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Children and Family Services

Minnesota's Child Welfare Report 2013

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2014 Minnesota Legislature



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Minnesota's Child Welfare Report 2013

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Executive Summary

The 2013 “Child Welfare Report” published by the Minnesota Department of Human Services describes the state of children involved in Minnesota’s child protection response continuum during 2013 in the areas of child maltreatment assessment and investigation, out-of-home care and adoption. It provides an overview of how children are faring, and presents information about Minnesota’s performance on key child welfare indicators required by state and federal governments.

This report is provided by the Minnesota Department of Human Services, Children and Family Services Administration, in response to a legislative directive. Minn. Stat., section 257.0725, states: “The commissioner of human services shall publish an annual report on child maltreatment and on children in out-of-home placement. The commissioner shall confer with counties, child welfare organizations, child advocacy organizations, the courts, and other groups on how to improve the content and utility of the department’s annual report. In regard to child maltreatment, the report shall include the number and kinds of maltreatment reports received and any other data that the commissioner determines is appropriate to include in a report on child maltreatment. In regard to children in out-of-home placement, the report shall include, by county and statewide, information on legal status, living arrangement, age, sex, race, accumulated length of time in placement, reason for most recent placement, race of family with whom placed, and other information deemed appropriate on all children in out-of-home placement. Out-of-home placement includes placement in any facility by an authorized child-placing agency.”

This report also fulfills reporting requirements under the Vulnerable Children and Adults Act [Minn. Stat., section 256M.80 subd. 2], and the Minnesota Indian Family Preservation Act [Minn. Stat., section 260.775].

The report has four main sections, each followed with an appendix that provides specific county or tribal data on that section. Each section begins with “At a Glance” to highlight key information. Appendices with local-level data complete each section. Note that the counties of Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, Pipestone, Redwood and Rock combined social services to form Southwest Health and Human Services (SWHHS). Faribault and Martin counties combined to form Human Services of Faribault and Martin Counties. In 2014, Cottonwood and Jackson combined to form Des Moines Valley Health and Human Services (DVHHS). In 2008, the American Indian Child Welfare Initiative tribes from the Leech Lake and White Earth Bands of Ojibwe began serving children and families regarding reports of and responses to child maltreatment concerns, out-of-home care and guardianship/adoption.

Section I — Child Maltreatment covers information about alleged and determined reports of child abuse and neglect to local child welfare agencies. Data include counts of assessments and investigations, and sources of reports; prevalence of maltreatment by age, race and ethnicity; offender relationships; and use of Family Assessment and Family Investigative responses and Structured Decision Making instruments implemented by social workers.

Section II — Children in Out-of-home Care provides data on children in placement, including gender, age, race and ethnicity; placement frequency and duration; and re-entry and discharge.

Section III — Adoptions provides trend information about children under state guardianship, including counts and the demographics of children awaiting adoption and of those adopted; information regarding siblings; adoptions occurring in tribal courts; and the length of time from when children became eligible for adoption to finalized adoption.

Section IV — Federal and State Performance Measures presents local-level data in the categories of child safety, timeliness and permanency of reunification, timeliness of adoptions of children discharged from foster care, achieving permanency for children in care for extended periods of time and placement stability, and child well-being indicators of physical and mental health exams and screenings. This section includes measures that are required for publication to inform the Vulnerable Child and Adult Act (VCAA).

It is important to note that each section of the report is distinct. Most children assessed or investigated by child protection for alleged maltreatment did not enter out-of-home care, while many children who were in out-of-home care were placed for reasons other than maltreatment.

The key findings in this report are as follows:

Section I — Child Maltreatment

- Minnesota counties and the Leech Lake and White Earth Bands of Ojibwe provided a child protective services response to 19,602 accepted reports of maltreatment involving 25,297 unique children in 2013.
- Of all accepted maltreatment reports, 14,177 (72 percent) received a Family Assessment child protective services response.
- Of the 5,083 Family Investigations, maltreatment was determined to have occurred in 2,767 investigations (with 4,171 associated victims)
- Of the 342 Facility Investigations, maltreatment was determined to have occurred in 104 investigations (with 175 associated victims).
- Neglect was the most common allegation of maltreatment, found in 64 percent of Family Assessments and 54 percent of Family Investigations. This includes neglecting to provide adequate food, clothing or shelter, endangerment, educational neglect, abandonment and inadequate supervision. Medical neglect is counted separately.
- School personnel and law enforcement made 50 percent of all maltreatment reports to local child protection agencies.
- The need for ongoing protective services was identified in 48 percent of Family Investigations and 16 percent of Family Assessments. Another 13 percent of Family Assessments were offered optional supportive services.
- American Indian and African American/Black children had the highest rates of contact with the child protection system. They were six and three times more likely to be reported as abused or neglected than were White children, respectively.

- Fewer than 3 percent of all determined victims had at least one subsequent determined report of maltreatment within six months.

Section II — Children in Out-of-home Care

- In 2013, 11,510 children spent some time in out-of-home care. The total number of children who experienced out-of-home care has decreased 20 percent since 2004.
- Forty-nine percent of children in placement were age 12 and older. More boys than girls spent time in care. American Indian, African American/Black, and children of two or more races are respectively 15.5, 4.0 and 4.0 times more likely than a White child to be placed out-of-home.
- Sixty-five percent of reasons offered for entry into care were solely related to children's parents; 20 percent were attributed to children's behavior or substance abuse.
- Eighty-four percent of children in out-of-home care were placed in a family type setting.
- About 29 percent of placement episodes were 30 days or less.
- About 67 percent of discharges from care involved return to their caretakers prior to placement; another 10 percent were adopted.

Section III — Adoption

- In 2013, 685 children came under state guardianship (became state wards) as a result of court terminations of parental rights. Fifty-one percent of children entering guardianship were in the birth–3 age group. Of all children entering guardianship, the majority (60 percent) were White, followed by African American/Black (19 percent).
- There were 696 children under state guardianship at the beginning of 2013, and 863 at the end of the year, an increase of 24 percent.
- There were 539 state wards adopted in 2013. Eighty-seven percent of adopted wards were under age 12. Of all children adopted in 2013, 63 percent were White and 17 percent were African American/Black.
- There were 49 state wards aging out of placement at age 18 without a permanent home.
- American Indian and African American/Black children were 3.2 and 3.0 times, respectively, more likely than White children to enter guardianship.

Section IV — Federal and State Performance Measures

- Minnesota met the national standards on the safety measure for recurrence of maltreatment.

- Child welfare agencies excelled in the area of timeliness of reunification of children in placement with primary caretakers; however, Minnesota failed to meet the national standard for the rate of re-entry into foster care.
- For children achieving permanency through adoption, child welfare agencies concluded the process in a timely manner, with 54.7 percent of adoptees in care for less than two years prior to adoption.
- Minnesota did not meet national standards for placement stability nor for permanency for children in care for long periods of time.

Minnesota's Child Maltreatment Report, 2013

Contents

Introduction	3
Child Maltreatment Reports: Assessments and Investigations.....	5
Table 1. Child Maltreatment Reports and Child Subjects by Response Category	6
Figure 1. Child Maltreatment Reports by Response Category, 2004–2013	7
Figure 2. Reports by Maltreatment Type	8
Table 2. Determined Family and Facility Investigations by Maltreatment Type	9
Table 3. Sources of Assessed Maltreatment Reports	9
Demographics of Child Subjects.....	10
Figure 3. Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports by Age and Gender	11
Figure 4. Child Subjects of Neglect Reports by Age and Gender	12
Figure 5. Child Subjects of Physical Abuse Reports by Age and Gender	13
Figure 6. Child Subjects of Sexual Abuse Reports by Age and Gender	14
Figure 7. Child Subjects of Medical Neglect Reports by Age and Gender	14
Figure 8. Incidence per 1,000 by Race/Ethnicity and Maltreatment Type	15
Table 4. Maltreatment Type by Race/Ethnicity	16
Figure 9. Child Protection Response Category by Race/Ethnicity	16
Figure 10. Reason for Investigative Response by Race/Ethnicity	17
Table 5. Maltreatment Type by Child Disability Status	18
Table 6. Relationship of Alleged Offenders to Child Subjects of Reports	19
Results of Child Protection Assessments and Investigations.....	20
Figure 11. Deaths and Life-threatening Injuries, 2004–2013.....	21
Figure 12. Prevalence of Family Conditions	22
Figure 13. Maltreatment Risk Assessment Level by Response Category	23
Figure 14. Referrals for Ongoing Services by Response Category.....	24
Figure 15. Recommended Services.....	25
Figure 16. Six- and 12-month Maltreatment Recurrence Rate by Race/Ethnicity.....	26
Table 7. Six- and 12-month Maltreatment Recurrence Rate by Race/Ethnicity.....	26
Table 8. Six- and 12-month Re-reporting Rate by Response Category	27
Child Maltreatment Appendix	28
Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports per 1,000 in the Child Population	29
Child Subjects of Reports by Maltreatment Type and Response Category.....	31
Assessments and Investigations by Maltreatment Type and Response Category.....	34
Child Protection Services Needed or Supportive Services Offered	37
Maltreatment Recurrence.....	39
Re-reports for Alleged Maltreatment	41
Re-reports for Alleged Maltreatment by Initial Response Category.....	43

Introduction

The data in this section describe alleged and determined incidents of child maltreatment assessed in Minnesota in calendar year 2013. The data show the number of accepted maltreatment reports, the number of child victims, the types and severity of maltreatment, recurrence and re-reporting of maltreatment, what services were recommended, and what actions were taken. It also reflects other information, such as the age and race/ethnicity of victims and their relationship to offenders.

Unless otherwise specified, a child was counted as a “subject of a report” each time s/he was included in a maltreatment assessment or investigation in 2013. However, if the counts were specified as “unique,” a child was counted once in the specified category no matter how many times s/he was assessed during the year.

This report mirrors the method in which the U.S. Census Bureau categorizes race and Hispanic ethnicity. Individuals may indicate they belong to more than one race. Hispanic ethnicity is specified separately from race. For example, children may be counted in a racial group or as having more than one race. They may also claim Hispanic ethnicity.

Anyone can and should report a suspected incident of child maltreatment. Some professionals, such as those working directly with children, are **mandated reporters** and must report to local child protective services if they observe or receive information about an abuse and/or neglect concern. **Non-mandated reporters** voluntarily provide information of known or suspected child maltreatment to local child protection agencies.

Once a referral that includes allegations of maltreatment is made, a screener reviews the initial information about the concern and decides whether or not the report meets the statutory criteria for a child protection response. If it does, the agency determines if the allegations require a **Family Investigation (FI)** or a **Family Assessment (FA)**. By law, reports that include allegations of sexual abuse, egregious harm, homicide, felony assault, abandonment, neglect due to failure to thrive and malicious punishment, and/or maltreatment in a child care program or foster home must be assigned to a Family Investigation. In a **Family Investigation**, county/tribal child protection workers interview persons involved with a report, including the alleged victims, alleged offenders and family members. If the evidence suggests that it is more likely than not that a child has been a victim of maltreatment, and harm was caused by an act, or failure to act, by a person responsible for a child’s care, the county/tribal child protection worker makes a **determination** that maltreatment has occurred. In a Family Assessment, no determination of maltreatment is made. In these situations, a county or tribal worker assesses child safety concerns, the risk of further maltreatment, and works to connect families to services. Family strengths are identified so that they can be used to address the deficits that brought them to the attention of the child welfare system.

Key findings in this report include:

- Minnesota counties and the Leech Lake and White Earth Bands of Ojibwe assessed 19,602 reports of maltreatment involving 25,297 unique children in 2013.
- Of all accepted maltreatment reports, 14,177 (72 percent) received a Family Assessment, a child safety response with a strengths-based and family-focused method for working with families in the child protection system where no determination of maltreatment is made.
- Of the 5,083 Family Investigations, maltreatment was determined to have occurred in 2,767 investigations (with 4,171 associated victims)
- Of the 342 Facility Investigations, maltreatment was determined to have occurred in 104 investigations (with 175 associated victims).
- Neglect was the most common allegation of maltreatment, found in 64 percent of Family Assessments and 54 percent of Family Investigations. This includes neglecting to provide adequate food, clothing or shelter, endangerment, educational neglect, abandonment, inadequate supervision, and prenatal exposure to drugs or alcohol. Medical neglect is counted separately.
- School personnel and law enforcement made 50 percent of all maltreatment reports to local child protection agencies.
- The need for ongoing protective services was identified in 48 percent of Family Investigations and 16 percent of Family Assessments. Another 13 percent of Family Assessments were offered optional supportive services.
- American Indian and African American/Black children had the highest rates of contact with the child protection system. They were six and three times more likely to be reported as abused or neglected than were White children, respectively.
- Fewer than 3 percent of all determined victims had at least one subsequent determined report of maltreatment within six months.

Child Maltreatment Reports: Assessments and Investigations

At a Glance

- Minnesota counties and tribes assessed 19,602 reports of child maltreatment. Of these reports, 72 percent received a Family Assessment response.
- The most common allegation of maltreatment was for non-medical neglect, followed by physical abuse. A report may include allegations of different maltreatment types.
- Law enforcement and school personnel were the most frequent reporters of all reports accepted for assessment or investigation.

Table 1 includes the counts of alleged and determined child maltreatment reports and child subjects by type of assessment. Some children were assessed more than once during the year. The “unique child subjects of reports” column counts them only once within the stated category. Seventy-two percent of reports alleging maltreatment were referred to Family Assessment response. Maltreatment was determined to have occurred in 54 percent of Family Investigations. Counties also investigate alleged maltreatment in family foster homes and childcare homes licensed by the county or tribe. About 30 percent of Facility Investigations resulted in a determination that maltreatment occurred. Maltreatment occurring in state-licensed residential facilities, institutions and childcare centers is investigated by the Minnesota Department of Human Services and is not counted here.

Table 1. Child Maltreatment Reports and Child Subjects by Response Category

Response category	Reports		Child subjects of reports		Unique child subjects of reports*	
	Alleged	Determined	Alleged	Determined	Alleged	Determined
Family Assessment	14,177	NA	19,943	NA	18,467	NA
Family Investigation	5,083	2,767	7,634	4,171	7,155	4,015
Facility Investigation	342	104	525	175	522	175
Total	19,602	2,871	28,102	4,346	25,297	4,183

**The total unique child subjects does not equal the sum of unique children across response types, as some children were in more than one type of assessment.*

Figure 1 shows the 2004–2013 trend in the number of maltreatment reports assessed or investigated by counties or tribes. In recent years, the number of assessments has increased each year from a 10-year low in 2009. The use of Family Assessment response has increasingly replaced Family Investigation as the preferred response. The number of Facility Investigations has remained fairly stable between 2004 and 2013.

Figure 1. Child Maltreatment Reports by Response Category, 2004–2013

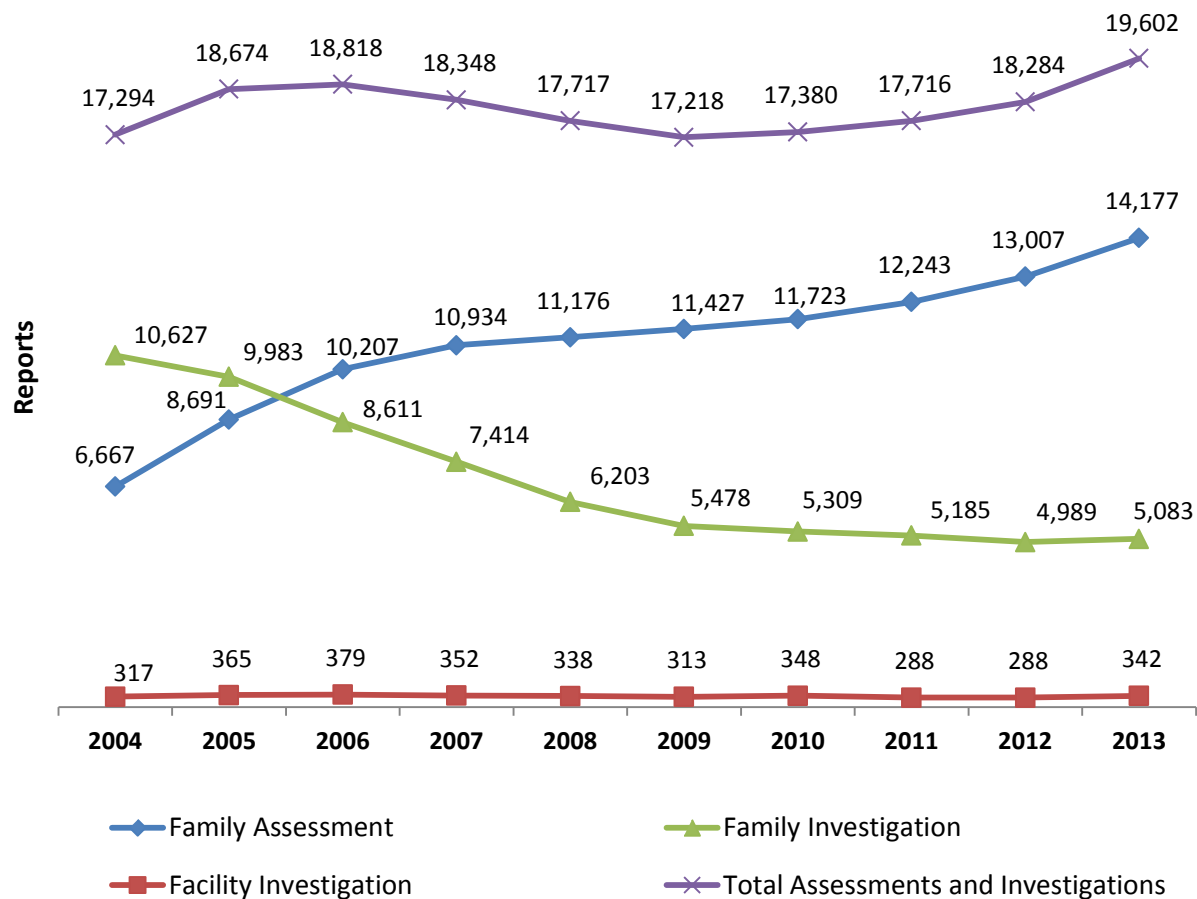


Figure 2 shows that neglect was the most common type of maltreatment alleged in all reports. This category includes emotional neglect, physical neglect (food, clothing and shelter), disregard for safety, inadequate supervision, abandonment, expulsion from home, prenatal exposure to alcohol or drugs, educational neglect, endangerment, failure to thrive, and chronic chemical abuse by a primary caretaker. Allegations of neglect appeared in 64 percent of Family Assessments, 54 percent of Family Investigations, and 52 percent of Facility Investigations. Physical abuse allegations appeared in 36 percent of Family Assessments, 26 percent of Family Investigations, and 46 percent of Facility Investigations. Sexual abuse allegations appeared in 39 percent of Family Investigations and 15 percent of Facility Investigations. By law, sexual abuse allegations must be investigated and result in a determination of whether maltreatment had occurred. The 384 Family Assessment sexual abuse reports were possibly unfounded allegations of Family Investigations that were switched to a Family Assessment response in the data system. About 1 percent of all reports had an allegation of mental injury. Medical neglect allegations appeared in 1.2 percent of all reports.

Figure 2. Reports by Maltreatment Type

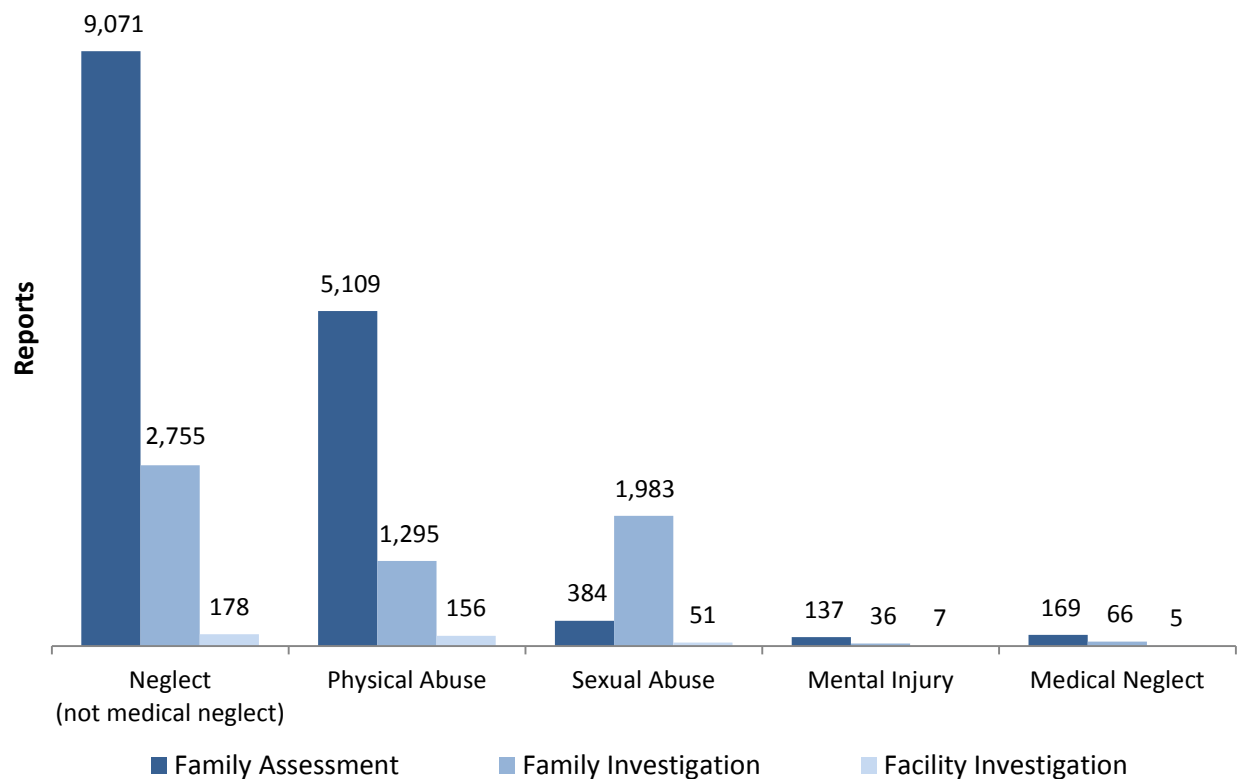


Table 2 shows the percent of investigated reports that resulted in a determination that maltreatment occurred. In Family Investigations, non-medical neglect allegations were the most likely to receive a determination. Facility investigations were less likely to be determined, with only 30 percent demonstrating a preponderance of evidence that maltreatment occurred.

Table 2. Determined Family and Facility Investigations by Maltreatment Type

Maltreatment type	Family Investigation			Facility Investigation		
	Alleged	Determined	Percent determined	Alleged	Determined	Percent determined
Neglect (non-medical)	2,755	1,738	63.1	178	56	31.5
Physical abuse	1,295	633	48.9	156	36	23.1
Sexual abuse	1,983	610	30.8	51	18	35.3
Mental injury	36	13	36.1	7	3	42.9
Medical neglect	66	33	50.0	5	-	0.0
Total reports	5,083	2,920	57.4	342	104	30.4

Table 3 identifies the sources of all maltreatment reports accepted for assessment or investigation. Law enforcement and school personnel made 50 percent of maltreatment reports to child protection agencies. About 83 percent of reports were from those mandated by law to report suspected child maltreatment. Mandated reporters include those in law enforcement, health care, mental health, social services, education and child care, among others who work with children.

Table 3. Sources of Assessed Maltreatment Reports

Report source	Reports	Percent of reports
Law enforcement or courts	5,265	26.9
School personnel	4,498	22.9
Social worker or counselor	2,682	13.7
Health practitioner	2,075	10.6
Parent or relative out of the home	1,266	6.5
Friend, acquaintance or neighbor	718	3.7
Parent or relative in the home	616	3.1
Non-relative caregiver	393	2.0
Other	1,463	7.5
Anonymous	626	3.2
Total reports	19,602	100.0

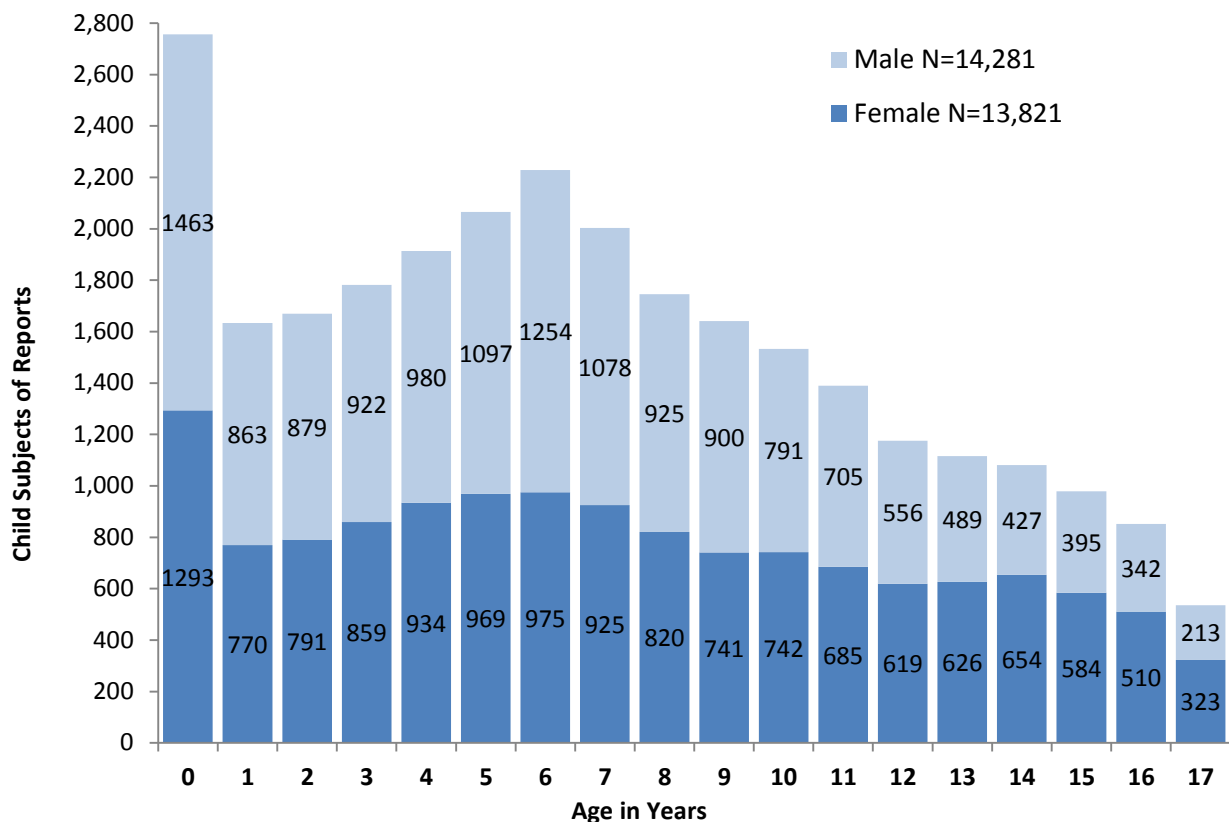
Demographics of Child Subjects

At a Glance

- About 42 percent of all children in reports of maltreatment were age 5 or younger.
- Girls comprised about 65 percent of alleged victims of sexual abuse.
- Children for whom there were allegations of medical neglect were the most likely to have a disability, with 40 percent indicating at least one diagnosed condition.
- Seventy-seven percent of alleged offenders were biological parents of child subjects.
- American Indian and African American/Black children continued to be over-represented in the child protection system. The incidence statewide of children assessed by child protection among all children was 19.8 per thousand, compared to 83.3 per thousand for American Indian children, 44.1 per thousand for African American/Black children, and 43.9 percent for children of two or more races.

Figures 3 through 7 illustrate the numbers of children reported to child protection by age, gender and maltreatment type. Mental injury maltreatment type is not included due to very small numbers. Overall, girls and boys were nearly equally likely to be reported to child protection, but tended to be reported for different reasons. The age of a child was a factor. Younger children comprised the larger numbers of children reported for neglect, while older children comprised a larger proportion of the physical and sexual abuse cases.

Figure 3. Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports by Age and Gender



Note: Three subjects of reports were aged 18–20.

Figure 4 shows that infants are the most vulnerable to certain types of neglect due to the high levels of care and supervision required for their health and safety. After infancy, the risk of a child being reported for suspected neglect generally decreases with age. Boys outnumber girls, overall, for neglect allegations, but only in children ages 12 and under.

Figure 4. Child Subjects of Neglect Reports by Age and Gender

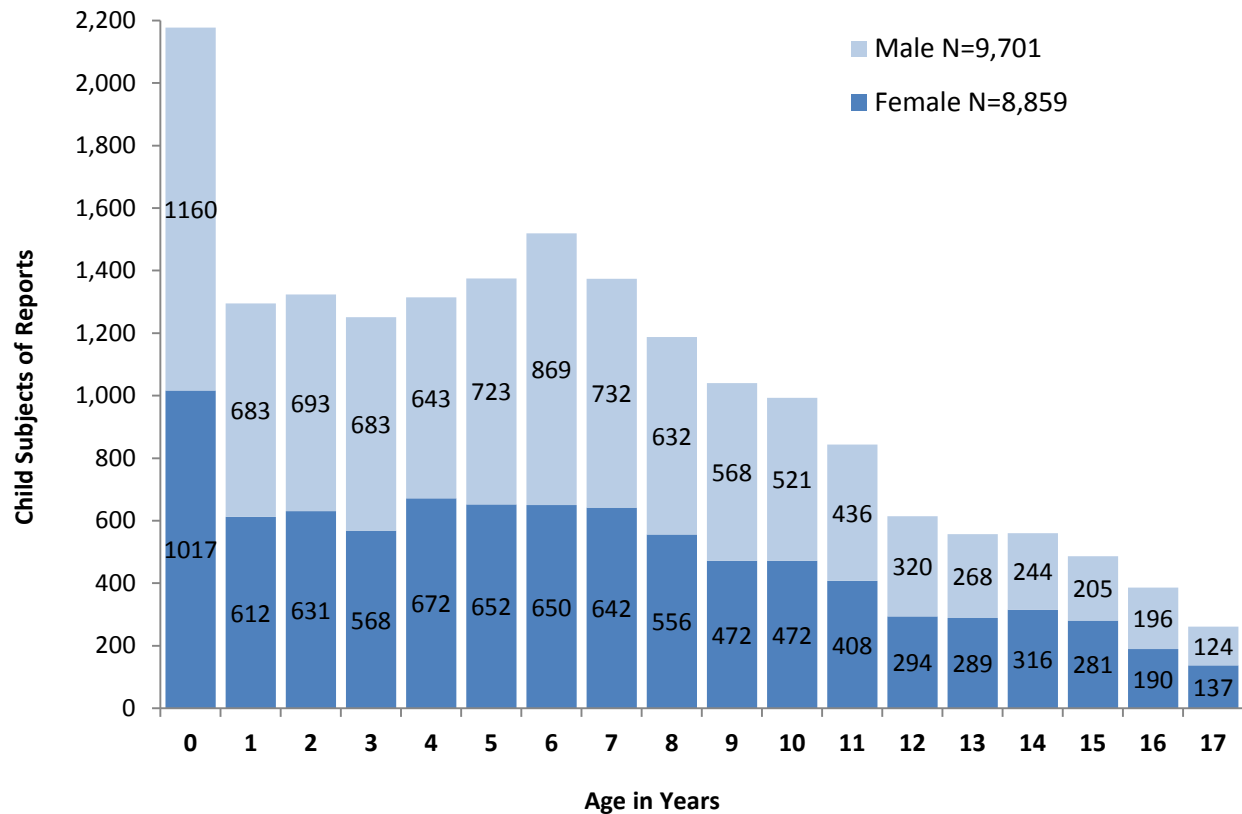


Figure 5 shows peaks in physical abuse allegations for infants and 5-7-year-olds. Boys comprised 58 percent of physical abuse reports in children under age 12, while girls appeared more frequently in the teen years. Allegations of physical abuse for boys peaked at age 6 before steadily decreasing with age, while allegations for girls were highest at infancy and age 14.

Figure 5. Child Subjects of Physical Abuse Reports by Age and Gender

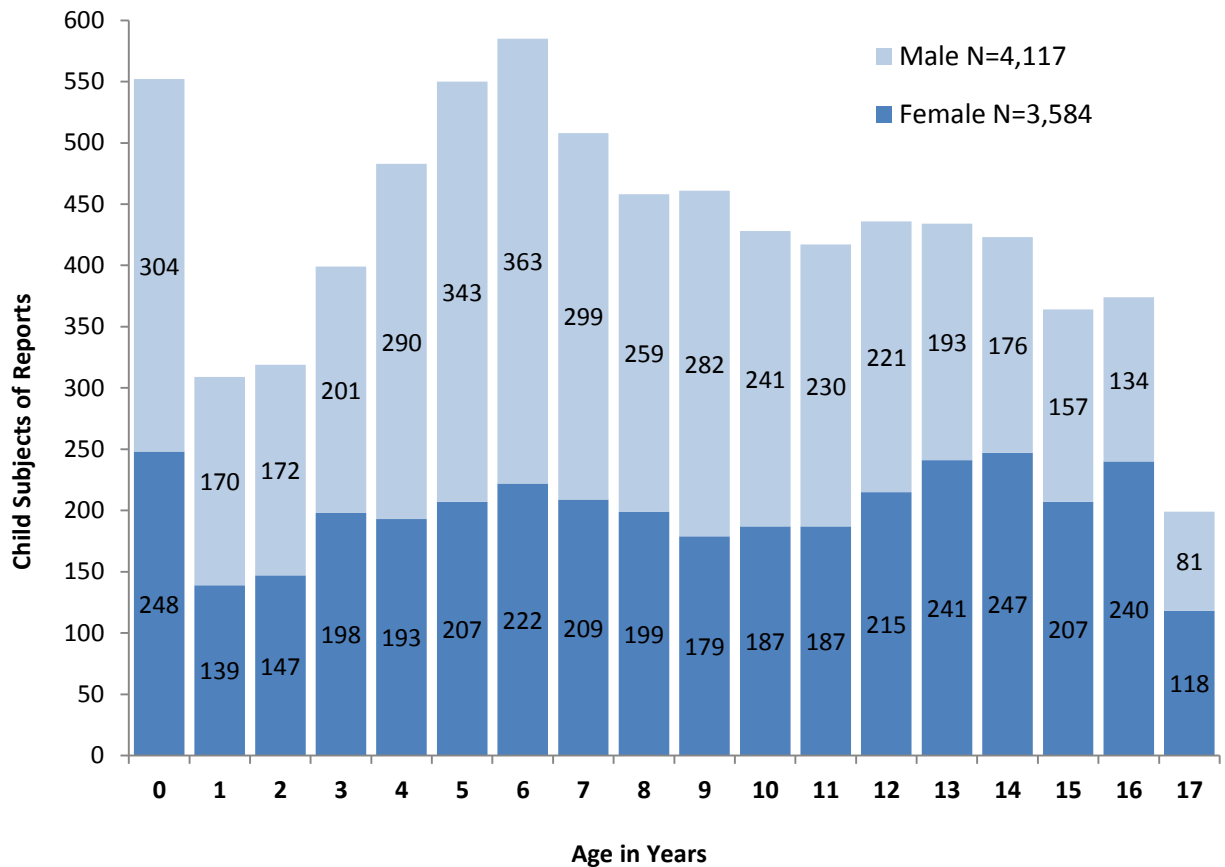


Figure 6 shows that girls were 1.8 times more likely to be alleged victims of sexual abuse. Boys were the subjects of sexual abuse allegations most often between the ages of 3–8, after which the reports decreased. The pattern of sexual abuse investigations involving girls showed peaks at ages 5 and 12.

Figure 6. Child Subjects of Sexual Abuse Reports by Age and Gender

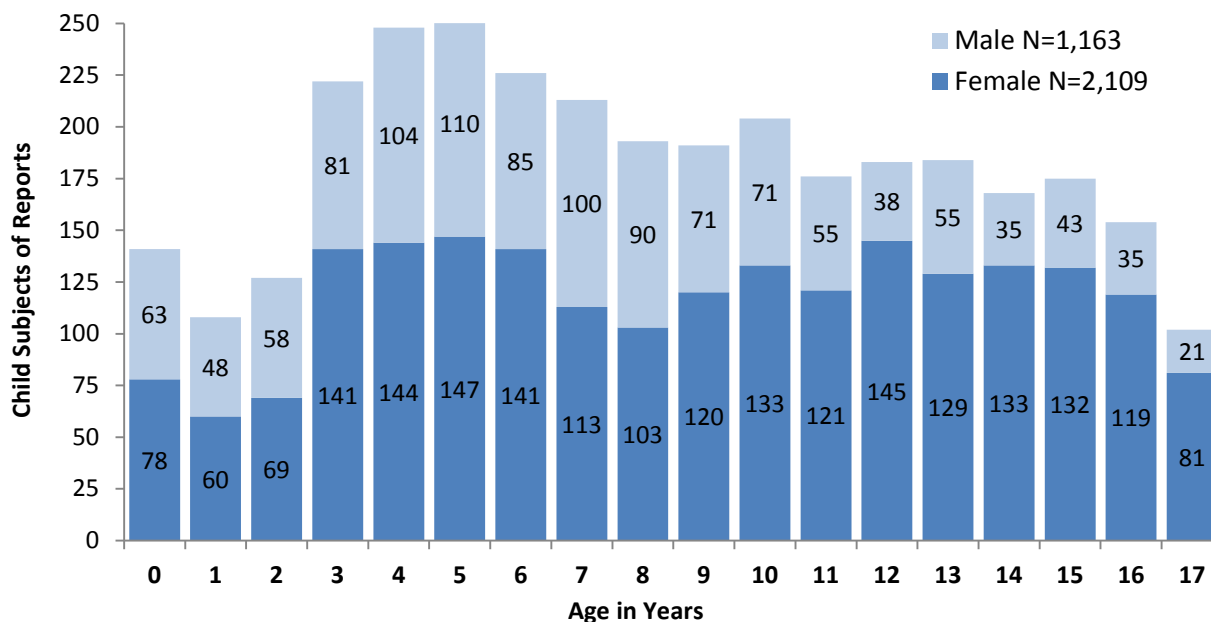
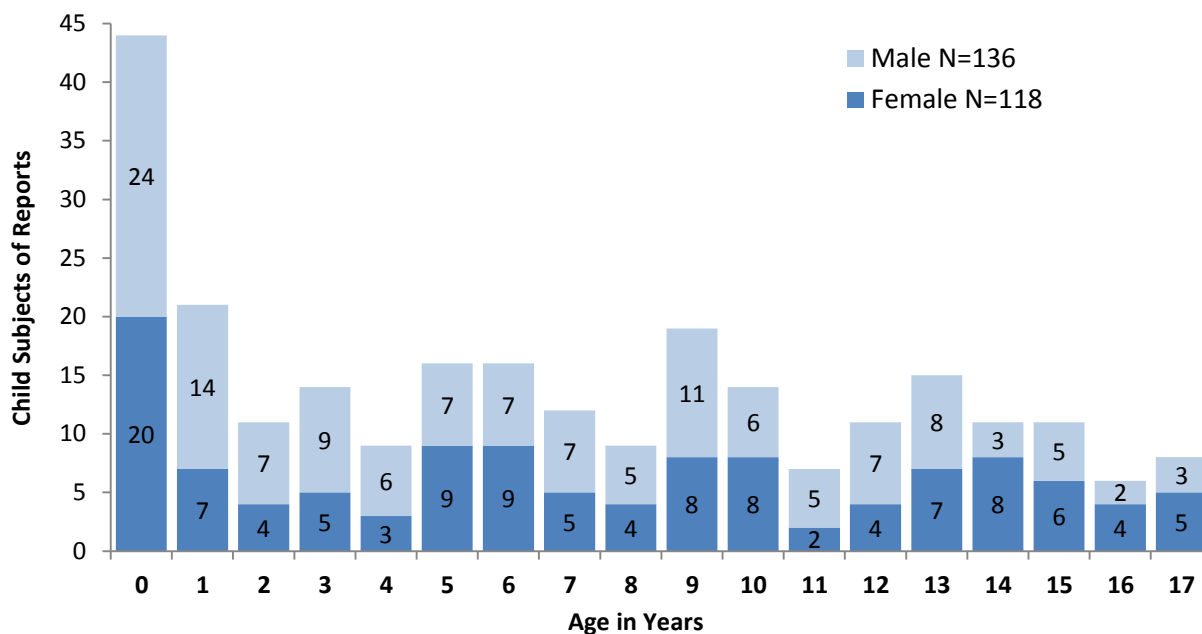


Figure 7 reveals that infants were at much higher risk of medical neglect than children of any other age. About 17 percent of children reported for medical neglect were under age 1.

Figure 7. Child Subjects of Medical Neglect Reports by Age and Gender



In Figure 8, child subjects per 1,000 counts were calculated by dividing the number of unique child subjects of reports for each race by the 2013 U.S. Census Bureau child population estimate for that race in Minnesota, then multiplying by 1,000. Table 4 shows the raw data used to calculate the rates. In the total Minnesota child population, 19.8 children per thousand were alleged victims of child maltreatment in 2013. American Indian and African American/Black children were more likely than children of other races to be involved with the child protection system. They were six and three times more likely than a White child to be subjects of an allegation of maltreatment, respectively. Asian or Pacific Islander children had the lowest rate of reports to child protection overall, and for each maltreatment type. American Indian children had the highest rates overall, and for each maltreatment type. Mental injury and medical neglect categories were excluded from the graph due to small numbers.

Figure 8. Incidence per 1,000 by Race/Ethnicity and Maltreatment Type

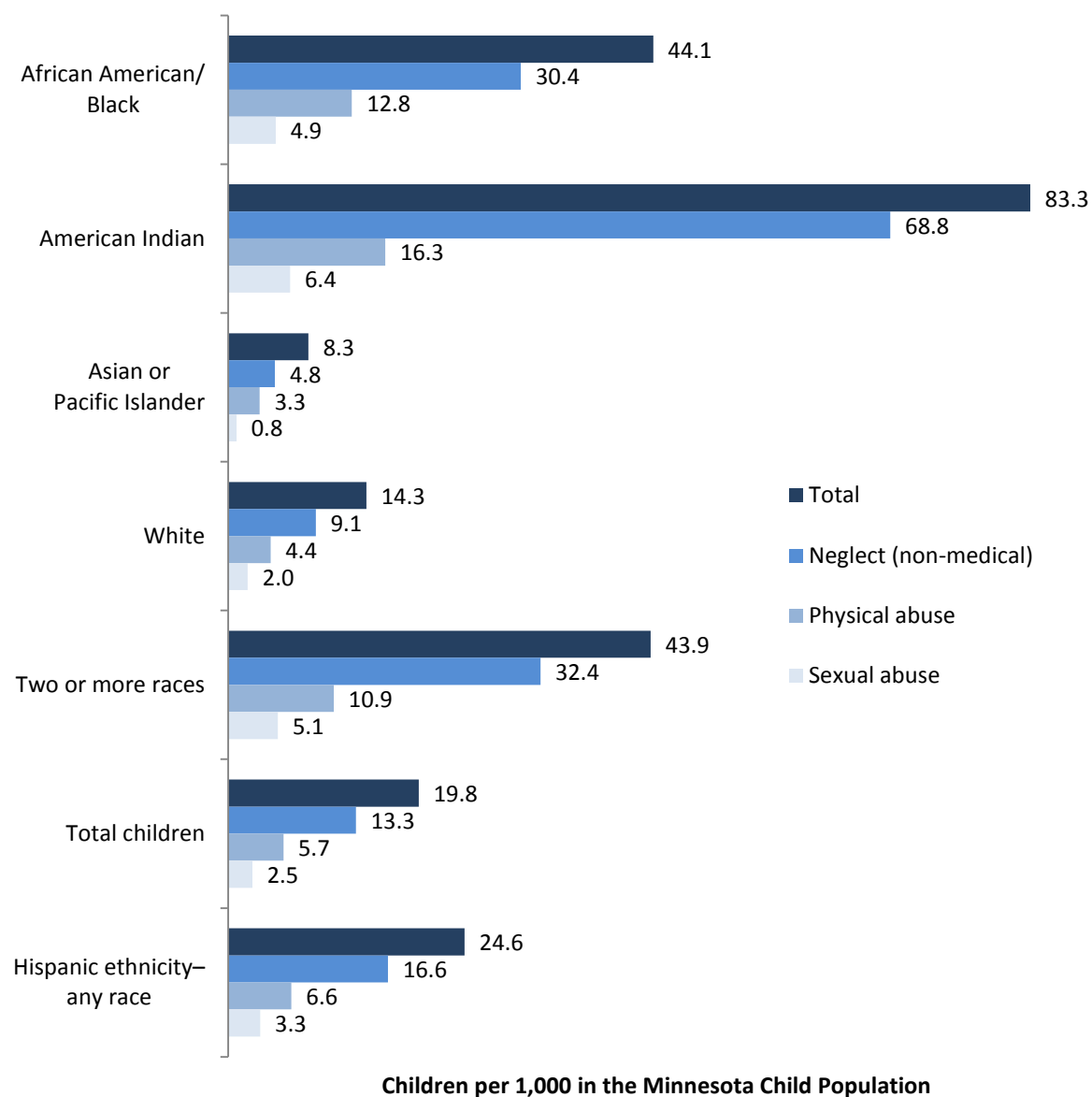


Table 4. Maltreatment Type by Race/Ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	2013 Child population est.	Total unique children	Neglect (non-medical)	Physical abuse	Sexual abuse	Mental injury	Medical neglect
African American/Black	106,309	4,693	3231	1365	523	13	56
American Indian	23,857	1,988	1641	389	153	22	32
Asian/Pacific Islander	74,521	620	361	243	63	2	8
White	1,006,559	14,442	9154	4436	2033	189	134
Two or more races	67,865	2,978	2201	743	349	12	18
Total children	1,279,111	25,297	16,974	7,340	3,190	239	248
Hispanic ethnicity—any race	107,281	2,634	1781	703	356	24	14

For all children in reports of maltreatment by a family caretaker, 72 percent were assigned to Family Assessment response. White children were more likely to be in reports assigned to Family Assessment than children of other races.

