# STATE OF MINNESOTA

# Office of the State Auditor



**Rebecca Otto State Auditor** 

# ST. LOUIS AND LAKE COUNTIES REGIONAL RAILROAD AUTHORITY EVELETH, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

# **Description of the Office of the State Auditor**

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 150 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

**Government Information** - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

**Legal/Special Investigations** - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

**Pension** - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 650 public pension funds; and

**Tax Increment Financing** - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2016



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



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# ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2016

Board	Representing
Steve Raukar, Chair	St. Louis County
Keith Nelson	St. Louis County
Tom Rukavina	St. Louis County
Frank Jewell, Alternate	St. Louis County
Patrick Boyle, Alternate	St. Louis County
Rick Goutermont, Vice Chair	Lake County
Jeremy Hurd	Lake County
Rich Sve, Alternate	Lake County
Executive Director	

Robert Manzoline







# STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority Eveleth, Minnesota

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of

expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 3, 2017





EXHIBIT 1

#### GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO CONVERT MODIFIED TO FULL ACCRUAL DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 General Fund		Adjustments	G	overnmental Activities
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Current assets					
Cash	\$ 3,873,475	\$	-	\$	3,873,475
Accounts receivable	6,885		-		6,885
Taxes receivable - delinquent	72,245		-		72,245
Due from other governments	1,315,265		-		1,315,265
Prepaid items	3,166,945		-		3,166,945
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets					
Non-depreciable	-		6,101,752		6,101,752
Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation	 -		13,767,962		13,767,962
Total Assets	\$ 8,434,815	\$	19,869,714	\$	28,304,529
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred pension outflows	 		153,128		153,128
<b>Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	\$ 8,434,815	\$	20,022,842	\$	28,457,657
and Fund Balance/Net Position					
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 195,393	\$	-	\$	195,393
Salaries payable	5,652		-		5,652
Due to other governments	5,290		-		5,290
Unearned revenue	26,630		-		26,630
Note payable	5,870,370		-		5,870,370
Noncurrent liabilities			1.10.001		1.10.001
Compensated absences payable	-		148,224		148,224
Net pension liability	 -		332,901	-	332,901
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,103,335	\$	481,125	\$	6,584,460
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue - taxes	\$ 63,965	\$	(63,965)	\$	-
Unavailable revenue - grants	1,232,080		(1,232,080)		-
Deferred pension inflows	 		28,694		28,694
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,296,045	\$	(1,267,351)	\$	28,694

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

#### GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO CONVERT MODIFIED TO FULL ACCRUAL DECEMBER 31, 2016

		General Fund	Adjustments		G	overnmental Activities
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,						
and Fund Balance/Net Position						
(Continued)						
Fund Balance						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items	\$	3,166,945	\$	(3,166,945)		
Restricted	Ф	3,100,943	Ф	(3,100,943)		
Note payable		2,664,376		(2 664 276)		
Unassigned		(4,795,886)		(2,664,376) 4,795,886		
Onassigned		(4,793,880)	-	4,793,880		
Total Fund Balance	\$	1,035,435	\$	(1,035,435)		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets			\$	13,999,344	\$	13,999,344
Restricted				- , ,-		- , ,-
Note payable				2,664,376		2,664,376
Unrestricted				5,180,783		5,180,783
				, ,		, ,
Total Net Position			\$	21,844,503	\$	21,844,503
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,						
and Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	8,434,815	\$	20,022,842	\$	28,457,657
Reconciliation of the General Fund Balance to Net Position Fund Balance - General Fund					\$	1,035,435
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in govern not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the G						19,869,714
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension obligations are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the General Fund.						153,128
Deferred inflows of resources resulting from pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the General Fund.						(28,694)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the Company of						1,296,045
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current per are not reported in the General Fund.	iod and, tl	nerefore,				
Compensated absences payable			\$	(148,224)		
Net pension liability				(332,901)		(481,125)
			•		_	
Net Position - Governmental Activities					\$	21,844,503

