STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

BROWN-NICOLLET COMMUNITY HEALTH SERVICES ST. PETER, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 150 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 700 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2014



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



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ORGANIZATION 2014

Office	Name
Board Members	
Brown County Commissioners	
Member	James Berg
Vice Chair	Scott Windschitl
Treasurer	Andrew Lochner
Member	Dennis Potter
Member	Richard Seeboth
Nicollet County Commissioners	
Chair	Bruce Beatty
Member	Dave Haack
Member	Marie Dranttel
Member	Jack Kolars
Clerk	James Stenson
Fiscal Administrator	Lisa Stadler
Management Team	
Co-Director	Karen Swenson
	Environmental Director
Co-Director	Karen Moritz
	Brown County Nursing Director
Co-Director	Mary Hildebrandt
	Nicollet County Nursing Director







STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Health Services Board Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services St. Peter, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Health Services' basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control

relevant to the Health Services' preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Services' internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons of the General Fund and the Water Quality Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2015, on our consideration of Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial

reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 12, 2015







MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Unaudited)

Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services' Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the Health Services' financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On December 31, 2014, our total assets were \$984,975, and our total liabilities were \$241,811. We showed a net position of \$743,164, of which \$325,748 is invested in capital assets.
- Our income is mainly state and federal grants, fees from our licensing program, and rental income.
- We have no debt or obligations to citizens or creditors.
- Long-term liabilities are for compensated absences.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund level financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The MD&A (this section) is required to accompany the basic financial statements and, therefore, is included as required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Health Services' finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Health Services' assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Health Services is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Health Services' net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Health Services that are principally supported by fees and grants. The activities of the Health Services include environmental health and public health. There are no business-type activities within the Health Services.

Fund Financial Statements

These statements provide detailed information about the individual funds of Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services--not the Health Services as a whole. The Health Services reports two funds--the General Fund and the Water Quality Special Revenue Fund--both of which are considered governmental funds. At the end of 2014, the Water Quality Special Revenue Fund was closed, with all remaining funds being transferred to the General Fund.

The focus of governmental fund presentation is how money flows into and out of the funds and balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental funds use the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Health Services' operations and the basic services it provides. Fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Health Services' programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between the funds and governmental activities in reconciliations on Exhibits 4 and 6.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found directly after Exhibit 8.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Activities

Net position may, over time, be a useful indicator of the government's financial position. In the case of the Health Services, assets exceeded liabilities by \$743,164.

Table 1 Governmental Net Position

	 2014		2013
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 659,227	\$	629,209
Capital assets	 325,748	-	310,496
Total Assets	\$ 984,975	\$	939,705
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	\$ 208,669	\$	182,656
Long-term liabilities	 33,142		24,292
Total Liabilities	\$ 241,811	\$	206,948
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets	\$ 325,748	\$	310,496
Restricted for health	31,645		5,757
Unrestricted	 385,771		416,504
Total Net Position	\$ 743,164	\$	732,757

The Health Services' net position increased by \$10,407, or one percent, from \$732,757 to \$743,164.

Current assets and current liabilities increased from the prior year as a result of there being more state and federal pass-through grants receivable and due to other local governments. Capital assets increased slightly due to a building improvement to the Elixir Building. The Health Services' long-term liabilities, which consist of compensated absences, increased slightly from the prior year.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	2014		 2013
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Fees, charges, and other	\$	305,339	\$ 286,120
Operating grants and contributions		1,009,516	857,865
Capital grants and contributions		19,199	-
General revenues			
Investment earnings		512	873
Miscellaneous		3,382	 6,756
Total Revenues	\$	1,337,948	\$ 1,151,614

	 2014	2013		
Expenses Program expenses General government Health	\$ 53,904 1,273,637	\$	49,620 1,085,505	
Total Expenses	\$ 1,327,541	\$	1,135,125	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 10,407	\$	16,489	
Net Position - January 1	 732,757		716,268	
Net Position - December 31	\$ 743,164	\$	732,757	

Our largest revenues were from licenses and permits and intergovernmental sources. The total increase in revenue of \$186,334 is due, in most part, to the intergovernmental sources.

