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#### **OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED AUGUST 11, 2009**

**NEW ISSUES** 

RATINGS: Fitch: AAA Moody's: Aa1 Standard & Poor's: AAA See "Ratings" herein

In the opinion of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Minneapolis, Minnesota, bond counsel, based on present federal and Minnesota laws, regulations, rulings and decisions, and assuming compliance with certain covenants, the interest to be paid on the Bonds is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes or in taxable net income of individuals, estates or trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes; is includable in the income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax; and is not an item of tax preference includable in alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax applicable to all taxpayers or the Minnesota alternative minimum tax applicable to individuals, estates and trusts. The interest to be paid on the Series 2009D Bonds and the Series 2009E Bonds is not, but the interest to be paid on the Series 2009F Bonds and the Series 2009G Bonds is, includable in adjusted current earnings of corporations in determining alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes and the Series 2009F Bonds is not, but the interest to be paid on the Series 2009F Bonds and the Series 2009G Bonds is, includable in adjusted current earnings of corporations in determining alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax. For a discussion of tax matters see "Tax Exemption and Collateral Tax Matters" herein.

### \$598,385,000

### STATE OF MINNESOTA

**General Obligation State Bonds** 

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: as shown on inside cover

\$192,275,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2009D

\$80,000,000

General Obligation State Trunk Highway Bonds, Series 2009E

\$297,750,000

General Obligation State Various Purpose Refunding Bonds, Series 2009F

\$28,360,000

General Obligation State Trunk Highway Refunding Bonds, Series 2009G (collectively referred to as the "Bonds")

#### THE BONDS ARE GENERAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA (THE "STATE") AND THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT AND TAXING POWERS OF THE STATE ARE IRREVOCABLY PLEDGED FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE BONDS AND INTEREST THEREON WHEN DUE.

The Bonds are subject to redemption and prepayment by the State as provided herein.

#### Form and Payment:

The Bonds will be available to the purchasers in book entry form only, and initially will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. is the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent for the Bonds.

The Bonds are offered by the State subject to the legal opinions of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, bond counsel, as to the validity of, and tax exemption of interest on, the Bonds, and of the State Attorney General as to the validity of the Bonds. Delivery will be made on or about Wednesday, August 26, 2009.

This cover page contains certain information for quick reference only. It is *not* a summary of this issue or this Official Statement. Investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to the making of an informed investment decision.

### \$598,385,000 State of Minnesota General Obligation State Bond Maturity Schedules

Maturity (August 1)	Amount	Interest Rate	Price or Yield	CUSIP 604129	Maturity (August 1)	Amount	Interest Rate	Price or Yield	CUSIP 604129
2010	\$9,445,000	2.00%	0.44%	MM5	2020	\$9,435,000	5.00%	3.15%	MX1
2011	9,445,000	5.00	0.68	MN3	2021	9,435,000	5.00	3.31	MY9
2012	9,445,000	5.00	0.95	MP8	2022	9,435,000	5.00	3.44	MZ6
2013	9,445,000	5.00	1.26	MQ6	2023	9,435,000	4.00	3.65	NA0
2014	12,945,000	5.00	1.69	MR4	2024	9,435,000	4.00	3.76	NB8
2015	9,440,000	5.00	1.97	MS2	2025	9,435,000	4.00	3.85	NC6
2016	9,440,000	5.00	2.26	MT0	2026	9,435,000	4.00	3.91	ND4
2017	9,440,000	5.00	2.53	MU7	2027	9,435,000	4.00	4.00	NE2
2018	9,440,000	4.00	2.78	MV5	2028	9,435,000	4.00	4.09	NF9
2019	9,440,000	5.00	2.98	MW3	2029	9,435,000	4.125	4.19	NG7

#### \$192,275,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2009D

\$80,000,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Bonds, Series 2009E

Maturity (August 1)	Amount	Interest Rate	Price or Yield	CUSIP 604129	Maturity (August 1)	Amount	Interest Rate	Price or Yield	CUSIP 604129
2010	\$4,000,000	4.00%	0.44%	NH5	2020	\$4,000,000	4.00%	3.25%	NT9
2011	4,000,000	5.00	0.68	NJ1	2021	4,000,000	4.00	3.41	NU6
2012	4,000,000	5.00	0.95	NK8	2022	4,000,000	4.00	3.54	NV4
2013	4,000,000	5.00	1.26	NL6	2023	4,000,000	4.00	3.65	NW2
2014	4,000,000	5.00	1.69	NM4	2024	4,000,000	4.00	3.76	NX0
2015	4,000,000	5.00	1.97	NN2	2025	4,000,000	4.00	3.86	NY8
2016	4,000,000	5.00	2.26	NP7	2026	4,000,000	4.00	4.00	NZ5
2017	4,000,000	4.50	2.58	NQ5	2027	4,000,000	4.00	4.10	PA8
2018	4,000,000	4.50	2.83	NR3	2028	4,000,000	4.00	4.20	PB6
2019	4,000,000	5.00	2.98	NS1	2029	4,000,000	4.00	4.30	PC4

\$297,750,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Refunding Bonds, Series 2009F

Maturity (August 1)	Amount	Interest Rate	Price or Yield	CUSIP 604129	Maturity (August 1)	Amount	Interest Rate	Price or Yield	CUSIP 604129
2010	\$2,550,000	4.00%	0.46%	PD2	2016	\$27,160,000	4.00%	2.31%	PK6
2011	19,990,000	4.00	0.77	PE0	2017	26,925,000	4.00	2.63	PL4
2012	33,810,000	4.00	1.05	PF7	2018	26,670,000	4.00	2.83	PM2
2013	33,425,000	4.00	1.36	PG5	2019	26,405,000	4.00	3.03	PN0
2014	33,015,000	4.00	1.79	PH3	2020	26,275,000	5.00	3.15	PP5
2015	27,420,000	4.00	2.02	PJ9	2021	14,105,000	5.00	3.31	PQ3

\$28,360,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Refunding Bonds, Series 2009G

Maturity (August 1)	Amount	Interest Rate	Price or Yield	CUSIP 604129	Maturity (August 1)	Amount	Interest Rate	Price or Yield	CUSIP 604129
2011	\$770,000	2.00%	0.75%	PR1	2016	\$2,895,000	2.50%	2.27%	PW0
2012	3,200,000	2.00	1.00	PS9	2017	2,835,000	3.00	2.53	PX8
2013	3,120,000	2.00	1.30	PT7	2018	2,780,000	3.00	2.78	PY6
2014	3,040,000	2.25	1.73	PU4	2019	2,750,000	5.00	3.00	PZ3
2015	2,965,000	2.50	2.00	PV2	2020	2,750,000	5.00	3.15	QA7
					2021	1,255,000	5.00	3.31	QB5

Unless otherwise indicated, information contained in this Official Statement is based upon material provided by the State and available at the date of publication of this Official Statement.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the State to give any information or to make any representations with respect to the Bonds other than those contained in this Official Statement and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the State. Certain information contained herein has been obtained from sources other than records of the State and is believed to be reliable, but it is not guaranteed. Information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there have not been any changes in the affairs of the State since the date hereof.

This Official Statement contains forecasts, projections, and estimates that are based on current expectations but are not intended as representations of fact or guarantees of results. If and when included in this Official Statement, the words "expects," "forecasts," "projects," "intends," "anticipates," "estimates," and analogous expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements as defined in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and any such statements inherently are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Official Statement. The State disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in the State's expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions, or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy nor shall there be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

#### STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICIALS

GOVERNOR	Tim Pawlenty
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR	Carol Molnau
SECRETARY OF STATE	Mark Ritchie
STATE AUDITOR	Rebecca Otto
ATTORNEY GENERAL	Lori Swanson
LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR	James R. Nobles

#### COMMISSIONER OF MINNESOTA MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

Tom J. Hanson

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### SUMMARY STATEMENT

# (The Summary Statement information is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information contained in this Official Statement)

Issuer:	State of Minnesota
Offering:	\$192,275,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2009D (the "Series 2009D Bonds")
	\$80,000,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Bonds, Series 2009E (the "Series 2009E Bonds")
	\$297,750,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Refunding Bonds, Series 2009F (the "Series 2009F Bonds")
	\$28,360,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Refunding Bonds, Series 2009G (the "Series 2009G Bonds")
	(collectively referred to as the "Bonds")
Maturity:	Series 2009D Bonds - Will mature serially on August 1, 2010 through 2029.
	Series 2009E Bonds - Will mature serially on August 1, 2010 through 2029.
	Series 2009F Bonds - Will mature serially on August 1, 2010 through 2021.
	Series 2009G Bonds - Will mature serially on August 1, 2011 through 2021.
Interest:	Interest on the Bonds is payable semiannually on each February 1 and August 1, commencing February 1, 2010.
Dated Date:	Date of Delivery, on or about August 26, 2009
Security:	General obligations of the State of Minnesota to which its full faith, credit and taxing powers are pledged.
Book-Entry Bonds:	The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form without interest coupons in denominations of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof. The Bonds will be initially registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the bonds.
Redemption:	Series 2009D Bonds and Series 2009E Bonds maturing on or after August 1, 2020 will be subject to redemption and prepayment in whole or in part at the option of the State on August 1, 2019 and on any business day thereafter. Redemption and prepayment is at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date specified for redemption.

Series 2009F Bonds and Series 2009G Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity.

- **Continuing Disclosure:** The Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget has never failed to comply with any continuing disclosure obligation with respect to any outstanding general obligation bond of the State.
- Bond Ratings: The Bonds described herein have been rated "AAA" by Fitch Ratings, "Aa1" by Moody's Investors Service Inc. and "AAA" by Standard & Poor's Ratings Group.
- **Registrar:** The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.
- Legal Opinion: The Bonds are approved as to validity by the State Attorney General and Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Minneapolis, Minnesota bond counsel. Only Dorsey & Whitney LLP, will provide the opinion regarding tax exempt status.
- **Bonds Outstanding:** The total amount of State general obligation bonds outstanding on the date of issuance of the Bonds, including this issue will be approximately \$4.7 billion. The total amount of general obligation bonds authorized but unissued as of the date of issuance of the Bonds, will be approximately \$2.8 billion. See Appendix C, pages C-1 and C-2.
- Additional Information: Questions regarding this Official Statement should be directed to Katherine Kardell, Assistant Commissioner, Minnesota Management and Budget, 400 Centennial Office Building, St. Paul, Minnesota 55155, telephone (651) 201-8030, email kathy.kardell@state.mn.us, Susan Gurrola, Financial Analyst, Minnesota Management and Budget, 400 Centennial Office Building, St. Paul, Minnesota 55155, telephone (651) 201-8046, email <u>sue.gurrola@state.mn.us</u> or Thomas Huestis, Public Resources Advisory Group, telephone (610) 565-5990, email thuestis@pragny.com. Questions regarding legal matters should be directed to Leonard S. Rice, Dorsey & Whitney LLP, 50 South Sixth Street, Suite 1500, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402, telephone (612) 343-7971, email rice.len@dorsey.com.

#### **OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

### STATE OF MINNESOTA \$598,385,000

#### General Obligation State Bonds Dated Date of Issue

\$192,275,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2009D

\$80,000,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Bonds, Series 2009E

\$297,750,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Refunding Bonds, Series 2009F

\$28,360,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Refunding Bonds, Series 2009G

#### THE BONDS

#### General

This Official Statement, including the cover page and the Appendices (this "Official Statement"), has been prepared by the State of Minnesota Department of Management and Budget (the "Department" or "MMB") to furnish information relating to \$192,275,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Bonds (the "Series 2009D Bonds"), \$80,000,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Bonds (the "Series 2009E Bonds"), \$297,750,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Refunding Bonds (the "Series 2009F Bonds") and \$28,360,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Refunding Bonds (the "Series 2009F Bonds") and together with the Series 2009D Bonds, the Series 2009E Bonds and the Series 2009F Bonds, the "Bonds") of the State of Minnesota (the "State") to be dated the date of issue, to prospective purchasers and actual purchasers of the Bonds. Prospective and actual purchasers should read this entire Official Statement.

#### Authorization and Purpose

The Bonds are being issued by the State of Minnesota, acting by and through its Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget (the "Commissioner"), pursuant to the constitutional and statutory authority as hereinafter described.

The Series 2009D Bonds in the principal amount of \$192,275,000 are being issued for the purpose of financing all or a portion of the cost of certain programs and capital projects, the types of which generally include educational facilities, parks, pollution control facilities, transportation, natural resources and agricultural enterprises.

The Series 2009E Bonds in the principal amount of \$80,000,000 are being issued for the purpose of financing the cost of construction, improvement and maintenance of programs and projects of the State trunk highway system.

The Series 2009F Bonds in the principal amount of \$297,750,000 are being issued for the purpose of refunding \$27,475,000 in principal amount of outstanding general obligation bonds of the State dated November 1, 1998, \$121,750,000 in principal amount of outstanding general obligation bonds of the State dated November 1, 2000 and \$140,500,000 in principal amount of outstanding general obligation bonds of the State dated October 1, 2001 (the "Various Purpose Refunded Bonds"). The proceeds to refund the November 1, 1998 bonds will be placed in the State's Debt Service Fund, together with other available funds, and used to pay the principal of the bonds being refunded on November 1, 2009, when such bonds will be called for redemption and prepayment. The proceeds to refund the November 1, 2000 Bonds and the October 1, 2001 Bonds will be placed in an irrevocable escrow fund and used, together with other available funds, to pay the principal of and interest on the Various Purpose Refunded Bonds to the dates on which such bonds mature or have been called for redemption and prepayment. The Various Purpose Refunded Bonds to the dates on which such bonds mature or have been called for redemption and prepayment. The Various Purpose Refunded Bonds to the dates on which such bonds mature or have been called for redemption and prepayment. The Various Purpose Refunded Bonds and the dates on which they will be called for redemption are described in Appendix D.

The Series 2009G Bonds in the principal amount of \$28,360,000 are being issued for the purpose of refunding \$15,000,000 in principal amount of outstanding general obligation trunk highway bonds of the State dated November 1, 2000 and \$12,500,000 in principal amount of outstanding general obligation trunk highway bonds of the State dated October 1, 2001 (the "Trunk Highway Refunded Bonds"). Such proceeds of the Series 2009G Bonds will be placed in an irrevocable escrow fund and used, together with other available funds, to pay the principal of and interest on the Trunk Highway Refunded Bonds to the dates on which such bonds mature or have been called for redemption and prepayment. The Trunk Highway Refunded Bonds and the dates on which they will be called for redemption are described in Appendix D.

Constitutional Provisions. Article XI, Section 5 of the Minnesota Constitution authorizes public debt to be incurred for the acquisition and betterment of public land, buildings and other improvements of a capital nature, or for appropriations or loans to State agencies or political subdivisions for this purpose, as the Legislature by a three-fifths vote of both the House of Representatives and the Senate may direct, and to finance the development of the agricultural resources of the State by extending credit on real estate security and to finance the promotion of forestation, as the Legislature may direct. Article XI requires all such debt to be evidenced by the issuance of State bonds maturing within 20 years of their date of issue, for which the full faith and credit and taxing powers of the State are irrevocably pledged. Public debt is defined by Article XI, Section 4 to include any obligation payable directly, in whole or in part, from a tax of statewide application on any class of property, income, transaction or privilege, but does not include any obligation which is payable from revenues other than taxes. The Minnesota Constitution places no limitation on the amount or interest rate of bonds that may be authorized for these and certain other purposes. Article XIV, Section 11 and Article XI, Section 5 of the Minnesota Constitution authorize the Legislature to provide by law for the issuance of State general obligation bonds to finance the construction of improvements to and maintenance of the State's trunk highway system. Article XI, Section 5 of the Minnesota Constitution authorizes the State to refund outstanding bonds of the State.

Statutory Provisions. The Series 2009D Bonds and Series 2009F Bonds are authorized by Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.631 through 16A.675 and the Series 2009E Bonds and Series 2009G Bonds are authorized by Minnesota Statutes, Section 167.50 through 167.52. The Series 2009G Bonds are also authorized by Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.66. Such bonds are also authorized by the session laws as set forth below.

#### Series 2009D Bonds.

Session laws authorizing the issuance of the Series 2009D Bonds and the amounts included in this issue are set forth below:<sup>1</sup>

Law Authorizing	Bonds This Issue
2000 Session, Chapter 492	\$500,000
2002 Session, Chapter 374	457,000
2002 Session, Chapter 393	250,000
2005 Session, Chapter 20	16,000,000
2006 Session, Chapter 258	82,000,000
2007 Session, Chapter 16	3,500,000
2008 Session, Chapter 152	4,000,000
2008 Session, Chapter 179	50,068,000
2008 Session, Chapter 365	20,500,000
2009 Session, Chapter 93	15,000,000
Total	\$192,275,000

#### Series 2009E Bonds.

Session laws authorizing the issuance of the Series 2009E Bonds and the amounts included in this issue are set forth below:<sup>1</sup>

Law Authorizing	Bonds This Issue
2003 Special Session, Chapter 19, Article 3	\$240,000
2007 Special Session, Chapter 2	1,585,000
2008 Session, Chapter 152	75,475,000
2009 Session, Chapter 93	2,700,000
Total	\$80,000,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See also the table of General Obligation Bonds Authorized, Issued and Unissued on page C-2 and the Project Description included in Appendix D.