EXHIBIT 2

# GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO CONVERT MODIFIED TO FULL ACCRUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	General Fund		A	Adjustments	Governmental Activities	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	1,247,486	\$	(5,865)	\$	1,241,621
Intergovernmental		4,052,168		(159,447)		3,892,721
Charges for services		3,520		-		3,520
Miscellaneous		412,830		-		412,830
Total Revenues	\$	5,716,004	\$	(165,312)	\$	5,550,692
Expenditures/Expenses						
Current						
Economic development						
Administration	\$	1,709,765	\$	4,904	\$	1,714,669
Depreciation		-		311,923		311,923
Capital outlay		3,541,073		(3,541,073)		
Total Expenditures/Expenses	\$	5,250,838	\$	(3,224,246)	\$	2,026,592
Net Change in Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	465,166	\$	3,058,934	\$	3,524,100
Fund Balance/Net Position - January 1		570,269		17,750,134		18,320,403
Fund Balance/Net Position - December 31	\$	1,035,435	\$	20,809,068	\$	21,844,503

EXHIBIT 2 (Continued)

# GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO CONVERT MODIFIED TO FULL ACCRUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Reconciliation of the Statement of General Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities of Governmental Activities

Activities Net Change in Fund Balance		\$ 465,166
In the General Fund, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditures are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenues between the General Fund and the governmental activities is the increase or decrease in unavailable revenue.		
Unavailable revenue - December 31	\$ 1,296,045	
Unavailable revenue - January 1	 (1,462,668)	(166,623)
The General Fund reports capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, in the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of assets is reported; whereas, in the General Fund, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Therefore, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the assets sold.		
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure	\$ 3,541,073	
Current year depreciation	 (311,923)	3,229,150
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the General Fund.		
Changes in compensated absences	\$ 27,809	
Change in net pension liability	(141,148)	
Change in deferred outflows of resources	125,249	(2.502)
Change in deferred inflows of resources	 (15,503)	 (3,593)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 3,524,100

EXHIBIT 3

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>				Actual		V	Variance with	
		Original		Final	Amounts		F	Final Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	1,465,550	\$	1,465,550	\$	1,247,486	\$	(218,064)	
Intergovernmental									
Federal									
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11	\$	11	
State									
Legislative Commission on Minnesota									
Resources		935,796		28,697		_		(28,697)	
Department of Employment and Economic									
Development		_		5,977,078		2,664,376		(3,312,702)	
Department of Natural Resources		763,366		1,130,689		1,007,745		(122,944)	
Market value credit		-		-		1,535		1,535	
Taconite credit		_		_		48,318		48,318	
State PERA						1,937		1,937	
State 30% rental		_		_		1,937		1,937	
		-		-		-			
Disparity reduction credit		-		-		47,304		47,304	
Local		06.405		71.000		205.025		124.027	
Other local grants		96,425		71,000		205,937		134,937	
Reimbursement for administrative services									
Minneapolis-Duluth/Superior Passenger									
Rail Alliance		75,000		75,000		75,000		-	
Total intergovernmental	\$	1,870,587	\$	7,282,464	\$	4,052,168	\$	(3,230,296)	
Charges for services	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	3,520	\$	(480)	
Miscellaneous	\$	54,800	\$	226,925	\$	412,830	\$	185,905	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	3,394,937	\$	8,978,939	\$	5,716,004	\$	(3,262,935)	
Expenditures									
Current									
Economic development	\$	1,534,275	\$	1,909,915	\$	1,709,765	\$	200,150	
Capital outlay	φ	1,956,412	φ	7,324,823	Φ	3,541,073	Ψ	3,783,750	
Сарнагоннау		1,930,412		7,324,623		3,341,073		3,763,730	
Total Expenditures	\$	3,490,687	\$	9,234,738	\$	5,250,838	\$	3,983,900	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(95,750)	\$	(255,799)	\$	465,166	\$	720,965	
Fund Balance - January 1		570,269		570,269		570,269			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	474,519	\$	314,470	\$	1,035,435	\$	720,965	



