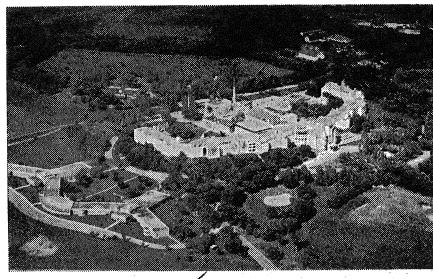
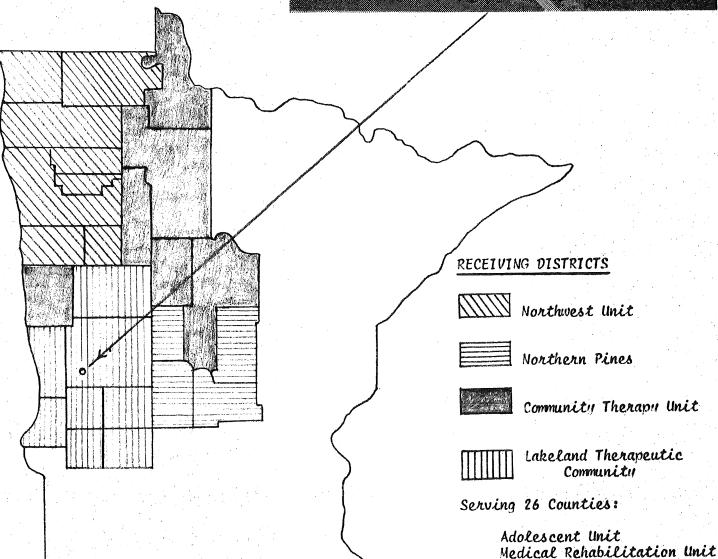
Fergus Falls State Hospital

MINNESOTA'S MENTAL HEALTH FACILITY
SERVING CITIZENS OF 26 COUNTIES



Independent Living Unit



- [-9 10 11 rergus falls state hospital 130 2.0 27A 24 32 Scale -1"=333' 450 AW 9-5-67 BG 5 US Hwy #.59

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FERGUS FALLS STATE HOSPITAL

BUILDING DESCRIPTION LEGEND

BUILDING	LOCATION
Administration Building	
Administrative Wing	2
Administrator's Residence	
Adolescent Ward	
Auditorium	
Barns5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 1	
Farm Residence	
Fire House	14
Garage	15
Garage & Maintenance Building	
Garages	1, 22
Granary	
Greenhouse	24
Hothouse	25
Industrial Building	26
Intensive Treatment Building	
Lakeland Receiving Unit	27A
Main Building, East Center Wing	
Main Building, East Detached	29
Main Building, Kitchen	30
Main Building, Northeast Wing	31
Main Building, Southwest Wing	32
Main Building, West Center Wing	
Main Building, West Detached	34
Medical Rehabilitation Building (Men)	
Medical Rehabilitation Building (Women)	
Memorial Building	
New Powerhouse	
Nurses' Residence	
Patterson Hall	
Powerhouse, Carpenter Shop, Laundry	
Receiving Hospital	42
Reservoir	43
Root Cellar	44
Sewer Screen House	45
Sheds46, 4	7, 48
Slaughterhouse	
Special Education Building	
Staff Residences51, 5	
Staff Residences & Garages 54 55 56 5	7 58

September 15, 1967.

Hon. Roy L. Voxland, Chairman Legislative Building Commission 203 State Capitol St. Paul 1, Minnesota

> SUBJECT: Letter of Transmittal, Brochure Concerning Fergus Falls State Hospital Building Needs

Dear Sir:

It is again a pleasure to welcome you and the members of the Legislative Building Commission to the Fergus Falls State Hospital.

The attached brochure reports the building needs of this hospital for the next several years as well as building accomplishments of the past. We have also included a brief summary of our program because we feel the physical environment is an integral part of the treatment program. Our entire staff has contributed to this planning and representatives will be available during your visitation to discuss any item of the planning on the program at the pleasure of the Commission.

We, as staff members and private citizens, deeply appreciate the Building Commission's sincere dedication in maintaining the State's considerable investment in buildings and providing for programming needs on a long range basis. We are aware of the time and effort expended by the members of your Commission in making these studies. We trust that you share our satisfaction in seeing the benefits of your informed planning.

