STATE OF MINNESOTA Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

Year Ended December 31, 2013



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota

WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

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Introductory Section

WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

ORGANIZATION 2013

| Office | Name | Term Expires |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Commissioners | | |
| 1st District | Raymond Gustafson | January 2017 |
| 2nd District | Mark Rentz | January 2015 |
| 3rd District | William Berg | January 2017 |
| 4th District | Scott Sanders* | January 2015 |
| 5th District | John Baerg | January 2017 |
| Officers | | |
| Elected | | |
| Attorney | Stephen Lindee | January 2015 |
| Auditor | Donald Kuhlman | January 2015 |
| Recorder | Joy Sing | January 2015 |
| Sheriff | Gary Menssen | January 2015 |
| Treasurer | Donald Kuhlman** | January 2015 |
| Appointed | | |
| Assessor | Jason McCaslin | January 2017 |
| Court Administrator (State) | Kelly Iverson | Indefinite |
| Coroner | Dr. Lindy Eatwell | January 2015 |
| Highway Engineer | Roger Risser | May 2015 |
| Probation Officer | Paul Harris | Indefinite |
| Veterans Service Officer | Deb Grote | Indefinite |
| Human Services Director | Richard Collins*** | January 2014 |

*2013 Chair

Treasurer retired in February 2013, duties were assigned to County Auditor *Replaced by David Christianson in 2014

Financial Section



STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Watonwan County

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Watonwan County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An

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audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Watonwan County as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons of the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, and Human Services Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2013 the County adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, and Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* which represent changes in accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Watonwan County's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2014, on our consideration of Watonwan County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Watonwan County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting attements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the SEFA is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 12, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

INTRODUCTION

As management of Watonwan County, we offer readers of the Watonwan County financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Watonwan County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements following this section. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in whole dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of Watonwan County exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2013 by \$55,239,059. Of this amount, \$7,621,032 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet Watonwan County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Watonwan County's total net position increased by \$1,578,133 in 2013.
- At the close of 2013, Watonwan County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,388,916, of which \$4,151,960 is unassigned and is available for spending at the County's discretion.
- At the close of 2013, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,238,298, or 60.6 percent, of total General Fund expenditures.
- Watonwan County's total bonds and capital notes payable increased by \$1,195,000. There were payments of \$35,000, \$150,000, and \$40,000 on the G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2005A; the G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A; and the G.O. Capital Notes, Series 2011, respectively. In December, the County issued \$1,420,000 of G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds, Series 2013A. The proceeds will be used for improvements to the Human Services Building, Courthouse property, the Resource Center, and buildings at the County Fairgrounds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Watonwan County's basic financial statements. Watonwan County's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) county-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

County-Wide Financial Statements

The county-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Watonwan County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Watonwan County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Watonwan County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows only in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The county-wide financial statements list the functions of Watonwan County principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of Watonwan County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, economic development, and conservation of natural resources. Watonwan County has no business-type activities intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

The county-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits 1 and 2.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Watonwan County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Watonwan County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the county-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the county-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

<u>Governmental funds</u> are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the county-wide financial statements. However, unlike the county-wide financial statements, County fund level financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's short-term financing requirements.

Watonwan County reports four major funds and three nonmajor funds. The major funds are the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Human Services Special Revenue Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. The nonmajor funds are the County Library Special Revenue Fund, County Ditch Special Revenue Fund, and the Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund. Information is presented separately for the major funds and in total for the nonmajor funds on Exhibits 3 and 5.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. Watonwan County's fiduciary funds consist of four agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In addition, the agency funds are not reflected in the county-wide financial statements because those resources are not available to support the County's programs.

Watonwan County's governmental fund financial statements are on Exhibits 3 to 9, and Watonwan County's fiduciary funds are on Exhibit 10.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Watonwan County's progress in funding its obligation to provide other postemployment benefits to its employees (Exhibit A-1). In addition, the County also provides supplementary information on intergovernmental revenue and expenditures of federal awards (Exhibits E-1 and E-2).

Watonwan County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, special revenue funds, and the Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the County's major funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

County-Wide Financial Analysis

Over time, net position serves as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. Watonwan County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$55,239,059 at the close of 2013. The largest portion of Watonwan County's net position (79.1 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. However, it should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending.

Governmental Net Position

| | 2012 | 2013 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 13,715,414 | \$ 15,364,374 |
| Capital assets | 45,573,860 | 46,670,208 |
| Total Assets | \$ 59,289,274 | \$ 62,034,582 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | \$ 4,600,931 | \$ 5,677,269 |
| Other liabilities | 1,027,417 | 1,118,254 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 5,628,348 | \$ 6,795,523 |
| Net Position | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 43,288,736 | \$ 43,701,904 |
| Restricted | 2,076,884 | 3,916,123 |
| Unrestricted | 8,295,306 | 7,621,032 |
| Total Net Position | \$ 53,660,926 | \$ 55,239,059 |

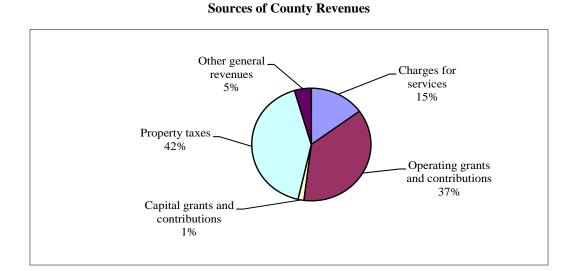
The unrestricted net position amount of \$7,621,032 as of December 31, 2013, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

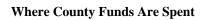
Governmental Activities

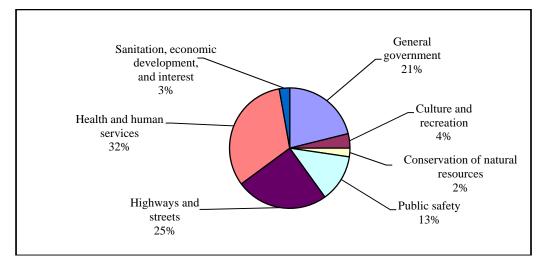
The following table summarizes the changes in net position for 2013.

Changes in Governmental Net Position

| | 2012 | | | 2013 |
|------------------------------------|------|------------|----------|------------|
| Revenues | | | | |
| Program revenues | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 2,330,762 | \$ | 2,669,042 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 6,469,984 | | 6,615,453 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 527,593 | | 282,100 |
| General revenues | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 7,221,649 | | 7,469,716 |
| Other | | 1,001,895 | | 818,353 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 17,551,883 | \$ | 17,854,664 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 3,765,321 | \$ | 3,513,417 |
| Public safety | | 2,018,682 | | 2,061,708 |
| Highways and streets | | 4,615,620 | | 4,014,223 |
| Sanitation | | 219,863 | | 223,583 |
| Human services | | 4,497,194 | | 4,745,007 |
| Health | | 478,091 | | 481,468 |
| Culture and recreation | | 642,158 | | 627,462 |
| Conservation of natural resources | | 437,482 | | 377,786 |
| Economic development | | 108,918 | | 106,555 |
| Interest | | 86,642 | <u> </u> | 125,322 |
| Total Expenses | \$ | 16,869,971 | \$ | 16,276,531 |
| Increase in Net Position | \$ | 681,912 | \$ | 1,578,133 |
| Net Position - January 1 | | 52,979,014 | | 53,660,926 |
| Net Position - December 31 | \$ | 53,660,926 | \$ | 55,239,059 |







FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,388,916. Of this amount, \$4,151,960 constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Watonwan County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,238,298, while the total fund balance was \$5,430,748. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to annual expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 60.6 percent of total General Fund expenditures for 2013, while total fund balance represents 77.7 percent of total General Fund expenditures. In 2013, the total fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$580,938, with unassigned fund balances decreasing by \$21,259 and restricted fund balances increasing by \$602,197. The primary reason for the increase in restricted fund balance and fund balance was due to the sale of the capital improvement bonds in the amount of \$1,420,000, \$567,912 of which remained unspent at year-end which is reflected in the restricted fund balance and fund balance.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund's fund balance decreased by \$42,207 in 2013.

In 2013, the Human Services Special Revenue Fund's fund balance decreased by \$250,527. There was a \$100,000 budgeted use of fund balance. There were additional expenses due to the relocation of staff during the renovation of the Human Services building. Relocation expenses included \$36,000 paid for rental of Marian Hall and \$25,000 for cubicles. Correctional out-of-home placement costs were over budget by \$90,000.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were insignificant budget variances across the board for operational revenues and expenditures in the General Fund, with total revenues exceeding budget by \$342,441, or about 5.98 percent. Total expenditures exceeded budget by \$114,682, or about 1.86 percent, when the \$806,110 of capital outlay variance is excluded. The capital outlay variance came from costs incurred to renovate the Human Services building which was undetermined at the time budgets were set. The renovation was necessary to ensure the safety and welfare of County staff and extend the useful life of the facility. In addition, the annex roofs were repaired on the Courthouse. These costs were covered by capital improvement plan bonds in the amount of \$1,420,000 which was also unbudgeted. The items mentioned resulted in a net change to the General Fund's fund balance of \$580,938.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2013, amounts to \$46,670,208 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1,096,348, of which a net increase in the investment in infrastructure accounted for \$778,381 of that amount.

Governmental Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

| | 2012 | | 20 | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------------|----|------------|
| Land | \$ | 686,771 | \$ | 686,771 |
| Construction in progress | | 237,790 | | - |
| Land improvements | | 22,126 | | 19,670 |
| Buildings and improvements | | 4,934,500 | | 5,590,079 |
| Machinery, furniture, and equipment | | 1,775,510 | | 1,678,144 |
| Infrastructure | | 37,917,163 | | 38,695,544 |
| | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 45,573,860 | \$ | 46,670,208 |

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total general obligation bonds and notes outstanding of \$4,138,022, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

Governmental Outstanding Debt

| | 2012 | | | 2013 |
|------------------------------------|------|-----------|----|-----------|
| General Obligation Bonds and Notes | \$ | 2,913,882 | \$ | 4,138,022 |

Watonwan County's bond rating was upgraded by Moody's from an "A1" to an "Aa3" on February 24, 2014. Standard and Poor's Ratings Service assigned a rating of "AA-" to the \$1,420,000 General Obligation Capital Improvement Plan Bonds issued in December 2013.

Additional information on the County's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of debt that a county may levy to three percent of its total market value. As of the end of 2013, Watonwan County is well below the three percent debt limit imposed by state statutes.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

- Watonwan County's unemployment rate was 5.1 percent as of the end of 2013. This is slightly higher than the state-wide rate of 4.7 percent.
- Farm land values continued to increase in 2013, reflecting the profitability in crop farming at this time. Home values remained constant.

