STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

STEARNS COUNTY ST. CLOUD, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2012



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



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ORGANIZATION SCHEDULE 2012

		Term	Term of Office				
Office	Name	From	То				
Commissioners							
1st District	DeWayne Mareck*	January 2009	January 2013				
2nd District	Mark Bromenschenkel	January 2011	January 2013				
3rd District	Jeff Mergen	January 2011	January 2013				
4th District	Leigh Lenzmeier	January 2009	January 2013				
5th District	Don Otte	January 2011	January 2013				
Officers							
Elected							
Attorney	Janelle Kendall	January 2011	January 2015				
Auditor-Treasurer	Randy Schreifels	January 2011	January 2015				
County Recorder/Registrar of							
Titles	Diane Grundhoefer	January 2011	January 2015				
Sheriff	John Sanner	January 2011	January 2015				
Appointed							
Administrator	George Rindelaub	Ind	efinite				
Agriculture Inspector	John Waldorf**	Ind	efinite				
Assessor	Gary Grossinger	January 2009	December 2012				
Building Facilities	Ralph Braegelmann***	Ind	efinite				
Emergency Management	Marv Klug	Ind	efinite				
Environmental Service	Don Adams	Ind	efinite				
Extension (State Regional)	Sarah Chur	Ind	efinite				
Highway Engineer	Jodi Teich	April 2012	May 2013				
Human Resources	Jennifer Thorsten	Ind	efinite				
Human Services Administrator	Mark Sizer	Ind	efinite				
Information Services	George McClure	Ind	Indefinite				
Parks	Charles Wocken	Ind	efinite				
Purchasing	Bill Davison	Ind	efinite				
Veterans Service Officer	Terry Ferdinandt	March 2012	March 2016				

^{*}Chair

^{**}Retired in June 2012; a replacement had not been formally appointed at December 31, 2012.

^{***}Retired in April 2012; a replacement had not been formally appointed at December 31, 2012.







STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Stearns County

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stearns County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, including the Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of Stearns County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the HRA of Stearns County, the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the HRA of Stearns County, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stearns County as of December 31, 2012, including the HRA of Stearns County as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Stearns County's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and other information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section as listed in the table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 25, 2013, on our consideration of Stearns County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Stearns County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. It does not include the HRA of Stearns County, which was audited by other auditors.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional

procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the SEFA is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 25, 2013





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

This section of Stearns County's annual financial report presents an overview and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2012.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of Stearns County exceeded its liabilities by \$328,317,935 (net position). Of this amount, \$49,580,186 represents unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$13,822,188, or about 4.4 percent, over the prior year.
- As of the close of the fiscal year, Stearns County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$76,002,451. Of this amount, \$63,321,370, or approximately 83.3 percent, is available for spending at the County's discretion.
- At the end of the year, the total fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$2,299,488 to \$29,933,288. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance increased to \$28,496,767. This is approximately 58.4 percent of total General Fund expenditures during the year. The assigned fund balance at year-end was \$5,557.
- Stearns County's total bonded debt decreased by \$3,985,000 (15.6 percent) during the current fiscal year. In 2012, the County did not issue any bonds and paid \$3,985,000 of bond principal.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts--Independent Auditor's Report; required supplementary information, which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (this section); the basic financial statements; and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County.

- The first two statements are county-wide financial statements, which provide both short-term and long-term information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on individual parts of the County, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the county-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services, such as general government, human services, and highways and streets, were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- The proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about activities the County operates like a business, such as loans to individuals for septic system upgrades.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

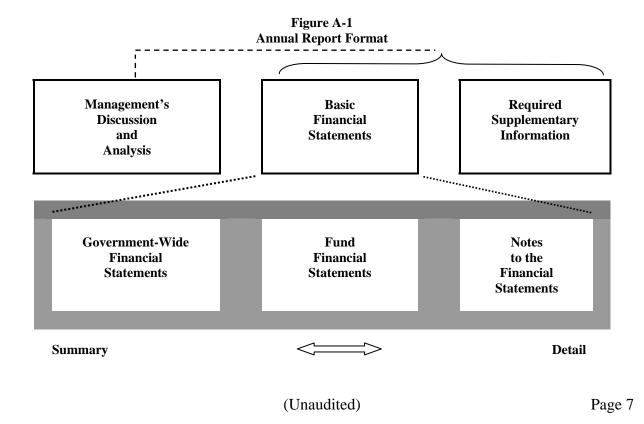


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the MD&A highlights the structure and content of each of the statements.

Majo	Figure A-2 Major Features of the County's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements									
	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Scope	Entire County government (except fiduciary funds) and the County's component unit	The activities of the County that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the County operates similar to private business	Instances in which the County is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources						
Required financial statements	Statement of net position and statement of activities	Balance sheet and operating statement	Statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets						
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; agency funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can						
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

County-Wide Statements

The county-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the County's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two county-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position--the difference between the County's assets and liabilities--is one way to measure the County's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of County buildings and other facilities need to be considered.

In the county-wide financial statements, the County's activities are shown in two categories:

- Governmental activities The County's basic services are included here. Property taxes and state aids finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities Those activities supported to a large extent by user fees and charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's funds-focusing on its most significant or "major" funds--not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The County establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (for example, repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (for example, federal grants).

The County has three kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds - The County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the county-wide statements, both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary funds The County maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Stearns County uses an enterprise fund to account for its Septic Loan Fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Stearns County's various functions. Stearns County uses internal service funds to account for its information services improvements and self-insurance. These services benefit governmental functions and have been allocated to governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.
- Fiduciary funds The County is the fiscal agent, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the county-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The County's net position was \$328,317,935 on December 31, 2012. (See Table A-1.)

Table A-1 Net Position

	2012		2011	Percent (%) Change
\$	90,970,401	\$	88,003,773	3.4
2	279,673,905		269,800,148	3.7
\$ 3	370,644,306	\$	357,803,921	3.6
\$	9,530,294	\$	17,343,567	(45.0)
	32,796,077		25,964,607	26.3
\$	42,326,371	\$	43,308,174	(2.3)
\$ 2	268,672,625	\$	263,255,983	2.1
	10,065,124		8,799,852	14.4
	49,580,186		42,439,912	16.8
\$ 3	328,317,935	\$	314,495,747	4.4
	\$ 2 \$ 3 \$ \$	\$ 370,644,306 \$ 9,530,294 32,796,077 \$ 42,326,371 \$ 268,672,625 10,065,124 49,580,186	\$ 90,970,401 \$ 279,673,905 \$ 370,644,306 \$ \$ \$ 370,644,306 \$ \$ \$ 42,326,371 \$ \$ 268,672,625 \$ 10,065,124 \$ 49,580,186	\$ 90,970,401 \$ 88,003,773 269,800,148 \$ 370,644,306 \$ 357,803,921 \$ 9,530,294 \$ 17,343,567 25,964,607 \$ 42,326,371 \$ 43,308,174 \$ 268,672,625 \$ 263,255,983 8,799,852 49,580,186 42,439,912

Changes in Net Position

The county-wide total revenues were \$131,336,614 for the year ended December 31, 2012. Property taxes and intergovernmental revenues accounted for 88.7 percent of total revenue for the year. (See Figure A-2.)

Table A-2 Changes in Net Position

	2012	2011	Percent (%) Change
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Fees, charges, fines, and other	\$ 13,578,991	\$ 10,930,168	24.2
Operating grants and contributions	35,216,750	34,367,278	2.5
Capital grants and contributions	4,752,030	15,750,122	(69.8)
General revenues			
Property taxes	69,337,849	66,902,915	3.6
Unrestricted grants and contributions	7,173,052	9,725,388	(26.2)
Unrestricted investment earnings	977,427	1,652,439	(40.8)
Other	 300,515	 286,800	4.8
Total Revenues	\$ 131,336,614	\$ 139,615,110	(5.9)
Expenses			
General government	\$ 23,015,220	\$ 20,316,720	13.3
Public safety	28,887,784	28,278,203	2.2
Highways and streets	17,992,979	12,444,486	44.6
Sanitation	577,646	494,967	16.7
Human services	33,310,072	32,877,287	1.3
Health	2,858,249	3,101,608	(7.8)
Culture and recreation	4,030,534	4,214,792	(4.4)
Conservation of natural resources	5,511,146	4,527,515	21.7
Economic development	585,712	1,029,798	(43.1)
Interest	745,084	 834,165	(10.7)
Total Expenses	\$ 117,514,426	\$ 108,119,541	8.7
Increase in Net Position	\$ 13,822,188	\$ 31,495,569	(56.1)
Beginning Net Position	 314,495,747	 283,000,178	11.1
Ending Net Position	\$ 328,317,935	\$ 314,495,747	4.4

Total revenues surpassed expenses, increasing net position by \$13,822,188 over last year.

The county-wide cost of all governmental activities this year was \$117,514,426.

- Some of the cost was paid by the users of the County's programs (\$13,578,991).
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$39,968,780).
- The remaining County costs (\$63,966,655), however, were paid for by County taxpayers and the taxpayers of our state. This portion of governmental activities was paid for with \$69,337,849 in property taxes, \$7,173,052 in state aid, and \$1,277,942 with investment earnings and other general revenues.

Figure A-3
Sources of County Revenues for 2012

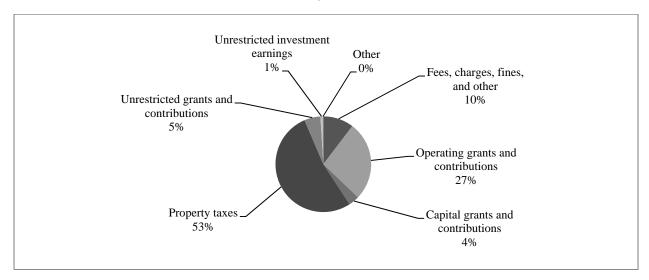
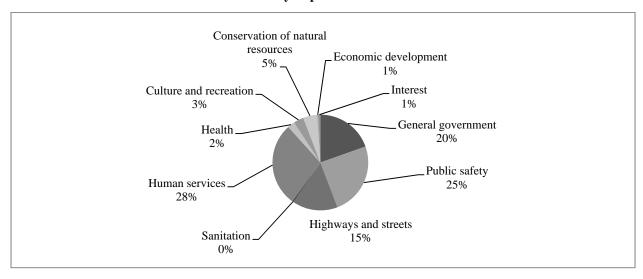


Figure A-4 County Expenses for 2012



(Unaudited)

Table A-3 Cost of Services Governmental Activities

	Total	l Cost o	f Services		 Ne	et Cost of	Services	
	 2012		2011	Percent (%) Change	2012		2011	Percent (%) Change
General government	\$ 23,015,220	\$	20,316,720	13.3	\$ 15,283,791	\$	14,533,636	5.2
Public safety	28,887,784		28,278,203	2.2	22,379,437		23,657,642	(5.4)
Highways and streets	17,992,979		12,444,486	44.6	1,675,543		(14,157,298)	(111.8)
Sanitation	577,206		494,297	16.8	(1,254,462)		(908,753)	38.0
Human services	33,310,072		32,877,287	1.3	17,073,288		15,676,908	8.9
Health	2,858,249		3,101,608	(7.8)	849,131		540,471	57.1
Culture and recreation	4,030,534		4,214,792	(4.4)	3,593,819		3,569,622	0.7
Conservation of natural								
resources	5,511,146		4,527,515	21.7	3,627,855		2,996,156	21.1
Economic development	585,712		1,029,798	(43.1)	(5,628)		331,231	(101.7)
Interest	 745,084		834,165	(10.7)	 745,084		834,165	(10.7)
Total	\$ 117,513,986	\$	108,118,871	8.7	\$ 63,967,858	\$	47,073,780	35.9

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AT THE FUND LEVEL

The financial performance of the County as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the County completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$76,002,451. Of this amount, \$63,321,370, or approximately 83 percent, is available for spending at the County's discretion.

Revenues for the County's governmental funds were \$131,474,714, while total expenditures were \$132,310,000.

General Fund

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the County in providing services to citizens and some capital outlay projects.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund revenues:

Table A-4 General Fund Revenues

					Change	
						Percent
	 Year Ended	Decemb	er 31	Ir	ncrease/	(%)
Source	2012		2011	(E	ecrease)	Change
Taxes	\$ 33,572,585	\$	32,762,067	\$	810,518	2.5
Intergovernmental	9,771,968		9,027,204		744,764	8.3
Charges for services	4,569,103		3,922,354		646,749	16.5
Investment income	980,884		1,583,840		(602,956)	(38.1)
Miscellaneous and other	 3,689,742		3,139,543		550,199	17.5
Total General Fund Revenues	\$ 52,584,282	\$	50,435,008	\$	2,149,274	4.3

Total General Fund revenues increased by \$2,149,274, or 4.3 percent, from the previous year.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund expenditures:

Table A-5 General Fund Expenditures

			Change	<u>; </u>
	Year Ended	December 31	Increase/	Percent (%)
Function	2012	2011	(Decrease)	Change
General government	\$ 20,051,083	\$ 18,656,537	\$ 1,394,546	7.5
Public safety	20,892,736	19,871,893	1,020,843	5.1
Culture and recreation	2,659,432	2,743,898	(84,466)	(3.1)
Conservation of natural resources	4,779,751	4,683,766	95,985	2.0
Economic development	65,362	65,273	89	0.1
Community development	316,023	639,214	(323,191)	(50.6)
Total General Fund	\$ 48,764,387	\$ 46,660,581	\$ 2,103,806	4.5

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the County revised the annual operating budget, increasing budgeted expenditures by \$1,333,159.

- Actual revenues were \$2,159,416 more than expected.
- The actual expenditures were \$1,060,646 less than final budget.

(Unaudited)

CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AND DEBT SERVICE

The Capital Projects Fund is currently being used to track the capital notes and capital improvement bonds approved by the Board over the past years. The majority of the expenditures is for the construction of various capital improvements throughout the County. An annual levy is made to fund the bond payments for all previous bond issues.

CAPITAL ASSETS

By the end of 2012, the County had invested over \$279 million in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, computers, equipment, and infrastructure. (See Table A-6.) More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3.A.3. to the financial statements. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$7,796,995.

Table A-6 Capital Assets

	 2012	 2011	Percent (%) Change
Land	\$ 14,880,285	\$ 14,880,285	-
Construction in progress	8,650,466	11,193,793	(22.7)
Right-of-way	14,620,599	14,087,389	3.8
Infrastructure	244,132,572	231,895,860	5.3
Buildings	64,601,198	59,828,004	8.0
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	22,051,456	21,192,769	4.1
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (89,262,671)	 (83,277,952)	7.2
Total	\$ 279,673,905	\$ 269,800,148	3.7

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

At year-end, the County had \$32,796,077 in long-term liabilities outstanding. The current portion of these liabilities is \$10,656,341.

Table A-7 Long-Term Liabilities

	 2012	2011	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent (%) Change
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 17,110,806	\$ 20,666,507	\$ (3,555,701)	(17.2)
Revenue bonds payable	4,685,000	5,160,000	(475,000)	(9.2)
Compensated absences payable	8,145,285	7,942,407	202,878	2.6
OPEB liability	 2,854,986	 2,468,697	 386,289	15.6
Total	\$ 32,796,077	\$ 36,237,611	\$ (3,441,534)	(9.5)

FACTORS BEARING ON THE COUNTY'S FUTURE

The County is dependent on the State of Minnesota for a significant portion of its revenue. Recent experience demonstrates that the Legislature may decrease revenues again.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Jim Stegura, Financial Manager, at 320-656-3914, or Randy Schreifels, County Auditor/Treasurer, at 320-656-3901.









EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

							Component Unit Cousing and
		Primar	y Governmen	t		Re	development
	Sovernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total		Authority of Stearns County	
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 77,749,196	\$	3,681	\$	77,752,877	\$	772,167
Petty cash and change funds	11,035		_		11,035		-
Departmental cash	13,493		-		13,493		-
Taxes receivable delinquent	2,129,264		-		2,129,264		207,739
Special assessments receivable	, ,						,
Delinquent	129,284		_		129,284		_
Deferred	422,389		_		422,389		_
Accounts receivable - net	501,868		_		501,868		12,979
Accrued interest receivable	247,481		_		247,481		20
Loans receivable	458,438		66,061		524,499		25,243
Internal balances	64,500		(64,500)		-		-
Due from other governments	7,579,235		-		7,579,235		75,265
Inventories	1,496,163		_		1,496,163		
Prepaid items	1,823		_		1,823		6,760
Deferred charges	160,990		_		160,990		54,768
Assets held for resale	-		_		-		416,185
Capital assets							110,103
Non-depreciable	38,151,350		_		38,151,350		528,794
Depreciable - net of accumulated	30,131,330				30,131,330		320,774
depreciation	 241,522,555				241,522,555		3,793,524
Total Assets	\$ 370,639,064	\$	5,242	\$	370,644,306	\$	5,893,444
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$ 2,924,960	\$	_	\$	2,924,960	\$	45,305
Salaries payable	2,488,756		-		2,488,756		21,495
Contracts payable	1,829,851		-		1,829,851		-
Due to other governments	1,779,240		-		1,779,240		-
Accrued interest payable	86,034		-		86,034		16,524
Unearned revenue	421,453		-		421,453		91,113
Noncurrent liabilities	,				,		, -
Due within one year	10,656,341		-		10,656,341		137,966
Due in more than one year	 22,139,736		-		22,139,736		2,433,493
Total Liabilities	\$ 42,326,371	\$		\$	42,326,371	\$	2,745,896

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Primary Government Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total					Component Unit Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	\$	268,672,625	\$	-	\$	268,672,625	\$	1,811,600
General government		1,080,865				1,080,865		
Public safety		462,874		-		462,874		-
Sanitation		2,628,787		_		2,628,787		_
Conservation of natural resources		374,723		_		374,723		_
Economic development		1,119,623		_		1,119,623		_
Debt service		4,398,252		_		4,398,252		27,211
Section 8 housing		-		_		-		131,931
Future projects		_		_		_		46,338
Unrestricted		49,574,944		5,242		49,580,186		1,130,468
Total Net Position	\$	328,312,693	\$	5,242	\$	328,317,935	\$	3,147,548

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Functions/Programs	Expenses		ees, Charges, ees, and Other	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions		
Primary government						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$	23,015,220	\$ 7,249,311	\$	482,118	
Public safety		28,887,784	1,273,758		5,232,200	
Highways and streets		17,992,979	145,753		11,424,427	
Sanitation		577,206	1,213,860		617,808	
Human services		33,310,072	2,406,157		13,830,627	
Health		2,858,249	211,717		1,797,401	
Culture and recreation		4,030,534	133,279		303,436	
Conservation of natural resources		5,511,146	668,196		1,212,710	
Economic development		585,712	275,317		316,023	
Interest		745,084	 -		-	
Total governmental activities	\$	117,513,986	\$ 13,577,348	\$	35,216,750	
Business-type activities						
Solid waste		440	 1,643		-	
Total Primary Government	\$	117,514,426	\$ 13,578,991	\$	35,216,750	
Component unit						
Housing and Redevelopment Authority of						
Stearns County	\$	2,750,179	\$ 380,849	\$	1,248,197	

General Revenues

Property taxes

Tax increments

Gravel taxes

Payments in lieu of tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on sale of capital assets

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net Position - Beginning

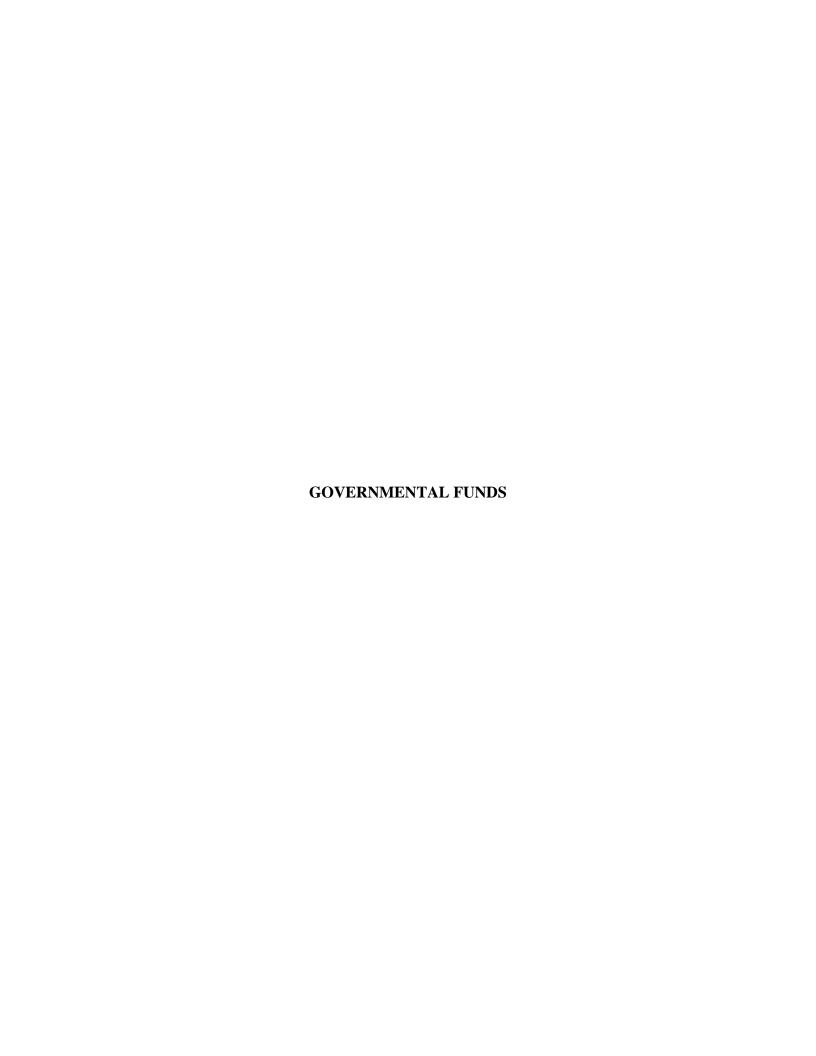
Net Position - Ending

Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Primary Government Business-Type Activities Total			He Rec A	Component Unit Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County		
\$ - 2,389 4,747,256 - - - -	\$	(15,283,791) (22,379,437) (1,675,543) 1,254,462 (17,073,288) (849,131) (3,593,819)	\$	- - - - -	\$	(15,283,791) (22,379,437) (1,675,543) 1,254,462 (17,073,288) (849,131) (3,593,819)				
\$ 2,385 - - - - 4,752,030	\$	(3,627,855) 5,628 (745,084) (63,967,858)	\$	- - -	\$	(3,627,855) 5,628 (745,084) (63,967,858)				
\$ 4,752,030	\$	(63,967,858)	\$	1,203 1,203	\$	1,203 (63,966,655)				
\$ 654,765							\$	(466,368)		
	\$	69,337,849 - 51,724 199,114 7,173,052 977,427 49,677	\$	- - - - -	\$	69,337,849 - 51,724 199,114 7,173,052 977,427 49,677	\$	282,923 47,957 - 17,354 6,260		
	\$	77,788,843	\$		\$	77,788,843	\$	354,494		
	\$	13,820,985	\$	1,203 4,039	\$	13,822,188	\$	(111,874) 3,259,422		
	\$	314,491,708 328,312,693	\$	5,242	\$	314,495,747 328,317,935	\$	3,259,422		









BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012

		General		Road and Bridge	Human Services		
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and pooled investments	\$	32,694,459	\$	3,734,891	\$	14,428,979	
Petty cash and change funds		9,985		-		225	
Departmental cash		13,493		-		-	
Taxes receivable delinquent		998,866		222,181		710,788	
Special assessments receivable							
Delinquent		-		-		-	
Deferred		-		-		-	
Accounts receivable		199,794		5,036		236,047	
Accrued interest receivable		247,481		-		-	
Loans receivable		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		90,723		-		-	
Due from other governments		296,744		4,356,878		2,469,854	
Inventories		-		1,496,163		-	
Advance to other funds		-		-		-	
Prepaid items		100				1,723	
Total Assets	\$	34,551,645	\$	9,815,149	\$	17,847,616	
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	1,408,863	\$	48,899	\$	1,218,135	
Salaries payable	Ф	1,330,884	Ф	156,759	Ф	972,672	
Contracts payable		1,550,664		1,829,851		912,012	
Due to other funds		_		900		618	
Due to other governments		555,161		9,970		10,054	
Deferred revenue - unavailable		972,655		1,765,294		724,825	
Deferred revenue - unearned		350,794		69,152		1,507	
Advance from other funds		-		283,570		-	
Total Liabilities	\$	4,618,357	\$	4,164,395	\$	2,927,811	
Fund Balances (Note 3.D.)							
Nonspendable	\$	100	\$	1,496,163	\$	-	
Restricted		1,430,864		-		_	
Committed		-		-		-	
Assigned		5,557		4,154,591		14,919,805	
Unassigned		28,496,767					
Total Fund Balances	\$	29,933,288	\$	5,650,754	\$	14,919,805	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	34,551,645	\$	9,815,149	\$	17,847,616	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Miscellaneous		Debt Service		Capital Projects			Nonmajor Funds	Total		
\$	1,762,693	\$	4,466,861	\$	15,205,859	\$	4,581,543	\$	76,875,285	
Ψ	1,702,093	Ψ	-	Ψ	13,203,639	Ψ	4,381,343 825	Ψ	11,035	
	_		_		_		-		13,493	
	-		153,421		-		44,008		2,129,264	
	-		10,215		-		119,069		129,284	
	-		389,187		-		33,202		422,389	
	-		-		-		60,991		501,868	
	=		-		-		-		247,481	
	228,741		-		-		229,697		458,438	
	-		-		-		-		90,723	
	19,643		-		391,000		45,116		7,579,235	
	-		-		-		348,070		1,496,163	
	<u>-</u>		- -		- -		346,070		348,070 1,823	
\$	2,011,077	\$	5,019,684	\$	15,596,859	\$	5,462,521	\$	90,304,551	
\$	26,441	\$	-	\$	52,942	\$	5,294	\$	2,760,574	
\$	26,441 -	\$	- -	\$	52,942 -	\$	5,294 28,441	\$	2,760,574 2,488,756	
\$	26,441 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- -	\$	28,441	\$	2,488,756 1,829,851	
\$	- - -	\$	- - - -	\$	63,592	\$	28,441 - 25,613	\$	2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723	
\$	- - - 1,178,887	\$	- - - -	\$	- -	\$	28,441 - 25,613 25,162	\$	2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723 1,779,240	
\$	- - -	\$	- - - - - 535,398	\$	63,592	\$	28,441 - 25,613	\$	2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723 1,779,240 4,647,933	
\$	- - - 1,178,887	\$	- - - - 535,398 -	\$	63,592	\$	28,441 - 25,613 25,162	\$	2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723 1,779,240	
\$	- - - 1,178,887	\$	535,398 - 535,398	\$	63,592	\$	28,441 - 25,613 25,162	\$ \$	2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723 1,779,240 4,647,933 421,453	
\$	1,178,887 228,741 -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	63,592	\$	28,441 - 25,613 25,162 421,020 - - 505,530	<u> </u>	2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723 1,779,240 4,647,933 421,453 283,570 14,302,100	
	1,178,887 228,741 - - 1,434,069		535,398		63,592		28,441 - 25,613 25,162 421,020 - - 505,530		2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723 1,779,240 4,647,933 421,453 283,570 14,302,100	
\$	1,178,887 228,741 -	\$	535,398	\$	63,592	\$	28,441 - 25,613 25,162 421,020 - - 505,530 348,070 3,923,331	<u> </u>	2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723 1,779,240 4,647,933 421,453 283,570 14,302,100	
\$	1,178,887 228,741 - - 1,434,069	\$	535,398	\$	63,592 6 - - - - 116,540	\$	28,441 - 25,613 25,162 421,020 - - 505,530	<u> </u>	2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723 1,779,240 4,647,933 421,453 283,570 14,302,100 1,844,333 10,151,158 685,590	
\$	1,178,887 228,741 - - 1,434,069	\$	535,398	\$	63,592	\$	28,441 - 25,613 25,162 421,020 - - 505,530 348,070 3,923,331	<u> </u>	2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723 1,779,240 4,647,933 421,453 283,570 14,302,100	
\$	1,178,887 228,741 - - 1,434,069	\$	535,398	\$	63,592 6 - - - - 116,540	\$	28,441 - 25,613 25,162 421,020 - - 505,530 348,070 3,923,331	<u> </u>	2,488,756 1,829,851 90,723 1,779,240 4,647,933 421,453 283,570 14,302,100 1,844,333 10,151,158 685,590 34,824,603	



EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2012

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 76,002,451
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		279,673,905
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the governmental funds.		4,647,933
An internal service fund is used by the County to charge the cost of improvements for information services to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		709,525
Deferred debt issuance charges are not available to pay current expenditures and, therefore, are not deferred in the funds.		160,990
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Bonds payable - net of premium and discount Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits liability	\$ (21,795,806) (8,145,285) (2,854,986)	(32,796,077)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.		(86,034)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 328,312,693

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Genera		Road and Bridge		Human Services	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	33,572,585	\$	7,055,054	\$	22,572,527
Special assessments		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		482,953		70,446		-
Intergovernmental		9,771,968		15,284,796		18,695,679
Charges for services		4,569,103		2,753		1,753,621
Fines and forfeits		114,022		-		-
Gifts and contributions		3,090		-		11,045
Investment income		980,884		-		-
Miscellaneous		3,089,677		22,091		1,187,944
Total Revenues	\$	52,584,282	\$	22,435,140	\$	44,220,816
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	\$	20,051,083	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		20,892,736		-		7,705,649
Highways and streets		-		27,374,070		-
Sanitation		-		-		-
Human services		-		-		33,696,744
Health		-		-		2,813,928
Culture and recreation		2,659,432		-		-
Conservation of natural resources		4,779,751		55,703		-
Economic development		65,362		-		-
Intergovernmental						
Highways and streets		-		695,467		-
Community development		316,023		-		-
Capital outlay						
General government		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-
Highways and streets		-		-		-
Human services		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-
Sanitation		-		-		-
Debt service						
Principal		-		-		-
Interest		-				
Total Expenditures	\$	48,764,387	\$	28,125,240	\$	44,216,321
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	3,819,895	\$	(5,690,100)	\$	4,495

M	iscellaneous	 Debt Service	 Capital Projects	 Nonmajor Funds	Total
\$	51,724 - - - - 2,100 - 1,332,579	\$ 4,828,360 122,298 - 38,409 - - -	\$ 1,938,294 - - - - - - 526,005	\$ 1,379,261 657,115 84,271 314,035 564,374 205,506 184 11,453 178,508	\$ 69,459,511 779,413 637,670 46,043,181 6,889,851 319,528 16,419 992,337 6,336,804
\$	1,386,403	\$ 4,989,067	\$ 2,464,299	\$ 3,394,707	\$ 131,474,714
\$	1,302,015 9,805 - - - - 169,108 - - -	\$ 17,908 - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ 356,203 10,698 - 573,896 - 1,188,538 14,553 204,327	\$ 21,727,209 28,618,888 27,374,070 573,896 33,696,744 2,813,928 4,017,078 4,850,007 269,689 695,467 316,023
	- - - - - -	- - - - - 3,985,000 729,040	516,342 370,761 526,963 10,206 747,193 452,536	 - - - - 18,960 - -	 516,342 370,761 526,963 10,206 747,193 471,496 3,985,000 729,040
\$	1,480,928	\$ 4,731,948	\$ 2,624,001	\$ 2,367,175	\$ 132,310,000
\$	(94,525)	\$ 257,119	\$ (159,702)	\$ 1,027,532	\$ (835,286)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	General		Road and Bridge		Human Services	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	\$	2,329,944	\$	195,390	\$	1,103,061
Transfers out		(3,871,852)		(415,957)		(1,457,539)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		21,501		27,734		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(1,520,407)	\$	(192,833)	\$	(354,478)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	2,299,488	\$	(5,882,933)	\$	(349,983)
Fund Balances - January 1		27,633,800		10,721,861		15,269,788
Increase (decrease) in inventories				811,826		
Fund Balances - December 31	\$	29,933,288	\$	5,650,754	\$	14,919,805