You will note that your direction and support in the past have resulted in a considerable decrease in our ten year needs. We are looking forward to the time when the building requests will be reduced to an amount necessary to maintain the existing plant because we feel it will not be necessary to request any major new buildings or remodeling of existing facilities.

Yours very truly,

Robert F. Hoffmann, Administrator

RFH: 63

FERGUS FALLS STATE HOSPITAL

STAFF

Robert F. Hoffmann, Administrator
George E. Bang, Business Manager
Lydia Markusen, R.N., Dir. of Nursing
(Leave of Absence)
Richard Quaal, Chief Psychologist
M. R. Ravensborg, Research Coordinator
Robert M. Shorter, Chief Engineer
Guy E. Worden, Building Foreman

W. L. Patterson, M.D., Medical Dir.
O. John Bloom, Program Coordinator
Patricia Madden, R.N., Dir. of Ed.
& Acting Chief of Nursing
Rev. Ezra Meckel, Head Hosp. Chaplain
Alvi Borgen, Farm Manager
Alvina Luther, Rehabilitation Supvr.
Edna Brothen, Executive Housekeeper

PROGRAM DIRECTORS

Brian SolandNorthwestern Unit
Wilbur (Bill) JohnsonCommunity Therapy Unit
Gordon PersingerLakeland Unit
J. L. Baker, M.D.
Dorette Larson, M.D Medical Rehabilitation Unit
Harold GrayAdolescent Unit
Bill HaukosIndependent Living Unit

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Number of Residents Sept.		Number of Buildings	53
Board of Health rated bed	capacity 1450 /260	Number of acres - farm	613
Number of Employees	487.08	non – farm	345

1040 bedsnow-remainder of these need remaindering els.

Listen Solectively - Haffman

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THE FERGUS FALLS STATE HOSPITAL

AN INSTITUTE FOR LEARNING

1890, THE BEGINNING--

The year was 1890. The United States, with a rapidly growing population of over 62 million was looking to the West for "elbow room". The State of Minnesota was also experiencing these growing pains. During the 30-year period following the beginning of the Civil War, Minnesota's population had literally exploded from 172,000 to 1,300,000 inhabitants. A great flood of settlers, including many immigrants, were pouring into Minnesota. These settlers were making homes for themselves on the thousands of acres of rich prairie land which had been opened for settlement by treaty with the Indian. The wagons of many of these settlers were heading for the fertile Red River Valley in Northwestern Minnesota.

To meet the needs of this area's growing population, the 1887 legislature provided funds for the establishment of Minnesota's third state mental hospital with Fergus Falls being selected as the location for this facility. The hospital's first residents, two men from Otter Tail County, were admitted on July 29, 1890. The construction of the main hospital building, a three-story brick structure in Kirkbride architecture and shaped in the form of a "U", was completed in 1900. Additional buildings and personnel have been provided throughout the years to meet the needs of the growing treatment program at the hospital, which today with its 920 acre campus and 53 buildings forms a self-contained "therapeutic community" that is located north of the city limits of Fergus Falls in Otter Tail County. This modern psychiatric treatment facility serves the more than 447,000 residents of a 26-county area in Northwestern Minnesota that is bounded on the west by the Dakotas and on the north by the Canadian border.

THE TREATMENT STORY--

Under the supervision of the Department of Public Welfare, Minnesota's state hospitals for the mentally ill along with the other members of the community mental health team are dedicated to the task of mounting a successful attack against mental illness which today strikes 1 out of every 10 persons in the United States.

The treatment program for the residents of the Fergus Falls State Hospital community is carried out by seven autonomous units, each designed to meet the specific treatment needs of the residents that it serves. Four of these units receive adult residents from various multi-county areas within the hospital's total receiving district. In the area that it serves, each of these units operates as a part of a community mental health team which includes such other agencies as the community mental health center and the county welfare department. The COMMUNITY THERAPY UNIT serves adult residents from Beltrami, Cass, Clay, Clearwater, Hubbard, and Lake of the Woods county. Becker, Douglas, Grant, Otter Tail, Pope, Stevens, Traverse, and Wilkin county are served by the LAKELAND THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY. The NORTHWESTERN UNIT provides psychiatric services for adult residents from Kittson, Mahnomen, Marshall, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau county. The NORTHERN PINES UNIT serves a four county area that includes Crow Wing, Morrison, Todd, and Wadena county. Three other units on the hospital campus provide specialized treatment programs for residents from throughout the hospital's 26 county receiving district. The ADOLESCENT UNIT provides a residential psychiatric treatment facility for up to 30 adolescent residents. The INDEPENDENT LIVING UNIT offers a program of gradual resocialization and community placement for the long term hospital resident who is able to live independently but who lacks any

