		5,315,226		1,102,255		-		-		5,315,226		1,102,255
Property taxes		14,320,670		14,049,932		-		-		14,320,670		14,049,932
Transportation sales tax Mortgage registry and		1,266,803		984,779		-		-		1,266,803		984,779
deed tax Grants and contributions not restricted to specific		26,134		26,933		-		-		26,134		26,933
programs		1,055,667		1,000,577		-		-		1,055,667		1,000,577
Payments in lieu of tax		891,775		807,317		-		-		891,775		807,317
Investment earnings		360,023		233,792		143,968		144,603		503,991		378,395
Miscellaneous		323,723		394,283		4,583		9,560		328,306		403,843
Total Revenues	\$	44,092,975	\$	37,732,757	\$	8,241,308	\$	6,589,149	\$	52,334,283	\$	44,321,906
Expenses												
General government	\$	4,831,997	\$	4,970,976	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,831,997	\$	4,970,976
Public safety		6,965,562		7,457,387		-		-		6,965,562		7,457,387
Highways and streets		6,672,953		7,486,217		-		-		6,672,953		7,486,217
Sanitation		2,952,691		2,974,083		-		-		2,952,691		2,974,083
Human services		8,338,707		8,257,796		-		-		8,338,707		8,257,796
Health		35,742		27,930		-		-		35,742		27,930
Culture and recreation Conservation of natural		604,131		501,446		-		-		604,131		501,446
resources		2,332,786		1,870,557		-		-		2,332,786		1,870,557
Interest		142,026		159,246		-		-		142,026		159,246
Economic development		60,000		-		-		-		60,000		-
Heritage Community		-	. <u> </u>			9,797,999		7,196,372		9,797,999		7,196,372
Total Expenses	\$	32,936,595	\$	33,705,638	\$	9,797,999	\$	7,196,372	\$	42,734,594	\$	40,902,010
Changes in Net Position Before Transfers	\$	11,156,380	\$	4,027,119	\$	(1,556,691)	\$	(607,223)	\$	9,599,689	\$	3,419,896
Before Transfers	Φ	11,150,580	φ	4,027,119	φ	(1,550,091)	φ	(007,223)	φ	9,399,089	φ	5,419,890
Transfers		-		(200,000)		-		200,000		-		-
Changes in Net Position	\$	11,156,380	\$	3,827,119	\$	(1,556,691)	\$	(407,223)	\$	9,599,689	\$	3,419,896
Net Position – January 1, as restated		85,621,400*		81,925,979		(485,256)		(78,033)		85,136,144		81,847,946
Net Position – December 31, as reported	\$	96,777,780	\$	85,753,098	\$	(2,041,947)	\$	(485,256)	\$	94,735,833	\$	85,267,842

*Amount includes a change in accounting principles, see Note 1.E.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTS FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, with a focus on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental Funds

At the end of 2018, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,760,294. Of this amount, approximately 3 percent constitutes nonspendable fund balance, 28 percent constitutes legally or contractually restricted fund balance, 20 percent constitutes committed fund balance, and 49 percent constitutes specifically assigned fund balance.

The General Fund is the operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's total fund balance was \$7,050,365. The General Fund's restricted fund balance was \$2,459,344, and the committed fund balance was \$4,591,021. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both assigned and unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures for 2018. Committed fund balance represents 32 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 49 percent of that same amount.

In 2018, the fund balance amount in the General Fund increased by \$316,077.

The fund balance of the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund increased by \$1,233,456 in 2018 due to the timing difference between when intergovernmental revenue is received versus when it is spent.

The fund balance of the Social Services Special Revenue Fund increased \$385,551 from the prior year due to increased funding for income maintenance administration and social services.

The fund balance of the Forfeited Tax Sale Special Revenue Fund decreased \$685. This decrease was the result of increased forfeiture expenditures.

The fund balance of the Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund decreased \$779,517. This decrease was the result of Regional Solid Waste Infrastructure Project for Phase II expenditures.

Proprietary Fund

The Heritage Community Enterprise Fund operating income in 2018 was \$437,818.

Total resident services and ancillary revenues increased 26 percent, from \$6,434,986 in fiscal year 2017 to \$8,092,757 in fiscal year 2018. Total revenue increased 25 percent, from \$6,589,149 in fiscal year 2017 to \$8,238,520 in fiscal year 2018. The increased revenues were a result of increased capacity in 2018. Resident service expenses increased 12 percent from \$6,697,152 in 2017 to \$7,512,439 in 2018.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues were more than overall final budgeted revenues by \$287,645, with the largest positive variances in intergovernmental, investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues. Overall final budgeted expenditures were more than actual expenditures by \$156,854.

(Unaudited)

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2018, and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounted to \$87,818,089 (net of accumulated depreciation). The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 7.6 percent.

	 Government	al Activ	vities	Business-Type Activities					Total Primary Government				
	 2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017		
Land	\$ 862,945	\$	862,945	\$	117,299	\$	117,299	\$	980,244	\$	980,244		
Permanent right-of-way	3,677,733		3,677,733		-		-		3,677,733		3,677,733		
Construction in progress	9,857,362		4,460,216		-		-		9,857,362		4,460,216		
Infrastructure	54,642,758		53,208,139		-		-		54,642,758		53,208,139		
Buildings and improvements	12,780,541		13,476,782		2,211,008		2,461,034		14,991,549		15,937,816		
Land improvements	124,183		138,870		17,315		20,229		141,498		159,099		
Machinery and equipment	3,395,792		2,971,643		127,067		184,161		3,522,859		3,155,804		
Software	 4,086								4,086		-		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 85,345,400	\$	78,796,328	\$	2,472,689	\$	2,782,723	\$	87,818,089	\$	81,579,051		

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$20,843,320, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

			rities	Business-Type Activities			tivities	Total Primary Government				
	 2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017	
G.O. Bonds, net of premium G.O. Refunding Bonds, net	\$ 2,882,102	\$	3,074,956	\$	4,249,514	\$	2,951,691	\$	7,131,616	\$	6,026,647	
of premium G.O. Nursing Home Revenue Bonds, net of	3,935,032		4,445,036		-		-		3,935,032		4,445,036	
discount MN Public Facilities	-		-		9,776,672		10,021,037		9,776,672		10,021,037	
Authority loan	 -		48,000		-		-		-		48,000	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 6,817,134	\$	7,567,992	\$	14,026,186	\$	12,972,728	\$	20,843,320	\$	20,540,720	

The County's net increase in debt of \$302,600 (1.47 percent) during the fiscal year was due to the timing of the 2008 G.O. Housing Development Revenue Bond that was refunded on October 1, 2018, after the close of the Heritage Community fiscal year.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of debt that a county may have to three percent of its total market value, excluding revenue bonds. At the end of 2018, overall debt of the County is below the three percent debt limit.

(Unaudited)

Hubbard County's bond rating is "Aa3" from Moody's.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The County depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of Minnesota. Because of this dependency, the County is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations. Revenue from intergovernmental sources, which includes federal and state revenues, totaled \$16,601,045 in 2018. This amounts to 39.9 percent of the total governmental fund revenue received in 2018. This compares to intergovernmental revenues in 2017 of \$13,871,848, or 36.8 percent of the total governmental fund revenue received.

While Hubbard County is progressive in their technology and equipment needs, they also maximize the use of all equipment to assure the taxpayers they are not buying new equipment needlessly. The Commissioners support the department managers in their search for ways to provide better services to the taxpayers at a lesser expense by using technology rather than increasing staff.

The Hubbard County Board of Commissioners, elected officials, and their department managers take very seriously the spending of taxpayer dollars. The departments have reduced their spending as much as possible while still providing the mandatory services to the taxpayers.

The average 2018 unemployment rate for Hubbard County was 3.5 percent in 2018. This is higher than the statewide average rate of 2.8 percent and lower than the national average rate of 4.0 percent.

Hubbard County's population at July 1, 2018, was 21,350, an increase of 922 since 2010 (the last statewide census).

On December 13, 2018, Hubbard County set its 2019 revenue and expenditure budgets.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This annual financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Hubbard County for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Hubbard County Auditor/Treasurer, Hubbard County Courthouse, 301 Court Avenue, Park Rapids, Minnesota 56470.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018 INCLUDING THE BUSINESS-TYPE INFORMATION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

			Prima	ary Governmen	ıt		Hut	nponent Unit bard County ousing and
	G	overnmental		usiness-Type				levelopment
		Activities	Activities			Total		Authority
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	25,161,922	\$	840,550	\$	26,002,472	\$	468,442
Taxes receivable – delinquent		425,765		-		425,765		5,479
Accounts receivable – net		324,280		668,710		992,990		9,812
Accrued interest receivable		154,219		-		154,219		-
Contracts receivable		810,514		-		810,514		207,608
Due from other governments		5,553,179		-		5,553,179		-
Internal balances		-		(18,176)		(18,176)		-
Prepaid items		-		117,932		117,932		-
Inventories		304,504		-		304,504		-
Leveraged loan receivable		-		10,091,000		10,091,000		-
Restricted assets								
Cash and pooled investments								
Resident trust funds		-		9,243		9,243		-
Board-designated – bond fund		-		1,510,639		1,510,639		-
Board-designated – building fund		-		66,398		66,398		-
Tenant security deposits		-		12,165		12,165		12,636
Permanent fund principal		478,216		-		478,216		-
Capital assets								
Non-depreciable		14,398,040		117,299		14,515,339		219,940
Depreciable – net of accumulated depreciation		70,947,360		2,355,390		73,302,750		903,333
Total Assets	\$	118,557,999	\$	15,771,150	\$	134,329,149	\$	1,827,250
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred pension outflows	\$	4,115,701	\$	542,541	\$	4,658,242	\$	-
Deferred other postemployment benefits outflows		54,246				54,246		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	4,169,947	\$	542,541	\$	4,712,488	\$	-

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018 INCLUDING THE BUSINESS-TYPE INFORMATION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Primary Government									
	Governmental Activities			usiness-Type Activities	<u></u>	Total	Housing and Redevelopment Authority				
<u>Liabilities</u>											
Accounts payable	\$	1,580,589	\$	251,828	\$	1,832,417	\$	18,405			
Salaries payable		818,877		225,482		1,044,359		-			
Due to related parties		-		88,744		88,744		-			
Contracts payable		161,710		-		161,710		-			
Due to other governments		660,549		-		660,549		-			
Deposits		-		-		-		12,636			
Accrued interest payable		61,234		27,783		89,017		-			
Current liabilities payable from restricted											
assets		-		21,184		21,184		-			
Long-term liabilities											
Due within one year		1,397,594		1,958,675		3,356,269		534,888			
Due in more than one year		6,739,891		12,339,352		19,079,243		321,407			
Net pension liability		7,636,449		2,662,843		10,299,292		-			
Other postemployment benefits liability		847,429		127,964		975,393		-			
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	19,904,322	\$	17,703,855	\$	37,608,177	\$	887,336			
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Deferred pension inflows	\$	6,045,844	\$	651,783	\$	6,697,627	\$				
Net Position											
Net investment in capital assets	\$	78,339,297	\$	(367,328)	\$	77,971,969	\$	266,977			
Restricted for											
General government		843,690		-		843,690		-			
Public safety		453,067		-		453,067		-			
Highways and streets		4,065,887		-		4,065,887		-			
Sanitation		398,891		-		398,891		-			
Culture and recreation		688,038		-		688,038		-			
Conservation of natural resources		1,392,789		-		1,392,789		-			
Capital projects		-		629,362		629,362		-			
Debt service		1,251,352		100,918		1,352,270		-			
Permanent fund principal		467,280		-		467,280		-			
Unrestricted		8,877,489		(2,404,899)		6,472,590		672,937			
Total Net Position	\$	96,777,780	\$	(2,041,947)	\$	94,735,833	\$	939,914			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 INCLUDING THE BUSINESS-TYPE INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	 Expenses	ees, Charges, Fines, and Other	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions		
Functions/Programs					
Primary government					
Governmental activities					
General government	\$ 4,831,997	\$ 875,699	\$	259,053	
Public safety	6,965,562	834,926		1,016,034	
Highways and streets	6,672,953	948,464		5,146,085	
Sanitation	2,952,691	3,189,582		68,790	
Human services	8,338,707	1,085,436		4,723,316	
Health	35,742	-		-	
Culture and recreation	604,131	-		180,277	
Conservation of natural resources	2,332,786	1,725,282		480,010	
Economic development	60,000	-		-	
Interest	 142,026	 -		-	
Total governmental activities	\$ 32,936,595	\$ 8,659,389	\$	11,873,565	
Business-type activities					
Heritage Community	 9,797,999	 8,069,690		23,067	
Total Primary Government	\$ 42,734,594	\$ 16,729,079	\$	11,896,632	
Component unit					
Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority	\$ 486,770	\$ 261,284	\$	84,444	

General Revenues

Property taxes Transportation sales tax Mortgage registry and deed tax Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Payments in lieu of tax Investment earnings Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net Position – Beginning, as previously reported Change in accounting principle (Note 1.E.)

Net Position - Beginning, as restated

Net Position – Ending
				Net (E	xpense) Revenue ar	nd Chang	es in Net Position	Car	
									ponent Unit bard County
	Capital				ary Government				ousing and
	Frants and	G	overnmental	Bi	usiness-Type			Red	levelopment
Co	ontributions		Activities		Activities		Total	A	Authority
\$	-	\$	(3,697,245)	\$	-	\$	(3,697,245)		
	364,998		(4,749,604)		-		(4,749,604)		
	2,673,867		2,095,463		-		2,095,463		
	2,276,361		2,582,042		-		2,582,042		
	-		(2,529,955)		-		(2,529,955)		
	-		(35,742)		-		(35,742)		
	-		(423,854)		-		(423,854)		
	-		(127,494)		-		(127,494)		
	-		(60,000)		-		(60,000)		
			(142,026)				(142,026)		
\$	5,315,226	\$	(7,088,415)	\$	-	\$	(7,088,415)		
					(1,705,242)		(1,705,242)		
\$	5,315,226	\$	(7,088,415)	\$	(1,705,242)	\$	(8,793,657)		
5	-							\$	(141,042)
		\$	14,320,670	\$	-	\$	14,320,670	\$	171,441
			1,266,803		-		1,266,803		-
			26,134		-		26,134		-
			1,055,667		-		1,055,667		-
			891,775		-		891,775		-
			360,023		143,968		503,991		728
			323,723		4,583		328,306		-
		\$	18,244,795	\$	148,551	\$	18,393,346	\$	172,169
		\$	11,156,380	\$	(1,556,691)	\$	9,599,689	\$	31,127
		\$	85,753,098 (131,698)	\$	(485,256)	\$	85,267,842 (131,698)	\$	908,787 -
		\$	85,621,400	\$	(485,256)	\$	85,136,144	\$	908,787
		\$	96,777,780	\$	(2,041,947)	\$	94,735,833	\$	939,914
									Page 1

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

		General	Roa	d and Bridge
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$	7,468,515	\$	7,292,228
Taxes receivable – delinquent	Ŧ	216,814	+	89,430
Accounts receivable		123,092		3,014
Accrued interest receivable		154,219		-
Contracts receivable		-		-
Due from other funds		550,120		12,202
Due from other governments		1,082,638		2,063,585
Inventories		-		304,504
Permanent fund principal		-		
Total Assets	\$	9,595,398	\$	9,764,963
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,</u> <u>and Fund Balances</u>				
and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	1,046,762	\$	221,826
Salaries payable		446,851		96,817
Contracts payable		-		-
Due to other funds		4,707		6,632
Due to other governments	. <u> </u>	47,544		41,481
Total Liabilities	\$	1,545,864	\$	366,756
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue – taxes	\$	175,490	\$	72,373
Unavailable revenue – charges for services		4,794		-
Unavailable revenue – County state-aid highway allotments		-		1,795,924
Unavailable revenue – land and timber sales		-		-
Unavailable revenue – interest		128,050		-
Unavailable revenue – grants		640,503		-
Unavailable revenue – miscellaneous revenue		50,332		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	999,169	\$	1,868,297
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	304,504
Restricted		2,459,344		2,339,721
Committed		4,591,021		273,593
Assigned		-		4,612,092
Total Fund Balances	<u> </u> \$	7,050,365	\$	7,529,910
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	-		c	
and Fund Balances	\$	9,595,398	\$	9,764,963

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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EXHIBIT 3

So	Forfeited Social Services Tax Sale			Solid Waste			Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	6,081,068 92,270 35,708	\$	2,479,884 - 3,321	\$	533,157 - 159,145	\$	1,307,070 27,251	\$	25,161,922 425,765 324,280	
	-		- 810,514		-		-		154,219 810,514	
	-		-		-		-		562,322	
	649,598		-		1,757,358		-		5,553,179	
	-		-		-		-		304,504	
	-		-		-		478,216		478,216	
\$	6,858,644	\$	3,293,719	\$	2,449,660	\$	1,812,537	\$	33,774,921	
\$ 	212,408 198,434 - 4,584 105,152 520,578 74,672	\$ 	32,569 31,747 - 542,754 406,801 1,013,871	\$ 	67,024 44,354 161,710 3,645 59,571 336,304	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	- 674 - - - 674 22,054	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	1,580,589 818,877 161,710 562,322 660,549 3,784,047 344,589	
	-		-		126,642		-		131,436	
	-		523,319		-		-		1,795,924 523,319	
	-		-		-		-		128,050	
	222,999		-		393,428		-		1,256,930	
	-		-		-		-		50,332	
\$	297,671	\$	523,319	\$	520,070	\$	22,054	\$	4,230,580	
\$	203,853 5,836,542	\$	1,067,257 70,240 619,032	\$	78,291 1,514,995	\$	467,280 1,322,529 -	\$	771,784 7,188,851 5,216,998 12,582,661	
\$	6,040,395	\$	1,756,529	\$	1,593,286	\$	1,789,809	\$	25,760,294	
\$	6,858,644	\$	3,293,719	\$	2,449,660	\$	1,812,537	\$	33,774,921	

EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2018

Fund balance – total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 25,760,294
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		85,345,400
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension obligations are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		4,115,701
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from other postemployment benefits are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		54,246
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.		4,230,580
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Bonds payable Unamortized premiums on bonds Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits liability Net pension liability Accrued interest payable	\$ (6,740,000) (77,134) (1,320,351) (847,429) (7,636,449) (61,234)	(16,682,597)
Deferred inflows of resources resulting from pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		 (6,045,844)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 96,777,780

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 General	Roa	ad and Bridge
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 7,742,754	\$	4,043,702
Licenses and permits	169,808		-
Intergovernmental	3,895,778		6,764,639
Charges for services	1,192,863		917,739
Fines and forfeitures	56,217		-
Investment earnings	312,609		13,580
Gifts and contributions	55,382		-
Land and timber sales	-		-
Miscellaneous	 726,577		30,725
Total Revenues	\$ 14,151,988	\$	11,770,385
Expenditures			
Current			
General government	\$ 4,882,723	\$	-
Public safety	6,858,425		-
Highways and streets	-		10,017,618
Sanitation	-		-
Human services	840,375		-
Public health	35,742		-
Culture and recreation	593,247		-
Conservation of natural resources	1,064,869		-
Economic development	60,000		-
Intergovernmental			
Highways and streets	-		397,467
Debt service			
Principal	-		48,000
Interest	 -		1,189
Total Expenditures	\$ 14,335,381	\$	10,464,274
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (183,393)	\$	1,306,111
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	\$ 516,403	\$	-
Transfers out	 (16,933)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 499,470	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 316,077	\$	1,306,111
Fund Balance – January 1	6,734,288		6,296,454
Increase (decrease) in inventories	 -		(72,655)
Fund Balance – December 31	\$ 7,050,365	\$	7,529,910

 Social Services				Solid Waste		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 2,924,884	\$	-	\$	-	\$	891,301	\$	15,602,641	
-		-		475		-		170,283	
3,846,432		138,439		1,951,723		4,034		16,601,045	
532,207		-		3,130,681		-		5,773,490	
-		-		-		-		56,217	
1,021		-		-		10,420		337,630	
-		-		-		-		55,382	
-		1,586,761		-		-		1,586,761	
 528,413		71,757		52,963		4,412		1,414,847	
\$ 7,832,957	\$	1,796,957	<u>\$</u>	5,135,842	\$	910,167	\$	41,598,296	
\$ _	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,882,723	
-		-		-		-		6,858,425	
-		-		-		-		10,017,618	
-		-		5,932,292		-		5,932,292	
7,447,406		-		-		-		8,287,781	
-		-		-		-		35,742	
-		-		-		-		593,247	
-		1,281,239		-		14,827		2,360,935	
-		-		-		-		60,000	
-		-		-		-		397,467	
-		-		-		695,000		743,000	
 -		-				154,913		156,102	
\$ 7,447,406	\$	1,281,239	\$	5,932,292	\$	864,740	\$	40,325,332	
\$ 385,551	\$	515,718	\$	(796,450)	\$	45,427	\$	1,272,964	
\$ -	\$	(516,403)	\$	16,933	\$	-	\$	533,336 (533,336)	
\$ 	\$	(516,403)	\$	16,933	\$	-	\$	-	
\$ 385,551	\$	(685)	\$	(779,517)	\$	45,427	\$	1,272,964	
 5,654,844 -		1,757,214		2,372,803		1,744,382		24,559,985 (72,655)	
\$ 6,040,395	\$	1,756,529	\$	1,593,286	\$	1,789,809	\$	25,760,294	

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ 1,272,964
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in revenue deferred as unavailable.		
Unavailable revenue – December 31 Unavailable revenue – January 1	\$ 4,230,580 (2,085,806)	2,144,774
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported; whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. The difference is the net book value of the assets disposed.		
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure Current year depreciation	\$ 9,555,756 (3,006,684)	6,549,072
Issuing long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, those amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of activities.		
Principal repayments General obligation bonds Loans payable Amortization of premiums	\$ 695,000 48,000 7,858	750,858
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences Change in other postemployment benefits liability, as restated Change in deferred other postemployment benefits outflows Change in net pension liability Change in deferred pension outflows Change in deferred pension inflows Change in inventories	\$ $\begin{array}{c} 6,218\\ 130,467\\ (51,423)\\ 54,246\\ 3,258,902\\ (1,663,119)\\ (1,223,924)\\ (72,655)\end{array}$	 438,712
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ 11,156,380

PROPRIETARY FUND

EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION HERITAGE COMMUNITY ENTERPRISE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Assets

Current assets		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	840,550
Accounts receivable – net of allowance for uncollectible		
accounts of \$78,476		668,710
Prepaid items and other		117,932
Total current assets	\$	1,627,192
Restricted assets		
Cash and pooled investments		
Resident trust funds	\$	9,243
Board-designated – bond fund		1,510,639
Board-designated – building fund		66,398
Tenant security deposits		12,165
Total restricted assets	\$	1,598,445
Noncurrent assets		
Leveraged loan receivable	\$	10,091,000
Capital assets		
Non-depreciable		117,299
Depreciable – net of accumulated depreciation		2,355,390
Total noncurrent assets	<u>\$</u>	12,563,689
Total Assets	\$	15,789,326
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred pension outflows	<u>\$</u>	542,541

EXHIBIT 7 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION HERITAGE COMMUNITY ENTERPRISE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Liabilities

Salaries payable 225,4 Compensated absences payable 173,6 Due to related parties 88,7 Due to other funds 18,1' Accrued interest payable 27,77 General obligation bonds payable 1,785,00 Total current liabilities \$ 2,570,60 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 11,9 Resident trust funds payable \$ 11,9 Resident trust funds payable \$ 21,14 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 21,14 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 21,24 Other postemployment benefits liability 12,241,4 Net pension liability 2,662,84 Other postemployment benefits liability 12,79,97 Total current liabilities \$ 15,130,12 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 15,130,12 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 15,130,12 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 17,722,00 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 651,73 Net investment in capital assets \$ 651,73 Restricted for capital projects \$ 637,33 Restricted for debt service 100,9	Current liabilities		
Compensated absences payable173,6'Due to related parties88,7'Due to other funds18,1'Accrued interest payable27,7'General obligation bonds payable1,785,00'Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets\$Tenant security deposits payable\$Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets\$Tenant security deposits payable\$Resident trust funds payable from restricted assets\$Compensated absences payable\$Compensated absences payable\$Compensated absences payable\$Compensated absences payable\$Compensated absences payable\$Softer postemployment benefits liability2,662,8*Other postemployment benefits liability127,90Total Liabilities\$Deferred Inflows of Resources\$Deferred Inflows of Resources\$Net investment in capital assets\$Net investment in capital assets\$Restricted for debt service\$Settricted for debt service\$100,9100,9		\$	251,828
Due to related parties 88,7 Due to other funds 18,17 Accrued interest payable 27,71 General obligation bonds payable 1,785,00 Total current liabilities \$ 2,570,60 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 11,99 Resident trust funds payable \$ 2,570,60 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 11,99 Resident trust funds payable \$ 9,22 Total current liabilities \$ 21,110 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 21,120 Compensated absences payable \$ 97,99 General obligation bonds payable \$ 12,241,4 Net pension liability 2,662,8 Other postemployment benefits liability 2,662,8 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 15,130,12 Total liabilities \$ 15,130,12 Total liabilities \$ 15,130,12 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 15,130,12 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 651,77			225,482
Due to other funds18,1'Accrued interest payable27,7'General obligation bonds payable1,785,00'Total current liabilities\$ 2,570,63'Current liabilities payable from restricted assets\$ 11,9'Resident trust funds payable\$ 11,9'Resident trust funds payable from restricted assets\$ 21,13'Noncurrent liabilities\$ 21,13'Noncurrent liabilities\$ 97,9'General obligation bonds payable\$ 97,9'General obligation bonds payable\$ 97,9'Compensated absences payable\$ 97,9'General obligation bonds payable\$ 2,221,13'Noter postemployment benefits liability2,662,8'Other postemployment benefits liability\$ 15,130,13'Total liabilities\$ 15,130,13'Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ 651,74'Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ (367,33'Net investment in capital assets\$ (367,33'Restricted for capital projects\$ (367,33'Restricted for debt service\$ (367,33'Rest	Compensated absences payable		173,675
Accrued interest payable 27,71 General obligation bonds payable 1,785,00 Total current liabilities \$ 2,570,60 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 11,90 Tenant security deposits payable \$ 11,90 Resident trust funds payable \$ 11,90 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 21,100 Total current liabilities \$ 21,100 Compensated absences payable \$ 97,90 General obligation bonds payable \$ 97,90 Other postemployment benefits liability 2,22,41,40 Net pension liabilities \$ 15,130,11 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 15,130,11 Total liabilities \$ 15,130,11 Total liabilities \$ 15,130,11 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 15,130,11 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 651,77 Deferred pension inflows \$ 65	Due to related parties		88,744
General obligation bonds payable 1,785,00 Total current liabilities \$ 2,570,63 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 11,9 Resident trust funds payable \$ 11,9 Resident trust funds payable \$ 21,19 Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 21,19 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 21,19 Compensated absences payable \$ 9,29 Compensated absences payable \$ 97,99 General obligation bonds payable \$ 97,99 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 12,790 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 17,722,00 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 651,73 Deferred pension inflows \$ 651,73 Net investment in capital assets \$ (367,33 Restricted for capital projects <td>Due to other funds</td> <td></td> <td>18,176</td>	Due to other funds		18,176
Total current liabilities \$ 2,570,64 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 11,9 Resident trust funds payable \$ 9,22 Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 21,13 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 21,13 Compensated absences payable \$ 97,94 General obligation bonds payable \$ 97,94 General obligation bonds payable \$ 97,94 Other postemployment benefits liability 12,241,4 Net postemployment benefits liability 127,94 Total Liabilities \$ 15,130,12 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 17,722,02 Deferred pension inflows \$ 651,73 Net investment in capital assets \$ (367,33) Restricted for capital projects \$ (367,33) Restricted for debt service <	Accrued interest payable		27,783
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 11,9 Resident trust funds payable \$ 21,19 Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 21,19 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 21,19 Compensated absences payable \$ 97,9- General obligation bonds payable \$ 97,9- General obligation bonds payable \$ 22,241,4 Net pension liability 2,662,8- Other postemployment benefits liability \$ 12,794 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 15,130,13 Total Liabilities \$ 17,722,03 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 651,77 Net Investment in capital assets \$ (367,33) Restricted for capital projects \$ (367,33) Restricted for debt service \$ 100,9	General obligation bonds payable	_	1,785,000
Tenant security deposits payable\$ 11,94Resident trust funds payable9,22Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets\$ 21,19Noncurrent liabilities\$ 97,94Compensated absences payable12,241,4Net pension liability2,662,84Other postemployment benefits liability127,90Total noncurrent liabilities\$ 15,130,19Total Liabilities\$ 15,130,19Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ 651,74Net Position\$ 651,74Net investment in capital assets\$ (367,32Restricted for capital projects\$ (367,32Restricted for debt service\$ (367,32Net investment in capital assets\$ (367,32Restricted for debt service\$ (367,32 <td< td=""><td>Total current liabilities</td><td><u>\$</u></td><td>2,570,688</td></td<>	Total current liabilities	<u>\$</u>	2,570,688
Resident trust funds payable 9,24 Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets \$ 21,13 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 97,94 Compensated absences payable \$ 97,94 General obligation bonds payable \$ 12,241,4 Net pension liability 2,662,84 Other postemployment benefits liability 127,90 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 15,130,12 Total Liabilities \$ 17,722,02 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 651,77 Deferred pension inflows \$ 651,77 Net investment in capital assets \$ (367,32 Restricted for capital projects \$ 629,30 Restricted for debt service \$ 10,99	Current liabilities payable from restricted a	issets	
Total current liabilities\$21,13Noncurrent liabilities\$97,94Compensated absences payable\$97,94General obligation bonds payable12,241,4Net pension liability2,662,84Other postemployment benefits liability2,662,84Other postemployment benefits liability127,94Total noncurrent liabilities\$100 Total noncurrent liabilities\$111 Deferred Inflows of Resources\$Deferred Inflows of Resources\$Deferred pension inflows\$Net investment in capital assets\$Restricted for capital projects\$Restricted for debt service100,94	Tenant security deposits payable	\$	11,941
Noncurrent liabilities\$97,94Compensated absences payable\$97,94General obligation bonds payable12,241,4Net pension liability2,662,84Other postemployment benefits liability127,90Total noncurrent liabilities\$15,130,13Total Liabilities\$17,722,03Deferred Inflows of Resources\$651,74Deferred pension inflows\$651,74Net investment in capital assets\$(367,33)Restricted for capital projects\$629,30Restricted for debt service100,94	Resident trust funds payable	_	9,243
Compensated absences payable\$ 97,94General obligation bonds payable12,241,4Net pension liability2,662,84Other postemployment benefits liability127,90Total noncurrent liabilities\$ 15,130,13Total Liabilities\$ 17,722,03Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ 651,73Deferred pension inflows\$ 651,73Net Position\$ 651,73Net investment in capital assets Restricted for capital projects Restricted for debt service\$ (367,33 629,30 100,93	Total current liabilities payable from restr	icted assets <u>\$</u>	21,184
General obligation bonds payable12,241,4Net pension liability2,662,8Other postemployment benefits liability127,90Total noncurrent liabilities\$ 15,130,12Total Liabilities\$ 17,722,03Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ 651,74Deferred pension inflows\$ 651,74Net Position\$ 651,74Net investment in capital assets\$ (367,32Restricted for capital projects\$ 29,30Restricted for debt service100,92	Noncurrent liabilities		
General obligation bonds payable12,241,4Net pension liability2,662,8Other postemployment benefits liability127,90Total noncurrent liabilities\$ 15,130,12Total Liabilities\$ 17,722,03Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ 651,74Deferred pension inflows\$ 651,74Net Position\$ 651,74Net investment in capital assets\$ (367,32Restricted for capital projects\$ 29,30Restricted for debt service100,92	Compensated absences payable	\$	97,942
Net pension liability 2,662,84 Other postemployment benefits liability 127,90 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 15,130,15 Total Liabilities \$ 17,722,05 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 651,75 Deferred pension inflows \$ 651,75 Net Position \$ 367,35 Net investment in capital assets \$ (367,35 Restricted for capital projects 629,30 Restricted for debt service 100,95			12,241,410
Other postemployment benefits liability 127,90 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 15,130,13 Total Liabilities \$ 17,722,03 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 651,73 Deferred pension inflows \$ 651,73 Net investment in capital assets \$ (367,33) Restricted for capital projects \$ 629,30 Restricted for debt service 100,93			2,662,843
Total Liabilities \$ 17,722,03 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 651,73 Deferred pension inflows \$ 651,73 Net Position \$ 651,73 Net investment in capital assets \$ (367,33) Restricted for capital projects \$ 629,30 Restricted for debt service 100,93		-	127,964
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension inflows \$ 651,74 Net Position \$ Net investment in capital assets \$ (367,32) Restricted for capital projects 629,30 Restricted for debt service 100,99	Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$</u>	15,130,159
Deferred pension inflows \$ 651,72 Net Position \$ (367,32) Net investment in capital assets \$ (367,32) Restricted for capital projects 629,30 Restricted for debt service 100,92	Total Liabilities	<u></u>	17,722,031
Net PositionNet investment in capital assets\$ (367,32)Restricted for capital projects629,30Restricted for debt service100,92	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net investment in capital assets\$ (367,32)Restricted for capital projects629,30Restricted for debt service100,92	Deferred pension inflows	<u>\$</u>	651,783
Restricted for capital projects629,30Restricted for debt service100,91	Net Position		
Restricted for capital projects629,30Restricted for debt service100,91	Net investment in capital assets	\$	(367,328)
Restricted for debt service 100,9		*	629,362
			100,918
		_	(2,404,899)
Total Net Position <u>\$ (2,041,94</u>	Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	(2,041,947)

EXHIBIT 8

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION HERITAGE COMMUNITY ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 6,167,121
Rental income	1,784,139
Intergovernmental	23,067
Miscellaneous	118,430
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 8,092,757
Operating Expenses	
Nursing services	\$ 2,910,353
Administration and fiscal services	845,448
Other care related	548,742
Dietary services	745,717
Laundry	183,741
Housekeeping services	172,743
Plant operations	506,079
Employee benefits	1,485,421
Depreciation and amortization	256,695
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 7,654,939
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 437,818
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Investment earnings	\$ 143,968
Capital projects	(1,612,078)
Interest expense	(530,982)
Miscellaneous	4,583
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ (1,994,509)
Change in net position	\$ (1,556,691)
Net Position – October 1	(485,256)
Net Position – September 30	<u>\$ (2,041,947)</u>

EXHIBIT 9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS HERITAGE COMMUNITY ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from residents, programs, counties, and other	
revenue	\$ 7,839,869
Payments to employees	(4,966,655)
Payments to suppliers	(2,190,497)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 682,717
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 4,583
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Principal paid on long-term debt	\$ (440,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(510,424)
Capital projects	(1,612,078)
Purchase of capital assets	(3,512)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related	
financing activities	\$ (2,566,014)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Investment earnings received	\$ 143,970
Deposits to bond fund and reinvested interest	15,901
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$ 159,871
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (1,718,843)
Cash and Cash Equivalents – October 1	2,559,393
Cash and Cash Equivalents – September 30	\$ 840,550
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the	
Statement of Net Position Cash and Cash Equivalents – September 30	\$ 840,550
- ·	

EXHIBIT 9 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS HERITAGE COMMUNITY ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Operating income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	437,818
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation expense	\$	256,695
Financing cost		68,393
Loss on disposal of assets		56,851
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(252,972
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		1,155
(Increase) decrease in deferred pension outflows		130,237
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(36,074
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable		98,161
Increase (decrease) in due to Hubbard County		8,359
Increase (decrease) in due to related party		1,656
Increase (decrease) in tenant security deposits payable		84
Increase (decrease) in deferred pension inflows		115,897
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(203,543
Total adjustments	\$	244,899
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	682,717

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

EXHIBIT 10

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Agency Funds	
Assets		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	621,820
Liabilities		
Due to other governments	\$	621,820

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

Hubbard County was established February 26, 1883, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year. The County Coordinator, appointed by the Board, serves as the clerk of the Board but has no vote.

