2012

Fire in Minnesota Annual Report



MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY



STATE FIRE MARSHAL DIVISION

Jerry Rosendahl

State Fire Marshal



MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY



Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement

Bureau of Criminal Apprehension

Driver and Vehicle Services

Emergency Communication Networks

Homeland Security and Emergency Management

> Minnesota State Patrol

Office of Communications

Office of Justice Programs

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State Fire Marshal

Office of the Commissioner

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Governor Dayton:

The State Fire Marshal Division of the Department of Public Safety is pleased to present for your review this 24th edition of our annual report, *Fire in Minnesota 2012*. The data contained here allow us to analyze fire causes and determine, based on our findings, the best methods of public education and code enforcement to improve fire-and-life safety in our state.

2012 was the fourth year in which Minnesota fire departments were able to report fire data online using software purchased by the State Fire Marshal Division in 2008. The online reporting system has been well received by fire departments. In 2012, 99 percent of Minnesota fire departments reported, with 100 percent of departments in 81 counties providing data.

Here are a few significant highlights from Fire in Minnesota 2012:

- One fire was reported, on average, every 32 minutes.
- In an average 24-hour period, three arson fires were reported.
- Dollar-loss to fires averaged \$556 per minute around the clock.
- 68 "sprinkler saves," where automatic fire sprinkler systems extinguished structure fires, minimized property loss and potentially saved lives.
- Unattended cooking remained the primary cause of structure fires at 46 percent, with heating and open flames in second and third place. This remains consistent with previous years' statistics.
- Fires in houses, apartments and other residences continue to be most common; ironically, the places where people feel safest are the most likely sites of fire loss and deaths.
- 50 people died in Minnesota fires in 2012; that's a decrease of 11 percent from 2011 and exactly 50 deaths too many. In 28 percent of these incidents, smoke alarms were either not present or not working.
- 2012 was the year of the Verso Paper Mill fire in Sartell, located just north of St. Cloud. That devastating fire took one life, injured five people, took eight days to extinguish, and eliminated the jobs of about 260 people in a town of 16,000.

The Department of Public Safety remains committed to fighting fires with facts, and by doing so, protecting Minnesotans' lives and property. It is to that end that this report is compiled annually by the dedicated members of the State Fire Marshal Division.

Respectfully,

Ramona L Dohman

Ramona Dohman, Commissioner

Minnesota Department of Public Safety

STATE FIRE MARSHAL DIVISION MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the State Fire Marshal Division is to protect lives and property by fostering a fire-safe environment through investigation, enforcement, regulation, data collection and public education.

From the desk of State Fire Marshal Jerry Rosendahl

Welcome to our 24th annual report on fire in Minnesota. Thanks to the 777 fire departments that responded to our request for data in 2012 (a new record-high 99% participation), we were able to analyze nearly 250,000 incidents for this report. The seven departments that didn't report in 2012 are listed on page 53. We hope to bring them online in 2013 and achieve 100% participation.



This annual report is used by local fire departments to compare their incident data with that of other departments. The media uses the online version when they need statistics for news reports. The State Legislature consults this report when they review potential or existing laws, and our State Fire Marshal Division staff uses it to design programs that help citizens and firefighters.

In 2012, numbers of fires increased by 12% and non-fire responses went up 3% over 2011. Dollar loss from fires increased 92% to nearly \$300 million, in part because of the Verso Paper Mill fire in Sartell. Our 1,328 arson fires accounted for \$11 million of that — an 18% increase over 2011. And the leading cause of structure fires was (once again) unattended cooking, which remains a problem despite the emphasis it receives in our fire prevention efforts. We do know that smoke alarms and sprinkler systems save lives, and you'll find in this report highlights on smoke alarm performance and the year's 68 documented sprinkler saves.

While we're happy to report no firefighter LOD deaths in 2012, there were 50 civilian fatalities last year — an 11% decrease from 2011. Over 70% of these deaths took place in residential occupancies; 28 of the victims were over 60 years of age. Careless smoking was (once again) the leading cause of fire deaths. Any life lost to fire is one too many, but Minnesota does have the 10th-lowest per-capita number of fire deaths in the United States. We need to work harder to get that number down to the lowest in the nation.

This is the tenth and final *Fire in Minnesota* report to be issued during my service as Minnesota State Fire Marshal. In 2003, the year I was appointed, 715 fire departments reported a total of 180,000 fire incidents. There were 46 civilian fire deaths that year, 78% of them occurring in residential occupancies. Cooking was the leading cause of structure fires and careless smoking caused the majority of fire deaths. As you can see, some things have changed and others have not. You'll find more historical trends on the State Fire Marshal website in *Fire in Minnesota* reports from 1998 through 2012.

The fight against fire is everybody's fight. Thanks for everything you do as a firefighter, a government official or a private citizen to prevent the next fire from happening.

Jerry Rosendahl

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Minnesota State Fire Marshal

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PAR'	TICIPATION
	Fire Department Total Participation

If you would like a copy of this document in an alternate format, please contact Pat Bell at 651-201-7203.

2012 FIRE STATISTICS



4,857 RESIDENTIAL

(Single family dwellings, apartments, mobile homes, hotels, motels)



496 PUBLIC AND MERCANTILE

(Stores, restaurants, institutions, churches, public facilities, education)



1,076 INDUSTRIAL, MANUFACTURING, AND OTHER BUILDINGS

(Basic industry, manufacturing, storage, residential garages, vacant buildings, unknown)



2,609 MOBILE PROPERTY

(Automobiles, trucks, trains, buses, boats)



7,543 OUTSIDE AND OTHER

(Dumpsters, trash, wildland, grass, trees)

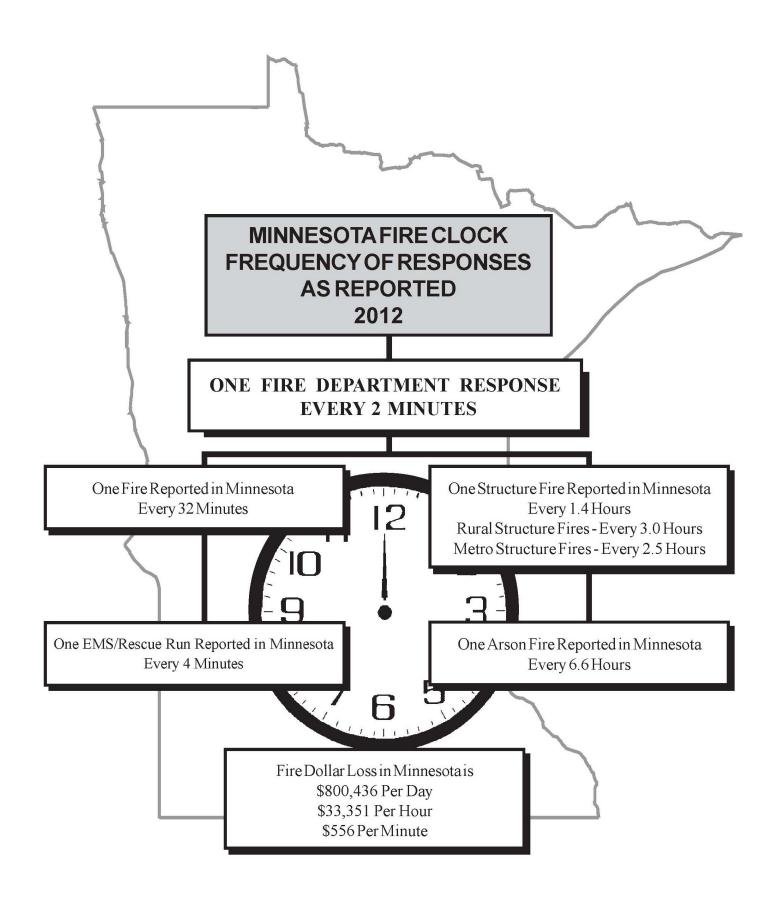
16,581 TOTAL FIRES

\$292,159,086 TOTAL DOLLAR LOSS

TOTAL IMPACT



Photo by Mark Germain



These figures represent the collective incidents reported by 777 of Minnesota's 785 fire departments.

99% of the state's fire departments reported through the MFIRS program.

OVERALL STATE TOTALS

In 2012, 777 of the state's 785 fire departments (99% of all Minnesota's fire departments) reported through the Minnesota Fire Incident Reporting System (MFIRS) which collects information on fire incidents and related activities. See the section titled "Participation," page for a breakdown of reporting and non-reporting departments.

2012 REF	PORTED FIRI	E DEPAR	RTMENT RES	PONSES	
Incidents Reported	Seven County Metro Area	% State Total	Balance of State	% State Total	State Total
Structure Fires Vehicle Fires Other Fires	3,528 1,195 2,697	55% 46% 36%	2,901 1,414 <u>4,846</u>	45% 54% 64%	6,429 2,609 7,543
TOTAL FIRES	7,420	45%	9,161	55%	16,581
RESCUE/EMS CALLS	99,221	67%	47,823	33%	147,044
FALSE CALLS MUTUAL AID GIVEN OTHER INCIDENTS	17,368 2,439 33,808	70% 40% 68%	7,259 3,589 16,634	30% 60% 32%	24,627 6,028 50,442
TOTAL CALLS	160,256	65%	84,466	35%	244,722
Estimated Dollar Loss Due to Fire	\$94,063,337	32%	\$198,095,749	68%	\$292,159,086

The total number of fire incidents reported by participating Minnesota fire departments in 2012 was 16,581, which represents a 12% increase from 2011. The number of responses by the fire service increased by 3% in 2012 to \$244,722.

Total dollar loss increased by over \$140 million from 2011.

Total dollar loss increased by over 140 million (92%) from 2011. The types of calls that increased in 2012 were other fires, rescue/EMS calls, and mutual aid calls.

FIVE-Y	EAR OV		INCIDI 08-2012	ENT CO	MPARIS	ONS	
						11/12 Change	11/12 % Change
FIRES	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>+ (-)</u>	<u>+ (-)</u>
Structure Vehicle Other Fires	7,106 2,832 <u>5,028</u>	6,580 2,676 <u>6,191</u>	6,332 2,884 <u>5,345</u>	6,530 2,708 <u>5,576</u>	6,429 2,609 <u>7,543</u>	(101) (99) <u>1,967</u>	(2%) (4%) <u>35%</u>
TOTAL FIRES	14,966	15,447	14,561	14,814	16,581	1,767	12%
OVERPRESSURE RUPTURES	631	541	491	457	435	(22)	(5%)
RESCUE/EMS CALLS	125,238	124,511	130,798	138,635	147,044	8,409	6%
HAZARDOUS CONDITION CALLS	11,227	10,143	12,925	11,653	10,918	(735)	(6%)
SERVICE CALLS	13,434	13,793	14,786	15,216	14,422	(794)	(5%)
GOOD INTENT CALLS	20,225	20,793	21,872	22,703	22,552	(151)	(1%)
FALSE CALLS Malicious Other False	1,666 23,960	1,437 23,077	1,017 24,775	1,385 24,614	1,366 23,261	(19) (1,353)	(1%) (5%)
TOTAL FALSE CALLS	25,626	24,514	25,792	25,999	24,627	(1,372)	(5%)
MUTUAL AID GIVEN	5,986	6,370	5,873	5,204	6,028	824	16%
ALL OTHER	1,198	832	1,952	2,518	2,115	(403)	(16%)
TOTAL CALLS	218,531	216,944	229,050	237,199	244,722	7,523	3%
TOTAL DOLLAR LOSS	\$216.4M	\$208.7M	\$152.2M	\$152.0M	\$292.2M	\$140.2	92%

For each of the last five years, residential structure fires have occurred at the rate of one for every 1,061 Minnesotans.

STRUCTURE FIRES BY PROPERTY TYPE

Structure fires continue to occur most frequently in residential property, including houses, apartments, boarding houses, dorms, hotels/motels, etc. In each of the last five years, an average of 5,009 fires have occurred in residential structures. These figures indicate that each year, one residential structure fire occurs for every 1,061 Minnesota residents.

Structure Fires by Property Type 2008-2012					% Increase	
	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	(Decrease) 2011-2012
Residential	5,330	4,994	4,825	5,039	4,857	(4%)
Educational/ Institutional	193	175	167	185	147	(21%)
Public Assembly/ Commercial	418	387	336	301	349	16%
Industrial/ Manufacturing	288	217	234	220	231	5%
Storage	670	572	554	553	556	(1%)
Special/Other	168	195	162	173	228	32%
Unclassified	39	40	54	59	61	3%
TOTAL	7,106	6,580	6,332	6,530	6,429	(2%)

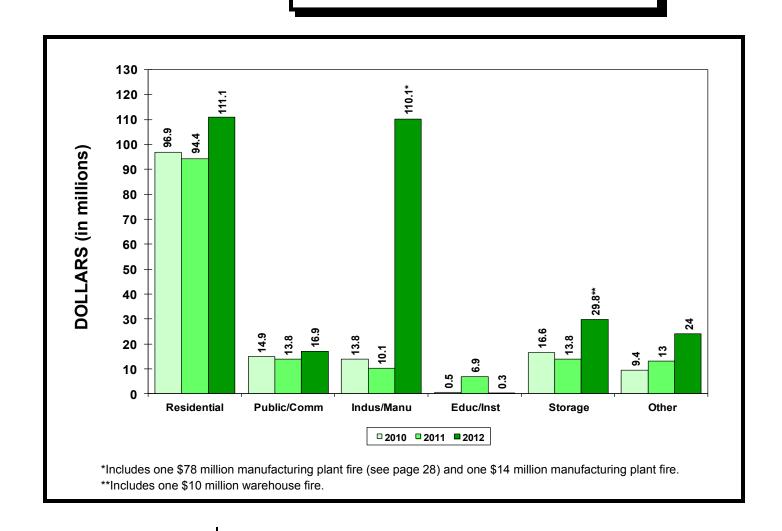
2012 RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURE FIRES

Type of Residence	No. of Fires	Dollar Loss	Civilian Injuries	Civilian Deaths
One-Two Family Dwelling	2,874	\$82,678,743	87	23
Multi-Family Dwelling	1,764	\$21,790,847	52	4
Dormitory/Sorority/Fraternity	35	\$14,150	0	0
Hotel/Motel	24	\$1,033,500	1	2
Residential Board & Care	35	\$513,300	4	0
Boarding/Rooming House	22	\$193,101	0	0
Barracks/Dormitory	14	\$5,020	0	0
Residential, Other	89	\$1,936,144	2	0

Average dollar loss per structure fire was over \$41,000.

OVERALL STATEWIDE DOLLAR LOSS

Dollar Loss By Property Type



Residential fires accounted for 38% of total dollar loss and represented 76% of all structure fires in 2012. The 2012 dollar loss in residential property increased by \$16.7 million from 2011 while total dollar loss increased over 92%. Residential fires accounted for 76% of all structure fires and 38% of total dollar loss.

The average dollar loss per structure fire in 2012 was over \$41,000 per incident. The average dollar loss per residential structure fire was almost \$23,000 per incident.

SPRINKLER SAVES

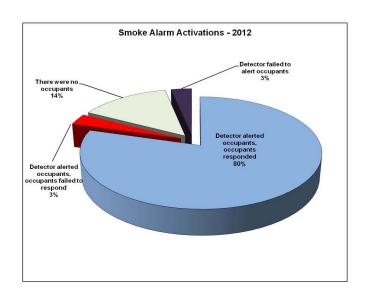
In 2012, there were 68 sprinkler "saves" in Minnesota. This means that every month in Minnesota, there were five-to-six fires extinguished by automatic fire sprinkler systems. These sprinkler activations saved 68 buildings from devastation by fire, minimized property loss, greatly reduced business interruption, and potentially saved lives.

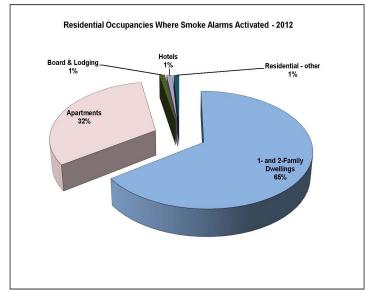
Incident Date	<u>Time</u>	<u>City</u>	Property Use
1/1/2012	9:02 a.m.	MAPLE GROVE	Manufacturing, processing
1/2/2012	11:44 p.m.	MINNETONKA	Laboratory or science laboratory
1/27/2012	12:19 p.m.	NEW BRIGHTON	Manufacturing, processing
1/31/2012	6:05 p.m.	OWATONNA	Multifamily dwelling
2/7/2012	6:45 p.m.	DULUTH	Assembly, other
2/10/2012	10:47 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	Multifamily dwelling
2/14/2012	9:38 p.m.	LITCHFIELD	Manufacturing, processing
2/22/2012	4:32 p.m.	APPLE VALLEY	Multifamily dwelling
2/22/2012	6:20 p.m.	ARDEN HILLS	Mercantile, business, other
2/29/2012	7:28 p.m.	MINNETONKA	Multifamily dwelling
3/1/2012	3:39 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	Hospital - medical or psychiatric
3/5/2012	9:25 p.m.	BLOOMINGTON	Restaurant or cafeteria
3/28/2012	10:00 p.m.	DULUTH	Manufacturing, processing
4/1/2012	2:31 a.m.	DULUTH	Multifamily dwelling
4/12/2012	4:10 p.m.	DULUTH	Multifamily dwelling
4/15/2012	8:46 a.m.	RED WING	Manufacturing, processing
4/19/2012	3:26 p.m.	ROCHESTER	Multifamily dwelling
4/27/2012	9:50 a.m.	FAIRMONT	Schools, non-adult, other
4/29/2012	10:53 p.m.	ST. CLOUD	Residential board and care
5/3/2012	7:49 p.m.	EAGAN	Manufacturing, processing
5/4/2012	12:40 a.m.	ST. LOUIS PARK	Multifamily dwelling
5/9/2012	6:24 p.m.	MAPLE GROVE	Restaurant or cafeteria
5/11/2012	2:38 a.m.	MAPLE GROVE	Restaurant or cafeteria
5/18/2012	3:47 p.m.	FRIDLEY	Multifamily dwelling
5/28/2012	3:38 a.m.	ISANTI	Church, mosque, synagogue, temple, chapel
5/30/2012	8:36 p.m.	ST. CLOUD	Manufacturing, processing
6/5/2012	5:06 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	Multifamily dwelling
6/9/2012	3:55 a.m.	MAHNOMEN	Multifamily dwelling
6/29/2012	5:17 p.m.	SOLWAY	Manufacturing, processing
7/8/2012	1:08 p.m.	CHASKA	Warehouse
7/9/2012	3:15 a.m.	BROOKLYN PARK	Residential board and care
7/10/2012	3:50 a.m.	MENDOTA HEIGHTS	General retail, other
7/13/2012	5:19 p.m.	ST. PAUL	Multifamily dwelling
7/15/2012	12:16 p.m.	ST. CLOUD	Hotel/motel, commercial
7/30/2012	1:03 a.m.	SHOREVIEW	Eating, drinking places, other
8/10/2012	1:27 a.m.	WHITE BEAR LAKE	1- and 2-family dwelling
8/12/2012	12:34 a.m.	SOUTH ST. PAUL	Manufacturing, processing
8/17/2012	5:42 p.m.	BLOOMINGTON	Day care, in commercial property
8/18/2012	11:31 a.m.	FOLEY	Manufacturing, processing
8/25/2012	8:12 p.m.	ST. CLOUD	Laundry, dry cleaning
8/30/2012	1:01 a.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	Multifamily dwelling

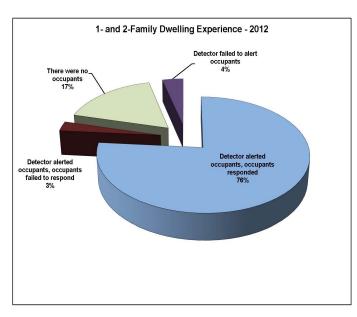
Sprinkler Saves, Cont.

