# Alternative Teacher Preparation Program & Limited-Term Teacher License

Minnesota Board of Teaching

Report to the Legislature

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# Alternative Teacher Preparation Program & Limited-Term Teacher License

Minnesota Board of Teaching

The Minnesota Board of Teaching is pleased to present this report in accordance with the requirement set forth in Minn. Stat. §122A.245, Subdivision 10. Specifically, the law provides:

The Board of Teaching must submit an interim report on the efficacy of this program to the policy and finance committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education by February 15, 2013, and a final report by February 15, 2015.

## 2013 Board of Teaching

Erin Azer Jim Barnhill John Bellingham, Chair Lesa Covington Clarkson Jim Grabowska Anne Krafthefer Michael Larson Diane O'Brien Karen Palmen Ryan Vernosh Loy Woelber

Karen Balmer, Executive Director

# Report Outline

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#### Development of Alternative Teacher Preparation Program Application

#### **Initial Response to the Legislation**

The legislation authorizing an alternative teacher preparation programs was enacted early in the 2011 legislative session. Governor Dayton signed the bill on March 7, 2011. The Board of Teaching (BOT) quickly began work in response to the legislation and quickly discovered that there were a number of misconceptions about the legislation. Specifically, many individuals and organizations erroneously believed that the legislation authorized the BOT to grant the two-year limited-term licenses to individuals through an application process directly to the BOT. As a result our initial efforts were focused on disseminating information about this new process which authorized the BOT to approve alternative teacher licensure programs. We sought to clarify that once the Board approved a program individuals could enroll in the program and become eligible for licensure upon successful completion of the approved program. Examples of this work include:

- 1. Collaboration with a reporter from Minnesota Public Radio to publish an article entitled <u>"FAQ: Minn.'s alternative teaching licensure legislation"</u>
- 2. Information sent to the members of the BOT's standing advisory committee, called Standards & Rules (see Appendix A)
- Collaboration with the Educator Licensing division at the Minnesota Department of Education to publish a <u>Frequently Asked Questions</u> document <u>Note</u>: This document has been updated over time to reflect new questions we have received; the original FAQ was published on the website in June 2011.

#### **Targeted Development Work**

The Board of Teaching quickly initiated a process to develop a process to receive applications for alternative preparation programs in accordance with the new law. Our approach was three-fold:

- 1. Conduct research and gather information from multiple sources to inform the work
- 2. Engage Minnesota stakeholders in meaningful, ongoing dialogue
- 3. Solicit ongoing feedback from the Board of Teaching prior to bringing the final guidelines for adoption

#### <u>Research</u>

Board of Teaching staff sought to leverage the experience and wisdom of other states and organizations. Our outreach efforts included:

- Analysis and dialogue with state officials from states with existing policies and infrastructure for alternative routes to licensure; among the states we examined most closely were Washington, California, Massachusetts, and Wisconsin.
- Analysis of research and data available from the <u>National Association for</u> <u>Alternative Certification</u> and <u>National Center for Education Information</u>
- Examination of policies and practices for charter school sponsors (now called authorizers) who have financial oversight of a school, to help us understand the accountability mechanisms we should implement for non-profit organizations to become teacher preparation programs under the new law; BOT staff outreach included targeted dialogue with staff in MDE's Charter School division as well as staff from the Charter School Partners organization.

#### Stakeholder Engagement

The Board of Teaching relied heavily on our standing advisory committee, called Standards & Rules, throughout the development process. (The roster of the 2011-2012 Standards & Rules membership is included as Appendix B.) A summary of this committee's engagement is provided below:

March 15, 2011	Initial email communication regarding the alternative routes legislation
April 14, 2011	Discussion at the Standards & Rules meeting regarding preliminary plans for implementation
May 19, 2011	Brief update regarding continued implementation planning
September 29, 2011	Review of presentation to the Board of Teaching (see September 23 below)
December 15, 2011*	Discussion of draft guidelines and BOT input

#### Note: Additional invitations were sent for the December 15 meeting:

- Key legislators including the Chairs, Vice-Chairs, and Minority Leads for the Education Committees in the House of Representatives and Senate
- 2. Individuals who had contacted our office with interest in or questions about this process

#### Board of Teaching Input

April 8, 2011	Discussion of initial implementation plans for alternative routes legislation
June 17, 2011	Updates on implementation activity
September 23, 2011	Presentation of initial analysis and foundational assumptions for alternative route processes and requirements
December 9, 2011	<i>Review and discussion of draft guidelines for alternative route providers</i>

#### **Final Board of Teaching Action**

On January 13, 2012, the Board of Teaching adopted the guidelines for the approval of alternative route providers. The adopted guidelines were posted on the Board of Teaching website following the meeting and have been available online since January 2012. Staff members in Governor Dayton's office were also notified in advance of the Board's adoption of the guidelines; see Appendix C. The guidelines are available as a separate attachment and also on the <u>Board of Teaching website</u>.

#### Status of Alternative Teacher Preparation Programs

Despite substantial interest and publicity regarding the alternative teacher preparation program option, the Board of Teaching has not received an application. BOT staff members have had a number of conversations with potential providers but none have manifested in a completed application.

As noted in a <u>Star Tribune article on July 8, 2012</u>, the Board "followed legislators' mandate to establish a program that was flexible yet rigorous enough to produce well-trained teachers." The Board has not received feedback to the contrary or any indication that the process set forth does not meet the spirit of the law.

As the regulatory body that will take action on applications that are received, the Board is not able to actively recruit or coach entities through the application process. However, Board of Teaching staff members have offered assistance to interested parties and stand ready to answer questions and facilitate the application process. The Board is eager to receive applications and to launch alternative teacher preparation programs authorized by Minnesota law.

#### APPENDIX A

From: Balmer, Karen
Sent: Tuesday, March 15, 2011 5:18 PM
To: 'Ann Malwitz'; Balmer, Karen (MDE); 'Bill Kautt'; 'Bill Zimniewicz'; 'Curt Tryggestad'; 'Cyndy Crist'; 'David Leitzman'; 'David Rigoni'; 'Eugene Piccolo'; 'Garnet Franklin'; 'Jim Hoogheem'; 'Karen Wollak'; Melick, John (MDE); 'Michelle Page'; 'Mongsher Ly'; 'Nancy Dana'; 'Robert Klindworth'; 'Tom Pederstuen'; 'Toni Johns'; 'Tricia Denzer'; VanAernum, JoAnn
Subject: Standards & Rules cancelled for this Thursday, March 17

Hello! We will not be meeting this Thursday due to some other conflicts for both BOT and some of our S&R members. However, lest you think that we don't have any news for you, please find several updates below. © I welcome your input on any of it!