Blended Component Unit

A Joint Governmental Cooperative Fuel Facility was organized in 1997 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Facility is operated, supervised, and controlled by the County. The governing body of the Facility is a Joint Powers Board, which consists of five members. Two of the members are appointed by the Hubbard County Board of Commissioners, two are appointed by the Park Rapids School Board, and the other member is appointed by the Park Rapids City Council. The County Highway Department is serving as the fiscal agent of the Joint Powers Board.

Although the Facility is legally separate from the County, it is reported as part of the County since it provides service almost entirely to the County. Title to the land, equipment, and structures of the Facility are in the name of the County. The activity of the Facility is recorded in the Road and Bridge Fund of the County. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Facility.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The following component unit of Hubbard County qualifies for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit:

Component Unit	Component Unit to be Included in Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements
Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) provides services pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 469.001-469.047.	The County Board appoints a voting majority of the HRA Board and can impose its will on the HRA.	Separate financial statements can be obtained at: Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority 312 East 3rd Street Park Rapids, Minnesota 56470

When included as part of the financial reporting entity, GAAP require financial data for discretely presented component units to be presented in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the reporting entity.

Joint Ventures and Jointly-Governed Organizations

The County participates in joint ventures and jointly-governed organizations, which are described in Note 4.E. and Note 4.F., respectively.

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

1. <u>Government-Wide Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. <u>Government-Wide Statements</u> (Continued)

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns present all assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and net position on a full accrual accounting basis with an economic resource focus. The County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted net position; and (3) unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental and business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, charges, and fines paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government not accounted for in another fund.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for restricted revenues from the federal and state government, as well as assigned property tax revenues used for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The <u>Social Services Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for restricted revenues from the federal, state, and other oversight agencies, as well as assigned property tax revenues used for economic assistance and community social services programs.

The <u>Forfeited Tax Sale Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for all funds received from the sale of land for forfeited taxes and various forest and timber management grants. Monies are held until disbursement to various entities.

The <u>Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for restricted revenues from charges for services collected through special assessments, miscellaneous revenues, and revenue resources from the state for costs relating to disposal of the County's solid waste.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

The <u>Heritage Community Enterprise Fund</u> accounts for the combined activities of the County's Heritage Living Center, Heritage Manor, and Heritage Cottages facilities, which provide long-term health care, adult day care, memory care, and assisted living senior housing services for the elderly. Financing is provided by user service charges.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The <u>Building Bonds Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of restricted resources used for and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The <u>Environmental Trust Permanent Fund</u> is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for environmental purposes.

<u>Agency funds</u> are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Hubbard County considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied provided they are also available. Shared revenues are generally recognized in the period the appropriation goes into effect and the revenues are available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met and are available. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u>

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County has defined cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Additionally, each fund's equity in the County's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

2. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Auditor/Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investing activities. Pooled and fund investments, if any, are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2018. A market approach is used to value all investments other than external investment pools, which are measured at net asset value. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Other funds receive investment earnings based on state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2018 were \$277,499.

Hubbard County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The investment in the pool is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u> (Continued)

3. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activities between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances from/to other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due on May 15 and the second half due on October 15 or November 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

Accounts receivable is shown net of an allowance for uncollectible balances. No allowance for uncollectible taxes/special assessments has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material.

4. <u>Leveraged Loan Receivable</u>

On December 31, 2014, Hubbard County entered into agreements whereby \$10,091,000 of the proceeds from issuance of G.O. Nursing Home Revenue Bonds were applied to capital costs of the County's nursing home replacement project, on the premises of the Heritage Community, through a leveraged loan to Twain Investment Fund 65, and related transactions, all for the purpose of obtaining New Market Tax Credit Funding from U.S. Bancorp Community Development Corporation, to complete the funding for the project. This loan will be repaid through annual payments on each December 31 during the life of the leveraged loan.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u> (Continued)

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories in proprietary funds and at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

6. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted on the statement of net position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

7. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include land; permanent right-of-way; construction in progress; infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items); buildings and improvements; land improvements; and machinery and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and in the Heritage Community Enterprise Fund. Capital assets are defined by the County's governmental activities as assets with initial useful lives extending beyond two years and a dollar amount for capitalization per asset of \$5,000, except all land, which is capitalized regardless of cost. Capital assets are defined by the Heritage Community Enterprise Fund as assets with initial useful lives extending beyond two years and a dollar amount for capitalization per asset of \$2,000, except all land, which is capitalized regardless of cost. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (entry price) on the date of donation.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u>

7. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extended the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current period, the Heritage Community Enterprise Fund had no capitalized interest.

Infrastructure, buildings and improvements, land improvements, and machinery and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years	
Infrastructure	15 - 70	
Buildings and improvements	25 - 40	
Land improvements	25 - 30	
Machinery and equipment	3 - 15	
Software	3 - 15	

All capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, of business-type activities are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements Land improvements Machinery and equipment	$5-25 \\ 5-15 \\ 5-20$

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u> (Continued)

8. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated Paid Time Off (PTO), vacation, and sick leave balances. The liability is calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for all employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on the employee's hourly wage and employee accrual rates, which varies based on years of service. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The compensated absences liability is liquidated by funds that have personal services expenditures.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents the consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow or resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County reports deferred outflows or resources only under the full accrual basis of accounting associated with defined benefit pension plans and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and, accordingly, they are reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of deferred inflows that qualify for reporting in this category. The County reports unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Unavailable revenue
1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u>

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

arise only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The County also reports deferred inflows of resources associated with defined benefit pension plans. These inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

10. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates, and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability is liquidated through funds that have personal services expenditures.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources when issued. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u>

11. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as an other financing source at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

12. Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the County classifies fund balances as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – amounts that cannot be spent because they either are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u>

12. Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are either externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes imposed by resolution of the County Board (which is the highest level of decision-making authority). To remove the constraint on specified use of committed resources, the County Board shall pass a resolution.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Auditor/Treasurer who has been delegated that authority by County Board resolution.

<u>Unassigned</u> – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories, and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The County will maintain an unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund of an amount not less than 35 to 50 percent of next year's budgeted expenditures of the General Fund. Unrestricted fund balance can be "spent down" if there is an anticipated budget shortfall. If spending unrestricted fund balance in designated circumstances has reduced unrestricted fund balance to a point below the minimum targeted level, as noted above, the replenishment will be funded by tax levies within five years.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u>

12. Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

Stabilization arrangements are defined as formally setting aside amounts for use in emergency situations or when revenue shortages or budgetary imbalances arise. The County Board will set aside amounts by resolution as deemed necessary that can only be expended for a natural disaster, human catastrophe, or other unforeseen emergencies, such as a lengthy court trial, as the need for stabilization arises. The need for stabilization will only be utilized for situations that are not expected to occur routinely. The County did not identify an amount for stabilization as of December 31, 2018.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use resources in the following order: (1) committed, (2) assigned, and (3) unassigned.

13. Net Resident Service Revenues

The Heritage Community's Heritage Living Center net resident service revenues include room charges and ancillary services to residents and are recorded at established billing rates, net of contractual adjustments, resulting from agreements with third-party payers.

Provisions for estimated third-party payer settlements are provided in the period the related services are rendered. Differences between the estimated amounts accrued and subsequent settlements are recorded in revenues in the year of settlement. Following is a reconciliation of gross resident service revenues to net resident service revenues:

	 Amount
Gross resident service revenues Adjustments and allowances Provisions for uncollectible accounts	\$ 7,421,702 (1,183,896) (70,685)
Net Resident Service Revenues	\$ 6,167,121
	Page 44

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u> (Continued)

14. Third-Party Reimbursement Agreements

Medicaid

The Heritage Community's Heritage Living Center participates in the Medicaid program, which is administered by the Minnesota Department of Human Services (DHS). Medicaid and private-paying residents are classified into one of 48 Resource Utilization Groups (RUG) for purposes of establishing payment rates.

Nursing facilities are paid under the Value Based Nursing Facility Reimbursement (VBR) system as approved during the 2015 Minnesota State Legislative Session. Under the VBR system, care-related costs are reimbursed at actual cost subject to certain limitations. Other operating costs are reimbursed using a pricing model, which results in the rates of these costs being the same for all nursing facilities in the state. Certain other costs, such as qualifying employer health insurance costs, are reimbursed at an external fixed payment rate and will be cost based with no limitations. Reimbursement for historic property-related costs is a separate component of the rate that has been frozen since 2010. Additional reimbursement for new property-related costs is possible under certain conditions.

The change to the VBR system includes a hold harmless provision which protects nursing home facilities from being paid at rates lower than those in effect December 31, 2015. Nursing facilities are also protected from significant decreases in rates in a single year due to changes in care-related costs.

By Minnesota statute, a nursing facility may not charge private-paying residents in multiple-occupancy rooms per diem rates in excess of the approved Medicaid rates for similar services.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u>
 - 14. Third-Party Reimbursement Agreements (Continued)

Medicare

The Heritage Community's Heritage Living Center participates in the Medicare program. This federal program is administered by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Heritage Living Center is paid under the Medicare Prospective Payment System (PPS) for residents who are Medicare Part A eligible and meet the coverage guidelines for skilled nursing facility services (SNFs). The PPS is a per diem price-based system. Annual cost reports are required to be submitted to the designated Medicare Administrative Contractor, however, they do not contain a cost settlement.

Nursing facilities licensed for participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs are subject to annual surveys. If it is determined that a nursing facility is not in substantial compliance with the requirements of participation, CMS may impose sanctions and penalties during the period of noncompliance, which would have a negative impact on the revenues of the nursing facility.

15. Occupancy Percentages

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Heritage Community's Heritage Living Center's occupancy percentages and the percentages of resident days covered under the Medicaid and Medicare programs were as follows:

	Percentage
Total occupancy (based on 64 beds)	86.9%
Medicaid	55.2
Medicare	12.6

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or</u> <u>Equity</u> (Continued)

16. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources; and disclosure of contingent amounts at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Change in Accounting Principles

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the County adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statement 75. GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, changes the amount employers report as OPEB expense and defers some allocations of expenses to future years as deferred outflows or inflows of resources. This statement also requires additional note disclosures and schedules in the required supplementary information. Beginning net position has been restated to reflect this change.

	G	overnmental Activities
Net Position, January 1, 2018, as previously reported Change in accounting principles	\$	85,753,098 (131,698)
Net Position, January 1, 2018, as restated	\$	85,621,400

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Deficits in Equity Accounts

The Heritage Community Enterprise Fund had a deficit net position of \$2,041,947 as of September 30, 2018. This deficit will be eliminated with future revenues and transfers if necessary.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u> (Continued)

B. Land Management

The County manages 137,351 acres of state-owned, tax-forfeited land. This land generates revenues primarily from recreational land leases and land and timber sales. Land management costs, including forestry costs such as site preparation, seedlings, tree planting, and logging roads, are accounted for as current operating expenditures. Revenues in excess of expenditures are distributed to the County and cities, towns, and school districts within the County according to state statute. As of December 31, 2018, the County has \$810,514 in contracts receivable from land leases and timber sales.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

Reconciliations of the County's total deposits and investments to the basic financial statements as of December 31, 2018, are reported as follows:

Cash and pooled investments Restricted assets	\$ 25,161,922
Restricted assets	
Permanent fund principal	478,216
Proprietary funds	
Cash and pooled investments	840,550
Restricted assets	
Cash and pooled investments	
Resident trust funds	9,243
Tenant security deposits	12,165
Board-designated – bond fund	1,510,639
Board-designated – building fund	66,398
Fiduciary funds	
Cash and pooled investments	621,820
Total Cash and Pooled Investments	\$ 28,700,953
Deposits	\$ 27,070,150
Invested in MAGIC Fund	215,956
Cash with escrow agent	1,411,837
Petty cash and change funds	3,010
Total Deposits and Cash on Hand	\$ 28,700,953

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

- 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)
 - a. <u>Deposits</u>

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to deposit its cash and to invest in certificates of deposit in financial institutions designated by the Board. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit plus accrued interest at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2018, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

b. <u>Investments</u>

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

- 1. Deposits and Investments
 - b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)
 - (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
 - (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
 - (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
 - (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
 - (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
 - (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's investment policy is meant to minimize interest rate risk by structuring investments so that securities mature to meet cash requirements of ongoing operations and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the County's cash requirements.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

- 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>
 - b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County invests only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy limits investments to those allowed by state statute. At December 31, 2018, the County's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments, external investment pools, and mutual funds. The County's investment policy is to minimize this risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. At December 31, 2018, the County's investments were primarily in an external investment pool and, therefore, not subject to concentration of credit risk disclosure requirements.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

The following table presents the County's deposit and investment balances at December 31, 2018, and information relating to potential investment risk:

Investment Type	Concentration of Credit Risk Over 5 Percent of Portfolio	Interest Rate Risk Maturity Date	 Carrying (Fair) Value
Investment pool MAGIC Fund	N/A	N/A	\$ 215,956
Deposits Cash with escrow agent Petty cash and change funds			 27,070,150 1,411,837 3,010
Total Cash and Investments			\$ 28,700,953

MAGIC is a local government investment pool which is quoted at a net asset value (NAV). The County invests in this pool for the purpose of the joint investment of the County's money with those of other counties to enhance the investment earnings accruing to each member.

MAGIC Portfolio is valued using amortized cost. Shares of the MAGIC Portfolio are available to be redeemed upon proper notice without restrictions under normal operating conditions. There are no limits to the number of redemptions that can be made as long as the County has a sufficient number of shares to meet their redemption request. The MAGIC Fund's Board of Trustees can suspend the right of withdrawal or postpone the date of payment if the Trustees determine that there is an emergency that makes the sale of a Portfolio's securities or determination of its NAV not reasonably practical.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. <u>Assets</u> (Continued)

2. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables as of December 31, 2018, for the County's governmental activities and as of September 30, 2018, for the County's business-type activities, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	<u>न</u>	Receivable	Ur	Less: owance for acollectible Accounts	R	Net eceivables	Sc	mounts Not cheduled for Collection During the osequent Year
Governmental Activities								
Taxes – delinquent	\$	425,765	\$	-	\$	425,765	\$	-
Accounts receivable		522,793		(198,513)		324,280		-
Accrued interest receivable		154,219		-		154,219		-
Due from other governments		5,553,179		-		5,553,179		-
Contracts receivable		810,514		-		810,514		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	7,466,470	\$	(198,513)	\$	7,267,957	\$	
Business-Type Activities								
Accounts receivable	\$	747,186	\$	(78,476)	\$	668,710	\$	-
Leveraged loan receivable		10,091,000		-		10,091,000		10,091,000
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	10,838,186	\$	(78,476)	\$	10,759,710	\$	10,091,000

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2018, and for the business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

3. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Governmental Activities

	 Beginning Balance	 Increases	I	Decreases	 Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated					
Land	\$ 862,945	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 862,945
Permanent right-of-way	3,677,733	-		-	3,677,733
Construction in progress	 4,460,216	 8,417,534		3,020,388	 9,857,362
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 9,000,894	\$ 8,417,534	\$	3,020,388	\$ 14,398,040
Capital assets depreciated					
Infrastructure	\$ 74,410,772	\$ 2,923,583	\$	-	\$ 77,334,355
Buildings and improvements	22,656,986	12,620		-	22,669,606
Land improvements	629,002	-		-	629,002
Machinery and equipment	10,722,284	1,216,959		386,547	11,552,696
Software	 -	 5,448		-	 5,448
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 108,419,044	\$ 4,158,610	\$	386,547	\$ 112,191,107
Less: accumulated depreciation for					
Infrastructure	\$ 21,202,633	\$ 1,488,964	\$	-	\$ 22,691,597
Buildings and improvements	9,180,204	708,861		-	9,889,065
Land improvements	490,132	14,687		-	504,819
Machinery and equipment	7,750,641	792,810		386,547	8,156,904
Software	 -	 1,362		-	 1,362
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 38,623,610	\$ 3,006,684	\$	386,547	\$ 41,243,747
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 69,795,434	\$ 1,151,926	\$	-	\$ 70,947,360
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 78,796,328	\$ 9,569,460	\$	3,020,388	\$ 85,345,400

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

3. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

		Beginning Balance]	ncreases]	Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated Land	\$	117,299	\$	-	\$	-	\$	117,299
Conital contra dominación d								
Capital assets depreciated Buildings and improvements Land improvements Machinery and equipment	\$	6,014,314 190,783 963,697	\$	3,512	\$	794,487 6,162 289,789	\$	5,223,339 184,621 673,908
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	7,168,794	\$	3,512	\$	1,090,438	\$	6,081,868
Less: accumulated depreciation for	¢	2 552 200	¢	206.041	¢	- 1- - - - - - - - - -	¢	2 012 221
Buildings and improvements Land improvements Machinery and equipment	\$	3,553,280 170,554 779,536	\$	206,841 2,914 46,940	\$	747,790 6,162 279,635	\$	3,012,331 167,306 546,841
				· · · · ·		· · · · · ·		,
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	4,503,370	\$	256,695	\$	1,033,587	\$	3,726,478
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	2,665,424	\$	(253,183)	\$	56,851	\$	2,355,390
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,782,723	\$	(253,183)	\$	56,851	\$	2,472,689

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 249,249
Public safety	602,990
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	1,874,854
Sanitation	141,739
Human services	74,397
Culture and recreation	20,462
Conservation of natural resources	 42,993
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$ 3,006,684
Business-Type Activities	
Heritage Community	\$ 256,695
	Page 55

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2018, is as follows:

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Forfeited Tax Sale Special Revenue Fund Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund Social Services Special Revenue Fund Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund	\$ 541,844 6,632 1,196 448	Reimbursements Charges for services Charges for services Charges for services
Total Due to General Fund		\$ 550,120	
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	General Fund Social Services Special Revenue Fund Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund Forfeited Tax Sale Special Revenue Fund	\$ 4,707 3,388 3,197 910	Reimbursements Reimbursements Reimbursements Charges for services
Total Due to Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund		\$ 12,202	
Total Due From Other Funds		\$ 562,322	
Due to the Heritage Community Enterprise F from the General Fund as of September 30, paid as of December 31, 2018		 18,176	Reimbursements
Total Due To Other Funds		\$ 580,498	

The interfund receivables and payables are expected to be paid within one year of December 31, 2018.

2. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

	Interfund ransfer In	Interfund Transfer Out				
General Fund Forfeited Tax Sale Special Revenue Fund Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund	\$ 516,403 ¹ 16,9332 ²	\$	16,933 ² 516,403 ¹			
Total	\$ 533,336	\$	533,336			

Transfers were for: ¹Forfeited tax sale proceeds ²Matching grant funds

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Liabilities

1. <u>Contract Commitments</u>

The County has an activity contract commitment as of December 31, 2018. The commitment includes the transfer station construction in the Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund. As of December 31, 2018, the County spent \$383,913 and has a remaining commitment of \$2,866,769 on the project.

2. Operating Leases

On December 31, 2014, Hubbard County entered into an operating lease for leased property to facilitate the construction and reconstruction project of the Heritage Community with Heritage Center, LLC. The term of the lease expires on December 31, 2049, with the option to extend or terminate at alternative dates as described in the lease documents. The future lease payments to be made by the County as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Lease Payment
$\begin{array}{c} 2019\\ 2020\\ 2021\\ 2022\\ 2023\\ 2024-2028\\ 2029-2033\\ 2034-2038\\ 2039-2043\\ 2039-2043\\ 2044-2048\\ \end{array}$	
2049 – 2050 Total	1,300,000 \$ 18,593,000

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

- C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 3. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Bonds

Hubbard County General Obligation Correctional Facility Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, represent debt incurred to refund the General Obligation Correctional Facilities Bonds, Series 2004, on the crossover date of February 1, 2014. These bonds, dated May 23, 2012, have an original issue amount of \$5,835,000. They carry a net interest rate of 2.00 to 2.25 percent and are due in annual installments beginning February 1, 2015, through February 2025. As a result of the refunding, the County realized a substantial interest rate reduction, a gross savings of approximately \$669,462 and a present value savings of approximately \$590,314. The principal balance and bond premium due on these bonds is \$3,895,000 and \$40,032, respectively, as of December 31, 2018.

<u>Hubbard County General Obligation Capital Improvement Plan Bonds,</u> <u>Series 2013</u>, represent debt incurred for the purpose of providing financing of a portion of the estimated cost of acquisition and betterment for the capital improvement projects included in the 2013 - 2017 Capital Improvement Plan. These bonds are dated May 29, 2013, with an original issue amount of \$3,580,000 and a net premium of \$51,372. They carry a net interest rate of 2.0 to 3.0 percent and are due in annual installments of \$180,000 to \$250,000 through February 2031. The principal balance and bond premium due on these bonds is \$2,845,000 and \$37,102, respectively, as of December 31, 2018.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

3. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ended	_	General Obliga Facility Refi Serie			General Obligation Capital Improvement Plan Bonds, Series 2013				
December 31		Principal]	Interest		Principal		Interest	
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 - 2028 2029 - 2031	\$	515,000 530,000 540,000 555,000 570,000 1,185,000 -	\$	74,250 63,800 53,100 42,150 30,900 26,100	\$	195,000 195,000 205,000 210,000 1,110,000 730,000	\$	65,613 61,713 57,763 53,713 49,563 177,213 33,006	
Subtotal Bond premium	\$	3,895,000 40,032	\$	290,300	\$	2,845,000 37,102	\$	498,584	
Total	\$	3,935,032	\$	290,300	\$	2,882,102	\$	498,584	

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	1	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	R	eductions		Ending Balance	-	ue Within Dne Year
General Obligation Correctional Facility	¢	4,400,000	¢		¢	505 000	¢	3,895,000	¢	515.000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	Э	, ,	\$	-	Э	505,000	Э	-))	\$	515,000
Add: Bond premium		45,036		-		5,004		40,032		-
General Obligation Capital Improvement										
Plan Bonds, Series 2013		3,035,000		-		190,000		2,845,000		195,000
Add: Bond premium		39,956		-		2,854		37,102		-
Minnesota Public Facilities Authority loan		48,000		-		48,000		-		-
Compensated absences		1,450,818		919,059		1,049,526		1,320,351		687,594
Governmental Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	9,018,810	\$	919,059	\$	1,800,384	\$	8,137,485	\$	1,397,594

The Minnesota Public Facilities Authority loan is being paid by the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, and the General Obligation Bonds are paid by the Building Bonds Debt Service Fund.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

3. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

General Obligation Bonds

Hubbard County General Obligation Housing Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, \$1,795,000 General Obligation Housing Revenue Refunding Bonds dated April 22, 2014, due in annual installments of \$110,000 to \$160,000, with interest from 2.0 percent to 3.0 percent through August 2027. The balance due on these bonds is \$1,310,000 as of September 30, 2018.

Hubbard County General Obligation Housing Development Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, \$1,825,000 General Obligation Housing Development Revenue Bonds dated November 18, 2008, due in annual installments of \$45,000 to \$125,000, with interest from 3.0 percent to 5.5 percent through October 2034. On October 1, 2018, the proceeds of the Series 2017 Bonds were used to defease these bonds. The balance due on these bonds is \$1,405,000 as of September 30, 2018.

Hubbard County General Obligation Nursing Home Revenue Bonds, Series 2014, represent debt incurred for the purpose of providing financing for the Heritage Capital Project, \$10,145,000 General Obligation Nursing Home Revenue Bonds dated December 31, 2014, due in annual installments of \$250,000 to \$715,000, with interest from 1.5 percent to 4.5 percent through October 2039. The balance due on these bonds is \$9,895,000 as of September 30, 2018.

Hubbard County General Obligation Housing Development Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, \$1,460,000 General Obligation Housing Development Revenue Bonds dated November 15, 2017, due in annual installments of \$60,000 to \$125,000, with 3.0 percent interest through October 2034. These bonds were issued during fiscal year 2018 to defease the Series 2008 bonds. The proceeds were put into an escrow account and then used to defease the Series 2008 Bonds on October 1, 2018. The balance due on these bonds is \$1,460,000, as of September 30, 2018.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

3. Long-Term Debt

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements for business-type activities at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds					
September 30	 Principal		Interest			
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 1,785,000 455,000 330,000 555,000 590,000	\$	495,483 451,303 440,928 432,978 417,258			
$\begin{array}{r} 2024-2028\\ 2029-2033\\ 2034-2038\\ 2039\end{array}$	 3,190,000 3,070,000 3,380,000 715,000		1,794,475 1,250,480 599,955 32,175			
Total	\$ 14,070,000	\$	5,915,035			

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
2014 General Obligation Revenue Bonds Add: Bond premium 2014 General Obligation Nursing Home	\$ 1,440,000 46,691	\$ -	\$ 130,000 4,748	\$ 1,310,000 41,943	\$ 130,000
Revenue Bonds	10,145,000	-	250,000	9,895,000	250,000
Less: bond discounts	(123,963)	-	(5,635)	(118,328)	-
2008 General Obligation Revenue Bonds	1,465,000	-	60,000	1,405,000	1,405,000
2017 General Obligation Revenue Bonds	-	1,460,000	-	1,460,000	-
Add: Bond premium	-	34,590	2,019	32,571	-
Compensated absences	249,843	21,774		271,617	173,675
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 13,222,571	\$ 1,516,364	\$ 441,132	\$ 14,297,803	\$ 1,958,675

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Fund Balances

Fund balances at year-end December 31, 2018, were as follows:

		General		Road and Bridge		Social Services		Forfeited Tax Sale		Solid Waste	Ge	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Nonspendable for														
Inventories Endowments	\$	-	\$	304,504	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	467,280	\$	304,504 467,280
Total nonspendable	\$	-	\$	304,504	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	467,280	\$	771,784
Restricted for														
AIS prevention	\$	370,039	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	370,039
Attorney forfeitures Attorney pretrial diversion		34,992		-		-		-		-		-		34,992
program		5,599		-		-		-		-		-		5,599
Conceal and carry permits		98,644		-		-		-		-		-		98,644
Drug education		15,407		-		-		-		-		-		15,407
DWI assessment DWI forfeitures		25,134 29,719		-		-		-		-		-		25,134 29,719
Enhanced 911		72,179		-		-		-		-		-		72,179
Government forfeitures		33,286		-		-		-		-		-		33,286
Jail canteen		39,669		-		-		-		-		-		39,669
Law library		27,264		-		-		-		-		-		27,264
Missing heirs		8,281		-		-		-		-				8,281
Natural resources		104,510		-		-		-		-		10,262		114,772
Parks and recreation Probation		688,038 25,317		-		-		-		-		-		688,038 25,317
Recorder's equipment		387,732		-		-		-		-		-		387,732
Recorder's technology		346,536		-		_		_		-		_		346,536
Sheriff's contingent fund		2,161		-		-		-		-		-		2,161
K-9 unit		17,882		-		-		-		-		-		17,882
Sentence to serve		122,046		-		-		-		-		-		122,046
Sheriff operations		4,909		-		-		-		-		-		4,909
Transit tax projects		-		2,171,208		-		-		-		-		2,171,208
Highway construction		-		69,758		-		-		-		-		69,758
Fuel facility		-		98,755		-		- 1,004,525		-		-		98,755
Forest development Memorial forest		-		-		-		62,732		-		-		1,004,525 62,732
Debt service		-		-		-		- 02,732		-		1,312,267		1,312,267
										<u> </u>				
Total restricted	\$	2,459,344	\$	2,339,721	\$	-	\$	1,067,257	\$	-	\$	1,322,529	\$	7,188,851
Committed for														
Building maintenance	\$	2,482,775	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,482,775
County cars		143,604		-		-		-		-		-		143,604
Departmental designations		1,139,704 1,086		-		-		-		-		-		1,139,704 1,086
Emergency management Employee benefits/severance		691,089		273,593		203,853		70,240		- 78,291		-		1,317,066
Employee flex plan		25,388		-		-		-		-		-		25,388
Employee group health		24,702		-		-		-		-		-		24,702
Investigations		4,565		-		-		-		-		-		4,565
SWAT team		1,880		-		-		-		-		-		1,880
Survey remonumentation		76,228		-		-				-		-		76,228
Total committed	\$	4,591,021	\$	273,593	\$	203,853	\$	70,240	\$	78,291	\$	-	\$	5,216,998
Assigned to														
Highways and streets	\$	-	\$	4,612,092	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,612,092
Human services	2	-	2		~	5,836,542	~	-	-	-	÷	-	2	5,836,542
Forfeited land sales		-		-		-		619,032		-		-		619,032
Sanitation		-		-		-		-		1,514,995		-		1,514,995
Total assigned	\$	-	\$	4,612,092	\$	5,836,542	\$	619,032	\$	1,514,995	\$	-	\$	12,582,661
Total Fund Balances	\$	7,050,365	\$	7,529,910	\$	6,040,395	\$	1,756,529	\$	1,593,286	\$	1,789,809	\$	25,760,294
													()	

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3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

Hubbard County administers an OPEB plan, a single-employer defined benefit health care plan, to eligible retirees and their dependents.

Hubbard County provides postemployment health care benefits for elected officials. Elected County officials and their dependents are eligible for the benefit for a number of years equal to 25 percent of the retiree's years in elective office, with that amount held by Hubbard County and used to provide insurance coverage as chosen by the leaving official. A prorated contribution as calculated for officials that served less than a four-year term. When an official's contribution is exhausted, the official has the choice to remain on the County health insurance plan as provided to all other retired and qualified terminated employees. The County finances the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The County also provides health insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and their spouses under a single-employer self-insured plan. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy. This postemployment benefit is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, usually paying retiree benefits out of the General Fund. A separate, audited GAAP-basis postemployment plan report is not issued.

No assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB 75. The OPEB plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

As of the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments Active plan participants	9 	- 59	9
Total	201	59	260

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. <u>Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)</u> (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The governmental activities total OPEB liability of \$847,429 was measured as of December 31, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The business-type activities total OPEB liability of \$127,964 was measured as of October 1, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The OPEB liability is liquidated through funds that have personal services expenditures.

The total OPEB liability actuarial valuation in the fiscal year-ends December 31, 2018, and September 30, 2018, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.00 percent, average wage inflation plus productivity increases
Health care cost trend	6.50 percent, decreasing 0.25 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent

For the governmental activities, the current year discount rate is 3.30 percent, which is a change from the prior year rate of 3.50 percent. For the business-type activities, the current year discount rate is 3.50 percent. The discount rate was selected from a yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates are based on RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire personnel).

The actuarial assumptions are currently based on a combination of historical information and the most recent actuarial valuation for PERA as of June 30, 2017.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability	A	vernmental cetivities nber 31, 2018	A	siness-Type Activities nber 30, 2018	Total
Balance – Beginning of Year	\$	796.006	\$	99,046	\$ 895,052
Changes for the year Service cost Interest Adoption of accounting principal Benefit payments	\$	72,103 27,853 (48,533)	\$	10,383 4,616 30,830 (16,911)	\$ 82,486 32,469 30,830 (65,444)
Net change	\$	51,423	\$	28,918	\$ 80,341
Balance – End of Year	\$	847,429	\$	127,964	\$ 975,393

OPEB Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Governmental Activities December 31, 2018			Type Activities ber 30, 2018		
	Discount Rate		tal OPEB Liability	Discount Rate	tal OPEB Liability		
1% Decrease	2.30%	\$	911,591	2.50%	\$ 119,527		
Current 1% Increase	3.30 4.30		847,429 788,093	3.50 4.50	127,964 136,927		

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the health care cost trend previously disclosed, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rate:

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

OPEB Liability Sensitivity (Continued)

	Health Care Trend Rate	 tal OPEB Liability
1% Decrease	5.25% Decreasing to 4.00%	\$ 756,027
Current	6.25% Decreasing to 5.00%	847,429
1% Increase	7.25% Decreasing to 6.00%	956,500

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the governmental activities recognized OPEB expense of \$2,823. The \$54,246 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the business-type activities recognized OPEB expenses of \$28,918. At September 30, 2018, the business-type activities reported no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and no amounts related to deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future years.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial methods and assumptions occurred in 2018:

Governmental Activities

- The discount rate used changed from 3.50 percent to 3.30 percent.
- The actuarial cost method was changed from projected unit credit to entry age as prescribed by GASB 75.

Business-Type Activities

• The actuarial cost method was changed from projected unit credit to entry age as prescribed by GASB 75.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

a. <u>Plan Description</u>

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Hubbard County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Plan (the General Employees Plan), the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (the Police and Fire Plan), and the Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan (the Correctional Plan), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The General Employees Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund) has multiple benefit structures with members belonging to the Coordinated Plan, the Basic Plan, or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was closed to new members during 1978 and merged into the General Employees Plan in 2015. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after five years of credited service. No Hubbard County employees Belong to either the Basic Plan or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund.

