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Minnesota Department of Health Environmental Monitoring Report 2010 Data

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Minnesota Department of Health Environmental Monitoring Program

The Minnesota Department of Health (MDH) maintains an environmental monitoring program for radioactivity around the two nuclear generating power plants in the state. The program is designed to provide an independent evaluation of the impact of the nuclear generating power plants to the environment and the public over a period of time. Data collected is used to verify compliance with appropriate standards, provide the public with reliable data regarding the environmental impact of the nuclear generating power plants, and establish trends. Annual reports are generated and available for public review. Sample data not included in the annual reports is available through the MDH Public Health Lab.

Monitoring for radioactivity began in Minnesota in 1953 in response to nuclear weapons testing. Over fifty years of monitoring radioactivity levels provides MDH with an excellent database. Long-term trends established for certain radionuclides continue to be confirmed by current environmental monitoring. Throughout the years the Minnesota Department of Health environmental monitoring program has transformed. Careful analysis of data generated and potential risks has lead MDH to make alterations in its sampling program from time to time. Some collection points and sample mediums have been discontinued while others added.

The major components of the Minnesota Department of Health environmental monitoring program are sample collection, data analysis, and interpretation. Around the Monticello Nuclear Generating Power Plant and the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Power Plant samples that are collected include: air, surface water, and milk. Ambient gamma radiation doses are monitored through the use of thermoluminescent dosimeters. Well water samples are also collected only near the Prairie Island plant.

Besides those samplings, since 1995 MDH has received data from two pressurized ion chambers (PIC) located at the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Power Plant near the Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI). Data from the PICs is transmitted to a computer. Every fifteen minutes a modem relays that data, via phone line, to an MDH computer. The system also conveys alarm messages to MDH staff members if the radiation levels are significantly high or communication between the PIC and the computer is disrupted.

In the fall of 2008 Monticello began storing spent fuel in its own ISFSI on site. This ISFSI is monitored using an automatic switching, two Geiger-Mueller-tube based dose rate monitor called the Data Radiation Monitor (DRM). The DRM continuously measures gamma radiation dose rates. Readings are taken approximately every four seconds and transmitted via radio waves to a base computer. MDH connects to the base computer and receives dose rate readings. As with the Prairie Island monitoring system, alarm messages are sent if communication is disrupted or radiation levels are exceeded.

PROGRAM SUMMARY

In 2010, no sample results within the current environmental monitoring program areas were found to exceed any federal or state standards or guidelines.

AIR MONITORING

Continuous air monitoring allows the Minnesota Department of Health to determine the level of radioactive contamination that could expose the public through inhalation. Air sampler particulate filters and cartridges are collected weekly or every other week and analyzed for radioactive particulates in the air.

In 2010 air samples were collected from three locations in Minnesota; one at each of the nuclear power generating plants and one in downtown St. Paul. The air samplers at the nuclear generating power plants are located downwind of the plant based on predominant wind directions.

The location of the Prairie Island air sampler is near Lock and Dam No. 3, downstream from the Prairie Island Nuclear Power Generating Plant. The air sampler at Monticello is located near the Monticello Xcel Training Center, downstream from the Monticello Nuclear Power Generating Plant.

The St. Paul air sampler is located on the roof of the Freeman Building at 625 Robert Street North in St. Paul and is used as a standard for comparison. The results of the air samples in St. Paul indicate natural background readings and no reactor-produced isotopes were detected.

Air sampler locations are shown in <u>Table 2A</u> Monticello Sampling Sites and <u>Table 2B</u> Prairie Island Sampling Sites. Air sample results for gross alpha, gross beta, and naturally occurring Beryllium-7 and Potassium-40 are shown in <u>Table 4</u> Air Sampling Results for Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant, <u>Table 5</u> Air Sampling Results for Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant, and <u>Table 6</u> Air Sampling Results for St. Paul.