As I'm sure you have heard, the "alternative routes" bill was signed into law last week. There is a great deal of both interest and confusion around this legislation so we have put together some materials to help disseminate accurate information. The link below will take you to MDE's home page where they have posted information, including the bill text, summary information, and an FAQ sheet: http://education.state.mn.us/mde/index.html

I am also attaching a memo from the BOT with similar information but just a bit more detail.

On another front, we convened a group of ASD-specific stakeholders yesterday to help us think through our proposed transition plans for moving current teachers to the Autism Spectrum Disorders license. We received great feedback and should be ready to share more detailed information with you at our April 8 meeting.

Moving on to the TPA (Teacher Performance Assessment) ... Sally Baas is working on some targeted communications for school districts and we'll be sending that your way hopefully in the next several days, so be on the look-out!

Finally, an update about the voluntary paraprofessional credential – we've got a draft materials and a process that is now going through a "test run" with a small sampling of paraprofessionals. Your fellow S&R members Garnet Franklin and John Melick have been incredibly valuable in getting this going!! So we'll have more to share on this front yet this spring and we are targeting a statewide launch of the credential this summer.

Please let me know if you have questions on any of these fronts or updates from your organizations! Thanks,



Karen Balmer Executive Director



#### MINNESOTA BOARD OF TEACHING

#### Current Licensure Options:

- There are currently 2 primary routes to licensure in MN:
  - 1. Enroll in an <u>approved Minnesota licensure program</u> at a college or university; once licensure requirements (coursework, student teaching, tests, etc.) have been completed, the authorized representative recommends each candidate for licensure to the Board of Teaching.
  - <u>If eligible</u>, an individual can seek licensure through a <u>portfolio option</u>; the portfolio is a compilation of evidence that may include coursework, professional experience, professional development or trainings to show that all licensing standards have been met.
- Both options apply to new teachers seeking their first license and also to licensed teachers adding a new field of licensure.

#### NEW Law to Establish Alternative Routes to Licensure

- The new law creates an opportunity for new licensure programs to be developed and approved by the Board of Teaching.
- The law requires the BOT to <u>establish criteria</u> that will be used to approve these programs. In addition to the use of a performance-based assessment that is required under the law, we intent to set forth rigorous criteria that maintain the integrity of a Minnesota license.
- The law requires the BOT to <u>ensure that all licensing standards are met, including both content</u> <u>and pedagogy standards</u>; the standards may be met in "school-based settings or through other nontraditional means."
  - This does NOT mean that programs can ignore standards; for example, we could not approve a 5-12 (secondary) math program that did not address the geometry standards or an elementary program that did not address the reading standards.
  - This bill only allows the programs to demonstrate that they will meet the standards in ways other than traditional coursework. For example, standards may be met through:
    - Professional development trainings
    - Peer coaching/mentoring curriculum
    - Residency-based or other field-based programs
- The law does NOT allow individuals to seek licensure directly from the Board of Teaching; individuals will need to enroll in and complete an approved program and then be recommended for licensure.
- Timelines: It will take time for the BOT to thoughtfully establish criteria and to change the current rules to allow nonprofit organizations to be approved; once the criteria and regulations are in place, programs can be created and submitted to the BOT for review and possible approval.

#### Additional information relating to targeted questions:

#### ... about student teaching:

- 1. The bill requires student teaching within the instructional phase prior to entering the classroom; this phase must be a minimum of 200 hours.
- 2. The bill also requires "intensive, ongoing, and multiyear professional learning communities that accelerate teacher candidates' professional growth, support student learning, and provide a workplace orientation, professional staff development, and mentoring and peer review focused on standards of professional practice and continuous professional growth;"
- 3. It will be the responsibility of the Board of Teaching to set criteria for approving programs under this authority; in setting those criteria, we will need to place a very high expectation on both the rigor of the student teaching experience prior to teaching AND the intensive support in the classroom from Day 1 in the classroom.

#### ... about having a degree in the content area:

- The bill does not require a direct correlation between the candidate's degree and the licensure field they will teach in; however, there are 3 content-specific provisions in the bill:
  - The candidate must pass all licensure tests, including a <u>content-specific test</u>, prior to entering the classroom.
  - Prior to receiving a full Minnesota license, the candidate must be evaluated on the same <u>content-specific performance-based assessment</u> as all other Minnesota licensure candidates; we are working towards implementing the <u>Teacher Performance</u> <u>Assessment</u> (out of Stanford) as this assessment.
  - While the bill requires the BOT to allow for some flexibility in <u>how</u> standards are met, it does NOT allow for standards to be ignored. <u>ALL standards</u>, both in content and in pedagogy, must be met by the candidates in these programs.

#### ... about a partnership with a higher education institution:

- 1. The bill allows Minnesota schools to partner with colleges and universities that are already approved to prepare teachers.
- 2. The bill also provides a new option, to approve programs from education-related nonprofit organizations without being hosted by a college or university. Within this option, though, the bill requires that such a program have a consultative relationship with a Minnesota institution.
- 3. The Board of Teaching will need to carefully construct the criteria for approving a program under this authority; the bill calls for a number of required characteristics, including:
  - a. a research-based and results-oriented approach focused on best teaching practices to increase student proficiency and growth measured against state academic standards;
  - b. strategies to combine pedagogy and best teaching practices to better inform teachers' classroom instruction;
  - c. assessment, supervision, and evaluation of the program participant to determine the participant's specific needs throughout the program and to support the participant in successfully completing the program;
  - d. intensive, ongoing, and multiyear professional learning opportunities that can accelerate initial educators' professional growth and that include developing dispositions and practices that support student learning, orientations to the workplace, a network of peer support, seminars and workshops, and mentoring focused on standards of professional practice and continual professional growth;

So it will be critical for the BOT to embed these strongly and clearly into the criteria that will be used to determine whether a program will ultimately be approved to launch.