Incident Date	<u>Time</u>	City	Property Use
9/1/2012	1:10 p.m.	WASECA	Manufacturing, processing
9/2/2012	5:26 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	Restaurant or cafeteria
9/3/2012	3:58 a.m.	BUFFALO LAKE	Manufacturing, processing
9/4/2012	1:39 p.m.	COON RAPIDS	Multifamily dwelling
9/4/2012	11:48 p.m.	MAPLE GROVE	Manufacturing, processing
9/10/2012	8:55 a.m.	BRAINERD	Manufacturing, processing
9/11/2012	9:58 p.m.	TWO HARBORS	Manufacturing, processing
9/24/2012	9:32 p.m.	MOORHEAD	Professional supplies, services
10/8/2012	1:50 p.m.	LONG LAKE	Laundry, dry cleaning
10/16/2012	11:51 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	Boarding/rooming house, residential hotels
10/17/2012	1:45 a.m.	ST. CLOUD	Multifamily dwelling
10/18/2012	12:15 a.m.	ST. PAUL	1- and 2-family dwelling
10/21/2012	12:02 p.m.	BURNSVILLE	General retail, other
10/26/2012	6:35 p.m.	NORTH ST. PAUL	Church, mosque, synagogue, temple, chapel
11/5/2012	4:37 a.m.	GOODVIEW	Manufacturing, processing
11/9/2012	3:07 a.m.	SHAKOPEE	Specialty shop
11/12/2012	10:47 a.m.	HALLOCK	Grain elevator, silo
11/21/2012	4:56 p.m.	HAM LAKE	Hotel/motel, commercial
11/29/2012	12:32 a.m.	WHITE BEAR LAKE	Multifamily dwelling
11/30/2012	8:33 p.m.	EDINA	Food and beverage sales, grocery store
12/6/2012	6:24 p.m.	ST. PAUL	1- and 2-family dwelling
12/10/2012	6:41 p.m.	EAGAN	Manufacturing, processing
12/12/2012	9:40 p.m.	BURNSVILLE	Multifamily dwelling
12/16/2012	4:44 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	Multifamily dwelling
12/19/2012	10:56 p.m.	NORWOOD YOUNG AMER.	Manufacturing, processing
12/22/2012	3:05 p.m.	MAPLE GROVE	Multifamily dwelling
12/25/2012	7:13 p.m.	APPLE VALLEY	Multifamily dwelling

SMOKE ALARM ACTIVATION







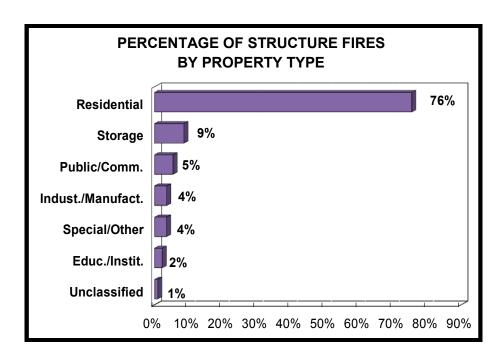
In the past 24 years, residential dollar loss totaled nearly \$1.9 billion dollars.

SUMMARY

A slight increase in reporting by Minnesota fire departments brought the total number reporting to 777 (99%) of 785 departments. Also, the total number of calls increased 3% from 2011. Dollar loss was over \$292 million.

Fires occurred most frequently in residential-type properties. Residential fires occurred in significantly higher percentages than fires in the next most reported property type—storage facilities.

Residential fires accounted for 76% of all structure fires, 38% of total dollar loss, and 72% of all structure fire deaths. These statistics continue to identify the home as the most dangerous place to be.



72% of structure-fire deaths occurred in residential properties.

In the last 24 years, nearly **\$3.9 billion** in property was destroyed by fire; 48%, or nearly **\$1.9 billion**, occurred in residential property.

Active participation by all citizens in fire prevention is the only way to stop the loss of life and property from fire. A practical example of fire prevention efforts by civic groups and fire departments is implementation of programs to distribute and maintain smoke alarms among at-risk populations. Such efforts can result in saved lives and reduced property loss. Encouraging fire sprinkler installation in homes and public buildings is another way of helping people protect themselves from the dangers of fire. The fire community has the responsibility to lead in fire prevention, as well as response.

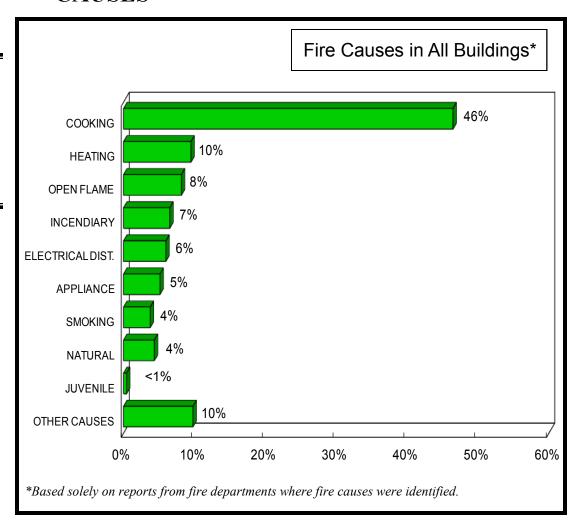
CAUSES



Photo by Becki White

CAUSES

Cooking continues to be the leading cause of all structure fires with known causes. Heating and open flame were the second and third leading causes.



Cooking was the cause in 45% of residential fires.

When fire causes in all types of buildings are compared, cooking continues to be the top cause, with heating and open flame as the second and third leading cause. Cooking remains the leading cause, mainly due to contained cooking fires. The open flame category includes matches, candles, cigarette lighters, charcoal lighters, and flares.

Fires in residential property represented 76% of all structure fires and 38% of the total dollar loss. 58% of incendiary fires occurred in residential properties, causing \$5.52 million in property loss.

Contained cooking fires are fires involving the contents of a cooking vessel without fire extension beyond the vessel.

62% of all heating fires in residential properties occurred in the fireplace/chimney area.

A Closer Look at Major Fire Causes

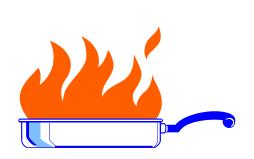
Cooking Fires

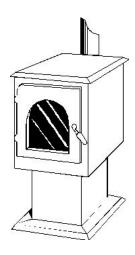
The leading cause of structure fires in 2012 continues to be cooking. 90% of those fires were contained cooking fires. The top three known factors in the remaining cooking fires were: unattended equipment at 29%, combustibles too close at 15%, and equipment turned on accidentally/not turned off at 13%. There was one cooking-related civilian fire death and 42 civilian injuries, as well as 12 firefighter injuries. Dollar loss from cooking fires in 2012 totaled \$6,159,879.

Heating Fires

The majority of 2012 heating-related fires (372) occurred in residential properties. These fires increased 9% from last year (342 fires in 2011) and dollar loss increased by over 200%.

HEATING FIRES	IN RESIDENT	ΓIAL PR	OPERTIES O	NLY
Equipment	No. of Fire <u>Incidents</u>	% of Total	Dollar Loss	% of <u>Total</u>
Fireplace/Chimney	229	62%	\$2,348,655	34%
Fixed Heating Units	57	15%	1,691,577	25%
Portable Heaters	25	7%	1,484,692	22%
Central Heating Units	40	11%	294,322	4%
Water Heaters	12	3%	231,350	3%
Other	9	2%	790,643	12%
Total	372	100%	\$6,841,239	100%





Agricultural property fires caused a total dollar loss of over \$5 million.

AGRICULTURAL PROPERTIES

Livestock Storage

TOTAL

Agricultural properties are defined as those structures or open pieces of land on which the production of raw agricultural products and farming occurs. Agricultural production and storage properties do not include processing facilities.

AND STORAGE					
Type of Facility	No. of Incidents	Dollar <u>Loss</u>			
Livestock Production	68	\$2,350,618			
Crop/Orchards	133	1,321,830			
Grain Elevators/Silos	13	218,100			

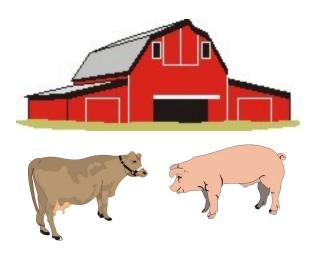
1,192,720

\$5,083,268

ACDICIII TIIDAI DDODIICTION

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247



The total reported dollar loss for fires in agricultural properties decreased to \$5.1 million, which is 24% less than 2011. There were at least 10 agricultural structure fires that resulted in total loss or extreme damage, yet no dollar loss was reported in each case. Reporting property and content loss for agricultural structure fires has improved, but all these types of fires need to have a dollar loss entered.

Areas of Origin by Occupancy Class

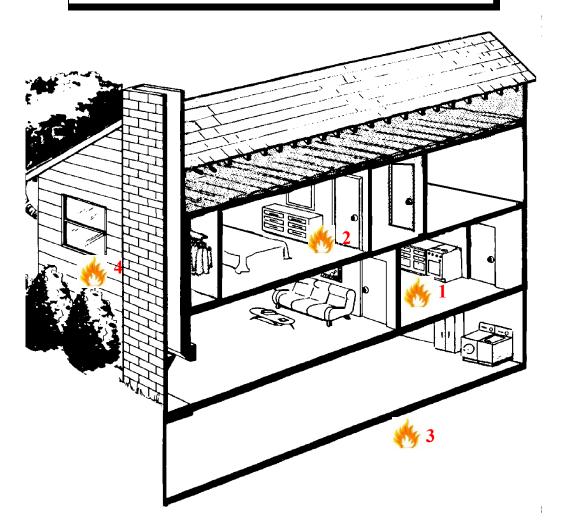
The following pages contain:

- Additional information on the most common areas of fire origin
- Data on each type of structure (to the extent reported)
- Illustrations showing types of rooms in which most fires originated

Statistically, the kitchen is the room in which residential fires are most likely to start. Kitchen fires had a variety of causes.

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY

(Single Family Dwellings, Apartments, Hotels)



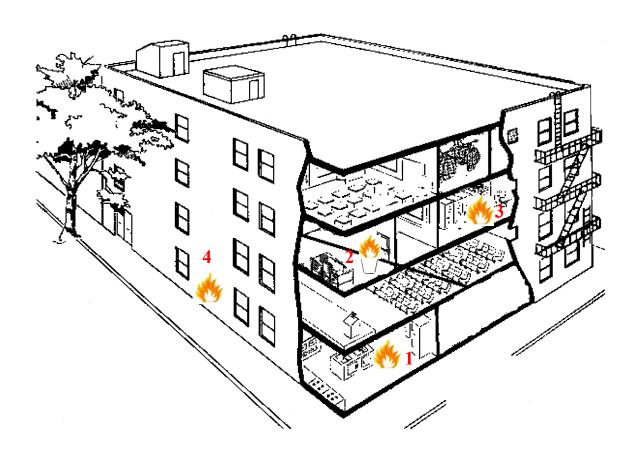
AREA OF FIRE ORIGIN

1.	Kitchen/Cooking Area ······48%
2.	Sleeping Area ······4%
3.	Exterior Balcony, Porch4%
4.	Exterior Wall ······3%
Ot	her Areas of Fire Origin41%

	No. of Incidents	Firefighter Injuries	Civilian Injuries	Firefighter Deaths	Civilian Deaths	Dollar Loss
	4,857	103	97	_	29	\$111,116,491
% of Total	76%*	32%	81%	_	58%	38%
*Percent of st	ructure fires					

EDUCATIONAL PROPERTY

(Colleges, Universities, Public/Private Schools)



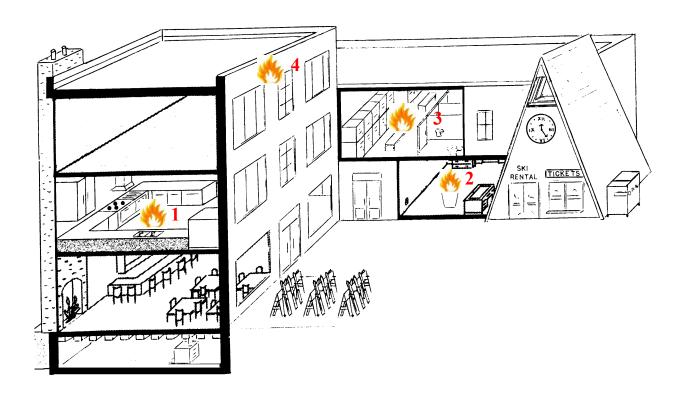
AREA OF FIRE ORIGIN

1.	Kitchen/Cooking Area ······ 55%
2.	Trash Chute/Container ····· 11%
3.	Lavatory/Locker Room ·····9%
4.	Exterior Wall ······4%
Ot	her Areas of Fire Origin21%

	No. of Incidents	Firefighter Injuries	Civilian Injuries	Firefighter Deaths	Civilian Deaths	Dollar Loss
	47	_	_	_	_	\$136,820
% of Total	1%*	_	_	_	_	<1%
*Percent of st	ructure fires					

PUBLIC ASSEMBLY PROPERTY

(Restaurants, Arenas, Churches, Theaters)



AREA OF FIRE ORIGIN

- Kitchen/Cooking Area ······· 45%
 Trash Chute/Container ····· 8%
 Laundry Room/Area ····· 6%
- 4. Exterior Wall 5%

Other Areas of Fire Origin 36%

	No. of Incidents	Firefighter Injuries	Civilian Injuries	Firefighter Deaths	Civilian Deaths	Dollar Loss
	173	10	2	_	_	\$3,463,430
% of Total	3%*	3%	2%	_	_	1%
*Percent of st	ructure fires					

STORE AND OFFICE PROPERTY

(Retail Shopping, Business Offices, Service Stations)



AREA OF FIRE ORIGIN

1.	Kitchen/Cooking Area ······ 18%
2.	Laundry Room/Area ·······6%
3.	Trash Chute/Container 5%
4.	Maintenance Shop/Area ······5%

Other Areas of Fire Origin66%

	No. of Incidents	Firefighter Injuries	Civilian Injuries	Firefighter Deaths	Civilian Deaths	Dollar Loss
	177	6	1	_	_	\$13,414,106
% of Total	3%*	2%	<1%	_	_	5%
*Percent of st	tructure fires					

Last year's Fire Prevention Week theme was "Have Two Ways Out," which means every fire escape plan should include two fire exits.

In order to focus our fire prevention efforts where the greatest need exists, complete reporting of causes/ignition factors in the MFIRS program is essential.

FIRE PREVENTION WEEK

Since 1925, the week containing October 9 has been designated Fire Prevention Week in the United States, in memory of the Great Chicago Fire of October 9, 1871.

Every year for more than 85 years, the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) has sent a special fire-prevention message to the people of the United States during Fire Prevention Week. The fire service is encouraged to implement the year's safety theme in communities across the nation. Historically, the NFPA makes promotional materials available to fire departments to use in this effort.

Last year's Fire Prevention Week theme was "Have Two Ways Out." We know that 76% of all fires happen in homes, and having a fire escape plan ahead of time will help everyone escape in an emergency. Having the plan is only half the battle; you need to make sure that your community members are updating and practicing their plans. They should be practicing at night to be sure everyone can hear smoke alarms and wake to them.

The State Fire Marshal urges fire service personnel to introduce and lead fire prevention efforts in their own communities. Further information about this annual prevention campaign can be found on the NFPA website at: www.nfpa.org

SUMMARY

In the year 2012, cooking, again, caused the largest percentage of structure fires (46%) with heating and open flame as the second and third leading causes.

Cooking, heating, and open flame together accounted for 64% of total structure fires with known causes. Fires in residential spaces represent 76% of all structure fires and 72% of fire deaths in structures. 81% of civilian injuries occurred in residential fires.

While careless smoking accounts for only 4% of structure fires, it nevertheless caused 20% of known fire fatalities and 34% of residential fire deaths.

In 2012, fire departments reported 10% of all structure fire causes as "other causes." Fire departments are strongly encouraged to provide the maximum available information on their MFIRS reports. Lack of information increases the number of incidents with "other" listed as cause. In order to focus our fire prevention efforts where the greatest need exists, complete reporting of causes/ignition factors in the MFIRS program is essential.

Minnesotans continue to be in the greatest danger from fire in their own homes. Fire prevention efforts in the areas of cooking and heating must continue to be a top priority for the fire service community.

