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A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Minnesota

2015

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Teachers Retirement Association

for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Minnesota

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

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Laurie Fiori Hacking Executive Director

Report Prepared by the TRA Administration Division

Cover photo of monarch on rough blazingstar (*liatris aspera*) taken by Jake Janski of Minnesota Native Landscapes near Foley, Minnesota.

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Minnesota Teachers Retirement Association

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Apry R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO



Recognition Award for Administration 2015

Presented to

Minnesota Teachers Retirement Association

In recognition of meeting professional standards for plan administration as set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA) National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS) National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

alan Hulinple

Alan H. Winkle Program Administrator



Teachers Retirement Association

60 Empire Drive • Suite 400 • St Paul MN 55103-4000

Letter of Transmittal

December 29, 2015

Members of the Board of Trustees Teachers Retirement Association 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400 Saint Paul, MN 55103-4000

Dear Trustee:

We are pleased to present this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, our 84th year of service.

TRA management has implemented a system of internal controls to monitor and safeguard assets, ensure transactions are carried out in accordance with Minnesota statutes, and promote efficient operations. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that a cost-benefit analysis requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within this framework.

The independent Office of the Legislative Auditor has issued an unmodified (clean)

opinion on TRA's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the Financial section of this report. Management believes that the accompanying statements, schedules, and tables are fairly presented. We are solely responsible for the content of the report, including its financial statements, which should be useful in understanding information about TRA and comparing our operating results with those of other teacher retirement systems.

Readers are encouraged to refer to the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 15-19 for an overview of additions to and deductions from the TRA Fund and additional financial reporting detail for the fiscal year.

TRA Profile

As of June 30, 2015, TRA had 589 reporting units, 79,406 active members and a total of 61,986 retirees, survivors, beneficiaries, and disabilitants who were receiving monthly benefits.

Although the TRA Board of Trustees has a broad scope of authority in the operations and management of TRA, the pension fund is also governed by federal laws and state statutes. For financial reporting purposes, TRA is considered a pension trust fund of the State of Minnesota, and TRA financial results are incorporated into the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of Minnesota.



Laurie Fiori Hacking Executive Director



J. Michael Stoffel Deputy Executive Director

TRA follows the provisions of statements promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). TRA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report also complies with Minnesota Statutes, Section 356.20. Transactions are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from employers and members are recognized as revenue when earned. Expenses are recorded when corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made.

We contract for actuarial services with the firm Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting of Bellevue, Nebraska to prepare two annual actuarial valuation reports. One report is performed in accordance with the accounting and financial reporting requirements of GASB Statement 67. The second report is performed in accordance with actuarial assumptions and methods contained in Minnesota Statutes Sec. 356.215 and to provide results that assist board members and state policymakers in funding determinations. These statutes specify key funding policy elements including amortization period, actuarial cost method, COLA valuation method, asset smoothing and economic assumptions such as investment earnings and inflation rates. The Minnesota Office of the Attorney General provides legal counsel to the Board of Trustees. Most financial transactions, including disbursements from the pension fund, are processed through the centralized controls of the Statewide Integrated Financial Tools (SWIFT) system, under the statutory authority of the Department of Minnesota Management and Budget and the Department of Administration.

Economic Condition

All TRA assets are invested under the authority and direction of the State Board of Investment (SBI). A listing of the pooled investments in the TRA Fund can be found on page 58. The SBI has developed strategic asset allocation and other investment policies based on the long-term investment horizon profile of our members and benefit recipients. The SBI, with advice from its Investment Advisory Council (IAC), continually reviews policies to ensure sufficient assets are available to finance benefits determined under statute. The executive directors of the three statewide retirement systems serve on the seventeen-member IAC and represent their members in advising the SBI on investment-related matters.

Economic Conditions and Outlook (from Minnesota Management and Budget (MMB))

Minnesota's labor market performance since the end of the Great Recession has been impressive. The state has added more than 50,000 jobs since employment surpassed its pre-recession peak more than two years ago, and most indicators suggest the labor market continues to tighten considerably. The number of available jobs in Minnesota has soared to unprecedented levels and the state's jobless rate was down to 3.7 percent in October, matching the low that has prevailed since mid-2014.

The latest employment data suggests a slower pace of job growth this year. This is partly attributable to low commodity prices and the strong dollar, which are taking a toll on employment in Minnesota's mining and manufacturing industries. These factors may tamp down growth for several years. Some of the broader slowdown, however, may also be due to the state nearing its full employment potential, as job growth is being increasingly constrained by slower labor force growth and demographic trends. Total non-farm employment is forecast to grow 1.1 percent in fiscal year 2016 and accelerate slightly to 1.2 percent in fiscal year 2017, followed by an acceleration to 5.1 percent in fiscal year 2018.

Information from the Bureau of Economic Analysis, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) and income tax withholding collections suggests Minnesota's nominal wage and salary disbursements grew 5.0 percent in fiscal year 2015. Wage income is now expected to decelerate to 4.7 percent growth in fiscal year 2016 and 4.9 percent in fiscal year 2017, followed by an acceleration to 5.1 percent in fiscal year 2018.

Investment Results

The U.S. stock market, as measured by the Russell 3000 index, returned 7.3 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Within the Russell 3000 index, increased volatility arose despite signs of economic stabilization in the United States. A severe decline in China's stock market amid deceleration in Asia's most important economy also weighed on Wall Street sentiment.

International markets returned -5.3 percent for the fiscal year as measured by the Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) All Country World Index excluding the United States net taxes on dividends (ACWI ex U.S.), which represents the developed and emerging markets outside the United States. Major macro themes such as slowing economic growth, interest rate expectations, and changes in oil prices drove the markets. Also, negative sentiment was strongly influenced by concerns regarding the debt and fiscal crisis in Greece.

The U.S. fixed income (bond) market, as measured by the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index, returned 1.9 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Within the bond market, corporate bonds represented the weakest performing sector.

Within this investment environment, TRA retirement assets under SBI investment management as part of the Combined Funds (see page 53), produced an investment return of 4.4 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, net of fees and using the time-weighted performance method. This was well below the assumed rate of 8.0 percent to 8.5 percent. Over the latest ten, twenty and thirty-year periods, the funds have experienced an annualized investment return of 7.8 percent, 8.4 percent and 9.5 percent, respectively. For all time periods, the performance of the Combined Funds exceeded the performance of the composite benchmark.

Since the benefit payments are not all immediately payable, SBI can maintain a long-term strategy. This approach, along with a well-diversified investment portfolio, helps weather periods of short-term volatility in the investment markets. The SBI also utilizes a disciplined rebalancing policy to keep asset class allocations within policy guidelines.

Legislation

Pension legislation enacted in 2014 merged the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) with TRA on June 30, 2015. Under the merger, approximately 3,000 DTRFA members became TRA members with the same benefit provisions as other members. TRA's actuary, Cavanaugh Macdonald has estimated the unfunded actuarial accrued liability assumed by TRA due to the merger on June 30, 2015, was about \$166 million. Merger legislation requires the State of Minnesota to pay \$14.3 million per year to TRA to recover the unfunded liabilities from the merger. The annual payment will continue until TRA's total unfunded liability is eliminated.

Legislation passed in 2013 requires the phased implementation, beginning July 1, 2015, of revised early retirement reduction factors for TRA benefits calculated under the level formula. Beginning on July 1, 2015, the factors primarily affect members who were first hired July 1, 1989 or later. The changes do not affect those members who retire under the "Rule of 90" step formula method. Under the level formula, members who retire prior to Normal Retirement Age (age 66 for members hired July 1, 1989 or later) are assessed a reduction in their monthly pension amounts upon retirement. The younger the retiring member, the greater the reduction amount. The revised factors provide for lower reduction factors (more favorable) for those members who reach age 62 with 30 years of service. A phased implementation of these factors will occur over a 5-year period ending June 30, 2020.

Statutory Funding Status

The actuarial value of TRA assets increased as of June 30, 2015, compared to the previous year-end. For actuarial purposes, investments gains and losses are recognized over a five-year period. On June 30, 2015, the actuarial value of TRA assets was \$19.7 billion, an increase from \$18.2 billion on June 30, 2014. The five-year smoothing of investment

gains and losses results in deferred investment gain of \$745 million as of June 30, 2015. The deferred gain will be recognized in future years, or used to absorb any declines due to a future market slump.

TRA's unfunded actuarial accrued liability – the amount for which the actuarial value of assets are not available to pay benefits earned to date – decreased from \$6.35 billion on June 30, 2014 to \$5.87 billion on June 30, 2015. Recognition of strong investment returns from previous years accounted for the improvement. Another key measure to assess TRA funding health is the adequacy of employee and employer contributions. As of July 1, 2015, the TRA contribution rate deficiency was 1.90 percent of active member covered payroll. Under this estimate, TRA will receive about \$89 million less in contributions during fiscal year 2016 than is needed to meet the full funding target date of June 30, 2037.

TRA's actuary, Cavanaugh Macdonald has completed an experience study of the TRA plan which is available for reading on the TRA website. The TRA Board has already recommended the legislature adopt two major experience study report recommendations. One recommendation is to use a new set of life expectancy tables developed in 2015 by the Society of Actuaries. The report indicated that TRA retirees are living one or two years longer than previously estimated. The second recommendation is to lower to 8 percent the investment earnings assumption used to determine the current liability associated for future benefit payments. Both experience study report recommendations will produce a need for higher contributions or reductions in benefit plan provisions. TRA expects to recommend a package of changes to the 2016 legislature to put the TRA plan back on course towards becoming fully funded by the 2037 target date. The TRA Board of Trustees and its management will continue to remain vigilant and monitor all key actuarial measures and report funding and plan sustainability issues to the membership, employers and the legislature.

Major Initiatives

During 2015, the highest strategic initiative was the planning and implementation of merging the DTRFA into TRA. A multitude of tasks were completed including converting the DTRFA data base into TRA's systems, counseling members who have retirement plans during the merger transition, assisting Duluth Public Schools with TRA employer unit reporting, and continuing a satellite office in Duluth to serve members throughout northeastern Minnesota.

Another major project was assisting TRA employer units with their requirements to implement GASB Statement 68 for their financial reporting for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The results of the TRA's GASB Statement 67 accounting actuarial valuation for fiscal year 2014 serves as the foundation for the amounts and disclosures which TRA's employers will report later in 2015. We regularly add more resources on this topic to the TRA website, including videos and other educational tools. We provided employer units with their required information in the spring of 2015.

TRA employees, in a team environment, continually work on strategic initiatives to administer and process customer service demands for retirement planning and benefit payment services. The primary project currently underway is called the ".NET Project," a comprehensive assessment of current business processes and the rewriting of existing applications in a more powerful and structured computer language. Phase 1.0 of the project was implemented on July 1, 2014 with enhanced functionality for employer unit reporting. Phase 2.0 is in development and includes major benefit calculation, payment processes, and enhanced member online account features. We are planning implementation of Phase Two for the summer of 2016.

Awards and Recognition

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Teachers Retirement Association for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the seventeenth consecutive year that the Association has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a

period of only one year. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

TRA was also awarded the Public Pension Coordinating Council's Recognition Award for Administration in 2015. This award recognizes TRA's meeting of professional standards in plan administration in categories such as benefits, actuarial valuations, financial reporting and communications to members.

The preparation of this report is possible only through the combined efforts of our employees, employer units and professional consultants. It is intended to provide a complete and reliable portrayal of the financial status of the pension fund as a basis for making management decisions and determining responsible stewardship over the assets held in trust for the members of the Association. We have notified members, employer unit officials and other interested persons about the availability of the report on the TRA website. A summary that highlights key aspects of the report will be provided to all members in the TRIB, TRA's periodic newsletter.

Our sincere appreciation is extended to all who assisted in and contributed toward the completion of this publication.

Respectfully submitted,

Laurie Fion Hacking

Laurie Fiori Hacking Executive Director

Juchar

J. Michael Stoffel Deputy Executive Director

Board of Trustees

As of December 16, 2015



Martha Lee (Marti) Zins Retiree Representative Minnetonka, MN



Marshall Thompson Elected Member St. Louis Park, MN





Mary L. Broderick Elected Member St. Cloud, MN



Tiffany Rodning Minnesota School Boards Association Representative



Mary B. Supple Elected Member Richfield, MN



Brenda Cassellius Commissioner of Education



Robert J. Gardner Elected Member Crystal, MN



Myron Frans Commissioner of Minnesota Management & Budget

Administrative Staff



Laurie Fiori Hacking Executive Director



J. Michael Stoffel Deputy Executive Director



Tim Maurer Assistant Executive Director of Operations



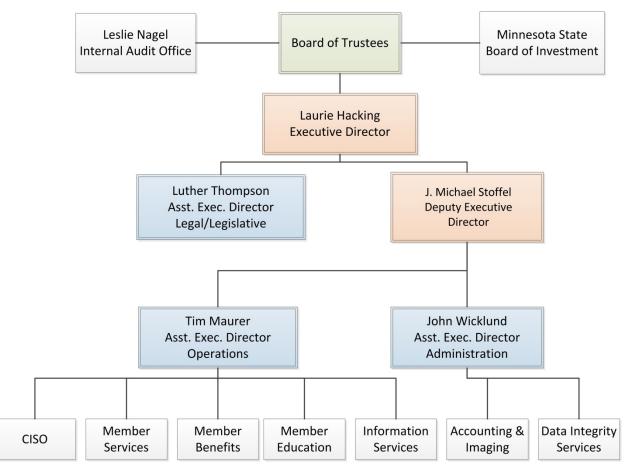
Luther Thompson Assistant Executive Director of Legal and Legislative Services



John Wicklund Assistant Executive Director of Administration

Administrative Organization

As of December 2015



Consulting Services

Actuary

Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC Bellevue, Nebraska

Auditor

Office of the Legislative Auditor Saint Paul, Minnesota

Investment

Minnesota State Board of Investment Saint Paul, Minnesota

Legal Counsel Office of the Attorney General Saint Paul, Minnesota

Medical Advisor

ExamWorks Minneapolis, Minnesota

Our Mission Statement

TRA provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to Minnesota's public educators assisting them in achieving future income security.

TRA strives to provide benefits that attract and retain competent teachers who serve communities throughout the state, building a stronger education system.

TRA is committed to safeguarding the financial integrity of the fund and takes pride in providing exceptional, innovative services.

Our Vision

To be an outstanding retirement system pursuing benefits and services that **exceeds members' expectations**.

Goals

Members and Stakeholders – Be responsive to the needs of TRA members and stakeholders by providing them with innovative, timely and relevant services and education, and adequate benefits that are properly funded.

Organizational Effectiveness – Be a proactive, flexible efficient organization by measuring performance and continuously improving work processes.

Staff Development – Make TRA an "employer of choice" for both existing and potential staff by providing a supportive and challenging environment that encourages teamwork and creativity, fosters professional growth and development, and values employee input.

Finance and Resources – Safeguard the financial integrity of the fund by ensuring adequate funding, legal compliance and responsibly managing fiscal resources.

Technology – Maintain the internal capacity to utilize cutting-edge technologies that continuously improve work processes and enhance service delivery and communication with our members and stakeholders.

Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Minnesota



Financial



Auditor's Report



Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Trustees Teachers Retirement Association

Ms. Laurie Hacking, Executive Director Teachers Retirement Association

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA), which comprise of the statement of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2015, and the related statement of changes in fiduciary net position, and notes to the financial statements, as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to TRA's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of TRA's internal controls. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Teachers Retirement Association as of June 30, 2015, and the changes in financial position for the period then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Room 140 Centennial Building, 658 Cedar Street, St. Paul, Minnesota 55155-1603 • Phone: 651-296-4708 • Fax: 651-296-4712 E-mail: legislative.auditor@state.mn.us • Website: www.auditor.leg.state.mn.us • Minnesota Relay: 1-800-627-3529 or 7-1-1 Members of the Board of Trustees Ms. Laurie Hacking, Executive Director Page 2

Emphasis Matter - GASB and Statutory Financial Reporting Requirements

In its fiscal year 2015 financial report, TRA determined its pension liability using assumptions that conform to actuarial standards of practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). See Note 6 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for further information about TRA's pension liability.

Minnesota Statutes 2015, 356.20, require TRA to include in its financial report information using funding-focused statutory assumptions and methodologies. For its fiscal year 2015 financial report, the funding-focused information differs from the GASB-based information primarily for the following reasons:

- (1) The discount rate required by statute for funding purposes was higher than the discount rate used for financial reporting purposes. The discount rate is the rate used to bring the projected benefit payments to the present value of those benefits (the pension liability). A higher discount rate results in a smaller pension liability.
- (2) For funding purposes, statutes require investment gains and losses be recognized over a five-year period to "smooth" the volatility that can occur from year to year. For GASB financial reporting purposes, assets are valued at market value as of the end of the fiscal year.

Including funding-focused information was necessary for TRA to comply with state law and had no effect on our audit opinion.

Other Matters - Actuarial Assumptions Used

In 2015, TRA's actuary reported the results of its most recent experience study and recommended changes to certain actuarial assumptions. The experience study compared the actual experience of plan participants to assumptions used to estimate the cost of future benefit payments. The experience study examined actual experience for the six-year period ending June 30, 2014. The changes to actuarial assumptions recommended by the actuary as a result of this experience study would result in a larger pension liability.

For its estimate of the pension liability at June 30, 2015, TRA did not revise the actuarial assumptions to implement its actuary's recommended changes based on the experience study. Instead, TRA continued to use the actuarial assumptions based on an experience study of the four-year period ending June 30, 2008. TRA plans to implement the recommended changes to the assumptions for its fiscal year 2016 estimate of pension liability. We estimate that if TRA had implemented the recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions, the pension liability could be about \$700 million higher than reported. However, it is important to recognize that the actuarial valuation process, while very sophisticated in its calculation methodology, is still an estimate based on assumptions about events, which occur many years into the future. Other assumption sets may also be reasonable. The pension liability based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Because the actuarial assumptions used to determine its 2015 pension liability were reasonable and compliant with Actuarial Standards of Practice and GASB standards, TRA's decision to delay the implementation of recommended changes to its actuarial assumptions study had no effect on our audit opinion.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the other required supplementary information, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a

Members of the Board of Trustees Ms. Laurie Hacking, Executive Director Page 3

part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information Included with the Financial Statements

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise TRA's basic financial statements. The supporting schedules in the Financial Section and the Introductory, Investment, Actuarial, and Statistical Sections, as listed in the Table of Contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supporting schedules, as listed in the Financial Section of the Table of Content, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supporting schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supporting schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory, Investment, Actuarial, and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will issue our report on our consideration of the Teachers Retirement Association's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Jammer K. Aduly

James R. Nobles Legislative Auditor

December 21, 2015 Saint Paul, Minnesota

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Cecile M. Ferkul, CPA, CISA Deputy Legislative Auditor

Management Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2015

This discussion and analysis of the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) of Minnesota provides an overview of TRA financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage you to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter beginning on page 3 and the additional information presented in the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Financial Highlights

Financial highlights of fiscal year 2015 include:

- The merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) was effective June 30, 2015.
 TRA's financial reporting that follows reflects the combined activity of both associations for the year. At June 30, 2015, DTRFA assets transferred to TRA were \$231.9 million of the final total net position of \$20.4 billion of the combined association.
- The Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits increased in value by \$152 million during fiscal year 2015 for a total of \$20.45 billion. Plan contributions and investment income totaled \$1.61 billion during the fiscal year. Plan benefits and other expenses totaled \$1.68 billion during the fiscal year.
- Investment returns for the 2015 fiscal year were 4.4 percent using the time-weighted value method, resulting in investment income of \$887.3 million.
- Contributions paid by employees, employers, and non-employers during fiscal year 2015 totaled \$716.62 million, an increase of \$101.69 million from the fiscal year 2014 total of \$614.93 million.
- Pension benefits paid to retirees and beneficiaries during fiscal year 2015 was \$1.66 billion. The fiscal year 2014 total was \$1.58 billion, representing an increase of \$77.3 million during the year.
- Refunds of member contributions plus interest during fiscal year 2015 were \$11.88 million. The fiscal year 2014 total was \$12.57 million.
- Administrative expenses of the fund during fiscal year 2015 were \$11.51 million. The fiscal year 2014 total was \$9.43 million, representing an increase of \$2.08 million during the fiscal year.

Actuarial Highlights

The Association's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit obligations through the accumulation of contributions and investment income. This funding is structured so that the burden of paying retirement costs is shared equitably by present and future generations of members and taxpayers.

By state law, TRA and its actuarial consultant are required to prepare an actuarial valuation to assist decision-makers in assessing the funding strength and position of the TRA Fund. The results of this actuarial valuation report will be used to describe key funding measures such as the funding ratio, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and the contribution rate deficiency.

As of June 30, 2015, the accrued liability funding ratio for TRA was 77.05 percent, an increase from the comparable funding ratio of 74.13 percent as of June 30, 2014. TRA's unfunded actuarial accrued liability on June 30, 2014, was \$6.35 billion. The June 30, 2015, unfunded actuarial liability was \$5.87 billion, a decrease of \$480 million from the previous year. Strong investment experience during the five-year smoothing formula resulted in an \$816 million gain in determining the unfunded actuarial liability. Those gains were partly offset by a \$166 million increase in the unfunded liability of the plan due to the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association. TRA's unfunded liability, by state law, must be fully paid by June 30, 2037. Key actuarial funding ratios are presented on page 67.

TRA's actuary has also prepared a separate actuarial valuation report under the requirements of GASB Statements 67 for presentations and disclosures within the Financial Section of this report. The GASB 67 valuation report will also be the foundation of a report TRA will issue in the first half of 2016 to assist employer units in their implementation of GASB 68 financial reporting later in 2016.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the financial report of TRA. The financial report consists of:

- the basic financial statements, comprised of the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position;
- the notes to the basic financial statements; and
- required supplementary information, and
- other supplementary information.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (page 20) presents information on the assets and liabilities of TRA, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The net position of the Association reflects the resources available to pay benefits to members when due. Over time, increases and decreases in net position measure whether the Association's financial position is improving or deteriorating. It can be thought of as a snapshot of the financial position of TRA at that specific point in time.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (page 21) presents information detailing the changes in net position that occurred during the current fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported on an accrual basis. This means that the revenue or expense is recognized as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of when the actual cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods.

The notes to the financial statements (pages 22-38) provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. The required supplementary information (pages 39-42) will be built prospectively and in time, will form a tenyear historical trend. The Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability includes a reconciliation of the fiscal year 2015 net pension liability for GASB 67 reporting purposes. The Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Contributions presents information about the annual required contributions and resulting contributions in relation to this requirement, covered employee payroll, and contributions as a percentage of covered payroll.

The Schedule of Investment Returns using the moneyweighted method is presented. It will be developed prospectively over the next 10 years.

Two other supporting schedules are also presented. The Schedule of TRA Administrative Expenses (page 45) presents the overall cost of administering the Association. The Schedule of Professional Consultant Expenses (page 46) further details this category of administrative expense.

Financial Analysis of the TRA Fund

Plan Assets

Total plan assets of the TRA Fund as of June 30, 2015, were \$22.54 billion and were mostly comprised of cash, investments and contributions due from employers. Total plan assets increased \$33.92 million (0.15 percent) from the June 30, 2014, total of \$22.51 billion. The primary reason for the increase was the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA).

Plan Liabilities

Total liabilities as of June 30, 2015, were \$2.09 billion, a decrease of 5.4 percent from the June 30, 2014, liability amount of \$2.21 billion. The primary reason for the decrease was the lower value of liabilities within the securities lending program. In both years, the liability amounts were mostly comprised of obligations under security lending arrangements, accounts payable and long-term bonds payable for the building co-owned by the Association.

Net Position

Association assets exceeded liabilities on June 30, 2015, by \$20.45 billion. The amount is greater than the June 30, 2014, amount of \$20.29 billion by \$152 million. The increase in the fair value of investments is primarily attributable the DTRFA merger on June 30, 2015, which increased TRA assets by \$231.9 million. TRA relies heavily on investment earnings to help pay benefits and expenses over the long term, since annual employee and employer contributions are less than one-third of the amount needed to fund cash outflows. As a result, the TRA Fund requires strong investment performance each year to experience an increase in the net position.

Revenues — Additions to Fiduciary Net Position

Total additions to the TRA Fund during fiscal year 2015 were \$1.61 billion, a \$2.27 billion decrease from \$3.88 billion in fiscal year 2014. The decrease is due to weaker investment earnings in fiscal year 2015 than in the prior fiscal year.

Total employee and employer contributions for fiscal year 2015 increased \$101.69 million from the previous fiscal year for a combined fiscal year total of about \$716.62 million. The increase is attributable to higher

contribution rates for active members and employers for fiscal year 2015. Contributions during fiscal year 2015 were calculated at 7.5 percent employee and 7.5 percent employer for Coordinated members of TRA. Employee and employer contributions relating to DTRFA were also responsible for the increase.

Net investment income of \$887.3 million was recorded for fiscal year 2015. This amount decreased by \$2.37 billion from the fiscal year 2014 amount of \$3.26 billion.