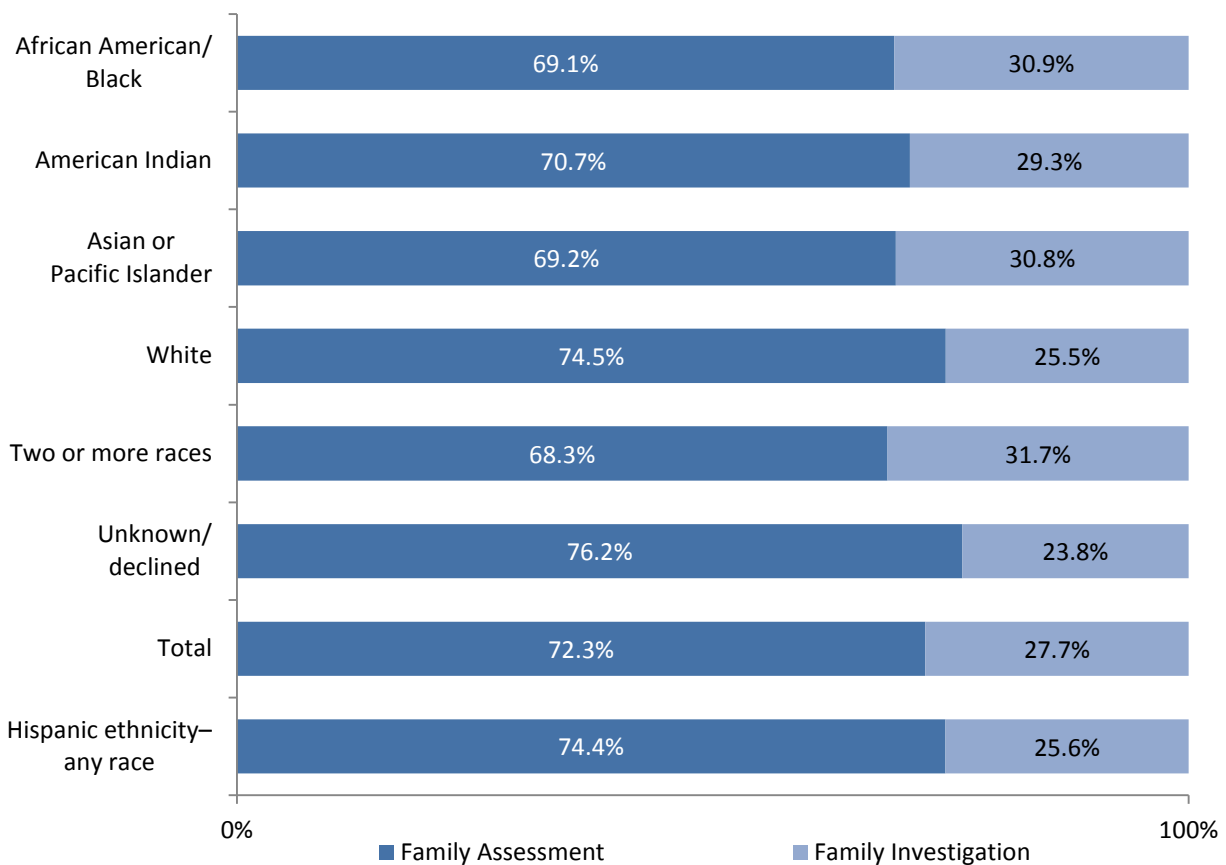
Figure 9. Child Protection Response Category by Race/Ethnicity

Figure 10 shows the percentages within each race of whether cases were assigned to Family Investigation for mandatory or for discretionary reasons. Reasons that mandate an assignment to Family Investigation include sexual abuse, egregious harm, homicide, felony assault, abandonment, neglect due to failure to thrive and malicious punishment. Discretionary reasons include a recent or frequent history of child maltreatment reports or child protective services, or the caretaker appeared to be unwilling or unable to achieve child safety. Overall, 57 percent of assignments to Family Investigation are for reasons mandated by law. Children of color are all more likely than White children to be assigned to Family Investigation for discretionary reasons.

Figure 10. Reason for Investigative Response by Race/Ethnicity

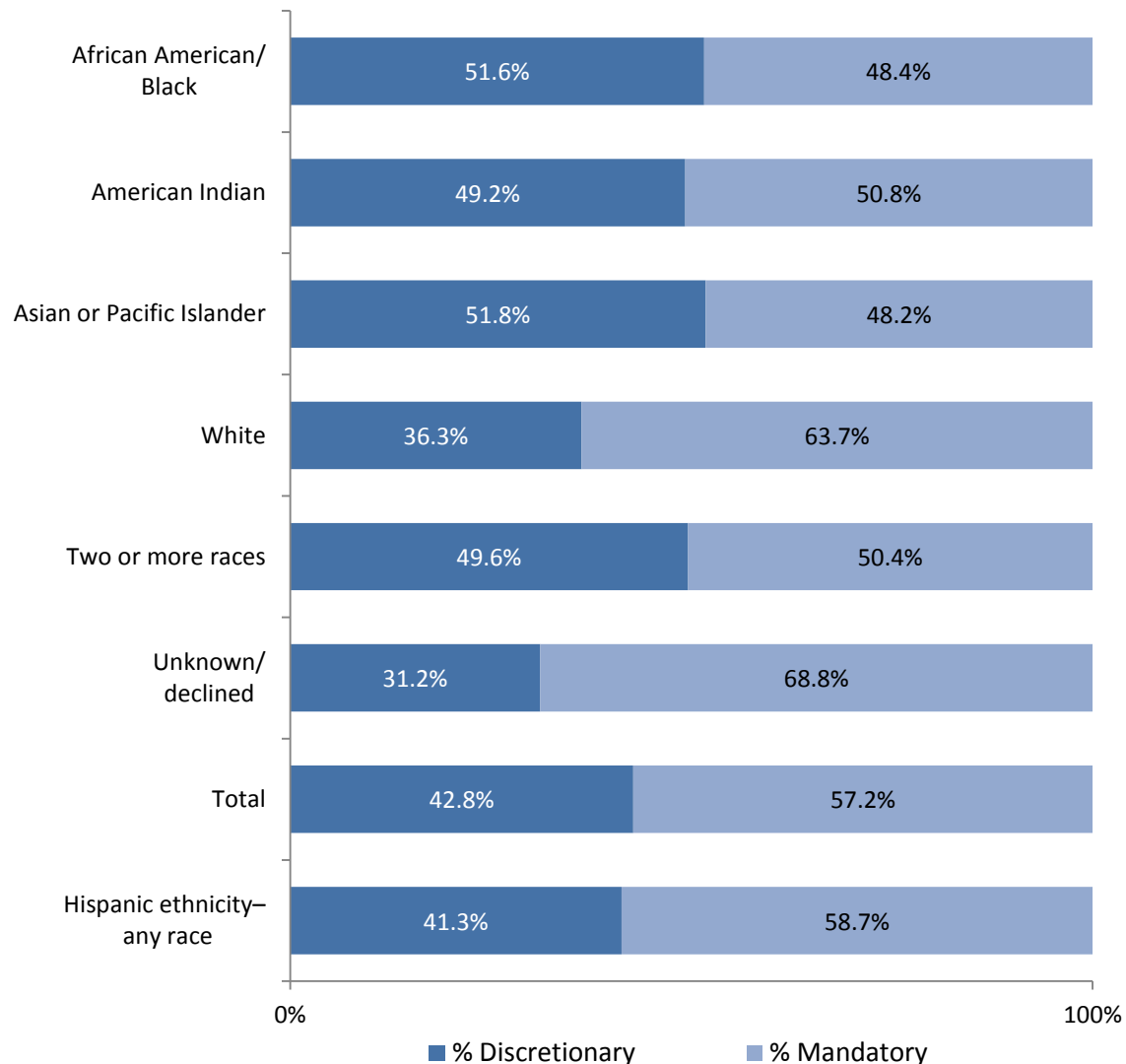


Table 5 shows the percentage of children in all assessments and investigations by disability status and maltreatment allegations. While 16.9 percent of children reported to child protection had a known disability, only an estimated 3.8 percent of Minnesota's population under age 18 had a disability (U.S. Census Bureau, 2012 American Community Survey). Emotional and behavioral disturbances were by far the most commonly identified disabilities, followed by developmental disabilities. Children for whom there were allegations of medical neglect were the most likely to have a disability, with 39.9 percent indicating one or more disabilities.

Table 5. Maltreatment Type by Child Disability Status

Disability status	Percentage with a disability					
	Total unique children (N=25,297)	Neglect (non-medical; N= 16,974)	Physical abuse (N= 7,340)	Sexual abuse (N= 3,190)	Mental injury (N= 239)	Medical neglect (N=248)
Any disability	16.9	14.4	23.3	19.1	33.9	39.9
Emotional disturbance	8.4	6.6	13.4	10.0	29.3	11.3
Developmental disability	2.8	2.7	3.1	2.6	2.9	8.9
Learning disability	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.9	0.0	2.0
Speech impairment	1.0	0.9	1.4	1.3	0.0	0.8
Physical disability	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	6.0
Chemical dependency	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.4
Hearing impairment	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.0
Visual impairment	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.8
Other diagnosed condition	3.2	2.9	3.7	3.5	1.7	16.9
Currently being evaluated	2.0	1.6	2.7	2.4	0.8	4.0

Table 6 shows the relationship of alleged offenders to the children in assessments and investigations. Birth parents accounted for 76.5 percent of alleged offenders.

Table 6. Relationship of Alleged Offenders to Child Subjects of Reports

Relationship	Percent of alleged offenders (N=23,791)
Biological parent	76.5
Adoptive parent	1.2
Stepparent	3.5
Unmarried partner of parent	6.7
Legal guardian	1.1
Sibling	2.4
Other relative (non-foster parent)	3.9
Relative foster parent	0.2
Non-relative foster parent	0.4
Child daycare provider	0.7
Group home or residential facility staff	0.2
Friends or neighbors	0.4
Other professionals	0.0
Other	1.7
Unknown or missing	1.0

Results of Child Protection Assessments and Investigations

At a Glance

- Most families (77 percent) were experiencing one or more family conditions that may have contributed to risk of child maltreatment.
- About 48 percent of Family Investigations and 16 percent of Family Assessments were identified as requiring further protective services. Optional supportive services were recommended or offered to 13 percent of families who received a Family Assessment response.
- The most frequently recommended services to families included family or individual counseling, parenting education and chemical dependency services.
- Children of color and tribally affiliated children had higher maltreatment recurrence rates than White children.
- There were 17 deaths determined to be a result of maltreatment in 2013, and 36 victims with life-threatening injuries. Of the 17 children who died as a result of maltreatment, 10 had been known to child protection at some point prior to their death.

Figure 11 shows the 2004–2013 trend in the number of deaths and life-threatening injuries determined to be the result of maltreatment by a caretaker.

Figure 11. Deaths and Life-threatening Injuries, 2004–2013

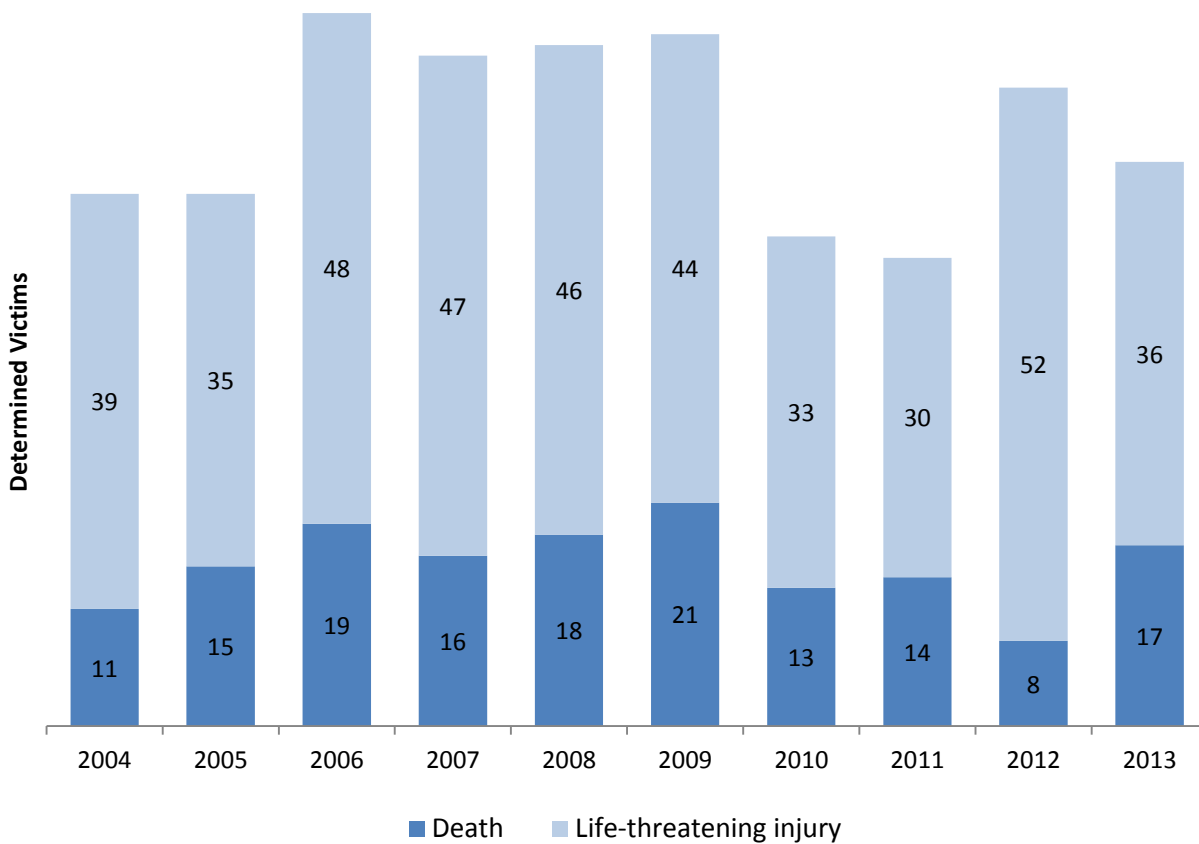
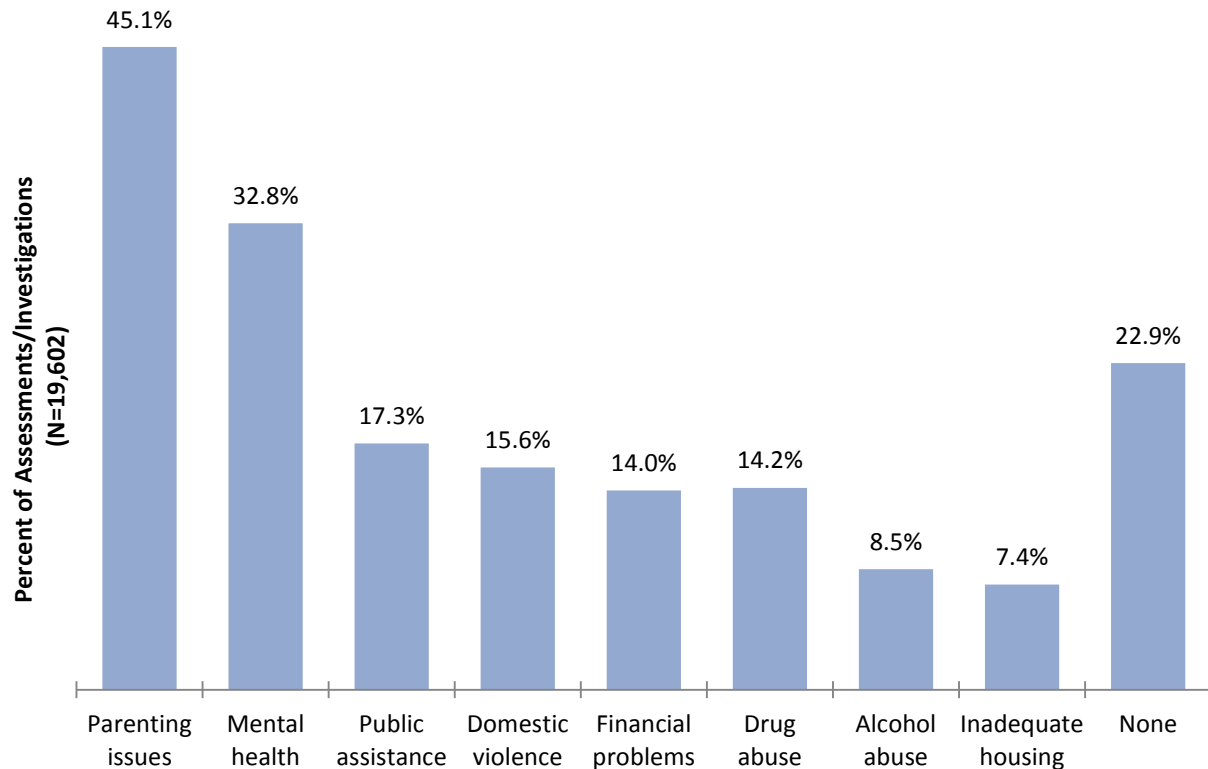


Figure 12 depicts the prevalence of known family conditions identified by social workers during an assessment or investigation. Most families (77 percent) were experiencing at least one of the eight issues shown below. About 45 percent of families in maltreatment reports had parenting issues, while 33 percent of families were dealing with mental health conditions.

Figure 12. Prevalence of Family Conditions



The assessment/investigation process includes use of the Structured Decision Making Family Risk Assessment instrument to determine the risk of future child maltreatment. This risk is determined based on quantifying and weighting observations of family conditions such as past child protection involvement, parental characteristics, domestic violence, and vulnerability of the child. The purpose of the risk assessment is to determine a family's need for ongoing services or monitoring. Families assigned for a Family Investigation tended to be more high risk. Figure 13 illustrates this difference.

Figure 13. Maltreatment Risk Assessment Level by Response Category

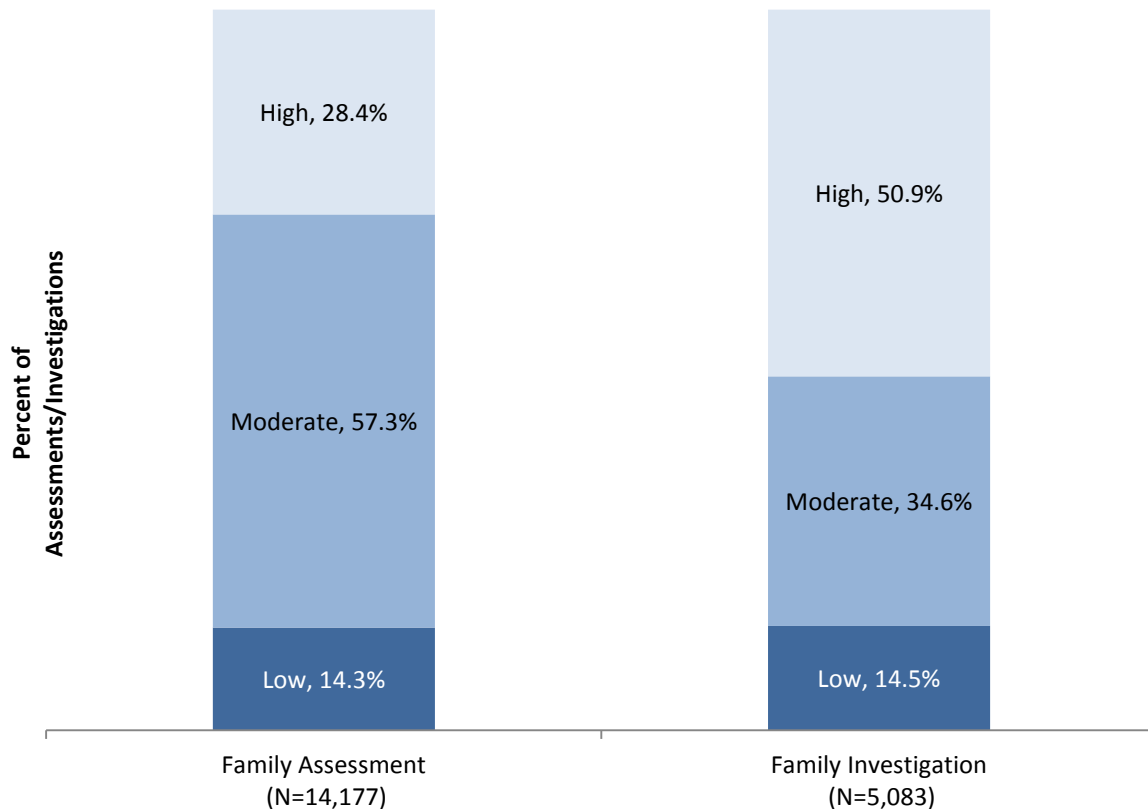


Figure 14 shows that the majority of alleged maltreatment reports were closed after an assessment or investigation. Protective or supportive services were required or offered in 6,512 of the 19,260 total Family Assessments and Family Investigations (33.8 percent). About 48 percent of Family Investigations and 16 percent of Family Assessments were identified as needing further protective services. Optional supportive services were recommended or offered to 13 percent of families who received a Family Assessment response.

Figure 14. Referrals for Ongoing Services by Response Category

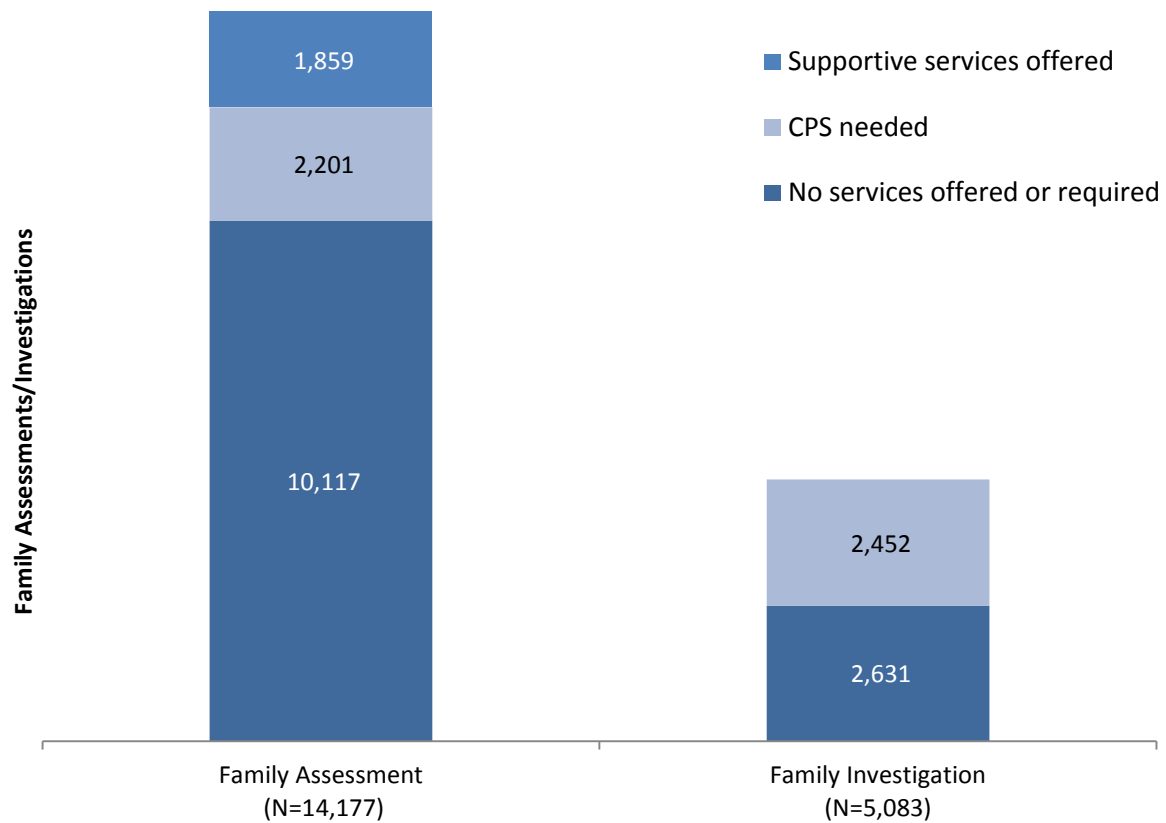
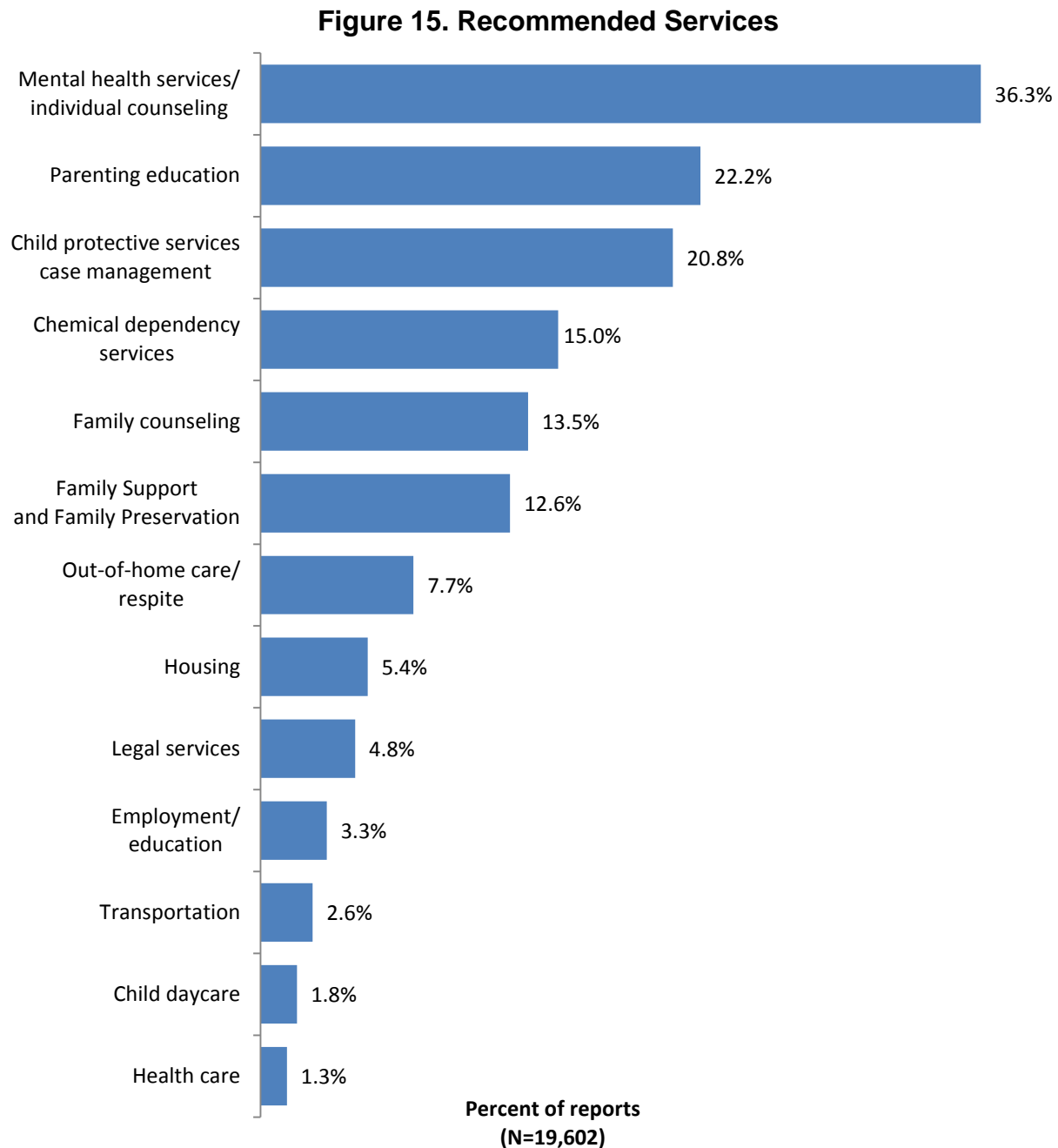


Figure 15 identifies the frequency at which child protection workers recommended various services to address the trauma of child maltreatment and reduce risk factors to prevent future abuse or neglect. The most commonly recommended service was mental health or individual counseling, followed by parenting education, and mandated child protective services.



In Figure 16, of all victims in determined investigations between July 1, 2012, and Dec. 31, 2012, 2.8 percent had a subsequent determined report of maltreatment within six months, and 5.0 percent were victims again within 12 months. American Indian children had the highest rates of maltreatment recurrence in the six- and 12-month time frames. Data should be interpreted with caution because of the small numbers in both the numerators and denominators. Table 7 includes the raw data.

Figure 16. Six- and 12-month Maltreatment Recurrence Rate by Race/Ethnicity

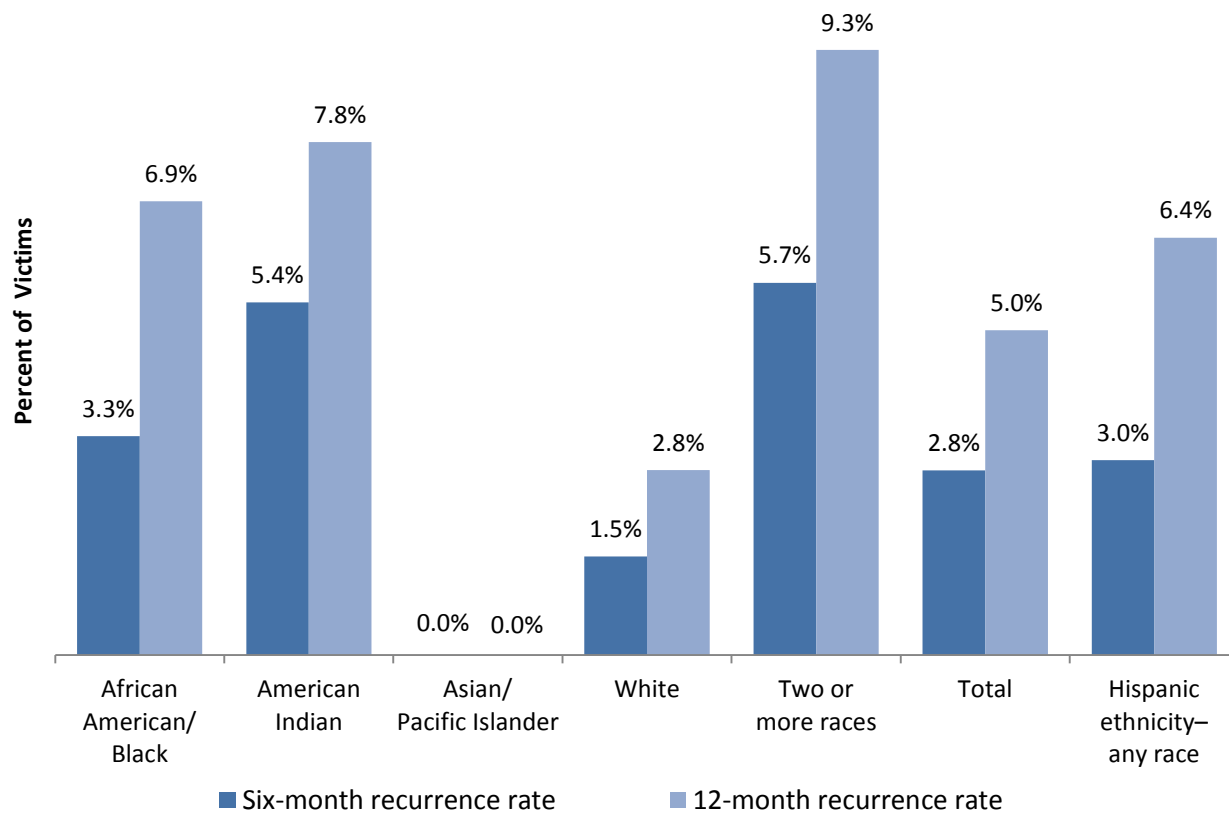


Table 7. Six- and 12-month Maltreatment Recurrence Rate by Race/Ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	Determined victims 7/1/2012– 12/31/2012	Victims– recurrence within six months	Victims– recurrence within 12 months
African American/Black	418	14	29
American Indian	204	11	16
Asian/Pacific Islander	68	0	0
White	1,061	16	30
Two or more races	281	16	26
Unable to determine	21	1	1
Total	2,053	58	102
Hispanic ethnicity–any race	235	7	15

Family Assessment does not result in a determination of maltreatment; therefore, the safety performance measure of maltreatment recurrence did not apply to the majority of children who received an assessment in response to a report alleging child abuse or neglect. Table 8 and the corresponding tables in the Appendix refer to the rate of re-reporting that can be applied across Family Investigation and Family Assessment for purposes of monitoring the effectiveness of interventions as a result of initial and subsequent reports of maltreatment.

Table 8. Six- and 12-month Re-reporting Rate by Response Category

Response type	Total unique child subjects 7/1/2012– 12/31/2012	Re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Family Assessment	8,360	842	10.1	1,420	17.0
Family Investigation	3,419	293	8.6	508	14.9
Facility Investigation	217	9	4.1	22	10.1
Total*	11,829	1,119	9.5	1,907	16.1

**Total is less than the sum of each response type as children may have been in more than one response type.*

Child Maltreatment Appendix

Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports per 1,000 in the Child Population

Note: Investigation is a unique count of children in Family Investigations and Facility Investigations.

County/Tribe	Child population (est.), 2013	Total		Family Assessment		Investigation–Alleged		Investigation–Determined	
		Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000
Aitkin	2,724	113	41.5	87	31.9	29	10.6	22	8.1
Anoka	83,948	892	10.6	615	7.3	293	3.5	161	1.9
Becker	8,171	323	39.5	171	20.9	173	21.2	90	11.0
Beltrami	11,559	300	26.0	166	14.4	139	12.0	85	7.4
Benton	9,589	129	13.5	84	8.8	52	5.4	36	3.8
Big Stone	1,038	14	13.5	12	11.6	3	2.9	2	1.9
Blue Earth	12,841	193	15.0	149	11.6	48	3.7	33	2.6
Brown	5,501	171	31.1	151	27.4	26	4.7	15	2.7
Carlton	8,146	192	23.6	156	19.2	42	5.2	17	2.1
Carver	27,036	318	11.8	272	10.1	48	1.8	27	1.0
Cass	6,070	174	28.7	151	24.9	27	4.4	11	1.8
Chippewa	2,782	45	16.2	41	14.7	4	1.4	4	1.4
Chisago	12,878	149	11.6	112	8.7	39	3.0	19	1.5
Clay	13,968	340	24.3	241	17.3	110	7.9	57	4.1
Clearwater	2,188	124	56.7	97	44.3	45	20.6	17	7.8
Cook	869	47	54.1	46	52.9	2	2.3	2	2.3
Crow Wing	14,121	229	16.2	195	13.8	39	2.8	18	1.3
Dakota	102,928	1,422	13.8	988	9.6	481	4.7	164	1.6
Dodge	5,683	133	23.4	118	20.8	18	3.2	7	1.2
Douglas	7,749	230	29.7	153	19.7	96	12.4	51	6.6
Fillmore	4,944	69	14.0	60	12.1	10	2.0	4	0.8
Freeborn	6,775	154	22.7	131	19.3	28	4.1	24	3.5
Goodhue	10,805	143	13.2	117	10.8	35	3.2	25	2.3
Grant	1,279	58	45.3	37	28.9	29	22.7	15	11.7
Hennepin	268,028	6,258	23.3	4,184	15.6	2,341	8.7	1,378	5.1
Houston	4,069	49	12.0	45	11.1	6	1.5	2	0.5
Hubbard	4,310	142	32.9	141	32.7	1	0.2	1	0.2
Isanti	9,492	220	23.2	191	20.1	34	3.6	23	2.4
Itasca	9,729	276	28.4	222	22.8	58	6.0	27	2.8
Kanabec	3,544	55	15.5	48	13.5	8	2.3	5	1.4
Kandiyohi	10,036	316	31.5	173	17.2	155	15.4	102	10.2
Kittson	984	9	9.1	8	8.1	1	1.0	0	0.0
Koochiching	2,639	81	30.7	76	28.8	5	1.9	4	1.5
Lac qui Parle	1,478	65	44.0	56	37.9	9	6.1	6	4.1
Lake	2,008	62	30.9	56	27.9	6	3.0	2	1.0
Lake of the Woods	730	20	27.4	18	24.7	2	2.7	1	1.4
Le Sueur	6,954	67	9.6	46	6.6	21	3.0	6	0.9
McLeod	8,704	241	27.7	208	23.9	38	4.4	17	2.0
Mahnomen	1,678	16	9.5	15	8.9	1	0.6	1	0.6
Marshall	2,151	47	21.9	37	17.2	11	5.1	0	0.0
Meeker	5,721	36	6.3	33	5.8	3	0.5	2	0.3
Mille Lacs	6,296	323	51.3	210	33.4	120	19.1	55	8.7
Morrison	7,849	138	17.6	102	13.0	36	4.6	30	3.8

Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports per 1,000 in the Child Population (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Child population (est.), 2013	Total		Family Assessment		Investigation–Alleged		Investigation–Determined	
		Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000
Mower	9,763	222	22.7	200	20.5	25	2.6	7	0.7
Nicollet	7,348	78	10.6	66	9.0	13	1.8	6	0.8
Nobles	5,670	109	19.2	88	15.5	23	4.1	12	2.1
Norman	1,532	51	33.3	41	26.8	15	9.8	9	5.9
Olmsted	37,191	661	17.8	599	16.1	74	2.0	30	0.8
Otter Tail	12,264	286	23.3	203	16.6	90	7.3	41	3.3
Pennington	3,318	44	13.3	30	9.0	17	5.1	11	3.3
Pine	6,050	221	36.5	166	27.4	67	11.1	40	6.6
Polk	7,389	305	41.3	270	36.5	50	6.8	27	3.7
Pope	2,286	98	42.9	88	38.5	15	6.6	10	4.4
Ramsey	122,864	1,803	14.7	1,221	9.9	613	5.0	412	3.4
Red Lake	973	3	3.1	2	2.1	1	1.0	0	0.0
Renville	3,384	95	28.1	67	19.8	28	8.3	20	5.9
Rice	14,462	242	16.7	213	14.7	36	2.5	28	1.9
Roseau	3,849	60	15.6	39	10.1	21	5.5	12	3.1
St. Louis	38,604	1,657	42.9	1,094	28.3	652	16.9	297	7.7
Scott	39,845	588	14.8	474	11.9	122	3.1	46	1.2
Sherburne	24,954	309	12.4	226	9.1	91	3.6	59	2.4
Sibley	3,746	90	24.0	64	17.1	28	7.5	17	4.5
Stearns	34,696	643	18.5	451	13.0	223	6.4	129	3.7
Steele	9,300	152	16.3	134	14.4	24	2.6	15	1.6
Stevens	2,018	33	16.4	27	13.4	6	3.0	4	2.0
Swift	2,068	59	28.5	45	21.8	15	7.3	11	5.3
Todd	5,818	134	23.0	117	20.1	19	3.3	12	2.1
Traverse	742	43	58.0	36	48.5	7	9.4	5	6.7
Wabasha	4,856	79	16.3	65	13.4	14	2.9	13	2.7
Wadena	3,372	177	52.5	158	46.9	23	6.8	8	2.4
Waseca	4,398	61	13.9	28	6.4	34	7.7	31	7.0
Washington	62,733	581	9.3	377	6.0	207	3.3	87	1.4
Watonwan	2,738	45	16.4	33	12.1	12	4.4	6	2.2
Wilkin	1,565	17	10.9	17	10.9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Winona	9,393	321	34.2	280	29.8	49	5.2	13	1.4
Wright	37,234	407	10.9	297	8.0	125	3.4	72	1.9
Yellow Medicine	2,345	93	39.7	80	34.1	15	6.4	9	3.8
Southwest HHS	17,904	378	21.1	334	18.7	50	2.8	26	1.5
Des Moines Valley HHS	5,007	75	15.0	59	11.8	20	4.0	14	2.8
Faribault-Martin	7,440	281	37.8	169	22.7	116	15.6	68	9.1
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe*	1,975	204	103.3	185	93.7	24	12.2	6	3.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe*	1,981	209	105.5	205	103.5	4	2.0	2	1.0
Total	1,279,111	25,297	19.8	18,467	14.4	7,640	6.0	4,183	3.3

**These numbers represent the 2010 U.S. Census for children residing on the Leech Lake and White Earth reservations and who indicated "American Indian" alone or as one of two or more races. There are no intercensal child population estimates for these groups. The Leech Lake reservation overlaps Cass, Itasca, Beltrami, and Hubbard counties. The White Earth reservation overlaps Mahnommen, Becker, and Clearwater counties.*

Child Subjects of Reports by Maltreatment Type and Response Category

Note: A report may allege more than one type of maltreatment; therefore, totals do not equal the sum of the reports in maltreatment types. "Det." is an abbreviation for "determined." Children are counted for each assessment or investigation of which they are a subject. "Investigation" is a count of children in Family Investigations and Facility Investigations.