Police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Police and Fire Plan (accounted for in the Police and Fire Fund). For members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing ten percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years. Benefits for members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years and increasing 5.00 percent for each year of service until fully vested after for each year of service until fully vested after ten years.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - a. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Local government employees of a county-administered facility who are responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional facility and its inmates are covered by the Correctional Plan (accounted for in the Correctional Fund). For members hired after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing ten percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years.

b. <u>Benefits Provided</u>

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can be modified only by the state legislature. Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. General Employees Plan and Police and Fire Plan benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.00 percent for the post-retirement benefit increase, while Correctional Plan benefit recipients receive 2.50 percent. If the funding ratio reaches 90 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than 80 percent for one year or less than 85 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase to 1.00 percent.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraph of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any 60 consecutive months of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. In the General Employees Plan, two methods are used to compute benefits for

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - b. Benefits Provided (Continued)

Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.20 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.70 percent of average salary for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 1.70 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. For Police and Fire Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.00 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Correctional Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.90 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For General Employees Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. For Police and Fire Plan and Correctional Plan members, normal retirement age is 55, and for members who were hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based on years of service and average high-five salary.

c. <u>Contributions</u>

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. General Employees Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in 2018. Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 10.80 percent of their annual covered salary in 2018. Correctional Plan members were required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary in 2018.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - c. <u>Contributions</u> (Continued)

In 2018, the County was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered salary:

General Employees Plan – Coordinated Plan members	7.50%
Police and Fire Plan	16.20
Correctional Plan	8.75

The employee and employer contribution rates did not change from the previous year.

The County's contributions for the year ended December 31, 2018, to the pension plans were:

General Employees Plan	\$ 820,478
Police and Fire Plan	232,512
Correctional Plan	154,077

The contributions are equal to the contractually required contributions as set by state statute.

d. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan

At December 31, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$8,720,811 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's net pension liability, of which \$2,662,843 was the Heritage Community's portion as of September 30, 2018. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - d. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan (Continued)

received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, Hubbard County's proportionate share was 0.1572 percent, which was an increase of 0.0039 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017. The County recognized pension expense of \$899,854 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense, of which \$326,000 was the Heritage Community's expense.

The County also recognized \$66,685 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution to the General Employees Plan, which qualifies as a special funding situation. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$16 million to the General Employees Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2019, and \$6 million thereafter, through calendar year 2031.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,057,968	\$	2,662,843	\$	8,720,811
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability						
associated with the County		198,568		87,391		285,959
Total	\$	6,256,536	\$	2,750,234	\$	9,006,770

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - d. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan (Continued)

The County reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Governmen	tal Activ	ities		Business-T	ype Activ	ities		Т	otal	
	(Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources	C	Deferred Dutflows Resources	1	Deferred Inflows Resources	(Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and	\$	159,222 555,902	\$	169,728 677,264	\$	70,482 254,369	\$	77,664 299,197	\$	229,704 810,271	\$	247,392 976,461
actual investment earnings Changes in proportion Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement		192,056		644,124 -		157,222		272,098 2,824		349,278		916,222 2,824
date		302,252		-		60,468		-		362,720		-
Total	\$	1,209,432	\$	1,491,116	\$	542,541	\$	651,783	\$	1,751,973	\$	2,142,899

The \$362,720 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Pens	vernmental Activities ion Expense Amount	Business-Type Activities Pension Expense Amount		Total Pension Expense Amount		
2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	272,256 (253,136) (476,617) (126,439)	\$	152,459 (97,979) (168,612) (55,578)	\$	424,715 (351,115) (645,229) (182,017)	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - d. <u>Pension Costs</u> (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan

At December 31, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$1,438,961 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, Hubbard County's proportion was 0.135 percent, which was an increase of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017. The County recognized pension expense of \$185,346 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

The County also recognized \$12,150 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contribution to the Police and Fire Plan. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$9 million to the Police and Fire Plan each year, starting in fiscal year 2014, until the plan is 90 percent funded.

The County reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. <u>Pension Plans</u>

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

d. Pension Costs

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$	57,749	\$	344,836	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,762,483		2,103,003	
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings		-		305,789	
Changes in proportion		85,931		-	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to					
the measurement date		115,559		-	
Total	\$	2,021,722	\$	2,753,628	

The \$115,559 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Pension Expense Amount		
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ (11,620) (75,465) (194,794) (563,092) (2,494))	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - d. Pension Costs (Continued)

Correctional Plan

At December 31, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$139,520 for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 0.85 percent, which was a decrease of 0.09 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017. The County recognized pension expense of \$466,911 for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's pension expense.

The County reported its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oi	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$	7,226	\$	13,361	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		612,905		1,583,977	
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings		-		148,965	
Changes in proportion		189,515		54,797	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to					
the measurement date		74,901		-	
Total	\$	884,547	\$	1,801,100	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - d. <u>Pension Costs</u>

Correctional Plan (Continued)

The \$74,901 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Pension Expense Amount		
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	72,816 (566,423) (468,639) (29,208)	

Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense for all plans recognized by the County for the year ended December 31, 2018, was \$1,552,111.

e. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following additional actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50 percent per year
Active member payroll growth	3.25 percent per year
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent
3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - e. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on RP-2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 2.00 percent for the Correctional Plan. For the Police and Fire Plan, cost of living benefit increases for retirees are 1.00 percent as set by state statute.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study for the General Employees Plan was dated June 30, 2015. The experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was dated August 30, 2016. The experience study for the Correctional Plan was dated February 2012. Economic assumptions were updated in 2017 based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic stocks	36%	5.10%
International stocks	17	5.30
Bonds (fixed income)	20	0.75
Alternative assets (private markets)	25	5.90
Cash	2	0.00

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)
 - f. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent in 2018, which remained consistent with 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Plan, the Police and Fire Plan, and the Correctional Plan were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

g. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2018:

General Employees Plan

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

Police and Fire Plan

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- Post-retirement benefit increases changed to 1.00 percent for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048, was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. Additionally, annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter, until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

- 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - g. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

- Member contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 10.80 percent to 11.30 and 11.80 percent of pay, respectively. Employer contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 16.20 percent to 16.95 and 17.70 percent of pay, respectively. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

Correctional Plan

- The single discount rate was changed from 5.96 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.
- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 2.50 percent per year to 2.00 percent per year.

h. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. Pension Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

h. <u>Pension Liability Sensitivity</u> (Continued)

	% Decrease n Discount Rate (6.50%)]	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.50%)		
Proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Plan net pension liability Governmental activities	\$ 9,844,974	\$	6,057,968	\$	2,931,903	
Business-Type activities	 4,327,461		2,662,843		1,288,749	
Total General Employees Retirement Fund liability	\$ 14,172,435	\$	8,720,811	\$	4,220,652	
Proportionate share of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan net pension liability	\$ 3,085,223	\$	1,438,961	\$	77,571	
Proportionate share of the Public Employees Correctional Plan net pension liability	\$ 1,194,050	\$	139,520	\$	(704,072)	

i. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

F. <u>Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

2. Defined Contribution Plan

Two employees or elected officials of Hubbard County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the state legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by Hubbard County during the year ended December 31, 2018, were:

	En	nployee	Employer			
Contribution amount	\$	3,211	\$	3,211		
Percentage of covered payroll		5.00%		5.00%		

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

A. <u>Contingent Liabilities</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

A. <u>Contingent Liabilities</u> (Continued)

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

Enbridge, Inc., is currently challenging tax valuations for the years 2012 through 2018 through litigation, which may affect several Minnesota counties. For tax valuations for 2012, 2013, and 2014, these cases are pending judgement. The tax years of 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018 are in the pre-trial stage. Any loss is dependent on the outcome of the lawsuit. The County may be subject to a loss up to \$1,000,000 in future tax revenue.

B. Management Agreement

The Heritage Community is managed by Ecumen. All three facilities are under a one-year agreement which expires June 2019. Heritage Living Center, Heritage Manor, and Heritage Cottages each incur a monthly fee of \$15,800, \$1,920, and \$2,500, respectively. Management fees amounted to \$226,841 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Certain employees of Ecumen perform services for the Heritage Community. The Heritage Community had unpaid amounts pertaining to the above transactions presented as Due to Related Parties on the statements at September 30, 2018.

C. <u>Heritage Community Building Project</u>

During 2014 and 2015, Hubbard County entered into various agreements for the purpose of a construction and reconstruction project for the Heritage Community facilities.

Hubbard County issued its G.O. Nursing Home Revenue Bonds in the aggregate amount of \$10,145,000 and applied \$10,091,000 of the proceeds to capital costs of the County's nursing home replacement project on the premises of the Heritage Community, through a leveraged loan to Twain Investment Fund 65 (Twain), and related transactions, all for the purpose of obtaining New Market Tax Credit Funding from U.S. Bancorp Community Development Corporation to complete the overall funding for the project. Twain also received gross proceeds of \$4,159,000 from the sale of its New Market Tax Credits to U.S. Bancorp Community Development Corporation, and those proceeds,

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. <u>Heritage Community Building Project</u> (Continued)

together with the proceeds of the leveraged loan, less certain fees, were provided by Twain to a subsidiary of Midwest Minnesota Community Development Corporation, which, in turn, loaned the funds to Heritage Center, LLC, for payment of capital costs of the project.

D. <u>Risk Management</u>

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT) to cover workers' compensation and property and casualty liabilities. To cover other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$500,000 per claim in 2018 and 2019. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

In 2018, the County entered into an agreement with PrimeHealth to provide a mechanism for utilizing a pooled self-funded health insurance program under the authority granted to the counties in Minn. Stat. § 471.59. Premiums are paid to PrimeHealth, who provides bookkeeping services to the entity, including the payment of claims. For 2018, Hubbard County has retained risk with a specific annual deductible of \$400,000 per member for the health plan.

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

E. Joint Ventures

Hubbard County Family Services Collaborative

The Hubbard County Family Services Collaborative was established in 1998 under the authority of Minn. Stat. §§ 124D.23 and 245.491. The Collaborative includes Hubbard County Social Services; Independent School District Numbers 306, 308, and 309; St. Joseph's Area Health Services; Mahube Community Head Start Program; Stellher Human Services, Inc.; Hubbard County Probation; and the Park Rapids, Akeley, Walker, Nevis Education Cooperative. The purpose of the Collaborative is to improve the social, emotional, educational, and economic outcomes for all Hubbard County children, adolescents, and their families by mitigating risk factors, enhancing protective factors, and creating an integrated service delivery system for children, adolescents, and their families with multiple and special needs.

Control of the Hubbard County Family Services Collaborative is vested in a governing board. The board consists of one representative from each of the nine members.

In the event of a withdrawal from the Hubbard County Family Services Collaborative, the withdrawing party shall give a 180-day notice. The withdrawing party shall remain liable for fiscal obligation incurred prior to the effective date of withdrawal, but shall incur no additional fiscal liability beyond the effective date of withdrawal. In the event of dissolution of the Hubbard County Family Services Collaborative, the net assets of the Collaborative at that time shall be divided among the member counties in the same proportion as their contributions paid.

Financing is provided by state grants and contributions from its members. Hubbard County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Hubbard County Family Services Collaborative as an agency fund on the County's financial statements. During 2018, Hubbard County contributed \$92,396 to the Collaborative.

Kitchigami Regional Library

The Kitchigami Regional Library was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 134.20. It was formed January 1, 1992, and includes Beltrami, Cass, Crow Wing, Hubbard, and Wadena Counties, and nine separate cities. Control of the Library is vested in the Kitchigami Regional Library Board, which is composed of 19 members with three-year terms made up of the following: one member appointed by each City Council and two members

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

E. Joint Ventures

Kitchigami Regional Library (Continued)

appointed by each County Board, consisting of one County Commissioner and one lay person. Hubbard County appropriated \$208,000 to the Library for the year ended December 31, 2018. Separate financial information can be obtained from the Kitchigami Regional Library, PO Box 84, Pine River, Minnesota 56474.

Mississippi Headwaters Board

The Mississippi Headwaters Board was established on February 22, 1980, under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and includes Aitkin, Beltrami, Cass, Clearwater, Crow Wing, Hubbard, Itasca, and Morrison Counties. The purpose of the Board is to prepare, adopt, and implement a comprehensive land use plan designed to protect and enhance the Mississippi River and related shoreline areas within the counties. The Board consists of eight members, one appointed from each participating county.

Financing is provided by federal, state, and local grants and appropriations from member counties. During 2018, Hubbard County contributed \$1,500 to the Board. Crow Wing County maintains the accounting records of the Board. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Mississippi Headwaters Board, Land Services Building, 322 Laurel Street, Brainerd, Minnesota 56401.

North Country Community Health Service

The North Country Community Health Service was formed in 1979 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and includes Beltrami, Clearwater, Hubbard, and Lake of the Woods Counties. The purpose of the Health Service is to develop and implement policies and procedures to promote efficiency and economy in the delivery of community health services.

Control of the Health Service is vested in the North Country Health Service Board of Health, which is composed of three members appointed by Beltrami County and two members appointed by each of the other member counties, as provided in the Health Service's bylaws.

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

E. Joint Ventures

North Country Community Health Service (Continued)

In the event of dissolution of the North Country Community Health Service, the net assets of the Health Service at that time shall be divided among the member counties in the same proportion as their allocated share of subsidy funds as determined by the Minnesota Department of Health.

The Health Service has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by state and federal grants and appropriations from member counties. Clearwater County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Health Service as an agency fund on its financial statements.

Hubbard County did not contribute to the Health Service for the year ended December 31, 2018. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Clearwater County Auditor/Treasurer's Office or the Health Service's office located at 212 Main Avenue North, Bagley, Minnesota 56621.

Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communication Board

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communication Board (formerly known as the Northwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board) was formed in 2008, pursuant to the authority conferred upon the member parties by Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 403.39, and includes the City of Moorhead; Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau Counties; and the White Earth Reservation.

The purpose of the Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communication Board is to provide for regional administration of enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System (ARMER) owned and operated by the State of Minnesota and to enhance and improve interoperable public safety communications along with coordination of 911 and public safety broadband data services within the region.

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

E. Joint Ventures

Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communication Board (Continued)

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communication Board is composed of one Commissioner of each county appointed by their respective County Board, one City Council member from the City appointed by its City Council, and one representative appointed by the Tribal Council from each tribal party to the agreement, as provided in the Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communication Board's bylaws.

In the event of dissolution of the Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communication Board, all property, assets, and funds of the Board shall be distributed to the parties of the agreement upon termination in direct proportion to their participation and contribution. Any city, county, or tribal entity that has withdrawn from the agreement prior to termination of the Board shall share in the distribution of property, assets, and funds of the Board only to the extent they shared in the original expense.

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communication Board has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by appropriations from member parties and by state and federal grants. Hubbard County did not make any contributions during 2018. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Headwaters Regional Development Commission, 403 – 4th Street Northwest, Suite 310, Bemidji, Minnesota 56601.

Northwestern Counties Data Processing Security Association

The Northwestern Counties Data Processing Security Association (NCDPSA) was formed in 1994 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and includes Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, Pennington, Polk, Roseau, and Wadena Counties. Mahnomen County withdrew from the NCDPSA in 2017. The purpose of the NCDPSA is to provide a mechanism whereby the counties may cooperatively provide for a data processing disaster recovery plan and backup system.

Control of the NCDPSA is vested in the NCDPSA Joint Powers Board, which is composed of one County Commissioner appointed by each member County Board. In the event of dissolution, the net position of the NCDPSA at that time shall be distributed to the respective member counties in proportion to their contributions.

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

E. Joint Ventures

Northwestern Counties Data Processing Security Association (Continued)

The NCDPSA has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by grants from the State of Minnesota and appropriations from member counties when needed. Hubbard County did not contribute to the NCDPSA for the year ended December 31, 2018. Clearwater County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the NCDPSA as an agency fund on its financial statements. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Clearwater County Auditor/Treasurer's Office, 213 North Main Avenue, Bagley, Minnesota 56621.

Northwestern Minnesota Juvenile Center

The Northwestern Minnesota Juvenile Center was formed under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, effective August 1971, and includes Beltrami, Cass, Clearwater, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Pennington, and Roseau Counties. The purpose of the Center is to provide rehabilitation and other services to juveniles under the jurisdiction of the court system. The offices of the Center are located in Bemidji, with satellite homes at various locations.

Control of the Center is vested in the Northwestern Minnesota Juvenile Center Joint Powers Board, which is composed of at least one member appointed by each participating county, as provided in the Center's bylaws. At present, there are 13 directors: Beltrami, Cass, Hubbard, Pennington, and Roseau Counties have two directors each; the other member counties have one director each.

In the event of dissolution of the Center, the unexpended balance of monies and assets held by the Center will be divided among the member counties in the same proportion as their respective financial responsibilities.

Financing is provided by state and federal grants, charges for services, and appropriations from member counties. Adequate rates are charged so that the member counties do not experience any additional financial benefit or burden. Hubbard County made \$97,258 in payments to the Center in 2018. Beltrami County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Center as an agency fund on its financial statements. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Beltrami County Auditor/Treasurer's Office or at the Center's office, PO Box 247, 1231 – 5th Street Northwest, Bemidji, Minnesota 56619.

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

E. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Paul Bunyan Drug Task Force

The Paul Bunyan Drug Task Force was established July 16, 1992, under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and in 2018, included Beltrami, Cass, Hubbard, and Koochiching Counties; the Leech Lake and White Earth Reservations; the Bureau of Indian Affairs; and the Cities of Bemidji, International Falls, and Park Rapids. The purpose of the Paul Bunyan Drug Task Force is to assist member organizations in the investigation and prosecution of persons in violation of Minnesota statutes.

Control of the Paul Bunyan Drug Task Force is established by a majority vote represented with one vote from each member of the organization. In the event of dissolution of the Task Force, the net assets shall be liquidated to the member organizations based on the percentage of population of all member counties and cities.