Fiduciary Net Position

Dollar Amounts in Thousands			
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>Change</u>
Cash and Investments	\$ 22,498,193	\$ 22,464,446	\$ 33,747
Receivables	23,111	25,605	(2,494)
Other	18,981	16,317	2,664
Total Assets	22,540,285	22,506,368	33,917
Total Liabilities	2,094,194	2,212,683	(118,489)
Fiduciary Net Position	<u>\$ 20,446,091</u>	<u>\$ 20,293,685</u>	<u>\$ 152,406</u>
Changes in Fiduciary Net	Position		
Dollar Amounts in Thousands			
Additions	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>Change</u>
Employee Contributions	\$ 334,826	\$ 294,632	\$ 40,194
Employer Contributions	381,795	320,301	61,494
Net Investment Income/(Loss)	887,280	3,257,693	(2,370,413)
Other	4,897	5,502	(605)
Total Additions	<u>\$ 1,608,798</u>	<u>\$ 3,878,128</u>	<u>\$ (2,269,330)</u>
Deductions	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>Change</u>
Monthly Benefits	\$ 1,659,069	\$ 1,581,766	\$ 77,303
Refunds of Contributions	11,885	12,566	(681)
Administrative Expenses	11,509	9,430	2,079
Total Deductions	<u>\$ 1,682,463</u>	<u>\$ 1,603,762</u>	\$ <u>78,701</u>
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(<u>\$ 73,665</u>)	<u>\$ 2,274,366</u>	<u>\$ (2,348,031)</u>

Expenses — Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position

The primary expenses of TRA include the payment of pension benefits to members and beneficiaries, refunds of contributions to former members, and the cost of administering the system. Retirement benefit expense increased by \$77.3 million due to an increase in the number of benefit recipients, the DTRFA merger, and a 2.0 percent benefit increase paid to eligible benefit recipients on January 1, 2015.

Member refunds of \$11.89 million decreased by \$670,000 during fiscal year 2015 from the fiscal year 2014 total of \$12.56 million.

Administrative expenses increased by 22.0 percent during the fiscal year – from \$9.43 million in fiscal year 2014 to \$11.51 million in fiscal year 2015. Overall, fund deductions increased \$78.70 million during fiscal year 2015. Expenses in administering DTRFA and recognition of software development costs contributed to the increase

Actuarial Highlights

The financial health of a public pension plan is not exclusively assessed by analyzing the basic financial statements. To assist funding analysis, TRA's actuary prepared an actuarial valuation in accordance with Minnesota Statute 356. 215. These financial statements should also be reviewed in conjunction with the Actuarial Section of this CAFR.

Due to strong investment returns over three of the preceding five years, the actuarial value of assets increased from \$18.18 billion on June 30, 2014, to \$19.70 billion as of June 30, 2015. The actuarial value of assets smoothes investment gains and losses over a five-year period to minimize the volatility associated with any one year. On fair value basis, TRA assets were \$20.44 billion on June 30, 2015. The difference between the actuarial value and the fair value of assets is \$740 million and represents deferred gains which will either be recognized in future years or will help mitigate investment losses should the markets decline.

TRA's actuarial accrued liability on June 30, 2015, increased to \$25.56 billion from the June 30, 2014, amount of \$24.53 billion, an increase of 4.2 percent. Part of the increase, about \$397 million, is attributable to actuarial liabilities assumed in the DTRFA merger. Accrued liabilities also increased due to additional service earned by active members during fiscal year 2015 and interest charged to the fund on the existing unfunded liability.

TRA's unfunded actuarial liability on June 30, 2014 was \$6.35 billion. The June 30, 2015 unfunded actuarial liability decreased to \$5.87 billion, representing a decrease of about \$480 million. By law, the unfunded liability must be recovered in full by June 30, 2037. The merger of the DTRFA increased the unfunded liability by \$166 million. However, the recognition of investment gains occurring in previous fiscal years reduced the unfunded liability by \$816 million.

TRA's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit obligations through the accumulation of contributions and investment income. This funding goal is structured so that the burden of retirement costs is shared equitably by present and future generations of members and taxpayers. As of June 30, 2015, the actuarial accrued liability funding ratio for TRA was 77.05 percent, an increase from the comparable funding ratio of 74.13 percent as of June 30, 2014. The funding increase was driven primarily through strong investment returns in three of the past five years.

TRA's statutory contribution rate of 15.97 percent of member covered payroll is currently trailing the required contribution rate calculated by TRA's actuarial consultant. The required contribution rate to fund normal pension costs, amortizing the unfunded actuarial liability, plus TRA administrative costs was calculated as 17.87 percent. The resulting contribution deficiency is 1.90 percent of employee covered payroll, or about \$89.3 million projected in fiscal year 2016.

Employee and employer contribution rates are reviewed and set into law by the Minnesota legislature. TRA's actuary recently completed an experience study reviewing all the economic and demographic assumptions underlying the actuarial valuation report results. The recommendations in the experience study report are not reflected in this valuation report and expected to be acted upon by the 2016 legislature.

GASB 67-68 actuarial valuation results

TRA authorized a separate actuarial valuation report designed to comply with the provisions of GASB

Statement 67. The Required Supplementary Information (RSI), beginning on page 39, details the results of this valuation report. The focus of this valuation is primarily for financial statement presentations rather than funding analysis. Under the assumptions used in this valuation, TRA had a net pension liability of \$6.19 billion on June 30, 2015 and a contribution deficiency of \$113.4 million for fiscal year 2015. The GASB 67 investment return for fiscal year 2015, using the money-weighted method, was 4.48 percent.

TRA will allocate the results of the GASB 67 accounting valuation to each employer unit. We plan to provide employer units with this information in the first quarter of calendar 2016 to facilitate their compliance with the financial reporting requirements of GASB Statement 68 for their fiscal year 2016 financial reporting cycle. The complete GASB 67 accounting valuation report is available at:

www.minnesotatra.org/FORMSPUB/eepubs.html

Summary

Due to the long-term nature of defined benefit plans, one must review the financial performance of TRA over a period of years and not at any one point in time. The funding ratio of the TRA Fund increased from 74.13 percent to 77.05 percent for fiscal year 2015.

The long-term financial health of TRA, like all retirement systems, is heavily dependent on two key items: (1) future investment returns and (2) contributions. Changes were made by the 2010 legislature to strengthen the funding of TRA and enhance its long-term sustainability. Contributions were increased by a total of 4 percent, to be phased in over four years beginning July 1, 2011, and benefit reductions were implemented. These changes, along with strong investment performance in three of the last five fiscal years, have significantly improved the projected long-term funding of TRA. However, a contribution deficiency still exists based on the results of the 2015 valuation. Clearly, the actual market returns over the coming years will be a significant factor in whether or not TRA's goal of amortizing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability by June 30, 2037 will be reached.

In addition to the market returns, the June 30, 2015, merger with the DTRFA changes slightly the funded status of TRA. Prior to enactment of the legislation, a great deal of effort was spent to analyze the potential impact of the merger on TRA. We note that this analysis appropriately focused on the long-term impact of the merger, reflecting the additional state aid payments that are scheduled to be made annually to assure that TRA's funding is not negatively impacted by the merger. However, because the DTRFA liabilities are included the 2015 actuarial valuation report, but the state aid payments intended to fund the actuarial accrued liability will be contributed over many years, certain measures of the financial health of TRA may be temporarily lowered in the short term.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide the Board of Trustees, members and other users of this financial report a general overview of the Association's finances and to demonstrate its accountability with the money it holds in trust. Questions about this report, or requests for additional financial or actuarial information should be directed to:

Teachers Retirement Association 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400 Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103

Telephone toll-free, 800-657-3669

Email: info@MinnesotaTRA.org

Teachers Retirement Fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Assets

Cash and Short-term Investments	
Cash	\$ 8,821,402
Building Account Cash	16,110
Short-term Investments	 400,181,128
Total Cash and short-term investments	409,018,640
Accounts Receivable	23,111,124
Investments (at fair value)	
Fixed Income Pool	4,804,240,408
Alternative Investments Pool	2,519,314,829
Indexed Equity Pool	3,173,249,539
Domestic Equity Pool	6,476,019,628
Global Equity Pool	 3,040,211,868
Total Investments	20,013,036,272
Securities Lending Collateral Building	2,076,137,816
Land	171,166
Building & Equipment Net of Depreciation	7,000,603
Total Building	 7,171,769
Capital Assets Net of Depreciation	11,809,205
Total Assets	\$ 22,540,284,826
Liabilities	
Current	
Accounts Payable	\$ 10,557,618
Accrued Compensated Absences	82,049
Accrued Expenses - Building	3,430
Bonds Payable	603,715
Bond Interest Payable	13,337
Securities Lending Collateral	 2,076,137,816
Total Current Liabilities	2,087,397,965
Long Term	
Accrued Compensated Absences	725,646
Bonds Payable	 6,070,483
Total Long Term Liabilities	6,796,129
Total Liabilities	 2,094,194,094
Net Position Restricted For Pensions	\$ 20,446,090,732

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Teachers Retirement Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Additions

Contributions		
Employee	\$	334,825,844
Employer		340,207,590
Direct Aid (State/City/District)		41,587,410
Earnings Limitation Savings Account (ELSA)		1,346,830
Total Contributions	\$	717,967,674
Investment Income		
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments	\$	906,546,842
Less Investment Expense		(29,287,136)
Net Investment Income	\$	877,259,706
Securities Lending Activities		
Securities Lending Income	\$	14,902,270
Securities Lending Expenses:		
Borrower Rebates		(613,989)
Management Fees	\$	(4,267,587)
Total Securities Lending Expenses	<u>\$</u>	(4,881,576)
Net Income from Securities Lending	\$	10,020,694
Total Net Investment Income	<u>\$</u>	887,280,400
Other Income	<u>\$</u>	3,550,057
Total Additions	\$	1,608,798,131
Deductions		
Retirement Benefits Paid	\$	1,657,722,157
Earnings Limitation Savings Account		1,346,831
Refunds of Contributions to Members		11,884,677
Administrative Expenses		11,509,273
Total Deductions	\$	1,682,462,938
Net Decrease	\$	(73,664,807)
Net Position Restricted for Pensions		
Beginning of Year (Restated)	<u>\$</u>	20,519,755,539
End of Year	<u>\$</u>	20,446,090,732

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

1. Description of TRA

A. Organization

The Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) is an administrator of a multiple employer, costsharing retirement fund. TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (coordinated with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. Assets of the fund may be used to pay benefits to both Basic and Coordinated members without legal restriction.

B. Participating Members and Employers

Teachers employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain educational institutions maintained by the state (except those teachers employed by the city of St. Paul and by the University of Minnesota system) are required to be TRA members.

State university, community college, and technical college teachers first employed by the Minnesota State College and Universities (MnSCU) may elect TRA coverage within one year of eligible employment. Alternatively, these teachers may elect coverage through the Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (DCR) administered by MnSCU. A teacher employed by MnSCU and electing coverage by DCR is not a member of TRA except for purposes of Social Security coverage.

A schedule of employer units and membership is presented in *Figure 1*, *Employer Units and Membership*.

Figure 1. Employer Units and Membership

Employer Units	
Independent school districts	373
Colleges and universities	39
State agencies	5
Charter schools	167
Professional organizations	5
Total Employer Units	<u>589</u>
Membership	
Retirees, disabilitants and	
beneficiaries receiving benefits	61,986
Terminated employees with	
deferred vested benefits	<u>13,314</u>
Total	<u>75,300</u>
Current employees	
Vested	62,804
Non-vested	<u>16,602</u>
Total	<u>79,406</u>

C. Benefit Provisions

TRA provides retirement benefits, as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon the death of eligible members. All benefits vest after three years of eligible service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any consecutive 60 months of allowable service, age and years of formula service credit at termination of service. TRA members belong to either the Basic or Coordinated Plan.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed **before July 1, 1989**, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described:

Tier I	Step Rate Formula	Percentage
Basic	1st ten years of service	2.2 percent per year
	All years after	2.7 percent per year
Coordinated	1st ten years if service years are prior to July 1, 2006	1.2 percent per year
	1st ten years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 percent per year
	All other years of service if service years are prior to July 1, 2006	1.7 percent per year
	All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 percent per year

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) 3 percent per year early retirement reduction for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

Or

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for coordinated members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic members. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated members and 2.7 for Basic members applies. An actuarial reduction is applied to members retiring prior to age 65. Members who reach age 62 with 30 years of service have a lower (more favorable to the member) reduction rate applied.

Members first employed **after June 30, 1989**, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Other

Former Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association (MTRFA) members with Basic Program eligibility retain the plan provisions of the Basic Program as defined in the MTRFA Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws as they existed at merger on June 30, 2006. Thirty-two former MTRFA active and inactive members retain Basic Program coverage.

Former members of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) retain the plan provisions as defined in the DTRFA Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws as they existed at merger on June 30, 2015.

The benefit provisions stated in the preceding paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated members who are entitled to benefits, but are not yet receiving them, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service. Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from investment of fund assets.

D. Reporting Entity

TRA functions as a statutory entity created by the Laws of 1931, Chapter 406. The Association maintains rights to sue or be sued in its own name and to hold property in its own name. For financial reporting purposes, TRA is considered a pension trust fund of the State of Minnesota and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report with its fiduciary funds.

The State of Minnesota acts as a fiduciary and trustee of TRA's funds. The eight member Board of Trustees is defined by Minnesota Statute, section 354.06, and consists of four active member representatives, one retired member representative, and three statutory officials. The Board has significant independence in the operations and management of the Association, though the State Legislature actually determines the contribution rates for members and employers and sets benefits levels. The Board of Trustees is responsible for TRA's administration, but the State Board of Investment (SBI) is responsible for investing plan assets.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Accounting

TRA financial statements for its defined benefit fund are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are due pursuant to Minnesota Statute. Expenses including benefit payments and refunds are recorded when the liability is due and payable according to Minnesota Statute.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the independent organization that establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for governmental entities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, TRA implemented GASB *Statement No. 69, Government Combination and Disposals of Government Operations*. This statement was applied to the June 30, 2015, merger of Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) with TRA. The July 1, 2014, (beginning balance) Net Position Restricted for Pensions was restated to reflect the merger.

B. Accounts Receivable

Amounts classified as accounts receivable consist primarily of employee contributions, employer contributions, and direct statutory payments from employers received after the fiscal year end on salaries earned prior to June 30, 2015. Under Minnesota Statutes, section 354.52, subdivision 4, TRA employers must remit contributions within 14 days after the member is paid.

A Schedule of Accounts Receivable as of June 30, 2015, is presented in *Figure 2, Schedule of Accounts Receivable*.

Figure 2. Schedule of Accounts Receivable

Description	Amount	
Employer Contributions	\$ 9,796,038	
Employee Contributions	9,420,414	
Direct Aid (State/City/School)	3,375,000	
Management Fees	433,479	
Interest on Investments	78,655	
Health/Wellness Reimbursement	704	
Shared lease	6,679	
Building fund	155	
Total Receivables	<u>\$ 23,111,124</u>	

C. Investment Policies and Valuation Methodology

- Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 11A, the state's retirement fund assets are commingled in various pooled investment accounts, administered by the State Board of Investment (SBI). As of June 30, 2015, the TRA Fund's share of the Combined Funds administered by SBI at fair value was approximately 33.9 percent (\$20.4 billion – TRA and \$60.1 billion – total).
- 2. Minnesota Statutes, section 11A.24, broadly restricts retirement fund investments to obligations and stocks of the United States and Canadian governments, their agencies and their registered corporations; short-term obligations of specified high quality; restricted participation as a limited partner in venture capital, real estate or resource equity investments; restricted participation in registered mutual funds; and some qualified foreign instruments. SBI's target allocation policy is shown in *Figure 3, Investment Allocation*.

Figure 3. Investment Allocation

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (geometric)
Domestic Stocks	45%	5.50%
International Stocks	15%	6.00
Bonds	18%	1.45
Alternative Assets	20%	6.40
Cash	<u>2%</u>	0.50
Total	<u>100%</u>	

- Information on investment activity, investment management fees and a listing of specific investments owned by the pooled asset accounts can be obtained from SBI, Suite 355, 60 Empire Drive, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103.
- 4. Investments in the pooled accounts are reported at fair value. The pooled accounts have not been rated for credit quality. *Figure 4, TRA Investment Portfolio,* provides a summary of the cost and fair values of the investments as of June 30, 2015, as reported on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued using the last reported trade price. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent yearly appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Included in the short-term investment category is a program managed by the SBI in which it purchases certificates of deposits (CD) in Minnesota financial institutions. The SBI receives a market rate of return on these investments. The CD investments are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investment income is recognized as earned. Accrued investment income of the pooled investment accounts is included in participation in the accounts. Gains or losses on sales or exchanges are recognized on the transaction date. Net investment income is summarized on the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The summarized amounts show net investment income of \$887 million for fiscal year 2015.

The cost of security transactions is included in the transaction price. Administrative expenses of SBI and investment management fees of the external money managers and the state's master custodian for pension fund assets are allocated to the funds participating in the pooled investment accounts (page 58). TRA's share of these expenses totaled \$29.3 million (pages 56-57).

A detailed schedule of fees and commissions by brokerage firm, along with the number of shares traded, total commissions, and commissions per share may be obtained by writing:

Minnesota State Board of Investment 60 Empire Drive, Suite 355 St. Paul, MN 55103-3555

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the assets of the combined retirement fund, net of investment expense, was 4.479%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Figure 4. TRA Investment Portfolio

TRA Investment Portfolio					
TRA Fund	Cost	Fair Value			
Pooled Accounts					
Bond Fund	\$ 4,766,257,590	\$ 4,804,240,408			
US Stock Actively Managed Fund	5,335,044,209	6,476,019,628			
US Stock Index Fund	2,490,062,739	3,173,249,539			
Broad International Stock Fund	2,692,667,641	3,040,211,868			
Alternative Investment	2,711,467,869	2,519,314,829			
Total	<u>\$ 17,995,500,048</u>	<u>\$ 20,013,036,272</u>			
Short-Term Cash Equivalents					
Money Market	\$ 251,321,255	\$ 251,369,818			
CD Repo Pool	148,781,218	148,811,310			
Total	\$ 400,102,473	<u>\$ 400,181,128</u>			
Total Invested	<u>\$ 18,395,602,521</u>	<u>\$ 20,413,217,400</u>			

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at the time of acquisition at cost. Assets with a cost in excess of \$2,000 and internally generated software development costs in excess of \$1,000,000 are capitalized. In fiscal year 2015, software development costs of \$3,693,533 were capitalized. Additional development costs are anticipated over the next two years.

Figure 5. Schedule of Capital Assets

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line method over the useful life of the related assets. The estimated useful lives by major category are: computer equipment (3 years), general office equipment (5 years), modular office furniture (10 years) and internally generated software (10 years).

Capital assets are presented on the June 30, 2015, Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The yearend balance plus changes during the year are shown in *Figure 5, Schedule of Capital Assets*.

E. Accrued Compensated Absences

Employees of TRA accrue vacation leave, sick leave, and compensatory leave at various rates within limits specified in collective bargaining agreements. Accumulated amounts for compensated absences are accrued when incurred. Such leave is liquidated in cash primarily at the time of termination of employment. The total liability at June 30, 2015, is \$807,695. Of this, \$82,049 is considered a short-term liability and \$725,646 is shown as a long-term liability on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The total increased by \$82,096 during fiscal year 2015.

Description	Balance 7/01/2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2015
Furniture and equipment	\$ 2,688,212	\$ 553,020	\$ (167,357)	\$ 3,073,875
Reserve for depreciation	(2,268,942)	(455,789)*	167,357	(2,557,374)
Internally developed software	8,443,501	3,693,553	-	12,137,054
Reserve for amortization		<u>\$ (844,350</u>)		<u>\$ (844,350</u>)
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 8,862,771</u>	<u>\$ 2,946,434</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,809,205</u>

* Amount includes \$152,126 from merger with DTRFA.

3. Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures

A. Investment Risk

The Minnesota State Board of Investment (SBI) is responsible for the investing of TRA assets under the authority of Minnesota Statutes, section 11A.24. The following disclosures apply to TRA investments.

B. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for cash deposits and investments is the risk that, in the event of a bank or custodian failure. TRA will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities. Cash consists of year-end receipts not processed as of the investment cutoff deadline on June 30. TRA cash funds are held in the state treasury, commingled with other state funds. Minnesota Statute Sec. 9.031, requires that deposits be secured by depository insurance or a combination of depository insurance and collateral securities held in the state's name by an agent of the state. Such insurance and collateral shall be in amounts sufficient to ensure that deposits do not exceed 90% of the sum of the insured amount and the market value of the collateral. Throughout fiscal year 2015, the combined depository insurance and collateral was sufficient to meet legal requirements and secure all TRA deposits, eliminating exposure to custodial credit risk.

C. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The State Board of Investment (SBI) has policies designed to minimize credit risk. They may invest funds in governmental obligations provided the issue is backed by the full faith and credit of the issuer or the issue is rated among the top four quality rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. They may invest funds in corporate obligations provided the issue is rated among the top four quality categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. They may also invest in unrated corporate obligations or in corporate obligations that are not rated among the top four quality categories provided that:

- The aggregate value of these obligations may not exceed 5 percent of the fund for which the state board is investing;
- Participation is limited to 50 percent of a single offering; and
- Participation is limited to 25 percent of an issuer's obligations.

SBI may also invest in bankers acceptances, deposit notes of U.S. banks, certificates of deposit, mortgage securities, and asset backed securities rated in the top four quality categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. Commercial paper must be rated in the top two categories.

Ninety-two percent of TRA's quality rating consists of implicitly guaranteed investments, including the Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), Federal home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Financing Corporation (FICO), Federal Farm Credit Banks, and Federal Agricultural mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac). The balance of the Agencies quality rating consists of federally guaranteed investments.

TRA's share of the SBI's exposure to credit risk, based on the lower of S & P's or Moody's Quality Ratings, is shown in *Figure 6, Credit Risk Exposure*.

Figure 6. Credit Risk Exposure

Quality Rating	Fair Value (<i>in thousands</i>)
AAA	\$372,035
AA	80,892
А	369,163
BBB	910,950
BB	442,756
В	83,277
CCC	21,210
CC	15,081
С	1,004
D	6,692
Agency	1,432,924
Treasury	1,144,253
Unrated	<u>779,229</u>
Total	<u>\$5,659,466</u>

D. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. SBI determines concentration of credit risk based on security identification number. TRA's defined benefit plan does not have a concentration of credit risk.

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt instruments could adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The State Board of Investment controls interest rate risk through guidelines developed for each portfolio. TRA's share of the debt securities are held in external investment pools and have the weighted average maturities as shown in *Figure 7, Interest Rate Risk.*

Figure 7. Interest Rate Risk

Security Type	Weighted Average Maturity (in Years)
Municipal	15.84
Foreign Country Bonds	14.86
Corporate Debt	9.31
U.S. Treasuries	9.12
Yankee	7.96
U. S. Agency	4.89
Mortgage Pass Through	4.86
Collateralized Mortgage Oblig	gation 4.33
Asset Backed	2.84
Commercial Mortgage Backer Securities	d 2.28
Cash Equivalent	0.24

F. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and foreign currencies could adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Under SBI manager guidelines, approved by the Investment Advisory Committee (IAC) and SBI, each money manager may hedge foreign currency transactions at their own option. Government obligations, including guaranteed or insured issues of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, and the African Development Bank, must pay interest and principal in U.S. dollars. The principal and interest of obligations of corporations, including those corporations incorporated or organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or any province thereof, must also be paid in U.S. dollars. TRA's share of investments as of June 30, 2015, was distributed among the currencies as shown in Figure 8, Schedule of Foreign Currency Risk.

Figure 8. Schedule of Foreign Currency Risk

Currency	Cash	Debt	Equity	Total
Australian Dollar	\$ 780,130	-	\$132,365,799	\$ 133,145,929
Brazilian Real	18,340	-	32,358,681	32,377,021
British Pound	4,502,472	5,248,747	463,595,761	473,346,980
Canadian Dollar	1,063,653	177,712	182,304,482	183,545,847
Chilean Peso	8,415	-	3,127,321	3,135,736
Chinese Renminbi	8,216	-	-	8,216
Colombian Peso	9,181	-	2,745,456	2,754,637
Czech Koruna	52	-	3,093,894	3,093,946
Danish Krone	24,399	-	50,854,320	50,878,719
Egyptian Pound	26,651	-	1,594,597	1,621,248
Euro	2,052,960	16,548,416	778,825,577	797,426,953
Hong Kong Dollar	1,232,771	-	229,049,405	230,282,176
Hungarian Forint	6,088	-	244,434	250,522
Indian Rupee	19,872	-	62,341,190	62,361,062
Indonesian Rupiah	15,199	-	11,529,090	11,544,289
Israeli New Sheqel	20,738	-	6,081,160	6,101,898
Japanese Yen	11,172,291	-	529,908,651	541,080,942
Malaysian Ringgit	11,842	-	11,086,188	11,098,030
Mexican Peso	1,684	-	15,184,071	15,185,755
Moroccan Dirham	12	-	-	12
New Taiwan Dollar	94,331	-	53,283,528	53,377,859
New Zealand Dollar	191,727	-	3,031,493	3,223,220
Norwegian Krone	428,521	-	13,824,380	14,252,901
Philippine Peso	3,171	-	13,121,964	13,125,135
Polish Zloty	3,856	-	8,768,253	8,772,109
Qatari Rial	75	-	1,178,200	1,178,275
Singapore Dollar	643,921	-	27,506,678	28,150,599
South African Rand	77,888	-	35,965,703	36,043,591
South Korean Won	787	-	58,911,292	58,912,079
Swedish Krona	43,258	-	61,355,495	61,398,753
Swiss Franc	12,703	-	196,706,421	196,719,124
Thai Baht	1,726	-	15,919,288	15,921,014
Turkish Lira	1,444	-	3,175,995	3,177,439
UAE Dirham	5	-	1,494,819	1,494,824
Total	\$ 22,478,379	\$ 21,974,875	\$3,010,533,586	\$ 3,054,986,840

G. Derivative Financial Instruments

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 53 Disclosures

On behalf of TRA, SBI invests in various types of derivative financial instruments. Derivatives are financial instruments, the value of which are derived, in whole or in part, from the value of any one or more underlying securities or assets, or index of securities or assets.