meaningful ties with the outside world. The MEDICAL REHABILITATION UNIT, the largest of the hospital's 7 treatment units, provides a program of rehabilitative services that is designed to meet the needs of a unit population which is basically made up of long term hospital residents who suffer from the disabilities caused by chronic mental and physical illnesses.

The treatment programs that are employed by the various units allow each resident the maximum opportunity to develop what we might call the "Three R's" of the School of Life: reality, responsibility, and the ability to recognize the difference between right and wrong. For the most part in this type of treatment program, the psychiatric technician is the primary treatment person or therapist for a specific number of residents with the various other members of the unit staff being available to provide supportive professional consultation and specialized services as the technician-therapist feels that they are needed to help the individual resident attain his treatment goal. These other members of the unit staff include the program director, doctor, nurse, chaplain, social worker, psychologist, rehabilitation therapist, vocational rehabilitation counselor, and citizen volunteer. A variety of psychiatric treatment techniques are employed which include: various forms of individual and group psychiatric counseling or learning sessions, drug therapy, and participation in social rehabilitation activity programs that involve recreational, musical, occupational, and industrial therapy. Although each of these treatment techniques makes its own unique contribution, the hospital's main therapeutic tool is the environment in which these treatment efforts are conducted. Based on our belief in the inherent ability of the individual to change if given the opportunity and by using the "helping relationship" that can be provided for a person by another interested human being, the hospital's grounds and buildings as well as the entire staff and resident population form a "therapeutic community" which offers its residents the opportunity to bind the wounds received in life's battles and furnishes them with the necessary supplies and tools which will enable them to return to the battlefield of life and successfully carry on the good fight in the competitive world Through the opportunity for participation in the work and play that makes up the normal pattern of daily living that this "School for Living" provides, the individual gains a better understanding of himself and learns to responsibly live again with his fellow man.

The hospital's various departments support the efforts of the treatment units by providing the trained personnel, specialized services, and supplies that these units need to carry out their work. The various hospital industries furnish the many essential services and supplies that are used in the operation of a modern community and provide job opportunities for many of the hospital's residents. The hospital community offers its residents such services as a school, store, canteen, medical and dental clinic, pharmacy, multi-purpose auditorium, library, beauty shop, barber shop, and a weekly newspaper. A continuing in-service training program is designed to provide the hospital staff with the educational opportunities that are needed to keep pace with our rapidly changing world. Research is the tool that the hospital employs to gather such meaningful information as is needed to measure the effectiveness of today's treatment program and to plan for the treatment program of tomorrow.

TIMES ARE CHANGING --

Gone are the strait jackets and other physical restraints. In their place, the hospital's treatment program now employs such methods as participation in democratic resident government, respect for the dignity of the individual, and an open door policy in an effort to help the hospital resident to return to the role of a responsible citizen in the community. During the 17 years from 1950 through July of 1967, the population of the hospital community dropped from 2,005 to 815 residents. Although this trend continues, the hospital is today helping more people than ever before.

Many of those residents that are now entering the hospital for the first time are staying in the hospital for less than three months with more than one-half of these individuals entering the hospital voluntarily rather than through court commitment. As an institute for learning, the Fergus Falls State Hospital of today has joined the county welfare department, county nursing service, probate court, community mental health center, vocational rehabilitation department, sheltered workshop, the "helping" professions, and the interested citizen as a member of the community mental health team which is dedicated to the goal of providing all of our citizens with the opportunity to lead a full and productive life.