#### Series 2009F Bonds.

Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.66, authorizes the issuance of general obligation state refunding bonds with the approval of the State's Executive Council of which \$297,750,000 are included in this issue to refund bonds issued for various purposes. The issuance of such Bonds was approved by resolution of the State Executive Council on March 20, 2007.

#### Series 2009G Bonds.

Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.66, authorizes the issuance of general obligation state refunding bonds with the approval of the State's Executive Council and \$28,360,000 are included in this issue to refund bonds issued for trunk highway purposes. The issuance of such Bonds was approved by resolution of the State Executive Council on March 20, 2007.

#### **Bond Terms**

The Bonds mature on the dates and in the principal amounts and bear interest at the annual rates shown on the inside front cover page hereof. Such interest is computed on the basis of a 360-day year and twelve 30-day months. Interest on the Bonds is payable semiannually on each February 1 and August 1 to maturity or prior redemption, if any, commencing February 1, 2010. If principal or interest is due on a date on which commercial banks are not open for business in the states of Minnesota and New York, then payment will be made on the first day thereafter when such banks are open for business.

The Bonds are issued in book entry form and in denominations of \$5,000 or multiples thereof of a single maturity. The Bonds will be issued initially registered in the name of Cede & Co., nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Accordingly, printed Bonds will not be available to purchasers of the Bonds. For a description of the book entry system pursuant to which the Bonds will be issued see the section hereof entitled "Book Entry System."

#### **Redemption and Prepayment**

Series 2009D Bonds and Series 2009E Bonds maturing on or before August 1, 2019 will not be subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity dates, but Series 2009D Bonds and Series 2009E Bonds maturing on or after August 1, 2020 will be subject to redemption and prepayment by the State at its option on August 1, 2019 and any business day thereafter, in whole or in part, in an order determined by the State and by lot within each maturity, at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date specified for redemption.

Series 2009F Bonds and Series 2009G Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity date.

Notice of any redemption of Bonds will be published in financial newspapers circulated in the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan area and in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, not less than thirty days before the redemption date, stating: (i) the series, original date of issue, maturity dates, CUSIP numbers, and interest rates of the Bonds to be redeemed, (ii) if less than all Bonds of any maturity are to be redeemed, the registration numbers of those to be redeemed, (iii) the principal amount to be redeemed if less than the entire principal amount of any Bond, (iv) the redemption date and price and the name and address of the paying agent where such Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed will be payable, and (vi) that after the redemption date interest will cease to accrue or be payable thereon. Notice will also be mailed to the registered owner of any such Bond at the address shown on the bond register, not less than twenty days before the redemption date. During the period when the book entry system is in effect, the Bonds will

be registered in the name of the nominee of DTC or another securities depository designated for this purpose as indicated in the section hereof entitled "Book Entry System," and thus notice of redemption will be mailed only to such securities depository which in turn is obligated to notify its participants who are obligated to notify the Beneficial Owners (as herein defined) of the Bonds. However, the State assumes no responsibility with respect to the giving of such notice of redemption by the securities depository or its participants.

Notice of redemption having been so published and mailed, the Bonds or portion of Bonds therein specified shall be due and payable at the specified redemption date and price, with accrued interest, and funds for such payment being held by or on behalf of the paying agent so as to be available therefor, interest thereon shall cease to accrue, and such Bonds or portions thereof shall no longer be considered outstanding under the Commissioner's order authorizing their issuance. The failure to publish notice of redemption shall not affect the validity or effectiveness of mailed notice, and the failure to mail notice to any registered owner, or any defect in the notice mailed to any registered owner, shall not affect the validity or effectiveness of the notice of redemption mailed to any other registered owner.

#### SECURITY<sup>2</sup>

State Bond Fund and Property Tax: The Bonds are issued as general obligations of the State, and the laws authorizing their issuance pledge the full faith and credit and taxing powers of the State to the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due. The Minnesota Constitution, Article XI, requires the maintenance of a State bond fund (the "Debt Service Fund"), and provides that when the full faith and credit of the State has been pledged for the payment of State general obligation bonds, the State Auditor is required to levy each year a tax on all taxable property in the State in the amount needed, if any, along with the balance then on hand in the Debt Service Fund, to pay all principal and interest due and to become due on such State bonds through July 1 of the second ensuing year.

General Fund Appropriations: Article XI of the Minnesota Constitution also provides that no money is to be paid out of the State Treasury except pursuant to an appropriation. Each law authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds appropriates moneys either directly or by reference to Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 16A, to the Debt Service Fund out of the General Fund (the "General Fund" as defined on page B-2) and, in some cases, from special enterprise or loan repayment funds, sufficient to provide for the payment of such bonds and interest thereon without the levy of a property tax otherwise required by the provisions of the Minnesota Constitution. Moneys on hand in the Debt Service Fund, including all moneys derived from: (i) the foregoing statutory appropriations; (ii) the levy of the State property tax required by the Minnesota Constitution if the amount of appropriated funds on hand does not equal the total required amount of the tax at the time the levy is required; and (iii) income from the investment of the foregoing, are appropriated for the payment of the principal of and interest on State general obligation bonds when due. If moneys on hand at the due date are not sufficient, the statutes also appropriate from the General Fund an amount equal to the deficiency. Since 1966, as a result of transfers of moneys to the Debt Service Fund from the General Fund each December, no State property tax has been levied to pay debt service on State general obligation bonds.

Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.641, makes an annual appropriation to the Debt Service Fund from the General Fund of the amount that, added to the amount already on hand in the Debt Service Fund, is an amount needed to pay the principal of and interest on all State bonds due and to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> While the State has adopted the revised Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code that generally eliminates the exclusion for security interests created by government debtors, Minnesota Statutes, Section 475.78 provides that Article 9 does not apply to security interests created by the State (except security interests in equipment and fixtures).

become due through July 1 in the second ensuing year. The transfer of the debt service appropriation from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund for the Bonds included in this issue will be made by December 1 of each year. (Also see information on page C-4 with respect to the Debt Service Fund transfer.)

Additional Security - State Trunk Highway Bonds: The Minnesota Constitution, Article XIV, establishes a Trunk Highway Fund (the "Trunk Highway Fund" or "State Trunk Highway Fund") to be used solely for trunk highway system purposes and for the payment of principal of and interest on trunk highway bonds. Article XIV provides that the payment of the principal of and interest on State trunk highway bonds is "a first charge on money coming into [the State Trunk Highway Fund] during the year in which the principal or interest is payable." Article XIV also establishes a Highway User Tax Distribution Fund to be used solely for highway purposes, authorizes the Legislature to impose taxes on motor vehicles and motor vehicle fuels, and requires the proceeds of such taxes to be paid into the Highway User Tax Distribution Fund. The Minnesota Constitution requires that 95% of the revenues deposited into the Highway User Tax Distribution Fund be distributed from such fund as follows: 62% to the Trunk Highway Fund, 29% to the County State Aid Highway Fund, and 9% to the Municipal State Aid Street Fund. The remaining 5% of Highway User Tax Distribution Fund revenues is distributed to the same three funds in accordance with a formula that the Legislature establishes. Currently these remaining revenues are all distributed to the County State Aid Highway Fund. According to the Minnesota Constitution, no change in the formula allocating the 5% may be made within six years of the last previous change, which occurred in 2008.

Minnesota Statutes, Section 167.51, makes an annual appropriation to the trunk highway bond account in the Debt Service Fund from the State Trunk Highway Fund of the amount that, when added to the amount already on hand in the trunk highway bond account in the Debt Service Fund, is the amount needed to pay the principal of and interest on all State trunk highway bonds due and to become due through July 1 in the second ensuing year. The transfer of the debt service appropriation from the State Trunk Highway Fund to the trunk highway bond account in the Debt Service Fund for the State trunk highway bonds included in this issue will be made by December 1 of each year.

*Waiver of Immunity:* Under Minnesota Statutes, Section 3.751, the State has waived immunity from suit with respect to the controversies arising out of its debt obligations incurred pursuant to Article XI of the Minnesota Constitution, and has conferred jurisdiction on State District Courts to hear and determine such controversies. Accordingly, if the State fails to pay in full the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due, a holder of a Bond on which principal or interest is past due is entitled to commence an action in the District Court for Ramsey County, Minnesota, to enforce the pledge of the State's full faith and credit to the payment of such principal and interest.

### SOURCES AND USES

### Sources and Uses of Funds of Series 2009D Bonds

Sources:         Bond Proceeds:         \$192,275,000.00           Premium on Bonds         \$192,158.60						
Total Sources	\$209,604,158.60					
Uses: Capital Projects Funds: Cost of Issuance						
Total Bond Proceeds Funds	192,275,000.00					
Debt Service Fund Deposit: Premium on Bonds Underwriter Discount	16,148,590.10 1,180,568.50					
Total Uses	209,604,158.60					
Sources and Uses of Funds of Series 2009E Bonds						
Sources:           Bond Proceeds:           Par Amount of Bonds           Premium on Bonds           5,790,520.00						
Total Sources	\$85,790,520.00					

Uses: Capital Projects Funds:		
Cost of Issuance	48,435.98	
Trunk Highway Bond Proceeds	,	
Total Bond Proceeds Funds		80,000,000.00
Debt Service Fund Deposit:		
Premium on Bonds		5,497,720.00
Underwriter Discount		292,800.00
Total Uses		85,790,520.00

#### Sources and Uses of Funds of Series 2009F Bonds

Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds	\$297,750,000.00 30,977,367.30	
Total Bond Proceeds		\$328,727,367.30
Previous Debt Service Fund Balance		14,775,406.26
Total Sources		343,502,773.56
Uses: Refunding Escrow:		
Cash Deposit	28,162,482.50	
Escrow Purchases	284,167,837.50	
Total Refunding Escrow		312,330,320.00
Delivery Day Expenses:		404 000 05
Cost of Issuance		194,966.05
Debt Service Fund Deposit: Premium on Bonds	29,858,229.26	
Rounding		
Total Debt Service Fund Deposit		29,858,349.47
Underwriter Discount	_	1,119,138.04
Total Uses		343,502,773.56
Occurrence and Upper of Frinds of		
Sources and Uses of Funds of	Series 2009G Bonds	
Sources:	Series 2009G Bonds	
Sources: Bond Proceeds:		
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds	\$28,360,000.00	
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds	\$28,360,000.00	¢20.040.590.25
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds	\$28,360,000.00	\$30,040,589.35
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources:	\$28,360,000.00	
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance	\$28,360,000.00	1,410,625.00
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources:	\$28,360,000.00	
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance	\$28,360,000.00	1,410,625.00
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow:	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35	1,410,625.00
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow: Cash Deposit	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35 312.50	1,410,625.00
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow: Cash Deposit Escrow Purchases	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35	<u>1,410,625.00</u> 31,451,214.35
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow: Cash Deposit Escrow Purchases Total Refunding Escrow.	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35 312.50	1,410,625.00
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow: Cash Deposit Escrow Purchases Total Refunding Escrow Delivery Day Expenses:	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35 312.50	1,410,625.00 31,451,214.35 29,750,507.50
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow: Cash Deposit Escrow Purchases Total Refunding Escrow Delivery Day Expenses: Cost of Issuance	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35 312.50	<u>1,410,625.00</u> 31,451,214.35
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow: Cash Deposit Escrow Purchases Total Refunding Escrow Delivery Day Expenses: Cost of Issuance Debt Service Fund Deposit:	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35 312.50 29,750,195.00	1,410,625.00 31,451,214.35 29,750,507.50
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow: Cash Deposit Escrow Purchases Total Refunding Escrow Delivery Day Expenses: Cost of Issuance Debt Service Fund Deposit: Premium on Bonds	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35 312.50 29,750,195.00 1,604,300.95	1,410,625.00 31,451,214.35 29,750,507.50
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow: Cash Deposit Escrow Purchases Total Refunding Escrow Delivery Day Expenses: Cost of Issuance Debt Service Fund Deposit: Premium on Bonds Rounding Total Debt Service Fund Deposit	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35 312.50 29,750,195.00 1,604,300.95	1,410,625.00 31,451,214.35 29,750,507.50
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow: Cash Deposit Escrow Purchases Total Refunding Escrow Delivery Day Expenses: Cost of Issuance Debt Service Fund Deposit: Premium on Bonds Rounding	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35 312.50 29,750,195.00 1,604,300.95	1,410,625.00 31,451,214.35 29,750,507.50 18,570.09
Sources: Bond Proceeds: Par Amount of Bonds Premium on Bonds Total Bond Proceeds Other Sources: Previous Debt Service Balance Total Sources Uses: Refunding Escrow: Cash Deposit Escrow Purchases Total Refunding Escrow Delivery Day Expenses: Cost of Issuance Debt Service Fund Deposit: Premium on Bonds Rounding Total Debt Service Fund Deposit	\$28,360,000.00 1,680,589.35 312.50 29,750,195.00 1,604,300.95	<u>1,410,625.00</u> 31,451,214.35 29,750,507.50 18,570.09 1,605,848.36

#### **FUTURE FINANCING**

The State currently anticipates the sale of additional general obligation bonds in the fall of 2009. The State also plans to sell approximately \$83 million certificates of participation on or about August 18, 2009; the certificates are solely payable from and secured by annual general fund appropriations. The State expects to issue approximately \$60 million of 911 revenue bonds in October 2009; the 911 revenue bonds are solely payable from and secured by certain fees assessed on phone lines.

#### BOOK ENTRY SYSTEM

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations.

DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has Standard & Poor's highest rating: AAA. The DTC Rules applicable to its Direct Participants and Indirect Participants (collectively, the "Participants") are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com and www.dtc.org.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is, in turn, to be recorded on the Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not affect any change in

beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar of the Bonds ("Registrar") and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the State as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Payments of principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the State, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, or its nominee or the State, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the State, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Bonds purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Registrar, and shall effect delivery of such Bonds by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Bonds, on DTC's records, to the Registrar. The requirement for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with an optional tender or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of tendered Bonds to the Registrar's DTC account.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the State. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The State may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The above information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the State believes to be reliable, but the State takes no responsibility for

the completeness or the accuracy thereof, or as to the absence of material adverse changes in such information subsequent to the date hereof.

The State cannot and does not give any assurances that DTC, or a successor securities depository, or Participants will distribute to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds: (i) payments of principal of or interest and premium, if any, on the Bonds; (ii) certificates representing an ownership interest or other confirmation of beneficial ownership interest in the Bonds; or (iii) redemption or other notices sent to DTC or Cede & Co., its nominee, or a successor securities depository, as the registered owner of the Bonds, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or that DTC or the Participants will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement.

The State will have no responsibility or obligation to any Participant, or any Beneficial Owner or any other person with respect to: (i) the Bonds; (ii) the accuracy of any records maintained by DTC, or a successor securities depository, or any DTC Participant of any amount due to any Beneficial Owner in respect of the principal or redemption price of or interest on the Bonds; (iii) the payment by DTC, or a successor securities depository, or any Participant of any amount due to any Beneficial Owner in respect of the principal or redemption price of or interest on the Bonds; (iv) the delivery by DTC, or a successor securities depository, or any Participant of any notice to any Beneficial Owner in respect of the principal or redemption price of or interest on the Bonds; (iv) the delivery by DTC, or a successor securities depository, or any Participant of any notice to any Beneficial Owner which is required or permitted to be given to owners of the Bonds; (v) the selection of which Beneficial Owners will receive payment in the event of any partial redemption of the Bonds; (vi) any consent given or other action taken by DTC, or a successor securities depository as a Bondholder; or, (vii) the performance by DTC, or any successor securities depository, of any other duties as securities depository.

#### TAX EXEMPTION AND COLLATERAL TAX MATTERS

#### The Tax-Exempt Bonds

General. In the opinion of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, bond counsel, based on present federal and Minnesota laws, regulations, rulings and decisions, and assuming compliance with certain covenants described below, the interest to be paid on the Bonds is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes or in taxable net income of individuals, estates or trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes; is includable in the income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax; and is not an item of tax preference includable in alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax applicable to all taxpayers or the Minnesota alternative minimum tax applicable to individuals, estates and trusts. The interest to be paid on the Series 2009D Bonds and the Series 2009E Bonds is not, but the interest to be paid on the Series 2009F Bonds and the Series 2009G Bonds is, includable in adjusted current earnings of corporations in determining alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the Series 2009G Bonds is, includable in adjusted current earnings of alternative minimum tax.

The forms of legal opinions to be issued by Dorsey & Whitney LLP with respect to the Bonds are set forth in Appendix H.