At the end of 2013, Watonwan County set its 2014 revenue and expenditure budgets, budgeting revenues and expenditures of \$19,503,784 and \$19,831,580, respectively.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This annual financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Watonwan County Auditor, Watonwan County Courthouse, 710 Second Avenue South, P. O. Box 518, St. James, Minnesota 56081.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COUNTY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2013

| Assets | |
|---|------------------|
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ 11,053,327 |
| Cash with fiscal agent | 585,732 |
| Taxes receivable | |
| Prior - net | 116,643 |
| Special assessments receivable | |
| Prior - net | 20,412 |
| Noncurrent | 360,713 |
| Accounts receivable | 270,532 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 7,023 |
| Due from other governments | 2,684,593 |
| Inventories | 265,399 |
| Capital assets | |
| Non-depreciable | 686,771 |
| Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation | 45,983,437 |
| Total Assets | \$ 62,034,582 |
| Liabilities | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 300,693 |
| Salaries payable | 304,208 |
| Contracts payable | 278,785 |
| Due to other governments | 164,416 |
| Accrued interest payable | 30,023 |
| Unearned revenue | 40,129 |
| Long-term liabilities | |
| Due within one year | 831,062 |
| Due in more than one year | 4,846,207 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 6,795,523 |
| Net Position | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 43,701,904 |
| Restricted for | |
| General government | 199,682 |
| Public safety | 126,733 |
| Highways and streets | 1,927,304 |
| Culture and recreation | 458,424 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 309,980 |
| Capital projects | 567,912 |
| Economic development | 22,941 |
| Debt service | 303,147 |
| Unrestricted | 7,621,032 |
| Total Net Position | \$ 55,239,059 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

EXHIBIT 2

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Program Revenues | | | | | | et (Expense) | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----|---|----|-------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| | Expenses | es, Charges, es, and Other | (| Operating Grants and Ontributions | G | Capital rants and ntributions | R | evenue and Changes in let Position |
| unctions/Programs | | | | | | | | |
| Primary government | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 3,513,417 | \$ 767,827 | \$ | 363,882 | \$ | - | \$ | (2,381,708) |
| Public safety | 2,061,708 | 199,872 | | 222,810 | | - | | (1,639,026) |
| Highways and streets | 4,014,223 | 600,800 | | 3,289,819 | | 282,100 | | 158,496 |
| Sanitation | 223,583 | 184,180 | | - | | - | | (39,403) |
| Human services | 4,745,007 | 580,957 | | 2,086,908 | | - | | (2,077,142) |
| Health | 481,468 | 51,257 | | 276,101 | | - | | (154,110 |
| Culture and recreation | 627,462 | 24,429 | | 316,935 | | - | | (286,098) |
| Conservation of natural | | | | | | | | |
| resources | 377,786 | 192,513 | | 58,998 | | - | | (126,275) |
| Economic development | 106,555 | 67,207 | | - | | - | | (39,348) |
| Interest | 125,322 | - | | - | | | | (125,322) |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 16,276,531 | \$ 2,669,042 | \$ | 6,615,453 | \$ | 282,100 | \$ | (6,709,936) |

| General Revenues | |
|--|------------------|
| Property taxes | \$ 7,469,716 |
| Mortgage registry and deed tax | 5,402 |
| Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs | 636,512 |
| Unrestricted investment earnings | 60,322 |
| Miscellaneous | 116,117 |
| Total general revenues | \$ 8,288,069 |
| Change in net position | \$ 1,578,133 |
| Net Position - January 1 | 53,660,926 |
| Net Position - December 31 | \$ 55,239,059 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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EXHIBIT 3

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | General | Road and Bridge | Human Debt Services Service | | | | | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | Total overnmental Funds |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|----|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments Cash with fiscal agent Taxes receivable | \$ 5,845,736 - | \$ 1,442,936 - | \$ | 2,067,967 - | \$ | 302,055 585,732 | \$ 1,394,633 - | \$ | 11,053,327 585,732 | |
| Prior Special assessments | 57,885 | 15,119 | | 30,995 | | 4,193 | 8,451 | | 116,643 | |
| Prior Noncurrent | 4,026 360,713 | - | | - | | - | 16,386 | | 20,412 360,713 | |
| Accounts receivable | 35,361 | 16,085 | | 219,086 | | - | - | | 270,532 | |
| Accrued interest receivable | 5,362 | 185 | | - | | - | 1,476 | | 7,023 | |
| Due from other funds | 11,247 | 40,108 | | 5,695 | | - | 793 | | 57,843 | |
| Due from other governments | 62,612 | 2,062,196 | | 422,683 | | 135,000 | 2,102 | | 2,684,593 | |
| Inventories | - | 265,399 | | - | | - | - | | 265,399 | |
| Total Assets | \$ 6,382,942 | \$ 3,842,028 | \$ | 2,746,426 | \$ | 1,026,980 | \$ 1,423,841 | \$ | 15,422,217 | |
| <u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 114,725 | \$ 41,981 | \$ | 137,259 | \$ | - | \$ 6,728 | \$ | 300,693 | |
| Salaries payable | 133,034 | 48,103 | | 108,851 | | - | 14,220 | | 304,208 | |
| Contracts payable | 165,080 | 113,705 | | - | | - | - | | 278,785 | |
| Due to other funds | 41,603 | - | | 2,960 | | - | 13,280 | | 57,843 | |
| Due to other governments | 52,286 | 41,066 | | 66,604 | | - | 4,460 | | 164,416 | |
| Unearned revenue | 40,129 | - | | - | | - | - | | 40,129 | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 546,857 | \$ 244,855 | \$ | 315,674 | \$ | | \$ 38,688 | \$ | 1,146,074 | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue | \$ 405,337 | \$ 1,958,867 | \$ | 366,856 | \$ | 138,101 | \$ 18,066 | \$ | 2,887,227 | |

EXHIBIT 3 (Continued)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | General |] | Road and Bridge | Human Services | Debt Service | Nonmajor overnmental Funds | G | Total overnmental Funds |
|--|-----------------|----|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | | | | | | | |
| Inventories | \$ - | \$ | 265,399 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | 265,399 |
| Restricted for | | | | | | | | |
| Recorder's equipment | 83,904 | | - | - | - | - | | 83,904 |
| Technology fees | 88,315 | | - | - | - | - | | 88,315 |
| E-911 | 120,272 | | - | - | - | - | | 120,272 |
| Sheriff's contingency | 6,461 | | - | - | - | - | | 6,461 |
| HRA special benefit levy | 22,941 | | - | - | - | - | | 22,941 |
| ISTS loan repayments | 275,182 | | - | - | - | - | | 275,182 |
| Donations - veterans' van | 27,463 | | - | - | - | - | | 27,463 |
| Ditch maintenance and repair | - | | - | - | - | 224,564 | | 224,564 |
| Donations - library | - | | - | - | - | 458,424 | | 458,424 |
| Capital projects | 567,912 | | - | - | - | - | | 567,912 |
| Debt service | - | | - | - | 888,879 | - | | 888,879 |
| Committed for | | | | | | | | |
| Library operations | - | | - | - | - | 458,121 | | 458,121 |
| Assigned to | | | | | | | | |
| Road and bridge | - | | 1,372,907 | - | - | - | | 1,372,907 |
| Human services | - | | - | 2,063,896 | - | - | | 2,063,896 |
| Solid waste | - | | - | - | - | 312,316 | | 312,316 |
| Unassigned | 4,238,298 | | - | - | - | (86,338) | | 4,151,960 |
| Total Fund Balances | \$ 5,430,748 | \$ | 1,638,306 | \$ 2,063,896 | \$ 888,879 | \$ 1,367,087 | \$ | 11,388,916 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances | \$ 6,382,942 | \$ | 3,842,028 | \$ 2,746,426 | \$ 1,026,980 | \$ 1,423,841 | \$ | 15,422,217 |

EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF THE FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

| Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3) | | \$ 11,388,916 | |
|--|----|------------------|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | | | |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. | | | 46,670,208 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. | | | 2,887,227 |
| Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | (4,010,000) | |
| Accrued interest payable | | (30,023) | |
| Discount on bonds | | 22,091 | |
| Premium on bonds | | (30,113) | |
| General obligation capital notes | | (120,000) | |
| Loans payable | | (552,751) | |
| Net OPEB liabilities | | (109,094) | |
| Compensated absences | | (877,402) | (5,707,292) |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1) | | | \$ 55,239,059 |

EXHIBIT 5

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | | General | Road and Bridge | Human Services | Debt Service | | | | G | Total overnmental Funds |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------|----|-----------|----|-------------------------------|
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 3,883,566 | \$ 909,718 | \$ 1,979,747 | \$ | 263,340 | \$ | 545,454 | \$ | 7,581,825 |
| Special assessments | | 115,119 | - | - | | - | | 234,376 | | 349,495 |
| Licenses and permits | | 18,834 | - | - | | - | | - | | 18,834 |
| Intergovernmental | | 980,969 | 2,828,132 | 2,336,217 | | 22,319 | | 58,091 | | 6,225,728 |
| Charges for services | | 725,332 | 279,200 | 436,712 | | - | | 3,508 | | 1,444,752 |
| Fines and forfeits | | 1,203 | - | - | | - | | 10,076 | | 11,279 |
| Gifts and contributions | | 7,441 | - | - | | - | | 305,972 | | 313,413 |
| Investment earnings | | 60,322 | - | - | | 1,728 | | 7,143 | | 69,193 |
| Miscellaneous | | 274,209 | 331,704 | 199,448 | | - | | 95,284 | | 900,645 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 6,066,995 | \$ 4,348,754 | \$ 4,952,124 | \$ | 287,387 | \$ | 1,259,904 | \$ | 16,915,164 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 3,393,724 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 3,393,724 |
| Public safety | | 2,091,129 | - | - | | - | | - | | 2,091,129 |
| Highways and streets | | - | 4,159,539 | - | | - | | - | | 4,159,539 |
| Sanitation | | - | - | - | | - | | 222,917 | | 222,917 |
| Human services | | - | - | 4,723,449 | | - | | - | | 4,723,449 |
| Health | | - | - | 479,202 | | - | | - | | 479,202 |
| Culture and recreation | | 52,089 | - | - | | - | | 578,858 | | 630,947 |
| Conservation of natural | | | | | | | | | | |
| resources | | 342,746 | - | - | | - | | 42,888 | | 385,634 |
| Economic development | | 107,694 | - | - | | - | | - | | 107,694 |
| Intergovernmental | | - | 199,034 | - | | - | | - | | 199,034 |
| Capital outlay | | 833,110 | - | - | | - | | - | | 833,110 |
| Debt service | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | | 116,661 | - | - | | 225,000 | | - | | 341,661 |
| Interest | | 6,211 | - | - | | 74,098 | | - | | 80,309 |
| Bond issuance costs | | 45,346 | - | - | | - | | - | | 45,346 |
| Administrative charges | | - | - | - | | 110 | | - | | 110 |
| Total Expenditures | <u>\$</u> | 6,988,710 | \$ 4,358,573 | \$ 5,202,651 | \$ | 299,208 | \$ | 844,663 | \$ | 17,693,805 |