#### APPENDIX B

## STANDARDS & RULES ADVISORY COMMITTEE 2011-2012

Organization	Representative
MN Board of Teaching	Karen Balmer
MN Board of Teaching	JoAnn Van Aernum
MN Board of Teaching	Erin Doan
MN Board of Teaching	Geoff Alexander
Association of Metropolitan School Districts	Alice Seuffert
Education Minnesota	Garnet Franklin
Education Minnesota	Jane Gilles
MN Association of School Personnel Administrators	Tom Pederstuen
MACTE (Private Institutions)	Jo Olsen
	David Leitzman
MACTE (U of M)	Michelle Page
MACTE (MNSCU)	Scott Page
MN Administrators for Special Education	Tricia Denzer
MN Association of Alternative Programs	Bill Zimniewicz
MN Association of School Administrators	
MN Elementary School Principals Association	Jim Hoogheem
MN Association of Secondary School Principals	Dianne Thomas
MN Association of Charter Schools	Mongsher Ly
MN Association of Charter Schools	Nancy Dana
MN Association of Charter Schools	Eugene Piccolo
MN Department of Education	Rose Chu
MN Department of Education	Richard Wassen
MN Rural Education Association	Curt Tryggestad
MN Rural Education Association	Dan Posthumus
MN School Boards Association	Bill Kautt
MN Staff Development Council	Ann Malwitz
MN Independent School Forum	Robert Klindworth

#### APPENDIX C

From: Balmer, Karen (MDE)
Sent: Friday, January 06, 2012 9:53 AM
To: allison.jones@state.mn.us; Brian Wietgrefe (brian.wietgrefe@state.mn.us)
Subject: FW: Alternative Routes

Hello Allison and Brian,

I received a bounceback email that Hue is out on a leave and wanted to be sure that folks in your office are aware of our work on this front. Please feel free to let me know if you have any questions! Karen

Karen Balmer Executive Director MN Board of Teaching 651.582.8888

From: Balmer, Karen (MDE)
Sent: Friday, January 06, 2012 9:42 AM
To: <u>hue.nyugen@state.mn.us</u>; Korte, Daron (MDE); McHenry, Kevin (MDE); Doan, Erin (MDE)
Subject: Alternative Routes

#### Hello Hue, Daron, and Kevin!

Following up on our conference call a couple months ago, I wanted to let you know the status of the Alternative Routes to Licensure work. After seeking a great deal of input from both MN stakeholders and colleagues in other states we presented a draft of the Application Guidelines to the Board in December. The next week we convened a group of diverse stakeholders to provide a final round of feedback.

We have now taken all of the input, made revisions to the draft, and are planning to have the Board adopt the Application Guidelines at their meeting next Friday, January 13. Presuming that they adopt them, we'll be ready to release them to any interested parties and begin accepting applications. As we discussed on the phone, our intent has been to have the process in place so that it is possible that we might have these alternative routes approved and operational for the 2012-2013 school year ... and it looks like we are on target! (Of course we have no way of knowing whether we'll receive applications and if so, whether they will meet the requirements and be able to be approved ... but at least the process will be in place.)

Please let us know if you have any questions or if you'd like to discuss this further! Karen



# **Approval to Provide**

# Alternative Teacher Preparation Programs

# **Proposal & Process Guidelines**

January 2012

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#### **Introduction**

The Board of Teaching grants licensure to applicants who have completed approved teacher preparation programs. Before Minnesota teacher preparation programs can be approved, the organizations and institutions themselves must be approved as providers. While "institutional approval" is sought by accredited institutions of higher education, similarly, "organizational approval" must be sought by non-profit organizations, or institutions of higher education that are not regionally accredited. Minnesota Statutes 2011, section 122A.245 (See Appendix A) established baseline criteria for use in the creation and approval of alternative teacher preparation programs.

The following entities are eligible to participate under MN Statute 122A.245:

"(1) a school district or charter school that forms a partnership with a college or university that has a board-approved alternative teacher preparation program; or

(2) a school district or charter school, after consulting with a college or university with a board-approved teacher preparation program, forms a partnership with a nonprofit

corporation organized under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose that has a board-approved teacher preparation program."

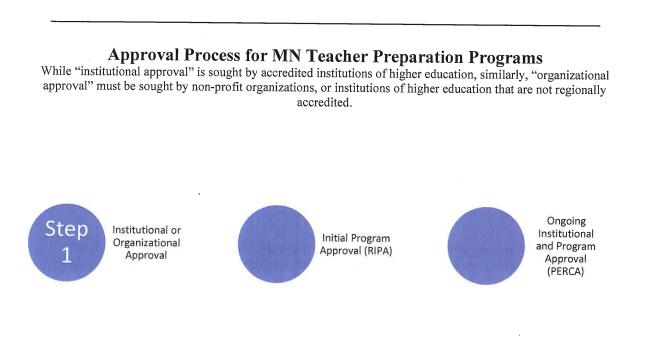
A nonprofit organization in partnership with a MN school district, or an institution of higher education that has not received accreditation should begin by seeking organizational approval, beginning with Phase I of the process outlined in this document.

Accredited institutions of higher education that have previously received institutional approval under MN Rule 8700.7600 to offer teacher preparation programs by the Minnesota Board of Teaching may begin the proposal process for an alternative teacher preparation program with the Request for Initial Program Approval (RIPA). Please contact Minnesota Board of Teaching staff regarding interest in completing this process.

Accredited institutions of higher education that have not received institutional approval to offer teacher preparation programs should begin by completing the established Institutional Approval process. Please contact Board of Teaching staff for the appropriate guidelines. Upon receiving institutional approval to offer teacher preparation programs, a Request for Initial Program Approval (RIPA) may be submitted.

The standing institutional approval process for accredited Institutions of Higher Education assumes that a regional accrediting agency has examined the institution and has made a determination that capacity and infrastructure to deliver quality teacher preparation are in place. The process introduced in Phase I of the proposal guidelines, allows the Board of Teaching to make a similar determination for an institution that is not accredited or a nonprofit organization, assuring that candidates will receive appropriate preparation and services as proposed.

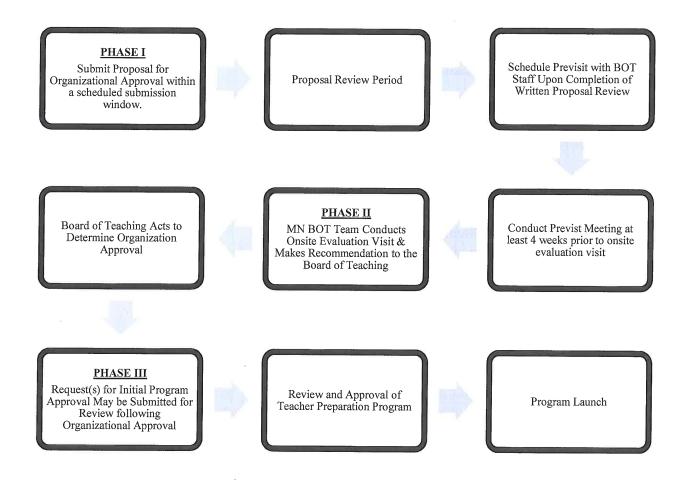
After a full review of a completed proposal, MN Board of Teaching staff and an evaluation team will complete an onsite evaluation visit (Phase II of the application process) to verify the accuracy of the written proposal and provide an opportunity for clarification regarding any of the proposal components.