INCENDIARY TRENDS

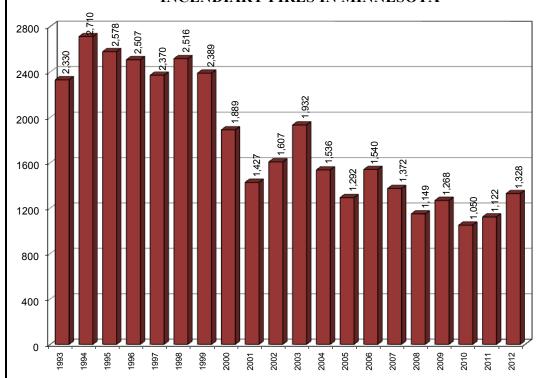


Photo by Jim Iammatteo

In 2012, the number of identified incendiary fires increased by 18%.

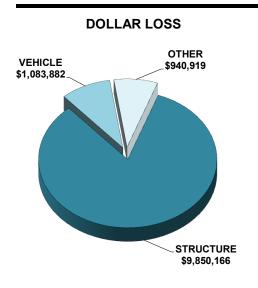
INCENDIARY TRENDS

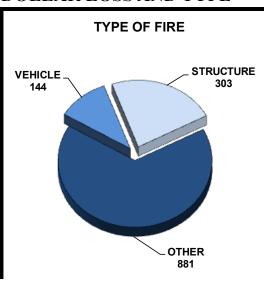
INCENDIARY FIRES IN MINNESOTA



There were 1,328 identified incendiary fires in 2012, an 18% increase from 2011. "Incendiary" refers to any intentionally set fire. An arson fire is an example of an incendiary fire, but not all incendiary fires are arson. It could also include recreational fires intentionally set, that get out of control. The value of property destroyed was estimated at nearly \$12 million, which is a 45% increase from last year. Both numbers are considerably lower than those in the 1990s.

INCENDIARY FIRES BY DOLLAR LOSS AND TYPE



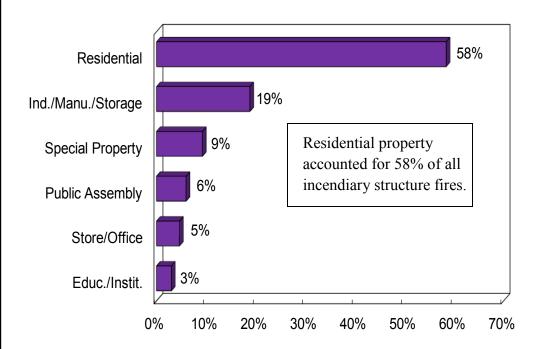


Incendiary dollar loss increased by 45% from 2011.

Incendiary Fire Dollar Loss (In Millions)

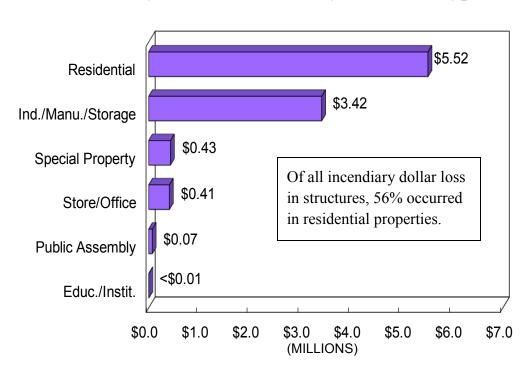
	Structure	<u>Vehicle</u>
1992	\$16.3	\$.5
1993	\$20.6	\$.8
1994	\$42.2	\$.8
1995	\$16.9	\$.9
1996	\$20.5	\$1.3
1997	\$13.8	\$.9
1998	\$11.1	\$1.3
1999	\$15.3	\$1.3
2000	\$8.1	\$1.1
2001	\$8.1	\$1.1
2002	\$12.9	\$1.4
2003	\$8.5	\$1.2
2004	\$10.2	\$1.0
2005	\$8.7	\$.8
2006	\$13.4	\$1.0
2007	\$13.5	\$1.1
2008	\$7.0	\$1.1
2009	\$5.3	\$.9
2010	\$6.5	\$.6
2011	\$7.5	\$.5
2012	\$9.9	\$1.1

Incendiary Fire Incidents By Structure Type

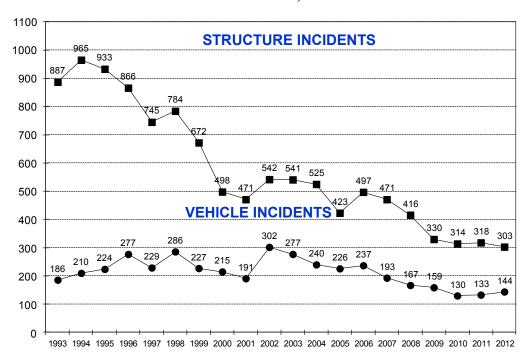


58% of incendiary fires reported in 2012 occurred in residential properties. Dollar loss in those properties totaled over \$5 million, or 56% of total incendiary dollar loss in structures.

Incendiary Fire Dollar Loss By Structure Type



INCENDIARY TRENDS IN STRUCTURE AND VEHICLE FIRES, 1993-2012



In 2012, incendiary was listed as the cause of 7% of all reported structure fires with known causes and 6% of all reported vehicle fires in Minnesota. Vehicle incendiary dollar loss represented 5% of total vehicle fire dollar loss, with an average dollar loss per incendiary vehicle fire of \$7,527. Fire investigators agree that incendiary vehicle fires are under-reported and may not receive as much attention as structure fires receive.

RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURE INCENDIARY FIRES						
	2	011	2012			
	-	Dollar		Dollar	% of Total	
Property Type	Incidents	Loss	Incidents	Loss	Dollar Loss	
One- or Two-Family Dwelling	145	\$4.15M	127	\$4.90M	89%	
Apartment/Tenement/Flat	51	\$0.81M	40	\$0.38M	7%	
Residential Board and Care	2	\$0.05M	3	\$0.23M	4%	
Hotel/Motel	1	\$0.02M	2	<\$0.001M	<1%	
Boarding/Rooming House	1	\$0.001M	1	\$0M	0%	
Other Residential Occupancy	6_	\$0.03M	4_	\$0.009M	<1%	
TOTAL	206	\$5.07M	177	\$5.52M	100%	

Residential structures are at greatest risk from fire. These same structures are also at greatest risk from incendiary fires. The 177 residential incendiary incidents reported in 2012 accounted for 4% of all reported residential fires and 5% of the dollar loss for this property type.

INCENDIARY FIRE INCIDENTS AND DOLLAR LOSS BY COUNTY*

In some instances, the protection district of the reporting fire department goes beyond its county boundary, but the incident is recorded within the department's home county. Per capita data is calculated at a rate of incendiary fires per 100,000 people.

County	Incendiary Incidents	Incend. Fires/ 100,000 Pop.	Incendiary Dollar Loss	<u>County</u>	Incendiary Incidents	Incend. Fires/ 100,000 Pop.	Incendiary Dollar Loss
		0	\$0	Marshall	15	148	\$0
Aitkin Anoka	0 52	17	\$177,650	Martin	5	23	\$200
Becker	49	163	\$17,150	Meeker	<i>7</i>	31	\$2,000
Beltrami	19	48	\$289,200	Mille Lacs	16	72	\$165,002
Benton	9	26	\$7,000	Morrison	21	66	\$79,000
Big Stone	3	52	\$0	Mower	10	26	\$15,050
Blue Earth	11	20	\$102	Murray	2	22	\$0
Brown	4	15	\$0	Nicollet	2	7	\$30,000
Carlton	7	22	\$8,600	Nobles	0	0	\$0
Carver	8	11	\$7,700	Norman	11	148	\$204,000
Cass	16	59	\$85,900	Olmsted	43	35	\$2,500
Chippewa	3	23	\$1,000	Otter Tail	17	30	\$61,100
Chisago	15	36	\$2,550	Pennington	8	59	\$0
Clay	27	53	\$35,046	Pine	6	23	\$0
Clearwater	8	95	\$1,500	Pipestone	5	51	\$100
Cook	0	0	\$0	Polk	27	86	\$116,982
Cottonwood	2	16	\$0	Pope	9	80	\$5,401
Crow Wing	15	27	\$144,700	Ramsey	172	34	\$1,950,429
Dakota	71	20	\$1,096,810	Red Lake	7	163	\$0
Dodge	2	11	\$200	Redwood	8	48	\$9,100
Douglas	27	82	\$935,702	Renville	3	17	\$500
Faribault	5	31	\$0	Rice	22	39	\$274,400
Fillmore	8 13	38 40	\$300,000	Rock	1	10 49	\$0 \$0
Freeborn Goodhue	13	32	\$38,105 \$306,700	Roseau St. Louis	8 55	27	\$805,335
Grant	6	95	\$7,000	Scott Scott	16	18	\$276,902
Hennepin	191	17	\$1,363,220	Sherburne	9	14	\$270,902
Houston	1	5	\$1,303,220	Sibley	9	59	\$150
Hubbard	3	16	\$1,000	Stearns	38	29	\$2,049,520
Isanti	6	19	\$44,050	Steele	14	42	\$6,210
Itasca	11	25	\$265,100	Stevens	5	50	\$26,000
Jackson	0	0	\$0	Swift	1	8	\$0
Kanabec	1	7	\$1,500	Todd	8	33	\$3,200
Kandiyohi	8	19	\$61,502	Traverse	0	0	\$0
Kittson	2	38	\$90,000	Wabasha	7	32	\$0
Koochiching	0	0	\$0	Wadena	5	36	\$0
Lac Qui Parle	2	25	\$0	Waseca	8	41	\$700
Lake	1	9	\$5,000	Washington	24	12	\$314,672
Lake of the Woo	ds 0	0	\$0	Watonwan	1	8	\$0
LeSueur	4	16	\$1,000	Wilkin	1	14	\$0
Lincoln	2	31	\$0	Winona	15	30	\$7,800
Lyon	10	39	\$6,000	Wright	24	27	\$15,727
McLeod	10	29	\$500	Yellow Medicine		99	\$150,000
Mahnomen	6	116	\$1,500	Grand Total	1,328	27	\$11,874,967

^{*}Based on data received from 777 departments. See pages 45-52 for MFIRS participation by county.

SUMMARY

Incendiary fires and dollar loss increased in 2012. Incendiary fires were the cause of 7% of structure fires with known causes.

58% of all incendiary structure fires were in residential property as well as 56% of all incendiary dollar loss.

In the past 24 years, incendiary fires caused 56 deaths and over \$345.6 million in property loss. Incendiary fires must continue to be addressed through such efforts as the Arson Reward Program and the Youth Firesetter Intervention and Prevention Program. Arson is a crime against every Minnesotan.



CASUALTIES



Photo by USFA

Tragic Explosion and Fire Devastates a Community

Generally, this section of the Fire in Minnesota annual report highlights a fire involving multiple victims. This edition features a slightly different approach; it is highlighting an explosion and the ensuing fire that had a profound impact on an entire community and region. The effects continue to be felt by hundreds — possibly thousands — of people more than a year later.

The Verso Paper Mill was an economic mainstay in Sartell, Minnesota, a community of just over 16,000 located a few miles north of St. Cloud. The paper mill dated back to the early 1900s, and in modern times provided stable, good-paying jobs to about 260 workers, most of who resided in the greater Sartell–St. Cloud area.

On Memorial Day, May 28, 2012 at 11:21 a.m. an explosion and subsequent fire severely damaged part of the paper mill complex. Several employees were injured in the explosion — one, fatally. The mill sustained an estimated \$60 million in structural damage and \$18 million in lost contents. It took eight days to extinguish the fire, fought by the Sartell Fire Department with assistance from several other fire departments and specialized rescue teams. Firefighting efforts were hampered by the size of the building, its eventual collapse, and the fact that a major railroad line intersected the property.

In recent years the paper milling industry had experienced a nationwide decline. Verso was not spared the effects of the paper industry downturn, but the Verso Plant was working on a large production order for a major customer at the time of the catastrophe.

Following the explosion and fire, Verso Paper shuttered the Sartell plant; it was sold to a developer for demolition in March, 2013.



The Cause:

The explosion occurred in a tank for one of the large air compressors that powered equipment in the plant. While responding to an alarm from one of the compressors, employees from the plant's inside fire brigade encountered flames; seconds later a large explosion rocked that area of the plant.

In that explosion, Verso plant employee Jon Maus was killed while attempting to contain the flames from the tank of the compressor, and five other employees were injured.

The cause was determined to be an overheated compressor. For reasons unknown, the compressor, which was designed to shut down automatically, did not shut down from the high temperatures. It is possible that the oil used to lubricate the compressor ignited in the high temperatures, setting off the explosion and subsequent fire.

The Impacts:

The effects of this incident were felt by many and continue to be felt a year later. Most tragically, Verso employee Jon Maus lost his life responding to the alarm from the compressor. Mr. Maus is survived by his wife, four children, and numerous friends and relatives.

For residents of Sartell and surrounding areas, the loss of 175-250 jobs has been felt by workers, their families and local merchants as the lay-offs resulted in the loss of income and purchasing power. The adverse economic impact may have a "trickle-down" effect on the community, home values, and the tax base for years.

For Verso Paper there was a major business interruption and concerns about the ability to fulfill on the large production order in progress. The company had to pay for moving Sartell production operations to other plants and sustained a significant loss of product. According to information filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, Verso reported that the "...closure reduces annual coated groundwood capacity by 180,000 tons, or 20%." Verso also lost about 35,000 tons of paper processing capacity.

Closing Thoughts:

Along with saving lives and minimizing property damage, one objective of fire prevention activity is to maintain business continuity. Virtually all fires are preventable. With this in mind, it can be argued that communities and fire departments have an obligation to go above and beyond to protect large employers and manufacturers against the disruptive threat of fire. Large companies and employers also have an obligation to the communities they occupy to prevent the personal disruptions and economic distress that result from these types of tragedies.

In 28% of fatalities in residential occupancies, smoke alarms were improperly maintained or absent.

FIRE DEATHS AND SMOKE ALARM PERFORMANCE*

In 2012, 50 civilians lost their lives in Minnesota fires. This number represents an 11% decrease in fire deaths, compared to the 2011 total of 56 fatalities. Residential fire deaths represented 54% of total fire deaths in 2012. In 28% of the residential casualties, smoke alarms (required in every dwelling since 1993) were absent or non-operating. In another 59% of the dwelling cases, it was not possible to determine whether a smoke detector was present or operating.

FIRE DEATHS IN RES	IDENTIA	AL DWELLI	NGS
	<u>Fatalities</u>	% of <u>Dwell. Fires</u>	% of <u>Total Deaths</u>
No Smoke Alarms Present	4	14%	8%
Inoperable Smoke Alarms Present	4	14%	8%
Working Smoke Alarms Present	3	10%	6%
Unk. if Alarms Present/Working	17	59%	34%
Not a Factor/Suicides, Explosions, etc.	1	3%	<u>2%</u>
Total Deaths in Dwellings	29	100%	58%
Other Fire Deaths (Including vehicle outdoors, other structures, etc.)	es, 21		42%
Total Fire Deaths	50	_	100%

THREE FATALITIES WITH WORKING SMOKE DETECTORS: WHY DIDN'T THEY GET OUT?

	<u>Fatalities</u>
Clothing ignited on person	2
Irrational action	_1_
Total	3

Since August 1, 1993, smoke alarms have been required in every dwelling in Minnesota that has a sleeping area.

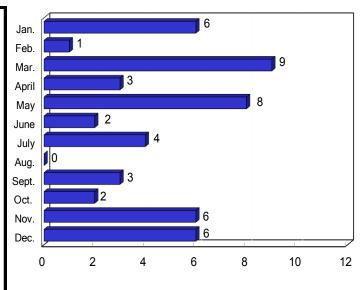
^{*}All charts and information on this page have been taken from the State Fire Marshal Division's 2012 fire death database, which is based on State Fire Marshal fire death investigations and on MFIRS data.

CIVILIAN FIRE DEATHS: WHO AND WHEN

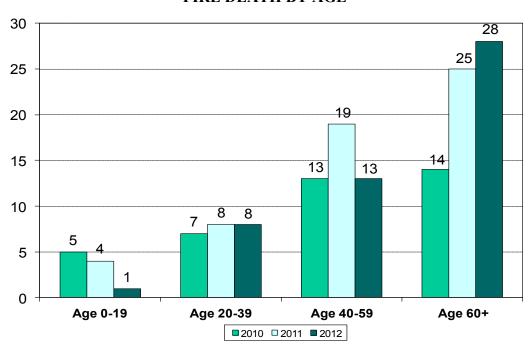
64% of fire deaths in 2012 occurred between the hours of 6 p.m. and 6 a.m. 56% of the fire deaths occurred during the months of January through March and November through December, 2012.

FIRE DEATHS BY MONTH

FIRE DEATHS BY TIME OF DAY											
	TOTAL	0000- 0600	0600- 1200	1200- 1800	1800- 2400						
Careless Smoking	10	5	1	2	2						
Vehicle Collision/Malf.	6	3	0	1	2						
Combust. Too Close	5	0	0	2	3						
Careless Opening Burn.	4	0	0	3	1						
Suicide	3	2	0	0	1						
LP/Nat. Gas Leak/Malf.	3	1	1	1	0						
Spark/Cutting/Weld.	2	0	0	2	0						
Other	5	4	0	0	1						
Undetermined	12	3	2	3	4						
TOTAL	50	18	4	14	14						



FIRE DEATH BY AGE



In 2012, the age group with the largest number of fire deaths continues to be the 60+ group.

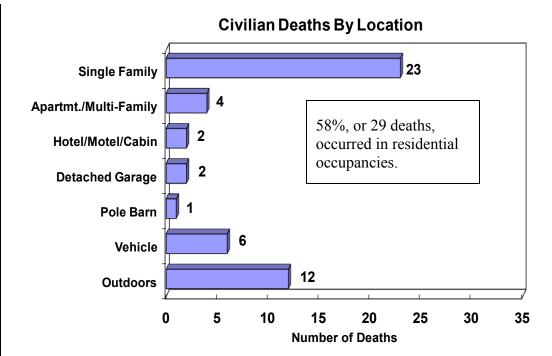
In 2012, total fire deaths decreased by 11% from 2011. Deaths in the 0-19 age group decreased by 75% and the 20-39 year-old group stayed the same. The middle-aged group (40-59 years) experienced a 32% decrease in fire fatalities in 2012, compared to 2011. Deaths in the 60+ range went up by 12%. They also had the largest number of all fire deaths in 2012 (28).