Minnesota Statutes, section 11A.24, provides that any agreement for put and call options and futures contracts may only be entered into with a fully offsetting amount of cash or securities. This applies to foreign currency forward contracts used to offset the currency risk of a security. All other derivatives are exchangetraded. The purpose of the SBI's derivative activity is to equitize cash in the portfolio, to adjust the duration of the portfolio, or to offset current futures positions.

Explanations of each derivative instrument type are presented below. The fair value balances and notational amounts (or face value) at June 30, 2015, classified by derivative instrument type (e.g., futures, options, currency forwards, and stock warrants and rights), and the changes in fair value for fiscal year 2015 are shown in *Figure 9, Schedule of Derivative Financial Instruments.*

- Futures are contract commitments to purchase (asset) or sell (liability) at a future date. The net change in the values of futures contracts is settled on a regular basis and gains and losses are included in investment income.
- **Options** are contracts that give buyers or sellers the right to buy (calls) or sell (puts) a security at a predetermined price on a future date. Gains and losses result from variances in the market value of the security that is the subject of the contract that occur prior to or on the contract specified date. The gains and losses are included in investment income.

- Currency Forward Contracts are used to manage portfolio foreign currency risk. The provisions of the contract vary based on what is negotiated between the two parties.
- Stock Warrants and Rights, similar to options, are the right to purchase shares of a stock at a certain price by a certain date. They usually have a longer term before expiration, e.g., five years or more. When exercised, new shares are issued by the company. Rights are the same but are issued to current stock owners to enable them to retain their relative ownership share. Gains and losses from the sale or exercise of stock warrants and rights are included in investment income.

SBI is exposed to credit risk through multiple counterparties in foreign currency forward contracts that are used to offset the currency risk of a security. TRA's proportionate share of the maximum loss that SBI would have recognized as of June 30, 2015, if all counter parties failed to perform as contracted is \$2,594,962. These counter parties have S&P ratings of BBB+ or better. There is no collateral held or any liabilities included in netting arrangements with those counterparties that would have reduced SBI's exposure to credit risk.

Figure 9. Schedule of Derivative Financial Instruments

(in thousands of dollars)

Derivative Investment Type	Changes in Fair Value During FY 2015		Value at e 30, 2015	Notiona Amoun	
Futures					
Index Futures – Long	\$	7,529	\$ -	\$ 60	8
Index Futures – Short	\$	(309)	\$ -	\$ (1	7)
Fixed Income Futures – Long	\$	4,696	\$ -	\$ 119,62	.9
Fixed Income Futures – Short	\$	(8,304)	\$ -	\$ (407,17	(5)
Options					
Futures Options Bought	\$	(679)	\$ 21	\$ 1,81	4
Futures Options Written	\$	1,239	\$ (192)	\$ (2,19	(4)
Currency Forwards					
Foreign Currency Forwards	\$	2,785	\$ 1,774	\$ 129,37	'2
Stock Warrants and Rights					
Stock Warrants	\$	(2)	\$ 404	\$ 14	2
Stock Rights	\$	(111)	\$ 115	\$ 18	37

H. Securities Lending

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 28 Disclosures

TRA does not own specific securities, but instead owns shares in pooled funds invested by SBI. The SBI is authorized to use securities lending transactions in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 356A.06, subdivision 7, and has, pursuant to a Custodial Trust Agreement, authorized State Street Bank and Trust Company, Boston, Massachusetts, to act as agent in lending securities to approved borrowers.

During the fiscal year, State Street lent, at the direction of the SBI, certain securities held by State Street as custodian and received cash (United States and foreign currency) or other collateral including securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government. State Street did not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities absent a borrower default. Under Minnesota Statutes, section 11A.24, borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan in amounts at least equal to the market value of the loaned securities.

SBI did not impose any restrictions during the fiscal year on the amount of the loans that State

Street made on its behalf. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year. Moreover, there were no losses during the fiscal year resulting from a default of the borrowers or State Street.

During the fiscal year, SBI and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested in a separate investment pool. As of June 30, 2015, such investment pool had an average duration of 11.29 days and an average weighted maturity of 84.73 days. Because the loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On June 30, 2015, SBI had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. TRA's portion of the market value of the collateral held and the fair value of securities on loan from SBI as of June 30, 2015, were \$4,125,242,532 and \$3,936,812,768, respectively. Cash collateral totaling \$2,076,137,816 is reported on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as an asset. Liabilities resulting from these securities lending transactions are also reported on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

4. Other Notes

A. Administrative Expenses and Budget

The annual budget of TRA operations is developed by TRA management and approved by the Board of Trustees. The budget is also sent to the Department of Minnesota Management & Budget for policy analysis and is included in the Governor's Biennial Budget presentation to the legislature. The legislature adopts appropriation and expenditure amounts resulting in an approved budget for the Association.

TRA administrative costs are not financed by any specific type of contribution or other income of the Fund. Administrative costs are budgeted in the annual determination of the actuarial required contribution rate (page 81, line B3).

B. Earnings Limitation Savings Account (ELSA)

Teachers under their Social Security normal retirement age who resume teaching service for a TRA-covered employer after retirement are subject to a \$46,000 annual earnings limitation. If a retired member earns more than the limitation, the annuity payable during the following calendar year will be offset one dollar for each two dollars earned in excess of the limitation.

The pension offset amounts are redirected to a separate individual savings account, called the Earnings Limitation Savings Account (ELSA), and later distributed to the retiree. Effective January 1, 2011, ELSA accounts no longer accrue interest. A member may apply for a lump-sum payment or rollover of their ELSA account balance, as long as it has been at least one year after the last deferred amount was redirected to the ELSA account.

As of June 30, 2015, TRA had 313 retirees with an ELSA account established. The total of all ELSA account balances was \$4.1 million. The dollar amount of pension benefits withheld due to excess earnings during fiscal year 2015 was \$1,346,830. ELSA assets are invested in the TRA Fund until distribution. Distributions of ELSA accounts for 123 retirees occurred during fiscal year 2015 and totaled \$1.66 million and are included as a deduction in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position as a component of Refund of Contributions to Members.

C. Participating Pension Plan

All 89 employees of the Teachers Retirement Association are covered by the multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit plan administered by TRA. All TRA employees participate in the Coordinated Plan and are eligible for the plan provisions described in Note 1, C.

Minnesota Statutes section 354.42 sets the rates for the employee and employer contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. During fiscal year 2015, Coordinated members were required to contribute 7.5 percent of their annual covered salary. Employers contributed 7.5 percent of their annual covered salary for Coordinated members. The total covered payroll salaries for all TRA employees during fiscal year 2015 was approximately \$4.97 million or 0.12 percent of total membership-covered salaries. The total covered payroll salaries for the entire membership of TRA for fiscal year 2015 was approximately \$4.31 billion. TRA paid 100 percent of its required employer contributions listed in Figure 10.

Figure 10. Schedule of TRA Employer Pension Contributions for TRA Employees

2015	2014	2013
\$329,098	\$306,306	\$280,541

D. Ownership of Office Building

The 1999 Legislature enacted authorization permitting TRA, the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA), and the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS) to purchase land and construct a 140,000 square foot office building to house the administrative offices of these three state entities. Ownership of the facility is prorated based on the amount of square footage each retirement system occupies in the building.

The building is located on 4.3 acres of land at 60 Empire Drive in Saint Paul. TRA has occupied the 4th Floor of the building since September 2001.

In June 2000, the State of Minnesota, under the authority of the Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget, issued 30-year revenue bonds totaling \$29 million to pay for the construction of the facility. Each owner (retirement system) is responsible for principal and interest payments based on its ownership percentage.

In August, 2012, the bonds were refunded with the proceeds of a new, lower-interest rate bond issue. The 2013 series \$21,880,000 Retirement System Revenue Refunding bonds are secured by the value of the total assets of the retirement systems, excluding any fund related to or dedicated to defined contribution plans administered by the retirement systems. The goal of the 2012 refunding bonds was not only to attempt to approximate the debt service payments that had existed under the 2000 revenue bonds, but to also shorten the repayment period by five years.

Through the issuance of the refunding bonds, which received a AAA rating from both Standard & Poor's and Fitch, the bond term was reduced by five years and the present value of the savings to the retirement systems was \$9.58 million. The bonds mature on June 1, 2025. TRA's share of the present value savings was approximately \$3.51 million. Effective July 1, 2013, TRA's ownership interest decreased from 37.80 percent to 36.70 percent.

At fiscal year end, TRA's share of the bonds payable is \$6,678,891, which includes bond principal of \$6,255,515 and bond premium of \$423,376. Interest expected to be paid over the remaining term of the bonds is \$560,735. TRA's share of the long-term bond repayment schedule including interest is summarized in *Figure 11, Schedule of Building Debt Service Payments,*

TRA is depreciating its share of the facility over 40 years. The depreciation schedule, shown in *Figure 12, Schedule of Office Building and Equipment,* summarizes the asset valuation of the office building, building equipment and deferred bond charges.

Figure 11.	Schedule o	f Building	Debt Service	Payments
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(TRA Share @ 36.7%) Effective: August 9, 2012							
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Premium	Total			
2016	603,715	103,719	56,330	763,764			
2017	614,725	93,709	54,265	762,699			
2018	627,570	83,517	52,163	763,250			
2019	645,920	73,112	50,017	769,049			
2020	655,095	62,402	47,808	765,305			
2021	673,445	51,540	45,568	770,553			
2022	688,125	40,374	43,265	771,764			
2023	702,805	28,965	40,912	772,682			
2024	677,115	17,312	24,453	718,880			
2025	367,000	6,085	8,595	381,680			
Totals	<u>\$6,255,515</u>	<u>\$ 560,735</u>	<u>\$ 423,376</u>	\$7,239,626			

Figure 12. Schedule of Office Building and Equipment

(TRA Share @ 36.7%)								
Description	Balance 7/01/2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2015				
Land	\$ 171,166	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 171,166				
Building Reserve for Building Depreciation Net Building	10,843,891 (3,609,328) (3,7,234,563)	<u>(267,946)</u> <u>(267,946)</u>	- - <u>\$</u>	10,843,891 (3,877,274) <u>\$6,966,617</u>				
Building Equipment Reserve for Bld. Equip Deprec. Net Building Equipment	\$ 107,752 (59,500) \$ 48,252	\$ - (14,266) <u>\$ (14,266)</u>	\$ - - <u>\$ -</u>	\$ 107,752 (73,766) \$ 33,986				

E. Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Nearly all TRA employees are covered by the State Employees Group Insurance Plan (SEGIP), a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit plan administered by the Department of Minnesota Management and Budget. At present, this plan subsidizes the cost of retiree insurance by charging a single premium rate for active employees and retirees, regardless of underwriting experience. As of June 30, 2015, the SEGIP had an unfunded net obligation of \$261,041,000 to be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. TRA's allocated portion of this liability is \$66,000.

Required OPEB Contributions and Net OPEB Obligation

(dollars in thousands)

FY Ended June 30	Annual Required Contribution (a)	Employer Contribution (b)	Percent (b)/(a)	Net OPEB Obligation	
2015	\$51	\$32	63%	\$66	
2014	\$44	\$36	82%	\$47	
2013	\$43	\$49	114%	\$39	

F. Merger with the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association

The Laws of Minnesota (2014) Chapter 296. Article 6, Sections 10 and 49 established Minnesota Statute Section 354.73 authorizing and defining the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) into TRA. The DTRFA was a self-administered, multiple employer defined benefit plan that covered eligible employees of the Duluth Independent School District No. 709 and certain eligible faculty of Lake Superior College. The DTRFA was originally incorporated in 1910 under Minnesota Laws (1909) Chapter 343 and was governed generally by Minnesota Statutes Chapter 354A, 356 and 356A at the time of the merger on June 30, 2015. The Association filed Articles of Dissolution with the Minnesota Secretary of State.

All assets and liabilities for approximately 3,000 DTRFA active, inactive and retired members were transferred to TRA as of June 30, 2015. Prospectively, former DTRFA members are considered TRA members. Under the merger legislation, assets of the DTRFA were transferred during fiscal year 2015 to the Duluth account within the Combined Funds, administered by the Minnesota State Board of Investment. On June 30, 2015, the Duluth account was merged into the TRA Fund within the Combined Funds. Refer to "Combining Statement for TRA and DTRFA" on page 36 for a comparison of the merged entities.

The merger law authorized the payment of \$14,377,000 annually from the State General Fund to the TRA Fund to cover the unfunded liabilities assumed in the merger. The annual amount was actuarially estimated as the amount needed to amortize the unfunded liabilities by the statutory TRA full funding date of June 30, 2037. Under the law, the annual payments will continue until the TRA Fund becomes actuarially fully funded.

Teachers Retirement Fund Combining Statement for TRA and DTRFA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Additions	TRA	DTRFA	Total
Contributions			
Employee	\$ 331,904,841	\$ 2,921,003	\$ 334,825,844
Employer	337,366,313	2,841,277	340,207,590
Direct Aid (State/City/District)	21,001,009	20,586,401	41,587,410
Earnings Limitation Savings Account (ELSA)	1,346,830	<u> </u>	1,346,830
Total Contributions	\$ 691,618,993	\$ 26,348,681	\$ 717,967,674
Investment Income			
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 896,823,166	\$ 9,723,676	\$ 906,546,842
Less Investment Expense	(28,464,006)	(823,130)	(29,287,136)
Net Investment Income	\$ 868,359,160	\$ 8,900,546	\$ 877,259,706
Securities Lending Activities			
Securities Lending Income	\$ 15,577,106	\$ (674,836)	\$ 14,902,270
Securities Lending Expenses:			
Borrower Rebates	(613,989)	-	(613,989)
Management Fees	(4,261,630)	(5,597)	(4,267,587)
Total Securities Lending Expenses	<u>\$ (4,875,979)</u>	<u>\$ (5,597)</u>	<u>\$ (4,881,576)</u>
Net Income from Securities Lending	<u>\$ 10,701,127</u>	\$ (680,433)	\$ 10,020,694
Total Net Investment Income	\$ 879,060,287	\$ 8,220,113	\$ 887,280,400
Other Income	\$ 3,278,034	<u>\$ 272,023</u>	<u>\$ 3,550,057</u>
Total Additions	\$ 1,573,957,314	\$ 34,840,817	\$ 1,608,798,131
Deductions			
Retirement Benefits Paid	\$ 1,630,157,184	\$ 27,564,973	\$ 1,657,722,157
Earnings Limitation Savings Account	1,346,831	-	1,346,831
Refunds of Contributions to Members	11,627,200	257,477	11,884,677
Administrative Expenses	10,367,701	1,141,572	11,509,273
Total Deductions	\$ 1,653,498,916	\$ 28,964,022	\$ 1,682,462,938
Net Increase (decrease)	\$ (79,541,602)	\$ 5,876,795	\$ (73,664,807)
Net Position Restricted for Pensions			
Beginning of Year (Restated)	<u>\$20,293,684,479</u>	<u>\$ 226,071,060</u>	<u>\$ 20,519,755,539</u>
End of Year	<u>\$20,214,142,877</u>	<u>\$ 231,947,855</u>	<u>\$ 20,446,090,732</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

5. Contributions Required and Made

The TRA actuary performs an annual actuarial funding valuation in accordance with Minnesota Statute and the Minnesota Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement's (LCPR) *Standards for Actuarial Work*. The report is meant to assist the legislature in determining the funding progress made towards paying off TRA's unfunded liabilities.

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the rates (page 81, Line A4) for employee and employer contributions. TRA also uses the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the fund's unfunded liability over a closed period ending June 30, 2037.

Contributions totaling \$716,620,844 (\$334,825,844 employee and \$381,795,000 employer and employer direct aid) were received in accordance with the statutory contribution rates and amounts. On page 81, Line C, statutory contributions are projected as insufficient to meet the actuarially determined required contributions. The deficiency is 1.90 percent of covered payroll. This translates into a contribution deficiency of about \$89.3 million projected for fiscal year 2016.

6. Net Pension Liability

TRA's actuarial consultant performs another actuarial valuation to comply with the requirements of GASB Statement 67.

The components of the net pension liability of the TRA plan as of June 30, 2015, are as follows for participating employers and nonemployers:

Net Pension Liability (in thousands)								
Total Pension Liability	\$	26,632,080						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	20,446,091						
Net Pension Liability	\$	6,185,989						
Plan net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		76.77%						

Key Methods and Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total Pension Liability

Actuarial Information

Valuation Date	July 1, 2015
Experience Study	October 30, 2009
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of	8.00%
Return	
Wage Inflation	3.0%
Projected Salary	3.5 - 12%
increase	
Cost of living	2.0%
adjustment	,
Mortality Assumptions	
Pre-retirement: RP 2000 r	non-annuitant
generational mortality, wh	nite collar adjustment.
male rates set back 5 year	5
back 7 years.	
-	• • •
Post-retirement: RP 2000	annuitant generational

mortality, white collar adjustment, male rates set back 2 years and female rates set back 3 years.

Post-disability: RP 2000 disabled retiree mortality, without adjustment.

The total pension liability is calculated using a discount rate called the single equivalent interest rate. TRA's actuarial consultant's calculations indicate that the fiduciary net position is not projected to be depleted. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability on both June 30, 2014, and June 30, 2015, was the long-term rate of return 8.25 percent and 8.00 percent.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions from employees (members) and employers will be made at the current contribution rates as set out in state statute:

- Employee contribution rates: 11.00 percent for Basic members and 7.50 percent for Coordinated members.
- Employer contribution rates: 11.50 percent for Basic members and 7.50 percent for Coordinated members.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is reviewed regularly as part of the experience study. For the GASB 67 valuation, TRA management decided to use a long-term rate of return of 8 percent annually. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected rate of future years.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability (NPL) to Changes in the Discount Rate								
Current1%1% DecreaseDiscountIncrease(7.00%)Rate 8.00%(9.00%)								
NPL \$9,415,876 \$6,185,989 \$3,490,5								

The complete 2015 Actuarial Valuation Accounting Report is available at https://www.MinnesotaTRA.org/FORMSPUB/ eepubs.html.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(in thousands)

(2015	2014
Total Pension Liability		
Service cost	\$ 399,228	\$ 367,621
Interest	2,019,707	1,895,469
Benefit term changes	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience*	7,113	475,265
Assumptions changes	576,075	-
Benefit payments, including member refunds	(1,669,607)	(1,592,686)
Net change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,332,516	\$ 1,145,669
Total Pension Liability – beginning**	<u>\$ 25,299,564</u>	<u>\$ 23,755,943</u>
Total Pension Liability – ending (a)	\$ 26,632,080	\$ 24,901,612
Employer contributions	\$ 340,208	\$ 299,300
Non-employer contributions-Direct Aid (State/City/District)	41,587	21,001
Employee contributions	334,826	294,632
Net investment income	887,280	3,257,693
Benefit payments, including member refunds	(1,669,607)	(1,592,686)
Administrative expenses	(11,509)	(9,430)
Other	3,550	3,855
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ (73,665)	\$ 2,274,365
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – beginning**	\$ 20,519,756	\$ 18,019,319
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	\$ 20,446,091	\$ 20,293,684
Net Pension Liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 6,185,989	\$ 4,607,928
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	76.77%	81.50%
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,306,426	\$ 4,056,482
Employers' Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	143.65%	113.59%

* Includes impact of date change for expected increase in COLA to 2.5%, prior to the change in the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) to 8.0 percent.

** 2015 beginning of period TPL and FNP do not match the 2014 end of period amounts due to the DTRFA merger.

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information (continued)

Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Contributions

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially determined employer contribution*	\$495,235	\$492,731	\$ 463,788	\$401,725	\$ 384,943	\$ 421,813	\$ 355,189	\$ 280,327	\$ 229,642	\$ 133,389
Actual non-employer contributions	\$ 41,587	\$ 21,001	\$ 19,954	\$ 21,726	\$ 21,510	\$ 21,550	\$ 20,448	\$ 21,845	\$ 21,880	\$ 21,264
Actual employer contributions	<u>\$340,208</u>	<u>\$ 299,300</u>	<u>\$ 270,708</u>	<u>\$ 244,935</u>	<u>\$222,723</u>	<u>\$220,538</u>	\$ 220,270	\$ 209,717	\$ 187,339	<u>\$179,022</u>
Total contributions	\$381,795	\$ 320,301	\$ 290,662	\$266,661	\$244,233	\$ 242,088	\$ 240,718	\$231,562	\$ 209,219	\$200,286
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$113,440	<u>\$172,430</u>	<u>\$ 173,126</u>	<u>\$135,064</u>	<u>\$140,710</u>	<u>\$179,725</u>	<u>\$114,471</u>	<u>\$ 48,765</u>	\$ 20,423	<u>\$ (66,897)</u>
Covered-employee payroll**	\$4,306,426	\$4,056,482	\$3,917,310	\$3,871,809	\$3,838,111	\$3,787,757	\$3,761,484	\$3,645,230	\$3,532,159	\$3,430,645
Actual contributions as a percent of covered- employee payroll**	8.87%	7.90%	7.42%	6.89%	6.36%	6.39%	6.40%	6.35%	5.92%	5.84%

* The 2015 actuarially determined employer contribution includes the required amount for both DTRFA (\$11,039) and TRA (\$484,196).

** Covered employee payroll is based on the pensionable payroll reported to TRA and may exclude additional compensation that may need to be reported by the employer

Schedule of Investment Returns

Annual money-weighted rates of return net of investment expense.

This schedule is built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

Teachers Retirement Association Plan – FY 2015	4.479%
Teachers Retirement Association Plan - FY 2014	18.696%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of Benefit and Funding Terms

The following changes were made by the Minnesota Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of July 1:

2015	The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into TRA on June 30, 2015. This also
	resulted in an additional state-provided contribution stream of \$14.377 million until TRA becomes fully
	funded.

2014 The increase in the post-retirement benefit adjustment will be made once the fund is 90% funded for two consecutive years, rather than just one year.

Legislation provided for the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association into TRA. The merger will not occur until June 30, 2015, so it had no impact on the July 1, 2014, valuation results.

2013 The early retirement reduction factors applicable for Level formula benefits to plan members were changed.

- **2010** The post-retirement benefit increases were suspended for 2011 and 2012, resuming in 2013 at 2.0 percent, and returning to 2.5% once the funding ratio of the plan reaches 90%. Also in 2010, changes were made to the interest rate credited on employee contributions, future increases on deferred vested benefits, and the requirement to receive a full post-retirement benefit adjustment. In addition, employee and employer contribution rates were increased 0.50 percent per year beginning July 1, 2011, through July 1, 2014.
- **2006** The benefit multiplier for Coordinated members was increased, employee contribution rates were increased, and the deferred benefit increase rate was reduced.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

7/1/2015 Valuation	The cost-of-living (COLA) adjustment was assumed to increase from 2.0 percent annually to 2.5 percent annually on July 1, 2037, for funding calculations. The COLA was not assumed to increase for GASB calculations.
	The investment return assumption was changed from 8.25 percent to 8.00 percent.
7/1/2014 Valuation	Post-retirement benefit adjustments are now assumed to increase from 2.0 percent annually to 2.5 percent annually once the legally specified criteria are met. This is estimated to occur July 1, 2034 for GASB calculations and July 1, 2031 for funding calculations.
7/1/2012 Valuation	The investment return assumption was changed from 8.5 percent for all years to 8.0 percent for the next five years and 8.5 percent thereafter. This applies to funding calculations only.
7/1/2011 Valuation	The salary increase assumption was changed to a service based assumption.
	The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.75 percent.
	The post-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables, with white-collar adjustments and male rates set back two years and female rates set back three years.
	The disabled mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables.
	Assumed disability rates were changed to more closely reflect actual experience.
	Assumed retirement rates for Coordinated members were changed to more closely reflect actual experience.
	Assumed form of annuity selection was changed to more closely reflect actual experience.
	Assumed difference in ages between spouses was changed to more closely reflect actual experience.
7/1/2008 Valuation	Ultimate salary increase rates were lowered.
	The payroll growth assumption was lowered.
	Retirement rates were revised.
7/1/2006 Valuation	The amortization date for the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was set at June 30, 2037.

Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

TRA is funded with contributions from members and their employers. The actuarially determined contributions in the *Schedule of Employer Contributions* are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions were reported.

The following methods and assumptions were used to calculate the actuarially determined employer contributions reported for the fiscal year end 2015, based on the July 1, 2014, funding valuation).