EXHIBIT 5 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | General | Road and Bridge | Human Services | Nonmajor Debt Governmental Service Funds | | Governmental | | Total Governmental Funds | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--|----|--------------|----|--------------------------------|--|
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | \$ (921,715) | \$ (9,819) | \$ (250,527) | \$ (11,821) | \$ | 415,241 | \$ | (778,641) | |
| Other Financing Sources | | | | | | | | | |
| (Uses) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ - | \$ 4,461 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | 793 | \$ | 5,254 | |
| Transfers out | (5,254) | - | - | - | | - | | (5,254) | |
| Proceeds from loan | 62,561 | - | - | - | | - | | 62,561 | |
| Bonds issued | 1,418,704 | - | - | 1,296 | | - | | 1,420,000 | |
| Premium on bonds issued | 26,642 | - | - | - | | - | | 26,642 | |
| Total Other Financing | | | | | | | | | |
| Sources (Uses) | \$ 1,502,653 | \$ 4,461 | \$ <u> </u> | \$ 1,296 | \$ | 793 | \$ | 1,509,203 | |
| Net Change in Fund | | | | | | | | | |
| Balances | \$ 580,938 | \$ (5,358) | \$ (250,527) | \$ (10,525) | \$ | 416,034 | \$ | 730,562 | |
| Fund Balances - January 1 Increase (decrease) in | \$ 4,849,810 | \$ 1,680,513 | \$ 2,314,423 | \$ 899,404 | \$ | 951,053 | \$ | 10,695,203 | |
| inventories | - | (36,849) | - | - | | - | | (36,849) | |
| Fund Balances - December 31 | \$ 5,430,748 | \$ 1,638,306 | \$ 2,063,896 | \$ 888,879 | \$ | 1,367,087 | \$ | 11,388,916 | |

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5) | | | \$ 730,562 |
|--|----|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. | | | |
| Capital outlay expenditures Net book value of asset disposals Depreciation expense | \$ | 2,696,405 (1,956) (1,598,101) | 1,096,348 |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | | |
| Decrease in deferred revenue for taxes and special assessments Increase in deferred revenue for grants and allotments | \$ | (48,815) 988,315 | 939,500 |
| Issuing long-term debt (such as bonds or loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of activities. | | | |
| Proceeds of new debt | | | |
| Loans payable | \$ | (62,561) | |
| General obligation refunding bonds | | (1,420,000) | |
| Premium on bonds | | (26,642) | (1,509,203) |
| Repayment of debt principal Amortization of premium/discount on debt Deferred charges not previously expensed | | | 341,661 (2,498) (78,031) |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | | |
| Change in inventories | \$ | (36,849) | |
| Change in accrued interest payable | Ŷ | 2,941 | |
| Change in OPEB liabilities | | 106,235 | |
| Change in compensated absences | | (12,533) | 59,794 |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2) | | | \$ 1,578,133 |

EXHIBIT 7

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Budgetee | l Amou | ints | Actual | Va | riance with |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|----|-------------|
| | Original | | Final | Amounts | Fi | nal Budget |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 3,786,678 | \$ | 3,786,678 | \$ 3,883,566 | \$ | 96,888 |
| Special assessments | 98,000 | · | 98,000 | 115,119 | | 17,119 |
| Licenses and permits | 10,645 | | 10,645 | 18,834 | | 8,189 |
| Intergovernmental | 870,520 | | 870,520 | 980,969 | | 110,449 |
| Charges for services | 641,032 | | 641,032 | 725,332 | | 84,300 |
| Fines and forfeits | - | | - | 1,203 | | 1,203 |
| Gifts and contributions | - | | - | 7,441 | | 7,441 |
| Investment earnings | 65,000 | | 65,000 | 60,322 | | (4,678) |
| Miscellaneous | 248,919 | | 252,679 | 274,209 | | 21,530 |
| | 210,717 | | 202,077 | 27.,207 | | 21,000 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 5,720,794 | \$ | 5,724,554 | \$ 6,066,995 | \$ | 342,441 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | |
| County commissioners | \$ 210,235 | \$ | 210,235 | \$ 215,522 | \$ | (5,287) |
| Court administrator | 46,200 | | 46,200 | 31,926 | | 14,274 |
| Law library | 20,000 | | 20,000 | 13,206 | | 6,794 |
| County auditor | 245,892 | | 245,892 | 215,567 | | 30,325 |
| License center | 95,802 | | 95,802 | 81,784 | | 14,018 |
| County treasurer | 144,186 | | 144,186 | 184,172 | | (39,986) |
| Personnel | 80,265 | | 80,265 | 86,881 | | (6,616) |
| Central services | 205,080 | | 205,080 | 184,128 | | 20,952 |
| Elections | 8,900 | | 8,900 | 7,173 | | 1,727 |
| Information services | 225,152 | | 225,152 | 213,033 | | 12,119 |
| County attorney | 298,702 | | 298,702 | 287,285 | | 11,417 |
| Attorney's contingent | 7,500 | | 7,500 | - | | 7,500 |
| Victim witness | - | | - | 15 | | (15) |
| Drug court | 3,528 | | 3,528 | - | | 3,528 |
| County recorder | 175,068 | | 175,068 | 170,504 | | 4,564 |
| County assessor | 263,820 | | 263,820 | 216,782 | | 47,038 |
| Building maintenance | 462,511 | | 462,511 | 288,889 | | 173,622 |
| Veterans service | 118,138 | | 118,138 | 111,093 | | 7,045 |
| Motor pool | - | | - | 1,159 | | (1,159) |
| Public transit | 418,555 | | 418,555 | 470,037 | | (51,482) |
| Other general government | 435,150 | | 435,150 | 614,568 | | (179,418) |
| Total general government | \$ 3,464,684 | \$ | 3,464,684 | \$ 3,393,724 | \$ | 70,960 |

EXHIBIT 7 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Budgetee | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual | | Variance with | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------|----|---------------|--|
| | Original | | Final | Amounts | Fi | nal Budget | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | |
| Current (Continued) | | | | | | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | | |
| County sheriff | \$ 1,103,434 | \$ | 1,103,434 | \$ 1,231,481 | \$ | (128,047) | |
| Sheriff's contingent | 5,000 | | 5,000 | 127 | | 4,873 | |
| Jail | 498,554 | | 498,554 | 505,087 | | (6,533) | |
| E-911 and radio maintenance | 150,000 | | 150,000 | 27,358 | | 122,642 | |
| County coroner | 10,000 | | 10,000 | 10,828 | | (828) | |
| Court services | 162,173 | | 162,173 | 226,973 | | (64,800) | |
| Emergency management | 54,327 | | 54,327 | 77,474 | | (23,147) | |
| Public Health Emergency Preparedness | 12,291 | | 12,291 | 11,801 | | 490 | |
| Total public safety | \$ 1,995,779 | \$ | 1,995,779 | \$ 2,091,129 | \$ | (95,350) | |
| Culture and recreation | | | | | | | |
| County parks | \$ 22,100 | \$ | 22,100 | \$ 21,289 | \$ | 811 | |
| Historical society | 30,800 | | 30,800 | 30,800 | | - | |
| Total culture and recreation | \$ 52,900 | \$ | 52,900 | \$ 52,089 | \$ | 811 | |
| Conservation of natural resources | | | | | | | |
| Environmental services | \$ 65,164 | \$ | 65,164 | \$ 111,797 | \$ | (46,633) | |
| County extension | 90,483 | | 90,483 | 86,854 | | 3,629 | |
| Agricultural society/fair grounds | 41,000 | | 41,000 | 34,565 | | 6,435 | |
| Soil and water conservation | 36,000 | | 36,000 | 36,000 | | - | |
| CWP project | 18,200 | | 18,200 | 14,650 | | 3,550 | |
| Local water plan block grant | 57,141 | | 57,141 | 58,880 | | (1,739) | |
| Total conservation of natural | | | | | | | |
| resources | \$ 307,988 | \$ | 307,988 | \$ 342,746 | \$ | (34,758) | |
| Economic development | | | | | | | |
| Employment and training | \$ 64,168 | \$ | 64,168 | \$ 66,734 | \$ | (2,566) | |
| Economic development | 43,000 | | 43,000 | 40,960 | | 2,040 | |
| Total economic development | \$ 107,168 | \$ | 107,168 | \$ 107,694 | \$ | (526) | |

EXHIBIT 7 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | _ | Budgeted | l Amou | ints | Actual | Va | ariance with |
|---------------------------------|----|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------------|----|--------------|
| | | Original | | Final | Amounts | Fi | inal Budget |
| Expenditures (Continued) | | | | | | | |
| Capital outlay | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 27,000 | \$ | 27,000 | \$ 833,110 | \$ | (806,110) |
| Debt service | | | | | | | |
| Principal | \$ | 106,187 | \$ | 106,187 | \$ 116,661 | \$ | (10,474) |
| Interest | | 6,212 | | 6,212 | 6,211 | | 1 |
| Bond issuance costs | | - | | - | 45,346 | | (45,346) |
| Total debt service | \$ | 112,399 | \$ | 112,399 | \$ 168,218 | \$ | (55,819) |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 6,067,918 | \$ | 6,067,918 | \$ 6,988,710 | \$ | (920,792) |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures | \$ | (347,124) | \$ | (343,364) | \$ (921,715) | \$ | (578,351) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ | 42,321 | \$ | 42,321 | \$ - | \$ | (42,321) |
| Transfers out | | - | | - | (5,254) | | (5,254) |
| Proceeds from loan | | - | | - | 62,561 | | 62,561 |
| Bonds issued | | - | | - | 1,418,704 | | 1,418,704 |
| Premium on bonds issued | | - | | - | 26,642 | | 26,642 |
| Total Other Financing Sources | | | | | | | |
| (Uses) | \$ | 42,321 | \$ | 42,321 | \$ 1,502,653 | \$ | 1,460,332 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ | (304,803) | \$ | (301,043) | \$ 580,938 | \$ | 881,981 |
| Fund Balance - January 1 | \$ | 4,849,810 | \$ | 4,849,810 | \$ 4,849,810 | \$ | - |
| Fund Balance - December 31 | \$ | 4,545,007 | \$ | 4,548,767 | \$ 5,430,748 | \$ | 881,981 |

EXHIBIT 8

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Budgeted | l Amou | ints | Actual | | Variance with | |
|--|-----------------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Original | | Final | | Amounts | Fi | nal Budget |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 901,965 | \$ | 901,965 | \$ | 909,718 | \$ | 7,753 |
| Intergovernmental | 3,667,587 | | 3,667,587 | | 2,828,132 | | (839,455) |
| Charges for services | 290,000 | | 290,000 | | 279,200 | | (10,800) |
| Miscellaneous | 225,500 | | 225,500 | | 331,704 | | 106,204 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 5,085,052 | \$ | 5,085,052 | \$ | 4,348,754 | \$ | (736,298) |
| Expenditures Current | | | | | | | |
| Highways and streets | | | | | | | |
| Administration | \$ 485,302 | \$ | 485,302 | \$ | 380,018 | \$ | 105,284 |
| Maintenance | 1,303,540 | | 1,303,540 | | 992,517 | | 311,023 |
| Construction | 1,955,310 | | 1,955,310 | | 1,488,776 | | 466,534 |
| Equipment maintenance and shop | 505,400 | | 505,400 | | 531,241 | | (25,841) |
| Other | 746,500 | | 746,500 | | 766,987 | | (20,487) |
| Total highways and streets | \$ 4,996,052 | \$ | 4,996,052 | \$ | 4,159,539 | \$ | 836,513 |
| Intergovernmental | | | | | | | |
| Highways and streets | 193,000 | | 193,000 | | 199,034 | | (6,034) |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 5,189,052 | \$ | 5,189,052 | \$ | 4,358,573 | \$ | 830,479 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures | \$ (104,000) | \$ | (104,000) | \$ | (9,819) | \$ | 94,181 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in | 4,000 | | 4,000 | | 4,461 | | 461 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ (100,000) | \$ | (100,000) | \$ | (5,358) | \$ | 94,642 |
| Fund Balance - January 1 Increase (decrease) in inventories | 1,680,513 | | 1,680,513 | | 1,680,513 (36,849) | | - (36,849) |
| Fund Balance - December 31 | \$ 1,580,513 | \$ | 1,580,513 | \$ | 1,638,306 | \$ | 57,793 |