Miscellaneous		Debt Service		 Capital Projects		Nonmajor Funds		Total	
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 2,506,700 (23,250)	\$	19,501 - 442	\$	6,154,596 (5,768,598) 49,677	
\$		\$		\$ 2,483,450	\$	19,943	\$	435,675	
\$	(94,525)	\$	257,119	\$ 2,323,748	\$	1,047,475	\$	(399,611)	
	671,533		4,227,167	13,156,571		3,909,516		75,590,236	
								811,826	
\$	577,008	\$	4,484,286	\$ 15,480,319	\$	4,956,991	\$	76,002,451	

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES.-GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ (399,611)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in revenue deferred as unavailable.		
Deferred revenue - unavailable - December 31 Deferred revenue - unavailable - January 1	\$ 4,647,933 (3,952,648)	695,285
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure Net book value of assets sold Current year depreciation	\$ 20,035,467 (2,364,715) (7,796,995)	9,873,757
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, the governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Principal repayments General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Current year amortization of issuance costs, discounts, and premiums	\$ 3,510,000 475,000 18,635	4,003,635
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences Change in other postemployment benefits liability Change in inventories	\$ 11,022 (202,878) (386,289) 811,826	233,681
An internal service fund is used to charge improvements for information services to the individual funds. The increase or decrease in net position of the internal service fund is reported in the government-wide statement of activities.		(585,762)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ 13,820,985

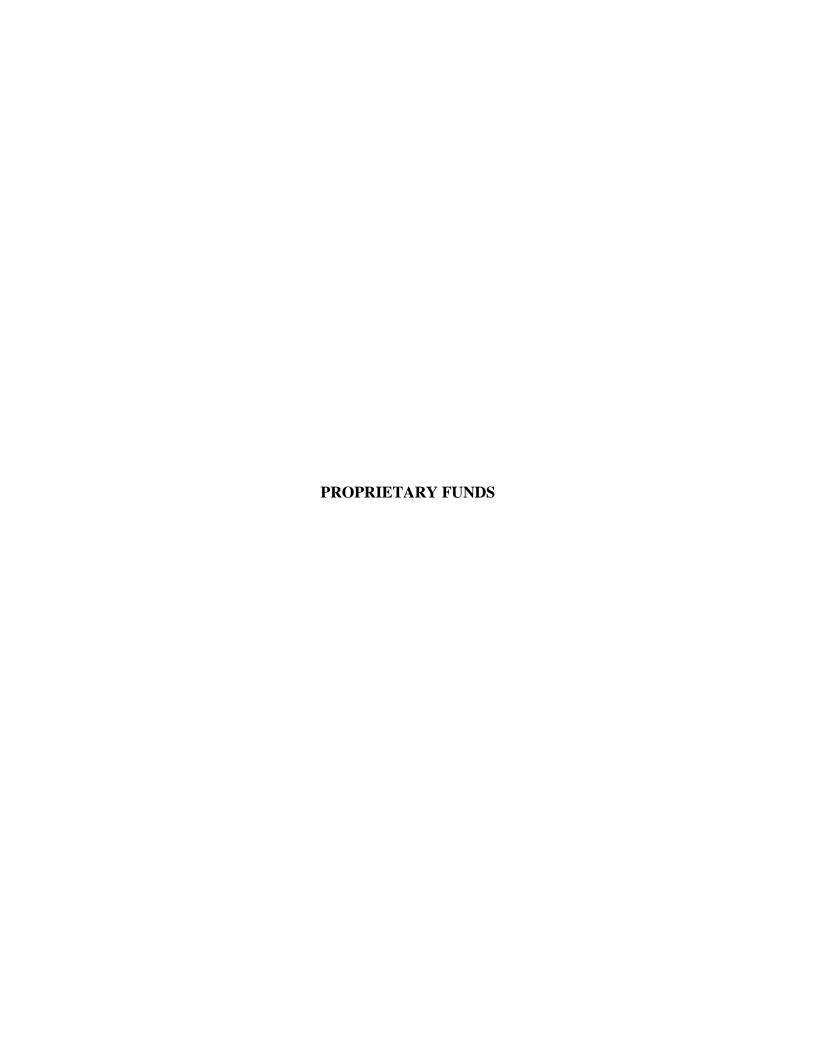




EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Busi A Sep Enter	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds		
<u>Assets</u>				
Current assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$	3,681	\$	873,911
Noncurrent assets				
Loans receivable		66,061		
Total Assets	\$	69,742	\$	873,911
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	164,386
Noncurrent liabilities				
Advance from other funds		64,500		-
Total Liabilities	<u></u> \$	64,500	\$	164,386
Net Position				
Unrestricted	\$	5,242	\$	709,525

EXHIBIT 8

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Busi Ad Sep Enter	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds		
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	1,524,262
Interest on loans		1,643		-
Miscellaneous				12,771
Total Operating Revenues	\$	1,643	\$	1,537,033
Operating Expenses				
Cost of services				1,744,865
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,643	\$	(207,832)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	8,068
Interest expense		(440)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues				
(Expenses)	\$	(440)	\$	8,068
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	\$	1,203	\$	(199,764)
Transfers				
Transfers in		-		70,450
Transfers out				(456,448)
Change in Net Position	\$	1,203	\$	(585,762)
Net Position - January 1		4,039		1,295,287
Net Position - December 31	\$	5,242	\$	709,525

EXHIBIT 9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

	A	ness-Type ctivities otic Loan prise Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds		
					
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Septic system loans made	\$	(46,713)	\$	-	
Interest received on loans		1,643		-	
Receipts from customers and users		4,112		-	
Receipts from internal services provided		-		1,537,033	
Payments to suppliers		-		(1,738,823)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating					
activities	\$	(40,958)	\$	(201,790)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Advance from other funds	\$	31,000	\$	-	
Intergovernmental		-		8,068	
Interest paid		(440)		-	
Transfers in		-		70,450	
Transfers out		-		(456,448)	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital					
financing activities	<u>\$</u>	30,560	\$	(377,930)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash					
Equivalents	\$	(10,398)	\$	(579,720)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1		14,079		1,453,631	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31	<u>\$</u>	3,681	\$	873,911	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net					
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	ф	1.642	ф	(207, 922)	
Net operating income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	1,643	\$	(207,832)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income					
(loss) to net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities					
(Increase) decrease in loans receivable	\$	(42,601)	\$	-	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		<u> </u>		6,042	
Total adjustments	<u>\$</u>	(42,601)	\$	6,042	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating					
Activities	<u>\$</u>	(40,958)	\$	(201,790)	



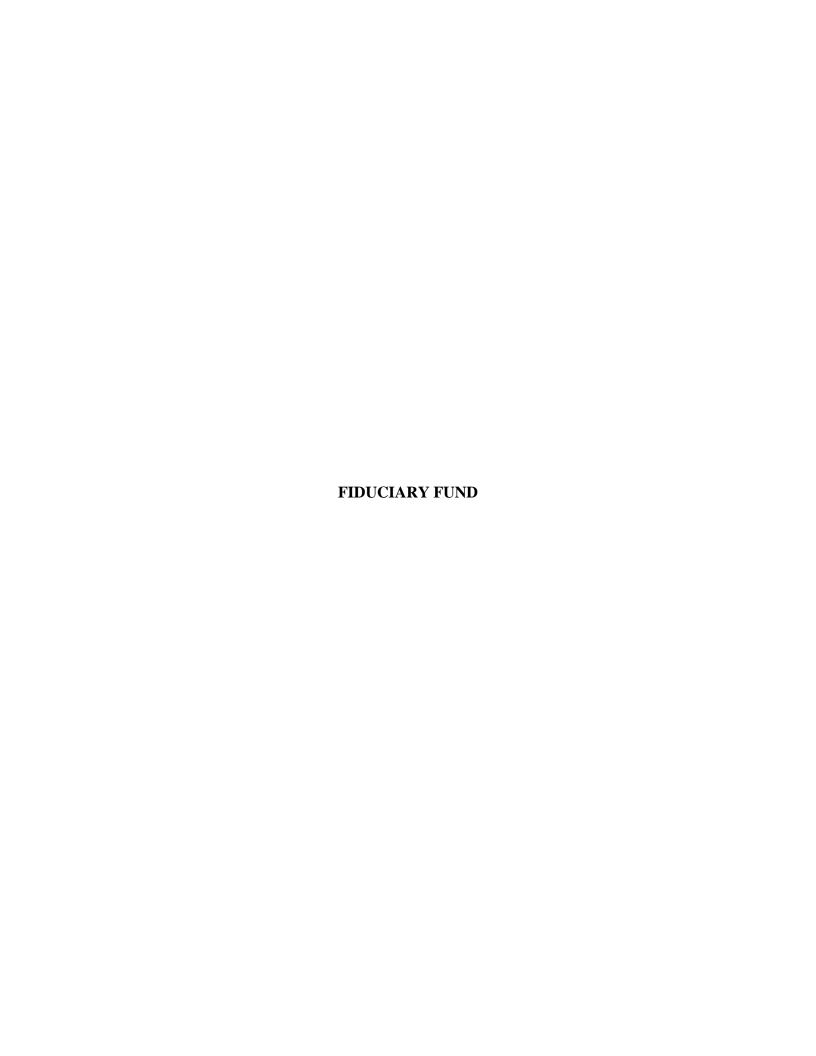




EXHIBIT 10

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Agency Fund	
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	3,625,540
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	80,974 3,544,566
Total Liabilities	\$	3,625,540



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Stearns County was established February 23, 1854, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present Stearns County and its component unit for which the County is financially accountable. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

Blended Component Unit

Blended component units are entities which are legally separate from the County, but are so intertwined that they are, in substance, the same as the County. They are reported as part of the primary government.

The Stearns County Regional Rail Authority is governed by a five-member board consisting of three Stearns County Commissioners and two St. Cloud City Council members, and has the power to levy taxes, issue bonds, and enter into contracts. The Authority was established for the preservation and improvement of local rail service. Although it is legally separate from the County, the activity of the Regional Rail Authority is included in the Stearns County reporting entity as the Regional Rail Authority Special Revenue Fund because Stearns County Commissioners comprise a voting majority of the Authority's governing body. Separate financial statements are not available for the Stearns County Regional Rail Authority.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discrete Component Unit

The Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of Stearns County is a component unit of Stearns County and is reported in a separate column in the County's government-wide financial statements to emphasize that the HRA is legally separate from Stearns County. The HRA operates as a local governmental unit for the purpose of providing housing and redevelopment services to Stearns County. The governing body consists of a five-member Board of Commissioners appointed by the Stearns County Board of Commissioners to serve five-year terms. The financial statements included are as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The complete financial statements of the HRA of Stearns County can be obtained by writing to the Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County, 401 West Wind Court, P. O. Box 484, Cold Spring, Minnesota 56320.

Joint Ventures

The County participates in joint ventures described in Note 4.C. The County also participates in a jointly-governed organization described in Note 4.D.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. <u>Government-Wide Statements</u> (Continued)

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns: (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted net position; and (3) unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category--governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund includes interest on septic system loans. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service fund activities may include cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The <u>Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for economic assistance and community social services programs.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal, interest, and related costs of general long-term debt.

The <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for the financial resources to be used for capital acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

The <u>Miscellaneous Fund</u> is used to account for gravel tax, missing heirs, forfeited tax sale, and other activities.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

The <u>Septic Loan Fund</u> is used to account for loans issued to individuals within the County for septic system upgrades.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The <u>Internal Service Funds</u> account for information service projects and health insurance premiums and payments.

The <u>Agency Fund</u> is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. This fund accounts for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Stearns County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured.

Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Auditor-Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2012, based on market prices. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2012 were \$980,884.

Cash and cash equivalents are identified only for the purpose of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary funds. Pooled investments, which have the characteristics of demand deposits, are considered to be cash and cash equivalents on the statement of cash flows.

Stearns County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The MAGIC Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 prescribed by the SEC pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 C.F.R. § 270.2a-7). The investment in the pool is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

Loans receivable consist of contracts for deed between the County and private landowners for the purchase of tax forfeited property.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. The inventory in the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of the inventory is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Significant inventory balances are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, including property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (for example, roads, bridges, and similar items) are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Office furniture and equipment	5 - 10
Machinery and automotive equipment	3 - 12
Infrastructure	50 - 75
Software	5 - 10

5. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

6. Deferred Revenue

All County funds and the government-wide financial statements defer revenue for resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Governmental funds also report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

7. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide financial statements is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

8. <u>Classification of Net Position</u> (Continued)

<u>Restricted net position</u> - the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

9. Classification of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in the governmental funds.

Fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts in which constraints have been placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Board of Commissioners. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

9. <u>Classification of Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts the County intends to use for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance amounts, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the restricted fund balance classifications could be used.

10. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following funds had expenditures in excess of budget at the function level for the year ended December 31, 2012:

	Expenditures		Final Budget		Excess	
General Fund						
Current	ф	4.770.751	ф	4 477 000	¢	202 529
Conservation of natural resources Intergovernmental	2	4,779,751	\$	4,476,223	\$	303,528
Community development		316,023		-		316,023

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations (Continued)

	Expenditures	Final Budget	Excess
		_	_
Special Revenue Funds			
Road and Bridge			
Current			
Highways and streets	27,374,070	20,347,107	7,026,963
Conservation of natural resources	55,703	50,499	5,204
Intergovernmental			
Highways and streets	695,467	-	695,467
Human Services			
Current			
Public safety	7,705,649	7,354,368	351,281
Health	2,813,928	2,763,258	50,670
Debt Service Fund			
Debt service			
Principal	3,985,000	3,785,000	200,000
Nonmajor funds			
County Building			
Current			
General government	176,332	140,000	36,332
Public safety	10,698	-	10,698
Solid Waste			
Capital outlay			
Sanitation	18,960	-	18,960

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Reconciliation of the County's total cash and investments to the basic financial statements follows:

Government-wide statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 77,749,196
Petty cash and change funds	11,035
Departmental cash	13,493
Business-type activities	
Cash and pooled investments	3,681
Statement of fiduciary net assets	
Fiduciary funds	
Cash and pooled investments	3,625,540
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 81,402,945

a. Deposits

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

a. <u>Deposits</u> (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it.

The County's policy is to minimize custodial risk for its deposits by monitoring the collateral balances on a daily basis and obtaining monthly updates on the par and market value of collateral pledged from financial institutions. As of December 31, 2012, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

b. <u>Investments</u>

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party.

The County's policy is that all investment securities purchased by the County shall be held in safekeeping by a third-party institution designated by the County. At December 31, 2012, four of the County's negotiable certificates of deposit were exposed to custodial credit risk by a total of \$4,109.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy is to minimize concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's policy is to minimize its exposure to interest rate risk by: (1) structuring its investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and (2) investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the County's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

It is the County's policy to invest in instruments which are guaranteed or direct issues of the United States or rated in the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

The following table presents the County's deposit and investment balances at December 31, 2012, and information relating to potential investment risk:

	Credit	Risk	Concentration Risk	Interest Rate Risk	Carrying
	Credit	Rating	Over 5 Percent	Maturity	(Fair)
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	of Portfolio	Date	 Value
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	S&P		5-7 years	-
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	S&P		6 - 10 years	\$ 26,461,210
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	S&P		11 - 15 years	 10,218,114
Total Federal Home Loan Bank			48.60%		\$ 36,679,324
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA	S&P		< 1 year	\$ 70,322
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA	S&P		1 - 5 years	10,879,984
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA	S&P		6-10 years	-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA	S&P		10-15 years	 -
Total Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation			14.50%		\$ 10,950,306
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	S&P		< 1 year	\$ 505,510
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	S&P		1 - 5 years	1,167
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	S&P		6 - 10 years	500,565
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	S&P		11 - 15 years	2,702,820
Total Federal National Mortgage Association			5.00%		\$ 3,710,062
Government National Mortgage Association	AAA	S&P		> 16 years	\$ 15,380
Total U.S. Government Agency Securities					\$ 51,355,072
Municipals	A1/P1/F1	S&P		6 - 10 years	\$ 1,879,400
				11 - 15 years	1,097,482
				>16 years	 500,640
Total Municipals					\$ 3,477,522
Commercial Paper			13.20%		\$ 9,998,450

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

			Concentration	Interest Rate	
	Credi	it Risk	Risk	Risk	Carrying
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Over 5 Percent of Portfolio	Maturity Date	 (Fair) Value
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	N/A	N/A		< 1 year	\$ 1,396,174
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	N/A	N/A		1 - 5 years	1,562,260
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	N/A	N/A		6 - 10 years	 200,322
Total Negotiable Certificates of Deposit					\$ 3,158,756
MAGIC Fund	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 7,481,417
Total Investments					\$ 75,471,217
Deposits Petty Cash and Change Funds Departmental Cash					\$ 5,907,200 11,035 13,493
Total Cash and Investments - Primary Government					\$ 81,402,945

N/A - Not Applicable S&P - Standard and Poor's M - Moody's

2.