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	23 years
Asset valuation method	5-year moving average
Inflation	3.00 percent
Wage growth	3.75 percent
Salary increase	3.50 to 12.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.41 percent compounded annually to reflect an 8.00 percent assumption for three years and 8.50 percent thereafter
Cost of living adjustment	2.00 percent per year, increasing to 2.50 percent on July 1, 2031

Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Minnesota



Supporting Schedules to Financial Section

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Teachers Retirement Fund Administrative Expenses

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Salaries \$ 4	,966,874
Employer contributions to Teachers Retirement Association	329,098
Employer contributions to Social Security	371,613
Insurance contributions	906,611
Employee training	74,308
Workers' compensation	3,441
Subtotal \$ 6	,651,945
Communication	
Printing expenses\$	80,004
Postage	245,786
Telephone	57,057
Subtotal\$	382,847
Office Building Maintenance	
Lease of office and storage space\$	125,148
Building operating expenses	468,723
Rental of office machines/furnishings	58,667
Repairs and maintenance	84,134
Building equipment depreciation	14,265
Building depreciation	267,946
Bond interest expense	112,699
	,131,582
Professional Services	
Actuarial services	282,729
Audit fees	249,300
Computer support services	844,111
Legal fees	22,186
Management consultant services	27,777
Medical services	19,623
	,445,726
	,
Other Operating Expenses	
Department head expenses \$	1,500
Amortization	844,350
Depreciation of office equipment	303,663
Dues and subscriptions	25,556
Insurance expense	253,283
Miscellaneous administrative expenses	31,942
State indirect costs	99,235
Office supplies	62,875
Travel - director and staff	75,650
Travel - trustees	14,080
Board substitute teachers	1,627
Loss on disposal of assets	183,412
	<u>,897,173</u>
Total Administrative Expenses\$ 11	<u>,509,273</u>

Teachers Retirement Fund Schedule of Professional Consultant Expenses

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Investment Pool Managers		
State Board of Investment	\$	1,195,568
Wells Fargo		818,283
Callan Investment		153,071
Pension Consultants		12,246
QED		97,566
Domestic equity pool managers		10,066,590
Global equity pool managers		8,626,137
Domestic bond pool managers		4,400,277
Semi-passive equity pool managers		3,616,132
Passive equity pool managers		301,266
Total investment pool managers	\$	29,287,136
Actuarial		
Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting	\$	243,005
Segal Consulting		39,724
Total Actuarial Expenses	\$	282,729
Audit		
WIPFLI	\$	45,727
Legislative auditor		89,999
State auditor		113,574
Total audit expenses	\$	249,300
Computer Support Services		
Fulcrum Consulting	\$	1,392,762
International Projects Consultancy		299,151
Talent Software Services		118,388
Sogheti USA		44,200
Ambient Consulting		37,188
Total computer support service expenses	\$	1,891,689
Legal		
Attorney General	\$ <u> </u>	22,186
Total legal expenses	\$	22,186
Management Consulting		
Rajan Law		4,842
VR Election Services		22,935
Total management consulting expenses	\$	27,777
Medical		
MN Dept of Health	\$	16,893
EvaluMed		995
Examworks Inc.		1,735
Total medical expenses	<u>\$</u>	19,623
Total Consultant Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	31,780,440

Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Minnesota



Investments



MINNESOTA STATE BOARD OF INVESTMENT



Board Members

Governor Mark Dayton

State Auditor Rebecca Otto

Secretary of State Steve Simon

Attorney General Lori Swanson

Executive Director & Chief Investment Officer

Mansco Perry

60 Empire Drive Suite 355 St. Paul, MN 55103 (651) 296-3328 FAX (651) 296-9572 E-mail: <u>minn.sbi@state.mn.us</u> <u>www.sbi.state.mn.us</u>

An Equal Opportunity Employer

INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

The assets of the Minnesota Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) are invested along with the assets of the Minnesota Public Employees Retirement Association and the Minnesota State Retirement System under the direction and authority of the State Board of Investment (SBI) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 11A and 356A. The SBI includes Minnesota's governor, auditor, secretary of state and attorney general. The Legislature has established a 17-member Investment Advisory Council (IAC) to advise the SBI and its staff on investment related matters. TRA's executive director is a member of the IAC.

INVESTMENT POLICY

Investment policy states that the SBI will operate within standard investment practices of the prudent person. The SBI is to "exercise that degree of judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived therefrom." (See M.S., section 11A.09.) The SBI is authorized to own government obligations, corporate obligations, various short-term obligations, corporate stocks, venture capital interests, resource investments, and real estate interests subject to specific constraints. (See M.S., section 11A.24.) In particular, pension fund assets are to be invested for the exclusive benefit of the members of the fund.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND PERFORMANCE

TRA's pension contributions from employees and employers are invested in the Combined Funds. The Combined Funds include the assets of active and retired public employees who participate in the defined benefit plans administered by TRA, the Minnesota State Retirement System, and the Public Employees Retirement Association. TRA does not own any underlying assets, but instead owns a participation in the pooled Combined Funds. Because these assets normally accumulate for thirty to forty years, SBI's objective is to take advantage of the long investment time horizon offered by equities and alternative assets in order to meet its actuarial return target and ensure that sufficient funds are available to finance promised benefits at the time of retirement. The 2012 legislature lowered the actuarial return assumption from 8.5 percent to 8.0 percent annually for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017.

The long term objectives of the Combined Funds are:

- Provide returns that are 3-5 percentage points greater than inflation over the latest 20-year period; and
- Outperform a composite market index weighted in a manner that reflects the actual asset mix of the Combined Funds over the latest 10-year period.

Consistent with these objectives, the SBI maintains a long-term asset allocation for the Combined Funds as follows:

٠	Domestic Equity	45%
•	International Equity	15%
•	Alternatives	20%
•	Fixed Income	18%
•	Cash	2%

Based on values on June 30, 2015, the Combined Funds returned 6.1 percentage points above the CPI over the last 20 years and returned 0.3 percentage point above the composite index over the past 10 years. Investment returns ranked in the 6^{th} percentile over the past five years and in the 14^{th} percentile over the past 10 years. Comparison Service.

INVESTMENT PRESENTATION

Investment returns were prepared using time-weighted rate of return methodology based upon fair market value, net of investment expenses.

Respectfully submitted,

Mansio lenny F

Mansco Perry III Executive Director Minnesota State Board of Investment

November 2, 2015

Investment Summary

Prepared by TRA management with data obtained from the State Board of Investment's Fiscal Year 2015 Quarterly Investment Reports

The assets of the Minnesota Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) are invested under the direction and authority of the State Board of Investment (SBI). The investment portfolio of TRA had a fair value of approximately \$20.41 billion as of June 30, 2015.

The four-member SBI Board consists of Governor Mark Dayton (Chair), Attorney General Lori Swanson, Secretary of State Steve Simon, and State Auditor Rebecca Otto.

The Legislature has established a 17-member Investment Advisory Council (IAC) to advise the SBI and its staff on investment-related matters.

 The mission statement of the Investment Advisory Council is: The IAC fulfills its statutory duty to the SBI by providing advice and independent due diligence review of the investment policy and implementation recommendations that guide the SBI's investment of assets.

- SBI appoints ten members experienced in finance and investment. These members traditionally have come from the Minneapolis and Saint Paul corporate investment community.
- The Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget (MMB) and the executive directors of TRA, the Minnesota State Retirement System and the Public Employees Retirement Association are permanent members of the Council.
- Two active employee representatives and one retiree representative are appointed to the Council by the Governor.
- All proposed investment policies are reviewed by the full Council before they are presented to SBI for action.

Investment Advisory Council

As of December 2015

John E. Bohan Vice Pres., Pension Investments (Retired)

Grand Metropolitan-Pillsbury

Kerry Brick Manager, Pension Investments Cargill, Inc.

Dennis Duerst Director, Benefit Funds Investment 3M Company

Myron Frans Commissioner Minnesota Management & Budget

Kim Faust Vice President and Treasurer Fairview Health Services

Douglas Gorence President & Chief Investment Officer U of M Foundation Investment Advisors Laurie Fiori Hacking Executive Director Teachers Retirement Association

P. Jay Kiedrowski Senior Fellow Humphrey Institute University of Minnesota

Gary Martin Chief Investment Officer Macalaster College

Elaine Voss Governor's Appointee Retiree Representative

Two board positions vacant

Callan Associates, Inc., of Chicago are general consultants to the SBI. Pension Consulting Alliance of Studio City, California, serves as a special project consultant. Investment performance methodology is reported in compliance with the mandatory requirements of the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) Institute. All investments made by SBI are governed by the prudent person rule and other standards codified in Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 11A and 356.

Jeffery Bailey, Chair

Target Corporation

Malcolm W. McDonald,

Analysis

Vice Chair

(Retired)

Space Center, Inc.

Denise Anderson

Doug Anderson

Association

Executive Director

David Bergstrom

Executive Director

Governor's Appointee

Sr. Director, Financial Benefits &

Director and Corporate Secretary

Active Employee Representative

Public Employees Retirement

MN State Retirement System

Combined Retirement Funds

Investment Objectives

All TRA assets are accounted for within the Combined Funds managed by the Minnesota State Board of Investment (SBI). The Combined Funds consist not only of the TRA Fund, but also the assets of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS). The SBI has one primary responsibility with respect to its management of the Combined Funds: to ensure that sufficient funds are available to finance pension benefits at the time of retirement. All assets in the Combined Funds, including TRA, are managed externally by outside money management firms retained by contract.

The Combined Funds include the pension contributions of most Minnesota public employees, including TRA members, during their working years. Employee and employer contribution rates are specified in state law as a percentage of an employee's salary. The rates are set so that contributions plus expected investment earnings cover the projected cost of promised pension benefits. In order to meet these projected pension costs, the Combined Funds need to generate investment returns of at least 8.0 percent for fiscal years 2013 through 2017.

While an active member is working, employee and employer contributions are placed into the TRA Fund. The pre-funding of future pension benefits provides the SBI with a long investment time horizon to take advantage of long run return opportunities offered by equities and other investments, in order to meet its actuarial return target.

SBI measures the performance of the Combined Funds relative to a composite of market indices that is weighted in a manner that reflects their long-term asset allocation policy. The Combined Funds are expected to match or exceed the composite index over a ten-year period. The Combined Funds are also expected to generate returns 3 to 5 percent greater than inflation over the latest 20-year period. Investment returns are prepared using a timeweighted rate of return methodology, based upon fair value, net of investment expenses. Performance is measured net of all fees and costs to assure that SBI's focus is on the Combined Funds' true net return.

Asset Allocation

The allocation of assets among equities, fixed income (bonds) and alternative investments can have a dramatic impact on investment results. In fact, asset allocation decisions overwhelm the impact of individual security selection within a total portfolio. Consequently, SBI focuses considerable attention on the selection of an appropriate long-term asset allocation policy for the Combined Funds. The asset allocation policy in place as of June 30, 2015, can be found on page 54.

Total Return Vehicles

SBI invested the majority of the Combined Funds' assets in common stocks (both domestic and international equities) and other equity investments. A large allocation is consistent with the long investment time horizon of the Combined Funds and the advantageous long-term riskreturn characteristics of common stocks. Including international equities in the asset mix allowed SBI to diversify its holdings across world markets, offered the opportunity to enhance returns and reduced the risk/volatility of the total portfolio. The rationale underlying the inclusion of private equity alternative assets (e.g., venture capital) is similar.

SBI recognized that this sizable policy allocation to common stock and private equity likely produced more volatile portfolio returns than a more conservative policy focused on fixed income securities. It is understood that this policy may result in quarters or even years of disappointing results. Nevertheless, the long run return benefits of this policy are expected to compensate for the additional volatility.

Diversification Vehicles

Other asset classes are included in the Combined Funds both to provide some insulation against highly inflationary or deflationary environments and to diversify the portfolio sufficiently to avoid excessive return volatility.

Real estate and resource (oil and gas) investments provide an inflation hedge that other financial assets do not offer. Under more normal financial conditions, such as low to moderate inflation, the returns on these assets were not highly correlated with common stocks. As a result, their inclusion in the Combined Funds served to dampen return volatility.

Yield oriented alternative investments provided the opportunity for higher long-term returns than those typically available from bonds yet still generated sufficient current income. Typically, these investments, including subordinated debt, mezzanine or resource income investments such as income-producing properties, are structured more like fixed income securities with the opportunity to participate in the appreciation of the underlying assets. While these investments may have an equity component, they display a return pattern more like a bond. As such, they helped reduce the volatility of the total portfolio, while generating higher returns relative to more traditional bond investments.

The allocation to fixed income (bonds) acts as a hedge against a deflationary economic environment. In the event of a major deflation, high-quality fixed income assets, particularly long-term bonds, are expected to protect principal and generate significant capital gains. And, like real estate and resource funds, under normal financial conditions, bonds help diversify the Combined Funds and thereby control return volatility.

Rate of Return Results

The Combined Funds produced a total rate of return for fiscal year 2015 of 4.4 percent. Over the last five years, the Combined Funds generated an annualized return of 12.3 percent.

As stated earlier, the Combined Funds are expected to exceed the return of a composite of market indices over a ten-year period. Performance relative to this standard measured two effects:

- The ability of the investment managers selected by SBI, in aggregate, to add value to the returns available from the broad capital markets.
- The impact of SBI's rebalancing activity. (SBI rebalances the total fund when market movements take the stock or bond segments measurably above or below their long-term asset allocation targets. The policy imposes a low risk, buy low sell high discipline among asset classes on a total fund basis.)

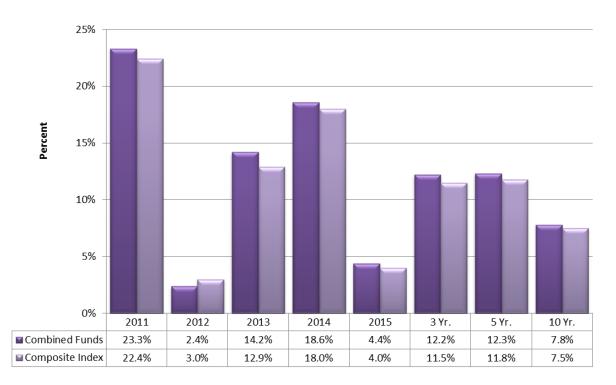
Combined Funds Performance vs. Composite Index

For the ten-year period ending June 30, 2015, the Combined Funds exceeded the composite index investment performance by 0.3 percent annualized. The Funds exceeded the composite index over the last five years by 0.5 percent annualized, and exceeded the index over the most recent fiscal year by 0.4 percentage points. Actual returns relative to the total fund composite index over the last five years are shown in the graph on the following page.

Combined Funds

Investment Performance

Combined Funds Performance vs. Composite Index FY 2011 - 2015



Combined Funds Performance of Asset Pools (Net of Fees)

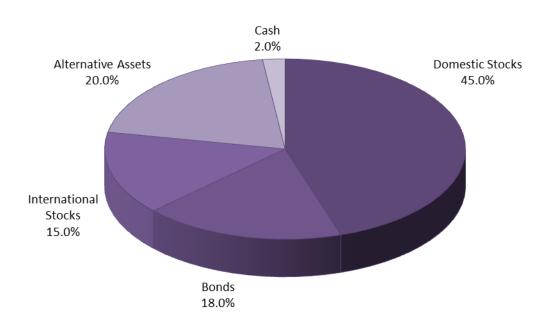
June 30, 2015 — Combined Funds

	Rates of Return (Annualized)			zed)
	FY 2015	3-Year	5-Year	10-Year
Domestic Equity Pool	7.7%	18.2%	17.8%	8.1%
Asset Class Target (Russell 3000 – effective 10-1-03)	7.3%	17.7%	17.5%	8.2%
Fixed Income (Bond) Pool	2.1%	2.6%	4.2%	4.8%
Asset Class Target (Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index)	1.9%	1.8%	3.3%	4.4%
International Equity Pool	-3.8%	10.7%	8.4%	6.1%
Asset Class Target		9.4% 3)	7.8%	5.6%
Alternative Assets	7.6%	12.5%	13.1%	13.6%
CPI-U Inflation (No Established Index for Alternative Assets)	0.1%	1.3%	1.8%	2.1%

All investment performance methodology is reported in compliance with the mandatory requirements of the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) Institute.

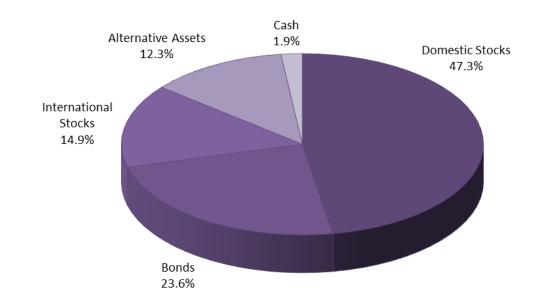
Combined Funds Portfolio Distribution: Policy Asset Mix

As of June 30, 2015



Combined Funds Portfolio Distribution: Actual Asset Mix

As of June 30, 2015



TRA Fund fair value of investment assets equals approximately \$20.41 billion.

Teachers Retirement Fund List of Largest Assets Held

June 30, 2015

Composite Holdings of Top Ten Equities

By Fair Value

Security	<pre>\$ Fair Value (Millions)</pre>	% of Portfolio
Apple Inc	\$ 267.9	1.31
Exxon Mobil Corp	\$ 125.0	0.61
Wells Fargo + Co	\$ 114.2	0.56
Microsoft Corp	\$ 112.3	0.55
Johnson + Johnson	\$ 111.8	0.55
JPMorgan Chase + Co	\$ 99.2	0.49
Pfizer Inc	\$ 95.7	0.47
Facebook Inc A	\$ 89.8	0.44
Visa Inc Class A Shares	\$ 82.2	0.40
Walt Disney Co/The	\$ 81.0	0.40

Composite Holdings of Top Ten Bond Holdings

By Fair Value

Security	% Coupon	\$ Fair Value (Millions)	% of Portfolio
FNMA TBA 30YR Single Family JU	3.500	\$ 105.8	0.52
FNMA TBA JUL 30YR Single FAM	4.000	\$ 81.7	0.40
GNMA II TBA 30 YR	3.500	\$ 58.6	0.29
US Treasury N/B	0.875	\$ 56.0	0.27
US Treasury N/B	2.000	\$ 54.4	0.27
US Treasury N/B	1.500	\$ 51.2	0.25
US Treasury N/B	0.500	\$ 49.8	0.23
FNMA TBA JUL 30YR Single Family	3.500	\$ 45.0	0.22
US Treasury N/B	0.250	\$ 44.1	0.22
FNMA TBA JUL 15YR	3.000	\$ 39.0	0.19

TRA's assets are commingled in various pooled investment accounts administered by the State Board of Investment (SBI). TRA does not own specific values of the underlying assets. The percentages and fair value shown are those attributable to the TRA Fund based on TRA's participation in the SBI's Combined Funds. Information on investment activity, a listing of specific investments owned by the pooled accounts and a schedule of fees and commissions can be obtained from SBI.

Teachers Retirement Fund Schedule of Investment Management Fees

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Domestic Activity Equity Pool Managers

Domestic freutitity Equity 1 oof framagers		
Barrow, Hanley	\$	533,267
Earnest Partners		353,480
Goldman Equity		694,188
Hotchkis and Wiley		871,469
Intech Investment		570,599
Jacobs Levy Equity		660,158
LSV Asset		929,001
Martingale		514,001
Mckinley Cap		739,421
Next Century Growth		888,062
Peregrine Capital		852,266
Sands Capital		825,580
Systematic Fin		553,268
Winslow Capital		354,790
Zevenbergen Capital		727,040
Total Domestic Activity Equity Pool Managers	\$	10,066,590
Passive Domestic Equity Pool Managers		
Blackrock	<u>\$</u>	301,266
Total Passive Domestic Equity Pool Managers	\$	301,266
Semi Passive Equity Pool Managers		
Blackrock	\$	854,298
Intech		853,630
JP Morgan		1,043,380
Mellon Capital		864,824
Total Semi Passive Equity Pool Managers	\$	3,616,132
Domestic Bonds Pool Managers		
Aberdeen Asset Management	\$	596,478
Blackrock Financial Mgmt		360,195
Columbia Invest		397,826
Dodge & Cox		543,400
Goldman		609,170
Neuberger		258,855
РІМСО		1,128,047
Western Asset Management		506,307
Total Domestic Bonds Pool Managers		4,400,278
Page Subtotal	<u>\$</u>	18,384,266

Teachers Retirement Fund Schedule of Investment Management Fees (cont.)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Subtotal from Previous Page	18,384,266
Global Equity Pool Managers	
Acadian Asset\$	503,363
AQR Capital Mgmt	605,171
Capital Intern	1,756,037
Columbia Investments	381,117
JP Morgan Fleming	448,462
Marathon Asset	803,544
Mckinley Capital Management	439,861
Morgan Stanley Dean	2,033,301
Pyramis Global Advisors (Trust)	547,325
Pyramis Global Advisors	328,636
State Street	201,762
State Street Alpha	474,376
State Street Emerging	103,182
Total Global Equity Pool Managers	8,626,137
Total Investment Management Fees	27,010,403

Note: The investment portfolio of TRA had a fair value of approximately \$20.41 billion as of June 30, 2015.

Teachers Retirement Fund Summary of Investments

As of June 30, 2015

	Cost Value	Fair Value	% of Investments at Fair Value
Fixed Income Investments			
Bond Pool	<u>\$ 4,766,257,590</u>	<u>\$ 4,804,240,408</u>	23.6%
Equity Investments			
US Stock Index Fund	\$ 2,490,062,739	\$ 3,173,249,539	15.6%
Broad International Stock Fund	2,692,667,641	3,040,211,868	14.9%
US Stock Actively Managed Fund	5,335,044,209	6,476,019,628	<u>31.8%</u>
Total Equity Investments	<u>\$ 8,612,824,905</u>	<u>\$ 12,439,369,755</u>	62.3%
Alternative Investments			
Alternative Investment Pool	<u>\$ 2,711,467,869</u>	<u>\$ 2,519,314,829</u>	12.3%
Short Term Investments			
CD Repo Pool	\$ 148,781,218	\$ 148,811,310	0.7%
Short Term Cash Equivalents	251,321,255	251,369,818	<u>1.2%</u>
Total Short Term Investments	<u>\$ 400,102,473</u>	<u>\$ 400,181,128</u>	<u>1.9%</u>
Total Investments	<u>\$ 18,395,602,521</u>	<u>\$ 20,413,217,400</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

General Information Regarding Investment of Funds

TRA's investments are made by SBI and external managers as prescribed by law, and are made only in such securities as are duly authorized legal investments in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 11A.24. State Street Bank and Trust of Boston acts as custodian of securities for the Combined Funds. Wells Fargo, Saint Paul, Minnesota, is the current custodian of short term investments of SBI. Examination and verification of securities held by the custodians is performed periodically by the Minnesota Office of the Legislative Auditor. Investment returns are prepared using a time-weighted rate of return methodology, based upon fair values, net of investment expenses.

Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Minnesota



Actuarial



Actuary's Certification Letter



December 8, 2015

Board of Trustees Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400 St. Paul, MN 55103

Dear Board Members:

At your request, we have prepared an actuarial funding valuation of the Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota (TRA or System) as of July 1, 2015 for the plan year ending June 30, 2016. Such valuations, which analyze the funding progress of the System, are required to be performed annually under state law. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the funding valuation was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the State of Minnesota Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR). The valuation results reflect the benefit provisions in place on July 1, 2015. There was no change to the actuarial methods and assumptions or the plan provisions from the prior valuation. We estimate that TRA will have been 90% funded for two consecutive years in the July 1, 2037 valuation and, thus, the COLA is assumed to increase from 2.0% to 2.5% at that time. In the July 1, 2031 valuation.

The 2014 Minnesota legislature provided for the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association into TRA, effective June 30, 2015. The impact of the merger is reflected in this valuation. The merger increased the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the System by \$166 million, but also increased the statutory contribution rate this year by 0.31% due to the additional state aid provided as part of the merger to ensure the long term funding of TRA will not be affected.

Due to some difficulties in obtaining complete payroll data from the Minneapolis School District, the total pay for some members in this group was not accurately reported in the census data. Based on discussions with TRA staff, the understatement of pay which was estimated to be \$40 million was allocated to Minneapolis members who worked substantially full time for the year and did not withdraw their member contributions. We believe this is a reasonable estimation given the available information.

As described in the valuation report, the results of the valuation indicate that the System is 77.1% funded and the current statutory contribution rates are deficient by 1.90% of payroll to meet the target of full funding by 2037. The deficiency is determined using the actuarial value of assets which is lower than the market value of assets. If the deferred investment gains are recognized, i.e., the fair value of assets were used, the contribution deficiency drops to 0.75% of payroll. The funding report was prepared exclusively for TRA and the LCPR to determine the annual required contribution rate.

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In preparing the valuation, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by TRA staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, statutory provisions, member data and financial information. We found this information to be reasonable and comparable to information used in last year's valuation. However, we did not audit the data. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete, our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

The actuarial contribution rates are developed using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) cost method. An asset smoothing method, defined in statute, is used for actuarial valuation purposes. Gains and losses are reflected in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and are amortized as a level percentage of payroll over a closed period set in state statute. Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in the valuation report are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Trustees. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation method, and actuarial assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in Appendix C of the valuation report. However, during 2015 an experience study was performed resulting in several proposed assumption changes. If these changes are approved (some require adoption by the Legislature while others must be approved by the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement), there will be a significant increase in the actuarial accrued liability and the ongoing cost of the System. The Board has already begun discussions regarding possible ways to address this anticipated contribution shortfall.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to factors such as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of potential results is not presented herein.