Data Analysis: Data collected from the Prairie Island and Monticello air samplers are compared to data from the St. Paul sampler, historical data, EPA standards, and MDH Radioactive Material Rules, Chapter 4731.2750. Specific isotopes of interest are examined using the limits indicated in MDH Chapter 4731 designating concentrations such that a dose limit of 50 mrems per year is not exceeded for each isotope.

The majority of data for these radioisotopes are below MDH Public Health Lab's (PHL) detection levels. In instances where the detection levels exceeded the Chapter 4731 concentrations or established standards, review of the gross alpha and gross beta values were considered. It is understood that the gross alpha or gross beta values represent the maximum value any individual alpha or beta emitter could indicate. Gross alpha levels were below 0.0093 pCi/m³ at all locations. Gross beta levels were below 0.101 pCi/m³ at all locations.

Whenever applicable, naturally occurring Potassium-40 and Beryllium-7 are tracked as a means of quality control for accuracy of lab data. It is expected that these levels will remain somewhat constant throughout time.

All air sample results for 2010 were within the EPA and MDH standards and guidelines.

SURFACE WATER MONITORING

Since surface water is the drinking water source for many cities in the state, MDH samples the river water downstream from both power plants. The results are compared to the EPA Safe Drinking Water Standards and MDH Chapter 4731.2750 for compliance. They are also measured against the historical data for changes that may have occurred due to releases from the power plant.

Water sample locations are shown in <u>Table 2A</u> Monticello Sampling Sites and <u>Table 2B</u> Prairie Island Sampling Sites. Water sample results for gross alpha, gross beta, and select radionuclides of interest are shown in <u>Table 7</u> Surface Water Results for Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant, and <u>Table 8</u> Surface Water Results for Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant.

Data Analysis: The EPA Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) is often the most restrictive limit for these samples. The radiological component of the SDWA limits gross alpha particles to 15 pCi/L (including combined Radium 226 and Radium 228 at 5 pCi/L), tritium to 20,000 pCi/L, and beta/photon emitters to doses equivalent to 4 mrem per year. Gross alpha values for 2010 were below 8.1 pCi/L at both locations. Tritium values were below 226 pCi/L at both locations.

The SWDA limits the total body or critical organ dose from a single beta/photon emitter to 4 mrems. Concentrations for 168 beta/photon emitters that will deliver a total body or critical organ dose of 4 mrems are compared to the isotopic analysis in the MDH samples. The majority of data for these radioisotopes falls below MDH Public Health Lab's (PHL) detection levels. In instances where the detection levels exceed the SDWA levels, review of the gross beta values were considered, since the gross beta value represents the maximum value any individual beta emitter could be.

All surface water sample results for 2010 were within the EPA and MDH standards and guidelines.

MILK MONITORING

Milk samples are collected monthly from a farm located near each power plant. Radiation contamination that may have been deposited in the fields and consumed by cows would be concentrated and forwarded to the milk. Since there are no standards for milk, except for emergency situations, sample analysis is compared to the EPA Safe Drinking Water Standards and MDH Chapter 4731.2750. Samples are also compared to historical data and reviewed for trends.

Milk sampling locations are shown in Table 2A Monticello Sampling Sites and Table 2B Prairie Island Sampling Sites.

Milk sample results for select radionuclides of interest are shown in <u>Table 9</u> Milk Analysis Results for Monticello Nuclear Generating Power Plant, and <u>Table 10</u> Milk Analysis Results for Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Power Plant.

Data Analysis: MDH recognizes that the EPA Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) is often a more restrictive limit for these samples because there are no specific standards for milk samples. However, by meeting these standards MDH continues to assure that public health and safety is maintained. Due to the physical properties of milk, analyzing for gross alpha and gross beta values is difficult and highly unreliable; therefore these results are not available.

The SWDA limits the total body or critical organ dose from a single beta/photon emitter to 4 mrems. Concentrations for 168 beta/photon emitters that will deliver a total body or critical organ dose of 4 mrems are compared to the isotopic analysis in the MDH samples. Again, the majority of data for these radioisotopes are below MDH Public Health Lab's (PHL) detection levels. In instances where the detection levels exceed the SDWA levels, review of past air sample results were considered. It should be noted that if a release were to occur, before it would be observed in milk samples it would most likely be detected in air samples.