Receivables

Property Taxes and Special Assessments

Property taxes and special assessments which remain unpaid at December 31 are delinquent. No allowance for uncollectible taxes/assessments has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

2. Receivables (Continued)

Loans Receivable

The County currently has outstanding contracts for deed with landowners for the purchase of tax forfeited properties. Economic development loans were made to private enterprises under the County's economic development loan program.

A summary of loans receivable outstanding at December 31, 2012, are as follows:

	Original Loan Amount		Balance Repaid at December 31, 2012		Outstanding Balance at December 31, 2012		Term (Years)	Interest Rate (%)
Governmental activities								
Contracts for deed	\$	345,150	\$	116,409	\$	228,741	10	10.0
Economic development loans								
Precision Products, Inc.		50,000		28,078		21,922	10	3.0
Felling Trailers		150,000		20,410		129,590	8	2.0
Brenny Transportation		75,000		36,253		38,747	10	2.0
Notch Manufacturing, Inc.		75,000		35,562		39,438	10	2.0
Total Loans Receivable Governmental Activities	\$	695,150	\$	236,712	\$	458,438		
Business-type activities Septic system loans Various individuals	\$	118,449	\$	52,388	\$	66,061		
						vernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities	
Amounts expected to be collected v Amounts due in more than one year		year			\$	87,514 370,924	\$ 8,419 57,642	
Total					\$	458,438	\$ 66,061	

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. <u>Assets</u> (Continued)

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2012, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending		
	Balance	Increase	Decrease	Balance		
Capital assets not depreciated						
Land	\$ 14,880,285	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,880,285		
Construction in progress	11,193,793	18,383,129	20,926,456	8,650,466		
Right-of-way	14,087,389	533,210		14,620,599		
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 40,161,467	\$ 18,916,339	\$ 20,926,456	\$ 38,151,350		
Capital assets depreciated						
Buildings	\$ 59,828,004	\$ 4,773,194	\$ -	\$ 64,601,198		
Improvements, other than buildings	174,397	216,107	-	390,504		
Machinery and automotive	12,247,045	1,489,769	789,788	12,947,026		
Office furniture and equipment	7,256,396	652,462	1,028,687	6,880,171		
Software	1,514,931	318,824	=	1,833,755		
Infrastructure	231,895,860	14,595,228	2,358,516	244,132,572		
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 312,916,633	\$ 22,045,584	\$ 4,176,991	\$ 330,785,226		
Less: accumulated depreciation for						
Buildings	\$ 16,132,126	\$ 1,428,723	\$ -	\$ 17,560,849		
Improvements, other than buildings	11,147	18,830	-	29,977		
Machinery and automotive	8,351,296	1,012,066	783,589	8,579,773		
Office furniture and equipment	5,563,106	566,425	1,028,687	5,100,844		
Software	1,402,574	58,594	-	1,461,168		
Infrastructure	51,817,703	4,712,357		56,530,060		
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 83,277,952	\$ 7,796,995	\$ 1,812,276	\$ 89,262,671		
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 229,638,681	\$ 14,248,589	\$ 2,364,715	\$ 241,522,555		
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 269,800,148	\$ 33,164,928	\$ 23,291,171	\$ 279,673,905		

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

3. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 1,091,833
Public safety	909,159
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	5,510,976
Human services	141,845
Culture and recreation	91,133
Conservation of natural resources	52,049
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 7,796,995

B. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers</u>

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2012, was as follows:

1. Advance From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount			
Solid Waste Fund Economic Development Fund	Septic Loan Enterprise Fund Road and Bridge Fund	\$ 64,500 283,570			
Total Advance From/To Other Funds		\$ 348,070			

The Economic Development Special Revenue Fund advanced funds to the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund for the resurfacing of roads. The advance will be repaid with state aid.

The Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund advanced funds to the Septic Loan Enterprise Fund to finance various loans to individuals for updates to septic systems. The advance will be repaid from principal and interest payments on the loans.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

B. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers</u> (Continued)

2. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2012, consisted of the following:

		Γransfers In	Description
Transfers to General Fund from			
Human Services Fund	\$	1,457,539	Salaries adjustment
Road and Bridge Fund		415,957	Salaries adjustment
Internal Service Fund		231,448	Return of prior year transfer
Internal Service Fund		225,000	Squad car camera replacements
	-	-,	T
Total transfers to General Fund	\$	2,329,944	
Transfers to Road and Bridge Fund from			
General Fund	\$	115,060	Project cost charge out
General Fund		55,990	Information services chargeback
General Fund		24,340	Salaries adjustment
	Ф.	105.200	
Total transfers to Road and Bridge Fund	\$	195,390	
Transfers to Human Services Fund from			
General Fund	\$	110,149	Project cost charge out
General Fund		868,291	Information services chargeback
General Fund		48,852	Salaries adjustment
General Fund		52,519	Attorney charges
Capital Projects Fund		23,250	Bond project
Total transfers to Human Services Fund	\$	1,103,061	
		,,	
Transfers to Capital Projects Fund from			
General Fund	\$	2,506,700	Future capital projects funding
Transfers to nonmajor funds from			
General Fund	\$	11,223	Project cost charge out
General Fund		7,934	Information services charges
General Fund		344	Salaries adjustment
Total transfers to nonmajor funds	\$	19,501	
Total transfers to hominajor funds	Ф	19,501	
Transfers to Information Services Improvements			
Internal Service Fund from			
General Fund	\$	70,450	Technology projects
Total Interfund Transfers	\$	6,225,046	

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

C. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at December 31, 2012, were as follows:

	Activities
Accounts	\$ 2,924,960
Salaries	2,488,756
Contracts	1,829,851
Due to other governments	1,779,240
Accrued interest	 86,034
Total Payables	\$ 9,108,841

2. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consists of taxes and special assessments receivable, state grants that are not collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period, state and federal grants received but not yet earned, long-term loans receivable, state-aid highway allotments, and other revenue sources either received but unearned or not received soon enough after year-end. Deferred revenue at December 31, 2012, is summarized below by fund:

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

2. <u>Deferred Revenue</u> (Continued)

	Faxes and Special ssessments		Grants	Loans	I	tate-Aid Highway Ilotments	Other		Total
Major governmental funds									
General	\$ 881,268	\$	164,800	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 277,381	\$	1,323,449
Road and Bridge	197,255		1,008,211	-		559,828	69,152		1,834,446
Human Services	629,345		96,987	-		-	-		726,332
Miscellaneous	-		-	228,741		-	-		228,741
Debt Service	535,398		-	-		-	-		535,398
Other governmental funds									
County Building	4,051		-	-		-	-		4,051
County Park	24,289		-	-		-	-		24,289
Solid Waste	151,806		-	-		-	-		151,806
Economic Development	268		-	229,697		-	-		229,965
Ditch	465		_	-		_	-		465
Regional Rail Authority	10,444			 			 		10,444
Total	\$ 2,434,589	\$	1,269,998	\$ 458,438	\$	559,828	\$ 346,533	\$	5,069,386
Deferred Revenue									
Unavailable	\$ 2,434,589	\$	1,103,691	\$ 458,438	\$	559,828	\$ 91,387	\$	4,647,933
Unearned	 	_	166,307	 			 255,146	_	421,453
Total	\$ 2,434,589	\$	1,269,998	\$ 458,438	\$	559,828	\$ 346,533	\$	5,069,386

3. <u>Vacation and Sick Leave</u>

County employees are granted paid time off, in varying amounts, depending on union/non-union status and length of service.

The County pays unused accumulated paid time off to employees upon termination based on two different severance plans. Unvested paid time off valued at \$3,550,239 at December 31, 2012, is available to employees in the event of an absence but is not paid to them at termination.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

4. <u>Long-Term Debt - Bonds</u>

Bond payments are typically made from the Debt Service Fund. Information on individual bonds payables is as follows:

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2012
General obligation bonds		\$40,000 -			
2005A G.O. Drainage Bonds	2024	\$75,000	3.50 - 4.37	\$ 1,090,000	\$ 745,000
		\$535,000 -			
2008 G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds	2022	\$1,080,000	3.25 - 4.25	12,800,000	9,005,000
		\$305,000 -			
2010A G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds	2018	\$2,550,000	2.00 - 3.00	8,935,000	5,235,000
2010B Taxable G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds Recovery Zone Economic					
Development Bonds		\$330,000 -			
(RZEDBSs)	2020	\$685,000	4.15 - 4.50	1,665,000	1,665,000
2010C G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding		\$225,000 -			
Bonds	2013	\$750,000	2.00	1,935,000	230,000
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$ 26,425,000	\$ 16,880,000
Add: Unamortized premium					230,806
Total General Obligation Bonds, Net					\$ 17,110,806
Revenue bonds					
2006A Public Facilities		\$455,000 -			
Revenue Bonds	2020	\$2,230,000	2.35	\$ 11,200,000	\$ 4,685,000

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities (Continued)

5. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2012, were as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds and Notes							
December 31		Principal		Interest				
2013	\$	3,665,000	\$	483,089				
2014		1,490,000		416,014				
2015		1,535,000		369,190				
2016		1,580,000		319,102				
2017		1,630,000		263,571				
2018 - 2022		5,165,000		601,987				
2023 - 2025		150,000		9,844				
Total	\$	\$15,215,000	\$	2,462,797				

					Taxable General	Obligation	a Bonds
	Revenu	e Bonds			(RZE	DBs)	
I	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest	
\$	480,000	\$	104,749	\$	-	\$	73,120
	500,000		93,195		-		73,120
	510,000		81,289		-		73,120
	525,000		69,090		-		73,120
	670,000		55,014		-		73,120
	2,000,000		68,796		1,665,000		126,810
\$	4,685,000	\$	472,133	\$	1,665,000	\$	492,410
	\$	Principal \$ 480,000 500,000 510,000 525,000 670,000 2,000,000	\$ 480,000 \$ 500,000 \$ 510,000 \$ 525,000 670,000 2,000,000	Principal Interest \$ 480,000 \$ 104,749 500,000 93,195 510,000 81,289 525,000 69,090 670,000 55,014 2,000,000 68,796	Principal Interest \$ 480,000 \$ 104,749 \$ 500,000 \$ 33,195 \$ 510,000 \$ 81,289 \$ 525,000 \$ 69,090 \$ 670,000 \$ 55,014 \$ 2,000,000 \$ 68,796	Revenue Bonds (RZE Principal Interest Principal \$ 480,000 \$ 104,749 \$ - 500,000 93,195 - 510,000 81,289 - 525,000 69,090 - 670,000 55,014 - 2,000,000 68,796 1,665,000	Principal Interest Principal \$ 480,000 \$ 104,749 \$ - \$ 500,000 \$ 500,000 \$ 500,000 \$ 510,000 \$ 510,000 \$ 510,000 \$ 69,090 \$ 670,000 \$ 55,014 \$ 52,000 \$ 68,796 \$ 1,665,000 \$ 68,796 \$ 1,665,000 \$ 68,796 \$ 1,665,000 \$ 68,796 \$ 1,665,000 \$ 68,796 \$ 1,665,000 \$ 68,796 \$ 1,665,000 \$ 68,796 \$ 1,665,000 \$ 1,665,

As part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), Stearns County issued \$1,665,000 of Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds (RZEDBs) which were issued to finance capital improvements under an approved capital improvement plan. The 2010B bonds are direct pay tax credit RZEDBs, in which the County will receive a payment from the federal government equal to 45 percent of the amount of interest payable on each interest payment date. The County has complied with all requirements of ARRA to be eligible for the RZEDB interest credit. The Series 2010B bonds were issued as taxable obligations that the County elected to irrevocably designate as qualified RZEDBs. The entire County has been designated as a recovery zone pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Board of Commissioners of the County on November 24, 2009.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities</u>

5. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u> (Continued)

Taking into consideration the above RZEDB interest credit, as of December 31, 2012, the County's net annual debt service requirements to amortize all taxable general obligation bonds outstanding, including interest of \$270,825 on the governmental activities debt is as follows:

Year Ending				Federal				
December 31	 Principal	 Interest Subsidy			Ne	et Interest	То	tal Payment
2013	\$ -	\$ 73,120	\$	32,904	\$	40,216	\$	40,216
2014	-	73,120		32,904		40,216		40,216
2015	-	73,120		32,904		40,216		40,216
2016	-	73,120		32,904		40,216		40,216
2017	-	73,120		32,904		40,216		40,216
2018 - 2020	 1,665,000	 126,810		57,065		69,745		1,734,745
Total	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 492,410	\$	221,585	\$	270,825	\$	1,935,825

6. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2012, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 18,725,000	\$ -	\$ 3,510,000	\$ 15,215,000	\$ 3,665,000
Taxable general obligation bonds	1,665,000	-	-	1,665,000	-
Revenue bonds payable	5,160,000	-	475,000	4,685,000	480,000
Compensated absences	7,942,407	6,921,606	6,718,728	8,145,285	6,511,341
Bond premiums	276,507	-	45,701	230,806	-
OPEB liability	2,468,697	697,371	311,082	2,854,986	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 36,237,611	\$ 7,618,977	\$ 11,060,511	\$ 32,796,077	\$ 10,656,341

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

7. Operating Leases

The County currently has eight operating leases. The County made operating lease payments totaling \$129,889 in 2012. The following is a schedule of future minimum operating lease payments:

Year Due	Leas	Lease Payments		
2013	\$	109,669		
2014		57,312		
2015		400		
2016		400		
2017		400		
2018		400		
Total	\$	168,581		

D. Fund Balances

1. Nonspendable Fund Balance

The detail of nonspendable fund balance as of December 31, 2012, is as follows:

				Road and	Gove	rnmental		
	General		_	Bridge	F	unds	_	Total
Nonspendable fund balance								
Inventories	\$	-	\$	1,496,163	\$	-	\$	1,496,163
Prepaids		100		-		-		100
Advances to other funds		-		-		348,070		348,070
Total Nonspendable	\$	100	\$	1,496,163	\$	348,070	\$	1,844,333

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

D. Fund Balances (Continued)

2. Restricted Fund Balance

The detail of restricted fund balance as of December 31, 2012, is as follows:

							Other		
				Ι	Debt	Go	vernmental		
	 General	Miscellaneous		Service		Funds		Total	
Restricted fund balance									
Recorder's technology equipment	\$ 372,150	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	372,150
Economic development	-		-		-		539,614		539,614
E-911	418,655		-		-		-		418,655
Recorder's compliance	578,468		-		-		-		578,468
Attorney's forfeited property	11,317		-		-		-		11,317
DWI vehicle forfeitures	44,220		-		-		-		44,220
Debt service	-		-	4	,484,286		-		4,484,286
Law library	-		-		-		112,875		112,875
Landfill	-		57,339		-		-		57,339
Gravel pit closure	-		255,338		-		-		255,338
Regional rail authority	-		-		-		580,009		580,009
Ditch	-		-		-		119,385		119,385
HAVA grant	6,054		-		-		-		6,054
Sanitation	 -		-		-		2,571,448		2,571,448
Total Restricted	\$ 1,430,864	\$	312,677	\$ 4	,484,286	\$	3,923,331	\$	10,151,158

3. Committed Fund Balance

The detail of committed fund balance as of December 31, 2012, is as follows:

	Other		
	 Governmental Funds		
Committed fund balance Parks County building	\$ 653,346 32,244		
Total Committed	\$ 685,590		

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Fund Balances (Continued)

4. <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>

The detail of assigned fund balance as of December 31, 2012, is as follows:

	G	eneral	 Road and Bridge		man vices	Miso	ellaneous		apital rojects	Total
Assigned fund balance										
Road and bridge	\$	-	\$ 4,154,591	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,154,591
Human services		-	-	14,	919,805		-		-	14,919,805
K9 unit		-	-		-		10,983		-	10,983
Sheriff's equipment		-	-		-		8,291		-	8,291
Sheriff's mounted reserve		5,557	-		-		-		-	5,557
Parks contingency		-	-		-		181,520		-	181,520
Miscellaneous		-	-		-		35,963		-	35,963
Wellness activities		-	-		-		27,574		-	27,574
Capital projects		-	 -		-			15	5,480,319	 15,480,319
Total Assigned	\$	5,557	\$ 4,154,591	\$ 14,	919,805	\$	264,331	\$ 15	5,480,319	\$ 34,824,603

E. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2a, the County provides postemployment health care and dental benefits for eligible retired employees, spouses, and dependents through a single-employer defined benefit plan.