The actuary prepared the following supporting schedules in the Actuarial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

- Reconciliation of Member Data
- Actuarial Asset Value
- Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet
- · Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate
- Changes in the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability
- Determination of Contribution Sufficiency /(Deficiency) Total
- Solvency Test
- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

We also provided the following schedules in the Financial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

- Total Pension Liability
- Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of the Employers' Net Pension Liability

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· Sensitivity Analysis on the Net Pension Liability

In addition, we provided the *Schedule of Contributions from Employers and Non-employer Contributing Entities* found in the Required Supplementary Information. The schedules are presented prospectively and in time, trend analysis will become evident. Actuarial computations presented in the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation report are for purposes of determining the recommended funding amounts for the System. The calculations have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals, and on a basis consistent with our understanding of the plan provisions described in Appendix B of the valuation report. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results shown in the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

We also prepared actuarial computations as of June 30, 2015 for purposes of fulfilling financial accounting requirements for the System under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, the results are presented in a separate report dated December 4, 2015. The assumptions used in the funding valuation report were also used for GASB 67 reporting, except for the use of an 8.00% discount rate for the GASB 67 calculation of the Total Pension Liability. In addition, the entry age normal actuarial cost method, which is required to be used under GASB 67, is also used in the statutory funding valuation report. The actuarial assumptions and methods used in both the funding and the GASB 67 accounting valuation reports meet the parameters set by Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOPs), as issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable in the United State of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this information is complete and accurate and that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice which are consistent with the Actuarial Standards of Practice promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board and the applicable Guides to Professional Conduct, amplifying Opinions, and supporting Recommendation of the American Academy of Actuaries. In addition, the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement System. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. Also, we meet the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes, Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

Respectfully submitted,

Patrice Beckham

Patrice A. Beckham, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA Principal and Consulting Actuary

Bient Q. Bante

Brent Banister PhD, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA Chief Pension Actuary

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. A description of plan provisions is provided beginning on page 106.

The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity was based on the recommendation of a prior actuary. We are unable to judge the reasonableness of this assumption without performing a substantial amount of additional work beyond the scope of this assignment.

All assumptions are prescribed by Statute, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the Board of Trustees. The date of TRA's last experience study was October 30, 2009. The LCPR last enacted changes to TRA's demographic actuarial assumptions on July 8, 2010.

Investment return	Pre-retirement: 8.44% compounded annually to reflect an 8.0% assumption for two (2) years and 8.5% thereafter. Change effective: July 1, 2012			
Future post-retirement adjustments	2% per year, increasing to 2.5% on July 1, 2037. Once the funded ratio reaches 90% on a fair value basis for two consecutive years, the COLA is scheduled by statute to increase from 2.0% to 2.5%. Future assets and liabilities were projected using the 2015 valuation results as a starting point and assuming all actuarial assumptions are met in future years. These assumptions include a rate of return on the fair value of assets of 8.0% for the next two years and 8.5% thereafter. Further, there is an assumption that the stabilizer provisions will not be utilized by the Board. Based on this methodology, the increased COLA is expected to be implemented with the July 1, 2037, valuation. The calculations in this valuation reflect the increased COLA at that date. For the July 1, 2014, valuation, the COLA was expected to increase with the July 1, 2031, valuation.			
Salary increases	Reported salary for prior fiscal year, with new hires annualized, increased according to the salary increase table shown in the rate table to current fiscal year and annually for each future year. See table of sample rates.			
Payroll growth	3.75% per year; no growth assumed in the number of active members.			
Future service	Members are assumed to earn future service at a full-time rate.			
Mortality: Pre-retirement	RP 2000 non-annuitant generational mortality, white collar adjustment, male rates set back 5 years and female rates set back 7 years.			
Post-retirement	RP 2000 annuitant generational mortality, white collar adjustment, male rates set back 2 years and female rates set back 3 years.			
Post-disability	RP 2000 disabled retiree mortality, without adjustment.			
Disability	Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates (page 66).			

Withdrawal	Select and ultimate rates based on actual plan experience. Ultimate rates after the third year are shown in the rate table. Select rates are as follows:						
		First Year	Second Year	Third Year			
	Male	45%	12%	6%			
	Female	40%	10%	8%			
Expenses	Prior year administra	ative expenses express	ed as percentage of pr	ior year payroll.			
Retirement age	•	Graded rates beginning at age 55 as shown in rate table. Members who have attained the highest assumed retirement age will retire in one year.					
Percentage married		85% of male members and 65% of female members are assumed to be married. Members are assumed to have no children.					
Age difference – married	Females 2 years younger than males.						
Allowance for Combined Service Annuity	Liabilities for active members are increased by 1.40% and liabilities for former members are increased by 4.00% to account for the effect of some Participants being eligible for a Combined Service Annuity.						
Refund of contributions	All employees withdrawing after becoming eligible for a deferred benefit are assumed to take the larger of their contributions accumulated with interest or the value of their deferred benefit.						
Interest on member contributions	Members and former members who are eligible for the money purchase annuity are assumed to receive interest credits equal to the pre-retirement interest rate. All other members and former members receive the interest crediting rate as specified in statutes.						
Commencement of deferred benefits	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at unreduced retirement age.						
Form of payment	Married members are assumed to elect subsidized joint and survivor (J&S) form annuity as follows:						
	Males: 10% elect 50% J&S option 15% elect 75% J&S option 70% elect 100% J&S option						
	Females: 20% elect 50% J&S option 10% elect 75% J&S option 50% elect 100% J&S option						
	Members eligible for deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) and future disability benefits are assumed to elect a life annuity.						

Missing data for members	Membership data was supplied by TRA as of the valuation date. This information has not been audited by CMC. We have reviewed the information for internal consistency and we have no reason to doubt its substantial accuracy. In the small number of cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete and could not be recovered from prior years, the following assumptions were applied if needed:						
	Data for active members:						
	Salary, service, and date of Gender	of birth	Based on current active demographics Female				
	Data for terminated members:						
	Date of birth Average salary Date of termination	July 1, 1964 \$37,000 Derived from date of birth, original entry age, and service					
	Data for in-pay members:						
	Beneficiary date of birth Gender Form of payment	Wife two years younger than husband Based on first name Life annuity for retirees and beneficiaries, 100% J&S					
	option for disabled retirees.						
Changes in actuarial assumptions since the previous valuation	The assumption for future p 63.	ost-retirement	adjustments was changed as discussed on page				

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Sample Rates at Select Ages

	Mortality Rates (%)						
	Pre-Reti	rement *	Post-Retin	rement**	Post-Dis	Post-Disability	
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
20	0.0269	0.0155	0.0316	0.0184	2.2571	0.7450	
25	0.0345	0.0188	0.0373	0.0194	2.2571	0.7450	
30	0.0376	0.0197	0.0393	0.0223	2.2571	0.7450	
35	0.0353	0.0235	0.0481	0.0363	2.2571	0.7450	
40	0.0591	0.0401	0.0766	0.0527	2.2571	0.7450	
45	0.0890	0.0562	0.1124	0.0763	2.2571	0.7450	
50	0.1342	0.0837	0.1711	0.1229	2.8975	1.1535	
55	0.1978	0.1344	0.5716	0.2681	3.5442	1.6544	
60	0.2747	0.2015	0.5688	0.4253	4.2042	2.1839	
65	0.4263	0.3107	0.9232	0.6736	5.0174	2.8026	
70	0.6725	0.4979	1.5834	1.1211	6.2583	3.7635	
75	0.9823	0.7591	2.6710	1.8784	8.2067	5.2230	

* Rates shown are RP 2000 non-annuitant mortality (base), white collar adjustment, set back 5 years for males and 7 years for females.

** Rates shown are RP 2000 annuitant mortality (base), white collar adjustment, set back 2 years for males and 3 years for females.

Rates (%)				Coordinate	ed Retirement	Rates (%)	
	Ultimate Withdrawal		Disability			Rule of 90	Retirement
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Age	Eligible	Other
20	3.70	4.50	0.00	0.00	55 and Under	50	7
25	3.20	4.50	0.00	0.00	56	55	7
30	2.70	4.50	0.00	0.00	57	45	7
35	2.50	3.90	0.01	0.01	58	45	8
40	2.35	2.75	0.03	0.03	59	45	10
45	2.10	2.10	0.05	0.05	60	40	12
50	1.85	1.85	0.10	0.10	61	45	16
55	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.16	62	45	20
60	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.25	63	40	18
65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	64	45	20
70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	65	40	40
75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	66	35	35
					67	30	30
					68	30	30
					69	30	30

70

71 & Over

35

100

35

100

Salary Scale				
Service (Yrs)	Salary Increase			
1	12.00%			
2	9.00%			
3	8.00%			
5	7.25%			
10	6.40%			
15	5.25%			
20	4.00%			
25 or more	3.50%			

Valuation Report Highlights

Summary of Key Valuation Results

		Actuarial Valuation as of		
		July 1, 2015	July 1, 2014	
Participant Data				
Active members				
Number		79,406	77,243	
Projected annual earnings for fiscal year (000s)	\$	4,672,229	\$ 4,353,988	
Average projected annual earnings for fiscal year 2014	\$	58,840	\$ 56,367	
Average age		43.3	43.4	
Average service		12.0	12.1	
Service retirements		56,589	53,774	
Survivors		4,826	4,472	
Disability retirements		571	563	
Deferred retirements		13,314	12,907	
Terminated other non-vested		31,026	29,984	
Total		185,732	178,943	
Liabilities and Funding Ratios (dollars in thousands)				
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio				
Current assets (AVA)	\$	19,696,893	\$ 18,181,932	
Current benefit obligations	φ	24,402,760	23,427,654	
Funding ratio		24,402,700 80.72%	77.61%	
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio		80.72%	//.01%	
	\$	10 606 902	¢ 10 101 022	
Current assets (AVA)	Ф	19,696,893	\$ 18,181,932 20,280,504	
Fair value of assets (MVA)		20,441,993	20,289,594	
Actuarial accrued liability		25,562,155	24,528,506	
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability		5,865,262	6,346,574	
Funding ratio (AVA)		77.05%	74.13%	
Funding ratio (MVA)		79.97%	82.72%	
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	¢	27.042.500	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Current and expected future assets	\$	27,943,500	\$ 25,773,148	
Current and expected future benefit obligations		29,172,991	27,924,756	
Funding ratio		95.79%	92.29%	
Contributions (% of payroll)				
Normal Cost Rate		8.57%	8.70%	
UAAL Amortization Payment		9.07%	10.23%	
Expenses		0.23%	0.22%	
Total Required Contribution (Chapter 356)		17.87%	19.15%	
Statutory Contribution (Chapter 354)		<u>15.97%</u>	<u>15.68%</u>	
Contribution (Deficiency)/Sufficiency		(1.90%)	(3.47%)	

The Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota (TRA) provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Minnesota public school teachers, administrators, and college faculty. This report presents the results of the July 1, 2015, actuarial funding valuation. The primary purposes of performing the actuarial valuation are to:

- determine the required contribution rate as set forth in Chapter 356 of the Minnesota statutes;
- determine the sufficiency of the statutory contribution rate as set forth in Chapter 354 of the Minnesota statutes;
- determine the experience of the fund since the last valuation date;
- disclose asset and liability measures as of the valuation date; and
- analyze and report on trends in contributions, assets, and liabilities over the past several years.

There were no changes to the plan provisions, the actuarial methods, or the actuarial assumptions from the prior valuation. However, the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) into TRA, effective June 30, 2015, is first reflected in this valuation. The merger increased the unfunded actuarial accrued liability by \$166 million, but also increased the statutory contribution rate this year by 0.31 percent due to the additional state aid provided as part of the merger to ensure the long-term funding of TRA is not be affected.

Due to some difficulties in obtaining complete payroll data from the Minneapolis School District, the total pay for some members in this group was not accurately reported in the census data. Based on discussions with TRA staff, the understatement of pay, which was estimated to be \$40 million, was allocated to Minneapolis members who worked substantially full time for the year and did not withdraw their member contributions. We believe this is a reasonable estimation given the available information.

The actuarial valuation results provide a "snapshot" view of TRA's financial condition on July 1, 2015. The results reflect net favorable experience for the past plan year as demonstrated by an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) that was lower than expected. The UAAL on July 1, 2015, is \$5.865 billion as compared to an expected UAAL of \$6.706 billion (reflecting the \$166 million increase due to the merger with DTRFA). The favorable experience was the combination of an experience gain of \$816 million on the actuarial value of assets in addition to a small net experience gain of \$24 million on liabilities. Due to the application of the asset smoothing method, a deferred investment gain of \$0.7 billion still exists.

A summary of the key results from the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation is shown in the following table. Details on the valuation results can be found in later sections of this Commentary.

	Actuarial Val	uation as of
	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2014
Total Required	17.87%	19.15%
Contribution Rate		
(Chapter 356)		
Statutory Contribution	15.97%	15.68%
Rate (Chapter 354)		
Sufficiency/(Deficiency)	(1.90%)	(3.47%)
Unfunded Actuarial	\$5,865	\$6,347
Accrued Liability (\$M)		
Funded Ratio	77.05%	74.13%
(Actuarial Assets)		

The contribution deficiency decreased from 3.47 percent of payroll in last year's valuation to 1.90 percent in the 2015 valuation. The most significant component of this decrease was the actuarial gain on the actuarial value of assets.

Experience for the Last Plan Year

Numerous factors contributed to the change in assets, liabilities and actuarial contribution rate between July 1, 2014, and July 1, 2015. The components are examined in the following discussion.

Assets

As of June 30, 2015, TRA had net assets of \$20.4 billion, when measured on a fair value basis. This was an increase of approximately \$0.1 billion from the prior year.

The fair value of assets is not used directly in the calculation of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) and the required contribution rate (actuarial contribution rate). An asset valuation method that smoothes the effect of market fluctuations is used to determine the value of assets used in the valuation. The resulting amount is called the "actuarial value of assets." In this year's valuation, the actuarial value of assets as of June 30, 2015, was \$19.7 billion, an increase of \$1.5 billion from the value in the prior year. The components of change in the asset values are shown in the following table.

(dollars in millions)	Fair Value	Actuarial Value
Net Assets, June 30, 2014	\$20,290	\$18,182
Employer & Member Contributions	+ \$690	+ \$690
Benefit Payments and Administrative Expenses	- \$1,652	- \$1,652
DTRFA Merger	232	232
Investment Income	+ \$882	+ \$2,245
Net Assets, June 30, 2015	\$20,442	\$19,697

On a fair value basis, the rate of return was 4.4 percent as reported by the State Board of Investment (SBI). Due to the significant amount of deferred investment gain as of July 1, 2014, the net rate of return, measured on the actuarial value of assets, was 12.5 percent. Because this rate of return was more than the assumed rate of 8.0 percent, there was an actuarial gain of \$816 million.

Liabilities

The actuarial liability is that portion of the present value of future benefits that will not be paid by future normal costs. The difference between this liability and the actuarial value of assets on the same date is called the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL). The dollar amount of unfunded actuarial accrued liability is reduced if the contributions exceed the normal cost for the year plus interest on the prior year's UAAL.

The following table shows the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 2015.

(dollars in millions)	Fair Value of Assets	Actuarial Value of Assets
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$25,562	\$25,562
Value of Assets	\$20,442	\$19,697
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 5,120	\$ 5,865
Funded Ratio	79.97%	77.05%

Changes in the UAAL occur for various reasons. The net reduction in the UAAL from July 1, 2014, to July 1, 2015, was \$482 million. The components of this net change are shown in the following table.

(dollars in millions)

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, July 1, 2014	\$6,347
Expected increase from amortization method	\$45
Expected increase from contributions below required rate	157
Investment experience	(816)
Liability experience	(24)
Other experience	(10)
DTRFA merger	166
Subtotal	(482)
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, July 1, 2015	\$5,865

As shown in the previous table, various components impacted the UAAL.

Actuarial gains (losses), which result from actual experience that is more (less) favorable than anticipated based on the actuarial assumptions, are reflected in the UAAL and are measured as the difference between the expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability and the actual unfunded actuarial accrued liability, taking into account any changes due to actuarial assumptions and methods or benefit provision changes. Overall, TRA experienced a net actuarial gain of \$840 million. The actuarial gain may be explained by considering the separate experience of assets and liabilities. As noted earlier, there was an \$816 million gain, measured on the actuarial value of assets, and a small net liability gain of \$24 million, which arose from overall demographic experience that was slightly more favorable than anticipated by the actuarial assumptions. The net liability gain reflected the combined impact of actuarial losses on both retirement experience (retirements occurring earlier than expected) and salary increases (greater than expected) along with an actuarial gain arising from the extension of the assumed date of the COLA increase from 2031 to 2037. (This date was extended because the fair value of assets returned less than 8%.)

An evaluation of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a pure dollar basis may not provide a complete analysis since only the difference between the assets and liabilities (which are both very large numbers) is reflected. Another way to evaluate the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and the progress made in its funding is to track the funded ratio – the ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the actuarial accrued liability. The funded status information is shown below (dollars in millions).

	7/1/11	7/1/12	7/1/13	7/1/14	7/1/15
Funded Ratio	77.3%	73.0%	71.6%	74.1%	77.1%
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (\$M)	\$5,039	\$6,219	\$6,644	\$6,347	\$5,865

Contribution Rate

Under the Entry Age Normal cost method, the actuarial contribution rate consists of two components:

- a "normal cost" for the portion of projected liabilities allocated by the actuarial cost method to service of members during the year following the valuation date, and
- an "unfunded actuarial accrued liability contribution" for the excess of the portion of projected liabilities allocated to service to date over the actuarial value of assets.

The development of the contribution rate is summarized in the following table.

Contribution Rates	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2015
Statutory	15.68%	15.97%
Contribution Rate		
Normal Cost Rate	8.70%	8.57%
UAAL Contribution	10.23%	9.07%
Rate		
Expenses	0.22%	0.23%
Total Required	19.15%	17.87%
Contribution		
Deficiency	(3.47%)	(1.90%)

As discussed earlier, legislation passed in the 2014 session provided for the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) into TRA and provided for additional ongoing state aid to TRA in the amount of \$14.377 million annually to ensure the long-term funding of TRA is not affected.

The impact of the merger on the 2015 valuation results using the actuarial value of assets is summarized in the following table.

	Assumption Changes			
(dollars in billions)	Before	After	Impact	
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	95.5%	95.8%	0.3%	
Actuarial Accrued Liability Funding Ratio (AVA)	77.4%	77.1%	(0.3%)	
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$19.46B	\$19.70B	\$0.24B	
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 5.70B	\$ 5.87B	\$0.17B	
Normal Cost Rate (percent of pay)	8.57%	8.57%	0.00%	
Amortization of UAAL (percent of pay)	8.91%	9.07%	0.16%	
Administrative Expenses (percent of pay)	0.23%	0.23%	<u>0.00%</u>	
Total Required Contribution (percent of pay)	17.71%	17.87%	0.16%	
Member and Employer Contributions	15.20%	15.20%	-%	
State Aid*	0.47%	0.77%	0.30%	
Contribution Deficiency (percent of pay)	(2.04%)	(1.90%)	0.14%	

* The additional state aid provided as part of the merger is a fixed dollar amount that will decline as a percentage of pay over time while the UAAL amortization calculation assumes a level percentage of payroll.

When the statutory contribution rate is less than the required contribution rate, the resulting contribution deficiency creates an increase in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. For the plan year ending June 30, 2015, the contribution deficiency increased the UAAL by an estimated \$157 million.

The actuarial contribution rate (required contribution rate) is determined based on the snapshot taken on the valuation date, July 1, 2015. The actuarial contribution rate in future years will change each year as the deferred actuarial investment experience is recognized and other experience (both investment and demographic) impacts the fund. In addition, changes in the funded status from year to year will impact the date at which the COLA is assumed to increase to 2.5 percent, which will impact liabilities and costs. Significant actuarial gains or losses may impact the expected date of the COLA increase and result in significant changes in the actuarial accrued liability.

Contribution rates have increased over the past few years, with the final scheduled increase taking effect July 1, 2014. At this point, a contribution deficiency still exists, although as pointed out earlier the liabilities reflect a 2.5 percent increase in the COLA in 2037, which is based on the fair value of assets earning the assumed rate of return. On a fair value basis, the deficiency is almost eliminated. However, during the past year an experience study was performed resulting in recommended changes to the current set of assumptions. If the proposed assumption changes are approved, they will result in a significant increase in the contribution deficiency.

Summary

The investment return on the fair value of assets for FY 2015 was 4.4 percent as reported by SBI. Due to the deferred investment gains and losses from past years, the return on the actuarial value of assets was 12.5 percent. Since this return was above the assumed 8.0 percent return, there was an actuarial gain on the actuarial value of assets and the funded ratio increased from 74.13 percent in last year's valuation to 77.05 percent this year.

As mentioned earlier, TRA uses an asset smoothing method in the valuation process. While this is a common procedure for public retirement systems, it is important to identify the potential impact of the deferred investment experience. The asset smoothing method impacts only the timing of when the actual market experience is recognized in the valuation process. The deferred investment experience gain of \$0.7 billion represents about 4.0 percent of the fair value of assets, providing some margin to absorb future investment experience that is less than the assumed rate of return. The following tables shows the key valuation results from the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation using both actuarial and fair value of assets.

	Fair Value	Actuarial Value
Statutory Rate	15.97%	15.97%
Required Contribution	on	
Normal Cost	8.57%	8.57%
UAAL Contribution	7.92%	9.07%
Expenses	0.23%	0.23%
Total Required	<u>16.72%</u>	<u>17.87%</u>
Contribution		
Deficiency	(0.75%)	(1.90%)
UAAL (millions)	\$5,120	\$5,865
Funded Ratio	79.97%	77.05%

The long-term financial health of TRA, like all retirement systems, is heavily dependent on two key items: (1) future investment returns and (2) contributions. Changes were made by the 2010 Legislature to strengthen the funding of TRA and enhance its long-term sustainability.

Contributions were increased by a total of 4.0 percent, to be phased in over four years beginning July 1, 2011, and benefit reductions were implemented. These changes, along with strong investment performance in three of the last five fiscal years, have significantly improved the projected long term funding. However, a contribution deficiency still exists based on the results of the 2015 valuation. If the deferred investment gains are reflected, the deficiency is significantly reduced to 0.75 percent. Clearly, the actual market returns over the coming years will be a significant factor in whether or not the funding goal will be reached.

During the past year, an experience study was performed resulting in several proposed assumption changes. If these changes are approved (some must be adopted by the Legislature while others must be approved by the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement), there will be a significant increase in the AAL and ongoing cost requirements. The Board has already begun discussions regarding possible ways to address this anticipated contribution shortfall. The complete Actuarial Valuation Funding Report is available on the TRA website at http://www.commissions.leg.state.mn.us/lcpr/documents/v aluations/2015/2015/2015valuation.tra.pdf

Reconciliation of Member Data*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Benefit Recipients****				
	Active** Members	Former*** Members	Service Retirements	Disability Retirements	Survivors	Total
Members on July 1, 2014	77,243	42,891	53,774	563	4,472	178,943
New hires	5,419	-	-	-	-	5,419
Return from inactive	1,991	(1,991)	-	-	-	0
Return from zero balance	921	-	-	-	-	921
Transfer to inactive	(4,001)	4,001	-	-	-	0
Refunded	(245)	(711)	-	-	-	(956)
Restored writeoff	-	163	-	-	-	163
Repay refunds	-	33	-	-	-	33
Transfer from non-status	-	27	-	-	-	27
Retirements	(2,050)	(576)	2,645	(61)	-	(42)
Benefits began	-	-	-	83	473	556
Benefits ended	-	-	-	(6)	(57)	(63)
Deaths	(104)	(44)	(1,200)	(10)	(191)	(1,549)
Adjustments for disabilitants	(23)	-	-	-	-	(23)
Adjustments (other)	255	547	-	(7)	-	795
Adjustments (DTRFA merger)	-	-	1,370	9	129	1,508
Net changes	<u>2,163</u>	<u>1,449</u>	<u>2,815</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>354</u>	<u>6,789</u>
Members on June 30, 2015	<u>79,406</u>	<u>44,340</u>	<u>56,589</u>	<u>571</u>	<u>4,826</u>	<u>185,732</u>

* All figures in this chart were provided by the Teachers Retirement Association. Recipient counts include all pensions in force, including double counting of multiple benefit types. Service Retirements include Supplemental and Variable optional joint annuitants. We found these results to be reasonable.