All milk sample results for 2010 were within the EPA and MDH standards and guidelines.

AMBIENT GAMMA RADIATION MONITORING

Ambient gamma radiation levels are measured around the power plants by using thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs). MDH has placed TLDs beyond the plant's boundaries to estimate the dose received by a member of the public if they were to be at that location continuously throughout the monitoring period. TLDs are changed and analyzed quarterly. In 2006, MDH transferred the analysis of the dosimeters from an internal evaluation to Mirion Technologies (formerly Global Dosimetry), a processor approved by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program. These results are compared to control readings, historical data, and MDH regulatory limits.

TLD locations are shown in <u>Table 3A</u> Monticello Area TLD Locations and <u>Table 3B</u> Prairie Island Area TLD Locations. TLD results are shown in <u>Table 11</u> TLD Results.

Data Analysis: Mirion Technologies results from the field TLDs are compared to the control readings. Control badges are kept in St. Paul for the monitoring period so that control readings indicate background radiation levels.

All TLD results for 2010 were within MDH regulatory limits to members of the public.

WELL WATER AND COMMUNITY WATER MONITORING

Well water is periodically reviewed since radioactivity may seep through the soil and enter the water table. The collection point was selected to be a private farm located close to the Prairie Island nuclear power plant. Community Water samples are collected at Prairie Island as part of the EPA RADNET system. MDH also collects a sample to represent the community water supply at Prairie Island. These samples are collected quarterly and again compared to the EPA Safe Drinking Water Standards, MDH Chapter 4731.2750, and historical data.

Well water sample location is shown in <u>Table 2B</u> Prairie Island Sampling Sites. Community water samples are collected from the Dakota Station at Prairie Island. Well water sample results for gross alpha, gross beta, and select radionuclides of interest are shown in <u>Table 12</u> Well Water Analysis Results. Community Water sample results are shown in <u>Table13</u> Community Water Analysis Results.

Data Analysis: Well water and community water data is analyzed similar to surface water. The EPA Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) is often the most restrictive limit for these samples. The radiological component of the SDWA limits gross alpha particles to 15 pCi/L (including combined Radium 226 and Radium 228 at 5 pCi/L), tritium to 20,000 pCi/L, and beta/photon emitters to doses equivalent to 4 mrem per year. Gross alpha values for 2010 were below 10.6 pCi/L. Tritium values were below 200 pCi/L.

The SWDA limits the total body or critical organ dose from a single beta/photon emitter to 4 mrems. Concentrations for 168 beta/photon emitters that will deliver a total body or critical organ dose of 4 mrems are compared to the isotopic analysis in the MDH samples. In instances where the detection levels exceed the SDWA levels, review of the gross beta values were considered, since the gross beta value represents the maximum value any individual beta emitter could be.

All well water and community water sample results for 2010 were within the EPA and MDH standards and guidelines.

PROGRAM MODIFICATIONS

In 2010 the only program modification was the addition of one TLD near the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Power Plant Training Center. One TLD located near the Prairie Island facility had readings above background for two consecutive quarters; 4th quarter of 2009 and 1st quarter of 2010. Over the same time period the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Power Plant Environmental Monitoring Program did not show elevated readings for the same area, nor the area closer to the plant and ISFSI. MDH staff investigated the area around the TLD and found nothing to indicate the elevated level. In the 3rd quarter of 2010 an additional TLD was placed near the Training Center, yet in the vicinity of the one previously showing elevated readings. As of the 2nd quarter of 2010, all TLD readings are at a consistent background level.