#### **Core Principles**

- Licensure standards must be met by all program types.
- Delivery method of licensure standards in negotiable.
- Approval processes & reporting requirements are consistent across program & institution types

Stages of the Approval Process for Providers of Alternative Teacher Preparation Programs



#### **Phase I: Submission of Written Proposal**

Approval for a non-accredited entity to offer teacher preparation programs begins with a written proposal prepared according to the guidelines that follow and submitted in electronic format. Applicants must also submit a total of eight (8) hard copies of the proposal to the Board of Teaching. There are nine sections of information that are addressed with subparts contained in each. Be sure to address any items that are specified within each category. Links to supporting documentation within your electronic report must be provided to allow reviewers the option to view supporting documentation seamlessly. You will find examples of supporting documentation in Appendix B.

#### Section A. Organizational Authorization

Throughout the organizational approval process and continuing into program approval, the MN Board of Teaching staff will need to contact your organization. Provide the following information in section A of your proposal.

- Primary Contact for Application
- Mailing Address
- Email Address
- Telephone Number
- Verification of Non-profit Status under MN 317.A
- Contact Information & Signature of Fiscal Authority
- Contact Information & Signature of Organizational Leadership

#### Section B: Mission and Vision of Organization

Outline the mission and vision of your organization detailing information specific to activities in Minnesota. Provide a statement of need that includes a plan for addressing all three of the components as described in 122A.245.

122A.245 Subdivision 1(a) To improve academic excellence, improve ethnic and cultural diversity in the classroom, and close the academic achievement gap

#### Section C: Overview of Program Goals & Objectives

Provide an overview of the program. The overview should contain a brief description of the program, including program goals, timeline and sequence of activities. The theoretical framework of your program and its defining attributes should be described in detail and must be supported by a description of the research base used to support program design. Address each component of 122A.245 Subd.2 (1-3).

Provide sufficient information to enable the evaluators to clearly understand who will be participating in the program and how they will progress through the program. Include services to be delivered, population or district(s) served, and projected number of candidates annually.

Discuss the process that will be used by all collaborating partners to evaluate & improve the programs once implemented.

Subd. 2. Characteristics. An alternative teacher preparation program under this section must include:

(1) a minimum 200-hour instructional phase that provides intensive preparation and student teaching before the teacher candidate assumes classroom responsibilities;

(2) a research-based and results-oriented approach focused on best teaching practices to increase student proficiency and growth measured against state academic standards; explanation of research base. Include appropriate citations.

(3) strategies to combine pedagogy and best teaching practices to better inform teacher candidates' classroom instruction;

#### **Section D: Partnership Agreements**

Identify and describe school district partnerships and collaborations that are planned or are in place during development and implementation of the proposed program. Discuss collaborative agreements with school districts and/or charter schools providing candidates with the opportunity to be mentored/supervised by highly effective teachers within partner schools and districts. Describe any previous experience in the preparation of teachers including evidence of success and long-term commitment to teacher development. Supporting documentation for this section must include:

- □ Copy of Memoranda of Understanding
- □ A detailed outline of partner roles
- □ Provide proof of consultation with IHE, outlining responsibilities and duration for any continuing consultative arrangement that may be planned

#### Section E: Organizational Capacity and Infrastructure

#### **Business Plan**

Organizations seeking approval to provide teacher preparation programs in Minnesota must demonstrate financial capacity to offer teacher preparation programs. Submission and review of the following must take place as part of the approval process:

- A detailed business plan including a copy of the program budget with narrative, revenue & expenses for first two years of operation. Evidence of the ability to meet financial obligations to students, repaying program liabilities, currency in debt payments, and proof of insurance coverage.
- Detailed information regarding cost to individual program participants and procedures for handling of all fees.
- Evidence of sustainable resources to provide teacher preparation culminating in MN teacher licensure, as described in all program documentation and publications.
- Include an independent or state auditor's report. Organizations new to Minnesota or without a documented financial history may submit a business plan and a letter of credit, demonstrating availability of the funds needed to cover the costs of program operation.

#### Governance Structure

Understanding the capacity of an organization to deliver teacher preparation programs also necessitates understanding of the human resources committed to program development, assessment, reporting requirements, teacher candidate training and supervision, ongoing support for candidates and program improvement.

Provide the following information:

- Membership of Board of Directors & other advisory bodies
- A copy of the organizational chart & detail regarding staffing structure
- Verification of qualifications for program leadership & instructors
- Evidence of necessary infrastructure to provide accurate, timely and secure data (For the purposes of admission, candidate monitoring, testing, background checks, license recommendation, etc.)
- A copy of procedures and policies for ensuring the security of candidate records (FERPA)
- A plan for program candidates in the event of program dissolution including a tuition refund policy

Ensuring that program participants are not only able to achieve the end goal of obtaining Minnesota licensure, but that they are also able to apply for licensure through credential review in other states, is important to retaining talent in the teaching profession. Provide a description of the documentation provided by the program, for the purposes of helping candidates document their academic and professional work toward licensure.

#### Section F: Strategy for Recruitment, Admission & Retention

122A.245 Subdivision 1(b) Before participating in this program, a candidate must:

(1) have a bachelor's degree with a 3.0 or higher grade point average unless the board waives the grade point average requirement based on board-adopted criteria;

(2) pass the reading, writing, and mathematics skills examination under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b); and

(3) obtain qualifying scores on applicable board-approved rigorous content area and pedagogy examinations under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (e).

Describe the collaborative process that will be used for the provider and partner districts to work

together to recruit, screen and select individuals for the program. Explain how recruitment efforts will reach a diverse pool of candidates as well as how candidate dispositions will be evaluated.

Identify the screening tools and the criteria that will be used to place participants in the program for each of the licensure areas. Detail the policies and processes used to ensure candidates meet the minimum requirements for program candidates outlined in 122A. 245 Subdivision 1(b). If credit for prior academic course work and/or experience will be granted to program participants, describe the process and policies in place for evaluating them.

Outline the advising plan for candidates, once admitted to the teacher preparation program along with a plan for placing candidates in Minnesota classrooms. Describe supports in place to retain candidates throughout the program.

#### Section G: Teacher candidate monitoring, evaluation & support

The capacity to monitor candidate progress and support their learning is critical to the success of a program. Outline a plan for using key signature assessments to monitor candidate progress at identified decision points throughout the program timeline. Describe actions that are taken to counsel candidates out of the teacher training program when appropriate. Plans must evidence how data gleaned from signature assessments will be used for the purpose of program efficacy reporting.