** Active members include 6 Basic and 79,400 Coordinated members.

*** Former members include 26 Basic and 44,314 Coordinated members.

**** Benefit recipients include 4,228 Basic members, 56,250 Coordinated members, and 1,508 former DTRFA members.

Former Member Statistics	Vested	Non-Vested	Total
Number	13,314	31,026	44,340
Average Age	47.9	45.4	46.1
Average Service (years)	7.5	0.9	2.9
Average annual benefits, with augmentation to Normal Retirement Date and 4 percent Combined Service Annuity load	\$10,264	N/A	N/A
Average refund value, with 4 percent Combined Service Annuity load	\$30,663	\$2,409	\$10,893

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(dollars in thousands)

sets]	Fair Value
Cash and short term investments		
Cash	.\$	8,821
Building account cash		16
Short-term investments		400,18
Total cash and short-term investments	.\$	409,018
Receivables		23,11
Investments (at fair value)		
Fixed income pool	.\$	4,804,240
Alternative investments pool		2,519,31
Indexed equity pool		3,173,250
Domestic equity pool		6,476,020
Global equity pool		3,040,212
Total investments	.\$	20,013,03
Securities lending collateral		2,076,13
Building		
Land	.\$	17
Building and equipment – net of depreciation		7,00
Total building	.\$	7,172
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	. <u>\$</u>	11,80
Total Assets	. <u>\$</u>	22,540,28

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (continued)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(dollars in thousands)

Liabilities	Fa	ir Value
Current		
Accounts payable	\$	10,558
Accrued compensated absences		82
Accrued expenses - building		3
Bonds payable		604
Bonds interest payable		13
Securities lending collateral		2,076,138
Total current liabilities	\$	2,087,398
Long term		
Accrued compensated absences	\$	726
Bonds payable		6,070
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$</u>	6,796
Total Liabilities	\$	2,094,194
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$	20,446,091
Earnings Limitation Savings Account (ELSA) accounts payable*		(4,098)
Net Position Restricted, after adjustment for ELSA accounts	<u>\$</u>	20,441,993

* Not calculated by Cavanaugh Macdonald; TRA determined.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Teachers Retirement Association for the Plan's fiscal year July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015. For purposes of this funding valuation schedule, the DTRFA merger is reflected as of June 30, 2015, and all additions and deductions for the year ended June 30, 2015, exclude DTRFA activity.

(dollars in thousands)

Ch	ang	e in Assets		Fair Value
1.	Ne	t position at fair value at July 1, 2014	. \$	18,015,194
2.	Co	ntributions		
	a.	Member	. \$	294,632
	b.	Employer		299,300
	c.	Direct aid (state/city/county)		21,001
	d.	Earnings Limitation Savings Account (ELSA)		1,647
	e.	Total contributions	. \$	616,580
3.	Inv	vestment income		
	a.	Investment income/(loss)	. \$	3,277,719
	b.	Investment expenses	·	(28,205)
	c.	Total investment income/(loss)	. \$	3,249,514
	Se	curities lending activities		
	a.	Securities lending income	. \$	12,182
	b.	Securities lending expenses		
		Borrowing rebates	. \$	(107)
		Management fees		(3,896)
	c.	Total securities lending expenses		(4,003)
	d.	Net income from securities lending		8,179
	То	tal net investment income $(3c + 4d)$. \$	3,257,693
	Ot	her		3,855
•	То	tal additions $(2e + 5 + 6)$)	. \$	3,878,128
•	Be	nefits Paid		
	a.	Annuity benefits	. \$	(1,580,120)
	b.	Refunds	·	(12,566)
	c.	Total benefits paid	. \$	(1,592,686)
	Ad	ministrative Expenses		(9,430)
0.	То	tal deductions (8c + 9)	. \$	(1,602,116)
1.	Inc	rease in ELSA account value		(1,612)
2.	Ne	t position at fair value at June 30, 2015 $(1 + 7 - 10 - 11)$. <u>\$</u>	20,289,594
3.	Ad	justment to reflect DTRFA merger at end of the year	. <u>\$</u>	231,949
4.	En	d of year	. <u>\$</u>	20,441,993

Actuarial Value of Assets

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(dollars in thousands)

1.	Fair value of assets available for benefits	\$ 20,441,993
2.	Determination of average balance	
	a. Assets available at July 1, 2014*	\$ 20,293,684
	b. Assets available at June 30, 2015*	20,214,143
	c. Net investment income for fiscal year ending June 30, 2015	879,060
	d. Average balance $[a. + b c.] / 2$	\$ 19,814,384
3.	Expected return [8.0 percent * 2.d.]	1,585,151
4.	Actual return	879,060
5.	Current year unrecognized asset return	(706,091)

6. Unrecognized asset returns

		Original Amount	% Not Recognized		
a. Year ended June 30, 2015	\$	(706,091)	80%	\$	(564,873)
b. Year ended June 30, 2014	\$	1,855,481	60%	\$	1,113,289
c. Year ended June 30, 2013	\$	1,014,336	40%	\$	405,734
d. Year ended June 30, 2012	\$	(1,045,252)	20%	\$	(209,050)
e. Total return not yet recognized				\$	745,100
7. Actuarial value at June 30, 2015 (1.	- 6.e.)			<u>\$</u>	19,696,893

* Before recognition of ELSA accounts payable.

Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the fundamental equation that, at any given time, the present value of benefits to be paid in the future must be equal to the assets on hand plus the present value of future contributions to be received. The total rate of contribution is determined as that amount which will make the total present and potential assets balance with the total present value of future benefits.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. This reserve system enables the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.

(dollars in thousands)

A.	Actuarial Value of Assets		\$ 19,696,893								
В.	B. Expected Future Assets										
	1. Present value of expected future statutory sup	outions*	\$ 4,635,771								
	2. Present value of expected future normal cost	contributions		3,610,836							
	3. Total expected future assets $(1. + 2.)$			\$ 8,246,607							
C.	Total Current and Expected Future Assets**			\$ 27,943,500							
D.	Current Benefit Obligations	Non-Vested	Vested	Total							
	1. Benefit recipients										
	a. Service retirements	\$ 0	\$ 15,345,521	\$ 15,345,521							
	b. Disability	0	150,617	150,617							
	c. Survivors	0	1,004,137	1,004,137							
	2. Deferred retirements with augmentation										
	to Normal Retirement Date	0	552,566	552,566							
	3. Former members without vested rights***	73,846	0	73,846							
	4. Active members	59,180	7,216,893	7,276,073							
	5. Total current benefit obligations	\$ 133,026	\$ 24,269,734	\$ 24,402,760							
E.	Expected Future Benefit Obligations			\$ 4,770,231							
F.	Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligation	ations		\$ 29,172,991							
G.	Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations $(D.5 - A)$			\$ 4,705,867							
H.	Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations	S(F C.)		\$ 1,229,491							

* Under LCPR guidelines, this amount does not include supplemental payments, which could occur after the expiration of the remaining 22-year amortization period.

** Does not reflect deferred investment experience in the asset smoothing method. Total expected future assets on a fair value basis are \$28,688,600.

*** Former members with insufficient service to vest who have not collected a refund of member contributions as of the valuation date.

Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) and Supplemental Contribution Rate

July 1, 2015

(dollars in thousands)		Actuarial resent Value of Projected Benefits		Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs		Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (A	AL)					
1. Active Members						
a. Retirement annuities	\$	10,872,371	\$	(2,733,016)	\$	8,139,355
b. Disability benefits		222,722		(88,128)		134,594
c. Survivor benefits		98,592		(35,303)		63,289
d. Deferred retirements		841,607		(629,738)		211,869
e. Refunds		11,012		(124,651)		(113,639)
f. Total	\$	12,046,304	\$	(3,610,836)	\$	8,435,468
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation to Normal Retirement Age		552,566		0		552,566
3. Former members without vested rights		73,846		0		73,846
4. Benefit recipients		16,500,275		0		16,500,275
5. Total	\$	29,172,991	\$	(3,610,836)	\$	25,562,155
 B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Li 1. Actuarial accrued liability 2. Actuarial value of assets (page 77, line 7) 3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability 	\$ <u>\$</u>	25,562,155 19,696,893 5,865,262				
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rat	e*					
1. Present value of future payrolls through the a		tization date of	f Jun	e 30, 2037	\$	64,655,109
2. Supplemental contribution rate (A.3/B.1)**						9.07%

* On a fair value of assets basis, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is \$5,120,162 and the supplemental contribution rate is 7.92 percent of payroll.

** The amortization factor as of July 1, 2015 is 13.8382.

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(da	ollars in thousands)		Amount
A. B.	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at beginning of year Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding*	\$	6,346,574
D.	 Normal cost and actual administrative expenses		389,211 (691,619) <u>495,862</u>
C. D.	 4. Total (B.1. + B.2. + B.3.) Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (A. + B.4.) Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviations from expected 		193,454 6,540,028
	 Salary increases Investment return (AVA) 	\$	17,388 (815,899)
	 Mortality of active members		(2,319) 6,229 52,443
	6. Change in date COLA is expected to increase		(125,941) <u>27,761</u>
E.	7. Total	<u>\$</u>	(840,338)
	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before plan amendments and changes in actuarial assumptions $(C. + D.7.)$		5,699,690
F. G.	Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to DTRFA merger Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year $(E. + F.)$		<u>165,572</u> <u>5,865,262</u>

* The amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) using the current amortization method results in initial payments less than the "interest only" payment on the UAAL. Payments less than the interest only amount will result in the UAAL increasing in the absence of actuarial gains.

Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) — Total

July 1, 2015

The annual required contribution (ARC) is the sum of the normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

(doll	ars in thousands)	Percent of Payroll		Dollar Amount	
А.	Statutory Contributions - Chapter 354				
	1. Employee contributions	7.50%	\$	350,438	
	2. Employer contributions*	7.70%		359,806	
	3. Supplemental contributions**				
	a. 1993 Legislation	0.11%		5,000	
	b. 1996 Legislation	0.07%		3,047	
	c. 1997 Legislation	0.28%		12,954	
	d. 2014 Legislation	0.31%		14,377	
	4. Total	<u>15.97%</u>	\$	745,622	
	 Normal Cost a. Retirement benefits 	6.64%	\$	310,267	
	b. Disability benefits		φ	9,346	
	c. Survivor			4,206	
	d. Deferred retirement benefits			62,611	
	e. Refunds			14,018	
	f. Total	8.57%	\$	400,448	
	2. Supplemental contribution amortization by July 1, 2037 of			,	
	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	9.07%	\$	423,771	
	3. Allowance for expenses	0.23%		10,746	
	4. Total annual contribution for fiscal year ending June 30, 2014***	<u>17.87%</u>	<u>\$</u>	834,965	
C.	Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.4 - B.4)***	<u>(1.90%)</u>	\$	(89,343)	
Note	Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date		\$	4,672,229	

* Employer contribution rate is blended to reflect rates of 15.14 percent of pay for Basic members, 7.50 percent for pay for Coordinated members not employed by Special School District #1, and 11.14 percent of pay for Coordinated members who are employed by Special School District #1.

** Includes contributions from Special School District #1, the City of Minneapolis, matching state contributions, and aid for the DTRFA merger.

*** On a fair value of assets basis, the total required contribution is 16.72 percent of payroll and the contribution deficiency is 0.75 percent of payroll.

Solvency Test

(dollars in thousands)

Aggregate Accrued Liabilities							
Valuation as of June 30	n (1) Member Contributions	(2) Retirees and Beneficiaries	(3) Members (Employer Financed Portion)	Valuation Assets	Accrued	ion of Actua Liabilities (Reported Ass (2)	Covered
2006	\$ 1,765,117	\$12,526,588	\$ 6,387,406	\$ 19,035,612	100%	100%	74.3%
2007	\$ 1,799,910	\$13,112,891	\$ 6,557,513	\$ 18,794,389	100%	100%	59.2%
2008	\$ 1,883,371	\$13,567,065	\$ 6,780,405	\$ 18,226,985	100%	100%	40.9%
2009	\$ 2,038,749	\$14,203,926	\$ 6,872,127	\$ 17,882,408	100%	100%	23.9%
2010	\$ 2,128,600	\$13,650,631	\$ 6,302,403	\$ 17,323,146	100%	100%	24.5%
2011	\$ 2,308,427	\$13,964,552	\$ 5,898,514	\$ 17,132,383	100%	100%	14.6%
2012	\$ 2,407,626	\$14,664,333	\$ 5,952,546	\$ 16,805,077	100%	98.2%	0.0%
2013	\$ 2,482,123	\$15,145,239	\$ 5,791,267	\$ 16,774,626	100%	94.4%	0.0%
2014	\$ 2,510,604	\$15,798,610	\$ 6,219,292	\$ 18,181,932	100%	99.2%	0.0%
2015	\$ 2,637,237	\$16,500,275	\$ 6,424,643	\$ 19,696,893	100%	100%	8.7%

Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

Year Ended June 30	Active Members	(\$ in thousands) Annual Covered Payroll	% Increase in Covered Payroll	Average Annual Member Salary
2006	79,164	\$3,430,645	9.9%	\$43,336
2007	77,694	\$3,532,159	3.0%	\$45,462
2008	76,515	\$3,645,230	3.2%	\$47,641
2009	77,162	\$3,761,484	3.2%	\$48,748
2010	77,356	\$3,787,757	0.7%	\$48,965
2011	76,755	\$3,838,111	1.3%	\$50,005
2012	76,649	\$3,871,809	0.9%	\$50,514
2013	76,765	\$3,917,310	1.2%	\$51,030
2014	77,243	\$4,056,482	3.5%	\$52,516
2015	79,406	\$4,306,426	6.2%	\$54,233

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added To and Removed From Retirement Rolls

Through June 1, 2015 - End of Budget Year for Benefit Payments - Prepared by TRA

	Added To Rolls		Removed	l From Rolls	June 1	Payment		
		Annual		Annual		Annual	Avg. Annual	
Fiscal Year	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Allowances	
2015*								
Retirement	3,901	\$139,486,500	1,219	\$ 113,360,695	5 56,087	\$ 1,507,085,583	\$ 26,871	
Disability	91	\$ 4,201,093	74	\$ 5,046,531		\$ 11,561,844	\$ 19,832	
Beneficiaries	623	\$ 25,490,532	269	\$ 17,055,001		\$ 134,071,302	\$ 26,340	
2014	025	¢ 23,190,332	207	φ 17,055,001	5,070	φ 131,071,302	\$ 20,310	
Retirement	2,657	\$ 72,823,770	1,082	\$ 33,357,350) 53,405	\$ 1,438,959,431	\$ 26,944	
Disability	2,037	\$ 1,371,630	76	\$ 1,731,701		\$ 10,884,969	\$ 20,944 \$ 19,231	
Beneficiaries	428	\$ 11,562,063	217	\$ 4,779,599		\$ 123,918,462	\$ 26,165	
2013	120	φ 11,502,005	217	φ 1,779,599	1,750	φ 123,910,102	φ 20,105	
	2 7 1 0	¢ 72 2 (7 102	1.070	ф 22.0 <i>ст.</i> г.г.	51.020	¢ 1 202 126 000	¢ 0< 070	
Retirement	2,719	\$ 73,367,192	1,079	\$ 33,267,557		\$ 1,393,126,889	\$ 26,879 \$ 10,254	
Disability Beneficiaries	54 449	\$ 1,049,388 \$ 11,519,816	80 237	\$ 1,799,928 \$ 6,491,835		\$ 11,051,118 \$ 116,204,127	\$ 19,354 \$ 25,680	
	449	\$ 11,319,010	237	\$ 0,491,655	4,525	\$ 110,204,127	\$ 23,080	
2012								
Retirement	2,770	\$ 77,169,833	1,040	\$ 30,234,280		\$ 1,342,791,637	\$ 26,753	
Disability	72	\$ 1,481,314	80	\$ 1,816,246		\$ 11,565,197	\$ 19,372	
Beneficiaries	402	\$ 11,820,962	213	\$ 3,969,446	5 4,310	\$ 110,302,448	\$ 25,592	
2011								
Retirement	2,573	\$ 71,896,835	1,012	\$ 30,381,621	48,463	\$ 1,320,885,728	\$ 27,256	
Disability	59	\$ 1,365,130	72	\$ 1,841,934		\$ 11,896,607	\$ 19,664	
Beneficiaries	400	\$ 9,199,307	224	\$ 4,179,950) 4,121	\$ 104,083,869	\$ 25,257	
2010								
Retirement	2,034	\$ 57,221,454	922	\$ 28,024,798	3 46,902	\$ 1,296,882,008	\$ 27,651	
Disability	51	\$ 1,283,512	67	\$ 1,578,194	618	\$ 12,400,315	\$ 20,065	
Beneficiaries	391	\$ 9,945,588	193	\$ 4,237,320) 3,945	\$ 100,367,532	\$ 25,442	
2009								
Retirement	2,282	\$ 65,082,777	874	\$ 25,678,679	9 45,790	\$ 1,271,277,327	\$ 27,763	
Disability	48	\$ 959,551	26	\$ 507,524		\$ 12,364,085	\$ 19,502	
Beneficiaries	343	\$ 7,938,855	213	\$ 2,997,929		\$ 94,308,262	\$ 25,169	
2008**								
Retirement	7,757	\$267,146,737	1,580	\$ 95,109,782	2 44,382	\$ 1,231,768,186	\$ 27,754	
Disability	105	\$ 2,596,324	93	\$ 2,408,229	,	\$ 11,635,841	\$ 19,011	
Beneficiaries	585	\$ 24,054,314	398	\$ 10,168,388		\$ 93,067,932	\$ 25,730	
2007	000	¢ = 1,00 1,01 1	0,0	\$ 10,100,000	, ,,,,,,	¢ ,00,007,902	¢ _ 0,700	
	2 2 2 2	¢ 60 724 160	767	¢ 00 270 041	28 205	¢ 1.050.721.221	¢ 77.720	
Retirement Disability	2,222 59	\$ 62,734,162 \$ 998,126	767 63	\$ 20,372,241 \$ 1,347,548		\$ 1,059,731,231 \$ 11,447,746	\$ 27,738 \$ 19,080	
Beneficiaries	39 355	\$ 998,126 \$ 8,269,118	65 141	\$ 1,347,548 \$ 2,933,302		\$ 11,447,746 \$ 79,182,006	\$ 19,080 \$ 23,085	
	555	φ 0,209,118	141	φ 2,955,502	5,450	φ 79,162,000	φ 23,003	
2006	2 200	¢ (0 0 5	61 0	ф. 10.4 0 1.000	06770	φ 1.01 <i>6</i> - 10.010	ф ст : : : :	
Retirement	2,300	\$ 62,956,636	670	\$ 18,431,998		\$ 1,016,543,840	\$ 27,661	
Disability	83	\$ 1,363,524 \$ 7,206,282	66	\$ 1,427,682		\$ 11,586,536 \$ 72,667,165	\$ 19,183 \$ 22,500	
Beneficiaries	337	\$ 7,296,282	149	\$ 2,867,820		\$ 72,667,165	\$ 22,596	

*2015 data reflects higher additions and removals associated with the conversion of former DTRFA benefit recipient rolls into TRA benefit payment systems.

**2008 data reflects higher additions, removals and fiscal year 2009 data adjustments associated with the conversion of former MTRFA benefit recipient rolls into TRA benefit payment systems.

Schedule of Funding Progress (Unaudited)

Dollar Amounts in Thousands

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (B)	Unfunded AL (UAAL) (B–A)	Funded Ratio (A / B)	Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (C)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll (B–A) / (C)
07/01/06	\$19,035,612	\$20,679,111	\$ 1,643,499	92.05%	\$3,430,645	47.91%
07/01/07	\$18,794,389	\$21,470,314	\$ 2,675,925	87.54%	\$3,532,159	75.76%
07/01/08	\$18,226,985	\$22,230,841	\$ 4,003,856	81.99%	\$3,645,230	109.84%
07/01/09	\$17,882,408	\$23,114,802	\$ 5,232,394	77.36%	\$3,761,484	139.10%
07/01/10	\$17,323,146	\$22,081,634	\$ 4,758,488	78.45%	\$3,787,757	125.63%
07/01/11	\$17,132,383	\$22,171,493	\$ 5,039,110	77.27%	\$3,838,111	131.29%
07/01/12	\$16,805,077	\$23,024,505	\$ 6,219,428	72.99%	\$3,871,809	160.63%
07/01/13	\$16,774,626	\$23,418,629	\$ 6,644,003	71.63%	\$3,917,310	169.61%
07/01/14	\$18,181,932	\$24,528,506	\$ 6,346,574	74.13%	\$4,056,482	156.46%
07/01/15	\$19,696,893	\$25,562,155	\$ 5,865,262	77.05%	\$4,306,426	136.20%

Schedule of Contributions From the Employer and Other Contributing Entities (Unaudited)

Dollar Amounts in Thousands

Year End June 30	Actuarially* Required Contribution Rate (a)	Actual Covered Payroll (b)	Actual Member ontributions (c)	Co	ARC Annual Required ontributions () x (b)] - (c)	Actual Employer ontribution	Percentage Contributed
2006	9.05%	\$ 3,430,645	\$ 177,085	\$	133,389	\$ 200,286	150.15%
2007	12.16%	\$ 3,532,159	\$ 199,869	\$	229,642	\$ 209,219	91.11%
2008	13.44%	\$ 3,645,230	\$ 209,592	\$	280,327	\$ 231,562	82.60%
2009	15.08%	\$ 3,761,484	\$ 212,043	\$	355,189	\$ 240,718	67.72%
2010	16.81%	\$ 3,787,757	\$ 214,909	\$	421,813	\$ 242,088	57.39%
2011	15.71%	\$ 3,838,111	\$ 218,024	\$	384,943	\$ 244,233	63.45%
2012	16.57%	\$ 3,871,809	\$ 239,834	\$	401,725	\$ 266,661	66.38%
2013	18.75%	\$ 3,917,310	\$ 270,708	\$	463,788	\$ 290,662	62.67%
2014	19.41%	\$ 4,056,482	\$ 294,632	\$	492,731	\$ 320,301	65.01%
2015	19.15%	\$ 4,306,426	\$ 331,905	\$	492,776	\$ 358,367	72.72%
2016	17.86%						

*Actuarially Required Contributions calculated according to parameters of GASB 25.

Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Minnesota



Statistical



TRA complies with GASB Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section, issued in May 2004. The pronouncement establishes and modifies requirements related to the supplementary information presented in this section of the report. This section of the report provides detailed information about TRA as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statement note disclosures and required supplementary information indicates about the Association's overall financial condition.

The schedules and graphs beginning on page 87 show trend information about the growth of TRA assets over the past 10 years. These schedules, and others, provide detailed information about the trends of key sources of additions and deductions to plan assets.

The Contribution Rate chart on page 87 provides historical information on the total member and employer contribution rates.

The schedule of Pension Assets Compared to Pension Liabilities, found on pages 88-89, show the funding progress of the plan for the past 10 years on accumulating assets to cover projected pension liabilities which will ultimately be due at retirement. The schedules on pages 90-95 and 101-103 include detailed information regarding the number and type of benefit recipients, and information as to the benefit amount.

The chart on page 96 provides a profile of TRA active members on June 30, 2014, by age and service credit totals.

The chart on page 97 contains information on the total number of members by type.

The schedules on pages 98-100 detail the largest TRA employer units by covered employees and by types of employer.

All data is derived from TRA internal sources and the actuarial consultant.

The projected benefit payments (page 104) for the next 25 years have been supplied by TRA's actuarial advisor, Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting.

10-Year History of TRA Fiduciary Net Position

June 30 Fiscal Year End	Fiduciary Net Position	% Change From Prior Year
2006	\$17,764,526,441	11.5%
2007	\$19,938,881,872	12.2%
2008	\$18,106,965,760	-9.2%
2009	\$13,833,825,733	-23.6%
2010	\$14,939,539,780	8.0%
2011	\$17,303,575,561	15.8%
2012	\$16,689,940,629	-3.6%
2013	\$18,019,318,901	8.0%
2014	\$20,293,684,479	12.6%
2015	\$20,446,090,732	0.8%

10-Year History of TRA Contribution Rates

20079.00%9.00%18.00%5.50%5.00%10.50%20089.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20099.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20109.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20119.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20129.50%10.00%19.50%6.00%6.00%12.00%201310.00%10.50%20.50%6.50%6.50%13.00%	Fiscal Year	Basic Program Employee Contribution Rate	Basic Program Employer Contribution Rate	Basic Program Total Contribution Rate	Coordinated Employee Contribution Rate	Coordinated Employer Contribution Rate	Coordinated Total Contribution Rate
20089.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20099.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20109.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20119.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20129.50%10.00%19.50%6.00%6.00%12.00%201310.00%10.50%20.50%6.50%6.50%13.00%	2006	9.00%	9.00%	18.00%	5.00%	5.00%	10.00%
20099.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20109.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20119.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20129.50%10.00%19.50%6.00%6.00%12.00%201310.00%10.50%20.50%6.50%6.50%13.00%	2007	9.00%	9.00%	18.00%	5.50%	5.00%	10.50%
20109.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20119.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20129.50%10.00%19.50%6.00%6.00%12.00%201310.00%10.50%20.50%6.50%6.50%13.00%	2008	9.00%	9.50%	18.50%	5.50%	5.50%	11.00%
20119.00%9.50%18.50%5.50%5.50%11.00%20129.50%10.00%19.50%6.00%6.00%12.00%201310.00%10.50%20.50%6.50%6.50%13.00%	2009	9.00%	9.50%	18.50%	5.50%	5.50%	11.00%
2012 9.50% 10.00% 19.50% 6.00% 6.00% 12.00% 2013 10.00% 10.50% 20.50% 6.50% 6.50% 13.00%	2010	9.00%	9.50%	18.50%	5.50%	5.50%	11.00%
2013 10.00% 10.50% 20.50% 6.50% 6.50% 13.00%	2011	9.00%	9.50%	18.50%	5.50%	5.50%	11.00%
	2012	9.50%	10.00%	19.50%	6.00%	6.00%	12.00%
2014 10.50% 11.00% 21.50% 7.00% 7.00% 14.00%	2013	10.00%	10.50%	20.50%	6.50%	6.50%	13.00%
	2014	10.50%	11.00%	21.50%	7.00%	7.00%	14.00%
2015 11.00% 11.50% 22.50% 7.50% 7.50% 15.00%	2015	11.00%	11.50%	22.50%	7.50%	7.50%	15.00%

Teachers Retirement Association 10-Year History of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiscal Year ended June 30	2006*	2007	2008	2009
Additions				
Member Contributions	\$ 177,084,906	\$ 199,868,969	\$ 209,592,461	\$ 212,042,535
Employer Contributions	200,285,886	209,219,130	231,561,322	240,718,200
Net Income (Loss) From Investing Activity	1,951,778,366	3,056,492,094	(926,044,140)	(3,318,368,290)
Other Income, Net	11,412,062	7,901,279	7,529,753	6,526,400
Total Additions to Fiduciary Net Position	<u>\$ 2,340,561,220</u>	<u>\$ 3,473,481,472</u>	<u>\$ (477,360,604)</u>	<u>\$ (2,859,081,155)</u>
Deductions				
Pension Benefits	\$ 1,224,212,024	\$ 1,273,093,384	\$ 1,330,836,947	\$ 1,383,667,466
Refunds	11,872,504	12,088,193	11,770,086	14,429,351
Administrative Expenses	11,912,701	10,635,365	10,261,139	10,608,003
Other	1,856,275	3,309,099	1,687,335	5,354,052
Total Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position	<u>\$ 1,249,853,504</u>	<u>\$ 1,299,126,041</u>	<u>\$ 1,354,555,508</u>	<u>\$ 1,414,058,872</u>
Net Increase (Decrease)	<u>\$ 1,090,707,716</u>	<u>\$ 2,174,355,431</u>	<u>\$ (1,831,916,112)</u>	<u>\$ (4,273,140,027)</u>
Net Position Held in Trust, Beginning of Year	<u>\$ 16,673,818,725</u>	<u>\$ 17,764,526,441</u>	<u>\$ 19,938,881,872</u>	<u>\$ 18,106,965,760</u>
Net Position Held in Trust, End of Year	<u>\$ 17,764,526,441</u>	<u>\$ 19,938,881,872</u>	<u>\$ 18,106,965,760</u>	<u>\$ 13,833,825,733</u>

*"Net position held in trust, beginning of year" were restated to reflect \$745,214,858 of assets assumed as a result of merger with MTRFA. **"Net position held in trust, beginning of year" were restated to reflect \$226,071,060 of assets assumed as a result of merger with DTRFA.