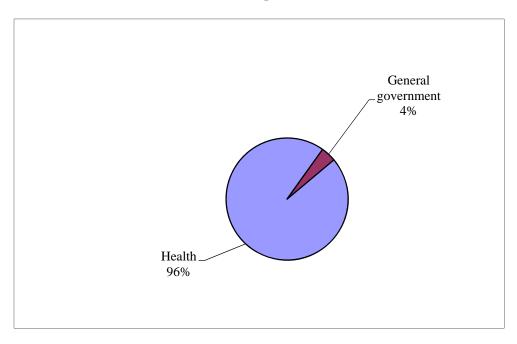
Capital grants and contributions

Operating grants and miscellaneous 1%

Fees, charges, and other 23%

2014 Revenues

Expenses increased \$192,416, due to the increase of expenses for the SHIP grant project which started in late 2013 and continued through 2014.



2014 Expenses

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

The Health Services uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the Health Services' governmental funds is to provide information on balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Health Services' financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year or to be carried into the next year's budgets.

Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services provides services to Brown and Nicollet Counties in south central Minnesota. The majority of the funding is provided through state and federal grants. Reimbursement for services is a minor funding source. The Health Services also contracts environmental health program services to Cottonwood and Watonwan Counties in south central Minnesota.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Statewide Health Implementation Plan budget was revised in 2014 to reflect additional grant funds. Both revenues and expenditures were relatively close to budgeted amounts. The differences that did occur are due, in most part, to grant funds that were awarded in 2014 that were budgeted in full but only partially spent.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Our capital assets increased by \$15,252 as a result of a building improvement to the Elixir Building in New Ulm.

Table 3 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

		2014		2013
Capital Assets Land	\$	41,063	\$	41,063
Building		284,685	Ψ	269,433
Capital Assets, Net	\$	325,748	\$	310,496

Debt Administration

At year-end, the Health Services did not have any outstanding debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Health Services' Board is both state and federal budget-responsive. The Board operates as the applicant agency for the two member counties and receives funding for various federal and state public health programs from the Minnesota Department of Health and the Minnesota Department of Human Services on a noncompetitive population needs-based formula or through a competitive grant application process. Funding will fluctuate according to state and federal actions and population changes.

Funding from license fees and fees for service will increase in 2015, as a base fee of \$10.00 was added to each establishment's license.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This annual financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Health Services' finances for all those with an interest in our finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to our office, Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services, 622 South Front Street, St. Peter, Minnesota 56082.











EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

	 Governmental Activities	
Assets		
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 506,683	
Accounts receivable	4,086	
Due from other governments	148,458	
Capital assets		
Non-depreciable	41,063	
Depreciable assets - net	 284,685	
Total Assets	\$ 984,975	
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,903	
Salaries payable	4,659	
Due to other governments	109,254	
Unearned revenue	91,853	
Long-term liabilities		
Due within one year	20,858	
Due in more than one year	 12,284	
Total Liabilities	\$ 241,811	
Net Position		
Investment in capital assets	\$ 325,748	
Restricted for health	31,645	
Unrestricted	 385,771	
Total Net Position	\$ 743,164	

EXHIBIT 2

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

					Prog	ram Revenue	S		Net	(Expense)
		Expenses		es, Charges, and Other	(Operating Grants and ontributions	\mathbf{G}	Capital rants and ntributions	C	venue and hange in et Position
Functions/Programs										
Primary government Governmental activities										
General government Health	\$	53,904 1,273,637	\$	49,131 256,208	\$	8,561 1,000,955	\$	19,199 -	\$	22,987 (16,474)
Total Primary Government	\$	1,327,541	\$	305,339	\$	1,009,516	\$	19,199	\$	6,513
	Ge	neral Revenu	es							
		vestment earni liscellaneous	ngs						\$	512 3,382
	,	Fotal general	revenı	ies					\$	3,894
	C	hange in net p	ositio	n					\$	10,407
	Ne	t Position - Ja	nuary	1						732,757
	Ne	t Position - De	cemb	er 31					\$	743,164





EXHIBIT 3

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

		General
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	506,683
Accounts receivable		4,086
Due from other governments		148,458
Total Assets	\$	659,227
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	2,903
Salaries payable		4,659
Due to other governments		109,254
Unearned revenue		91,853
Total Liabilities	\$	208,669
Fund Balances		
Restricted for children's water festival	\$	31,645
Unassigned		418,913
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	450,558
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	659,227

EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)	\$ 450,558
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	325,748
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(33,142)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)	\$ 743,164