*Subd. 2.* Characteristics. An alternative teacher preparation program under this section must include:

(4) assessment, supervision, and evaluation of teacher candidates to determine their specific needs throughout the program and to support their efforts to successfully complete the program;

(5) intensive, ongoing, and multiyear professional learning opportunities that accelerate teacher candidates' professional growth, support student learning, and provide a workplace orientation, professional staff development, and mentoring and peer review focused on standards of professional practice and continuous professional growth;

(6) a requirement that teacher candidates demonstrate to the local site team under subdivision 5 satisfactory progress toward acquiring a standard license from the Board of Teaching.

Plans must evidence multiyear professional learning opportunities to meet the needs of new teachers, including:

-mentorship focused on attainment of the Standards of Effective Practice (8710.2000) -increasing impact on student growth

Teacher preparation programs including alternative teacher preparation programs under section 122A.245, among other programs, must include a content-specific, board-approved, performance-based assessment that measures teacher candidates in three areas: planning for instruction and assessment; engaging students and supporting learning; and assessing student learning.

The Teacher Performance Assessment (TPA) began implementation in Minnesota teacher preparation programs during the 2011-2012 Academic Year. Provide evidence that this performance-based assessment is integrated into the design of planned teacher preparation programs and that the program will require candidates to successfully complete this assessment. Program data from this assessment will be required for annual reporting to the Board of Teaching. Please refer to Appendix C for additional resources.

#### Section H: Local Site Team

Subd. 5. **Approval for standard license.** A school board or its designee must appoint members to a local site team that includes teachers, school administrators, and postsecondary faculty under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1), or staff of a participating nonprofit corporation under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), to evaluate the performance of the teacher candidate. The evaluation must be consistent with

board-adopted performance measures, use the Minnesota state standards of effective practice and subject matter content standards for teachers established in Minnesota Rules,

and include a report to the board recommending whether or not to issue the teacher candidate a standard license.

Provide a description of the selection process for creating a local site team. Include detailed information regarding the composition of the local site team and the policies which they will use for evaluation and recommendation of candidates for Minnesota teaching licensure. The criteria upon which each recommendation will be based must be stated explicitly.

#### Section I: Acknowledgement of Reporting Requirements

As the provider of a teacher preparation program in Minnesota, reporting to the Minnesota Board of Teaching through the PERCA (Program Effectiveness Report for Continuing Approval) process is required yearly for the first three years of operation, and then every two years thereafter. Onsite evaluation visits will take place every 5-7 years, or on an as needed basis based on program data. As part of the reporting process, programs should be prepared to report program data in aggregate, demonstrating pass rates for the MTLE pedagogy and content exams (at the subtest level) as well as task specific aggregate scores for the Teacher Performance Assessment.

As required by the U.S. Department of Education, programs should also be prepared to report information about candidates within their programs as well as program completion and testing data on a yearly basis.

Provide a brief narrative to discuss procedures, policies and data management practices in place to complete mandatory reporting requirements.

Subd. 9. Exchange of best practices. By July 31 in an even-numbered year, a program participant and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, the University of Minnesota, the Minnesota Private College Council, and the Department of Education must exchange information about best practices and educational innovations.

In a yet to be determined forum, the Minnesota Board of Teaching will gather approved providers of teacher preparation programs to share data, best practices and educational innovations. Representation and participation by program leaders at these scheduled conversations will be required.

#### Phase II: On Site Evaluation Visit

Upon receipt & satisfactory review of a written proposal to offer alternative teacher preparation programs, the MN Board of Teaching staff will schedule a site visit to interview leadership and key staff members for all involved partners.

A team site visit is conducted to organizations for the following purposes:

- To verify the accuracy and completeness of the submitted written proposal
- To write a report of findings
- To make a recommendation to the Board of Teaching regarding approval status of the organization to prepare persons for teacher licensure.

The team chair conducts a previsit to the organization, prior to the onsite visit by the full team. The previsit is usually no longer than 3-4 hours in length. The previsit should include leadership for the program including representatives of key partners.

Interviews and visits should be scheduled in consultation with the team chair. Once onsite, the team may need to schedule & conduct follow-up interviews with some individuals to clarify issues and/or concerns raised during the team's deliberations.

During the on-site evaluation visit a team of evaluators will seek to confirm/verify the accuracy and completeness of the written proposal prepared by the organization. An evaluation team is selected whose membership reflects a cross section of education & teacher education professionals. The size of the team and the expertise of the members are appropriate for types of programs offered by the institution. Team members are selected by staff serving the Board of Teaching and the roster is approved by the organization.

Team members meet together to study findings and reach consensus concerning the team report and recommendation. In addition to listing specific findings, the team recommends Initial Approval or Disapproval. A report of the team findings is sent to the named primary contact within thirty days of the onsite review.

The teams' approval recommendation, along with a summary of the findings and any additional information presented by the organization will be forwarded to the Executive Director of the Board of Teaching for Board action. The decision of the Board of Teaching regarding approval status of the organization to prepare persons for teacher licensure is forwarded by the Executive Director of the Board of Teaching to the primary contact for the organization.

At the time of the Board of Teaching's onsite organizational review, the team will confirm that the organization is in compliance with MN Statutes 122A.09 subd. 4 (c) and (f).

1) Organizations must evidence that subd 4 (c) is addressed by having this dispute resolution option published in student handbooks, or advising guides, websites, or similar public postings where students would likely look for such information.

2) To evidence compliance with subd 4 (f) regarding instructor's recent experiences in public schools, the institution should prepare a chart of education faculty/instructors employed during the last five years which indicates each persons' experiences working directly with elementary or secondary school teachers in elementary or secondary schools during that time period.

TIMELINE FOR ON SITE EVALUATION PREVISIT		
Upon completed review of a submitted written	Board of Teaching team chair will contact the	
proposal to offer teacher licensure programs in	organization to set the date for a previsit. The	
Minnesota	previsit should occur a minimum of 1 month before	
	the on-site visit. The previsit provides an	
	opportunity to coordinate expectations and	
	activities of the upcoming evaluation visit.	
During the Previsit	The Board of Teaching team chair will share a	
	slate of potential evaluation team members for	
	review and approval. The leadership of the	
	proposed teacher preparation organization and the	
	Board of Teaching staff shall negotiate team	
	membership from a slate of possible evaluators	
	provided by the Board of Teaching. If agreement is	
	not reached regarding team membership, the Board	
·	of Teaching shall appoint the slate of team	
	members. The team chair and organizational	
	leadership will set the actual date that the evaluation	
	visit will occur.	
Three weeks prior to the evaluation visit	The organization will send to all BOT team	
	members' information on how to access a copy of	
	their proposal and any other information they wish	
	team members to review.	