FERGUS FALLS STATE HOSPITAL FACT SHEET

DID YOU KNOW THAT:

- The Fergus Falls State Hospital currently has a staff of over 500 employees in-1. cluding: psychiatric technicians, registered nurses, psychiatric social workers, psychologists, doctors, a dentist, rehabilitation therapists who work in such areas as recreation, handicrafts, and industrial therapy, a librarian, a part-time pharmacist, a beautician, a barber, two special education teachers that are provided by the Fergus Falls public school district, three protestant chaplains including a full-time chaplain provided by Lutheran Social Service of Minnesota and a part-time chaplain provided by the North Minnesota District of the Lutheran Church-Missouri Synod, a part-time Roman Catholic chaplain, a coordinator of research, a coordinator of education, one full-time and one part-time vocational rehabilitation counselor provided by the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, seven unit program directors, and a volunteer services coordinator. In addition to the staff that is employed by the Dietary Department, the Farm, the Laundry and Housekeeping Department, the Engineering and Construction Department, the Business Office, and the Grounds and Greenhouse Department; many of the residents of the hospital community find work in these various hospital industries as well as in the community through the hospital's off-grounds work program. Residents are not paid for the work that they do at the hospital, but they are paid at the going wage scale for any work that is done in the community.
- 2. The current per capita cost for each day of care at the hospital is \$9.89. If financially able, hospital residents are expected to pay for this care with such resources as Social Security benefits, health insurance benefits, and other income or resources.
- 3. In 1965, the Fergus Falls State Hospital received national accreditation from the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals.
- 4. From November of 1950 through July of 1967, the population of the hospital community decreased from 2,005 to 815 residents.
- 5. During the 1967-1968 school year, the Fergus Falls State Hospital will probably be the only state mental hospital in the United States to have a junior college located on its campus. The Fergus Falls Junior College will be housed in the east detached wing of the hospital's main building while the construction of a new college campus is being completed.
- 6. Through an on-going program of ward remodeling and preventive building maintenance, the hospital community is housed in modern physical facilities that include a new medical clinic that serves the entire hospital community.
- 7. Many new and exciting ideas are now being employed in the hospital's treatment program. In an effort to develop a closer and more meaningful helping relationship with the residents that they serve, the staff on some of the hospital's treatment units now wear street clothes rather than uniforms and eat their meals with the residents from their unit rather than at a separate staff dining room. During 1966, a young man who was a student at the Fergus Falls Junior College became the hospital's first in-residence volunteer. He spent his after school hours living with the residents on a hospital ward and working as a volunteer member of the ward's treatment staff. One of the hospital's receiving units is now providing its new residents with an information booklet to help them get acquainted that was written and illustrated by two of the unit's residents,

PROGRESS REPORT - BUILDING FUND FERGUS FALLS STATE HOSPITAL

APPROPRIATIONS, BUILDING FUND, 1961 - 1963

All items appropriated for this biennium were completed, and with the balance of the \$700,000 appropriated for ward remodeling plus the 1965-67 appropriation of \$100,000 we completed the remodeling of 5 of the 6 units of the main building and the nurses' home.

APPROPRIATIONS, BUILDING FUND, 1963 - 1965

Ι.	Replace sewer, steam, water lines, and pumping equipment; blacktop roads, parkways, and sidewalks; replace porches; and complete exterior building repair.	\$100,000.00
II.	Demolish upper part of Administration Building, rehabilitate and equip remainder of Administration Building, and construc- and equip offices between corridor and Main Building.	
III.	Construct fuel handling system and add Boiler Room improvements.	25,000.00

These appropriations were expended and all projects completed except Item No. II

In Item No. II, an engineering study was made of the structure of the upper part of the Administration Building and it was found that it was structurally sound. As a consequence, it was only necessary to replace the old tile on the tower as they were loose and many were broken, presenting a very hazardous condition.

As our population decreased and we developed the Unit System of organization, we found less need for office facilities. The staff were assigned work areas on the wards of the units and there only remains the solution of the Fire Marshal's criticism of the open stairway in Center (see Item No. 4, Priority B for 1971-73.) A balance of \$54,000 remained in this account and has been reappropriated for this biennium to supplement an appropriation of \$195,000 to complete remodeling of East Detached.

Amount

APPROPRIATIONS, BUILDING FUND, 1965 - 1967

Ward rehabilitation, including equipment \$100,000.00 These funds were used for completion of remodeling of West Detached Wards.

From General Revenue Fund:

Repairs to building exteriors, foundations, and tunnels;
fire prevention; repairs to roads, sidewalks, and
parking areas.

50,000.00

As previously stated, these projects have been accomplished.