Qualified retirees are eligible to receive a postemployment benefit that reduces the monthly premium of the health care insurance coverage provided under Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b, by \$10 per month for each year of consecutive County service up to a maximum of 20 years of consecutive County service for a period of 24 months immediately upon retirement. In order to qualify for this benefit, retirees must meet the following criteria: (1) 12 or more consecutive years of County service, and (2) meets Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA) requirements for retirement benefits.

Retirees that receive health care benefits from subsequent employment are no longer eligible for this benefit. Also, retirees must take any available Medicare benefits. The benefit terminates upon the death of the retiree.

In addition, the County provides benefits for other retirees and spouses of retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. These benefits include access to the same health care and dental insurance coverage provided by the County to active employees.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

The benefits are administered by the County Board of Commissioners and can be amended through its personnel manual and labor contracts. A separate benefits plan report is not issued. The activity of the plan is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Participants

Participants of the plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2011, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation:

Active employees	810
Retired employees	40
Spouses of retirees	3
Total Plan Participants	853

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Stearns County Board of Commissioners. The County finances the plan on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. During 2012, the County expended \$311,082 for these benefits.

For those qualified retirees that meet the criteria for a full medical insurance benefit, the County contributes 100 percent of the benefit cost. All other retirees and their spouses contribute 100 percent of the premium cost for medical and dental insurance. Since the premium is a blended rate determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees receive an implicit rate subsidy.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's OPEB cost for 2012, the amount actuarially contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation.

ARC Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$ 738,597 111,091 (152,317)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions during the year	\$ 697,371 (311,082)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 386,289
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	 2,468,697
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 2,854,986

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost									Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
December 31, 2008 December 31, 2009 December 31, 2010 December 31, 2011 December 31, 2012	\$	883,516 1,041,894 1,030,123 706,564 697,371	\$	271,558 300,067 387,160 234,615 311,082	30.74% 28.80 37.58 33.21 44.61	\$	611,958 1,353,785 1,996,748 2,468,697 2,854,986						

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County currently has no assets that have been irrevocably deposited in a trust for future health benefits. Therefore, the actuarial value of plan assets is zero.

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 5,753,918 -
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 5,753,918

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)

0.0%

Covered payroll (active plan members)

\$ 46,584,529

UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll

12.4%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of plan assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2011, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5 percent investment rate of return and an annual health care cost trend rate of 8.0 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent after 6 years. The actuarial value of plan assets was set equal to the market value of assets. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years on a closed group basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2012, was 25 years.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Contract Commitments

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund entered into several contract commitments for road projects which have not been completed as of December 31, 2012, totaling \$4,690,815.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. The County is self-insured for its health benefits plan. The County purchases commercial insurance for other risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance for any of the past three years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$460,000 per claim in 2012 and \$470,000 per claim in 2013. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. The MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

On February 1, 2002, the County contracted with Health Partners and Resource Training & Solutions to administer health benefits plans for its employees as provided by plans accepted from Health Partners and Blue Cross/Blue Shield, respectively. The

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Risk Management (Continued)

County sets annual premiums for the plans based on the recommendation of the plan administrators and accumulates premiums collected from all participating funds in the General Fund. Claims processing is handled differently between the two plans.

Claims against the Health Partners account are processed through Health Partners, which bills the County for the actual medical costs incurred. Claims against the Blue Cross/Blue Shield account are processed through Resource Training & Solutions. At the beginning of each month, the County remits to Resource Training & Solutions the anticipated costs for that month as established by the plan in the current plan year. All costs incurred by the County for a plan year in regard to the Blue Cross/Blue Shield plan are then paid from funds collected by Resource Training & Solutions during the plan year. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities for the past two years are:

	 2012		
Unpaid claims - January 1	\$ 1,188,000	\$	1,136,000
Current year claims	6,092,989		7,181,616
Claim payments	 (6,240,989)		(7,129,616)
Unpaid claims - December 31	\$ 1,040,000	\$	1,188,000

B. Contingent Liabilities

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

C. Joint Ventures

Stearns-Benton Employment and Training Council

The Stearns-Benton Employment and Training Council was created for the purpose of undertaking, implementing, and maintaining the programs established under the Job Training Partnership Act of 1982 and other federal and state laws and regulations governing the establishment and implementation of programs within areas governed by

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Stearns-Benton Employment and Training Council (Continued)

Stearns and Benton Counties. The Council is an organized joint venture having the duties, powers, and privileges granted joint powers by Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Council is governed by a Joint Powers Board and a Workforce Development Council. The Joint Powers Board is composed of two Commissioners each from Stearns and Benton Counties and one Workforce Development Council member. As of June 30, 2012, the Workforce Development Council was composed of 27 members from local business, industry, agriculture, labor organizations, public or private education, and community service groups. Included in the Joint Powers Board's duties and powers is the authority to approve the Council's budget and enter into any necessary contracts or leases.

Complete financial statements of the Stearns-Benton Employment and Training Council can be obtained by writing to the administrative offices at the Minnesota Workforce Center at 1540 Northway Drive, St. Cloud, Minnesota 56303.

Northstar Corridor Development Authority

In May 1997, Stearns County entered into a joint powers agreement to create the Northstar Corridor Development Authority (NCDA) to develop the Northstar commuter rail project from St. Cloud, Minnesota to Minneapolis, Minnesota. Currently, there are 24 counties, regional rail authorities, cities, and townships that make up this agreement. State and federal grant monies, member county contributions, and the regional railroad authorities' agreement to allocate the initial contributions of capital has provided funding for the NCDA.

The NCDA Joint Powers Board, which consists of one elected official from each of the member governmental units, has the authority to make all administrative decisions regarding the Northstar commuter rail. The NCDA does not have the authority to levy taxes or issue bonds, but it can enter into contracts, and acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property. Upon termination of the joint powers agreement, the NCDA has the authority to dispose of any property. The joint powers agreement does not authorize the NCDA to operate or finance the operations of the Northstar commuter rail.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Northstar Corridor Development Authority (Continued)

Members pay annual dues to the NCDA. In 2012, Stearns County paid dues of \$165,303 to the NCDA; this amount is recorded as an expenditure in the Regional Rail Authority Special Revenue Fund.

Anoka and Sherburne Counties, in agency capacities, report the cash transactions of the NCDA as part of the Counties' agency funds on their respective financial statements. Complete financial statements for the NCDA can be obtained by writing to its administrative offices at 2100 Third Avenue, Anoka, Minnesota 55303.

Central Minnesota Emergency Medical Services Region

The Central Minnesota Emergency Medical Services Region (CMEMSR) was established in 2001 pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and is currently operating under a memorandum of understanding between the counties of Benton, Cass, Chisago, Crow Wing, Isanti, Kanabec, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Pine, Sherburne, Stearns, Todd, Wadena, and Wright.

The purpose of the CMEMSR is to improve the planning, coordination, and implementation of emergency medical services within the member counties.

The CMEMSR has established a board which has general supervision over its activities. The Board consists of 14 County Commissioners, one from each of the member counties. Stearns County is the fiscal agent for the CMEMSR and reports the CMEMSR's activities in an agency fund in its financial statements.

Complete financial information can be obtained from Marion Larson, Regional EMS Coordinator, Central Minnesota Emergency Medical Services Region, Stearns County Administration Center, 705 Courthouse Square, St. Cloud, Minnesota 56303.

Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board

The Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board was established by a joint powers agreement among the City of St. Cloud and the counties of Benton, Big Stone, Douglas, Grant, Kandiyohi, Meeker, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Otter Tail, Pope, Sherburne, Stearns,

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

<u>Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board</u> (Continued)

Stevens, Swift, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, Wilkin, and Wright. The Joint Powers Board is comprised of one city council member from the City of St. Cloud, and one County Commissioner from each member county. The parties entered into the joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 403.39 and 471.59, for the purpose of preparing and administering a plan which provides for the installation, operation, and maintenance of local and regional enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System (ARMER) owned and operated by the State of Minnesota.

The City of St. Cloud is the fiscal agent for the Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board. Financial information for the Radio Board can be obtained from St. Cloud City Hall, Finance Department, 400 Second Street South, St. Cloud, Minnesota 56301.

Central Minnesota Violent Offender Task Force

The counties of Benton, Morrison, Todd, Sherburne and Stearns, and the cities of Sartell, Sauk Rapids, Waite Park, St. Joseph, St. Cloud, and Little Falls, have entered into a joint powers agreement to investigate, identify, and disrupt illegal drug and gain activity through multi-jurisdictional investigations in Central Minnesota. The Stearns County Sheriff's Office is the fiscal agent for the Central Minnesota Violent Offender Task Force.

Members provide officers to the Task Force in lieu of appropriations; Stearns County provided no cash funding to this organization during 2012.

Separate financial information for the Task Force can be obtained from the St. Cloud Police Department, 101 - 11th Avenue North, P.O. Box 1616, St. Cloud, Minnesota 56303.

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

D. Jointly-Governed Organization

Tri-County Solid Waste Management Commission

The Tri-County Solid Waste Management Commission was established in July 1983 by a joint powers agreement among Stearns, Benton, and Sherburne Counties to conduct a solid waste management program on behalf of the participating counties. The Commission is an organized joint venture having the duties, powers, and privileges granted joint powers by Minn. Stat. § 471.59. A Board of Directors governs the Commission. Each member county is entitled to no less than two, and no more than four, of its own County Commissioners on the Board. Population of the member counties determines how many of their County Commissioners sit on the Board. The Board of Directors is currently composed of eight members: four County Commissioners from Stearns County and two each from Benton and Sherburne Counties.

Each county's proportionate share of the net operating costs is based on the usage of the household hazardous waste facility and the solid waste picked up in each county.

The Commission will remain in existence as long as two or more counties remain as parties to the agreement. Upon dissolution of the Commission, there will be an accounting to determine assets and liabilities. The assets of the Commission will be liquidated and, after payment of liabilities, the proceeds will be distributed to the member counties in the ratio that the total contributions made by each of them bears to the sum total of contributions made by all.

Complete financial statements for the Tri-County Solid Waste Management Commission can be obtained by writing to its administrative offices at 3601 – 5th Street South, Waite Park, Minnesota 56387.

5. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Stearns County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Fund (the Public Employees Correctional Fund), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

General Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan and benefits vest after three years of credited service (five years for those first eligible for membership after June 30, 2010).

All police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. Members who are employed in a county correctional institution as a correctional guard or officer, a joint jailer/dispatcher, or as a supervisor of correctional guards or officers or of joint jailer/dispatchers and are directly responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional institution and its inmates, are covered by the Public Employees Correctional Fund. For members first eligible for membership after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a graduated schedule starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing 10 percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years. Members eligible for membership before July 1, 2010, are fully vested after three years of service.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute. Defined retirement benefits are based on a member's average yearly salary for the five highest-paid consecutive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

5. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

<u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Employees Retirement Fund Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each year thereafter. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each successive year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Public Employees Correctional Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.9 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For all General Employees Retirement Fund members hired prior to July 1, 1989, whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, and for all Public Employees Police and Fire Fund and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 55 for Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, and either 65 or 66 (depending on date hired) for General Employees Retirement Fund members. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

5. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The County makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. General Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members are required to contribute 9.10 and 6.25 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members are required to contribute 9.60 percent. Public Employees Correctional Fund members are required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary.

The County is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll in 2012:

General Employees Retirement Fund	
Basic Plan members	11.78%
Coordinated Plan members	7.25
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	14.40
Public Employees Correctional Fund	8.75

The County's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, for the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund were:

	2012		2011		2010	
General Employees Retirement Fund	\$	3,077,017	\$	3,054,431	\$	2,922,577
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund		620,841		605,509		614,295
Public Employees Correctional Fund		410,872		410,019		400,420

These contribution amounts are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

5. Pension Plans (Continued)

B. Defined Contribution Plan

Four employees of Stearns County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer, deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the State Legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employees may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by the County during the year ended December 31, 2012, were:

	E	mployee	Employer		
Contribution amount	\$	7,120	\$	7,120	
Percentage of covered payroll	oll 5%			5%	

Required contribution rates were 5.00 percent.

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of Stearns County is a component unit of Stearns County and is reported in a separate column in the County's financial statements to emphasize that the HRA is a legally separate entity from Stearns County. The HRA operates as a public agency created by Stearns County under the Minnesota Housing and Redevelopment Authority Act of 1947. The primary purpose is to provide housing and redevelopment services to the County. The governing body consists of a five-member Board of Commissioners appointed by the Stearns County Board of Commissioners to serve five-year terms. The financial statements included are as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Deposits and Investments

The HRA's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

Minnesota statutes authorize the HRA to invest, with certain restrictions, in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, general obligations of the State of Minnesota or any of its municipalities, banker's acceptances, commercial paper, repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Investments are stated at fair value. It is the policy of the HRA to invest funds in HUD-approved securities; there are no further restrictions than those set forth by HUD.

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Property Taxes

The HRA annually adopts a levy and certifies it to the County for collection. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the HRA. Real property taxes are paid by taxpayers of the County in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. The County provides tax settlements to the HRA four times per year--in January, June, July, and December.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the HRA as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and structures	40
Improvements other than buildings	10
Furniture and equipment	10 - 30

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences

It is the HRA's policy to permit certain employees to accumulate paid time off (PTO). After an employee has successfully completed probation, an employee who leaves the employment of the HRA in good standing shall be compensated for previously credited unused PTO at the current rate of pay up to a limited amount, based on years of service. A liability of \$60,741 represents accrued PTO time unused at year-end and is recognized as expense in the year it is earned.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

B. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

Deposits and Investments

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the HRA's deposits and investments may not be returned or the HRA will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes, and as authorized by the HRA, the HRA maintains deposits at depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all HRA deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the governing body.

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County

B. Detailed Notes

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At year-end, the HRA's carrying amount of deposits was \$772,167, and the bank balance was \$830,733. Of the bank balance, \$655,329 was covered by federal depository insurance and national credit union share insurance, and the remaining amount was covered by pledged collateral held by the HRA's agent in the HRA's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

In accordance with the HRA's investment policy, the investment officer shall structure all investments, deposits, and repurchase agreements so that the custodial risk is categorized as either insured or registered, or securities held by the HRA or its agent in the HRA's name, or uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the HRA's name. All investments are placed in safekeeping at financial institutions.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The HRA's investment policy does not address concentration of credit risk; however, the HRA diversifies its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. The maturities selected shall provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and indicate associated credit risk. Minnesota statutes and HRA investment policy limit the HRA's investments to those authorized by Minnesota statute.