Arbitrage/Use of Proceeds. Failure to comply with certain provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), may cause interest on the Bonds to become subject to federal and Minnesota income taxation retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds. These provisions include investment restrictions, required periodic payments of arbitrage profits to the United States, and requirements concerning the timely and proper use of Bond proceeds and the facilities and activities financed therewith and certain other matters. The documents authorizing the issuance of the Bonds include provisions which, if complied with by the State, meet the requirements of the Code. Such documents also include a covenant of the Commissioner to take all legally permissible actions necessary to preserve the tax exemption of interest on the Bonds. However, no provision is made for redemption of the Bonds or for an increase in the interest rate on the Bonds in the event that interest on the Bonds becomes subject to federal or Minnesota income taxation.

*Future Tax Legislation.* The exemption of interest to be paid on the Bonds for federal or Minnesota income tax purposes is not mandated or guaranteed by the United States or Minnesota Constitutions. Accordingly, federal and Minnesota laws providing for tax-exemption of the interest may be subject to change. In the event federal or Minnesota law is changed to provide that interest on the Bonds is subject to federal or Minnesota income taxation, or if federal or Minnesota income tax rates are reduced, the market value of the Bonds may be adversely affected.

*Discount Bonds.* Series 2009D Bonds having a stated maturity in the years 2028 and 2029 and Series 2009E Bonds having a stated maturity in the years 2027 through 2029 (the "Discount Bonds") are being sold at a discount from the principal amount payable on the Discount Bonds at maturity. The difference between the price at which a substantial amount of the Discount Bonds of a given maturity is first sold to the public (the "Issue Price") and the principal amount payable at maturity constitutes "original issue discount" under the Code. The amount of original issue discount that accrues to a holder of a Discount Bond under Section 1288 of the Code is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and from taxable net income of individuals, estates and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes to the same extent that stated interest on such Discount Bonds would be so excluded. The amount of the original issue discount that accrues with respect to a Discount Bond under Section 1288 is added to the tax basis of the owner in determining gain or loss upon disposition of such Discount Bond (whether by sale, exchange, redemption or payment at maturity). Original issue discount is taxable under the Minnesota franchise tax on corporations and financial institutions.

Interest in the form of original issue discount accrues under Section 1288 pursuant to a constant yield method that reflects semiannual compounding on days that are determined by reference to the maturity date of the Discount Bond. The amount of original issue discount that accrues for any particular semiannual accrual period generally is equal to the excess of: (1) the product of (a) one-half of the yield on such Discount Bonds (adjusted as necessary for an initial short period) and (b) the adjusted issue price of such Discount Bonds, over (2) the amount of stated interest actually payable. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the adjusted issue price is determined by adding to the Issue Price for such Discount Bonds the original issue discount that is treated as having accrued during all prior semiannual accrual periods. If a Discount Bond is sold or otherwise disposed of between semiannual accrual period for federal income tax purposes is allocated ratably to the days in such accrual period.

If a Discount Bond is purchased for a cost that exceeds the sum of the Issue Price plus accrued interest and accrued original issue discount, the amount of original issue discount that is deemed to accrue thereafter to the purchaser is reduced by an amount that reflects amortization of such excess over the remaining term of such Discount Bond.

Except for the Minnesota rules described above, no opinion is expressed as to state and local income tax treatment of original issue discount. It is possible under certain state and local income tax laws that original issue discount on a Discount Bond may be taxable in the year of accrual and may be deemed to accrue differently than under federal law.

Holders of Discount Bonds should consult their own advisors with respect to computation and accrual of original issue discount and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning such Discount Bonds.

*Premium Bonds.* Series 2009D Bonds having a stated maturity in the years 2010 through 2027, Series 2009E Bonds having a stated maturity in the years 2010 through 2026, the Series 2009F Bonds and the Series 2009G Bonds (the "Premium Bonds") are being issued at a premium to the principal amount payable at maturity. Except in the case of dealers, which are subject to special rules, Bondholders who acquire Premium Bonds must, from time to time, reduce their federal and Minnesota tax bases for the Premium Bonds for purposes of determining gain or loss on the sale or payment of such Premium Bonds. Premium generally is amortized for federal and Minnesota income

and franchise tax purposes on the basis of a bondholder's constant yield to maturity or to certain call dates with semiannual compounding. Bondholders who acquire Premium Bonds might recognize taxable gain upon sale of such Premium Bonds, even if such Premium Bonds are sold for an amount equal to or less than their original cost. Amortized premium is not deductible for federal or Minnesota income tax purposes. Bondholders who acquire Premium Bonds should consult their tax advisors concerning the calculation of bond premium and the timing and rate of premium amortization, as well as the state and local tax consequences of owning and selling such Premium Bonds.

*Collateral Tax Matters.* The following tax provisions also may be applicable to the Bonds and interest thereon:

(1) Section 86 of the Code and corresponding provisions of Minnesota law require recipients of certain Social Security and Railroad Retirement benefits to take into account interest on the Bonds in determining the taxability of such benefits;

(2) passive investment income, including interest on the Bonds, may be subject to taxation under Section 1375 of the Code and corresponding provisions of Minnesota law for an S corporation that has accumulated earnings and profits at the close of the taxable year if more than 25 percent of its gross receipts is passive investment income;

(3) interest on the Bonds may be includable in the income of a foreign corporation for purposes of the branch profits tax imposed by Section 884 of the Code and is includable in the net investment income of foreign insurance companies for purposes of Section 842(b) of the Code;

(4) in the case of an insurance company subject to the tax imposed by Section 831 of the Code, the amount which otherwise would be taken into account as losses incurred under Section 832(b)(5) of the Code must be reduced by an amount equal to 15 percent of the interest on the Bonds that is received or accrued during the taxable year;

(5) Section 265 of the Code denies a deduction for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Bonds, and Minnesota law similarly denies a deduction for such interest expense in the case of individuals, estates and trusts; indebtedness may be allocated to the Bonds for this purpose even though not directly traceable to the purchase of the Bonds;

(6) federal and Minnesota laws also restrict the deductibility of other expenses allocable to the Bonds;

(7) in the case of a financial institution, no deduction is allowed under the Code for that portion of the holder's interest expense which is allocable to interest on the Bonds within the meaning of Section 265(b) of the Code, except, with respect to the Series 2009D Bonds and the Series 2009E Bonds only, to the extent permitted under section 265(b)(7) of the Code, as limited by sections 265(a)(2) and 291 of the Code; and

(8) because of the Code's basis reduction rules for amortizable bond premium, Bondholders who acquire Premium Bonds might recognize taxable gain upon sale of such Premium Bonds, even if such Premium Bonds are sold for an amount equal to or less than their original cost.

The foregoing is not intended to be an exhaustive discussion of collateral tax consequences arising from ownership, disposition, or receipt of interest on the Bonds. Prospective purchasers or bondholders should consult their tax advisors with respect to collateral tax consequences and applicable state and local tax rules in states other than Minnesota.

#### LEGAL OPINIONS

Legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance and sale of the Bonds will be passed upon by Dorsey & Whitney LLP, bond counsel, and the State Attorney General. Only Dorsey & Whitney LLP will offer an opinion as to tax exemption of interest on the Bonds. The forms of legal opinions to be issued by Dorsey & Whitney LLP with respect to the Bonds are set forth in Appendix H.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

General financial information relating to the State is set forth in the Official Statement, Appendices A through F, and is a part of this Official Statement. The State's most recent audited financial statements are included as Appendix F.

#### LITIGATION

There is not now pending or threatened any litigation seeking to restrain or enjoin the sale, issuance, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any manner questioning or affecting the validity of the Bonds or the proceedings or authority pursuant to which they are to be issued and sold.

While at any given time, including the present, there are numerous civil actions pending against the State, which could, if determined adversely to the State, affect the State's expenditures, and, in some cases, its revenues, the State Attorney General is of the opinion that, except for the actions described in Note 20 to the State Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008, set forth in Appendix F and additional actions, if any, discussed in the paragraphs below, no pending actions are likely to have a material adverse effect in excess of \$15 million on the State's expenditures or revenues during the Current Biennium.

The following is a discussion of developments regarding the actions described in the referenced Note 20 that occurred and are subsequent to the date of the financial statements contained in Appendix F, and a description of additional actions that have been initiated against the State since the date of the financial statements contained in Appendix F and are material for purposes of this Official Statement.

1. 35W Bridge Collapse. A panel of three attorneys determined the amount of payments. All 179 claimants accepted payments in the aggregate amount of about \$37 million on the condition that they waived the right to sue the State for additional recovery. However, the majority of those claimants have commenced litigation against the original bridge designer, an engineering firm that inspected the bridge under contract with the State, and a construction company that was performing work on the bridge at the time of the collapse. The State has been third-partied into this litigation which is venued in Hennepin County state court. Although the State's position is that its exposure in this litigation is capped at \$1 million, the constitutionality of this cap may be challenged.

2. ACS State and Local Solutions, Inc. v. State of Minnesota, through its Commissioner of the Department of Human Services. The court's scheduling order sets the case on for a three-week trial beginning March 29, 2010, but because of the size and scope of discovery the State will seek an amended scheduling order setting the trial for late 2010 at the earliest. The Plaintiff has indicated that it has no objections to the State's request for an amended scheduling order.

3. BNSF Railway Co. vs. Minn. Dept of Revenue and State of Minnesota. The parties have reached a tentative settlement of the legal issue in this case and are in the process of finalizing the settlement agreement which should be completed by the end of August 2009.

4. *Eminent Domain Actions.* The Department of Transportation has agreed to acquire properties for the Metropolitan Council's Central Corridor light rail transit project. This project is likely to involve eminent domain actions. In the aggregate, the potential cost to the State for property which has been, or will be, acquired exceeds \$15 million. Liability arising out of decisions unfavorable to the State may impact funding to be provided to the Department of Transportation by the Metropolitan Council.

5. Great Lakes Gas Transmission LP v. Commissioner of Revenue, Northern Border Pipeline Co. v. Commissioner of Revenue, Viking Gas Transmission Co. v. Commissioner of Revenue. In January 2009, the Court of Appeals affirmed the District Court's grant of summary judgment to the Commissioner on all claims. The pipelines subsequently filed a Petition for Review to the Minnesota Supreme Court, which the Court denied in April 2009. The time for any additional appeals has expired.

6. The Home Insurance Company v. Special Compensation Fund, and Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry (Ramsey County District Court). The Home Insurance Company ("Home") seeks a declaration that it is entitled to reimbursement from the Special Compensation Fund for certain workers' compensation payments Home has made. Home, which is in liquidation, seeks the reimbursement to which it claims it is entitled under the State's workers' compensation scheme, and without recourse to the General Fund. Defendants Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry and Special Compensation Fund have denied Home's requests for reimbursement, raising various statutory defenses and that Home is not entitled to reimbursement under the law. Home claims it is entitled to \$21 million in past and future reimbursements. The Complaint and Answer have been filed. Defendants expect to bring a summary judgment motion in late 2009. Plaintiffs ask for reimbursement from the workers compensation Special Compensation Fund.

7. *McLane Minnesota, Inc. v. Commissioner of Revenue*. Oral argument was held in April 2009 and a decision is expected in the fall of 2009.

8. *Merrill Lynch Pierce Fenner & Smith, Inc. v. Commissioner of Revenue.* Shortly before trial was scheduled in February 2009, the parties stipulated to all facts eliminating the need for trial. The parties tentatively agreed to a settlement pending the outcome of an audit by the Department of Revenue.

9. Stewart Title Guaranty Company v. Commissioner of Revenue. On December 4, 2008 the Minnesota Supreme Court issued an opinion upholding the Commissioner's assessment. Stewart Title has not initiated any additional appeals. The time for any additional appeals has expired.

#### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The Commissioner, in the order authorizing and ordering the issuance of the Bonds, has covenanted and agreed on behalf of the State, for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds from time to time, to comply with the provisions of Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation, 17 C.F.R. Section 240.15c2-12, paragraph (b)(5); and, for this purpose, to provide to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board through its Electronic Municipal Market Access System, annual financial information of the type included in this Official Statement, including audited financial statements, and notice of the occurrence of events which materially affect the terms, payment, security, rating or tax status of the Bonds. The State is the only "obligated person" in respect of the Bonds within the meaning of paragraph (b)(5). A description of the Commissioner's undertaking is set forth in Appendix G. The Commissioner has never failed to comply with any continuing disclosure obligation with respect to any outstanding general obligation bond of the State.

#### FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Public Resources Advisory Group, New York, New York, is serving as Financial Advisor to the State in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor is an independent advisory firm and is not engaged in the business of underwriting, trading or distributing municipal securities or other public securities. The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake to make an independent verification of, or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information contained in the Official Statement.

#### UNDERWRITING

The Commissioner acting on behalf of the State has sold the Series 2009D Bonds at public sale to Barclays Capital, Inc. as Underwriters, for a price of \$208,423,590.10, with the Series 2009D Bonds to bear interest at the rates set forth on the inside front cover page of this Official Statement.

The Commissioner acting on behalf of the State has sold the Series 2009E Bonds at public sale to Merrill Lynch & Co. as Underwriters, for a price of \$85,497,720.00, with the Series 2009E Bonds to bear interest at the rates set forth on the inside front cover page of this Official Statement.

The Commissioner acting on behalf of the State has sold the Series 2009F Bonds at public sale to Merrill Lynch & Co. as Underwriters, for a price of \$327,608,229.26, with the Series 2009F Bonds to bear interest at the rates set forth on the inside front cover page of this Official Statement.

The Commissioner acting on behalf of the State has sold the Series 2009G Bonds at public sale to Piper Jaffray & Company as Underwriters, for a price of \$29,964,300.95, with the Series 2009G Bonds to bear interest at the rates set forth on the inside front cover page of this Official Statement.

#### RATINGS

The Bonds described herein have been rated "AAA" by Fitch Ratings, "Aa1" by Moody's Investors Service Inc. and "AAA" by Standard and Poor's Ratings Group. The ratings reflect only the views of these services. These bond ratings are subject to change or withdrawal by the rating agencies at any time. Therefore, after the date hereof investors should not assume that such ratings are still in effect. A revision or withdrawal of the ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

#### **AUTHORIZATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

The State has prepared and delivered this Official Statement to the Underwriters of the Bonds and has authorized the Underwriters to use it in connection with the offering and sale of the Bonds to investors.

> Tom J. Hanson Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget State of Minnesota

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## **APPENDIX A**

**State Government and Fiscal Administration** 

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### STATE GOVERNMENT AND FISCAL ADMINISTRATION

#### **State Government**

The State was formally organized as a territory in 1849 and was admitted to the Union on May 11, 1858, as the 32nd state. Bordered by Canada on the north, Lake Superior and Wisconsin on the east, Iowa on the south, and North and South Dakota on the west, it is the 12th largest and 20th most populous state in the Union.

The State's Constitution organizes State government into three branches: Executive, Legislative and Judicial.

The Executive Branch is headed by the Governor. The Governor, Lt. Governor, Attorney General, State Auditor, and Secretary of State are popularly elected to four year terms. There are 18 departments and over one hundred agencies, boards, councils, and authorities which comprise the Executive Branch. Most departments and agency heads are appointed and serve at the pleasure of the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate.

The Department of Finance was created in 1973. Minnesota voters approved a constitutional amendment in November 1998 that eliminated the Office of the State Treasurer as of January 6, 2003. The duties of the State Treasurer were transferred to the Commissioner of Finance on January 6, 2003 by administrative order. On June 1, 2008, the Department of Finance completed a merger with the Department of Employee Relations, resulting in the Commissioner assuming many of the duties related to human resource management, employee insurance and collective bargaining on behalf of the State as an employer. After the merger, the Department was renamed the Department of Minnesota Management and Budget.

The Legislative Branch is composed of a Senate and a House of Representatives. There are 67 senators who serve 4 year terms. House members number 134 and serve 2 year terms.

The Judicial Branch is headed by a Supreme Court. Three levels of courts function within the Judicial Branch: Supreme Court, Appellate Court, and District Courts.

A general organization chart of the Executive Branch of State government is shown below. This diagram displays the various categories of the State's service functions and the organization units associated with the delivery of the service activities.

#### **Fiscal Administration**

The Commissioner is designated by statute as the chief accounting officer, the principal financial officer, and the State controller and is assigned responsibility for the administration of the financial affairs of the State. Included in the financial duties of the Commissioner are:

Preparation of State biennial budget and capital budget.

Maintenance of general books of account and administration of the statewide accounting system including a central disbursement system.

Administration of the State payroll system.

Sale and issuance of State general obligation and certain revenue bonds, general obligation certificates of indebtedness, and equipment lease purchase financings, including certificates of participation.

Preparation of periodic and special reports on the financial affairs of the State.

Operation and control of allotment system (annual agency operating budgets).

Preparation of revenue, expenditure and cash flow estimates.

Banking and cash management activities.

