

**MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**STATE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND**  
**ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 2014**

December 12, 2014

Minnesota State Retirement System  
State Employees Retirement Fund  
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Board of Directors:

The results of the July 1, 2014 annual actuarial valuation of the State Employees Retirement Fund are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Fund only in its entirety. GRS is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Fund's funding progress and to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 in this report. Please see the separate report dated December 1, 2014.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by MSRS.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

Guidance regarding the selection of economic assumptions for measuring pension obligations is provided by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) No. 27. A revision of ASOP No. 27, applicable to valuation dates on or after September 30, 2014, will guide assumption setting for future valuations. A recent review of inflation and investment return assumptions for accounting and financial reporting purposes developed a recommended range of 6.99% to 7.92% for the assumed investment return. Additional review and discussion will be required before the next valuation.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

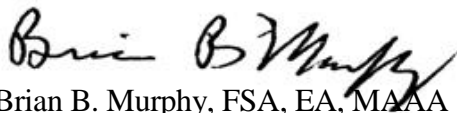
The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the State Employees Retirement Fund as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.

Respectfully submitted,



Brian B. Murphy, FSA, EA, MAAA



Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, MAAA

BBM/BJW:sc

## Contents

Summary of Valuation Results .....	1
Supplemental Information .....	5
Plan Assets.....	6
▪ Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.....	6
▪ Reconciliation of Plan Assets .....	7
▪ Actuarial Asset Value .....	8
Membership Data .....	9
▪ Distribution of Active Members .....	9
▪ Distribution of Service Retirements .....	10
▪ Distribution of Survivors .....	11
▪ Distribution of Disability Retirements.....	12
▪ Reconciliation of Members.....	13
Development of Costs .....	14
▪ Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet.....	14
▪ Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate .....	15
▪ Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability .....	16
▪ Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) .....	17
▪ Special Groups – Military Affairs Calculation.....	18
▪ Special Groups – Pilots Calculation .....	19
▪ Special Groups – Fire Marshals Calculation .....	20
▪ Special Groups – Unclassified Plan Contingent Liability Calculation .....	21
Actuarial Basis.....	22
▪ Actuarial Methods.....	22
▪ Summary of Actuarial Assumptions .....	24
▪ Summary of Plan Provisions .....	30
Additional Schedules.....	36
▪ Schedule of Funding Progress .....	36
▪ Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities .....	37
Glossary of Terms .....	38

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Contributions

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

Contributions	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
Statutory Contributions - Chapter 352 (% of Payroll)	11.00%	10.00%
Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (% of Payroll)	12.82%	12.45%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(1.82)%	(2.45)%

The contribution deficiency decreased from (2.45%) of payroll to (1.82%) of payroll. The primary reason for the decreased contribution deficiency is the 1.00% of payroll increase in the statutory contribution rate. The 2014 required contribution reflects additional liability due to the assumption that the post-retirement benefit increase rate will increase from 2.0% to 2.5% in 2016.

Based on the actuarial value of assets and current contribution rates, statutory contributions are not sufficient to fully amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the statutory amortization period of 27 years. On a market value of assets basis, contributions are sufficient by 1.02% of payroll.

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the plan assets used for the valuation including a development of the actuarial value of assets (AVA). The market value of assets (MVA) earned approximately 18.6% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014. The AVA earned approximately 14.5% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014 as compared to the assumed rate of 8.0%. The assumed rate is mandated by Minnesota Statutes.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

Accounting and financial reporting information prepared according to GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 was provided to MSRS in a separate report dated December 1, 2014.

## Summary of Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
<b>Contributions</b> ( <i>% of Payroll</i> )		
Statutory - Chapter 352	11.00%	10.00%
Required - Chapter 356	12.82%	12.45%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(1.82)%	(2.45)%
<b>Funding Ratios</b> ( <i>dollars in thousands</i> )		
Assets		
- Current assets (AVA)	\$ 10,326,272	\$ 9,375,780
- Current assets (MVA)	11,498,604	10,033,499
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current benefit obligations	\$ 11,916,653	\$ 10,925,146
- Funding ratio (AVA)	86.65%	85.82%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	96.49%	91.84%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio		
- Actuarial accrued liability	\$ 12,445,126	\$ 11,428,641
- Funding ratio (AVA)	82.97%	82.04%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	92.39%	87.79%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current and expected future assets	\$ 12,995,648	\$ 11,640,159
- Current and expected future benefit obligations	13,748,525	12,617,051
- Projected benefit funding ratio (AVA)	94.52%	92.26%
<b>Participant Data</b>		
Active Members		
- Number	49,663	49,121
- Projected annual earnings ( <i>000s</i> )	2,653,367	2,553,156
- Average projected annual earnings	53,427	51,977
- Average age	47.1	47.1
- Average service	12.0	12.2
Service Retirements	29,225	27,654
Survivors	3,686	3,830
Disability Retirements	1,818	1,802
Deferred Retirements	16,472	16,062
Terminated Other Non-Vested	5,818	5,574
<b>Total</b>	<b>106,682</b>	<b>104,043</b>

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Effects of Changes

The following changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions, and methods were recognized as of July 1, 2014:

- Member and employer contribution rates increased from 5.0% to 5.5% of pay effective the first day of the first full pay period beginning after July 1, 2014.
- Effective July 1, 2014, the actuarial accrued liability funding ratio threshold, on a market value of asset basis, that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.
- The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in statutes, and the assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 2.0% per year indefinitely to 2.0% per year through 2015 and 2.5% per year thereafter.
- As a result of the additional liability resulting from the change in the assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate, the amortization date was changed from June 30, 2040 to June 30, 2041 per Minnesota Statute 356.215, Subd. 11(c).
- Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.

Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes. The combined impact of the above changes was to increase the accrued liability by \$581 million and increase the required contribution by 1.7% of pay, as follows:

	Before Plan Changes	Reflecting Plan Changes	Reflecting Assumption and Plan Changes	Reflecting Assumption, Plan and Amortization Changes
Normal Cost Rate, % of Pay	7.0%	7.0%	7.4%	7.4%
Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability, % of pay	3.8%	3.8%	5.2%	5.1%
Expenses (% of Pay)	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Total Required Contribution, % of Pay	11.1%	11.1%	12.9%	12.8%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	87.0%	87.0%	83.0%	83.0%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	96.7%	99.8%	94.4%	94.5%
Unfunded Accrued Liability (in billions)	\$1.5	\$1.5	\$2.1	\$2.1

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Valuation of Future Annual Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

Benefit recipients receive a future annual compounding 2.0% post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio, determined on a market value of assets basis, reaches 90% (based on a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase assumption) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%. As of July 1, 2014, this funding ratio exceeds 90%. If this funded ratio exceeds 90% as of the next valuation, the provision for an increased benefit increase will become operative.

To determine an assumption regarding a future change in the post-retirement benefit increase, we performed a projection of liabilities and assets based on the following methods and assumptions:

- Future investment returns and liability discount rates of 8.00% through June 30, 2017; 8.50% thereafter;
- Open group; stable active population (new member profile based on average new members hired in recent years);
- The post-retirement benefit increase rate is assumed to be 2.0% per year until the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase is reached; and
- Current statutory contribution levels (i.e., not including potential contribution increases under the contribution stabilizer statutes).

Based on these assumptions and methods, the projection indicates that this plan is expected to attain the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase in the year 2015, and that the plan would begin paying 2.5% benefit increases on January 1, 2016. This assumption is reflected in our calculations. This is only an assumption; actual timing will depend on actual experience.



## Supplemental Information

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- **Plan assets** presents information about the plan's assets as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has been funded.
- **Membership data** presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- **Development of costs** shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- **Actuarial basis** describes the plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the plan is ongoing.
- **Additional schedules** includes a summary of funding progress over the long term.
- **Glossary** defines the terms used in this report.

## Plan Assets

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Market Value	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash, equivalents, short term securities	\$ 292,465	\$ 254,574
Fixed income	2,683,530	2,303,788
Equity	8,503,521	7,462,912
Other*	1,260,671	987,992
<b>Total cash, investments, and other assets</b>	<b>\$ 12,740,187</b>	<b>\$ 11,009,266</b>
Amounts Receivable	16,188	14,012
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 12,756,375</b>	<b>\$ 11,023,278</b>
Amounts Payable*	(1,257,771)	(989,779)
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pensions</b>	<b>\$ 11,498,604</b>	<b>\$ 10,033,499</b>

\* Includes \$1,244,402 in Securities Lending Collateral as of June 30, 2014 and \$978,479 as of June 30, 2013.

## Plan Assets

### Reconciliation of Plan Assets (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System for the prior two fiscal years.

Change in Assets Year Ending	Market Value	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
1. Fund balance at market value at beginning of year	\$ 10,033,499	\$ 9,098,097
2. Adjustment to match restated MSRS fund balance	(61)	0
<b>3. Fund balance at market value at beginning of year (1.) + (2.)</b>	<b>\$ 10,033,438</b>	<b>\$ 9,098,097</b>
4. Contributions		
a. Member	131,033	124,150
b. Employer	128,037	121,673
c. Other sources	0	0
d. Total contributions	\$ 259,070	\$ 245,823
5. Investment income		
a. Investment income/(loss)	1,845,607	1,289,067
b. Investment expenses	(15,986)	(13,759)
c. Net investment income/(loss)	1,829,621	1,275,308
6. Other	21,014	21,511
<b>7. Total income: (4.d.) + (5.c.) + (6.)</b>	<b>\$ 2,109,705</b>	<b>\$ 1,542,642</b>
8. Benefits Paid		
a. Annuity benefits	(623,942)	(586,256)
b. Refunds	(11,986)	(12,222)
c. Total benefits paid	(635,928)	(598,478)
9. Expenses		
a. Other	(486)	(173)
b. Administrative	(8,125)	(8,589)
c. Total expenses	(8,611)	(8,762)
<b>10. Total disbursements: (8.c.) + (9.c.)</b>	<b>(644,539)</b>	<b>(607,240)</b>
<b>11. Fund balance at market value at end of year (3.) + (7.) + (10.)</b>	<b>\$ 11,498,604</b>	<b>\$ 10,033,499</b>
12. State Board of Investment calculated investment return	18.6%	14.2%

## Plan Assets

### Actuarial Asset Value (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	<u>June 30, 2014</u>		<u>June 30, 2013</u>	
<b>1. Market value of assets available for benefits</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>11,498,604</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>10,033,499</b>
2. Determination of average balance				
a. Total assets available at beginning of year		10,033,438		9,098,097
b. Total assets available at end of year		11,498,604		10,033,499
c. Net investment income for fiscal year		1,829,621		1,275,308
d. Average balance $[a. + b. - c.] / 2$		9,851,211		8,928,144
3. Expected return $[8.0\% \times 2.d.]$		788,097		714,252
4. Actual return		1,829,621		1,275,308
5. Current year asset gain/(loss) $[4. - 3.]$		1,041,524		561,056
6. Unrecognized asset returns				
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Unrecognized Amount</b>	<b>Unrecognized Amount</b>	
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>\$</b>
a. Year ended June 30, 2014	1,041,524	80%		N/A
b. Year ended June 30, 2013	561,056	60%	80%	\$ 448,845
c. Year ended June 30, 2012	(554,532)	40%	60%	(332,719)
d. Year ended June 30, 2011	1,121,457	20%	40%	448,583
e. Year ended June 30, 2010	465,050		20%	93,010
<b>f. Unrecognized return adjustment</b>		<b>\$ 1,172,332</b>		<b>\$ 657,719</b>
<b>7. Actuarial value at end of year (1. - 6.f.)</b>		<b>\$ 10,326,272</b>		<b>\$ 9,375,780</b>
8. Approximate return on actuarial value of assets during fiscal year		14.5%		6.3%
9. Ratio of actuarial value of assets to market value of assets		0.90		0.93

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Active Members

Age	Years of Service as of June 30, 2014									Total
	<3*	3 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35+	
< 25	1,065	22	3							<b>1,090</b>
Avg. Earnings	23,493	34,815	19,265							<b>23,710</b>
25 - 29	2,811	577	443	4						<b>3,835</b>
Avg. Earnings	33,285	40,073	42,031	45,054						<b>35,329</b>
30 - 34	2,345	739	1,729	271	9					<b>5,093</b>
Avg. Earnings	37,610	42,867	46,458	48,636	52,341					<b>41,989</b>
35 - 39	1,592	481	1,611	917	235	3				<b>4,839</b>
Avg. Earnings	39,341	47,198	50,021	55,362	56,752	57,583				<b>47,571</b>
40 - 44	1,258	444	1,352	965	672	109	4			<b>4,804</b>
Avg. Earnings	40,194	48,308	52,985	56,303	62,727	59,616	46,465			<b>51,378</b>
45 - 49	1,199	435	1,279	1,032	992	628	241	14		<b>5,820</b>
Avg. Earnings	42,179	47,752	52,703	56,942	62,712	65,658	62,266	58,504		<b>54,431</b>
50 - 54	1,196	434	1,377	1,110	1,028	940	1,028	558	29	<b>7,700</b>
Avg. Earnings	40,278	48,504	52,342	56,658	60,507	63,426	64,740	60,626	60,476	<b>55,603</b>
55 - 59	940	387	1,203	1,086	981	962	1,169	1,056	589	<b>8,373</b>
Avg. Earnings	40,879	47,759	51,917	55,631	60,735	62,584	64,354	61,953	59,560	<b>56,766</b>
60 - 64	528	249	775	819	730	674	772	623	911	<b>6,081</b>
Avg. Earnings	38,526	46,407	51,189	57,160	58,753	61,700	62,019	62,908	63,766	<b>57,231</b>
65 - 69	126	73	245	212	227	202	188	101	298	<b>1,672</b>
Avg. Earnings	29,211	37,352	49,923	56,434	60,102	59,152	65,919	66,026	65,166	<b>56,624</b>
70+	65	27	46	72	33	39	19	14	41	<b>356</b>
Avg. Earnings	14,864	18,661	33,191	50,822	59,543	57,343	58,323	54,505	62,536	<b>42,956</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>13,125</b>	<b>3,868</b>	<b>10,063</b>	<b>6,488</b>	<b>4,907</b>	<b>3,557</b>	<b>3,421</b>	<b>2,366</b>	<b>1,868</b>	<b>49,663</b>
<b>Avg. Earnings</b>	<b>36,734</b>	<b>45,194</b>	<b>50,342</b>	<b>55,944</b>	<b>60,821</b>	<b>62,834</b>	<b>63,827</b>	<b>62,001</b>	<b>62,585</b>	<b>50,952</b>

\* This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other MSRS or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Service Retirements

Age	Years Retired as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<50	3	17	1					<b>21</b>
Avg. Benefit	6,436	4,080	5,177					<b>4,469</b>
50 - 54	9	18						<b>27</b>
Avg. Benefit	10,894	8,083						<b>9,020</b>
55 - 59	374	710	30					<b>1,114</b>
Avg. Benefit	16,746	15,266	11,839					<b>15,671</b>
60 - 64	869	2,439	1,138	16				<b>4,462</b>
Avg. Benefit	19,238	20,366	16,055	12,708				<b>19,019</b>
65 - 69	684	3,827	2,678	1,071	17			<b>8,277</b>
Avg. Benefit	17,916	19,283	19,607	16,210	16,907			<b>18,872</b>
70 - 74	94	941	2,338	2,009	636	1		<b>6,019</b>
Avg. Benefit	17,462	17,796	17,876	19,006	16,518	32,079		<b>18,093</b>
75 - 79	15	148	441	1,722	1,226	398	4	<b>3,954</b>
Avg. Benefit	12,328	15,685	15,342	16,952	18,541	23,956	25,209	<b>17,914</b>
80 - 84	5	27	79	263	1,160	971	98	<b>2,603</b>
Avg. Benefit	16,876	14,879	11,513	15,193	17,755	25,075	23,867	<b>20,236</b>
85 - 89	1	9	19	53	198	943	494	<b>1,717</b>
Avg. Benefit	910	13,495	8,245	12,303	16,843	21,159	23,191	<b>20,777</b>
90+			2	13	21	174	821	<b>1,031</b>
Avg. Benefit			24,544	11,940	10,168	19,830	18,626	<b>18,584</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,054</b>	<b>8,136</b>	<b>6,726</b>	<b>5,147</b>	<b>3,258</b>	<b>2,487</b>	<b>1,417</b>	<b>29,225</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>18,142</b>	<b>18,942</b>	<b>17,962</b>	<b>17,436</b>	<b>17,701</b>	<b>23,047</b>	<b>20,598</b>	<b>18,686</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Survivors

Age	Years Since Death as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<45	9	48	28	6		1	1	<b>93</b>
Avg. Benefit	7,188	8,899	10,870	7,014		19,879	11,750	<b>9,354</b>
45 - 49	4	20	5	5	3			<b>37</b>
Avg. Benefit	9,222	8,572	6,539	4,559	6,736			<b>7,676</b>
50 - 54	10	30	24	10	7	3		<b>84</b>
Avg. Benefit	12,136	7,832	12,361	7,001	8,421	3,530		<b>9,435</b>
55 - 59	13	59	46	34	14		2	<b>168</b>
Avg. Benefit	16,556	13,407	14,866	11,866	5,571		7,235	<b>13,012</b>
60 - 64	33	125	105	61	30	6	3	<b>363</b>
Avg. Benefit	16,553	16,991	14,319	10,387	10,578	8,394	5,760	<b>14,303</b>
65 - 69	40	131	152	88	38	6	4	<b>459</b>
Avg. Benefit	14,582	16,722	16,158	14,244	15,486	13,948	12,150	<b>15,695</b>
70 - 74	35	147	139	84	52	32	6	<b>495</b>
Avg. Benefit	20,359	16,401	13,603	13,398	16,194	14,637	13,808	<b>15,218</b>
75 - 79	45	137	142	112	61	42	7	<b>546</b>
Avg. Benefit	18,379	19,177	17,714	17,383	19,140	16,004	12,332	<b>18,027</b>
80 - 84	39	147	120	105	70	49	31	<b>561</b>
Avg. Benefit	21,949	20,203	19,019	21,689	20,402	21,198	13,607	<b>20,097</b>
85 - 89	29	112	116	97	71	68	30	<b>523</b>
Avg. Benefit	18,693	20,395	22,691	20,175	22,159	21,008	13,979	<b>20,720</b>
90+	15	43	95	70	67	46	21	<b>357</b>
Avg. Benefit	22,932	18,748	16,324	19,773	21,644	15,365	15,972	<b>18,424</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>999</b>	<b>972</b>	<b>672</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>3,686</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>17,829</b>	<b>17,055</b>	<b>16,614</b>	<b>16,542</b>	<b>18,218</b>	<b>17,704</b>	<b>13,694</b>	<b>16,981</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Disability Retirements

Age	Years Disabled as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
< 45	1	7	8	3				<b>19</b>
Avg. Benefit	6,505	6,811	3,782	2,579				<b>4,852</b>
45 - 49	7	18	9	5	2			<b>41</b>
Avg. Benefit	8,128	7,992	7,937	7,621	8,744			<b>7,995</b>
50 - 54	17	47	45	22	7	2	2	<b>142</b>
Avg. Benefit	10,626	12,589	9,440	8,335	6,923	4,574	3,105	<b>10,171</b>
55 - 59	28	99	90	58	29	5	1	<b>310</b>
Avg. Benefit	15,590	16,010	13,138	9,661	10,017	10,530	7,223	<b>13,273</b>
60 - 64	23	138	161	100	39	12	1	<b>474</b>
Avg. Benefit	13,249	16,928	16,204	12,591	13,514	8,034	4,451	<b>15,056</b>
65 - 69	4	54	146	130	42	29	5	<b>410</b>
Avg. Benefit	25,496	11,734	16,051	15,851	13,235	14,651	9,908	<b>15,049</b>
70 - 74		1	26	100	63	19	6	<b>215</b>
Avg. Benefit		7,978	8,907	13,835	16,727	14,721	13,906	<b>14,139</b>
75+				28	69	67	43	<b>207</b>
Avg. Benefit				13,489	16,808	14,279	13,660	<b>14,887</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>1,818</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>13,591</b>	<b>14,687</b>	<b>14,212</b>	<b>13,163</b>	<b>14,553</b>	<b>13,578</b>	<b>12,728</b>	<b>13,975</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years since disability combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.



## Membership Data

### Reconciliation of Members

	Terminated*			Recipients**			Total
	Actives	Deferred Retirement	Other Non-Vested	Service Retirement	Disability Retirement	Survivor	
<b>Members on 7/1/2013</b>	<b>49,121</b>	<b>16,062</b>	<b>5,574</b>	<b>27,654</b>	<b>1,802</b>	<b>3,830</b>	<b>104,043</b>
New Members	5,326	0	0	0	0	0	<b>5,326</b>
Return to active	373	(217)	(156)	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Terminated non-vested	(1,589)	0	1,589	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Service retirements	(1,268)	(658)	0	1,926	0	0	<b>0</b>
Unclassified retirements	0	0	0	44	0	0	<b>44</b>
Terminated deferred	(1,444)	1,444	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Terminated refund/transfer	(692)	(219)	(1,437)	0	0	0	<b>(2,348)</b>
Deaths	(75)	(27)	(5)	(692)	(60)	(146)	<b>(1,005)</b>
New beneficiary	0	0	0	0	0	272	<b>272</b>
Disabled	(67)	0	0	0	67	0	<b>0</b>
Unexpected status change	(22)	87	253	293	9	(270)	<b>350</b>
Net change	542	410	244	1,571	16	(144)	<b>2,639</b>
<b>Members on 6/30/2014</b>	<b>49,663</b>	<b>16,472</b>	<b>5,818</b>	<b>29,225</b>	<b>1,818</b>	<b>3,686</b>	<b>106,682</b>

\* Includes members in the General or Military Affairs Plans.

\*\* Includes members in the General, Military Affairs or Unclassified Plans.

<b>Terminated Member Statistics on June 30, 2014</b>	<b>Deferred Retirement</b>	<b>Other Non-Vested</b>	<b>Total</b>
Number	16,472	5,818	22,290
Average age	50.4	37.1	46.9
Average service	7.9	1.0	6.1
Average annual benefit, with augmentation to Normal Retirement Date and 40% CSA load	\$15,112	N/A	\$15,112
Average refund value, with 40% CSA load	\$36,066	\$2,752	\$27,371

## Development of Costs

### Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B.2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B.1 is the present value of the total 11.00% statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory unfunded amortization date.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.

	<b>June 30, 2014</b>		
A. Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 10,326,272		
B. Expected Future Assets			
1. Present value of expected future statutory supplemental contributions	1,365,977		
2. Present value of future normal cost contributions	1,303,399		
3. Total expected future assets: (1.) + (2.)	\$ 2,669,376		
C. Total Current and Expected Future Assets	\$ 12,995,648		
D. Current Benefit Obligations*			
1. Benefit recipients	<b>Non-Vested</b>	<b>Vested</b>	<b>Total</b>
a. Service retirements	\$ 0	\$ 5,742,405	\$ 5,742,405
b. Disability retirements	0	234,369	234,369
c. Survivors	0	495,224	495,224
2. Deferred retirements with augmentation	0	1,239,741	1,239,741
3. Former members without vested rights**	5,804	0	5,804
4. Active members	68,601	4,130,509	4,199,110
5. Total Current Benefit Obligations	\$ 74,405	\$ 11,842,248	\$ 11,916,653
E. Expected Future Benefit Obligations	\$ 1,831,872		
F. Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligations***	\$ 13,748,525		
G. Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations: (D.5.) - (A.)	\$ 1,590,381		
H. Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations: (F.) - (C.)	\$ 752,877		
I. Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio: (A.)/(D.5.)	86.65%		
J. Projected Benefit Funding Ratio: (C.)/(F.)	94.52%		

\* Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service).

\*\* Former members who have not satisfied vesting requirements and have not collected a refund of member contributions as of the valuation date.

\*\*\* Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service).

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits	Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs	Actuarial Accrued Liability
<b>A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)</b>			
1. Active members			
a. Retirement annuities	\$ 5,410,189	\$ 904,177	\$ 4,506,012
b. Disability benefits	216,663	71,642	145,021
c. Survivor's benefits	96,602	24,069	72,533
d. Deferred retirements	275,055	226,070	48,985
e. Refunds*	<u>23,820</u>	<u>77,441</u>	<u>(53,621)</u>
f. Total	\$ 6,022,329	\$ 1,303,399	\$ 4,718,930
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation	1,239,741	0	1,239,741
3. Former members without vested rights	5,804	0	5,804
4. Benefit recipients	6,471,998	0	6,471,998
5. Contingent actuarial accrued liability - UNCL Plan	<u>8,653</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8,653</u>
6. Total	\$ 13,748,525	\$ 1,303,399	\$ 12,445,126
<b>B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)</b>			
1. Actuarial accrued liability			\$ 12,445,126
2. Current assets (AVA)			<u>10,326,272</u>
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability			\$ 2,118,854
<b>C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate**</b>			
1. Present value of future payrolls through the amortization date of June 30, 2041			\$ 41,268,188
2. Supplemental contribution rate: (B.3.) / (C.1.)			5.13% ***

\* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

\*\* The amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) using the current amortization method results in initial payments less than the "interest only" payment on the UAAL. Payments less than the interest only amount will result in the UAAL increasing for an initial period of time.

\*\*\* The amortization factor as of July 1, 2014 is 15.55314.

## Development of Costs

### Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Year Ending June 30, 2014		
	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Current Assets	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at beginning of year	\$ 11,428,641	\$ 9,375,780	\$ 2,052,861
B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding			
1. Normal cost, including expenses	\$ 185,570	\$ 0	\$ 185,570
2. Benefit payments	(635,928)	(635,928)	0
3. Contributions	0	259,070	(259,070)
4. Interest on A., B.1., B.2. and B.3.	<u>937,730</u>	<u>734,988</u>	<u>202,742</u>
5. Total (B.1. + B.2. + B.3. + B.4.)	487,372	358,130	129,242
C. Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (A. + B.5.)			\$ 2,182,103
D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviations from expected			
1. Age and service retirements			\$ (13,597)
2. Disability retirements			194
3. Death-in-service benefits			542
4. Withdrawals			5,558
5. Salary increases			(17,716)
6. Investment income			(592,362)
7. Mortality of annuitants			20,793
8. Other items			<u>(47,246)</u>
9. Total			(643,834)
E. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before plan amendments and changes in actuarial assumptions (C. + D.9.)			\$ 1,538,269
F. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in plan provisions			0
G. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarial assumptions			580,585
H. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in miscellaneous methodology			0
I. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (E. + F. + G. + H.)*			\$ 2,118,854

\* The unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a market value of assets basis is \$946,522.

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota Statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

	<b>Percent of Payroll</b>	<b>Dollar Amount</b>
A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 352		
1. Employee contributions	5.50%	\$ 145,935
2. Employer contributions	5.50%	145,935
3. Total	11.00%	\$ 291,870
B. Required contributions - Chapter 356		
1. Normal cost		
a. Retirement benefits	5.29%	\$ 140,363
b. Disability benefits	0.38%	10,083
c. Survivors	0.14%	3,715
d. Deferred retirement benefits	1.14%	30,248
e. Refunds*	0.42%	11,144
f. Total	7.37%	\$ 195,553
2. Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2041	5.13%	\$ 136,118
3. Allowance for expenses	0.32%	\$ 8,491
4. Total	12.82% **	\$ 340,162
C. Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.3. - B.4.)	(1.82%)	\$ (48,292)

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: \$2,653,367.

\*Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

\*\* The required contribution on a market value of assets basis is 9.98% of payroll.

## Development of Costs

### Special Groups - Military Affairs Calculation

Section 352.85 of Chapter 352 of Minnesota Statutes provides that certain military affairs personnel may retire, with an unreduced benefit, at age 60. In addition, they may receive disability benefits upon being found disqualified for retention in active military duty. To fund these special benefits, employees and employer contribute an extra 1.60% of payroll.

To recognize the effect of the unreduced early retirement benefit available at age 60, we have assumed that all military affairs personnel will retire at age 60, or if over age 60, one year from the valuation date.

The unfunded liability for these members, if any, is reflected in the total unfunded liability shown on page 15.

	<b>Year Ending June 30, 2014</b>
A. Projected annual earnings	\$ 226,495
B. Total normal cost	
1. Dollar amount	\$ 22,808
2. Percent of payroll	10.07%
C. Normal cost of State Employees Retirement Fund (percent of payroll)	7.37%
D. Difference in normal cost ( <i>B. - C., not less than zero</i> )	2.70%

<b>Active Military Affairs Statistics</b>	<b>Active Members</b>
Number	4
Average Age, in years	41.9
Average Service, in years	9.3

## Development of Costs

### Special Groups - Pilots Calculation

Section 352.86 of Chapter 352 of Minnesota Statutes provides that certain transportation department pilots may retire, with an unreduced benefit, at age 62. In addition, they may receive disability benefits upon being found disqualified for retention as pilots. To fund these special benefits, employees and employer contribute an extra 1.60% of payroll.

To recognize the effect of the unreduced early retirement benefit available at age 62, we have assumed that all pilots will retire at age 62, or if over age 62, one year from the valuation date.

This group is closed to new entrants effective June 1, 2008.

The unfunded liability for these members, if any, is reflected in the total unfunded liability shown on page 15.

	<b>Year Ending June 30, 2014</b>
A. Projected annual earnings	\$ 185,523
B. Total normal cost	
1. Dollar amount	\$ 21,613
2. Percent of payroll	11.65%
C. Normal cost of State Employees Retirement Fund (percent of payroll)	7.37%
D. Difference in normal cost (B. - C.)	4.28%

<b>Active Pilots Statistics</b>	<b>Active Members</b>
Number	2
Average Age, in years	68.0
Average Service, in years	21.7

## Development of Costs

### Special Groups - Fire Marshals Calculation

Section 352.87 of Chapter 352 of Minnesota Statutes provides that deputy state fire marshals may retire, with an unreduced benefit (with respect to service after July 1, 1999), at age 55. Credited Service after July 1, 1999 accrues retirement benefits at a rate of 2.00% per year, and disability benefits are based on a minimum of 15 years of service (20 years if duty related). To fund these special benefits, members contribute an extra 2.78% of payroll and employers contribute an extra 4.20% of payroll.