58% of all fire deaths occurred in residential properties.

Careless smoking was identified as the cause of 26% of fire deaths with known causes. 30% of those careless smoking deaths were alcohol—or drug—related.

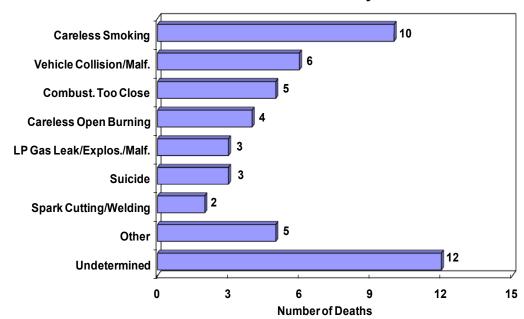
Alcohol/drug use was a factor in 42% of all fire deaths.

CIVILIAN FIRE DEATHS: WHERE AND WHY



58% of all 2012 fire deaths occurred where people generally feel safest — in their homes — and 72% of structural fire deaths were in residences.

Civilian Deaths By Cause



In 2012, careless smoking was once more the leading cause of fatal fires and was determined to be the causative factor in 26% of 2012 fire deaths with known causes. The number of careless smoking deaths remained the same as last year. Alcohol or drug use was a factor in 40% of the careless smoking deaths and in 42% of all fire deaths.

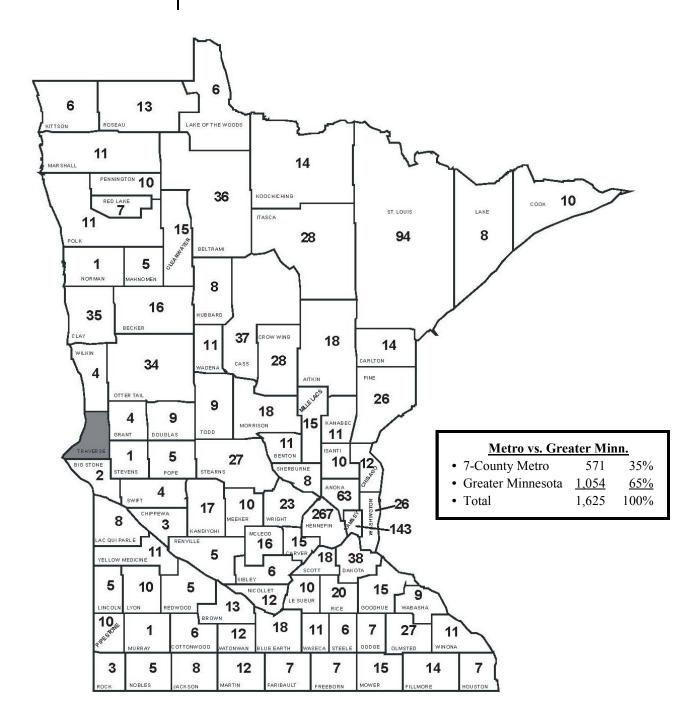
2012 FIRE DEATH LISTING

<u>Date</u>	<u>City/Town</u>	Structure	Cause	<u>Age</u>
1/4/2012	St. Paul	Single Family	Undetermined	64
1/11/2012	Blue Earth	Single Family	Improp. Chimney/Wood Burner	57
1/20/2012	Eveleth	Detached Garage	Undetermined	61
1/23/2012	Cologne	Single Family	Undetermined	85
1/28/2012	Lavell Twp.	Cabin	Undetermined	34
1/30/2012	Bloomington	Townhouse	Single Family	60
2/29/2012	Lake Lillian	Single Family	LP Gas Leak	64
3/6/2012	Moose Lake	Single Family	Combustibles Too Close	84
3/7/2012	Lindstrom	Single Family	Careless Smoking	68
3/13/2012	St. Paul	Single Family	Careless Smoking	66
3/13/2012	St. Paul	Single Family	Careless Smoking	70
3/21/2012	Minneapolis	Single Family	Careless Smoking	25
3/22/2012	St. Paul	Detached Garage	Careless Smoking	53
3/29/2012	Woodbury	Vehicle Parking Area	Undetermined	26
3/30/2012	Bloomington	Street	Vehicle Collision	20
3/31/2012	Plummer	Railroad Right-Of-Way	Vehicle Collision	65
4/5/2012	Red Lake	Outdoors	Undetermined	53
4/20/2012	Stephen	Single Family	Child Fire Play	4
4/25/2012	Rice	Street	Radiant Heat	91
5/6/2012	Blue Earth	Single Family	Lightning	47
5/6/2012	Blue Earth	Single Family	Lightning	39
5/10/2012	St. Leo	Outdoors	Undetermined	56
5/11/2012	Sherburn	Outdoors	Careless Open Burning	48
5/29/2012	Minneapolis	Outdoors	Suicide Suicide	58
5/30/2012	Littlefork	Pole Barn	Welding Spark/Ember	74
5/31/2012	Balaton	Outdoors	Careless Open Burning	74
5/31/2012	Faribault	Outdoors	LP Gas Explosion	56
6/2/2012	Fergus Falls	Outdoors	Careless Open Burning	75
6/26/2012	Fergus Falls	Apartment	Careless Smoking	62
7/2/2012	St. Paul Park	Outdoors	Suicide	29
7/15/2012	Faribault	Highway	Suicide	44
7/25/2012	Linwood Twp.	Single Family	Undetermined	60
7/28/2012	Minneapolis	Single Family	Undetermined	45
9/10/2012	Spicer	Single Family	Careless Smoking	70
9/24/2012	Battle Lake	Outdoors	Cuttng./Grindng. Spark/Ember	57
9/25/2012	Nowthen	Single Family	Careless Smoking	64
10/7/2012	Barclay Twp.	Highway	Vehicle Collision	60
10/8/2012	Bovey	Outdoors	Careless Open Burning	60
11/2/2012	Bemidji	Single Family	Improp. Install. Woodbrn. Stv.	74
11/4/2012	Goodridge	Driveway	Vehicle Malfunction	29
11/14/2012	Little Canada	Single Family	Careless Smoking	63
11/23/2012	Minnetonka	Single Family	Combustibles Too Close	78
11/23/2012	Minnetonka	Single Family Single Family	Combustibles Too Close	76
11/24/2012	St. Cloud	Single Family		23
12/6/2012	St. Charles	Motel	Unattended Cooking Undetermined	23 47
12/6/2012	Nashwauk		Overheated Vehicle	
	Nasnwauk New Ulm	Driveway		68 70
12/8/2012		Single Family	Careless Smoking	79 77
12/30/2012	Maple Grove	Apartment	Combustibles Too Close	77 56
12/31/2012	Balaton	Apartment	LP Gas Stove Malf.	56
12/31/2012	Shoreview	Single Family	Undetermined	60

Historically, fire deaths in greater Minnesota outpace those in the seven-county metro area by a rate of nearly two to one.

CIVILIAN DEATH RATES, 1983 THROUGH 2012

In the past 29 years, 1,625 Minnesota civilians have died in fires (see distribution by county below). In 2012, 46% of our state population lived in greater Minnesota, where the per capita fire death rate was 1.34 deaths for every 100,000 people. The per capita fire death rate for the metro area in 2012 was 0.58 per 100,000, while the rate for the state as a whole was 0.93 per 100,000. The national per capita fire death rate for 2011 was 0.96 per 100,000. Traverse is the only county in Minnesota that has remained fatality free for the past 29 years.



Minnesota's Fire Deaths

 1970s
 961 deaths

 1980s
 776 deaths

 1990s
 585 deaths

 2000s
 465 deaths

 2010s
 480 deaths

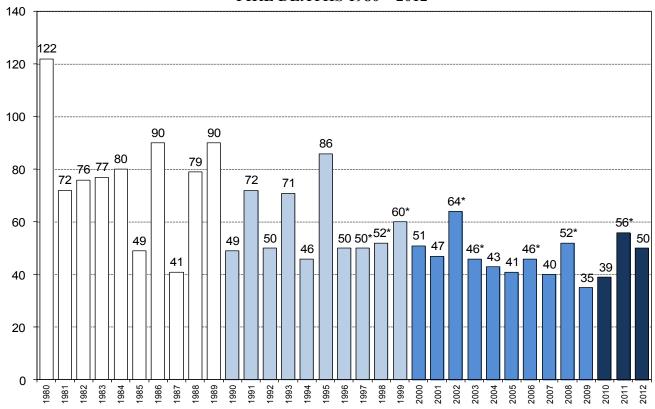
 (estimate)

30+ YEARS OF FIRE DEATH HISTORY

As Minnesota's population has grown from 3.8 million in 1970 to 5.37 in 2012, fire deaths have decreased. During the 1980s, fire deaths in Minnesota dropped 19% from the levels of the 1970s. The 1990s showed a further decrease of 25% from the levels of the 1980s. The 2000s had a decrease of 21% from the 1990s.

Much of this decline in the fire death trend can be attributed to fire service advancements. Since the mid-seventies, the promotion of fire protection technology (smoke alarms, sprinkler systems, etc.) has become widespread in Minnesota. Also during this time, the state has mandated new inspection and code enforcement programs targeting hotels, motels, schools, and health and day-care facilities.

FIRE DEATHS 1980—2012



*Does not include firefighter deaths.

We honor all firefighters who have given their lives to protect others and remember them always with pride and gratitude.

FIREFIGHTER DEATHS

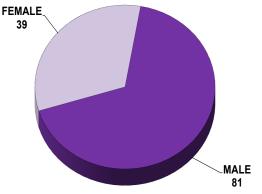
The Minnesota Fire Service is grateful to report no line-of-duty firefighter deaths in 2012. Minnesota is one of just 19 states that can claim no firefighter deaths during that calendar year.

We honor those who have fallen, and remember them with pride and gratitude for their dedication in protecting their fellow citizens from the tragedy of fire.

In 2012, fire departments assisted 120 civilians injured in Minnesota fires. 68% of those injured were males; 32% were females.

CIVILIAN INJURIES REPORTED BY FIRE DEPARTMENTS

In 2012, 120 civilian injuries were reported through the MFIRS system, a 19% increase from 2011. This number does not represent the actual number of fire injuries occurring in the state, as it includes only those victims who have direct contact with a fire department. Many burn victims are taken to emergency rooms by private car or ambulance.



AGE OF <u>VICTIM</u>	NO. OF <u>VICTIMS</u>
0-19	21
20-39	46
40-59	33
60-OVER	20_
TOTAL	120

A breakdown of reported injuries by gender shows that 68% of injuries were to males and 32% to females.

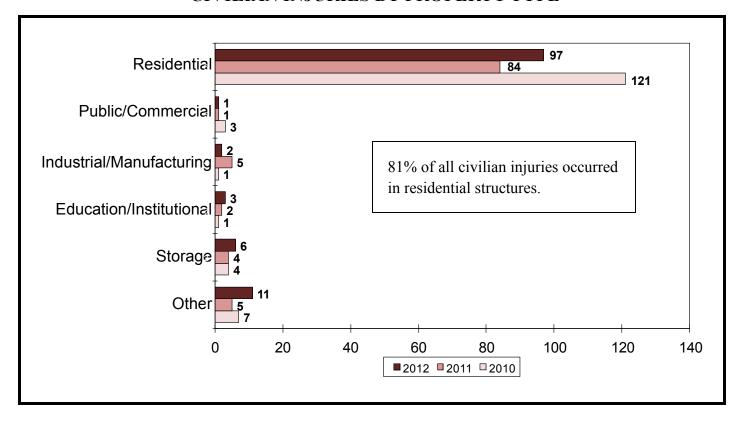
ACTIVITY AT TIME OF FIRE

People trying to control a fire accounted for 29% of all civilian fire injuries; these numbers indicate an ongoing need to educate citizens of all ages on how to react to a fire. "Get Out and Stay Out" cannot be over-emphasized.

29% of all injuries
were to people trying to
control or extinguish a
fire.

CIVILIAN INJURIES BY ACTIVITY										
<u>Activity</u>	<u>#</u>	<u>%</u>								
Fire Control	35	29%								
Escape	15	13%								
Sleeping	6	5%								
Rescue Attempt	11	9%								
Unable to Act	3	3%								
Other	11	9%								
Unkn./Unrep.	39	33%								
	120	100%								

CIVILIAN INJURIES BY PROPERTY TYPE



Like fire fatalities, civilian fire injuries occur most frequently in residential structures.

CIVILIAN INJURIES BY ACTIVITY AND STRUCTURE										
	Residential	Pub/Comm	Indus/Manu	Educ/Inst	Storage	Other				
Fire Control	30	1	1			3				
Escaping	15									
Rescue Attempt	10				1					
Sleeping	4					2				
Unable to Act	2			1						
Other	6			1	3	1				
Unknown	_30		1	1	2	5				
TOTAL	97	1	2	3	6	11				

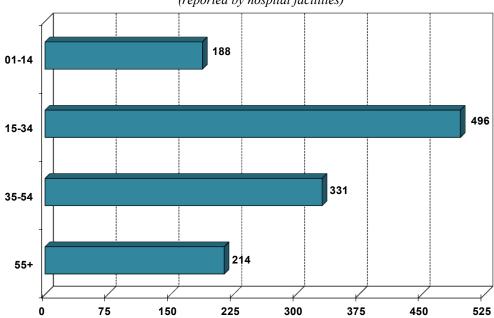
40% of the 1,229 reported burn injuries (486) were in the 15-34 age group.

BURN INJURIES REPORTED BY HOSPITAL FACILITIES

The charts and tables below and on the next two pages reflect civilian burn injuries that were reported to the Minnesota Department of Health by Minnesota hospital facilities.

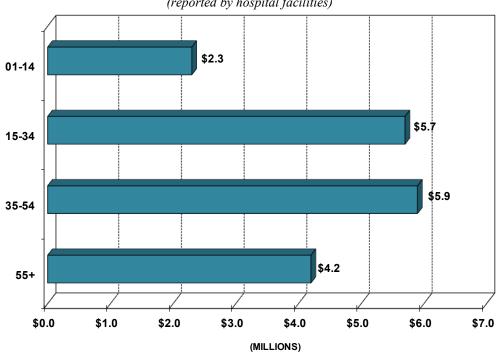
CIVILIAN BURN INJURIES BY AGE

(reported by hospital facilities)



CIVILIAN BURN INJURIES TREATMENT CHARGES BY AGE

(reported by hospital facilities)

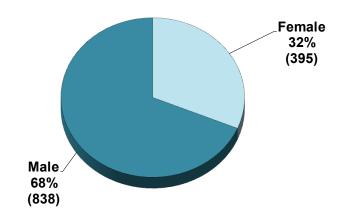


Medical treatment charges for reported burn injuries were more than \$18 million.

68% of burn injuries were sustained by males and 32% by females.

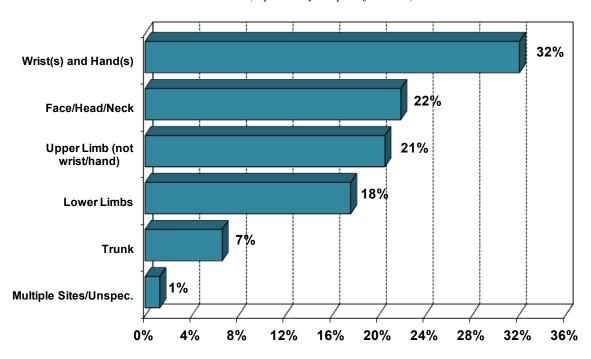
CIVILIAN BURN INJURIES BY GENDER

(reported by hospital facilities)



CIVILIAN BURN INJURIES BY BODY AREA

(reported by hospital facilities)



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CIVILIAN BURN INJURIES BY INCOME LEVEL

(reported by hospital facilities)

Wrists and hands were Rate the leading burn areas Income Level No. of Injuries (Per 100,000 Pop.) at 32% of all burns \$0-\$24,999 24 55 \$25,000-\$49,000 597 27 \$50,000-\$74,999 484 21

\$75,000+

13 10%

reported.

Percent. of Total

2%

49%

40%

CIVILIAN BURN INJURIES AND CHARGES BY COUNTY* (reported by hospital facilities)

Per capita data is calculated at a rate of burn injuries per 100,000 people.