To receive and account for all moneys paid into the State treasury properly disbursed or invested.

Negotiation and administration of bargaining agreements and compensation plans.

Development and management of employee, retiree and dependent insurance benefits.

#### **Accounting System**

State law requires the Commissioner to maintain an accounting system that shows at all times, by funds and items, amounts appropriated and estimated revenues therefore; amounts allotted and available for expenditure; amounts of obligations authorized to be incurred; actual receipts, disbursements; balances on hand; and unencumbered balances after deduction of all actual and authorized expenditures.

State law requires the Commissioner to administer the payroll of all employees of the executive branch of government.

The accounting system is organized on a fund basis. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. Funds are established for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or objectives in accordance with legal requirements.

Effective July 1, 2009 the Commissioner has been authorized to acquire a new statewide accounting and procurement system. A request for proposal process has been completed, proposals have been evaluated, and the Commissioner has made a software selection and finalized a contract with a system implementation vendor. A two year implementation period is planned with the new system expected to go live on July 1, 2011, the beginning of fiscal year 2012.

#### **Financial Reporting**

State law requires the Commissioner to prepare a comprehensive financial report for each fiscal year of the State in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles by the December 31 following the end of the fiscal year. These reports are audited by the Legislative Auditor. The Legislative Auditor's opinion and the 2008 basic financial statements are presented in Appendix F, and general long-term debt unaudited schedules are presented in Appendix C.

#### Investments

The State Board of Investment, comprised of four of the State's constitutional officers, is responsible for the formulation of State investment policies and for the purchase and sale of securities. Moneys from various funds are invested according to regulations on types and terms of investments imposed by law on each grouping. The investments are grouped as follows:

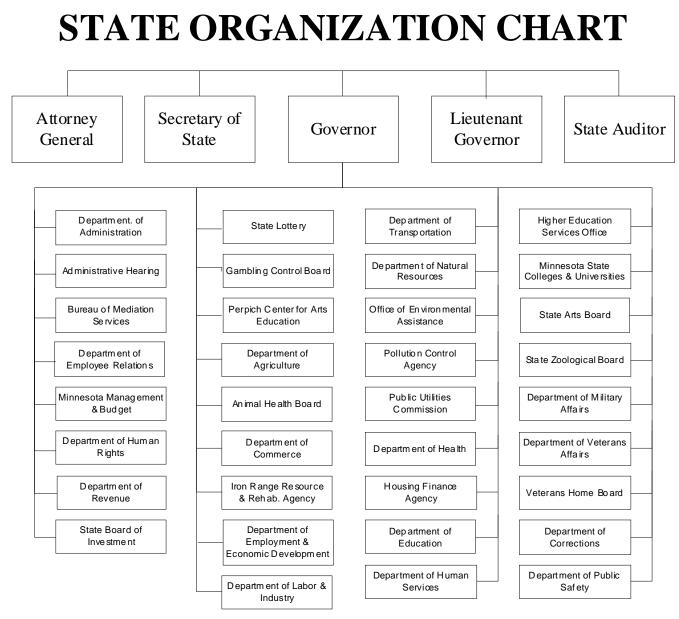
Invested Treasurer's Cash — temporary investment of a pool of cash, not immediately needed, from funds other than funds dedicated by the constitution, State law, or by federal law.

Highway Funds — temporary investment of bond proceeds and receipts not immediately needed.

Various retirement funds — investment of assets and reserves.

Trust Funds — investment of assets and reserves.

Other departmental funds.



#### **Revenues and Budgeting**

The Department of Revenue exercises general supervision over the administration of the taxation and assessment laws of the State. In the exercise of such power, the Department of Revenue promulgates guidelines to ensure that property tax laws are administered uniformly by local governmental units and that the assessments of property are made on an equal basis throughout the State.

The Department of Revenue administers taxes owing to the State by collecting, among others, individual income and corporation taxes, sales and use taxes, inheritance and gift taxes, motor fuel taxes and excise taxes on liquor and tobacco. Additionally, the Department of Revenue is responsible for informing localities when their expenditures exceed the limit set for them by the State Legislature.

#### **Audit Control Procedures**

The Office of the Legislative Auditor is the post audit agency of all State departments, agencies, boards and commissions. The Office of the Legislative Auditor conducts the audits of all accounts, records, inventories, vouchers, receipts, funds, securities, and other assets at least once a year, if funds and personnel permit, and more often if deemed necessary or as directed by the Legislature or the Legislative Audit Commission. As an agency of the legislative branch, the Office of the Legislative Auditor is independent of the executive branch and the departments, boards, commissions and other agencies thereof that it is responsible for auditing.

#### **Status of Collective Bargaining**

The State has a total of 16 bargaining units for State employees which includes three faculty bargaining units negotiated and maintained by the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities System. Each odd-numbered year, the State Department of MMB negotiates the terms and conditions of employment with the seven exclusive representatives for employees covered by one of the 13 non-faculty labor agreements for executive branch state employees. The Department also develops two compensation plans for employees not represented by a bargaining unit. All contracts and compensation plans are subject to review and approval by the Legislature.

Previous Biennium Labor Agreements for all bargaining units expired on June 30, 2009, however, these contracts remain in effect until subsequent agreements are reached or contracts are cancelled. The State currently has agreements with twelve of the sixteen units, AFSCME (7 units-craft, service, health care non-professional, clerical, technical, correctional officers and radio communications operators), MAPE, MMA, IFO, MSCF and MSUAF for the Current Biennium employee contract which expired on June 30, 2011. The State has tentative agreements, subject to ratification by the unit membership, with three units, MNA, SRSEA and MLEA. The State is continuing to negotiate with the remaining unit, MGEC.

Following is a summary that shows the number of employees assigned to State bargaining units.

UNIT Union or Association	Employees as of April 2009
AFSCME (7 bargaining units)	18,054
MN Association of Professional Employees (MAPE)	12,402
Middle Management Association (MMA)	2,872
MN Government Engineers Council (MGEC)	940
MN Nurses Association (MNA)	764
MN Law Enforcement Association (MLEA)	764
State Residential Schools Education Association (SRSEA)	186
State College Faculty Association (MSCF)	5,294
State University Interfaculty Organization (IFO)	3,839
State University Admin and Service Faculty (MSUAF)	749
Total Represented Employees	45,864
Total State Employment	52,767
Percent of All Executive Branch Employees Unionized	87%

#### **INFORMATION ON STATE BARGAINING UNITS**

### **APPENDIX B**

### **State Finances**

#### **APPENDIX B**

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### **STATE FINANCES**

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements for the State for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 are included herein as Appendix F. These financial statements provide financial information for the State's general fund, as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in the audited financial statements included in Appendix F and other major funds; for all other funds, such information is combined into non-major governmental and non-major enterprise funds, which includes the Debt Service Fund. These financial statements have been examined by the Legislative Auditor, independent auditor for the State to the extent indicated in his report included in Appendix F. The Legislative Auditor's report and the financial statements, including the Notes, should be read in their entirety. Such financial statements have been included in Appendix F in reliance upon the report of the Legislative Auditor. Revenues and expenditures on a budgetary basis for the twelvemonth period ending June 30, 2009 and comparative data for the same period ending June 30, 2008 are summarized on pages B-6.

#### Past and Future Financial Reports

The State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, including information by individual fund for Fiscal Year 2008 and prior years are available at www.mmb.state.mn.us.Financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 will be available by December 31, 2009.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### **Budgeting Process**

Major operating budget appropriations for each biennium are enacted during the final legislative session of the immediately preceding biennium (i.e. in odd-numbered calendar years). Supplemental appropriations and changes in revenue and expenditure measures are usually adopted during legislative sessions in even-numbered calendar years.

The Minnesota constitution limits the number of days that the Minnesota legislature (the "Legislature") may meet to a maximum of 120 days during a biennium. The number of days may be split between the two years in a biennium, provided that the Legislature may not meet in a regular session after the first Monday following the third Saturday in May of any year. The regular sessions of the Legislature are scheduled for and occur between January 2 and the first Monday following the third Saturday in May of each year.

Revenue and expenditure forecasts are performed in February and November of each calendar year. See "Revenue and Expenditure Forecasting" later in this appendix. Forecasts are performed for the biennium during which the forecasts are made and for next succeeding biennium. Based upon the results of these forecasts, the Governor may recommend tax law and expenditure changes that are then recommended to the Legislature. In addition, the Legislature may, also based on these forecasts, approve tax law changes and budget changes.

The February and November forecasts for the biennium during which the forecasts are made are used to evaluate if the State is on track to finish that biennium with a balanced budget, and may be used by the Governor and the Legislature to fine-tune the budget for that biennium.

The November forecast in even-numbered years for the next succeeding biennium becomes the basis for the Governor's budget recommendations for that biennium. All subsequent February and November forecasts for that biennium supplement and fine-tune the original even-numbered year November forecast with more current data, and the Governor may use these forecasts to submit modifications to the budget that was developed from the original even-numbered year November forecast.

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Revenues, expenditures, transfers and fund balance information in budgetary fund statements may differ from those in the State's GAAP based Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") (see Appendix F). The primary difference is the recognition of accruals, reimbursements, deferred revenue, intrafund transactions and the budgetary basis of accounting for encumbrances. In the modified accrual basis used in the CAFR, expenditures are recognized when goods or services are received regardless of the year encumbered. In budgetary fund statements, encumbrances are recognized as expenditures in the year encumbered. The budgetary fund statements do not represent the State's official financial report but rather are prepared as a supplement to the budget documents.

#### Cash Flow Account

The cash flow account (the "Cash Flow Account") was established in the General Fund for the purpose of providing sufficient cash balances to cover monthly revenue and expenditure imbalances. The amount and use of funds in the Cash Flow Account is governed by statute.

#### **Budget Reserve Account**

A budget reserve account (the "Budget Reserve Account") was established in the General Fund, as a special account (separate from the Cash Flow Account) that serves as a savings account to be used to offset budget shortfalls during economic downturns. Funds in the Budget Reserve Account may be spent in the event that projected general fund receipts will be less than forecast, and the amount of resources available for the remainder of the biennium will be less than needed to cover authorized spending. Funds in the Budget Reserve Account may be used, after consultation with the Legislative Advisory Commission, to the extent needed to balance expenditures with revenues. The amount and use of funds from the Budget Reserve Account and its replenishment are governed by statute.

#### **Control Procedures**

*Dollar Control:* Expenditures in excess of legislative appropriations are prohibited by law. In order to prevent spending in excess of appropriations, MMB requires State agencies to identify their appropriations and establish them in the State's accounting system as the limit on spending. The accounting system will reject transactions that exceed these limits. This control procedure is designed to prevent agencies from spending from unauthorized sources of funds.

Allotment and Encumbrance Control: Before money can be disbursed pursuant to an appropriation, it must first be allotted (administratively allocated and approved for expenditure). Prior to each Fiscal Year, MMB allots the applicable State agency appropriations based on legislativelyenacted budgets. An allotment is a subdivision of an appropriation into smaller, detailed components used by agencies to budget expenditures by category of expenditure. The accounting system prevents allotments from exceeding appropriations.

Once allotments have been established, but before spending obligations can be incurred, for most purchases agencies must establish encumbrances against their allotments. Encumbrances are the accounting control device agencies use for reserving portions of their allotments for expenditures that will soon be incurred. The encumbrance process helps agencies keep track of their outstanding obligations, and the accounting system prevents agencies from encumbering more funding than has been allotted.

*Executive Budget Officer Oversight:* MMB assigns an Executive Budget Officer to each State agency for the purposes of approving agency accounting structures, appropriations, and allotments, and for monitoring overall agency revenues and expenditures.

*Monthly Reports:* MMB maintains a data warehouse which is used to produce periodic and ad hoc reports on revenues and expenditures that agency staff and Executive Budget Officers use to monitor agency spending and receipts.

#### **Balanced Budget**

Minnesota's Constitution prohibits borrowing for operating purposes beyond the end of a biennium. Options for dealing with a projected deficit are provided for in statute. Borrowing for cash flow purposes within a biennium is allowed; however, revenues for the entire biennium plus any balances carried forward from the previous biennium must be greater than or equal to expenditures for the entire biennium.

If a forecast shows a shortfall for the General Fund for the then existing biennium, the Commissioner shall use funds in and reduce the Budget Reserve Account as needed to balance revenues with expenditures. If there are not enough funds in the Budget Reserve Account to balance the General Fund in the current biennium, the Commissioner, with the consent of the Governor and after consulting with the Legislative Advisory Commission may also reduce outstanding appropriations, commonly referred to as "unalloting." The decision of when to use these powers is solely that of the Commissioner with the consent of the Governor

If a forecast shows a shortfall for the General Fund for the next succeeding biennium, the Governor's budget recommendations must propose revenue and/or expenditure changes in order for the budget for that biennium to be in balance at the end of that biennium.

#### **REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FORECASTING**

#### General

The State's biennial budget appropriation process relies on revenue and expenditure forecasting as the basis for establishing aggregate revenue and expenditure levels. Revenue forecasting for the State is conducted within MMB by the Economic Analysis Division. Expenditure forecasts for the State are prepared by MMB based on current annual budgets and on current cash expenditure estimates provided by State agencies responsible for significant expenditure items.

In addition to the forecasts prepared for the Legislature before the commencement of each new biennium, forecasts are updated periodically through the biennium. Based on each revenue and expenditure reforecast, MMB prepares a new cash flow analysis for the biennium.

#### **Forecasting Risks**

Risks are inherent in the revenue and expenditure forecasts. Assumptions about U.S. economic activity and federal tax and expenditure policy underlie these forecasts. In the forecast it is assumed that existing federal tax law will remain in place and that current federal budget authority and mandates will remain in place. Reductions in federal spending programs may affect State spending. Finally, even if economic and federal tax assumptions are correct, revenue forecasts are still subject to other variables and some normal level of statistical deviations.

#### **Current Forecast Methods and Assumptions**

The baseline economic forecast which the State Economist uses in preparing the State revenue and expenditure forecast is provided by IHS Global Insight, Inc. ("IHS GII") of Lexington, Massachusetts. IHS GII furnishes a monthly forecast of economic growth and individual incomes across all segments of the national economy.

The IHS GII national economic forecasts are reviewed by Minnesota's Council of Economic Advisors (the "Council"), a group of macro-economists from the private sector and academia. The Council provides an independent check on the IHS GII forecast. If the Council determines that the IHS GII forecast is significantly more optimistic than the current consensus, the Commissioner may base the State forecast on a less optimistic scenario of national economic growth.

Forecasts of individual income tax receipts are based on IHS GII forecasts of national production, employment, and corresponding wage and salary earnings, by industrial sector. The IHS GII forecasts are then entered into an economic model of Minnesota maintained by MMB. State forecasts of employment by major industry sector as well as wage and aggregate earnings are obtained from this model. Aggregate annual earnings are used, in turn, to forecast calendar year tax liabilities through a micro-simulation of the State's individual income tax. Calendar year liabilities are converted into fiscal year income tax revenues, with regard given to the timing of withholding tax receipts, quarterly estimated payments, refunds and final payments.

Capital gains realizations have become an increasingly volatile and important share of Minnesota's income tax base. Minnesota capital gains are forecast using an econometric model which relates the increase in taxable capital gains to the underlying growth in household wealth and to changes in inflation and in the real growth rate of the economy. Federal tax variables are also included. The model is designed to allow capital gains realizations to move gradually toward an equilibrium rate of realizations instead of adjusting instantaneously to a shock in model variables.

Corporate income tax receipts are forecast using IHS GII's forecast of major variables affecting pre-tax corporate profits. The volatility of corporate profits and the various loss carry-forward and carry-back provisions make this the most difficult revenue source to forecast.

Sales tax receipts are estimated on the basis of a forecast of the sales tax base. The historical base is constructed largely on the basis of national data for items that would be subject to tax if sold in Minnesota. This data is then allocated to Minnesota on the basis of Minnesota's share of national income and employment to arrive at a Minnesota specific base. By means of a regression equation, the base is calibrated to historical collections. Using national forecasts of sales of taxable items and allocating them to Minnesota on the basis of forecasts on Minnesota's share of national income and employment the base is extended into the future. Using information from the aforementioned regression equation the forecast collections are derived from the forecast of the base.

Numerous other revenue sources are forecast, some by MMB and others by the agencies responsible for their collection. In general, none is of significant size, and historically, variances among them have frequently been offsetting.

The February 2009 baseline forecast from IHS GII, the scenario which IHS GII considered to be the most likely at the time it was made, was used for the February 2009 revenue and expenditure forecast. The forecast growth rates for real and nominal Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") are shown below. IHS GII estimated potential GDP growth at 2.1 percent over the 2007 to 2011 period. The Forecast and Actual growth rates for 2007 through 2011 average 1.0% which is less than potential GDP growth. The gap between forecast GDP and potential is due to the recession which began in December 2007 and according to IHS GII February forecast is expected to end with weak positive GDP growth in the fourth quarter of 2009. Inflation, as measured by the implicit price deflator for GDP, is expected to be moderate.