Sample Type	Collection and Frequency	Number of Samples Collected	Analyses Performed
Air	C, W & BW	103	GA, GB, GI, Sr, I
Surface Water	G, Q	8	GA, GB, GI, Sr, H
Well Water	G, Q	4	GA, GB, GI, Sr, H
Community Water	G, Q	4	GA, GB, GI, Sr, H
Milk	G, M	24	GI, Sr, I
TLD	C, Q	70	Direct exposure
Collection type:	C = continuous; G = grab		
Frequency:	W = weekly; M = monthly; Q = quarter	ly; A = annually; BW = bi-wee	ekly
Analyses performed:	GA = gross alpha; GB = gross beta; G Sr = strontium; I = iodine; H = tritium	il = gamma isotopic;	

Minnesota Department of Health Sample Summary for 2010

Minnesota Department of Health Monticello Environmental Sampling Sites

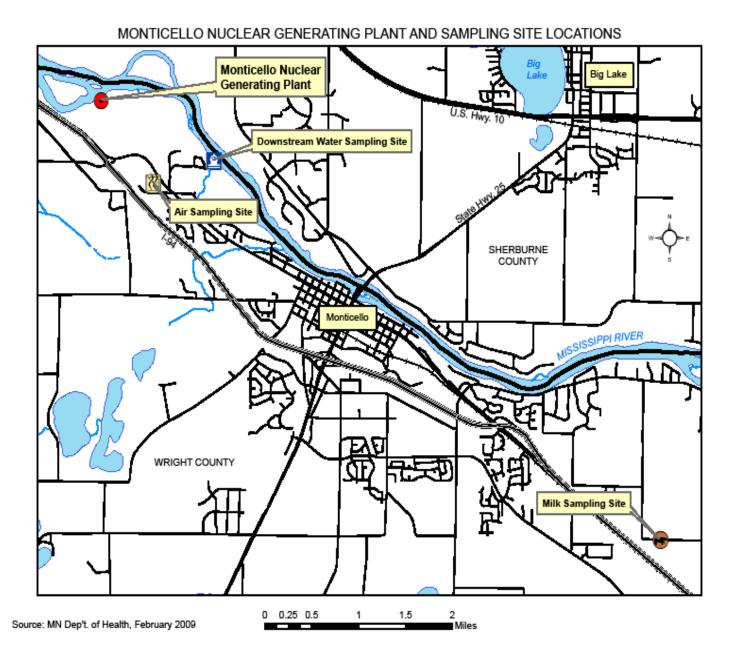
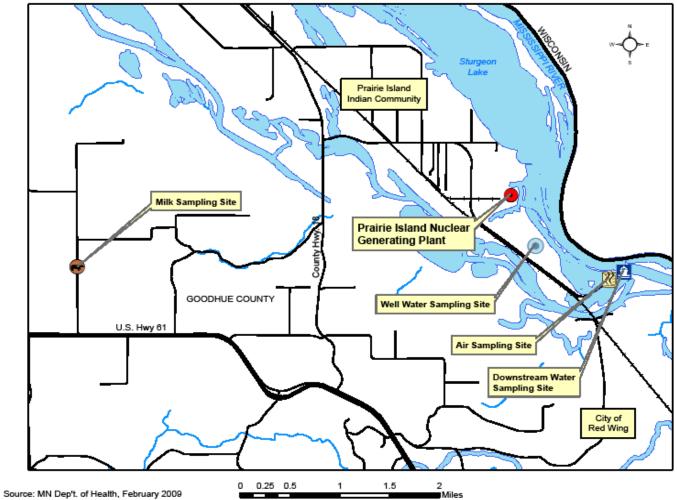


Table 2B

Minnesota Department of Health Prairie Island Environmental Sampling Sites

PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT AND SAMPLING SITE LOCATIONS