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority are discussed below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority was established July 14, 1986, under the Regional Railroad Authorities Act, Minn. Stat. §§ 398A.01 to 398A.09. It is governed by a Board composed of three members from the St. Louis County Board of Commissioners and two members from the Lake County Board of Commissioners. Both counties also appoint an alternate member. Its purpose is to operate a scenic tourist excursion railway in Northeastern Minnesota and create a paved multi-purpose trail along abandoned rail lines, where possible, which will enable users to access one community from another. The Board is organized with a chair, vice chair, and secretary-treasurer elected each year.

St. Louis County, as fiscal agent, reports the transactions of the Authority in an agency fund on its annual financial statements.

#### B. Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements include information on the Authority's activities as a whole and information on the individual fund of the Authority. These separate presentations are reported in different columns on Exhibits 1 and 2. Each of the exhibits starts with a column of information based on activities of the General Fund and reconciles it to a column that reports the "governmental activities" of the Authority as a whole.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The governmental activities columns are reported on the full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Authority's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the expenses of the Authority are offset by revenues.

The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting and report current financial resources.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The governmental activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. The Authority considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Charges for services and interest are considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases, if any, are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Authority adopts estimated revenue and expenditure budgets for the General Fund on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The budget can be amended during the year by the Authority's Board.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

#### 1. Cash

The Authority's available cash balances are pooled and invested by St. Louis County in accordance with Minnesota statutes. Additional disclosures defining cash and pooled investments can be found in the St. Louis County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### 2. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable consist of uncollected taxes payable in the years 2010 to 2016. Taxes receivable are offset by unavailable revenue for the amount not collected within 60 days of December 31 to indicate they are not available to pay current expenditures. No provision has been made for an estimated uncollectible amount.

#### 3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (for example, paved trails, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

#### 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	20 - 40
Buildings	15 - 40
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	3 - 15

#### 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. Currently, the Authority has one item, deferred pension outflows, that qualifies for reporting in this category. These outflows arise only under the accrual basis of accounting and consist of pension plan contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date, changes in actuarial assumptions, changes in proportionate share, and also the differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority has two types of items, unavailable revenue and deferred pension inflows, that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts became available. Deferred

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

#### 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

pension inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of differences between expected and actual pension plan economic experience and pension plan changes in proportionate share and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

#### 6. Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value.

#### 7. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds and government-wide financial statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

#### 8. Classification of Net Position

Net position in government-wide financial statements is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> - the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

#### 8. Classification of Net Position (Continued)

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

#### 9. Classification of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Authority is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the General Fund. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Authority's Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of actions (resolution) it employed to previously commit these amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts the Authority's Board intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board.

<u>Unassigned</u> - the residual classification for the General Fund; it includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications.

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

#### 9. Classification of Fund Balances (Continued)

The Authority applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### 10. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources; and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. Detailed Notes

#### A. Assets

#### 1. <u>Deposits</u>

The Authority is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to deposit its cash and to invest in certificates of deposit in financial institutions designated by the St. Louis County Board of Commissioners and the Authority's Board. Minnesota statutes require that all Authority deposits be covered by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The Authority may invest in the types of securities authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04-.05.

The Authority deposits all its cash with its fiscal agent, St. Louis County. Additional disclosures are included in the St. Louis County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### 2. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 2. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2016, for the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority's governmental activities are as follows:

Accounts	\$ 6,885
Taxes receivable	72,245
Due from other governments	1,315,265
Total Receivables	\$ 1,394,395

# 3. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

In 2016, the Authority paid \$5,827,636 to the Minnesota Department of Transportation to fund its portion of the relocation of a section of the Mesabi Trail between Eveleth and Virginia as part of the State Highway 53 Relocation Project. As of December 31, 2016, \$2,664,376 of construction work on the Mesabi Trail has been certified to date. The \$3,163,260 difference between the amount paid to the Minnesota Department of Transportation and the certified work completed as of December 31, 2016, is included in prepaid items.