To recognize the effect of the unreduced early retirement benefit available at age 55, we have assumed that all fire marshals will retire in accordance with the retirement assumptions which apply to the members of the Correctional Employees Retirement Fund.

The unfunded liability for these members, if any, is reflected in the total unfunded liability shown on page 15.

	<b>Year Ending June 30, 2014</b>
A. Projected annual earnings	\$ 734,374
B. Total normal cost	
1. Dollar amount	\$ 112,065
2. Percent of payroll	15.26%
C. Normal cost of State Employees Retirement Fund (percent of payroll)	7.37%
D. Difference in normal cost (B. - C.)	7.89%

<b>Active Fire Marshals Statistics</b>	<b>Active Members</b>
Number	11
Average Age, in years	53.5
Average Service, in years	13.6



## Development of Costs

### Special Groups - Unclassified Plan Contingent Liability Calculation

*(Dollars in Thousands)*

Section 352D.02 of Chapter 352D of Minnesota Statutes provides that members credited with employee shares in the Unclassified Plan may elect to terminate participation in the Unclassified Plan and be covered by the State Employees Retirement Fund (General Plan) prior to termination of covered employment assuming that the member has acquired at least 10 years of allowable state service if hired prior to July 1, 2010 and has no more than 7 years of service if hired after June 30, 2010. Unclassified Plan members contribute 5.5% of payroll and employers contribute 6% of payroll. Certain members (Judges and Legislators) are not eligible to elect coverage under the State Employees Retirement Fund.

To recognize the effect of the option to elect coverage under the General Plan, we have assumed that all eligible Unclassified Plan members will elect coverage under the General Plan if such election provides the member with a greater economic present value than the accumulated contribution balance under the Unclassified Plan. The liabilities were measured using the actuarial assumptions that are applied to the State Employees Retirement Fund.

	<b>Year Ending June 30, 2014</b>
A. Number of active eligible members	1,172
B. Account balances for active members	\$ 166,726
C. Accrued liability for active members	\$ 175,379
D. Number of inactive members and ineligible active members*	2,441
E. Account balances for inactive members	\$ 158,778
F. Net assets held in trust for Unclassified Plan members	\$ 325,737
G. Contingent liability (C. - B.)	\$ 8,653
H. Projected annual earnings for active members	\$ 92,865
I. Normal cost	
1. Dollar amount	\$ 10,714
2. Percent of payroll	11.54%
J. Normal cost of State Employee Retirement Fund (percent of payroll)	7.37%
K. Difference in normal cost (I.2. - J.)	4.17%

\* Includes 2,258 terminated members, 172 active Legislators and 11 active Judges that are not eligible to elect coverage.

<b>Unclassified Member Statistics</b>	<b>Active Eligible Members</b>
Number	1,172
Average Age, in years	45.8
Average Service, in years	10.3
Average Unclassified Account Balance	\$ 142,258

## Actuarial Basis

### Actuarial Methods

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the MSRS Board of Directors. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would be different.

#### Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial accrued liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent of payroll assuming payroll increases. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of the normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

#### Select and Ultimate Discount Rate Methodology

Based on direction from the LCPR's actuary, the select and ultimate discount rate methodology is applied to the entry age normal results as follows:

1. The present value of projected benefits is calculated using the prescribed select and ultimate discount rates.
2. An equivalent single interest rate that produces approximately the same present value of projected benefits is determined.
3. The equivalent single interest rate is used to determine the entry age normal accrued liability and normal cost.

The equivalent single interest rate used in this valuation is 8.40% (8.37% last year).

#### Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

If the plan has reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require the 2.5% benefit increase rate to be reflected in the liability calculations. If the plan has not yet reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require a projection to be performed to determine the expected attainment of the funding ratio threshold, and the expected reversion to a 2.5% benefit increase rate must be reflected in the liability calculations.

## Actuarial Basis

### Actuarial Methods (Concluded)

#### Funding Objective

The fundamental financing objective of the fund is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.

#### Decrement Timing

All decrements are assumed to occur mid-fiscal year.

#### Asset Valuation Method

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at 20% per year; and
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.

#### Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Payment equals a level percentage of payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2041 assuming payroll increases of 3.75% per annum. If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date will be re-determined. Projected payroll is multiplied by 0.959 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences (as required by the Standards for Actuarial Work).

#### Changes in Methods since Prior Valuation

The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in Minnesota Statutes.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the MSRS Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. The assumptions prescribed are based on the last experience study, dated August 2009, prepared by a former actuary.

The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity was also based on a recommendation by a former actuary. We are unable to judge the reasonableness of this assumption without performing a substantial amount of additional work beyond the scope of the assignment.

Investment return	Select and Ultimate Rates: July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2017	8.00% per annum
	July 1, 2017 and later	8.50% per annum
Benefit increases after retirement	2.00% per annum through 2015 and 2.5% per annum thereafter	
Salary increases	Reported salary at valuation date increased according to the rate table, to current fiscal year and annually for each future year. Prior fiscal year salary is annualized for members with less than one year of service.	
Inflation	3.00% per year.	
Payroll growth	3.75% per year.	
Mortality rates		
Healthy Pre-retirement	RP-2000 employee generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, set forward three years for males and set back one year for females.	
Healthy Post-retirement	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment.	
	The RP-2000 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) contains mortality rates for ages 15 to 70 and the annuitant mortality table contains mortality rates for ages 50 to 95. We have applied the annuitant mortality table for active members beyond age 70 until the assumed retirement age and the employee mortality table for annuitants younger than age 50.	
Disabled	RP-2000 disabled mortality table with no setback for males and set forward five years for females.	
Retirement	Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the age related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the highest assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one year.	

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Withdrawal	Select and Ultimate rates based on actual experience. Ultimate rates after the third year are shown in rate table. Select rates in the first three years are:			
		<u>First Year</u>	<u>Second Year</u>	<u>Third Year</u>
	Male	0.45	0.14	0.09
	Female	0.48	0.15	0.10
Disability	Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates.			
Allowance for Combined Service Annuity	Liabilities for active members are increased by 1.20% and liabilities for former members are increased by 40.00% to account for the effect of some participants having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity.			
Administrative expenses	Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll.			
Refund of contributions	Account balances accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are discounted back to the valuation date. All employees withdrawing after becoming eligible for a deferred benefit take the larger of their contributions accumulated with interest or the value of their deferred benefit.			
Commencement of deferred benefits	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at normal retirement age.			
Percentage married	85% of active male members and 70% of female members are assumed to be married. Actual marital status is used for members in payment status.			
Age of spouse	Male members are assumed to have a beneficiary three years younger and female members are assumed to have a beneficiary two years older.			
Form of payment	Married members retiring from active status are assumed to elect subsidized joint and survivor form of annuity as follows:			
	Males:	15% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option 10% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option 50% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option		
	Females:	15% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option 0% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option 25% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option		
	Remaining married members and unmarried members are assumed to elect the Straight Life option. Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to elect a life annuity.			
Eligibility testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.			
Decrement operation	Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.			
Service credit accruals	It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.			

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain members

To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.

In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:

Data for active members:

There were 88 members reported with zero or invalid salary. We used prior year salary (51 members), if available, otherwise, high five salary with a 10% load to account for salary increases (24 members). If neither pay nor high five salary was available, we assumed a value of \$35,000 (13 members).

There were 19 members reported with zero or negative service. Due to the small number of members with zero service, and based on direction from MSRS, we used service of 0 years for these members.

There were also 33 members reported without a gender and 19 members reported with an invalid date of birth. We assumed a date of birth of July 1, 1976 and female gender.

Data for terminated members:

There were 708 members reported with a missing or invalid benefit. If available, we calculated benefits for these members using the reported Average Salary, Credited Service and Termination Date provided. If Average Salary was not reported (689 members), we assumed a value of \$30,000. If termination date was not reported (15 members), we assumed the member terminated at age 40 (or current age if younger than 40). If credited service was either not reported or invalid (14 members), we assumed a value of 7.5 years.

There were no members with an invalid gender or date of birth.

Data for members receiving benefits:

There were 51 members reported without a gender. We assumed female gender for the valuation. No retired members were reported with an invalid date of birth.

There were 2 members reported without a benefit. In addition, there was 1 member who was reported with a joint & survivor election but was reported without a survivor benefit. Due to the small number of members with missing benefits, we made no adjustment to the reported data for members receiving benefits.

There were 383 retirees reported with a survivor option and a survivor date of death. We assumed no benefit was payable to the survivor, and the member benefit already reflected the increase to the life annuity value (i.e., “bounce back”), if applicable.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain members	<p><u>Data for members receiving benefits:</u></p> <p>There were 371 retirees reported with a bounce back annuity but were not reported with a reasonable reduction factor. A factor of 0.80, 0.85 and 0.90 was assumed for the 100%, 75% and 50% joint and survivor annuity, respectively.</p> <p>There were retired members reported with a survivor option and an invalid or missing survivor gender (4,961 members) and/or survivor date of birth (4,465 members). We used the valuation assumptions if the survivor gender or date of birth was missing or invalid.</p> <p>At MSRS' direction, we changed the status of 785 members who were reported with a disabled status at the beginning of the year and a retired status at the end of the year back to disabled status.</p>
Changes in actuarial assumptions	<p>Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.</p> <p>The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 2.0% per year to 2.0% per year through 2015 and 2.5% per year thereafter. See page 4 for additional detail about this assumption.</p>

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Age	Rate (%)*					
	Healthy		Healthy		Disability	
	Post-Retirement Mortality**		Pre-Retirement Mortality**		Mortality	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	0.03%	0.02%	0.04%	0.02%	2.26%	0.75%
25	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	2.26	0.75
30	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.02	2.26	0.75
35	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.04	2.26	0.75
40	0.09	0.06	0.11	0.06	2.26	0.75
45	0.13	0.10	0.17	0.09	2.26	1.15
50	0.60	0.24	0.24	0.15	2.90	1.65
55	0.54	0.35	0.35	0.22	3.54	2.18
60	0.66	0.56	0.56	0.34	4.20	2.80
65	1.16	0.91	0.85	0.54	5.02	3.76
70	1.93	1.52	2.67	0.82	6.26	5.22

\* Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. Due to the combination of pre-retirement rates, post-retirement rates, the white collar adjustment, and Projection Scale AA, the prescribed mortality tables have a few ages where assumed mortality decreases slightly instead of increases. We have used the rates as prescribed, but note that the prescribed assumption may not be reasonable at every age. If the rates were reasonably adjusted so that they decreased at all ages, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.

\*\* These rates were adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale AA.

Age	Withdrawal Rates		Disability Retirement	
	After Third Year			
	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	6.90%	8.55%	0.01%	0.01%
25	5.90	7.80	0.01	0.01
30	4.90	7.05	0.01	0.01
35	3.90	5.10	0.03	0.03
40	3.20	4.38	0.08	0.08
45	2.70	3.75	0.13	0.13
50	2.20	3.05	0.29	0.29
55	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.43
60	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.62
65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

Retirement			Salary Scale	
Age	Rule of 90 Eligible	All Others	Year	Increase
55	20%	5%	1	10.50%
56	15	5	2	8.10
57	15	5	3	6.90
58	15	5	4	6.20
59	20	6	5	5.70
60	20	7	6	5.30
61	22	12	7	5.00
62	40	22	8	4.70
63	30	16	9	4.50
64	30	18	10	4.40
65	40	40	11	4.20
66	30	30	12	4.10
67	25	25	13	4.00
68	25	25	14	3.80
69	25	25	15	3.70
70	30	30	16	3.60
71+	100	100	17+	3.50

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

<b>Plan Year</b>	July 1 through June 30.	
<b>Eligibility</b>	State employees, non-academic staff of the University of Minnesota and employees of certain Metro level government units, unless excluded by law.	
<b>Contributions</b>	Shown as a percent of salary:	
<u>Effective date</u>	<u>Member</u>	<u>Employer</u>
July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014	5.00%	5.00%
July 1, 2014*	5.50%	5.50%
	Member contributions are “picked up” according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h).	
	<i>*Increase is effective the first day of the first full pay period beginning after July 1, 2014.</i>	
<b>Allowable Service</b>	Service during which member contributions were made. May also include certain leaves of absence, military service and periods while temporary Worker's Compensation is paid. Excludes lump sum vacation and severance pay at termination.	
<b>Average Salary</b>	Average of the five highest successive years of Salary. Average Salary is based on all Allowable Service if less than five years.	
<b>Salary</b>	Includes wages, allowances and fees. Excludes lump sum payments at separation, employer contributions to deferred compensation and tax-sheltered annuity plans and benevolent vacation and sick leave donation programs.	
<b>Retirement</b>		
<u>Normal retirement benefit</u>		
<u>Age/Service requirement</u>	First hired before July 1, 1989:	
	(a.) Age 65 and three years of Allowable Service.	
	(b.) Proportionate Retirement Annuity is available at age 65 and one year of Allowable Service.	
	First hired after June 30, 1989:	
	(a.) The greater of age 65 or the age eligible for full Social Security retirement benefits (but not higher than age 66) and three years of Allowable Service (five years if hired after June 30, 2010).	
	(b.) Proportionate Retirement Annuity is available at normal retirement age and one year of Allowable Service.	
<u>Amount</u>	1.70% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service.	

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

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#### Retirement (Continued)

##### Early retirement

##### Age/Service requirement

First hired before July 1, 1989:

- (a.) Age 55 and three years of Allowable Service.
- (b.) Any age with 30 years of Allowable Service.
- (c.) Rule of 90: Age plus Allowable Service totals 90.

First hired after June 30, 1989:

- (a.) Age 55 and three years (five years if hired after June 30, 2010) of Allowable Service.

##### Amount

First hired before July 1, 1989:

The greater of (a) or (b):

- (a.) 1.20% of Average Salary for each of the first ten years of Allowable Service and 1.70% of Average Salary for each subsequent year with reduction of 0.25% for each month the member is under age 65 at time of retirement or under age 62 if 30 or more years of Allowable Service. No reduction if age plus years of Allowable Service totals 90.
- (b.) 1.70% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service assuming augmentation to age 65 at 3.00% per year and actuarial reduction for each month the member is under age 65.

First hired after June 30, 1989:

1.70% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service assuming augmentation to the age eligible for full Social Security retirement benefit (but not higher than age 66) at 3.00% (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006) per year and actuarial reduction for each month the member is under the normal retirement age.

##### Form of payment

Life annuity with return on death of any balance of member contributions over aggregate monthly payments. Actuarially equivalent options are:

- (a.) 50%, 75%, or 100% Joint and Survivor with bounce back feature without additional reduction.
- (b.) 15-year Certain and Life.

##### Benefit increases

Since 2011, benefit recipients have received annual 2.0% benefit increases. When the funding ratio reaches 90% (actuarial accrued liability ratio on a Market Value of Assets basis) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least six months but less than 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a pro rata increase.

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## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

#### Retirement (Continued)

##### Benefit increases (Continued)

Prior to 2002, members who retired under the laws in effect before July 1, 1973 received an additional lump sum payment each year. In 1989, this lump sum payment was the greater of \$25 times each full year of Allowable Service or \$400 per full year of service less any Social Security benefits received or annuity from a Minnesota public employee pension plan. In each following year, the lump sum payment was increased by the same percentage increase that was applied to regular annuities paid from the Minnesota Post Retirement Investment Fund. Effective January 1, 2002, the annual lump sum payment was divided by 12 and paid as a monthly life annuity in the annuity form elected.

#### Disability

##### Disability benefit

##### Age/Service requirement

Total and permanent disability before normal retirement age with three years of Allowable Service (five years if hired after June 30, 2010).

##### Amount

Normal Retirement benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at disability without reduction for commencement before normal retirement age.

Payments stop if disability ceases or death occurs. Payments revert to a retirement annuity at normal retirement age. Benefits may be reduced on resumption of partial employment.

##### Retirement after disability

##### Age/Service requirement

Normal retirement age with continued disability.

##### Amount

Any optional annuity continues. Otherwise, a normal retirement benefit equal to the disability benefit paid before normal retirement age, or an actuarially equivalent optional annuity.

##### Form of payment

Same as for retirement.

##### Benefit Increases

Same as for retirement.

#### Death

##### Surviving spouse optional benefit

##### Age/Service requirement

Member or former member who dies before retirement or disability benefits commence with three years of Allowable Service (five years if hired after June 30, 2010). If a former member dies before age 55 and has less than 30 years of Allowable Service, benefits commence when the former member would have been age 55. If an active member dies, benefits may commence immediately, regardless of age.

##### Amount

Surviving spouse receives the 100% joint and survivor benefits using the Normal Retirement formula above. If commencement is prior to age 55, the appropriate early retirement formula described above applies except that one-half the monthly reduction factor is used from age 55 to the commencement age and the Rule of 90 does not apply. In lieu of this benefit, the surviving spouse may elect a refund of member contributions with interest or an actuarially equivalent term certain annuity.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

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#### Death (Continued)

Amount (Continued) If a member dies prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence a survivor benefit as of July 1, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

#### Surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/Service requirement If no surviving spouse, all dependent children (biological or adopted) below age 20 who are dependent for more than half of their support on deceased member.

Amount Actuarially equivalent 100% joint and survivor annuity to surviving spouse payable to the later of age 20 or five years. The amount is proportionally divided among surviving children.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

#### Refund of contributions

Age/Service requirement Active member dies and survivor benefits are not payable or a former member dies before annuity begins or former member who is not entitled to an annuity dies.

Amount Member's contributions with 6.00% interest through June 30, 2011 compounded daily. Beginning July 1, 2011, a member's contributions will increase at 4.00% interest compounded daily.

Age/Service requirement Retired or disabled annuitant who did not select an optional annuity dies, or the remaining recipient of an option dies.

Amount The excess of the member's contributions over all benefits paid.

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**Unclassified Plan Provision** Eligible members credited with employee shares in the Unclassified Plan may elect to terminate participation in the Unclassified Plan and be covered by the State Employees Retirement Fund prior to termination of covered employment assuming that the member has acquired at least 10 years of allowable state service (no more than seven years of service if hired after June 30, 2010).

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#### Termination

##### Refund of contributions

Age/Service requirement Termination of state service.

Amount Member's contributions with 6.00% interest through June 30, 2011 compounded daily. Beginning July 1, 2011 a member's contributions will increase at 4.00% interest compounded daily. If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.

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## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

#### Termination (Continued)

##### Deferred benefit

Age/Service  
requirement

Three years of Allowable Service if hired prior to June 30, 2010, five years of Allowable Service if hired after June 30, 2010.

Amount

Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following annual augmentation percentage:

- (a.) 0.00% before July 1, 1971;
- (b.) 5.00% from July 1, 1971 to January 1, 1981;
- (c.) 3.00% thereafter (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006) until January 1 of the year following attainment of age 55 or January 1, 2012, whichever is earlier;
- (d.) 5.00% thereafter until the annuity begins (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006), but before January 1, 2012. Amount is payable as a normal or early retirement;
- (e.) 2.00% from January 1, 2012 thereafter.

Amount is payable at normal or early retirement.

If a member terminated employment prior to July 1, 1997 but was not eligible to commence their pension before July 1, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

#### **Combined Service Annuity**

Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:

- (a.) Have sufficient allowable service in total that equals or exceeds the applicable service credit vesting requirement of the retirement plan with the longest applicable service credit vesting requirement;
- (b.) Have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under;
- (c.) Are not in receipt of a benefit from another plan, or have applied for benefits with an effective date within one year.

Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:

- (a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement.
- (b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.

#### **Optional Form Conversion Factors**

Actuarially equivalent factors based on RP-2000 mortality for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2025 using scale AA, blended 55% males, and 6.5% interest.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Concluded)

<b>Contribution Stabilizer</b>	<p>The following is a summary of contribution stabilizer provisions in Minnesota Statute 352.045:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If a contribution sufficiency of at least 1.0% has existed for two consecutive years, member and employer contributions are decreased by at most 0.25% to a level that is necessary to maintain a 1.0% sufficiency. A contribution rate decrease under this section must not be made until at least two years have passed since fully implementing a previous decrease.</li> <li>• If a contribution deficiency of at least 0.5% has existed for two consecutive years, the member and employer contribution rates are increased as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ If the contribution deficiency is less than 2.0%, member and employer contributions are each increased by 0.25%.</li> <li>○ If the contribution deficiency is greater than 1.99% and less than 4.01%, member and employer contributions are each increased by 0.50%.</li> <li>○ If the contribution deficiency is greater than 4.0%, member and employer contributions are each increased by 0.75%.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Changes in Plan Provisions</b>	<p>Member and employer contribution rates increased from 5.0% to 5.5% of pay effective the first day of the first full pay period beginning after July 1, 2014.</p> <p>Effective July 1, 2014, the funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.</p>

## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Funding Progress<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)
7-1-1991	\$ 2,304,311	\$ 2,883,603	\$ 579,292	79.91%	\$ 1,370,964	42.25 %
7-1-1992	2,613,472	3,125,299	511,827	83.62	1,409,108	36.32
7-1-1993	2,905,578	3,563,492	657,914	81.54	1,482,005	44.39
7-1-1994	3,158,068	3,876,584	718,516	81.47	1,536,978	46.75
7-1-1995	3,462,098	3,795,926	333,828	91.21	1,514,177	22.05
7-1-1996	3,975,832	4,087,273	111,441	97.27	1,560,369	7.14
7-1-1997	4,664,519	4,519,542	(144,977)	103.21	1,568,747	(9.24)
7-1-1998	5,390,526	5,005,165	(385,361)	107.70	1,557,880	(24.74)
7-1-1999	5,968,692	5,464,207	(504,485)	109.23	1,649,469	(30.58)
7-1-2000	6,744,165	6,105,703	(638,462)	110.46	1,733,054	(36.84)
7-1-2001	7,366,673	6,573,193	(793,480)	112.07	1,834,042	(43.26)
7-1-2002	7,673,028	7,340,397	(332,631)	104.53	1,915,350	(17.37)
7-1-2003	7,757,292	7,830,671	73,379	99.06	2,009,975	3.65
7-1-2004	7,884,984	7,878,363	(6,621)	100.08	1,965,546	(0.34)
7-1-2005	8,081,736	8,455,336	373,600	95.58	1,952,320	19.14
7-1-2006	8,486,756	8,819,161	332,405	96.23	2,016,588	16.48
7-1-2007	8,904,517	9,627,305	722,788	92.49	2,095,310	34.50
7-1-2008	9,013,456	9,994,602	981,146	90.18	2,256,528	43.48
7-1-2009	9,030,401	10,512,760	1,482,359	85.90	2,329,499	63.63
7-1-2010	8,960,391	10,264,071	1,303,680	87.30	2,327,398	56.01
7-1-2011	9,130,011	10,576,481	1,446,470	86.32	2,440,580	59.27
7-1-2012	9,162,301	11,083,227	1,920,926	82.67	2,367,160 <sup>2</sup>	81.15
7-1-2013	9,375,780	11,428,641	2,052,861	82.04	2,483,000 <sup>2</sup>	82.68
7-1-2014	10,326,272	12,445,126	2,118,854	82.97	2,620,660 <sup>2</sup>	80.85

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuaries. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 5.00%.



## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

Plan Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Required Contribution Rate (a)	Actual Covered Payroll (b)	Actual Member Contributions (c)	Annual Required Contributions [(a)x(b)] - (c) = (d)	Actual Employer Contributions <sup>2</sup> (e)	Percentage Contributed (e)/(d)
1991	8.17%	\$ 1,370,964	\$ 56,895	\$ 55,113	\$ 57,986	105.21%
1992	7.86	1,409,108	58,478	52,278	59,244	113.33
1993	8.27	1,482,005	59,132	63,430	58,982	92.99
1994	8.93	1,536,978	62,555	74,697	60,741	81.32
1995	9.15	1,514,177	61,627	76,920	63,161	82.11
1996	8.05	1,560,369	63,507	62,103	65,557	105.56
1997	7.21	1,568,747	63,848	49,259	66,568	135.14
1998	7.13	1,557,880	62,901	48,176	62,315	129.35
1999	6.48	1,649,469	66,823	40,063	65,979	164.69
2000	6.12	1,733,054	70,378	35,685	69,322	194.26
2001	7.12	1,834,042	74,364	56,220	73,362	130.49
2002	6.79	1,915,350	79,487	50,565	76,614	151.52
2003	8.34	2,009,975	83,850	83,782	80,399	95.96
2004	9.43	1,965,546	82,103	103,248	78,622	76.15
2005	9.33	1,952,323	83,101	99,051	80,312	81.08
2006	10.55	2,016,588	85,379	127,371	82,645	64.88
2007	10.11	2,095,310	89,447	122,389	86,492	70.67
2008	11.76	2,256,528	99,280	166,088	96,746	58.25
2009	12.39	2,329,499	108,866	179,759	107,211	59.64
2010	14.85	2,327,398	115,180	230,439	113,716	49.35
2011	10.99	2,440,580	122,029	146,191	118,563	81.10
2012	11.03	2,367,160 <sup>3</sup>	118,358	142,740	115,159	80.68
2013	12.32	2,483,000 <sup>3</sup>	124,150	181,756	121,673	66.94
2014	12.45	2,620,660 <sup>3</sup>	131,033	195,239	128,037	65.58
2015	12.82	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Includes contributions from other sources (if applicable).

<sup>3</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 5.00%.

## Glossary of Terms

<b><i>Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.
<b><i>Accrued Liability Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.
<b><i>Actuarial Assumptions</i></b>	Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.
<b><i>Actuarial Cost Method</i></b>	A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Equivalent</i></b>	Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value (APV)</i></b>	The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits</i></b>	The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.
<b><i>Actuarial Valuation</i></b>	The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for developing and monitoring a retirement system's funding policy, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).
<b><i>Actuarial Value of Assets</i></b>	The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

<b><i>Amortization Method</i></b>	A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.
<b><i>Amortization Payment</i></b>	That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Amortization Period</i></b>	The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.
<b><i>Annual Required Contribution (ARC)</i></b>	The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.
<b><i>Augmentation</i></b>	Annual increases to deferred benefits.
<b><i>Closed Amortization Period</i></b>	A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.
<b><i>Current Benefit Obligations</i></b>	The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on current service and including future salary increases to retirement.
<b><i>Employer Normal Cost</i></b>	The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.
<b><i>Expected Assets</i></b>	The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members.
<b><i>Experience Gain/Loss</i></b>	A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

## Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

<b><i>GASB</i></b>	Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27</i></b>	These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting and financial reporting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves. These statements remain in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 below.
<b><i>GASB Statement No. 50</i></b>	The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions. This statement remains in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68</i></b>	Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the requirements of Statements No. 25, No. 27 and No. 50, respectively, for pension plans administered as trusts. Statement No. 68, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting and financial reporting rules information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report beginning with the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.
<b><i>Normal Cost</i></b>	The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.
<b><i>Projected Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits.
<b><i>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.
<b><i>Valuation Date</i></b>	The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.

**MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**CORRECTIONAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND**  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 2014

December 12, 2014

Minnesota State Retirement System  
Correctional Employees Retirement Fund  
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Board of Directors:

The results of the July 1, 2014 annual actuarial valuation of the Correctional Employees Retirement Fund are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Fund only in its entirety. GRS is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Fund's funding progress, to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 in this report. Please see the separate report dated December 1, 2014.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions, active members, terminated members, retirees, and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by MSRS.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

Guidance regarding the selection of economic assumptions for measuring pension obligations is provided by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) No. 27. A revision of ASOP No. 27, applicable to valuation dates on or after September 30, 2014, will guide assumption setting for future valuations. A recent review of inflation and investment return assumptions for accounting and financial reporting purposes developed a recommended range of 6.99% to 7.92% for the assumed investment return. Additional review and discussion will be required before the next valuation.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Correctional Employees Retirement Fund as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

Based on the current statutory contributions, the unfunded liability determined on an actuarial value of asset basis will not be eliminated if all actuarial assumptions are met.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.

Respectfully submitted,



Brian B. Murphy, FSA, EA, MAAA



Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, MAAA

BBM/BJW:sc

## Contents

Summary of Valuation Results .....	1
Supplemental Information.....	5
Plan Assets.....	6
▪ Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.....	6
▪ Reconciliation of Plan Assets .....	7
▪ Actuarial Asset Value .....	8
Membership Data .....	9
▪ Distribution of Active Members.....	9
▪ Distribution of Service Retirements .....	10
▪ Distribution of Survivors .....	11
▪ Distribution of Disability Retirements.....	12
▪ Reconciliation of Members.....	13
Development of Costs .....	14
▪ Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet.....	14
▪ Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate .....	15
▪ Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.....	16
▪ Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) .....	17
Actuarial Basis.....	18
▪ Actuarial Methods.....	18
▪ Summary of Actuarial Assumptions .....	20
▪ Summary of Plan Provisions .....	26
Additional Schedules.....	31
▪ Schedule of Funding Progress .....	31
▪ Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities .....	32
Glossary of Terms .....	33



## Summary of Valuation Results

### Contributions

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

Contributions	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
Statutory Contributions - Chapter 352.92 (% of Payroll)	21.95%	20.70%
Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (% of Payroll)	26.43%	26.11%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(4.48)%	(5.41)%

The contribution deficiency decreased from (5.41)% of payroll to (4.48)% of payroll. The primary reasons for the decreased contribution deficiency are the recognition of investment gains from prior years in the actuarial value of assets and the increase in member and employer contributions. The 2014 required contribution reflects additional liability due to the assumption change that the post-retirement benefit increase rate will increase from 2.0% to 2.5% in 2034. A significant contribution deficiency remains.