#### IHS GII FEBRUARY 2009 GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) BASELINE FORECAST (Chained Rates of Growth)

	Calendar Year 2007 Actual %	Calendar Year 2008 Forecast %	Calendar Year 2009 Forecast %	Calendar Year 2010 Forecast %	Calendar Year 2011 Forecast %
REAL GDP Growth Rate	2.0	1.3	2.7	2.0	3.5
GDP DEFLATOR (Inflation)	2.7	2.2	1.9	.8	1.3
NOMINAL GDP Growth Rate	4.8	3.4	1.7	2.9	4.9

A report is published with each forecast and is available at www.mmb.state.mn.us. The November 2009 revenue and expenditure forecast is expected to be released in late November 2009. The November 2009 IHS GII Baseline Forecast will in all likelihood be used as the baseline for the next revenue and expenditure forecast.

#### **Economic Update**

The July 2009 Economic Update shows General Fund tax receipts for Fiscal Year 2009 are now estimated to be \$150 million or 1.0 percent less than forecast in February 2009.

Individual income tax receipts were the primary source of the shortfall, \$232 million less than the forecast. Net sales tax revenue was \$16 million under forecast. Receipts from corporate income tax, motor vehicle sales tax and other taxes and other revenues, were more than forecast by \$98 million. This revenue shortfall reduces the balance carried forward to the Current Biennium.

#### **HISTORIC REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES**

The following table sets forth the State's General Fund revenues and expenditures for the Fiscal Years ending June 30, 2006 through 2008, and for the additional time periods shown. For the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2006 through 2008 the revenues and expenditures shown include all revenues and expenditures for that fiscal year, including revenue received and expenditures made after June 30 of such fiscal year which are properly allocable to such fiscal years. For the twelve-month periods ending June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2009, such revenues and expenditures include only cash receipts and disbursements allocable to Fiscal Years 2008 and 2009, respectively. The schedules of revenues and expenditures are presented for comparison purposes only and are not intended to reflect any increases or decreases in fund balance. Beginning balances or deficits are not included. The actual expenditures are presented by object of expenditure, the State's historical method of presentation, whereas forecasts of expenditures are presented by function, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for reporting purposes.

#### STATE OF MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (1)						uly 1,2007 through	J	uly 1,2008 through
		2006		2007		2008		June 30 2008 (1)		June 30 2009 (1)
NET REV ENUES:	•		•		•		•		•	
hdividual hc ome Tax es		7,068,712	\$	7,412,381	\$	7,932,036	\$	7,752,305	\$	6,988,910
Corporation Income Taxes		1,189,915		1,163,095		1,024,040		1,048,625		707,599
Sales Taxes		4,471,993		4,512,957		4,499,400		4,555,377		4,335,481
Property Taxes		631,279		665,746		704,246		606,845		918,860
Motor Vehicle Excise Taxes Other Taxes		372,880		368,279 1,232,758		319,599 1 200 266		319,713 1,170,711		247,271 1,228,733
Toba cco Settlement		1,294,442 180,790		1,232,758		1,209,366 184,411		184,411		179,854
Federa I Revenue s		8,842		7,328				-		
Licenses and Fees		255,244		254,026		254,691		216,614		227,441
Departmental Services		42,729		44,170		47,326		28,934		29,537
hve stment/Interest h come (2)		55,867		1 08,68 9		95,900		103,676		49,704
Securities Lending Income (3)		5,612		10,063		9,197		-		
All Other Revenues		324,919		284,756		320,652		451,309		414,335
NET REVENUES			\$	16,248,159	\$	16,600,864	\$	16,438,520	\$	15,327,725
EXPENDITURES:										
Quirreint:										
Public Safety and Corrections	\$	492,538	\$	540,999	\$	578,464	\$	580,928	\$	599,075
Transportation		226,107		230,195		252, 390		252,266		235,646
A gricultural, En viron mental and Energy Resources (4)		153,154		177,342		216,220		226,746		222,489
Economic and Workforce Development(4)(5)		126,891		1 28,87 0		203, 457		95,158		71,874
General Education (6)		6,675,827		6,614,672		6,969,053		6,914,153		7,018,831
Higher Education (7)		722,870		784,191		870, 322		979,104		848,178
Health and Human Services		4,047 ,550		4,377,724		4,713,362		4,577,847		4,387,072
General Government (8)		588,897		641,915		710, 433		701,084		759,965
In tergov ernment Aid		1,400,265		1,489,229		1,511,504		1,514,066		1,433,072
Securities Lending Rebates and Fees (3)		5,543		9,956		8,793		-		-
Total Current Expenditures	\$	1 4,439,642	\$	14,995,093	\$	16 ,033, 998	\$	15,841,352	\$	15,576,202
Capital Outlay (9)		192,094		4,783		15,587		-		-
Debt Service		18,873		36,059		36,965		23,261		19,071
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	14,650,609	\$	15,035,935	\$	16,086,550	\$	15,864,613	\$	15,595,273
EXCESS OF REVENUES OV ER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	1,252,615	\$	1,212,224	\$	514,314	\$	573,907	\$	(267,548)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfer-h		488,874	\$	500,911	\$	443,647	\$	359,905	\$	479,605
Transfer-Out		(1,175,652)		(1,271,835)		(1,395,442)		(1,438,373)		(1,361,830)
Capital Leases (10)		180,005		-		-		-		-
NET OTHER FINA NCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	(506,773)	\$	(770,924)	\$	(951,795)	\$	(1,078,468)	\$	(882,225)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BA LA NCES	\$	745,842	\$	441,300	\$	(437,481)	\$	(504,561)	\$	(1,149,773)

- (1) For fiscal years 2006, 2007 and 2008, the schedule of revenues and expenditures includes all financial activity for the fiscal year, including revenue and expenditure accruals at June 30. For the twelve-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2009, only current receipts and disbursements have been included.
- (2) For the twelve-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2009, Investment/Interest Income does not include changes in the fair market value of investments.
- (3) For the twelve-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2009, Securities Lending activity is included in Investment/Interest Income.
- (4) Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the Department of Commerce financial activity has been moved from the Economic and Workforce Development function to the Agricultural, Environmental and Energy Resources function.
- (5) Fiscal year 2008 Economic and Workforce Development function spending increased due to grants to businesses and residents of southeastern Minnesota for flooding damage.
- (6) Fiscal year 2008 General Education function spending increased due to a two percent increase in the per pupil grant formula, as well as increases in special education and one-time appropriations for school technology and deferred maintenance.
- (7) Fiscal year 2008 Higher Education function spending increased due to additional grants to the University of Minnesota.
- (8) Fiscal year 2008 General Government function spending increased due to a one-time settlement appropriation for claimants who died or were injured as a result of the I-35W bridge collapse.
- (9) Fiscal Year 2006 Capital Leases and the corresponding portion of Capital Outlay represents the capital leases on the Human Services and Agriculture/Health buildings.

#### **BIENNIUM BUDGETS**

The biennium which began on July 1, 2005, and which ended on June 30, 2007, is referred to herein as the "FY 2006-2007 Biennium." The biennium that began on July 1, 2007 and ended on June 30, 2009, is referred to herein as the "Previous Biennium." The biennium that began on July 1, 2009 and will end on June 30, 2011 is referred to herein as the "Current Biennium." The biennium that will begin on July 1, 2011 and will end on June 30, 2013 is referred to herein as the "Next Biennium".

Forecast and projected revenues and expenditures are based on the legal requirements contained in Minnesota statutes and session laws as of the time of the forecast and projections.

#### **BUDGET — PREVIOUS BIENNIUM**

#### November 2006 Forecast - February 2007 Forecast

MMB prepared a forecast of General Fund revenues and expenditures for the Previous Biennium at the end of November 2006. This forecast was the basis for the Previous Biennium budget that the Governor submitted to the 2007 Legislature. The November 2006 forecast was updated in February 2007 and was used as the basis for legislative action establishing the authorized budget for the Previous Biennium. The February 2007 Previous Biennium forecast of resources, expenditures, and fund balances is detailed below, providing comparison to the FY 2006-2007 Biennium:

#### FEBRUARY 2007 FORECAST PREVIOUS BIENNIUM COMPARISON TO FY 2006-2007 BIENNIUM (\$ in Millions)

	FY 2006-2007 Biennium	Previous Biennium	\$ Change	% Change
Balance Forward From Prior Year	\$1,393	\$2,126	\$733	52.6%
Current Resources:				
Income Tax Receipts	14,056	15,567	1,611	11.5%
Corporate Tax Receipts	2,169	2,209	(31)	(1.4)%
Sales Tax Receipts	9,000	9,432	449	5.4%
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax Receipts	487	317	(174)	(35.4)%
Statewide Property Tax Receipts	1,295	1,402	107	8.3%
Other Taxes	2,598	2,412	(188)	(7.2)%
Miscellaneous Non-Tax Revenues, Transfers	2,640	2,339	(307)	(11.6)%
Total Current Resources	\$32,245	\$33,678	\$1,467	4.6.9%
Total Resources	\$33,638	\$35,804	\$2,200	6.5%
Expenditures:				
K-12 Education	13,369	12,997	(365)	(2.7)%
Higher Education	2,763	2,802	39	1.4%
Property Tax Aids & Credits	3,025	3,108	80	2.6%
Health & Human Services	8,256	9,460	1,218	14.8%
Public Safety	1,710	1,723	13	0.8%
All Other Spending	2,364	2,548	175	7.4%
Total Spending	\$31,487	\$32,638	\$1,160	3.7%
Cash Flow Account	350	350	0	
Budget Reserve	653	653	0	
Tax Relief Account	110	0	(110)	
Projected Balance at June 30, 2009	\$1,038	\$2,163	\$1,150	

The forecasted revenues and expenditures indicated that the revenues for the Previous Biennium would exceed the revenues for the FY 2006-2007 Biennium; tax revenues were forecast to be greater, and other resources were forecast to be lower. The balance brought forward for the Previous Biennium was expected to be higher than the balance that was brought forward for the FY 2006-2007 Biennium.

The Cash Flow Account and the Budget Reserve Account remained the same, with balances of \$350 million and \$653 million, respectively. The Tax Relief Account was reduced to zero for the

Previous Biennium having been used for tax changes made in the 2006 legislative session effective in the Previous Biennium.

#### 2007 Legislative Session

The 2007 legislative session ended on the constitutional deadline of May 21, 2007. Legislative actions authorizing revenues and spending for the Previous Biennium were based on the February 2007 forecast. The end of the 2007 legislative session estimates for revenues, expenditures and fund balances are detailed below and reflect the enacted budget after line-item and other vetoes by the Governor.

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM - GENERAL FUND END OF 2007 LEGISLATIVE SESSION\* (\$ in Millions)

Resources		
Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2007		\$2,106
Non-Dedicated Revenues	32,966	
Dedicated Revenues, Transfers In and Other	846	_
Total Revenues and Transfers		33,812
Total Resources		\$35,918
Expenditures		\$34,509
Projected Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2009		\$1,409
Cash Flow Account	350	
Budget Reserve Account	686	_
Total for Statutorily Mandated Accounts		\$1,036
Projected Unrestricted Balance at June 30, 2009		\$373

\*After Governor's vetoes.

The following table details revenue and expenditure changes enacted by the 2007 Legislature compared to the February 2007 forecast for the Previous Biennium. The information highlights increases and decreases from forecast levels for major revenue and expenditure categories.

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM END OF 2007 LEGISLATIVE SESSION\* COMPARISON TO FEBRUARY 2007 FORECAST (\$ in Millions)

	Feb 2007		
	Forecast	Enacted	Change
Balance Forward From Prior Year	\$2,126	\$2,106	\$(20)
Current Resources:			
Income Tax Receipts	15,567	15,567	0
Corporate Tax Receipts	2,209	2,209	0
Sales Tax Receipts	9,432	9,432	0
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax Receipts	317	317	0
Statewide Property Tax Receipts	1,402	1,402	0
Other Taxes	2,412	2,514	102
Miscellaneous Non-Tax Revenues, Transfers	2,339	2,371	32
Total Current Resources	\$33,678	\$33,812	\$134
Total Resources	\$35,804	\$35,918	\$114
Expenditures:			
K-12 Education	\$12,996	\$13,780	\$784
Higher Education	2,802	3,155	353
Property Tax Aids & Credits	3,108	3,108	0
Health & Human Services	9,460	9,695	235
Public Safety	1,723	1,877	154
All Other Spending	2,549	2,894	345
Total Spending	\$32,638	\$34,509	\$1,871
Cash Flow Account	350	350	0
Budget Reserve	653	686	33
Projected Balance at June 30, 2009	\$2,163	\$373	\$(1,790)

#### \*After Governor's vetoes.

#### Revenues in the Enacted Budget

The approved budget reflects little change in General Fund revenues from the February 2007 forecast for the Previous Biennium. No general tax increases or decreases were included in the adopted budget. The Governor and Legislature failed to agree on an omnibus tax bill, resulting in a gubernatorial veto. Revenue provisions in the vetoed omnibus tax bill, however, were largely limited to modifications to taxes paid related to foreign operating corporations. Without these changes, forecast revenues for the biennium increased only slightly from forecast levels, reflecting additional tax compliance revenues and limited fee and other revenue changes occurring in omnibus appropriation bills.

#### Expenditures Authorized in the Enacted Budget:

The enacted budget for the Previous Biennium increased General Fund spending by \$1.871 billion from the February 2007 projected forecast. The total recommended spending increase is \$3.011 billion (9.6 percent) over the forecast for the FY 2006-2007 Biennium.

#### Reserves:

At the end of the 2007 legislative session, Minnesota law provided for a total of \$1.003 billion in reserves, including \$653 million in the Budget Reserve Account and \$350 million in the Cash Flow Account. No changes were made to these reserves. A special contingent reserve of \$33 million was designated for aids to counties to deal with anticipated federal reductions affecting human services case management activities.

Final budget actions left an unusually high unexpended, available General Fund balance of \$373 million. Governor's vetoes of the omnibus tax bill reduced legislative spending by \$138 million, as well as deferring a recommended increase to the Budget Reserve Account of \$150 million. The Governor's veto of a capital budget bill reduced legislatively approved cash spending for capital projects by \$135 million, while reducing debt service spending from forecast levels that assumed a small off-year capital budget.

The following table displays the budget for the Previous Biennium compared to the FY 2006-2007 Biennium based on the 2007 legislative session. The table highlights growth in major revenues and spending categories, identifying both amounts and percent change from current levels.

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM END OF 2007 LEGISLATIVE SESSION COMPARISON TO FY 2006-2007 BIENNIUM (\$ in Millions)

	FY 2006-2007 Biennium	Previous Biennium	\$ Change	% Change
Balance Forward From Prior Year	\$1,393	\$2,106	\$713	
Current Resources:				
Income Tax Receipts	13,956	15,567	1,611	11.5%
Corporate Tax Receipts	2,240	2,209	(31)	(1.4)%
Sales Tax Receipts	8,983	9,432	449	5.0%
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax Receipts	491	317	(174)	(35.5)%
Statewide Property Tax Receipts	1,295	1,402	107	8.3%
Other Taxes	2,600	2,514	(86)	(3.3)%
Miscellaneous Non-Tax Revenues, Transfers	2,646	2,371	(275)	(10.4)%
Total Current Resources	\$32,211	\$33,812	\$1,601	5.0%
Total Resources	\$33,604	\$35,918	\$2,314	6.9%
Expenditures:				
K-12 Education	\$13,362	\$13,780	\$418	3.1%
Higher Education	2,763	3,155	392	14.2%
Property Tax Aids & Credits	3,028	3,108	80	2.6%
Health & Human Services	8,242	9,695	1,453	17.6%
Public Safety	1,714	1,877	163	9.5%
All Other Spending	2,389	2,894	505	21.1%
Total Spending	\$31,498	\$34,509	\$3,011	9.6%
Cash Flow Account	350	350	0	0.0%
Budget Reserve	653	686	33	5.1%
Tax Relief Account	110	0	(110)	(100.0)%
Projected Balance at June 30	\$993	\$373	\$(620)	(37.6)%

#### September 2007 Special Legislative Session

On September 11, 2007, the Legislature convened in a one-day special session to provide flood relief for southeastern Minnesota. The Legislature enacted a variety of aid provisions to assist local governments and individuals meet match requirement for federal disaster assistance as well as for the Department of Natural Resources to repair a flood damaged state park. In total, the Legislature appropriated \$79 million of General Fund resources for flood cleanup and recovery and authorized \$56 million of general obligation bonds for capital projects resulting from flood damage. Additionally, the first \$55 million of federal emergency relief appropriations were authorized for spending by the Department of Transportation for cleanup and recovery efforts related to the Interstate 35W bridge collapse in Minneapolis.