EXHIBIT 9

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | Actual | Variance with | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|---------------|------------|--|
| | Original | | Final | | Amounts | Fi | nal Budget | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 1,980,788 | \$ | 1,980,788 | \$ | 1,979,747 | \$ | (1,041) | |
| Intergovernmental | 2,183,361 | | 2,183,361 | | 2,336,217 | | 152,856 | |
| Charges for services | 374,464 | | 374,464 | | 436,712 | | 62,248 | |
| Miscellaneous | 139,550 | | 139,550 | | 199,448 | | 59,898 | |
| Total Revenues | \$ 4,678,163 | \$ | 4,678,163 | \$ | 4,952,124 | \$ | 273,961 | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Human services | | | | | | | | |
| Income maintenance | \$ 1,038,453 | \$ | 1,038,453 | \$ | 1,063,140 | \$ | (24,687) | |
| Social services | 3,263,260 | | 3,263,260 | | 3,660,309 | | (397,049) | |
| Total human services | \$ 4,301,713 | \$ | 4,301,713 | \$ | 4,723,449 | \$ | (421,736) | |
| Health | | | | | | | | |
| Community health services | 476,450 | | 476,450 | | 479,202 | | (2,752) | |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 4,778,163 | \$ | 4,778,163 | \$ | 5,202,651 | \$ | (424,488) | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ (100,000) | \$ | (100,000) | \$ | (250,527) | \$ | (150,527) | |
| Fund Balance - January 1 | 2,314,423 | | 2,314,423 | | 2,314,423 | | - | |
| Fund Balance - December 31 | \$ 2,214,423 | \$ | 2,214,423 | \$ | 2,063,896 | \$ | (150,527) | |

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

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EXHIBIT 10

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

| Assets | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Cash and pooled investments Accrued interest | \$ 275,407 50 |
| Total Assets | \$ 275,457 |
| Liabilities | |
| Accounts payable Due to other governments | \$ 24,570 250,887 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 275,457 |

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

Changes in Accounting Principles

During 2013, the County adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statements 61 and 65. GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, modifies and clarifies the requirements for inclusion of component units and their presentation in the primary government's financial statements. GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, established accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items previously reported as assets and liabilities. See Note 1.D.7. for additional information regarding the County's deferred outflows/inflows of resources.

Restatements of December 31, 2012, net position or fund balance were not required as a result of adopting these changes in accounting principles.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

Watonwan County was established February 25, 1860, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

Joint Ventures

The County participates in joint ventures described in Note 5.B. The County also participates in jointly-governed organizations described in Note 5.C.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. <u>County-Wide Statements</u>

The county-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the County. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

In the county-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities column: (a) is presented on a consolidated basis; and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, with each displayed as a separate column in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for restricted revenues from the federal and state government, as well as assigned property tax revenues used for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The <u>Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for restricted revenue sources from the federal, state, and other oversight agencies, as well as assigned property tax revenues to be used for economic assistance and community social services programs.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the restricted property tax revenues for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of County debt.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Special revenue funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Agency funds</u> are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The county-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are generally recognized in the period the appropriation goes into effect. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Watonwan County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, shared revenues, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2013, based on market prices. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Pooled investment earnings for 2013 were \$60,322.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Watonwan County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The MAGIC Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 prescribed by the SEC pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 C.F.R. § 270.2a-7). The investment in the pool is measured at the net position value per share provided by the pool.

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments of the County are reported at fair value.

2. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activities between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

3. <u>Inventories</u>

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund inventory is valued using the weighted average method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time the item is purchased. Inventories at the county-wide level are reported as expenses when consumed. Inventories, as reported in the fund financial statements, are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (such as roads and bridges), are reported in the county-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Assets | Years |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Buildings | 25 - 50 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 20 |
| Machinery, furniture, and equipment | 5 - 20 |
| Infrastructure | 50 - 75 |

5. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the county-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the county-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County does not have any types of deferred outflows of resources in the current year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 8. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the county-wide financial statements is classified in the following components:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - the portion of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - the portion of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - the portion of net position that is not included in the net investment in capital assets or restricted components.

9. <u>Classification of Fund Balances</u>

The County fund balance policy established a minimum unassigned fund balance equal to 35 to 50 percent of total General Fund operating revenues. Should the actual amount of fund balance fall below the desired range, the Board shall create a plan to restore the appropriate levels.

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

9. <u>Classification of Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the County Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts the County intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Board or County Auditor who has been delegated that authority by Board resolution.

<u>Unassigned</u> - the residual classification for the General Fund; it includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or committed.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 10. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

On or before mid-August of each year, all departments submit requests for appropriations to the County Auditor so that a budget can be prepared. Before October 31, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. Transfers of appropriations within a department and between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control--the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations--is the fund level.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u> (Continued)

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The funds shown below had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2013.

| | Expenditures | | Final Budget |] | Excess |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------|----|---------|
| General Fund | \$ | 6,988,710 | \$ 6,067,918 | \$ | 920,792 |
| Human Services Special Revenue Fund | | 5,202,651 | 4,778,163 | | 424,488 |
| Debt Service Fund | | 299,208 | 285,180 | | 14,028 |
| Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund | | 222,917 | 222,525 | | 392 |

The excess of expenditures over budget was funded by unanticipated revenues and available fund balance.

C. Deficit Fund Equity

On the full accrual basis of accounting, 2 of the 38 drainage systems have incurred expenses in excess of revenues and available resources. These deficits will be eliminated with future special assessment levies against benefited properties. The following summary shows the fund equity as of December 31, 2013, using the full accrual basis of accounting.

| Account balances Account balance deficit | \$ 224,566 (86,338) |
|---|---------------------------|
| Fund Equity - Full Accrual Basis | \$ 138,228 |

Using the modified accrual basis of accounting, noncurrent receivables do not affect fund balance. Noncurrent receivables are deferred inflows of resources. Using this basis of accounting, 2 ditches had fund deficits.

| Account balances Account balance deficit | \$ 224,564 (86,338) |
|---|---------------------------|
| Fund Balance - Modified Accrual Basis | \$ 138,226 |

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's total cash and investments are as follows:

| Governmental funds | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|------------|
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ | 11,053,327 |
| Cash with fiscal agent | | 585,732 |
| Fiduciary funds | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | | |
| Agency funds | | 275,407 |
| | . | |
| Total Cash and Investments | \$ | 11,914,466 |

a. Deposits

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

- 1. Deposits and Investments
 - a. <u>Deposits</u> (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. It is the County's policy to minimize custodial credit risk of deposits by making deposits with financial institutions as defined by Minn. Stat. § 118A.01, and by obtaining necessary documentation of perfected security interest in pledged collateral from the financial institutions. As of December 31, 2013, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

b. <u>Investments</u>

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. It is the County's policy to minimize exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations; thereby, avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools; and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the County's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

- 1. Deposits and Investments
 - b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a policy to mitigate custodial credit risk.

At December 31, 2013, none of the County's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. It is the County's policy to minimize concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimal. As of December 31, 2013, all of the County's investment carrying value balance of \$53,313 was invested in the MAGIC Fund.

2. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables as of December 31, 2013, for the County are as follows:

| | R | Total eceivables | Sch Collect | nounts Not neduled for ion During the equent Year |
|----------------------------------|----|---------------------|----------------|--|
| Taxes - prior | \$ | 116,643 | \$ | - |
| Special assessments - prior | | 20,412 | | - |
| Special assessments - noncurrent | | 360,713 | | 280,205 |
| Accounts | | 270,532 | | - |
| Accrued interest | | 7,023 | | - |
| Due from other governments | | 2,684,593 | | 119,000 |
| Total | \$ | 3,459,916 | \$ | 399,205 |
| | | | | Page 42 |

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. <u>Assets</u> (Continued)

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013, was as follows:

| | Beginning Balance | Increase | I | Decrease | Ending Balance |
|---|--|--|----|----------|--|
| Capital assets not depreciated Land Construction in progress | \$ 686,771 237,790 | \$ - | \$ | 237,790 | \$ 686,771 - |
| Total capital assets not depreciated | \$ 924,561 | \$ - | \$ | 237,790 | \$ 686,771 |
| Capital assets depreciated Buildings Land improvements Machinery, furniture, and equipment Infrastructure | \$ 7,915,919 49,128 6,000,995 53,899,639 | \$ 845,538 - 228,051 1,860,606 | \$ | | \$ 8,761,457 49,128 6,094,345 55,760,245 |
| Total capital assets depreciated | \$ 67,865,681 | \$ 2,934,195 | \$ | 134,701 | \$ 70,665,175 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for Buildings Land improvements Machinery, furniture, and equipment Infrastructure | \$ 2,981,419 27,002 4,225,485 15,982,476 | \$ 189,959 2,456 323,461 1,082,225 | \$ | 132,745 | \$ 3,171,378 29,458 4,416,201 17,064,701 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ 23,216,382 | \$ 1,598,101 | \$ | 132,745 | \$ 24,681,738 |
| Total capital assets depreciated, net | \$ 44,649,299 | \$ 1,336,094 | \$ | 1,956 | \$ 45,983,437 |
| Total Capital Assets, Net | \$ 45,573,860 | \$ 1,336,094 | \$ | 239,746 | \$ 46,670,208 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| General government | \$ 237,427 |
|---|-----------------|
| Public safety | 78,946 |
| Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets | 1,234,146 |
| Human services | 46,384 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 532 |
| Sanitation | 666 |
| | |
| Total Depreciation Expense | \$ 1,598,101 |

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2013, is as follows:

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | Amount | Purpose |
|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| General | Human Services County Ditch | \$ 2,491 8,756 | Reimbursement for services Reimbursement for services |
| Total due to General Fund | | \$ 11,247 | |
| Road and Bridge | General Human Services County Ditch Solid Waste | \$ 35,115 469 3,404 1,120 | Reimbursement for services Reimbursement for services Reimbursement for services Reimbursement for services |
| Total due to Road and Bridge Fund | | \$ 40,108 | |
| Human Services | General | \$ 5,695 | Reimbursement for services |
| County Ditch | General | \$ 793 | Reimbursement for services |
| Total Due To/From Other Funds | | \$ 57,843 | |

The interfund receivables and payables are expected to be paid within one year of December 31, 2013.