<u>County</u>	Burn Injuries	Burn Injuries/ 100,000 Pop.	Burn Injury Costs	<u>County</u>	Burn Injuries	Burn Injuries/ 100,000 Pop.	Burn Injury Costs
Aitkin	10	76	\$73,643	Marshall	4	52	\$4,872
Anoka	65	20	\$1,393,819	Martin	5	31	\$54,075
Becker	15	55	\$1,017,239	Meeker	4	21	\$12,503
Beltrami	11	23	\$82,020	Mille Lacs	16	67	\$20,795
Benton	12	27	\$30,114	Morrison	8	22	\$6,216
Big Stone	2	54	\$2,624	Mower	14	36	\$142,918
Blue Earth	13	22	\$157,471	Murray	0	0	\$0
Brown	13	54	\$73,001	Nicollet	6	17	\$97,912
Carlton	9	29	\$5,072	Nobles	7	35	\$11,517
Carver	13	13	\$59,381	Norman	0	0	\$0
Cass	4	14	\$3,381	Olmsted	31	21	\$133,308
Chippewa	4	37	\$4,384	Otter Tail	21	44	\$38,415
Chisago	14	27	\$173,181	Pennington	3	21	\$1,006
Clay	3	6	\$6,959	Pine	19	69	\$17,154
Clearwater	6	85	\$1,452	Pipestone	0	0	\$0
Cook	0	0	\$0	Polk	5	18	\$6,399
Cottonwood	0	0	\$0	Pope	5	49	\$5,708
Crow Wing	29	53	\$38,512	Ramsey	86	17	\$1,497,458
Dakota	59	15	\$262,384	Red Lake	1	15	\$1,528
Dodge	6	28	\$2,772	Redwood	5	32	\$6,752
Douglas	9	28	\$8,811	Renville	7	54	\$61,420
Faribault	3	17	\$380,303	Rice	13	22	\$72,708
Fillmore	4	18	\$20,653	Rock	4	47	\$2,863
Freeborn	7	27	\$7,116	Roseau	11	83	\$5,207
Goodhue	28	66	\$141,658	St. Louis	63	34	\$1,106,682
Grant	3	57	\$17,295	Scott	36	30	\$2,301,746
Hennepin	197	16	\$4,042,087	Sherburne	25	28	\$115,722
Houston	2	12	\$589,431	Sibley	5	31	\$13,490
Hubbard	8	53	\$405,790	Stearns	29	22	\$194,866
Isanti	15	38	\$200,074	Steele	17	46	\$328,896
Itasca	12	30	\$17,768	Stevens	1	5	\$794
Jackson	4	41	\$2,421	Swift	3	40	\$42,187
Kanabec	9	52	\$13,317	Todd	8	34	\$5,621
Kandiyohi	8	20	\$19,903	Traverse	1	14	\$328
Kittson	0	0	\$0	Wabasha	9	44	\$84,080
Koochiching	11	92	\$10,555	Wadena	3	22	\$3,111
Lac Qui Parle	0	0	\$0	Waseca	4	22	\$2,000
Lake	7	53	\$4,077	Washington	44	20	\$202,255
Lake of the Woo		65	9,714	Watonwan	7	68	\$9,591
LeSueur	5	15	\$125,972	Wilkin	2	23	\$1,507
Lincoln	2	49	\$1,789	Winona	13	26	\$80,588
Lyon	14	53	\$1,433,469	Wright	27	24	\$247,605
McLeod	10	29	\$28,960	Yellow Medicine	6		\$199,722
Mahnomen	2	46	\$37,333	TOTAL	1,229	23	\$18,047,429

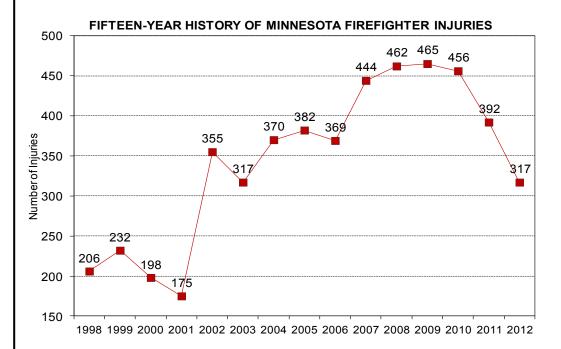
^{*}If the number of burn injuries for a county is under 20, the rate is considered "unstable" and not necessarily accurate.

Of the 317 firefighter injuries, 168 (53%) occurred in the course of fighting fires.

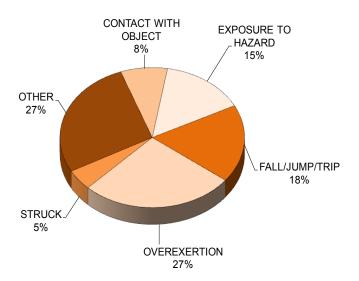
Firefighter injury cause category "exposure to hazard" includes exposure to heat, smoke, or toxic agents.

FIREFIGHTER INJURIES

In 2012, 317 Minnesota firefighters were injured while responding to, involved in, or returning from emergency situations, as well as other on-duty activities — a 19% decrease from 2011. Of these injuries, 168 (53%) were directly fire-related. (This does not include injuries that occurred during training or at the stations.) 61% of these fire-related injuries occurred while firefighters were fighting residential structure fires (103).



MINNESOTA FIREFIGHTER INJURIES: CAUSES



Of known causes, "overexertion" had 27% for the greatest percentage of injuries with fall/jump/trip as the next highest at 18%.

FIREWORKS INJURIES AND PROPERTY LOSS

The State Fire Marshal Division has gathered information about fireworks injuries and property damage since 1989. Minnesota hospitals voluntarily report injuries treated in their emergency departments during the period of June 25 to July 15 each year. Property damage information is taken from the Minnesota Fire Incident Reporting System. From 1989 through 2001, a total of \$1.6 million in property damage resulting from fireworks use was reported, averaging more than \$123,000 per year. The total property damage due to fireworks use from 2002 through 2004 was over \$3 million. Property damage reported from 2008 through 2012 totaled over \$600,000, averaging over \$126,000 per year.

Fireworks injuries most commonly occur to males between one and 19 years of age, with burns being the most common type of injury reported. Burn injuries include those to the extremities, eyes, and face. It is impossible to know how many injuries occurred for which medical attention was not sought. Approximately 85% of Minnesota hospitals participate in the survey of fireworks injuries.

FIREWORKS INJURIES* 2008- 2012 (June-July) BY AGE

Years	20	800	20	009	20	10	20	11	20	12	TO	ΓAL
of Age	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	<u>%</u>	No.	%	No.	%
0-9	12	19%	9	16%	13	15%	17	20%	15	26	65	19%
10-19	23	36%	11	19%	19	22%	17	20%	8	14	78	22%
20-29	13	20%	16	28%	22	25%	19	23%	12	21	82	24%
30-39	5	8%	12	21%	10	11%	18	21%	9	16	54	16%
40-49	5	8%	8	14%	13	16%	4	5%	10	18	40	11%
50 Plus	6	9%	_1	2%_	10	11%	9	11%_	_3	5	29	8%
Total	66 [†]	100%	57	100%	87	100%	85 [†]	100%	57	100%	348	100%
Male	51	77%	45	79%	61	70%	66	78%	33	58	256	73%
Female	15	23%	12	21%	26	30%	19	22%	24	42	95	27%

^{*}Information collected from survey conducted at Minnesota hospitals covering from June 25 through July 15 annually.

FIREWORKS FIRE INCIDENTS* DOLLAR LOSS

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	TOTAL
June-July	\$130,866	\$89,550	\$26,300	\$12,000	\$194,746	\$453,462
No. of Incidents	92	61	24	15	47	239
% of Total \$ Loss	94%	94%	19%	21%	97%	72%
Aver. Dollar Loss	\$1,422	\$1,468	\$1,096	\$800	\$4,144	\$1,897
Total/Year	\$139,366	\$95,350	\$137,800	\$57,250	\$200,446	\$630,212
No. of Incidents	123	92	45	23	79	362
Aver. Dollar Loss	\$1,133	\$1,036	\$3,062	\$2,489	\$2,537	\$1,741

^{*}Information taken from the Minnesota Fire Incident Reporting System (MFIRS).

[†]There were two injuries in 2008 and one injury in 2011 that listed age as "unknown" or "0".

SUMMARY

Historically, Minnesotans have been at greatest risk of fire death and injury in their own homes. In 2012, 58% of fire deaths and 81% of civilian injuries occurred in residential settings. 72% of structural fire deaths were in residential property. The presence or absence of working smoke alarms is often a factor in fire fatalities. In 28% of fire deaths occurring in dwellings, smoke alarms were not present or not working. In 59% of residential deaths, it was not known whether alarms were present or functioning.

Careless smoking is once again the leading cause of fire deaths in 2012, representing 26% of known causes. Alcohol or drug use was an impairing factor in 42% of all fire deaths.

Total fire deaths decreased by 11% from 2011; the youngest age group (0-19 years) increased 75% in 2012 and the 20-39 year age group stayed the same. The middle age group (40-59 years) had a decrease of 32%. The 60+ group went up by 12% and represents the largest number of all fire fatalities from 2012.

29% of civilian fire injuries occurred during attempts to put the fire out, indicating a continuing need to educate our citizens on fire-safe behaviors in the home. Getting out as quickly as possible, and not re-entering the home once outside, must be emphasized in all age groups.

53% of firefighter injuries took place while fighting fires; 62% of these fire-related injuries occurred at residential structure fires.

Overall, fire deaths have decreased over the past 30 years in Minnesota, even as the population has grown. However, many preventable tragedies continue to occur. Prevention and education efforts, particularly those targeting vulnerable populations, are essential to reduce losses from fire.

PARTICIPATION



Fire information is requested on a weekly basis by the media, the public, the fire service and the fire protection community.

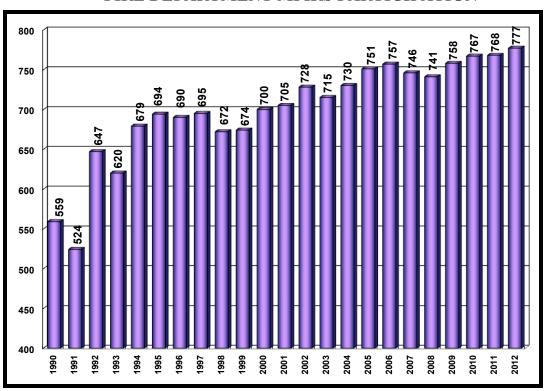
PARTICIPATION - Minnesota Fire Incident Reporting System

The Minnesota State Fire Marshal Division appreciates the efforts of the fire departments that submitted Minnesota Fire Incident Reporting System (MFIRS) reports in 2012. This information is essential if we are to understand and effectively combat the fire problem in Minnesota. It allows the division to focus on real fire problems, rather than popular perceptions. On the local level, this data provides information to help focus on prevention efforts; it also assists with budget plans for staffing and equipment.

Fire information is requested on a weekly basis by the media, the public, the fire service, and the fire protection community. It is used to support legislative initiatives and to guide public fire/safety campaigns.

The reporting of Minnesota fire departments for 2012 is listed on the following pages. Reporting departments are listed by county. In 81 counties, 100% of the fire departments reported to the MFIRS system.

FIRE DEPARTMENT MFIRS PARTICIPATION



99% of fire departments reported in 2012.

State and national organizations are requiring fire departments to report to their state using the state's reporting system. A number of grants are awarded to fire departments with the requirement to report their incidents. These include fire grants from the United States Fire Administration (USFA) and Department of Natural Resources (DNR) grants. For more information on reporting, call Nora Gierok at 651-201-7209.

REPORTING DEPARTMENTS FOR 2012

AITKIN COUNTY

100% Reporting

AITKIN HILL CITY JACOBSON MCGRATH MC GREGOR

ANOKA COUNTY

100% Reporting

ANDOVER

PALISADE

ANOKA-CHAMPLIN

BETHEL

CENTENNIAL

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS

COON RAPIDS EAST BETHEL FRIDLEY

FRIDLEY
HAM LAKE
LEXINGTON
LINWOOD TWP.
OAK GROVE
RAMSEY

SPRING LAKE PARK

ST. FRANCIS

BECKER COUNTY

100% Reporting

AUDUBON
CALLAWAY
CARSONVILLE
DETROIT LAKES
ELBOW-TULABY LKS.

FRAZEE LAKE PARK OGEMA

WHITE EARTH WOLF LAKE

BELTRAMI COUNTY

100% Reporting

ALASKA BEMIDJI BLACKDUCK KELLIHER RED LAKE SOLWAY TWP. **BENTON COUNTY**

100% Reporting

FOLEY RICE

SAUK RAPIDS

BIG STONE COUNTY

100% Reporting

BEARDSLEY CORRELL CLINTON TWP. GRACEVILLE ODESSA ORTONVILLE

BLUE EARTH COUNTY

100% Reporting

AMBOY
EAGLE LAKE
GOOD THUNDER
LAKE CRYSTAL
MADISON LAKE
MANKATO
MAPLETON
PEMBERTON
SKYLINE
SOUTH BEND
ST. CLAIR
VERNON CENTER

BROWN COUNTY

100% Reporting

COMFREY HANSKA NEW ULM SLEEPY EYE SPRINGFIELD

CARLTON COUNTY

100% Reporting

BARNUM
BLACKHOOF
CARLTON
CLOQUET AREA
CROMWELL
KETTLE RIVER
MAHTOWA
MOOSE LAKE

SCANLON

THOMSON TWP./ESKO

WRENSHALL WRIGHT

CARVER COUNTY

100% Reporting

CARVER
CHANHASSEN
CHASKA
COLOGNE
HAMBURG
MAYER

NEW GERMANY

NORWOOD-YOUNG AMERICA

VICTORIA WACONIA WATERTOWN

CASS COUNTY

100% Reporting

BACKUS
CASS LAKE
CROOKED LAKE
FEDERAL DAM
HACKENSACK AREA

LONGVILLE
PILLAGER AREA
PINE RIVER
REMER

REMER WALKER

CHIPPEWA COUNTY

100% Reporting

CLARA CITY MAYNARD MILAN MONTEVIDEO

WATSON

CHISAGO COUNTY

100% Reporting

ALMELUND
CENTER CITY
CHISAGO CITY
HARRIS
LINDSTROM
NORTH BRANCH
RUSH CITY
SHAFER
STACY-LENT
TAYLORS FALLS
WYOMING

CLAY COUNTY

100% Reporting

BARNESVILLE
DILWORTH
GLYNDON
FELTON
HAWLEY
HITTERDAL
MOORHEAD
SABIN-ELMWOOD
ULEN

CLEARWATER COUNTY

100% Reporting

BAGLEY
BEAR CREEK
CLEARBROOK
GONVICK
HANGAARD TWP.
ITASCA TWP.
SHEVLIN

COOK COUNTY

100% Reporting

COLVILL AREA GRAND MARAIS GRAND PORTAGE GUNFLINT TRAIL HOVLAND LUTSEN TWP. MAPLE HILL SCHROEDER TOFTE

COTTONWOOD COUNTY

100% Reporting

JEFFERS MOUNTAIN LAKE STORDEN WESTBROOK WINDOM

CROW WING COUNTY

100% Reporting

BRAINERD

CROSBY
CROSSLAKE
CUYUNA
DEERWOOD
EMILY
FIFTY LAKES
GARRISON
IDEAL TWP.
IRONTON
MISSION TWP.
NISSWA
PEQUOT LAKES

DAKOTA COUNTY

APPLE VALLEY

BURNSVILLE

EAGAN

100% Reporting

FARMINGTON
HASTINGS
INVER GROVE HEIGHTS
LAKEVILLE
MENDOTA HEIGHTS
MIESVILLE
RANDOLPH
ROSEMOUNT
SOUTH METRO

DODGE COUNTY

100% Reporting

CLAREMONT
DODGE CENTER
HAYFIELD
KASSON
MANTORVILLE
WEST CONCORD

DOUGLAS COUNTY

100% Reporting

ALEXANDRIA
BRANDON
CARLOS
EVANSVILLE
FORADA
GARFIELD
KENSINGTON
LEAF VALLEY TWP.
MILLERVILLE
MILTONA
OSAKIS

FARIBAULT COUNTY

100% Reporting

BLUE EARTH
BRICELYN
DELAVAN
EASTON
ELMORE
FROST
KIESTER
MINNESOTA LAKE
WALTERS
WELLS
WINNEBAGO

FILLMORE COUNTY

100% Reporting

CANTON
CHATFIELD
FOUNTAIN
HARMONY
LANESBORO
MABEL
OSTRANDER
PRESTON
RUSHFORD
SPRING VALLEY
WYKOFF

FREEBORN COUNTY

100% Reporting

ALBERT LEA

ALBERT LEA TWP.

ALDEN

CLARKS GROVE

CONGER EMMONS FREEBORN GENEVA GLENVILLE HARTLAND

HAYWARD HOLLANDALE

LONDON

MANCHESTER

MYRTLE

TWIN LAKES

GOODHUE COUNTY

100% Reporting

CANNON FALLS

GOODHUE KENYON PINE ISLAND RED WING WANAMINGO **ZUMBROTA**

GRANT COUNTY

100% Reporting

ASHBY BARRETT ELBOW LAKE **HERMAN HOFFMAN** WENDELL

HENNEPIN COUNTY

100% Reporting

BLOOMINGTON BROOKLYN CENTER **BROOKLYN PARK**

DAYTON

EDEN PRAIRIE

EDINA

EXCELSIOR

GOLDEN VALLEY

HAMEL HANOVER **HOPKINS** LONG LAKE **LORETTO** MAPLE GROVE

MAPLE PLAIN MEDICINE LAKE **MINNEAPOLIS MINNETONKA**

MOUND

MPLS/ST. PAUL INT'L AIRPORT

OSSEO PLYMOUTH RICHFIELD ROBBINSDALE ROGERS

ST. ANTHONY ST. BONIFACIUS ST. LOUIS PARK **WAYZATA**

WEST METRO

HOUSTON COUNTY

100% Reporting

BROWNSVILLE CALEDONIA EITZEN HOKAH HOUSTON LACRESCENT **SPRING GROVE**

HUBBARD COUNTY

80% Reporting

EAST HUBBARD CO. LAPORTE/LAKEPORT

NEVIS

PARK RAPIDS

ISANTI COUNTY

100% Reporting

BRAHAM CAMBRIDGE DALBO ISANTI

ITASCA COUNTY

100% Reporting

BALSAM

BEARVILLE TWP.

BIGFORK BOVEY COLERAINE DEER RIVER GOODLAND GRAND RAPIDS GREENWAY KEEWATIN NASHWAUK **SQUAW LAKE**

JACKSON COUNTY

100% Reporting

ALPHA HERON LAKE JACKSON **LAKEFIELD OKABENA**

TACONITE

WARBA

KANABEC COUNTY

100% Reporting

MORA OGILVIE

KANDIYOHI COUNTY

100% Reporting

ATWATER BLOMKEST KANDIYOHI LAKE LILLIAN **NEW LONDON PENNOCK PRINSBURG** RAYMOND **SPICER SUNBURG** WILLMAR

KITTSON COUNTY

100% Reporting

HALLOCK KARLSTAD KENNEDY LAKE BRONSON LANCASTER

KOOCHICHING COUNTY

100% Reporting

BIG FALLS BIRCHDALE RURAL INTERNATIONAL FALLS LITTLEFORK LOMAN RURAL NORTHOME

LAC QUI PARLE COUNTY

100% Reporting

BELLINGHAM BOYD DAWSON LOUISBURG MADISON MARIETTA NASSAU

LAKE COUNTY

100% Reporting

BEAVER BAY FINLAND SILVER BAY TWO HARBORS

LAKE OF THE WOODS CO.