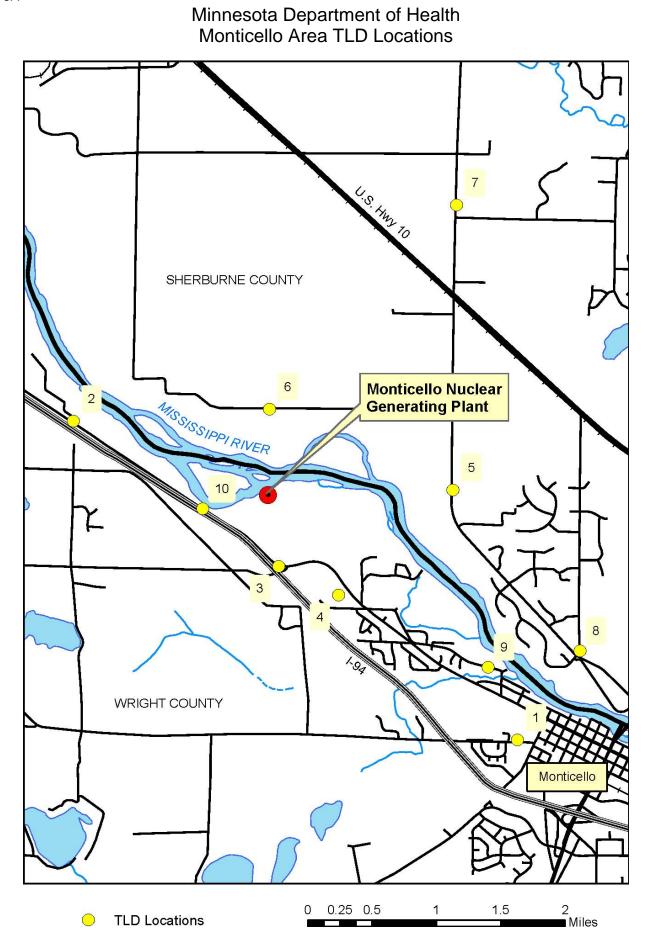
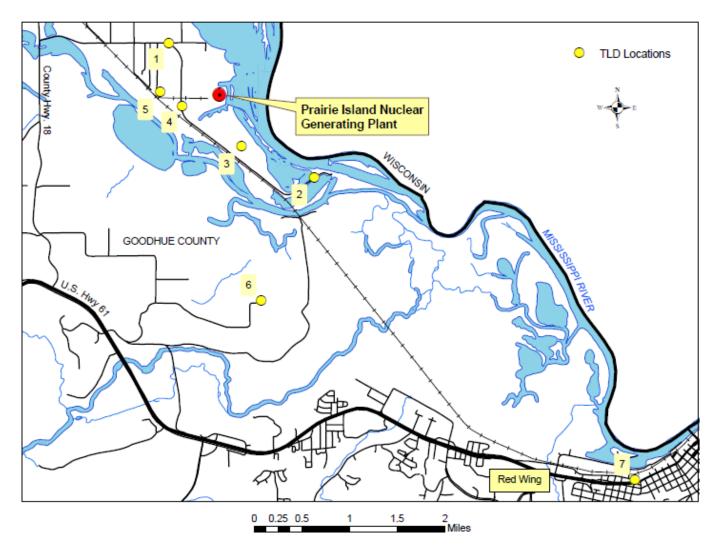


Table 3B

Minnesota Department of Health Prairie Island Area TLD Locations



Minnesota Department of Health 2010 Air Sampling Results for Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant Results and Detection Limits in pCi/m³