Statutory contributions are not sufficient to fully amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the statutory amortization period of 24 years. Based on the current member and employer contribution rates, market value of assets, and other methods and assumptions described in this report, the unfunded liability will be eliminated in 47 years. Current contributions are not sufficient to cover interest on the unfunded liability, which will result in the unfunded liability growing in the short-term. On a market value of assets basis, contributions are deficient by 1.86% of payroll.

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the plan assets used for the valuation including a development of the actuarial value of assets (AVA). The market value of assets (MVA) earned approximately 18.6% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014. The AVA earned approximately 13.8% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014 as compared to the assumed rate of 8.0%. This assumed rate is a prescribed assumption mandated by Minnesota Statutes.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

Accounting and financial reporting information prepared according to GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 was provided to MSRS in a separate report dated December 1, 2014.

## Summary of Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
<b>Contributions</b> ( <i>% of Payroll</i> )		
Statutory - Chapter 352	21.95%	20.70%
Required - Chapter 356	26.43%	26.11%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(4.48)%	(5.41)%
<b>Funding Ratios</b> ( <i>dollars in thousands</i> )		
Assets		
- Current assets (AVA)	\$ 790,304	\$ 701,091
- Current assets (MVA)	877,056	747,157
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current benefit obligations	\$ 1,067,323	\$ 977,652
- Funding ratio (AVA)	74.05%	71.71%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	82.17%	76.42%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio		
- Actuarial accrued liability	\$ 1,122,474	\$ 1,026,098
- Funding ratio (AVA)	70.41%	68.33%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	78.14%	72.82%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current and expected future assets	\$ 1,227,802	\$ 1,083,641
- Current and expected future benefit obligations	1,376,360	1,256,425
- Projected benefit funding ratio (AVA)	89.21%	86.25%
<b>Participant Data</b>		
Active members		
- Number	4,504	4,384
- Projected annual earnings ( <i>000s</i> )	227,008	212,972
- Average projected annual earnings	50,401	48,579
- Average age	41.5	41.5
- Average service	8.7	8.8
Service retirements	2,075	1,920
Survivors	174	196
Disability retirements	268	258
Deferred retirements	1,232	1,196
Terminated other non-vested	384	413
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,637</b>	<b>8,367</b>

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Effects of Changes

The following changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions, and methods were recognized as of July 1, 2014:

- Effective July 1, 2014, the actuarial accrued liability funding ratio threshold, determined on a market value of assets basis, that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.
- The methodology for valuing future post-retirement benefit increases was clarified in statutes, and the assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 2.0% per year indefinitely to 2.0% per year through 2033 and 2.5% per year thereafter.
- Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.
- Member contribution rates increased from 8.60% to 9.10% of pay and employer contribution rates increased from 12.10% to 12.85% of pay effective the first day of the first full pay period beginning after July 1, 2014.

Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes. The combined impact of the above changes was to increase the accrued liability by \$31.9 million and increase the required contribution by 0.7% of pay, as follows:

	<b>Before Changes</b>	<b>Reflecting Plan Changes</b>	<b>Reflecting Plan and Assumption Changes</b>
Normal Cost Rate, % of pay	15.4%	15.4%	16.1%
Amortization of UAAL*, % of pay	9.1%	9.1%	10.0%
Expenses (% of pay)	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Total Required Contribution, % of pay	24.8%	24.8%	26.4%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	72.5%	72.5%	70.4%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	89.8%	92.9%	89.2%
UAAL* (in millions)	\$300.3	\$300.3	\$332.2

\* *Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability*

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Valuation of Future Annual Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

Benefit recipients receive a future annual compounding 2.0% post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio, determined on a market value of assets basis, reaches 90% (based on a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase assumption) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%.

To determine an assumption regarding a future change in the post-retirement benefit increase, we performed a projection of liabilities and assets based on the following methods and assumptions:

- Future investment returns and liability discount rates of 8.00% through June 30, 2017; 8.50% thereafter;
- Open group; stable active population (new member profile based on average new members hired in recent years);
- The post-retirement benefit increase rate is assumed to be 2.0% per year until the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase is reached; and
- Current statutory contribution levels (i.e., not including potential contribution increases under the contribution stabilizer statutes).

Based on these assumptions and methods, the projection indicates that this plan is expected to attain the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase in the year 2033, and that the plan would begin paying 2.5% benefit increases on January 1, 2034. This assumption is reflected in our calculations. This is only an assumption; actual timing will depend on actual experience.

## Supplemental Information

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- **Plan assets** presents information about the plan's assets as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has been funded.
- **Membership data** presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- **Development of costs** shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- **Actuarial basis** describes the plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the plan is ongoing.
- **Additional Schedules** includes a summary of funding progress over the long term.
- **Glossary** defines the terms used in this report.

## Plan Assets

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position *(Dollars in Thousands)*

Assets	Market Value	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Cash, equivalents, short term securities	\$ 24,460	\$ 20,772
Fixed income	204,488	171,241
Equity	647,977	554,719
Other*	94,843	72,738
<b>Total cash, investments, and other assets</b>	<b>\$ 971,768</b>	<b>\$ 819,470</b>
Amounts Receivable	1,607	1,346
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 973,375</b>	<b>\$ 820,816</b>
Amounts Payable*	(96,319)	(73,659)
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pensions</b>	<b>\$ 877,056</b>	<b>\$ 747,157</b>

\* Includes \$94,843 in Securities Lending Collateral as of June 30, 2014 and \$72,738 as of June 30, 2013.

## Plan Assets

### Reconciliation of Plan Assets (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System for the prior two fiscal years.

Change in Assets Year Ending	Market Value	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
<b>1. Fund balance at market value at beginning of year</b>	<b>\$ 747,157</b>	<b>\$ 659,523</b>
2. Contributions		
a. Member	18,855	17,561
b. Employer	26,468	24,632
c. Other sources	0	0
d. Total contributions	<u>\$ 45,323</u>	<u>\$ 42,193</u>
3. Investment income		
a. Investment income/(loss)	138,740	94,414
b. Investment expenses	<u>(1,217)</u>	<u>(1,022)</u>
c. Net investment income/(loss)	137,523	93,392
4. Other	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>5. Total income: (2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)</b>	<b>\$ 182,846</b>	<b>\$ 135,585</b>
6. Benefits Paid		
a. Annuity benefits	(50,842)	(46,226)
b. Refunds	<u>(1,447)</u>	<u>(1,032)</u>
c. Total benefits paid	(52,289)	(47,258)
7. Expenses		
a. Other	(1)	(1)
b. Administrative	<u>(657)</u>	<u>(692)</u>
c. Total expenses	(658)	(693)
<b>8. Total disbursements: (6.c.) + (7.c.)</b>	<b>(52,947)</b>	<b>(47,951)</b>
<b>9. Fund balance at market value at end of year: (1.) + (5.) + (8.)</b>	<b>\$ 877,056</b>	<b>\$ 747,157</b>
10. State Board of Investment calculated investment return	18.6%	14.2%

## Plan Assets

### Actuarial Asset Value (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	<u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>June 30, 2013</u>
1. Market value of assets available for benefits	\$ 877,056	\$ 747,157
2. Determination of average balance		
a. Total assets available at beginning of year	747,157	659,523
b. Total assets available at end of year	877,056	747,157
c. Net investment income for fiscal year	137,523	93,392
d. Average balance $[a. + b. - c.] / 2$	743,345	656,644
3. Expected return $[8.0\% \times 2.d.]$	59,468	52,532
4. Actual return	137,523	93,392
5. Current year asset gain/(loss) $[4. - 3.]$	78,055	40,860
6. Unrecognized asset returns		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Unrecognized Amount</u>
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%      Dollar</u>
a. Year ended June 30, 2014	\$ 78,055	80%      \$ 62,445
b. Year ended June 30, 2013	40,860	60%      24,516
c. Year ended June 30, 2012	(38,907)	40%      (15,563)
d. Year ended June 30, 2011	76,770	20%      15,354
e. Year ended June 30, 2010	30,070	N/A
f. Unrecognized return adjustment		\$ 86,752
7. Actuarial value at end of year $(1. - 6.f.)$	\$ 790,304	\$ 701,091
8. Approximate return on actuarial value of assets during fiscal	13.8%	6.4%
9. Ratio of actuarial value of assets to market value of assets	0.90	0.94



## Membership Data

### Distribution of Active Members

Age	Years of Service as of June 30, 2014									Total
	<3*	3 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35+	
< 25	121	8								129
Avg. Earnings	30,629	38,660								31,127
25 - 29	392	67	80							539
Avg. Earnings	35,111	40,591	42,634							36,909
30 - 34	240	104	377	50						771
Avg. Earnings	35,747	42,580	45,295	49,877						42,254
35 - 39	131	50	266	147	15					609
Avg. Earnings	36,478	44,520	46,526	53,200	59,222					46,123
40 - 44	100	29	198	154	120	10	1			612
Avg. Earnings	39,180	43,373	48,134	52,591	60,290	60,270	73,496			50,190
45 - 49	94	40	131	127	131	92	12			627
Avg. Earnings	40,862	43,537	49,640	52,523	60,652	62,968	69,756			53,160
50 - 54	86	27	178	118	105	92	71	20		697
Avg. Earnings	42,403	51,091	53,005	54,929	60,511	61,458	66,082	70,277		56,023
55 - 59	35	27	119	63	61	33	13	13	2	366
Avg. Earnings	48,787	52,841	54,081	57,039	59,555	59,826	63,936	65,921	54,844	56,197
60 - 64	17	8	41	27	21	9	2	3		128
Avg. Earnings	43,399	43,608	55,690	60,180	55,701	63,498	70,477	64,606		55,240
65 - 69	5	1	7	7	2			1		23
Avg. Earnings	35,573	130,805	58,442	62,861	104,340			61,191		62,072
70+		1	1	1						3
Avg. Earnings		14,775	59,346	67,530						47,217
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,221</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>1,398</b>	<b>694</b>	<b>455</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4,504</b>
<b>Avg. Earnings</b>	<b>36,737</b>	<b>44,152</b>	<b>48,296</b>	<b>53,733</b>	<b>60,293</b>	<b>61,846</b>	<b>66,410</b>	<b>68,041</b>	<b>54,844</b>	<b>48,153</b>

\* This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other MSRS or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Service Retirements

Age	Years Retired as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<50		4						4
Avg. Benefit		5,400						5,400
50 - 54	24	53	3	1				81
Avg. Benefit	23,071	17,268	5,371	5,418				18,400
55 - 59	77	305	48		1			431
Avg. Benefit	24,005	24,873	25,902		39,068			24,866
60 - 64	36	162	327	49				574
Avg. Benefit	18,276	18,869	22,613	22,725				21,294
65 - 69	7	93	96	299	12			507
Avg. Benefit	9,959	9,284	15,364	18,100	22,461			15,955
70 - 74	2	18	48	59	104	1		232
Avg. Benefit	3,595	10,160	11,238	15,313	25,192	29,228		18,457
75 - 79	1	2	10	33	44	44		134
Avg. Benefit	8,737	27,536	10,847	17,282	24,098	29,262		23,063
80 - 84				5	12	15	34	66
Avg. Benefit				9,014	21,811	32,255	24,664	24,685
85 - 89					1	8	18	27
Avg. Benefit					27,565	12,948	31,037	25,549
90+							19	19
Avg. Benefit							26,949	26,949
<b>Total</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>637</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>2,075</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>21,399</b>	<b>19,908</b>	<b>20,257</b>	<b>18,048</b>	<b>24,587</b>	<b>28,002</b>	<b>26,891</b>	<b>20,600</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Survivors

Age	Years Since Death as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<45	4	7	1	1				13
Avg. Benefit	15,834	9,043	287	7,320				10,326
45 - 49	2	3	3	1				9
Avg. Benefit	22,969	8,875	8,154	16,512				12,615
50 - 54		1	2					3
Avg. Benefit		5,573	8,990					7,851
55 - 59	2	8	8	6	3			27
Avg. Benefit	21,250	18,912	16,031	8,824	11,385			15,153
60 - 64	3	7	7	9	2	1		29
Avg. Benefit	25,434	16,649	9,430	14,732	2,858	9,426		14,020
65 - 69	3	7	10	10	7			37
Avg. Benefit	17,634	17,873	15,769	11,887	15,696			15,255
70 - 74		7	4	2	2	1	1	17
Avg. Benefit		17,889	14,112	8,113	14,211	9,743	6,654	14,277
75 - 79	1	1	5	3	7			17
Avg. Benefit	4,676	13,747	25,724	23,062	15,773			19,214
80 - 84		6	1	1	1	1	1	11
Avg. Benefit		20,344	37,150	24,808	8,477	13,513	6,717	19,339
85 - 89	1	2	2	2	1			8
Avg. Benefit	18,085	12,426	11,339	14,283	28,557			15,342
90+		1			1		1	3
Avg. Benefit		11,787			1,741		4,064	5,864
<b>Total</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>174</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>18,984</b>	<b>15,722</b>	<b>14,874</b>	<b>13,343</b>	<b>13,640</b>	<b>10,894</b>	<b>5,812</b>	<b>14,793</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Disability Retirements

Age	Years Disabled as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
< 45	1	17	6	7				31
Avg. Benefit	14,507	16,094	14,649	18,113				16,219
45 - 49	6	8	8	10	1			33
Avg. Benefit	14,911	17,297	17,059	18,540	30,198			17,573
50 - 54	4	13	15	9	5			46
Avg. Benefit	13,843	22,942	17,769	19,483	29,768			20,529
55 - 59	2	21	16	17	6	2		64
Avg. Benefit	13,572	17,588	18,584	23,478	27,662	25,058		20,454
60 - 64	3	9	13	20	9	1		55
Avg. Benefit	17,784	17,511	17,214	20,261	23,978	29,059		19,724
65 - 69		6	3	9	7	1		26
Avg. Benefit		17,750	19,201	15,274	17,929	22,599		17,295
70 - 74			3	4	2			9
Avg. Benefit			19,210	28,456	27,682			25,202
75+				1		2	1	4
Avg. Benefit				20,088		20,564	25,255	21,618
<b>Total</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>268</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>14,990</b>	<b>18,158</b>	<b>17,613</b>	<b>20,302</b>	<b>24,723</b>	<b>23,817</b>	<b>25,255</b>	<b>19,343</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years since disability combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Reconciliation of Members

	Actives	Terminated		Recipients			Total
		Deferred Retirement	Other Non-Vested	Service Retirement	Disability Retirement	Survivor	
<b>Members on 7/1/2013</b>	<b>4,384</b>	<b>1,196</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>1,920</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>8,367</b>
New members	510	0	0	0	0	0	<b>510</b>
Return to active	32	(20)	(12)	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Terminated non-vested	(99)	0	99	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Service retirements	(115)	(27)	0	142	0	0	<b>0</b>
Terminated deferred	(105)	105	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Terminated refund/transfer	(77)	(18)	(144)	0	0	0	<b>(239)</b>
Deaths	(9)	(2)	0	(21)	(3)	(2)	<b>(37)</b>
New beneficiary	0	0	0	0	0	19	<b>19</b>
Disabled	(12)	0	0	0	12	0	<b>0</b>
Unexpected status changes	(5)	(2)	28	34	1	(39)	<b>17</b>
Net change	120	36	(29)	155	10	(22)	<b>270</b>
<b>Members on 6/30/2014</b>	<b>4,504</b>	<b>1,232</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>2,075</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>8,637</b>

<b>Terminated Member Statistics</b>	<b>Deferred Retirement</b>	<b>Other Non-Vested</b>	<b>Total</b>
Number	1,232	384	1,616
Average age	45.3	37.2	43.4
Average service	5.7	0.9	4.6
Average annual benefit, with augmentation to Normal Retirement Date and 30% CSA load	\$ 11,548	N/A	\$11,548
Average refund value, with 30% CSA load	\$ 28,300	\$ 4,405	\$22,622

## Development of Costs

### Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B.2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B.1 is the present value of the total 21.95% statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory unfunded amortization date.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.

	<b>June 30, 2014</b>		
A. Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 790,304		
B. Expected Future Assets			
1. Present value of expected future statutory supplemental contributions	\$ 183,612		
2. Present value of future normal cost contributions	253,886		
3. Total expected future assets: (1.) + (2.)	437,498		
C. Total Current and Expected Future Assets	\$ 1,227,802		
D. Current Benefit Obligations*			
1. Benefit recipients	<b>Non-Vested</b>	<b>Vested</b>	<b>Total</b>
a. Service retirements	\$ 0	\$ 459,868	\$ 459,868
b. Disability retirements	0	56,434	56,434
c. Survivors	0	26,747	26,747
2. Deferred retirements with augmentation	0	104,863	104,863
3. Former members without vested rights**	902	0	902
4. Active members	14,167	404,342	418,509
5. Total Current Benefit Obligations	\$ 15,069	\$ 1,052,254	\$ 1,067,323
E. Expected Future Benefit Obligations	\$ 309,037		
F. Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligations***	\$ 1,376,360		
G. Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations: (D.5.) - (A.)	\$ 277,019		
H. Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations: (F.) - (C.)	\$ 148,558		
I. Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio: (A.)/(D.5.)	74.05%		
J. Projected Benefit Funding Ratio: (C.)/(F.)	89.21%		

\* Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service).

\*\* Former members who have not satisfied vesting requirements and have not collected a refund of member contributions as of the valuation date.

\*\*\* Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service).

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits	Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs	Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)			
1. Active members			
a. Retirement annuities	\$ 607,525	\$ 172,374	\$ 435,151
b. Disability benefits	57,479	32,756	24,723
c. Survivor's benefits	8,212	2,816	5,396
d. Deferred retirements	51,829	36,908	14,921
e. Refunds*	<u>2,501</u>	<u>9,032</u>	<u>(6,531)</u>
f. Total	\$ 727,546	\$ 253,886	\$ 473,660
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation	104,863	0	104,863
3. Former members without vested rights	902	0	902
4. Benefit recipients	<u>543,049</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>543,049</u>
5. Total	\$1,376,360	\$ 253,886	\$ 1,122,474
B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)			
1. Actuarial accrued liability			\$ 1,122,474
2. Current assets (AVA)			<u>790,304</u>
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability			\$ 332,170
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate**			
1. Present value of future payrolls through the amortization date of June 30, 2038			\$ 3,314,292
2. Supplemental contribution rate: $(B.3.) / (C.1.)$			10.02% ***

\* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

\*\* The amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) using the current amortization method results in initial payments less than the "interest only" payment on the UAAL. Payments less than the interest only amount will result in the UAAL increasing for an initial period of time.

\*\*\* The amortization factor as of July 1, 2014 is 14.59989.

## Development of Costs

### Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Year Ending June 30, 2014		
	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Current Assets	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at beginning of year	\$ 1,026,098	\$ 701,091	\$ 325,007
B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding			
1. Normal cost, including expenses	\$ 33,880	\$ 0	\$ 33,880
2. Benefit payments	(52,289)	(52,289)	0
3. Contributions	0	45,323	(45,323)
4. Interest on A., B.1., B.2. and B.3.	85,317	55,809	29,508
5. Total (B.1. + B.2. + B.3. + B.4.)	66,908	48,843	18,065
C. Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (A. + B.5.)			\$ 343,072
D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviations from expected			
1. Age and Service retirements			\$ 13
2. Disability retirements			(750)
3. Death-in-Service benefits			(105)
4. Withdrawals			(1,472)
5. Salary increases			1,933
6. Investment income			(40,370)
7. Mortality of annuitants			1,505
8. Other items			(3,532)
9. Total			(42,778)
E. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before plan amendments and changes in actuarial assumptions (C. + D.9.)			\$ 300,294
F. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in plan provisions			0
G. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarial assumptions			31,876
H. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarial methods			0
I. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (E. + F. + G. + H.)*			\$ 332,170

\* The unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a market value of assets basis is \$245,418.



## Development of Costs

### Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota Statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

	<b>Percent of Payroll</b>	<b>Dollar Amount</b>
A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 352		
1. Employee contributions	9.10%	\$ 20,658
2. Employer contributions	12.85%	29,171
3. Total	21.95%	\$ 49,829
B. Required contributions - Chapter 356		
1. Normal cost		
a. Retirement benefits	11.17%	\$ 25,356
b. Disability benefits	2.23%	5,062
c. Survivors	0.18%	409
d. Deferred retirement benefits	1.97%	4,472
e. Refunds*	0.55%	1,249
f. Total	16.10%	\$ 36,548
2. Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2038	10.02%	\$ 22,746
3. Allowance for expenses	0.31%	704
4. Total	26.43% **	\$ 59,998
C. Contribution sufficiency/(deficiency) (A.3. - B.4.)	(4.48%)	\$ (10,169)

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: \$227,008.

\* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

\*\* The required contribution on a market value of assets basis is 23.81% of payroll.

## Actuarial Basis

### Actuarial Methods

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the MSRS Board of Directors. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would be different.

#### Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial accrued liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent of payroll assuming payroll increases. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

#### Select and Ultimate Discount Rate Methodology

Based on direction from the LCPR's actuary, the select and ultimate discount rate methodology is applied to the entry age normal results as follows:

1. The present value of projected benefits is calculated using the prescribed select and ultimate discount rates.
2. An equivalent single interest rate that produces approximately the same present value of projected benefits is determined.
3. The equivalent single interest rate is used to determine the entry age normal accrued liability and normal cost.

The equivalent single interest rate used in this valuation is 8.41% (8.39% last year).

#### Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

If the plan has reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require the 2.5% benefit increase rate to be reflected in the liability calculations. If the plan has not yet reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require a projection to be performed to determine the expected attainment of the funding ratio threshold, and the expected reversion to a 2.5% benefit increase rate must be reflected in the liability calculations.

## **Actuarial Basis**

### **Actuarial Methods (Concluded)**

#### **Funding Objective**

The fundamental financing objective of the fund is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.

#### **Decrement Timing**

All decrements are assumed to occur mid-fiscal year.

#### **Asset Valuation Method**

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at 20% per year;
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.

#### **Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability**

Payment equals a level percentage of payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2038 assuming payroll increases of 3.75% per annum. If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date will be re-determined. Projected payroll is multiplied by 0.959 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences (as required by the Standards for Actuarial Work).

#### **Changes in Methods since Prior Valuation**

The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in Minnesota Statutes.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the MSRS Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. The assumptions prescribed are based on the last experience study, dated February 2012, prepared by a former actuary.

The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity was also based on a recommendation by a former actuary. We are unable to judge the reasonableness of this assumption without performing a substantial amount of additional work beyond the scope of the assignment.

Investment return	Select and Ultimate Rates: July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2017	8.00% per annum
	July 1, 2017 and later	8.50% per annum
Benefit increases after retirement	2.00% per annum through 2033 and 2.5% per annum thereafter.	
Salary increases	Reported salary at valuation date increased according to the rate table, to current fiscal year and annually for each future year. Prior fiscal year salary is annualized for members with less than one year of service.	
Payroll growth	3.75% per year.	
Inflation	3.00% per year.	
Mortality rates		
Healthy Pre-retirement	RP-2000 employee generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment.	
Healthy Post-retirement	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, set forward one year for males and set back one year for females.	
	The RP-2000 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) contains mortality rates for ages 15 to 70 and the annuitant mortality table contains mortality rates for ages 50 to 120. We have applied the annuitant mortality table for active members beyond age 70 until the assumed retirement age and the employee mortality table for annuitants younger than age 50.	
Disabled	RP-2000 disabled mortality table.	
Retirement	Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the age related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the highest assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one year.	
Withdrawal	Select and Ultimate rates based on actual experience. Ultimate rates after the third year are shown in rate table. Select rates in the first three years are:	
	<u>Year</u>	<u>Select Withdrawal Rates</u>
	1	20%
	2	15%
	3	8%

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Disability	Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates. All incidences are assumed to be duty-related.
Allowance for combined service annuity	Liabilities for former members are increased by 30.00% to account for the effect of some participants having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity.
Administrative expenses	Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll.
Refund of contributions	Account balances accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are discounted back to the valuation date. All employees withdrawing after becoming eligible for a deferred benefit take the larger of their contributions accumulated with interest or the value of their deferred benefit.
Commencement of deferred benefits	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 55.
Percentage married	85% of active members are assumed to be married. Actual marital status is used for members in payment status.
Age of spouse	Females are assumed to be three years younger than their male spouses.
Form of payment	<p>Married members retiring from active status are assumed to elect subsidized joint and survivor form of annuity as follows:</p> <p>Males:        10% elect 50% Joint &amp; Survivor option                          10% elect 75% Joint &amp; Survivor option                          40% elect 100% Joint &amp; Survivor option</p> <p>Females:      10% elect 50% Joint &amp; Survivor option                          10% elect 75% Joint &amp; Survivor option                          30% elect 100% Joint &amp; Survivor option</p> <p>Remaining married members and unmarried members are assumed to elect the Straight Life option.</p> <p>Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to elect a straight life annuity, except that current terminated deferred members who terminated prior to July 1, 1997 are assumed to receive the Level Social Security option to age 62.</p>
Eligibility testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
Decrement operation	Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.
Service credit accruals	It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

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Unknown data for certain members	<p>To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by MSRS. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.</p> <p>In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:</p> <p><u>Data for active members:</u></p> <p>There were 11 members reported with zero or invalid salary. We used prior year salary (11 members).</p> <p>There were no members reported with missing service.</p> <p>There were no members reported with missing or invalid gender or birth dates.</p> <p><u>Data for terminated members:</u></p> <p>There were 54 members reported without a benefit. If available, we calculated benefits for these members using the reported Average Salary, Credited Service and Termination Date provided. If Average Salary was not reported (26 members), we assumed a value of \$30,000. If Credited Service was not reported (3 members), we assumed a value of 7.5 years. There were no members reported without a Termination Date.</p> <p>There were 66 members who terminated after June 30, 1997 and who were reported with a benefit in the Accelerated to Age 62 option. Based on direction from MSRS, we adjusted benefits for these members to reflect the assumed life annuity election.</p> <p>There were no members reported with missing or invalid gender or birth dates.</p> <p><u>Data for members receiving benefits:</u></p> <p>There were no members reported with missing or invalid birth dates. There were 5 members reported with an invalid gender. We assumed male gender for the valuation.</p> <p>There were retired members reported with a survivor option and an invalid or missing survivor gender (379 members) and/or survivor date of birth (322 members). We used the valuation assumptions if the survivor gender or date of birth was missing or invalid.</p> <p>There were 2 members reported without a benefit. Due to the small number of members with missing benefits, we made no adjustment to the reported data for members receiving benefits.</p>
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## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain members	<p><u>Data for members receiving benefits:</u></p> <p>There were 19 retirees reported with a survivor option and a survivor date of death. We assumed no benefit was payable to the survivor, and the member benefit already reflected the increase to the life annuity value (i.e. “bounce back”), if applicable.</p> <p>There were 44 retirees reported with a bounce back annuity but were not reported with a reasonable reduction factor. A factor of 0.80, 0.85 and 0.90 was assumed for the 100%, 75% and 50% joint and survivor annuity, respectively.</p> <p>There was 1 retired member with an accelerated benefit election and an invalid end date. We assumed the benefit ends on the member's 62<sup>nd</sup> birthday.</p> <p>There were no survivors reported on the data file with an expired benefit.</p> <p>At MSRS' direction, we changed the status of 40 members who were reported with a disabled status at the beginning of the year and a retired status at the end of the year back to disabled status.</p>
Changes in actuarial assumptions	<p>Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.</p> <p>The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 2.0% per year to 2.0% per year through 2033 and 2.5% per year thereafter. See page 4 for additional detail about this assumption.</p>

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Age	Rate (%)*					
	Healthy		Healthy		Disability	
	Post-Retirement Mortality**		Pre-Retirement Mortality**		Mortality	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	0.04%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%	2.26%	0.75%
25	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	2.26	0.75
30	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.03	2.26	0.75
35	0.06	0.04	0.06	0.05	2.26	0.75
40	0.10	0.06	0.09	0.06	2.26	0.75
45	0.15	0.09	0.13	0.10	2.26	0.75
50	0.60	0.15	0.20	0.16	2.90	1.15
55	0.54	0.32	0.27	0.24	3.54	1.65
60	0.73	0.51	0.43	0.38	4.20	2.18
65	1.30	0.82	0.67	0.59	5.02	2.80
70	2.14	1.37	0.98	0.88	6.26	3.76

\* Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. Due to the combination of pre-retirement rates, post-retirement rates, the white collar adjustment, and Projection Scale AA, the prescribed mortality tables have a few ages where assumed mortality decreases slightly instead of increases. We have used the rates as prescribed, but note that the prescribed assumption may not be reasonable at every age. If the rates were reasonably adjusted so that they decreased at all ages, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.

\*\* These rates were adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale AA.