67% Reporting

BAUDETTE WILLIAMS

LESUEUR COUNTY

100% Reporting

CLEVELAND ELYSIAN KASOTA KILKENNY LE CENTER MONTGOMERY WATERVILLE

LINCOLN COUNTY

100% Reporting

ARCO HENDRICKS IVANHOE LAKE BENTON TYLER

LYON COUNTY

100% Reporting

BALATON
COTTONWOOD
GARVIN
GHENT
LYND
MARSHALL
MINNEOTA
RUSSELL
TAUNTON

TRACY

MCLEOD COUNTY

100% Reporting

BROWNTON
GLENCOE
HUTCHINSON
LESTER PRAIRIE
PLATO
SILVER LAKE
STEWART
WINSTED

MAHNOMEN COUNTY

100% Reporting

MAHNOMEN TWIN LAKES VOL. WAUBUN

MARSHALL COUNTY

100% Reporting

ALVARADO ARGYLE GRYGLA MIDDLE RIVER **NEWFOLDEN**

OSLO STEPHEN VIKING WARREN

MARTIN COUNTY

89% Reporting

CEYLON
DUNNELL
FAIRMONT
NORTHROP
SHERBURN
TRIMONT
TRUMAN
WELCOME

MEEKER COUNTY

100% Reporting

COSMOS
DASSEL
EDEN VALLEY
GROVE CITY
LITCHFIELD
WATKINS

MILLE LACS COUNTY

100% Reporting

FORESTON ISLE MILACA ONAMIA PRINCETON

MORRISON COUNTY

100% Reporting

BOWLUS
FLENSBURG
LITTLE FALLS
MOTLEY
PIERZ
RANDALL
ROYALTON
SCANDIA VALLEY
SWANVILLE

UPSALA

MOWER COUNTY

100% Reporting

ADAMS AUSTIN

BROWNSDALE

DEXTER

GRAND MEADOW

LE ROY LYLE

MAPLEVIEW

ROSE CREEK AREA

MURRAY COUNTY

100% Reporting

AVOCA CHANDLER CURRIE DOVRAY FULDA IONA

LAKE WILSON **SLAYTON**

NICOLLET COUNTY

100% Reporting

COURTLAND **LAFAYETTE NICOLLET**

NORTH MANKATO

ST. PETER

NOBLES COUNTY

100% Reporting

ADRIAN BIGELOW **BREWSTER ELLSWORTH** LISMORE **ROUND LAKE** RUSHMORE WILMONT

WORTHINGTON

NORMAN COUNTY

100% Reporting

ADA

BORUP GARY

HALSTAD HENDRUM

PERLEY-LEE TWP.

SHELLY

TWIN VALLEY

OLMSTED COUNTY

100% Reporting

BYRON DOVER EYOTA ORONOCO ROCHESTER

ROCHESTER AIRPORT

STEWARTVILLE

OTTERTAIL COUNTY

100% Reporting

BATTLE LAKE

BLUFFTON DALTON

DEER CREEK

DENT

ELIZABETH **FERGUS FALLS**

HENNING

NEW YORK MILLS

OTTERTAIL

PARKERS PRAIRIE

PELICAN RAPIDS

PERHAM

UNDERWOOD

VERGAS

VINING

PENNINGTON COUNTY

100% Reporting

GOODRIDGE AREA

ST. HILAIRE

THIEF RIVER FALLS

PINE COUNTY

82% Reporting

ASKOV

BROOK PARK

BRUNO

HINCKLEY

KERRICK

PINE CITY

SANDSTONE

STURGEON LAKE

WILLOW

PIPESTONE COUNTY

100% Reporting

EDGERTON

HOLLAND

JASPER

PIPESTONE

RUTHTON

WOODSTOCK

POLK COUNTY

100% Reporting

BELTRAMI

CLIMAX

CROOKSTON

EAST GRAND FORKS

ERSKINE

FERTILE

FISHER

FOSSTON

MCINTOSH **MENTOR**

NIELSVILLE

WINGER

POPE COUNTY

100% Reporting

CYRUS

GLENWOOD

LOWRY

SEDAN

STARBUCK

VILLARD

RAMSEY COUNTY

100% Reporting

FALCON HEIGHTS FIRE MARSHAL

CENTRAL OFFICE LAKE JOHANNA LITTLE CANADA **MAPLEWOOD NEW BRIGHTON**

NORTH ST. PAUL **ROSEVILLE** ST. PAUL

VADNAIS HEIGHTS WHITE BEAR LAKE

RED LAKE COUNTY

100% Reporting

OKLEE PLUMMER

RED LAKE FALLS

REDWOOD COUNTY

100% Reporting

BELVIEW CLEMENTS LAMBERTON LUCAN

MILROY MORGAN

REDWOOD FALLS

REVERE SANBORN SEAFORTH VESTA WABASSO

WALNUT GROVE

WANDA

RENVILLE COUNTY

90% Reporting

BIRD ISLAND BUFFALO LAKE

DANUBE FAIRFAX FRANKLIN HECTOR

MORTON OLIVIA

RENVILLE **SACRED**

RICE COUNTY

100% Reporting

FARIBAULT LONSDALE **MORRISTOWN NERSTRAND NORTHFIELD**

ROCK COUNTY

100% Reporting

BEAVER CREEK HARDWICK HILLS

KENNETH **LUVERNE MAGNOLIA**

ROSEAU COUNTY

100% Reporting

BADGER GREENBUSH ROSEAU WARROAD

ST. LOUIS COUNTY

100% Reporting

ALBORN **ARROWHEAD AURORA** BABBITT

BIWABIK TWP. **BIWABIK BOIS FORTE BREITUNG BREVATOR BRIMSON AREA**

BUHL

BUYCK COMM. CANOSIA

CENTRAL LAKES CHERRY TWP.

CHISHOLM CLIFTON COLVIN TWP.

COOK

COTTON

CRANE LAKE

CULVER DULUTH

EAGLES NEST ELLSBURG ELMER

ELY

EMBARRASS EVELETH EVERGREEN

FAYAL

FLOODWOOD **FREDENBERG FRENCH**

GILBERT GNESEN

GRAND LAKE GREANEY-RAUCH-

SILVERDALE GREENWOOD HERMANTOWN

HIBBING **HOYT LAKES INDUSTRIAL** KABETOGAMA

KELSEY

KINNEY-GREAT SCOTT

LAKELAND

LAKEWOOD TWP.

MAKINEN MC DAVITT MC KINLEY

MEADOWLANDS AREA MORSE-FALL LAKE MOUNTAIN IRON NORMANNA

NORTH STAR TWP.

ORR

PALO TWP.

PEQUAYWAN LAKE PIKE-SANDY-BRITT

PROCTOR RICE LAKE SILICA AREA SOLWAY RURAL TOIVOLA TWP. TOWER VERMILLION LAKE

VIRGINIA

SCOTT COUNTY

100% Reporting

BELLE PLAINE NEW MARKET AREA

JORDAN

MDEWAKANTON SIOUX

NEW PRAGUE PRIOR LAKE SAVAGE SHAKOPEE

SHERBURNE COUNTY

100% Reporting

BECKER
BIG LAKE
CLEAR LAKE
ELK RIVER
NE SHERBURNE
ZIMMERMAN-LIVONIA

SIBLEY COUNTY

100% Reporting

ARLINGTON
GAYLORD
GIBBON
GREEN ISLE
HENDERSON
NEW AUBURN
WINTHROP

STEARNS COUNTY

100% Reporting

ALBANY AVON BELGRADE BROOTEN COLD SPRING ELROSA FREEPORT HOLDINGFORD

KIMBALL LAKE HENRY

MELROSE

NEW MUNICH PAYNESVILLE

RICHMOND

ROCKVILLE

SARTELL-LESAUK

SAUK CENTRE

ST. AUGUSTA

ST. CLOUD

ST. JOHN'S UNIV.

ST. JOSEPH

ST. MARTIN

ST. STEPHEN

WAITE PARK

STEELE COUNTY

100% Reporting

BLOOMING PRAIRIE

ELLENDALE

MEDFORD

OWATONNA

STEVENS COUNTY

100% Reporting

BELVIEW CLEMENTS

LAMBERTON

LUCAN MILROY

MORGAN

REDWOOD FALLS

REVERE

SANBORN SEAFORTH

VESTA

WABASSO

WALNUT GROVE

WANDA

SWIFT COUNTY

100% Reporting

APPLETON BENSON CLONTARF DANVERS KERKHOVEN

MURDOCK

TODD COUNTY

88% Reporting

BERTHA

BROWERVILLE

CLARISSA

EAGLE BEND

HEWITT

LONG PRAIRIE

STAPLES

TRAVERSE COUNTY

100% Reporting

BROWNS VALLEY

DUMONT

TINTAH

WHEATON

WABASHA COUNTY

100% Reporting

ELGIN

KELLOGG

LAKE CITY

MAZEPPA

PLAINVIEW

I LI III V IL W

WABASHA

ZUMBRO FALLS

WADENA COUNTY

100% Reporting

MENAHGA

SEBEKA

VERNDALE

WADENA

WASECA COUNTY

100% Reporting

JANESVILLE NEW RICHLAND

WALDORF

WASECA

WASHINGTON COUNTY

100% Reporting

BAYPORT

COTTAGE GROVE FOREST LAKE HUGO

LAKE ELMO

LOWER ST. CROIX VALLEY

MAHTOMEDI

MARINE ON ST. CROIX

NEWPORT OAKDALE SCANDIA ST PAUL PARK

STILLWATER

WOODBURY

WATONWAN COUNTY

100% Reporting

BUTTERFIELD DARFUR

LASALLE LEWISVILLE

MADELIA

ODIN

ORMSBY ST. JAMES **WILKIN COUNTY**

80% Reporting

BRECKENRIDGE

CAMPBELL **ROTHSAY**

WOLVERTON

WINONA COUNTY

100% Reporting

ALTURA DAKOTA

GOODVIEW

LEWISTON

MINNESOTA CITY

NODINE

PICKWICK AREA

RIDGEWAY COMM. **ROLLINGSTONE**

ST. CHARLES WILSON

WINONA

WRIGHT COUNTY

100% Reporting

ALBERTVILLE ANNANDALE

BUFFALO

CLEARWATER

COKATO **DELANO**

HOWARD LAKE

MAPLE LAKE **MONTICELLO**

MONTROSE

ROCKFORD

SOUTH HAVEN

ST. MICHAEL

WAVERLY

YELLOW MEDICINE COUNTY

100% Reporting

CANBY

CLARKFIELD

ECHO

GRANITE FALLS

HANLEY FALLS

PORTER ST. LEO

WOODLAKE

We welcome new and returning departments reporting in 2012:

Bois Forte Howard Lake Campbell Itasca Twp. Colvin Twp. Magnolia McGrath Elmer White Earth Harris

2012 NON-REPORTING FIRE DEPARTMENTS

Dundee (Nobles Co.) Granada (Martin Co.)

Duxbury (Pine Co.) Grey Eagle (Todd Co.)

Finlayson (Pine Co.) Lake George (Hubbard Co.)

Foxhome (Wilkin Co.) Northwest Angle (Lake of the Woods Co.)

2012 FEMA ASSISTANCE TO FIREFIGHTERS GRANT LIST

Albany	\$37,364	Jackson	\$92,150
Amboy	\$17,328	Lake Johanna	\$338,229
Appleton	\$68,970	Littlefork	\$37,597
Atwater	\$46,595	Madison Lake	\$33,250
Bagley	\$41,278	Makinen	\$35,250
Bemidji	\$56,763	Maplewood	\$15,777
Balsam Twp.	\$99,446	Mission Twp.	\$47,671
Bowlus	\$85,422	Moorhead	\$20,801
Burnsville	\$19,964	Mora Area	\$94,858
Byron	\$30,196	Morristown	\$43,388
Cannon Falls	\$204,117	Morton	\$8,987
Carlton	\$107,398	Nashwauk	\$35,299
Carsonville	\$12,445	Orr	\$68,448
Cloquet Area	\$130,150	Osseo	\$17,100
Cottage Grove	\$202,320	Pickwick	\$8,550
Deerwood	\$53,172	Porter	\$14,255
Duluth	\$129,120	Princeton	\$19,032
East Grand Forks	\$117,791	Shelly	\$13,775
Ellsworth	\$57,713	Solway	\$22,907
Central Lakes	\$117,895	St. Anthony Village	\$65,360
Falcon Heights	\$176,398	St. Augusta	\$58,126
Fulda	\$67,104	St. Joseph	\$89,566
Geneva	\$93,430	Staples	\$37,554
Greenway	\$147,488	Taconite	\$49,799
Gunflint Trail	\$648,090	Greenwood Twp.	\$44,375
Halstad	\$32,490	Wanda	\$107,564
Henderson	\$603,638	Watkins	\$42,831
Hill City	\$19,884	Wayzata	\$18,050
Hills	\$29,209	West Concord	\$7,600
Hovland	\$3,040	Winona	\$46,028
Isanti Area	\$33,740	Winthrop	\$21,163

FIRE DEPARTMENT RUNS, DOLLAR LOSSES, AND FIRE DEATHS PER COUNTY

In some instances, the protection district of the reporting fire department goes beyond its county boundary, but the incident will still be recorded within the department's home county. (Fire rate = one fire per persons indicated. For example, in Aitkin County in 2012, there was one fire for every 226 people.)

		Total	Total	Total Co.		Average	Fire
County	Population	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Dollar Loss	Fire Rate	Dollar Loss/Fire	Deaths
Aitkin	16,031	82	169	\$591,150	226	\$8,326	
Anoka	319,950	864	15,823	\$9,824,451	454	\$13,935	2
Becker	31,817	245	381	\$872,250	169	\$4,640	_
Beltrami	42,263	168	2,107	\$2,264,290	304	\$16,290	2
Benton	38,099	126	434	\$1,319,695	356	\$12,334	1
Big Stone	5,602	41	28	\$155,800	156	\$4,328	
Blue Earth	57,409	242	2,543	\$1,317,659	261	\$5,989	
Brown	26,763	85	125	\$2,055,161	367	\$28,153	1
Carlton	33,639	215	1,925	\$1,685,541	249	\$12,485	1
Carver	82,122	216	2,183	\$2,020,026	507	\$12,469	1
Cass	28,460	127	326	\$1,077,625	176	\$9,978	1
Chippewa	12,659	72	58	\$401,300	211	\$6,688	
Chisago	48,349	233	620	\$1,213,151	254	\$6,385	1
Clay	52,905	247	3,409	\$16,740,795	251	\$79,340	
Clearwater	8,437	90	85	\$54,700	103	\$667	
Cook	5,317	41	81	\$128,050	190	\$4,573	
Cottonwood	11,961	63	52	\$251,500	235	\$4,931	
Crow Wing	59,431	284	1,585	\$5,379,905	253	\$22,893	
Dakota	379,058	974	15,900	\$14,866,920	430	\$16,875	
Dodge	19,355	74	319	\$1,956,688	323	\$32,611	
Douglas	34,628	202	413	\$4,253,424	192	\$23,630	
Faribault	15,642	101	202	\$1,664,152	87	\$22,189	3
Fillmore	21,321	90	148	\$978,850	257	\$11,793	
Freeborn	31,971	168	847	\$845,395	258	\$6,818	
Goodhue	45,496	164	1,473	\$1,307,399	295	\$8,490	
Grant	6,118	72	92	\$151,400	107	\$2,656	
Hennepin	1,120,897	3,553	74,417	\$35,680,545	363	\$11,543	8
Houston	19,890	54	420	\$1,049,452	452	\$23,851	
*Hubbard	18,849	76	42	\$1,467,785	273	\$21,272	
Isanti	36,546	119	880	\$657,176	335	\$6,029	
Itasca	44,316	227	1,131	\$2,104,654	269	\$12,755	2
Jackson	11,234	40	86	\$117,500	351	\$3,672	
Kanabec	16,056	66	40	\$2,490,700	282	\$43,696	
Kandiyohi	41,191	200	443	\$844,122	276	\$5,665	2
Kittson	4,820	93	59	\$602,250	88	\$10,950	
Koochiching	13,863	38	1,068	\$487,050	396	\$13,916	1
Lac Qui Parle	7,756	56	65	\$202,992	180	\$4,721	
Lake	11,218	58	160	\$473,375	261	\$10,759	
*Lake of the Woods	4,404	26	3	\$525,100	259	\$30,888	
LeSueur	27,166	77	338	\$1,813,800	424	\$28,341	
Lincoln	6,178	40	8	\$265,000	206	\$8,833	
Lyon	24,703	208	202	\$4,138,053	198	\$33,104	2
McLeod	5,081	140	948	\$1,056,821	348	\$10,162	

County	<u>Population</u>	Total <u>Fire Runs</u>	Total Other Runs	Total Co. <u>Dollar Loss</u>	Fire Rate	Average <u>Dollar Loss/Fire</u>	Fire <u>Deaths</u>
Mahnomen	10,015	75	43	\$724,555	96	\$13,671	
Marshall	21,044	129	191	\$956,150	101	\$9,658	1
*Martin	36,190	102	159	\$524,300	266	\$6,637	1
Meeker	23,277	121	333	\$1,719,150	242	\$17,908	
Mille Lacs	25,079	176	395	\$1,279,620	182	\$9,273	
Morrison	32,689	198	409	\$852,450	176	\$4,583	
Mower	38,998	190	472	\$961,620	219	\$5,402	
Murray	8,995	47	52	\$60,250	219	\$1,470	
Nicollet	30,829	81	313	\$617,750	440	\$8,825	
Nobles	20,477	79	194	\$764,700	293	\$11,083	
Norman	7,085	80	65	\$374,300	118	\$6,238	
Olmsted	133,283	281	8,127	\$1,221,290	507	\$4,644	
Otter Tail	57,931	258	700	\$3,200,525	272	\$15,026	3
Pennington	13,545	103	166	\$216,900	149	\$2,384	1
*Pine	28,116	158	481	\$1,576,425	249	\$13,951	
Pipestone	9,579	56	81	\$1,469,601	208	\$31,948	
Polk	31,123	253	1,277	\$799,032	145	\$3,716	
Pope	11,227	67	110	\$137,302	255	\$3,121	
Ramsey	499,498	1,933	26,671	\$16,802,940	270	\$9,083	6
Red Lake	4,289	36	24	\$433,400	138	\$13,981	1
Redwood	16,201	76	63	\$642,546	257	\$10,199	
Renville	16,701	61	58	\$493,306	298	\$8,809	
Rice	60,418	178	2,057	\$2,472,150	341	\$13,967	2
Rock	9,579	80	93	\$1,176,100	54	\$21,780	_
Roseau	16,308	95	90	\$522,402	179	\$5,741	
St. Louis	114,794	1,117	18,844	\$10,881,346	240	\$13,190	2
Scott	78,762	326	3,370	\$4,292,035	438	\$16,382	_
Sherburne	15,230	255	1,295	\$863,838	372	\$4,075	
Sibley	198,136	70	198	\$276,745	263	\$4,771	
Stearns	141,055	675	6,328	\$85,674,373	248	\$150,835	1
Steele	35,166	132	455	\$1,739,895	301	\$14,871	
Stevens	9,935	51	71	\$248,400	221	\$5,520	
Swift	11,478	58	57	\$221,750	244	\$4,718	
*Todd	24,647	121	267	\$439,403	257	\$4,577	
Traverse	3,871	34	15	\$404,750	40	\$13,492	
Wabasha	22,215	79	275	\$487,330	347	\$7,615	
Wadena	13,603	87	36	\$1,491,700	170	\$18,646	
Waseca	19,270	100	898	\$462,910	250	\$6,012	
Washington	216,660	588	13,438	\$10,576,420	462	\$22,551	2
Watonwan	11,390	68	76	\$1,155,151	228	\$23,103	_
*Wilkin	6,784	38	65	\$413,628	212	\$12,926	
Winona	49,046	177	2,353	\$1,267,708	316	\$8,179	1
Wright	106,889	404	2,647	\$2,678,438	359	\$8,988	1
Yellow Medicine	10,580	78	44	\$1,230,850	147	\$17,095	1
- 2	10,000	19,728	224,994	\$292,159,086	307	\$17,600	50

^{*}Indicates counties that do <u>not</u> have 100% reporting.