#### November 2007-February 2008 Forecasts

MMB prepared revised forecasts of General Fund revenues and expenditures for the Previous Biennium at the end of November 2007 and at the end of February 2008. The February 2008 Previous Biennium forecast of resources, expenditures, and fund balances is detailed below:

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND FEBRUARY 2008 FORECAST (\$ in Millions)

## Resources

	\$2,245
31,730	
812	
	32,542
	\$34,787
	\$34,718
	\$68
350	
653	
	\$1,003
	\$(935)
	<u>812</u> 350

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM FEBRUARY 2008 FORECAST CHANGES FROM END OF 2007 SPECIAL LEGISLATIVE SESSION (\$ in Millions)

	End of	Feb 2008	•
	Session	Forecast	Change
Balance Forward From Prior Year	\$2,106	\$2,245	\$139
Current Resources:			
Income Tax Receipts	15,628	15,345	(283)
Corporate Tax Receipts	2,216	1,760	(456)
Sales Tax Receipts	9,467	9,145	(322)
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax Receipts	317	293	(24)
Statewide Property Tax Receipts	1,402	1,442	40
Other Taxes	2,411	2,223	(188)
Miscellaneous Non-Tax Revenues, Transfers	2,371	2,334	(37)
Total Current Resources	\$33,812	\$32,542	\$(1,270)
Total Resources	\$35,918	\$34,787	\$(1,131)
Expenditures:			
K-12 Education	\$13,781	\$13,805	\$24
Higher Education	3,155	3,155	0
Property Tax Aids & Credits	3,109	3,152	43
Health & Human Services	9,695	9,703	8
Public Safety	1,886	1,886	0
All Other Spending	2,962	3,017	55
Total Spending	\$34,588	\$34,718	\$130
Cash Flow Account	350	350	0
Budget Reserve	686	653	(33)
Projected Balance at June 30, 2009	\$294	\$(935)	\$(1,229)

Forecast revenues were expected to be less than at the end of the 2007 special legislative session. Changes in the corporate income and sales taxes showed the largest decrease. Individual income taxes were also projected to be slightly lower than estimates at the end of session. All other resources were lower than previous estimates with mortgage registration and deed taxes contributing to the decline.

Projected spending for the Previous Biennium was \$130 million higher than estimates made at the end of the 2007 special legislative session. Total spending was projected to be \$34.718 billion. K-12 education, health and human services and property tax aids and credits were all forecast to be slightly higher than earlier estimates. All other spending was also expected to be higher than forecast.

#### Reserves:

The Cash Flow Account remained at \$350 million, and the Budget Reserve Account decreased by \$33 million. The reserves had held \$33 million for counties for medical assistance case management services in anticipation of federal funding reductions. After the November forecast, federal rules were issued that triggered statutory provisions directing this money to be spent. As a result, reserves were \$33 million lower compared to end of session, and \$33 million of the health and human services spending increase was attributable to this change.

#### 2008 Legislative Session

During the 2008 legislative session, the Legislature enacted a number of significant revenue and appropriations measures in the General Fund and non-general funds for the Previous Biennium. The Legislature approved a ballot question for the November 2008 election that would amend the State's Constitution to increase the general sales tax by three-eighths of one percent and dedicate the proceeds to arts and environmental funds. The amendment was passed by the voters on November 4, 2008. The new sales tax was effective July 1, 2009 and was expected to generate \$493.2 million in non-general fund revenue in the Current Biennium.

Additionally, prior to the release of the Governor's supplemental budget recommendations, the Legislature overrode the Governor's veto of a transportation funding bill. This legislation raised the State's gas tax by a total of five cents, implemented in increments. See also the Trunk Highway section on page B-31.

On August 1, 2007, the Interstate 35W bridge over the Mississippi River in Minneapolis collapsed. Prior to and during the legislative session, response measures were put in place to address both the rapid rebuilding of this artery and the compensation of victims and families of those on the bridge when it collapsed. During the September, 2007 special session and in a series of technical legislative procedures prior to the regular session, the Legislature provided appropriation authority to MnDOT to spend federal emergency relief appropriations intended to cover most of the cost of the bridge cleanup, demolition, and reconstruction. In September, MnDOT awarded a \$234 million design-build contract to replace the bridge, with an expected completion date no later than December 24, 2008. During the 2008 regular session a victims' compensation fund was established with \$38 million from the general fund for payments to survivors and victims' families. The new bridge was completed and opened for traffic on September 18, 2008, more than three months early.

Giving effect to enacted legislative changes, general fund resources were expected to total \$35.102 billion. Previous Biennium revenues, excluding the balance brought forward from the FY 2006-2007 Biennium, were estimated to be \$32.857 billion, \$516 million (1.6%) greater than the FY 2006-2007 Biennium. General fund expenditures after session actions were expected to be \$34.593 billion, \$3.104 billion (9.9%) more than the FY 2006-2007 Biennium. Budgeted revenues and expenditures were expected to leave an estimated Unreserved General Fund balance of \$509 million, including a Cash Flow Account of \$350 million and a Budget Reserve Account of \$153 million, resulting in an estimated Unrestricted General Fund balance on June 30, 2009 of \$6 million.

The end of 2008 legislative session estimates of resources, expenditures, and fund balances is detailed below.

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND END OF 2008 LEGISLATIVE SESSION (\$ in millions)

<b>Resources</b> Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2007 Non-Dedicated Revenues Dedicated Revenues, Transfers In and Out	31,935 922	\$2,245
Total Revenues and Transfers		32,857
Total Resources		\$35,102
Expenditures		\$34,593
Projected Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2009		\$509
Cash Flow Account	350	
Budget Reserve Account	153	
Total for Statutorily Mandated Accounts		\$503
Projected Unrestricted Balance at June 30, 2009		\$6

#### Resources:

The largest single change in resources from session action was the reduction in the State's Budget Reserve Account of \$500 million, leaving a remaining balance of \$153 million in the Budget Reserve Account. Additionally, \$110 million of balances in other non-general funds also added resources that contributed to budget balancing for the Previous Biennium, the largest among these a \$50 million transfer from the State's health care access fund. The 2008 Legislature made changes in tax law that expanded the State's collection of revenue from foreign operating corporations, which was expected to increase corporate tax revenue by \$109 million in the Previous Biennium. An enhanced tax compliance initiative was expected to yield \$21 million in additional tax revenue.

#### Expenditures:

Session action reduced spending by \$125 million in the Previous Biennium compared to the February 2008 forecast. This reduction was the net effect of a variety of increased spending initiatives in combination with reducing or redirecting previously appropriated amounts for most agencies. In particular, \$172 million was reduced in health and human services programs. Limited new spending was directed at increasing the general formula for state aid paid to school districts by \$44 million on a one-time basis, allocating \$38 million for compensation for victims of the I-35W bridge collapse, providing \$16 million for cash-financed capital projects and debt service for enacted capital projects, and directing \$6 million of additional spending to address an outbreak of bovine tuberculosis in northern Minnesota. Finally, some spending changes enacted in the 2008 session affect Current Biennium commitments to provide property tax aid to counties and cities as well as individual homeowners. The expected impact of these changes was estimated to be \$185 million in additional expenditures in the Current Biennium.

#### Reserves:

The Legislature originally established the Budget Reserve Account at \$653 million for the Previous Biennium. Actions in the 2008 legislative session reduced the Budget Reserve Account to \$153 million. In November 2008, as required under then current law, \$2 million was transferred from

the Assigned Risk Plan surplus to the general fund bringing the total Budget Reserve Account to \$155 million.

Laws designating the allocation of future forecast positive balances to restore any monies used from the Budget Reserve Account remained unchanged.

#### November 2008 Forecast

MMB prepared revised forecasts of General Fund revenues and expenditures for the Previous Biennium at the end of November 2008. The November 2008 Previous Biennium forecast of resources, expenditures, and fund balances is detailed below:

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND NOVEMBER 2008 FORECAST (\$ in millions)

	\$2,245
31,501	
944	
	32,445
_	\$34,690
_	\$34,611
_	79
350	
155	
	\$505
	\$(426)
	944

The current recession was forecast to reduce revenues and add slightly to expenditures in the Previous Biennium. Revenues were expected to fall \$412 million (1.3%) below prior estimates. Actual receipts for FY 2008 were \$398 million (2.4%) more than forecast, but receipts for FY 2009 were then expected to fall \$810 million (4.9%) below earlier projections. Receipts from the individual income tax, sales tax, and the corporate income tax were estimated to decline by 1.9%, 1.6% and 3.1% respectively. When combined with small increases in spending, the result was an estimated \$426 million deficit for the Previous Biennium.

Projected spending for the Previous Biennium based on then current laws was expected to be higher than spending in the FY 2006-2007 Biennium. Health and human services spending estimates increased over the previous forecast. Net spending in all other areas was nearly flat due to the fact that Minnesota law required FY 2007 legislative appropriations be the base for the Previous Biennium budget planning.

#### Executive Actions to Balance Budget

Based on the November 2008 forecast of a projected deficit in the General Fund, the Commissioner, with the consent of the Governor and after consultation with the Legislative Advisory Commission, used his statutory powers to balance the budget for the Previous Biennium. This was done by first using all of the funds in the Budget Reserve Account, and since those funds were not sufficient to balance the budget the Commissioner then reduced transfers and unexpended allotments (i.e. unallot) to balance the budget.

The Commissioner then directed the reduction of \$229.2 million in unexpended allotments of prior transfers and appropriations from the General Fund. This action reduced the FY 2009 deficit to \$42.2 million. To resolve the remaining deficit, cabinet agencies were instructed to submit by

January 2, 2009, detailed plans identifying specific reductions totaling \$40 million. A voluntary reduction of \$2.2 million was also made by the legislature. The following chart details reductions made to balance the Previous Biennium budget:

## Summary of Executive Actions and Voluntary Reductions (\$ in millions)

FY 09 Shortfall November 2008 Forecast	\$426
Use of Budget Reserve Account* Remaining Deficit	<u>(155)</u> <b>\$271</b>
Required Unallotment	
Reduce City Aid (LGA and Market Value Credit)	\$(66)
Reduce County Program Aid	(44)
Reduce Human Services Payments	(73)
Reduce Higher Ed (\$20 U of M, \$20 MnSCU)	(40)
Reduce State Agency Operations	(40)
Minnesota Housing Fund	(4)
Uncommitted 21 Century Minerals Fund Balance	(2)
Minnesota Investment Fund (DEED)	(1)
Voluntary Legislative Reduction	(2)
Subtotal of Reduction	\$(271)
Remaining Deficit	0

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM - GENERAL FUND NOVEMBER 2008 FORECAST AFTER DECEMBER 2008 EXECUTIVE ACTIONS AND VOLUNTARY REDUCTIONS (\$ in millions)

Resources		
Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2007		\$2,245
Non Dedicated Revenues	31,501	
Dedicated Revenues, Transfers In and Other	944	
Total Revenues and Transfers		\$32,445
Total Resources		\$34,690
Expenditures		34,340
Projected Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2009		350
Cash Flow Account	350	
Budget Reserve Account	0	
Total Statutorily Mandated Accounts		\$350
Projected Unrestricted Balance at June 30, 2009	-	\$0

#### February 2009 Forecast

Minnesota Management & Budget prepared revised forecasts of General Fund revenues and expenditures for the Previous Biennium at the end of February 2009. The February 2009 Previous Biennium forecast of resources, expenditures, and fund balances is detailed below:

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND FEBRUARY 2009 FORECAST (\$ in millions)

Resources		
Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2007		\$2,245
Non Dedicated Revenues	31,207	
Dedicated Revenues, Transfers In and Other	1,025	
Total Revenues and Transfers	_	32,232
Total Resources		\$34,477
Expenditures	_	\$33,891
Projected Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2009		586
Cash Flow Account	350	
Budget Reserve Account	0	
Total for Statutorily Mandated Accounts	_	\$350
Projected Unrestricted Balance at June 30, 2009	=	\$236

The February 2009 forecast reflected three key changes made in the Previous Biennium since the November 2008 forecast: 1) the executive branch took actions to balance the budget, 2) the federal stimulus bill reduced state obligations in the Medical Assistance program, and 3) forecast changes were made in revenues and expenditures.

As a result of federal stimulus legislation, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA"), the total projected reduction in FY 2009 State General Fund obligations for the Federal Medical Assistance Program ("FMAP") was \$464 million.

Forecast changes reduced the Projected Unrestricted Balance by \$228 million. A decline in forecast revenues of \$291 million was partially offset by a decline in forecast expenditures of \$63 million. Between November 2008 and January 2009 receipts from the individual income tax, the sales tax, and the corporate income tax were all below forecast.

The table below reflects changes to the Previous Biennium in each of the three areas.

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM FEBRUARY 2009 FORECAST CHANGES FROM NOVEMBER 2008 FORECAST PRIOR TO 2009 LEGISLATIVE SESSION GENERAL FUND (\$ in millions)

	November 2008 Forecast	Executive Unallotments	Federal Stimulus	Other Forecast Changes	February 2009 Forecast
Beginning Balance	\$2,245				\$2,245
Revenues	32,445	78		(291)	32,232
Expenditures	34,611	(193)	(464)	(63)	33,891
Cash Flow Account	350				350
Budget Reserve	155	(155)			0
Projected Unrestricted Balance at June 30, 2009	(\$426)	\$426	\$464	(\$228)	\$236

#### 2009 Legislative Session

The 2009 legislative session's changes to the budget for the Previous Biennium were minimal and did not have a material impact.

The State's Cash Flow Account, used to smooth timing differences between the receipt of revenues and expenditure cash outlays within the fiscal year, was \$350 million at the end of the Previous Biennium.

#### **PREVIOUS BIENNIUM ESTIMATES -- REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES**

The following table displays a summary of the estimated amounts of revenues and expenditures allocable to the General Fund for the Previous Biennium based on the end of the 2009 legislative session. Authorized expenditures are presented by function, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for reporting purposes.

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND ESTIMATES OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES END OF 2009 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

(\$ in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2008	FiscalYear 2009	Previous Biennium
Forecast Resources			
Prior Year Ending Balance (1)	\$2,244,935	\$1,920,021	\$2,244,935
Net Non-dedicated Revenues	16,236,155	14,954,415	31 ,1 90 ,5 70
D edicated Revenues	74,439	88,469	1 62 ,9 08
Transfers From Other Funds	344,549	471,136	8 15 ,6 85
Prior Year Adjustments	24,951	21,618	46 ,5 69
Sub to tal Current Resources	16,680,094	15,535,638	32,215,732
Total Revenues Plus Prior Year			
Ending Balance	18,925,029	17 ,4 55 ,6 59	34,460,667
Authorized Expenditures & Transfers			
K-12 Education	6,822,644	6,957,053	13 ,7 79 ,6 97
HigherEducation	1,563,413	1 ,5 56 ,0 56	3,119,469
Property Tax Aids & Credits	1,581,087	1 ,4 83 ,0 79	3 ,0 64 ,1 66
Health & Human Services	4,630,471	4,419,046	9 ,0 49 ,5 17
P ub lic S a fe ty	817,020	967,006	1 ,7 84 ,0 26
Transportation	236,552	1 16,563	3 53 ,1 15
Environment, Energy & Natural Resources	199,969	496, 226	4 26 ,4 65
Agriculture & Veterans	126,936	1 43 ,0 01	269,937
Economic Development	249,994	1 48 ,7 43	3 98 ,7 37
State Government	314,652	379,357	694,009
D ebt Service	409,296	4 52 ,7 75	862,071
C apital Projects	10,247	20,901	31 ,1 48
D eficiencies/O the r	7,322	6,486	13 ,8 08
Cancellation Adjustment	0	(23,700)	(23,700)
Subtotal Expenditures & Transfers	16,969,603	16,852,862	33,822,465
Dedicated Revenue Expenditures	35,405	64,877	1 00 ,2 82
Total Expenditures and Transfers	17,005,008	16,917,739	33,922,747
Balance Before Reserves	1,920,021	537,920	537,920
C ash Flow Account	350,000	350,000	350,000
Budget Reserve	654,922	0	0
Appropriations Carried Forward	217,207	0	0
Budgetary Balance	\$697,892	\$187,920	\$187,920
5 ,	,		. ,

(1) On a budgetary basis, Fiscal Year 2007 ended with an Unrestricted General Fund balance of \$1.100 billion and an Unreserved Accounting General Fund Balance of \$2.245 billion.

The following table sets forth by source the forecast amounts of nondedicated revenues allocable to the General Fund for the Previous Biennium.