EXHIBIT 5

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	General	Wa	ter Quality	Total Governmental Funds		
	 General		ter Quanty		Tunus	
Revenues						
Licenses and permits	\$ 233,997	\$	-	\$	233,997	
Intergovernmental	1,004,516		-		1,004,516	
Charges for services	22,211		-		22,211	
Gifts and contributions	-		5,000		5,000	
Investment earnings	512		-		512	
Miscellaneous	 52,513				52,513	
Total Revenues	\$ 1,313,749	\$	5,000	\$	1,318,749	
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	\$ 49,957	\$	-	\$	49,957	
Health	580,100		9,439		589,539	
Intergovernmental	 675,248				675,248	
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,305,305	\$	9,439	\$	1,314,744	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ 8,444	\$	(4,439)	\$	4,005	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	\$ 31,645	\$	-	\$	31,645	
Transfers out	 -		(31,645)		(31,645)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 31,645	\$	(31,645)	\$		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 40,089	\$	(36,084)	\$	4,005	
Fund Balance - January 1	 410,469		36,084		446,553	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 450,558	\$		\$	450,558	

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)	\$ 4,005		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, in the statement of activities, the fair value of capital assets acquired through donation is reported as capital contributions; whereas, in the governmental funds, such contributions do not provide current financial resource and, therefore, are not reported.	s		
Expenditures for capital assets Capital assets acquired through donation Current year depreciation	\$	14,000 19,199 (17,947)	15,252
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absences			 (8,850)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)			\$ 10,407

EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
		Original		Final	Final Amounts			nal Budget
Revenues								
Licenses and permits	\$	239,125	\$	239,125	\$	233,997	\$	(5,128)
Intergovernmental	Ψ	926,923	Ψ	1,088,607	Ψ	1,004,516	Ψ	(84,091)
Charges for services		20,350		20,350		22,211		1,861
Investment earnings		1,500		1,500		512		(988)
Miscellaneous		49,252		49,252		52,513		3,261
Total Revenues	\$	1,237,150	\$	1,398,834	\$	1,313,749	\$	(85,085)
E-m on Marine								
Expenditures Current								
General government								
Administration	\$	25,173	\$	25,173	\$	26,991	\$	(1,818)
Elixir building	Ф	,	Ф		Ф		Ф	
Elixii building		14,700		14,700		22,966		(8,266)
Total general government	\$	39,873	\$	39,873	\$	49,957	\$	(10,084)
Health								
Environmental health	\$	327,563	\$	327,563	\$	327,160	\$	403
Family planning		112,975		112,975		81,817		31,158
Statewide health implementation plan		88,799		250,483		171,123		79,360
Total health	\$	529,337	\$	691,021	\$	580,100	\$	110,921
Intergovernmental								
Brown County contract payments	\$	314,953	\$	314,953	\$	319,401	\$	(4,448)
Nicollet County contract payments		332,651		332,651		355,847		(23,196)
Total intergovernmental	\$	647,604	\$	647,604	\$	675,248	\$	(27,644)
Total Expenditures	\$	1,216,814	\$	1,378,498	\$	1,305,305	\$	73,193
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	20,336	\$	20,336	\$	8,444	\$	(11,892)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in						31,645		31,645
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	20,336	\$	20,336	\$	40,089	\$	19,753
Fund Balance - January 1		410,469		410,469		410,469		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	430,805	\$	430,805	\$	450,558	\$	19,753

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 8

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON WATER QUALITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
	(Original	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Gifts and contributions	\$	7,400	\$	7,400	\$	5,000	\$	(2,400)
Expenditures								
Current								
Health								
Water quality	\$	2,450	\$	2,450	\$	3,091	\$	(641)
Children's water festival		8,925		8,925		6,348		2,577
Total Expenditures	\$	11,375	\$	11,375	\$	9,439	\$	1,936
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(3,975)	\$	(3,975)	\$	(4,439)	\$	(464)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out						(31,645)		(31,645)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(3,975)	\$	(3,975)	\$	(36,084)	\$	(32,109)
Fund Balance - January 1		36,084		36,084		36,084		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	32,109	\$	32,109	\$		\$	(32,109)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services' financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Brown, Nicollet, Sibley Human Services Board was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 402.01-402.10. The pilot study program was started in April 1974. Brown, Nicollet, and Sibley Counties entered into a joint powers agreement (Minn. Stat. § 471.59) effective July 1, 1975. Sibley County was granted permission to withdraw from the Human Service Board effective July 1, 1976.