#### 4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Increase Decrease		E		Ending Balance	
Capital assets not depreciated							
Land	\$ 168,661	\$	73,650	\$ -	\$	242,311	
Construction in progress	 4,731,046		3,433,877	 2,305,482		5,859,441	
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 4,899,707	\$	3,507,527	\$ 2,305,482	\$	6,101,752	
Capital assets depreciated							
Infrastructure	\$ 12,440,089	\$	2,235,782	\$ -	\$	14,675,871	
Buildings	2,532,008		69,700	-		2,601,708	
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	 183,793		33,546	 -		217,339	
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 15,155,890	\$	2,339,028	\$ 	\$	17,494,918	

# 2. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

#### A. Assets

# 4. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

	Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance	
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Infrastructure	\$	3,287,879	\$	248,071	\$	-	\$	3,535,950
Buildings		40,950		53,370		-		94,320
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		86,204		10,482				96,686
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	3,415,033	\$	311,923	\$		\$	3,726,956
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	11,740,857	\$	2,027,105	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	13,767,962
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	16,640,564	\$	5,534,632	\$ 2	,305,482	\$	19,869,714

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities Economic development

\$ 311,923

#### B. Liabilities

#### 1. <u>Payables</u>

Payables at December 31, 2016, for the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority's governmental activities are as follows:

Accounts	\$ 195,393
Salaries	5,652
Due to other governments	 5,290
Total Payables	\$ 206,335

#### 2. Detailed Notes

#### B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

#### 2. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term compensated absences payable for the year ended December 31, 2016:

Payable - January 1 Net increase (decrease)	\$ 176,033 (27,809)
Payable - December 31	\$ 148,224

Under the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority's labor agreements, its employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Vacation leave accrual is 5 to 20 days per year. Sick leave accrual is 13 to 16.25 days per year.

Unused, accumulated vacation is paid to employees upon termination. Vested sick leave is paid to employees at retirement or is used for the payment of employees' health insurance coverage during their retirement. The vested sick leave and unvested sick leave likely to become vested (vesting sick leave) are estimated using the vesting method prescribed by GASB Statement 16. Both vested and vesting amounts are recognized in the government-wide financial statements as liabilities, but not in the governmental fund.

#### 2. Detailed Notes

#### B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

#### 3. Note Payable

On March 2, 2016, the Board of Commissioners of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority approved an agreement with U.S. Bank to obtain a \$5,870,370 Grant Anticipation Note, Series 2016, pursuant to the Regional Railroad Authorities Act, Minn. Stat. §§ 398A.01 to 398A.10, as amended. The proceeds from the grant anticipation note were used to pay the cost of land acquisition, predesign, design, construction, and furnishing and equipping trails to handle bicycles, pedestrians, snowmobiles, and ATVs, along or within six miles of the relocated U.S. Highway 53 in Fayal Township and the cities of Virginia, Eveleth, and Gilbert. The loan will be repaid through a grant from the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development through the proceeds of general obligation bonds issued by the State of Minnesota. The grant anticipation note was issued on March 23, 2016, and matures on September 23, 2018. The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2016, is \$5,870,370.

#### 3. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### A. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority are covered by a defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Plan, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The General Employees Retirement Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund) has multiple benefit structures with members belonging to the Coordinated Plan, the Basic Plan, or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was closed to new members during 1978 and merged into the General Employees Retirement Plan in 2015. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after five years of credited service.

#### 3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

#### B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can be modified only by the state legislature. Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.0 percent post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio reaches 90 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to 2.5 percent. If, after reverting to a 2.5 percent benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than 80 percent for one year or less than 85 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to 1.0 percent.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraph of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Employees Retirement Plan Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members have an annuity accrual rate of 2.0 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.5 percent for each remaining year.