FIRE DEPARTMENT RESPONSES AND DOLLAR LOSS AS REPORTED BY MFIRS DATA

City	Total Fire Runs	Total Other Runs	Dollar <u>Loss</u>	City	Total Fire Runs	Total Other Runs	Dollar <u>Loss</u>	<u>City</u>	Total Fire Runs	Total Other Runs	Dollar <u>Loss</u>
<u>ONY</u>	1110 Ituiis	other italis	1000				11055	<u>Oity</u>		Other Italis	2000
ADA	13	39	\$89,200	BAUDETTE	16	3	\$525,100	BRIMSON	2	22	\$33,300
ADAMS	8	14	\$26,500	BAYPORT	39	968	\$70,200	BROOK PARK	14	6	\$8,000
ADRIAN	9	56	\$130,000	*BEAR CREEK	0	0	\$0	BROOKLYN CENTER			\$1,582,000
AITKIN	25	47	\$419,300	BEARDSLEY	8	7	\$0	BROOKLYN PARK	270		\$1,447,470
ALASKA	3	2	\$8,000	BEARVILLE TWP.	7	4	\$3,000	BROOTEN	23	25	\$23,000
ALBANY	18	134	\$1,103,310	BEAVER BAY	1	0	\$0	BROWERVILLE	15	26	\$0
ALBERT LEA	67	644	\$319,445	BEAVER CREEK	13	21	\$0	BROWNS VALLEY	8	7	\$3,750
ALBERT LEA TWP.	13	32	\$69,000	BECKER	26	376	\$0	BROWNSDALE	5	35	\$5,000
ALBERTVILLE	26	192	\$0	BELGRADE	14	57	\$27,050	BROWNSVILLE	5	37	\$18,000
ALBORN	9	49	\$5,100	BELLE PLAINE	24	141	\$85,920	BROWNTON	6	55	\$2,000
ALDEN	10	50	\$37,000	BELLINGHAM	4	18	\$40,000	BRUNO	9	2	\$112,000
ALEXANDRIA	74	135	\$751,800	BELTRAMI	4	2	\$0	BUFFALO	43	184	\$620,477
ALMELUND	16	43	\$500	BELVIEW	7	6	\$183,000	BUFFALO LAKE	2	1	\$255,500
ALTHRA	3	13	\$0	BEMIDJI	136		\$1,621,290	BUHL	4	3	\$2,600
ALTURA	2	1	\$0	BENSON	32	30	\$10,400	BURNSVILLE	143	4,841	\$1,933,215
ALVARADO	11 7	31 48	\$0	BERTHA	13 7	71	\$95,500	BUTTERFIELD	7	1	\$22,000
AMBOY			\$30,500	BETHEL	49	10 5	\$13,000	BUYCK	1	4	\$20,000
ANDOVER	50 18	1,119	\$191,600	BIG LAKE	49 1		\$0	BYRON	20	39 22	\$32,300
ANNANDALE		153	\$204,000 \$899,775	BIGELOW	9	160	\$3,000	CALLAWAY	10		\$507,500
ANOKA-CHAMPLIN APPLE VALLEY	88 97	539 1,320	\$3,088,964	BIGFORK BIRCHDALE	1	17 4	\$30,700 \$0	CAMPRIDGE	15 57	6 136	\$0 \$355,650
APPLE VALLEY APPLETON	2	3	\$3,088,904	BIRD ISLAND	11	5	\$0 \$0	CAMBRIDGE CAMP RIPLEY	34	94	•
ARCO	3	0	\$15,000	BIWABIK	4	15	\$0 \$0	CAMPBELL	1	0	\$0 \$0
ARGYLE	16	73	\$320,000	BIWABIK TWP.	6	27	\$33,000	CAMPBELL	20	3	\$344,500
ARLINGTON	19	50	\$320,000	BLACKDUCK	11	14	\$195,500	CANNON FALLS	33	358	\$344,300
ARROWHEAD	18	1	\$0 \$0	BLACKHOOF	22	17	\$193,300	CANNON FALLS CANOSIA TWP.	31	125	\$60,000
ASHBY	19	3	\$47,300	BLOMKEST	1	1 /	\$150,000	CANTON	7	3	\$00,000
ASKOV	7	41	\$61,200	BLOOMING PRAIRIE		21	\$634,440	CARLOS	4	0	\$0 \$0
ATWATER	18	28	\$51,522	BLOOMING TRAIRIE BLOOMINGTON	197		\$1,242,768	CARLOS	33	80	\$879,000
AUDUBON	15	16	\$70,200	BLUE EARTH	36		\$1,015,152	CARSONVILLE	54	132	\$453,000
AURORA	13	18	\$70,200	BLUFFTON	3	1	\$0	CARVER	21	122	\$23,450
AUSTIN	130	359	\$678,020	BOIS FORTE	1	0	\$0 \$0	CASS LAKE	36	45	\$85,000
AVOCA	1	0	\$0	BORUP	12	6	\$50,800	CENTENNIAL	43	987	\$166,750
AVON	23	134	\$93,800	BOVEY	12	99	\$0	CENTER CITY	11	18	\$6,500
BABBITT	23	22	\$26,300	BOWLUS	12	3	\$46,000	CENTRAL LAKES	1	5	\$13,000
BACKUS	16	17	\$207,500	BOYD	10	18	\$3,400	CEYLON	11	1	\$4,200
BADGER	20	5	\$45,000	BRAHAM	8	7	\$194,100	CHAIN OF LAKES	4	6	\$255,000
BAGLEY	34	24	\$53,500	BRAINERD	112	•	\$3,114,500	CHANDLER	0	5	\$0
BALATON	28	8	\$165,000	BRANDON	10	46	\$45,400	CHANHASSEN	22	491	\$64,166
BALSAM	14	62	\$183,000	BRECKENRIDGE	17	6	\$13,100	CHASKA	55	371	\$809,051
BARNESVILLE	42	26	\$386,200	BREITUNG TWP.	9	30	\$22,000	CHATFIELD	13	43	\$40,500
BARNUM	13	111	\$0 \$0	BREVATOR TWP.	5	1	\$262,000	CHERRY TWP.	15	39	\$12,260
BARRETT	10	16	\$0	BREWSTER	14	39	\$16,100	CHISAGO CITY	24	36	\$10,701
BATTLE LAKE	17	15	\$717,250	BRICELYN	4	3	\$145,000	CHISHOLM	40	71	\$146,825

	Total	Total	Dollar		Total	Total	Dollar		Total	Total	Dollar
<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss	<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss	<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss
CHOKIO	17	2	\$58,400	DALTON	16	55	\$5,020	ELMORE	14	42	\$116,500
CLARA CITY	10	16	\$18,000	DANUBE	6	3	\$50,000	ELROSA	2	17	\$0
CLAREMONT	5	19	\$13,900	DANVERS	8	3	\$207,350	ELY	8	263	\$12,600
CLARISSA	13	62	\$43,500	DARFUR	7	4	\$5,050	ELYSIAN	8	59	\$3,000
CLARKFIELD	6	6	\$102,000	DASSEL	20	208	\$557,250	EMBARRASS	13	41	\$210,000
CLARKS GROVE	9	0	\$4,500	DAWSON	18	23	\$0	EMILY	11	12	\$0
CLEAR LAKE	26	164	\$181,000	DAYTON	14	209	\$500	EMMONS	11	43	\$65,350
CLEARBROOK	18	53	\$0	DEER CREEK	5	42	\$0	ERSKINE	21	93	\$156,250
CLEARWATER	28	216	\$545,000	DEER RIVER	30	52	\$361,100	EVANSVILLE	22	5	\$132,500
CLEMENTS	2	3	\$0	DEERWOOD	9	35	\$558,300	EVELETH	26	82	\$942,500
CLEVELAND	9	62	\$0	DEGRAFF	5	0	\$0	EVERGREEN	4	7	\$0
CLIFTON TWP.	10	12	\$25,000	DELANO	35	454	\$77,660	EXCELSIOR	54	585	\$623,752
CLIMAX	1	18	\$10,000	DELAVAN	3	2	\$60,000	EYOTA	14	27	\$118,200
CLINTON	10	9	\$75,200	DENT	9	7	\$11,500	FAIRFAX	12	7	\$185,000
CLINTON TWP.	5	20	\$0	DETROIT LAKES	63	176	\$72,300	FAIRMONT	44	105	\$332,800
CLONTARF	1	2	\$0	*DEXTER	0	0	\$0	FALCON HGTS.	21	111	\$72,500
CLOQUET AREA	33	1,080	\$467,520	DILWORTH	26	30	\$413,000	FARIBAULT	78	1,856	\$293,450
COHASSET	36	160	\$683,300	DODGE CENTER	18	159	\$653,900	FARMINGTON	58	494	\$861,450
COKATO	21	51	\$10,900	DONNELLY	7	16	\$31,000	FAYAL	28	125	\$57,000
COLD SPRING	24	305	\$220,200	DOVER	16	18	\$7,000	FEDERAL DAM	0	1	\$0
COLERAINE	10	102	\$85,500	DOVRAY	5	3	\$0	FELTON	7	2	\$205,800
COLOGNE	8	67	\$105,026	DULUTH	315	9,470	\$1,751,741	FERGUS FALLS	69	168	\$1,002,780
COLUMBIA HGTS.	56	2,539	\$279,000	DUMONT	3	0	\$250,000	FERTILE	41	8	\$67,300
COLVILL AREA	9	15	\$0	DUNNLLLK. FRMN	JT. 4	20	\$0	FIFTY LAKES	7	17	\$20,000
COLVIN TWP.	1	0	\$0	EAGAN	98	975	\$1,006,350	FINLAND	9	16	\$175
COMFREY	9	3	\$751,486	EAGLE BEND	5	0	\$3,000	FISHER	11	26	\$21,282
CONGER	5	0	\$70,000	EAGLE LAKE	15	87	\$0	FLENSBURG	1	0	\$0
COOK	9	31	\$45,100	EAGLES NEST	1	23	\$0	FLOODWOOD	4	21	\$90,500
COON RAPIDS	123	4,755	\$3,356,151	EAST BETHEL	37	471	\$452,779	FOLEY	50	173	\$966,000
*CORRELL	0	0	\$0	EAST GRAND FORK	S 32	811	\$131,400	FORADA TWP	6	47	\$10,000
COSMOS	6	15	\$6,000	EAST HUBBARD CO) . 8	0	\$147,500	FOREST LAKE	81	313	\$254,710
COTTAGE GROVE	65	2,437	\$391,701	EASTON	1	13	\$0	FORESTON	19	65	\$14
COTTON	12	48	\$80,000	ECHO	2	0	\$0	FOSSTON	28	25	\$0
COTTONWOOD	18	20	\$600,000	EDEN PRAIRIE	56	1,790	\$810,900	FOUNTAIN	6	5	\$0
COURTLAND	9	55	\$51,250	EDEN VALLEY	22	26	\$0	FRANKLIN	3	1	\$0
CRANE LAKE	2	11	\$0	EDGERTON	7	17	\$0	FRAZEE	42	28	\$750
CROMWELL	6	14	\$100,000	EDINA	110		\$1,422,300	FREDENBERG TWP.	8	40	\$5,000
CROOKED LK. TWP		19	\$3,100	EITZEN	11	34	\$0	FREEBORN	4	6	\$110,000
CROOKSTON	88	219	\$332,800	ELBOW LAKE	21	48	\$49,000	FREEPORT	16	13	\$0
CROSBY	15	36	\$190,655	ELBOW-TULABY L		2	\$0	FRENCH TWP.	3	9	\$2,500
CROSSLAKE	19	250	\$56,550	ELGIN	10	18	\$17,000	FRIDLEY	121	2,906	\$1,054,538
CULVER	8	3	\$57,700	ELIZABETH	1	3	\$155,000	FROST	0	1	\$0
CURRIE	9	12	\$25,500	ELK RIVER	77	278	\$589,700	FULDA	15	17	\$0
CUYUNA	6	1	\$8,650	ELLENDALE	17	16	\$205,200	GARFIELD	19		\$2,123,024
CYRUS	15	8	\$130,500	ELLSBURG	10	23	\$5,300	GARRISON	33	141	\$778,000
DAKOTA	11	66	\$0	ELLSWORTH	8	21	\$200,000	GARVIN	13	10	\$20,000
DALBO	18	68	\$40,376	ELMER	2	1	\$0	GARY	8	1	\$0