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#### **Recommendation to the Board of Teaching**

122A.245 Subd. 3. Program approval; disapproval.

The Board of Teaching must approve alternative teacher preparation programs under this section based on board-adopted criteria that reflect best practices for alternative teacher preparation programs, consistent with this section. The board must permit teacher candidates to demonstrate mastery of pedagogy and content standards in schoolbased settings and through other nontraditional means.

(b) If the Board of Teaching determines that a teacher preparation program under this section does not meet the requirements of this section, it may revoke its approval of the program after it notifies the program provider of any deficiencies and gives the program provider an opportunity to remedy the deficiencies.

Upon receiving feedback and a recommendation for action from the onsite evaluation team, the Board of Teaching will take action to grant organization approval for a provider of alternative teacher preparation programs. In the event that the Board is not able to grant approval for a potential provider, the organization will be asked to wait until a future submission window to submit another proposal for review, allowing further time for self- study and planning to take place. Upon receiving organizational approval, providers may submit a Request for Initial Program Approval.

### Phase III: Completing a Request for Initial Program Approval (RIPA)

#### **Program Approval**

Beginning in September 2000, the review of individual teacher licensure programs will occur as follows: Board of Teaching Rule 8700.7600, Subpart 6. Evaluation procedures for institutions and programs. Applications submitted for program approval shall be evaluated as follows:

Two or more program evaluators shall be assigned by the Board of Teaching to examine, evaluate, and make recommendations based on the information submitted by the organization for each of the proposed teacher preparation programs. Program evaluators shall include individuals with both licensure level and post-secondary experience and expertise in the licensure field of the program being evaluated. Individual licensure programs are submitted separately and directly to the staff of the Board of Teaching for dissemination to qualified reviewers. Individual licensure programs are not evaluated by onsite team members during the visit.

To begin the RIPA process for program approval, organizations must use the designated forms provided by Board of Teaching Staff upon initial inquiry. The use of RIPA forms will cease upon launch of the Longitudinal Data System Reporting Tool in 2013.

Within the RIPA documentation, organizations will provide detailed program information to be reviewed for each individual licensure program offered. Forms will lead applicants through a process to report on the following categories:

- Program identification
- Courses and experiences that will be required to allow candidates to attain competency in the Standards of Effective Practice as well as the subject matter content standards.
- Outline of all field based experiences including internships, residencies, or student teaching
- Qualifications of supervisors and faculty/instructors.
- Outline of assessment process detailing key signature assessments that are common across all license programs, demonstrating candidate progress toward attainment of the standards.

While all standards for teacher licensure are required to be addressed and met by alternative teacher preparation programs, the means by which providers may address the standards are not restricted to course work. This phase of the application process will provide an opportunity for organizations to request a waiver for particular Board of Teaching requirements and allow for a program defense to be put forward.

Both content and pedagogy sections of the RIPA will be sent out for review, to trained Board of Teaching reviewers with expertise in the licensure field proposed. Reviewer feedback will be returned to institutions or organizations regardless of the outcome of their recommendation. Requests for Initial Program Approval may continue to be edited and resubmitted if not initially recommended for approval. Upon recommendation, providers will report annually to the Board of Teaching, and will begin reporting every year for years 1-3 of operation, and then through PERCA (Program Effectiveness Report for Continuing Approval) every 2 years thereafter.

#### **Continuing Approval – Reporting via PERCA**

#### Annual Data Collection/Reporting Requirements - Years 1-3

TPA: Teacher Performance Assessment

Task 1: Planning Instruction & Assessment
Task 2: Instructing and Engaging Students in Learning
Task 3: Assessing Student Learning

MTLE Scores

Content Knowledge tests
Pedagogy tests

Continuous Improvement & Data-Driven Decision-Making
New Teacher Survey
Supervisor Survey

Title II reporting
Local site team evaluation reports
Evidence of operational business plan, staffing, and governance structures \*

Independent financial audit\*

On site team visit/interview \*

#### Data Collection Requirements - Beyond Year 3

#### **Annual Requirements**

Title II reporting Independent financial audit and financial statements \* Local site team evaluation report\*

#### **Every 2 years**

PERCA (Program Effectiveness Report for Continuing Approval) Tier 1: Input Measures Tier 2: Candidate Performance Measures TPA: Teacher Performance Assessment MTLE Pedagogy Exam Results MTLE Content Area Exam Results Tier 3: Program Analysis Continuous Improvement & Data-Driven Decision-Making New Teacher Survey Supervisor Survey

#### Every 5-7 years

Onsite team visit

\* For nonprofit program providers

### <u>Appendix A – Laws of Minnesota for 2011, Chapter 5 – S.F. No. 40</u>

An act relating to education; amending teacher *licensure* provisions; establishing an alternative teacher preparation program and limited-term teacher license; requiring reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010. 122A.09, subdivision 4: sections 122A.16; 122A.23, subdivision 1: proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 122A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 122A.24.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 122A.09, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. License and rules. (a) The board must adopt rules to license public school teachers and interns subject to chapter 14.

(b) The board must adopt rules requiring a person to successfully complete a skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics as a requirement for initial teacher licensure. Such rules must require college and universities offering a board-approved teacher preparation program to provide remedial assistance to persons who did not achieve a qualifying score on the skills examination, including those for whom English is a second language.

(c) The board must adopt rules to approve teacher preparation programs. The board, upon the request of a postsecondary student preparing for teacher licensure or a licensed graduate of a teacher preparation program, shall assist in resolving a dispute between the person and a postsecondary institution providing a teacher preparation program when the dispute involves an institution's recommendation for licensure affecting the person or the person's credentials. At the board's discretion, assistance may include the application of chapter 14.

(d) The board must provide the leadership and shall adopt rules for the redesign of teacher education programs to implement a research based, results-oriented curriculum that focuses on the skills teachers need in order to be effective. The board shall implement new systems of teacher preparation program evaluation to assure program effectiveness based on proficiency of graduates in demonstrating attainment of program outcomes. Teacher preparation programs including alternative teacher preparation programs under section 122A.245, among other programs, must include a content-specific, board-approved, performance-based assessment that measures teacher candidates in three areas: planning for instruction and assessment; engaging students and supporting learning; and assessing student learning.