For General Employees Retirement Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based on years of service and average high-five salary.

#### 3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

#### C. Contributions

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. General Employees Retirement Plan Basic members, Coordinated members, and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members were required to contribute 9.10 percent, 6.50 percent, and 9.75 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2016.

In 2016, the Authority was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered salary:

General Employees Retirement Plan	
Basic Plan members	11.78%
Coordinated Plan members	7.50
Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members	9.75

The employee and employer contribution rates did not change from the previous year.

The Authority's contributions for the General Employees Retirement Plan for the year ended December 31, 2016, were \$19,775. The contributions are equal to the contractually required contributions as set by state statute.

#### D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2016, the Authority reported a liability of \$332,900 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2016, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the Authority's proportion was 0.0041 percent. It was 0.0037 percent measured as of June 30, 2015. The Authority recognized pension expense of \$52,488 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Plan's pension expense.

#### 3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

#### D. Pension Costs (Continued)

The Authority also recognized \$1,311 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution to the General Employees Retirement Plan, which qualifies as a special funding situation. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$6 million to the General Employees Retirement Plan each year, starting September 15, 2015, through September 15, 2031.

Total	\$ 337,296
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Authority	 4,395
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 332,901

The Authority reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
		<del>.</del>			
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$	-	\$	26,346	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		65,182		-	
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings		61,714		-	
Changes in proportion		15,548		2,348	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to					
the measurement date		10,684	-		
Total	\$	153,128	\$	28,694	

#### 3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

### D. Pension Costs (Continued)

A total of \$10,684 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension					
Year Ended	Expense					
December 31	Amount					
2017	\$	32,442				
2018		32,442				
2019		36,839				
2020		12,027				

# E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following additional actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50 percent per year
Active member payroll growth	3.25 percent per year
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants in the General Employees Retirement Plan were based on RP-2014 tables. The cost of living benefit increases for retirees is assumed to be 1.0 percent.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in the General Employees Retirement Plan was for the period 2008 through 2015.

#### 3. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
5.50%			
6.00			
1.45			
6.40			
0.50			
١			

# F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent in 2016, a reduction of the 7.90 percent used in 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Retirement Plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# 3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

# G. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2016:

# General Employees Retirement Plan

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was also changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

#### H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.0 percentage point lower or 1.0 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Proportionate Share of the				
Genera	General Employees			
Retirement Plan				
Discount	Ne	Net Pension		
Rate	I	Liability		
6.50%	\$	472,816		
7.50	332,900			
1% Increase 8.50				
	Genera Retire Discount Rate 6.50% 7.50	General Emploration Retirement P Discount Net Rate I  6.50% \$ 7.50		

### 3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

### I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

### 4. Risk Management

The St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The Authority maintains commercial insurance policies to address these risks of loss, either by purchasing the policies directly from commercial insurers or by contractual commitments from third parties to name the Authority as an additional insured on policies of commercial liability insurance maintained by the contracting parties. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. There were no settlements in excess of insurance for any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 5. Related Organization

#### Minneapolis-Duluth/Superior Passenger Rail Alliance

The St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority, along with several other governmental entities, formed the Minneapolis-Duluth/Superior Passenger Rail Alliance on February 1, 2008, under a Joint Powers Agreement in accordance with Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59, 398A.04, and 398A.06. Its purpose is to collaboratively discuss, study, plan for, promote, and facilitate the development of intercity passenger rail transportation between the Twin Cities Metropolitan and Twin Ports areas. The Alliance is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors composed of one elected official selected by each party represented in the Alliance. Each member of the Alliance contributes funds to the Alliance for use in funding its operations. The Authority contributed \$20,250 to the Alliance in 2016.