APPROPRIATIONS, BUILDING FUND, 1967 - 1969

Balance from Item No. II 1963 - 1965 54,000.00

This sum was reappropriated to permit the remodeling of our East Detached wards supplemented by 195,000.00

Install steam, water and sewer lines 50,000.00

Construction blue prints are presently in their final state and we should soon be able to order materials and begin remodeling of this last and 6th unit of our main building.

BIENNIAL BUILDING REQUEST

FERGUS FALLS STATE HOSPITAL

Descript	ion of Item	•		Amount of Request
PRIORITY	A - 1969 - 1971			
1.	Boiler and Auxili		iting and	\$700,000.00 50,000 -
2.	Remodeling of Far	rm buildings and f	ixed	50,000.00 ord)
			Sub Total	\$750,000.00
PRIORITY	B - 1971 - 1973			
3.	Remodeling and ed	quipping of Laundr	45,000.00	
4.	with Fire Marshal	strative Center to the commendation ventilating and commendations.	and	
	of this area.	vosterracing and c	illico ago	75,000.00
			Sub Total	\$120,000.00
SUMMARY:	Priority A Priority B	\$750,000.00 120,000.00		
	Total	\$870,000.00	naucoaleverpri	

EXPLANATIONS

PRIORITY A - 1969 - 1971

Item

1. Boiler and Auxiliary Services......\$700,000.00

When our present boiler facilities were established in 1957, provisions were made for later expansion and changes. This should permit us to be most flexible as to the number and size of boilers used under different conditions and, therefore, be in a position to maximize operational economy. As the size of our power plant should be related to the heating and ventilating system and as there is need of remodeling a portion of this system on two vertical units, Congregate dining room and the kitchen, we request that this be integrated with the power plant remodeling. This request will involve the following changes and are required as a consequence of other buildings and remodeling:

- a. New boiler and auxiliaries.
- b. Convert one old boiler to lignite fuel with dust collector, induced draft fan and peto stack.
- c. Remodeling in old plant.
- d. New hot water heater for laundry.
- e. Remodel coal handling equipment.
- f. Removal of old equipment, boilers, tanks, chimney, and auxiliaries.
- g. Install emergency standby generation.
- h. Remodel a portion of heating and ventilating system.
- 2. Remodeling of Farm Buildings, fixed equipment purchase.......\$50,000.00

The farm buildings are structurally sound, but several require remodeling and installation of mechanized feeding and manure-handling equipment to realize the proper economical potential of the farm.

PRIORITY B - 1971 - 1973

Item

3. Remodeling and Equipping of Laundry.....\$45,000.00

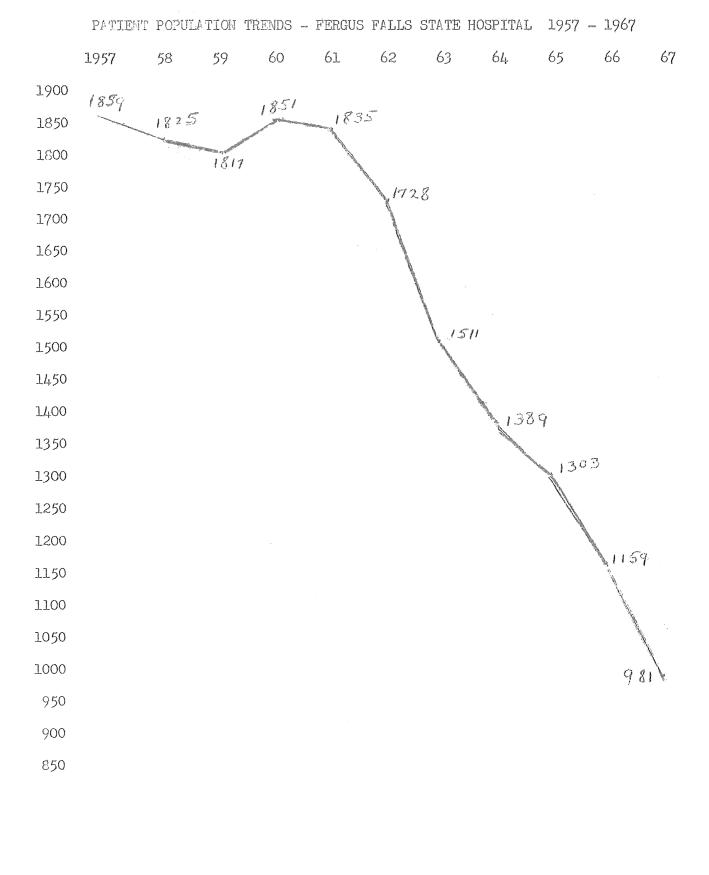
Certain portions of the foundation and floor of our Laundry should be replaced. Some new equipment is required and remodeling of the Laundry would be necessary to permit its installation. With the installation of new equipment, such as a linen folder and presses, much of the tedious hand labor now done by patients can be eliminated. This would permit instruction of patients in modern laundry equipment operation, which would be much more therapeutic and better employment training, which would better fit the patient for employment upon discharge.