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Aitkin	90	31	24	62	21	20	28	6	5	1	6	1	5	2	2	2	0	0
Anoka	644	303	165	432	164	111	204	67	33	0	81	31	0	0	0	10	4	1
Becker	176	189	91	111	158	85	102	84	26	1	31	11	13	23	0	2	1	0
Beltrami	175	140	85	138	68	53	33	23	16	2	52	17	3	0	0	0	1	0
Benton	85	59	37	62	27	22	18	12	7	3	27	12	0	1	0	2	1	1
Big Stone	12	3	2	5	1	1	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Blue Earth	160	48	33	112	21	19	53	8	5	0	22	10	1	0	0	0	0	0
Brown	181	26	15	93	8	3	90	15	12	1	6	0	15	1	0	1	0	0
Carlton	163	44	17	121	30	17	37	4	0	2	13	0	1	0	0	4	2	0
Carver	280	50	27	208	28	20	61	10	6	10	18	4	0	5	0	5	0	0
Cass	170	32	15	126	18	11	45	11	3	4	17	6	2	0	0	4	0	0
Chippewa	42	4	4	34	4	4	12	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chisago	119	41	19	62	22	12	41	10	4	11	13	4	2	0	0	3	0	0
Clay	262	126	58	174	46	31	89	43	17	5	54	14	6	3	0	6	1	0
Clearwater	132	56	17	94	32	13	43	8	0	0	23	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cook	51	2	2	30	1	1	14	0	0	1	1	1	10	0	0	5	0	0
Crow Wing	209	42	21	153	9	3	57	9	5	10	26	12	0	0	0	2	1	1
Dakota	1,046	509	165	784	270	96	260	106	33	0	145	40	2	0	0	7	7	3
Dodge	123	18	7	72	0	0	50	4	0	2	14	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
Douglas	171	100	53	148	57	37	24	37	15	3	19	7	4	3	0	0	1	0
Fillmore	64	10	4	37	0	0	24	2	0	4	8	4	1	0	0	2	1	0
Freeborn	141	29	25	91	22	20	43	8	7	10	7	6	1	0	0	0	0	0
Goodhue	120	35	25	68	15	12	46	19	15	9	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grant	47	32	15	37	10	5	16	17	10	0	8	1	0	2	0	1	0	0
Hennepin	4,534	2,561	1,459	3,374	1,531	1,116	1,260	407	218	13	907	207	5	0	0	39	35	25
Houston	57	6	2	39	1	1	24	3	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Hubbard	154	1	1	100	1	1	43	0	0	2	0	0	6	0	0	9	0	0
Isanti	206	35	23	133	25	20	50	3	2	22	10	4	5	3	0	1	0	0
Itasca	252	62	27	175	46	20	73	8	5	9	7	2	2	1	0	1	2	0
Kanabec	51	8	5	29	5	4	17	1	1	5	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Child Subjects of Reports by Maltreatment Type and Response Category (continued)

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Kandiyohi	175	168	109	133	119	90	58	46	13	7	47	20	11	1	0	1	1	0
Kittson	8	1	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Koochiching	88	5	4	59	5	4	16	0	0	13	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Lac Qui Parle	57	9	6	41	8	5	13	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Lake	62	6	2	49	2	2	15	0	0	1	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Lake Of The Woods	19	2	1	6	1	1	13	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Le Sueur	49	22	6	35	5	3	11	5	3	4	16	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
McLeod	219	40	18	171	23	9	33	14	5	20	14	6	2	0	0	0	0	0
Mahnomen	15	1	1	7	1	1	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Marshall	41	11	0	30	0	0	13	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Meeker	36	3	2	17	0	0	12	0	0	7	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mille Lacs	211	123	56	140	58	34	80	36	17	9	45	7	1	0	0	2	0	0
Morrison	103	37	30	80	20	17	22	6	3	5	13	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mower	218	26	7	132	5	2	65	11	3	25	11	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
Nicollet	67	13	6	44	3	1	15	3	2	1	7	3	7	0	0	0	0	0
Nobles	95	24	12	58	8	7	30	5	3	1	12	2	3	0	0	5	2	0
Norman	45	16	9	29	3	3	12	2	2	4	10	4	0	0	0	0	1	0
Olmsted	644	82	32	470	20	11	176	8	4	10	62	18	6	0	0	2	0	0
Otter Tail	214	95	41	181	47	23	34	27	8	3	27	9	0	1	0	2	1	1
Pennington	31	17	11	25	10	9	4	5	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Pine	179	72	40	143	57	37	60	15	5	2	14	4	0	0	0	0	2	0
Polk	311	53	29	207	24	21	81	7	1	19	23	7	4	1	0	0	0	0
Pope	95	15	10	80	7	6	16	5	2	2	5	2	0	0	0	3	0	0
Ramsey	1,267	632	421	918	450	255	371	134	96	1	195	103	2	0	0	0	2	1
Red Lake	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Renville	70	28	20	43	14	14	27	9	9	3	14	6	2	0	0	0	0	0
Rice	227	36	28	168	25	22	48	9	6	12	4	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
Roseau	44	21	12	32	16	8	7	1	1	4	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
St. Louis	1,182	701	313	764	402	212	434	181	74	14	204	49	8	3	0	6	3	1
Scott	533	133	48	400	33	16	143	25	13	3	95	24	1	0	0	3	0	0

Child Subjects of Reports by Maltreatment Type and Response Category *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Sherburne	231	98	63	112	54	40	72	22	14	45	26	12	3	0	0	0	0	0
Sibley	66	32	17	43	19	10	22	7	4	0	9	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Stearns	484	239	133	281	129	82	168	83	43	58	72	21	8	2	0	5	1	0
Steele	148	25	15	81	5	2	68	16	11	3	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stevens	27	6	4	13	1	0	7	3	3	2	2	1	4	0	0	1	0	0
Swift	56	17	13	44	12	12	14	6	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Todd	124	19	12	72	7	5	32	5	4	25	8	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Traverse	45	8	6	32	3	3	13	6	4	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Wabasha	65	14	13	47	3	3	14	7	7	4	4	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Wadena	179	25	8	133	13	1	52	3	1	15	17	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
Waseca	29	36	32	21	26	25	7	3	3	1	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Washington	392	217	91	262	117	61	147	44	19	1	91	21	2	1	0	1	1	0
Watsonwan	39	12	6	27	1	1	11	5	5	0	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Wilkin	18	0	0	13	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Winona	348	52	16	165	21	12	185	11	5	2	25	2	20	2	0	3	0	0
Wright	315	128	72	171	69	46	124	56	31	30	15	3	1	1	0	0	1	0
Yellow Medicine	90	15	9	53	9	8	40	5	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Southwest HHS	373	50	26	238	23	15	108	8	2	30	18	8	3	0	0	9	2	1
Des Moines Valley HHS	66	20	14	38	8	8	27	4	2	0	11	6	3	0	0	2	0	0
Faribault/Martin	177	123	71	105	87	65	68	10	2	7	29	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	207	24	6	193	19	2	20	7	3	5	5	1	0	1	0	4	1	1
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	240	4	2	212	0	0	22	1	1	4	0	0	2	2	0	4	1	0
Total	19,943	8,159	4,346	13,926	4,634	2,972	5,906	1,795	890	543	2,729	796	182	61	2	178	76	36

*The 543 child subjects of Family Assessment sexual abuse reports were possibly unfounded allegations of Family Investigations that were switched to a Family Assessment response in the data system.

Assessments and Investigations by Maltreatment Type and Response Category

Note: A report may allege more than one type of maltreatment; therefore, totals do not equal the sum of the reports in maltreatment types. "Det." is an abbreviation for "determined." "Investigation" combines Family Investigations and Facility Investigations.

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Aitkin	56	20		37	13	12	19	4	3	1	5	1	1	1	1		0	0
Anoka	510	225	134	310	106	75	193	56	26	0	72	27	1	0	0	11	3	1
Becker	117	111	56	71	89	50	69	55	18	1	20	6	13	14	4		1	0
Beltrami	95	81	36	69	38	25	24	10	5	2	35	11		0	0		1	0
Benton	72	39	36	50	15	12	18	7	4	3	21	9		1	1		1	1
Big Stone	10	3	6	3	1	1	6	2	1	0	0	0		0	0		0	0
Blue Earth	124	36	22	83	15	13	45	8	5	0	16	8	1	0	0		0	0
Brown	108	13	18	53	3	3	57	7	5	1	4	0	8	1	1	2	0	0
Carlton	133	30	22	92	19	10	37	2	0	1	10	0		0	0	5	2	0
Carver	202	32	44	140	17	12	57	5	3	6	16	4	1	1	1	4	0	0
Cass	120	17	8	82	8	5	38	7	1	4	9	3	1	0	0	6	0	0
Chippewa	27	2	5	22	2	2	8	0	0	0	1	1		0	0		0	0
Chisago	99	30	11	47	13	6	38	8	4	9	12	4	1	0	0	1	0	0
Clay	185	63	41	110	17	9	72	28	14	4	32	11	4	2	0	4	1	0
Clearwater	73	34	16	50	17	7	26	8	0	0	13	4	1	0	0	1	0	0
Cook	27	2	0	17	1	1	7	0	0	1	1	1		0	0	1	0	0
Crow Wing	134	35	19	86	7	3	44	7	3	8	22	9		0	0	1	1	1
Dakota	797	377	171	550	174	67	246	97	32	0	120	35	2	0	0	4	6	2
Dodge	91	16	7	48	0	0	43	4	0	1	12	5		0	0	2	0	0
Douglas	108	66	35	89	33	21	22	31	11	2	15	5	2	3	1	4	1	0
Fillmore	58	8	2	31	0	0	24	2	0	4	6	2		0	0	1	1	0
Freeborn	103	18	10	63	11	10	38	7	6	6	5	4		0	0		0	0
Goodhue	83	22	23	42	11	8	39	10	7	5	5	2	2	0	0		0	0
Grant	34	18	7	26	5	3	11	10	6	0	6	1	7	2	1	2	0	0
Hennepin	3,237	1,700	905	2,176	955	706	1,176	347	182	10	614	155	3	0	0	44	31	23
Houston	38	6	0	23	1	1	17	3	1	3	2	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
Hubbard	118	1	2	74	1	1	38	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	6	0	0
Isanti	146	25	18	82	18	15	46	1	1	17	9	4	2	1	0		0	0
Itasca	169	45	32	120	31	14	47	7	4	7	7	2		1	0		2	0
Kanabec	45	5	5	25	2	2	16	1	1	4	3	1	1	0	0	2	0	0

Assessments and Investigations by Maltreatment Type and Response Category *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Kandiyohi	114	85	36	79	53	39	41	30	11	5	29	13	3	1	0	1	1	0
Kittson	5	1	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0		0	0	1	0	0
Koochiching	82	3	8	53	3	2	16	0	0	13	0	0	3	0	0	4	0	0
Lac qui Parle	36	4	4	20	3	2	13	1	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
Lake	43	6	7	31	2	2	15	0	0	1	4	0		0	0		0	0
Lake of the Woods	11	2	0	5	1	1	6	1	0	0	0	0		0	0		0	0
Le Sueur	35	17	10	25	5	3	10	4	2	2	12	2		0	0	2	0	0
McLeod	143	33	22	108	17	7	29	14	5	13	12	5		0	0	1	0	0
Mahnomen	13	1	0	6	1	1	2	0	0	2	0	0		0	0		0	0
Marshall	25	6	4	16	0	0	11	0	0	0	6	0	2	0	0	2	0	0
Meeker	25	3	7	10	0	0	11	0	0	4	3	2		0	0	1	0	0
Mille Lacs	120	77	39	73	34	21	55	25	12	6	30	7		0	0	1	0	0
Morrison	79	29	27	58	13	12	21	6	3	4	12	9	1	0	0		0	0
Mower	167	24	14	90	4	1	62	11	3	19	10	2	1	0	0		0	0
Nicollet	61	13	21	40	3	1	15	3	2	1	7	3	4	0	0	3	0	0
Nobles	69	20	7	36	6	5	28	4	2	1	10	2		0	0		2	0
Norman	31	10	7	18	1	1	10	1	1	3	7	4		0	0		1	0
Olmsted	438	57	12	277	8	2	166	8	4	5	47	15	1	0	0	1	0	0
Otter Tail	142	69	28	113	26	9	32	25	7	2	23	9	1	1	0	3	1	1
Pennington	19	11	5	15	4	3	2	5	1	1	2	0		1	1		0	0
Pine	102	42	26	75	29	20	40	11	2	1	10	3	1	0	0		2	0
Polk	194	39	15	117	14	12	66	5	1	10	21	7	2	1	0	2	0	0
Pope	65	13	10	51	5	4	16	5	2	2	5	2	3	0	0	3	0	0
Ramsey	975	413	353	647	278	156	353	104	75	1	133	77		0	0	3	2	1
Red Lake	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	1	0	0
Renville	42	15	6	27	7	7	15	7	7	3	6	2		0	0		0	0
Rice	159	21	26	110	12	11	45	8	5	6	3	1		0	0	1	0	0
Roseau	31	11	2	21	7	5	6	1	1	3	3	2		0	0		0	0
St. Louis	825	425	177	501	227	128	344	122	41	9	136	33	4	3	1	10	3	1
Scott	389	95	38	264	21	12	136	19	8	2	67	21	3	0	0	4	0	0

Assessments and Investigations by Maltreatment Type and Response Category *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Sherburne	176	69	40	71	29	24	69	19	12	35	24	10	1	0	0	0	0	0
Sibley	51	26	4	29	13	7	21	7	4	0	9	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
Stearns	325	163	65	186	82	53	132	58	30	27	55	18	8	1	0	7	1	0
Steele	104	15	14	46	3	2	60	8	6	3	6	3	1	0	0	2	0	0
Stevens	23	5	3	13	1	0	5	2	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Swift	41	10	11	31	6	6	13	4	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Todd	75	14	9	38	3	1	26	4	3	14	8	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Traverse	26	6	1	17	2	2	9	5	4	0	1	1	2	1	1	2	0	0
Wabasha	48	8	4	32	1	1	13	3	3	3	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
Wadena	114	18	12	84	11	1	39	1	1	8	16	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
Waseca	23	23	15	15	13	12	7	3	3	1	8	5	0	0	0	1	0	0
Washington	280	149	74	167	74	40	125	33	14	1	67	18	2	1	0	4	1	0
Watonwan	30	9	5	18	1	1	11	4	4	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Wilkin	15	0	2	10	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Winona	251	38	15	108	12	8	142	9	4	2	20	2	14	1	1	4	0	0
Wright	240	93	50	117	43	27	104	48	26	26	12	3	2	1	0	1	1	0
Yellow Medicine	56	7	2	30	3	3	28	2	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southwest HHS	295	41	6	176	15	8	96	8	2	22	17	8	0	0	0	4	2	1
Des Moines Valley HHS	46	16		23	5	5	23	4	2	0	8	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Faribault/Martin	132	70	39	71	42	30	58	10	2	6	21	3	0	0	0	3	0	0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	126	15	3	116	10	2	11	5	3	5	5	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	139	4	5	115	0	0	19	1	1	4	0	0	3	2	1	7	1	0
Total	14,177	5,425	2,981	9,071	2,777	1,794	5,109	1,392	669	384	1,983	628	125	42	16	189	70	33

*The 384 Family Assessment sexual abuse reports were possibly unfounded allegations of Family Investigations that were switched to a Family Assessment response in the data system.

Child Protection Services Needed or Supportive Services Offered

The table below includes the number and percent of Family Assessments (FA) where child protection services were needed or optional supportive services offered, and the number and percent of Family Investigations (FI) where child protective services were needed. Facility Investigations are not included in this analysis due to small numbers and rare referrals for services.

County/Tribe	Total FA reports	FA with CPS needed	Percent FA with CPS needed	FA with supportive services offered	Percent FA with supportive services offered	Total alleged FI reports	Alleged FI with CPS needed	Percent FI with CPS needed
Aitkin	56	10	17.9	7	12.5	20	12	60.0
Anoka	510	51	10.0	59	11.6	209	91	43.5
Becker	117	37	31.6	1	0.9	109	70	64.2
Beltrami	95	19	20.0	8	8.4	77	40	51.9
Benton	72	31	43.1	2	2.8	36	25	69.4
Big Stone	10	3	30.0	1	10.0	3	2	66.7
Blue Earth	124	25	20.2	4	3.2	34	19	55.9
Brown	108	22	20.4	11	10.2	11	5	45.5
Carlton	133	6	4.5	0	0.0	25	14	56.0
Carver	202	28	13.9	10	5.0	27	9	33.3
Cass	120	27	22.5	18	15.0	12	8	66.7
Chippewa	27	24	88.9	0	0.0	2	2	100.0
Chisago	99	25	25.3	0	0.0	27	10	37.0
Clay	185	55	29.7	19	10.3	57	29	50.9
Clearwater	73	4	5.5	0	0.0	34	4	11.8
Cook	27	8	29.6	6	22.2	1	1	100.0
Crow Wing	134	46	34.3	6	4.5	27	5	18.5
Dakota	797	50	6.3	159	19.9	360	85	23.6
Dodge	91	22	24.2	4	4.4	14	2	14.3
Douglas	108	26	24.1	5	4.6	61	31	50.8
Fillmore	58	12	20.7	2	3.4	6	1	16.7
Freeborn	103	26	25.2	9	8.7	16	9	56.3
Goodhue	83	17	20.5	1	1.2	19	12	63.2
Grant	34	14	41.2	5	14.7	15	8	53.3
Hennepin	3,237	14	0.4	922	28.5	1,646	889	54.0
Houston	38	15	39.5	1	2.6	6	1	16.7
Hubbard	118	35	29.7	0	0.0	1	1	100.0
Isanti	146	50	34.2	1	0.7	25	20	80.0
Itasca	169	11	6.5	5	3.0	43	31	72.1
Kanabec	45	15	33.3	5	11.1	5	2	40.0
Kandiyohi	114	28	24.6	3	2.6	85	55	64.7
Kittson	5	1	20.0	0	0.0	1	0	0.0
Koochiching	82	10	12.2	0	0.0	3	2	66.7
Lac qui Parle	36	15	41.7	1	2.8	2	2	100.0
Lake	43	20	46.5	1	2.3	6	4	66.7
Lake of the Woods	11	5	45.5	0	0.0	2	1	50.0
Le Sueur	35	13	37.1	3	8.6	15	2	13.3
McLeod	143	41	28.7	2	1.4	32	16	50.0
Mahnomen	13	2	15.4	2	15.4	1	1	100.0
Marshall	25	10	40.0	0	0.0	6	0	0.0
Meeker	25	8	32.0	0	0.0	3	1	33.3
Mille Lacs	120	37	30.8	2	1.7	76	27	35.5
Morrison	79	23	29.1	35	44.3	27	18	66.7

Child Protection Services Needed or Supportive Services Offered (continued)

County/Tribe	Total FA reports	FA with CPS needed	Percent FA with CPS needed	FA with supportive services offered	Percent FA with supportive services offered	Total alleged FI reports	Alleged FI with CPS needed	Percent FI with CPS needed
Mower	167	21	12.6	29	17.4	21	3	14.3
Nicollet	61	23	37.7	3	4.9	11	6	54.5
Nobles	69	11	15.9	2	2.9	18	10	55.6
Norman	31	20	64.5	1	3.2	10	6	60.0
Olmsted	438	132	30.1	36	8.2	50	17	34.0
Otter Tail	142	31	21.8	12	8.5	64	32	50.0
Pennington	19	5	26.3	0	0.0	8	1	12.5
Pine	102	18	17.6	1	1.0	39	19	48.7
Polk	194	45	23.2	77	39.7	36	10	27.8
Pope	65	20	30.8	6	9.2	11	10	90.9
Ramsey	975	131	13.4	98	10.1	401	202	50.4
Red Lake	2	2	100.0	0	0.0	0	NA	NA
Renville	42	13	31.0	1	2.4	15	7	46.7
Rice	159	31	19.5	11	6.9	19	15	78.9
Roseau	31	10	32.3	4	12.9	11	6	54.5
St. Louis	825	122	14.8	66	8.0	391	200	51.2
Scott	389	67	17.2	23	5.9	89	27	30.3
Sherburne	176	15	8.5	1	0.6	54	30	55.6
Sibley	51	4	7.8	0	0.0	26	21	80.8
Stearns	325	35	10.8	8	2.5	145	61	42.1
Steele	104	49	47.1	2	1.9	15	8	53.3
Stevens	23	4	17.4	1	4.3	5	3	60.0
Swift	41	11	26.8	0	0.0	9	6	66.7
Todd	75	29	38.7	9	12.0	12	8	66.7
Traverse	26	13	50.0	2	7.7	5	4	80.0
Wabasha	48	16	33.3	0	0.0	5	0	0.0
Wadena	114	29	25.4	8	7.0	17	1	5.9
Waseca	23	6	26.1	3	13.0	23	14	60.9
Washington	280	16	5.7	34	12.1	137	44	32.1
Watonwan	30	2	6.7	2	6.7	9	5	55.6
Wilkin	15	3	20.0	5	33.3	0	NA	NA
Winona	251	27	10.8	18	7.2	35	10	28.6
Wright	240	24	10.0	16	6.7	79	31	39.2
Yellow Medicine	56	36	64.3	2	3.6	5	4	80.0
Southwest HHS	295	86	29.2	12	4.1	31	13	41.9
Des Moines Valley HHS	46	19	41.3	5	10.9	14	9	64.3
Faribault-Martin	132	36	27.3	1	0.8	65	36	55.4
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	126	24	19.0	32	25.4	10	5	50.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	139	74	53.2	8	5.8	1	1	100.0
Total	14,177	2,201	15.5	1,859	13.1	5,083	2,452	48.2

Maltreatment Recurrence

Of all who were victims of determined maltreatment in family or facility investigations during the last six months of the prior calendar year (2012), the table below presents the number who had another determined report within six and twelve months.

County/Tribe	Unique determined victims	Victims–recurrence within six months	Percent recurring within six months	Victims–recurrence within 12 months	Percent recurring within 12 months
Aitkin	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Anoka	71	3	4.2	3	4.2
Becker	45	0	0.0	0	0.0
Beltrami	26	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benton	27	2	7.4	3	11.1
Big Stone	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Blue Earth	13	0	0.0	0	0.0
Brown	15	0	0.0	0	0.0
Carlton	12	0	0.0	0	0.0
Carver	27	0	0.0	0	0.0
Cass	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Chippewa	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Chisago	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Clay	37	0	0.0	0	0.0
Clearwater	19	1	5.3	1	5.3
Cook	0	0	NA	0	NA
Crow Wing	9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Dakota	106	0	0.0	0	0.0
Dodge	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Douglas	26	0	0.0	0	0.0
Fillmore	0	0	NA	0	NA
Freeborn	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Goodhue	11	0	0.0	0	0.0
Grant	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Hennepin	609	36	5.9	60	9.9
Houston	0	0	NA	0	NA
Hubbard	0	0	NA	0	NA
Isanti	21	1	4.8	1	4.8
Itasca	32	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kanabec	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	20	0	0.0	1	5.0
Kittson	0	0	NA	0	NA
Koochiching	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lac qui Parle	7	0	0.0	3	42.9
Lake	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	0	0	NA	0	NA
Le Sueur	7	1	14.3	1	14.3
McLeod	17	1	5.9	1	5.9
Mahnomen	0	0	NA	0	NA
Marshall	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Meeker	2	1	50.0	1	50.0
Mille Lacs	37	1	2.7	2	5.4
Morrison	20	0	0.0	1	5.0

Maltreatment Recurrence (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Unique determined victims	Victims-- recurrence within six months	Percent recurring within six months	Victims-- recurrence within 12 months	Percent recurring within 12 months
Mower	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Nicollet	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Nobles	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Norman	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Olmsted	10	0	0.0	0	0.0
Otter Tail	20	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pennington	3	0	0.0	1	33.3
Pine	13	0	0.0	0	0.0
Polk	11	1	9.1	1	9.1
Pope	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Ramsey	225	1	0.4	2	0.9
Red Lake	0	0	NA	0	NA
Renville	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Rice	12	1	8.3	1	8.3
Roseau	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
St. Louis	144	2	1.4	7	4.9
Scott	20	3	15.0	3	15.0
Sherburne	32	0	0.0	0	0.0
Sibley	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Stearns	36	2	5.6	5	13.9
Steele	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Stevens	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Swift	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Todd	0	0	NA	0	NA
Traverse	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wabasha	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wadena	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Waseca	14	0	0.0	0	0.0
Washington	57	1	1.8	3	5.3
Watonwan	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wilkin	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Winona	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wright	40	0	0.0	1	2.5
Yellow Medicine	0	0	NA	0	NA
Southwest HHS	20	0	0.0	0	0.0
Des Moines Valley HHS	6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Faribault-Martin	32	0	0.0	0	0.0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Total	2,053	58	2.8	102	5.0

Re-reports for Alleged Maltreatment

Of all who were child subjects of Family Assessment, Family Investigation or Facility Investigations during the last six months of 2012, the table below presents the number and percent who were in another maltreatment report within six and 12 months.

County/Tribe	Unique child subjects of reports	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Aitkin	51	0	0.0	3	5.9
Anoka	518	30	5.8	62	12.0
Becker	175	31	17.7	46	26.3
Beltrami	100	8	8.0	10	10.0
Benton	79	5	6.3	6	7.6
Big Stone	23	0	0.0	0	0.0
Blue Earth	105	5	4.8	8	7.6
Brown	81	4	4.9	10	12.3
Carlton	115	19	16.5	24	20.9
Carver	147	15	10.2	21	14.3
Cass	81	11	13.6	25	30.9
Chippewa	14	0	0.0	0	0.0
Chisago	64	4	6.3	6	9.4
Clay	172	14	8.1	16	9.3
Clearwater	78	30	38.5	36	46.2
Cook	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Crow Wing	123	12	9.8	14	11.4
Dakota	766	52	6.8	84	11.0
Dodge	70	6	8.6	13	18.6
Douglas	116	13	11.2	38	32.8
Fillmore	28	1	3.6	2	7.1
Freeborn	70	3	4.3	5	7.1
Goodhue	35	2	5.7	3	8.6
Grant	17	0	0.0	2	11.8
Hennepin	2,832	315	11.1	516	18.2
Houston	12	0	0.0	2	16.7
Hubbard	56	2	3.6	11	19.6
Isanti	93	6	6.5	15	16.1
Itasca	132	7	5.3	13	9.8
Kanabec	54	5	9.3	6	11.1
Kandiyohi	148	11	7.4	21	14.2
Kittson	9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Koochiching	43	9	20.9	10	23.3
Lac qui Parle	16	4	25.0	8	50.0
Lake	30	6	20.0	7	23.3
Lake of the Woods	4	1	25.0	1	25.0
Le Sueur	53	1	1.9	2	3.8
McLeod	103	8	7.8	17	16.5
Mahnomen	6	1	16.7	1	16.7
Marshall	25	4	16.0	7	28.0
Meeker	15	2	13.3	2	13.3
Mille Lacs	103	16	15.5	26	25.2
Morrison	70	0	0.0	2	2.9

Re-reports for Alleged Maltreatment *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Unique child subjects of reports	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Mower	119	10	8.4	12	10.1
Nicollet	49	3	6.1	4	8.2
Nobles	37	2	5.4	6	16.2
Norman	19	3	15.8	5	26.3
Olmsted	242	29	12.0	55	22.7
Otter Tail	151	17	11.3	32	21.2
Pennington	10	0	0.0	1	10.0
Pine	98	9	9.2	16	16.3
Polk	122	28	23.0	41	33.6
Pope	38	6	15.8	11	28.9
Ramsey	746	39	5.2	71	9.5
Red Lake	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Renville	45	1	2.2	5	11.1
Rice	104	8	7.7	14	13.5
Roseau	25	0	0.0	1	4.0
St. Louis	875	88	10.1	193	22.1
Scott	229	25	10.9	34	14.8
Sherburne	111	4	3.6	7	6.3
Sibley	29	4	13.8	5	17.2
Stearns	243	26	10.7	39	16.0
Steele	69	0	0.0	2	2.9
Stevens	36	4	11.1	4	11.1
Swift	54	8	14.8	10	18.5
Todd	47	4	8.5	9	19.1
Traverse	30	11	36.7	16	53.3
Wabasha	51	1	2.0	1	2.0
Wadena	64	13	20.3	17	26.6
Waseca	31	0	0.0	0	0.0
Washington	316	18	5.7	37	11.7
Watonwan	37	2	5.4	2	5.4
Wilkin	12	0	0.0	0	0.0
Winona	157	26	16.6	37	23.6
Wright	237	14	5.9	27	11.4
Yellow Medicine	32	3	9.4	7	21.9
Southwest HHS	180	15	8.3	32	17.8
Des Moines Valley HHS	51	4	7.8	5	9.8
Faribault-Martin	112	11	9.8	17	15.2
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	88	8	9.1	15	17.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	97	12	12.4	16	16.5
Minnesota	11,829	1,119	9.5	1,907	16.1

Re-reports for Alleged Maltreatment by Initial Response Category

Note: Facility Investigations were excluded from this table due to small numbers.

County/Tribe	Family Assessment					Family Investigation				
	Unique child subjects of reports	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months	Unique child subjects of reports	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Aitkin	32	0	0.0	1	3.1	19	0	0.0	2	10.5
Anoka	392	25	6.4	51	13.0	123	5	4.1	12	9.8
Becker	83	18	21.7	25	30.1	92	13	14.1	21	22.8
Beltrami	56	6	10.7	8	14.3	41	2	4.9	3	7.3
Benton	41	3	7.3	3	7.3	38	2	5.3	3	7.9
Big Stone	11	0	0.0	0	0.0	12	0	0.0	0	0.0
Blue Earth	83	5	6.0	8	9.6	20	0	0.0	0	0.0
Brown	60	3	5.0	7	11.7	21	1	4.8	2	9.5
Carlton	90	17	18.9	21	23.3	30	3	10.0	4	13.3
Carver	103	13	12.6	16	15.5	46	2	4.3	5	10.9
Cass	67	9	13.4	23	34.3	14	2	14.3	2	14.3
Chippewa	12	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Chisago	51	4	7.8	6	11.8	12	0	0.0	0	0.0
Clay	126	13	10.3	15	11.9	42	1	2.4	1	2.4
Clearwater	57	22	38.6	28	49.1	27	9	33.3	9	33.3
Cook	3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0	NA	0	NA
Crow Wing	110	11	10.0	13	11.8	13	1	7.7	1	7.7
Dakota	490	39	8.0	63	12.9	271	14	5.2	22	8.1
Dodge	65	5	7.7	12	18.5	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Douglas	71	11	15.5	29	40.8	42	2	4.8	11	26.2
Fillmore	28	1	3.6	2	7.1	0	0	NA	0	NA
Freeborn	58	3	5.2	5	8.6	9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Goodhue	21	2	9.5	3	14.3	14	0	0.0	0	0.0
Grant	12	0	0.0	2	16.7	5	0	0.0	0	NA
Hennepin	1,892	208	11.0	336	17.8	958	118	12.3	194	20.3
Houston	11	0	0.0	2	18.2	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Hubbard	54	2	3.7	11	20.4	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Isanti	71	4	5.6	11	15.5	23	2	8.7	4	17.4
Itasca	97	7	7.2	12	12.4	33	0	0.0	1	3.0
Kanabec	52	3	5.8	4	7.7	4	2	50.0	2	50.0

Re-reports for Alleged Maltreatment by Initial Response Category (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Family Assessment					Family Investigation				
	Unique child subjects of reports	Child subjects--re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects--re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months	Unique child subjects of reports	Child subjects--re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects--re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Kandiyohi	81	3	3.7	10	12.3	52	8	15.4	11	21.2
Kittson	6	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0	0.0	0	NA
Koochiching	40	9	22.5	9	22.5	2	0	0.0	1	50.0
Lac qui Parle	10	2	20.0	2	20.0	7	2	28.6	6	85.7
Lake	26	6	23.1	7	26.9	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	4	1	25.0	1	25.0	0	0	NA	0	NA
Le Sueur	37	0	0.0	0	0.0	16	1	6.3	2	12.5
McLeod	72	6	8.3	9	12.5	32	2	6.3	8	25.0
Mahnomen	5	1	20.0	1	20.0	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Marshall	22	0	0.0	4	18.2	5	4	80.0	4	80.0
Meeker	9	1	11.1	1	11.1	6	1	16.7	1	16.7
Mille Lacs	58	7	12.1	13	22.4	45	9	20.0	13	28.9
Morrison	49	0	0.0	1	2.0	21	0	0.0	1	4.8
Mower	102	9	8.8	11	10.8	15	2	13.3	2	13.3
Nicollet	43	3	7.0	4	9.3	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Nobles	32	2	6.3	6	18.8	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Norman	11	1	9.1	2	18.2	8	2	25.0	3	37.5
Olmsted	220	27	12.3	53	24.1	23	1	4.3	1	4.3
Otter Tail	100	12	12.0	27	27.0	54	6	11.1	7	13.0
Pennington	6	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	0	0.0	1	25.0
Pine	53	6	11.3	12	22.6	45	3	6.7	4	8.9
Polk	98	25	25.5	37	37.8	27	5	18.5	7	25.9
Pope	29	5	17.2	10	34.5	6	1	16.7	1	16.7
Ramsey	449	29	6.5	54	12.0	292	10	3.4	18	6.2
Red Lake	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0	NA	0	NA
Renville	41	1	2.4	5	12.2	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Rice	87	5	5.7	11	12.6	17	4	23.5	4	23.5
Roseau	19	0	0.0	1	5.3	6	0	0.0	0	0.0
St. Louis	597	60	10.1	134	22.4	281	28	10.0	58	20.6
Scott	187	21	11.2	29	15.5	38	4	10.5	5	13.2

Re-reports for Alleged Maltreatment by Initial Response Category (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Family Assessment					Family Investigation				
	Unique child subjects of reports	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months	Unique child subjects of reports	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Sherburne	73	3	4.1	5	6.8	28	0	0.0	1	3.6
Sibley	25	4	16.0	4	16.0	4	1	25.0	1	25.0
Stearns	176	19	10.8	26	14.8	67	9	13.4	15	22.4
Steele	56	0	0.0	1	1.8	13	0	0.0	1	7.7
Stevens	31	4	12.9	4	12.9	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Swift	42	6	14.3	7	16.7	7	1	14.3	2	28.6
Todd	39	4	10.3	6	15.4	7	0	0.0	3	42.9
Traverse	30	11	36.7	16	53.3	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wabasha	45	0	0.0	0	0.0	6	1	16.7	1	16.7
Wadena	52	13	25.0	16	30.8	13	0	0.0	1	7.7
Waseca	15	0	0.0	0	0.0	16	0	0.0	0	0.0
Washington	193	15	7.8	25	13.0	118	3	2.5	12	10.2
Watonwan	29	2	6.9	2	6.9	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wilkin	9	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Winona	138	25	18.1	35	25.4	15	1	6.7	1	6.7
Wright	177	13	7.3	22	12.4	58	0	0.0	4	6.9
Yellow Medicine	28	3	10.7	7	25.0	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Southwest HHS	148	13	8.8	28	18.9	27	2	7.4	4	14.8
Des Moines Valley HHS	41	3	7.3	4	9.8	9	1	11.1	1	11.1
Faribault-Martin	60	10	16.7	15	25.0	51	1	2.0	2	3.9
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	71	7	9.9	11	15.5	8	0	0.0	1	12.5
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	89	11	12.4	15	16.9	9	1	11.1	1	11.1
Total	8,360	842	10.1	1,420	17.0	3,419	293	8.6	508	14.9

Minnesota's Children in Out-of-home Care Report, 2013

Contents

Introduction	3
Total Children in Out-of-home Care	4
Table 1. Flow of Children in Out-of-home Care	4
Figure 1. Total Children in Out-of-home Care, 2004–2013	4
Gender, Age and Race/Ethnicity of Children in Out-of-home Care	4
Figure 2. Children in Out-of-home Care by Age and Gender	6
Figure 3. Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group, 2004–2013	7
Table 2. Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group, Annual Percentage Change	7
Figure 4. Children in Out-of-home Care Compared to the Minnesota Child Population by Race	8
Figure 5. Children in Out-of-home Care Compared to the Minnesota Child Population by Hispanic Ethnicity	9
Figure 6. Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 by Race/Ethnicity, 2004–2013	10
Table 3. Children in Out-of-home Care by Race/Ethnicity, 2004–2013	11
Table 4. Minnesota Child Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2004–2013	11
Placement Settings and Time in Care	12
Table 5. Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care	13
Table 6. Length of Episodes Ending in 2013	13
Table 7. Days in Placement Settings During Calendar Years, 2009–2013	14
Figure 7. Moves Within an Episode of Out-of-home Care	15
Table 8. Reason for Moves from Placement Settings	15
Reasons for Entry, Re-entry Rate and Discharge	16
Table 9. Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care	17
Figure 8. Categories of Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care	18
Figure 9. Categories of Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care 2004–2013	19
Table 10. Out-of-home Care Re-entry Rate by Race/Ethnicity	20
Table 11. Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care	20
Figure 10. Percent of Discharges to Home Settings, 2004–2013	21
Figure 11. Percent of Discharges to Adoption and Children Reaching Age of Majority (Age 18), 2004– 2013	21
Children in Out-of-home Care Appendix	22
Flow of Children in Out-of-home Care	23
Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 in the County Child Population	25
Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group	27
Children in Out-of-home Care by Race and Ethnicity	29
American Indian Children in Out-of-home Care	31
American Indian Children in Out-of-home Care by Tribe	32
Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care	33
Days in Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care	36
Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care	39
Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care	42

Introduction

This section focuses on children in out-of-home placement. The terms “out-of-home placement,” “out-of-home care,” “foster care,” and “in care” are used interchangeably in this report. All terms refer to children who experienced one or more days in a placement setting outside of their original home during the 2013 calendar year. Various tables and figures feature data about child demographics, removal episodes out of the original home, number of placement settings within a removal episode, length of time in care, reasons for entry, discharge and re-entries into care. Comparisons are made to the child population by race or ethnicity in Minnesota to understand racial disparities in numbers of children in placement.

An episode of care is defined as an entry into, and an ultimate discharge from, out-of-home care. An episode could have more than one living arrangement, called a placement setting. A child may experience one or more placement locations, or moves, which may occur in different types of settings in a given episode.

A child in the custody of a county agency or tribe may have spent time in other settings during an episode of out-of-home care, such as summer camp, hospital, a trial home visit, boarding school, non-custodial parent’s home, job corps, or an unauthorized absence. These locations, and days in these locations, are not included in the listing or the sum of days in placement settings. However, these locations and days are included within the start and end dates of an episode of care. A discharge from care occurs when a child is no longer in the court-ordered custody of a county agency or tribe, or when a Voluntary Placement Agreement ends.

This report mirrors the method in which the U.S. Census Bureau categorizes race and Hispanic ethnicity. Individuals may indicate they belong to more than one race. Hispanic ethnicity is specified separately from race. For example, children may be counted in a racial group or as having more than one race. They may also claim Hispanic ethnicity.

Key findings in this report include:

- In 2013, 11,510 children spent some time in out-of-home care. The total number of children who experienced out-of-home care has decreased 20 percent since 2004.
- Forty-nine percent of children in placement were age 12 and older. More boys than girls spent time in care. American Indian, African American/Black, and children of two or more races are respectively 15.5, 4.0 and 4.0 times more likely than a White child to be placed out-of-home.
- Sixty-five percent of reasons offered for entry into care were solely related to children’s parents. Twenty percent were attributed to children’s behavior or children’s substance abuse.
- Eighty-four percent of children in out-of-home care were placed in a family home setting.
- About 29 percent of placement episodes were 30 days or less.
- About 67 percent of discharges from care involved return to their caretakers prior to placement; another 10 percent were adopted.

Total Children in Out-of-home Care

Table 1 shows that in 2013, 11,510 children experienced 12,288 episodes of removal from home for placement in out-of-home care. The number of children in care on the last day of 2013 (6,059) was about 10 percent higher than the number of children in care on the first day of 2013 (5,515).

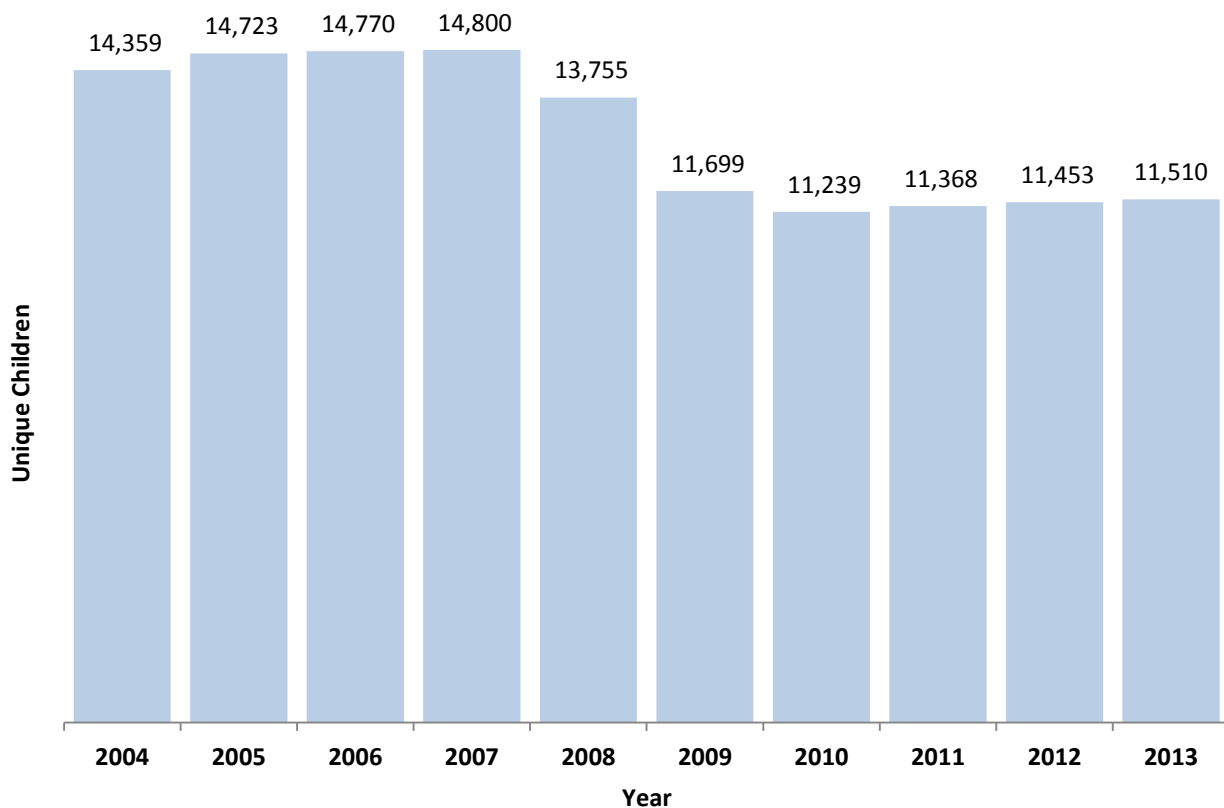
Table 1. Flow of Children in Out-of-home Care

	Children	Episodes
Entered care	6,218	6,769
Continued in care (from prior year)	5,515	5,515
Left care	5,851	6,221
Remained in care (at year end)	6,059	6,059
Total unique count*	11,510	12,288

**Children may be counted in more than one category.*

Figure 1 shows that the number of children experiencing out-of-home care decreased by 20 percent from 2004–2013.

Figure 1. Total Children in Out-of-home Care, 2004–2013



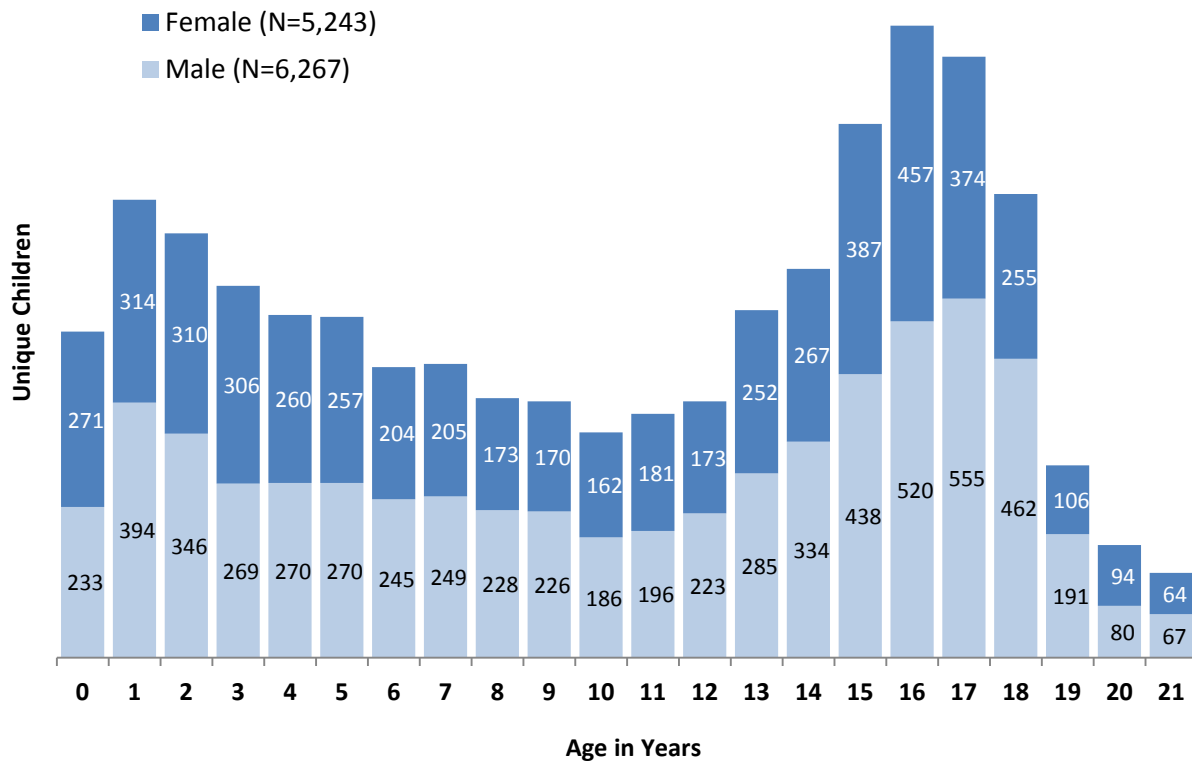
Gender, Age and Race/Ethnicity of Children in Out-of-home Care

At a Glance

- Boys were more likely than girls to spend time in out-of-home care
- Forty-nine percent of children in care were age 12 and older
- Trends show relatively stable numbers of children in care for the past five years.
- White children comprised the largest number in out-of-home care; however, American Indian, African American/Black and children indicating two or more races were 15.5, 4.0 and 4.0 times more likely than a White child to be placed in out-of-home care.