2. Interfund Transfers

| Transfers Out | Transfers In | Amount | | Purpose |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|--------------|--|
| General | Road and Bridge County Ditch | \$ | 4,461 793 | Allocated interest Allocated interest |
| Total Transfers In/Out | | \$ | 5,254 | |

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

C. Liabilities

1. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Watonwan County provides postemployment health care benefits for retirees and elected officials. Within 60 days of the effective date of an elected County official's retirement or termination, the County shall contribute an amount equal to the annual premium for single health insurance coverage in effect at the time of termination or retirement for every four complete years of service, up to a maximum of five terms. As of December 31, 2013, the County recorded a liability of \$88,080 for the elected officials' termination benefits.

The County also provides health insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and their spouses under a single-employer self-insured plan. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy. This postemployment benefit is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, usually paying retiree benefits out of the General Fund. For 2013, there were approximately 140 participants in the plan, including 2 retirees. The implicit rate subsidy amount was determined by an actuarial study to be \$19,908 for 2013.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the plan.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

1. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

| ARC Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC | \$ 65,630 6,176 (8,575) |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made | \$ 63,231 (91,378) |
| Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation - January 1 Actuarial adjustment to the net OPEB obligation - January 1 | \$ (28,147) 215,329 (78,088) |
| Net OPEB obligation - December 31 | \$ 109,094 |

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2012, and 2013, were as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ended | Annual | Employer | Percentage | Net OPEB | | |
|-------------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| | OPEB Cost | Contributions | Contributed | Obligations | | |
| December 31, 2011 | \$ 63,700 | \$ 8,636 | 13.6% | \$ 168,356 | | |
| December 31, 2012 | 62,762 | 15,789 | 25.2 | 215,329 | | |
| December 31, 2013 | 63,231 | 91,378 | 144.5 | 109,094 | | |

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0.0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$445,548, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$445,548. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,302,315, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 8.4 percent.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

1. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit cost between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2011, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5 percent investment rate of return (net of investment expenses), which is Watonwan County's implicit rate of return on the General Fund. The annual health care cost trend is 8.5 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent over 7 years. Neither rate includes an inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years as a level dollar on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2013, was 24 years.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

2. Long-Term Debt

Bonds

| Type of Indebtedness | Final Maturity | Installment Amount | Interest Rate (%) | Original Issue Amount | Outstanding Balance December 31, 2013 |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2005A | 2026 | \$35,000 - \$60,000 | 4.00 - 4.40 | \$ 845,000 | \$ 615,000 |
| G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A | 2021 | \$160,000 - \$180,000 | 1.10 - 3.00 | 1,650,000 | 1,350,000 |
| G.O. Capital Notes, Series 2011 | 2016 | \$40,000 | 1.95 | 200,000 | 120,000 |
| G.O. Capital Improvement Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A | 2026 | \$50,000 - \$55,000 | 1.55 - 2.60 | 625,000 | 625,000 |
| G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds, Series 2013A | 2034 | \$50,000 - \$90,000 | 2.00 - 4.00 | 1,420,000 | 1,420,000 |
| Total | | | | \$ 4,740,000 | \$ 4,130,000 |
| Plus: unamortized premium | | | | | 30,113 |
| Less: unamortized discount | | | | | (22,091) |
| Total General Obligation Bonds, Net | | | | | \$ 4,138,022 |

Capital improvement bonds and notes are being retired by the Debt Service Fund.

Loans Payable

The County entered into loan agreements with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for funding Clean Water Partnership Projects. The loans are secured by special assessments against benefited properties. Loan payments are reported in the General Fund.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

2. Long-Term Debt

Loans Payable (Continued)

| Type of Indebtedness | Final Maturity | Installment Amount | Interest Rate (%) | Original Issue Amount | | itstanding Balance cember 31, 2013 |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----|---|
| Watonwan Watershed Clean Water Partnership Project, SRF0047 | 2014 | \$22,853 | 2.00 | \$ 485,926 | \$ | 22,627 |
| Watonwan Watershed Continuation Clean Water Partnership Project, SRF0108 | 2017 | \$28,212 | 2.00 | 541,173 | | 205,398 |
| Greater Blue Earth and Des Moines River Clean Water Partnership Project, SRF0221 | 2023 | \$17,290 | 2.00 | 263,108 | | 263,108 |
| Watonwan Ag Best Management Loan Program | 2021 | \$633 - \$5,822 | - | 114,047 | | 61,618 |
| Total Loans | | | | \$ 1,404,254 | \$ | 552,751 |

3. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2013, were as follows:

| Year Ending | General Oblig | gation Bonds | Capital | Notes | |
|-------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------|----------|--|
| December 31 | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | |
| 2014 | ¢ 10 5 000 | ф о <u>с</u> л с 4 | ¢ 10.000 | ¢ 0.040 | |
| 2014 | \$ 195,000 | \$ 95,754 | \$ 40,000 | \$ 2,340 | |
| 2015 | 300,000 | 109,108 | 40,000 | 1,560 | |
| 2016 | 310,000 | 103,007 | 40,000 | 782 | |
| 2017 | 315,000 | 96,310 | - | - | |
| 2018 | 325,000 | 88,985 | - | - | |
| 2019 - 2023 | 1,355,000 | 317,699 | - | - | |
| 2024 - 2028 | 700,000 | 156,536 | - | - | |
| 2029 - 2033 | 420,000 | 60,800 | - | - | |
| 2034 | 90,000 | 1,800 | | | |
| Total | \$ 4,010,000 | \$ 1,029,999 | \$ 120,000 | \$ 4,682 | |

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

3. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u> (Continued)

| Year Ending | Loans Pa | yable* | | | | |
|-------------|----------|----------|----|---------|--|--|
| December 31 | Р | rincipal | I | nterest | | |
| 2014 | \$ | 85,571 | \$ | 4,283 | | |
| 2014 | Ψ | 64,313 | Ψ | 3,004 | | |
| 2016 | | 65,717 | | 1,931 | | |
| 2017 | | 56,677 | | 835 | | |
| 2018 | | 5,399 | | - | | |
| 2019 - 2023 | | 11,966 | | - | | |
| Total | \$ | 289,643 | \$ | 10,053 | | |

*The debt service requirements for the loan from the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency in the amount of \$263,108 are not known as of December 31, 2013.

Debt Refunding

On June 12, 2012, the County issued \$625,000 of General Obligation Capital Improvement Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A, with an average interest rate of 2.16 percent to refund \$580,000 of the General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2005, with an average interest rate of 4.20 percent. The refunding of the Series 2005 bonds will be conducted by means of a crossover refunding mechanism. The County will continue to make principal and interest payments on the Series 2005 bonds through the call date of August 1, 2014. The County refunded the bonds to reduce its total debt service payments by \$40,040 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payment on the old and new debt) of \$34,037.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

4. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2013, was as follows:

| | Beginning Balance | | Additions | | Reductions | | Ending Balance | | Due Within One Year | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2005A | \$ | 650,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 35,000 | \$ | 615,000 | \$ | 35,000 |
| G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A | | 1,500,000 | | - | | 150,000 | | 1,350,000 | | 160,000 |
| G.O. Capital Notes, Series 2011 | | 160,000 | | - | | 40,000 | | 120,000 | | 40,000 |
| G.O. Capital Improvement Crossover Refund Bonds, Series 2012A | | 625,000 | | - | | - | | 625,000 | | - |
| G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds, Series 2013A | | - | | 1,420,000 | | - | | 1,420,000 | | - |
| Plus: unamortized premium on bonds | | 3,758 | | 26,642 | | 287 | | 30,113 | | - |
| Less: unamortized discount on bonds | | (24,876) | | - | | (2,785) | | (22,091) | | _ |
| Total bonds payable | \$ | 2,913,882 | \$ | 1,446,642 | \$ | 222,502 | \$ | 4,138,022 | \$ | 235,000 |
| Loans payable Net OPEB liabilities Compensated absences | | 606,851 215,329 864,869 | | 62,561 63,231 12,533 | | 116,661 169,466 - | | 552,751 109,094 877,402 | | 85,571 - 510,491 |
| Total Long-Term Liabilities | \$ | 4,600,931 | \$ | 1,584,967 | \$ | 508,629 | \$ | 5,677,269 | \$ | 831,062 |

D. <u>Risk Management</u>

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. <u>Risk Management</u> (Continued)

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$470,000 per claim in 2013 and \$480,000 per claim in 2014. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Watonwan County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Fund (the Public Employees Correctional Fund), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

General Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan and benefits vest after three years of credited service (five years for those first eligible for membership after June 30, 2010).

4. <u>Pension Plans</u>

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Plan Description (Continued)

Police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. Members who are employed in a county correctional institution as a correctional guard or officer, a joint jailer/dispatcher, or as a supervisor of correctional guards or officers or of joint jailer/dispatchers and are directly responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional institution and its inmates, are covered by the Public Employees Correctional Fund. For members first eligible for membership after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a graduated schedule starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing 10 percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years. Members eligible for membership before July 1, 2010, are fully vested after three years of service.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute. Defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Employees Retirement Fund Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Public Employees Correctional Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.9 percent of average salary for each year of service.

4. <u>Pension Plans</u>

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Plan Description (Continued)

For General Employees Retirement Fund members hired prior to July 1, 1989, whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, and for all Public Employees Police and Fire Fund and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 55 for Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, and either 65 or 66 (depending on date hired) for General Employees Retirement Fund members. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The County makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. General Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members are required to contribute 9.10 and 6.25 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members are required to contribute 9.60 percent. Public Employees Correctional Fund members are required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary.

4. <u>Pension Plans</u>

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Funding Policy (Continued)

The County is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll in 2013:

| General Employees Retirement Fund | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Basic Plan members | 11.78% |
| Coordinated Plan members | 7.25 |
| Public Employees Police and Fire Fund | 14.40 |
| Public Employees Correctional Fund | 8.75 |

The County's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, for the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund were:

| | 2013 | | 2012 | 2011 | |
|--|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| General Employees Retirement Fund Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Public Employees Correctional Fund | \$ | 354,057 61,079 21,669 | \$ 357,458 63,013 20,408 | \$ 346,562 65,525 20,121 | |

These contribution amounts are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

B. Defined Contribution Plan

Seven employees of Watonwan County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer, deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the State Legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

4. <u>Pension Plans</u>

B. Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employees may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by the County during the year ended December 31, 2013, were:

| | En | nployee | Employer | | |
|-------------------------------|----|---------|----------|-------|--|
| Contribution amount | \$ | 4,739 | \$ | 4,739 | |
| Percentage of covered payroll | | 5% | | 5% | |

Required contribution rates were 5.00 percent.

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

A. <u>Contingent Liabilities</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

B. Joint Ventures

Minnesota River Valley Drug Task Force

The Minnesota River Valley Drug Task Force became operative on February 1, 1990, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59 with the purpose of providing law enforcement resources for narcotics law enforcement in the following jurisdictions: Cities of Mankato, North Mankato, St. James, St. Peter, and Madelia, and the Counties of Blue Earth, Martin, Watonwan, and Nicollet. The Task Force is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the Chief of Police or Sheriff of each participating governmental unit or their designee. Funding is provided from the members and the sale of seized/forfeited properties.