10-Year History of Pension Assets vs. Pension Liabilities

Fiscal Year ended June 30	2006	2007	2008	2009
Pension Assets (Actuarial Value)	\$ 19,035,612,000	\$ 18,794,389,076	\$ 18,226,985,000	\$ 17,882,408,000
Accrued Liabilities	<u>\$ 20,679,111,000</u>	<u>\$ 21,470,314,497</u>	<u>\$ 22,230,841,000</u>	<u>\$ 23,114,802,000</u>
Unfunded Liabilities (Sufficiency)	<u>\$ 1,643,499,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,675,925,421</u>	<u>\$ (4,003,856,000)</u>	<u>\$ (5,232,394,000)</u>
Funded Ratio	92.0%	87.5%	82.0%	77.4%

	2010		2011		2012	2013	2014		2015**
\$	214,908,960	\$	218,023,736	\$	239,833,920	\$ 265,808,686	\$ 294,632,331	\$	334,825,844
	242,087,985		244,232,711		266,661,085	290,662,108	320,300,846		381,795,000
	2,087,639,841		3,390,130,615		383,187,159	2,310,295,407	3,257,692,629		887,280,400
	4,850,206		5,562,374		4,929,201	 5,474,846	 5,502,381		4,896,887
\$	2,549,486,992	\$	3,857,949,436	\$	894,611,365	\$ 2,872,241,047	\$ 3,878,128,187	\$	1,608,798,131
\$	1,422,578,335	\$	1,460,836,392	\$	1,486,386,832	\$ 1,523,269,003	\$ 1,581,766,643	\$	1,659,068,988
	11,607,086		23,812,985		11,835,977	10,462,932	12,566,217		11,884,677
	9,587,524		9,264,278		10,023,488	9,130,840	9,429,749		11,509,273
	0		0		0	 0	 0	_	
\$	1,443,772,945	\$	1,493,913,655	\$	1,508,246,297	\$ 1,542,862,775	\$ 1,603,762,609	\$	1,682,462,938
<u>\$</u>	1,105,714,047	\$	2,364,035,781	\$	(613,634,932)	\$ 1,329,378,272	\$ 2,274,365,578	\$	(73,664,807)
<u>\$</u> 1	13,833,825,733	<u>\$ 1</u>	4,939,539,780	<u>\$1</u>	7,303,575,561	\$ 16,689,940,629	\$ 18,019,318,901	\$	20,519,755,539
<u>\$</u> 1	14,939,539,780	<u>\$ 1</u>	7,303,575,561	<u>\$1</u>	6,689,940,629	\$ <u>18,019,318,901</u>	\$ 20,293,684,479	<u>\$</u>	20,446,090,732

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
\$ 17,323,146,000	\$ 17,132,383,000	\$ 16,805,077,000	\$ 16,774,626,000	\$ 18,181,932,000	\$ 20,441,893,000
<u>\$ 22,081,634,000</u>	<u>\$ 22,171,493,000</u>	<u>\$ 23,024,505,000</u>	<u>\$ 23,418,629,000</u>	<u>\$ 24,528,506,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,562,155,000</u>
<u>\$ (4,758,488,000)</u>	<u>\$ (5,039,110,000)</u>	<u>\$ (6,219,428,000)</u>	<u>\$ (6,644,003,000)</u>	<u>\$ (6,346,574,200)</u>	<u>\$ (5,865,262,000)</u>
78.5%	77.3%	73.0%	71.6%	74.1%	77.1%

10-Year History of TRA Benefits and Refunds by Type

Fiscal year ended June 30

Pension Benefits	2006	2007	2008	2009
Annuities	\$ 1,190,295,077	\$ 1,241,862,723	\$ 1,297,772,858	\$ 1,352,741,935
Disabilities	13,118,722	11,923,494	12,049,579	12,076,621
Survivor Benefits	17,616,002	15,774,162	17,460,466	16,547,705
Total Pension Benefits	<u>\$ 1,221,029,801</u>	<u>\$ 1,269,560,379</u>	<u>\$ 1,327,282,903</u>	<u>\$ 1,381,366,261</u>
Annuities Redirected to Earnings Limitation Savings Account (ELSA)	<u>\$ 3,182,223</u>	<u>\$ 3,533,005</u>	<u>\$ 3,554,045</u>	<u>\$ 2,301,205</u>
Member Refunds				
Regular Death	8,452,311 1,014,163	9,574,959 642,960	8,567,474 995,710	8,631,754 1,967,544
ELSA Refunds	2,014,275	1,431,902	1,860,826	3,550,729
Employer Refunds	91,755	438,372	346,076	279,324
Total Refunds	<u>\$ 11,872,504</u>	<u>\$ 12,088,193</u>	<u>\$ 11,770,086</u>	<u>\$ 14,429,351</u>
Total Benefits and Refunds	<u>\$ 1,236,084,528</u>	<u>\$ 1,285,181,577</u>	<u>\$ 1,342,607,034</u>	<u>\$ 1,398,096,817</u>

10-Year History of TRA Benefit Recipients by Category

Year	Annuitants	Disabilitants	Survivors	Total
2006	40,973	630	3,080	44,683
2007	42,679	636	3,223	46,538
2008	43,041	641	3,299	46,981
2009	46,009	624	3,575	50,208
2010	47,556	615	3,682	51,853
2011	49,079	602	3,856	53,537
2012	50,780	591	4,054	55,425
2013	52,331	568	4,269	57,168
2014	53,774	563	4,472	58,809
2015	56,589	571	4,826	61,986

Fiscal year ended June 30

10-Year History of TRA Benefits and Refunds by Type (cont'd)

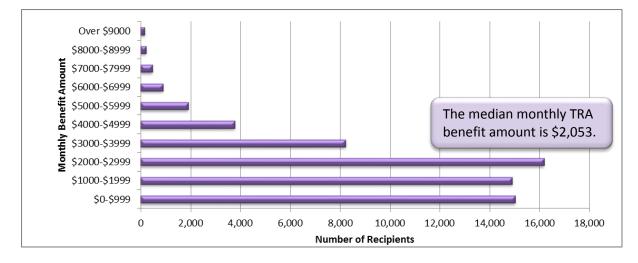
Fiscal year ended June 30

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
\$ 1,391,181,476	\$ 1,429,842,960	\$ 1,456,295,613	\$ 1,492,612,137	\$ 1,551,120,554	\$ 1,626,702,812
13,075,898	12,468,933	12,302,612	11,774,758	11,681,267	12,063,315
17,124,339	17,237,783	16,929,195	17,089,958	17,318,007	18,956,030
<u>\$ 1,421,381,713</u>	<u>\$ 1,459,549,676</u>	<u>\$ 1,485,527,420</u>	<u>\$ 1,521,476,853</u>	<u>\$ 1,580,119,828</u>	<u>\$ 1,657,722,157</u>
<u>\$ 1,196,622</u>	<u>\$ 1,286,716</u>	<u>\$ 859,412</u>	\$ 1,792,150	\$ 1,646,815	<u>\$ 1,346,831</u>
6,808,991 1,272,971	7,669,337 989,888	7,836,244 928,558	7,596,530 1,192,365	9,152,348 1,609,301	8,696,290 1,360,475
3,341,302	14,947,274	2,864,780	1,366,885	1,579,841	1,658,854
183,822	206,486	206,395	307,152	224,727	169,058
<u>\$ 11,607,086</u>	<u>\$ 23,812,985</u>	<u>\$ 11,835,977</u>	<u>\$ 10,462,932</u>	<u>\$ 12,566,217</u>	<u>\$ 11,884,677</u>
<u>\$ 1,434,185,421</u>	<u>\$ 1,484,649,377</u>	<u>\$ 1,498,222,809</u>	<u>\$ 1,533,731,935</u>	<u>\$ 1,594,332,860</u>	<u>\$ 1,670,953,665</u>

Schedule of TRA Benefit Amounts Paid

For Month of June 2015 - Payment Made June 1, 2015

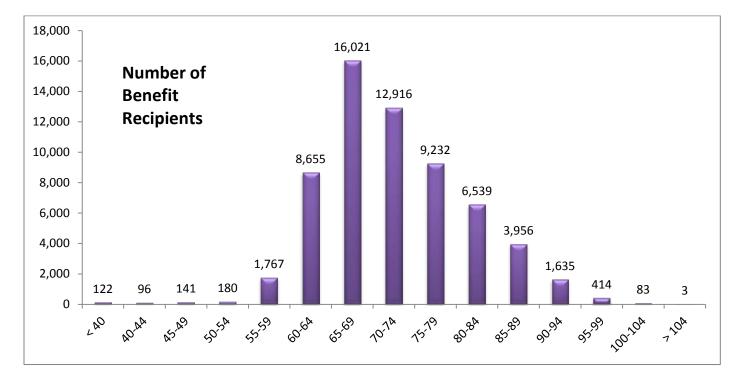
N	Monthly I	Bene	efit Amount	Number of Recipients	Cumulative Total	Percent	Cumulative Percent
\$	0	_	499	8,627	8,627	13.97%	13.97%
\$	500	_	999	6,394	15,021	10.35%	24.32%
\$	1,000	_	1,499	6,632	21,653	10.74%	35.06%
\$	1,500	_	1,999	8,269	29,922	13.39%	48.45%
\$	2,000	_	2,499	8,758	38,680	14.18%	62.63%
\$	2,500	_	2,999	7,428	46,108	12.03%	74.66%
\$	3,000	_	3,499	5,003	51,111	8.10%	82.76%
\$	3,500	_	3,999	3,220	54,331	5.21%	87.97%
\$	4,000	_	4,499	2,163	56,494	3.50%	91.47%
\$	4,500	_	4,999	1,608	58,102	2.61%	94.08%
\$	5,000	_	5,499	1,166	59,268	1.89%	95.97%
\$	5,500	_	5,999	743	60,011	1.20%	97.17%
\$	6,000	_	6,499	532	60,543	0.86%	98.03%
\$	6,500	_	6,999	367	60,910	0.59%	98.62%
\$	7,000	_	7,499	273	61,183	0.44%	99.06%
\$	7,500	_	7,999	193	61,376	0.32%	99.38%
\$	8,000	_	8,499	131	61,507	0.21%	99.59%
\$	8,500	_	8,999	88	61,595	0.14%	99.73%
\$	9,000	_	9,499	45	61,640	0.07%	99.81%
\$	9,500	_	9,999	40	61,680	0.06%	99.87%
\$	10,000	_	10,499	27	61,707	0.04%	99.91%
\$	10,500	_	10,999	17	61,724	0.03%	99.94%
\$	11,000	_	11,499	13	61,737	0.02%	99.96%
\$	11,500	_	11,999	12	61,749	0.02%	99.98%
\$	12,000	_	12,499	4	61,753	0.01%	99.99%
\$	12,500		and over	7	61,760	0.01%	100.00%



Schedule of TRA Benefit Recipients by Current Age

For Month of June 2015 - Payment Made June 1, 2015

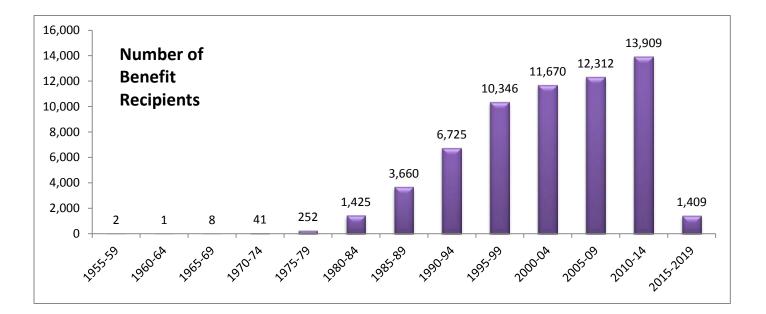
Total Recipients: 61,760



Benefit Recipients by Effective Date of Retirement

For Month of June 2015 - Payment Made June 1, 2015

Total Recipients: 61,760



Schedule of New TRA Retirees and Initial Benefit Paid

For the Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2015

Years of Formula Service								
						>30		
Fiscal Year	<10	10-15	16-20	21-25	26-30	(FY 2000-2008 31-35 (FY 2009)	>35	Total
2006								
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$239	\$843	\$1,349	\$1,820	\$2,523	\$3,320		\$2,422
Final Average Salary	\$21,194	\$37,339	\$50,455	\$36,045	\$58,519	\$62,537		\$54,018
Number of Retirees	230	144	170	151	207	1,094		1,996
2007								
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$257	\$781	\$1,455	\$1,932	\$2,608	\$3,548		\$2,465
Final Average Salary	\$22,846	\$38,717	\$50,770	\$58,606	\$61,332	\$63,080		\$55,098
Number of Retirees	256	162	183	181	190	1,238		2,210
2008								
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$284	\$917	\$1,471	\$1,943	\$2,663	\$3,474		\$2,524
Final Average Salary	\$23,542	\$42,298	\$52,288	\$58,998	\$62,353	\$65,360		\$56,822
Number of Retirees	252	147	150	216	237	1,107		2,109
2009								
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$295	\$885	\$1,319	\$1,975	\$2,670	\$3,463	\$3,859	\$2,507
Final Average Salary	\$25,301	\$39,270	\$50,616	\$59,550	\$63,268	\$66,179	\$69,949	\$56,972
Number of Retirees	285	139	160	180	223	793	257	2,037
2010								
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$299	\$919	\$1,497	\$1,911	\$2,636	\$3,447	\$3,884	\$2,441
Final Average Salary	\$24,488	\$43,105	\$54,513	\$60,302	\$64,611	\$67,443	\$70,941	\$57,729
Number of Retirees	326	162	205	224	276	733	323	2,249
2011								
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$318	\$883	\$1,458	\$2,076	\$2,777	\$3,576	\$3,941	\$2,410
Final Average Salary	\$24,106	\$43,245	\$56,574	\$63,832	\$68,358	\$71,541	\$73,031	\$58,957
Number of Retirees	431	212	240	270	278	685	428	2,544
2012								
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$388	\$935	\$1,485	\$2,011	\$2,747	\$3,592	\$4,004	\$2,301
Final Average Salary	\$28,337	\$44,368	\$55,772	\$63,085	\$68,043	\$70,400	\$74,259	\$58,233
Number of Retirees	518	254	253	337	345	668	371	2,746
2013								
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$349	\$921	\$1,431	\$1,995	\$2,772	\$3,591	\$4,063	\$2,318
Final Average Salary	\$26,267	\$44,588	\$55,793	\$62,310	\$69,357	\$70,648	\$73,864	\$58,305
Number of Retirees	φ20,207 458	φ 11 ,500 231	¢35,775 272	\$02,310 344	338	¢70,040 605	\$73,804 387	2,635
2014		-	-	-				,
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$362	\$991	\$1,468	\$2,127	\$2,798	\$3,578	\$4,111	\$2,287
Final Average Salary	\$302 \$26,345	\$991 \$46,119	\$1,408 \$56,872	\$2,127 \$67,321	\$2,798 \$69,205	\$3,378 \$73,092	\$4,111 \$76,236	\$2,287 \$58,990
Number of Retirees	\$20,343 496	\$40,119 224	\$30,872 264	307,321 300	\$09,203 329	\$73,092 589	\$70,230 349	\$38,990 2,551
	770	<i>22</i> 7	207	500	349	507	577	2,551
2015	\$261	\$025	\$1.402	\$2,000	\$7 710	\$2 502	\$1 160	\$2 276
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$361 \$26.624	\$935 \$45,288	\$1,493 \$58,477	\$2,099 \$65,827	\$2,748 \$70.081	\$3,583 \$73 802	\$4,162 \$76,641	\$2,276 \$50,482
Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$26,624 503	\$45,288 247	\$58,477 287	\$65,827 322	\$70,081 378	\$73,802 533	\$76,641 375	\$59,482 2,645
number of Kenfees	305	247	201	322	3/8	222	513	2,043

Schedule of TRA Benefit Recipients by Type

For Month of June 2015 - Payment Made June 1, 2015

N	Ionthly Ber	nefit Amount	Number of Recipients	Regular	Type of Retirement Disability	Beneficiary
\$	0 -	- 1,000	14,267	13,566	179	1,305
\$	1,001 -	- 2,000	14,319	13,306	208	1,405
\$	2,001 -	- 3,000	15,262	14,907	138	1,154
\$	3,001 -	- 4,000	7,721	7,603	48	571
\$	4,001 -	- 5,000	3,655	3,426	7	300
\$	5,001 -	- 6,000	1,816	1,717	0	175
\$	6,001 -	- 7,000	852	800	3	92
\$	7,001 -	- 8,000	453	421	0	47
\$	8,001 -	- 9,000	214	192	0	25
\$	9,001 -	- 10,000	71	78	0	7
\$	10,001 -	- 11,000	44	40	0	4
\$	11,001 -	- 12,000	20	23	0	2
\$	12,001 -	- 13,000	9	6	0	1
\$	13,001 -	- 14,000	2	2	0	1
\$	14,001 -	- 15,000	1	0	0	0
\$	15,001 -	- 16,000	1	1	0	0
\$	16,001	and over	0	0	0	0
		Totals:	61,760	56,088	583	5,089

TRA Membership Data

June 30, 2015

Distribution of Active Members*

Average Earnings in Dollars

				Years of	Service as	of June 30	, 2015**				
Age	<3**	3-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40 +	Total
<25 Avg. Earnings	2,415 27,202	54 41,639									2,469 27,518
25-29 Avg. Earnings	4,644 31,291	2,840 42,795	1,468 47,425	1 62,841							8,953 37,589
30-34 Avg. Earnings	2,429 30,702	1,567 43,149	5,182 51,058	1,453 60,876							10,631 46,583
35-39 Avg. Earnings	1,733 27,668	855 44,162	2,539 51,504	4,520 63,427	1,416 71,774						11,063 54,668
40-44 Avg. Earnings	1,406 24,897	667 43,135	1,548 51,071	2,146 62,272	4,410 71,271	855 76,288					11,032 59,463
45-49 Avg. Earnings	1,221 22,753	568 39,712	1,253 48,683	1,502 60,477	2,489 69,242	3,373 75,698	628 77,176				11,034 61,475
50-54 Avg. Earnings	942 20,061	390 38,989	989 45,833	1,165 58,995	1,476 67,603	1,900 72,585	2,399 76,756	606 77,163	1 57,684		9,868 62,506
55-59 Avg. Earnings	765 17,651	297 35,913	736 43,214	875 57,458	1,172 66,200	1,262 71,594	1,514 75,355	1,344 77,821	334 77,500		8,299 62,508
60-64 Avg. Earnings	550 11,766	162 26,722	398 39,393	476 56,674	698 63,659	755 69,566	712 74,304	340 80,134	420 80,750	111 78,712	4,622 59,112
65-69 Avg. Earnings	347 5,802	69 12,288	102 26,987	109 47,860	117 57,609	133 70,749	90 74,559	55 84,616	43 93,599	73 85,477	1,138 42,715
70 + Avg. Earnings	150 4,544	2 14,961	31 17,633	14 50,384	14 51,200	11 92,923	19 71,458	11 82,723	6 75,100	20 98,490	297 29,208
Total Avg. Earnings	16,602 26,375	7,490 41,635	14,246 49,217	12,261 61,298	11,792 69,330	8,289 73,805	5,362 76,028	2,356 78,167	804 80,016	204 83,072	79,406 54,213

* Active members include 6 Basic and 79,400 Coordinated members.

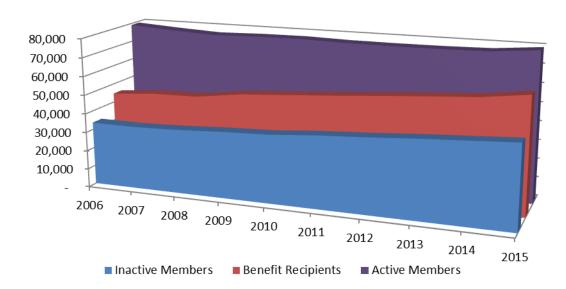
** This exhibit does not reflect service earned in Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of nonvested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active members for the age/service combination and the bottom number is the amount of average annual earnings. Earnings shown in this exhibit are actual salaries earned during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, as reported by the Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota.

10-Year Summary of TRA Membership

Year Ended June 30	Active Members	Inactive Members	Benefit Recipients	
2006	79,164	33,729	44,683	
2007	77,694	35,550	46,538	
2008	76,515	34,283	46,981	
2009	77,162	35,563	50,208	
2010	77,356	36,407	51,853	
2011	76,755	38,433	53,537	
2012	76,649	39,792	55,425	
2013	76,765	41,495	57,168	
2014	77,243	42,891	58,809	
2015	79,406	44,340	61,986	

10-Year Summary of Membership



TRA Principal Participating Employers

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

	2015				
Employer Unit Name	Covered Employees	Rank	Percentage of Active Membership		
Minneapolis - Special School District #1	4,086	1	5.15%		
Anoka-Hennepin - ISD #11	3,186	2	4.01%		
MnSCU (MN State Colleges & Universities)	2,738	3	3.45%		
Rosemount-Apple Valley- Eagan - ISD #196	2,483	4	3.13%		
Osseo - ISD #279	1,724	5	2.17%		
South Washington County - ISD #833	1,652	6	2.08%		
Rochester - ISD #535	1,596	7	2.01%		
Robbinsdale - ISD #281	1,135	8	1.43%		
Bloomington - ISD #271	1,108	9	1.40%		
St. Cloud (ISD #742)	1,093	10	1.38%		
All Other	<u>58,596</u>		<u>73.79%</u>		
Total	<u>79,397</u>		<u>100.00%</u>		

TRA Principal Participating Employers

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

	2006				
Employer Unit Name	Covered Employees	Rank	Percentage of Active Membership		
Minneapolis - Special School District #1	4,381	1	5.53		
Anoka-Hennepin - ISD #11	3,497	2	4.42		
MnSCU (MN State Colleges & Universities)	3,422	3	4.33		
Rosemount-Apple Valley- Eagan - ISD #196	2,668	4	3.37		
Osseo - ISD #279	1,903	5	2.40		
South Washington County - ISD #833	1,632	6	2.06		
Rochester - ISD #535	1,387	7	1.75		
Robbinsdale - ISD #281	1,247	8	1.58		
St. Cloud - ISD #742	1,082	9	1.37		
Bloomington - ISD #271	1,030	10	1.30		
All Other	<u>56,915</u>		71.89		
Total	<u>79,164</u>		<u>100.00</u>		

Note: Information not available prior to 2006.