Date Collected	Gross Alpha ¹	Gross Beta	Be-7	K-40 ¹
1/6	0.0075	0.029	0.107	0.0503
1/19	0.0062	0.037	0.0696	0.1060
2/2	0.0038	0.024	0.0743	0.0570
2/16	0.0026	0.014	0.106	0.0688
3/2	0.0032	0.023	0.153	0.0502
3/16	0.0028	0.019	0.101	0.0496
3/30	0.0070	0.015	0.135	0.0637
4/12	0.0040	0.012	0.131	0.0585
4/27	0.0043	0.013	0.202	0.0645
5/11	0.0027	0.008	0.138	0.0514
5/25	0.0047	0.015	0.173	0.0739
6/8	0.00026	0.0032	0.141	0.0639
6/23	0.0025	0.0065	0.0559	0.0580
7/7	0.0039	0.0103	0.1346	0.0494
7/21	0.0042	0.0117	0.1293	0.0488
8/3	0.0054	0.0156	0.1267	0.0624
8/18	0.0053	0.0164	0.1408	0.0504
8/31	0.0063	0.0185	0.1489	0.0691
9/14	0.0044	0.0090	0.0859	0.0669
9/21	0.0056	0.0094	0.0817	0.1242
10/13	0.0054	0.0157	0.1220	0.0357
10/26	0.0045	0.0136	0.0898	0.0633
11/9	0.0037	0.0131	0.0857	0.0555
11/23	0.0053	0.0197	0.0948	0.0616
12/7	0.0058	0.0228	0.0871	0.0645
12/22	0.0080	0.0332	0.1058	0.0640

All data represent measured values.

¹All data in bold represent the gamma counting system **lowest detection concentrations** indicating those samples measured (in boldface type) had values **below** the detectable concentrations.

Minnesota Department of Health

2010 Air Sampling Result for Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant Results and Detection Limits in pCi/m³

Collected Alpha 1/12 0.0051 1/02 0.0042	Beta 0.022 0.021 0.021	Be-7 ¹ 0.0798 0.0444	K-40 ¹ 0.0496
	0.021		0.0496
4/00 0.0040		0.0444	
1/26 0.0013	0.021		0.135
2/10 0.0048	0.021	0.102	0.0506
2/23 0.0032	0.021	0.136	0.0591
3/9 0.0048	0.044	0.191	0.107
3/23 0.0035	0.015	0.102	0.0572
4/6 0.0026	0.018	0.209	0.0644
4/20 0.0059	0.014	0.210	0.0417
5/3 0.0059	0.013	0.219	0.0644
5/18 0.0034	0.0096	0.144	0.0552
6/1 0.0015	0.0067	0.160	0.0606
6/16 0.0039	0.0073	0.0696	0.0529
6/29 0.0042	0.0106	0.1247	0.0748
7/14 0.0058	0.0128	0.1648	0.0617
7/28 0.0047	0.0154	0.1466	0.0608
8/10 0.0065	0.0204	0.1559	0.0635
8/25 0.0058	0.0183	0.1247	0.0544
9/7 0.0049	0.0138	0.1038	0.0755
9/28 0.0045	0.0109	0.0971	0.0466
10/5 0.0035	0.0050	0.0498	0.1284
10/19 0.0080	0.0239	0.1472	0.0507
11/2 0.0041	0.0149	0.0747	0.0621
11/16 0.0063	0.0220	0.1344	0.0634
11/30 0.0051	0.0211	0.0764	0.0569
12/14 0.0082	0.0320	0.0864	0.0620
12/28 0.0037	0.0185	0.0684	0.0584

All data represent measured values.

¹All data in bold represent the gamma counting system **lowest detection concentrations** indicating those samples measured (in boldface type) had values **below** the detectable concentrations.

Minnesota Department of Health 2010 Air Sampling Results for St. Paul Results and Detection Limits in pCi/m³