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County

B. <u>Detailed Notes</u> (Continued)

Loans Receivable

The following is a summary of loans receivable at June 30, 2012:

Down payment assistance loans	\$ 25,243
DEED	4,153,784
Minnesota Department of Health	50,000
Minnesota Department of Health 2	36,000
Minnesota Department of Health 3	10,860
Less: allowance for forgivable loans	 (4,250,644)
Total Loans Receivable	\$ 25,243

Loans have been issued by the HRA to provide mortgage or down payment assistance to County property owners. These loans are secured by property mortgages. In addition, loans are receivable from property owners who have been provided rehabilitation assistance. These loans are forgivable based on the number of years the owner lives in the rehabilitated property.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Incr		Increase Decrease		Ending Balance			
								_
Governmental activities								
Capital assets not depreciated								
Land	\$	24,379	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,379
Capital assets depreciated								
Buildings	\$	491,599	\$	-	\$	-	\$	491,599
Machinery and automotive		50,480				-		50,480
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	542,079	\$		\$		\$	542,079
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings	\$	73,740	\$	12,290	\$	-	\$	86,030
Machinery and automotive		48,278		1,655		-		49,933
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	122,018	\$	13,945	\$	_	\$	135,963
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	420,061	\$	(13,945)	\$		\$	406,116
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	444,440	\$	(13,945)	\$	-	\$	430,495

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County

B. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

<u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

	Beginning Balance Increase		Increase	Decrease		Ending Balance		
Business-type activities								
Capital assets not depreciated								
Land	\$	459,815	\$	44,600	\$		\$	504,415
Capital assets depreciated								
Land improvements	\$	127,155	\$	-	\$	-	\$	127,155
Buildings		3,960,838		445,234		-		4,406,072
Machinery and automotive		201,227		25,524				226,751
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	4,289,220	\$	470,758	\$		\$	4,759,978
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements	\$	64,888	\$	3,748	\$	-	\$	68,636
Buildings		1,059,471		110,906		-		1,170,377
Machinery and automotive		122,215		11,342				133,557
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	1,246,574	\$	125,996	\$		\$	1,372,570
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	3,042,646	\$	344,762	\$		\$	3,387,408
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,502,461	\$	389,362	\$		\$	3,891,823

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the HRA as follows:

Governmental Activities General government Housing and economic development	\$ 13,945
Business-Type Activities	
Public housing	\$ 48,603
Rental properties	58,405
Section 8 Housing	17,607
The Bell	 17,607
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 125,996

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County

B. <u>Detailed Notes</u> (Continued)

Long-Term Debt

1. Housing Development Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance the construction of rental buildings and will be repaid from rental income.

	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate (%)	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year-End
Housing Development Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2006	\$ 990,000	4.00 - 4.25	12/19/2006	02/01/2031	\$ 875,000

2. <u>Loans and Notes</u>

The following loans and notes are through the State's Economic Development and Housing Challenge Program used in the production of housing.

Description	Authorized and Issued		Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	_	alance at Year End
MHFA Loans	\$	555,500	- %	3/15/2002	5/01/2032	\$	555,500
Bell Apartment Loan		400,000	4.38	4/28/2005	5/15/2020		243,823
Bell MHFA Note		91,369	-	2/10/2009	2/10/2014		91,369
Kimball 12 Apartment Loan		300,000	3.85	3/31/2010	3/15/2030		276,273
Kimball DEED Loan		95,173	-	6/30/2011	6/30/2016		95,173
Sauk Centre Apartment Loan		380,000	3.7	9/1/2011	9/15/2021		373,580
Total Loans and Notes Payabl	le					\$	1,635,718

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County

B. <u>Detailed Notes</u> (Continued)

3. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at June 30, 2012, were as follows:

Year Ending	MHFA	Loans		Housing Development Bonds					
30-Jun	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2013	\$ 47,225	\$	34,349	\$	30,000	\$	36,088		
2014	140,465		32,477		35,000		34,888		
2015	51,151		30,422		35,000		33,488		
2016	148,388		28,358		35,000		32,088		
2017	55,521		26,053		35,000		30,688		
2018 - 2022	493,217		89,457		210,000		130,238		
2023 - 2027	88,012		20,003		255,000		84,173		
2028 - 2032	 611,739		3,171		240,000		26,134		
Total	\$ 1,635,718	\$	264,290	\$	875,000	\$	407,785		

4. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Ado		Additions	ditions Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Business-type activities										
Bonds payable										
Housing Development										
Crossover Refunding										
Bonds, Series 2006	\$	905,000	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$	875,000	\$	30,000
Loans										
MHFA	\$	555,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	555,500	\$	-
Bell Apartment		269,019		-		25,196		243,823		26,602
Bell MHFA Note		91,369		-		-		91,369		-
Kimball 12 Apartment		286,837		-		10,564		276,273		11,014
Kimball 12 DEED Loan		95,173		-		-		95,173		-
Sauk Centre Apartment Loan				380,000		6,420		373,580		9,609
Total Loans	\$	1,297,898	\$	380,000	\$	42,180	\$	1,635,718	\$	47,225
Compensated absences	\$	29,046	\$	31,891	\$	29,710	\$	31,227	\$	31,227
Business-Type Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	2,231,944	\$	411,891	\$	101,890	\$	2,541,945	\$	108,452

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County (Continued)

C. Defined Contribution Pension Plans

On October 1, 1998, the HRA adopted a defined contribution pension plan for all employees working at least 20 hours per week for at least five months out of the year. The employer contributes 7.25 percent annually of the employee's base rate of pay to the plan. Participating employees shall vest in employer contributions at the rate of 50 percent for each full year of continuous employment. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, employer contributions totaled \$36,640, \$35,467, and \$33,180, respectively.

D. Other Information

Risk Management

The HRA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the HRA carries insurance through the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust. The HRA retains risk for the deductible portions of the insurance. The amount of these deductibles is considered immaterial to the financial statements. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance for any of the past three years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The HRA's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

Joint Powers Agreement

A Joint Powers Agreement has been entered into between the Housing and Redevelopment Authorities of Carver County, Northwest Minnesota Multi-County, Olmsted County, the City of St. Cloud, Scott County, Southeastern Minnesota Multi-County, and Stearns County (the Members) pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59 and chapter 462C. The purpose of this agreement is to preserve the quality of life in these jurisdictions through the maintenance provision and preservation of adequate housing stock, to encourage new housing construction, and to provide affordable housing to persons of low and moderate income.

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County

D. Other Information

<u>Joint Powers Agreement</u> (Continued)

The Members have obtained allocations of tax-exempt bonding authority to be used for issuance of qualified mortgage bonds and have previously issued certain single-family mortgage revenue refunding bonds, which they have determined to refund. The bonds shall be special limited obligations of the Members, payable solely from proceeds, revenues, and other amounts pledged thereto, and more fully described in, the indenture. The bonds and interest thereon shall neither constitute nor give rise to indebtedness; pecuniary liability; general or moral obligation; or a pledge of the faith or loan of credit of the Members, the State, or any other political subdivision thereof.

Conduit Debt Obligations

The HRA has issued Industrial Development Notes and Public Project Revenue Bonds to finance construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and shall not constitute debt for which the full faith and credit or taxing powers of the HRA will be pledged. Neither the HRA nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2012, there were bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal payable of \$1.112.494.

E. Commitment

On June 18, 2007, the HRA entered into a development agreement with the City of Belgrade, Minnesota, for a construction project. The HRA has an obligation to the City for a portion of the bond payments, for bonds issued to finance the project. If tax increment revenue received by the City is insufficient to cover the principal and interest amounts for the applicable period, the HRA is required to pay the City a portion of the net deficiency. As of June 30, 2012, the HRA has a possible remaining principal obligation of \$125,000 plus interest at a rate of 4.050 to 4.175 percent. The final payment on the bonds is March 1, 2026.

6. Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Stearns County (Continued)

F. Capital Grant Program

The HRA receives capital grant funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The following schedule reconciles the grants with the current activity:

	Grant Year							
	2011			2012	Total			
Funds approved Funds expended	\$	28,692 28,692	\$	26,560 26,560	\$	55,252 55,252		
Excess of Funds Approved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Funds advanced	\$	28,692	\$	26,560	\$	55,252		
Revenue	\$	28,692	\$	26,560	\$	55,252		

G. Subsequent Event

On July 17, 2012, the HRA purchased a rental property in St. Martin, Minnesota. The purchase price was \$150,122, and included the assumption of a USDA mortgage balance in the amount of \$135,122. The mortgage, which bears an interest rate of one percent, is a 50-year note and originated on October 28, 1981.





EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	33,363,563	\$	33,363,563	\$	33,572,585	\$	209,022	
Licenses and permits		528,650		528,650		482,953		(45,697)	
Intergovernmental		7,622,719		9,199,932		9,771,968		572,036	
Charges for services		3,958,100		4,071,375		4,569,103		497,728	
Fines and forfeits		1,500		153,604		114,022		(39,582)	
Gifts and contributions		-		-		3,090		3,090	
Investment income		775,000		775,000		980,884		205,884	
Miscellaneous		2,234,342		2,332,742		3,089,677		756,935	
Total Revenues	\$	48,483,874	\$	50,424,866	\$	52,584,282	\$	2,159,416	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government Commissioners	\$	440,000	\$	449,418	\$	286,672	\$	162,746	
Courts	Ф	210,000	Ф	210,000	Ф	188,873	Ф	21,127	
County administration		923,331		947,934		925,777		22,157	
Auditor-Treasurer		4,972,794		5,078,472		4,838,991		239,481	
Assessor		1,550,509		1,529,879		1,485,136		44,743	
Purchasing		289,810		285,946		279,211		6,735	
Information services		1,973,657		203,740		4,489		(4,489)	
Graphical information systems		240,329		180,114		178,056		2,058	
Human resources		840,502		875,261		868,134		7,127	
Attorney		5,881,547		6,033,516		5,834,205		199,311	
Recorder		1,285,402		1,286,841		1,127,988		158,853	
Maintenance		2,488,006		2,369,015		2,316,813		52,202	
Veterans service officer		285,447		292,808		299,095		(6,287)	
Sexual assault victims		25,000		25,000		24,850		150	
Other general government		(1,309,000)		1,534,700		1,392,793		141,907	
Total general government	\$	20,097,334	\$	21,098,904	\$	20,051,083	\$	1,047,821	
Public safety									
Sheriff	\$	9,723,832	\$	10,207,708	\$	10,102,837	\$	104,871	
Boat and water safety		65,214		65,214		41,783		23,431	
Coroner		226,358		226,358		251,701		(25,343)	
E-911 system		250,000		260,403		271,516		(11,113)	
County jail		10,627,976		10,478,047		9,934,475		543,572	
Civil defense		290,306		287,382		290,424		(3,042)	
Total public safety	\$	21,183,686	\$	21,525,112	\$	20,892,736	\$	632,376	

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Amounts	F	inal Budget
Expenditures							
Current (Continued)							
Culture and recreation							
Historical society	\$	566,000	\$	566,000	\$ 566,000	\$	-
County library		2,093,432		2,093,432	 2,093,432		-
Total culture and recreation	\$	2,659,432	\$	2,659,432	\$ 2,659,432	\$	
Conservation of natural resources							
County extension	\$	388,492	\$	384,209	\$ 378,790	\$	5,419
Soil and water conservation		960,000		960,000	960,000		-
Agricultural society		20,000		20,000	20,000		-
Environmental services		3,117,568		3,112,014	 3,420,961		(308,947)
Total conservation of natural							
resources	\$	4,486,060	\$	4,476,223	\$ 4,779,751	\$	(303,528)
Economic development							
Community development	\$	65,362	\$	65,362	\$ 65,362	\$	
Intergovernmental							
Community development	\$	-	\$		\$ 316,023	\$	(316,023)
Total Expenditures	\$	48,491,874	\$	49,825,033	\$ 48,764,387	\$	1,060,646
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	(8,000)	\$	599,833	\$ 3,819,895	\$	3,220,062
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	2,329,944	\$ 2,329,944	\$	-
Transfers out		-		(3,871,852)	(3,871,852)		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		8,000		8,000	 21,501		13,501
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	\$	8,000	\$	(1,533,908)	\$ (1,520,407)	\$	13,501
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(934,075)	\$ 2,299,488	\$	3,233,563
Fund Balance - January 1		27,633,800		27,633,800	 27,633,800		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	27,633,800	\$	26,699,725	\$ 29,933,288	\$	3,233,563

EXHIBIT A-2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with		
	Original		Final	Amounts	F	inal Budget	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 7,089,724	\$	7,089,724	\$ 7,055,054	\$	(34,670)	
Licenses and permits	43,000		43,000	70,446		27,446	
Intergovernmental	13,449,949		13,449,949	15,284,796		1,834,847	
Charges for services	1,800		1,800	2,753		953	
Miscellaneous	 13,000		13,000	 22,091		9,091	
Total Revenues	\$ 20,597,473	\$	20,597,473	\$ 22,435,140	\$	1,837,667	
Expenditures							
Current							
Highways and streets							
Administration	\$ 780,652	\$	881,369	\$ 813,831	\$	67,538	
Maintenance	5,287,776		5,006,498	4,747,785		258,713	
Construction	12,404,767		12,400,667	19,306,190		(6,905,523)	
Equipment maintenance and shop	2,058,191		2,058,573	2,502,366		(443,793)	
Other highway and streets	 -			 3,898		(3,898)	
Total highways and streets	\$ 20,531,386	\$	20,347,107	\$ 27,374,070	\$	(7,026,963)	
Conservation of natural resources							
Agricultural inspector	\$ 87,087	\$	50,499	\$ 55,703	\$	(5,204)	
Intergovernmental							
Highways and streets	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 695,467	\$	(695,467)	
Total Expenditures	\$ 20,618,473	\$	20,397,606	\$ 28,125,240	\$	(7,727,634)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$ (21,000)	\$	199,867	\$ (5,690,100)	\$	(5,889,967)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$ -	\$	195,390	\$ 195,390	\$	-	
Transfers out	-		(415,957)	(415,957)		-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 21,000		21,000	 27,734		6,734	
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	\$ 21,000	\$	(199,567)	\$ (192,833)	\$	6,734	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	300	\$ (5,882,933)	\$	(5,883,233)	
Fund Balance - January 1	10,721,861		10,721,861	10,721,861		-	
Increase (decrease) in inventories	-		-	 811,826		811,826	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 10,721,861	\$	10,722,161	\$ 5,650,754	\$	(5,071,407)	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT A-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 22,780,747	\$	22,780,747	\$ 22,572,527	\$	(208,220)
Intergovernmental	18,637,075		18,988,798	18,695,679		(293,119)
Charges for services	1,893,510		1,893,510	1,753,621		(139,889)
Gifts and contributions	-		-	11,045		11,045
Miscellaneous	 1,349,150		1,349,150	 1,187,944		(161,206)
Total Revenues	\$ 44,660,482	\$	45,012,205	\$ 44,220,816	\$	(791,389)
Expenditures						
Current						
Public safety						
Community corrections	\$ 7,344,279	\$	7,354,368	\$ 7,705,649	\$	(351,281)
Human services						
Administrative services	\$ 3,771,868	\$	3,685,958	\$ 3,957,484	\$	(271,526)
Gateway services	7,809,546		7,560,530	7,772,070		(211,540)
Community support	9,847,926		9,651,802	9,074,727		577,075
Family and children services	7,078,016		6,716,259	6,532,220		184,039
Finance and technology	 5,934,176		6,677,428	 6,360,243	-	317,185
Total human services	\$ 34,441,532	\$	34,291,977	\$ 33,696,744	\$	595,233
Health						
Nursing service	\$ 2,946,818	\$	2,763,258	\$ 2,813,928	\$	(50,670)
Total Expenditures	\$ 44,732,629	\$	44,409,603	\$ 44,216,321	\$	193,282
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ (72,147)	\$	602,602	\$ 4,495	\$	(598,107)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	\$ 72,147	\$	1,103,061	\$ 1,103,061	\$	-
Transfers out	 -		(1,457,539)	 (1,457,539)		-
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	\$ 72,147	\$	(354,478)	\$ (354,478)	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	248,124	\$ (349,983)	\$	(598,107)
Fund Balance - January 1	 15,269,788		15,269,788	 15,269,788		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 15,269,788	\$	15,517,912	\$ 14,919,805	\$	(598,107)

EXHIBIT A-4

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DECEMBER 31, 2012

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
January 1, 2007	\$ -	\$ 6,649,905	\$ 6,649,905	0.0%	\$ 35,087,133	18.95%
January 1, 2009	-	7,975,763	7,975,763	0.0	46,357,707	17.20
January 1, 2010	-	5,753,918	5,753,918	0.0	46,584,529	12.35



NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. Budgetary Information

Budget Policies

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, certain special revenue funds, and the Debt Service Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end unless specifically carried over to the next budget year by Board action. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the function level within each individual fund.