4. Remodeling Administrative Center.....\$75,000.00

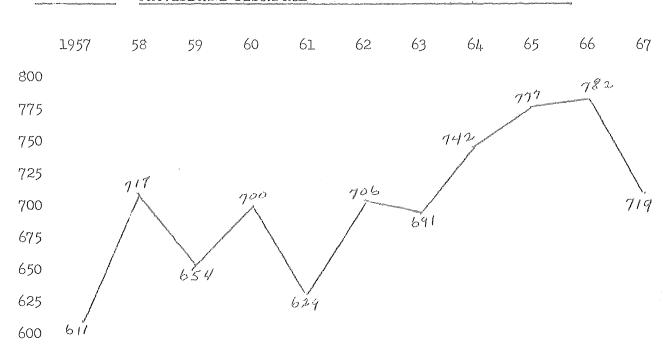
To comply with Fire Marshal's recommendation and improve heating, ventilating and office use of this area.

FERGUS FALLS STATE HOSPITAL POPULATION STATISTICS

Fiscal Year	Average Daily Resident Population	Median Stay of Patients Released (Years)	Median Age of Resident Patients	Number of Authorized Personnel	Per Diem Cost Per <u>Patient</u>
1956-57	1859	O . 4.	56.7	457.58	\$ 3.01
1957-58	1825	O.4	57.4	475.08	3.81
1958-59	1817	0.4	57.5	475.08	3.93
1959-60	1851	0.3	58.2	475.08	4.19
1960-61	1835	0.4	58.9	475.08	4.29
1961-62	1728	0.46	57.5	475.08	4.79
1962-63	1511	0.48	55.9	475.08	5.51
1963-64	1389	0.5	55.3	481.08	6.12
1964-65	1303	0.4	56.1	481.08	6.48
1965-66	1159	0.4	57.1	487.08	7.86
1966-67	981	0.33		487.08	9.40



ADMISSIONS - COMMITMENTS, VOLUNTARY, TRANSFERS IN, AND RETURNS FROM PROVISIONAL DISCHARGE



1969-71 REPAIRS & REPLACEMENTS REQUEST

Routine Maintenance

Buildings		Sq.Ft.	Sq.Ft.Cost	Total	Annua1	Biennium
Patient Adm. & Service		469,470 286,561	5¢ 5	\$23,474 14,328		
Residences Farm		25,668 113,035	4 4	1,027 4,521	Rounded	
				Windowski processing proposition and design property		esseptions distribute seniorism (constituently appropriate process)
	Total	894,734	Av. 4.8¢	\$43,350	\$43,400	\$86,800

Major Repairs, Replacements or Alterations Not to exceed 25% of \$86,800

Projects	1969-70	1970-71	Total	
Road Repair & Seal Coat, Sidewalk & Parking Areas; Landscaping	\$	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	& My 12
Remodel food service areas GM & GW, dishwashing ventilating & correct improper plumbing venting. Replace defective floor tile. Repartemperature controls.	5,300		5,300	Larro Lorro
Remodel basement area of Men's Dorm (Community Thera Receiving Unit) kitchen, dining room & lounge area.	3,000 by		3,000	
Remodel basement area of Nurses' Cottage (North-western Unit) tile floor, electrical outlets, cabinet work.	3,000		3,000	
Remodel employees dining room	om	1,000	1,000	
Repair elevators		5,000	5,000	
Remodel wards to facilitate changes in treatment program	n 。	1,400	1,400	
Remodel storage cooler - Sto Area	ores	1,000	1,000	
Detention screens - disturbe areas	ed	1,000	1,000	
Total	\$11,300	\$10,400 Adjusted total	\$21,700 biennium reques	\$ 21,700 t \$108,500