Date	Gross	Gross		
Collected	Alpha ¹	Beta ¹	Be-7 ¹	K-40 ¹
1/5	0.0056	0.034	0.0983	0.115
1/12	0.0070	0.034	0.128	0.107
1/19	0.0061	0.031	0.0883	0.0560
1/26	0.0065	0.035	0.0403	0.0878
2/2	0.0044	0.028	0.127	0.117
2/9	0.0036	0.031	0.124	0.124
2/16	0.0031	0.015	0.145	0.134
2/23	0.0044	0.030	0.196	0.105
3/2	0.0031	0.023	0.167	0.127
3/9	0.0026	0.027	0.194	0.125
3/16	0.0018	0.013	0.0701	0.0850
3/23	0.00093	0.015	0.113	0.112
3/30	0.0029	0.014	0.197	0.0951
4/6	0.0024	0.016	0.200	0.108
4/12	0.0054	0.0094	0.218	0.0982
4/20	0.0035	0.014	0.195	0.0893
5/3	0.0048	0.010	0.261	0.143
5/11	0.0035	0.0069	0.157	0.119
5/18	0.0045	0.010	0.121	0.120
5/25	0.0049	0.012	0.137	0.113
6/1	0.0043	0.013	0.198	0.102
6/8	0.00037	0.00054	0.101	0.104
6/16	0.0031	0.0052	0.0428	0.0889
6/23	0.0046	0.1010	0.1315	0.1041
6/29	0.0050	0.0090	0.1342	0.1197
7/7 7/14	0.0050	0.0109	0.1514	0.0869
7/14	0.0067 0.0061	0.0131 0.0134	0.1814 0.1626	0.1140
7/21				0.1078
8/3	0.0047 0.0086	0.0107 0.0181	0.1392 0.1340	0.0952 0.1176
8/10	0.0085	0.0201	0.2301	0.1165
8/18	0.0052	0.0128	0.1483	0.1080
8/25	0.0093	0.0247	0.1326	0.1032
8/31	0.0055	0.0247	0.1672	0.1366
9/7	0.0029	0.0053	0.0506	0.0464
9/14	0.0023	0.0076	0.0660	0.0915
9/21	0.0041	0.0082	0.0829	0.1046
9/28	0.0052	0.0117	0.1359	0.1323
10/5	0.0036	0.0078	0.0975	0.0962
10/13	0.0110	0.0291	0.2192	0.0915
10/19	0.0042	0.0201	0.1148	0.1240
10/26	0.0063	0.0208	0.1488	0.1136
11/2	0.0031	0.0093	0.0877	0.1185
11/2	0.0049	0.0170	0.1575	0.1112
11/16	0.0066	0.0229	0.1472	0.1028
11/23	0.0043	0.0150	0.0885	0.1174
11/30	0.0067	0.0233	0.1077	0.1033
12/7	0.0062	0.0200	0.0556	0.1121
12/14	0.0091	0.0363	0.1129	0.1108
12/14	0.0060	0.0273	0.1245	0.1026
12/28	0.0020	0.0088	0.0487	0.1192
, _0	0.0020	0.0000		

All data represent measured values.

¹All data in bold represent the gamma counting system **lowest detection concentrations** indicating those samples measured (in boldface type) had values **below** the detectable concentrations.

Minnesota Department of Health 2010 Surface Water Results for Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant Results and Detection Limits in pCi/L

Date Collected	Gross Alpha	Gross Beta	Tritium	Sr-89 ¹	Sr-90 ¹	K-40
1/5	< 1.0	2.5	< 200	< 2.0	< 2.0	53.2
4/12	< 1.0	4.1	< 200	< 2.0	< 2.0	75.1
7/7	< 3.0	< 4.0	< 226	< 2.0	< 2.0	78.15
10/13	< 3.0	< 4.0	< 226	< 2.0	< 2.0	76.66

¹Sr-89 and Sr-90 were below the required detection limit of 2 pCi/L (§ 141.25)

Minnesota Department of Health 2010 Surface Water Results for Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant Results and Detection Limits in pCi/L

Date Collected	Gross Alpha	Gross Beta	Tritium	Sr-89 ¹	Sr-90 ¹	K-40
1/12	1.1	6.1	< 200	< 2.0	< 2.0	75.2
4/6	8.1	8.6	< 200	< 2.0	< 2.0	59.8
7/14	4.0	7.8	< 226	< 2.0	< 2.0	73.25
10/15	4.8	8.0	< 226	< 2.0	< 2.0	59.53

¹Sr-89 and Sr-90 were below the required detection limit of 2 pCi/L (§ 141.2)

Minnesota Department of Health 2010 Milk Analysis Results for Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant Results and Detection Limits in pCi/L