]	Total	Total	Dollar		Total	Total	Dollar		Total	Total	Dollar
<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss	<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss	<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss
GAYLORD	7	22	\$50,000	HAWLEY	34	49	\$428,700	KARLSTAD	30	26	\$341,250
GENEVA	13	50	\$0	HAYFIELD	16	22	\$22,100	KASOTA	2	7	\$0
GHENT	11	6	\$0	HAYWARD	14	0	\$0	KASSON	13	34	\$656,588
GIBBON	10	2	\$16,000	HECTOR	8	8	\$0	KEEWATIN	13	84	\$10,000
GILBERT	8	6	\$1,300	HENDERSON	2	67	\$0	KELLIHER	7	7	\$66,000
GLENCOE	0	6	\$0	HENDRICKS	5	2	\$250,000	KELLOGG	8	0	\$294,430
GLENVILLE	0	3	\$0	HENDRUM	5	1	\$0	*KELSEY	0	0	\$0
GLENWOOD	28	6	\$2,402	HENNING	14	8	\$12,060	KENNEDY	10	10	\$0
GLYNDON	22	3	\$85,750	HERMAN	5	1	\$46,100	KENNETH	2	1	\$20,000
GNESEN TWP.	11	74	\$0	HERMANTOWN	36	680	\$77,500	KENSINGTON	15	32	\$215,000
GOLDEN VALLEY	56	39	\$553,500	HERON LAKE	8	11	\$1,000	KENYON	15	15	\$0
GONVICK	22	17	\$0	HEWITT	9	0	\$94,600	KERKHOVEN	8	17	\$4,000
GOOD THUNDER	10	589	\$0	HIBBING	75	2,597	\$424,520	KERRICK	3	1	\$275,000
GOODHUE	21	51	\$480,200	HILL CITY	8	24	\$25,300	KETTLE RIVER	13	2	\$1,100
GOODLAND TWP.	3	15	\$0	HILLS	7	11	\$0	KIESTER	2	0	\$0
GOODRIDGE	32	1	\$23,200	HINCKLEY	30	39	\$0	KILKENNY	6	0	\$0
GOODVIEW	11	32	\$2,500	HITTERDAL	4	3	\$0	KIMBALL	21	116	\$8,200
GRACEVILLE	9	3	\$80,600	HOFFMAN	8	1	\$0	KINNEY-GREAT SCT		0	\$0
GRAND LAKE TWP		113	\$428,000	HOKAH	10	54	\$11,000	LACRESCENT	8	250	\$432,050
GRAND MARAIS	8	33	\$0	HOLDINGFORD	12	77	\$38,368	LAFAYETTE	3	27	\$0
GRAND MEADOW	15	31	\$42,000	HOLLAND	2	4	\$250	LAKE BENTON	16	5	\$0
*GRAND PORTAGE		0	\$0	HOLLANDALE	9	2	\$31,500	LAKE BRONSON	32	6	\$58,000
GRAND RAPIDS	53	250	\$703,304	HOPKINS	37	1,165	\$69,762	LAKE CITY	21	68	\$16,500
GRANITE FALLS	28	19	\$115,650	HOUSTON	7	9	\$80,902	LAKE CRYSTAL	22	41	\$279,704
GREANYRCHSVI		0	\$0	HOVLAND	7	15	\$21,000	LAKE ELMO	28	371	\$431,500
GREEN ISLE	7	23	\$50,500	HOWARD LAKE	20	59	\$1,000	LAKE HENRY	10	7	\$15,000
GREENBUSH	21	10	\$151,000	HOYT LAKES	8	5	\$10,000	LAKE JOHANNA	53		\$2,892,204
GREENWAY TWP.	13	154	\$0	HUGO	41	534	\$7,000	LAKE LILLIAN	12	10	\$0
GREENWOOD TWP		107	\$8,500	HUTCHINSON	61	376	\$458,071	LAKE PARK	9	10	\$0
GROVE CITY	15	14	\$316,500	IDEAL TWP.	12	100	\$8,000	LAKE WILSON	5	4	\$7,500
*GRYGLA	0	0	\$0	INDUSTRIAL	16	38	\$55,000	LAKEFIELD	18	27	\$53,500
GUNFLINT TRAIL HACKENSACK	10	0 7	\$101,600	INT'L. FALLS INVER GROVE HGTS	19 S. 87	1,037	\$196,700	LAKELAND TWP. LAKEVILLE	4 112	35 768	\$0
	10 19	17	\$191,600	*IONA	5. 87 0	1,158 0	\$1,500 \$0	LAKEWOOD TWP.	20	768 97	\$521,610
HALLOCK HALSTAD	8	5	\$203,000 \$0	IRONTON	3	5		LAMBERTON	9	97 11	\$11,000
HAM LAKE	23	384	\$340,000	ISANTI	36	669	\$1,250	LANCASTER	2	0	\$190,100 \$0
HAMBURG	13	38	\$340,000	ISLE	22	31	\$67,050	LANESBORO	11	11	
HAMEL	32	38 175	\$30,000	ITASCA TWP	0	2	\$370,600 \$0	LANESBOKO LAPORTE/LAKEPOR		15	\$20,500 \$125,200
HANCOCK	8	6	\$134,000	IVANHOE	5	1	\$0 \$0	LASALLE	3	13	\$123,200
HANLEY FALLS	5	3	\$301,700	JACKSON	9	35	\$63,000	LEAF VALLEY TWP.	7	4	\$12,500
HANOVER	29	106	\$13,000	JACOBSON	3	13	\$1,200	LECENTER	12	27	\$75,400
HANSKA	6	16	\$13,000	JANESVILLE	23	153	\$160,660	LEROY	13	18	\$86,600
HARDWICK	12	11	\$176,050	JASPER	10	6	\$323,000	LESTER PRAIRIE	15	126	\$50,500
HARMONY	13	12	\$170,030	JEFFERS	7	7	\$525,000	LESUEUR	13	6	\$457,000
HARRIS	3	0	\$17,500	JORDAN	21	101	\$0 \$0	LEWISTON	18	35	\$970,856
HARTLAND	2	0	\$17,500	KABETOGEMA	3	1	\$120,700	LEWISTON	4	0	\$970,830
HASTINGS	101		\$5,713,811	KANDIYOHI	13	58	\$13,000	LEXINGTON	12	169	\$0 \$0
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	Total	Total	Dollar		Total	Total	Dollar		Total	Total	Dollar
<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss	<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Run	s Loss	<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss
LINDSTROM	22	43	\$55,000	MCDAVITT	2	10	\$1,300	NERSTRAND	4	0	\$75,000
LINWOOD TWP.	18	173	\$348,000	MCGRATH	9	0	\$0	NEVIS	13	0	\$16,550
LISMORE	1	1	\$0	MCGREGOR	31	84	\$145,350	NEW AUBURN	4	15	\$945
LITCHFIELD	44	55	\$532,150	MCINTOSH	8	8	\$80,000	NEW BRIGHTON	90	214	\$561,530
LITTLE CANADA	58	166	\$36,125	MCKINLEY	1	0	\$0	NEW GERMANY	6	39	\$100
LITTLE FALLS	43	71	\$247,000	MDEWAKANTON	25	1,560	\$145	NEW LONDON	41	47	\$55,100
LITTLEFORK	11	11	\$195,350	MEADOWLANDS	10	10	\$35,000	NEW MARKET	16	214	\$713,901
LOMAN	4	1	\$95,000	MEDFORD	15	70	\$150,700	NEW MUNICH	0	0	\$0
LONDON TWP.	6	7	\$131,000	MEDICINE LAKE	1	8	\$0	NEW PRAGUE	23	131	\$500,000
LONG LAKE	34	361	\$238,092	MELROSE	21	80	\$405,061	NEW RICHLAND	14	107	\$3,350
LONG PRAIRIE	45	70	\$90,400	MENAHGA	14	16	\$395,000	NEW ULM	49	73	\$273,025
LONGVILLE	5	13	\$87,000	MENDOTA HGTS.	19	218	\$135,774	NEW YORK MILLS	23	175	\$108,000
LONSDALE	17	3	\$220,800	MENTOR	16	67	\$0	NEWFOLDEN	29	14	\$2,800
LORETTO	33	179	\$74,000	MIDDLE RIVER	14	2	\$70,000	NEWPORT	20	71	\$294,000
*LOUISBURG	0	0	\$0	MIESVILLE	22	49	\$38,120	NICOLLET	16	78	\$194,700
LWR. ST. CROIX VL	Y. 23	421	\$142,596	MILACA	47	66	\$262,606	NIELSVILLE	2	0	\$0
LOWRY	10	7	\$4,400	MILAN	5	1	\$0	NISSWA	24	48	\$58,000
LUCAN	1	3	\$0	MILLERVILLE	16	0	\$42,500	NODINE	11	61	\$149,750
LUTSEN	7	8	\$105,050	MILROY	4	0	\$0	NORMANNA TWP.	13	10	\$122,000
LUVERNE	40	44	\$980,050	MILTONA	8	60	\$0	NORTH BRANCH	42	75	\$550,400
LYLE	10	9	\$123,500	MINNEAPOLIS	1,363	35,648	\$20,235,279	NORTH MANKATO	31	102	\$18,500
LYND	10	0	\$1,700	MINNEOTA	18	22	\$361,500	NORTH ST. PAUL	48	1,055	\$150,300
MABEL	4	10	\$0	MINNESOTA CITY	4	12	\$0	NORTH STAR TWP.	6	14	\$0
MADELIA	11	12	\$32,500	MINNESOTA LAKE	9	44	\$28,000	NE SHERBURNE	33	167	\$0
MADISON	14	4	\$1,000	MINNETONKA	76	1,574	\$736,481	NORTHFIELD	69	192	\$1,862,900
MADISON LAKE	12	72	\$362,800	MISSION TWP.	7	96	\$201,000	NORTHLAND TWP.	6	16	\$490,000
MAGNOLIA	6	5	\$0	MONTEVIDEO	37	22	\$166,300	NORTHOME	3	10	\$0
MAHNOMEN	23	17	\$90,000	MONTGOMERY	14	33	\$120,700	NORTHRUP	0	2	\$0
MAHTOMEDI	35	837	\$4,047,410	MONTICELLO	44	188	\$151,400	NORWDYNG. AME	R. 18	211	\$68,000
MAHTOWA	18	43	\$47,719	MONTROSE	25	232	\$105,300	OAK GROVE	24	52	\$370,002
MAKINEN	1	1	\$0	MOORHEAD	90	3,254	\$15,211,345	OAKDALE	84	1,988	\$863,489
MANCHESTER	2	8	\$0	MOOSE LAKE	22	336	\$3,202	ODESSA	12	3	\$0
MANKATO	122	1,994	\$164,100	MORA	51	33	\$2,046,700	ODIN	8	26	\$52,000
MANTORVILLE	11	67	\$160,200	MORGAN	1	5	\$2,000	OGEMA	15	3	\$0
MAPLE GROVE	129	766	\$1,652,804	MORRIS	19	47	\$25,000	OGILVIE	15	7	\$444,000
MAPLE HILL	4	6	\$2,000	MORRISTOWN	10	6	\$20,000	OKABENA	2	0	\$0
MAPLE LAKE	41	77	\$154,000	MORSE FALL LAKE	16	22	\$585,500	OKLEE	2	0	\$1,000
MAPLE PLAIN	21	247	\$0	MORTON	3	2	\$1,000	OLIVIA	3	21	\$0
MAPLETON	17	109	\$0	MOTLEY	26	104	\$91,000	ONAMIA	21	33	\$91,800
MAPLEVIEW	1	1	\$0	MOUND	31	523	\$168,900	ORMSBY	8	11	\$698,200
MAPLEWOOD	118	4,183	\$1,340,409	MOUNTAIN IRON	3	17	\$0	ORONOCO	3	51	\$0
MARIETTA	8	2	\$147,000	MOUNTAIN LAKE	15	13	\$16,500	ORR	12	25	\$3,500
MARINE ON ST. CRY		86	\$7,420	MPLS./STP. INT. ARP		2,338	\$18,100	ORTONVILLE	2	6	\$0
MARSHALL	52		\$2,862,033	MURDOCK	2	2	\$0	OSAKIS	21	29	\$920,700
MAYER	12	66	\$3,150	MYRTLE	3	2	\$7,600	OSLO	5	28	\$0
MAYNARD	13	17	\$217,000	NASHWAUK	16	39	\$44,750	OSSEO	26	291	\$0
MAZEPPA	12	2	\$19,100	NASSAU	2	0	\$11,592	OSTRANDER	2	2	\$0

!	Total	Total	Dollar		Total	Total	Dollar		Total	Total	Dollar
<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss	<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Run	s Loss	<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss
OTTERTAIL	4	21	\$0	RIDGEWAY COMM.	. 11	2	\$0	SOLWAY TWP.	12	75	\$565,000
OWATONNA	83	348	\$749,555	ROBBINSDALE	88	256	\$0	SOUTH BEND	9	24	\$181,055
PALISADE	6	1	\$0	ROCHESTER ARPT.		28	\$0	SOUTH HAVEN	13	96	\$0
PALO TWP.	5	82	\$0	ROCHESTER	205	7,591	\$887,840	SOUTH METRO	166	4,834	\$413,001
PARK RAPIDS	39	27	\$1,178,535	ROCKFORD	21	274	\$0	SPICER	16	37	\$0
PARKERS PRAIRIE	10	8	\$700,000	ROCKVILLE	21	84	\$150,000	SPRING GROVE	3	14	\$0
PAYNESVILLE	43	55	\$1,342,200	ROGERS	43	473	\$490,500	SPRING VALLEY	11	20	\$303,700
PELICAN RAPIDS	11	11	\$0	ROLLINGSTONE	6	5	\$0	SPRINGFIELD	6	22	\$0
PEMBERTON	8	17	\$8,000	ROSE CREEK	8	5	\$0	SQUAW LAKE	1	40	\$0
PENNOCK	5	1	\$0	ROSEAU	38	53	\$267,000	ST. ANTHONY	40	1,227	\$378,782
PEQUAYWAN LAK		5	\$180,000	ROSEMOUNT	42	670	\$1,066,500	ST. AUGUSTA	22	61	\$114,760
PEQUOT LAKES	26	65	\$385,000	ROSEVILLE	97	4,078	\$2,981,285	ST. BONIFACIUS	9	118	\$334,200
PERHAM	33	97	\$203,915	ROTHSAY	13	59	\$28,120	ST. CHARLES	21	28	\$16,700
PERLEY-LEE TWP.	10	4	\$0	ROUND LAKE	4	1	\$800	ST. CLAIR	12	64	\$125,500
PICKWICK AREA	8	51	\$59,400	ROYALTON	12	10	\$0	ST. CLOUD	249	4,166	\$3,115,132
PIERZ	39	24 104	\$205,200	RUSH CITY	33	41	\$0	ST. FRANCIS	41	369	\$217,560
PIKE-SANDY-BRIT			\$770,000	RUSHFORD	10	31	\$134,650	ST. HILLAIRE	11 20	24	\$0
PILLAGER PINE CITY	18 48	188 89	\$7,275 \$732,975	RUSHMORE RUSSELL	13 14	25 0	\$322,900 \$0	ST. JAMES ST. JOHN'S UNIV.	20 5	21 287	\$345,401
PINE CITY PINE ISLAND	22	224	\$132,913	RUTHTON	3	3	\$338,751	ST. JOSEPH	32	288	\$5,075 \$449,710
PINE RIVER	19	24	\$75,000	SABIN-ELMWOOD	14	6	\$10,000	ST. LEO	4	2	\$449,710
PIPESTONE	26	48	\$797,600	SACRED HEART	7	2	\$10,000	ST. LEO ST. LOUIS PARK	176	4,258	\$1,099,390
PLAINVIEW	8	33	\$7,500	SANBORN	6	1	\$1,000	ST. MARTIN	9	29	\$80,000
PLATO	13	31	\$7,500	SANDSTONE	27	116	\$276,250	ST. MICHAEL	31	245	\$5,201
PLUMMER	13	17	\$369,500	SARTELL/LESAUK	26		\$78,016,507	ST. PAUL	1,341	13,830	\$7,119,877
PLYMOUTH	167	1,207	\$1,698,750	SAUK CENTRE	26	58	\$101,000	ST. PAUL PARK	22	79	\$22,500
PORTER	6	11	\$30,000	SAUK RAPIDS	49	137	\$0	ST. PETER	22	51	\$353,300
PRESTON	4	6	\$300,000	SAVAGE	46	333	\$722,100	ST. STEPHEN	12	64	\$80,000
PRINCETON	67	200	\$554,600	SBM	171	1,034	\$2,135,296	STACY	22	25	\$6,000
PRINSBURG	3	3	\$2,500	SCANDIA	24	191	\$50,000	STAPLES	21	38	\$112,403
PRIOR LAKE	74	404	\$286,994	SCANDIA VALLEY	4	9	\$109,000	STARBUCK	1	0	\$0
PROCTOR	23	302	\$43,000	SCHROEDER	1	0	\$0	STEPHEN	16	29	\$287,500
RAMSEY	50	316	\$0	SEAFORTH	1	0	\$0	STEWART	9	0	\$136,750
RANDALL	10	88	\$8,750	SEBEKA	30	10	\$342,000	STEWARTVILLE	23	373	\$175,950
RANDOLPH-HMPT	N. 29	110	\$86,625	SEDAN	6	3	\$0	STILLWATER	65	1,689	\$932,422
*RANGE REG. ARP	Γ. 0	0	\$0	SHAFER	16	71	\$0	STORDEN	3	0	\$0
RAYMOND	8	0	\$60,600	SHAKOPEE	98	486	\$1,982,975	STURGEON LAKE	7	53	\$0
RED LAKE	5	0	\$296,000	SHELLY	1	2	\$0	SUNBURG	9	15	\$0
RED LAKE FALLS	21	7	\$62,900	SHERBURN	11	16	\$58,500	SWANVILLE	8	0	\$117,500
RED WING	42	828	\$370,499	SHEVLIN	16	6	\$1,200	TACONITE	3	27	\$0
REDWOOD FALLS	15	18	\$152,796	SILICA AREA	0	12	\$0	TAUNTON	6	0	\$0
REMER	10	8	\$351,150	SILVER BAY	19	45	\$182,000	TAYLORS FALLS	5	0	\$0
RENVILLE	6	8	\$800	SILVER LAKE	18	120	\$400,000	THIEF RIVER FALLS		141	\$193,700
RICE	27	124	\$353,695	*SKYLINE	0	0	\$0	THOMSN. TWP./ESKO		169	\$18,000
RICE LAKE TWP.	28	144	\$797,000	SLAYTON	12	11	\$27,250	TINTAH	6	5	\$142,000
RICHFIELD	101	3,938	\$475,215	SLEEPY EYE	15	11	\$1,019,650	TOFTE	4	4	\$0
RICHMOND	7	66	\$31,000	SOLWAY	6	7	\$77,500	TOIVOLA TWP .	6	15	\$5,500

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	Total	Total	Dollar		Total	Total	Dollar		Total	Total	Dollar
<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss	<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss	<u>City</u>	Fire Runs	Other Runs	Loss
TOWER	7	7	\$12,000	WADENA	32	10	\$336,600	WHITE EARTH	1	0	\$125,000
TRACY	38	53	\$127,820	WAITE PARK	34	113	\$0	WILLIAMS	10	0	\$0
TRIMONT	11	6	\$103,500	WALDORF	9	26	\$40,000	WILLMAR	74	244	\$511,400
TRUMAN	11	5	\$1,800	WALKER	8	4	\$70,000	WILLOW RIVER	13	134	\$111,000
*TWIN LAKES	0	0	\$0	WALNUT GROVE	12	9	\$32,050	WILMONT	2	0	\$0
TWIN LAKES VOL.	31	14	\$305,750	WALTERS	4	4	\$0	WILSON TWP.	4	6	\$0
TWIN VALLEY	23	7	\$234,300	WANAMINGO	13	6	\$26,050	WINDOM	26	28	\$0
TWO HARBORS	29	99	\$291,200	WANDA	5	0	\$40,000	WINGER	1	0	\$0
TYLER	11	0	\$0	WARBA	7	41	\$0	WINNEBAGO	18	18	\$137,500
ULEN	8	0	\$0	WARREN	29	14	\$210,850	WINONA	70	2,054	\$68,502
UNDERWOOD	23	72	\$0	WARROAD	16	22	\$59,402	WINSTED	18	234	\$9,500
UPSALA	9	6	\$28,000	WASECA	54	612	\$258,900	WINTHROP	21	19	\$159,300
USS EMER. SVCS.	17	262	\$30,000	WATERTOWN	19	267	\$867,433	WOLF LAKE	26	8	\$151,000
VADNAIS HGTS.	38	849	\$613,400	WATERVILLE	13	144	\$1,157,700	WOLVERTON	7	0	\$385,508
VERGAS	18	17	\$285,000	WATKINS	14	15	\$307,250	WOOD LAKE	7	0	\$337,000
VERMILLION LAKE	2	18	\$0	WATSON	7	2	\$0	WOODBURY	50	3,453	\$3,061,472
VERNDALE	11	0	\$418,100	WAUBUN	21	12	\$328,805	WOODSTOCK	8	3	\$10,000
VERNON CENTER	8	36	\$166,000	WAVERLY	9	120	\$790,500	WORTHINGTON	27	51	\$91,900
VESTA	7	4	\$5,000	WAYZATA	44	246	\$32,200	WRENSHALL	31	65	\$69,300
VICTORIA	8	201	\$31,250	WELCOME	10	4	\$23,500	WRIGHT	5	8	\$0
VIKING	9	0	\$65,000	WELLS	10	23	\$162,000	WYKOFF	9	5	\$160,000
VILLARD	7	18	\$0	WENDELL	9	23	\$9,000	WYOMING	39	268	\$566,550
VINING	2	0	\$0	WEST CONCORD	11	18	\$450,000	ZIMMERMNLVNIA	44	150	\$93,138
VIRGINIA	52	3,335	\$2,183,700	WEST METRO	169	1,174	\$264,900	ZUMBRO FALLS	18	88	\$132,800
WABASHA	2	66	\$0	WESTBROOK	12	4	\$235,000	ZUMBROTA	18	27	\$430,650
WABASSO	6	3	\$37,600	WHEATON	17	3	\$9,000				
WACONIA	34	310	\$48,400	WHITE BEAR LK.	63	424	\$1,035,310				

^{*}These fire departments reported as having no incident responses for 2012.