On January 1, 1991, the Human Services Board was legally reorganized into Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services. The organization functions as a community health services organization. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services (primary government) and its component unit for which the Health Services is financially accountable. The Health Services is governed by the ten County Commissioners of Brown and Nicollet Counties. Management consists of an administrator, an environmental health director, and the nursing directors from Brown and Nicollet Counties.

Nicollet County reports the financial activities of Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services and its component unit in an agency fund on its annual financial statements. The Health Services follows the accounting and personnel policies of Nicollet County.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Unit

Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services has one blended component unit. The blended component unit is a legally separate organization so intertwined with the Health Services that it is, in substance, the same as the Health Services and, therefore, is reported as if it were part of the Health Services.

Component Unit	Included in the Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements
Brown-Nicollet-Cottonwood Water Quality Board	There is close financial integration between the two entities. Its exclusion would render the financial statements incomplete.	Separate financial statements are not prepared.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the Health Services. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The net position is reported in three parts: (1) investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services' activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, licenses, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Health Services' funds. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, with each displayed as a separate column in the fund financial statements.

The Health Services reports the following major funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the Health Services' primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the government, except those of the Water Quality Board.

The Water Quality Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the financial resources of the Brown-Nicollet-Cottonwood Water Quality Board (WQB), which is considered a blended component unit of Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services. Due to decreases in funding at the state and federal levels and the uncertainty of future funding, the WQB was dissolved effective December 31, 2010. From January 1, 2011, through December 31, 2014, legitimate WQB claims and receipts were processed by Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services. On December 31, 2014, as directed by the member counties, all remaining WQB funds were transferred to Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The governmental activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

C. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Charges for services and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases, if any, are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services' policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash

Cash is on deposit with Nicollet County.

2. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, and building and improvements, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services are depreciated using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 40 years.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

3. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

It is Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services' policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory time, and sick pay benefits. Unused vacation, compensatory time, and vested sick leave are paid to employees upon termination. Unvested sick leave is available to employees in the event of illness-related absences and is not paid to employees upon termination. The liability for compensated absences is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The government-wide statement of net position reports both current and noncurrent portions of compensated absences using full accrual accounting. The current portion consists of all vacation, compensatory time, and 25 percent of total vested sick leave. The noncurrent portion consists of 75 percent of total vested sick leave.

4. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Governmental funds and county-wide financial statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The Health Services has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Health Services has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

6. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide financial statements is classified in the following categories:

<u>Investment in capital assets</u> - the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

<u>Restricted</u> - the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - the amount of net position that is not included in the net investment in capital assets or restricted components.

7. Classification of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Health Services is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts in which constraints have been placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

7. <u>Classification of Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the Health Services Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts the Health Services intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Health Services Board.

<u>Unassigned</u> - the residual classification for the General Fund; includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or committed.

The Health Services applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

8. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Future Change in Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, replaces Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to employer governments that provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangement that meet certain criteria. GASB Statement 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pension plans to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This statement will be effective for the Health Services' calendar year 2015. The Health Services has not yet determined the financial statement impact of adopting this new standard.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

Budgetary Information

Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. This budget is approved by the Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services Board. Comparisons of estimated revenues and expenditures are presented in the financial statements.

3. Detailed Notes

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash transactions are administered by the Nicollet County Finance Director who is, according to Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04, authorized to deposit cash in financial institutions designated by the County Board. The types of investments available to the County are authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05. Minnesota statutes require that all County deposits be covered by insurance, surety bond, or collateral, a requirement with which the County was in compliance at December 31, 2014.

3. Detailed Notes

A. Assets (Continued)

2. Receivables

Receivables for Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services are expected to be collected within the year.

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	I	ncrease	De	crease	 Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated Land	\$ 41,063	\$		\$		\$ 41,063
Capital assets depreciated Buildings and improvements	\$ 684,687	\$	33,199	\$	-	\$ 717,886
Less: accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements	 415,254		17,947			 433,201
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 269,433	\$	15,252	\$		\$ 284,685
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 310,496	\$	15,252	\$		\$ 325,748

Depreciation expense of \$17,947 was charged to the general government function/program for the year ended December 31, 2014.

B. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. Operating Leases

Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services has entered into an operating lease for its current office space effective through December 31, 2015. The lease is expected to be replaced with a similar lease. Total lease payments for the year ended December 31, 2014, were \$12,000. The future minimum lease payments for the year ended December 31, 2015, are \$12,000.

3. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

2. <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

Changes in compensated absences liability for 2014 were:

January 1 Net increase	\$	24,292 8,850
December 31 Due within one year	\$	33,142 (20,858)
Long-Term Portion	_\$	12,284

The compensated absences liability is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

C. Interfund Transfers

An interfund transfer of \$31,645 was made from the Water Quality Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund. The Water Quality Special Revenue Fund was closed as of December 31, 2014.

4. <u>Intergovernmental Revenue</u>

Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services received intergovernmental revenues from the following sources during the year ended December 31, 2014:

Reimbursements for Services	
State - Minnesota Department of Human Services	\$ 63,255
	 _
State Grants	
Minnesota Department of Health	\$ 474,856
Minnesota Department of Human Services	 63,255
Total State Grants	\$ 538,111

4. <u>Intergovernmental Revenue</u> (Continued)

Federal Grants	
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	\$ 218,846
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	4,577
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	36,382
Universal Newborn Hearing Screening	6,450
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	1,100
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	82,073
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	 53,722
Total Federal Grants	\$ 403,150
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 1,004,516

5. Risk Management

Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The Health Services has entered into a joint powers agreement with certain Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). The Health Services is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$480,000 per claim in 2014 and \$490,000 per claim in 2015. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the Health Services in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the Health Services pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the Health Services in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services Board has not significantly reduced insurance coverage in the past year and has not had settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

6. Pension Plans

A. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Brown-Nicollet Community Health are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

General Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan and benefits vest after five years of credited service.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute. Defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service.

For General Employees Retirement Fund members hired prior to July 1, 1989, whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is either 65 or 66 (depending on date hired) for General Employees Retirement Fund members. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

6. Pension Plans

A. Plan Description (Continued)

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the General Employees Retirement Fund. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

B. Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The Health Services makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. General Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10 and 6.25 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2014.

In 2014, the Health Services is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll:

General Employees Retirement Fund
Basic Plan members 11.78%
Coordinated Plan members 7.25

The Health Services' contributions for the years ending December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012, for the General Employees Retirement Fund were:

2014		 2013	2012		
	\$	18,186	\$ 12,319	\$	11,394

These contribution amounts are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute. Contribution rates increased on January 1, 2015, in the General Employees Retirement Fund Coordinated Plan (6.50 percent for members and 7.50 percent for employers).





SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

ITEM FOR CONSIDERATION

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the independent organization that establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments. Effective for your calendar year 2015 financial statements, the GASB changed those standards as they apply to employers that provide pension benefits.

GASB Statement 68 significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers that prepare financial statements on the accrual basis by separating pension accounting methodology from pension funding methodology. Statement 68 requires employers to include a portion of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) total employers' unfunded liability, called the "net pension liability" on the face of the government-wide statement of financial position. The employer's financial position will be immediately impacted by its unfunded share of the pension liability.

Statement 68 changes the amount employers report as pension expense and defers some allocations of expenses to future years—deferred outflows or inflows of resources. It requires pension costs to be calculated by an actuary; whereas, in the past pension costs were equal to the amount of employer contributions sent to PERA during the year. Additional footnote disclosures and required supplementary information schedules are also required by Statement 68.

The net pension liability that will be reported in Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services' financial statements is an accounting estimate of the proportionate share of PERA's unfunded liability at a specific point in time. That number will change from year to year and is based on assumptions about the probability of the occurrence of events far into the future. Those assumptions include how long people will live, how long they will continue to work, projected salary increases, and how well pension trust investments will do. PERA has been proactive in taking steps toward implementation and will be providing most of the information needed by the employers to report the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources.





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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Health Services Board Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services St. Peter, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Health Services' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services' internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Services' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Services' internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Health Services' financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains six categories of compliance to be tested in connection with the audit of the Health Services' financial statements: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for public indebtedness because Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services has no public debt.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Brown-Nicollet Community Health Services failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Health Services' noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

Other Matters

Included in the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations is an item for consideration. We believe this information to be of benefit to the Health Services, and we are reporting it for that purpose.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Services' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Health Services' internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 12, 2015