#### PREVIOUS BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND ESTIMATES OF NONDE DICATED REVENUES END OF 2009 LEGISLATIVE SESSION (\$ in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2008	Fiscal Year 2009	Previous Biennium
Net Nondedicated Revenues:			
Income Tax - Individual	7,759,209	7,208,220	14,967,429
Income Tax - Corporate	1,020,181	652,385	1,672,566
Sales Tax	4,570,848	4,377,601	8,948,449
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax	185,820	107,336	293,156
Statewide Property Tax	704,246	743,211	1,447,457
Estate Tax	121,349	121,000	242,349
Liquor, Wine & Beer	73,108	75,477	148,585
Cigarette & Tobacco	173,479	187,160	360,639
Mining	11,521	9,007	20,528
Mortgage Registry Tax	114,388	95,900	210,288
Deed Transfer Tax	84,314	62,700	147,014
Gross Earnings Taxes	291,937	275,850	567,787
Lawful Gambling Taxes	47,939	44,090	92,029
Medical Assistance Surcharges	214,975	214,976	429,951
Income Tax Reciprocity	69,050	75,880	144,930
Tobacco Settlements	184,411	176,982	361,393
Investment Income	97,259	28,000	125,259
DHS SOS Collections	62,649	40,460	103,109
Lottery Revenue	51,138	53,573	104,711
Departmental Earnings	247,927	254,000	501,927
Fines & Surcharges	81,272	96,700	177,972
All Other Nondedicated Revenue	118,929	105,832	224,761
Tax and Non-Tax Refunds	(49,794)	(51,925)	(101,719)
Total Net Nondedicated Revenues	16,236,155	14,954,415	31,190,570

#### **BUDGET — CURRENT BIENNIUM**

#### **November 2008 Forecast**

MMB prepared forecasts of General Fund revenues and expenditures for the Current Biennium at the end of November 2008. This forecast was prepared before the actions to balance the budget for the Previous Biennium were taken. The November 2008 Current Biennium forecast of resources, expenditures, and fund balances is detailed below:

#### CURRENT BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND NOVEMBER 2008 FORECAST (\$ in millions)

Resources		
Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2009		\$79
Non Dedicated Revenues	31,070	
Dedicated Revenues, Transfers In and Other	796	
Total Revenues and Transfers		31,945
Total Resources		31,945
Expenditures		36,713
Projected Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2011		(4,768)
Cash Flow Account	350	
Budget Reserve Account	155	_
Total for Statutorily Mandated Accounts		505
Projected Unrestricted Balance at June 30, 2011		\$(5,273)

The following table, based on the November 2008 forecast, displays the projected General Fund revenue and expenditures for the Current Biennium. Information is provided by major revenue and expenditure categories based on the November 2008 Forecast. This was the first official forecast of Current Biennium revenues using complete models and detailed assumptions.

#### CURRENT BIENNIUM NOVEMBER 2008 FORECAST CHANGES FROM END OF 2008 LEGISLATIVE SESSION (\$ in millions)

	End of 2008 Session	Nov 2008 Forecast	Change
Balance Forward From Prior Year	\$509	\$79	\$(430)
Current Resources: Income tax receipts Corporate tax receipts Sales tax receipts Motor vehicle sales tax receipts Statewide property tax receipts Other taxes	17,359 2,044 9,513 108 1,548 2,341	15,611 1,406 8,687 98 1,560 2,258	(1,748) (639) (826) (10) 12 (83)
Miscellaneous non-tax revenues, transfers	2,274	2,277	3
Total Current Resources	\$35,187	\$31,866	\$(3,321)
Total Resources	\$35,696	\$31,945	\$(3,751)
Expenditures: K-12 Education Higher Education Property Tax Aids & Credits Health & Human Services Public Safety All Other spending Total Spending	13,925 3,158 3,392 10,909 1,715 <u>3,034</u> \$36,133	13,903 3,158 3,419 11,407 1,697 <u>3,129</u> \$36,713	(22) 0 27 498 (18) 95 \$580
Cash Flow Account Budget Reserve	350 153	350 155	0 2
Projected balance at June 30, 2011	\$(940)	\$(5,273)	\$(4,333)

Current Biennium revenues were forecast to be 1.8%, or \$579 million below levels forecast for the Previous Biennium. Then current law spending was expected to grow by 6.1% over Previous Biennium levels. Total revenues were forecasted to decline 9.4% below previous estimates, reducing projected revenues for the Current Biennium by \$3.321 billion. That revenue reduction, combined with projected spending increases in Health and Human Services, increase the estimated budget deficit for the Current Biennium to \$4.847 billion. The forecast indicated that about 40% of the decline in revenues from the Previous Biennium was due to the economic downturn. The remainder was caused by revenue reductions already included in previous estimates.

#### February 2009 Forecast

MMB prepared revised forecasts of General Fund revenues and expenditures for the Current Biennium at the end of February 2009. The February 2009 Current Biennium forecast of resources, expenditures, and fund balances is detailed below:

#### CURRENT BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND FEBRUARY 2009 FORECAST (\$ in millions)

Resources		<b>*</b> =00
Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2009		\$586
Non Dedicated Revenues	29,905	
Dedicated Revenues, Transfers In and Other	795	
Total Revenues and Transfers		\$30,700
Total Resources		\$31,286
Expenditures		\$35,506
Projected Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2011		(4,220)
Cash Flow Account	350	
Budget Reserve Account	0	
Total for Statutorily Mandated Accounts		\$350
Projected Unrestricted Balance at June 30, 2011		\$(4,570)

#### CURRENT BIENNIUM FEBRUARY 2009 FORECAST CHANGES FROM NOVEMBER 2008 FORECAST (\$ in millions)

	Nov 2008	Feb 2009	
	Forecast	Forecast	Change
Balance Forward From Prior Year	\$79	\$586	\$507
Current Resources:			
Income tax receipts	15,611	14,909	(702)
Corporate tax receipts	1,406	1,175	(229)
Sales tax receipts	8,687	8,485	(202)
Motor vehicle sales tax receipts	98	92	(6)
Statewide property tax receipts	1,559	1,551	(8)
Other taxes	2,228	2,263	35
Miscellaneous non-tax revenues, transfers	2,277	2,225	(52)
Total Current Resources	\$31,866	\$30,700	\$(1,166)
Total Resources	\$31,945	\$31,286	\$(658)
Expenditures:			
K-12 Education	13,903	13,894	(9)
Higher Education	3,158	3,157	1
Property Tax Aids & Credits	3,419	3,435	16
Health & Human Services	11,407	13,182	(1,214)
Public Safety	1,697	1,697	0
All Other spending	3,129	3,129	95
Total Spending	\$36,713	\$35,506	\$(1,207)
Cash Flow Account	350	350	0
Budget Reserve	155	0	(155)
Projected balance at June 30, 2011	\$(5,273)	\$(4,570)	\$703

The shortfall for the Current Biennium was projected to be \$4.570 billion. This was an improvement of \$703 million from the \$5.273 billion shortfall projected in November 2008. However, the improvement was largely due to the projected balance in FY 2009 that carried forward into the Current Biennium. A reduction in health and human services spending of \$1.359 billion due to the federal stimulus bill was almost completely offset by other underlying forecast changes.

Forecast General Fund revenues were expected to be \$1.166 billion less than projected in November 2008. The forecasts for all three major taxes were reduced. Forecast spending increased \$152 million primarily due to increased caseloads in the health and human services area.

ARRA was signed into law on February 17, 2009 by President Obama. ARRA is a \$787 billion package, providing tax relief, fiscal stabilization for states and additional spending for infrastructure and other federal programs. The State is expected to receive a total of \$4.6 billion in ARRA funds. Of this amount, \$2.6 billion was used to offset General Fund spending in the Current Biennium. The additional \$2.0 billion in ARRA funds to be received is for competitive or formula grants for a variety of infrastructure and program categories including transportation and energy projects. The following table shows the effect of the federal stimulus package, which includes both the State stabilization and the enhanced matching funds for the Federal Medical Assistance Program ("FMAP").

(\$ in millions)				
	<u>FY 2009</u>	<u>FY 2010</u>	<u>FY 2011</u>	<u>Total</u>
K-12 Education	\$0	\$500	\$0	\$500
Higher Education:				
University of MN	15	74	0	89
MNSCU	15	64	0	79
Health & Human Services:				
Medical Assistance	464	862	497	1,822
Other Human Services	0	110	0	110
Corrections	0	38	0	38
Total – Federal Stimulus	\$494	\$1,648	\$497	\$2,639

### Impact of ARRA Stabilization Funds and FMAP Funds

The table below reflects changes to the Current Biennium, as a result of receipt of federal stimulus funds.

#### CURRENT BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND NOVEMBER 2008 COMPARISON TO AFTER FEDERAL STIMULUS PACKAGE (\$ in millions)

	November 2008 Forecast	Federal Stimulus	Other Forecast Changes	Revised Forecast
Beginning Balance	\$79		\$507	\$586
Revenues	31,866		(1,166)	30,700
Expenditures	36,713	(1,359)	152	35,506
Cash Flow Account	350			350
Budget Reserve	155		(155)	0
Balance	(\$5,273)	\$1,359	(\$656)	(\$4,570)

#### 2009 Legislative Session

During the 2009 legislative session, the Legislature enacted a number of revenue and appropriations measures in the General Fund and non-general funds for the Current Biennium.

The 2009 legislative session ended on the constitutional deadline of May 18, 2009 without balancing the budget for the Current Biennium.

The end of 2009 legislative session estimates of resources, expenditures, and fund balances are detailed below.

#### CURRENT BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND END OF 2009 LEGISLATIVE SESSION (\$ in millions)

Resources		
Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2009		\$538
Non-Dedicated Revenues	30,101	
Dedicated Revenues, Transfers In and Out	824	
Total Revenues and Transfers		30,925
Total Resources	-	\$31,463
Expenditures		\$33,789
Projected Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2011	_	(\$2,326)
Cash Flow Account	350	
Budget Reserve Account	0	
Total for Statutorily Mandated Accounts		\$350
Projected Unrestricted Balance at June 30, 2011	-	(\$2,676)

#### Revenues in the Enacted Budget

The approved budget reflects little change in General Fund revenues from the February 2009 forecast for the Current Biennium. The legislature proposed tax increases and fee adjustments that would increase revenues by \$1 billion. The Governor and Legislature failed to agree on an omnibus tax bill, resulting in a gubernatorial veto. Without these proposed changes, forecast revenues for the biennium increased by \$225 million from forecast levels, primarily reflecting increases in non-tax revenues and transfers.

Giving effect to enacted legislative changes, general fund resources were then expected to total \$31.463 billion. Current Biennium revenues, excluding the balance brought forward from the Previous Biennium, were estimated to be \$30.925 billion, \$1.29 billion less than the Previous Biennium. General fund expenditures after session actions were forecasted to be \$33.789 billion, \$133 million less than the Previous Biennium. Budgeted revenues and expenditures were expected to leave an estimated General Fund deficit of \$2.676 billion, including a Cash Flow Account of \$350 million.

The end of 2009 legislative session estimates of resources, expenditures, and fund balances is detailed below.

#### Current Biennium Budget Forecast (End of 2009 Session) (\$ in millions)

	February 2009 Forecast	End of 2009 Session	Change
Beginning Balance	\$586	\$538	\$(48)
Revenues	30,700	30,925	225
Expenditures	35,506	33,789	(1,717)
Cash Flow Acct.	350	350	
Budget Reserve		—	_
Balance	\$(4,570)	\$(2,676)	\$1,894

#### **Executive Branch Actions to Balance Budget**

Since the Current Biennium budget was not balanced at the end of the 2009 legislative session, the Governor announced that he would direct the Commissioner to use his statutory powers to balance the budget for the Current Biennium.

On June 16, 2009, the Commissioner submitted to the Governor a preliminary proposal of unallotment and administrative actions that could be used to balance the Current Biennium budget. On June 18, the Commissioner convened the Legislative Advisory Commission to consult on potential unallotments as required by statute. Following this consultation, the Commissioner issued a revised unallotment and executive branch action plan on June 29. The actions necessary to implement the executive branch action plan were completed on August 7, 2009. Following is a summary of the action plan:

#### Current Biennium Summary of Executive Branch Actions (\$ in millions)

Current Biennium Shortfall End-of Session Forecast	(2,676)
Unallotments	695
Local aids and credits	300
Health & Human Services	210
Higher Education	100
Agency Operating budgets	23
Political Contribution Refunds <sup>(1)</sup>	10
Other refunds and payments	51
Deferrals	1,771
Property Tax Shift	601
Aid Payments Shift	1,170
Administrative Authority	211
Modified WI Tax Reciprocity	106
Delay Capital Equipment Refunds	63
Delay Corporate Franchise Refunds	<u>42</u>
Total	2.676

(1) A request for a Political Contribution Refund for a contribution made on or after July 1, 2009 was submitted to the Department of Revenue, and a putative class action has been filed against the State demanding injunctive relief and refunds of any contributions. The State anticipates filing a motion to dismiss.

#### **CURRENT BIENNIUM ESTIMATES – REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES**

The following table displays a summary of the estimated amounts of revenues and expenditures allocable to the General Fund for the Current Biennium based on the 2009 legislative session and executive branch actions. Authorized expenditures are presented by function.

#### CURRENT BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND ESTIMATES OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES 2009 SESSION AND EXECUTIVE ACTIONS

(\$ in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2010	Fiscal Year 2011	Current Biennium
Forecast Resources			
Prior Year Ending Balance (1)	537,920	337,849	537,920
Net Non-dedicated Revenues	14,436,773	15,881,234	30, 318,007
Dedicated Revenues	88,436	82,254	170,690
Transfers From Other Funds	303,806	299,823	603,629
Prior Year Adjustments	25,000	25,000	50,000
Subtotal Current Resources	14,854,015	16,288,311	31, 142, 326
Total Revenues Plus Prior Year			
Ending Balance	15,391,935	16,626,160	31,680,246
Authorized Expenditures & Transfers			
K-12 Education	5,395,044	6,238,494	11,633,538
Higher Education	1,425,312	1,430,843	2,856,155
Property Tax Aids & Credits	1,578,903	1,483,300	3,062,203
Health & Human Services	4,331,358	4,725,198	9,056,556
Public Safety	886,872	927,069	1,813,941
Transportation	96,651	94, 150	190,801
Environment, Energy & Natural Resources	178,750	177,694	356,444
Agriculture & Veterans	126,792	1 22, 846	249,638
Economic Development	133,434	131,748	265,182
State Government	3 09,69 1	313,770	623,461
Debt Service	518,925	558,615	1,077,540
Capital Projects	13,500	16,300	29,800
Cancellation Adjustment	(6,000)	(15,000)	(21,000)
Subtotal Expenditures & Transfers	14,989,232	16,205,027	31, 194, 259
Dedicated Revenue Expenditures	64,854	71,133	135,987
Total Expenditures and Transfers	15,054,086	16,276,160	31,330,246
Balance Before Reserves	337,849	350,000	350,000
Cash Flow Account	350,000	350,000	350,000
Budget Reserve	0	0	0
Budgetary Balance	(12,151)	0_	0

(1) On a budgetary basis, Fiscal Year 2009 is forecast to end with an Unrestricted General Fund balance of \$538 million and an Unreserved Accounting General Fund balance of \$188 million.

The following table sets forth by source the forecast amounts of nondedicated revenues allocable to the General Fund for the Current Biennium.

## CURRENT BIENNIUM GENERAL FUND ESTIMATES OF NONDEDICATED REVENUES 2009 SESSION AND EXECUTIVE ACTIONS

(\$ in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Current
-	2010	2011	Biennium
Net Nondedicated Revenues:			
Income Tax - Individual	7,042,465	7,884,239	14,926,704
Income Tax - Corporate	447,790	771,065	1,218,855
Sales Tax	4,156,973	4,391,032	8,548,005
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax	64,318	27,794	92,112
Statewide Property Tax	769,470	781,973	1,551,443
Estate Tax	123,000	125,900	248,900
Liquor, Wine & Beer	75,999	77,081	153,080
Cigarette & Tobacco	185,348	184,065	369,413
Mining	10,000	7,500	17,500
Mortgage Registry Tax	96,700	79,600	176,300
Deed Transfer Tax	55,400	64,000	119,400
Gross Eamings Taxes	278,650	284,950	563,600
Lawful Gambling Taxes	44,090	44,090	88,180
Medical Assistance Surcharges	223,729	226,590	450,319
Income Tax Reciprocity	103,427	140,783	244,210
Tobacco Settlements	175,189	176,943	352,132
Investment Income	10,000	20,000	30,000
DHS SOS Collections	51,923	57,196	109,119
Lottery Revenue	56,939	57,829	114,768
Departmental Earnings	248,854	248,852	497,706
Fines & Surcharges	116,318	122,805	239,123
All Other Nondedicated Revenue	137,412	130,483	267,895
Tax Compliance	13,750	27,760	41,510
Tax and Non-Tax Refunds	(50,971)	(51,296)	(102,267)
Total Net Nondedicated Revenues	14,436,773	15,881,234	30,318,007

#### Other Factors Affecting the Current Biennium Budget

While wage and price inflation is included in revenue planning estimates for the Current Biennium, State law prohibits including a general inflation adjustment for projected expenditures. A general inflation adjustment of 1.9 percent in FY 2010 and 1.9 percent in FY 2011, applied to total projected spending, would add \$1.041 billion to expenditures for the Current Biennium.