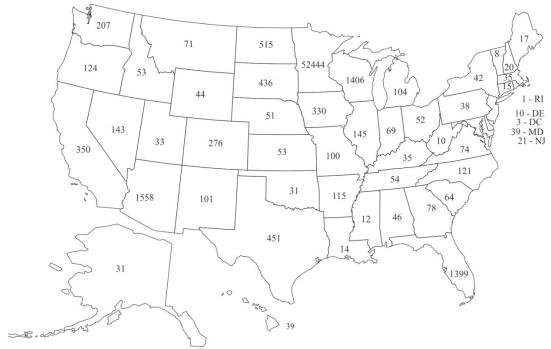
Number of TRA Employer Units

As of June 30, 2015

Year	Independent School Districts		MN State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU)	Charter Schools	State Agencies	Others	Total
2006	348	37	39	142	6	1	573
2007	343	37	39	139	7	1	566
2008	344	33	39	157	5	2	580
2009	347	34	39	156	5	2	583
2010	342	37	39	154	4	2	578
2011	342	37	39	155	4	2	579
2012	344	34	39	158	4	6	585
2013	347	35	39	160	4	6	591
2014	341	37	39	163	5	5	590
2015	373	0	39	167	5	5	589

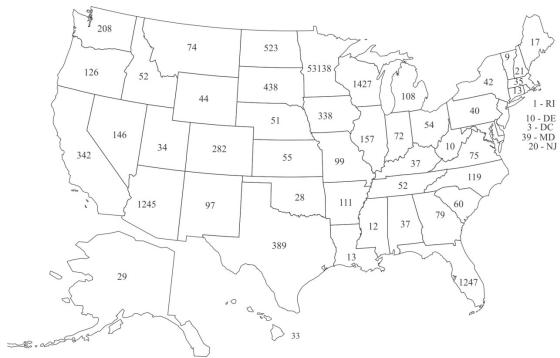
Distribution of TRA Benefits Mailing Address of Benefit Recipient

February 1, 2015



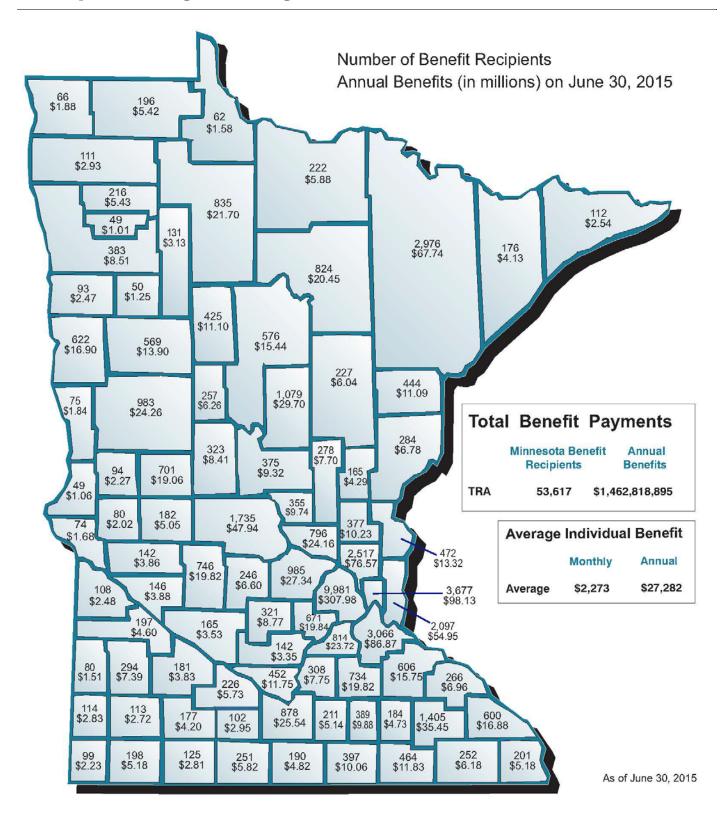
Total Recipients: 61,554 Note: 66 recipients reside outside the United States Minnesota Recipients = 85.20 percent

June 1, 2015



Total Recipients: 61,760 Note: 69 recipients reside outside the United States Minnesota Recipients = 86.04 percent

Annual Benefits for Minnesota TRA Benefit Recipients by County



Annual Benefits and Recipients by County for the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

As of June 30, 2015

County	Members	A	nnual Benefit	County	Members	Α	nnual Benef
Aitkin	227	\$	6,043,313	Martin	251	\$	5,817,73
Anoka	2,517	\$	76,566,464	McLeod	321	\$	8,765,89
Becker	569	\$	13,900,509	Meeker	246	\$	6,596,71
Beltrami	835	\$	21,700,456	Mille Lacs	278	\$	7,698,51
Benton	355	\$	9,737,262	Morrison	375	\$	9,318,88
Big Stone	74	\$	1,684,163	Mower	464	\$	11,833,93
Blue Earth	878	\$	25,538,455	Murray	113	\$	2,722,40
Brown	226	\$	5,728,668	Nicollet	452	\$	11,747,36
Carlton	444	\$	11,090,189	Nobles	198	\$	5,180,52
Carver	671	\$	19,842,836	Norman	93	\$	2,467,70
Cass	576	\$	15,435,267	Olmsted	1,405	\$	35,446,75
Chippewa	146	\$	3,882,371	Otter Tail	983	\$	24,255,57
Chisago	472	\$	13,315,913	Pennington	216	\$	5,432,36
Clay	622	\$	16,903,275	Pine	284	\$	6,784,11
Clearwater	131	\$	3,131,263	Pipestone	114	\$	2,829,37
Cook	112	\$	2,539,495	Polk	383	\$	8,511,41
Cottonwood	177	\$	4,196,605	Pope	182	\$	5,049,82
Crow Wing	1,079	\$	29,697,032	Ramsey	3,677	\$	98,131,01
Dakota	3,066	\$	86,869,681	Red Lake	49	\$	1,009,81
Dodge	184	\$	4,726,864	Redwood	181	\$	3,832,64
Douglas	701	\$	19,064,308	Renville	165	\$	3,525,00
Faribault	190	\$	4,822,486	Rice	734	\$	19,821,11
Fillmore	252	\$	6,177,678	Rock	99	\$	2,234,41
Freeborn	397	\$	10,055,315	Roseau	196	\$	5,420,39
Goodhue	606	\$	15,751,626	Saint Louis	2,976	\$	67,744,46
Grant	94	\$	2,267,828	Scott	814	\$	23,724,77
Hennepin	9,981	\$	307,979,320	Sherburne	796	\$	24,155,43
Houston	201	\$	5,182,482	Sibley	142	\$	3,352,45
Hubbard	425	\$	11,102,770	Stearns	1,735	\$	47,943,68
Isanti	377	\$	10,227,012	Steele	389	\$	9,883,34
Itasca	824	\$	20,452,671	Stevens	80	\$	2,024,43
Jackson	125	\$	2,805,513	Swift	142	\$	3,862,77
Kanabec	165	\$	4,293,969	Todd	323	\$	8,411,27
Kandiyohi	746	\$	19,815,613	Traverse	49	\$	1,061,93
Kittson	66	\$	1,882,000	Wabasha	266	\$	6,957,48
Koochiching	222	\$	5,879,364	Wadena	257	\$	6,255,04
Lac Qui Parle	108	\$	2,476,630	Waseca	211	\$	5,140,57
Lake	176	\$	4,127,326	Washington	2,097	\$	54,954,81
Lake of the Woods	62	\$	1,581,195	Watonwan	102	\$	2,948,26
Le Sueur	308	\$	7,749,870	Wilkin	75	\$	1,841,62
Lincoln	80	\$	1,506,501	Winona	600	\$	16,877,73
Lyon	294	\$	7,391,860	Wright	985	\$	27,342,71
Mahnomen	50	\$	1,252,784	Yellow Medicine	197	\$	4,598,15
Marshall	111	\$	2,928,216	GRAND TOTAL	53,617		1,462,818,89

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The table below shows estimated benefits expected to be paid over the next 25 years, based on the assumptions used in the valuation. The "Active" column shows benefits expected to be paid to members currently active on July 1, 2015. The "Retirees" column shows benefits expected to be paid to all other members. This includes those who, as of July 1, 2015, are receiving benefit payments or who terminated employment and are entitled to a deferred benefit.

(dollars in thousands)

Year Ending June 30	Active	Retirees	Total
2016	\$ 41,121	\$1,681,671	\$1,722,792
2017	105,110	1,659,909	1,765,019
2018	165,509	1,646,873	1,812,383
2019	228,880	1,634,402	1,863,282
2020	293,818	1,622,005	1,915,823
2021	358,562	1,609,325	1,967,886
2022	422,708	1,595,400	2,018,109
2023	485,652	1,579,938	2,065,590
2024	546,346	1,562,750	2,109,096
2025	606,156	1,543,856	2,150,012
2026	668,029	1,521,993	2,190,022
2027	733,964	1,497,977	2,231,941
2028	805,814	1,470,881	2,276,695
2029	884,459	1,440,780	2,325,239
2030	970,634	1,406,963	2,377,598
2031	1,064,889	1,370,812	2,435,701
2032	1,167,430	1,332,097	2,499,528
2033	1,277,934	1,290,025	2,567,959
2034	1,395,802	1,244,886	2,640,687
2035	1,520,546	1,197,866	2,718,412
2036	1,651,758	1,148,322	2,800,080
2037	1,789,119	1,096,319	2,885,438
2038	1,929,121	1,041,608	2,970,729
2039	2,078,794	988,695	3,067,489
2040	2,232,392	934,232	3,166,623

Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Cash flows are the expected future non-discounted payments to current members. These numbers exclude refund payouts to current nonvested inactives and assume future retirees and future terminated members make benefit elections according to valuation assumptions.

Teachers Retirement Association of Minnesota A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Minnesota



Plan Statement

TRA Plan Statement

June 30, 2015

Purpose

The Minnesota Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) was established on July 1, 1931, by the state legislature. Its purpose is to improve educational service and better compensate teachers in order to make the occupation of teaching in Minnesota more attractive to qualified persons by providing a retirement benefit schedule that rewards faithful and continued service.

Administration

TRA is managed by eight trustees – three are statutorily appointed and five are elected. The statutory trustees are the Commissioner of Education, the Commissioner of the Minnesota Department of Management and Budget (MMB) and a representative of the Minnesota School Boards Association. Four of the five elected trustees are active members and one is a retiree. Administrative management of the fund is vested in an Executive Director who is appointed by the Board of Trustees. The Board also contracts with an actuary and uses legal counsel provided by the office of the Attorney General.

Membership

All teachers employed in public elementary and secondary schools, joint powers, charter schools and all other educational institutions maintained by the State of Minnesota (except those teachers employed by the city of St. Paul or by the University of Minnesota) are required to be members of TRA.

Teachers employed by Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU) may elect TRA coverage within one year of their eligible employment. Newly-tenured MnSCU members also have a one-year period to elect TRA coverage. If electing TRA, the individual must pay for the past service covered by TRA, and the cost of past service is based on full actuarial cost. No Minnesota state college or university teacher is a member except for purposes of Social Security coverage if that teacher has coverage by the Defined Contribution Retirement Plan administered by the MnSCU Board.

Retirement Service Credit

Service credit earned for benefit determination is based on a teacher's earned salary relative to an annual base salary established for an employer unit. Minnesota statute defines the base salary for each employer as the lowest salary paid to a full-time Bachelor of Arts (BA) base contract in the previous fiscal year. For example, a school district's annual base salary is determined to be \$40,000. A teacher with an earned salary of \$30,000 for that year will earn 0.75 year of service credit.

Service credit for MnSCU members is based on a full-time equivalence method.

No more than one year of service credit may be earned by any member during a fiscal year, and no more than 0.111 per year may be earned during any one month.

Financing

Benefits are financed by employee contributions, employer contributions, investment earnings and turnover gains. Turnover gains are employer contributions retained by the fund when members take refunds of their employee contributions.

Vesting

In a pension plan, vesting means a member has earned sufficient service credit to be eligible for a monthly benefit.

TRA members who have performed covered service after May 15, 1989, are vested after three years of teaching service. TRA members who last worked prior to May 16, 1989, require five years or, in some cases, ten years of service credit earned in order to be eligible for a monthly annuity benefit.

Employee Contributions

TRA members pay a percentage of their gross annual salary as determined by their membership plan. Basic Plan members (without Social Security coverage) contribute 11.5 percent of their annual salary, while Coordinated Plan members (coordinated with Social Security coverage) contribute 7.5 percent of their annual salary.

Employer Contributions

Local school districts and other TRA-covered employer units provide contributions of 11.5 percent of total salary for members in the Basic Plan and 7.5 percent of total salary for members in the Coordinated Plan. For Coordinated Plan members the employer unit also makes the required matching contribution to the Social Security Administration.

Minneapolis Special School District #1 pays an employer additional contribution of 3.64 percent of annual salary for TRA members employed by that school district.

TRA also receives approximately \$34.9 million annually in state and local direct aid. The aid payments are designed to offset unfunded liabilities assumed with the 2006 merger of the Minnesota Teachers Retirement Fund Association (MTRFA) and the 2015 merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA).

Retirement Benefit

The retirement benefit is determined by a formula based on the average of the member's highest five successive annual salaries, an accumulated percentage factor based on the total years of service credit, and the member's age at retirement. The retirement benefits for members who were first hired before July 1, 1989, are different from the retirement benefits for members who were first hired after June 30, 1989.

Coordinated Members First Hired *Before* July 1, 1989

For members first hired before July 1, 1989, the retirement benefits (with average salary defined as the average of the highest five successive annual salaries) are the greater of:

The sum of:

- 1.20 percent of average salary for the first 10 years of allowable service;
- 1.70 percent of average salary for each subsequent year prior to July 1, 2006; and
- 1.90 percent of average salary for each year of allowable service July 1, 2006 and after.
- No actuarial reduction if age plus years of service totals 90. Otherwise, reduction of 0.25 percent for each month the member is under age 65 (or age 62 if 30 years of allowable service) at the time of retirement.

The sum of:

- 1.70 percent of average salary for each year of allowable service prior to July 1, 2006; and
- 1.90 percent of average salary for each year of allowable service beginning July 1, 2006.
- Actuarial reduction (averaging 4.0 percent to 5.5 percent per year) applies if the member is under full Social Security benefit retirement age, but not to exceed age 65.
- or
- For certain eligible members first hired prior to July 1, 1969, a money purchase annuity equal to the actuarial equivalent of 220.00 percent of the member's accumulated deductions plus interest thereon.

Effective July 1, 2015, the actuarial reduction factors for retirement before Normal Retirement Age will be modified for members first hired prior to July 1, 1989. The actuarial reductions will be based on a statutory definition rather than actuarial equivalence factors. The factors will be phased-in over a five-year period ending June 30, 2020.

Members who reach age 62 with 30 years of service are eligible for a special group of reduction factors. The following example illustrates how these special reduction factors will be applied to an eligible person of the normal retirement age of 65:

Age 62	10.40%
Age 63	6.64%
Age 64	3.18%
Age 65	0.00%

Members who do not reach age 62 with 30 years of service credit are eligible for a different group of factors. The following example illustrates how these reduction factors will be applied to an eligible person of the normal retirement age of 65:

Age 55	43.56%	Age 61	18.96%
Age 56	39.98%	Age 62	13.68%
Age 57	36.66%	Age 63	8.76%
Age 58	33.59%	Age 64	4.21%
Age 59	30.75%	Age 65	0.00%
Age 60	24.65%		

Coordinated Members First Hired *After* June 30, 1989

For members first hired after June 30, 1989, the retirement benefits (with average salary defined as the average of the highest five successive annual salaries) are the sum of:

- 1.70 percent of average salary for each year of allowable service prior to July 1, 2006; and
- 1.90 percent of average salary for each year of allowable service beginning July 1, 2006.

Effective July 1, 2015, the actuarial reduction factors for retirement before Normal Retirement Age will be modified. The actuarial reduction will be based on a statutory definition rather than actuarial equivalence factors. The factors will be phased-in over a five-year period ending June 30, 2020.

Reduction factors for members of the normal retirement age of 66 first hired from July 1, 1989 through June 30, 2006, or who reach age 62 with 30 years of service credit:

Age 62	14.46%
Age 63	10.40%
Age 64	6.64%
Age 65	3.18%
Age 66	0.00%

Reduction factors for members of the normal retirement age of 66 first hired from July 1, 1989 through June 30, 2006, or who<u>do not</u> reach age 62 with 30 years of service credit:

Age 55	51.55%	Age 61	24.65%
Age 56	47.59%	Age 62	18.96%
Age 57	43.90%	Age 63	13.68%
Age 58	40.46%	Age 64	8.76%
Age 59	37.28%	Age 65	4.21%
Age 60	30.75%	Age 66	0.00%

Reduction factors for members of the normal retirement age of 66 first hired on or after July 1, 2006, or who reach age 62 with 30 years of service credit:

Age 62	16.11%
Age 63	11.70%
Age 64	7.55%
Age 65	3.65%
Age 66	0.00%

Reduction factors for members of the normal retirement age of 66 first hired on or after July 1, 2006, or who <u>do not</u> reach age 62 with 30 years of service credit:

Age 55	54.08%	Age 61	26.46%
Age 56	50.08%	Age 62	20.53%
Age 57	46.30%	Age 63	14.93%
Age 58	42.74%	Age 64	9.65%
Age 59	39.38%	Age 65	4.68%
Age 60	32.74%	Age 66	0.00%

Basic Members (Former MTRFA)

TRA has 32 active and inactive Basic members from the former Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association (MTRFA) who were transferred to TRA effective June 30, 2006. Under the merger legislation, this group of former MTRFA members retains eligibility for the benefit provisions as provided by the MTRFA Articles of Incorporation and by-laws as they existed on June 30, 2006.

The retirement benefits for these members (with average salary defined as the average of the highest five successive annual salaries) are:

- 2.50 percent of average salary for each year of teaching service.
- No actuarial reduction applies if the retiring member is age 60 or any age with 30 years of teaching service.

If the member is age 55 with less than 30 years of teaching service, the retirement benefit is the greater of:

a. 2.25 percent of average salary for each year of teaching service with reduction of 0.25 percent for each month the member is under the age first eligible for a normal retirement benefit.

b. 2.50 percent of average salary for each year of teaching service assuming augmentation to the age first eligible for a normal retirement benefit at 3.00 percent per year, and actuarial reduction for each month the member is under the age first eligible for a normal retirement benefit.

An alternative benefit is available to members who are at least age 50 and have seven years of teaching service. The benefit is based on the accumulation of the 6.50 percent "city deposits" to the Retirement Fund. Other benefits are also provided under this alternative benefit, depending on the member's age and teaching service.

Basic Members (Non-MTRFA)

As of June 30, 2015, TRA had seven inactive members who retain eligibility for the Basic Plan and who do not have eligibility for the provisions for former MTRFA Basic members. The retirement benefits (with average salary defined as the average of the highest five successive annual salaries) are the greater of:

- a. 2.20 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of allowable service and 2.70 percent of average salary for each subsequent year with reduction of 0.25 percent for each month the member is under age 65 at time of retirement, or under age 62 if 30 years of allowable service. No reduction if age plus years of allowable service totals 90.
- b. 2.70 percent of average salary for each year of allowable service assuming augmentation to age 65 at 3.00 percent per year, and actuarial reduction for each month the member is under age 65.

or

c. For eligible members, a money purchase annuity equal to the actuarial equivalent of 220.00 percent of the member's accumulated deductions plus interest thereon

All members in this group have reached normal retirement age and are no longer subject to early retirement penalties.

Deferred Retirement

Members with three or more years of allowable service (ten or more years of allowable service if termination of teaching service occurs before July 1, 1987, and five or more years of allowable service if termination of teaching service occurs after June 30, 1987, but before May 16, 1989) who terminate teaching service in schools covered by the association may have their retirement benefit deferred until they attain age 55 or older.

Members who defer their benefits will receive a deferral increase as follows:

Members hired prior to July 1, 2006	Prior to July 1, 2012: 3.0 percent annually through December 31 of the year in which the member would have reached 55 and 5.0 percent approximately thereafter
	5.0 percent annually thereafter
	each year the benefit is deferred
	After July 1, 2012: 2.0 percent
Members hired on	Prior to July 1, 2012: 2.5 percent
or after July 1, 2006	After July 1, 2012: 2.0 percent

The deferral period must be at least three months. If on a leave of absence, the member is not eligible for the deferral increase on a deferred annuity for any portion of time on leave.

Annuity Plan Options

Six different annuity plan options are available to TRA members that provide monthly benefit payments for as long as the annuitant lives. The No Refund Plan provides the highest possible monthly benefit, but terminates upon the member's death. A member may choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features.

A married member must choose one of the three survivorship plans (plans 4 through 6) listed below at retirement, unless the member's spouse waives the right to this type of annuity.

- 1. No Refund, For Life of Member
- 2. Guaranteed Refund
- 3. 15-Years Guaranteed
- 4. 100% Survivorship with Bounceback
- 5. 50% Survivorship with Bounceback
- 6. 75% Survivorship with Bounceback

Annual Post-Retirement Increases

Once retired, each January, if specified by law, a postretirement increase may be made to a member's monthly benefit.

Under current Minnesota statute, the annual postretirement increase is 2.0 percent. Once the TRA Fund reaches a market value funding ratio of 90 percent for two consecutive years, the annual post-retirement increase would be increased to 2.5 percent.

On January 1,

- a benefit recipient who has been receiving an annuity or benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 of the calendar year before the adjustment will receive a post-retirement increase of 2.0 percent.
- a benefit recipient who has been receiving an annuity or benefit for at least one full month, but less than 12 months as of June 30 of the calendar year before the adjustment will receive a prorated post-retirement increase.

Combined Service Annuity

Any vested member having combined service credit with any two or more Minnesota public retirement funds that participates in the combined service annuity program, may elect to receive a combined service annuity upon compliance with eligibility requirements for retirement.

Refunds

Upon termination of teaching service and application, TRA will issue a refund of a member's accumulated contributions plus 5 percent interest compounded annually if termination occurred before May 16, 1989, and 6 percent interest compounded annually if termination occurred on or after May 16, 1989. Since July 1, 2011, all account balances accrue interest at a rate of 4 percent annually, regardless of date of termination.

A refund will be issued only if the member has officially resigned from employment and the official refund application form is submitted no sooner than 30 days after termination of teaching service.

Repayment of Refunds

Members who return to teaching service after previously withdrawing their contributions may repay these contributions upon completing two years of allowable service. The repayment must include interest of 8.5 percent, compounded annually from the date of the refund. If a member has more than two years of refunded service, they may repay a minimum portion, which is at least 1/3 of the total service credit period for all refunds previously taken.

Disability Benefits

An active member who becomes disabled after at least three years of allowable service is eligible to apply for a total and permanent disability benefit provided at least two of the required three years of allowable service are performed after last becoming a member. State statute defines total and permanent disability as the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to be of a long, continued and indefinite duration. An indefinite duration is a period of at least one year.

Survivor Benefits of Members Prior to Retirement

Certain benefits are available to the survivor(s) of members who die before officially retiring with TRA. Beneficiary designation options vary for single members and married members.

Single Members

Non-Vested

A lump-sum death benefit equal to a member's accumulated deductions plus interest to the date of death is payable to either the designated beneficiary or estate, whichever is applicable. Interest is compounded annually at 4 percent. Contributions made by the employer are not included in this benefit. A member may designate any person(s), trust, or organization(s) as a beneficiary.

Vested

• For a member without a surviving spouse at the time of death, survivor benefits will *automatically* be paid for a period certain to all dependent children under the age of 20, *unless* the member has chosen the lifetime monthly benefit option explained in the next paragraph. These payments are made from the date of

death to the date each dependent child attains age 20 if the child is under age 15 on the date of death. If the dependent child is 15 years or older on the date of death, payments will be made for five years. Payments for children under the age of 18 would be made to a custodial parent or court-appointed guardian. A dependent child is a biological or adopted child who is under 20 years of age and who is dependent on the member for more than one-half of his or her financial support.

- A member may designate payment of lifetime monthly benefits for either former spouse(s), or dependent and non-dependent, biological or adopted child(ren), instead of the above described surviving dependent child(ren) benefits being paid.
- For a member without a former spouse or dependent child(ren) at the time of death, either the designated beneficiary or estate, whichever is applicable, is entitled to a lump-sum death benefit equal to accumulated deductions plus interest to the date of death. Interest on account balances is compounded annually at 4 percent. Contributions made by the employer are not included in this benefit. A member may designate any person(s), trust, or organization(s) as a beneficiary.

Married Members

A surviving spouse has precedence over any designated beneficiary.

Non-Vested

 A member's spouse is entitled to a lump-sum death benefit equal to the accumulated deductions plus interest to the date of death. Interest on account balances is compounded annually at 4 percent. Contributions made by the employer are not included in this benefit.

Vested

- A member's surviving spouse may elect to receive a lifetime annuity in lieu of a lump-sum benefit. The lifetime annuity is payable on a monthly basis for the lifetime of the spouse. Payments terminate upon the death of the spouse with no benefits remaining for other beneficiaries.
- Instead of a lifetime annuity, a member's spouse may elect to receive actuarially equivalent payments for a term certain annuity of 5, 10, 15 or 20 years. The

amount of the annuity is based upon a formula, the member's age at the time of death and the age of the spouse when benefits begin to accrue, although monthly benefit payments cannot exceed 75 percent of the member's average High-5 monthly salary.

A member and their spouse may *jointly* make a specification to waive the spouse's benefits so that designated beneficiary(ies) will receive a lifetime survivor annuity benefit. The designated beneficiary may be *either* the member's former spouse(s) *or* the member's biological or adopted child(ren). Under a joint specification, a designated beneficiary cannot elect a term certain annuity of 5, 10, 15 or 20 years. If a joint specification is not on file, the annuity is payable only to the surviving spouse.

Non-Vested or Vested

A member and their spouse may *jointly* make a specification to waive the spouse's benefits so that any person, trust or organization will receive a lump-sum death benefit equal to the accumulated deductions plus interest to the date of death. This page intentionally left blank.

Teachers Retirement Association

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