Red Rock Rural Water System

The Red Rock Rural Water System was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 116A through a joint powers agreement, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and under the jurisdiction of the Fifth Judicial District. The Counties of Brown, Cottonwood, Jackson, Lyon, Martin, Murray, Redwood, and Watonwan have agreed to guarantee their shares of debt arising within each respective county. The Red Rock Rural Water System provides water for participating rural water users and cities within the water district. The cost of providing these services is recovered through user charges.

The governing body is composed of nine members appointed to three-year terms by the District Court. Each county is responsible for levying and collecting the special assessments from the benefited properties within the county. The bond issue and notes payable are shown as long-term debt in the financial statements of the Red Rock Rural Water System.

Complete financial information can be obtained from the Red Rock Rural Water System, 305 West Whited Street, Jeffers, Minnesota 56145.

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

South Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board

The South Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 403.39 and a joint powers agreement effective May 27, 2008. It is comprised of Blue Earth, Brown, Faribault, Le Sueur, Martin, McLeod, Nicollet, Sibley, Waseca, and Watonwan Counties, and the Cities of Hutchinson and Mankato. The primary function of the joint venture is to provide regional administration of enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System for the Allied Radio Matrix for Emergency Response (ARMER), owned and operated by the State of Minnesota, and to enhance and improve interoperable public safety communications.

The Board consists of one County Commissioner from each county included in the agreement, one City Council member from each city included in the agreement, a member of the South Central Minnesota Regional Advisory Committee, a member of the South Central Minnesota Regional Radio System User Committee, and a member of the Owners and Operators Committee.

Blue Earth County acts as the fiscal agent for the Radio Board. During 2013, the County made no contributions to the Joint Powers Board. The Chair of the Board is Kip Bruender, and the address is P. O. Box 8608, Mankato, Minnesota 56002-8608.

South Central Workforce Service Area Joint Powers Board

In June 2012, the County entered into a joint powers agreement with Blue Earth, Brown, Faribault, LeSueur, Martin, Nicollet, Waseca, and Sibley Counties, creating the South Central Workforce Services Area Joint Powers Board. The agreement is authorized by Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Board is comprised of one voting member and one alternate member for each participating county. The goal of the Board is to develop and maintain a quality workforce for South Central Minnesota.

Watonwan County made no contributions to this organization in 2013.

Separate financial information can be obtained from South Central Workforce Council, 706 North Victory Drive, Mankato, Minnesota 56001.

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Three Counties for Kids Collaborative

The Three Counties for Kids Collaborative was established in 1996 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Collaborative includes Brown, Sibley, and Watonwan Counties; River Bend Education District; and Sioux Trails Mental Health Center. The purpose of the Collaborative is to join local units of government together to ensure a unified, unduplicated, and family-friendly system of intervention and care for families and children. The Collaborative provides improved coordination for children and families through information sharing, elimination of duplicate services, and cooperative efforts. The Collaborative funds selected projects and services that support intervention and the prevention of out-of-home placement of children at risk.

Control of the Collaborative is vested in a Board of Directors consisting of seven members. Brown County Family Services acts as fiscal agent for the Collaborative. The Collaborative is financed by Local Collaborative Time Study (LCTS) funds and program reimbursements. During 2013, Watonwan County made \$23,008 in contributions to the Collaborative.

Any withdrawing party remains liable for fiscal obligations incurred prior to the effective date of withdrawal and shall not be entitled to any compensation as long as the Collaborative continues in existence. Should the Collaborative cease to exist, all property, real and personal, at the time of the termination shall be distributed by the Three Counties for Kids Collaborative Board of Directors.

Complete financial information may be obtained by contacting the Brown County Family Services Department, New Ulm, Minnesota 56073.

Vision for Family and Community Collaborative

The Vision for Family and Community Collaborative was established in 1996 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 121.8355 (now Minn. Stat. § 124D.23). The Collaborative includes Watonwan County and St. James, Madelia, and Butterfield Independent School Districts. The Joint Powers Board ensures the availability of comprehensive services designed to enhance or strengthen family functioning.

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

B. Joint Ventures

Vision for Family and Community Collaborative (Continued)

Control of the Collaborative is vested in a Joint Powers Board. The Joint Powers Board is composed of nine members. Watonwan County Human Services acts as fiscal agent for the Collaborative. The Collaborative is financed by LCTS funds. During 2013, Watonwan County made contributions of \$20,144 to the Collaborative. Any withdrawing party remains fiscally liable until the effective date of withdrawal. Should the Collaborative cease to exist, all property, real and personal, held by the Joint Powers Board at the time of the termination shall be distributed by resolution of the Board in accordance with law and in a manner to best accomplish the purpose of the Collaborative.

Rural Minnesota Energy Board

The Rural Minnesota Energy Board was established in 2005 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Board includes Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood, Faribault, Freeborn, Jackson, Lincoln, Lyon, Martin, Mower, Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, Redwood, Renville, Rock, Watonwan, and Yellow Medicine Counties. The purpose of the Board is to provide policy guidance on issues surrounding energy development in rural Minnesota and to foster the diversification of the economic climate in rural Minnesota. The focus of the Board includes, but is not limited to, renewable energy, wind energy, energy transmission lines, hydrogen energy technology, and bio-diesel and ethanol use.

The governing body is composed of one voting member and one alternate member from each participating county's Board of Commissioners. The Board shall remain in existence as long as two or more counties remain parties to the agreement. Should the Board cease to exist, assets shall be liquidated after payment of liabilities, based upon the ratios set out under the equal and proportionate share articles of the agreement. During the year, Watonwan County paid \$2,000 to the Board.

Complete financial information can be obtained from the Rural Minnesota Energy Board, Slayton, Minnesota 56172.

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Greater Blue Earth River Basin Alliance

The Greater Blue Earth River Basin Alliance (GBERBA) establishes goals, policies, and objectives to protect and enhance land and water resources in the Greater Blue Earth River Basin. The County made no contributions to the GBERBA in 2013.

Region Five - Southwest Minnesota Homeland Security Emergency Management Organization

The Region Five - Southwest Minnesota Homeland Security Emergency Management Organization (SWRHSEM) was established to provide for regional coordination of planning, training, purchase of equipment, and allocating emergency services and staff in order to better respond to emergencies and natural or other disasters within the SWRHSEM region. Control is vested in the Board, which is composed of representatives appointed by each Board of County Commissioners. Watonwan County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.

Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative

The Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative provides computer programming services for the County. During the year, the County purchased \$143,180 of services.

Minnesota Criminal Justice Data Communications Network

The Minnesota Criminal Justice Data Communications Network Joint Powers Agreement exists to create access for the County Sheriff and County Attorney to systems and tools available from the State of Minnesota, Department of Public Safety, and the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to carry out criminal justice. During the year, the County made no payments to the joint powers.

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

South Central Community Based Initiative

The South Central Community Based Initiative Joint Powers Board was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 245.4661 and a joint powers agreement effective June 20, 2008. The purpose of this joint powers agreement is to provide services to persons with mental illness in the most clinically-appropriate, person-centered, least restrictive, and cost effective ways. The focus is on improved access and outcomes for persons with mental illness as a result of the collaboration between state-operated services programs and community-based treatment. The membership of the Board is comprised of one representative appointed by Blue Earth, Brown, Faribault, Freeborn, Le Sueur, Martin, Nicollet, Rice, Sibley, and Watonwan Counties. The County did not contribute to the Joint Powers Board in 2013.

South Central Emergency Medical Service

The South Central Emergency Medical Service (SCEMS) Joint Powers Board consists of Blue Earth, Brown, Faribault, Le Sueur, Martin, Nicollet, Sibley, Waseca, and Watonwan Counties. The purpose of SCEMS is to ensure quality patient care is available throughout the nine-county area by maximizing the response capabilities of emergency medical personnel and to promote public education on injury prevention and appropriate response during a medical emergency. Each county appoints one member for the Joint Powers Board. The County did not contribute to SCEMS in 2013.

South Central Regional IMMTRACK Joint Powers Board

The South Central Regional IMMTRACK (immunization registry) Joint Powers Board promotes an implementation and maintenance of a regional immunization information system to ensure age-appropriate immunizations through complete and accurate records. During the year, the County made payments of \$2,708 to IMMTRACK.

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

Three Rivers Resource Conservation & Development

The Three Rivers Resource Conservation & Development (RC&D) is a locally initiated, sponsored, and directed organization that works to enhance the quality of life by improving the economic, social, and environmental conditions within the area. The RC&D is led locally by Soil and Water Conservation District Supervisors and County Commissioners from the nine-county area that is served by the council. The County did not contribute to RC&D during 2013.

D. Agricultural Best Management Loan Program

The County has entered into an agreement with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and a local lending institution to jointly administer a loan program to individuals to implement projects that prevent or mitigate non-point source water pollution. While the County is not liable for the repayment of the loan in any manner, it does have certain responsibilities under the agreement. The County has met those responsibilities for 2013.

E. <u>Special Benefit Tax Levy</u>

In 1993, the South Central Minnesota Multi-County Housing Authority issued \$20,315,000 of revenue bonds to construct housing units in Watonwan County and four surrounding counties. The Authority has since defaulted on these bonds. In 2000, the counties entered into a settlement agreement where each of the counties will approve a special benefit tax levy on behalf of the Authority from 2001 through 2024 to cover the operating deficits based on each county's proportionate share of housing units constructed. Watonwan County's proportionate share of the operating deficit for 2013 is \$88,188. The proportionate share of the counties may change for years 2014 through 2024 if there are changes in the taxable market value over the 2001 taxable market value; however, the County's share may not increase by the lesser of two percent or the increase over the 2001 taxable market value.

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

F. <u>Related Party Transaction</u>

The Auditor/Treasurer serves on the Board of Directors of St. James Federal Savings and Loan. On April 1, 2014, the County issued \$515,000 of G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Notes to St. James Federal Savings and Loan as described in Note 5.G., which were awarded by the County Board after a competitive bidding process with St. James Federal Savings and Loan providing the lowest interest rate. In order to avoid the appearance of any impropriety, the County Finance Director handled this transaction and made the presentation and recommendation to the County Board. As of December 31, 2013, the County also had \$135,300 invested in certificates of deposit with St. James Federal Savings and Loan. The County's investing procedures are also handled by the County Finance Director.

G. Subsequent Event

On April 1, 2014, the County issued \$515,000 of G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Notes. The proceeds will be used to purchase two motor graders for the Highway Department and two squad cars for the Sheriff's Department. The Notes will be paid over a seven-year period in equal installments of \$75,000 for the first six years, then a final payment of \$65,000 along with interest on the outstanding balance at an annual rate of 2.29 percent.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EXHIBIT A-1

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DECEMBER 31, 2013

| Actuarial Valuation Date | V | ctuarial Value of Assets (a) | 1 | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b) | A A I | Infunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a) | Funde Ratio (a/b) |) | - | overed ayroll (c) | Perce of Co Pay | L as a entage overed yroll a)/c) |
|------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|---|-------------|--|-------------------------|-------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| January 1, 2008 January 1, 2011 | \$ | - | \$ | 483,308 445,548 | \$ | 483,308 445,548 | |).0%).0 | | ,006,800 ,302,315 | | 9.7% 8.4 |

See Note 3.C.1., Other Postemployment Benefits, for more information.