The Paul Bunyan Drug Task Force has no long-term debt. During 2018, Hubbard County contributed \$3,500 to the Paul Bunyan Drug Task Force. Financing is provided by the profits from forfeitures and seizures pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 609.531. Beltrami County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Paul Bunyan Drug Task Force on its financial statements. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Beltrami County Auditor/Treasurer, Beltrami County Administration Building, 701 Minnesota Avenue, Suite 220, Bemidji, Minnesota 56601.

PrimeWest Health

The PrimeWest Central County-Based Purchasing Initiative (since renamed PrimeWest Health) was established in December 1998 by a joint powers agreement with Big Stone, Douglas, Grant, McLeod, Meeker, Pipestone, Pope, Renville, Stevens, and Traverse Counties under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. Beltrami, Clearwater, and Hubbard Counties were later added to PrimeWest Health. Pipestone County has since joined Southwest Health and Human Services for public health and human services functions. The partnership is organized to directly purchase health care services for county residents who are eligible for Medical Assistance and General Assistance Medical Care as authorized by Minn. Stat. § 256B.692. County-based purchasing is the local control alternative favored for improved coordination of services to prepaid Medical Assistance programs in complying with Minnesota Department of Health requirements as set forth in Minn. Stat. chs. 62D and 62N.

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

E. Joint Ventures

PrimeWest Health (Continued)

Control of PrimeWest Health is vested in a Joint Powers Board of Directors, composed of two Commissioners from each member county (one active and one alternate). Each member of the Joint Powers Board of Directors is appointed by the County Commissioners of the county he or she represents.

In the event of termination of the joint powers agreement, all assets owned pursuant to this agreement shall be sold, and the proceeds, together with monies on hand, will be distributed to the current members based on their proportional share of each member's county-based purchasing eligible population.

Financing is provided by Medical Assistance and General Assistance Medical Care payments from the Minnesota Department of Human Services, initial start-up loans from the member counties, and by proportional contributions from member counties, if necessary, to cover operational costs. Hubbard County did not contribute to PrimeWest Health during 2018. Complete financial information can be obtained from its administrative office at PrimeWest Health, 3905 Dakota Street, Suite 101, Alexandria, Minnesota 56308.

F. Jointly-Governed Organizations

<u>Region Three – Northwest Minnesota Homeland Security Emergency Management</u> <u>Organization</u>

The Region Three – Northwest Minnesota Homeland Security Emergency Management Organization was established to provide for regional coordination of planning, training, purchase of equipment, and allocating emergency services and staff in order to better respond to emergencies and natural or other disasters within the region. Control is vested in the Board, which is composed of representatives appointed by each Board of County Commissioners. Hubbard County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

F. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

MAHUBE-OTWA Community Action Partnership

MAHUBE-OTWA Community Action Partnership is a non-profit human service agency serving Mahnomen, Hubbard, Becker, Otter Tail, and Wadena Counties in Northern Minnesota. MAHUBE-OTWA is governed by an 18-member Board, with three members that are residents from each of the counties in the agency's jurisdiction, plus three members are at-large from any of the five counties. The partnership serves lowincome and elderly persons to provide services including Head Start programs, Family Development and Housing, Child Care Aware & Early Learning Scholarships, Child Passenger, Senior Programs, Energy Programs, and Family Health.

Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative

Under Minnesota Joint Powers Law, Minn. Stat. § 471.59, Minnesota counties have created the Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative (MCCC) to jointly provide for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of data processing systems, facilities, and management information systems. During 2018, Hubbard County expended \$115,432 to the MCCC.

G. Segment Information

The County issued revenue bonds to finance the Heritage Living Center, Heritage Manor, and Heritage Cottages facilities. The activity is reported in the Heritage Community Enterprise Fund. Summary financial information for each facility is presented as follows. Heritage Living Center provides long-term health care to chronically ill or convalescent persons. Heritage Manor provides assisted living senior housing services. Heritage Cottages provides housing with memory care services for seniors.

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

G. <u>Segment Information (Continued)</u>

Condensed Statement of Net Position	Heritage ving Center	 Heritage Manor	Heritage Cottages		
Assets					
Current assets	\$ 807,523	\$ 313,474	\$	284,528	
Interfund receivables	63,033	7,488		-	
Restricted assets	75,641	110,967		1,411,837	
Capital assets	 379,331	 728,217		1,365,141	
Total Assets	\$ 1,325,528	\$ 1,160,146	\$	3,061,506	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pension-related deferred outflows	\$ 542,541	\$ 	\$	-	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$ 9,243	\$ 11,941	\$	-	
Interfund payables	111,215	7,816		63,033	
Other current liabilities	645,174	210,741		1,446,597	
Noncurrent liabilities	 2,888,749	 1,221,942		1,492,796	
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,654,381	\$ 1,452,440	\$	3,002,426	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Pension-related deferred inflows	\$ 651,783	\$ -	\$	-	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 379,331	\$ (623, 725)	\$	(122,934)	
Restricted	-	98,802		2,116	
Unrestricted	 (2,817,426)	 232,629		179,898	
Total Net Position	\$ (2,438,095)	\$ (292,294)	\$	59,080	

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

G. Segment Information (Continued)

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position		Ieritage ing Center	 Heritage Manor	Heritage Cottages		
Operating Revenues Charges for services Rental income Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	6,167,121 9,103 23,067 115,546	\$ 797,263 	\$	977,773 - 544	
Total Operating Revenues	\$	6,314,837	\$ 799,603	\$	978,317	
Depreciation expense Other operating expenses	\$	(82,788) (6,654,780)	\$ (94,372) (528,197)	\$	(79,535) (849,620)	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	(6,737,568)	\$ (622,569)	\$	(929,155)	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(422,731)	\$ 177,034	\$	49,162	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment earnings Miscellaneous Interest expense	\$	670 174,788 -	\$ 994 - (32,782)	\$	1,428 - (108,213)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	175,458	\$ (31,788)	\$	(106,785)	
Change in Net Position	\$	(247,273)	\$ 145,246	\$	(57,623)	
Beginning Net Position	((2,190,822)	 (437,540)		116,703	
Ending Net Position	\$	(2,438,095)	\$ (292,294)	\$	59,080	

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures – Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority</u> (HRA)

The Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) was created in 1995 by the Hubbard County Board and operates as a local governmental unit for the purpose of providing housing and redevelopment services to the citizens of Hubbard County. The governing body consists of a five-member Board appointed by the Hubbard County Board.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

1. Measurement Focus

The HRA is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

2. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The HRA's cash and cash equivalents consist of checking accounts and do not include restricted accounts. Cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments with maturity dates of three months or less at the time of purchase. Available cash balances are maintained in demand deposit accounts.

Capital Assets

Capital assets with useful lives of more than one year are stated at estimated historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position. Donated assets are stated at estimated fair market value on the date donated. The HRA generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more (excluding stoves and refrigerators). The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the various lives of the assets, which range from three to 40 years.

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures – Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority</u> (HRA)

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

3. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

B. Detailed Notes on All Funds

1. Deposits and Investments

The HRA's cash and investments at year-end were comprised of the following:

Demand and time deposits

468,442

\$

Deposits

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the HRA maintains deposits at those depository banks authorized by the Board. All such depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System. The HRA is required by Minnesota statutes to protect HRA deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

At December 31, 2018, the HRA had uninsured deposits of \$270,103 as a result of a lapse in pledged collateral.

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures – Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority</u> (HRA)

B. Detailed Notes on All Funds

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the HRA's deposits may not be recovered. The HRA's policy for custodial credit risk is to maintain compliance with Minnesota statutes that require all the HRA's deposits to be protected by insurance, surety bond, or pledge collateral. However, the HRA was exposed to custodial credit risk of \$270,103 at December 31, 2018.

Investments

The HRA had no investments as of December 31, 2018.

2. <u>Contracts Receivable</u>

Contracts receivable consists of amounts due from borrowers for the purchase or remodel of housing. The terms of the receivables range from zero to four percent, maturing from October 15, 2018, to February 1, 2045. At December 31, 2018, the HRA reported contracts receivable of \$207,608.

3. Capital Assets

The HRA's capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	I	ncrease	De	crease	 Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated Land and improvements	\$ 219,940	\$		\$	-	\$ 219,940
Capital assets depreciated Buildings	\$ 1,210,443	\$	11,731	\$	-	\$ 1,222,174
Less: accumulated depreciation	 279,436		39,405		-	 318,841
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 931,007	\$	(27,674)	\$	-	\$ 903,333
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,150,947	\$	(27,674)	\$	-	\$ 1,123,273

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures – Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority</u> (HRA)

B. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

4. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2018, for the HRA consists of the following:

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rates (%)]	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2018		
MHFA loan	2019	-	-	\$	513,000		
SCDP Mortgage	2023	\$138/month	-		7,600		
Bank Mortgage	2032	\$2,537/month	3.5%		335,695		
Total Long-Term Debt				\$	856,295		

5. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements as of December 31, 2018, are as follows:

Future Payments		
2019	\$ 5	34,888
2020		22,608
2021		23,353
2022		24,124
2023		24,232
2024 - 2032		27,090
Total	\$ 8	56,295

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures – Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority</u> (HRA)

B. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

6. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	eginning Balance	Ade	ditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	 ie Within One Year
MHFA loan SCDP Mortgage Bank Mortgage	\$ 513,000 9,258 354,991	\$	- - -	\$	1,658 19,296	\$ 513,000 7,600 335,695	\$ 513,000 1,658 20,230
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 877,249	\$	-	\$	20,954	\$ 856,295	\$ 534,888

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

7. <u>Conduit Debt Obligation</u>

Not included in the financial statements are various conduit debt obligations issued under the name of Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority. The bonds are not secured by or payable from revenue or assets of the HRA. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the HRA is pledged to the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds nor is the HRA in any manner obligated to make any appropriations for payments on these bonds. At December 31, 2018, the aggregate principal amount of conduit debt obligations outstanding totaled \$2,770,000.

8. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

In accordance with the terms of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency Loan, barring any events of default, on May 20, 2019, upon commencement of the twenty-first year of the loan agreement, the \$513,000 loan shall be deemed to have been paid in full and no repayment thereof shall be required. Management believes there is no risk of default subsequent to year-end.

On June 3, 2019, the HRA executed a mortgage agreement with a bank to borrow \$1,740,000. The funds are to be used to build a 28-unit apartment complex in furtherance of the HRA's mission.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts		nal Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	8,199,812	\$	8,199,812	\$	7,742,754	\$	(457,058)	
Licenses and permits		125,415		125,415		169,808		44,393	
Intergovernmental		3,574,686		3,574,686		3,895,778		321,092	
Charges for services		1,255,940		1,255,940		1,192,863		(63,077)	
Fines and forfeits		25,600		25,600		56,217		30,617	
Investment earnings		140,750		140,750		312,609		171,859	
Gifts and contributions		20,000		20,000		55,382		35,382	
Miscellaneous		522,140		522,140		726,577		204,437	
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	13,864,343	\$	13,864,343	\$	14,151,988	\$	287,645	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government									
Commissioners	\$	287,476	\$	287,476	\$	242,182	\$	45,294	
District court		170,000		170,000		174,000		(4,000)	
Law library		18,000		18,000		11,314		6,686	
Coordinator		515,317		515,317		619,311		(103,994)	
County auditor/treasurer		478,522		478,522		463,137		15,385	
Professional services		43,675		43,675		75,486		(31,811)	
Elections		210,395		210,395		227,325		(16,930)	
Purchasing		21,000		21,000		20,420		580	
Data processing		660,412		660,412		456,906		203,506	
Attorney		772,875		772,875		754,335		18,540	
Recorder		348,792		348,792		370,479		(21,687)	
Surveyor		202,484		202,484		201,442		1,042	
Assessor		495,229		495,229		442,130		53,099	
Motor pool		68,770		68,770		21,746		47,024	
Buildings and grounds		815,150		815,150		428,368		386,782	
Veterans service officer		126,661		126,661		132,347		(5,686)	
Insurance		96,000		96,000		129,105		(33,105)	
Other general government		147,175		147,175		112,690		34,485	
Total general government	<u></u>	5,477,933	\$	5,477,933	\$	4,882,723	\$	595,210	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Expenditures									
Current (Continued)									
Public safety									
Sheriff	\$	2,418,471	\$	2,418,471	\$	2,556,355	\$	(137,884)	
Boat and water safety	+	93,093	*	93,093	-	52,895	*	40,198	
Emergency services		46,915		46,915		765,175		(718,260)	
Coroner		_		-		45,255		(45,255)	
SWAT Team		-		-		4,460		(4,460)	
Enhanced 911		66,451		66,451		41,181		25,270	
Community corrections		2,913,297		2,913,297		2,806,763		106,534	
Building and grounds		318,820		318,820		265,493		53,327	
Jail canteen		-		-		92,217		(92,217)	
Sentence to serve		138,544		138,544		141,313		(2,769)	
Probation and parole		77,700		77,700		87,318		(9,618)	
riobation and parole		77,700		77,700		07,510		(),010)	
Total public safety	\$	6,073,291	\$	6,073,291	\$	6,858,425	\$	(785,134)	
Human services									
Mahube Community Council	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	840,375	\$	59,625	
Public health									
Nursing home	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,742	\$	(35,742)	
Culture and recreation									
Historical society	\$	21,000	\$	21,000	\$	10,500	\$	10,500	
Parks		279,088		279,088		138,163		140,925	
Regional library		208,000		208,000		208,000		-	
Agricultural society		41,000		41,000		41,000		-	
Snowmobile and ski trails		171,400		171,400		195,584		(24,184)	
Total culture and recreation	\$	720,488	\$	720,488	\$	593,247	\$	127,241	
Conservation of natural resources									
County extension	\$	139,137	\$	139,137	\$	127,428	\$	11,709	
Aquatic invasive species		433,649		433,649		292,892		140,757	
Local water		8,566		8,566		8,566		-	
Soil and water conservation		30,000		30,000		30,000		-	
Environmental services		583,619		583,619		540,601		43,018	
Natural resources grant		65,552		65,552		65,382		170	
Total conservation of natural resources	\$	1,260,523	\$	1,260,523	\$	1,064,869	\$	195,654	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
	Original			Final		Amounts	Final Budget	
Expenditures								
Current (Continued)								
Economic development								
Economic development	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	-
Total Expenditures	\$	14,492,235	\$	14,492,235	\$	14,335,381	\$	156,854
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(627,892)	\$	(627,892)	\$	(183,393)	\$	444,499
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	\$	703,230	\$	703,230	\$	516,403	\$	(186,827)
Transfers out		(16,933)		(16,933)		(16,933)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	686,297	\$	686,297	\$	499,470	\$	(186,827)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	58,405	\$	58,405	\$	316,077	\$	257,672
Fund Balance – January 1		6,734,288		6,734,288		6,734,288		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	6,792,693	\$	6,792,693	\$	7,050,365	\$	257,672

EXHIBIT A-2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
		Original		Final		Amounts		
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	3,700,000	\$	3,700,000	\$	4,043,702	\$	343,702
Intergovernmental	Ŷ	7,053,300	Ψ	7,053,300	Ψ	6,764,639	Ŷ	(288,661)
Charges for services		919,800		919,800		917,739		(2,061)
Investment earnings		-		-		13,580		13,580
Miscellaneous				-		30,725		30,725
Total Revenues	\$	11,673,100	\$	11,673,100	\$	11,770,385	\$	97,285
Expenditures								
Current								
Highways and streets								
Administration	\$	701,211	\$	701,211	\$	710,159	\$	(8,948)
Maintenance		2,971,133		2,971,133		2,243,660		727,473
Construction		5,822,752		5,822,752		5,280,697		542,055
Equipment maintenance and shop		1,035,273		1,035,273		980,088		55,185
Fuel facility		15,734		15,734		24,897		(9,163)
Materials for resale		890,932		890,932		758,321		132,611
Other highways and streets		16,446		16,446		19,796		(3,350)
Total highways and streets	\$	11,453,481	\$	11,453,481	\$	10,017,618	\$	1,435,863
Intergovernmental								
Highways and streets	\$	339,600	\$	339,600	\$	397,467	\$	(57,867)
Debt service								
Principal	\$	48,000	\$	48,000	\$	48,000	\$	-
Interest		1,200	-	1,200		1,189		11
Total debt service	\$	49,200	\$	49,200	\$	49,189	\$	11
Total Expenditures	\$	11,842,281	\$	11,842,281	\$	10,464,274	\$	1,378,007
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(169,181)	\$	(169,181)	\$	1,306,111	\$	1,475,292
Fund Balance – January 1		6,296,454		6,296,454		6,296,454		-
Increase (decrease) in inventories						(72,655)		(72,655)
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	6,127,273	\$	6,127,273	\$	7,529,910	\$	1,402,637

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT A-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOCIAL SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	 Original		Final	 Amounts		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 2,950,000	\$	2,950,000	\$ 2,924,884	\$	(25,116)
Intergovernmental	3,215,078		3,215,078	3,846,432		631,354
Charges for services	377,500		377,500	532,207		154,707
Investment earnings	-		-	1,021		1,021
Miscellaneous	 283,382		283,382	 528,413		245,031
Total Revenues	\$ 6,825,960	\$	6,825,960	\$ 7,832,957	\$	1,006,997
Expenditures						
Current						
Human services						
Income maintenance	\$ 2,238,000	\$	2,238,000	\$ 1,901,981	\$	336,019
Social services	6,221,984		6,221,984	5,119,756		1,102,228
Transportation	 -		-	 425,669		(425,669)
Total Expenditures	\$ 8,459,984	\$	8,459,984	\$ 7,447,406	\$	1,012,578
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,634,024)	\$	(1,634,024)	\$ 385,551	\$	2,019,575
Fund Balance – January 1	 5,654,844		5,654,844	 5,654,844		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$ 4,020,820	\$	4,020,820	\$ 6,040,395	\$	2,019,575