Age	Withdrawal Rates		Disability Retirement	
	After Third Year			
	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	13.20%	8.80%	0.05%	0.05%
25	8.10	7.80	0.08	0.08
30	5.00	7.45	0.11	0.11
35	3.45	7.10	0.15	0.15
40	2.55	5.70	0.24	0.24
45	1.95	3.50	0.39	0.39
50	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.67
55	0.00	0.00	1.17	1.17
60	0.00	0.00	1.88	1.88
65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

Age	Percent Retiring	Salary Scale	
		Year	Increase
50	5%	1	6.00%
51	3	2	5.85
52	3	3	5.70
53	3	4	5.55
54	5	5	5.40
55	55	6	5.25
56	12	7	5.10
57	12	8	4.95
58	10	9	4.80
59	10	10	4.65
60	10	11	4.55
61	10	12	4.45
62	30	13	4.35
63	30	14	4.25
64	30	15	4.15
65	50	16	4.05
66	50	17	3.95
67	50	18	3.85
68	50	19+	3.75
69	50		
70+	100		

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

Plan year	July 1 through June 30	
Eligibility	State employees in covered correctional service. Certain state employees with 75 percent working time spent in direct contact with inmates or patients are also eligible.	
<b>Contributions</b>	Shown as a percent of salary:	
<u>Effective date</u>	<u>Member</u>	<u>Employer</u>
July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014	8.60%	12.10%
July 1, 2014*	9.10%	12.85%
	Member contributions are “picked up” according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h).	
	<i>*Increase is effective the first day of the first full pay period beginning after July 1, 2014.</i>	
Allowable service	Service during which member contributions were made. May also include certain leave of absence, military service and periods while temporary Worker’s Compensation is paid.	
Salary	Includes wages, allowances and fees. Excludes lump sum payments of separation and reduced salary while receiving Worker’s Compensation benefits.	
Average salary	Average of the five highest successive years of Salary. Average Salary is based on all Allowable Service if less than five years.	
Vesting	Hired before July 1, 2010: 100% vested after 3 years of Allowable Service. Hired after June 30, 2010: 50% vested after 5 years of Allowable Service; 60% vested after 6 years of Allowable Service; 70% vested after 7 years of Allowable Service; 80% vested after 8 years of Allowable Service; 90% vested after 9 years of Allowable Service; 100% vested after 10 years of Allowable Service.	
<b>Retirement</b>		
<u>Normal retirement benefit</u>		
Age/Service requirement	Age 55 and vested. Proportionate Retirement Annuity is available at age 65 and one year of Allowable Service.	
Amount	2.40% (2.20% if first hired after June 30, 2010) of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service, pro-rata for completed months.	
<u>Early retirement</u>		
Age/Service requirement	Age 50 and vested.	
Amount	Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at retirement date reduced by 2/10% (5/12% if first hired after June 30, 2010 or if hired before July 1, 2010 and retire after June 30, 2015) per month for each month that the member is under age 55.	

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

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#### Retirement (Continued)

##### Form of payment

Life annuity.

Actuarially equivalent options are:

50%, 75%, or 100% Joint and Survivor, or 15-year certain. If a Joint and Survivor benefit is elected and the beneficiary predeceases the annuitant, the annuitant's benefit increases to the Life Annuity amount. This "bounce back" is subsidized by the plan.

##### Benefit increases

Since 2011, benefit recipients have received annual 2.0% benefit increases. If the accrued liability funding ratio reaches 90% (actuarial accrued liability ratio on a Market Value of Assets basis) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least six months but less than 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a pro rata increase.

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#### Disability

##### Duty Disability

###### Age/Service requirement

Physically or mentally unable to perform normal job duties as a direct result of a disability relating to an incident while performing the duties of the job which present inherent dangers to the employee. Members who become disabled after June 30, 2009 will have disability benefits converted to retirement benefits at age 55 instead of age 65.

###### Amount

50.00% of Average Salary plus 2.40% (2.20% if first hired after June 30, 2010) of Average Salary for each year in excess of 20 years and 10 months of Allowable Service (pro rata for completed months).

Payment begins at disability and ends at age 55 (age 65 if disabled prior to July 1, 2009) or the five-year anniversary of the effective date of the disability benefit, whichever is later. Payments stop earlier if disability ceases or death occurs. Benefits may be paid upon re-employment but salary plus benefit cannot exceed current salary of position held at time of disability.

Member is reclassified from disabled to retired at age 55 (age 65 if disabled prior to July 1, 2009). Optional amount continues. Otherwise, normal retirement benefit equal to the disability benefit paid, or an actuarially equivalent option.

##### Regular Disability

###### Age/Service requirement

At least one year of covered Correctional service for employees hired before July 1, 2009, or a vested Correctional employee hired after June 30, 2009, and the employee is determined to have a regular disability not related to an incident while performing the duties of the job.

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## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

<b>Disability (Continued)</b>	
Amount	<p>Normal retirement benefit based on covered Correctional Service (minimum of 15 years if hired prior to July 1, 2009) and Average Salary at disability.</p> <p>Payment begins at disability and ends at age 55 (age 65 if disabled prior to July 1, 2009) or the five-year anniversary of the effective date of the disability benefit, whichever is later. Payments stop earlier if disability ceases or death occurs. Benefits may be paid upon re-employment but salary plus benefit cannot exceed current salary of position held at time of disability. Member is reclassified from disabled to retired at age 55 (age 65 if disabled prior to July 1, 2009). Optional amount continues. Otherwise, normal retirement benefit equal to the disability benefit paid, or an actuarially equivalent option.</p>
<u>Benefit Increases</u>	Same as for retirement.
<b>Death</b>	
<u>Surviving spouse benefit</u>	
Age/Service requirement	Member at any age or former member age 50 or older who dies before retirement or disability benefit commences and was vested. If a former member dies before age 55 and has less than 30 years of Allowable Service, benefits commence when the former member would have been age 55. If an active member dies, benefits may commence immediately, regardless of age.
Amount	Surviving spouse receives the 100% joint and survivor benefits using the Normal Retirement formula above. If commencement is prior to age 55, the appropriate early retirement formula described above applies except that one-half the monthly reduction factor is used from age 50 to the commencement age and the Rule of 90 does not apply. In lieu of this benefit, the surviving spouse may elect a refund of member contributions with interest or an actuarially equivalent term certain annuity (lump sum payable to estate at death).
Benefit increases	Same as for retirement.
<u>Surviving dependent children's benefit</u>	
Age/service requirement	If no surviving spouse, all dependent children (biological or adopted) below age 20 who are dependent for more than half of their support on deceased member.
Amount	Actuarially equivalent to surviving spouse 100% joint and survivor annuity payable to the later of age 20 or five years. The amount is to be proportionally divided among surviving children.
Benefit increases	Same as for retirement.
<u>Refund of contributions with interest</u>	
Age/service requirement	Active employee dies and survivor benefits are not payable or a former employee dies before annuity begins. If accumulated member contributions with interest exceed total payments to the surviving spouse and children, then the remainder is paid out.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

<b>Death (Continued)</b>	
Amount	Member's contributions with 6.00% interest compounded daily until July 1, 2011 and 4.00% thereafter.
<b>Termination</b>	
<u>Refund of contributions</u>	
Age/Service requirement	Termination of state service.
Amount	Member's contributions with 6.00% interest through June 30, 2011 compounded daily. Beginning July 1, 2011 a member's contributions increase at 4.00% interest compounded daily. If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.
<u>Deferred benefit</u>	
Age/service requirement	Partially or fully vested.
Amount	Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following annual augmentation percentage: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a.) 0.00% before July 1, 1971;</li> <li>(b.) 5.00% from July 1, 1971 to January 1, 1981;</li> <li>(c.) 3.00% thereafter (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006) until January 1 of the year following attainment of age 55 or January 1, 2012, whichever is earlier;</li> <li>(d.) 5.00% thereafter until the annuity begins (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006), but before January 1, 2012; and</li> <li>(e.) 2.00% from January 1, 2012 thereafter.</li> </ul> <p>Amount is payable at normal or early retirement.</p>
<b>Optional form conversion factors</b>	Actuarially equivalent factors based on RP-2000 mortality for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2027 using scale AA, set forward one year for males and set back one year for females, blended 70% males, and 6.5% interest.
<b>Combined service annuity</b>	<p>Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a.) Have sufficient allowable service in total that equals or exceeds the applicable service credit vesting requirement of the retirement plan with the longest applicable service credit vesting requirement;</li> <li>(b.) Have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and</li> <li>(c.) Are not in receipt of a benefit from another plan, or have applied for benefits with an effective date within one year.</li> </ul> <p>Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement.</li> <li>(b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.</li> </ul>

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Concluded)

<b>Contribution Stabilizer</b>	<p>The following is a summary of contribution stabilizer provisions in Minnesota Statute 352.045:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If a contribution sufficiency of at least 1.0% has existed for two consecutive years, member contributions are decreased by at most 0.25% and employer contributions are decreased by at most 0.375% to a level that is necessary to maintain a 1.0% sufficiency. A contribution rate decrease under this section must not be made until at least two years have passed since fully implementing a previous decrease.</li> <li>• If a contribution deficiency of at least 0.5% has existed for two consecutive years, the member and employer contribution rates are increased as follows:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ If the contribution deficiency is less than 2.0%, member contributions are increased 0.25% and employer contributions are increased by 0.375%.</li> <li>○ If the contribution deficiency is greater than 1.99% and less than 4.01%, member contributions are increased 0.50% and employer contributions are increased by 0.75%.</li> <li>○ If the contribution deficiency is greater than 4.0%, member contributions are increased by 0.75% and employer contributions are increased by 1.125%.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Changes in plan provisions</b>	<p>Member contribution rates increased from 8.60% to 9.10% of pay and employer contribution rates increased from 12.10% to 12.85% of pay effective the first day of the first full pay period beginning after July 1, 2014.</p> <p>The funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.</p>

## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Funding Progress<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)
7-1-1991	\$ 105,925	\$ 112,171	\$ 6,246	94.43%	\$ 43,429	14.38 %
7-1-1992	121,051	123,515	2,464	98.01	47,592	5.18
7-1-1993	135,939	134,280	(1,659)	101.24	52,122	(3.18)
7-1-1994	148,163	152,702	4,539	97.03	54,673	8.30
7-1-1995	165,427	153,491	(11,936)	107.78	66,939	(17.83)
7-1-1996	193,833	170,959	(22,874)	113.38	72,959	(31.35)
7-1-1997	241,916	212,638	(29,278)	113.77	112,408	(26.05)
7-1-1998	295,291	261,869	(33,422)	112.76	105,796	(31.59)
7-1-1999	335,408	307,408	(28,000)	109.11	106,131	(26.38)
7-1-2000	386,964	359,885	(27,079)	107.52	112,587	(24.05)
7-1-2001	431,134	398,633	(32,501)	108.15	120,947	(26.87)
7-1-2002	457,416	446,426	(10,990)	102.46	124,373	(8.84)
7-1-2003	470,716	484,974	14,258	97.06	131,328	10.86
7-1-2004	486,617	524,215	37,598	92.83	133,172	28.23
7-1-2005	503,573	546,118	42,545 <sup>2</sup>	92.21	132,335	32.15
7-1-2006	535,357	647,480	112,123	82.68	145,879	76.86
7-1-2007	559,852	708,292	148,440	79.04	167,727	88.50
7-1-2008	572,719	760,363	187,644	75.32	194,391	96.53
7-1-2009	590,399	821,250	230,851	71.89	193,445	119.34
7-1-2010	603,863	851,086	247,223	70.95	192,450	128.46
7-1-2011	637,027	907,012	269,985	70.23	197,702	136.56
7-1-2012	663,713	968,166	304,453	68.55	200,035 <sup>3</sup>	152.20
7-1-2013	701,091	1,026,098	325,007	68.33	204,198 <sup>3</sup>	159.16
7-1-2014	790,304	1,122,474	332,170	70.41	219,244 <sup>3</sup>	151.51

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Provided by MSRS instead of prior actuary.

<sup>3</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 8.60%.

## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

Plan Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Required Contribution Rate (a)	Actual Covered Payroll (b)	Actual Member Contributions (c)	Annual Required Contributions [(a)x(b)] - (c) = (d)	Actual Employer Contributions (e)	Percentage Contributed (e)/(d)
1991	10.73%	\$ 43,429	\$ 2,128	\$ 2,532	\$ 2,731	107.86%
1992	10.82	47,592	2,332	2,817	2,955	104.90
1993	11.41	52,122	2,554	3,393	3,217	94.81
1994	10.97	54,673	2,679	3,319	3,355	101.08
1995	11.30	66,939	3,280	4,284	4,195	97.92
1996	11.11	72,959	3,575	4,531	4,559	100.62
1997	11.21	112,408	5,508	7,093	9,129	128.70
1998	12.49	105,796	5,954	7,260	8,146	112.20
1999	12.99	106,131	6,378	7,408	8,172	110.31
2000	13.66	112,587	6,526	8,853	8,984	101.48
2001	13.72	120,947	6,996	9,598	9,652	100.56
2002	13.81	124,373	7,207	9,969	9,925	99.56
2003	14.73	131,328	7,610	11,735	10,480	89.31
2004	15.83	133,172	7,748	13,333	10,627	79.71
2005	17.48	132,335	7,943	15,189	11,016	72.52
2006	17.71	145,879	8,964	16,871	12,152	72.03
2007	23.34	167,727	10,032	29,115	13,927	47.83
2008	24.44	194,391	12,775	34,734	18,623	53.62
2009	23.66	193,445	14,031	31,738	20,126	63.41
2010	24.85	192,450	15,267	32,557	21,988	67.54
2011	25.43	197,702	17,002	33,274	23,892	71.80
2012	26.00	200,035 <sup>2</sup>	17,203	34,806	24,188	69.49
2013	25.28	204,198 <sup>2</sup>	17,561	34,060	24,632	72.32
2014	26.11	219,244 <sup>2</sup>	18,855	38,390	26,468	68.95
2015	26.43	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 8.60%.



## Glossary of Terms

<b><i>Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.
<b><i>Accrued Liability Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.
<b><i>Actuarial Assumptions</i></b>	Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.
<b><i>Actuarial Cost Method</i></b>	A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Equivalent</i></b>	Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value (APV)</i></b>	The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits</i></b>	The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.
<b><i>Actuarial Valuation</i></b>	The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for developing and monitoring a retirement system's funding policy, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).
<b><i>Actuarial Value of Assets</i></b>	The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

<b><i>Amortization Method</i></b>	A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.
<b><i>Amortization Payment</i></b>	That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Amortization Period</i></b>	The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.
<b><i>Annual Required Contribution (ARC)</i></b>	The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.
<b><i>Augmentation</i></b>	Annual increases to deferred benefits.
<b><i>Closed Amortization Period</i></b>	A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.
<b><i>Current Benefit Obligations</i></b>	The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on current service and including future salary increases to retirement.
<b><i>Employer Normal Cost</i></b>	The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.
<b><i>Expected Assets</i></b>	The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members.
<b><i>Experience Gain/Loss</i></b>	A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

## Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

<b><i>GASB</i></b>	Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27</i></b>	These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting and financial reporting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves. These statements remain in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 below.
<b><i>GASB Statement No. 50</i></b>	The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions. This statement remains in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68</i></b>	Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the requirements of Statements No. 25, No. 27 and No. 50, respectively, for pension plans administered as trusts. Statement No. 68, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting and financial reporting rules information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report beginning with the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.
<b><i>Normal Cost</i></b>	The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.
<b><i>Projected Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits.
<b><i>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.
<b><i>Valuation Date</i></b>	The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.

**MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**STATE PATROL RETIREMENT FUND**  
**ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 2014**



December 12, 2014

Minnesota State Retirement System  
State Patrol Retirement Fund  
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Board of Directors:

The results of the July 1, 2014 annual actuarial valuation of the State Patrol Retirement Fund are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Fund only in its entirety. GRS is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Fund's funding progress, to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 in this report. Please see the separate report dated December 1, 2014.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by MSRS.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

Guidance regarding the selection of economic assumptions for measuring pension obligations is provided by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) No. 27. A revision of ASOP No. 27, applicable to valuation dates on or after September 30, 2014, will guide assumption setting for future valuations. A recent review of inflation and investment return assumptions for accounting and financial reporting purposes developed a recommended range of 6.99% to 7.92% for the assumed investment return. Additional review and discussion will be required before the next valuation.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

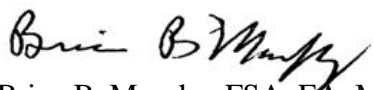
The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the State Patrol Retirement Fund as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.

Respectfully submitted,



Brian B. Murphy, FSA, EA, MAAA



Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, MAAA

BBM/BJW:sc

## Contents

Summary of Valuation Results .....	1
Supplemental Information.....	5
Plan Assets.....	6
▪ Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.....	6
▪ Reconciliation of Plan Assets .....	7
▪ Actuarial Asset Value .....	8
Membership Data .....	9
▪ Distribution of Active Members.....	9
▪ Distribution of Service Retirements .....	10
▪ Distribution of Survivors .....	11
▪ Distribution of Disability Retirements.....	12
▪ Reconciliation of Members.....	13
Development of Costs .....	14
▪ Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet.....	14
▪ Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate .....	15
▪ Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.....	16
▪ Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) .....	17
Actuarial Basis.....	18
▪ Actuarial Methods.....	18
▪ Summary of Actuarial Assumptions .....	20
▪ Summary of Plan Provisions .....	25
Additional Schedules.....	30
▪ Schedule of Funding Progress .....	30
▪ Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities .....	31
Glossary of Terms .....	32

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Contributions

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

Contributions	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
Statutory Contributions - Chapter 352B (% of Payroll)	34.98%	32.56%
Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (% of Payroll)	43.56%	41.24%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(8.58)%	(8.68)%

The contribution deficiency decreased from (8.68)% of payroll to (8.58)% of payroll. The primary reasons for the decreased contribution deficiency are the greater than expected asset returns and a 2.5% of payroll increase in the statutory contribution rate. The 2014 required contribution reflects additional liability due to the assumption that the post-retirement benefit increase rate will increase from 1.0% to 1.5% in 2018 and from 1.5% to 2.5% in 2033. Member and employer contribution rates are scheduled to increase an additional 2.5% of payroll in total over the next three fiscal years. The annual state contribution of \$1 million (1.48% of payroll) is reflected in the statutory contribution rates shown above.

Based on the actuarial value of assets and scheduled contribution rates, statutory contributions are not sufficient to fully amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the statutory amortization period of 24 years. However, on a market value of assets basis, contributions are deficient by (1.52)%, less than the 2.50% of payroll scheduled increase in future statutory contributions.

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the plan assets used for the valuation including a development of the actuarial value of assets (AVA). The market value of assets (MVA) earned approximately 18.6% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014. The AVA earned approximately 14.7% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014 as compared to the assumed rate of 8.0%. The assumed rate is a prescribed assumption mandated by Minnesota Statutes.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

Accounting and financial reporting information prepared according to GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 has been provided in a separate report dated December 1, 2014.



## Summary of Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

	<b>Actuarial Valuation as of</b>	
	<b>July 1, 2014</b>	<b>July 1, 2013</b>
<b>Contributions</b> ( <i>% of Payroll</i> )		
Statutory - Chapter 352B	34.98%	32.56%
Required - Chapter 356	43.56%	41.24%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(8.58)%	(8.68)%
<b>Funding Ratios</b> ( <i>dollars in thousands</i> )		
Assets		
- Current assets (AVA)	\$ 597,870	\$ 552,319
- Current assets (MVA)	667,340	593,201
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current benefit obligations	\$ 777,936	\$ 722,827
- Funding ratio (AVA)	76.85%	76.41%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	85.78%	82.07%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio		
- Actuarial accrued liability	\$ 800,421	\$ 741,850
- Funding ratio (AVA)	74.69%	74.45%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	83.37%	79.96%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current and expected future assets	\$ 848,631	\$ 772,336
- Current and expected future benefit obligations	933,024	853,902
- Projected benefit funding ratio (AVA)	90.95%	90.45%
<b>Participant Data</b>		
Active members		
- Number	858	845
- Projected annual earnings ( <i>000s</i> )	67,386	64,136
- Average projected annual earnings	78,538	75,901
- Average age	41.8	41.9
- Average service	12.4	12.6
Service retirements	776	748
Survivors	155	185
Disability retirements	54	50
Deferred retirements	44	41
Terminated other non-vested	17	18
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,904</b>	<b>1,887</b>

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Effects of Changes

The following changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions, and methods were recognized as of July 1, 2014:

- Effective July 1, 2014, the actuarial accrued liability funding ratio threshold, on a market value of assets basis, that must be attained to pay a 1.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 85% for one year to 85% for two consecutive years. The funding ratio threshold, on a market value of assets basis, that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.
- The interest assumption used to determine optional form conversion factors was changed from an actuarial equivalent rate consistent with the post-retirement discount rate to a fixed rate of 6.5%.
- Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.
- The methodology for valuing post-retirement increases was clarified in statutes, and the assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2017, 1.5% per year from 2018 through 2032, and 2.5% per year thereafter.
- As a result of the additional liability resulting from the change in the assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate, the amortization date was changed from June 30, 2037 to June 30, 2038 per Minnesota Statute 356.215, Subd. 11(c).

Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes.

The combined impact of the above changes was to increase the accrued liability by \$45.3 million and increase the required contribution by 6.3% of pay, as follows:

	<b>Before Changes</b>	<b>Reflecting Assumption Changes</b>	<b>Reflecting Assumption and Amortization Changes</b>
Normal Cost Rate, % of Pay	20.7%	22.8%	22.8%
Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability, % of pay	16.4%	21.1%	20.6%
Expenses (% of Pay)	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Total Required Contribution, % of Pay	37.3%	44.1%	43.6%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	79.2%	74.7%	74.7%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	97.5%	90.7%	91.0%
Unfunded Accrued Liability (in millions)	\$157.3	\$202.6	\$202.6

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Valuation of Future Annual Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

Benefit recipients receive a future annual compounding 1.0% post-retirement benefit increase. The funding ratio (assuming 1.5% post-retirement benefit increases in all future years) threshold, determined on a market value of assets basis, that must be attained to pay a 1.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed in 2014 from 85% for one year to 85% for two consecutive years. Similarly, the funding ratio (assuming 2.5% post-retirement benefit increases in all future years) threshold, determined on a market value of assets basis, that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed in 2014 from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.

Minnesota Statutes were revised in 2014 to establish a process for establishing a post-retirement benefit increase assumption for each valuation. If the plan has not yet reached the threshold required to pay a 1.5% or 2.5% benefit increase, a projection must be performed to determine the expected attainment of the threshold, and the expected change to a 1.5% or 2.5% benefit increase rate must be reflected in the liability calculations.

We performed a projection of liabilities and assets, using the 2014 valuation results as a baseline and assuming future experience follows the valuation assumptions. In addition, the projection utilized the following methods and assumptions:

- Future investment returns and liability discount rates of 8.00% through June 30, 2017; 8.50% thereafter;
- Open group; stable active population (new member profile based on average new members hired in recent years);
- The post-retirement benefit increase rate is assumed to be 1.0% per year until the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 1.5% post-retirement benefit increase is reached; and similarly the post-retirement benefit increase is assumed to be 1.5% per year until the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase is reached.
- Current statutory contribution levels including scheduled increases through 2016 (i.e., not including potential contribution increases under the contribution stabilizer statutes).

Based on these assumptions and methods, the projection indicates that this plan is expected to attain the funding ratio threshold to pay the 1.5% benefit increase in approximately 4 years, and the funding ratio threshold to pay the 2.5% benefit increase in approximately 19 years. The liabilities in this report are based on the assumption that the post-retirement benefit increase will equal 1.0% through 2017, 1.5% from 2018 through 2032, and 2.5% for all years thereafter. This assumption is reflected in our calculations. This is only an assumption; actual timing will depend on actual experience.

## Supplemental Information

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- **Plan assets** presents information about the plan's assets as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has been funded.
- **Membership data** presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- **Development of costs** shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- **Actuarial basis** describes the plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the plan is ongoing.
- **Additional Schedules** includes a summary of funding progress and contributions over the long term.
- **Glossary** defines the terms used in this report.

## Plan Assets

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position *(Dollars in Thousands)*

Assets	Market Value	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Cash, equivalents, short term securities	\$ 17,480	\$ 15,451
Fixed income	155,810	136,228
Equity	493,728	441,300
Other*	72,256	57,861
<b>Total cash, investments, and other assets</b>	<b>\$ 739,274</b>	<b>\$ 650,840</b>
Amounts receivable	701	590
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 739,975</b>	<b>\$ 651,430</b>
Amounts payable*	(72,635)	(58,229)
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pensions</b>	<b>\$ 667,340</b>	<b>\$ 593,201</b>

\* Includes \$72,256 in Securities Lending Collateral as of June 30, 2014 and \$57,861 as of June 30, 2013.

## Plan Assets

### Reconciliation of Plan Assets (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System for the Plan's prior two fiscal years.

<b>Change in Assets</b> <b>Year Ending</b>	<b>Market Value</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2014</b>	<b>June 30, 2013</b>
<b>1. Fund balance at market value at beginning of year</b>	<b>\$ 593,201</b>	<b>\$ 549,956</b>
2. Contributions		
a. Member	7,930	7,703
b. Employer	11,894	11,482
c. Other sources - Supplemental State Aid	1,000	0
d. Total contributions	<u>\$ 20,824</u>	<u>\$ 19,185</u>
3. Investment income		
a. Investment income/(loss)	108,116	77,129
b. Investment expenses	(929)	(814)
c. Net investment income/(loss)	<u>107,187</u>	<u>76,315</u>
4. Other	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>5. Total income: (2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)</b>	<b>\$ 128,011</b>	<b>\$ 95,500</b>
6. Benefits Paid		
a. Annuity benefits	(53,697)	(52,057)
b. Refunds	(25)	(7)
c. Total benefits paid	<u>(53,722)</u>	<u>(52,064)</u>
7. Expenses		
a. Other	0	(1)
b. Administrative	(150)	(190)
c. Total expenses	<u>(150)</u>	<u>(191)</u>
<b>8. Total disbursements: (6.c.) + (7.c.)</b>	<b>(53,872)</b>	<b>(52,255)</b>
<b>9. Fund balance at market value at end of year: (1.) + (5.) + (8.)</b>	<b>\$ 667,340</b>	<b>\$ 593,201</b>
10. State Board of Investment calculated investment return	18.6%	14.2%

## Plan Assets

### Actuarial Asset Value (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	<u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>June 30, 2013</u>																																			
1. Market value of assets available for benefits	\$ 667,340	\$ 593,201																																			
2. Determination of average balance																																					
a. Total assets available at beginning of year	593,201	549,956																																			
b. Total assets available at end of year	667,340	593,201																																			
c. Net investment income for fiscal year	107,187	76,315																																			
d. Average balance $[a. + b. - c.] / 2$	576,677	533,421																																			
3. Expected return $[8.0\% \times 2.d.]$	46,134	42,674																																			
4. Actual return	107,187	76,315																																			
5. Current year asset gain/(loss) $[4. - 3.]$	61,053	33,641																																			
6. Unrecognized asset returns																																					
	<table><tr><th>Original Amount</th><th>Unrecognized Amount %</th><th>\$</th></tr><tr><td>a. Year ended June 30, 2014</td><td>80%</td><td>\$ 48,842</td></tr><tr><td>b. Year ended June 30, 2013</td><td>60%</td><td>20,185</td></tr><tr><td>c. Year ended June 30, 2012</td><td>40%</td><td>(13,696)</td></tr><tr><td>d. Year ended June 30, 2011</td><td>20%</td><td>14,139</td></tr><tr><td>e. Year ended June 30, 2010</td><td></td><td>N/A</td></tr><tr><td><b>f. Unrecognized return adjustment</b></td><td></td><td><b>\$ 69,470</b></td></tr></table>	Original Amount	Unrecognized Amount %	\$	a. Year ended June 30, 2014	80%	\$ 48,842	b. Year ended June 30, 2013	60%	20,185	c. Year ended June 30, 2012	40%	(13,696)	d. Year ended June 30, 2011	20%	14,139	e. Year ended June 30, 2010		N/A	<b>f. Unrecognized return adjustment</b>		<b>\$ 69,470</b>	<table><tr><th>Unrecognized Amount %</th><th>\$</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>N/A</td></tr><tr><td>80%</td><td>\$ 26,913</td></tr><tr><td>60%</td><td>(20,543)</td></tr><tr><td>40%</td><td>28,277</td></tr><tr><td>20%</td><td>6,235</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><b>\$ 40,882</b></td></tr></table>	Unrecognized Amount %	\$		N/A	80%	\$ 26,913	60%	(20,543)	40%	28,277	20%	6,235		<b>\$ 40,882</b>
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40%	28,277																																				
20%	6,235																																				
	<b>\$ 40,882</b>																																				
7. Actuarial value at end of year $(1. - 6.f.)$	\$ 597,870	\$ 552,319																																			
8. Approximate return on actuarial value of assets during fiscal year	14.7%	5.8%																																			
9. Ratio of actuarial value of assets to market value of assets	0.90	0.93																																			

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Active Members

Age	Years of Service as of June 30, 2014									Total
	<3*	3 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35+	
< 25	13									13
Avg. Earnings	36,264									36,264
25 - 29	38	15	20							73
Avg. Earnings	49,458	63,089	64,498							56,379
30 - 34	31	13	43	15						102
Avg. Earnings	50,610	60,753	69,465	80,061						64,183
35 - 39	17	6	54	61	12					150
Avg. Earnings	53,347	70,276	74,368	79,447	85,368					74,767
40 - 44	9	3	50	48	67	6				183
Avg. Earnings	48,802	62,187	77,729	77,705	82,264	82,949				77,877
45 - 49	5	1	16	24	53	27	11			137
Avg. Earnings	58,229	67,735	71,832	77,979	80,894	80,809	83,766			78,616
50 - 54	5	2	9	18	34	28	44	14		154
Avg. Earnings	75,721	75,349	84,599	81,500	81,974	83,586	84,114	84,870		82,951
55 - 59		1	8	4	10	7	6	8		44
Avg. Earnings		124,282	89,478	83,895	77,423	80,706	97,746	88,796		86,630
60 - 64					1		1			2
Avg. Earnings					69,240		89,897			79,569
65 - 69										
Avg. Earnings										
70+										
Avg. Earnings										
<b>Total</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>22</b>		<b>858</b>
<b>Avg. Earnings</b>	<b>50,302</b>	<b>65,538</b>	<b>74,029</b>	<b>79,124</b>	<b>81,662</b>	<b>82,131</b>	<b>85,465</b>	<b>86,298</b>		<b>74,727</b>

\* This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other MSRS or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.