Complete multi-year trend information is not available at this time, as Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 45 was implemented in 2008. Future notes will provide additional trend analysis to meet the three actuarial valuations requirement as the information becomes available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the restricted property tax revenues for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of County debt.

EXHIBIT B-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | Actual | Variance with | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|----------|----|---------|--------|---------------|--------------|----------|
| | | Original | | Final | 1 | Amounts | Final Budget | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 263,337 | \$ | 263,337 | \$ | 263,340 | \$ | 3 |
| Intergovernmental | | 21,843 | | 21,843 | | 22,319 | | 476 |
| Investment earnings | | - | | - | | 1,728 | | 1,728 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 285,180 | \$ | 285,180 | \$ | 287,387 | \$ | 2,207 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Debt service | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | \$ | 225,000 | \$ | 225,000 | \$ | 225,000 | \$ | - |
| Interest | | 59,180 | | 59,180 | | 74,098 | | (14,918) |
| Administrative charges | | 1,000 | | 1,000 | | 110 | | 890 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 285,180 | \$ | 285,180 | \$ | 299,208 | \$ | (14,028) |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (11,821) | \$ | (11,821) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | |
| Bonds issued | | - | | - | | 1,296 | | 1,296 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (10,525) | \$ | (10,525) |
| Fund Balance - January 1 | | 899,404 | | 899,404 | | 899,404 | | |
| Fund Balance - December 31 | \$ | 899,404 | \$ | 899,404 | \$ | 888,879 | \$ | (10,525) |

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>County Ditch</u> - to account for the operations of the County ditch system. Financing is provided by assessing benefited property owners.

<u>County Library</u> - to account for the funds of the County library system. Financing comes primarily from an annual tax levy and state grants.

<u>Solid Waste</u> - to account for the County recycling programs. Financing is provided by a tax levy, user charges, and state grants.

EXHIBIT C-1

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------|----|-------------------|----|----------------|----|-----------|--|
| | | County Ditch | | County Library | | Solid Waste | | Total | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ | 157,619 | \$ | 928,118 | \$ | 308,896 | \$ | 1,394,633 | |
| Taxes receivable | Ψ | 157,017 | Ψ | 920,110 | Ψ | 500,070 | Ψ | 1,394,035 | |
| Prior | | - | | 8,248 | | 203 | | 8,451 | |
| Special assessments receivable | | | | | | | | , | |
| Prior | | 37 | | - | | 16,349 | | 16,386 | |
| Accrued interest receivable | | - | | 1,476 | | - | | 1,476 | |
| Due from other funds | | 793 | | - | | - | | 793 | |
| Due from other governments | | 2,102 | | - | | - | | 2,102 | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 160,551 | \$ | 937,842 | \$ | 325,448 | \$ | 1,423,841 | |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 5,703 | \$ | 1,025 | \$ | _ | \$ | 6,728 | |
| Salaries payable | Ψ | 5,705 | Ψ | 14,220 | Ψ | - | Ψ | 14,220 | |
| Due to other funds | | 12,160 | | - | | 1,120 | | 13,280 | |
| Due to other governments | | 4,460 | | - | | - | | 4,460 | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 22,323 | \$ | 15,245 | \$ | 1,120 | \$ | 38,688 | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue | \$ | 2 | \$ | 6,052 | \$ | 12,012 | \$ | 18,066 | |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted for | | | | | | | | | |
| Ditch maintenance and repair | \$ | 224,564 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 224,564 | |
| Donations - library | | - | | 458,424 | | - | | 458,424 | |
| Committed for | | | | | | | | | |
| Library operations | | - | | 458,121 | | - | | 458,121 | |
| Assigned to | | | | | | | | | |
| Solid waste | | - | | - | | 312,316 | | 312,316 | |
| Unassigned | | (86,338) | | - | | - | | (86,338) | |
| Total Fund Balances | \$ | 138,226 | \$ | 916,545 | \$ | 312,316 | \$ | 1,367,087 | |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of | ¢ | 1/0 ==1 | ¢ | 025.042 | ¢ | 205 449 | ¢ | 1 400 045 | |
| Resources, and Fund Balances | \$ | 160,551 | \$ | 937,842 | \$ | 325,448 | \$ | 1,423,841 | |

EXHIBIT C-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------|---------|-------|----------|----|-----------|
| | County | | County | | Solid | | | |
| | | Ditch | | Library | | Waste | | Total |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | - | \$ | 532,546 | \$ | 12,908 | \$ | 545,454 |
| Special assessments | | 61,826 | | - | | 172,550 | | 234,376 |
| Intergovernmental | | - | | 56,356 | | 1,735 | | 58,091 |
| Charges for services | | - | | 3,508 | | - | | 3,508 |
| Fines and forfeits | | - | | 10,076 | | - | | 10,076 |
| Gifts and contributions | | - | | 305,972 | | - | | 305,972 |
| Investment earnings | | - | | 7,143 | | - | | 7,143 |
| Miscellaneous | | 79,534 | | 2,992 | | 12,758 | | 95,284 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 141,360 | \$ | 918,593 | \$ | 199,951 | \$ | 1,259,904 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Sanitation | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 222,917 | \$ | 222,917 |
| Culture and recreation | | - | | 578,858 | | - | | 578,858 |
| Conservation of natural resources | | 42,888 | | - | | - | | 42,888 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 42,888 | \$ | 578,858 | \$ | 222,917 | \$ | 844,663 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures | \$ | 98,472 | \$ | 339,735 | \$ | (22,966) | \$ | 415,241 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 793 | | - | | - | | 793 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | \$ | 99,265 | \$ | 339,735 | \$ | (22,966) | \$ | 416,034 |
| Fund Balances - January 1 | | 38,961 | | 576,810 | | 335,282 | | 951,053 |
| Fund Balances - December 31 | \$ | 138,226 | \$ | 916,545 | \$ | 312,316 | \$ | 1,367,087 |

EXHIBIT C-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Actual | | Variance with | | |
|---|------------------|----------|----|----------|----|---------------|-----|------------|
| | (| Original | | Final | / | Amounts | Fiı | nal Budget |
| Revenues Special assessments | \$ | - | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 61,826 | \$ | 11,826 |
| Miscellaneous | | - | | - | | 79,534 | | 79,534 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | - | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 141,360 | \$ | 91,360 |
| Expenditures Current | | | | | | | | |
| Conservation of natural resources Other (ditch repairs) | | | | 100,000 | | 42,888 | | 57,112 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | \$ | - | \$ | (50,000) | \$ | 98,472 | \$ | 148,472 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in | | | | | | 793 | | 793 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ | - | \$ | (50,000) | \$ | 99,265 | \$ | 149,265 |
| Fund Balance - January 1 | | 38,961 | | 38,961 | | 38,961 | | |
| Fund Balance - December 31 | \$ | 38,961 | \$ | (11,039) | \$ | 138,226 | \$ | 149,265 |

EXHIBIT C-4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Actual | | Variance with | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|----------|----|---------|----|---------------|----|------------|
| | | Original | | Final | | Amounts | Fi | nal Budget |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 532,939 | \$ | 532,939 | \$ | 532,546 | \$ | (393) |
| Intergovernmental | | 45,252 | | 45,252 | | 56,356 | | 11,104 |
| Charges for services | | 3,000 | | 3,000 | | 3,508 | | 508 |
| Fines and forfeits | | 8,100 | | 8,100 | | 10,076 | | 1,976 |
| Gifts and contributions | | - | | - | | 305,972 | | 305,972 |
| Investment earnings | | 2,500 | | 2,500 | | 7,143 | | 4,643 |
| Miscellaneous | | - | | - | | 2,992 | | 2,992 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 591,791 | \$ | 591,791 | \$ | 918,593 | \$ | 326,802 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | | | | | | | |
| County library | \$ | 591,791 | \$ | 591,791 | \$ | 573,375 | \$ | 18,416 |
| Library endowment | | - | | - | | 5,483 | | (5,483) |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 591,791 | \$ | 591,791 | \$ | 578,858 | \$ | 12,933 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 339,735 | \$ | 339,735 |
| Fund Balance - January 1 | | 576,810 | | 576,810 | | 576,810 | | - |
| Fund Balance - December 31 | \$ | 576,810 | \$ | 576,810 | \$ | 916,545 | \$ | 339,735 |

EXHIBIT C-5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOLID WASTE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Actual | | Variance with | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------|----|---------|----|---------------|-----|------------|
| | | Original | | Final | | Amounts | Fiı | nal Budget |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 12,893 | \$ | 12,893 | \$ | 12,908 | \$ | 15 |
| Special assessments | | 190,625 | | 190,625 | | 172,550 | | (18,075) |
| Intergovernmental | | 57,045 | | 57,045 | | 1,735 | | (55,310) |
| Miscellaneous | | 12,950 | | 12,950 | | 12,758 | | (192) |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 273,513 | \$ | 273,513 | \$ | 199,951 | \$ | (73,562) |
| Expenditures Current Sanitation | | | | | | | | |
| SCORE | | 222,525 | | 222,525 | | 222,917 | | (392) |
| SCORE | | 222,323 | | 222,323 | | 222,717 | | (3)2) |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ | 50,988 | \$ | 50,988 | \$ | (22,966) | \$ | (73,954) |
| Fund Balance - January 1 | | 335,282 | | 335,282 | | 335,282 | | - |
| Fund Balance - December 31 | \$ | 386,270 | \$ | 386,270 | \$ | 312,316 | \$ | (73,954) |

AGENCY FUNDS

<u>Agency</u> - to account for the collection and disbursement of funds for the state or other local governments, including game and fish fees, licenses, fines, police and fire aids, deed taxes, and mortgage registry taxes.

<u>Vision for Family and Community</u> - to account for the funds of a County/multi-school district family service collaborative.

Taxes and Penalties - to account for the collection and disbursement of taxes and penalties.

<u>Cemetery</u> - to account for the investment of funds for Antrim Township Cemetery.