Budgets can be amended or modified during the year only by the County Board, County Auditor-Treasurer, or Financial Manager. All transfers of budgeted amounts within departments (except capital outlay) can be made by the County Auditor-Treasurer or the Financial Manager. Any other transfers, appropriations, or capital outlay changes or additions require County Board approval. Additional appropriations would be allowed only to the extent that resources are currently available or attainable to cover expenditures.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is used in the governmental funds. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are rebudgeted the following year.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following major governmental funds had expenditures in excess of budget at the function level for the year ended December 31, 2012.

	E	xpenditures	F	inal Budget	Excess		
General Fund							
Current							
Conservation of natural resources	\$	4,779,751	\$	4,476,223	\$	303,528	
Intergovernmental							
Community development		316,023		-		316,023	
Special Revenue Funds							
Road and Bridge							
Current							
Highways and streets		27,374,070		20,231,665		7,142,405	
Conservation of natural resources		55,703		50,499		5,204	
Intergovernmental							
Highways and streets		695,467		-		695,467	
Human Services							
Current							
Public safety		7,705,649		7,354,368		351,281	
Health		2,813,928		2,763,258		50,670	

3. Other Postemployment Benefits Funded Status

Stearns County implemented the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. Since the County has not irrevocably deposited funds in a trust for future health benefits, the actuarial value of the assets is zero.

See Note 3.E. in the notes to the financial statements for additional information regarding the County's other postemployment benefits.





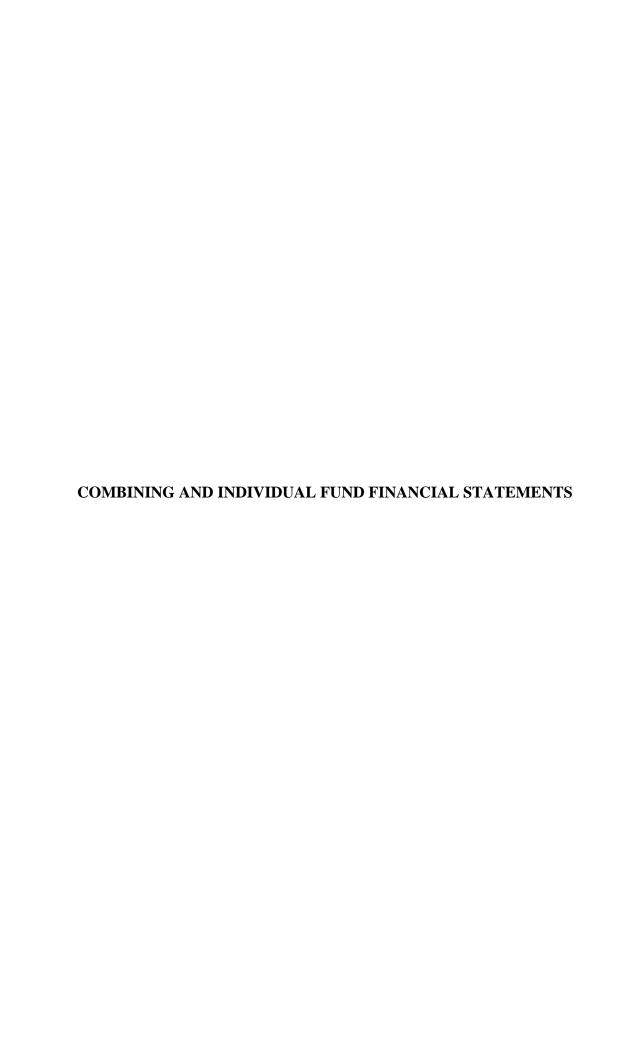




EXHIBIT B-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	4,873,928	\$	4,873,928	\$ 4,828,360	\$	(45,568)
Special assessments		-		-	122,298		122,298
Intergovernmental		35,086		35,086	38,409		3,323
Total Revenues	\$	4,909,014	\$	4,909,014	\$ 4,989,067	\$	80,053
Expenditures							
Current							
General government							
Other general government	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$ 17,908	\$	92
Debt service							
Principal		3,785,000		3,785,000	3,985,000		(200,000)
Interest		1,106,014		1,106,014	 729,040		376,974
Total Expenditures	\$	4,909,014	\$	4,909,014	\$ 4,731,948	\$	177,066
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 257,119	\$	257,119
Fund Balance - January 1		4,227,167		4,227,167	 4,227,167		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	4,227,167	\$	4,227,167	\$ 4,484,286	\$	257,119



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>County Building</u> - to account for funds being accumulated for future building construction and capital acquisition. Financing is provided primarily by an annual property tax levy.

<u>County Park</u> - to account for the operations of the County's park system. Financing is provided primarily by an annual property tax levy and state grants.

<u>Law Library</u> - to account for funds used to maintain the law library. Financing is provided by the assessment of fees according to state statute.

<u>Solid Waste</u> - to account for revenues and expenditures related to County-wide solid waste management. Financing is provided by a County-wide solid waste management fee.

<u>Economic Development</u> - to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with economic development loans issued to the business community to spur growth. Financing is provided by repayments of loans originally financed by intergovernmental revenues.

<u>Ditch</u> - to account for the costs for maintaining County ditches. Financing is provided by special assessments against the benefited property owners.

<u>Regional Rail Authority</u> - to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the preservation of rail right-of-ways for alternative modes of transportation. The Regional Rail Authority is governed by a five-member board and has independent taxing authority.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012

		County Building	 County Park	 Law Library
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$	56,739	\$ 643,687	\$ 103,630
Petty cash and change funds		-	825	-
Taxes receivable delinquent		4,548	27,393	-
Special assessments receivable				
Delinquent		-	-	-
Deferred		-	-	-
Accounts receivable		-	-	-
Loans receivable		-	-	-
Due from other governments		-	29,889	12,331
Advance to other funds			 	 -
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	61,287	\$ 701,794	\$ 115,961
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 4,710	\$ 549
Salaries payable		-	18,666	2,537
Due to other funds		24,992	621	-
Due to other governments		-	162	-
Deferred revenue - unavailable		4,051	 24,289	 -
Total Liabilities	\$	29,043	\$ 48,448	\$ 3,086
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted		-	-	112,875
Committed		32,244	 653,346	
Total Fund Balances	\$	32,244	\$ 653,346	\$ 112,875
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	61,287	\$ 701,794	\$ 115,961

	al Revenue Funds Solid Waste		Economic evelopment		Ditch		gional Rail Authority		Total
							<u>, </u>		
\$	2,514,834	\$	564,526	\$	119,385	\$	578,742	\$	4,581,543
	-		356		-		11,711		825 44,008
	118,849		-		220		-		119,069
	32,957		-		245		-		33,202
	60,991		-		-		-		60,991
	-		229,697		-		-		229,697
	2,896		-		-		-		45,116
	64,500		283,570		-				348,070
\$	2,795,027	\$	1,078,149	\$	119,850	\$	590,453	\$	5,462,521
\$	35	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,294
	7,238		-		-		-		28,441
	-		-		-		-		25,613
	-		25,000		-		-		25,162
	151,806		229,965		465		10,444		421,020
\$	159,079	\$	254,965	<u>\$</u>	465	\$	10,444	\$	505,530
\$	64,500	\$	283,570	\$	_	\$	_	\$	348,070
~	2,571,448	Ψ	539,614	Ψ	119,385	Ψ.	580,009	4	3,923,331
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-		-		685,590
\$	2,635,948	\$	823,184	\$	119,385	<u>\$</u>	580,009	\$	4,956,991
\$	2,795,027	\$	1,078,149	\$	119,850	\$	590,453	\$	5,462,521

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	County Building	 County Park	Law Library		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 137,848	\$ 861,671	\$	-	
Special assessments	-	-		-	
Licenses and permits	-	84,271		-	
Intergovernmental	1,086	310,142		-	
Charges for services	-	-		-	
Fines and forfeits	-	-		205,506	
Gifts and contributions	-	184		-	
Investment income	-	127		-	
Miscellaneous	 	 35,944		440	
Total Revenues	\$ 138,934	\$ 1,292,339	\$	205,946	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	\$ 176,332	\$ -	\$	179,871	
Public safety	10,698	-		-	
Sanitation	-	-		-	
Culture and recreation	-	1,188,538		-	
Conservation of natural resources	-	-		-	
Economic development	-	-		-	
Capital outlay					
Sanitation		 			
Total Expenditures	\$ 187,030	\$ 1,188,538	\$	179,871	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (48,096)	\$ 103,801	\$	26,075	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ 19,501	\$	-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 -	 442		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 	\$ 19,943	\$		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (48,096)	\$ 123,744	\$	26,075	
Fund Balance - January 1	 80,340	529,602		86,800	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 32,244	\$ 653,346	\$	112,875	

Solid Waste	conomic velopment	Ditch	gional Rail Authority	Total
\$ -	\$ 24,497	\$ -	\$ 355,245	\$ 1,379,261
648,886	-	8,229	-	657,115
-	-	-	-	84,271
-	217	-	2,590	314,035
564,374	-	-	-	564,374
-	-	-	-	205,506
-	-	-	-	184
5,690	5,636	-	-	11,453
97,140	39,984	 5,000	 	 178,508
\$ 1,316,090	\$ 70,334	\$ 13,229	\$ 357,835	\$ 3,394,707
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 356,203
-	-	-	-	10,698
573,896	-	-	-	573,896
-	-	-	-	1,188,538
-	-	14,553	-	14,553
-	25,000	-	179,327	204,327
18,960		 		 18,960
\$ 592,856	\$ 25,000	\$ 14,553	\$ 179,327	\$ 2,367,175
\$ 723,234	\$ 45,334	\$ (1,324)	\$ 178,508	\$ 1,027,532
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,501
	 	 	 	 442
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 19,943
\$ 723,234	\$ 45,334	\$ (1,324)	\$ 178,508	\$ 1,047,475
1,912,714	777,850	120,709	 401,501	 3,909,516
\$ 2,635,948	\$ 823,184	\$ 119,385	\$ 580,009	\$ 4,956,991

EXHIBIT C-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY BUILDING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	Amounts		Fin	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	139,008	\$	139,008	\$	137,848	\$	(1,160)
Intergovernmental		992		992		1,086		94
Total Revenues	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$	138,934	\$	(1,066)
Expenditures								
Current Congrel government	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$	176,332	\$	(26.222)
General government Public safety	Ф	140,000	Ф	140,000	Ф	170,532	Ф	(36,332)
Fublic safety				<u> </u>		10,098		(10,698)
Total Expenditures	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$	187,030	\$	(47,030)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(48,096)	\$	(48,096)
Fund Balance - January 1		80,340		80,340		80,340		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	80,340	\$	80,340	\$	32,244	\$	(48,096)

EXHIBIT C-4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY PARK SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budgetee	d Amou	ınts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 868,233	\$	868,233	\$ 861,671	\$	(6,562)
Licenses and permits	70,000		70,000	84,271		14,271
Intergovernmental	6,294		278,374	310,142		31,768
Charges for services	7,000		7,000	-		(7,000)
Fines and forfeits	200		200	-		(200)
Gifts and contributions	_		_	184		184
Investment income	_		_	127		127
Miscellaneous	 9,000		9,000	 35,944		26,944
Total Revenues	\$ 960,727	\$	1,232,807	\$ 1,292,339	\$	59,532
Expenditures						
Current						
Culture and recreation	 960,727		1,277,307	 1,188,538		88,769
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ -	\$	(44,500)	\$ 103,801	\$	148,301
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	\$ -	\$	19,501	\$ 19,501	\$	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 -			 442		442
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	\$ -	\$	19,501	\$ 19,943	\$	442
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	(24,999)	\$ 123,744	\$	148,743
Fund Balance - January 1	 529,602		529,602	529,602		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 529,602	\$	504,603	\$ 653,346	\$	148,743

EXHIBIT C-5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Fines and forfeits	\$	208,539	\$	208,539	\$	205,506	\$	(3,033)
Miscellaneous		-		-		440		440
Total Revenues	\$	208,539	\$	208,539	\$	205,946	\$	(2,593)
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Law library		208,539		208,539		179,871		28,668
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26,075	\$	26,075
Fund Balance - January 1		86,800		86,800		86,800		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	86,800	\$	86,800	\$	112,875	\$	26,075

EXHIBIT C-6

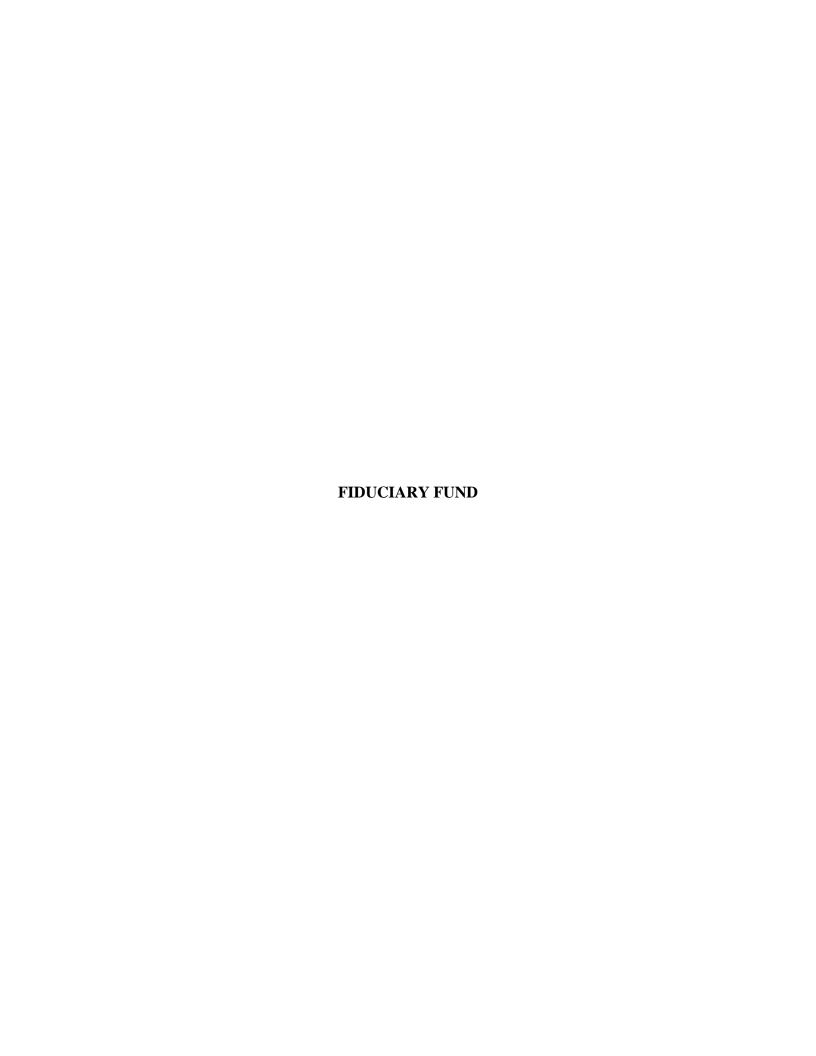
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOLID WASTE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			ints	Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues							
Special assessments	\$	644,000	\$	644,000	\$ 648,886	\$	4,886
Charges for services		575,000		575,000	564,374		(10,626)
Investment income		-		-	5,690		5,690
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000	 97,140		87,140
Total Revenues	\$	1,229,000	\$	1,229,000	\$ 1,316,090	\$	87,090
Expenditures							
Current							
Sanitation							
Solid waste	\$	1,229,000	\$	1,229,000	\$ 573,896	\$	655,104
Capital Outlay							
Sanitation				-	 18,960		(18,960)
Total Expenditures	\$	1,229,000	\$	1,229,000	\$ 592,856	\$	636,144
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 723,234	\$	723,234
Fund Balance - January 1		1,912,714		1,912,714	1,912,714		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,912,714	\$	1,912,714	\$ 2,635,948	\$	723,234

EXHIBIT C-7

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			nts	Actual			Variance with	
	(Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	al Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	24,802	\$	24,802	\$	24,497	\$	(305)	
Intergovernmental		198		198		217		19	
Investment income		10,000		10,000		5,636		(4,364)	
Miscellaneous		50,000		50,000		39,984		(10,016)	
Total Revenues	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	70,334	\$	(14,666)	
Expenditures									
Current									
Economic development									
Community development		85,000		85,000		25,000		60,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,334	\$	45,334	
Fund Balance - January 1		777,850		777,850		777,850			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	777,850	\$	777,850	\$	823,184	\$	45,334	





INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The <u>Information Services Improvements</u> - to account for information service projects.