## Membership Data

### Distribution of Service Retirements

Age	Years Retired as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<50								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54	8	17						25
Avg. Benefit	41,646	42,210						42,030
55 - 59	21	94	21					136
Avg. Benefit	53,476	58,347	48,992					56,150
60 - 64	4	21	94	20				139
Avg. Benefit	35,426	51,595	54,403	44,970				52,075
65 - 69			32	113	10			155
Avg. Benefit			45,065	58,324	52,477			55,209
70 - 74			5	27	92	2		126
Avg. Benefit			44,192	50,959	65,981	57,195		61,758
75 - 79				3	29	44		76
Avg. Benefit				54,900	70,976	65,767		67,325
80 - 84					1	23	32	56
Avg. Benefit					78,206	76,462	64,788	69,822
85 - 89						5	40	45
Avg. Benefit						69,618	69,566	69,572
90+							18	18
Avg. Benefit							66,372	66,372
<b>Total</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>776</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>48,420</b>	<b>55,194</b>	<b>51,353</b>	<b>55,402</b>	<b>66,148</b>	<b>69,119</b>	<b>67,229</b>	<b>58,785</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Survivors

Age	Years Since Death as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<45			3	8	1			12
Avg. Benefit			16,594	13,164	11,620			13,893
45 - 49								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54				2	1			3
Avg. Benefit				23,886	61,123			36,298
55 - 59		1		3	1			5
Avg. Benefit		26,301		21,809	16,067			21,559
60 - 64	1	1	6		1			9
Avg. Benefit	6,314	32,856	36,354		48,697			33,999
65 - 69		2	8	7	2			19
Avg. Benefit		29,792	26,763	35,158	45,616			32,159
70 - 74	1	5	5	4	6		1	22
Avg. Benefit	26,111	35,488	51,690	43,267	36,027		32,115	40,152
75 - 79	3	4	1	2	1	3	1	15
Avg. Benefit	28,452	49,255	31,749	26,230	25,954	16,897	40,686	32,261
80 - 84	4	4	5	5	4	2		24
Avg. Benefit	33,145	34,262	27,498	33,319	49,839	28,203		34,561
85 - 89	2	1	9	5	4	7	2	30
Avg. Benefit	28,440	37,765	50,674	43,098	42,581	29,198	64,801	42,350
90+		4	3	3	3	3		16
Avg. Benefit		26,881	16,922	26,310	27,390	34,992		26,523
<b>Total</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>155</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>27,931</b>	<b>35,252</b>	<b>35,413</b>	<b>29,517</b>	<b>38,446</b>	<b>27,764</b>	<b>50,601</b>	<b>33,497</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Disability Retirements

Age	Years Disabled as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
< 45	1		3					4
Avg. Benefit	36,954		32,512					33,623
45 - 49	2	1	1					4
Avg. Benefit	41,272	38,543	43,254					41,085
50 - 54	1	5	4	1				11
Avg. Benefit	41,762	52,601	50,144	30,355				48,700
55 - 59		2	1	2	2			7
Avg. Benefit		46,483	59,149	35,102	24,691			38,815
60 - 64			3	4	1	2		10
Avg. Benefit			51,194	33,753	42,759	44,814		42,098
65 - 69			1	5	1			7
Avg. Benefit			48,008	40,741	49,215			42,990
70 - 74				1		2	3	6
Avg. Benefit				33,428		59,535	37,780	44,307
75+						2	3	5
Avg. Benefit						62,617	47,245	53,394
<b>Total</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>54</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>40,315</b>	<b>49,314</b>	<b>46,316</b>	<b>36,362</b>	<b>35,339</b>	<b>55,655</b>	<b>42,513</b>	<b>43,721</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years since disability combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Reconciliation of Members

	Actives	Terminated		Recipients			Total
		Deferred Retirement	Other Non-Vested	Service Retirement	Disability Retirement	Survivor	
<b>Members on 7/1/2013</b>	<b>845</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>748</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>1,887</b>
New Members	57	0	0	0	0	0	57
Return to active	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated non-vested	(3)	0	3	0	0	0	0
Service retirements	(30)	(1)	0	31	0	0	0
Terminated deferred	(6)	6	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated refund/transfer	(1)	0	(6)	0	0	0	(7)
Deaths	0	0	0	(21)	0	(25)	(46)
New beneficiary	0	0	0	0	0	11	11
Disabled	(4)	0	0	0	4	0	0
Unexpected status change	0	(2)	2	18	0	(16)	2
Net change	13	3	(1)	28	4	(30)	17
<b>Members on 6/30/2014</b>	<b>858</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>776</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>1,904</b>

Terminated Member Statistics on June 30, 2014	Deferred Retirement	Other Non-Vested	Total
Number	44	17	61
Average age	44.5	38.2	42.7
Average service	7.9	0.5	5.8
Average annual benefit, with augmentation to Normal Retirement Date and 30% CSA load	\$ 26,956	N/A	\$26,956
Average refund value, with 30% CSA load	\$ 95,947	\$4,329	\$70,414

## Development of Costs

### Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B.2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B.1 is the present value of the total 34.98% statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory unfunded amortization date.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.

	<b>June 30, 2014</b>		
A. Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 597,870		
B. Expected Future Assets			
1. Present value of expected future statutory supplemental contributions*	118,158		
2. Present value of future normal cost contributions	132,603		
3. Total expected future assets: (1.) + (2.)	250,761		
C. Total Current and Expected Future Assets	\$ 848,631		
D. Current Benefit Obligations**			
1. Benefit recipients	<b>Non-Vested</b>	<b>Vested</b>	<b>Total</b>
a. Service retirements	\$ 0	\$ 471,422	\$ 471,422
b. Disability retirements	0	27,906	27,906
c. Survivors	0	38,538	38,538
2. Deferred retirements with augmentation	0	7,711	7,711
3. Former members without vested rights***	40	0	40
4. Active members	1,395	230,924	232,319
5. Total Current Benefit Obligations	\$ 1,435	\$ 776,501	\$ 777,936
E. Expected Future Benefit Obligations	155,088		
F. Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligations****	933,024		
G. Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations: (D.5.) - (A.)	180,066		
H. Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations: (F.) - (C.)	84,393		
I. Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio: (A.)/(D.5.)	76.85%		
J. Projected Benefit Funding Ratio: (C.)/(F.)	90.95%		

\* Includes \$1,000,000 state contribution; excludes future scheduled contribution increases

\*\* Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service)

\*\*\* Former members who have not satisfied vesting requirements and have not collected a refund of member contributions as of the valuation date

\*\*\*\* Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service)

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits	Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs	Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)			
1. Active members			
a. Retirement annuities	\$ 358,896	\$ 114,824	\$ 244,072
b. Disability benefits	19,343	10,620	8,723
c. Survivor's benefits	4,697	3,166	1,531
d. Deferred retirements	4,154	3,481	673
e. Refunds*	317	512	(195)
f. Total	\$ 387,407	\$ 132,603	\$ 254,804
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation	7,711	0	7,711
3. Former members without vested rights	40	0	40
4. Benefit recipients	537,866	0	537,866
5. Total	\$ 933,024	\$ 132,603	\$ 800,421
B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)			
1. Actuarial accrued liability			\$ 800,421
2. Current assets (AVA)			597,870
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability			\$ 202,551
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate**			
1. Present value of future payrolls through the amortization date of June 30, 2038			\$ 983,828
2. Supplemental contribution rate: $(B.3.) / (C.1.)$			20.59% ***
* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.			
** The amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) using the current amortization method results in initial payments less than the "interest only" payment on the UAAL. Payments less than the interest only amount will result in the UAAL increasing for an initial period of time.			
*** The amortization factor as of June 30, 2014 is 14.59989.			

## Development of Costs

### Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Year Ending June 30, 2014		
	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Current Assets	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability at beginning of year	\$ 741,850	\$ 552,319	\$ 189,531
B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding			
1. Normal cost, including expenses	\$ 13,477	\$ 0	\$ 13,477
2. Benefit payments	(53,722)	(53,722)	0
3. Contributions	0	20,824	(20,824)
4. Interest on A., B.1., B.2. and B.3.	<u>60,409</u>	<u>42,870</u>	<u>17,539</u>
5. Total (B.1. + B.2. + B.3. + B.4.)	20,164	9,972	10,192
C. Expected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability at end of year (A. + B.5.)			\$ 199,723
D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviations from expected			
1. Age and service retirements			\$ (699)
2. Disability retirements			1,071
3. Death-in-service benefits			(192)
4. Withdrawals			69
5. Salary increases			(2,485)
6. Investment income			(35,579)
7. Mortality of annuitants			(2,925)
8. Other items			<u>(1,710)</u>
9. Total			(42,450)
E. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability at end of year before plan amendments and changes in actuarial assumptions (C. + D.9.)			\$ 157,273
F. Change in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability due to changes in plan provisions			0
G. Change in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability due to changes in actuarial assumptions			45,278
H. Change in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability due to changes in methodology			0
I. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability at end of year (E. + F. + G. + H.)*			\$ 202,551

\* The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability on a market value of assets basis is \$133,081.

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota Statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

	<b>Percent of Payroll</b>	<b>Dollar Amount</b>
A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 353E		
1. Employee contributions	13.40%	\$ 9,030
2. Employer contributions	20.10%	13,545
3. State contributions***	1.48%	1,000
4. Total	34.98%	\$ 23,575
B. Required contributions - Chapter 356		
1. Normal cost		
a. Retirement benefits	19.68%	\$ 13,261
b. Disability benefits	1.85%	1,247
c. Survivors	0.57%	384
d. Deferred retirement benefits	0.55%	371
e. Refunds*	0.09%	61
f. Total	22.74%	\$ 15,324
2. Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2038	20.59%	\$ 13,875
3. Allowance for expenses	0.23%	\$ 155
4. Total	43.56% **	\$ 29,354
C. Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.4. - B.4.)	(8.58)%	\$ (5,779)

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: \$67,386.

\* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

\*\* The required contribution on a Market Value of Assets basis is 36.50% of payroll.

\*\*\* Contributions paid until both the Public Employees Retirement Association Police and Fire Plan and the State Patrol Retirement Fund reach 90% funding (on a Market Value of Assets basis).



## **Actuarial Basis**

### **Actuarial Methods**

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the MSRS Board of Directors. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would be different.

### **Actuarial Cost Method**

Actuarial Accrued Liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent of payroll assuming payroll increases. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

### **Select and Ultimate Discount Rate Methodology**

Based on direction from the LCPR's actuary, the select and ultimate discount rate methodology is applied to the entry age normal results as follows:

1. The present value of projected benefits is calculated using the prescribed select and ultimate discount rates.
2. An equivalent single interest rate that produces approximately the same present value of projected benefits is determined.
3. The equivalent single interest rate is used to determine the entry age normal accrued liability and normal cost.

The equivalent single interest rate used in this valuation is 8.40% (8.37% last year).

### **Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases**

If the plan has reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 1.5% or 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require the 1.5% or 2.5% benefit increase rate to be reflected in the liability calculations. If the plan has not yet reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 1.5% or 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require a projection to be performed to determine the expected attainment of the funding ratio thresholds, and the expected payment of 1.5% or 2.5% benefit increases must be reflected in the liability calculations.

## Actuarial Basis

### Actuarial Methods (Concluded)

#### **Funding Objective**

The fundamental financing objective of the fund is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.

#### **Decrement Timing**

All decrements are assumed to occur mid-fiscal year.

#### **Asset Valuation Method**

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at 20% per year; and
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.

#### **Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability**

Payment equals a level percentage of payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2038 assuming payroll increases of 3.75% per annum. If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date will be re-determined. Projected payroll is multiplied by 0.959 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences (as required by the Standards for Actuarial Work).

#### **Changes in Methods since Prior Valuation**

The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in Minnesota Statutes.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the MSRS Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. The assumptions prescribed are based on the last experience study, dated February 2012, prepared by a former actuary.

The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity was also based on a recommendation by a former actuary. We are unable to judge the reasonableness of this assumption without performing a substantial amount of additional work beyond the scope of the assignment.

Investment return	Select and Ultimate Rates: July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2017	8.00% per annum
	July 1, 2017 and later	8.50% per annum
Benefit increases after retirement	1.00% per annum through 2017, 1.50% per annum from 2018 to 2032, and 2.5% per annum thereafter	
Salary increases	Reported salary at valuation date increased according to the rate table, to current fiscal year and annually for each future year. Prior fiscal year salary is annualized for members with less than one year of service.	
Inflation	3.00% per year.	
Payroll growth	3.75% per year.	
Mortality rates		
Healthy Pre-retirement	RP-2000 employee generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment.	
Healthy Post-retirement	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, set back two years for males and set forward one year for females.	
	The RP-2000 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) contains mortality rates for ages 15 to 70 and the annuitant mortality table contains mortality rates for ages 50 to 95. We have applied the annuitant mortality table for active members beyond age 70 until the assumed retirement age and the employee mortality table for annuitants younger than age 50.	
Disabled	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, set back two years for males and set forward one year for females.	
Retirement	Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the age related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the highest assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one year.	

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Withdrawal	Select and Ultimate rates based on actual experience. Ultimate rates after the third year are shown in rate table. Select rates in the first three years are:								
	<table> <tr> <th><u>Year</u></th><th><u>Select Withdrawal Rates</u></th></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>5%</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>2%</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>2%</td></tr> </table>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Select Withdrawal Rates</u>	1	5%	2	2%	3	2%
<u>Year</u>	<u>Select Withdrawal Rates</u>								
1	5%								
2	2%								
3	2%								
Disability	Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates. All incidences are assumed to be duty-related.								
Allowance for combined service annuity	Liabilities for former members are increased by 30.00% to account for the effect of some participants having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity.								
Administrative expenses	Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll.								
Refund of contributions	All employees withdrawing after becoming eligible for a deferred benefit take the larger of their contributions accumulated with interest or the value of their deferred benefit. Account balances for deferred members accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are discounted back to the valuation date.								
Commencement of deferred benefits	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 55.								
Percentage married	85% of active members are assumed to be married. Actual marital status is used for members in payment status.								
Age of spouse	Females are assumed to be two years younger than their spouses, and males are assumed to be two years older than their spouses.								
Eligible children	Each member may have two dependent children depending on member's age. Assumed first born child born at member's age 28 and second born child at member's age 31.								
Form of payment	<p>Married members retiring from active status are assumed to elect subsidized joint and survivor form of annuity as follows:</p> <table> <tr> <td>Males:</td><td>15% elect 50% Joint &amp; Survivor option 25% elect 75% Joint &amp; Survivor option 35% elect 100% Joint &amp; Survivor option</td></tr> <tr> <td>Females:</td><td>25% elect 50% Joint &amp; Survivor option 30% elect 75% Joint &amp; Survivor option 5% elect 100% Joint &amp; Survivor option</td></tr> </table> <p>Remaining married members and unmarried members are assumed to elect the Straight Life option.</p>	Males:	15% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option 25% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option 35% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option	Females:	25% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option 30% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option 5% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option				
Males:	15% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option 25% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option 35% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option								
Females:	25% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option 30% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option 5% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option								
Eligibility testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.								
Decrement operation	Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.								
Service credit accruals	It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.								

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain members	<p>To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.</p> <p>There are no members reported with missing gender or birth dates. In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:</p> <p><u>Data for active members:</u> There were no members reported with missing salary and no members reported with missing service.</p> <p><u>Data for terminated members:</u> There was 1 member reported without a benefit. We calculated benefits for this member using the reported Credited Service and Termination Date. Average Salary was not reported, so we assumed a value of \$35,000.</p> <p><u>Data for members receiving benefits:</u> There were no members reported without a benefit.</p> <p>There were no survivors reported with an expired benefit.</p> <p>There were 5 retirees reported with a bounce back annuity but were not reported with a reasonable reduction factor. A factor of 0.80, 0.85 and 0.90 was assumed for the 100%, 75% and 50% joint and survivor annuity, respectively.</p> <p>There were 10 retirees reported with a survivor option and a survivor date of death. We assumed no benefit was payable to the survivor, and the member benefit already reflected the increase to the life annuity value (i.e. "bounce back"), if applicable.</p> <p>For retirees that elected a survivor benefit option, we used the valuation assumptions if the survivor date of birth was missing or invalid (220 members) and/or the survivor gender was missing or invalid (238 members).</p> <p>At MSRS' direction, we changed the status of 18 members who were reported with a disabled status at the beginning of the year and a retired status at the end of the year back to disabled status.</p>
Changes in actuarial assumptions	<p>Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.</p> <p>The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2017, 1.5% per year from 2018 through 2032, and 2.5% per year thereafter. See page 4 for additional detail about this assumption.</p>

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Age	Rate (%)*					
	Healthy		Healthy		Disability	
	Post-Retirement Mortality**		Pre-Retirement Mortality**		Mortality*	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	0.03%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%
25	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02
30	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03
35	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05
40	0.08	0.07	0.09	0.06	0.08	0.07
45	0.11	0.11	0.13	0.10	0.11	0.11
50	0.17	0.25	0.20	0.16	0.17	0.25
55	0.57	0.39	0.27	0.24	0.57	0.39
60	0.57	0.61	0.43	0.38	0.57	0.61
65	0.92	1.01	0.67	0.59	0.92	1.01
70	1.58	1.69	0.98	0.88	1.58	1.69

\* Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. Due to the combination of pre-retirement rates, post-retirement rates, the white collar adjustment, and Projection Scale AA, the prescribed mortality tables have a few ages where assumed mortality decreases slightly instead of increases. We have used the rates as prescribed, but note that the prescribed assumption may not be reasonable at every age. If the rates were reasonably adjusted so that they decreased at all ages, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.

\*\* These rates were adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale AA.

Age	Withdrawal Rates		Disability Retirement	
	After Third Year			
	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	1.47%	1.47%	0.03%	0.03%
25	1.13	1.13	0.05	0.05
30	0.80	0.80	0.06	0.06
35	0.47	0.47	0.09	0.09
40	0.40	0.40	0.14	0.14
45	0.40	0.40	0.23	0.23
50	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.40
55	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.70
60	0.00	0.00	1.13	1.13
65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

Age	Retirement	Salary Scale	
		Year	Increase
50	7 %	1	8.00%
51	6	2	7.50
52	6	3	7.00
53	6	4	6.75
54	3	5	6.50
55	65	6	6.25
56	50	7	6.00
57	30	8	5.85
58	20	9	5.70
59	20	10	5.55
60+	100	11	5.40
		12	5.25
		13	5.10
		14	4.95
		15	4.80
		16	4.65
		17	4.50
		18	4.35
		19	4.20
		20	4.05
		21+	4.00

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

Plan year	July 1 through June 30		
Eligibility	State troopers, conservation officers, certain crime bureau and gambling enforcement officers, and certain other persons listed in Minnesota Statutes 352B.011 subdivision 10.		
Contributions	Percent of Salary		
	<b><u>Effective Date</u></b>	<b><u>Member</u></b>	<b><u>Employer</u></b>
	July 1, 2011 – June 30, 2014	12.40%	18.60%
	July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2016	13.40%	20.10%
	July 1, 2016 and later	14.40%	21.60%
	Member contributions are “picked up” according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h).		
State Contributions	\$1 million paid annually on October 1 until both the Public Employees Retirement Association Police and Fire Plan and the State Patrol Retirement Fund become 90% funded (on a Market Value of Assets basis).		
Allowable service	Service during which member contributions were deducted. Includes period receiving temporary Worker's Compensation and reduced salary from employer. See Normal Retirement benefit definition below for information about service limits.		
Salary	Salaries excluding lump sum payments at separation.		
Average salary	Average of the five highest years of Salary. Average Salary is based on all Allowable Service if less than five years. Average Salary is based on all years without regard to any service limits.		

#### Retirement

##### Normal retirement benefit

Age/Service requirement	Age 55 and three years (ten years if first hired after June 30, 2013) of Allowable Service.
Amount	3.00% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service up to 33 years. Members with at least 28 years of service as of July 1, 2013 are not subject to this service limit. Member contributions made after the service cap will be refunded at retirement.

##### Early retirement benefit

Age/Service requirement	Age 50 and three years (ten years if first hired after June 30, 2013) of Allowable Service.
Amount	Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at retirement reduced by 1/10% for each month that the member is under age 55. If the effective date of retirement is after June 30, 2015, the reduction is 0.34% for each month that the member is under age 55 at the time of retirement.

##### Form of payment

Life annuity.

Actuarially equivalent options are:

50%, 75%, or 100% Joint and Survivor, or 15-year certain. If a Joint and Survivor benefit is elected and the beneficiary predeceases the annuitant, the annuitant's benefit increases to the Life Annuity amount. This “bounce back” is subsidized by the plan.



## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

#### Retirement (Concluded)

##### Benefit increases

Since January 1, 2014, benefit recipients receive annual 1.0% benefit increases. When the funding ratio reaches 85% for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will increase to 1.5%; the benefit will revert to 2.5% when the funding ratio reaches 90% for two consecutive years (actuarial accrued liability funding ratio determined using Market Value of Assets). A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least six months but less than 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a pro rata increase.

#### Disability

##### Occupational disability benefit

###### Age/Service requirement

Member who cannot perform his duties as a direct result of a disability relating to an act of duty.

###### Amount

60% of Average Salary plus 3.00% of Average Salary for each year in excess of 20 years of Allowable Service (pro rata for completed months).

Payments cease at age 65 or earlier if disability ceases or death occurs.

Benefits may be paid upon re-employment but salary plus benefit cannot exceed current salary of position held at time of disability.

##### Non-duty disability benefit

###### Age/Service requirement

At least one year of Allowable Service and disability not related to covered employment.

###### Amount

Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service (minimum of 15 years) and Average Salary at disability without reduction for commencement before age 55.

Payments cease at age 65 or earlier if disability ceases or death occurs.

Benefits may be paid upon re-employment but salary plus benefit cannot exceed current salary of position held at time of disability.

##### Retirement after disability

###### Age/Service requirement

Age 65 with continued disability.

###### Amount

Optional annuity continues. Otherwise, normal retirement benefit equal to the disability benefit paid, or an actuarially equivalent option.

##### Form of payment

Same as for retirement.

##### Benefit increases

Same as for retirement.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

#### Death

##### Surviving spouse benefit

Age/Service requirement    Member who is active or receiving a disability benefit or former member.

Amount    50% of Average Salary if member was active or occupational disability and either had less than three years (five years if first hired after June 30, 2013) of Allowable Service or was under age 55. Annuity is paid for life.

Surviving spouse receives the 100% joint and survivor benefit commencing on the member's 55th birthday if member was active or a disability with three years (five years if first hired after June 30, 2013) of Allowable Service. A spouse who had been receiving the 50% benefit shall be entitled to the greater benefit.

The surviving spouse of a former member receives the 100% joint and survivor benefit commencing on the member's 55th birthday if former member had three years (five years if first hired after June 30, 2013) of Allowable Service.

Benefit increases    Same as for retirement.

##### Surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/Service requirement    Member who is active or receiving a disability benefit. Child must be unmarried, under age 18 (or 23 if full-time student) and dependent upon the member.

Amount    10% of Average Salary for each child and \$20 per month prorated among all dependent children. Benefit must not be less than 50% nor exceed 70% of Average Salary.

Benefit increases    Same as for retirement.

##### Refund of contributions

Age/Service requirement    Member dies before receiving any retirement benefits and survivor benefits are not payable.

Amount    Member contributions with 6.00% interest compounded daily until June 30, 2011 and 4.00% thereafter.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

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#### Termination

##### Refund of contributions

Age/service requirement	Termination of state service.
Amount	Member contributions with 6.00% interest compounded daily to June 30, 2011 and 4.00% thereafter.  If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.

##### Deferred benefit

Age/service requirement	Three years (ten years if first hired after June 30, 2013) of Allowable Service.
Amount	Benefit is computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following annual augmentation percentage:  (a.) 0.00% before July 1, 1971; (b.) 5.00% from July 1, 1971 to January 1, 1981; (c.) 3.00% thereafter (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006) until January 1, 2012; and (d.) 2.00% after December 31, 2011 until the annuity begins.  Amount is payable at normal or early retirement.  If a member terminated employment prior to July 1, 1997 but was not eligible to commence their pension before July 1, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

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#### Optional form conversion factors

Actuarially equivalent factors based on RP-2000 for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2027 using scale AA, set back two years for males and set forward one year for females, blended 95% males, and 6.5% interest.

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#### Combined service annuity

Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:

- (a.) Have sufficient allowable service in total that equals or exceeds the applicable service credit vesting requirement of the retirement plan with the longest applicable service credit vesting requirement; and
- (b.) Have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and
- (c.) Are not in receipt of a benefit from another plan, or have applied for benefits with an effective date within one year.

Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:

- (a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement.
- (b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.

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## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Concluded)

<b>Contribution stabilizer</b>	<p>The following is a summary of contribution stabilizer provisions in Minnesota Statute 352.045:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If a contribution sufficiency of at least 1.0% has existed for two consecutive years, member contributions are decreased by at most 0.25% and employer contributions are decreased by at most 0.375% to a level that is necessary to maintain a 2.0% sufficiency. A contribution rate decrease under this section must not be made until at least two years have passed since fully implementing a previous decrease.</li> <li>• If a contribution deficiency of at least 0.5% has existed for two consecutive years, the member and employer contribution rates are increased as follows:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ If the contribution deficiency is less than 2.0%, member contributions are increased 0.25% and employer contributions are increased by 0.375%.</li> <li>○ If the contribution deficiency is greater than 1.99% and less than 4.01%, member contributions are increased 0.50% and employer contributions are increased by 0.75%.</li> <li>○ If the contribution deficiency is greater than 4.0%, member contributions are increased by 0.75% and employer contributions are increased by 1.125%.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Changes in plan provisions</b>	<p>The funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 1.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 85% for one year to 85% for two consecutive years. The funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.</p> <p>The interest assumption used to determine optional form conversion factors was changed from an actuarial equivalent rate consistent with the post-retirement discount rate to a fixed rate of 6.5%.</p>

## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Funding Progress<sup>1</sup> (*Dollars in Thousands*)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)
7-1-1991	\$ 200,068	\$ 224,033	\$ 23,965	89.30%	\$ 32,365	74.05 %
7-1-1992	222,314	233,656	11,342	95.15	32,882	34.49
7-1-1993	244,352	258,202	13,850	94.64	35,765	38.73
7-1-1994	262,570	275,377	12,807	95.35	35,341	36.24
7-1-1995	284,918	283,078	(1,840)	100.65	37,518	(4.90)
7-1-1996	323,868	303,941	(19,927)	106.56	41,476	(48.04)
7-1-1997	375,650	332,427	(43,223)	113.00	41,996	(102.92)
7-1-1998	430,011	371,369	(58,642)	115.79	43,456	(134.95)
7-1-1999	472,687	406,215	(66,472)	116.36	45,333	(146.63)
7-1-2000	528,573	458,384	(70,189)	115.31	48,167	(145.72)
7-1-2001	572,815	489,483	(83,332)	117.02	48,935	(170.29)
7-1-2002	591,383	510,344	(81,039)	115.88	49,278	(164.45)
7-1-2003	591,521	538,980	(52,541)	109.75	54,175	(96.98)
7-1-2004	594,785	545,244	(49,542)	109.09	51,619	(95.98)
7-1-2005	601,220	566,764	(34,456)	106.08	55,142	(62.49)
7-1-2006	618,990	641,479	22,489	96.49	57,765	38.93
7-1-2007	617,901	673,444	55,543	91.75	61,498	90.32
7-1-2008	595,082	693,686	98,604	85.79	60,029	164.26
7-1-2009	584,501	725,334	140,833	80.58	61,511	228.96
7-1-2010	567,211	683,360	116,149	83.00	63,250	183.63
7-1-2011	563,046	700,898	137,852	80.33	63,250	217.95
7-1-2012	554,244	760,955	206,711	72.84	62,524 <sup>2</sup>	330.61
7-1-2013	552,319	741,850	189,531	74.45	62,121 <sup>2</sup>	305.10
7-1-2014	597,870	800,421	202,551	74.69	63,952 <sup>2</sup>	316.72

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 12.4%.

## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

Plan Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Required Contribution Rate (a)	Actual Covered Payroll (b)	Actual Member Contributions (c)	Annual Required Contributions [(a)x(b)] - (c) = (d)	Actual Employer Contributions <sup>2</sup> (e)	Percentage Contributed (e)/(d)
1991	22.15%	\$ 32,365	\$ 2,751	\$ 4,418	\$ 4,825	109.21%
1992	22.58	32,882	2,795	4,630	4,893	105.68
1993	22.27	35,765	3,040	4,925	5,288	107.37
1994	21.94	35,341	3,004	4,750	5,159	108.61
1995	21.79	37,518	3,189	4,986	5,583	111.97
1996	21.34	41,476	3,484	5,367	5,742	106.99
1997	21.33	41,996	3,746	5,212	6,151	118.02
1998	15.67	43,456	3,634	3,176	5,475	172.39
1999	14.14	45,333	3,850	2,560	5,712	223.13
2000	15.17	48,167	4,044	3,263	6,069	185.99
2001	15.48	48,935	4,145	3,430	6,166	179.77
2002	14.00	49,278	4,215	2,684	6,209	231.33
2003	14.34	54,175	4,555	3,214	6,826	212.38
2004	17.81	51,619	4,493	4,700	6,504	138.39
2005	18.15	55,142	4,517	5,491	6,670	121.47
2006	19.84	57,765	4,719	6,741	7,055	104.66
2007	26.69	61,498	4,987	11,427	7,461	65.30
2008	29.90	60,029	5,594	12,355	8,279	67.01
2009	34.49	61,511	6,216	14,999	9,178	61.19
2010	38.16	63,250	6,726	17,410	10,104	58.04
2011	33.84	63,250	6,578	14,826	9,873	66.59
2012	36.25	62,524 <sup>3</sup>	7,753	14,912	11,620	77.92
2013	42.52	62,121 <sup>3</sup>	7,703	18,711	11,482	61.37
2014	41.24	63,952 <sup>3</sup>	7,930	18,444	12,894	69.91
2015	43.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Includes contributions from other sources (if applicable).