EXHIBIT A-4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FORFEITED TAX SALE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted			ounts	Actual	Variance with	
		Original	_	Final	 Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	137,303	\$	137,303	\$ 138,439	\$	1,136
Land and timber sales		2,175,600		2,175,600	1,586,761		(588,839)
Miscellaneous		6,000		6,000	 71,757		65,757
Total Revenues	\$	2,318,903	\$	2,318,903	\$ 1,796,957	\$	(521,946)
Expenditures							
Current							
Conservation of natural resources							
Forfeited land	\$	852,164	\$	852,164	\$ 771,331	\$	80,833
Access road		49,183		49,183	110,068		(60,885)
Forest development		260,000		260,000	320,905		(60,905)
Miscellaneous		55,120		55,120	 78,935		(23,815)
Total Expenditures	\$	1,216,467	\$	1,216,467	\$ 1,281,239	\$	(64,772)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	1,102,436	\$	1,102,436	\$ 515,718	\$	(586,718)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out		(1,076,151)		(1,076,151)	 (516,403)		559,748
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	26,285	\$	26,285	\$ (685)	\$	(26,970)
Fund Balance – January 1		1,757,214		1,757,214	 1,757,214		-
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	1,783,499	\$	1,783,499	\$ 1,756,529	\$	(26,970)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT A-5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOLID WASTE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted			unts	Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Licenses and permits	\$	450	\$	450	\$ 475	\$	25
Intergovernmental		1,067,729		1,067,729	1,951,723		883,994
Charges for services		3,220,000		3,220,000	3,130,681		(89,319)
Miscellaneous		11,000		11,000	 52,963		41,963
Total Revenues	\$	4,299,179	\$	4,299,179	\$ 5,135,842	\$	836,663
Expenditures							
Current							
Sanitation							
Solid waste	\$	3,197,958	\$	3,197,958	\$ 4,963,245	\$	(1,765,287)
Recycling		1,148,768		1,148,768	948,672		200,096
Demolition landfill		25,000		25,000	 20,375		4,625
Total Expenditures	\$	4,371,726	\$	4,371,726	\$ 5,932,292	\$	(1,560,566)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	(72,547)	\$	(72,547)	\$ (796,450)	\$	(723,903)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		16,933		16,933	 16,933		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(55,614)	\$	(55,614)	\$ (779,517)	\$	(723,903)
Fund Balance – January 1		2,372,803		2,372,803	 2,372,803		-
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	2,317,189	\$	2,317,189	\$ 1,593,286	\$	(723,903)

EXHIBIT A-6

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2018		
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$	82,486	
Interest		32,469	
Adoption of accounting principal		30,830	
Benefit payments		(65,444)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	80,341	
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning, as restated		895,052	
Total OPEB Liability – Ending	\$	975,393	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	13,363,027	
Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.30%	

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

EXHIBIT A-7

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pı S	Employer's coportionate hare of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	Pro Sh Ne I As	State's portionate are of the et Pension Liability ssociated h Hubbard County (b)	Pr S N L	Employer's coportionate hare of the Net Pension iability and the State's Related hare of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a + b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2018	0.1572 %	\$	8,720,811	\$	285,959	\$	9,006,770	\$ 11,284,201	77.28 %	79.53 %
2017	0.1533		9,786,570		123,006		9,909,576	10,320,226	94.83	75.90
2016	0.1499		12,171,137		159,004		12,330,141	9,618,314	126.54	68.91
2015	0.1478		7,659,764		N/A		7,659,764	9,012,354	84.99	78.19

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

N/A – Not Applicable

EXHIBIT A-8

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	in S	Actual ntributions Relation to tatutorily Required ntributions (b)	Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b – a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2018	\$	820,478	\$	820,478	\$ -	\$ 11,661,024	7.04 %
2017		758,901		758,901	-	10,567,075	7.18
2016		718,199		718,199	-	9,887,946	7.26
2015		655,012		655,012	-	9.097.536	7.20

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT A-9

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pr S	Employer's coportionate hare of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	 Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2018	0.135 %	\$	1,438,961	\$ 1,423,030	101.12 %	88.84 %
2017	0.134		1,809,159	1,375,562	131.52	85.43
2016	0.133		5,337,521	1,277,137	417.93	63.88
2015	0.129		1,465,742	1,177,598	124.47	86.61

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

EXHIBIT A-10

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Year Ending	I	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	in S	Actual ntributions Relation to Statutorily Required ontributions (b)	(D	ntribution eficiency) Excess (b – a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2018	\$	232,512	\$	232,512	\$	-	\$ 1,435,259	16.20 %
2017		227,351		227,351		-	1,403,400	16.20
2016		215,093		215,093		-	1,327,734	16.20
2010		210,000						

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.
EXHIBIT A-11

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES LOCAL GOVERNMENT CORRECTIONAL SERVICE RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pr S	Employer's roportionate hare of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	 Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2018	0.85 %	\$	139,520	\$ 1,713,791	8.14 %	97.64 %
2017	0.76		2,166,008	1,524,580	142.07	67.89
2016	0.79		2,885,981	1,481,175	194.84	58.16
2015	0.77		119,042	1,382,657	8.61	96.95

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT A-12

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES LOCAL GOVERNMENT CORRECTIONAL SERVICE RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Year Ending	I	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	in S	Actual ntributions Relation to itatutorily Required ontributions (b)	 ntribution Deficiency) Excess (b – a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2018	\$	154,077	\$	154,077	\$ -	\$ 1,760,884	8.75 %
2017		142,684		142,684	-	1,630,677	8.75
2016		131,469		131,469	-	1,502,504	8.75
2015		123,408		123,408	-	1,410,377	8.75

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. Budgetary Information

A. <u>Budget Policy</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds, except the Building Bonds Debt Service Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

In July, budget sheets are distributed to department managers and must be returned to the Auditor's Office by the end of July. In August, preliminary budgets are distributed to the Board, and budget hearings are scheduled from August to December. On or before September 15, proposed levies must be set by the County Board. A final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the departmental level.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following departments had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Ex	Expenditures		Final Budget		Excess
General Fund						
Current						
General government						
District court	\$	174,000	\$	170,000	\$	4,000
Coordinator		619,311		515,317		103,994
Professional services		75,486		43,675		31,811
Elections		227,325		210,395		16,930
Recorder		370,479		348,792		21,687
Veterans service officer		132,347		126,661		5,686
Insurance		129,105		96,000		33,105

1. Budgetary Information

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget (Continued)

	Expenditures	Budget	Excess
General Fund			
Current (Continued)			
Public safety			
Sheriff	2,556,355	2,418,471	137,884
Emergency services	765,175	46,915	718,260
Coroner	45,255	-	45,255
Swat Team	4,460	-	4,460
Jail canteen	92,217	-	92,217
Sentence to serve	141,313	138,544	2,769
Probation and parole	87,318	77,700	9,618
Public health	,	,	,
Nursing home	35,742	-	35,742
Culture and recreation	,		,
Snowmobile and ski trails	195,584	171,400	24,184
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	,	,	,
Current			
Highways and streets			
Administration	710,159	701,211	8,948
Fuel facility	24,897	15,734	9,163
Other highways and streets	19,796	16,446	3,350
Intergovernmental	,	,	,
Highways and streets	397,467	339,600	57,867
Social Services Special Revenue Fund		·	
Current			
Human services			
Transportation	425,669	-	425,669
Forfeited Tax Sale Special Revenue	,		,
Fund			
Current			
Conservation of natural resources			
Access road	110,068	49,183	60,885
Forest development	320,905	260,000	60,905
Miscellaneous	78,935	55,120	23,815
Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund		,	
Current			
Sanitation			
Solid Waste	4,963,245	3,197,958	1,765,287

2. Other Postemployment Benefits Funded Status

In 2018, Hubbard County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. See Note 1.E. in the notes to the financial statements for additional information regarding the County's other postemployment benefits.

3. Employer Contributions to Other Postemployment Benefits

Assets have not been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2018:

Governmental Activities

- The discount rate used changed from 3.50 percent to 3.30 percent.
- The actuarial cost method was changed from projected unit credit to entry age as prescribed by GASB 75.

Business-Type Activities

- The actuarial cost method was changed from projected unit credit to entry age as prescribed by GASB 75.
- 4. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u>

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the fiscal year June 30:

General Employees Retirement Plan

2018

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

4. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u>

General Employees Retirement Plan (Continued)

2017

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members (30 percent for deferred Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members.) The revised CSA loads are now 0.00 percent for active member liability, 15 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.
- Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund plan provisions change the employer supplemental contribution to \$21 million in calendar years 2017 and 2018 and returns to \$31 million through calendar year 2031. The state's required contribution is \$16 million in PERA's fiscal years 2018 and 2019 and returns to \$6 million annually through calendar year 2031.

<u>2016</u>

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was also changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

4. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u> (Continued)

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

2018

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- Post-retirement benefit increases changed to 1.00 percent for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048, was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. Additionally, annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter, until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 10.80 percent to 11.30 and 11.80 percent of pay, respectively. Employer contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 16.20 percent to 16.95 and 17.70 percent of pay, respectively. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

<u>2017</u>

- The assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- The assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for non-vested members.

4. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u>

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

2017 (Continued)

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality table assumed for healthy retirees.
- The assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- The assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- The assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

2016

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.

4. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u>

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

<u>2016</u> (Continued)

- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan

2018

- The single discount rate was changed from 5.96 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.
- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 2.50 percent per year to 2.00 percent per year.

<u>2017</u>

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016 and is applied to healthy and disabled members. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2016).
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 35 percent for vested members and 1.00 percent for non-vested members.

4. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u>

Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan

<u>2017</u> (Continued)

• The single discount rate was changed from 5.31 percent per annum to 5.96 percent per annum.

<u>2016</u>

- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 5.31 percent.
- The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The <u>Building Bonds Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for and report the financial resources restricted for the payment of correctional facility and capital improvement plan bonds, interest, and related costs.

PERMANENT FUND

The <u>Environmental Trust Permanent Fund</u> is used to account for and report nonspendable and restricted net proceeds from the sale of land donated by the Department of Natural Resources pursuant to Minnesota statutes.

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EXHIBIT B-1

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Building Bonds Debt Service Fund		Environmental Trust Permanent Fund		Total	
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments Taxes receivable – delinquent Permanent fund principal	\$	1,307,070 27,251 -	\$	478,216	\$	1,307,070 27,251 478,216
Total Assets	\$	1,334,321	\$	478,216	\$	1,812,537
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities Salaries payable	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	674	\$	674
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue – taxes	\$	22,054	\$	-	\$	22,054
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted	\$	1,312,267	\$	467,280 10,262	\$	467,280 1,322,529
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,312,267	\$	477,542	\$	1,789,809
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,334,321	\$	478,216	\$	1,812,537

EXHIBIT B-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Building Bonds Debt Service Fund		 rironmental t Permanent Fund	Total		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	891,301	\$ -	\$	891,301	
Intergovernmental		4,034	-		4,034	
Investment earnings		4,806	5,614		10,420	
Miscellaneous			 4,412		4,412	
Total Revenues	\$	900,141	\$ 10,026	\$	910,167	
Expenditures						
Current						
Conservation of natural resources	\$	-	\$ 14,827	\$	14,827	
Principal		695,000	-		695,000	
Interest		154,913	 -		154,913	
Total Expenditures	\$	849,913	\$ 14,827	\$	864,740	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	50,228	\$ (4,801)	\$	45,427	
Fund Balance – January 1		1,262,039	 482,343		1,744,382	
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	1,312,267	\$ 477,542	\$	1,789,809	

EXHIBIT B-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST PERMANENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with		
	(Original	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Investment earnings	\$	6	\$	6	\$	5,614	\$	5,608
Miscellaneous		30,000		30,000		4,412		(25,588)
Total Revenues	\$	30,006	\$	30,006	\$	10,026	\$	(19,980)
Expenditures								
Current								
Conservation of natural resources								
Natural resources		20,320		20,320		14,827		5,493
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	9,686	\$	9,686	\$	(4,801)	\$	(14,487)
Fund Balance – January 1		482,343		482,343		482,343		_
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	492,029	\$	492,029	\$	477,542	\$	(14,487)

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AGENCY FUNDS

The <u>Hubbard County Family Services Collaborative Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the receipts and disbursements of the Collaborative.

The <u>State Revenue Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and payment of funds due to the State of Minnesota.

The <u>Tax Collection Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the collection of taxes, penalties, and special assessments and their payment to various County funds and taxing districts.

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EXHIBIT C-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31
HUBBARD COUNTY FAMILY SERVICES COLLABORATIVE				
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 86,331	\$ 83,827	\$ 50,000	\$ 120,158
Liabilities				
Due to other governments	\$ 86,331	\$ 83,827	\$ 50,000	\$ 120,158
STATE REVENUE				
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 51,782	\$ 947,696	\$ 954,136	\$ 45,342
Liabilities				
Due to other governments	\$ 51,782	\$ 947,696	\$ 954,136	\$ 45,342
TAX COLLECTION				
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,034,266	\$ 1,721,214	\$ 2,299,160	\$ 456,320
Liabilities				
Due to other governments	\$ 1,034,266	\$ 1,721,214	\$ 2,299,160	\$ 456,320

EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Balance anuary 1	2	Additions	<u> </u>	Deductions	-	Balance cember 31
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS							
Assets							
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,172,379	\$	2,752,737	\$	3,303,296	\$	621,820
Liabilities							
Due to other governments	\$ 1,172,379	\$	2,752,737	\$	3,303,296	\$	621,820

OTHER SCHEDULES

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EXHIBIT D-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Governmental Funds
Appropriations and Shared Revenue	
State	
Highway users tax	\$ 4,398,529
Market value credit	119,251
PERA rate reimbursement	91,598
Police aid	181,977
County program aid	847,014
Enhanced 911	94,633
Out of home placement aid	30,952
Select Committee on Recycling and the Environment (SCORE)	67,729
Riparian protection aid	50,000
Aquatic invasive species aid	254,422
Total appropriations and shared revenue	\$ 6,136,105
Reimbursement for Services	
State	
Minnesota Department of	
Human Services	\$ 931,602
Transportation	11,740
Total reimbursement for services	\$ 943,342
Payments	
Local	
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 891,775
Grants	
State	
Minnesota Department of	
Corrections	\$ 32,075
Human Services	1,439,908
Natural Resources	246,898
Public Safety	13,168
Supreme Court	14,998
Transportation	227,903
Veterans Affairs	20,000
Board of Water and Soil Resources	125,162
Historical Society	1,250
Peace Officer Standards and Training Board	22,011
Pollution Control Agency	1,882,933
Secretary of State	70,605
Total state	\$ 4,096,911

EXHIBIT D-1 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Governmental Funds				
Grants (Continued)					
Federal					
Department of					
Agriculture	\$	193,735			
Justice		43,995			
Health and Human Services		1,587,791			
Homeland Security		236,273			
Transportation		2,471,118			
Total federal	<u>\$</u>	4,532,912			
Total state and federal grants	<u>\$</u>	8,629,823			
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	16,601,045			

EXHIBIT D-2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through				ed Through
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Grant Numbers	E	xpenditures	to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services SNAP Cluster						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	182MN101S2514	\$	193,735	\$	-
U.S. Department of Defense Direct						
Non-Cash Assistance Law Enforcement Support Office Program	12.U01		\$	350,000	<u>\$</u>	
U.S. Department of Justice						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety	16 575		¢	12.005		
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	F-CVSP-2018-HUBBARAO	\$	43,995	\$	-
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Cluster						
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	00029	\$	2,435,356	\$	-
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	Agr#1026725		28,516		-
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	Agr#1029473		86,721		-
(Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 \$115,237)						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety						
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While						
Intoxicated	20.608	F-ENFRC18-2018-HUBBARCO		717		-
Highway Safety Cluster						
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	F-ENFRC18-2018-HUBBARCO		4,057		-
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	2,555,367	\$	-
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services						
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	G-1701MNFPSS	\$	10,970	\$	-
TANF Cluster	02 559	1901 MITANE		210 522		
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558 93.563	1801MNTANF		210,533		-
Child Support Enforcement Child Support Enforcement	93.563	1804MNCSES 1804MNCEST		53,661 115,730		-
(Total Child Support Enforcement 93.563 \$169,391)	15.505	1804101102251		115,750		-
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	93.590	G-1702MNFRPG		3,124		_
CCDF Cluster		,		-,		
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care						
and Development Fund	93.596	G-1801MNCCDF		10,148		-
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	G-1701MNCWSS		7,596		-
Foster Care – Title IV-E	93.658	1801MNFOST		223,315		-
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	G-1801MNSOSR		137,722		-
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	1805MN5R21		211		-
Medicaid Cluster	· · · · ·					
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1805MN5ADM		790,917		-
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1805MN5MAP		7,245		-
(Total Medical Assistance Program 93.778 \$798,162) Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	2B08TI010027-17		1,320		-
			¢		e.	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$	1,572,492	\$	-

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT D-2 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Numbers	Expenditures		Passed Through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources Boating Safety Financial Assistance Boating Safety Financial Assistance (Total Boating Safety Financial Assistance 97.012 \$10,860)	97.012 97.012	HUBBARD FBE-081318 HUBBARD FBP-101618	\$	4,485 6,375	\$	- -
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Hazard Mitigation Grant Emergency Management Performance Grants Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security Total Federal Awards	97.039 97.042	F-HMGP-DR4182-HUBBARCO F-EMPG-2018-HUBBARCO	\$ \$	620,168 21,608 652,636 5,368,225	\$ \$	620,168 - 620,168 620,168
Totals by Cluster Total expenditures for SNAP Cluster Total expenditures for Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Total expenditures for Highway Safety Cluster Total expenditures for TANF Cluster Total expenditures for CCDF Cluster Total expenditures for Medicaid Cluster			\$	193,735 2,435,356 4,057 210,533 10,148 798,162		

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Hubbard County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the basic financial statements. The schedule does not include \$30,500 in federal awards expended by the Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority component unit, which was audited by other auditors.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Hubbard County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2018. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Hubbard County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Hubbard County.

3. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Hubbard County has elected to not use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. <u>Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue</u>

Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue Grants received more than 60 days after year-end, considered unavailable revenue in 2018	\$	4,532,912
Highway Planning and Construction (CFDA No. 20.205)		108,099
Promoting Safe and Stable Families (CFDA No. 93.556)		2,742
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (CFDA No. 93.558)		66,959
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants (CFDA No. 93.590)		781
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program (CFDA No. 93.645)		1,899
Hazard Mitigation Grant (CFDA No. 97.039)		416,363
Unavailable revenue in 2017, recognized as revenue in 2018		
Formula Grants for Rural Areas (CFDA No. 20.509)		(23,850)
Promoting Safe and Stable Families (CFDA No. 93.556)		(2,124)
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (CFDA No. 93.558)		(66,923)
Child Support Enforcement (CFDA No. 93.563)		(11,700)
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants (CFDA No. 93.590)		(4,723)
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program (CFDA No. 93.645)		(1,953)
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program (CFDA No. 93.674)		(257)
Noncash Assistance		
Law Enforcement Support Office Program (CFDA No. 12.U01)		350,000
Expenditures per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	5,368,225

Management and Compliance Section This page was left blank intentionally.



STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Hubbard County Park Rapids, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hubbard County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, including the Heritage Community Enterprise Fund as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Heritage Living Center, Manor, and Cottages, included in the Heritage Community Enterprise Fund, and the Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hubbard County's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

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Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we did identify a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness and a deficiency that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2015-002 to be a material weakness and item 2007-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hubbard County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested in connection with the audit of the County's financial statements: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for tax increment financing because the County administers no tax increment financing districts.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Hubbard County failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*, except as described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2015-012.

However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

Hubbard County's Response to Findings

Hubbard County's responses to the internal control and legal compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the Corrective Action Plan. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha

/s/Greg Hierlinger

JULIE BLAHA STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 23, 2019

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STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Hubbard County Park Rapids, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hubbard County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2018. Hubbard County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Hubbard County's basic financial statements include the operations of the Hubbard County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) component unit, which expended \$30,500 in federal awards during the year ended December 31, 2018, which are not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Hubbard County HRA because the HRA was audited by other auditors.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hubbard County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

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Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hubbard County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hubbard County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2015-007 and 2015-010. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Hubbard County's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Hubbard County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over

compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2015-007 and 2015-010, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Hubbard County's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha

JULIE BLAHA STATE AUDITOR /s/Greg Hierlinger

September 23, 2019

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR This page was left blank intentionally.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: **Unmodified.**

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? Yes
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? No
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the major federal program: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes

The major federal programs are:

Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	CFDA No. 20.205
Medicaid Cluster	CFDA No. 93.778
Hazard Mitigation Grant	CFDA No. 97.039

The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$750,000.

Hubbard County qualified as a low-risk auditee? No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS NOT RESOLVED

Finding Number 2007-001

Documenting and Monitoring Internal Controls

Criteria: County management is responsible for developing and monitoring its internal controls. This responsibility requires performing a risk assessment of existing controls over significant functions of the accounting system used to produce financial information for members of the County Board, management, and for external financial reporting. The risk assessment is intended to determine if the internal controls established by management are still effective or if changes are needed to maintain a sound internal control structure. Changes may be necessary due to such things as organizational restructuring, updates to information systems, or changes to services being provided.

Condition: The County has documented policies over significant functions and controls; however, there are no formal risk assessment and monitoring procedures in place to determine if the internal controls established by County management are still effective or if changes are needed to maintain a sound internal control structure.

Context: While internal controls may be established, it is not uncommon in operations the size of Hubbard County to fail to periodically review those controls. Monitoring of internal controls is necessary to ensure they are in place, appropriate, and operating effectively.

Effect: Changes may have taken place that reduce or negate the effectiveness of internal controls, which may go unnoticed without formal risk assessment and monitoring procedures in place.

Cause: Due to limited time and resources, the County has been unable to establish a formal process for assessing risk and monitoring controls.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Recommendation: We recommend that a formal plan be developed to assess risk and monitor the significant internal controls on a regular basis, no less than annually. The monitoring should be documented to show the results of the review, changes required, and who performed the work.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

Finding Number 2015-002

Audit Adjustments

Criteria: A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis. Auditing standards define a material weakness as a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Condition: Material audit adjustments were identified that resulted in significant changes to the County's financial statements.

Context: The inability to detect material misstatements in the financial statements increases the likelihood that the financial statements would not be fairly presented. The adjustments were found in the audit; however, independent external auditors cannot be considered part of the County's internal control.

Effect: The following audit adjustments were reviewed and approved by management and are reflected in the financial statements:

- The General Fund required an adjustment of \$650,573 to reduce revenue and increase unavailable revenue for receivables not received within the 60-day accrual period.
- The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund required an adjustment of \$1,687,825 to record the receivable and unavailable revenue relating to highway allotment activity.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

- The Forfeited Tax Sale Special Revenue Fund required an adjustment to decrease unavailable revenue by \$287,195, decrease land and timber sales revenue by \$121,054, and increase transfers out activity by \$408,249 for activity that belong to other taxing districts and will not be County resources.
- The Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund required adjustments to increase liabilities and expenditures by \$161,710 and increase assets and unavailable revenue by \$393,428 for activity related to the transfer station project.
- The Heritage Center Project Enterprise Fund required an adjustment to remove October through December 2018 general ledger activity for the September 30, 2018, reporting period. This included reducing expenses by \$290,620, reducing revenues by \$136,552, and increasing assets by \$154,068.

Cause: This activity was overlooked when financial statement information was prepared.

Recommendation: We recommend County staff implement procedures over financial reporting that include review of balances, disclosures, and supporting documentation by a qualified individual to ensure the information is complete and accurate, and the County's financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS NOT RESOLVED

Finding Number 2015-007

<u>Eligibility</u>

Program: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Medical Assistance Program (CFDA No. 93.778), Award No. 1805MN5ADM, 2018

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Department of Human Services

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Criteria: Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.303 states that the auditee must establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing the federal award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award.

Condition: The Minnesota Department of Human Services (DHS) maintains the computer system, MAXIS, which is used by the County to support the eligibility determination process. In the case files reviewed for eligibility, not all documentation was available or updated in MAXIS to support participant eligibility. In a sample of 40 cases tested:

- For two case files, the asset information in MAXIS did not match the supporting documentation provided by the participant.
- For five case files, the program application was not date stamped by the County to record the receipt date of the form.

Questioned Costs: Not applicable. The County administers the program, but benefits to participants in this program are paid by the State of Minnesota.

Context: The State of Minnesota contracts with the County to perform the "intake function" (meeting with the social services client to determine income and categorical eligibility), while the DHS maintains MAXIS, which supports the eligibility determination process and actually pays the benefits to the participants.

The sample size was based on guidance from chapter 11 of the AICPA Audit Guide, *Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits*.

Effect: The lack of updated information in MAXIS and verification of eligibility-determining factors increases the risk that a program participant will receive benefits when they are not eligible.

Cause: Program personnel entering case information into MAXIS did not ensure all required information was input or updated correctly.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Recommendation: We recommend the County implement additional review procedures to provide reasonable assurance that all necessary documentation to support eligibility determinations exists and is properly input or updated in MAXIS and issues are followed up on in a timely manner. In addition, consideration should be given to providing additional training to program personnel.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

Finding Number 2015-010

Procurement, Suspension, and Debarment

Program: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Medical Assistance Program (CFDA No. 93.778), Award No. 1805MN5ADM, 2018

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Department of Human Services

Criteria: Non-federal entities must follow federal guidance over verifying debarment, suspension, and exclusions as provided in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* §§ 180.300, 200.213, and 200.318(h) when entering into covered transactions.

Condition: For the two covered transactions tested for compliance with federal regulations, procedures were not performed to determine whether the vendor was debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from participation in federal assistance programs or activities.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context: For the purpose of our testing, in accordance with Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 180.220, covered transactions were identified as procurement transactions in excess of \$25,000.

The sample size was based on guidance from chapter 11 of the AICPA Audit Guide, *Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits*.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with federal regulations.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Cause: The County indicated that policies and procedures had not been fully implemented to ensure compliance with this requirement.

Recommendation: For covered transactions, we recommend the County document verification that vendors are not debarred or suspended or that other exclusions apply prior to entering into a contract.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

Finding Number 2015-012

Bylaws of the Heritage Living Center Board

Criteria: The Heritage Living Center Board was established under Minn. Stat. §§ 376.55 through 376.60. Minnesota Statutes, section 376.58, subdivision 1, states, "The county board of any county establishing a county nursing home and facility for supportive services may designate any board under the jurisdiction and control of the county board to supervise the nursing home and facility, and that board shall constitute the nursing home's administrative board for that county."

Condition: In 2007, the bylaws of the Heritage Living Center Board were amended to remove the County Board's jurisdiction and control over the Heritage Living Center Board.

Context: Under the current bylaws, Hubbard County does not have jurisdiction and control over the Heritage Living Center Board, as required by the state statutes.

Effect: Noncompliance with the "under the jurisdiction and control" of the County Board requirement of Minn. Stat. § 376.58, subd. 1.

Cause: The County Board approved amendments to the bylaws of the Heritage Living Center Board that they did not realize were not in compliance with state statutes.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Recommendation: We recommend the Heritage Living Center Board bylaws be amended to recognize the jurisdiction and control of the County Board over the Heritage Living Center Board.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

V. PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS RESOLVED

1996-002 Segregation of Duties 2016-002 Report Submission



Hubbard County

301 Court Avenue Park Rapids, MN 56470

Phone: 218.732.2310 Fax: 218.732.2318

REPRESENTATION OF HUBBARD COUNTY PARK RAPIDS, MINNESOTA

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Finding Number: 2007-001 Finding Title: Documenting and Monitoring Internal Controls

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Kay Rave, Hubbard County Auditor/Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

Department heads meet periodically to discuss and monitor internal controls; we revise procedures and/or re-assign duties as we find improvements. It is our goal to document internal controls and share with all department heads for consistency across departments.

Anticipated Completion Date:

This is an ongoing task with no completion date.

Finding Number: 2015-002 Finding Title: Audit Adjustments

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

All County Department Managers

Corrective Action Planned:

County staff will implement procedures over financial reporting that include review of balances, disclosures, and supporting documentation by a qualified individual to ensure the information is complete and accurate so the County's financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with GAAP. Page 148

Anticipated Completion Date:

2019

Finding Number: 2015-007 Finding Title: Eligibility Program: Medical Assistance Program (CFDA No. 93.778)

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Social Services Director

Corrective Action Planned:

The County has implemented additional review procedures to provide reasonable assurance that all necessary documentation to support eligibility determinations exists and is properly input or updated in MAXIS and issues will be followed up on in a timely manner. The County has also implemented supervisor reviews and peer reviews. The County also provided additional training to the Eligibility workers that work in this area.

Anticipated Completion Date:

2019

Finding Number: 2015-010 Finding Title: Procurement, Suspension, and Debarment Program: Medical Assistance Program (CFDA No. 93.778)

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

All County Department Managers

Corrective Action Planned:

The County verifies vendors are not debarred or suspended or that other exclusions apply. Each Department Manager will document that they checked and the outcome. The County will distribute its micro-purchases among qualified suppliers to the extent practicable.

Anticipated Completion Date:

2019

Finding Number: 2015-012 Finding Title: Bylaws of the Heritage Living Center Board

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

County Board

Corrective Action Planned:

The Hubbard County Board will work with the Heritage Living Center Board to amend the bylaws to recognize jurisdiction and control of the County Board over the Heritage Living Center Board.

Anticipated Completion Date:

2019

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Hubbard County

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REPRESENTATION OF HUBBARD COUNTY PARK RAPIDS, MINNESOTA

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Finding Number: 1996-002 Finding Title: Segregation of Duties

Summary of Condition: The limited number of personnel within several Hubbard County offices results in a lack of segregation of accounting duties necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control. The smaller offices that collect fees generally have one staff person who is responsible for billing, collecting, recording, and depositing receipts, as well as reconciling bank accounts.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: Department heads will meet to discuss internal controls and review of segregation of duties; we will revise procedures and/or re-assign duties as we find improvements.

 Status:
 Fully Corrected. Corrective action was taken.

 Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported?

 Yes
 No

Finding Number: 2007-001 Finding Title: Documenting and Monitoring Internal Control

Summary of Condition: The County has documented policies over significant functions and controls; however, there are no formal risk assessment and monitoring procedures in place to determine if the internal controls established by County management are still effective or if changes are needed to maintain a sound internal control structure.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: Department heads meet periodically to discuss and monitor internal controls; we revise procedures and/or re-assign duties as we find improvements. It is our goal to document internal controls and share with all department heads for consistency across departments.

Status: Not Corrected. We are in the process of reviewing and formalizing our policies and procedures for internal controls and monitoring.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported? Yes $___$ No $__X$

Finding Number: 2015-002 Finding Title: Audit Adjustments

Summary of Condition: Material audit adjustments were identified that resulted in significant changes to the County's financial statements.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: County staff will implement procedures over financial reporting that include review of balances, disclosures, and supporting documentation by a qualified individual to ensure the information is complete and accurate so the County's financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with GAAP.

Status: Not Corrected. Improvements to year end procedures and journal entries will continue to be reviewed to ensure the financial statements are accurate, complete, and fairly represented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported? Yes $__No __X$

Finding Number: 2015-007 Finding Title: Eligibility Program: Medical Assistance Program (CFDA No. 93.778)

Summary of Condition: The Minnesota Department of Human Services (DHS) maintains the computer system, MAXIS, which is used by the County to support the eligibility determination process. In the case files reviewed for eligibility, not all documentation was available or updated in MAXIS to support participant eligibility.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The County has implemented additional review procedures to provide reasonable assurance that all necessary documentation to support eligibility determinations exists and is properly input or updated in MAXIS and issues will be followed up on in a timely manner. The County has also implemented supervisor reviews and peer reviews. The County also provided additional training to the Eligibility workers that work in this area.

Status: Partially Corrected. This was noted in 2018. Once it was noted in the audit, the Corrective Action Plan was implemented at that time. It would be our goal that this will no longer be a finding after 2018. We did review the findings with the Eligibility Worker Staff and we provided training to the personnel that work in this area.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported? Yes _____ No ___X__

Finding Number: 2015-010 Finding Title: Procurement, Suspension, and Debarment Program: Medical Assistance Program (CFDA No. 93.778)

Summary of Condition: Three procurement transactions were tested for compliance with federal regulations, and three instances were noted where the history of the procurement, including selection of the contract, was not documented. In one instance, the County did not have documentation to support that its procurement provided full and open competition. For two items selected for testing, there was no verification performed by the County to determine whether vendors were debarred, suspended, or whether other exclusions existed.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The County will verify vendors are not debarred or suspended or that other exclusions apply. Each Department Manager will keep a log of when they checked and the outcome. The County will distribute its micro-purchases among qualified suppliers to the extent practicable.

Status: Partially Corrected. This finding was noted in 2018. Once it was noted in the audit the Corrective Action Plan was implemented at that time. It would be our goal that this will no longer be a finding after 2018.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported? Yes <u>No X</u>

Finding Number: 2015-012 Finding Title: Bylaws of the Heritage Living Center Board

Summary of Condition: In 2007, the bylaws of the Heritage Living Center Board were amended to remove the County Board's jurisdiction and control over the Heritage Living Center Board.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The Hubbard County Board will work with the Heritage Living Center Board to amend the bylaws to recognize jurisdiction and control of the County Board over the Heritage Living Center Board.

Status: Not Corrected. Due to time constraints, the bylaws did not change during the audit year. The Board and County Attorney are working on an approach to correct the issue.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported? Yes _____ No __X___

Finding Number: 2016-002 Finding Title: Report Submission Programs: Highway Planning and Construction Program (CFDA No. 20.205) and Medical Assistance Program (CFDA No. 93.778)

Summary of Condition: Hubbard County's data collection form and reporting package were not submitted to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse within the required time frame.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: Hubbard County has engaged the OSA to provide audit services, thus ensuring data and reports will be submitted to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse in accordance with the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.512.

Status: Fully Corrected. Corrective action was taken.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported? Yes _____ No ___X___