# 5. Related Organization

Minneapolis-Duluth/Superior Passenger Rail Alliance (Continued)

The Minneapolis-Duluth/Superior Passenger Rail Alliance does not have any employees of its own. The St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority contracted with the Alliance to administer its day-to-day activities. In return for services provided, the Alliance reimbursed the Authority \$75,000 in 2016.

#### 6. <u>Construction Commitments</u>

At December 31, 2016, the Authority had construction commitments as follows:

	 Authorized Amount	xpended to Date	Commitments		
Mesabi Trail - Soudan to Vermillion	\$ 512,000	\$ 141,257	\$	370,743	
Mesabi Trail - Soudan to Ely	1,000,000	92,901		907,099	
Mesabi Trail - Soudan to Hwy. 1/169					
Overpass	1,000,000	89,948		910,052	
Mesabi Trail - Hwy. 135 to Embarrass	1,200,000	44,878		1,155,122	
Total	\$ 3,712,000	\$ 368,984	\$	3,343,016	







EXHIBIT A-1

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2016

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pro Sh No	mployer's portionate hare of the et Pension Liability (Asset)	S N With and I Regi	State's roportionate hare of the let Pension Liability Associated a the St. Louis Lake Counties onal Railroad Authority (b)	Pr Si N Li t	Employer's opertionate hare of the let Pension iability and the State's Related hare of the let Pension Liability (Asset) (a + b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
				Φ.	. , ,	ф.				
2016 2015	0.0041% 0.0037	\$	332,901 191,753	\$	4,395 N/A	\$	337,296 191,753	\$ 250,907 215,797	132.68% 88.86	68.91% 78.19

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

N/A - Not Applicable

EXHIBIT A-2

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2016

Year Ending	R	atutorily equired itributions (a)	Con in F St R	Actual tributions Relation to atutorily tequired atributions (b)	 ontribution Deficiency) Excess (b - a)	Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2016	\$	19,775	\$	19,775	\$ _	\$ 263,667	7.50%
2015		18,508		18,508	-	246,773	7.50

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The Authority's year-end is December 31.

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

<u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions</u>

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the year ended June 30, 2016:

#### General Employees Retirement Plan

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was also changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.







# STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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# COMMUNICATION OF SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND/OR MATERIAL WEAKNESSES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND OTHER MATTERS

Board of Commissioners St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority Eveleth, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2017.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority's basic financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency listed in the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations as item 2015-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in the Authority's internal control, identified as items 2003-001 and 2011-002 in the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations, to be significant deficiencies.

#### Other Matters

The St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority's written responses to the internal control findings identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations. We did not audit the Authority's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of Board of Commissioners, management, and others within the Authority, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 3, 2017



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Board of Commissioners St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority Eveleth, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2017.

The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for tax increment financing because the Authority administers no tax increment financing districts. The provisions for deposits and investments and claims and disbursements were tested in conjunction with our audit of St. Louis County, the fiscal agent for the Authority.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Authority's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners and management of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority and the State Auditor, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 3, 2017



# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

#### PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS NOT RESOLVED

Finding Number 2003-001

#### Internal Control/Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. This responsibility includes the internal control over the various accounting cycles, the fair presentation of the financial statements and related notes, and the accuracy and completeness of all financial records and related information. Also, management is responsible for controls over the period-end financial reporting process, including controls over procedures used to enter transaction totals into the general ledger; initiate, authorize, record, and process journal entries into the general ledger; and record recurring and nonrecurring adjustments to the financial statements. Adequate segregation of duties is a key internal control in an organization's accounting system and in meeting management's financial reporting responsibilities.

**Condition:** The limited number of staff results in a lack of segregation of accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control.

**Context:** It is not unusual for an organization the size of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority to be limited in the segregation of non-compatible duties.

**Effect:** Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the Authority's ability to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements in a timely manner by personnel in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Cause: The size and structure of the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority limits the internal control that management can design and implement.