<sup>3</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 12.4%.

## Glossary of Terms

<b><i>Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.
<b><i>Accrued Liability Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.
<b><i>Actuarial Assumptions</i></b>	Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.
<b><i>Actuarial Cost Method</i></b>	A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Equivalent</i></b>	Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value (APV)</i></b>	The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits</i></b>	The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.
<b><i>Actuarial Valuation</i></b>	The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for developing and monitoring a retirement system's funding policy, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).
<b><i>Actuarial Value of Assets</i></b>	The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

<b><i>Amortization Method</i></b>	A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.
<b><i>Amortization Payment</i></b>	That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Amortization Period</i></b>	The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.
<b><i>Annual Required Contribution (ARC)</i></b>	The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.
<b><i>Augmentation</i></b>	Annual increases to deferred benefits.
<b><i>Closed Amortization Period</i></b>	A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.
<b><i>Current Benefit Obligations</i></b>	The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on current service and including future salary increases to retirement.
<b><i>Employer Normal Cost</i></b>	The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.
<b><i>Expected Assets</i></b>	The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members.
<b><i>Experience Gain/Loss</i></b>	A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.



## Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

<b><i>GASB</i></b>	Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27</i></b>	These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting and financial reporting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves. These statements remain in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. Please refer to the definition for GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 below.
<b><i>GASB Statement No. 50</i></b>	The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions. This statement remains in effect for pension plans that are not administered as trusts. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 below.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68</i></b>	Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the requirements of Statements No. 25, No. 27 and No. 50, respectively, for pension plans administered as trusts. Statement No. 68 sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67 sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting and financial reporting information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report beginning with the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.
<b><i>Normal Cost</i></b>	The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.
<b><i>Projected Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits.
<b><i>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.
<b><i>Valuation Date</i></b>	The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits is determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.

**MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**JUDGES RETIREMENT FUND**

ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 2014

December 12, 2014

Minnesota State Retirement System  
Judges Retirement Fund  
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Board of Directors:

The results of the July 1, 2014 annual actuarial valuation of the Judges Retirement Fund are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Fund only in its entirety. GRS is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Fund's funding progress, to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 in this report. Please see the separate report dated December 1, 2014.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by MSRS.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

Guidance regarding the selection of economic assumptions for measuring pension obligations is provided by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) No. 27. A revision of ASOP No. 27, applicable to valuation dates on or after September 30, 2014, will guide assumption setting for future valuations. A recent review of inflation and investment return assumptions for accounting and financial reporting purposes developed a recommended range of 6.99% to 7.92% for the assumed investment return. Additional review and discussion will be required before the next valuation.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

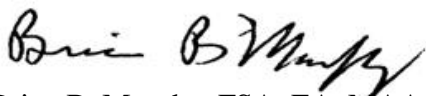
Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Judges Retirement Fund as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

Based on the current statutory contributions, the unfunded liability will not be eliminated if all actuarial assumptions are met.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.

Respectfully submitted,



Brian B. Murphy, FSA, EA, MAAA



Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, MAAA

BBM/BJW:sc

## Contents

Summary of Valuation Results .....	1
Supplemental Information .....	5
Plan Assets .....	6
▪ Statement of Fiduciary Net Position .....	6
▪ Reconciliation of Plan Assets .....	7
▪ Actuarial Asset Value .....	8
Membership Data .....	9
▪ Distribution of Active Members .....	9
▪ Distribution of Service Retirements .....	10
▪ Distribution of Survivors .....	11
▪ Distribution of Disability Retirements .....	12
▪ Reconciliation of Members .....	13
Development of Costs .....	14
▪ Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet .....	14
▪ Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate .....	15
▪ Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability .....	16
▪ Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) .....	17
Actuarial Basis .....	18
▪ Actuarial Methods .....	18
▪ Summary of Actuarial Assumptions .....	20
▪ Summary of Plan Provisions .....	24
Additional Schedules .....	28
▪ Schedule of Funding Progress .....	28
▪ Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities .....	29
Glossary of Terms .....	30

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Contributions

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

Contributions for Fiscal Year Beginning	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
Statutory Contributions - Chapter 490* (% of Payroll)	31.02%	30.96%
Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (% of Payroll)	41.26%	42.42%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(10.24)%	(11.46)%

The contribution deficiency decreased from (11.46)% of payroll to (10.24)% of payroll. The primary reason for the decreased contribution deficiency is the greater than expected return on assets. A significant contribution deficiency remains. Without further changes or favorable actuarial experience, the funded status will deteriorate in the future and assets will be depleted. Plan changes affecting members first hired after June 30, 2013 are expected to ultimately reduce the cost of the plan, but have only a small impact on the valuation results in the 2014 valuation. On a market value of assets basis, contributions are deficient by (7.27)% of payroll.

Statutory contributions are not sufficient to fully amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the statutory amortization period of 25 years. Based on the current member and employer contribution rates and other methods and assumptions described in this report, an infinite number of years would be required to eliminate the unfunded liability (the unfunded liability will never be eliminated). Furthermore, based on current contributions, the payment on the unfunded liability as a percent of pay will increase without limit to an infinite value.

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the plan assets used for the valuation including a development of the actuarial value of assets (AVA). The market value of assets (MVA) earned approximately 18.6% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014. The AVA earned approximately 14.5% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014 as compared to the assumed rate of 8.0%. The assumed rate is a prescribed assumption mandated by Minnesota Statutes.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

Accounting and financial reporting information prepared according to GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 was provided to MSRS in a separate report dated December 1, 2014.

*\* Statutory contributions reflect the fact that member contributions for Judges at the maximum benefit level are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan. If these contributions were not directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan, the statutory contribution rate would be 31.36% instead of 31.02% as of July 1, 2014 and 31.50% instead of 30.96% as of July 1, 2013.*

## Summary of Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
<b>Contributions (% of Payroll)</b>		
Statutory - Chapter 490*	31.02%	30.96%
Required - Chapter 356	41.26%	42.42%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(10.24%)	(11.46%)
<b>Funding Ratios (dollars in thousands)</b>		
Assets		
- Current assets (AVA)	\$ 157,528	\$ 144,918
- Current assets (MVA)	175,556	155,398
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current benefit obligations	\$ 285,139	\$ 274,005
- Funding ratio (AVA)	55.25%	52.89%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	61.57%	56.71%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio		
- Actuarial accrued liability	\$ 298,233	\$ 284,513
- Funding ratio (AVA)	52.82%	50.94%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	58.87%	54.62%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current and expected future assets	\$ 287,376	\$ 266,246
- Current and expected future benefit obligations	349,492	332,430
- Projected benefit funding ratio (AVA)	82.23%	80.09%
<b>Participant Data</b>		
Active Members		
- Number	316	309
- Projected annual earnings (000s)	43,527	40,545
- Average projected annual earnings	137,744	131,214
- Average age	56.8	57.1
- Average service	9.9	10.4
Service Retirements	227	210
Survivors	84	98
Disability Retirements	24	24
Deferred Retirements	16	16
Terminated other Non-Vested	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>667</b>	<b>657</b>

\* Statutory contributions reflect the fact that member contributions for Judges at the maximum benefit level are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan. If these contributions were not directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan, the statutory contribution rate would be 31.36% instead of 31.02% as of July 1, 2014 and 31.50% instead of 30.96% as of July 1, 2013.

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Effects of Changes

The following changes were recognized as of July 1, 2014:

- Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.
- The actuarial accrued liability funding ratio threshold, on a market value of assets basis, that must be attained to pay a 2.0% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 70% for one year to 70% for two consecutive years. The funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.
- The 10-year certain and life thereafter optional form of payment is no longer available.

The combined impact of the above changes was to increase the accrued liability by \$1.6 million and increase the required contribution by 0.3% of pay, as follows:

	<b>Before Assumption Changes</b>	<b>Reflecting Assumption Changes</b>
Normal Cost Rate, % of Pay	17.9%	17.9%
Amortization of UAAL*, % of pay	22.9%	23.2%
Expenses (% of Pay)	0.1%	0.1%
Total Required Contribution, % of Pay	40.9%	41.2%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	53.1%	52.8%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	82.5%	82.2%
UAAL* (in millions)	\$139.1	\$140.7

*\*Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.*

Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes.



## Summary of Valuation Results

### Valuation of Future Annual Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A very important assumption affecting the valuation results is the expectation of future annual post-retirement benefit increases. The plan's accrued liability funding ratio (on a market value of assets basis and assuming 1.75% post-retirement benefit increases in all future years) is currently 58.9%. The funding ratio (assuming 2.0% post-retirement benefit increases in all future years) threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.0% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed in 2014 from 70% for one year to 70% for two consecutive years. Similarly, the funding ratio (assuming 2.5% post-retirement benefit increases in all future years) threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.5% postretirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed in 2014 from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.

Minnesota Statutes were revised in 2014 to establish a process for establishing a post-retirement benefit increase assumption for each valuation. If the plan has not yet reached the threshold required to pay a 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increase, a projection must be performed to determine the expected attainment of the threshold, and the expected change to a 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increase rate must be reflected in the liability calculations.

We performed a projection of liabilities and assets, using the 2014 valuation results as a baseline and assuming future experience follows the valuation assumptions (including future investment returns of 8.0% for three years and 8.5% thereafter). In addition, the projection utilized the following methods and assumptions:

- Future investment returns of 8.00% through June 30, 2017; 8.50% thereafter;
- Open group; stable active population (new member profile based on average new members hired in recent years);
- The post-retirement benefit increase rate is assumed to be 1.75% per year until the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.00% post-retirement benefit increase is reached and is assumed to be 2.00% per year until the threshold required to pay a 2.50% post-retirement benefit increase is reached; and
- Current statutory contributions as directed by MSRS.

Based on these assumptions and methods, the projection indicates that the funded status of this plan is not expected to improve from the current level of 58.9% and therefore the plan is expected to pay 1.75% post-retirement benefit increases until assets are depleted. This assumption is reflected in our calculations.

## Supplemental Information

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- **Plan assets** presents information about the plan's assets as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has been funded.
- **Membership data** presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- **Development of costs** shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- **Actuarial basis** describes the plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the plan is ongoing.
- **Additional Schedules** includes a summary of funding progress and contributions over the long term.
- **Glossary** defines the terms used in this report.

## Plan Assets

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (*Dollars in Thousands*)

Assets	Market Value	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Cash, equivalents, short term securities	\$ 5,198	\$ 4,504
Fixed income	40,879	35,620
Equity	129,536	115,388
Other*	18,963	15,131
<b>Total cash, investments, and other assets</b>	<b>\$ 194,576</b>	<b>\$ 170,643</b>
Amounts Receivable	60	7
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 194,636</b>	<b>\$ 170,650</b>
Amounts Payable*	(19,080)	(15,252)
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pensions</b>	<b>\$ 175,556</b>	<b>\$ 155,398</b>

\* Includes \$18,963 in Securities Lending Collateral as of June 30, 2014 and \$15,131 as of June 30, 2013.

## Plan Assets

### Reconciliation of Plan Assets (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System for the prior two fiscal years.

Change in Assets Year Ending	Market Value	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
<b>1. Fund balance at market value at beginning of year</b>	<b>\$ 155,398</b>	<b>\$ 144,086</b>
2. Contributions		
a. Member	3,578	3,037
b. Employer	9,426	8,177
c. Other sources	0	0
d. Total contributions	<u>\$ 13,004</u>	<u>\$ 11,214</u>
3. Investment income		
a. Investment income/(loss)	28,255	20,156
b. Investment expenses	<u>(244)</u>	<u>(213)</u>
c. Net investment income/(loss)	28,011	19,943
4. Other	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>5. Total income: (2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)</b>	<b>\$ 41,015</b>	<b>\$ 31,157</b>
6. Benefits Paid		
a. Annuity benefits	(20,802)	(19,772)
b. Refunds	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
c. Total benefits paid	(20,802)	(19,772)
7. Expenses		
a. Other	0	(1)
b. Administrative	<u>(55)</u>	<u>(72)</u>
c. Total expenses	(55)	(73)
<b>8. Total disbursements: (6.c.) + (7.c.)</b>	<b>(20,857)</b>	<b>(19,845)</b>
<b>9. Fund balance at market value at end of year: (1.) + (5.) + (8.)</b>	<b>\$ 175,556</b>	<b>\$ 155,398</b>
10. State Board of Investment calculated return on investments	18.6%	14.2%

## Plan Assets

### Actuarial Asset Value (*Dollars in Thousands*)

		<u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>June 30, 2013</u>
<b>1. Market value of assets available for benefits</b>		<b>\$ 175,556</b>	<b>\$ 155,398</b>
2. Determination of average balance			
a. Total assets available at beginning of year		155,398	144,086
b. Total assets available at end of year		175,556	155,398
c. Net investment income for fiscal year		28,011	19,943
d. Average balance $[a. + b. - c.] / 2$		151,472	139,771
3. Expected return $[8.0\% \times 2.d.]$		12,118	11,182
4. Actual return		28,011	19,943
5. Current year asset gain/(loss) $[4. - 3.]$		15,893	8,761
6. Unrecognized asset returns			
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Unrecognized Amount</b>	<b>Unrecognized Amount</b>
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%      Dollar</b>	<b>%      Dollar</b>
a. Year ended June 30, 2014	\$ 15,893	80% \$ 12,715	N/A
b. Year ended June 30, 2013	8,761	60% 5,257	80% \$ 7,009
c. Year ended June 30, 2012	(8,952)	40% (3,581)	60% (5,371)
d. Year ended June 30, 2011	18,186	20% 3,637	40% 7,274
e. Year ended June 30, 2010	7,838	N/A	20% 1,568
<b>f. Unrecognized return adjustment</b>		<b>\$ 18,028</b>	<b>\$ 10,480</b>
<b>7. Actuarial value at end of year (1. - 6.f.)</b>		<b>\$ 157,528</b>	<b>\$ 144,918</b>
8. Approximate return on actuarial value of assets during fiscal year		14.5%	6.1%
9. Ratio of actuarial value of assets to market value of assets		0.90	0.93

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Active Members\*

Age	Years of Service as of June 30, 2014									Total
	<3**	3 - 4**	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35+	
< 25										
Avg. Earnings										
25 - 29										
Avg. Earnings										
30 - 34										
Avg. Earnings										
35 - 39	4	1								5
Avg. Earnings	119,193	134,289								122,212
40 - 44	11	4	2							17
Avg. Earnings	123,199	138,672	134,289							128,144
45 - 49	16	7	14							37
Avg. Earnings	127,287	134,289	134,915							131,498
50 - 54	15	6	21	9		1				52
Avg. Earnings	126,826	134,289	136,813	136,983		134,289				133,622
55 - 59	10	6	14	21	10	3				64
Avg. Earnings	130,985	134,289	134,769	135,541	137,385	134,289				134,772
60 - 64	10	6	19	19	18	13	3			88
Avg. Earnings	133,976	134,289	134,289	136,164	134,514	136,154	134,289			134,980
65 - 69	1		12	9	11	9	6	2		50
Avg. Earnings	134,289		136,480	134,289	136,307	136,237	134,289	134,289		135,609
70+			2			1				3
Avg. Earnings			118,794			134,289				123,959
<b>Total</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>2</b>		<b>316</b>
<b>Avg. Earnings</b>	<b>127,684</b>	<b>134,873</b>	<b>135,048</b>	<b>135,775</b>	<b>135,756</b>	<b>135,836</b>	<b>134,289</b>	<b>134,289</b>		<b>133,732</b>

\* Includes 15 Tier 1 Judges who have reached the maximum benefit formula (member contributions are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan) and 25 Tier 2 Judges.

\*\* This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other MSRS or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Service Retirements

Age	Years Retired as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<50								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54								
Avg. Benefit								
55 - 59								
Avg. Benefit								
60 - 64	2	7						9
Avg. Benefit	27,912	51,808						46,497
65 - 69	14	47	6					67
Avg. Benefit	69,039	66,345	42,633					64,785
70 - 74	3	25	24	2				54
Avg. Benefit	82,394	61,685	71,216	41,827				66,336
75 - 79		1	18	19	1			39
Avg. Benefit		77,257	62,434	59,434	83,109			61,883
80 - 84				11	15	1		27
Avg. Benefit				54,550	86,504	51,493		72,189
85 - 89					10	10	1	21
Avg. Benefit					62,015	82,297	77,928	72,431
90+						4	6	10
Avg. Benefit						89,627	70,325	78,046
<b>Total</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>227</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>66,818</b>	<b>63,753</b>	<b>64,350</b>	<b>56,655</b>	<b>76,955</b>	<b>82,198</b>	<b>71,411</b>	<b>66,102</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Survivors

Age	Years Since Death as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<45								
Avg. Benefit								
45 - 49								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54								
Avg. Benefit								
55 - 59				1				1
Avg. Benefit				29,883				29,883
60 - 64		1	3	1	2		1	8
Avg. Benefit		25,430	52,442	43,609	48,986		56,935	47,659
65 - 69	1	1	6	2			2	12
Avg. Benefit	36,943	66,051	39,443	38,499			69,418	46,291
70 - 74		1	3	1	1			6
Avg. Benefit		63,639	42,312	75,981	48,565			52,520
75 - 79	1	8	1		2		2	14
Avg. Benefit	43,546	48,349	62,804		68,510		49,130	52,030
80 - 84		2	2	2	2	1		9
Avg. Benefit		34,916	68,179	41,344	26,026	67,559		45,388
85 - 89		3	2	5	6	1	2	19
Avg. Benefit		62,399	41,012	30,127	52,686	60,965	40,932	46,253
90+	1	3	1	5	2	1	2	15
Avg. Benefit	10,850	74,213	41,470	48,754	59,658	36,674	68,939	54,173
<b>Total</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>84</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>30,446</b>	<b>53,767</b>	<b>46,866</b>	<b>41,386</b>	<b>51,403</b>	<b>55,066</b>	<b>57,086</b>	<b>48,929</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.



## Membership Data

### Distribution of Disability Retirements

Age	Years Disabled as of June 30, 2014						Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	
< 45							
Avg. Benefit							
45 - 49							
Avg. Benefit							
50 - 54							
Avg. Benefit							
55 - 59							
Avg. Benefit							
60 - 64			2				2
Avg. Benefit			50,324				50,324
65 - 69			4	2			6
Avg. Benefit			70,949	63,418			68,439
70 - 74			3	2			5
Avg. Benefit			61,781	56,722			59,757
75+				4	3	2	2
Avg. Benefit				69,367	109,845	101,718	88,243
							89,720
<b>Total</b>			<b>9</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>			<b>63,310</b>	<b>64,718</b>	<b>109,845</b>	<b>101,718</b>	<b>88,243</b>
							<b>74,875</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years since disability combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Reconciliation of Members

	Actives*	Terminated		Recipients			Total
		Deferred Retirement	Other Non-Vested	Service Retirement	Disability Retirement	Survivor	
<b>Members on 7/1/2013</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>657</b>
New members	25	0	0	0	0	0	25
Return to active	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated non-vested	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Service retirements	(16)	(2)	0	18	0	0	0
Terminated deferred	(2)	2	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated refund/transfer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deaths	0	0	0	(8)	0	(6)	(14)
New beneficiary	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
Disabled	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unexpected status changes	0	0	0	7	0	(11)	(4)
Net change	7	0	0	17	0	(14)	10
<b>Members on 6/30/2014</b>	<b>316</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>667</b>

<b>Terminated Member Statistics</b>	<b>Deferred Retirement</b>	<b>Other Non-Vested</b>	<b>Total</b>
Number	16	0	16
Average age	57.3	N/A	57.3
Average service	9.9	N/A	9.9
Average annual benefit at Normal Retirement Date	\$ 37,290	N/A	\$ 37,290
Average refund value	\$150,050	N/A	\$150,050

\* Includes active Judges who have reached the maximum benefit formula (employee contributions are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan)

## Development of Costs

### Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B.2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B.1 is the present value of the total 31.02% statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory unfunded amortization date.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.

	<b>June 30, 2014</b>		
A. Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 157,528		
B. Expected Future Assets			
1. Present value of expected future statutory supplemental contributions*	78,589		
2. Present value of future normal cost contributions	51,259		
3. Total expected future assets: (1.) + (2.)	\$ 129,848		
C. Total Current and Expected Future Assets	\$ 287,376		
D. Current Benefit Obligations**			
1. Benefit recipients	<b>Non-Vested</b>	<b>Vested</b>	<b>Total</b>
a. Service retirements	\$ 0	\$ 142,442	\$ 142,442
b. Disability retirements	0	16,603	16,603
c. Survivors	0	31,525	31,525
2. Deferred retirements with augmentation	0	3,684	3,684
3. Former members without vested rights***	0	0	0
4. Active members	3,256	87,629	90,885
5. Total Current Benefit Obligations	\$ 3,256	\$ 281,883	\$ 285,139
E. Expected Future Benefit Obligations	\$ 64,353		
F. Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligations****	\$ 349,492		
G. Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations: (D.5.) - (A.)	\$ 127,611		
H. Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations: (F.) - (C.)	\$ 62,116		
I. Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio: (A.)/(D.5.)	55.25%		
J. Projected Benefit Funding Ratio: (C.)/(F.)	82.23%		

\* Based on a blended Tier 1 and Tier 2 member contribution rate and normal cost.

\*\* Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service).

\*\*\* Former members who have not satisfied vesting requirements and have not collected a refund of member contributions as of the valuation date.

\*\*\*\* Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service).

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits	Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs	Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)			
1. Active members			
a. Retirement annuities	\$ 147,194	\$ 46,655	\$ 100,539
b. Disability benefits	3,649	2,146	1,503
c. Survivor's benefits	4,185	2,371	1,814
d. Deferred retirements	0	0	0
e. Refunds*	<u>210</u>	<u>87</u>	<u>123</u>
f. Total	\$ 155,238	\$ 51,259	\$ 103,979
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation	3,684	0	3,684
3. Former members without vested rights	0	0	0
4. Benefit recipients	<u>190,570</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>190,570</u>
5. Total	\$ 349,492	\$ 51,259	\$ 298,233
B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)			
1. Actuarial accrued liability			\$ 298,233
2. Current assets (AVA)			<u>157,528</u>
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability			\$ 140,705
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate**			
1. Present value of future payrolls through the amortization date of June 30, 2039			\$ 606,395
2. Supplemental contribution rate: (B.3.) / (C.1.)			23.20% ***

\* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

\*\* The amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) using the current amortization method results in initial payments less than the "interest only" payment on the UAAL. Payments less than the interest only amount will result in the UAAL increasing for an initial period of time.

\*\*\* The amortization factor as of July 1, 2014 is 13.93147.

## Development of Costs

### Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Year Ending June 30, 2014		
	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Current Assets	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. At beginning of year	\$ 284,513	\$ 144,918	\$ 139,595
B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding			
1. Normal cost and expenses	\$ 7,382	\$ 0	\$ 7,382
2. Benefit payments	(20,802)	(20,802)	0
3. Contributions	0	13,004	(13,004)
4. Interest on A., B.1., B.2., and B.3.	23,197	11,282	11,915
5. Total (B.1. + B.2. + B.3. + B.4.)	9,777	3,484	6,293
C. Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (A. + B.5.)			\$ 145,888
D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviations from expected			
1. Age and Service Retirements			\$ 751
2. Disability Retirements			(122)
3. Death-in-Service Benefits			(97)
4. Withdrawals			(392)
5. Salary increases			760
6. Investment income			(9,126)
7. Mortality of annuitants			(1,072)
8. Other items			2,494
9. Total			\$ (6,804)
E. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before plan amendments and changes in actuarial assumptions (C. + D.9.)			\$ 139,084
F. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in plan provisions			\$ 0
G. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarial assumptions			\$ 1,621
H. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in methodology			\$ 0
I. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (E. + F. + G. + H.)*			\$ 140,705

\* The unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a market value of assets basis is \$122,677.

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota Statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

	<b>Percent of Payroll</b>	<b>Dollar Amount</b>
A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 490		
1. Employee contributions*	8.52%	\$ 3,709
2. Employer contributions	22.50%	9,794
3. Total	31.02%	\$ 13,503
B. Required contributions - Chapter 356		
1. Normal cost		
a. Retirement benefits	16.33%	\$ 7,108
b. Disability benefits	0.73%	318
c. Survivors	0.83%	361
d. Deferred retirement benefits	0.00%	0
e. Refunds**	0.03%	13
f. Total	17.92%	\$ 7,800
2. Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2039	23.20%	\$ 10,098
3. Allowance for expenses	0.14%	\$ 61
4. Total	41.26% ***	\$ 17,959
C. Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.3. - B.4.)	(10.24)%	\$ (4,456)

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: \$43,527.

\* For Tier 1 Judges who have reached the maximum benefit amount, member contributions equal to 9% of pay are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan. The member contribution amount of \$3,709 shown above is equal to 9% of a Tier 1 payroll amount of \$38,908 (which excludes the payroll for Tier 1 Judges at the maximum level) and 7% of a Tier 2 payroll amount of \$2,975 for Tier 2 Judges.

\*\* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

\*\*\* The required contribution on a market value of assets basis is 38.29% of payroll.

## **Actuarial Basis**

### **Actuarial Methods**

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the MSRS Board of Directors. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would be different.

### **Actuarial Cost Method**

Actuarial Accrued Liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. An actuarial cost method is a set of techniques used by the actuary to develop contribution levels under a retirement plan. The actuarial cost method used in this valuation for all purposes is the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent of payroll assuming payroll increases. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

### **Select and Ultimate Discount Rate Methodology**

Based on direction from the LCPR's actuary, the select and ultimate discount rate methodology is applied to the entry age normal results as follows:

1. The present value of projected benefits is calculated using the prescribed select and ultimate discount rates.
2. An equivalent single interest rate that produces approximately the same present value of projected benefits is determined.
3. The equivalent single interest rate is used to determine the entry age normal accrued liability and normal cost.

The equivalent single interest rate used in this valuation is 8.38% (8.35% last year).

### **Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases**

If the plan has reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require the 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increase rate to be reflected in the liability calculations. If the plan has not yet reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require a projection to be performed to determine the expected attainment of the funding ratio thresholds, and the expected payment of 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increases must be reflected in the liability calculations.

## **Actuarial Basis**

### **Actuarial Methods (Concluded)**

#### **Funding Objective**

The fundamental financing objective of the fund is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.

#### **Decrement Timing**

All decrements are assumed to occur mid-fiscal year.

#### **Asset Valuation Method**

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at 20% per year; and
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.

#### **Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability**

Payment equals a level percentage of payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2039 assuming payroll increases of 3.00% per annum. If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date will be re-determined. Projected payroll is multiplied by 0.959 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences (as required by the Standards for Actuarial Work).

#### **Changes in Methods since Prior Valuation**

The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in Minnesota Statutes.



## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the MSRS Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. The assumptions prescribed are based on the last experience study, dated February 2012, prepared by a former actuary.

Investment return	Select and Ultimate Rates: July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2017	8.00% per annum
	July 1, 2017 and later	8.50% per annum
Benefit increases after retirement	1.75% per annum.	
Salary increases	3.00% per year.	
Payroll growth	3.00% per year.	
Inflation	3.00% per year.	
Mortality rates		
Healthy pre-retirement	RP-2000 employee generational mortality table projected using mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment.	
Healthy post-retirement	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, set back one year for males and set back two years for females.	
	The RP-2000 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) contains mortality rates for ages 15 to 70 and the annuitant mortality table contains mortality rates for ages 50 to 95. We have applied the annuitant mortality table for active members beyond age 70 until the assumed retirement age and the employee mortality table for annuitants younger than age 50.	
Disabled	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, set back one year for males and set back two years for females.	
Retirement	Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the age related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the highest assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one year.	
Withdrawal	None.	

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Disability	Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates.
Administrative expenses	Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll.
Refund of contributions	Account balances for deferred members accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are discounted back to the valuation date.
Commencement of deferred benefits	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 65.
Percentage married	Marital status as indicated by data.
Age of spouse	Females are assumed to be three years younger than their male spouses.
Form of payment	Members are assumed to elect a life annuity.
Eligibility testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
Decrement operation	Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.
Service credit accruals	It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.
Unknown data for certain members	To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.

In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:

Data for active members:

There were 15 members who have reached the 24-year service cap; 5 of these were reported as terminated members. These members are reflected as active members in this valuation. We assumed these members earned the greater of the salary reported under the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan or \$134,289 for the July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014 plan year.

There was 1 member reported without pay who was not in the group mentioned above. We assumed an annualized pay of \$134,289 for the July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014 period.

There were no members reported with missing service.

There were no members reported with missing or invalid birth dates. There was 1 member reported with an invalid gender. We assumed the member was male.

Data for terminated members:

There was 1 member reported without a benefit. We calculated the benefit for this member using the reported Average Salary, Credited Service and Termination Date provided.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain members	<p><u>Data for members receiving benefits:</u></p> <p>There were no members reported without a benefit.</p> <p>There were no members reported with missing or invalid birth dates or gender.</p> <p>There were retired members reported with a survivor option and an invalid or missing survivor gender (56 members) and/or survivor date of birth (43 members). We used the valuation assumptions if the survivor gender or date of birth was missing or invalid.</p> <p>There were 4 retirees reported with a survivor option and a survivor date of death. We assumed no benefit was payable to the survivor, and the member benefit already reflected the increase to the life annuity value (i.e., “bounce back”), if applicable.</p> <p>There was 1 retiree reported with a bounce back annuity but was not reported with a reasonable reduction factor. A factor of 0.80 was assumed for the 100% joint and survivor annuity.</p> <p>There were no survivors reported on the data file with an expired benefit.</p> <p>At MSRS' direction, we changed the status of 22 members who were reported with a disabled status at the beginning of the year and a retired status at the end of the year back to disabled status.</p>
Changes in actuarial assumptions	<p>Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.</p>

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

Age	Rate (%) *					
	Healthy Post-Retirement Mortality**		Healthy Pre-Retirement Mortality**		Disability Mortality**	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	0.03%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%
25	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02
30	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.02
35	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04
40	0.08	0.06	0.09	0.06	0.08	0.06
45	0.12	0.08	0.13	0.10	0.12	0.08
50	0.18	0.13	0.20	0.16	0.18	0.13
55	0.56	0.29	0.27	0.24	0.56	0.29
60	0.61	0.47	0.43	0.38	0.61	0.47
65	1.04	0.74	0.67	0.59	1.04	0.74
70	1.74	1.24	0.98	0.88	1.74	1.24

\* Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. Due to the combination of pre-retirement rates, post-retirement rates, the white collar adjustment, and Projection Scale AA, the prescribed mortality tables have a few ages where assumed mortality decreases slightly instead of increases. We have used the rates as prescribed, but note that the prescribed assumption may not be reasonable at every age. If the rates were reasonably adjusted so that they decreased at all ages, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.