Overall, boys comprised 54 percent of children in out-of-home care in 2013. The largest age group in care was 16–18-year-olds. These primarily represent placements related to child behavior. Boys were the majority in placement at nearly all ages.

Figure 2. Children in Out-of-home Care by Age and Gender



Note: One person in placement was indicated as more than 21 years of age.

Figure 3 graphs the trend by age group since 2004. The distribution of children in care has shifted, with the number of children under 12 years increasing and the number of children 12 years and older decreasing. From 2012 to 2013, the birth through five group grew almost 9 percent, while the total population of children in care increased by only 0.5 percent.

Figure 3. Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group, 2004–2013

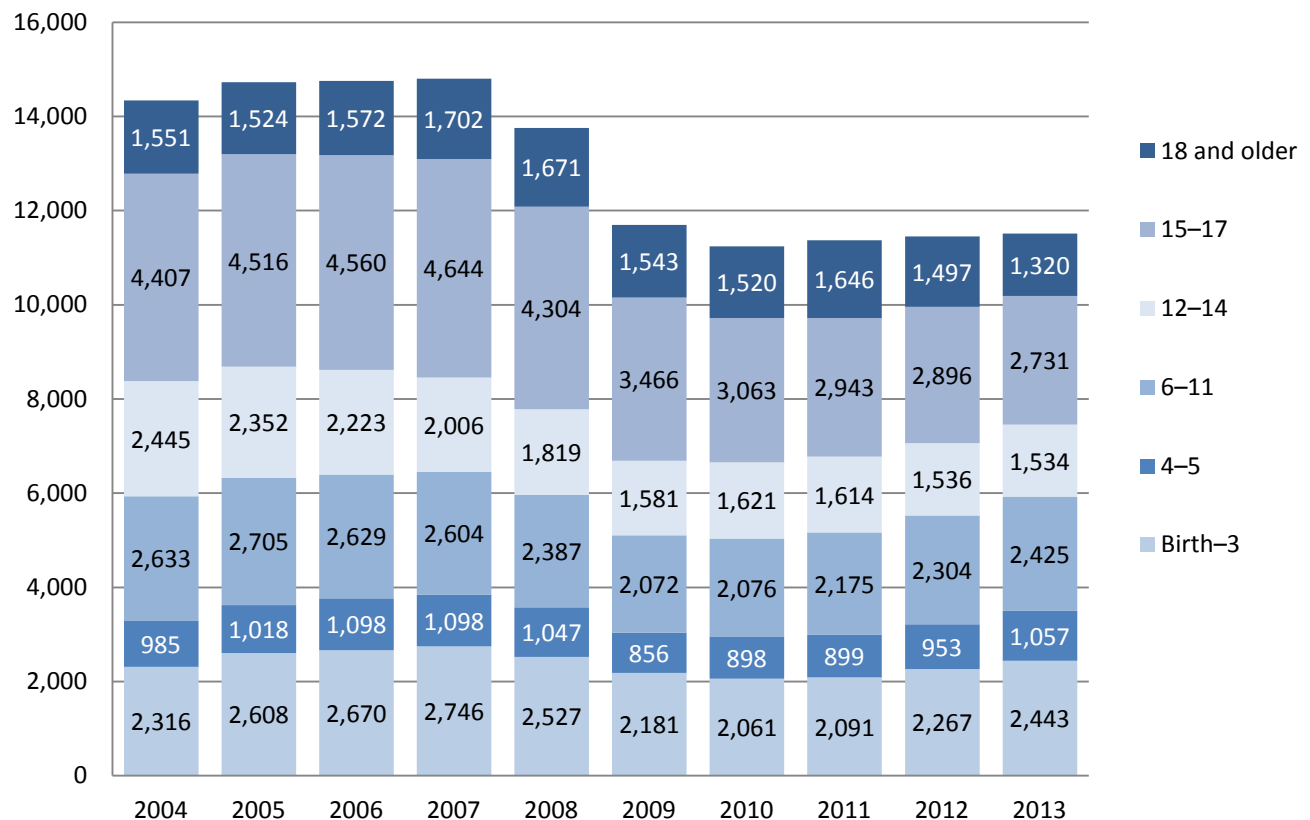
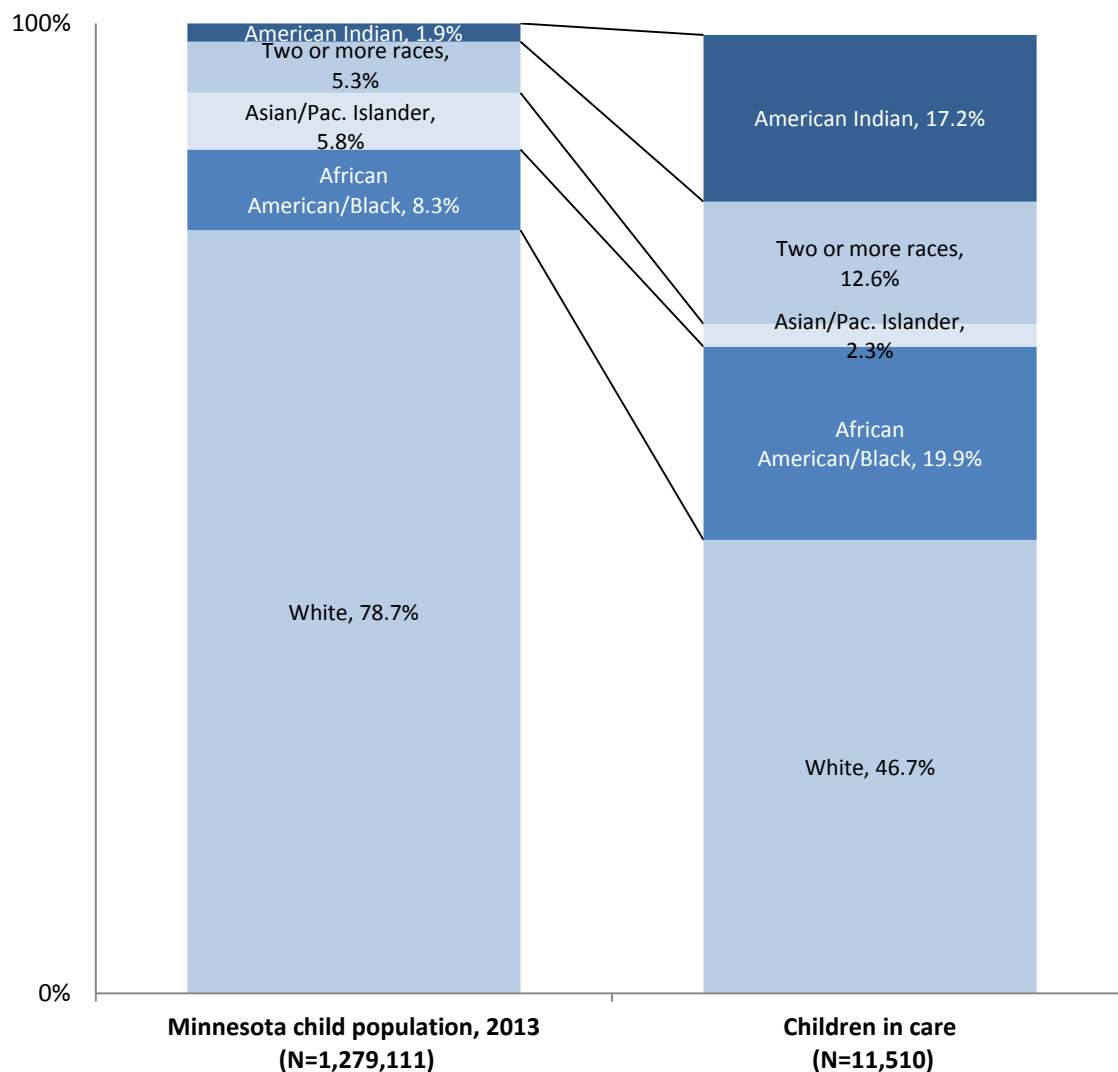


Table 2. Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group, Annual Percentage Change, 2004–2013

Age group	2004–2005	2005–2006	2006–2007	2007–2008	2008–2009	2009–2010	2010–2011	2011–2012	2012–2013
18–21	-1.7%	3.1%	8.3%	-1.8%	-7.7%	-1.5%	8.3%	-9.1%	-11.9%
15–17	2.5%	1.0%	1.8%	-7.3%	-19.5%	-11.6%	-3.9%	-1.6%	-5.7%
12–14	-3.8%	-5.5%	-9.8%	-9.3%	-13.1%	2.5%	-0.4%	-4.8%	-0.1%
6–11	2.7%	-2.8%	-1.0%	-8.3%	-13.2%	0.2%	4.8%	5.9%	5.3%
4–5	3.4%	7.9%	0.0%	-4.6%	-18.2%	4.9%	0.1%	6.0%	10.9%
Birth–3	12.6%	2.4%	2.8%	-8.0%	-13.7%	-5.5%	1.5%	8.4%	7.8%
Total	2.5%	0.3%	0.2%	-7.1%	-14.9%	-3.9%	1.1%	0.7%	0.5%

The largest group of children in out-of-home care was White; however, African American/Black, American Indian, and children indicating two or more races were over-represented in out-of-home placements relative to their proportions in the child population.

Figure 4. Children in Out-of-home Care Compared to the Minnesota Child Population by Race



Hispanic children are slightly over-represented in out-of-home care. In the 2013 estimated Minnesota child population, 8.4 percent were of Hispanic ethnicity compared to 9.3 percent of children in care.

Figure 5. Children in Out-of-home Care Compared to the Minnesota Child Population by Hispanic Ethnicity

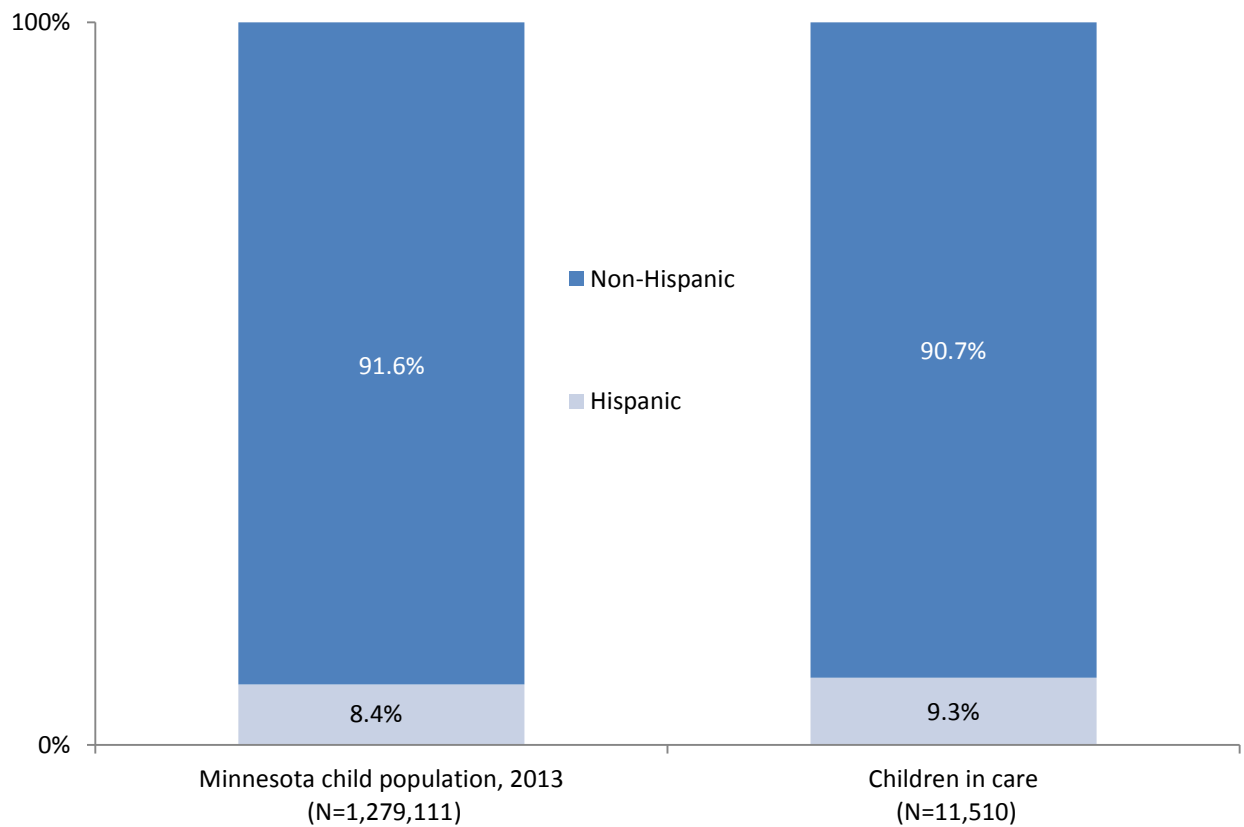


Figure 6 shows the rate of children per 1,000 who experienced out-of-home care by race and ethnicity from 2004–2013. Tables 4 and 5 display the raw data. The rates show that in 2013, American Indian, African American/Black, and children of two or more races, were placed out-of-home at rates 15.5, 4.0 and 4.0 times higher than that of a White child. Children of all races except for American Indian, decreased in the rate of entry into out-of-home care from 2004–2013. African American/Black children had the most dramatic reduction in the rate of out-of-home placement (-43 percent). American Indian children have consistently shown much higher rates of entry into out-of-home care.

Figure 6. Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 by Race/Ethnicity, 2004–2013

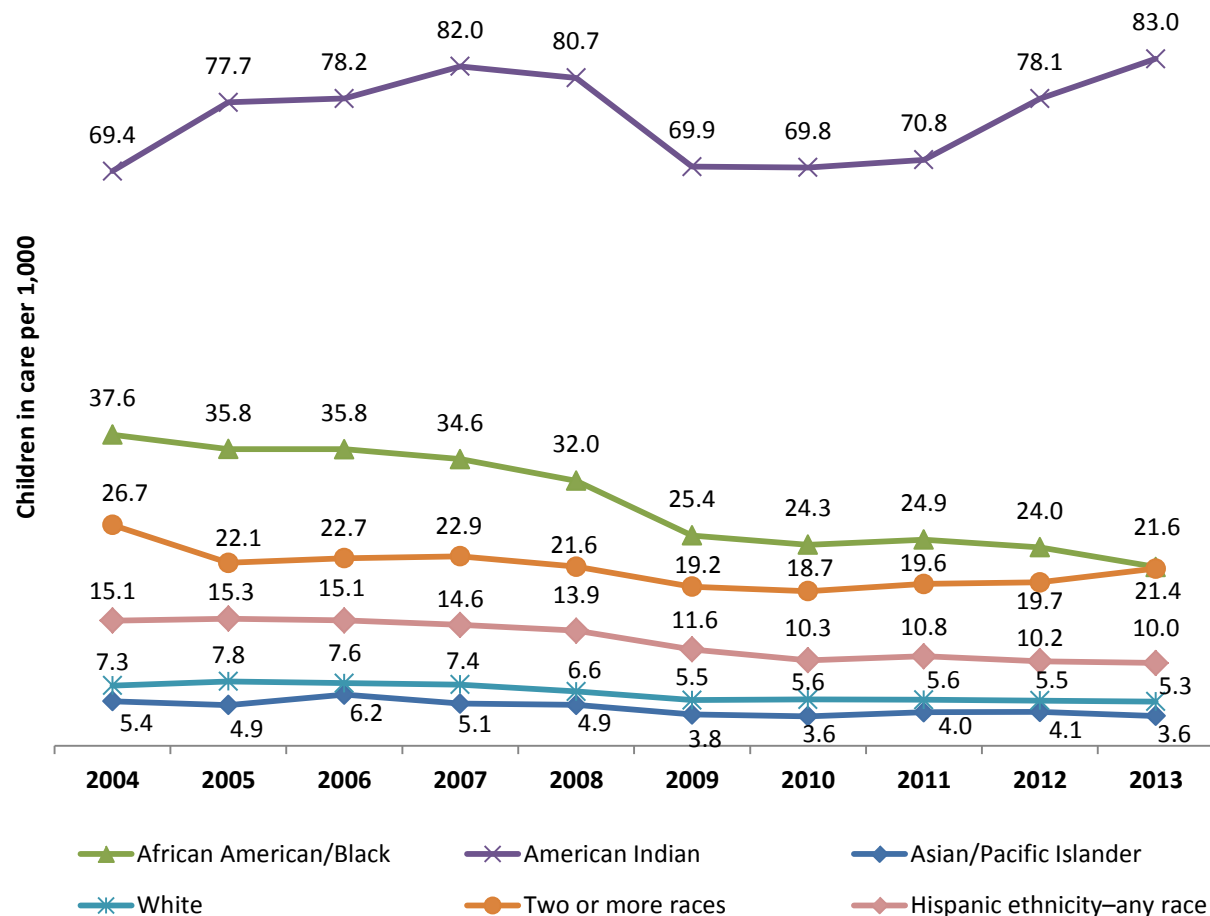


Table 3. Children in Out-of-home Care by Race/Ethnicity, 2004–2013

Race/Ethnicity	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
African American/Black	2,972	2,945	3,058	3,071	2,950	2,432	2,415	2,461	2,461	2,296
American Indian	1,504	1,696	1,718	1,816	1,798	1,570	1,579	1,597	1,772	1,979
Asian/ Pacific Islander	329	307	394	333	329	257	249	286	296	268
White	7,827	8,291	8,009	7,770	6,839	5,707	5,756	5,668	5,522	5,380
Two or more races	1,181	1,039	1,132	1,215	1,220	1,151	1,188	1,283	1,319	1,452
Unknown/declined	546	445	536	589	615	582	46	69	83	135
Total	14,359	14,723	14,770	14,800	13,755	11,699	11,239	11,368	11,453	11,510
Hispanic ethnicity	1,069	1,153	1,207	1,237	1,250	1,111	1,048	1,132	1,082	1,072

Table 4. Minnesota Child Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2004–2013

Race/Ethnicity	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
African American/Black	79,100	82,187	85,393	88,725	92,186	95,783	99,520	98,863	102,665	106,309
American Indian	21,673	21,826	21,981	22,137	22,293	22,451	22,610	22,568	22,679	23,857
Asian/ Pacific Islander	61,154	62,505	63,887	65,298	66,741	68,216	69,723	70,834	72,304	74,521
White	1,075,024	1,067,140	1,059,313	1,051,544	1,043,832	1,036,176	1,028,577	1,019,636	1,011,637	1,006,559
Two or more races	44,278	47,037	49,967	53,081	56,388	59,901	63,633	65,625	66,863	67,865
Total	1,285,761	1,285,478	1,285,195	1,284,912	1,284,629	1,284,346	1,284,063	1,277,526	1,278,160	1,279,111
Hispanic ethnicity	70,743	75,121	79,769	84,705	89,946	95,512	101,422	104,649	105,925	107,281

Placement Settings and Time in Care

At a Glance

- Eighty-four percent of children in care spent some time in a family foster care setting.
- About 20 percent of placement episodes ending in 2013 were one week or less, and 26 percent lasted more than one year.
- A large majority of children in care for 12 months or fewer (87 percent) lived in one or two different placement locations. A majority of children in care for two or more years experienced three or more different placement locations (69 percent).

Table 5 shows the types and placement settings that children experienced in care. A child is counted once each time they experienced a placement setting type. Nearly half of children spent some time in a non-relative foster family home, and 25 percent spent time in a relative foster family home. Nineteen percent spent time in a residential treatment or institutional facility, which is attributed to a large number of short-term emergency shelter placements.

Table 5. Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care

Placement Setting	Unique Children*	Percent
Pre-adoptive home –relative	454	3.9
Pre-adoptive home –non-relative	730	6.3
Foster family home –relative	2,903	25.2
Foster family home –non-relative	5,594	48.6
Group home	1,431	12.4
Residential treatment center	2,229	19.4
Supervised independent living	378	3.3
Foster home –corporate/shift staff	296	2.6
Juvenile correctional facility (non-secure, 12 or fewer children)	164	1.4
Juvenile correctional facility (non-secure, 13 or more children)	474	4.1
Juvenile correctional facility (locked)	706	6.1
ICF-MR	29	0.3
Total	11,510	100.0

* Totals are less than the sum of the categories, as a child may have spent time in more than one setting.

Table 6 depicts the duration of episodes that ended in 2013 that were one day or longer. About 20 percent of episodes were one week or less, and 26 percent lasted more than one year.

Table 6. Length of Episodes Ending in 2013

Days in Care	Number of Episodes	Percent of Episodes
1–7	1,210	19.8
8–30	537	8.8
31–90	695	11.4
91–180	811	13.3
181–365	1,297	21.2
366 or more	1,555	25.5
Total*	6,105	100.0

*Does not include 116 episodes that were opened and closed on the same day.

Table 7 includes sums of the number of days in placement settings from 2009–2013. There were 2,057,613 total days of out-of-home care in calendar year 2013 in all placement settings; these numbers have remained relatively stable since 2009. Most days of care (72 percent) were spent in family foster care or pre-adoptive settings followed by residential treatment or juvenile correctional facilities (16 percent).

Table 7. Days in Placement Settings During Calendar Years, 2009–2013

Placement Setting	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Pre-adoptive home–relative	96,023	90,557	72,954	88,196	105,923
Pre-adoptive home–non-relative	185,920	195,293	167,048	167,984	159,459
Foster family home–relative	306,359	291,901	325,964	349,317	407,600
Foster family home–non-relative	913,998	838,974	808,468	796,776	799,214
Group home	162,050	135,852	122,294	119,491	115,903
Residential treatment/institution	251,645	235,037	259,809	270,435	256,064
Supervised independent living	3,465	10,590	64,509	84,423	82,238
Foster home–corporate/shift staff	63,928	59,488	54,052	55,854	49,002
Juvenile correctional facility (non-secure, 12 or fewer children)	9,237	10,185	10,293	11,034	10,113
Juvenile correctional facility (non-secure, 13 or more children)	51,494	40,732	36,163	33,712	30,101
Juvenile correctional facility (locked)	31,708	33,088	29,053	36,994	35,195
ICF-DD	3,705	5,184	7,309	8,848	6,801
Days during calendar year	2,079,532	1,946,881	1,957,916	2,023,064	2,057,613
Total unique children	11,699	11,239	11,368	11,453	11,510

When a child is placed in out-of-home care, a goal of the social service agency is to maintain as much stability in that child's living situation as possible. Figure 7 shows that as children were in care longer, the likelihood that they experienced multiple placement settings increased. For children who were in care for 12 or fewer months, the vast majority lived in one or two different homes or facilities (87 percent). Children in care for two years or more were more likely to move multiple times. Table 8 lists the reasons children moved from one placement to another. The most common reasons for changing a placement setting were begin trial home visit, needs less restrictive placement, and provider request. A trial home visit is not considered a placement and is not counted as a move in the episode in Figure 7.

Figure 7. Moves Within an Episode of Out-of-home Care

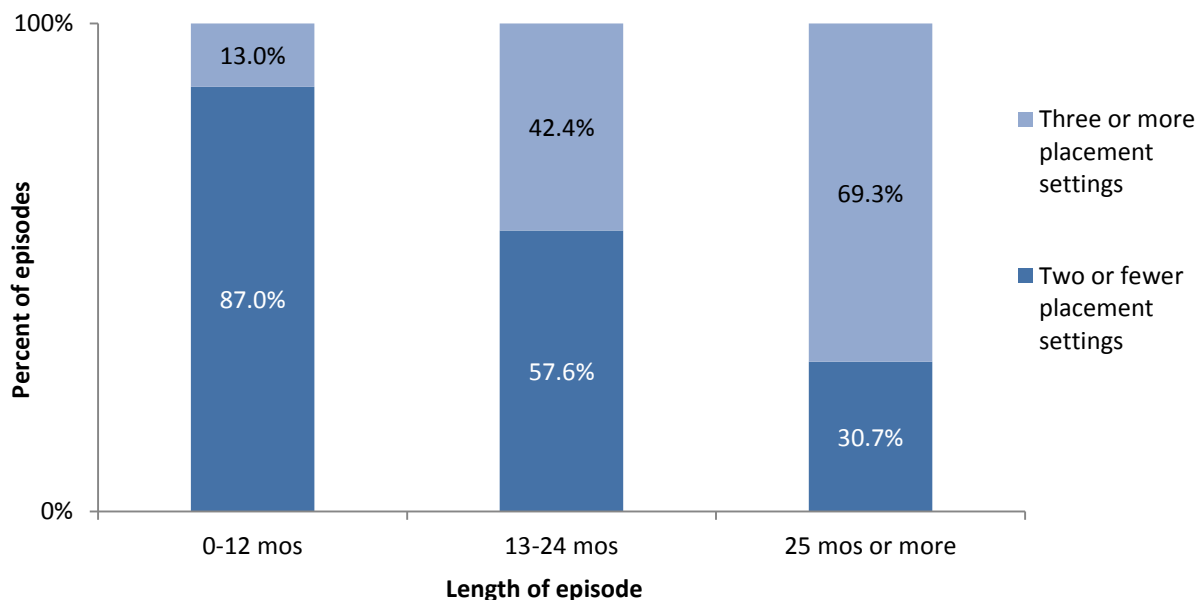


Table 8. Reason for Moves from Placement Settings

Reason for Change/Move in Placement Setting	Number of Placement Changes (N=8,828)	Percent
Begin trial home visit	1,256	14.2
Needs less restrictive	1,212	13.7
Provider request	988	11.2
Needs more structure	869	9.8
Relative placement	841	9.5
Child's safety	665	7.5
Needs specialized treatment	661	7.5
Emergency to non-emergency	621	7.0
Runaway	558	6.3
Pre-adoptive placement	265	3.0
Other	892	10.1

Reasons for Entry, Re-entry Rate and Discharge

At a Glance

- Children entering care for child behavior or alcohol and other drug abuse reasons decreased dramatically since 2004.
- About 67 percent of children placed out-of-home, left care to be reunified with parent(s) or primary caretaker.
- About 26 percent of children who were reunified with parents or caretakers prior to placement had a subsequent placement within 12 months. The Child Safety and Permanency Division of the Department of Human Services is engaged in multiple strategies to reduce the number of children re-entering care.

Table 9 indicates the reasons why children entered care. Children were counted only once within each reason, even if placed out-of-home more than one time for the same reason during the year. However, because children may have entered care for multiple reasons, they may have been counted in more than one reason. Child behavior and alleged neglect were the most common reasons for placement. In response to tragedies involving abandoned infants in recent years, the 2012 Minnesota Legislature strengthened the Safe Place for Newborns law. Previously, the law allowed for the safe surrender at hospitals of infants born within three days. Beginning Aug. 1, 2012, the law allows a mother, or a person who has her permission, to anonymously leave a newborn at a designated safe place without fear of prosecution up to seven days after the birth. Additionally, the statutory definition of a safe place has been broadened to include urgent care facilities during regular hours of operation, and ambulance services that are dispatched in response to 911 calls. In 2013, four newborns entered out-of-home care for the reason of Safe Place for Newborns relinquishment.

Table 9. Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care

Reasons for Entry	Unique Children (N = 11,510)	Percent of Reasons
Abandonment	421	3.7
Alleged neglect	4,032	35.0
Alleged physical abuse	1,282	11.1
Alleged sexual abuse	507	4.4
Caretaker's inability to cope (illness or other)	1,562	12.8
Child alcohol abuse	233	2.0
Child drug abuse	391	3.4
Child's behavior problem	3,427	27.7
Child's disability	773	6.7
Child's mental health issues	77	0.7
Death of parent(s)	59	0.5
Inadequate housing	538	4.7
Incarceration of parents	569	4.9
Parental alcohol abuse	930	8.1
Parental drug abuse	2,762	24.0
Relinquishment or termination of parental rights	107	0.9
Relinquishment–Safe Place for Newborns	4	0.0

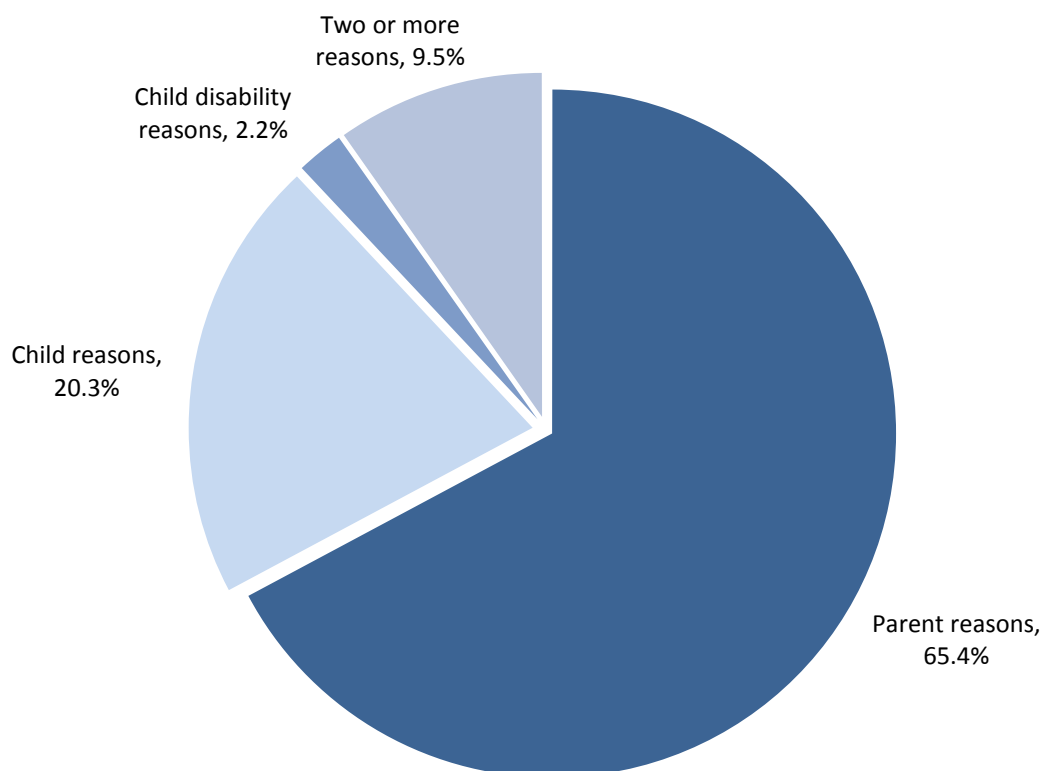
** A child may have been placed for more than one reason; therefore, the sum of the reasons for entry exceeds the number of children in placement.*

In Figure 8, the 15 reasons for entry were divided into four categories: Parent reasons, child behavior reasons, child disability, and two or more of these reasons. The specific reasons in each category are related to:

- Parents, including alleged physical abuse, alleged sexual abuse, alleged neglect, parental substance abuse, death or abandonment by a parent, parental inability to cope, incarceration, relinquishment of parental rights, inadequate housing and relinquishment to Safe Place for Newborns
- Children, including behavior, delinquency, status offenses, and their own alcohol or other drug abuse
- A child's disability, including developmental disability or a diagnosis of serious emotional disturbance
- Two or more of the above categories.

When reasons for entry were grouped together, most children entered care for parent-related reasons.

Figure 8. Categories of Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care



The graph in Figure 9 shows the reason categories for entering out-of-home care for 2004 through 2013. Between 2004 and 2013, there was a downward trend for all reasons for entry. The number of placement episodes solely for child behavior or child alcohol and drug abuse reasons decreased by 48 percent since 2004. Children placed for parental reasons are down by 15 percent overall since 2004, but have seen an increase since the ten-year low in 2009. Children may be counted in more than one category if they entered care multiple times for different reasons during the year.

Figure 9. Categories of Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care, 2004–2013

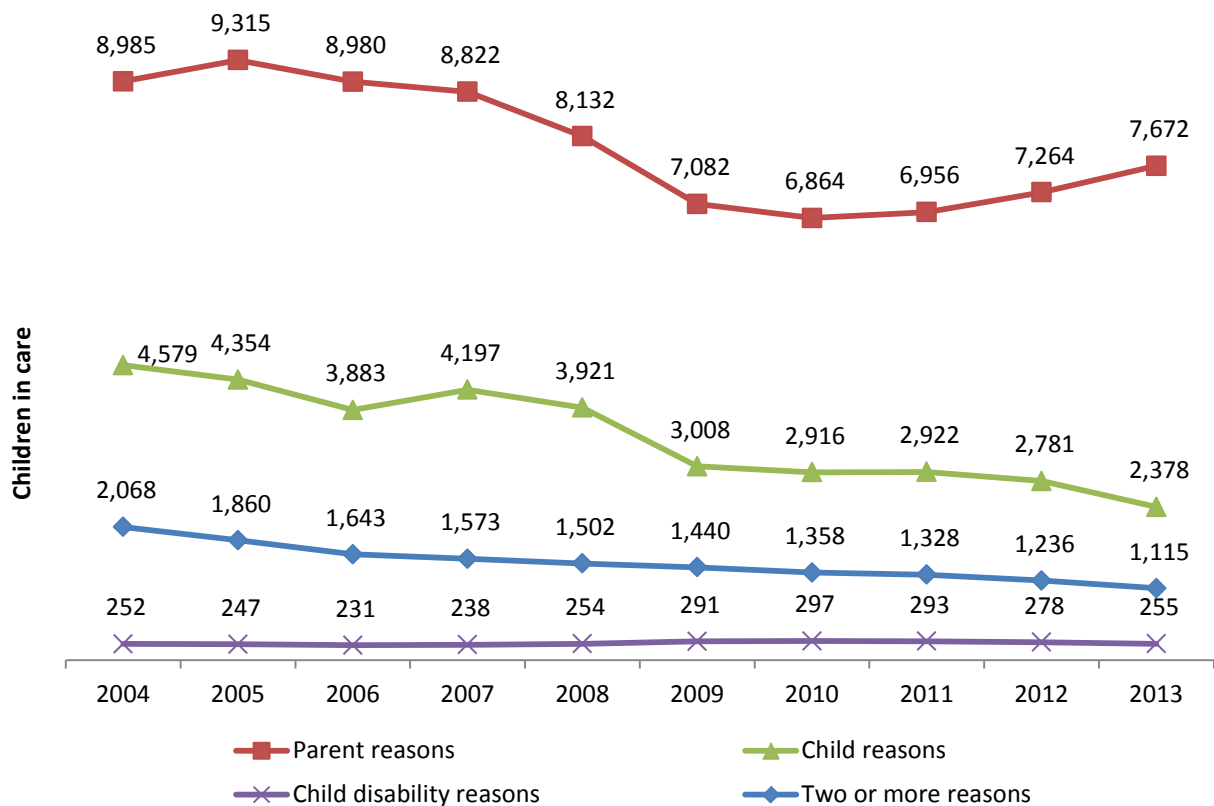


Table 10 presents the out-of-home placement re-entry rate by race and ethnicity. Re-entry means that a child who was discharged from out-of-home care to reunification with parents or primary caretakers, or who was discharged to live with relatives in 2012 (prior calendar year), re-entered care within 12 months of that discharge. Asian/Pacific Islander and American Indian children had the highest rates of re-entry.

Table 10. Out-of-home Care Re-entry Rate by Race/Ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	Left Care in 2012	Re-entry within 12 Months	Percent
African American/Black	1,008	256	25.4
American Indian	381	121	31.8
Asian/Pacific Islander	134	43	32.1
White	2,107	503	23.9
Two or more races	546	153	28.0
Unable to determine	48	8	16.7
Missing data	3	1	33.3
Total children	4,227	1,085	25.7
Hispanic ethnicity—any race	456	110	24.1

Table 11 shows that 67 percent of the reasons for discharge when children left an episode of care in 2013 were for reunification with a parent or primary caretaker prior to placement. Another 12 percent had permanent transfer of legal and physical custody to a relative or were living with relatives, while about 10 percent were discharged to adoption. Note that children may have been discharged from care multiple times during the year, for multiple discharge reasons. Reasons for discharge are counted once per child within each reason type.

Table 11. Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care

Reasons for Discharge	Episodes Discharged	Percent
Reunification with parents/primary caretakers	3,961	66.8
Adoption or tribal customary adoption	567	9.6
Permanent transfer of legal and physical custody to a relative	509	8.6
Living with other relatives	191	3.2
Guardianship	20	0.3
Reached age of majority or emancipated	402	6.8
Runaway from placement (placement no longer planned)	115	1.9
Death of child	13	0.2
Transfer to another agency	150	2.5
Total episodes discharged	5,928	100.0

Figure 10 shows the overall percent of discharges from out-of-home care to a family home setting (reunification with parents/caretakers, living with other relatives, permanent transfer of legal and physical custody to a relative, or finalized adoption/tribal customary adoption). The graph shows that these reasons as a proportion of all reasons for discharges have remained fairly consistent since 2004.

Figure 10. Percent of Discharges to Home Settings, 2004–2013

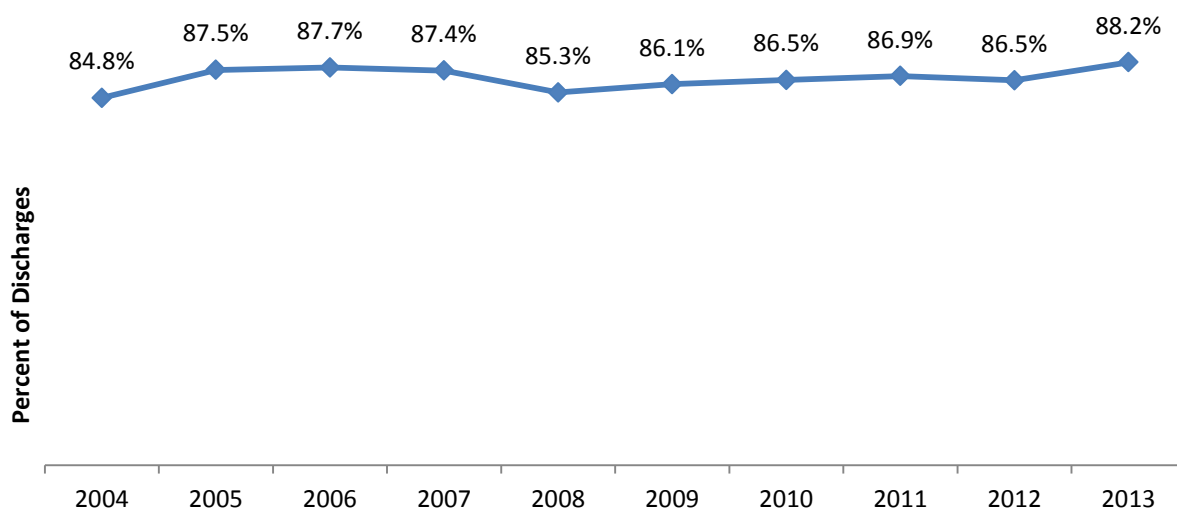
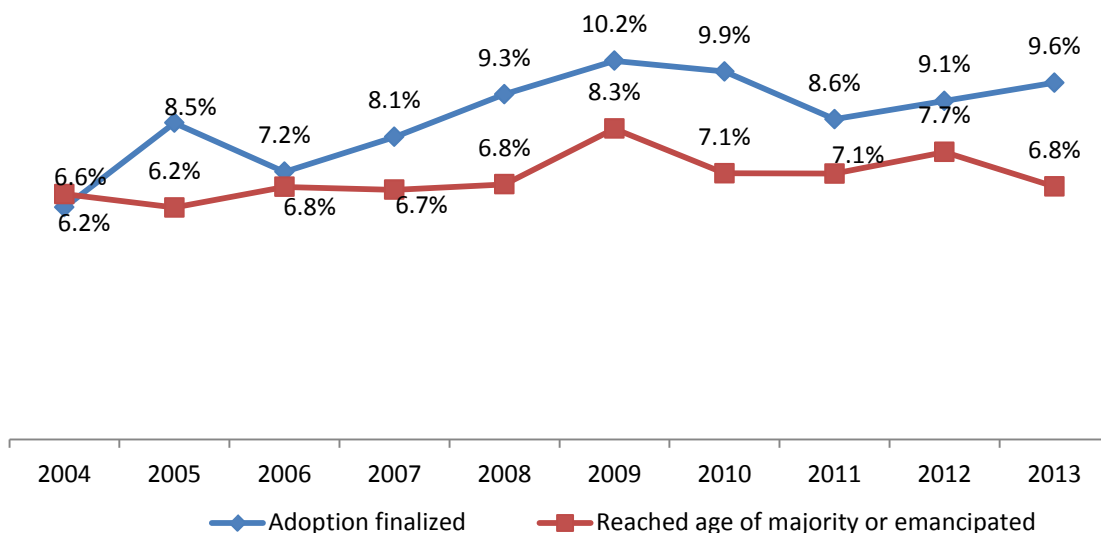


Figure 11 indicates that the proportion of discharges to adoption/tribal customary adoption have shown an upward trend. Discharges due to reaching age of majority or emancipated have been increasing, in proportion to other discharge locations. Tribal customary adoptions were combined with adoptions in this figure.