(e) The board must adopt rules requiring candidates for initial licenses to successfully complete an examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure-specific teaching skills. The rules shall be effective by September 1, 2001. The rules under this paragraph also must require candidates for initial licenses to teach

prekindergarten or elementary students to successfully complete, as part of the examination of licensure-specific teaching skills, test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction under section

122A.06, subdivision 4, and their knowledge and understanding of the foundations of reading development, the development of reading comprehension, and reading assessment and instruction, and their ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding.

(f) The board must adopt rules requiring teacher educators to work directly with elementary or secondary school teachers in elementary or secondary schools to obtain periodic exposure to the elementary or secondary teaching environment.

(g) The board must grant licenses to interns and to candidates for initial licenses.

(h) The board must design and implement an assessment system which requires a candidate for an initial license and first continuing license to demonstrate the abilities necessary to perform selected, representative teaching tasks at appropriate levels.

(i) The board must receive recommendations from local committees as established by the board for the renewal of teaching licenses.

(j) The board must grant life licenses to those who qualify according to requirements established by the board, and suspend or revoke licenses pursuant to sections 122A.20 and

214.10. The board must not establish any expiration date for application for life licenses.

(k) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further preparation in the areas of using positive behavior interventions and in accommodating, modifying, and adapting curricula, materials, and strategies to appropriately meet the needs of individual students and ensure adequate progress toward the state's graduation rule.

(1) In adopting rules to license public school teachers who provide healthrelated services for disabled children, the board shall adopt rules consistent with license or registration requirements of the commissioner of health and the health-related boards who license personnel who perform similar services outside of the school.

(m) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further reading preparation, consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4. The rules do not take effect until they are approved by law. Teachers who do not provide direct instruction including, at least, counselors, school psychologists, school nurses, school social workers, audiovisual directors and coordinators, and recreation personnel are exempt from this section.

(n) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further preparation in understanding the key warning signs of early-onset mental illness in children and adolescents.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to individuals who complete a teacher preparation program by the end of the 2013-2014 school year or

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 122A.16, is amended to read:

#### 122A.16 HIGHLY QUALIFIED TEACHER DEFINED.

(a) A qualified teacher is one holding a valid license, under this chapter, to perform the particular service for which the teacher is employed in a public school.

(b) For the purposes of the federal No Child Left Behind Act, a highly qualified teacher is one who holds a valid license under this chapter, including under section

<u>122A.245, among other sections</u>, to perform the particular service for which the teacher is employed in a public school or who meets the requirements of a highly objective uniform state standard of evaluation (HOUSSE).

All Minnesota teachers teaching in a core academic subject area, as defined by the federal No Child Left Behind Act, in which they are not fully licensed may complete the following HOUSSE process in the core subject area for which the teacher is requesting highly qualified status by completing an application, in the form and manner described by the commissioner, that includes:

(1) documentation of student achievement as evidenced by norm-referenced test results that are objective and psychometrically valid and reliable;

(2) evidence of local, state, or national activities, recognition, or awards for professional contribution to achievement;

(3) description of teaching experience in the teachers' core subject area in a public school under a waiver, variance, limited license or other exception; nonpublic school; and postsecondary institution;

(4) test results from the Praxis II content test;

(5) evidence of advanced certification from the National Board for Professional

Teaching

Standards;

(6) evidence of the successful completion of course work or pedagogy courses; and

(7) evidence of the successful completion of high quality professional development activities.

Districts must assign a school administrator to serve as a HOUSSE reviewer to meet with teachers under this paragraph and, where appropriate, certify the teachers' applications. Teachers satisfy the definition of highly qualified when the teachers receive at least 100 of the total number of points used to measure the teachers' content expertise under clauses (1) to (7). Teachers may acquire up to 50 points only in any one clause (1) to (7). Teachers may use the HOUSSE process to satisfy the definition of highly qualified for more than one subject area.

(c) Achievement of the HOUSSE criteria is not equivalent to a license. A teacher must obtain permission from the Board of Teaching in order to teach in a public school.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 122A.23, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Preparation equivalency. When a license to teach is authorized

<u>later.</u>

to be issued to any holder of a diploma or a degree of a Minnesota state university, or of the University of Minnesota, or of a liberal arts university, or a technical training institution, such license may also, in the discretion of the Board of Teaching or the commissioner of education, whichever has jurisdiction, be issued to any holder of a diploma or a degree of a teacher training institution of equivalent rank and standing of any other state. The diploma or degree must be granted by virtue of the completion of completing a course in teacher preparation essentially equivalent in content to that required by such Minnesota

state university or the University of Minnesota or a liberal arts university in Minnesota or a technical training institution as preliminary to the granting of a diploma or a degree of the same rank and class. For purposes of granting a Minnesota teaching license to a person who receives a diploma or degree from a state-accredited, out-of-state teacher training program leading to licensure, the Board of Teaching must establish criteria and streamlined procedures to recognize the experience and professional credentials of the person holding the out-of-state diploma or degree and allow that person to demonstrate to the board the person's qualifications for receiving a Minnesota teaching license based on performance measures the board adopts under this section.

#### Sec. 4. [122A.245] ALTERNATIVE TEACHER PREPARATION PROGRAM AND LIMITED-TERM TEACHER LICENSE.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Requirements.</u> (a) To improve academic excellence, improve ethnic and cultural diversity in the classroom, and close the academic achievement gap, the Board of Teaching must approve qualified teacher preparation programs under this section that are a means to acquire a two-year limited-term license, which the board may renew one time for an additional one-year term, and to prepare for acquiring a standard license. The following entities are eligible to participate under this section:

(1) a school district or charter school that forms a partnership with a college or university that has a board-approved alternative teacher preparation program; or

(2) a school district or charter school, after consulting with a college or university with a board-approved teacher preparation program, forms a partnership with a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose that has a board-approved teacher preparation program.

(b) Before participating in this program, a candidate must:

(1) have a bachelor's degree with a 3.0 or higher grade point average unless the board waives the grade point average requirement based on board-adopted criteria;

(2) pass the reading, writing, and mathematics skills examination under section

<u>122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b);</u> and

(3) obtain qualifying scores on applicable board-approved rigorous content area and pedagogy examinations under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (e).

(c) The Board of Teaching must issue a two-year limited-term license to a person who enrolls in an alternative teacher preparation program.