\*\* These rates were adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale AA.

Age	Disability Retirement		Age	Retirement
	Male	Female		
20	0.00%	0.00%	60	0%
25	0.00	0.00	61	0
30	0.00	0.00	62	8
35	0.01	0.00	63	5
40	0.01	0.01	64	8
45	0.02	0.03	65	25
50	0.07	0.05	66	20
55	0.17	0.12	67	10
60	0.38	0.31	68	30
65	0.00	0.00	69	10
70	0.00	0.00	70	100

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

<b>Plan year</b>	July 1 through June 30.
<b>Eligibility</b>	A judge or justice of any court. If the member was active prior to January 1, 1974, benefits may be computed according to provisions of the prior plan.
<b>Tier 1 / Tier 2 Member</b>	Tier 1 includes judges or justices first appointed or elected before July 1, 2013 and Tier 2 includes judges or justices first appointed or elected after June 30, 2013. A judge or justice with less than five years of service as of December 30, 2013 may make a one-time irrevocable election into Tier 2. For the purpose of this valuation, we have assumed no Tier 1 members elected Tier 2 benefits as of the valuation date.
<b>Contributions</b>	
Member	9.00% of salary for Tier 1 members, 7.00% of salary for Tier 2 members. Tier 1 member contributions after maximum benefit is reached are redirected to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan.
Employer	22.50% of salary.
	Member contributions are "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h).
<b>Allowable service</b>	Service as a judge. Credit may also be earned for uncredited judicial service if the appropriate employee contributions, with interest, are made.
<b>Salary</b>	Salary set by law.
<b>Average salary</b>	Average of the five highest years of salary of the last 10 years prior to termination of judicial service.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

#### Retirement

##### Normal retirement benefit

Age/Service requirement	<p>First appointed as a judge before July 1, 2013 (Tier 1):</p> <p>(a.) Age 65 and five years of Allowable Service</p> <p>(b.) Age 70 (mandatory retirement age)</p> <p>First appointed as a judge after June 30, 2013 (Tier 2):</p> <p>(a.) Age 66 and five years of Allowable Service</p> <p>(b.) Age 70 (mandatory retirement age)</p> <p>Judges appointed before July 1, 2013 with less than five years of allowable service on or before December 31, 2013 may make a one-time election for the Tier 2 benefit package.</p>
Amount	<p>First appointed as a judge before July 1, 2013 (Tier 1): 2.70% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service prior to July 1, 1980 and 3.20% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service after June 30, 1980. Maximum benefit equal to 76.80% of Average Salary.</p> <p>First appointed as a judge after June 30, 2013 (Tier 2): 2.50% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service.</p> <p>Tier 1 who elected into Tier 2: 3.20% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service prior to January 1, 2014 plus 2.50% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service after December 31, 2013.</p>

##### Early retirement

Age/Service requirement	Age 60 and five years of Allowable Service.
Amount	Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at retirement date with reduction of 0.50% for each month the member is under Normal Retirement Age at time of retirement.

##### Form of payment

Life annuity. Actuarially equivalent options are:

(a.) 50%, 75% or 100% joint and survivor with no bounce back feature

(b.) 50%, 75% or 100% bounce back feature

(c.) 15-year certain and life thereafter

##### Benefit increases

Since January 1, 2014, benefit recipients receive annual 1.75% benefit increases. If the accrued liability funding ratio reaches 70% for two consecutive years (on a Market Value of Assets basis), the benefit increase will revert to 2.0%. If the accrued liability funding ratio reaches 90% for two consecutive years (on a Market Value of Assets basis), the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%.

A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least six months but less than 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a pro rata increase.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

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#### Disability

##### Disability benefit

Age/Service requirement	Permanent inability to perform the function of judge.
Amount	No benefit is paid by the Fund. Instead salary is continued for one year but not beyond age 70. Employee contributions continue and Allowable Service is earned. If disability continues after the first year (or at age 70 if earlier), the larger of 25.00% of Average Salary or the Normal Retirement Benefit, without reduction.

##### Retirement after disability

Age/Service requirement	Member is still disabled after salary payments cease after one year or at age 70, if earlier.
Amount	No change in disability benefit amount from pre-retirement computed benefit amount.

##### Form of payment

Same as for retirement.

##### Benefit increases

Same as for retirement.

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#### Death

##### Survivor's benefit

Age/service requirement	Active or disabled member dies before retirement or a former member eligible for a deferred annuity dies.
Amount	Larger of 25% of Average Salary or 60% of Normal Retirement Benefit earned at date of death. If member dies after age 60 with five or more years of service, spouse may receive the 100% joint and survivor benefit the member had earned as of date of death.  Benefit paid to spouse for life. If no spouse, benefit is paid to surviving dependent children until child marries, dies, or attains age 18 (age 22 if full-time student).
Benefit increases	Same as for retirement.

##### Refund of contributions

Age/service requirement	Member dies prior to retirement or former member eligible for a deferred annuity dies and survivors' benefits are not payable.
Amount	Member contributions with 6.00% annual interest compounded daily until June 30, 2011 and 4.00% thereafter.

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## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Concluded)

<b>Termination</b>	
<u>Refund of contributions</u>	
Age/Service requirement	Termination of service as a judge.
Amount	Member contributions with 6.00% annual interest compounded daily until June 30, 2011, 4.00% thereafter. If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.
<u>Deferred benefit</u>	
Age/service requirement	Five years of Allowable Service.
Amount	Benefit computed under law in effect at termination. Amount is payable at normal or early retirement.
	If a member terminated employment prior to July 1, 1997 but was not eligible to commence their pension before July 1, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.
Form of payment	Same as for retirement.
<b>Optional form conversion factors</b>	Actuarially equivalent factors based on RP-2000 for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2022 using scale AA, set back one year for males and set back two years for females, blended 80% males, and 6.5% interest.
<b>Combined service annuity</b>	<p>Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a.) Have sufficient allowable service in total that equals or exceeds the applicable service credit vesting requirement of the retirement plan with the longest applicable service credit vesting requirement;</li> <li>(b.) Have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and</li> <li>(c.) Are not in receipt of a benefit from another plan, or have applied for benefits with an effective date within one year.</li> </ul> <p>Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement; and</li> <li>(b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.</li> </ul>
<b>Changes in plan provisions</b>	<p>The funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.0% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 70% for one year to 70% for two consecutive years. The funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.</p> <p>The 10-year certain and life thereafter optional form of payment is no longer available.</p>



## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Funding Progress<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)
7-1-1991	\$ 33,559	\$ 78,429	\$ 44,870	42.79%	\$ 18,410	243.73 %
7-1-1992	37,768	83,969	46,201	44.98	22,765	202.95
7-1-1993	44,156	90,509	46,353	48.79	22,084	209.89
7-1-1994	50,428	98,313	47,885	51.29	22,264	215.08
7-1-1995	56,813	102,238	45,425	55.57	22,877	198.56
7-1-1996	64,851	108,150	43,299	59.96	22,421	193.12
7-1-1997	74,681	117,714	43,033	63.44	22,909	187.84
7-1-1998	86,578	130,727	44,149	66.23	24,965	176.84
7-1-1999	97,692	139,649	41,957	69.96	32,940	127.37
7-1-2000	111,113	153,660	42,547	72.31	26,315	161.68
7-1-2001	123,589	165,244	41,655	74.79	28,246	147.47
7-1-2002	131,379	171,921	40,542	76.42	31,078	130.45
7-1-2003	134,142	176,291	42,149	76.09	33,771	124.81
7-1-2004	138,948	190,338	51,390	73.00	34,683	148.17
7-1-2005	144,465	191,414	46,949	75.47	35,941	130.63
7-1-2006	151,850	202,301	50,451	75.06	36,529	138.11
7-1-2007	153,562	214,297	60,735	71.66	36,195	167.80
7-1-2008	147,542	231,623	84,081	63.70	38,296	219.56
7-1-2009	147,120	241,815	94,695	60.84	39,444	240.07
7-1-2010	144,728	240,579	95,851	60.16	39,291	243.95
7-1-2011	145,996	248,630	102,634	58.72	40,473	253.59
7-1-2012	144,898	281,576	136,678	51.46	38,644	<sup>2</sup> 353.69
7-1-2013	144,918	284,513	139,595	50.94	39,888	<sup>2</sup> 349.97
7-1-2014	157,528	298,233	140,705	52.82	41,893	<sup>3</sup> 335.86

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuaries. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Assumed equal to actual employer contribution divided by 20.50%.

<sup>3</sup> Assumed equal to actual employer contribution divided by 22.50%.

## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

Plan Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Required Contribution Rate (a)	Actual Covered Payroll (b)	Actual Member Contributions (c)	Annual Required Contributions [(a)x(b)] - (c) = (d)	Actual Employer Contributions <sup>2</sup> (e)	Percentage Contributed (e)/(d)
1991	23.59%	\$ 18,410	\$ 799	\$ 3,544	\$ 0	0.00 %
1992	25.10	22,765	988	4,726	4,722	99.92
1993	26.59	22,084	1,409	4,463	4,845	108.56
1994	26.29	22,264	1,416	4,437	4,912	110.71
1995	28.27	22,877	1,455	5,012	5,162	102.99
1996	27.32	22,421	1,426	4,699	4,972	105.81
1997	27.01	22,909	1,457	4,731	6,632	140.18
1998	27.60	24,965	1,570	5,320	7,129	134.00
1999	27.32	32,940	2,069	6,930	7,051	101.75
2000	26.75	26,315	2,107	4,932	7,298	147.97
2001	24.58	28,246	2,162	4,781	7,793	163.00
2002	26.72	31,078	2,345	5,959	8,369	140.44
2003	26.82	33,771	2,574	6,483	6,923	106.79
2004	26.73	34,683	2,643	6,628	7,110	107.27
2005	29.42	35,941	2,662	7,912	7,225	91.32
2006	29.14	36,529	2,866	7,779	7,336	94.30
2007	30.73	36,195	2,792	8,331	7,572	90.88
2008	33.70	38,296	2,861	10,045	7,936	79.00
2009	30.33	39,444	2,978	8,985	8,219	91.47
2010	31.53	39,291	2,988	9,400	8,283 <sup>3</sup>	88.12
2011	31.66	40,473	3,010	9,804	8,297	84.63 <sup>3</sup>
2012	33.15	38,644 <sup>4</sup>	2,931	9,879	7,922	80.19
2013	41.52	39,888 <sup>4</sup>	3,037	13,524	8,177	60.46
2014	42.42	41,893 <sup>5</sup>	3,578	14,193	9,426	66.41
2015	41.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Includes contributions from other sources (if applicable).

<sup>3</sup> Provided by MSRS instead of prior actuary.

<sup>4</sup> Assumed equal to actual employer contribution divided by 20.50%.

<sup>5</sup> Assumed equal to actual employer contribution divided by 22.50%.

## Glossary of Terms

<b><i>Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.
<b><i>Accrued Liability Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.
<b><i>Actuarial Assumptions</i></b>	Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.
<b><i>Actuarial Cost Method</i></b>	A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Equivalent</i></b>	Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value (APV)</i></b>	The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits</i></b>	The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.
<b><i>Actuarial Valuation</i></b>	The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for developing and monitoring a retirement system's funding policy, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).
<b><i>Actuarial Value of Assets</i></b>	The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

<b><i>Amortization Method</i></b>	A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.
<b><i>Amortization Payment</i></b>	That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Amortization Period</i></b>	The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.
<b><i>Annual Required Contribution (ARC)</i></b>	The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.
<b><i>Augmentation</i></b>	Annual increases to deferred benefits.
<b><i>Closed Amortization Period</i></b>	A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.
<b><i>Current Benefit Obligations</i></b>	The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on current service and including future salary increases to retirement.
<b><i>Employer Normal Cost</i></b>	The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.
<b><i>Expected Assets</i></b>	The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members.
<b><i>Experience Gain/Loss</i></b>	A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

## Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

<b><i>GASB</i></b>	Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27</i></b>	These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting and financial reporting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves. These statements remain in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 below.
<b><i>GASB Statement No. 50</i></b>	The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions. This statement remains in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68</i></b>	Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the requirements of Statements No. 25, No. 27 and No. 50, respectively, for pension plans administered as trusts. Statement No. 68, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting and financial reporting rules information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report beginning with the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.
<b><i>Normal Cost</i></b>	The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.
<b><i>Projected Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits.
<b><i>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.
<b><i>Valuation Date</i></b>	The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.

**MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**LEGISLATORS RETIREMENT FUND**  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 2014

December 12, 2014

Minnesota State Retirement System  
Legislators Retirement Fund  
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Board of Directors:

The results of the July 1, 2014 annual actuarial valuation of the Legislators Retirement Fund are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Fund only in its entirety. GRS is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use of this report.

The Elective State Officers Retirement Fund (ESORF) was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund (LRF) on July 1, 2013. This change first affects financial reporting for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. The current actuarial valuation includes a separate calculation of the ESORF actuarial accrued liabilities. Exhibits that include results from July 1, 2013 valuations show both ESORF and LRF combined.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Fund's funding progress, to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 in this report. Please see the separate report dated December 1, 2014.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by MSRS.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

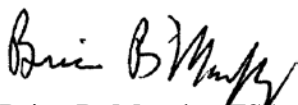
The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Legislators Retirement Fund as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.

Respectfully submitted,



Brian B. Murphy, FSA, EA, MAAA



Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, MAAA

BBM/BJW:bd



## Contents

Summary of Valuation Results .....	1
Supplemental Information.....	6
Plan Assets.....	7
▪ Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.....	7
▪ Reconciliation of Plan Assets .....	8
▪ Actuarial Asset Value .....	9
Membership Data .....	10
▪ Distribution of Active Members.....	10
▪ Distribution of Service Retirements .....	11
▪ Distribution of Survivors .....	12
▪ Reconciliation of Members.....	13
Development of Costs .....	14
▪ Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet.....	14
▪ Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate.....	15
▪ Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.....	16
▪ Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) .....	17
▪ Elective State Officers Retirement Plan .....	18
Actuarial Basis.....	19
▪ Actuarial Methods.....	19
▪ Summary of Actuarial Assumptions .....	20
▪ Summary of Plan Provisions .....	25
Additional Schedules.....	32
▪ Schedule of Funding Progress .....	32
▪ Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities .....	34
Glossary of Terms .....	36

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Contributions

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

<b>Contributions</b> (dollars in thousands)	<b>Actuarial Valuation as of</b>	
	<b>July 1, 2014</b>	<b>July 1, 2013*</b>
Statutory Contributions** - Chapter 3A	\$ 85	\$ 89
Required Contributions - Chapter 356	\$ 21,548	\$ 19,652
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	\$ (21,463)	\$ (19,563)

\* Effective July 1, 2013, the Elective State Officers Retirement Fund was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund; combined results are shown here.

\*\* Active member contributions from the Legislators Retirement Plan are equal to 9% of payroll.

The Minnesota Statutes Chapter 356 Required Contribution shown above represents the estimated annual contribution amount that would be needed for this plan to attain 100% funding by July 1, 2026, based upon the prescribed assumptions. The Required Contribution includes not only the expected benefit payments for the year, but also amounts intended to pre-fund future benefit payments. Actual contributions have been less than the Required Contribution amount since 1999. The funding target identified by Chapter 356 will not be met given the history of actual contributions made to the Fund.

This plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by annual appropriations from the state's General Fund. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, total contributions were \$3.5 million and total benefit payments were \$8.5 million. As of July 1, 2014, \$8.3 million in assets will cover approximately 11 months of future benefit payments. Therefore, the ability of the fund to pay benefits in the future is critically dependent upon timely receipt of the contributions from the state's General Fund. The actuary cannot judge the probability that such payments will, in fact, be made. The expected benefit payments for the next 10 years, based on current data, methods, and assumptions, are:

<b>Fiscal Year Ending</b>	<b>(000s)</b>
	<b>Expected Annual Benefit Payments</b>
2015	\$ 8,926
2016	9,316
2017	9,639
2018	9,674
2019	9,723
2020	9,775
2021	9,810
2022	9,755
2023	9,684
2024	9,551

## Summary of Valuation Results

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the *Membership Data* section. The *Actuarial Basis* section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

Accounting information prepared according to GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 has been provided in a separate report dated December 1, 2014.

## Summary of Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

	<b>Actuarial Valuation as of</b>	
	<b>July 1, 2014</b>	<b>July 1, 2013**</b>
<b>Assumptions</b>		
- Pre-retirement discount rate	0.0%	0.0%
- Post-retirement discount rate	0.0%	0.0%
- Post-retirement annual benefit increase***	2.0%	2.0%
<b>Contributions</b> ( <i>dollars in thousands</i> )		
Statutory - Chapter 3A	\$ 85	\$ 89
Required - Chapter 356	21,548 *	19,652
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(21,463) *	(19,563)
<b>Funding Ratios</b> ( <i>dollars in thousands</i> )		
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio		
- Current assets (AVA)	\$ 8,258	\$ 11,493
- Actuarial accrued liability	250,860	244,472
- Funding ratio	3.29%	4.70%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current and expected future assets	\$ 8,862	\$ 12,289
- Current and expected future benefit obligations	256,270	250,346
- Projected benefit funding ratio	3.46%	4.91%
<b>Participant Data</b>		
Active Members		
- Number	24	24
- Projected annual earnings ( <i>000s</i> )	942	984
- Average projected annual earnings	39,250	41,000
- Average age	66.6	65.6
- Average service	26.8	25.8
Service Retirements	301	297
Survivors	74	79
Disability Retirements	0	0
Deferred Retirements	63	71
Terminated other Non-Vested	0	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>472</b>

\* Expected benefit payments for the fiscal year are \$8,926. The Required Contribution also includes amounts intended to pre-fund future benefit payments.

\*\* Effective July 1, 2013, the Elective State Officers Retirement Fund was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund; combined results are shown here.

\*\*\*Effective with the July 1, 2014 valuation the assumed post-retirement benefit increase is expected to be 2.5% beginning January 1, 2016.

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Effects of Changes

The following changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions, and methods were recognized as of July 1, 2014:

- The Elective State Officers Retirement Fund (ESORF) was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund (LRF) on July 1, 2013. This change first affects financial reporting for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. The current actuarial valuation includes a separate calculation of the ESORF actuarial accrued liabilities. Benefit provisions for both retirement plans are unaffected by the merger.
- Effective July 1, 2014, the funding ratio threshold that must be attained in the State Employees Retirement Fund to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients in this plan was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.
- The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in statutes, and the assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 2.0% per year indefinitely to 2.0% per year through 2015 and 2.5% per year thereafter (assumption is based on the State Employees Retirement Fund; see next page for details).

Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes.

The combined impact of the above changes was to increase the unfunded actuarial accrued liability by \$22 million and increase the required contribution by \$1.9 million, as follows:

	(000s)		
	Before Changes	Reflecting Assumption Changes	Consolidation of Elective State Officers
Normal Cost	\$ 1,228	\$ 1,297	\$ 1,297
Amortization of UAAL*	18,347	19,553	20,217
Expenses	34	34	34
Total Required Contribution	19,609	20,884	21,548
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	3.6%	3.4%	3.3%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	3.8%	3.6%	3.5%
UAAL*	\$220,177	\$ 234,658	\$ 242,602

\* *Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability*

## **Summary of Valuation Results**

### **Valuation of Future Annual Post-Retirement Benefit Increases**

Benefit recipients receive a future annual 2.0% post-retirement benefit increase. If the actuarial accrued liability funding ratio, determined on a market value of assets basis, of the State Employees Retirement Fund (SERF) reaches 90% (based on a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase assumption) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase in Legislators Retirement Fund will revert to 2.5%.

To determine an assumption regarding a future change in the post-retirement benefit increase, we performed a projection of SERF liabilities and assets. See the 2014 valuation report for SERF for additional detail. The projection indicates that this plan is expected to begin paying 2.5% benefit increases on January 1, 2016. This assumption is reflected in our calculations.

## Supplemental Information

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- **Plan assets** presents information about the plan's assets as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has been funded.
- **Membership data** presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- **Development of costs** shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- **Actuarial basis** describes the plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the plan is ongoing.
- **Additional schedules** includes a summary of funding progress over the long term.
- **Glossary** defines the terms used in this report.

## Plan Assets

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (*Dollars in Thousands*)

Assets	Market Value	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013 *
Cash, equivalents, short term securities	\$ 571	\$ 1,874
Fixed income	1,962	2,659
Equity	6,218	8,615
Other*	909	1,129
<b>Total cash, investments, and other assets</b>	<b>\$ 9,660</b>	<b>\$ 14,277</b>
Amounts Receivable	2	2
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 9,662</b>	<b>\$ 14,279</b>
Amounts Payable**	(1,404)	(2,786)
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pensions</b>	<b>\$ 8,258</b>	<b>\$ 11,493</b>

\* Effective July 1, 2013, the Elective State Officers Retirement Fund was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund; combined results are shown here.

\*\* Includes \$909 in Securities Lending Collateral as of June 30, 2014 and \$1,129 in Securities Lending Collateral as of June 30, 2013.



## Plan Assets

### Reconciliation of Plan Assets (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System for the prior two fiscal years.

Change in Assets Year Ending	Market Value	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013 *
<b>1. Fund balance at market value at beginning of year</b>	<b>\$ 11,493</b>	<b>\$ 15,523</b>
<b>2. Contributions</b>		
a. Member	101	111
b. Employer	0	0
c. Other sources (annual appropriations from state's General Fund)	3,436	3,869
d. Total contributions	<u>\$ 3,537</u>	<u>\$ 3,980</u>
<b>3. Investment income</b>		
a. Investment income/(loss)	1,762	1,783
b. Investment expenses	<u>(12)</u>	<u>(20)</u>
c. Net investment income/(loss)	1,750	1,763
<b>4. Other</b>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>5. Total income: (2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)</b>	<b>\$ 5,287</b>	<b>\$ 5,743</b>
<b>6. Benefits paid</b>		
a. Annuity benefits	(8,407)	(8,295)
b. Refunds	<u>(79)</u>	<u>(101)</u>
c. Total benefits paid	<u>(8,486)</u>	<u>(8,396)</u>
<b>7. Expenses</b>		
a. Other	0	(1,338)
b. Administrative	<u>(36)</u>	<u>(39)</u>
c. Total expenses	<u>(36)</u>	<u>(1,377)</u>
<b>8. Total disbursements: (6.c.) + (7.c.)</b>	<b>(8,522)</b>	<b>(9,773)</b>
<b>9. Fund balance at market value at end of year: (1.) + (5.) + (8.)</b>	<b>\$ 8,258</b>	<b>\$ 11,493</b>
<b>10. State Board of Investment calculated investment return</b>	<b>18.6%</b>	<b>14.2%</b>

\* Effective July 1, 2013, the Elective State Officers Retirement Fund was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund; combined results are shown here.

## **Plan Assets**

### **Actuarial Asset Value**

The Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) is equal to the Market Value of Assets (consistent with valuations since July 1, 2000).

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Active Members

Age	Years of Service as of June 30, 2014									Total
	<3*	3 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35+	
< 25										
Avg. Earnings										
25 - 29										
Avg. Earnings										
30 - 34										
Avg. Earnings										
35 - 39										
Avg. Earnings										
40 - 44										
Avg. Earnings										
45 - 49					1					1
Avg. Earnings					38,310					38,310
50 - 54										
Avg. Earnings										
55 - 59						2	2			4
Avg. Earnings						36,619	37,744			37,181
60 - 64					3		1			4
Avg. Earnings					38,554		36,685			38,087
65 - 69							1	2		3
Avg. Earnings							38,793	37,406		37,868
70+					3	1	3	1	4	12
Avg. Earnings					36,663	36,685	37,108	38,374	36,964	37,019
<b>Total</b>					<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>Avg. Earnings</b>					<b>37,709</b>	<b>36,641</b>	<b>37,470</b>	<b>37,729</b>	<b>36,964</b>	<b>37,384</b>

\* This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other MSRS or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Service Retirements

Age	Years Retired as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<50								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54								
Avg. Benefit								
55 - 59		1						1
Avg. Benefit		13,359						13,359
60 - 64	6	10	4					20
Avg. Benefit	23,107	28,659	16,900					24,642
65 - 69	1	23	20	10				54
Avg. Benefit	18,907	22,728	17,543	14,438				19,202
70 - 74	1	6	28	32	1			68
Avg. Benefit	23,679	21,338	19,835	18,323	18,387			19,291
75 - 79		6	8	18	21	1		54
Avg. Benefit		28,995	17,963	22,615	22,818	30,062		22,851
80 - 84		1	3	8	26	22		60
Avg. Benefit		23,806	22,232	31,956	30,732	23,838		27,827
85 - 89		1	1	1	9	13	9	34
Avg. Benefit		11,741	31,698	21,858	33,084	31,691	21,892	28,590
90+		1			1	1	7	10
Avg. Benefit		28,229			34,141	15,274	28,599	27,783
<b>Total</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>301</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>22,653</b>	<b>24,254</b>	<b>18,999</b>	<b>20,511</b>	<b>28,077</b>	<b>26,534</b>	<b>24,826</b>	<b>23,284</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Survivors

Age	Years Since Death as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<45								
Avg. Benefit								
45 - 49								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54								
Avg. Benefit								
55 - 59		1	1					2
Avg. Benefit		6,427	12,959					9,693
60 - 64					1			1
Avg. Benefit					7,071			7,071
65 - 69	2	1	1	2				6
Avg. Benefit	24,895	36,842	36,793	24,294				28,669
70 - 74	1	3	2		1		1	8
Avg. Benefit	13,955	10,837	12,645		11,607		57,999	17,670
75 - 79	1	3	4	1		2	1	12
Avg. Benefit	17,140	25,163	14,682	7,746		9,730	13,753	16,026
80 - 84	1	4	3	2	3	3		16
Avg. Benefit	7,446	14,797	30,938	38,274	39,296	13,426		24,635
85 - 89	4	7	1	1	2	2	1	18
Avg. Benefit	15,141	11,777	22,557	4,036	31,760	12,477	4,393	14,582
90+		3	4			2	2	11
Avg. Benefit		21,680	11,306			17,689	9,012	14,879
<b>Total</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>74</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>16,544</b>	<b>16,270</b>	<b>18,398</b>	<b>22,820</b>	<b>28,583</b>	<b>13,341</b>	<b>18,834</b>	<b>18,276</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Reconciliation of Members

	Actives	Terminated		Recipients			Total
		Deferred Retirement	Other Non-Vested	Service Retirement	Disability Retirement	Survivor	
<b>Members on 7/1/2013</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>457</b>
Additions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Return to active	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated non-vested	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Service retirements	0	(7)	0	7	0	0	0
Terminated deferred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated refund/transfer	0	(1)	(1)	0	0	0	(2)
Deaths	0	0	0	(11)	0	(2)	(13)
New beneficiary	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
Disabled	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unexpected status changes	0	0	0	8	0	(6)	2
Net change	0	(8)	(1)	4	0	(5)	(10)
Addition of ESO members*	0	1	0	10	0	4	15
<b>Members on 6/30/2014</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>462</b>

\* Effective July 1, 2013, the Elective State Officers Retirement Fund was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund.

Terminated Member Statistics on June 30, 2014	Deferred Retirement	Other Non-Vested	Total
Number	63	0	63
Average age	58.6	N/A	58.6
Average service	11.9	N/A	11.9
Average annual benefit, with augmentation to Normal Retirement Date and 30% CSA load	\$29,645	N/A	\$29,645
Average refund value, with 30% CSA load	\$93,773	N/A	\$93,773

## Development of Costs

### Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B.2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Since statutory contributions are less than normal cost, B.2. is equal to the statutory contribution rate, minus expenses, times the present value of future payroll and Item B.1 is zero.

	<b>June 30, 2014</b>		
A. Actuarial Value of Assets			\$ 8,258
B. Expected Future Assets			
1. Present value of expected future statutory supplemental contributions			0
2. Present value of future normal cost contributions			604
3. Total expected future assets: (1.) + (2.)			\$ 604
C. Total Current and Expected Future Assets			\$ 8,862
D. Current Benefit Obligations*			
1. Benefit recipients	<b>Non-Vested</b>	<b>Vested</b>	<b>Total</b>
a. Service retirements	\$ 0	\$ 144,591	\$ 144,591
b. Disability retirements	0	0	0
c. Survivors	0	18,347	18,347
2. Deferred retirements with augmentation	0	70,532	70,532
3. Former members without vested rights	0	0	0
4. Active members	0	19,502	19,502
5. Total Current Benefit Obligations	\$ 0	\$ 252,972	\$ 252,972
E. Expected Future Benefit Obligations			\$ 3,298
F. Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligations**			\$ 256,270
G. Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations: (D.5.) - (A.)			\$ 244,714
H. Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations: (F.) - (C.)			\$ 247,408
I. Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio: (A.)/(D.5.)			3.26%
J. Projected Benefit Funding Ratio: (C.)/(F.)			3.46%

\* Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service).

\*\* Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service).