EXHIBIT D-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Balance January 1 | Additions | Deductions | Balance December 31 |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| AGENCY | | | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | <u>\$ 14,116</u> | <u>\$ 1,904,724</u> | \$ 1,883,861 | \$ 34,979 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Due to other governments | \$ 14,116 | \$ 1,904,724 | \$ 1,883,861 | \$ 34,979 |
| | | | | |
| <u>VISION FOR FAMILY AND</u> <u>COMMUNITY</u> | | | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | <u>\$</u> | \$ 184,372 | \$ 148,166 | \$ 36,206 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | |
| Due to other governments | <u>\$</u> | \$ 184,372 | \$ 148,166 | \$ 36,206 |
| | | | | |
| TAXES AND PENALTIES | | | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments | \$ 155,946 | \$ 15,378,844 | \$ 15,355,088 | \$ 179,702 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Due to other governments | \$ 155,946 | \$ 15,378,844 | \$ 15,355,088 | \$ 179,702 |

EXHIBIT D-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| | Balance muary 1 | Additions |] | Deductions | Balance cember 31 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------------|
| <u>CEMETERY</u> | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments Accrued interest | \$ 24,470 42 | \$ 172 50 | \$ | 122 42 | \$ 24,520 50 |
| Total Assets | \$ 24,512 | \$ 222 | \$ | 164 | \$ 24,570 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 24,512 | \$ 222 | \$ | 164 | \$ 24,570 |
| | | | | | |
| TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and pooled investments Accrued interest | \$ 194,532 42 | \$ 17,468,112 50 | \$ | 17,387,237 42 | \$ 275,407 50 |
| Total Assets | \$ 194,574 | \$ 17,468,162 | \$ | 17,387,279 | \$ 275,457 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accounts payable Due to other governments | \$ 24,512 170,062 | \$ 222 17,467,940 | \$ | 164 17,387,115 | \$ 24,570 250,887 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 194,574 | \$ 17,468,162 | \$ | 17,387,279 | \$ 275,457 |

OTHER SCHEDULES

EXHIBIT E-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| Shared Revenue | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| State | | |
| Highway users tax | \$ | 2,369,777 |
| PERA rate reimbursement | | 19,906 |
| Disparity reduction aid | | 5,064 |
| Police aid | | 53,685 |
| County program aid | | 499,197 |
| Market value credit | | 109,402 |
| Enhanced 911 | | 96,554 |
| Total shared revenue | \$ | 3,153,585 |
| Reimbursement for Services | | |
| State | | |
| Minnesota Department of Human Services | \$ | 402,589 |
| Payments | | |
| Local | | |
| Local contributions | \$ | 17,943 |
| Grants | | |
| State | | |
| Minnesota Department/Board of | | |
| Health | \$ | 45,766 |
| Natural Resources | | 50,265 |
| Human Services | | 639,338 |
| Corrections | | 47,059 |
| Veterans Affairs | | 2,298 |
| Transportation | | 507,011 |
| Water and Soil Resources | | 54,838 |
| Education | | 10,963 |
| Total state | <u>\$</u> | 1,357,538 |
| Federal | | |
| Department of | | |
| Agriculture | \$ | 181,223 |
| Transportation | | 97,793 |
| Health and Human Services | | 977,330 |
| Homeland Security | | 37,727 |
| Total federal | <u>\$</u> | 1,294,073 |
| Total state and federal grants | <u>\$</u> | 2,651,611 |
| Total Intergovernmental Revenue | <u>\$</u> | 6,225,728 |

EXHIBIT E-2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title | Federal CFDA Number | Ex | penditures |
|---|---------------------------|----|------------|
| U.S. Department of Agriculture | | | |
| Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health | | | |
| Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children | 10.557 | \$ | 98,823 |
| Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services | | | |
| State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance | | | |
| Program | 10.561 | | 97,995 |
| Passed Through Minnesota Department of Agriculture | | | |
| WIC Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (FMNP) | 10.572 | | 227 |
| Total U.S. Department of Agriculture | | \$ | 197,045 |
| U.S. Department of Transportation | | | |
| Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation | | | |
| Formula Grants for Rural Areas | 20.509 | \$ | 97,793 |
| U.S. Department of Health and Human Services | | | |
| Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health | | | |
| Public Health Emergency Preparedness | 93.069 | \$ | 29,976 |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) | 93.558 | | 21,177 |
| (Total TANF 93.558 \$113,658) | | | |
| Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States | 93.994 | | 18,046 |
| Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services | | | |
| Promoting Safe and Stable Families | 93.556 | | 2,849 |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (Total TANF 93.558 \$113,658) | 93.558 | | 92,481 |
| Child Support Enforcement | 93.563 | | 223,601 |
| Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State-Administered Programs | 93.566 | | 228 |
| Child Care and Development Block Grant | 93.575 | | 4,370 |
| Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program | 93.645 | | 1,425 |
| Foster Care - Title IV-E | 93.658 | | 165,132 |
| Social Services Block Grant | 93.667 | | 77,641 |
| Chafee Foster Care Independence Program | 93.674 | | 18,838 |
| Children's Health Insurance Program | 93.767 | | 41 |
| Medical Assistance Program | 93.778 | | 437,794 |
| Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services | | \$ | 1,093,599 |

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT E-2 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

| Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title | Federal CFDA Number | <u> </u> | spenditures |
|---|---------------------------|----------|-------------|
| U.S. Department of Homeland Security | | | |
| Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) | 97.036 | \$ | 20,724 |
| Emergency Management Performance Grants | 97.042 | | 17,003 |
| Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security | | \$ | 37,727 |
| Total Federal Awards | | \$ | 1,426,164 |

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Watonwan County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Watonwan County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2013. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Watonwan County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Watonwan County.

3. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through grant numbers were not assigned by the pass-through agencies.

4. <u>Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue</u>

| Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue Grants received more than 60 days after year-end, unavailable in 2013 | \$ 1,294,073 |
|--|-----------------|
| State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance | |
| Program | 15,822 |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | 9,519 |
| Child Support Enforcement | 26,526 |
| Foster Care - Title IV-E | 10,238 |
| Medical Assistance Program | 69,986 |
| Expenditures Per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | \$ 1,426,164 |

5. Subrecipients

During 2013, the County did not pass any federal money to subrecipients.

Management and Compliance Section

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? **No**
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? No
- Significant deficiencies identified? No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? **No**

The major program is:

Medical Assistance Program

CFDA #93.778

The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.

Watonwan County qualified as a low-risk auditee? Yes

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

Finding 2012-001

Inventory Records

Criteria: The County should establish internal controls over the inventory system to ensure that information provided by the system is accurate and that County assets are adequately safeguarded.

Condition: During our audit, we noted that significant year-end inventory system adjustments were made by the County to correct inventory balances based on the annual physical inventory count. Significant adjustments indicate that inventory additions and withdrawals were not being accurately accounted for throughout the year.

Context: The Highway Department maintains an inventory system to monitor the movement of various County assets. Additions to the system are posted based on vendor invoices; withdrawals are based on requisition sheets and/or timesheets provided by Highway personnel and reports from the fuel system. The County performs a year-end inventory count and makes adjustments in the inventory system to reflect actual inventory balances on hand. The year-end adjustments, which included investigation of significant adjustments for cause, were reviewed by the Highway Engineer and Highway Accountant.

Effect: The inventory system did not reflect an accurate account of the inventory on hand during the year. Without adequate controls over inventory, County assets are exposed to misuse and theft.

Cause: Based on the Highway Department's investigation, the following issues were identified which resulted in the differences in the inventory system:

- additions were entered into the inventory system in the wrong account or for the wrong quantity;
- inventory items which were modified or altered were not appropriately adjusted in the inventory system (specifically, sand was added to salt to make a sand-salt mix without making an adjustment to the quantity or value in the system); and
- inventory withdrawals were not accurately reported to the accounting staff.

Recommendation: We recommend that the County continue the process of implementing improvements to the controls over the inventory system. Based on reviews of inventory balances, the County should identify inventory items that are not being accurately accounted for in the inventory system and develop procedures to ensure that all additions and withdrawals are reported to accounting personnel and accurately recorded in the inventory system. Additionally, the County inventory policy should be amended to include any new procedures developed, such as the review and approval of the year-end inventory adjustments by the Highway Engineer and/or additional procedures performed to more frequently review specific inventory accounts.

Client's Response:

Watonwan County Public Works has made great strides in analyzing and developing spreadsheets to assist in managing inventory control. These analyses and spreadsheets have made a significant improvement in internal controls for tracking fuel inventory. However, said actions were not implemented early enough in 2013 to proactively analyze and make necessary adjustments to other inventory items for which significant end-of-year adjustments resulted. Now that an end-of-year tracking spreadsheet has been developed for other inventory items and with more attention to timely coordination of year-end inventory counts, it is anticipated that future audits will show very few, if any, significant year-end inventory adjustments.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Audit Adjustments (2012-002)

During our previous audit, audit adjustments were proposed that resulted in significant changes to the County's financial statements.

Resolution

Adjustments proposed during the current audit did not result in significant changes to the County's financial statements.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None.

IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

Finding 2009-001

Ditch Fund Deficit Balances

Criteria: Drainage system costs are required by Minn. Stat. § 103E.655 to be paid from the ditch system account for which the costs are being incurred. If money is not available in the drainage system account on which the warrant is drawn, this statute allows for loans to be made from ditch systems with surplus funds or from the General Fund to a ditch system with insufficient cash to pay expenditures. Such loans must be paid back with interest.

Additionally, individual ditch systems should be maintained with a positive fund balance to display solvency. As provided by Minn. Stat. § 103E.735, subd. 1, a fund balance to be used for repairs may be established for any drainage system, not to exceed 20 percent of the assessed benefits of the ditch system or \$100,000, whichever is larger.

Condition: The County had ditch systems with individual deficit cash balances and individual fund deficits at December 31, 2013.

Context: At December 31, 2013, two ditch systems had negative cash balances totaling \$77,354, and two ditch systems had fund deficits totaling \$86,338. At year-end, interest was charged by the General Fund to individual ditch systems maintaining negative cash balances during the year.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with Minnesota statutes by having ditch systems with negative cash balances. Ditch systems with fund deficits indicates that measures have not been taken to ensure an individual ditch system can meet financial obligations.

Cause: The County informed us that expenditures had been made for ditch systems with insufficient cash to cover the expenditures. Additionally, special assessments levied for systems had not been sufficient to meet all obligations of the systems. With the purpose of reducing the complexity of related accounting, it is the County's practice to allow individual ditch systems to maintain negative cash balances and be charged interest to be repaid to the General Fund as compensation for the implied loan. These expenditures have resulted in fund deficit balances because the costs are associated with open petition improvement projects. Depending upon the outcome of the petitions, related costs will be recovered either from the petitioners or through bonding and subsequent special assessment collections. Deficits will be addressed after the petition process is complete.

Recommendation: We recommend the County eliminate the cash deficits by borrowing from eligible funds with surplus cash balances under Minn. Stat. § 103E.655. Fund deficits should be eliminated by levying assessments pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 103E.735, subd. 1, which permits the accumulation of a surplus cash balance to provide for the repair and maintenance of the ditch systems.

Client's Response:

Due to the nature of public drainage system administration, it is difficult to anticipate the incurrence of costs which result in deficit cash balances and fund balances. The two systems identified both have active improvement petitions filed and are in process. Special assessments could not be levied for these systems; if the petition is denied, the petitioners are responsible for the costs; if approved, a new set of benefits needs to be calculated to determine which beneficiaries will bear the costs. The ditch fund maintains an overall positive cash balance, and we allocate interest based on the average monthly cash balance. We believe this system is fair, and the overall ditch fund balance meets the intent of the law. Overall, the deficits exist only in the ditches with petitions outstanding and, as stated prior, those systems cannot be resolved until conclusion of the process.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Watonwan County

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Watonwan County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Watonwan County's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2012-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Watonwan County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested in connection with the audit of the County's financial statements: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for tax increment financing because the County has no tax increment financing.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Watonwan County failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, except as described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2009-001. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

Watonwan County's Response to Findings

Watonwan County's responses to the internal control and legal compliance findings identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 12, 2014



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Watonwan County

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Watonwan County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the County's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2013. Watonwan County's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Watonwan County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Watonwan County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

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We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Watonwan County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Watonwan County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of ver compliance is a deficiency or combination of ver compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 12, 2014