The <u>Self Insurance</u> - to account for health insurance premiums and payments.



EXHIBIT D-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012

		Governmental Activities				
	Information Services Improvements		Self	f-Insurance		Total
<u>Assets</u>						
Current assets Cash and pooled investments	\$	401,746	\$	472,165	\$	873,911
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Current liabilities Accounts payable		5,895		158491		164386
Net Position						
Unrestricted	<u>\$</u>	395,851	\$	313,674	\$	709,525

EXHIBIT D-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Governmental Activities					
	nformation Services provements	Se	lf-Insurance		Total	
	 <u>r</u>					
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 271,448	\$	1,252,814	\$	1,524,262	
Miscellaneous	 		12,771		12,771	
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 271,448	\$	1,265,585	\$	1,537,033	
Operating Expenses						
Cost of services	 736,469		1,008,396		1,744,865	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (465,021)	\$	257,189	\$	(207,832)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Intergovernmental	 8,068				8,068	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	\$ (456,953)	\$	257,189	\$	(199,764)	
Transfers						
Transfers in	70,450		-		70,450	
Transfers out	 (456,448)		-		(456,448)	
Change in Net Position	\$ (842,951)	\$	257,189	\$	(585,762)	
Net Position - January 1	 1,238,802		56,485		1,295,287	
Net Position - December 31	\$ 395,851	\$	313,674	\$	709,525	

EXHIBIT D-3

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

	Governmental Activities					
		Information Services Improvements		Self-Insurance		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Receipts from internal services provided	\$	271,448	\$	1,265,585	\$	1,537,033
Payments to suppliers		(738,618)		(1,000,205)		(1,738,823)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating						
activities	\$	(467,170)	\$	265,380	\$	(201,790)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Intergovernmental	\$	8,068	\$	-	\$	8,068
Transfers in		70,450		-		70,450
Transfers out		(456,448)		-		(456,448)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital						
financing activities	\$	(377,930)	\$	-	\$	(377,930)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash						
Equivalents	\$	(845,100)	\$	265,380	\$	(579,720)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1		1,246,846		206,785		1,453,631
Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31	\$	401,746	\$	472,165	\$	873,911
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Net operating income (loss)	\$	(465,021)	\$	257,189	\$	(207,832)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities						
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(2,149)		8,191		6,042
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating						
Activities	\$	(467,170)	\$	265,380	\$	(201,790)



AGENCY FUND

<u>Agency Fund</u> - to account for assets held by the County as an agent for other governmental units, individuals, private organizations, or other funds.



EXHIBIT E-1

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	 Balance January 1	_	Additions		Deductions	<u>D</u>	Balance ecember 31
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 4,692,889	\$	271,895,855	\$	272,963,204	\$	3,625,540
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$ 66,235	\$	7,096,627	\$	7,081,888	\$	80,974
Due to other governments	 4,626,654	_	264,799,228	_	265,881,316		3,544,566
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,692,889	\$	271,895,855	\$	272,963,204	\$	3,625,540





BALANCE SHEET - BY DITCH (ACCRUAL BASIS) DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2012

					A	ssets		
	(Cash and Pooled	I	ntrafund	Spe	cial Assessn	nents Rec	eivable
	In	vestments		Advances		nquent		ferred
Judicial Ditches								
1 Grove Lake	\$	196	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
3		110		-		_		_
County Ditches								
4		1,039		-		-		-
8		38,180		-		-		-
9		2,100		-		-		-
10		725		-		1		-
12		264		-		56		-
17		1,872		-		-		-
25		252		-		18		-
28		1,888		-		89		-
29		8,803		-		-		-
31		360		-		51		-
32		55,049		13,000		5		-
37		4,006		-		-		-
50		50		-		-		-
51		4,491				-		245
Total	\$	119,385	\$	13,000	\$	220	\$	245
Reconcilement								
Add (Deduct)				(13,000)		-		-
Modified Accrual Per Exhibit C-1	\$	119,385	\$	_	\$	220	\$	245

			L	iabilities					
Total	Deferred Revenue		Intrafund Advances		 Total		Restricted Fund Balance		Total bilities and nd Balance
\$ 196 110	\$	- -	\$	13,000	\$ 13,000	\$	196 (12,890)	\$	196 110
1,039		-		-	-		1,039		1,039
38,180		-		-	-		38,180		38,180
2,100		-		-	-		2,100		2,100
726		1		-	1		725		726
320		56		-	56		264		320
1,872		-		-	-		1,872		1,872
270		18		-	18		252		270
1,977		89		-	89		1,888		1,977
8,803		-		-	-		8,803		8,803
411		51		-	51		360		411
68,054		5		-	5		68,049		68,054
4,006		-		-	-		4,006		4,006
50		-		-	-		50		50
 4,736		245		-	245		4,491		4,736
\$ 132,850	\$	465	\$	13,000	\$ 13,465	\$	119,385	\$	132,850
(13,000)		-		(13,000)	 (13,000)		-		(13,000)
\$ 119,850	\$	465	\$	_	\$ 465	\$	119,385	\$	119,850

EXHIBIT F-2

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Shared Revenue		
State		
Highway users tax	\$	11,729,633
County program aid		6,359,846
Market value credit		501,298
PERA rate reimbursement		145,954
Disparity reduction aid		46,929
Police aid		380,261
Enhanced 911		283,468
Total shared revenue	<u>\$</u>	19,447,389
Reimbursement for Services		
Minnesota Department of Human Services	<u>\$</u>	2,371,700
Payments		
Local		
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	199,114
Local share of construction		1,404,921
Local grants		33,924
Total payments	\$	1,637,959
Grants		
State		
Minnesota Department/Board of		
Agriculture	\$	1,367
Corrections		2,473,117
Public Safety		99,873
Transportation		964,225
Health		468,761
Natural Resources		1,875,109
Human Services		4,108,549
Labor		63
Water and Soil Resources		676,713
Pollution Control Agency		305,607
Peace Officer Standards and Training Board		20,921
Total state	\$	10,994,305

EXHIBIT F-2 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Grants (Continued) Federal Department of Agriculture \$ 1,401,015 2,389 Commerce Housing and Urban Development 316,023 363,277 Transportation 1,275,046 Energy 2,385 Health and Human Services 8,026,683 Homeland Security 213,078 **Total federal** 11,599,896 Total state and federal grants 22,594,201 **Total Intergovernmental Revenue** 46,051,249

EXHIBIT F-3

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA		
Grant Program Title	Number	E	xpenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	\$	587,215
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental			
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		813,800
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$	1,401,015
U.S. Department of Commerce			
Passed Through City of St. Cloud			
Public Safety Interoperable Communications Grant Program	11.555	\$	2,389
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement			
Grants in Hawaii	14.228	\$	316,023
U.S. Department of Justice Direct			
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	\$	21,022
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710		200,000
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738		24,015
(Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 \$115,961)			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety			
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants	16.523		12,891
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Allocation to States	16.540		6,871
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738		91,946
(Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 \$115,961)			
Total U.S. Department of Justice		\$	356,745
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	\$	1,129,737
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources			
Recreational Trails Program	20.219		141,000

EXHIBIT F-3 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Federal Grantor	Federal		
Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title	CFDA Number	E.	xpenditures
Grant Frogram True	Number		xpenuitures
U.S. Department of Transportation (Continued)			
Highway Safety Cluster			
Passed Through City of St. Cloud			
Occupant Protection Incentive Grants	20.602		11,414
Safety Belt Performance Grants	20.609		10,893
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety			
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	20.608		13,246
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and Planning Grants	20.703		3,994
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		\$	1,310,284
U.S. Department of Energy			
Direct			
Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG) - ARRA	81.128	\$	2,385
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	\$	113,306
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268		29,553
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home			
Visiting Program	93.505		39,725
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Cluster			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		1,248,146
(Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 \$1,403,769)			
Refugee and Entrant Assistance Discretionary Grants	93.576		3,455
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994		132,389
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services			
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH)	93.150		56,757
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		38,080
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Cluster			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		155,623
(Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 \$1,403,769)			
Emergency Contingency Fund for TANF State Program - ARRA	93.714		161,662
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		2,194,165
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State-Administered Programs	93.566		6,115
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575		81,884
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645		18,638
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658		383,738

EXHIBIT F-3 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Federal Grantor	Federal		
Pass-Through Agency	CFDA	_	
Grant Program Title	Number	<u>E</u> :	xpenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services (Continued)			
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		617,580
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		7,453
• •	93.778		
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		2,724,670
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$	8,012,939
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources			
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	\$	31,520
			,
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036		47,061
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042		62,277
Pre-Disaster Mitigation	97.047		17,583
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		15,534
(Total Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 \$54,637)			
Decead Through West Control Engagement Management System			
Passed Through West Central Emergency Management System	07.067		20.022
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		39,023
(Total Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 \$54,637)			
Passed Through Central MN Regional Radio Board			
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		80
(Total Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 \$54,637)			
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		\$	213,078
Total Federal Awards		\$	11,614,858

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Stearns County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements. Stearns County's financial statements include the operations of the Stearns County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) component unit, which expended \$1,204,002 in federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2012. Those expenditures are not included in the County's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards because it had a separate single audit.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Stearns County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2012. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Stearns County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Stearns County.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through grant numbers were not assigned by the pass-through agencies.

4. Clusters

Clusters of programs are groupings of closely related programs that share common compliance requirements. Total expenditures by cluster are:

Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	\$ 1,270,737
Highway Safety Cluster	22,307
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster	1,565,431

5. Subrecipients

Of the expenditures presented in the schedule, Stearns County provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

CFDA Number	Program Name	nt Provided to precipients
14.228	Community Development Block Grants/ State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	\$ 316,023

6. Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue

Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 11,599,896
Grants received more than 60 days after year-end, deferred in 2012	
Highway Planning and Construction	39,909
Medical Assistance Program	17,310
Child Care and Development Block Grant	5,760
Deferred in 2011, recognized as revenue in 2012	
Highway Planning and Construction	(4,671)
Medical Assistance Program	(36,113)
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State-Administered Programs	(701)
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants	(6,532)
Expenditures Per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 11,614,858

7. American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) requires recipients to clearly distinguish ARRA funds from non-ARRA funding. In the schedule, ARRA funds are denoted by the addition of ARRA to the program name.



EXHIBIT G-1

TAX CAPACITY, TAX CAPACITY RATES, LEVIES, AND PERCENTAGE OF COLLECTIONS

	2011			2012			2013		
	_	Amount	Net Tax Capacity Rate (%)		Amount	Net Tax Capacity Rate (%)		Amount	Net Tax Capacity Rate (%)
Tax Capacity									
Real property	\$	138,202,316		\$	127,204,202		\$	123,579,829	
Personal property		2,233,188		_	2,426,059		_	3,027,458	
Net Tax Capacity	\$	140,435,504		\$	129,630,261		\$	126,607,287	
Taxes Levied for County Purposes									
General	\$	36,655,911	23.450	\$	35,977,945	24.834	\$	35,266,947	24.694
Road and Bridge		7,001,839	5.187		7,020,172	5.628		7,034,532	5.739
Human Services		22,830,225	16.912		22,945,623	18.395		23,022,758	18.784
County Building		140,000	0.104		140,000	0.112		100,000	0.082
County Park		855,151	0.633		874,527	0.701		875,657	0.714
Regional Library		2,177,898	1.613		2,093,432	1.678		2,073,558	1.692
Debt Service		5,021,735	3.701		4,909,014	3.916		4,900,904	3.980
Regional Rail Authority		575,000	0.426		355,000	0.285		305,000	0.249
Economic Development Authority		-	0.000		25,000	0.200		21,500	0.018
Total Levy for County Purposes	\$	75,257,759	52.026	\$	74,340,713	55.749	\$	73,600,856	55.952
Less Credits Payable by State		5,000,000		_	5,000,000			5,000,000	
Net Levy Certified to State	\$	70,257,759		\$	69,340,713		\$	68,600,856	
Less Market Value Credits		4.5.57.0.50			405,570			500 150	
Payable by State	_	4,567,960			495,572			500,159	
Net Levy for County Purposes	\$	65,689,799		\$	68,845,141		\$	68,100,697	
Percentage of Tax Collections for All Purposes		98.22%			98.58%			N/A	

(Unaudited) Page 120





SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? **No**
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? **No**
- Significant deficiencies identified? **No**

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? **No**

The major programs are:

State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental	
Nutrition Assistance Program	CFDA #10.561
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Cluster	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	CFDA #93.558
Emergency Contingency Fund for TANF State Program -	
ARRA	CFDA #93.714
Foster Care - Title I	CFDA #93.658
Social Services Block Grant	CFDA #93.667

The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$348,446.

Stearns County qualified as a low-risk auditee? Yes

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

96-6 <u>Segregation of Duties</u>

Criteria: A good system of internal control provides for an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion.

Condition: Several of the County's departments that collect fees lack proper segregation of duties. Offices that do not have sufficient segregation of duties include the Sheriff, Jail, Environmental Services, License Centers, and Parks. These departments generally have one staff person who is responsible for billing, collecting, recording and depositing receipts as well as reconciling bank accounts.

Context: Due to the limited number of office personnel within the County, segregation of the accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible. This is not unusual in operations the size of Stearns County; however, the County's management should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an accounting point of view.

Effect: Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the County's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Cause: The County does not have the economic resources needed to hire additional qualified accounting staff in order to segregate duties in every department.

Recommendation: We recommend that the County's elected officials and management be aware of the lack of segregation of the accounting functions and, where possible, implement oversight procedures to ensure that the internal control policies and procedures are being implemented by staff to the extent possible.

<u>Client Response</u>:

We are aware of the problems with segregation of duties in certain areas. In many of these areas, we feel it would be cost-prohibitive to implement total segregation (cost vs. benefit). Thereby, other accounting techniques and methods are used to verify the reasonableness of these areas of concern.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual (07-1)

The County did not have a current and comprehensive accounting policies and procedures manual, including risk assessment and monitoring procedures.

Resolution

The County Auditor-Treasurer's Office has drafted a comprehensive accounting policies and procedures manual that will be approved by the County Board.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None.





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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Stearns County

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stearns County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated [need date], 2013. Our report includes a reference to other auditors. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of Stearns County, the discretely presented component unit, for the year ended June 30, 2012, as described in our report on Stearns County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Stearns County's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 96-6, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Stearns County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our study included all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance in tax increment financing as the cities administer the tax increment financing in Stearns County.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Stearns County failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

Other Matters

Stearns County's written response to the internal control finding identified in our audit has been included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The County's response was not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 25, 2013





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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Stearns County

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Stearns County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2012. Stearns County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Stearns County's basic financial statements include the operations of the Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of Stearns County component unit, which expended \$1,204,002 in federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2012, which are not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the HRA of Stearns County because it was audited by other auditors.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Stearns County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted

in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Stearns County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Stearns County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Stearns County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 25, 2013