<u>Subd.</u> 2. <u>Characteristics.</u> An alternative teacher preparation program under this section must include:

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(1) a minimum 200-hour instructional phase that provides intensive preparation and student teaching before the teacher candidate assumes classroom responsibilities;

(2) a research-based and results-oriented approach focused on best teaching practices to increase student proficiency and growth measured against state academic standards;

(3) strategies to combine pedagogy and best teaching practices to better inform teacher candidates' classroom instruction;

(4) assessment, supervision, and evaluation of teacher candidates to determine their specific needs throughout the program and to support their efforts to successfully complete the program;

(5) intensive, ongoing, and multiyear professional learning opportunities that accelerate teacher candidates' professional growth, support student learning, and provide a workplace orientation, professional staff development, and mentoring and peer review focused on standards of professional practice and continuous professional growth; and

(6) a requirement that teacher candidates demonstrate to the local site team under subdivision 5 satisfactory progress toward acquiring a standard license from the Board of Teaching.

Subd. 3. Program approval; disapproval. (a) The Board of Teaching must approve alternative teacher preparation programs under this section based on board-adopted criteria that reflect best practices for alternative teacher preparation programs, consistent with this section. The board must permit teacher candidates to demonstrate mastery of pedagogy and content standards in school-based settings and through other nontraditional means.

(b) If the Board of Teaching determines that a teacher preparation program under this section does not meet the requirements of this section, it may revoke its approval of the program after it notifies the program provider of any deficiencies and gives the program provider an opportunity to remedy the deficiencies.

<u>Subd.</u> 4. <u>Employment conditions.</u> Where applicable, teacher candidates with a limited-term license under this section are members of the local employee organization representing teachers and subject to the terms of the local collective bargaining agreement between the exclusive representative of the teachers and the school board. A collective bargaining agreement between a school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must not prevent or restrict or otherwise interfere with a school district's ability to employ a teacher prepared under this section.

Subd. 5. Approval for standard license. A school board or its designee must appoint members to a local site team that includes teachers, school administrators, and postsecondary faculty under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1), or staff of a participating nonprofit corporation under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), to evaluate the performance of the teacher candidate. The evaluation must be consistent with board-adopted performance measures, use the Minnesota state of effective practice and subject matter content standards for teachers standards established in Minnesota Rules, and include a report to the board recommending whether or not to issue the teacher candidate a standard license.

<u>Subd. 6.</u> <u>Applicants trained in other states.</u> <u>A person who successfully</u> <u>completes another state's alternative teacher preparation program, consistent with section</u> 122A.23, subdivision 1, may apply to the Board of Teaching for a standard license under <u>subdivision</u>

<u>7.</u>

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Subd. 7. Standard license. The Board of Teaching must issue a standard license to an otherwise qualified teacher candidate under this section who successfully performs throughout a program under this section, successfully completes all required skills, pedagogy, <u>an</u>d content area examinations under section 122A.09, subdivision

<u>4</u>, paragraphs (a) and (e), and is recommended for licensure under subdivision <u>5</u> or successfully demonstrates to the board qualifications for licensure under subdivision <u>6</u>.

<u>Subd.</u> 8. <u>Highly qualified teacher.</u> <u>A person holding a valid limited-term</u> <u>license under this section is a highly qualified teacher and the teacher of record under</u> <u>section</u> 122A.16.

Subd. 9. Exchange of best practices. By July 31 in an even-numbered year, a program participant and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, the University of Minnesota, the Minnesota Private College Council, and the Department of Education must exchange information about best practices and educational innovations.

Subd. 10. **Reports.** The Board of Teaching must submit an interim report on the efficacy of this program to the policy and finance committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education by February 15, 2013, and a final report by February 15, 2015.

<u>EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2011-2012 school year and</u> later.

#### Sec. 5. <u>REPEALER.</u>

Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 122A.24, is repealed.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2011.

Presented to the governor March 4, 2011

Signed by the governor March 7, 2011, 9:30 a.m.

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#### Appendix B – Examples of Exhibits and Supportive Documents

Examples of supporting evidence for applications for organizational approval to offer alternative teacher preparation programs can be found in the list below. In the event that you have exhibits that are not in electronic format, include them among the exhibits available at the time of the onsite visit.

#### SAMPLE SUPPORTIVE DOCUMENTATION:

- Course syllabi for all professional education courses
- Catalogs and other printed documents describing general education, specialty/content studies, and professional studies
- Mission statement of the institution/organization
- Policies on governance and operations of the unit
- Description of the unit, including organizational charts
- Minutes and membership of advisory, policy, and governing groups
- Fiscal records and budgets for the organization/program
- Strategic or long-range plans specific to operations in Minnesota
- Policies, practices, and budgets related to acquisitions for library, media resources, and technology
- Due process policies and practices
- Agenda, participants, and products of meetings, workshops, and/or training sessions related to curriculum
- Program evaluation summaries and actual documents (over time)
- Schedule of classes offered in professional education
- Handbooks or supporting policy documentation for any/all field based experiences
- Instructor/faculty and candidate handbooks
- Descriptions of field based experiences
- Written agreements with local schools for student teaching placement and collaborative projects
- Student teaching placement records
- Descriptions of sites for field-based experiences
- Policies and criteria for admission and retention
- Policies and/or descriptions of advising and monitoring procedures
- Transcripts or other supporting documentation for candidates and recent graduates
- Candidate competencies expected by completion of programs
- Assessment plans and measures used to ensure that candidates are ready to enter the profession
- Summaries of performance based assessments

- Staff/Faculty vitae that includes information on the following:
  - ✓ Academic degrees
  - ✓ Professional experiences including teaching in K-12 schools
  - ✓ Teaching and administrative load for the past year
  - ✓ Current professional and academic association memberships
  - ✓ Current professional assignments and activities
  - ✓ Publications
  - ✓ Papers presented
  - $\checkmark$  Other scholarly activity
- Qualifications and selection procedures for cooperating teachers and other supervisors
- List of supervisors and assignments, it is helpful if this is in chart format with an indication of the supervisor's K-12 teaching experience noted for the team's review.
- Instructor/Faculty handbook
- Policies for faculty evaluation and related instruments
- Organizational directory
- Staffing assignments (including advising, teaching, and supervising)
- Records of faculty involvement in associations, on campus committees, and other professional activities
- Samples of organizational or faculty publications
- Record of meetings, workshops, and/or training sessions for cooperating teachers

A list of all the exhibits that support the proposal to offer teacher licensure programs is required for the review process.

#### <u>Appendix C – Related Resources</u>

<u>MN Standards of Effective Practice & Content Area Standards;</u> https://www.revisor.mn.gov/rules/?id=8710

Teacher Performance Assessment in Minnesota; http://www.mnteachered.org/tpa

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act; http://www2.ed.gov/policy/gen/guid/fpco/ferpa/index.html