Figure 11. Percent of Discharges to Adoption and Children Reaching Age of Majority (Age 18), 2004–2013



Children in Out-of-home Care Appendix

Flow of Children in Out-of-home Care

County/Tribe	Continued in Placement from 2012	Entered Placement in 2013	Left Placement in 2013	Remained in Placement after End of 2013
Aitkin	18	32	27	22
Anoka	182	276	262	201
Becker	93	81	85	93
Beltrami	379	163	163	379
Benton	36	46	37	46
Big Stone	4	6	2	8
Blue Earth	57	77	77	56
Brown	16	21	14	23
Carlton	71	43	62	54
Carver	61	53	53	61
Cass	28	52	40	42
Chippewa	3	2	4	1
Chisago	23	51	34	42
Clay	74	132	132	79
Clearwater	13	20	12	22
Cook	7	6	7	6
Crow Wing	95	94	98	91
Dakota	116	165	174	110
Dodge	22	17	21	19
Douglas	31	17	24	25
Fillmore	13	14	9	18
Freeborn	40	36	41	34
Goodhue	20	44	26	38
Grant	13	6	7	12
Hennepin	1,080	1,278	1,216	1,174
Houston	18	4	9	13
Hubbard	31	41	35	40
Isanti	37	43	25	55
Itasca	58	116	112	65
Kanabec	16	13	17	13
Kandiyohi	50	68	65	59
Kittson	15	7	10	11
Koochiching	25	21	30	19
Lac qui Parle	6	13	0	19
Lake	15	7	11	11
Lake of the Woods	0	5	4	1
Le Sueur	9	17	8	19
McLeod	25	39	22	43
Mahnomen	7	9	5	11
Marshall	8	10	10	8
Meeker	35	16	29	23
Mille Lacs	29	51	29	50
Morrison	35	29	27	37

Flow of Children in Out-of-home Care (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Continued in Placement from 2012	Entered Placement in 2013	Left Placement in 2013	Remained in Placement after End of 2013
Mower	53	30	39	45
Nicollet	19	25	27	18
Nobles	25	45	36	35
Norman	8	9	7	10
Olmsted	101	119	102	120
Otter Tail	28	38	36	33
Pennington	28	19	12	35
Pine	50	53	41	62
Polk	55	59	60	56
Pope	12	12	12	14
Ramsey	696	912	974	683
Red Lake	1	3	2	2
Renville	12	25	23	13
Rice	45	38	39	45
Roseau	10	13	18	6
St. Louis	443	416	354	523
Scott	44	41	52	34
Sherburne	38	47	44	46
Sibley	5	18	6	17
Stearns	133	207	162	183
Steele	19	30	39	12
Stevens	7	5	5	7
Swift	21	14	18	16
Todd	27	43	20	52
Traverse	4	5	3	6
Wabasha	22	24	23	23
Wadena	20	8	16	12
Waseca	26	28	28	26
Washington	73	143	124	95
Watonwan	17	12	18	11
Wilkin	6	2	4	4
Winona	19	36	31	25
Wright	87	82	84	85
Yellow Medicine	14	18	13	20
Southwest HHS	112	93	113	97
Des Moines Valley HHS	41	28	34	35
Faribault-Martin	54	78	59	73
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	102	71	44	129
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	124	128	54	198
Total	5,515	6,218	5,851	6,059

Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 in the County Child Population

County/Tribe	Unique Children	2013 Child Population (est.)	Rate of Children in Care per 1,000
Aitkin	49	2,724	18.0
Anoka	454	83,948	5.4
Becker	172	8,171	21.1
Beltrami	538	11,559	46.5
Benton	81	9,589	8.4
Big Stone	10	1,038	9.6
Blue Earth	128	12,841	10.0
Brown	37	5,501	6.7
Carlton	108	8,146	13.3
Carver	111	27,036	4.1
Cass	80	6,070	13.2
Chippewa	5	2,782	1.8
Chisago	73	12,878	5.7
Clay	204	13,968	14.6
Clearwater	33	2,188	15.1
Cook	13	869	15.0
Crow Wing	181	14,121	12.8
Dakota	278	102,928	2.7
Dodge	38	5,683	6.7
Douglas	48	7,749	6.2
Fillmore	27	4,944	5.5
Freeborn	72	6,775	10.6
Goodhue	64	10,805	5.9
Grant	18	1,279	14.1
Hennepin	2,313	268,028	8.6
Houston	22	4,069	5.4
Hubbard	70	4,310	16.2
Isanti	79	9,492	8.3
Itasca	169	9,729	17.4
Kanabec	29	3,544	8.2
Kandiyohi	113	10,036	11.3
Kittson	21	984	21.3
Koochiching	46	2,639	17.4
Lac qui Parle	19	1,478	12.9
Lake	22	2,008	11.0
Lake of the Woods	5	730	6.8
Le Sueur	25	6,954	3.6
McLeod	64	8,704	7.4
Mahnomen	15	1,678	8.9
Marshall	18	2,151	8.4
Meeker	50	5,721	8.7
Mille Lacs	75	6,296	11.9
Morrison	64	7,849	8.2
Mower	83	9,763	8.5
Nicollet	44	7,348	6.0

**Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 in the County Child Population
(continued)**

County/Tribe	Unique Children	2013 Child Population (est.)	Rate of Children in Care per 1,000
Nobles	68	5,670	12.0
Norman	17	1,532	11.1
Olmsted	217	37,191	5.8
Otter Tail	65	12,264	5.3
Pennington	47	3,318	14.2
Pine	103	6,050	17.0
Polk	110	7,389	14.9
Pope	24	2,286	10.5
Ramsey	1,564	122,864	12.7
Red Lake	4	973	4.1
Renville	36	3,384	10.6
Rice	81	14,462	5.6
Roseau	21	3,849	5.5
St. Louis	850	38,604	22.0
Scott	83	39,845	2.1
Sherburne	84	24,954	3.4
Sibley	22	3,746	5.9
Stearns	331	34,696	9.5
Steele	48	9,300	5.2
Stevens	12	2,018	5.9
Swift	32	2,068	15.5
Todd	70	5,818	12.0
Traverse	9	742	12.1
Wabasha	45	4,856	9.3
Wadena	28	3,372	8.3
Waseca	54	4,398	12.3
Washington	209	62,733	3.3
Watsonwan	28	2,738	10.2
Wilkin	8	1,565	5.1
Winona	55	9,393	5.9
Wright	165	37,234	4.4
Yellow Medicine	31	2,345	13.2
Southwest HHS	200	17,904	11.2
Des Moines Valley HHS	69	5,007	13.8
Faribault-Martin	130	7,440	17.5
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	170	1,975*	86.1
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	252	1,981*	127.2
Total	11,510	1,279,111	9.0

**There are no intercensal population estimates for Indian reservations. These numbers represent the 2010 U.S. Census for children residing on the Leech Lake and White Earth reservations and who indicated American Indian alone or as one of two or more races. The Leech Lake reservation has land in Cass, Itasca, Beltrami and Hubbard counties. The White Earth reservation overlaps Mahnomen, Becker and Clearwater counties.*

Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group

County/Tribe	Total	Birth– 3 Years	4–5 Years	6–11 Years	12–14 Years	15–17 Years	18–21 Years
Aitkin	49	8	4	10	5	16	6
Anoka	454	108	42	115	60	84	45
Becker	172	44	25	33	23	34	13
Beltrami	538	125	64	160	87	75	27
Benton	81	17	9	14	10	26	5
Big Stone	10	2	2	1	2	1	2
Blue Earth	128	33	7	31	14	35	8
Brown	37	5	1	6	6	14	5
Carlton	108	12	9	17	7	46	17
Carver	111	22	7	19	16	22	25
Cass	80	16	11	18	10	19	6
Chippewa	5	0	1	0	2	2	0
Chisago	73	18	6	19	13	15	2
Clay	204	34	19	28	25	71	27
Clearwater	33	8	5	6	4	9	1
Cook	13	1	1	1	3	5	2
Crow Wing	181	44	25	37	21	37	17
Dakota	278	63	21	69	39	57	29
Dodge	38	7	2	2	3	13	11
Douglas	48	7	3	5	7	15	11
Fillmore	27	9	4	5	4	5	0
Freeborn	72	19	5	13	9	16	10
Goodhue	64	11	6	16	12	17	2
Grant	18	3	2	5	3	3	2
Hennepin	2,313	524	184	460	274	509	362
Houston	22	3	1	3	2	6	7
Hubbard	70	14	7	10	8	21	10
Isanti	79	13	4	26	8	20	8
Itasca	169	36	15	51	26	28	13
Kanabec	29	1	1	5	4	13	5
Kandiyohi	113	17	16	19	18	35	8
Kittson	21	0	1	1	4	9	6
Koochiching	46	9	2	5	15	12	3
Lac qui Parle	19	3	4	3	5	4	0
Lake	22	5	2	4	3	2	6
Lake of the Woods	5	0	0	0	1	4	0
Le Sueur	25	6	2	5	3	5	4
McLeod	64	15	10	16	10	11	2
Mahnomen	15	1	2	2	2	6	2
Marshall	18	2	0	3	1	8	4
Meeker	50	5	3	12	8	12	10
Mille Lacs	75	8	3	14	13	25	12
Morrison	64	19	6	19	9	6	5

Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group (continued)

County/Tribe	Total	Birth– 3 years	4–5 Years	6–11 Years	12–14 Years	15–17 Years	18–21 Years
Mower	83	17	9	27	8	16	6
Nicollet	44	7	3	10	6	13	5
Nobles	68	13	3	10	14	19	9
Norman	17	0	0	3	2	10	2
Olmsted	217	52	16	43	25	57	24
Otter Tail	65	14	4	16	11	13	7
Pennington	47	11	5	5	8	12	6
Pine	103	34	10	22	18	10	9
Polk	110	27	16	17	18	21	11
Pope	24	7	1	4	3	7	2
Ramsey	1,564	262	126	267	198	490	221
Red Lake	4	0	0	0	1	2	1
Renville	36	4	2	6	12	9	3
Rice	81	25	6	14	12	16	8
Roseau	21	3	1	2	3	9	3
St. Louis	850	219	117	210	106	150	48
Scott	83	13	4	18	16	23	9
Sherburne	84	16	8	14	10	19	17
Sibley	22	6	0	6	3	7	0
Stearns	331	70	33	66	39	85	38
Steele	48	9	5	10	10	11	3
Stevens	12	2	0	2	3	5	0
Swift	32	4	1	4	5	11	7
Todd	70	17	2	23	8	13	7
Traverse	9	2	0	1	1	3	2
Wabasha	45	9	3	11	8	11	3
Wadena	28	6	3	11	4	3	1
Waseca	54	12	7	18	7	10	0
Washington	209	28	11	39	33	65	33
Watonwan	28	1	3	2	8	10	4
Wilkin	8	1	0	0	0	4	3
Winona	55	5	4	9	7	19	11
Wright	165	30	10	34	25	49	17
Yellow Medicine	31	4	3	10	5	6	3
Southwest HHS	200	46	15	37	15	59	28
Des Moines Valley HHS	69	11	7	16	12	16	7
Faribault-Martin	130	22	19	29	16	33	11
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	170	50	26	51	24	15	4
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	252	87	30	70	31	27	7
Total	11,510	2,443	1,057	2,425	1,534	2,731	1,320

Children in Out-of-home Care by Race and Ethnicity

County/Tribe	African American/ Black	American Indian	Asian/ Pacific Islander	White	Two or More Races	Unable to Determine	Total Children	Hispanic Ethnicity—any Race
Aitkin	*	*	*	37	7	*	49	*
Anoka	112	19	*	234	83	*	454	25
Becker	7	67	*	86	12	*	172	*
Beltrami	13	429	*	69	24	*	538	*
Benton	*	*	*	67	*	*	81	11
Big Stone	*	*	*	8	*	*	10	*
Blue Earth	16	*	*	93	11	*	128	9
Brown	*	*	*	31	*	*	37	*
Carlton	*	59	*	39	9	*	108	*
Carver	11	*	*	86	10	*	111	14
Cass	*	27	*	46	*	*	80	*
Chippewa	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	*
Chisago	*	*	*	51	16	*	73	11
Clay	11	43	*	108	42	*	204	32
Clearwater	*	25	*	*	*	*	33	*
Cook	*	7	*	*	*	*	13	*
Crow Wing	*	10	*	159	9	*	181	*
Dakota	43	8	7	174	38	8	278	26
Dodge	*	*	*	30	*	*	38	*
Douglas	*	*	*	33	8	*	48	*
Fillmore	*	*	*	21	*	*	27	*
Freeborn	*	*	*	65	*	*	72	17
Goodhue	8	*	*	43	11	*	64	*
Grant	*	*	*	17	*	*	18	*
Hennepin	1,065	294	56	429	436	32	2,313	255
Houston	*	*	*	14	*	*	22	*
Hubbard	*	23	*	41	*	*	70	*
Isanti	*	*	*	68	9	*	79	*
Itasca	*	31	*	121	13	*	169	*
Kanabec	*	*	*	28	*	*	29	*
Kandiyohi	*	*	*	101	*	*	113	48
Kittson	*	*	*	20	*	*	21	*
Koochiching	*	*	*	37	*	*	46	*
Lac qui Parle	*	*	*	16	*	*	19	*
Lake	*	*	*	21	*	*	22	*
Lake of the Woods	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	*
Le Sueur	*	*	*	20	*	*	25	*
McLeod	*	*	*	54	*	*	64	12
Mahnomen	*	11	*	*	*	*	15	*
Marshall	*	*	*	13	*	*	18	*
Meeker	*	*	*	42	*	*	50	10
Mille Lacs	*	22	*	48	*	*	75	*
Morrison	*	*	*	52	10	*	64	*
Mower	13	*	*	50	11	*	83	13

Children in Out-of-home Care by Race and Ethnicity *(continued)*

County/Tribe	African American/ Black	American Indian	Asian/ Pacific Islander	White	Two or More Races	Unable to Determine	Total Children	Hispanic Ethnicity—any Race
Nicollet	*	*	*	33	*	*	44	7
Nobles	*	*	9	39	*	8	68	22
Norman	*	*	*	15	*	*	17	*
Olmsted	34	*	*	134	47	*	217	19
Otter Tail	8	*	*	43	9	*	65	*
Pennington	*	*	*	37	*	*	47	8
Pine	*	29	*	61	10	*	103	*
Polk	7	12	*	76	14	*	110	29
Pope	*	*	*	19	*	*	24	*
Ramsey	647	95	161	451	192	13	1,564	165
Red Lake	*	*	*	*	*	*	4	*
Renville	*	*	*	30	*	*	36	*
Rice	7	*	*	60	*	9	81	9
Roseau	*	*	*	13	*	*	21	*
St. Louis	68	220	*	446	100	*	850	26
Scott	13	7	*	43	16	*	83	9
Sherburne	10	*	*	56	17	*	84	*
Sibley	*	*	*	18	*	*	22	*
Stearns	62	8	*	214	42	*	331	30
Steele	*	*	*	36	8	*	48	*
Stevens	*	*	*	8	*	*	12	*
Swift	*	*	*	26	*	*	32	*
Todd	*	*	*	60	8	*	70	*
Traverse	*	*	*	*	*	*	9	*
Wabasha	*	*	*	37	*	*	45	*
Wadena	*	*	*	25	*	*	28	*
Waseca	*	*	*	45	*	*	54	7
Washington	30	*	*	124	30	15	209	21
Watsonwan	*	*	*	26	*	*	28	14
Wilkin	*	*	*	8	*	*	8	*
Winona	*	*	*	48	*	*	55	*
Wright	9	9	*	125	21	*	165	9
Yellow Medicine	*	13	*	15	*	*	31	*
Southwest HHS	11	41	*	130	17	*	200	40
Des Moines Valley HHS	*	*	*	65	*	*	69	13
Faribault-Martin	*	*	*	114	11	*	130	18
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	*	166	*	*	*	*	170	*
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	*	226	*	*	24	*	252	17
Total	2,296	1,979	268	5,380	1,452	116	11,510	1,072

*The number of children is less than seven in that cell, and is not shown to prevent identification of individuals. Totals include the omitted data.

American Indian Children in Out-of-home Care

Counts include children identifying American Indian alone or as one of two or more races.

County/Tribe	American Indian Children in Care	American Indian Children in Residential Treatment Setting
Aitkin	7	1
Anoka	65	6
Becker	79	2
Beltrami	445	37
Blue Earth	12	2
Carlton	66	19
Carver	7	1
Cass	27	8
Chisago	12	3
Clay	80	6
Clearwater	27	2
Cook	10	4
Crow Wing	14	2
Dakota	19	0
Douglas	9	1
Goodhue	12	1
Hennepin	508	118
Hubbard	23	2
Isanti	7	0
Itasca	40	9
Koochiching	7	0
Mahnomen	14	1
Mille Lacs	23	4
Mower	7	0
Olmsted	14	2
Otter Tail	10	2
Pennington	7	1
Pine	38	2
Polk	25	2
Ramsey	181	30
St. Louis	288	19
Scott	13	0
Sherburne	7	0
Stearns	19	0
Todd	9	0
Washington	21	3
Wright	19	2
Yellow Medicine	16	1
Southwest HHS	52	1
Faribault-Martin	9	1
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	170	15
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	249	8
Total*	2,752	336

**Counties were not included if there were less than seven children to prevent identification of individuals.
Total includes omitted data.*

American Indian Children in Out-of-home Care by Tribe

Counts include children identifying American Indian alone or as one of two or more races. More than one tribal affiliation may be indicated for a child. Indication of a tribe does not necessarily mean a child is an enrolled member.

State Where Tribe is Primarily Located	Tribe	American Indian Children
Minnesota	Fond du Lac Band of Chippewa Indians	139
	Bois Forte (Nett Lake) Band of Chippewa Indians	113
	Grand Portage Band of Chippewa Indians	22
	Leech Lake Band of Chippewa Indians	435
	Lower Sioux Indian Community	38
	Mille Lacs Band of Chippewa Indians	140
	Prairie Island Indian Community (Sioux)	10
	Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians	517
	Upper Sioux Community	19
	White Earth Band of Chippewa Indians	563
	Minnesota Chippewa Tribe (cannot identify band)	8
North Dakota	Devils Lake Sioux Tribe	36
	Standing Rock Sioux Tribe	46
	Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation	17
	Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians	57
South Dakota	Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe	23
	Oglala Sioux Tribe–Pine Ridge	40
	Rosebud Sioux Tribe	36
	Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux Tribe	67
	Yankton Sioux Tribe	18
Wisconsin	Bad River Band of Lake Superior Chippewa	12
	Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Chippewa	27
	Lac du Flambeau Band of Chippewa	8
	Menominee Indian Tribe	9
	Oneida Tribe	13
	Red Cliff Band of Chippewa	21
	St. Croix Chippewa	14
	Wisconsin Winnebago Tribe	19
Nebraska	Omaha Tribe of Nebraska	7
	Santee Sioux Tribe	7
	Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska	7
Other/Unknown	Other U.S. tribe	122
	Canadian/foreign tribe	20
	Unknown Chippewa	25
	Unknown Sioux	13
	Unknown tribe	213
	Total American Indian children	2,752

*Tribes with fewer than seven children were omitted to prevent identification of individuals. Total includes omitted data.

Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care

County/Tribe	Foster Family Home–Non-Relative	Foster Family Home–Relative	Foster Home–Corporate/Shift Staff	Group Home	Juvenile Correctional Facility–Locked	Juvenile Correctional Facility–Non-Secure	Pre-Adoptive Home–Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home–Relative	Residential Treatment Center	Supervised Independent Living	ICF-DD	Total Placements
Aitkin	32	15	0	6	2	10	3	0	4	0	0	72
Anoka	416	108	3	20	0	50	26	20	47	14	1	705
Becker	107	49	2	10	9	26	13	22	17	1	0	256
Beltrami	482	170	6	59	8	23	13	2	61	1	0	825
Benton	40	21	4	16	1	12	5	0	24	0	0	123
Big Stone	7	2	0	2	2	3	1	0	2	0	0	19
Blue Earth	90	32	2	12	13	42	15	7	23	1	0	237
Brown	16	8	10	4	0	1	3	0	12	3	1	58
Carlton	59	44	8	21	16	3	2	1	53	0	0	207
Carver	63	35	3	12	3	18	6	1	15	10	2	168
Cass	54	38	1	16	11	5	0	0	33	1	0	159
Chippewa	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	7
Chisago	61	22	1	4	2	6	2	2	12	0	0	112
Clay	154	9	12	3	1	103	11	9	28	0	0	330
Clearwater	21	9	3	1	1	5	0	6	10	0	0	56
Cook	4	9	2	1	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	22
Crow Wing	131	38	0	35	1	13	21	18	32	2	0	291
Dakota	218	75	13	12	7	4	29	19	44	15	5	441
Dodge	17	8	1	14	17	9	2	0	11	1	1	81
Douglas	35	6	2	3	0	6	2	2	6	5	0	67
Fillmore	21	4	0	3	0	0	7	0	4	0	0	39
Freeborn	49	16	1	16	3	2	5	4	16	4	0	116
Goodhue	56	21	0	3	0	0	4	2	23	2	0	111
Grant	15	2	1		0	0	4	1	1	2	0	26
Hennepin	1,337	571	43	318	220	20	110	76	1,197	150	5	4,047
Houston	12	1	0	6	1	3	4	1	5	9	0	42
Hubbard	61	16	0	15	6	9	5	3	14	0	0	129
Isanti	49	40	0	5	2	3	4	4	19	1	1	128
Itasca	78	47	2	52	2	2	9	11	53	3	0	259
Kanabec	15	5	0	3	1	2	3	0	17	0	0	46

Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Foster Family Home– Non-Relative	Foster Family Home– Relative	Foster Home– Corporate/ Shift Staff	Group Home	Juvenile Correctional Facility– Locked	Juvenile Correctional Facility– Non-Secure	Pre-Adoptive Home– Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home– Relative	Residential Treatment Center	Supervised Independent Living	ICF-DD	Total Placements
Kandiyohi	56	29	5	22	12	32	20	1	27	1	0	205
Kittson	4	4	3	0	2	2	0	0	14	0	0	29
Koochiching	30	13	0	6	7	5	2	2	12	0	0	77
Lac qui Parle	15		0	3	2	0	4	0	4	0	0	28
Lake	9	16	1	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	31
Lake of the Woods	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	5
Le Sueur	17	4	0	3	1	3	1	1	7	0	0	37
McLeod	36	29	2	4	2	0	6	0	7	1	0	87
Mahnomen	6	3	0	2	4	5	3	1	2	2	0	28
Marshall	4	5	2		1	7	0	1	6	0	0	26
Meeker	22	16	2	12	5	1	1	2	7	5	0	73
Mille Lacs	37	18	2	17	11	10	3	2	13	0	0	113
Morrison	41	16	2	11	1	0	16	2	3	3	0	95
Mower	57	16	3	3	1	0	10	17	11	2	0	120
Nicollet	30	10	0	11	0	6	4	0	12	2	1	76
Nobles	34	18	4	3	7	9	7	0	12	4	1	99
Norman	2	4	0	2	6	5	1	2	3	1	0	26
Olmsted	109	50	0	43	5	11	43	21	25	8	0	315
Otter Tail	54	12	3	3	1	1	3	0	11	0	0	88
Pennington	30	16	1	6	2	4	8	2	14	0	0	83
Pine	89	54	2	1	2	4	7	7	19	4	0	189
Polk	82	13	8	2	4	19	21	0	18	0	1	168
Pope	12	10	0	4	0	2	1	2	2	1	0	34
Ramsey	921	339	65	420	438	60	80	81	527	76	5	3,012
Red Lake	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	5
Renville	10	16	4	6	0	5	0	0	4	2	0	47
Rice	47	23	3	12	0	0	12	3	16	0	0	116
Roseau	9	2	1	1	1	10	0	0	2	0	0	26
St. Louis	639	301	20	275	35	30	56	26	129	8	0	1,519
Scott	39	26	6	4	4	23	2	2	11	7	0	124

Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Foster Family Home—Non-Relative	Foster Family Home—Relative	Foster Home—Corporate/Shift Staff	Group Home	Juvenile Correctional Facility—Locked	Juvenile Correctional Facility—Non-Secure	Pre-Adoptive Home—Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home—Relative	Residential Treatment Center	Supervised Independent Living	ICF-DD	Total Placements
Sherburne	56	16	6	19	1	4	1	6	14	10	0	133
Sibley	2	10	1	2	3	3	1	0	8	0	1	31
Stearns	263	99	14	60	46	26	25	8	33	11	0	585
Steele	38	6	1	8	0	2	6	0	10	0	0	71
Stevens	4	2	0	3	0	1	3	0	6	0	0	19
Swift	8	13	0	7	3	1	2	1	12	3	0	50
Todd	74	19	0	4	2	5	5	4	6	4	0	123
Traverse	5	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	9
Wabasha	33	13	0	14	2	1	2	11	7	0	1	84
Wadena	12	16	1	3	2	3	1	3	5	0	0	46
Waseca	18	25	3	1	0	0	12	2	2	0	0	63
Washington	111	54	9	21	3	19	5	4	79	15	0	320
Watonwan	12	4	1	1	0	2	2	0	8	4	0	34
Wilkin	6	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	9
Winona	26	13	0	16	13	3	0	0	13	2	1	87
Wright	135	78	5	18	0	6	8	6	29	4	0	289
Yellow Medicine	29	6	2	2	3	0	2	2	5	1	0	52
Southwest HHS	123	37	10	59	14	8	18	2	33	11	1	316
Des Moines Valley HHS	36	23	0	5	6	8	13	1	21	0	0	113
Faribault-Martin	54	53	2	2	3	0	5	10	47	0	1	177
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	164	67	0	19	5	24	7	0	20	0	0	306
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	143	145	2	1	2	13	7	15	9	1	0	338
Total	7,494	3,183	317	1,821	992	768	745	462	3,085	419	29	19,315

Days in Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care

County/Tribe	Foster Family Home– Non-Relative	Foster Family Home– Relative	Foster Home– Corporate/ Shift Staff	Group Home	Juvenile Correctional Facility– Locked	Juvenile Correctional Facility– Non-Secure	Pre-Adoptive Home– Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home– Relative	Residential Treatment Center	Supervised Independent Living	ICF-DD	Total Days
Aitkin	3,521	1,434	0	490	63	626	540	0	261	0	0	6,935
Anoka	33,839	14,415	814	3,905	0	1,715	5,958	4,310	5,921	2,370	113	73,360
Becker	13,982	6,665	485	1,271	313	1,340	2,164	5,440	2,480	110	0	34,250
Beltrami	82,758	27,523	1,235	6,926	489	1,925	3,453	396	7,643	83	0	132,431
Benton	4,331	1,685	992	1,122	3	991	1,188	0	2,992	0	0	13,304
Big Stone	1,022	42	0	153	161	192	66	0	275	0	0	1,911
Blue Earth	8,035	2,739	535	395	479	1,408	2,944	1,606	1,836	156	0	20,133
Brown	1,574	1,829	1,652	773	0	80	541	0	725	375	362	7,911
Carlton	6,942	6,020	1,389	663	463	347	610	365	6,154	0	0	22,953
Carver	7,322	4,888	883	1,511	51	335	1,918	167	1,542	1,689	576	20,882
Cass	6,931	3,392	108	649	171	66	0	0	2,043	83	0	13,443
Chippewa	0	0	0	391	0	0	0	52	492	0	0	935
Chisago	4,237	3,285	188	376	12	610	493	647	936	0	0	10,784
Clay	15,978	807	2,652	491	212	1,135	2,063	2,273	2,993	0	0	28,604
Clearwater	3,624	2,079	62	6	12	451	0	392	913	0	0	7,539
Cook	613	1,183	173	4	0	0	0	0	560	156	0	2,689
Crow Wing	11,706	5,300	0	3,639	32	761	3,233	4,307	2,355	363	0	31,696
Dakota	15,711	7,785	2,167	1,498	44	70	4,143	4,094	1,935	2,569	1,011	41,027
Dodge	1,500	1,096	365	1,269	411	282	490	0	724	202	169	6,508
Douglas	5,943	567	730	494	0	411	254	463	770	834	0	10,466
Fillmore	2,893	99	0	137	0	0	1,011	0	389	0	0	4,529
Freeborn	4,297	1,864	30	1,100	171	376	977	676	2,156	643	0	12,290
Goodhue	5,392	2,468	0	116	0	0	883	498	1,571	409	0	11,337
Grant	2,907	328	365	0	0	0	354	296	14	539	0	4,803
Hennepin	134,708	72,448	7,561	22,942	7,020	700	25,716	16,886	75,443	34,357	1,064	398,845
Houston	2,137	155	0	790	1	65	980	65	219	1,158	0	5,570
Hubbard	5,033	2,431	0	1,951	508	275	907	389	1,000	0	0	12,494
Isanti	6,125	3,601	0	254	312	225	686	1,447	2,664	139	365	15,818
Itasca	6,442	2,379	365	3,231	3	95	1,290	3,281	4,752	810	0	22,648
Kanabec	1,208	1,356	0	614	75	10	567	0	1,552	0	0	5,382

Days in Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Foster Family Home– Non-Relative	Foster Family Home– Relative	Foster Home– Corporate/ Shift Staff	Group Home	Juvenile Correctional Facility– Locked	Juvenile Correctional Facility– Non-Secure	Pre-Adoptive Home– Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home– Relative	Residential Treatment Center	Supervised Independent Living	ICF-DD	Total Days
Kandiyohi	4,456	2,753	695	1,353	272	2,533	4,315	135	2,698	11	0	19,221
Kittson	667	1,232	744		5	78	0	0	1,372	0	0	4,098
Koochiching	2,044	2,547	0	860	477	93	730	248	1,473	0	0	8,472
Lac qui Parle	1,957	0	0	217	164	0	1,204	0	916	0	0	4,458
Lake	1,465	1,885	91	201	86	0	0	0	64	0	0	3,792
Lake of the Woods	0	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	214	0	0	251
Le Sueur	2,395	679		652	2	93	365	353	550	0	0	5,089
McLeod	3,439	3,771	440	350	62	0	1,897	0	635	72	0	10,666
Mahnomen	466	128	0	106	297	664	128	365	206	65	0	2,425
Marshall	656	327	730	0	2	329	0	70	290	0	0	2,404
Meeker	3,432	1,462	112	1,930	303	243	365	548	1,717	887	0	10,999
Mille Lacs	5,510	1,412	75	1,765	1,118	991	681	420	1,764	0	0	13,736
Morrison	4,936	2,174	478	573	40	0	3,533	730	371	655	0	13,490
Mower	7,850	1,801	650	158	10	0	1,850	3,700	1,409	321	0	17,749
Nicollet	2,416	1,384	0	719	0	214	356	0	1,806	203	172	7,270
Nobles	3,549	1,998	573	70	328	526	550	0	1,817	840	174	10,425
Norman	351	336	0	303	416	100	365	546	583	78	0	3,078
Olmsted	14,780	4,854	0	3,234	247	1,362	7,002	3,568	2,512	1,759	0	39,318
Otter Tail	4,279	1,970	646	522	94	114	974	0	1,855	0	0	10,454
Pennington	4,798	2,421	2	571	28	502	908	471	1,549	0	0	11,250
Pine	6,611	5,560	191	144	18	353	2,262	809	3,196	650	0	19,794
Polk	7,441	1,192	2,231	512	263	977	4,350	0	1,537	0	188	18,691
Pope	1,530	1,597	0	882	0	373	163	371	246	153	0	5,315
Ramsey	74,608	48,087	1,850	13,025	14,201	2,927	19,547	20,564	38,695	14,925	1,309	249,738
Red Lake	37	0	0	19	0	61	0	0	94	0	0	211
Renville	1,323	2,669	744	234	0	415	0	0	643	364	0	6,392
Rice	6,860	3,086	310	2,113	0	0	3,297	84	1,518	0	0	17,268
Roseau	160	729	365	365	187	1,268	0	0	212	0	0	3,286
St. Louis	78,436	39,547	2,972	5,008	601	2,745	14,982	7,910	11,494	1,072	0	164,767
Scott	4,068	2,697	977	577	193	681	300	570	1,113	1,030	0	12,206

Days in Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Foster Family Home– Non-Relative	Foster Family Home– Relative	Foster Home– Corporate/ Shift Staff	Group Home	Juvenile Correctional Facility– Locked	Juvenile Correctional Facility– Non-Secure	Pre-Adoptive Home– Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home– Relative	Residential Treatment Center	Supervised Independent Living	ICF-DD	Total Days
Sherburne	6,036	2,181	663	1,380	48	63	287	1,834	1,295	1,818	0	15,605
Sibley	311	522	365	329	62	121	307	0	763	0	365	3,145
Stearns	23,753	10,990	2,113	4,781	2,426	1,709	5,780	2,272	3,611	1,896	0	59,331
Steele	2,976	610	267	171	0	111	928	0	978	0	0	6,041
Stevens	598	24	0	408	0	3	561	0	1,077	0	0	2,671
Swift	1,082	1,849	0	572	120	19	488	318	1,949	481	0	6,878
Todd	5,319	2,661	0	500	83	460	1,643	1,108	496	1,306	0	13,576
Traverse	970	0	0	241	0	288	0	0	69	0	0	1,568
Wabasha	3,686	1,731	0	673	37	67	459	1,847	602	0	365	9,467
Wadena	1,006	1,203	27	385	131	44	103	335	907	0	0	4,141
Waseca	1,900	2,232	993	29	0	0	2,079	324	492	0	0	8,049
Washington	10,149	7,213	1,508	2,212	94	537	905	919	4,390	2,911	0	30,838
Watsonwan	1,357	221	348	6	0	31	539	0	1,828	828	0	5,158
Wilkin	913	0	197	365	0	67	0	0	0	0	0	1,542
Winona	3,654	1,907	0	401	148	103	0	0	1,565	196	35	8,009
Wright	11,734	9,605	698	2,302	0	629	1,702	1,610	3,342	444	0	32,066
Yellow Medicine	3,255	716	494	37	62	0	152	100	228	122	0	5,166
Southwest HHS	11,825	3,802	2,926	5,484	608	1,128	3,057	563	4,641	2,076	168	36,278
Des Moines Valley HHS	5,137	2,312	0	311	514	320	1,842	225	3,735	0	0	14,396
Faribault-Martin	8,890	5,791	567	273	118	0	1,103	2,274	4,562	0	365	23,943
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	20,245	10,123	0	1,207	269	1,560	2,359	0	2,362	0	0	38,125
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	23,187	23,746	209	212	55	784	1,612	2,682	1,313	30	0	53,830
Total	799,214	407,600	49,002	115,903	35,195	40,214	159,459	105,923	256,064	82,238	6,801	2,057,613

Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care

Note: Children may have entered care for multiple reasons and may have entered multiple times. Every reason is counted in this figure (not children).

County/Tribe	Abandonment	Alleged Neglect	Alleged Physical Abuse	Alleged Sexual Abuse	Caretaker Inability to Cope	Inadequate Housing	Incarceration of Parents	Parent Alcohol Abuse	Parent Drug Abuse	Child Alcohol Abuse	Child Drug Abuse	Child Behavior Problem	Child Disability	Other*
Aitkin	1	17	3	1	9	4	1	5	6	0	1	20	1	0
Anoka	14	130	73	20	91	29	35	34	125	1	7	101	35	7
Becker	1	109	21	13	48	11	5	21	75	4	14	48	15	1
Beltrami	19	318	14	22	25	7	24	62	104	3	5	72	7	3
Benton	3	31	7	4	23	0	4	6	19	0	4	42	2	1
Big Stone	0	5	4	1	1	0	0	2	2	1	1	3	0	0
Blue Earth	4	59	10	2	34	6	13	20	50	115	19	58	9	4
Brown	0	7	4	0	9	4	0	2	8	1	1	19	11	0
Carlton	6	25	3	12	27	8	8	14	33	3	10	57	23	1
Carver	4	45	23	2	20	11	4	14	27	1	8	46	12	1
Cass	1	27	13	1	15	11	5	9	30	0	1	20	8	1
Chippewa	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
Chisago	1	28	9	7	26	1	4	7	13	3	4	22	7	3
Clay	5	54	12	5	36	15	15	24	30	2	4	135	30	5
Clearwater	0	12	3	3	3	2	13	4	0	0	2	13	0	0
Cook	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	8	5	0
Crow Wing	10	69	25	3	27	10	18	28	55	3	5	55	4	1
Dakota	10	104	32	10	45	11	6	12	57	0	5	40	33	3
Dodge	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	2	10	0	3	27	8	2
Douglas	3	21	10	2	10	5	4	2	8	1	1	16	7	2
Fillmore	4	19	3	0	22	7	6	0	8	0	0	9	2	0
Freeborn	2	27	5	4	19	4	8	2	23	0	4	28	8	4
Goodhue	4	18	15	1	9	1	5	4	4	0	1	14	5	0
Grant	0	9	10	2	6	4	1	3	3	0	0	5	1	1
Hennepin	124	850	359	140	209	35	78	236	446	13	39	688	114	19
Houston	1	6	4	2	3	0	1	2	6	1	0	9	0	3
Hubbard	2	9	4	0	2	1	0	7	18	2	1	34	1	2
Isanti	0	22	5	0	1	9	6	2	34	1	1	24	0	0
Itasca	4	46	10	4	17	10	7	11	44	1	1	79	10	3
Kanabec	1	3	4	3	1	1	7	0	6	0	4	12	7	0

* "Other" includes Death of parent, TPR and Safe Place for Newborns.

Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Abandonment	Alleged Neglect	Alleged Physical Abuse	Alleged Sexual Abuse	Caretaker Inability to Cope	Inadequate Housing	Incarceration of Parents	Parent Alcohol Abuse	Parent Drug Abuse	Child Alcohol Abuse	Child Drug Abuse	Child Behavior Problem	Child Disability	Other*
Kandiyohi	0	45	16	7	17	2	6	3	28	2	9	56	2	0
Kittson	0	4	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	16	2	0
Koochiching	0	12	8	0	11	1	1	5	9	0	2	19	2	0
Lac qui Parle	0	0	5	4	5	0	0	2	6	0	0	4	0	0
Lake	0	14	0	1	3	6	1	0	14	0	2	9	3	0
Lake of the Woods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0
Le Sueur	0	3	1	1	13	3	0	0	4	0	1	10	13	2
McLeod	4	16	2	2	9	2	2	5	31	3	5	6	5	5
Mahnomen	1	6	3	1	5	2	1	0	2	0	1	8	0	1
Marshall	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	6	0	2	9	7	0
Meeker	2	13	2	2	23	9	1	2	12	0	0	24	10	1
Mille Lacs	4	10	3	4	5	0	0	7	15	11	17	46	12	0
Morrison	0	29	1	1	8	2	0	5	25	0	0	13	2	4
Mower	0	54	13	2	10	0	3	6	21	0	0	10	13	0
Nicollet	1	13	5	0	6	4	0	6	16	3	5	15	6	0
Nobles	0	15	9	5	8	4	3	1	21	5	9	28	6	1
Norman	0	4	3	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	2	0
Olmsted	0	53	16	3	14	1	7	9	72	0	1	92	32	1
Otter Tail	2	12	6	3	19	9	9	13	15	0	2	25	7	3
Pennington	4	11	2	1	11	6	10	5	14	0	1	15	2	0
Pine	4	40	18	5	31	17	7	10	49	1	3	20	9	3
Polk	1	36	11	0	6	2	19	0	10	4	5	37	9	0
Pope	0	5	9	1	11	0	3	1	4	0	1	8	1	0
Ramsey	37	557	162	71	133	56	34	54	159	16	73	848	34	46
Red Lake	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0
Renville	2	14	1	3	30	1	4	5	8	1	3	14	2	1
Rice	2	31	7	2	11	3	7	2	25	0	0	19	14	1
Roseau	0	0	2	0	0	7	2	0	2	0	6	14	0	0
St. Louis	16	200	68	36	106	30	25	52	314	0	7	143	11	4
Scott	7	25	11	3	13	5	4	11	11	0	1	27	7	5

* "Other" includes Death of parent, TPR and Safe Place for Newborns.

Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care (continued)

County/Tribe	Aban- donment	Alleged Neglect	Alleged Physical Abuse	Alleged Sexual Abuse	Caretaker Inability to Cope	Inadequate Housing	Incarcer- ation of Parents	Parent Alcohol Abuse	Parent Drug Abuse	Child Alcohol Abuse	Child Drug Abuse	Child Behavior Problem	Child Disability	Other*
Sherburne	0	32	9	3	16	1	1	4	16	0	6	31	5	1
Sibley	0	11	1	1	2	0	4	1	6	0	1	11	6	0
Stearns	8	133	62	8	27	5	21	42	53	3	17	116	15	10
Steele	2	13	0	2	17	9	6	6	15	1	5	20	4	1
Stevens	1	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	7	3	0
Swift	4	8	2	1	3	6	6	0	12	3	3	16	2	0
Todd	0	37	6	7	10	17	6	7	14	3	3	12	2	0
Traverse	1	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0
Wabasha	0	18	2	1	3	6	2	3	11	1	3	15	4	1
Wadena	2	14	1	2	1	0	1	7	4	0	0	4	1	1
Waseca	1	35	2	0	18	4	14	2	24	0	0	6	5	1
Washington	11	64	26	5	73	21	13	21	35	9	20	125	60	3
Watonwan	1	6	4	1	6	2	1	1	2	1	2	16	0	0
Wilkin	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0
Winona	6	8	4	1	8	5	0	1	4	1	3	29	6	0
Wright	4	43	31	7	26	10	3	12	58	1	6	33	47	2
Yellow Medicine	0	15	3	0	11	6	5	6	17	2	4	9	2	0
Southwest HHS	10	50	14	7	47	15	10	14	55	5	19	84	26	4
Des Moines Valley HHS	0	23	6	3	14	5	5	5	17	1	4	23	7	0
Faribault-Martin	1	57	5	11	11	11	14	13	59	9	22	23	17	0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	25	93	19	5	24	13	6	31	78	2	3	8	3	0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	33	127	27	22	21	28	22	22	173	1	3	18	1	1
Total	422	4,097	1,296	513	1,596	545	571	940	2,794	246	427	3,878	799	170

* "Other" includes Death of parent, TPR and Safe Place for Newborns.

Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care

Note: Children may have exited care multiple times, for multiple reasons. Reasons for discharge are counted once per child in this table.

County/Tribe	Reunified with Parents/ Caretakers	Adoption Finalized/tribal Customary Adoption	Permanent Transfer of Custody to a Relative	Living with Other Relatives	Guardian- ship	Aged Out	Runaway (Placement No Longer Planned)	Death of Child	Transfer to Another Agency or Tribe
Aitkin	15	3	8	1	0	1	0	0	0
Anoka	204	18	20	4	1	10	2	0	4
Becker	44	11	20	3	0	4	2	0	2
Beltrami	102	2	36	2	6	11	0	3	1
Benton	28	1	4	1	0	2	0	0	1
Big Stone	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Blue Earth	52	15	3	2	1	3	0	0	3
Brown	9	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	1
Carlton	30	2	16	3	2	9	1	0	0
Carver	28	1	7	2	0	6	2	0	7
Cass	23	0	8	2	0	5	0	0	3
Chippewa	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chisago	26	2	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
Clay	105	10	1	6	0	8	0	0	7
Clearwater	7	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Cook	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Crow Wing	44	24	7	16	0	5	0	0	3
Dakota	115	18	23	0	2	15	0	0	1
Dodge	15	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	3
Douglas	13	4	3	1	0	3	0	0	0
Fillmore	7	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Freeborn	24	8	3	1	0	4	1	0	0
Goodhue	14	5	4	1	0	1	0	0	1
Grant	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	3
Hennepin	829	92	99	36	1	103	38	3	37
Houston	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	1
Hubbard	21	6	7	0	0	1	0	0	0
Isanti	15	0	6	3	0	0	1	0	0
Itasca	70	14	11	5	0	7	1	0	7
Kanabec	12	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0

Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Reunified with Parents/ Caretakers	Adoption Finalized/tribal Customary Adoption	Permanent Transfer of Custody to a Relative	Living with Other Relatives	Guardian- ship	Aged Out	Runaway (Placement No Longer Planned)	Death of Child	Transfer to Another Agency or Tribe
Kandiyohi	39	8	1	14	0	1	1	0	1
Kittson	5	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
Koochiching	19	0	3	5	0	2	0	0	1
Lac qui Parle	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lake	2	0	6	0	1	2	0	0	0
Lake of the Woods	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Le Sueur	5	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
McLeod	20	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Mahnomen	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Marshall	7	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Meeker	22	1	2	0	0	4	1	0	0
Mille Lacs	23	0	0	1	0	4	2	0	0
Morrison	10	11	2	2	0	1	1	0	0
Mower	27	8	1	0	0	3	0	0	0
Nicollet	16	3	1	2	0	2	1	0	2
Nobles	25	3	6	0	0	1	1	0	0
Norman	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Olmsted	44	44	2	3	0	9	0	0	0
Otter Tail	20	1	6	0	2	4	0	0	3
Pennington	8	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Pine	29	5	4	0	0	2	0	0	1
Polk	47	9	0	2	0	2	1	0	0
Pope	7	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Ramsey	752	89	23	16	1	51	35	1	25
Red Lake	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Renville	21	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
Rice	24	10	3	0	0	2	0	1	0
Roseau	17	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
St. Louis	229	36	55	8	1	17	3	1	4
Scott	38	2	9	1	0	1	0	0	1

Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Reunified with Parents/ Caretakers	Adoption Finalized/tribal Customary Adoption	Permanent Transfer of Custody to a Relative	Living with Other Relatives	Guardian- ship	Aged Out	Runaway (Placement No Longer Planned)	Death of Child	Transfer to Another Agency or Tribe
Sherburne	27	4	0	2	1	7	1	0	2
Sibley	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Stearns	118	16	6	9	0	9	2	0	3
Steele	27	5	3	2	0	1	0	1	0
Stevens	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swift	9	1	5	2	0	1	0	0	0
Todd	13	1	0	2	0	4	0	0	0
Traverse	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wabasha	13	5	2	0	0	2	2	0	0
Wadena	6	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Waseca	19	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Washington	94	2	11	2	0	8	8	1	6
Watsonwan	14	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
Wilkin	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Winona	24	0	0	2	0	3	1	0	1
Wright	63	9	1	1	0	8	0	0	2
Yellow Medicine	9	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0
Southwest HHS	85	12	5	1	1	7	1	0	2
Des Moines Valley HHS	17	6	5	2	0	2	0	0	2
Faribault-Martin	36	5	10	3	0	2	0	1	2
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	16	1	15	7	0	4	0	0	1
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	25	8	12	1	0	5	0	0	3
Total	3,961	567	509	191	20	402	115	13	150

Minnesota's Adoption Report, 2013

Contents

Introduction	3
Figure 1. Flow of Children Under Guardianship, 2009–2013.....	6
Demographics of State Wards	7
Figure 2. Children Entering Guardianship by Age Group, 2009–2013	7
Figure 3. State Wards Adopted by Age Group, 2009–2013	8
Figure 4. State Wards in Guardianship at Year End by Age Group, 2009–2013.....	9
Figure 5. Children Entering Guardianship by Gender and Age.....	10
Figure 6. Children Adopted by Gender and Year of Age.....	11
Figure 7. State Wards in Guardianship at Year End by Age Group	12
Figure 8. Children Entering Guardianship by Race/Ethnicity, 2009–2013	13
Figure 9. State Wards Adopted by Race/Ethnicity, 2009–2013	14
Figure 10. State Wards in Guardianship at Year End by Race/Ethnicity, 2009–2013.....	15
Racial Disproportionality.....	16
Figure 11. Children Entering Guardianship per 1000 by Race/Ethnicity, 2009–2013	16
Pre-adoptive Placement and Adoption after Entering Guardianship	17
Figure 12. Time to Permanency for State Wards Adopted, 2009–2013	17
Figure 13. Time from Entering Guardianship to Adoption by Age, 2009–2013	18
Adoption of Siblings	19
Table 1. Sibling Group Preservation in Adoptions, 2009–2013	19
Tribal Ward Adoptions, 2009–2013	20
Table 2. Tribal Wards Adopted by Age Group, 2009–2013.....	20
Table 3. Tribal Wards Adopted by Gender, 2009–2013.....	20
Adoption Appendix	21
Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted and Aging Out of Guardianship.....	22

Introduction

A primary goal of the department is to ensure that all children in foster care have safe, stable, loving and permanent families. When a child's physical, emotional, and mental health needs are met, they are more successful in their homes, schools, and communities, and are more likely to be productive members of society.