Date Collected	Sr-89 ¹	Sr-90 ¹	K-40
1/19 2/16 3/30 4/27 5/25 6/23 7/21 8/31 9/21 10/26 11/23 12/22	< 2.0 < 2.0	< 2.0 < 2.0	1280 1350 1280 1320 1260 1302.6 1288.1 1299.6 1334.9 1271.4 1276.8 1313.5

¹Sr-89 and Sr-90 were below the required detection limit of 2 pCi/L (§ 141.25)

Minnesota Department of Health 2010 Milk Analysis Results for Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant Results and Detection Limits in pCi/L

Date Collected	Sr-89 ¹	Sr-90 ¹	K-40
1/26 2/23 3/23 4/20 5/18 6/29 7/28 8/25 9/28 10/19 11/30 12/28	< 2.0 < 2.0	< 2.0 < 2.0	1310 1250 1280 1290 1360 1293.4 1282.7 1280.1 1225.2 1301.7 1311.3 1212.7
12/28	< 2.0	< 2.0	1313.7

¹Sr-89 and Sr-90 were below the required detection limit of 2 pCi/L (§ 141.25).

2010 Minnesota Department of Health TLD Results Results in mrem

Monticello

Number on					
<u>Table 3</u>	<u>1st Qtr</u>	<u>2nd Qtr</u>	<u>3rd Qtr</u>	<u>4th Qtr</u>	<u>Average</u>
	26	22	26	20	23.50
	27	22	30	19	24.50
1	26	24	29	21	25.00
2	29	22	26	21	24.50
3	26	23	28	23	25.00
4	30	24	28	25	26.75
5	28	22	27	21	24.50
6	29	22	27	24	25.50
7	29	23	27	24	25.75
8	26	22	26	20	23.50
10	27	22	31	22	25.50
9	27	22	27	22	24.50
	<u>Table 3</u> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10	Table 3 1st Qtr 26 27 1 26 2 29 3 26 4 30 5 28 6 29 7 29 8 26 10 27	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline \hline Table 3 & 1st Qtr & 2nd Qtr \\ \hline 26 & 22 \\ 27 & 22 \\ 1 & 26 & 24 \\ 2 & 29 & 22 \\ 3 & 26 & 23 \\ 4 & 30 & 24 \\ 5 & 28 & 22 \\ 6 & 29 & 22 \\ 7 & 29 & 23 \\ 8 & 26 & 22 \\ 10 & 27 & 22 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

Prairie Island Location <u>1st Qtr</u> 2nd Qtr <u>3rd Qtr</u> <u>4th Qtr</u> <u>Average</u> Control 27 22 26 23 24.50 Control 21 25 22 23.50 26 Sturgeon Lake Rd 1 26 25 26 21 24.50 2 25 Lock & Dam 3 25 21 25 24.00 3 Suter Farm 26 24 26 25 25.25 4 **ISFSI** Wakonade 41.00 54 38 34 38 5 Tower 27 22 27 27 25.75 Gustafson Farm 6 26 26 30 27 27.25 7 Red Wing 23 25 28 25.25 25 8 * **Training Center** * 33 42 37.50

* TLD was added in the 3rd quarter of 2010.

Minnesota Department of Health 2010 Well Water Analysis Results—City of Redwing Results and Detection Limits in pCi/L

Date Collected	Gross Alpha	Gross Beta	Tritium	K-40
2/10	< 1.0	4.7	< 200	69.6
5/3	< 1.0	3.6	< 200	63.2
8/10	< 3.0	< 4.0	< 200	57.45
10/5	4.8	6.7	< 200	54.84
11/2	< 3.0	4.1	< 200	78.64

Minnesota Department of Health 2010 Community Water Analysis Results—City of Redwing Results and Detection Limits in pCi/L

Date Collected	Gross Alpha	Gross Beta	Tritium	K-40
1/12	5.8	7.1	< 200	74.9
4/6	10.6	6.8	< 200	43.6
7/14	5.6	6.5	< 200	50.02
10/5	4.8	6.7	< 200	54.84