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits	Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs	Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)			
1. Active members			
a. Retirement annuities	\$ 22,279	\$ 5,112	\$ 17,167
b. Disability benefits	0	0	0
c. Survivor's benefits	521	171	350
d. Deferred retirements	0	112	(112)
e. Refunds*	<u>0</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>(15)</u>
f. Total	\$ 22,800	\$ 5,410	\$ 17,390
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation	70,532	0	70,532
3. Former members without vested rights	0	0	0
4. Benefit recipients	<u>162,938</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>162,938</u>
5. Total	\$ 256,270	\$ 5,410	\$ 250,860
B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)			
1. Actuarial accrued liability			\$ 250,860
2. Current assets (AVA)			<u>8,258</u>
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability			\$ 242,602
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate			
1. Current unfunded actuarial accrued liability to be amortized by June 30, 2026			\$ 242,602
2. Supplemental contribution amount			\$ 20,217 **

\* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

\*\* The amortization factor as of July 1, 2014 is 12.0000.



## Development of Costs

### Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	<b>Year Ending June 30, 2014</b>
A. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at beginning of year	\$ 224,384
B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding	
1. Normal cost, including expenses	1,326
2. Contributions	(3,537)
3. Interest on A., B.1. and B.2.	0
4. Total (B.1. + B.2. + B.3.)	(2,211)
C. Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (A. + B.4.)	222,173
D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviations from expected	
1. Age and service retirements	(133)
2. Disability retirements	0
3. Death-in-service benefits	28
4. Withdrawals	0
5. Salary increases	(781)
6. Investment income	(1,714)
7. Mortality of annuitants	18
8. Other items	586
9. Total	(1,996)
E. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before plan amendments and changes in actuarial assumptions (C. + D.9.)	220,177
F. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in plan provisions	0
G. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarial assumptions	14,481
H. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarial methods	0
I. Administrative consolidation of Elective State Officers Retirement Fund	7,944
J. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (E. + F. + G. + H. + I.)	\$ 242,602

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency)\*

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota Statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

	<b>Percent of Payroll</b>	<b>Dollar Amount (000s)</b>
<b>A. Statutory Contributions - Chapter 352</b>		
1. Employee Contributions	9.00%	\$ 85
2. Employer contributions	0.00%	0
3. Total	9.00%	\$ 85
<b>B. Required Contributions - Chapter 356</b>		
1. Normal cost		
a. Retirement benefits	128.53%	\$ 1,211
b. Disability benefits	0.00%	0
c. Survivors	4.72%	44
d. Deferred retirement benefits	3.85%	36
e. Refunds	0.64%	6
f. Total	137.74%	\$ 1,297
2. Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2026	2,146.18%	\$ 20,217
3. Allowance for expenses	3.66%	\$ 34
4. Total	2,287.58% *	\$ 21,548
<b>C. Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.3. - B.4.)</b>	<b>(2,278.58%)</b>	<b>\$ (21,463)</b>

\* Plan is funded by annual appropriations from the state's General Fund. Estimated benefit payments of \$8,926 are expected to be paid during the upcoming fiscal year.

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: \$942.

## Development of Costs

### Elective State Officers Retirement Plan *(Dollars in Thousands)*

The Elective State Officers Retirement Plan was consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Plan on July 1, 2013, per 2013 legislation. These liabilities are included in the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities on page 15 of this report.

#### Year Ending June 30, 2014

<b>Group</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Annual Benefits</b>	<b>Average Age</b>	<b>Actuarial Accrued Liability</b>
Deferred, Vested	1	\$ 32	68.5	\$ 871
Service Retirements	10	355	79.1	5,322
Survivors	4	128	81.2	1,751
<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>\$ 514</b>	<b>79.0</b>	<b>\$ 7,944</b>

## **Actuarial Basis**

### **Actuarial Methods**

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the MSRS Board of Directors. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would be different.

#### **Actuarial Cost Method**

Actuarial accrued liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level dollar. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

#### **Decrement Timing**

All decrements are assumed to occur mid-fiscal year.

#### **Asset Valuation Method**

Market Value (consistent with valuations since July 1, 2000).

#### **Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability**

The unfunded liability is amortized as a level dollar each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2026. If the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is negative, the surplus amount shall be amortized over 30 years as a level dollar amount. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date will be re-determined.

#### **Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases**

If the State Employees Retirement Fund (SERF) has reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% benefit increase in this plan, Minnesota Statutes require the 2.5% benefit increase rate to be reflected in the liability calculations. If the SERF has not yet reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require a projection to be performed to determine the expected attainment of the threshold, and the expected reversion to a 2.5% benefit increase rate must be reflected in the liability calculations.

#### **Funding Objective**

This plan is primarily funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, offset by active Legislators Retirement Fund member contributions and annual appropriations from the state's General Fund.

#### **Changes in Methods since Prior Valuation**

The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in Minnesota Statutes.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the MSRS Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. The assumptions prescribed are based on the last assumption review, dated January 2012, prepared by a former actuary, and are consistent with the *Alternate Assumptions* used in the 2011 valuation.

The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity was also based on a recommendation by a former actuary. We are unable to judge the reasonableness of this assumption without performing a substantial amount of additional work beyond the scope of the assignment.

Investment return	0.00% per annum post-retirement; 0.00% per annum pre-retirement.
Benefit increases after retirement	2.00% per annum through 2015 and 2.50% thereafter.
Salary increases	5.00% annually.
Inflation	3.00% annually.
Mortality rates	
Healthy Pre-retirement	RP-2000 employee generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, set forward three years for males and set back one year for females.
Healthy Post-retirement	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment.  The RP-2000 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) contains mortality rates for ages 15 to 70 and the annuitant mortality table contains mortality rates for ages 50 to 120. We have applied the annuitant mortality table for active members beyond age 70 until the assumed retirement age and the employee mortality table for annuitants younger than age 50.
Disabled	N/A
Retirement	Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the age related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the highest assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one year.
Withdrawal	Ultimate rates based on actual experience. Rates are shown in rate table.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Disability	None.
Allowance for combined service annuity	Liabilities for former members are increased by 30.00% to account for the effect of some participants having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity.
Administrative expenses	Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll.
Refund of contributions	Account balances accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are discounted back to the valuation date. All employees withdrawing after becoming eligible for a deferred benefit take the larger of their contributions accumulated with interest or the value of their deferred benefit.
Commencement of deferred benefits	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 62.
Percentage married	85% of active members are assumed to be married. Legislators in payment status are assumed to be 100% married for purposes of a death benefit, except if reported with a joint & survivor benefit. 100% of Elective State Officers members are assumed to be eligible for the automatic survivor benefit.
Age of spouse	Females are assumed to be three years younger than their spouses, and males are assumed to be three years older than their spouses.
Eligible children	Each member may have two dependent children depending on member's age. Assumed first born child born at member's age 28 and second born child at member's age 31.
Form of payment	Active married members are assumed to elect 50% joint and survivor annuity. Active single members and deferred members are assumed to elect a life annuity. Unless reported with a joint & survivor option, retired members are assumed to have a spouse that is eligible for the automatic survivor benefit. Deferred Elective State Officers Retirement Fund members are assumed to elect a life annuity with automatic survivor benefits.
Eligibility testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
Decrement operation	Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.
Service credit accruals	It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain members

To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.

In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:

#### **Legislators Retirement Plan**

##### Data for active members:

There were no members reported with zero or invalid salary.

There were no members reported with missing service.

There were no members reported with missing or invalid gender or birth dates.

##### Data for terminated members:

There were 11 members reported without a benefit. If available, we calculated benefits for these members using the reported Average Salary and credited service. If Average Salary was also not reported (10 members), we assumed a value of \$30,000. There were no members reported without credited service or a termination date.

There were no members reported with missing or invalid gender or birth dates.

##### Data for members receiving benefits:

There were no members reported with missing or invalid birth dates. There was one survivor reported with an invalid gender. We assumed female gender for the valuation.

There were 291 retired members reported:

- 111 members were reported with the 75% or 100% joint and survivor option. These members were valued as indicated by the option elected.
- 180 members were reported with a life annuity or the 50% joint and survivor option. All of these members were valued as a 50% joint and survivor annuity per MSRS' direction.

Of the 291 retired members, 164 members had an invalid or missing survivor gender and 156 members had a missing or invalid survivor date of birth. We used the valuation assumptions if the survivor gender or date of birth was missing or invalid.

There was 1 retiree reported with a bounce back annuity but was not reported with a reasonable reduction factor. A factor of 0.80 was assumed for the 100% joint and survivor annuity.

There were no survivors reported on the data file with an expired benefit.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain members	<b>Elective State Officers Retirement Plan</b>  There were no members reported with missing gender, birth dates or benefit amounts.  <u>Data for members receiving benefits:</u> Unless reported with the 100% joint & survivor option, all retired and deferred members were assumed to have a spouse that is eligible for the automatic survivor benefit. Valuation assumptions were used if the survivor gender or date of birth were missing.
Changes in actuarial assumptions	The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 2.0% per year to 2.0% per year through 2015 and 2.5% thereafter. See page 5 for additional detail about this assumption.



## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

Age	Rate (%)*			
	Healthy		Healthy	
	Pre-Retirement Mortality**		Post-Retirement Mortality**	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	0.04%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%
25	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02
30	0.05	0.02	0.04	0.03
35	0.08	0.04	0.06	0.05
40	0.11	0.06	0.09	0.06
45	0.17	0.09	0.13	0.10
50	0.24	0.15	0.60	0.24
55	0.35	0.22	0.54	0.35
60	0.56	0.34	0.66	0.56
65	0.85	0.54	1.16	0.91
70	2.67	0.82	1.93	1.52

\* Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. Due to the combination of pre-retirement rates, post-retirement rates, the white collar adjustment and Projection Scale AA, the prescribed mortality tables have a few ages where assumed mortality decreases slightly instead of increases. We have used the rates prescribed, but note that the prescribed assumption may not be reasonable at every age. If the rates were reasonably adjusted so that they decrease at all ages, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.

\*\* These rates were adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale AA.

Age	Percent Retiring	Service	Withdrawal	
			House	Senate
60	0.00%	1	0.0%	0.0%
61	0.00	2	30.0	0.0
62	40.00	3	0.0	0.0
63	30.00	4	20.0	25.0
64	30.00	5	0.0	0.0
65	40.00	6	10.0	0.0
66	30.00	7	0.0	0.0
67	25.00	8	5.0	10.0
68	25.00	9+	0.0	0.0
69	25.00			
70	30.00			
71+	100.00			

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions – Legislators Retirement Plan

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

Plan year	July 1 through June 30.
Eligibility	Members of the State Legislature first elected to office before July 1, 1997 and who elect to retain coverage under this plan (i.e., do not elect Social Security coverage).
Contributions	
Member	9.00% of salary which must be paid to the state's General Fund.
Employer	Plan is funded by annual appropriations from the state's General Fund. Employee contributions are "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h).
Allowable service	Service while in an eligible position.
Salary	Compensation received for service as a member of the legislature. Salary includes the monthly compensation paid to a legislator and the per diem payments paid during a regular or special session. Salary does not include additional compensation attributable to a leadership position.
Average salary	Average of the five highest successive years of salary.

#### Retirement

##### Normal retirement benefit

Age/Service requirements	Age 62 and either six full years of service or service during all or part of four regular legislative sessions. For eligibility purposes, service does not include credit for time not served when a member does not serve a full term of office.
Amount	<p>A percentage of Average Salary for each year of service as follows:</p> <p>First elected prior to January 1, 1979:</p> <p>(a) 5.00% for the first eight years of service prior to January 1, 1979; and</p> <p>(b) 2.50% for subsequent years.</p> <p>Elected after December 31, 1978:</p> <p>(a) 2.50%.</p>

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions – Legislators Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### Retirement (Continued)

##### Early retirement benefit

Age/service requirements      Age 55 and either six full years of Service or Service during all or part of four regular legislative sessions.

Amount      Normal retirement benefit based on service and Average Salary at retirement date and actuarially reduced for each month the member is under age 62 assuming augmentation to age 62 at 3.00% per year.

##### Form of payment

Paid as a 50% joint and survivor annuity to member, spouse and dependent children. Annuitants may elect 100% joint and survivor bounce back annuity, life annuity, or a term certain and life annuity on an actuarially equivalent basis.

##### Benefit increases

Benefit recipients receive future annual 2.0% benefit increases. When the funding ratio of the State Employees Retirement Fund reaches 90% for two consecutive years (actuarial accrued liability ratio on a Market Value of Assets basis), the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%.

A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least six months but less than 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a pro rata increase.

#### Disability

No additional benefits provided beyond standard plan. Treated as retirement or termination, depending on age and service at termination.

#### Death

##### Surviving spouse benefit

Age/Service requirement      Death while active, or after termination if service requirements for a normal retirement benefit is met but payments have not begun.

Amount      Survivor payments of 50% of the retirement benefit of the member assuming the member had attained normal retirement age and had a minimum of eight years of service. Benefit is paid for life. A former member's benefit is augmented as a Deferred Annuity to date of death before determining the portion payable to the spouse. If the legislator was at least age 60 at death, the surviving spouse may elect an optional joint and survivor annuity. If a deferred benefit was not eligible to be in pay status before July 1, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Benefit increases      Same as for retirement.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions – Legislators Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### Death (Continued)

##### Surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/Service requirement	Same as spouse's benefit.
Amount	Benefit for first child is 25.00% of the retirement benefit (computed as for surviving spouse) with 12.50% for each additional child. Maximum payable (including spouse) is 100.00% of the retirement benefit. Benefits cease when a child marries or attains age 18 (22 if a full-time student).
Benefit increases	Same as retirement.

##### Refund of contributions

Age/Service requirement	Member dies before receiving any retirement benefits and survivor benefits are not payable.
Amount	Member's contributions with 6.00% annual interest compounded daily until June 30, 2011, 4.00% thereafter.

#### Termination

##### Refund of contributions

Age/Service requirement	Termination of service.
Amount	Member's contributions with 6.00% annual interest compounded daily until June 30, 2011, 4.00% thereafter. If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.

##### Deferred benefit

Age/service requirement	Same service requirements as for normal retirement.
Amount	Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following annual augmentation percentage: (a.) 0.00% before July 1, 1973; (b.) 5.00% from July 1, 1973 to January 1, 1981; (c.) 3.00% until the earlier of January 1 of the year following attainment of age 55 and January 1, 2012; (d.) 5.00% until the earlier of January 1, 2012 and when the annuity begins; and (e.) 2.00% from January 1, 2012 forward.  Amount is payable at normal or early retirement.  For members who terminated prior to July 1, 1997 but were not eligible to commence their pensions before July 1, 1997, the benefit shall be increased to reflect the actuarial equivalent change in post-retirement interest rate from 5.00% to 6.00%.

#### **Adjustments for benefits not in pay status**

Benefits are adjusted on an actuarial equivalent basis to reflect the 1997 change in post-retirement interest rate assumption from 5.0% to 6.0%.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions – Legislators Retirement Plan (Concluded)

<b>Optional form conversion factors</b>	Actuarially equivalent factors based on RP-2000 mortality for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2025 using Scale AA, blended 55% males, and 6.5% interest.
<b>Combined service annuity</b>	<p>Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a.) Have sufficient allowable service in total that equals or exceeds the applicable service credit vesting requirement of the retirement plan with the longest applicable service credit vesting requirement;</li> <li>(b.) Have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and</li> <li>(c.) Are not in receipt of a benefit from another plan, or have applied for benefits with an effective date within one year.</li> </ul> <p>Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement.</li> <li>(b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.</li> </ul>
<b>Changes in Plan Provisions</b>	Effective July 1, 2014, the funding ratio threshold that must be attained by the State Employees Retirement Fund to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients in this plan was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions – Elective State Officers Retirement Plan

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

Plan year	July 1 through June 30
Eligibility	Must be employed as a "Constitutional Officer" first elected prior to July 1, 1997 and must elect to retain coverage under this plan (i.e., does not elect Social Security coverage). Plan is closed to new members since July 1, 1997.
Contributions	Plan is funded by annual appropriations from the State's General Fund.
Allowable service	Service while in an eligible position as a constitution officer.
Salary	Salary upon which Elective State Officers Retirement Fund contributions have been made.
Average salary	Average of the five highest successive years of Salary.
<b>Retirement</b>	
<u>Normal retirement benefit</u>	
Age/Service requirements	Age 62 and eight years of Allowable Service.
Amount	2.50% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service. For members who terminated service after June 30, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.
<u>Early retirement benefit</u>	
Age/Service requirement	Age 60 and eight years of Allowable Service.
Amount	Normal retirement benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at retirement date with reduction of 0.50% for each month the member is under age 62 at the time of retirement.
Form of Payment	Life annuity.
Benefit increases	Since 2011, benefit recipients have received annual 2.0% benefit increases. When the funding ratio of the State Employees Retirement Fund reaches 90% for two consecutive years (actuarial accrued liability ratio on a Market Value of Assets basis), the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%.  A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least six months but less than 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a pro rata increase.
<b>Disability</b>	No additional benefits provided beyond standard plan. Treated as retirement or termination, depending on age and Allowable Service as of disablement.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions – Elective State Officers Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### Death

##### Surviving spouse benefit

Age/Service requirement    Death while active, or after retirement, or after termination but prior to retirement with at least eight years of Allowable Service.

Amount    Survivor payments of 50% of the retirement benefit of the member assuming the member had attained age 62 and had a minimum of eight years of Allowable Service. A former member's benefit is augmented as a Deferred Annuity to date of death before determining the portion payable to the spouse.

If a member dies prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence a survivor benefit as of July 1, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Benefit increases    Same as for retirement.

##### Surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/Service requirement    Same as spouse's benefit.

Amount    Benefit for first child is 25.00% of the retirement benefit (computed as for surviving spouse) with 12.50% for each additional eligible child. Maximum payable (including spouse) is 100.00% of the retirement benefit. Benefits cease when a child marries or attains age 18 (22 if a full-time student).

Benefit increases    Same as for retirement.

#### Termination

##### Refund of contributions

Age/Service requirement    Termination of service.

Amount    Member's contributions with 6.00% interest compounded daily to July 1, 2011 and 4.00% compounded daily thereafter. If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.

##### Deferred benefit

Age/service requirement    Eight years of Allowable Service.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions – Elective State Officers Retirement Plan (Concluded)

#### Termination (Continued)

##### Deferred benefit

##### Amount

Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following annual augmentation percentage:

- (a.) 0.00% before July 1, 1979;
- (b.) 5.00% from July 1, 1979 to January 1, 1981;
- (c.) 3.00% until age 55, or until January 1, 2012, whichever is earlier;
- (d.) 5.00% thereafter until the annuity begins but prior to January 1, 2012; and
- (e.) 2.00% from January 1, 2012 thereafter.

Amount is payable at normal or early retirement.

If a member terminated prior to July 1, 1997 but was not eligible to commence his or her pension before July 1, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

#### **Combined service annuity**

Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:

- (a.) Have sufficient allowable service in total that equals or exceeds the applicable service credit vesting requirement of the retirement plan with the longest applicable service credit vesting requirement;
- (b.) Have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and
- (c.) Are not in receipt of a benefit from another plan, or have applied for benefits with an effective date within one year.

Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:

- (a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement.
- (b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.

#### **Optional Form Conversion Factors**

Actuarially equivalent factors based on RP-2000 mortality for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2025 using scale AA, blended 55% males, and 6.5% interest.

#### **Changes in Plan Provisions**

Effective July 1, 2014, the funding ratio threshold that must be attained by the State Employees Retirement Fund to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients in this plan was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.



## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Funding Progress<sup>1</sup> (*Dollars in Thousands*)

#### Legislators Retirement Fund

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b)-(a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b)-(a) (c)
07/01/1991	\$ 14,694	\$ 30,403	\$ 15,709	48.33%	\$ 7,078	221.94%
07/01/1992	15,160	33,224	18,064	45.63	6,556	275.53
07/01/1993	17,169	36,801	19,632	46.65	7,322	268.12
07/01/1994	18,738	45,448	26,710	41.23	6,589	405.37
07/01/1995	21,213	50,255	29,042	42.21	7,056	411.59
07/01/1996	22,532	54,225	31,693	41.55	6,267	505.71
07/01/1997	25,678	60,055	34,377	42.76	7,767	442.60
07/01/1998	31,212	62,928	31,716	49.60	6,802	466.27
07/01/1999	33,474	66,418	32,944	50.40	7,490	439.84
07/01/2000	37,265	69,364	32,099	53.72	5,808	552.67
07/01/2001	42,608	75,072	32,464	56.76	5,858	554.18
07/01/2002	45,501	78,070	32,569	58.28	5,089	639.99
07/01/2003 <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
07/01/2004	46,155	83,197	37,042	55.48	3,815	970.89
07/01/2005	45,523	81,836	36,314	55.63	3,014	1,204.84
07/01/2006	48,504	81,361	32,858	59.62	2,894	1,135.45
07/01/2007	44,869	86,449	41,580	51.90	2,380	1,747.42
07/01/2008	39,209	86,131	46,922	45.52	1,993	2,354.34
07/01/2009	28,663	90,431	61,768	31.70	1,963	3,146.61
07/01/2010	26,821	86,236	59,415	31.10	1,877	3,165.42
07/01/2011 <sup>3</sup>	19,140	216,559	197,419	8.84	1,774	11,128.47
07/01/2012	15,523	247,657	232,134	6.27	1,378 <sup>4</sup>	16,845.72
07/01/2013	11,493	235,877	224,384	4.87	1,233 <sup>4</sup>	18,198.22
07/01/2014 <sup>5</sup>	8,258	250,860	242,602	3.29	1,122 <sup>4</sup>	21,622.28

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuaries. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> An actuarial valuation was not completed as of July 1, 2003.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the alternate assumptions, including an investment return assumption of 0%.

<sup>4</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 9%.

<sup>5</sup> Effective July 1, 2013, the Elective State Officers Retirement Fund was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund, first combined as of July 1, 2014 in this exhibit.

## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Funding Progress<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

#### Elective State Officers Retirement Fund

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)
7-1-1991	\$ 308	\$ 2,249	\$ 1,941	13.69%	\$ 422	459.95 %
7-1-1992	334	2,380	2,046	14.03	378	541.27
7-1-1993	322	2,689	2,367	11.97	500	473.40
7-1-1994	361	2,848	2,487	12.68	411	605.11
7-1-1995	378	2,948	2,570	12.82	422	609.00
7-1-1996	412	2,983	2,571	13.81	456	563.82
7-1-1997	456	3,214	2,758	14.19	467	590.58
7-1-1998	500	3,369	2,869	14.84	461	622.34
7-1-1999	198	3,373	3,175	5.87	291	1091.07
7-1-2000	199	3,535	3,336	5.63	0	N/A
7-1-2001	201	3,775	3,574	5.32	0	N/A
7-1-2002	201	4,075	3,874	4.93	0	N/A
7-1-2003 <sup>2</sup>				-	-	-
7-1-2004	204	4,002	3,798	5.09	0	N/A
7-1-2005	204	4,065	3,861	5.03	0	N/A
7-1-2006	207	3,970	3,763	5.22	0	N/A
7-1-2007	212	3,969	3,757	5.33	0	N/A
7-1-2008	212	3,908	3,696	5.43	0	N/A
7-1-2009	213	3,886	3,673	5.49	0	N/A
7-1-2010	214	3,782	3,568	5.66	0	N/A
7-1-2011 <sup>3</sup>	0	7,610	7,610	0.00	0	N/A
7-1-2012	0	8,907	8,907	0.00	0	N/A
7-1-2013	0	8,595	8,595	0.00	0	N/A
7-1-2014 <sup>4</sup>						

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuaries. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> An actuarial valuation was not completed as of July 1, 2003.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the alternate assumptions, including an investment return assumption of 0%.

<sup>4</sup> Effective July 1, 2013, the Elective State Officers Retirement Fund was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund. Effective July 1, 2014 combined results are shown with the Legislators Retirement Fund exhibit.

## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

#### Legislators Retirement Fund

Plan Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Required Contribution Rate (a)	Actual Covered Payroll (b)	Actual Member Contributions (c)	Annual Required Contributions [(a)x(b)] - (c) = (d)	Actual Employer Contributions <sup>3</sup> (e)	Percentage Contributed (e)/(d)
1991	32.62 %	\$ 7,078	\$ 637	\$ 1,672	\$ 1,889	112.98 %
1992	27.67	6,556	590	1,224	601	49.10
1993	30.49	7,322	659	1,573	2,284	145.20
1994	32.12	6,589	593	1,457	1,618	111.05
1995	38.34	7,056	635	2,070	2,938	141.93
1996	41.54	6,267	564	2,039	1,511	74.10
1997	43.96	7,767	699	2,715	3,176	116.98
1998	48.03	6,802	612	2,655	5,199	195.82
1999	47.19	7,490	674	2,861	2,091	73.09
2000	52.72	5,808	523	2,539	3,192	125.72
2001	47.26	5,858	527	2,241	5,039	224.85
2002	60.14	5,089	458	2,603	4,135	158.86
2003 <sup>4</sup>	63.12	-	-	-	-	-
2004	63.12	3,815	343	2,065	425	20.58
2005	104.72	3,014	384	2,773	1,822	65.71
2006	112.64	2,894	264	2,995	5,684	189.78
2007	111.24	2,380	239	2,408	1,772	73.59
2008	171.10	1,993	180	3,230	2,217	68.64
2009	243.21	1,963	248	4,526	1,269	28.04
2010	413.00	1,877	170	7,582	1,975	26.05
2011	432.92	1,774	160	7,520	2,805	37.30
2012 <sup>5</sup>	1,320.95	1,378 <sup>6</sup>	124	18,079	3,935	21.77
2013	1,340.00	1,233 <sup>6</sup>	111	16,411	3,399	20.71
2014 <sup>7</sup>	1,887.98	1,122 <sup>6</sup>	101	21,082	3,436	16.30
2015	2,287.58	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Includes contributions from other sources (if applicable). Information for 2004 to 2012 provided by MSRS.

<sup>3</sup> An actuarial valuation for this fiscal year was not completed.

<sup>4</sup> Based on the alternate assumptions, including an investment return assumption of 0%.

<sup>5</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 9%.

<sup>6</sup> Effective July 1, 2013, the Elective State Officers Retirement Fund was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund, first combined for plan year ending June 30, 2014 in this exhibit.

## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

#### Elective State Officers Retirement Fund

Plan Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Required Contribution Rate/Amount <sup>2</sup> (a)	Actual Covered Payroll (b)	Actual Member Contributions (c)	Annual Required Contributions <sup>3</sup> [(a)x(b)] - (c) = (d)	Actual Employer Contributions (e)	Percentage Contributed (e)/(d)
1991	34.84%	\$ 422	\$ 38	\$ 109	\$ 40	36.70%
1992	33.28	378	34	92	111	120.65
1993	36.23	500	45	136	88	64.71
1994	38.64	411	37	122	164	134.43
1995	42.00	422	38	139	165	118.71
1996	43.58	456	41	158	151	95.57
1997	43.49	467	42	161	167	103.73
1998	51.07	461	42	193	175	90.67
1999	51.66	291	26	124	40	32.26
2000	\$ 321	0	0	321	306	95.33
2001	340	0	0	340	330	97.06
2002	371	0	0	371	354	95.42
2003	412	0	0	412	371	90.12
2004	412	0	0	412	383	92.88
2005	437	0	0	437	395	90.37
2006	465	0	0	465	417	89.66
2007	477	0	0	477	427	89.57
2008	506	0	0	506	435	85.92
2009	558	0	0	558	442	79.28
2010	601	0	0	601	453	75.37
2011	644	0	0	644	460	71.54
2012 <sup>4</sup>	1,269	0	0	1,269	466	36.73
2013 <sup>5</sup>	991	0	0	991	470	47.43

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuaries. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Shown as a percent of payroll for years before 2000.

<sup>3</sup> For years after 1999, the Annual Required Contribution is the dollar amount shown in (a).

<sup>4</sup> Based on the alternate assumptions, including an investment return assumption of 0%.

<sup>5</sup> Effective July 1, 2013, the Elective State Officers Retirement Fund was administratively consolidated with the Legislators Retirement Fund. Effective July 1, 2014 combined results are shown with the Legislators Retirement Fund exhibit.

## Glossary of Terms

<b><i>Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.
<b><i>Accrued Liability Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.
<b><i>Actuarial Assumptions</i></b>	Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.
<b><i>Actuarial Cost Method</i></b>	A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Equivalent</i></b>	Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value (APV)</i></b>	The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits</i></b>	The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.
<b><i>Actuarial Valuation</i></b>	The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for developing and monitoring retirement system's funding policy, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).
<b><i>Actuarial Value of Assets</i></b>	The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

<b><i>Amortization Method</i></b>	A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.
<b><i>Amortization Payment</i></b>	That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Amortization Period</i></b>	The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.
<b><i>Annual Required Contribution (ARC)</i></b>	The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.
<b><i>Augmentation</i></b>	Annual increases to deferred benefits.
<b><i>Closed Amortization Period</i></b>	A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.
<b><i>Current Benefit Obligations</i></b>	The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on current service and including future salary increases to retirement.
<b><i>Employer Normal Cost</i></b>	The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.
<b><i>Expected Assets</i></b>	The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members.
<b><i>Experience Gain/Loss</i></b>	A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

## Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

<b><i>GASB</i></b>	Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27</i></b>	These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves. These statements remain in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. Please refer to the definition for GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 below.
<b><i>GASB Statement No. 50</i></b>	The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions. This statement remains in effect for pension plans that are not administered as trusts. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 below.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68</i></b>	Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the requirements of Statements No. 25, No. 27, and No. 50, respectively for pension plans administered as trusts. Statement No. 68, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting and financial reporting information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report beginning with the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.
<b><i>Normal Cost</i></b>	The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.
<b><i>Projected Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits.
<b><i>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.
<b><i>Valuation Date</i></b>	The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits is determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.