The public child protection system provides support and services to parents and children to safely reunify the majority of children who enter foster care with their families. For some children, parents cannot safely care for them and reunification cannot occur. When that happens, one possible outcome is for courts to order **Termination of Parental Rights (TPR)**, which severs the legal parent-child relationship and transfers guardianship of a child to the commissioner of the Minnesota Department of Human Services. These children are under state guardianship and are referred to as “**state wards**” in this section. It is anticipated that the commissioner, or state, will be the temporary guardian (parent) of children until they are adopted. As designated agents of the commissioner, county and tribal social service agencies are responsible for safety, placement, and well-being of these children, including identifying appropriate adoptive parents for state wards and working with adopting parents, court, and others to facilitate the adoption process. It is the department's responsibility to partner with county social service agencies to carry out the tasks required to legally finalize adoptions of children under guardianship of the commissioner.

This report mirrors the method in which the U.S. Census Bureau categorizes race and Hispanic ethnicity. Individuals may indicate they belong to more than one race. Hispanic ethnicity is specified separately from race. For example, children may be counted in their racial group or as having more than one race. They may also claim Hispanic ethnicity.

The Adoption Process

Adoption placement decisions – like foster care placement decisions – are governed by Minnesota law¹ and must be based on the best interests of a child. First consideration for placement is with a child's relative through blood, marriage, or adoption. Second consideration for placement is with an individual who is an important friend with whom the child has resided or had significant contact. A prospective adoptive parent, even a relative or important friend, must be able to meet a child's needs identified through the 10 best interest factors, including a child's:

- Current functioning and behaviors
- Medical needs
- Educational needs
- Developmental needs
- History and past experience
- Religious and cultural needs
- Connections with a community, school and faith community
- Interests and talents

¹ *Minn. Stat., section 260C.212, subd. 2*

- Relationships to current caregivers, parents, siblings and relatives
- Reasonable preference, if the court, or child-placing agency in the case of a voluntary placement, deems a child to be of sufficient age to express preferences.

After a child becomes a state ward, and if not being adopted by a relative or foster parent with whom they are residing, the responsible county agency must make recruitment efforts to identify an appropriate adoptive parent. Adoption recruitment activities may include:

- Registering a child on the State Adoption Exchange
- Listing a child on state and national public photo Web listings
- Presenting a child at a monthly Task Force on Permanency meeting
- Featuring a child in a weekly KSTP-TV “Thursday’s Child” waiting child segment
- Highlighting a child in a monthly StarTribune waiting child feature
- Contracting with a private agency to provide intensive child-specific recruitment services.

When a county of responsibility places a child in a home for the purpose of adoption, an **Adoption Placement Agreement** (APA) is signed. An APA outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the adopting parent(s) and county agency. After a court hearing and issuance of adoption decree or order for adoption, a legal parent-child relationship is established, meaning an adopting parent becomes the legal parent of a child with all the rights and duties of a birth parent.

Although procedurally each step of the adoption process is recorded by the department as a discrete event for data reporting purposes (e.g., entering guardianship, placement in a pre-adoptive home, adoption finalization), these procedural events may not accurately reflect the experience of a child, who often has been living with the adoptive family from early in his or her removal. Regardless, timeliness to establishing permanency (as measured by these discrete events) is a goal of the department, and is embedded into federal performance measures in the Federal and State Performance Measures section of this report.

This Adoptions section examines the demographics and racial/ethnic profile of children who were adopted, or were under state guardianship for the years 2009–2013. State ward data were examined at three levels, including children who:

- Entered guardianship
- Were adopted
- Were under guardianship at the end of the year.

Additionally, information is reported regarding the number of children leaving guardianship by reaching the age of majority (age 18), racial disproportionality, timeliness of pre-adoptive placements and adoptions, adoption of sibling groups, and adoption of wards of tribal court.

This report uses county data from the department’s Adoption Information System, and includes data from court, county, and tribal social service documents entered at the Minnesota Department of Human Services. In August 2008, the Minnesota State Adoptions Unit integrated its data reporting system with the Social Service Information System (SSIS). The conversion of data to the SSIS system, unfortunately, resulted in issues with reliability and consistency of data

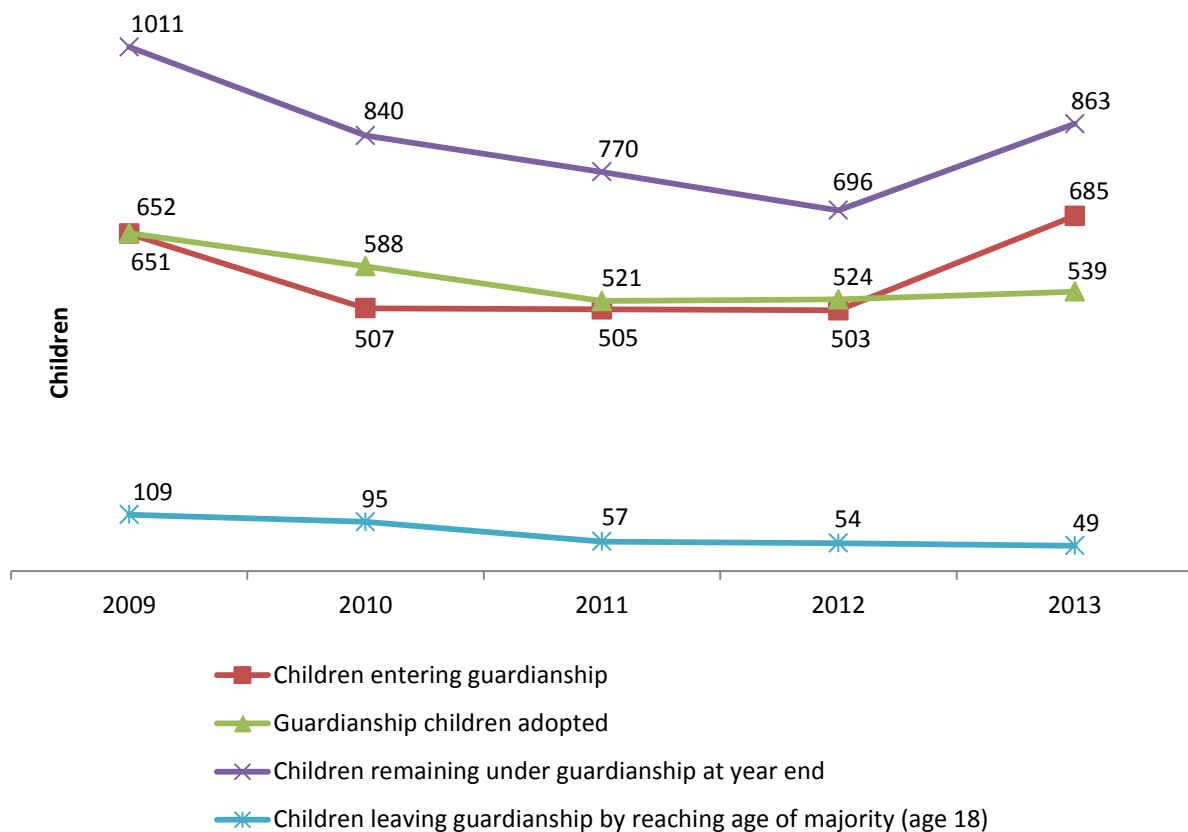
prior to 2009. In an effort to improve accuracy of the data in this report, only data from the years 2009 through 2013 are reported. Note that all “percent” columns may not add up to 100 due to rounding of numbers or missing data.

Key findings in this section include:

- In 2013, 685 children came under state guardianship (became state wards) as a result of court terminations of parental rights. Fifty-one percent of children entering guardianship were in the birth–3 age group. Of all children entering guardianship, the majority (60 percent) were White, followed by African American/Black (19 percent).
- There were 696 children under state guardianship at the beginning of 2013, and 863 at the end of the year, an increase of 24 percent.
- There were 539 state wards adopted in 2013. Eighty-seven percent of adopted wards were under age 12. Of all children adopted in 2013, 63 percent were White and 17 percent were African American/Black.
- There were 49 state wards aging out of placement at age 18 without a permanent home.
- American Indian and African American/Black children were 3.2 and 3.0 times, respectively, more likely than White children to enter guardianship.

Figure 1 provides an overview of the guardianship continuum in which children enter guardianship as state wards, then leave when adopted or reach the age of majority. From 2009 to 2010, the number of children entering guardianship decreased 22 percent, but from 2010 to 2012 the number remained stable. In contrast, there was a sharp increase in children entering guardianship in 2013. Similarly, the number of children under guardianship at year end declined between 2009 and 2012, but increased in 2013. Inconsistent SSIS reporting may have contributed to artificially low numbers for the few years prior to 2013, when numbers increased. Improved efforts in communication and data sharing may partially explain the increases in children entering guardianship and remaining under guardianship in 2013. The number of children under guardianship who were adopted decreased between 2009 and 2011 by about 10 percent each year, but leveled off by 2012. The number of children aging out of guardianship decreased between 2009 and 2013.

Figure 1. Flow of Children Under Guardianship, 2009–2013



Demographics of State Wards

Figure 2 presents the number of children entering guardianship by age group for 2009–2013. Younger children, age birth–3 years, constituted 50.5 percent of new state wards entering the guardianship continuum in 2013. Eighty-nine percent of new state wards were under age 12. Although the total number of children entering guardianship decreased sharply in 2010, the proportion of children within each age group has remained relatively stable since 2009.

Figure 2. Children Entering Guardianship by Age Group, 2009–2013

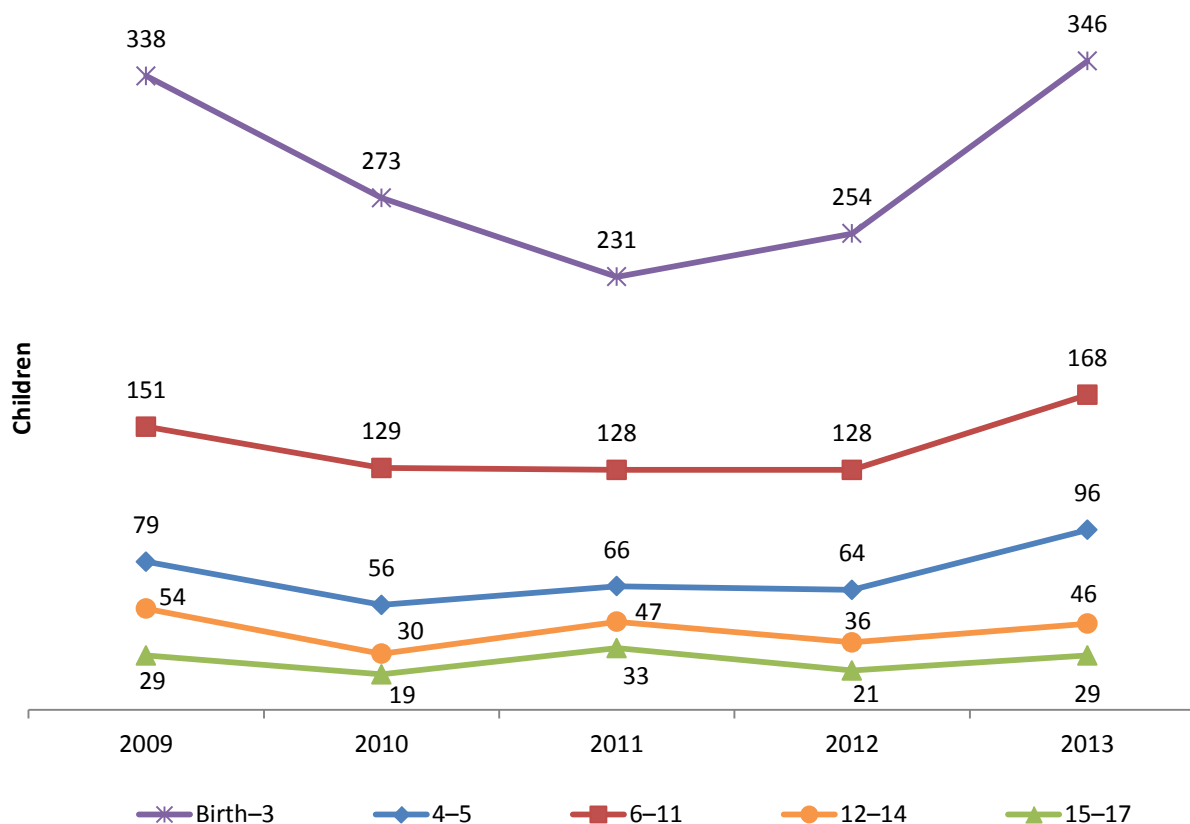


Figure 3 presents the number of children who were adopted from 2009–2013 by age group. The largest age group of adopted children consists of those ages birth–3 years, followed by 6–11 years. In 2013, 58 percent of adopted children were under age 6. The proportion of children adopted within each age group has remained relatively stable since 2009.

Figure 3. State Wards Adopted by Age Group, 2009–2013

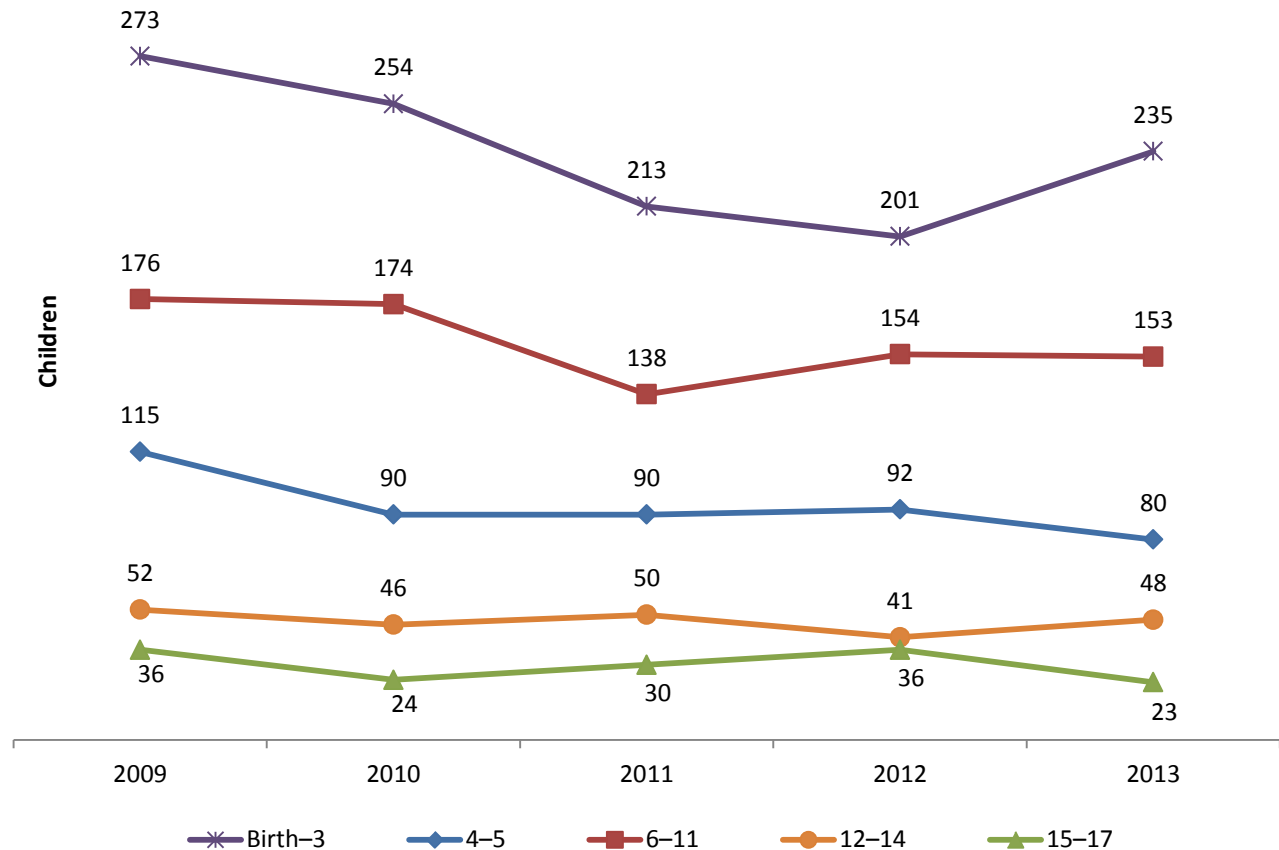
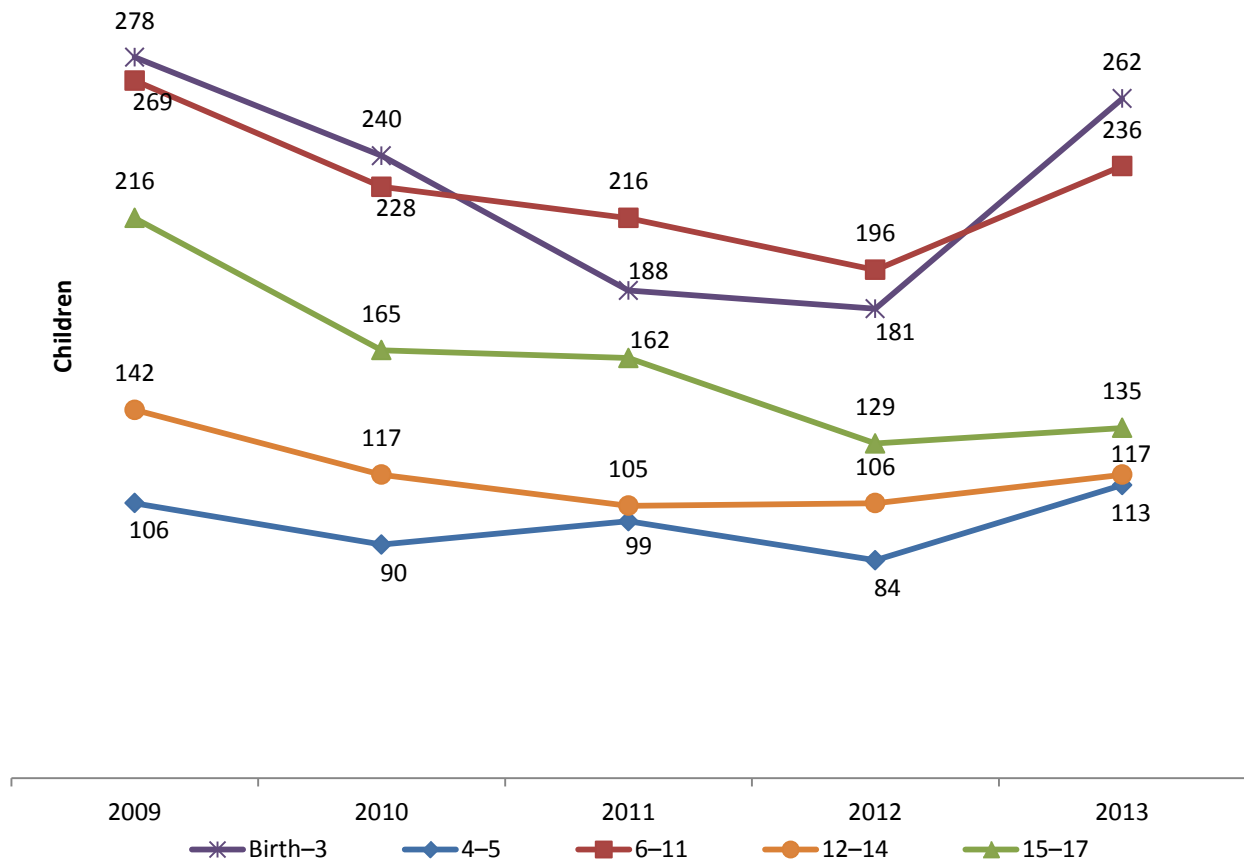


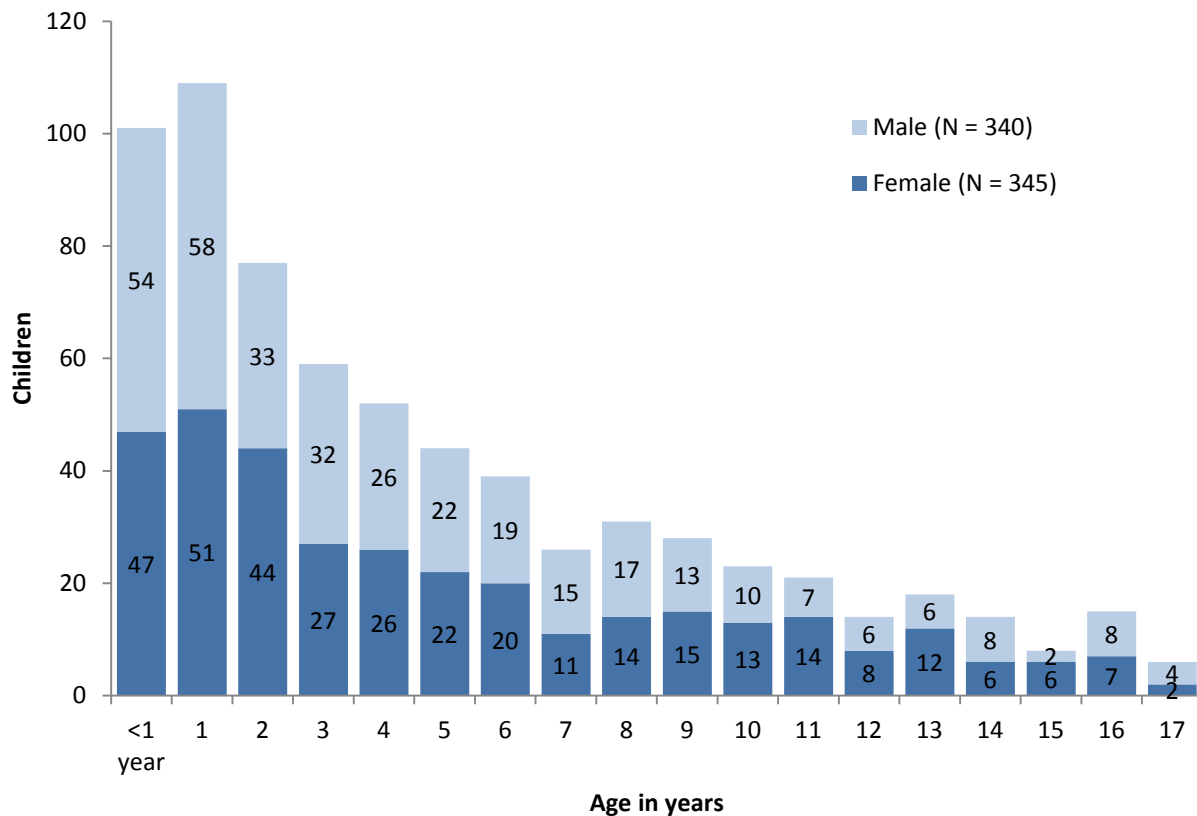
Figure 4 reveals that while there was a decrease in the number of children in guardianship at year end from 2009 to 2012, the number increased in 2013. This increase was most pronounced in the birth–3 age group.

Figure 4. State Wards in Guardianship at Year End by Age Group, 2009–2013



About 50 percent of children entering guardianship in 2013 were girls. As seen in previous graphs, about half of new wards are under age 4. The graph below indicates that children under age 2 make up the largest number of these children. There are no apparent differences between girls and boys entering guardianship by age.

Figure 5. Children Entering Guardianship by Gender and Age



The age distribution of children adopted in 2013 looks similar to, though somewhat older than, those entering, presumably due to the time it takes to finalize an adoption once a child becomes a state ward. Slightly more (53 percent) females than males were adopted in 2013.

Figure 6. Children Adopted by Gender and Age

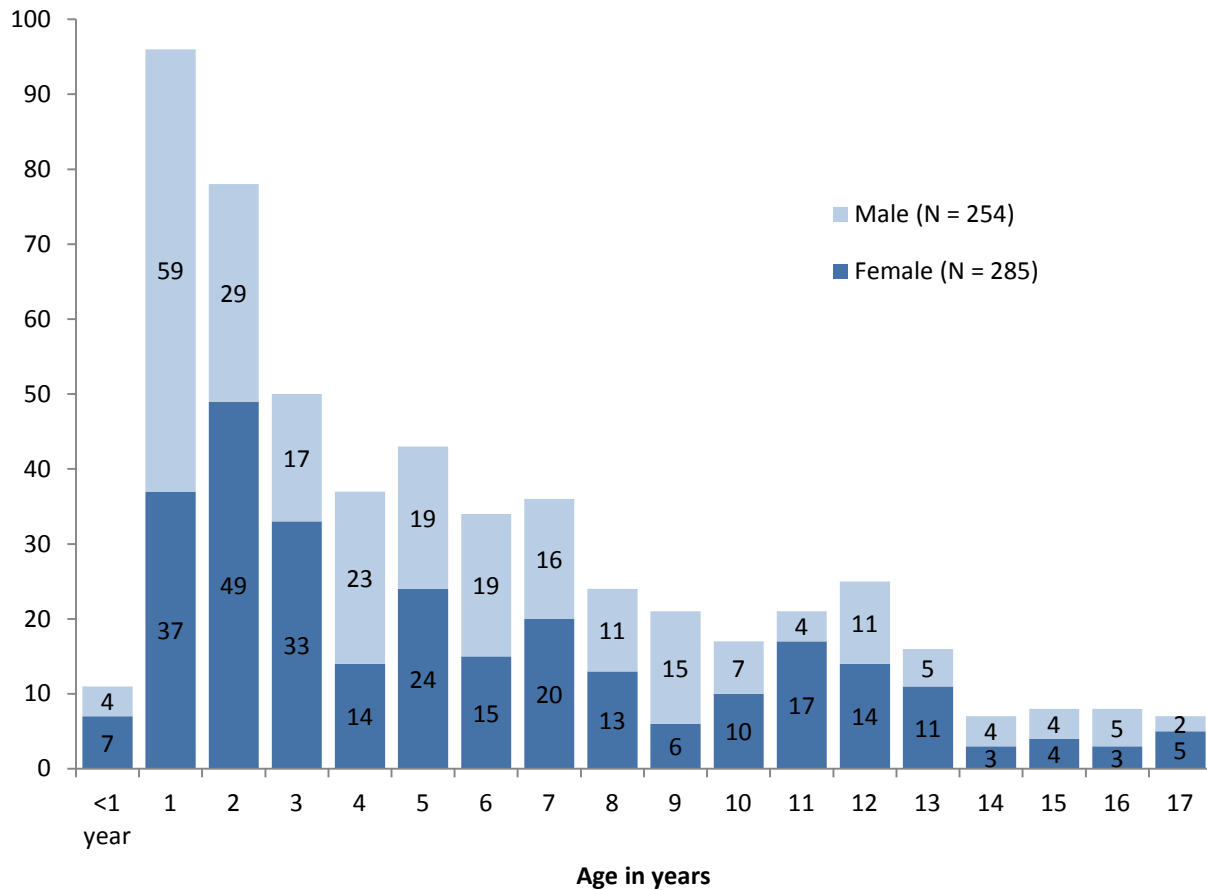


Figure 7 shows a different distribution across age than the entering and adopted numbers. Older children comprised a larger proportion of those in guardianship on Dec. 31, 2013, compared to children entering guardianship and adopted in 2013, though the largest group of children at this point was still children ages birth–3. Older children entering guardianship are less likely to be adopted, and when they are, the time to adoption is much longer than for younger children. There were no pronounced gender differences in children in guardianship on the last day of the year, overall or by age.

Figure 7. State Wards in Guardianship at Year End by Gender and Age

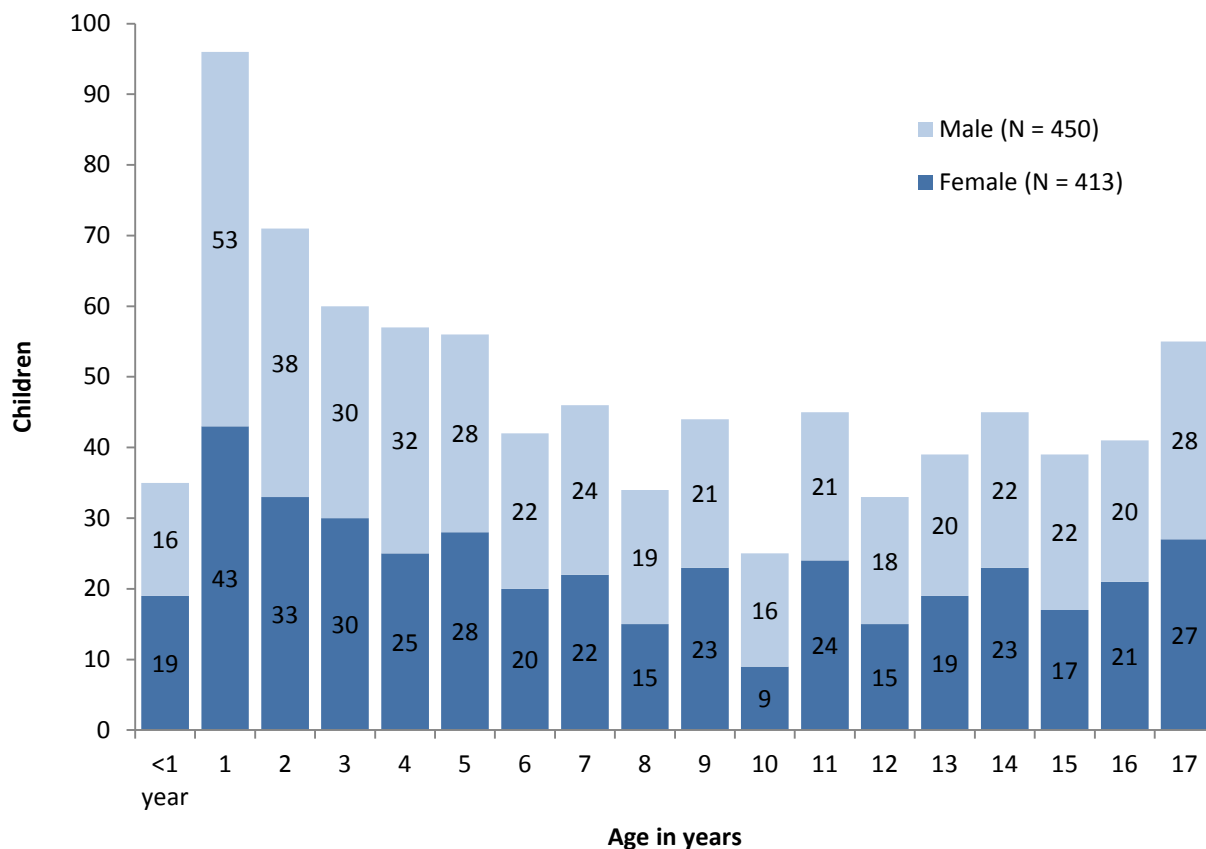


Figure 8 illustrates that in 2013, about 60 percent of children entering guardianship were White, followed by African American/Black (19 percent), and children of two or more races (15 percent); six children were missing race data. Asian and Pacific Islander children have historically become state wards in small numbers and this trend continued between 2009 and 2013. The number of children entering guardianship has increased overall by 36 percent between 2012 and 2013. Children with two or more races had the largest overall percentage increase, followed by African American/Black, Hispanic and White children. The number of American Indian children entering state guardianship has been small and stable since 2009, however, data do not include American Indian children under guardianship of a tribe.

Figure 8. Children Entering Guardianship by Race/Ethnicity, 2009–2013

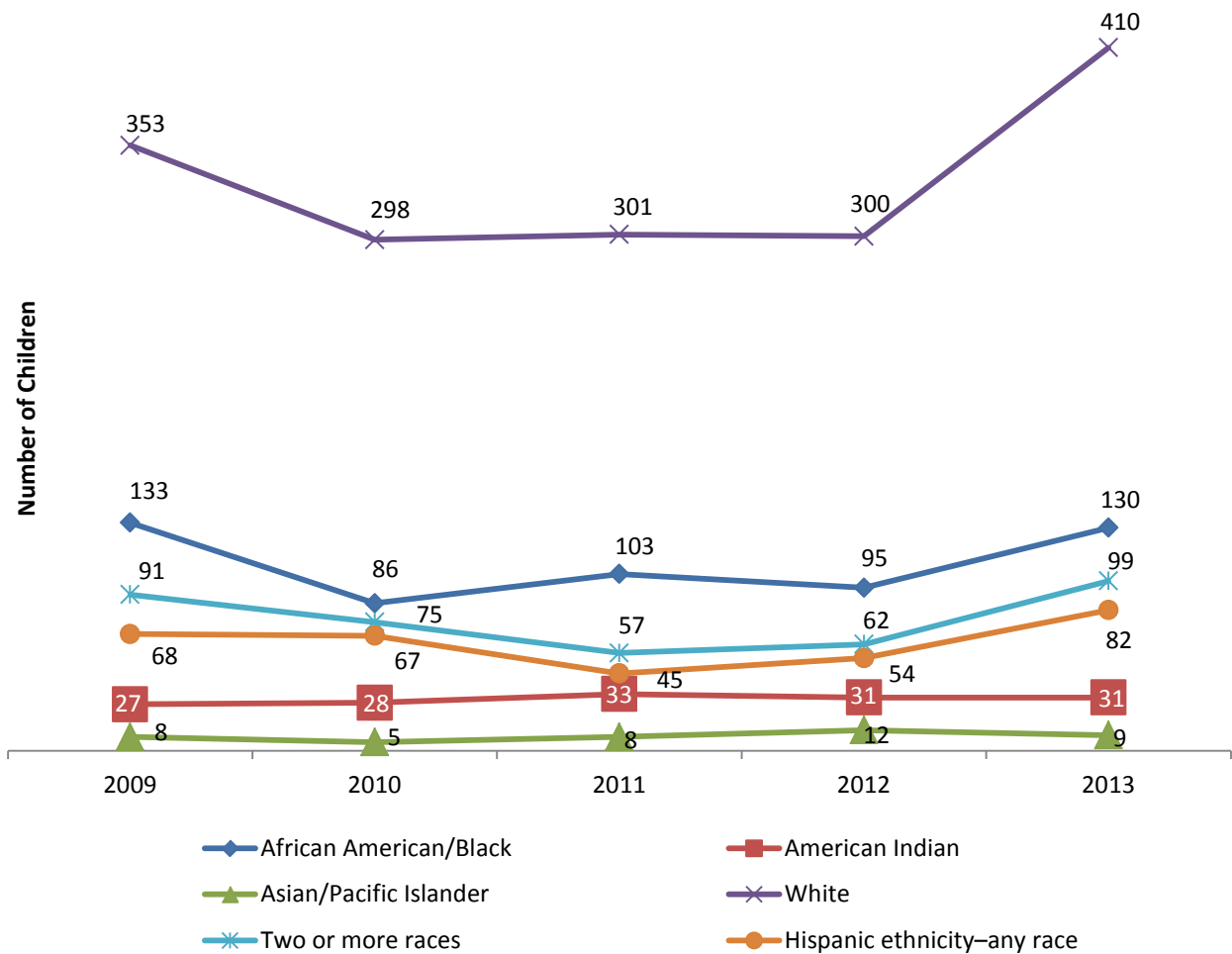


Figure 9 shows that the largest group of children adopted in 2013 was White (63 percent), followed by African American/Black (17 percent) and children with two or more races (10 percent). There was a 20 percent overall decrease in the number of state wards adopted between 2009 and 2013.

Figure 9. State Wards Adopted by Race/Ethnicity, 2009–2013

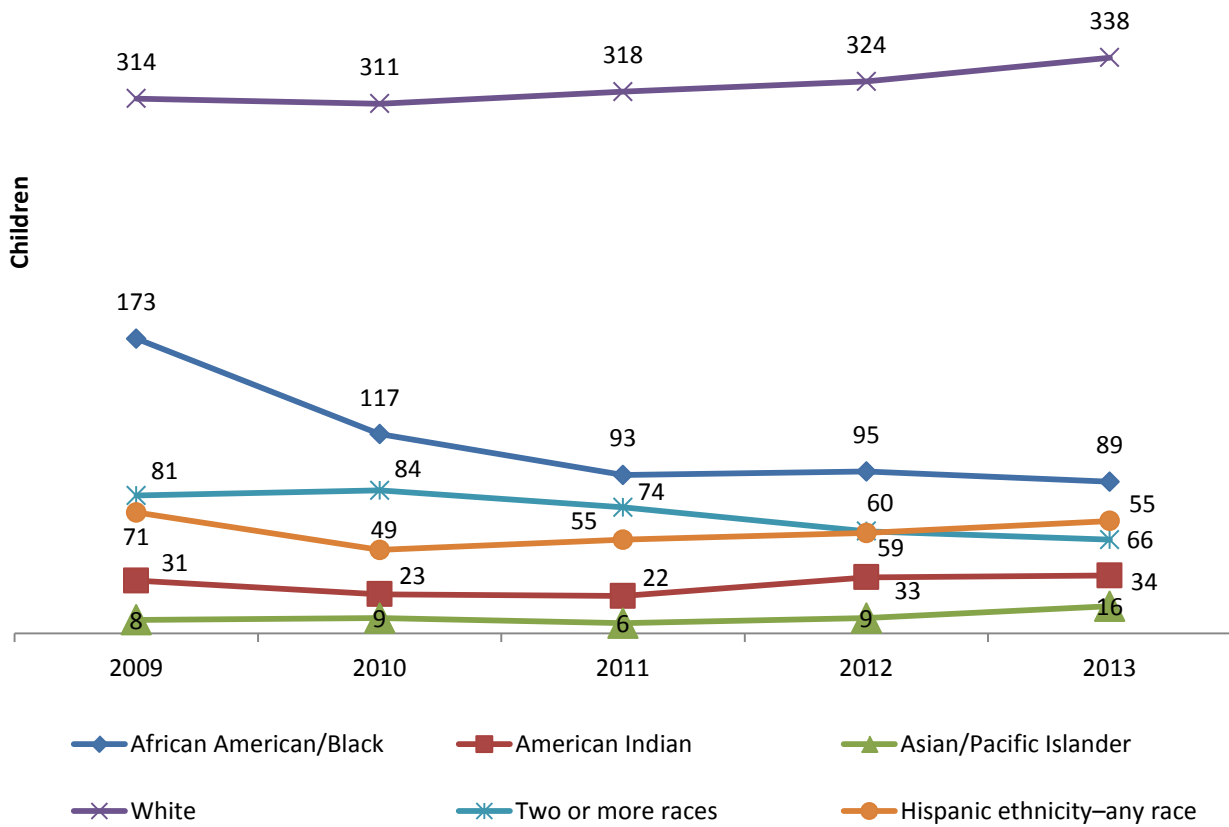
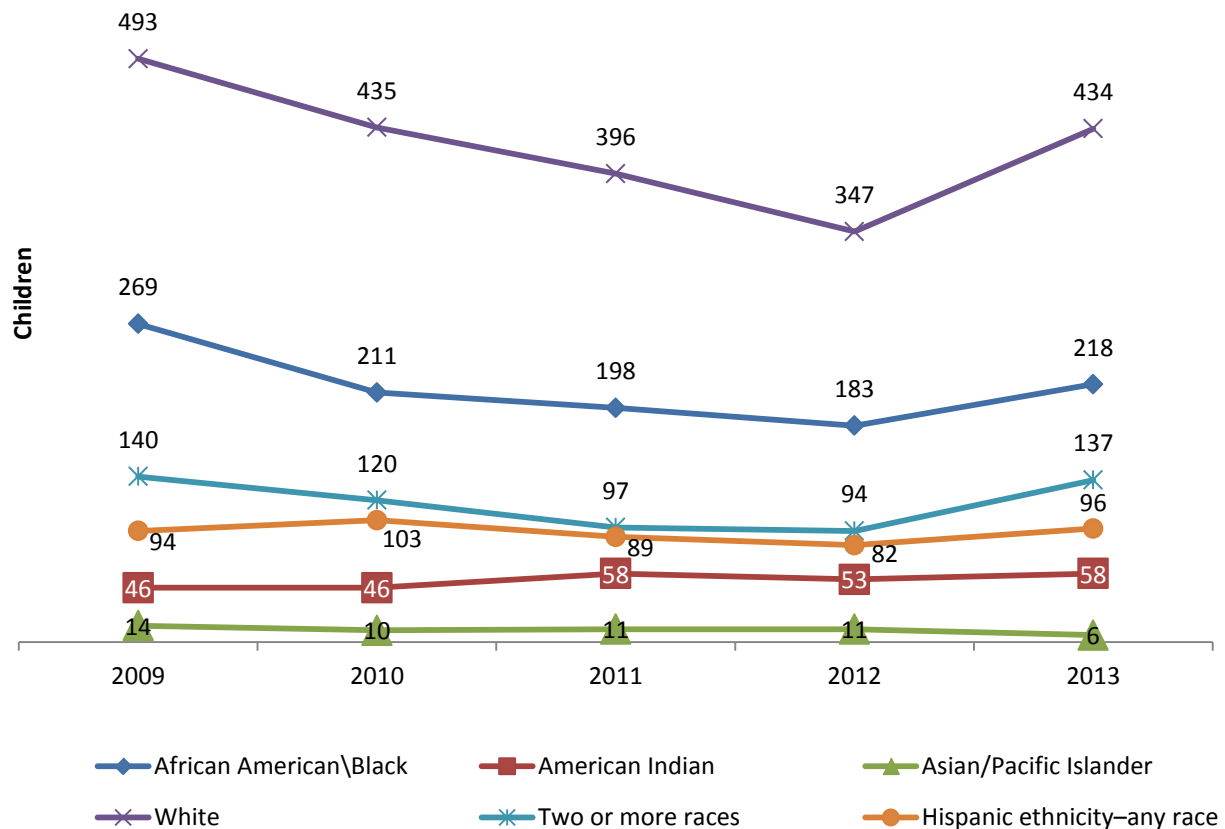


Figure 10 illustrates the race/ethnicity of children remaining under guardianship at year end. The increase in children remaining under guardianship in 2013 was most pronounced among children with two or more races (46 percent), followed by White children (25 percent) and African American/Black children (19 percent).

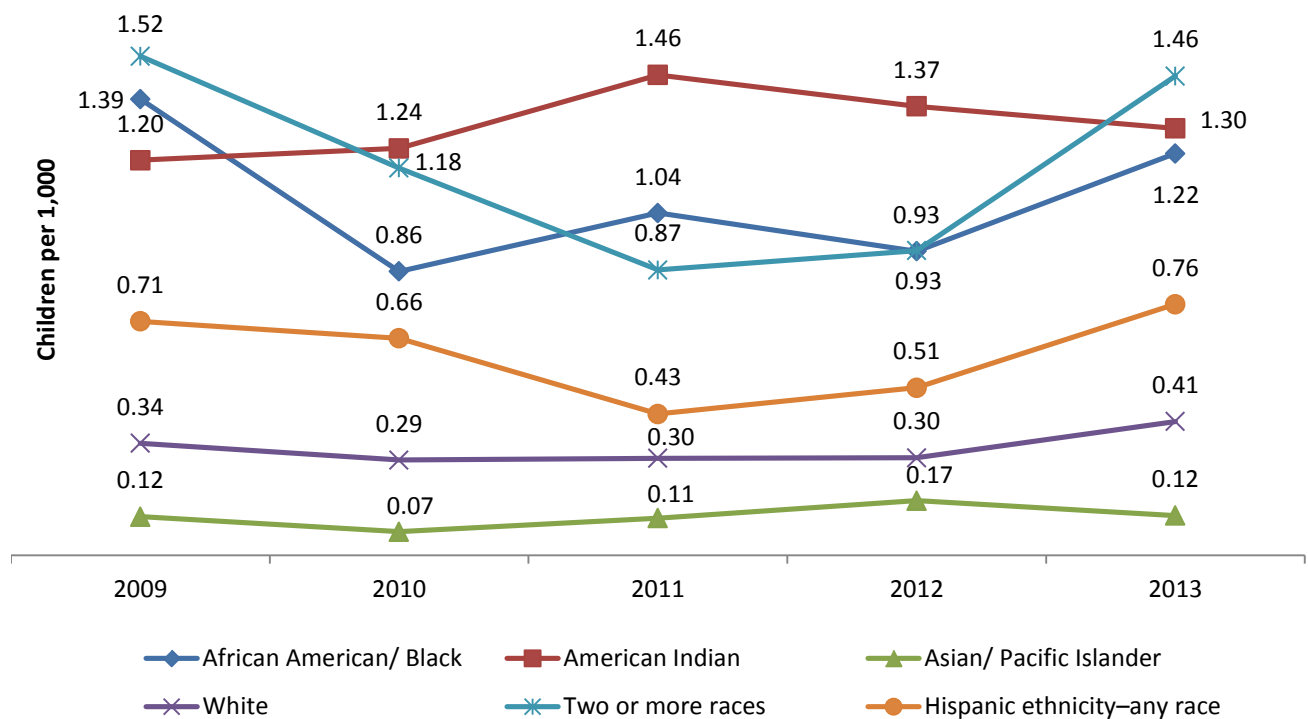
Figure 10. State Wards in Guardianship at Year End by Race/Ethnicity, 2009–2013



Racial Disproportionality

Table 1 and Figure 11 show the over/under representation of children of color who entered guardianship in 2013 (note that wards of tribal courts are not included in this table; see Table 4). U.S. Census estimates from 2009–2013 were used for the population comparisons. The number of White children entering guardianship was much higher than those of other races/ethnicities; however, they are under-represented when compared to the overall state population. In 2013, the 130 African American/Black children that entered guardianship represent 1.22 children per 1,000 African American/Black children in the Minnesota population. Because the White population is so large, 410 White children entering guardianship only represented 0.41 children per 1,000. Compared to White children entering guardianship in 2013, African American/Black children were 3.0 times more likely to enter guardianship, American Indian children were 3.2 times more likely to enter guardianship, and children of two or more races were 3.6 more likely to enter guardianship.