**Recommendation:** Management should be aware that segregation of duties is not adequate from an internal control point of view. We recommend the Board of Commissioners be mindful that limited staffing causes inherent risks in safeguarding the Authority's assets and the proper reporting of its financial activity. We recommend the Board of Commissioners continue to implement oversight procedures and monitor those procedures to determine if they are still effective internal controls.

#### Client's Response:

It is known and understood that the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority (RRA) has limited staff to oversee and monitor operations of the RRA.

Inadequate segregation of duties and limited staff will continue to be a weakness with the RRA internal controls until such time the RRA elects to hire additional staff or independent auditing services.

This condition will be reviewed with the RRA Board Chair and brought to the RRA Board's attention when the year 2016 Annual Audit Report is presented and reviewed.

The RRA Board has and will continue to review monthly expense and budget reports at their monthly board meetings.

Finding Number 2011-002

### Fund Balance Reporting

**Criteria:** Governments are required to classify and report amounts in the appropriate fund balance classifications by applying their accounting policies that determine whether restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts are considered to have been spent.

**Condition:** In 2016, the Authority entered into an agreement for a \$5,870,370 grant anticipation note to fund its share of the Mesabi Trail-Highway 53 relocation project. The loan agreement for the grant anticipation note requires that it be repaid with the proceeds of a grant from the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development.

**Context:** Board actions and financial activity affecting fund balance must be accurately reported in a timely manner to the Authority's fiscal agent, St. Louis County, to be correctly reported in the Authority's general ledger.

**Effect:** Reclassifications of fund balance were required to adjust restricted and unassigned fund balance to reflect that proceeds of the grant from the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development are restricted for the repayment of the grant anticipation note.

**Cause:** Changes in fund balance were not properly communicated to the Authority's fiscal agent, and the Authority's internal controls did not detect the omission.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the Authority develop procedures to ensure that financial transactions affecting fund balance are properly classified in the Authority's general ledger. We also recommend that the Authority review the account balances in its general ledger periodically to ensure the fiscal agent has properly recorded all financial activity to date.

# Client's Response:

RRA will periodically review transactions affecting fund balances with RRA's fiscal agent and general ledger classifications. The fiscal agent, Saint Louis County, will provide management with a form in order to request fund balance entries when they are approved by the board. This will be sent to St. Louis County so that fund balance is kept up to date.

Finding Number 2015-001

### Audit Adjustment

Criteria: A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis. Auditing standards define a material weakness as a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

**Condition:** During our audit, we identified a material audit adjustment that resulted in a change to the Authority's financial statements. The adjustment was reviewed and approved by the appropriate staff and is reflected in the financial statements.

**Context:** The inability to detect misstatements in the financial statements increases the likelihood that the financial statements would not be fairly presented. The adjustment was found during the audit; however, independent external auditors cannot be considered part of the Authority's internal control.

**Effect:** In the General Fund, due from other governments, deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenue, and capital outlays were decreased by \$3,163,260 and prepaid items was increased by \$3,163,260 to adjust the Authority's accounting records to reflect actual capital expenditures on the Mesabi Trail-Highway 53 relocation project through December 31, 2016, and the advance payment of the project costs to the Minnesota Department of Transportation.

**Cause:** The Minnesota Department of Transportation is administering the Mesabi Trail-Highway 53 relocation project, and that required the Authority to pay its share of the project in advance. Normally, for this type of project, the Authority pays its contractors as work is completed. From an accounting perspective, this is an unusual transaction for the Authority.

**Recommendation:** For capital projects administered by another governmental entity which requires the Authority to contribute its share of the project up front, we recommend that the Authority review its accounting records at year-end to ensure that they reflect actual work completed on the Authority's capital projects.

# Client's Response:

RRA and RRA's fiscal agent will meet minimally in March and September of each year to review changes, additions or deletions to the RRA capital assets for correct recording within the Mitchell Humphrey System. The fiscal agent, Saint Louis County, has taken steps over the past year for more accurate and timely recording within the Mitchell Humphrey System.