Figure 11. Children Entering Guardianship per 1,000 by Race/Ethnicity, 2009–2013



Pre-adoptive Placement and Adoption after Entering Guardianship

Figure 12 presents the average number of days between children entering guardianship and pre-adoptive placement, between pre-adoptive placement and adoption, and between entering guardianship and adoption in 2009–2013. Between 2012 and 2013, the average number of days from entering guardianship to adoption decreased by 5 percent. This reduction appears to be due to a shorter time frame between pre-adoptive placement and adoption.

Note: The sum of “Entering guardianship to pre-adoptive placement” and “Pre-adoptive placement to adoption” does not equal the average number of days for “Entering guardianship to adoption” due to missing pre-adoptive placement data.

Figure 12. Time to Permanency for State Wards Adopted, 2009–2013

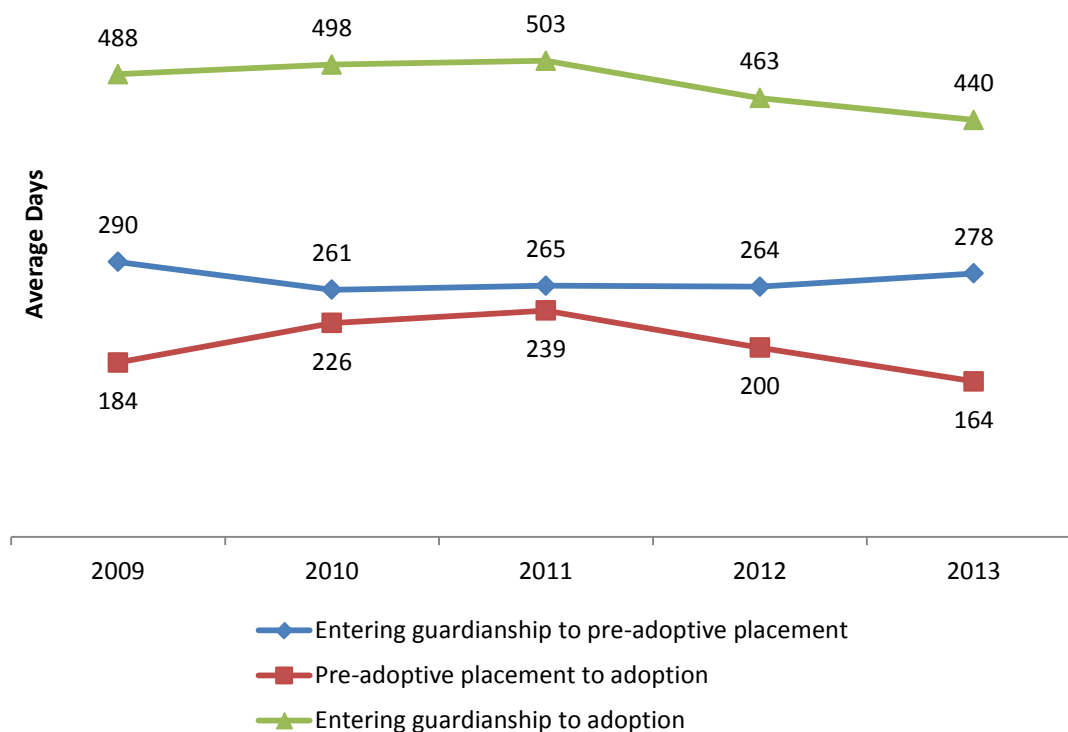
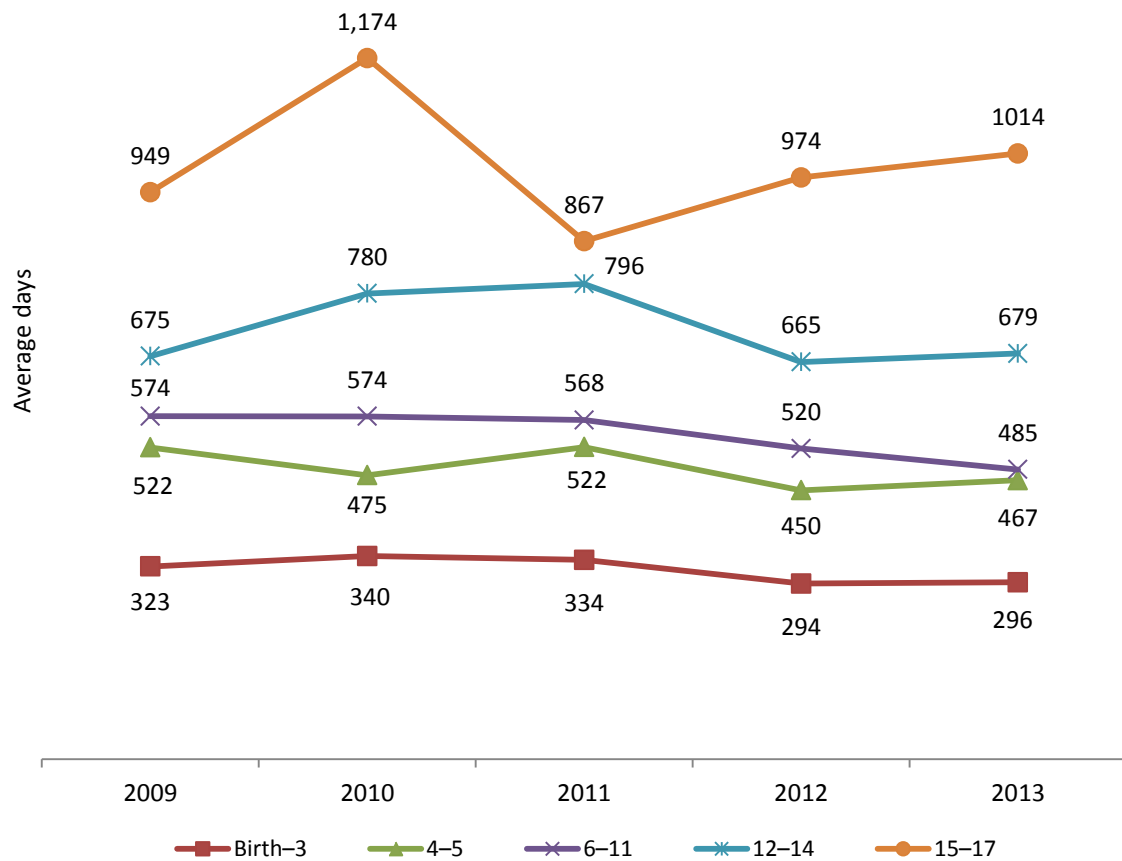


Figure 13 shows the average number of days between entering guardianship and adoption for 2009–2013 by children’s age group. Older children who were adopted during each of the five years experienced a much greater average number of days under state guardianship than younger children.

Figure 13. Time from Entering Guardianship to Adoption by Age, 2009–2013



Adoption of Siblings

Keeping siblings together contributes to maintaining family relationships and cultural connections. Separating siblings in foster care and adoption may add to the trauma experienced by separation from birth parents and other family members. Minnesota law² requires siblings to be placed together for foster care and adoption at the earliest possible time, unless it is determined not to be in the best interests of a sibling, or unless it is not possible after appropriate efforts by the responsible social services agency. With passage of the Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing Adoptions Act of 2008, federal law also requires siblings to be placed together whenever possible. Separation of siblings may be in some children's best interests if a sibling group is going to be divided to be adopted by different relatives, or if one sibling will be adopted by a paternal relative who is not related to the other siblings. In other cases, one sibling's special needs may make it difficult to identify an adoptive parent who can meet the needs of all of the siblings together.

Table 2 shows the number and percentages of sibling groups that were adopted fully intact, and either partially or fully intact for the years 2009–2013. In 2013, 72 percent of sibling groups were preserved in their entirety in their adoptions (coincidentally, the number of sibling groups available and sibling groups adopted fully intact are identical for 2012 and 2013). An additional 16 sibling groups were adopted partially intact (two or more siblings were adopted into the same family unit); thus, about 84 percent of sibling groups were adopted either partially or fully intact in 2013. These percentages have had only minor fluctuations between 2009 and 2013.

Table 1. Sibling Group Preservation in Adoptions, 2009–2013

Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Sibling groups available for adoption with at least one child adopted	154	153	133	135	135
Sibling groups adopted fully intact	103	111	90	97	97
Sibling groups adopted partially intact	25	18	14	13	16
Percent of sibling groups adopted fully intact	66.9	72.5	67.7	71.9	71.9
Percent of sibling groups adopted partially or fully intact	83.1	84.3	78.2	81.5	83.7

The department defines siblings through the biological mother, so siblings placed with, or separated from paternal siblings are not included in the data. In addition, siblings who are 18 years of age or older, who were previously adopted, or who were never under guardianship of the commissioner, are also not counted as part of a child's sibling group in this data table. Because percentages of sibling groups preserved are calculated for adoptions within a calendar year, some intact adoptions may not be counted if adoptions of the individual children took place over the span of more than one year. Note that the percentages for sibling group preservations are smaller than those reported in previous years due to increased accuracy in determining sibling groups. The current method includes all sibling groups available for adoption during a given year in which one or more siblings were adopted.

²Minnesota Statutes, section 260C.212, subdivision 2 [d]

Tribal Ward Adoptions, 2009–2013

Most tribes in Minnesota offer culturally appropriate permanency through tribal court in place of state ward status for their children. One of the tribal court permanency options is customary adoption, which does not include terminating parental rights. In addition to the 34 American Indian state wards adopted in 2013 reported previously, 21 American Indian wards of tribal court were adopted through tribal customary adoptions during this time period. The majority of these children were members of the White Earth Band of Ojibwe.

Table 4 includes tribal wards adopted in 2009–2013 by age group; Table 5 includes tribal wards adopted by percent male and female. Although there were minor fluctuations in the numbers by age group and gender across years, the relatively small number of tribal court wards within each group limits interpretation of these trends.

Table 2. Tribal Wards Adopted by Age Group, 2009–2013

Year	Age				
	Birth to age 5		Age 6 and older		Total
	N	%	N	%	N
2009	14	70.0	6	30.0	20
2010	14	60.9	9	39.1	23
2011	23	60.5	15	39.5	38
2012	22	73.3	8	26.7	30
2013	10	47.6	11	52.4	21

Table 3. Tribal Wards Adopted by Gender, 2009–2013

Year	Gender	
	Percent Male	Percent Female
2009	45.0	55.0
2010	43.5	56.5
2011	60.5	39.5
2012	60.0	40.0
2013	47.6	52.3

Adoption Appendix

Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted and Aging Out of Guardianship

County/Tribe	Children entering state guardianship	State wards adopted	In guardianship as of Dec. 31, 2013	Children leaving guardianship by reaching age of majority (age 18)
Aitkin	0	3	0	0
Anoka	21	16	37	3
Becker	15	8	13	0
Beltrami	5	2	11	0
Benton	11	2	10	0
Big Stone	0	0	1	0
Blue Earth	16	15	15	0
Brown	2	1	1	0
Carlton	1	2	2	0
Carver	8	1	9	0
Cass	2	0	4	0
Chippewa	0	1	0	0
Chisago	4	2	3	0
Clay	9	10	7	0
Clearwater	0	0	0	0
Cook	0	0	0	0
Crow Wing	17	24	15	1
Dakota	25	18	28	2
Dodge	1	0	2	0
Douglas	3	4	0	1
Fillmore	5	1	6	0
Freeborn	1	8	1	0
Goodhue	9	5	9	0
Grant	3	1	4	0
Hennepin	106	79	178	14
Houston	2	1	4	0
Hubbard	4	6	2	0
Isanti	10	0	11	0
Itasca	19	14	8	0
Kanabec	0	3	0	0
Kandiyohi	11	8	10	0
Kittson	0	0	0	0
Koochiching	4	0	4	0
Lac qui Parle	4	0	5	0
Lake	3	0	3	0
Lake of the Woods	0	0	0	0
Le Sueur	2	1	2	0
McLeod	6	0	9	0
Mahnomen	0	2	0	0
Marshall	0	1	0	0
Meeker	2	1	2	0
Mille Lacs	3	0	4	1
Morrison	19	11	11	3

**Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted and Aging Out of Guardianship
(continued)**

County	Children entering state guardianship	State wards adopted	In guardianship as of Dec. 31, 2013	Children leaving guardianship by reaching age of majority (age 18)
Mower	9	8	12	0
Nicollet	0	3	0	0
Nobles	4	3	4	0
Norman	3	0	3	0
Olmsted	36	44	19	0
Otter Tail	2	1	3	0
Pennington	3	2	6	0
Pine	5	3	10	0
Polk	13	9	13	0
Pope	0	2	0	0
Ramsey	111	89	157	15
Red Lake	0	0	0	0
Renville	0	0	0	0
Rice	11	10	5	1
Roseau	0	0	0	0
St. Louis	39	36	73	1
Scott	2	2	4	1
Sherburne	7	4	5	1
Sibley	0	1	0	0
Stearns	21	16	35	2
Steele	0	5	0	0
Stevens	2	2	1	0
Swift	2	1	3	0
Todd	9	1	8	0
Traverse	0	0	0	0
Wabasha	9	5	7	1
Wadena	0	0	3	0
Waseca	3	7	8	0
Washington	4	2	6	0
Watsonwan	1	1	1	0
Wilkin	0	0	1	0
Winona	0	0	1	0
Wright	15	9	19	1
Yellow Medicine	4	0	4	0
Southwest HHS	3	12	5	1
Des Moines Valley HHS	6	5	8	0
Faribault-Martin	8	5	8	0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	0	0	0	0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	0	0	0	0
Total	685	539	863	49

Minnesota's Federal and State Performance Measures, 2013

Contents

Introduction	3
Federal Performance Indicators	4
Safety Measure 1.1: Absence of Repeat Maltreatment	6
Safety Measure 1.2: Absence of Maltreatment in Foster Care.....	8
Permanency Measure 1.1: Time to Reunification	10
Permanency Measure 1.2: Median Months to Reunification	12
Permanency Measure 1.3: Reunification After First Removal	14
Permanency Measure 1.4: Placement Re-entry	16
Permanency Measure 2.1: Adoption in Less than 24 Months	18
Permanency Measure 2.2: Median Months to Adoption	20
Permanency Measure 2.3: Discharges to Adoption	22
Permanency Measure 2.4: Legally Free for Adoption	24
Permanency Measure 2.5: Time to Adoption Once Legally Free	26
Permanency Measure 3.1: Permanency for Children in Care 24 or More Months.....	28
Permanency Measure 3.2: Permanency for Children Legally Free for Adoption	30
Permanency Measure 3.3: Aging Out of Long-term Care	32
Permanency Measure 4.1: Placement Stability for Children in Care Less than 12 Months	34
Permanency Measure 4.2: Placement Stability for Children in Care More than 12 and Less than 24 Months.....	36
Permanency Measure 4.3: Placement Stability for Children in Care 24 Months or Longer	38
State Performance Measure: Timeliness to Initial Contact with Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports.....	40
State Performance Measure: Current Physical Exams for Children in Out-of-home Care.....	42
State Performance Measure: Children's Mental Health Screenings.....	44
State Performance Measure: Time to a Transfer of Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative.....	46

Introduction

The Federal Child and Family Service Reviews examine state performance in child safety and permanency. To inform this process, the Administration for Children and Families created two child safety performance measures and 15 permanency performance measures. The permanency measures can be grouped into the categories of:

- Timeliness and permanency of reunification
- Timeliness of adoptions of children discharged from foster care
- Achieving permanency for children in care for extended periods of time
- Placement stability.

Performance measures established at the state level include:

- Timeliness to alleged victim contact with a social worker in child protection reports
- Physical health exams provided for children in foster care
- Mental health screenings for children receiving child protection case management services or who are in out-of-home care
- Time to a transfer of legal and physical custody to a relative.

Section IV includes these individual measures by county/Leech Lake and White Earth Bands of Ojibwe for calendar year 2013. Caution should be used in drawing conclusions from measures with small numbers. These data fulfill reporting requirements for the Vulnerable Children and Adults Act [Minn. Stat., section 256M.80, subd.2].

A variety of tools and processes are being used to transition the state and counties to these measures, and to understand and monitor ongoing performance. These include:

- Adding revised outcome measures to the Charting and Analysis tool in the Social Services Information System (SSIS)
- Integrating new measures into the Minnesota Child and Family Service Reviews
- Subscribing to the University of Chicago—Chapin Hall Center for State Foster Care and Adoption Data
- Providing a publicly accessible dashboard on selected measures.

Federal Performance Indicators

The federal Child and Family Service Reviews examine state performance in child safety and permanency. To inform this process, the Administration for Children and Families created two safety measures and 15 permanency performance measures. The permanency measures can be grouped into the categories of

- Timeliness and permanency of reunification
- Timeliness of adoptions of children discharged from foster care
- Achieving permanency for children in care for extended periods of time
- Placement stability.

Caution should be used in drawing conclusions from measures with small numbers.

Federal Performance Indicators	Minnesota results, 2013	Federal standards
Safety Measure 1.1: Absence of Maltreatment Recurrence Of all who were victims of determined maltreatment during the last six months of 2012, percent who did not have another determined report within six months	97.2% (1,995 of 2,053)	94.6% or higher
Safety Measure 1.2: Absence of Maltreatment in Foster Care Of all children who were served in foster care during the reporting period, the percent who were not the subjects of determined maltreatment by a foster parent or facility staff	99.8% (11,483 of 11,510)	99.68% or higher
Permanency Measure 1.1: Time to Reunification Of children discharged to reunification with primary caretakers, percent reunified in less than 12 months from the time of the latest removal from home	86.7% (2,849 of 3,286)	75.2% or higher
Permanency Measure 1.2: Median Months to Reunification Median length of stay in care from removal from home until the date of discharge to reunification	4.9 months	5.4 months or less
Permanency Measure 1.3: Reunification After First Removal Of children in care for the first time, percent discharged from foster care to reunification in less than 12 months	55.7% (1,013 of 1,820)	48.4% or higher
Permanency Measure 1.4: Placement Re-entry Of children discharged to reunification, percent re-entered foster care in less than 12 months	25.7% (1,085 of 4,227)	9.9% or lower
Permanency Measure 2.1: Adoption in Less than 24 Months Of children discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption, percent adopted in less than 24 months	54.7% (310 of 567)	36.6% or higher

Federal Performance Indicators *(continued)*

Federal Performance Indicators	Minnesota results, 2013	Federal standards
Permanency Measure 2.2: Median Months to Adoption Of children discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption, median length of stay in care	22.7 months	27.3 months or less
Permanency Measure 2.3: Discharges to Adoption Of children in care for 17 continuous months or longer on Jan. 1, 2013, percent discharged from care to a finalized adoption by Dec. 31, 2013	20.7% (266 of 1,285)	22.7% or higher
Permanency Measure 2.4: Legally Free for Adoption Of children in care for 17 continuous months or longer on Jan. 1, 2013, and who were not legally free for adoption prior to that day, percent who became legally free for adoption during the first six months of 2013	3.0% (24 of 807)	10.9% or higher
Permanency Measure 2.5: Time to Adoption Once Legally Free Of all children who became legally free for adoption during 2012, percent discharged from care to a finalized adoption in less than 12 months from the date of becoming legally free	49.8% (298 of 598)	53.7% or higher
Permanency Measure 3.1: Permanency for Children in Care 24 or More Months Of children in care for 24 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2013, percent discharged to a permanent home by Dec. 31, 2013, and prior to their 18 th birthday	19.2% (195 of 1,016)	29.1% or higher
Permanency Measure 3.2: Permanency for Children Legally Free for Adoption Of children discharged from care during 2012, and who were legally free for adoption (i.e., a parental rights termination for both parents) at the time of discharge, percent discharged to a permanent home prior to their 18 th birthday	98.0% (588 of 600)	98.0% or higher
Permanency Measure 3.3: Aging Out of Long-term Care Of children who aged out of care or reached their 18 th birthday while in care, but had not yet been discharged, percent in foster care for three years or longer	30.5% (143 of 469)	37.5% or lower
Permanency Measure 4.1: Placement Stability for Children in Care Less than 12 Months Of children in care during 2012 for at least eight days, but less than 12 months, percent with two or fewer placement settings	85.8% (5,317 of 6,196)	86.0% or higher
Permanency Measure 4.2: Placement Stability for Children in Care More than 12 and Less than 24 Months Of children in out-of-home care during 2012 for at least 12 months, but less than 24 months, percent with two or fewer placement settings	60.7% (1,249 of 2,058)	65.4% or higher
Permanency Measure 4.3: Placement Stability for Children in Care 24 Months or Longer Of children in out-of-home care during 2012 for at least 24 months, percent with two or fewer placement settings	33.5% (573 of 1,710)	41.8% or higher

Safety Measure 1.1: Absence of Repeat Maltreatment

Of all who were victims of determined maltreatment during the last six months of 2012, what number did not have another determined report within six months? The national standard is 94.6 or higher.

County/Tribe	Unique determined victims July 1, 2012–Dec. 31, 2012	Victims–no recurrence within six months	Percent not recurring within six months
Aitkin	8	8	100.0
Anoka	71	68	95.8
Becker	45	45	100.0
Beltrami	26	26	100.0
Benton	27	25	92.6
Big Stone	4	4	100.0
Blue Earth	13	13	100.0
Brown	15	15	100.0
Carlton	12	12	100.0
Carver	27	27	100.0
Cass	3	3	100.0
Chippewa	2	2	100.0
Chisago	8	8	100.0
Clay	37	37	100.0
Clearwater	19	18	94.7
Cook	0	NA	NA
Crow Wing	9	9	100.0
Dakota	106	106	100.0
Dodge	3	3	100.0
Douglas	26	26	100.0
Fillmore	0	NA	NA
Freeborn	8	8	100.0
Goodhue	11	11	100.0
Grant	5	5	100.0
Hennepin	609	573	94.1
Houston	0	NA	NA
Hubbard	0	NA	NA
Isanti	21	20	95.2
Itasca	32	32	100.0
Kanabec	3	3	100.0
Kandiyohi	20	20	100.0
Kittson	0	NA	NA
Koochiching	4	4	100.0
Lac qui Parle	7	7	100.0
Lake	4	4	100.0
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	7	6	85.7
McLeod	17	16	94.1
Mahnomen	0	NA	NA
Marshall	5	5	100.0
Meeker	2	1	50.0
Mille Lacs	37	36	97.3
Morrison	20	20	100.0

Safety Measure 1.1: Absence of Repeat Maltreatment (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Unique determined victims July 1, 2012–Dec. 31, 2012	Victims–no recurrence within six months	Percent not recurring within six months
Mower	8	8	100.0
Nicollet	2	2	100.0
Nobles	5	5	100.0
Norman	5	5	100.0
Olmsted	10	10	100.0
Otter Tail	20	20	100.0
Pennington	3	3	100.0
Pine	13	13	100.0
Polk	11	10	90.9
Pope	7	7	100.0
Ramsey	225	224	99.6
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	3	3	100.0
Rice	12	11	91.7
Roseau	4	4	100.0
St. Louis	144	142	98.6
Scott	20	17	85.0
Sherburne	32	32	100.0
Sibley	1	1	100.0
Stearns	36	34	94.4
Steele	8	8	100.0
Stevens	4	4	100.0
Swift	8	8	100.0
Todd	0	NA	NA
Traverse	2	2	100.0
Wabasha	2	2	100.0
Wadena	4	4	100.0
Waseca	14	14	100.0
Washington	57	56	98.2
Watsonwan	4	4	100.0
Wilkin	3	3	100.0
Winona	2	2	100.0
Wright	40	40	100.0
Yellow Medicine	0	NA	NA
Southwest HHS	20	20	100.0
Des Moines Valley HHS	6	6	100.0
Faribault-Martin	32	32	100.0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	7	7	100.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	6	6	100.0
Total	2,053	1995	97.2

Safety Measure 1.2: Absence of Maltreatment in Foster Care

Of all children who were served in foster care during the reporting period, what percent were not the subjects of determined maltreatment by a foster parent or facility staff? The national standard is 99.68 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in foster care in 2013	Children not maltreated by a foster parent/facility staff	Percent not maltreated
Aitkin	49	49	100.0
Anoka	454	454	100.0
Becker	172	172	100.0
Beltrami	538	538	100.0
Benton	81	81	100.0
Big Stone	10	10	100.0
Blue Earth	128	128	100.0
Brown	37	37	100.0
Carlton	108	108	100.0
Carver	111	111	100.0
Cass	80	80	100.0
Chippewa	5	5	100.0
Chisago	73	73	100.0
Clay	204	204	100.0
Clearwater	33	33	100.0
Cook	13	13	100.0
Crow Wing	181	181	100.0
Dakota	278	276	99.3
Dodge	38	38	100.0
Douglas	48	48	100.0
Fillmore	27	27	100.0
Freeborn	72	72	100.0
Goodhue	64	64	100.0
Grant	18	17	94.4
Hennepin	2,313	2,311	99.9
Houston	22	22	100.0
Hubbard	70	70	100.0
Isanti	79	79	100.0
Itasca	169	169	100.0
Kanabec	29	29	100.0
Kandiyohi	113	113	100.0
Kittson	21	21	100.0
Koochiching	46	46	100.0
Lac qui Parle	19	19	100.0
Lake	22	22	100.0
Lake of the Woods	5	5	100.0
Le Sueur	25	23	92.0
McLeod	64	64	100.0
Mahnomen	15	15	100.0
Marshall	18	18	100.0
Meeker	50	50	100.0
Mille Lacs	75	75	100.0
Morrison	64	64	100.0

Safety Measure 1.2: Absence of Maltreatment in Foster Care *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Children in foster care in 2013	Children not maltreated by a foster parent/facility staff	Percent not maltreated
Mower	83	83	100.0
Nicollet	44	44	100.0
Nobles	68	68	100.0
Norman	17	17	100.0
Olmsted	217	217	100.0
Otter Tail	65	65	100.0
Pennington	47	47	100.0
Pine	103	103	100.0
Polk	110	109	99.1
Pope	24	23	95.8
Ramsey	1,564	1,562	99.9
Red Lake	4	4	100.0
Renville	36	36	100.0
Rice	81	81	100.0
Roseau	21	21	100.0
St. Louis	850	841	98.9
Scott	83	83	100.0
Sherburne	84	83	98.8
Sibley	22	22	100.0
Stearns	331	331	100.0
Steele	48	48	100.0
Stevens	12	12	100.0
Swift	32	31	96.9
Todd	70	70	100.0
Traverse	9	9	100.0
Wabasha	45	44	97.8
Wadena	28	28	100.0
Waseca	54	54	100.0
Washington	209	208	99.5
Watonwan	28	28	100.0
Wilkin	8	8	100.0
Winona	55	55	100.0
Wright	165	165	100.0
Yellow Medicine	31	31	100.0
Southwest HHS	200	200	100.0
Des Moines Valley HHS	69	68	98.6
Faribault-Martin	130	129	99.2
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	170	169	99.4
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	252	252	100.0
Total	11,510	11,483	99.8

Permanency Measure 1.1: Time to Reunification

Of all children discharged from foster care to reunification in the target 12-month period, and who had been in foster care for eight days or longer, what percent were reunified in less than 12 months from the time of the latest removal from home? The national standard is 75.2 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children reunified	Children reunified within 12 months	Percent reunified within 12 months
Aitkin	15	15	100.0
Anoka	128	121	94.5
Becker	41	38	92.7
Beltrami	119	78	65.5
Benton	29	27	93.1
Big Stone	5	5	100.0
Blue Earth	51	51	100.0
Brown	9	7	77.8
Carlton	32	23	71.9
Carver	24	15	62.5
Cass	21	21	100.0
Chippewa	3	2	66.7
Chisago	23	22	95.7
Clay	52	45	86.5
Clearwater	7	7	100.0
Cook	5	5	100.0
Crow Wing	52	41	78.8
Dakota	73	71	97.3
Dodge	15	14	93.3
Douglas	10	9	90.0
Fillmore	9	9	100.0
Freeborn	26	26	100.0
Goodhue	9	9	100.0
Grant	1	1	100.0
Hennepin	574	496	86.4
Houston	5	4	80.0
Hubbard	18	15	83.3
Isanti	14	12	85.7
Itasca	63	59	93.7
Kanabec	12	9	75.0
Kandiyohi	42	37	88.1
Kittson	5	4	80.0
Koochiching	17	15	88.2
Lac qui Parle	0	NA	NA
Lake	1	1	100.0
Lake of the Woods	5	5	100.0
Le Sueur	5	5	100.0
McLeod	27	26	96.3
Mahnomen	2	2	100.0
Marshall	7	6	85.7
Meeker	22	16	72.7
Mille Lacs	23	20	87.0

Permanency Measure 1.1: Time to Reunification *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Children reunified	Children reunified within 12 months	Percent reunified within 12 months
Morrison	11	8	72.7
Mower	18	17	94.4
Nicollet	24	22	91.7
Nobles	19	19	100.0
Norman	7	5	71.4
Olmsted	43	38	88.4
Otter Tail	14	9	64.3
Pennington	11	10	90.9
Pine	24	23	95.8
Polk	41	39	95.1
Pope	10	9	90.0
Ramsey	525	470	89.5
Red Lake	2	2	100.0
Renville	21	18	85.7
Rice	22	21	95.5
Roseau	17	15	88.2
St. Louis	237	184	77.6
Scott	28	22	78.6
Sherburne	29	29	100.0
Sibley	4	4	100.0
Stearns	118	105	89.0
Steele	26	25	96.2
Stevens	3	2	66.7
Swift	12	11	91.7
Todd	15	15	100.0
Traverse	3	2	66.7
Wabasha	13	12	92.3
Wadena	5	5	100.0
Waseca	17	15	88.2
Washington	58	51	87.9
Watsonwan	12	7	58.3
Wilkin	1	1	100.0
Winona	25	24	96.0
Wright	62	48	77.4
Yellow Medicine	12	11	91.7
Southwest HHS	78	62	79.5
Des Moines Valley HHS	17	13	76.5
Faribault-Martin	45	41	91.1
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	28	17	60.7
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	28	24	85.7
Total	3,286	2,849	86.7

Permanency Measure 1.2: Median Months to Reunification

Of all children who were discharged from foster care to reunification in the 12-month target period, and who had been in foster care for eight days or longer, what was the median length of stay in months from the date of the latest removal from home until the date of discharge to reunification? The national standard is 5.4 months or less.

County/Tribe	Children reunified	Median months in care
Aitkin	15	1.1
Anoka	128	2.8
Becker	41	5.1
Beltrami	119	9.0
Benton	29	4.4
Big Stone	5	9.7
Blue Earth	51	4.5
Brown	9	1.4
Carlton	32	5.0
Carver	24	8.5
Cass	21	3.4
Chippewa	3	11.8
Chisago	23	4.8
Clay	52	3.5
Clearwater	7	2.7
Cook	5	4.3
Crow Wing	52	7.1
Dakota	73	3.7
Dodge	15	2.4
Douglas	10	7.3
Fillmore	9	3.4
Freeborn	26	3.6
Goodhue	9	4.6
Grant	1	5.0
Hennepin	574	5.7
Houston	5	3.9
Hubbard	18	3.2
Isanti	14	4.5
Itasca	63	4.2
Kanabec	12	4.8
Kandiyohi	42	4.0
Kittson	5	2.2
Koochiching	17	4.6
Lac qui Parle	0	NA
Lake	1	1.7
Lake of the Woods	5	1.2
Le Sueur	5	1.6
McLeod	27	6.0
Mahnomen	2	5.5
Marshall	7	2.4
Meeker	22	8.0
Mille Lacs	23	5.5

**Permanency Measure 1.2: Median Months to Reunification
(continued)**

County/Tribe	Children reunified	Median months in care
Morrison	11	6.6
Mower	18	3.9
Nicollet	24	5.2
Nobles	19	3.2
Norman	7	2.8
Olmsted	43	3.4
Otter Tail	14	5.2
Pennington	11	4.1
Pine	24	3.7
Polk	41	2.2
Pope	10	5.5
Ramsey	525	5.1
Red Lake	2	4.6
Renville	21	4.0
Rice	22	5.7
Roseau	17	0.6
St. Louis	237	6.5
Scott	28	7.5
Sherburne	29	2.7
Sibley	4	0.4
Stearns	118	4.4
Steele	26	3.3
Stevens	3	8.6
Swift	12	5
Todd	15	2.8
Traverse	3	6.9
Wabasha	13	2.3
Wadena	5	0.8
Waseca	17	6.1
Washington	58	4.4
Watonwan	12	9.6
Wilkin	1	6.7
Winona	25	2.1
Wright	62	7.5
Yellow Medicine	12	3.2
Southwest HHS	78	5.7
Des Moines Valley HHS	17	5.7
Faribault-Martin	45	4.6
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	28	7.3
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	28	4.4
Total	3,286	4.9

Permanency Measure 1.3: Reunification After First Removal

Of all children who entered foster care for the first time in the six-month period just prior to the target 12-month period, and who remained in foster care for eight days or longer, what percent were discharged from foster care to reunification in less than 12 months from the date of latest removal from home? The national standard is 48.4 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Entered placement for the first time	Reunified within 12 months	Percent reunified within 12 months
Aitkin	5	4	80.0
Anoka	68	42	61.8
Becker	46	18	39.1
Beltrami	68	28	41.2
Benton	11	5	45.5
Big Stone	2	0	0.0
Blue Earth	31	19	61.3
Brown	8	3	37.5
Carlton	28	13	46.4
Carver	25	12	48.0
Cass	10	6	60.0
Chippewa	0	NA	NA
Chisago	10	5	50.0
Clay	24	13	54.2
Clearwater	9	4	44.4
Cook	3	3	100.0
Crow Wing	29	16	55.2
Dakota	55	40	72.7
Dodge	10	8	80.0
Douglas	6	2	33.3
Fillmore	3	3	100.0
Freeborn	18	17	94.4
Goodhue	4	3	75.0
Grant	6	0	0.0
Hennepin	315	194	61.6
Houston	8	5	62.5
Hubbard	16	6	37.5
Isanti	18	7	38.9
Itasca	26	17	65.4
Kanabec	7	2	28.6
Kandiyohi	21	16	76.2
Kittson	7	2	28.6
Koochiching	10	7	70.0
Lac qui Parle	7	3	42.9
Lake	0	NA	NA
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	4	1	25.0
McLeod	17	10	58.8
Mahnomen	0	NA	NA
Marshall	1	1	100.0
Meeker	9	4	44.4
Mille Lacs	19	7	36.8

Permanency Measure 1.3: Reunification After First Removal (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Entered placement for the first time	Reunified within 12 months	Percent reunified within 12 months
Morrison	9	1	11.1
Mower	31	20	64.5
Nicollet	18	15	83.3
Nobles	11	6	54.5
Norman	1	0	0.0
Olmsted	37	13	35.1
Otter Tail	14	6	42.9
Pennington	6	3	50.0
Pine	32	16	50.0
Polk	18	14	77.8
Pope	2	1	50.0
Ramsey	203	110	54.2
Red Lake	1	1	100.0
Renville	4	3	75.0
Rice	11	4	36.4
Roseau	3	3	100.0
St. Louis	117	66	56.4
Scott	15	12	80.0
Sherburne	8	7	87.5
Sibley	3	3	100.0
Stearns	37	30	81.1
Steele	6	3	50.0
Stevens	3	1	33.3
Swift	8	5	62.5
Todd	10	6	60.0
Traverse	1	1	100.0
Wabasha	5	3	60.0
Wadena	6	2	33.3
Waseca	12	7	58.3
Washington	29	16	55.2
Watonwan	2	1	50.0
Wilkin	0	NA	NA
Winona	13	9	69.2
Wright	30	18	60.0
Yellow Medicine	7	6	85.7
Southwest HHS	32	22	68.8
Des Moines Valley HHS	20	9	45.0
Faribault-Martin	27	11	40.7
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	25	6	24.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	39	7	17.9
Total	1,820	1,013	55.7

Permanency Measure 1.4: Placement Re-entry

Of all children who were discharged from foster care to reunification in the 12-month period prior to the target 12-month period, what percent re-entered foster care in less than 12 months from the date of discharge? The national standard is 9.9 percent or lower.

County/Tribe	Reunified in 2012 (prior CY)	Re-entered in less than 12 months	Percent re-entered in less than 12 months
Aitkin	19	7	36.8
Anoka	198	38	19.2
Becker	41	10	24.4
Beltrami	70	11	15.7
Benton	35	13	37.1
Big Stone	4	1	25.0
Blue Earth	66	23	34.8
Brown	8	4	50.0
Carlton	59	16	27.1
Carver	50	20	40.0
Cass	32	6	18.8
Chippewa	5	1	20.0
Chisago	30	6	20.0
Clay	89	30	33.7
Clearwater	3	2	66.7
Cook	6	1	16.7
Crow Wing	63	13	20.6
Dakota	151	33	21.9
Dodge	9	1	11.1
Douglas	22	3	13.6
Fillmore	1	0	0.0
Freeborn	21	4	19.0
Goodhue	22	3	13.6
Grant	6	0	0.0
Hennepin	865	172	19.9
Houston	13	4	30.8
Hubbard	26	6	23.1
Isanti	31	7	22.6
Itasca	80	34	42.5
Kanabec	14	5	35.7
Kandiyohi	42	8	19.0
Kittson	5	1	20.0
Koochiching	21	6	28.6
Lac qui Parle	6	2	33.3
Lake	7	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	14	1	7.1
McLeod	28	5	17.9
Mahnomen	3	1	33.3
Marshall	2	1	50.0
Meeker	16	5	31.3
Mille Lacs	21	10	47.6

Permanency Measure 1.4: Placement Re-entry (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Reunified in 2012 (prior CY)	Re-entered in less than 12 months	Percent re-entered in less than 12 months
Morrison	14	3	21.4
Mower	47	11	23.4
Nicollet	31	6	19.4
Nobles	30	11	36.7
Norman	7	2	28.6
Olmsted	42	9	21.4
Otter Tail	51	21	41.2
Pennington	13	4	30.8
Pine	30	2	6.7
Polk	36	12	33.3
Pope	8	0	0.0
Ramsey	762	260	34.1
Red Lake	4	1	25.0
Renville	14	3	21.4
Rice	33	8	24.2
Roseau	7	2	28.6
St. Louis	210	62	29.5
Scott	70	11	15.7
Sherburne	25	5	20.0
Sibley	4	2	50.0
Stearns	116	34	29.3
Steele	37	6	16.2
Stevens	0	NA	NA
Swift	10	3	30.0
Todd	14	5	35.7
Traverse	4	1	25.0
Wabasha	12	1	8.3
Wadena	15	1	6.7
Waseca	15	2	13.3
Washington	78	17	21.8
Watonwan	7	1	14.3
Wilkin	1	0	0.0
Winona	34	11	32.4
Wright	54	9	16.7
Yellow Medicine	4	2	50.0
Southwest HHS	76	22	28.9
Des Moines Valley HHS	28	8	28.6
Faribault-Martin	32	4	12.5
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	19	3	15.8
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	29	6	20.7
Total	4,227	1,085	25.7

Permanency Measure 2.1: Adoption in Less than 24 Months

Of all children who were discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption during the 12-month target period, what percent were discharged in less than 24 months from the date of the latest removal from home? The national standard is 36.6 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children adopted in 2013	Adopted less than 24 months from removal from home	Percent adopted less than 24 months from removal from home
Aitkin	3	0	0.0
Anoka	18	15	83.3
Becker	11	4	36.4
Beltrami	2	0	0.0
Benton	1	1	100.0
Big Stone	0	NA	NA
Blue Earth	15	9	60.0
Brown	1	1	100.0
Carlton	2	0	0.0
Carver	1	1	100.0
Cass	0	NA	NA
Chippewa	1	1	100.0
Chisago	2	1	50.0
Clay	10	5	50.0
Clearwater	0	NA	NA
Cook	0	NA	NA
Crow Wing	24	22	91.7
Dakota	19	12	63.2
Dodge	0	NA	NA
Douglas	4	1	25.0
Fillmore	1	0	0.0
Freeborn	8	4	50.0
Goodhue	5	4	80.0
Grant	1	1	100.0
Hennepin	92	44	47.8
Houston	0	NA	NA
Hubbard	6	5	83.3
Isanti	0	NA	NA
Itasca	14	14	100.0
Kanabec	3	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	8	5	62.5
Kittson	0	NA	NA
Koochiching	0	NA	NA
Lac qui Parle	0	NA	NA
Lake	0	NA	NA
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	1	0	0.0
McLeod	0	NA	NA
Mahnomen	2	0	0.0
Marshall	1	1	100.0
Meeker	1	1	100.0
Mille Lacs	0	NA	NA

Permanency Measure 2.1: Adoption in Less than 24 Months *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Children adopted in 2013	Adopted less than 24 months after removal from home	Percent adopted less than 24 months after removal from home
Morrison	11	8	72.7
Mower	8	4	50.0
Nicollet	3	1	33.3
Nobles	3	2	66.7
Norman	0	NA	NA
Olmsted	44	41	93.2
Otter Tail	1	0	0.0
Pennington	2	0	0.0
Pine	5	4	80.0
Polk	9	3	33.3
Pope	2	2	100.0
Ramsey	89	31	34.8
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	0	NA	NA
Rice	10	6	60.0
Roseau	0	NA	NA
St. Louis	36	14	38.9
Scott	2	2	100.0
Sherburne	4	4	100.0
Sibley	1	0	0.0
Stearns	16	7	43.8
Steele	5	0	0.0
Stevens	2	1	50.0
Swift	1	1	100.0
Todd	1	1	100.0
Traverse	0	NA	NA
Wabasha	5	4	80.0
Wadena	0	NA	NA
Waseca	7	4	57.1
Washington	1	1	100.0
Watonwan	1	0	0.0
Wilkin	0	NA	NA
Winona	0	NA	NA
Wright	9	2	22.2
Yellow Medicine	0	NA	NA
Southwest HHS	12	5	41.7
Des Moines Valley HHS	6	4	66.7
Faribault-Martin	5	3	60.0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	1	0	0.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	8	3	37.5
Total	567	310	54.7

Permanency Measure 2.2: Median Months to Adoption

Of all children who were discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption during the 12-month target period, what was the median length of stay in foster care in months from the date of latest removal from home to the date of discharge to adoption? The national standard is 27.3 months or less.

County/Tribe	Children adopted in 2013	Median months in care before adoption
Aitkin	3	51.4
Anoka	18	19.7
Becker	11	25.2
Beltrami	2	42.1
Benton	1	17.9
Big Stone	0	NA
Blue Earth	15	19.6
Brown	1	8.6
Carlton	2	46.9
Carver	1	15.1
Cass	0	NA
Chippewa	1	12.7
Chisago	2	27.4
Clay	10	22.5
Clearwater	0	NA
Cook	0	NA
Crow Wing	24	18.0
Dakota	19	19.8
Dodge	0	NA
Douglas	4	25.1
Fillmore	1	45.7
Freeborn	8	22.8
Goodhue	5	15.8
Grant	1	15.0
Hennepin	92	24.5
Houston	0	NA
Hubbard	6	17.7
Isanti	0	NA
Itasca	14	13.8
Kanabec	3	25.4
Kandiyohi	8	23.6
Kittson	0	NA
Koochiching	0	NA
Lac qui Parle	0	NA
Lake	0	NA
Lake of the Woods	0	NA
Le Sueur	1	29.5
McLeod	0	NA
Mahnomen	2	44.9
Marshall	1	20.0
Meeker	1	20.5
Mille Lacs	0	NA

Permanency Measure 2.2: Median Months to Adoption (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Children adopted in 2013	Median months in care before adoption
Morrison	11	19.0
Mower	8	24.9
Nicollet	3	41.8
Nobles	3	15.9
Norman	0	NA
Olmsted	44	18.6
Otter Tail	1	28.5
Pennington	2	45.9
Pine	5	20.2
Polk	9	29.6
Pope	2	20.5
Ramsey	89	27.9
Red Lake	0	NA
Renville	0	NA
Rice	10	22.1
Roseau	0	NA
St. Louis	36	25.6
Scott	2	17.0
Sherburne	4	17.8
Sibley	1	24.1
Stearns	16	25.9
Steele	5	25.7
Stevens	2	23.9
Swift	1	15.1
Todd	1	20.8
Traverse	0	NA
Wabasha	5	21.4
Wadena	0	NA
Waseca	7	11.7
Washington	1	17.7
Watonwan	1	42.3
Wilkin	0	NA
Winona	0	NA
Wright	9	37.9
Yellow Medicine	0	NA
Southwest HHS	12	26.0
Des Moines Valley HHS	6	19.1
Faribault-Martin	5	22.3
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	1	46.5
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	8	25.2
Total	567	22.7

Permanency Measure 2.3: Discharges to Adoption

Of all children in foster care on the first day of the 12-month target period who were in foster care for 17 continuous months or longer, what percent were discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption by the last day of the 12-month target period? The national standard is 22.7 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care 17 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2013	Adopted by Dec. 31, 2013	Percent adopted by Dec. 31, 2013
Aitkin	4	3	75.0
Anoka	50	7	14.0
Becker	18	5	27.8
Beltrami	121	2	1.7
Benton	2	0	0.0
Big Stone	1	0	0.0
Blue Earth	12	7	58.3
Brown	4	0	0.0
Carlton	15	2	13.3
Carver	4	0	0.0
Cass	7	0	0.0
Chippewa	0	NA	NA
Chisago	3	1	33.3
Clay	19	5	26.3
Clearwater	3	0	0.0
Cook	5	0	0.0
Crow Wing	19	5	26.3
Dakota	24	4	16.7
Dodge	3	0	0.0
Douglas	10	2	20.0
Fillmore	2	1	50.0
Freeborn	10	4	40.0
Goodhue	6	1	16.7
Grant	2	0	0.0
Hennepin	248	52	21.0
Houston	2	0	0.0
Hubbard	5	1	20.0
Isanti	8	0	0.0
Itasca	2	0	0.0
Kanabec	3	3	100.0
Kandiyohi	10	5	50.0
Kittson	4	0	0.0
Koochiching	5	0	0.0
Lac qui Parle	2	0	0.0
Lake	3	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	3	1	33.3
McLeod	5	0	0.0
Mahnomen	3	2	66.7
Marshall	3	1	33.3
Meeker	7	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	5	0	0.0

Permanency Measure 2.3: Discharges to Adoption (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Children in care 17 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2013	Adopted by Dec. 31, 2013	Percent adopted by Dec. 31, 2013
Morrison	4	0	0.0
Mower	13	4	30.8
Nicollet	5	3	60.0
Nobles	5	1	20.0
Norman	0	NA	NA
Olmsted	21	13	61.9
Otter Tail	1	0	0.0
Pennington	11	2	18.2
Pine	4	0	0.0
Polk	14	7	50.0
Pope	6	1	16.7
Ramsey	158	51	32.3
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	2	0	0.0
Rice	12	6	50.0
Roseau	2	0	0.0
St. Louis	122	21	17.2
Scott	7	0	0.0
Sherburne	7	0	0.0
Sibley	2	0	0.0
Stearns	31	7	22.6
Steele	5	5	100.0
Stevens	3	1	33.3
Swift	4	0	0.0
Todd	5	0	0.0
Traverse	0	NA	NA
Wabasha	6	1	16.7
Wadena	5	0	0.0
Waseca	7	3	42.9
Washington	8	0	0.0
Watonwan	3	1	33.3
Wilkin	4	0	0.0
Winona	0	NA	NA
Wright	23	7	30.4
Yellow Medicine	4	0	0.0
Southwest HHS	25	7	28.0
Des Moines Valley HHS	6	2	33.3
Faribault-Martin	10	3	30.0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	37	1	2.7
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	41	5	12.2
Total	1,285	266	20.7

Permanency Measure 2.4: Legally Free for Adoption

Of all children in foster care on the first day of the 12-month target period who were in foster care for 17 continuous months or longer, and who were not legally free for adoption prior to that day, what percent became legally free for adoption during the first six months of the 12-month target period? The national standard is 10.9 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care 17 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2013	Legally free for adoption by Dec. 31, 2013	Percent legally free for adoption by Dec. 31, 2013
Aitkin	2	0	0.0
Anoka	32	0	0.0
Becker	14	3	21.4
Beltrami	115	0	0.0
Benton	4	0	0.0
Big Stone	0	NA	NA
Blue Earth	6	2	33.3
Brown	5	0	0.0
Carlton	13	0	0.0
Carver	5	0	0.0
Cass	6	0	0.0
Chippewa	0	NA	NA
Chisago	3	1	33.3
Clay	13	0	0.0
Clearwater	3	0	0.0
Cook	5	0	0.0
Crow Wing	10	0	0.0
Dakota	17	0	0.0
Dodge	2	0	0.0
Douglas	9	1	11.1
Fillmore	0	NA	NA
Freeborn	7	0	0.0
Goodhue	3	0	0.0
Grant	0	NA	NA
Hennepin	128	1	0.8
Houston	1	0	0.0
Hubbard	6	0	0.0
Isanti	7	0	0.0
Itasca	3	0	0.0
Kanabec	0	NA	NA
Kandiyohi	9	0	0.0
Kittson	4	0	0.0
Koochiching	7	1	14.3
Lac qui Parle	1	0	0.0
Lake	3	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	2	0	0.0
McLeod	3	0	0.0
Mahnomen	0	NA	NA
Marshall	2	0	0.0
Meeker	7	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	5	0	0.0

Permanency Measure 2.4: Legally Free for Adoption (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Children in care 17 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2013	Legally free for adoption by Dec. 31, 2013	Percent legally free for adoption by Dec. 31, 2013
Morrison	1	0	0.0
Mower	6	0	0.0
Nicollet	2	0	0.0
Nobles	4	0	0.0
Norman	1	0	0.0
Olmsted	4	0	0.0
Otter Tail	0	NA	NA
Pennington	5	0	0.0
Pine	3	0	0.0
Polk	5	0	0.0
Pope	7	0	0.0
Ramsey	47	5	10.6
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	2	0	0.0
Rice	6	1	16.7
Roseau	2	0	0.0
St. Louis	80	6	7.5
Scott	3	0	0.0
Sherburne	6	0	0.0
Sibley	2	0	0.0
Stearns	14	0	0.0
Steele	1	0	0.0
Stevens	2	0	0.0
Swift	3	0	0.0
Todd	8	0	0.0
Traverse	1	0	0.0
Wabasha	3	0	0.0
Wadena	3	1	33.3
Waseca	2	0	0.0
Washington	9	0	0.0
Watsonwan	2	0	0.0
Wilkin	3	0	0.0
Winona	0	NA	NA
Wright	15	1	6.7
Yellow Medicine	4	0	0.0
Southwest HHS	14	0	0.0
Des Moines Valley HHS	5	0	0.0
Faribault-Martin	8	1	12.5
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	33	0	0.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	29	0	0.0
Total	807	24	3.0

Permanency Measure 2.5: Time to Adoption Once Legally Free

Of all children who became legally free for adoption during the 12 months prior to the target 12-month period, what percent were discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption in less than 12 months from the date of becoming legally free? The national standard is 53.7 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Became legally free for adoption in 2012 (prior CY)	Adopted less than 12 months after becoming legally free	Percent adopted less than 12 months after becoming legally free
Aitkin	0	NA	NA
Anoka	29	15	51.7
Becker	10	10	100.0
Beltrami	4	1	25.0
Benton	0	NA	NA
Big Stone	0	NA	NA
Blue Earth	11	11	100.0
Brown	0	NA	NA
Carlton	2	0	0.0
Carver	2	1	50.0
Cass	0	NA	NA
Chippewa	0	NA	NA
Chisago	1	0	0.0
Clay	4	3	75.0
Clearwater	0	NA	NA
Cook	0	NA	NA
Crow Wing	31	28	90.3
Dakota	26	13	50.0
Dodge	0	NA	NA
Douglas	4	3	75.0
Fillmore	2	0	0.0
Freeborn	8	4	50.0
Goodhue	3	2	66.7
Grant	2	0	0.0
Hennepin	117	40	34.2
Houston	1	0	0.0
Hubbard	2	1	50.0
Isanti	1	1	100.0
Itasca	3	3	100.0
Kanabec	3	3	100.0
Kandiyohi	9	9	100.0
Kittson	0	NA	NA
Koochiching	0	NA	NA
Lac qui Parle	0	NA	NA
Lake	1	1	100.0
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	1	0	0.0
McLeod	1	0	0.0
Mahnomen	0	NA	NA
Marshall	0	NA	NA
Meeker	1	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	1	1	100.0

Permanency Measure 2.5: Time to Adoption Once Legally Free *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Became legally free for adoption in 2012 (prior CY)	Adopted less than 12 months after becoming legally free	Percent adopted less than 12 months after becoming legally free
Morrison	4	3	75.0
Mower	13	6	46.2
Nicollet	1	1	100.0
Nobles	1	1	100.0
Norman	0	NA	NA
Olmsted	52	44	84.6
Otter Tail	3	0	0.0
Pennington	3	1	33.3
Pine	5	2	40.0
Polk	6	1	16.7
Pope	2	2	100.0
Ramsey	84	21	25.0
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	0	NA	NA
Rice	6	4	66.7
Roseau	0	NA	NA
St. Louis	43	11	25.6
Scott	5	4	80.0
Sherburne	3	3	100.0
Sibley	1	0	0.0
Stearns	11	3	27.3
Steele	6	4	66.7
Stevens	0	NA	NA
Swift	1	1	100.0
Todd	6	6	100.0
Traverse	0	NA	NA
Wabasha	1	0	0.0
Wadena	2	0	0.0
Waseca	4	4	100.0
Washington	7	1	14.3
Watonwan	1	1	100.0
Wilkin	0	NA	NA
Winona	0	NA	NA
Wright	3	1	33.3
Yellow Medicine	0	NA	NA
Southwest HHS	18	10	55.6
Des Moines Valley HHS	9	6	66.7
Faribault-Martin	5	5	100.0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	5	0	0.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	7	2	28.6
Total	598	298	49.8

Permanency Measure 3.1: Permanency for Children in Care 24 or More Months

Of all children who were in foster care for 24 months or longer on the first day of the 12-month target period, what percent were discharged to a permanent home by the last day of the 12-month period and prior to their 18th birthday? The national standard is 29.1 or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care 24 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2013	Permanency achieved by Dec. 31, 2013	Percent permanency achieved by Dec. 31, 2013
Aitkin	4	3	75.0
Anoka	45	2	4.4
Becker	7	1	14.3
Beltrami	82	7	8.5
Benton	4	1	25.0
Big Stone	1	0	0.0
Blue Earth	12	6	50.0
Brown	4	1	25.0
Carlton	8	1	12.5
Carver	4	0	0.0
Cass	7	0	0.0
Chippewa	1	1	100.0
Chisago	1	0	0.0
Clay	13	5	38.5
Clearwater	3	0	0.0
Cook	5	0	0.0
Crow Wing	16	2	12.5
Dakota	20	3	15.0
Dodge	3	0	0.0
Douglas	8	0	0.0
Fillmore	2	1	50.0
Freeborn	3	0	0.0
Goodhue	3	0	0.0
Grant	0	NA	NA
Hennepin	193	35	18.1
Houston	2	0	0.0
Hubbard	5	1	20.0
Isanti	6	0	0.0
Itasca	2	0	0.0
Kanabec	0	NA	NA
Kandiyohi	8	1	12.5
Kittson	3	0	0.0
Koochiching	3	0	0.0
Lac qui Parle	2	0	0.0
Lake	2	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	2	0	0.0
McLeod	5	0	0.0
Mahnomen	3	2	66.7
Marshall	0	NA	NA
Meeker	6	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	7	1	14.3

**Permanency Measure 3.1: Permanency for Children in Care 24 or More Months
(continued)**

County/Tribe	Children in care 24 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2013	Permanency achieved by Dec. 31, 2013	Percent permanency achieved by Dec. 31, 2013
Morrison	3	0	0.0
Mower	7	3	42.9
Nicollet	5	3	60.0
Nobles	3	0	0.0
Norman	1	1	100.0
Olmsted	7	1	14.3
Otter Tail	0	NA	NA
Pennington	4	1	25.0
Pine	2	0	0.0
Polk	9	3	33.3
Pope	3	1	33.3
Ramsey	135	41	30.4
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	1	0	0.0
Rice	8	2	25.0
Roseau	2	0	0.0
St. Louis	115	23	20.0
Scott	6	2	33.3
Sherburne	7	0	0.0
Sibley	1	0	0.0
Stearns	27	7	25.9
Steele	0	NA	NA
Stevens	2	1	50.0
Swift	2	0	0.0
Todd	7	0	0.0
Traverse	1	0	0.0
Wabasha	5	1	20.0
Wadena	4	0	0.0
Waseca	6	3	50.0
Washington	6	0	0.0
Watonwan	4	2	50.0
Wilkin	3	0	0.0
Winona	0	NA	NA
Wright	25	8	32.0
Yellow Medicine	1	0	0.0
Southwest HHS	21	5	23.8
Des Moines Valley HHS	6	2	33.3
Faribault-Martin	5	0	0.0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	27	6	22.2
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	40	5	12.5
Total	1,016	195	19.2

Permanency Measure 3.2: Permanency for Children Legally Free for Adoption

Of all children who were discharged from foster care during the 12-month target period, and who were legally free for adoption (i.e., there is a parental rights termination date for both parents) at the time of discharge, what percent were discharged to a permanent home prior to their 18th birthday? The national standard is 98.0 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children legally free for adoption and discharged from care	Discharged to a permanent home before 18 th birthday	Percent discharged to a permanent home before 18 th birthday
Aitkin	3	3	100.0
Anoka	20	19	95.0
Becker	11	11	100.0
Beltrami	2	2	100.0
Benton	1	1	100.0
Big Stone	0	NA	NA
Blue Earth	15	15	100.0
Brown	1	1	100.0
Carlton	2	2	100.0
Carver	1	1	100.0
Cass	0	NA	NA
Chippewa	1	1	100.0
Chisago	2	2	100.0
Clay	10	10	100.0
Clearwater	0	NA	NA
Cook	0	NA	NA
Crow Wing	25	24	96.0
Dakota	19	19	100.0
Dodge	0	NA	NA
Douglas	4	4	100.0
Fillmore	1	1	100.0
Freeborn	8	8	100.0
Goodhue	5	5	100.0
Grant	2	2	100.0
Hennepin	103	102	99.0
Houston	0	NA	NA
Hubbard	6	6	100.0
Isanti	0	NA	NA
Itasca	14	14	100.0
Kanabec	3	3	100.0
Kandiyohi	8	8	100.0
Kittson	0	NA	NA
Koochiching	0	NA	NA
Lac qui Parle	0	NA	NA
Lake	0	NA	NA
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	1	1	100.0
McLeod	0	NA	NA
Mahnomen	2	2	100.0
Marshall	1	1	100.0
Meeker	1	1	100.0
Mille Lacs	0	NA	NA

Permanency Measure 3.2: Permanency for Children Legally Free for Adoption (continued)

County/Tribe	Children legally free for adoption and discharged from care	Discharged to a permanent home before 18 th birthday	Percent discharged to a permanent home before 18 th birthday
Morrison	12	11	91.7
Mower	8	8	100.0
Nicollet	3	3	100.0
Nobles	3	3	100.0
Norman	0	NA	NA
Olmsted	44	44	100.0
Otter Tail	1	1	100.0
Pennington	2	2	100.0
Pine	5	5	100.0
Polk	10	9	90.0
Pope	2	2	100.0
Ramsey	93	90	96.8
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	0	NA	NA
Rice	11	10	90.9
Roseau	0	NA	NA
St. Louis	40	39	97.5
Scott	2	2	100.0
Sherburne	4	4	100.0
Sibley	1	1	100.0
Stearns	16	16	100.0
Steele	5	5	100.0
Stevens	2	2	100.0
Swift	1	1	100.0
Todd	1	1	100.0
Traverse	0	NA	NA
Wabasha	6	5	83.3
Wadena	0	NA	NA
Waseca	7	7	100.0
Washington	1	1	100.0
Watonwan	1	1	100.0
Wilkin	0	NA	NA
Winona	0	NA	NA
Wright	10	9	90.0
Yellow Medicine	0	NA	NA
Southwest HHS	13	13	100.0
Des Moines Valley HHS	6	6	100.0
Faribault-Martin	5	5	100.0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	1	1	100.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	12	12	100.0
Total	600	588	98.0

Permanency Measure 3.3: Aging Out of Long-term Care

Of all children who either (1) were, prior to age 18, discharged from foster care during the 12-month target period with a discharge reason of emancipation, or (2) reached their 18th birthday while in foster care but had not yet been discharged from foster care, what percent were in foster care for three years or longer? The national standard is 37.5 percent or lower.

County/Tribe	Children emancipated or turned 18	In care for three years or longer	Percent in care for three years or longer
Aitkin	2	0	0.0
Anoka	17	14	82.4
Becker	2	0	0.0
Beltrami	13	2	15.4
Benton	2	1	50.0
Big Stone	1	0	0.0
Blue Earth	1	0	0.0
Brown	2	0	0.0
Carlton	12	2	16.7
Carver	7	3	42.9
Cass	4	1	25.0
Chippewa	0	NA	NA
Chisago	2	1	50.0
Clay	6	1	16.7
Clearwater	0	NA	NA
Cook	0	NA	NA
Crow Wing	5	0	0.0
Dakota	9	4	44.4
Dodge	3	1	33.3
Douglas	5	2	40.0
Fillmore	0	NA	NA
Freeborn	2	0	0.0
Goodhue	0	NA	NA
Grant	0	NA	NA
Hennepin	103	36	35.0
Houston	3	0	0.0
Hubbard	2	0	0.0
Isanti	2	1	50.0
Itasca	3	0	0.0
Kanabec	3	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	4	3	75.0
Kittson	4	1	25.0
Koochiching	1	0	0.0
Lac qui Parle	0	NA	NA
Lake	4	1	25.0
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	2	1	50.0
McLeod	1	0	0.0
Mahnomen	2	0	0.0
Marshall	1	0	0.0
Meeker	5	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	6	2	33.3

Permanency Measure 3.3: Aging Out of Long-term Care *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Children emancipated or turned 18	In care for three years or longer	Percent in care for three years or longer
Morrison	3	0	0.0
Mower	4	0	0.0
Nicollet	0	NA	NA
Nobles	2	1	50.0
Norman	0	NA	NA
Olmsted	9	0	0.0
Otter Tail	2	0	0.0
Pennington	4	0	0.0
Pine	1	0	0.0
Polk	6	3	50.0
Pope	2	1	50.0
Ramsey	74	21	28.4
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	0	NA	NA
Rice	6	1	16.7
Roseau	0	NA	NA
St. Louis	16	8	50.0
Scott	3	0	0.0
Sherburne	4	1	25.0
Sibley	0	NA	NA
Stearns	18	4	22.2
Steele	2	0	0.0
Stevens	0	NA	NA
Swift	1	0	0.0
Todd	3	3	100.0
Traverse	2	1	50.0
Wabasha	2	1	50.0
Wadena	1	0	0.0
Waseca	0	NA	NA
Washington	13	2	15.4
Watonwan	0	NA	NA
Wilkin	2	2	100.0
Winona	3	0	0.0
Wright	11	4	36.4
Yellow Medicine	1	0	0.0
Southwest HHS	12	6	50.0
Des Moines Valley HHS	4	0	0.0
Faribault-Martin	5	0	0.0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	6	3	50.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	6	4	66.7
Total	469	143	30.5

Permanency Measure 4.1: Placement Stability for Children in Care Less than 12 Months

Of all children who were served in foster care during the 12-month target period, and who were in foster care for at least eight days but less than 12 months, what percent had two or fewer placement settings? The national standard is 86.0 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care less than 12 months	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Aitkin	37	32	86.5
Anoka	232	211	90.9
Becker	100	87	87.0
Beltrami	216	198	91.7
Benton	51	48	94.1
Big Stone	6	5	83.3
Blue Earth	87	71	81.6
Brown	23	23	100.0
Carlton	54	43	79.6
Carver	58	53	91.4
Cass	49	44	89.8
Chippewa	3	2	66.7
Chisago	56	54	96.4
Clay	83	71	85.5
Clearwater	21	19	90.5
Cook	6	6	100.0
Crow Wing	100	90	90.0
Dakota	146	128	87.7
Dodge	20	17	85.0
Douglas	15	13	86.7
Fillmore	15	15	100.0
Freeborn	45	41	91.1
Goodhue	38	31	81.6
Grant	7	5	71.4
Hennepin	1,175	979	83.3
Houston	6	5	83.3
Hubbard	44	30	68.2
Isanti	49	42	85.7
Itasca	122	109	89.3
Kanabec	15	14	93.3
Kandiyohi	69	61	88.4
Kittson	7	7	100.0
Koochiching	25	23	92.0
Lac qui Parle	13	12	92.3
Lake	7	7	100.0
Lake of the Woods	5	5	100.0
Le Sueur	17	14	82.4
McLeod	52	52	100.0
Mahnomen	9	8	88.9
Marshall	11	10	90.9
Meeker	23	21	91.3
Mille Lacs	49	43	87.8

Permanency Measure 4.1: Placement Stability for Children in Care Less than 12 Months (continued)

County/Tribe	Children in care less than 12 months	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Morrison	31	28	90.3
Mower	30	30	100.0
Nicollet	34	27	79.4
Nobles	39	37	94.9
Norman	6	5	83.3
Olmsted	132	119	90.2
Otter Tail	38	34	89.5
Pennington	24	18	75.0
Pine	60	44	73.3
Polk	61	46	75.4
Pope	13	13	100.0
Ramsey	762	595	78.1
Red Lake	4	4	100.0
Renville	27	26	96.3
Rice	41	39	95.1
Roseau	14	14	100.0
St. Louis	484	394	81.4
Scott	31	27	87.1
Sherburne	53	50	94.3
Sibley	17	16	94.1
Stearns	204	166	81.4
Steele	35	31	88.6
Stevens	6	6	100.0
Swift	18	18	100.0
Todd	45	38	84.4
Traverse	7	7	100.0
Wabasha	27	25	92.6
Wadena	16	16	100.0
Waseca	37	37	100.0
Washington	109	95	87.2
Watonwan	10	10	100.0
Wilkin	3	3	100.0
Winona	40	35	87.5
Wright	96	79	82.3
Yellow Medicine	23	20	87.0
Southwest HHS	108	98	90.7
Des Moines Valley HHS	36	31	86.1
Faribault-Martin	89	82	92.1
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	80	70	87.5
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	140	135	96.4
Total	6,196	5,317	85.8

Permanency Measure 4.2: Placement Stability for Children in Care More than 12 and Less than 24 Months

Of all children who were served in foster care during the 12-month target period, and who were in foster care for at least 12 months but less than 24 months, what percent had two or fewer placement settings? The national standard is 65.4 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care between 12 and 24 months	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Aitkin	3	1	33.3
Anoka	50	31	62.0
Becker	32	22	68.8
Beltrami	136	93	68.4
Benton	21	10	47.6
Big Stone	7	5	71.4
Blue Earth	19	15	78.9
Brown	6	5	83.3
Carlton	32	21	65.6
Carver	24	16	66.7
Cass	15	8	53.3
Chippewa	1	1	100.0
Chisago	9	5	55.6
Clay	36	24	66.7
Clearwater	9	4	44.4
Cook	0	NA	NA
Crow Wing	42	31	73.8
Dakota	36	22	61.1
Dodge	5	3	60.0
Douglas	11	7	63.6
Fillmore	5	5	100.0
Freeborn	4	3	75.0
Goodhue	10	5	50.0
Grant	6	5	83.3
Hennepin	361	178	49.3
Houston	6	2	33.3
Hubbard	13	9	69.2
Isanti	12	6	50.0
Itasca	25	17	68.0
Kanabec	11	7	63.6
Kandiyohi	21	18	85.7
Kittson	8	5	62.5
Koochiching	5	1	20.0
Lac qui Parle	4	4	100.0
Lake	9	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	3	3	100.0
McLeod	12	10	83.3
Mahnomen	2	0	0.0
Marshall	2	1	50.0
Meeker	14	11	78.6
Mille Lacs	9	9	100.0

Permanency Measure 4.2: Placement Stability for Children in Care More than 12 and Less than 24 Months (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Children in care between 12 and 24 months	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Morrison	22	16	72.7
Mower	22	14	63.6
Nicollet	8	5	62.5
Nobles	11	10	90.9
Norman	6	4	66.7
Olmsted	54	35	64.8
Otter Tail	14	9	64.3
Pennington	9	8	88.9
Pine	27	12	44.4
Polk	26	16	61.5
Pope	5	4	80.0
Ramsey	227	112	49.3
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	4	4	100.0
Rice	25	19	76.0
Roseau	2	2	100.0
St. Louis	167	94	56.3
Scott	16	13	81.3
Sherburne	13	10	76.9
Sibley	1	0	0.0
Stearns	45	21	46.7
Steele	4	4	100.0
Stevens	2	2	100.0
Swift	7	5	71.4
Todd	13	4	30.8
Traverse	0	NA	NA
Wabasha	11	4	36.4
Wadena	4	3	75.0
Waseca	8	3	37.5
Washington	29	19	65.5
Watsonwan	9	7	77.8
Wilkin	0	NA	NA
Winona	9	6	66.7
Wright	34	18	52.9
Yellow Medicine	3	1	33.3
Southwest HHS	42	30	71.4
Des Moines Valley HHS	16	13	81.3
Faribault-Martin	28	25	89.3
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	45	31	68.9
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	54	43	79.6
Total	2,058	1,249	60.7

Permanency Measure 4.3: Placement Stability for Children in Care 24 Months or Longer

Of all children who were served in foster care during the 12-month target period, and who were in foster care for at least 24 months, what percent had two or fewer placement settings? The national standard is 41.8 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care 24 months or longer	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Aitkin	5	0	0.0
Anoka	69	20	29.0
Becker	26	18	69.2
Beltrami	186	54	29.0
Benton	6	1	16.7
Big Stone	1	0	0.0
Blue Earth	15	8	53.3
Brown	6	2	33.3
Carlton	18	4	22.2
Carver	5	2	40.0
Cass	8	1	12.5
Chippewa	1	0	0.0
Chisago	3	2	66.7
Clay	22	15	68.2
Clearwater	3	2	66.7
Cook	6	0	0.0
Crow Wing	22	6	27.3
Dakota	35	21	60.0
Dodge	3	1	33.3
Douglas	15	10	66.7
Fillmore	6	2	33.3
Freeborn	13	1	7.7
Goodhue	8	3	37.5
Grant	3	1	33.3
Hennepin	310	82	26.5
Houston	6	1	16.7
Hubbard	7	0	0.0
Isanti	9	3	33.3
Itasca	4	1	25.0
Kanabec	3	3	100.0
Kandiyohi	14	6	42.9
Kittson	4	3	75.0
Koochiching	9	5	55.6
Lac qui Parle	2	0	0.0
Lake	3	2	66.7
Lake of the Woods	0	NA	NA
Le Sueur	3	3	100.0
McLeod	5	1	20.0
Mahnomen	4	1	25.0
Marshall	3	1	33.3
Meeker	8	3	37.5
Mille Lacs	7	1	14.3

Permanency Measure 4.3: Placement Stability for Children in Care 24 Months or Longer (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Children in care 24 months or longer	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Morrison	7	5	71.4
Mower	20	8	40.0
Nicollet	5	1	20.0
Nobles	4	3	75.0
Norman	1	0	0.0
Olmsted	13	5	38.5
Otter Tail	4	2	50.0
Pennington	15	5	33.3
Pine	6	2	33.3
Polk	14	6	42.9
Pope	7	2	28.6
Ramsey	202	64	31.7
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	2	1	50.0
Rice	12	6	50.0
Roseau	2	1	50.0
St. Louis	170	48	28.2
Scott	13	7	53.8
Sherburne	7	3	42.9
Sibley	3	3	100.0
Stearns	45	12	26.7
Steele	6	6	100.0
Stevens	4	1	25.0
Swift	4	1	25.0
Todd	8	1	12.5
Traverse	2	1	50.0
Wabasha	6	1	16.7
Wadena	6	2	33.3
Waseca	7	3	42.9
Washington	17	2	11.8
Watonwan	4	2	50.0
Wilkin	4	1	25.0
Winona	0	NA	NA
Wright	29	7	24.1
Yellow Medicine	4	1	25.0
Southwest HHS	33	14	42.4
Des Moines Valley HHS	13	6	46.2
Faribault-Martin	16	11	68.8
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	48	21	43.8
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	61	18	29.5
Total	1,710	573	33.5

State Performance Measure: Timeliness to Initial Contact with Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports

Percentage of face-to-face contacts with children who were subjects of maltreatment reports within required time frames. Note that numbers of children do not match those in Section I of this report, as a different methodology is used for determining the population in order to more accurately count children who should be contacted and in what time frame.

County/Tribe	Family Assessment		Family Investigation— no substantial child endangerment alleged		Family Investigation— substantial child endangerment alleged	
	Total child subjects	Percent with contact within 120 hours	Total child subjects	Percent with contact within 120 hours	Total child subjects	Percent with contact within 24 hours
Aitkin	100	50.0	7	71.4	4	100.0
Anoka	635	83.3	66	74.2	224	71.0
Becker	192	65.1	117	77.8	52	96.2
Beltrami	149	75.2	35	65.7	103	57.3
Benton	82	74.4	31	96.8	24	83.3
Big Stone	12	91.7	0	NA	3	100.0
Blue Earth	161	72.7	11	81.8	32	87.5
Brown	174	90.8	5	100.0	21	95.2
Carlton	164	97.0	24	62.5	8	37.5
Carver	267	83.9	25	84.0	25	80.0
Cass	140	76.4	2	100.0	13	100.0
Chippewa	42	100.0	0	NA	4	100.0
Chisago	106	78.3	10	100.0	38	84.2
Clay	275	76.0	33	75.8	63	54.0
Clearwater	134	84.3	0	NA	48	54.2
Cook	36	77.8	1	100.0	0	NA
Crow Wing	209	90.9	4	100.0	24	91.7
Dakota	1,040	88.0	259	85.3	219	72.6
Dodge	122	77.9	1	100.0	15	73.3
Douglas	171	71.9	56	87.5	37	62.2
Fillmore	64	89.1	0	NA	5	100.0
Freeborn	133	85.0	8	100.0	23	82.6
Goodhue	118	83.1	9	100.0	18	55.6
Grant	48	95.8	7	100.0	12	83.3
Hennepin	5,290	52.8	522	80.3	945	57.2
Houston	41	53.7	0	NA	5	80.0
Hubbard	145	85.5	0	NA	0	NA
Isanti	186	77.4	1	100.0	46	82.6
Itasca	243	76.5	1	100.0	51	47.1
Kanabec	51	80.4	0	NA	7	57.1
Kandiyohi	176	87.5	69	88.4	97	71.1
Kittson	4	75.0	0	NA	1	0.0
Koochiching	61	85.2	0	NA	0	NA
Lac qui Parle	55	81.8	1	100.0	0	NA
Lake	59	79.7	1	100.0	4	100.0
Lake of the Woods	19	100.0	1	100.0	1	100.0
Le Sueur	49	100.0	0	NA	18	100.0
McLeod	217	91.2	14	100.0	24	87.5
Mahnomen	12	58.3	0	NA	0	NA
Marshall	41	100.0	0	NA	11	81.8
Meeker	26	92.3	0	NA	7	42.9
Mille Lacs	137	93.4	73	87.7	119	84.9

State Performance Measure: Timeliness to Initial Contact with Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports (*continued*)

County/Tribe	Family Assessment		Family Investigation– no substantial child endangerment alleged		Family Investigation– substantial child endangerment alleged	
	Total child subjects	Percent with contact within 120 hours	Total child subjects	Percent with contact within 120 hours	Total child subjects	Percent with contact within 24 hours
Morrison	105	92.4	0	NA	32	87.5
Mower	217	68.2	3	100.0	18	66.7
Nicollet	66	100.0	2	100.0	10	100.0
Nobles	95	80.0	3	100.0	17	82.4
Norman	43	74.4	3	100.0	12	83.3
Olmsted	635	90.7	0	NA	74	89.2
Otter Tail	218	74.8	28	82.1	52	71.2
Pennington	27	37.0	1	100.0	10	90.0
Pine	173	41.6	27	55.6	41	65.9
Polk	285	96.1	9	88.9	58	94.8
Pope	97	87.6	1	100.0	9	88.9
Ramsey	1,297	90.7	356	97.2	212	94.3
Red Lake	2	100.0	0	NA	0	NA
Renville	64	64.1	9	66.7	19	21.1
Rice	227	84.6	11	100.0	11	72.7
Roseau	46	82.6	181	75.7	6	83.3
St. Louis	1,209	64.3	9	100.0	400	68.3
Scott	523	82.0	72	95.8	122	82.8
Sherburne	174	90.2	11	100.0	56	83.9
Sibley	69	78.3	57	84.2	13	84.6
Stearns	422	64.2	20	75.0	173	37.0
Steele	143	78.3	3	66.7	10	70.0
Stevens	26	76.9	7	71.4	3	66.7
Swift	56	85.7	7	100.0	6	100.0
Todd	118	59.3	2	100.0	4	50.0
Traverse	43	81.4	0	NA	2	100.0
Wabasha	72	73.6	3	100.0	4	75.0
Wadena	175	76.0	16	87.5	17	70.6
Waseca	31	96.8	28	92.9	15	93.3
Washington	386	93.0	1	100.0	160	92.5
Watonwan	38	68.4	0	NA	10	100.0
Wilkin	15	73.3	10	100.0	0	NA
Winona	355	93.5	21	85.7	27	81.5
Wright	283	80.9	1	100.0	120	57.5
Yellow Medicine	87	90.8	8	62.5	8	87.5
Southwest HHS	353	75.4	2	100.0	19	89.5
Des Moines Valley HHS	66	75.8	44	93.2	14	64.3
Faribault-Martin	179	74.9	4	50.0	49	71.4
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	200	56.0	0	NA	6	50.0
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	183	54.1	0	NA	0	NA
Total	20,189	73.2	2,354	84.9	4,170	70.2

State Performance Measure: Current Physical Exams for Children in Out-of-home Care

What percentage of children in out-of-home care for 30 or more days during a calendar year received either a medical exam or a comprehensive child and teen checkup, during that calendar year or the prior year?

County/Tribe	Children in placement 30 days or longer	Children who had a current physical exam	Physical Exam Rate
Aitkin	44	36	81.8
Anoka	339	147	43.4
Becker	160	136	85.0
Beltrami	537	149	27.7
Benton	74	69	93.2
Big Stone	15	14	93.3
Blue Earth	116	71	61.2
Brown	32	29	90.6
Carlton	105	85	81.0
Carver	102	76	74.5
Cass	61	38	62.3
Chippewa	5	5	100.0
Chisago	66	56	84.8
Clay	137	105	76.6
Clearwater	33	17	51.5
Cook	13	7	53.8
Cottonwood	0	NA	NA
Crow Wing	163	106	65.0
Dakota	220	160	72.7
Dodge	34	14	41.2
Douglas	45	35	77.8
Fillmore	20	17	85.0
Freeborn	69	62	89.9
Goodhue	57	42	73.7
Grant	17	14	82.4
Hennepin	1,927	1,416	73.5
Houston	22	13	59.1
Hubbard	70	51	72.9
Isanti	71	57	80.3
Itasca	144	93	64.6
Jackson	0	NA	NA
Kanabec	29	21	72.4
Kandiyohi	93	66	71.0
Kittson	20	20	100.0
Koochiching	39	30	76.9
Lac qui Parle	17	17	100.0
Lake	21	18	85.7
Lake of the Woods	4	4	100.0
Le Sueur	23	18	78.3
McLeod	67	60	89.6
Mahnomen	14	7	50.0
Marshall	18	14	77.8
Meeker	50	40	80.0
Mille Lacs	68	41	60.3

State Performance Measure: Current Physical Exams for Children in Out-of-home Care (continued)

County/Tribe	Children in placement 30 days or longer	Children who had a current physical exam	Physical Exam Rate
Morrison	61	49	80.3
Mower	73	65	89.0
Nicollet	47	38	80.9
Nobles	50	30	60.0
Norman	15	11	73.3
Olmsted	197	147	74.6
Otter Tail	56	47	83.9
Pennington	50	25	50.0
Pine	97	64	66.0
Pipestone	0	NA	NA
Polk	88	68	77.3
Pope	24	19	79.2
Ramsey	1,240	1,026	82.7
Red Lake	4	1	25.0
Redwood	0	NA	NA
Renville	36	30	83.3
Rice	77	56	72.7
Rock	0	NA	NA
Roseau	12	9	75.0
St. Louis	810	470	58.0
Scott	65	51	78.5
Sherburne	73	61	83.6
Sibley	15	10	66.7
Stearns	311	267	85.9
Steele	45	39	86.7
Stevens	10	8	80.0
Swift	31	29	93.5
Todd	64	25	39.1
Traverse	9	6	66.7
Wabasha	43	35	81.4
Wadena	23	20	87.0
Waseca	43	39	90.7
Washington	162	124	76.5
Watonwan	23	16	69.6
Wilkin	8	2	25.0
Winona	44	23	52.3
Wright	161	95	59.0
Yellow Medicine	29	25	86.2
Southwest HHS	182	140	76.9
Des Moines Valley HHS	67	58	86.6
Faribault-Martin	128	110	85.9
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	177	132	74.6
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	251	150	59.8
Total	10,062	7,096	70.5

State Performance Measure: Children's Mental Health Screenings

What percentage of children ages three months through 17 years who were in out-of-home care for 30 days or longer, or who were receiving in-home child welfare/child protection case management services, received a required mental health screening?

County or Tribe	Children who required a mental health screening	Children who received a mental health screening	Percent who received a mental health screening
Aitkin	47	25	53.2
Anoka	265	155	58.5
Becker	181	60	33.1
Beltrami	159	40	25.2
Benton	73	52	71.2
Big Stone	15	9	60.0
Blue Earth	90	19	21.1
Brown	13	8	61.5
Carlton	24	17	70.8
Carver	51	47	92.2
Cass	44	11	25.0
Chippewa	40	40	100.0
Chisago	32	10	31.3
Clay	109	30	27.5
Clearwater	26	8	30.8
Cook	16	3	18.8
Cottonwood	0	NA	NA
Crow Wing	96	31	32.3
Dakota	179	131	73.2
Dodge	34	24	70.6
Douglas	69	34	49.3
Fillmore	23	10	43.5
Freeborn	30	29	96.7
Goodhue	55	26	47.3
Grant	16	3	18.8
Hennepin	2,000	1,180	59.0
Houston	14	1	7.1
Hubbard	67	13	19.4
Isanti	93	58	62.4
Itasca	65	36	55.4
Jackson	0	NA	NA
Kanabec	12	4	33.3
Kandiyohi	127	92	72.4
Kittson	6	2	33.3
Koochiching	9	0	0.0
Lac qui Parle	30	27	90.0
Lake	16	3	18.8
Lake of the Woods	6	4	66.7
Le Sueur	23	16	69.6
McLeod	90	64	71.1
Mahnomen	13	0	0.0
Marshall	9	8	88.9
Meeker	16	12	75.0
Mille Lacs	85	29	34.1

**State Performance Measure: Children's Mental Health Screenings
(continued)**

County or Tribe	Children who required a mental health screening	Children who received a mental health screening	Percent who received a mental health screening
Morrison	76	64	84.2
Mower	36	34	94.4
Nicollet	37	34	91.9
Nobles	42	12	28.6
Norman	30	21	70.0
Olmsted	243	197	81.1
Otter Tail	89	43	48.3
Pennington	23	2	8.7
Pine	65	26	40.0
Pipestone	0	NA	NA
Polk	83	67	80.7
Pope	39	19	48.7
Ramsey	450	242	53.8
Red Lake	17	3	17.6
Redwood	0	NA	NA
Renville	17	17	100.0
Rice	53	31	58.5
Rock	0	NA	NA
Roseau	35	15	42.9
St. Louis	309	150	48.5
Scott	104	70	67.3
Sherburne	56	46	82.1
Sibley	27	7	25.9
Stearns	191	47	24.6
Steele	94	65	69.1
Stevens	22	5	22.7
Swift	17	15	88.2
Todd	31	10	32.3
Traverse	19	2	10.5
Wabasha	52	20	38.5
Wadena	26	18	69.2
Waseca	38	32	84.2
Washington	97	57	58.8
Watonwan	10	0	0.0
Wilkin	0	NA	NA
Winona	35	14	40.0
Wright	87	26	29.9
Yellow Medicine	59	45	76.3
Southwest HHS	141	50	35.5
Des Moines Valley HHS	51	31	60.8
Faribault-Martin	107	58	54.2
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	77	11	14.3
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	129	57	44.2
Total	7,489	4,034	53.9

State Performance Measure: Time to a Transfer of Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative

Of children discharged to a transfer of legal and physical custody to a relative, percent discharged within 12 months.

County or Tribe	Total children transferred in 2013	Children transferred within 12 months	Percent discharged within 12 months
Aitkin	8	7	87.5
Anoka	20	12	60.0
Becker	20	16	80.0
Beltrami	36	16	44.4
Benton	4	1	25.0
Big Stone	0	NA	NA
Blue Earth	3	3	100.0
Brown	2	2	100.0
Carlton	16	7	43.8
Carver	7	6	85.7
Cass	8	7	87.5
Chippewa	0	NA	NA
Chisago	2	2	100.0
Clay	1	0	0.0
Clearwater	4	4	100.0
Cook	0	NA	NA
Crow Wing	7	4	57.1
Dakota	23	23	100.0
Dodge	0	NA	NA
Douglas	3	0	0.0
Fillmore	0	NA	NA
Freeborn	3	3	100.0
Goodhue	4	2	50.0
Grant	1	1	100.0
Hennepin	99	59	59.6
Houston	0	NA	NA
Hubbard	7	6	85.7
Isanti	6	6	100.0
Itasca	11	11	100.0
Kanabec	1	1	100.0
Kandiyohi	1	1	100.0
Kittson	0	NA	NA
Koochiching	3	3	100.0
Lac qui Parle	0	NA	NA
Lake	6	1	16.7
Lake of the Woods	0	0	0.0
Le Sueur	0	NA	NA
McLeod	1	1	100.0
Mahnomen	0	NA	NA
Marshall	0	NA	NA
Meeker	2	2	100.0
Mille Lacs	0	NA	NA

State Performance Measure: Time to a Transfer of Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative (continued)

County or Tribe	Total children transferred in 2013	Children transferred within 12 months	Percent discharged within 12 months
Morrison	2	1	50.0
Mower	1	1	100.0
Nicollet	1	0	0.0
Nobles	6	4	66.7
Norman	0	NA	NA
Olmsted	2	0	0.0
Otter Tail	6	3	50.0
Pennington	0	NA	NA
Pine	4	3	75.0
Polk	0	NA	NA
Pope	1	0	0.0
Ramsey	23	14	60.9
Red Lake	0	NA	NA
Renville	0	NA	NA
Rice	3	3	100.0
Roseau	0	NA	NA
St. Louis	55	29	52.7
Scott	9	8	88.9
Sherburne	0	NA	NA
Sibley	0	NA	NA
Stearns	6	5	83.3
Steele	3	3	100.0
Stevens	0	NA	NA
Swift	5	2	40.0
Todd	0	NA	NA
Traverse	0	NA	NA
Wabasha	2	2	100.0
Wadena	10	9	90.0
Waseca	2	0	0.0
Washington	11	7	63.6
Watonwan	0	NA	NA
Wilkin	0	NA	NA
Winona	0	NA	NA
Wright	1	0	0.0
Yellow Medicine	0	NA	NA
Southwest HHS	5	0	0.0
Des Moines Valley HHS	5	3	60.0
Faribault-Martin	10	8	80.0
Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe	15	7	46.7
White Earth Band of Ojibwe	12	8	66.7
Total	509	327	64.2



Minnesota Department of **Human Services**