The larger than anticipated downturn in the economy has reduced state revenues through the end of the forecast horizon. Other things equal, the further decline in the national economic outlook would have increased the budget deficit by \$1.318 billion for the Current Biennium. But the federal stimulus package, coupled with use of the budget reserve and the Governor's unallotment in FY 2009 more than offset the additional projected decline in revenue and increase in spending.

Minnesota's General Fund revenues are now forecast to total \$30.7 billion in the Current biennium (3.8) percent less than in the November 2008 forecast. State General Fund expenditures are now expected to be \$35.506 billion, \$1.165 billion (3.3 percent) less than in the November 2008 forecast. The budget reserve has been eliminated, but the state's cash flow account continues to have a balance of \$350 million.

#### HISTORICAL AND PROJECTED REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE GROWTH

The following tables display historical and projected General Fund revenue and expenditure growth by year for the General Fund for the Previous and Current Biennia. Information is provided by major revenue and expenditure categories based on the 2009 legislative session and executive actions.

# Historical and Projected Revenue Growth 2009 Legislative Session and Executive Actions

(\$ in millions)	Actual FY 2006	Actual <u>FY 2007</u>	Actual FY 2008	Estimated <u>FY 2009</u>	Estimated <u>FY 2010</u>	Estimated <u>FY 2011</u>	Average An nual
Individual Income Tax	\$6,863	\$7,231	\$7,759	\$7,208	\$7,042	\$7,884	
\$ change		368	528	(551)	(166)	842	
% change		5.4%	7.3%	-7.1%	-2.3%	12.0%	2.8%
SalesTax	4,464	4,506	4,571	4,378	4,157	4,391	
\$ change		42	65	(193)	(221)	234	
% change		0.9%	1.4%	-4.2%	-5.0%	5.6%	-0.3%
Corporate Tax	1,062	1,171	1,020	652	448	771	
\$ c han ge		109	(151)	(368)	(204)	323	
% change		10.3%	-12.9%	-36.1%	-31.3%	72.1%	-6.2%
Statewide Property Tax	631	666	704	743	769	782	
\$ change		34	38	39	26	13	
% change		5.5%	5.7%	5.5%	3.5%	1.7%	4.4%
Motor Vehicle Sales	250	247	186	107	64	28	
\$ change		(2)	(61)	(79)	(43)	-	
% change		-1.0%	-24.7%	-42.5%	-40.2%	-56.3%	-35.4%
Other Tax Revenue	1,380	1,211	1,172	1,131	1,179	1,230	
\$ change	,	(169)	(39)	(41)	48	51	
% change		-12.2%	-3.2%	-3.5%	4.2%	4.3%	-2.3%
Total Tax Revenue	\$14,649	\$15,032	\$15,412	\$14,219	\$13,659	\$15,086	
\$ change	÷ ,	383	380	(1,193)		1,427	
% change		2.6%	2.5%	-7.7%	-3.9%	10.4%	0.6%
Non-Tax Revenues	861	876	824	735	778	795	
\$ c han ge		15	(52)	(89)	43	17	
% change		1.7%	-6.0%	-10.8%	5.9%	2.2%	-1.6%
Dedicated, Transfers, Other	452	471	444	581	417	407	
\$ change		19	(27)	137	(164)	-	
% change		4.1%	-5.7%	30.9%	-28.2%	-2.4%	-2.1%
Total Current Resources	\$15,962	\$16,379	\$16,680	\$15,535	\$14,854	\$16,288	
\$ c han ge		417	301	(1,145)	(681)	1,434	
% change		2.6%	1.8%	-6.9%	-4.4%	9.7%	0.4%

#### **Historical and Projected Spending Growth**

2009 Legislative Session and Executive Actions

\$ in millions)	Actual FY 2006	Actual <u>FY 2007</u>	Actual <u>FY 2008</u>	Estimated <u>FY 2009</u>	Estimated <u>FY 2010</u>	Estimated <u>FY 2011</u>	Average Annual
K-12 Education	\$6,301	\$6,438	\$6,820	\$6,957	\$5,384	\$6,239	
\$ change		138	382	137	(1,573)	855	
% change		2.2%	5.9%	2.0%	-22.6%	15.9%	-0.2%
Higher Education	1,348	1,414	1,563	1,556	1,425	1,431	
\$ change		66	149	(7)	(131)	6	
% change		4.9%	10.6%		-8.4%	0.4%	1.2%
Prop. Tax Aids & Credits	1,464	1,559	1,581	1,483	1,590	1,483	
• \$ change		96	22	(98)	107	(107)	
% change		6.5%	1.4%	-6.2%	7.2%	-6.7%	0.3%
Health & Human Services	3,910	4,311	4,630	4,419	4,334	4,728	
\$ change	·	401	319	(211)	(85)	394	
% change		10.3%	7.4%	-4.6%	-1.9%	9.1%	3.9%
Public Safety	812	895	909	967	887	927	
\$ change		83	14	58	(80)	40	
% change		10.3%	1.6%	6.4%	-8.3%	4.5%	2.7%
Debt Service	352	400	409	453	519	559	
\$ change		47	9	44	66	40	
% change		13.4%	2.3%	10.8%	14.6%	7.7%	9.7%
All Other	1,356	931	1,093	1,083	913	911	
\$ change	·	(426)	162	(10)	(170)	(2)	
% change		-31.4%	17.5%	-0.9%	-15.7%	-0.2%	-7.7%
Total Spending	\$15,542	\$15,947	\$17,005	\$16,918	\$15,052	\$16,278	
\$ change	·	405	1,058	(87)	(1,866)	1,226	
% change		2.6%	6.6%	-0.5%	-11.0%	8.1%	0.9%

#### Next Biennium Planning Outlook:

The long-term budget outlook for Next Biennium has improved slightly since February 2009. General fund revenues are \$62 million above February 2009 projections while projected spending is \$641 million lower. The gap between ongoing revenues and spending has lessened by \$703 million for Next Biennium. The impact of inflation is not reflected in expenditure projections. The consumer price index (CPI) is projected to fall by 0.7 percent for FY 2010, then grow by 2.3 percent for FY 2011, 2.2 percent for FY 2012, and 2.4 percent for FY 2013.

#### GENERAL FUND REVENUE SOURCES

#### Tax Sources

The State's principal sources of non-dedicated revenues are taxes of various types. A description of the major taxes is set forth below.

**Income Tax:** The income tax rate schedules for 2009 consist of three income brackets having tax rates of 5.35 percent, 7.05 percent and 7.85 percent as shown below. The tax brackets are indexed annually for inflation, as measured by the National CPI. The base of the tax is federal taxable income, with selected additions and subtractions. There is an income exclusion for low-income elderly and disabled taxpayers. The exclusion phases out as adjusted gross income and nontaxable sources of income rise. Two earner couples are entitled to a non-refundable credit against tax liability to offset the additional tax liability that results from the "married joint" filing status as opposed to the "single" filing status. The maximum credit per return to offset this "marriage penalty" is \$346. In addition, the State tax code contains a refundable child care credit, a working family credit, and an education credit all targeted at low income parents. A refundable low income motor fuels credit is effective for Tax Year 2009.

#### SINGLE FILER

Taxable Income	Tax
on the first \$22,730	5.35 percent
on all over \$22,730,	
but not over \$74,650	7.05 percent
on all over \$74,650	7.85 percent

#### MARRIED FILING JOINTLY

Taxable Income	Tax
on the first \$33,220	5.35 percent
on all over \$33,220	
but not over \$131,970	7.05 percent
on all over \$131,970	7.85 percent

Married individuals filing separate returns, estates and trusts must compute their income tax by applying married rates, except that the income brackets will be one-half of the above amounts.

#### **HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD**

Taxable Income	Tax
on the first \$27,980	5.35 percent
on all over \$27,980	
but not over \$112,420	7.05 percent
on all over \$112,420	7.85 percent

**Sales and Use Tax:** The sales tax rate of 6.875 percent is applicable to most retail sales of goods with the exception of food, clothing, and drugs. Purchases made by non-profit organizations and the federal government and school districts are exempt. In November 2008, Minnesota voters voted to amend the constitution to raise the sales tax rate beginning on July 1 2009 by 3/8 of 1 percentage point. The proceeds from the incremental increase are dedicated to funds other than the general fund for the purpose of protecting the environment and preserving Minnesota's arts and

cultural heritage. The new general statewide rate is 6.875%. The 3/8 of 1 percentage point increment will be in place through 2034.

**Statewide Property Tax:** A State general property tax is levied on commercial and industrial property, public utility property, unmined iron ore property, and seasonal recreational property, including cabins. Electric generation attached machinery and property located at the Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport and the St. Paul Airport are exempt from this tax. The tax is levied at a uniform rate across the State. The levy amount is adjusted annually for the increase, if any, in the implicit price deflator for government consumption expenditures and gross investment for state and local governments prepared by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

**Corporate Franchise Tax:** A flat tax rate of 9.8% is imposed on corporate taxable income. Corporations that do business both in and outside of Minnesota must apportion their taxable income on the basis of a three factor formula that in Tax Year 2009 gives an 84% weight to sales, an 8.0% weight to payroll and a 9.5% weight to property. Laws enacted in 2005 called for the weights to be incrementally adjusted each year, so that by 2014 the weight for sales will be 100%. The phase in began in 2007. An alternative minimum tax is imposed on Minnesota alternative minimum taxable income (which is similar to federal alternative minimum taxable income) at a flat rate of 5.8%, to the extent the minimum tax exceeds the regular tax.

Beginning in Tax Year 2002, Minnesota required 80% of federal "bonus depreciation" be added to taxable income and then deducted in five equal parts over the next five years. The effect of this provision is to negate the revenue loss that would otherwise result from federal "bonus depreciation".

A fee is imposed as a part of the franchise tax liability. The fee is in addition to the regular and alternative minimum tax. The amount of the fee is based on the sum of Minnesota property, payroll and sales. The fee schedule is shown below:

Fee Basis	Amount of Fee
Less than \$500,000	\$0
\$500,000 to \$1 million	100
\$1 to \$5 million	300
\$5 to \$10 million	1,000
\$10 to \$20 million	2,000
\$20 million or more	5,000

*Insurance Gross Earnings Tax:* A tax is imposed on the gross premium revenue of insurance companies at the following rates:

- 1.5% Life insurance
- 2.0% Domestic and foreign company premiums.
- 1.0% Mutual property and casualty companies with assets of 5 million or less on 12/31/89.
- 1.26% Mutual property and casualty companies with assets in excess of 5 million but less than 1.6 billion on 12/31/89.
- 3.0% Surplus line agents.
- 0.5% Fire Marshal tax on fire premiums.
- 2.0% Surcharge on fire premiums for property located in cities of the first class.
- 1.0% Health Maintenance Organizations.

*Motor Vehicle Sales Tax:* Motor vehicle sales, new and used, are exempt from the sales and use tax, but are subject to a 6.5% motor vehicle sales tax. The tax is collected at the time of title registration or transfer. For fiscal year 2010, 83.75% of the collections are dedicated to transportation related funds. Under a constitutional amendment adopted by the voters in 2006, all of the collections will be dedicated to transportation related funds beginning in fiscal year 2012.

*Liquor, Wine and Fermented Malt Beverages Tax:* Liquor is taxed at \$5.03 per gallon. Wine is taxed at rates that vary from \$.30 per gallon to \$3.52 per gallon, depending on the alcohol content. Beer is taxed at \$2.40 per 31-gallon barrel for beer with alcoholic contents of 3.2% by volume or less, and \$4.60 per 31-gallon barrel for strong beer.

A tax of 2.5% is imposed on alcoholic beverages sold at retail; this is in addition to the 6.875% sales tax on alcoholic beverages.

*Cigarette and Tobacco Products Tax:* The excise tax on cigarettes is 48 cents per pack. Tobacco products other than cigarettes are subject to an excise tax, imposed on distributors thereof, equal to 35% of the wholesale price of such tobacco products.

A 75 cents per pack health impact fee is imposed on cigarettes and a health impact fee of 35% is imposed on tobacco products. In lieu of a sales tax on cigarettes, a wholesale tax is imposed at rates, adjusted annually, to yield revenues equivalent to a 6.5% retail sales tax. The initial rate in 2005 was set at 25.5 cents per pack.

*Estate Tax:* The tax base is the federal gross estate less various exemptions and deductions. The tax may not exceed the State death tax credit, under prior federal law.

*Mortgage Tax:* A tax of 23 cents is imposed on each \$100 dollars of debt secured by real property. Ninety-seven percent of the proceeds go to the State's General Fund and three percent to the county in which the property is located.

**Deed Tax:** A tax of .0033% per \$500 or \$1.65 for increments less than \$500 of consideration is imposed on the transfer of real estate by any deed, instrument, or writing. Ninety-seven percent of the proceeds go to the State's General Fund and three percent to the county in which the property is located.

#### Legalized Gambling Taxes:

*Pari-Mutuel Tax:* A 6% tax is imposed on the takeout of pari-mutuel horse races at licensed tracks. The takeout is 17% of straight pools and 23% for multiple pools.

*Lawful Gambling Tax:* A 8.5% tax is imposed on bingo, raffles and paddlewheels gross receipts less prizes of organizations licensed to operate such games of chance.

*Pull-Tab and Tip Board Tax:* A 1.7% tax is imposed on the "Ideal Gross" of each pull tab or tipboard deal sold by a distributor. A deal is defined as each separate package, or series of packages, consisting of one game of pull-tabs or tipboards. In addition, a "Combined Receipts Tax", with rates ranging from 1.7% to 5.1% is imposed on organizations with pull tab and tip board gross receipts in excess of \$500,000 per year.

**Rental Motor Vehicle Tax:** In addition to the general sales tax a 6.2 percent sales tax is imposed on the lease or rental, on a daily or weekly basis, of a passenger automobile, van or pickup truck.

**Taconite and Iron Ore Occupation Tax:** The base of the occupation tax is the value of the ore less expenses required to convert it into marketable quality. Beginning in tax year 2006, the rate of the tax was 2.45%. For purposes of the corporate franchise tax apportionment formula, transfers of ore are deemed to be Minnesota sales.

*Health Care Provider Tax:* A tax is imposed upon licensed nursing homes, hospitals, and health maintenance organizations, including a \$2,815 tax per licensed nursing home bed, a 1.56% tax on the net patient revenue of hospitals (excluding Medicare revenue), and a 0.6% tax on the total premium revenue of health maintenance organizations.

#### **Other Sources**

In addition to the major taxes described above, other sources of non-dedicated revenues include minor taxes, unrestricted grants, certain fees and charges of State agencies and departments, and investment income.

The General Fund receives no unrestricted federal grants. The only federal funds deposited into the General Fund are to reimburse the State for expenditures on behalf of federal programs.

#### **Tobacco Settlement**

On May 8, 1998, the State of Minnesota settled a lawsuit initiated against several tobacco companies. The settlement requires the defendant tobacco companies to make annual payments to the State of between \$165 million and \$204 million. The payments are to be made at the beginning of the calendar year and are scheduled into perpetuity. These amounts are adjusted based on volume of tobacco products sold and the Consumer Price Index as indicated in the settlement documents.

#### TRUNK HIGHWAY SYSTEM

The State trunk highway system consists of 11,883 miles of highways, 3,585 bridges over 20 feet long, and 1,049 maintenance, enforcement, service, and administrative buildings at 390 sites. Minnesota has 914 miles of interstate highways, all of which are part of the State trunk highway system. Total highway mileage, including roads and streets under local jurisdiction, is over 141,000 miles.

The State trunk highway system is constructed and maintained by the Minnesota Department of Transportation ("MnDOT"). Construction work is contracted to private construction contractors on a competitive basis, while maintenance is performed by MnDOT's own forces. Maintenance includes routine patching; short overlays; snow and ice control; and traffic services such as signing, paint striping, etc.

#### Trunk Highway Fund

The Minnesota Constitution, Article XIV, establishes a Trunk Highway Fund (the "Trunk Highway Fund") to be used solely for trunk highway system purposes and for payment of principal of and interest on trunk highway bonds. Article XIV provides that the payment of principal of and interest on State trunk highway bonds is "a first charge on money coming into [the State Trunk Highway Fund] during the year in which the principal or interest is payable." Article XIV also establishes a Highway User Tax Distribution Fund to be used solely for highway purposes, authorizes the Legislature to impose taxes on motor vehicles and motor vehicle fuels, and requires the proceeds of such taxes to be paid into the Highway User Tax Distribution Fund. The Minnesota Constitution requires that 95% of the revenues deposited into the Highway User Tax Distribution Fund be distributed from such fund as follows: 62% to the Trunk Highway Fund, 29% to the County State Aid Highway Fund, and 9% to the Municipal State Aid Street Fund. The remaining 5% of Highway User Tax Distribution Fund revenues are distributed to the same three funds in accordance with a formula that the Legislature establishes. Currently these remaining revenues are all distributed to the County State Aid Highway Fund. According to the Minnesota Constitution, no change in the distribution formula may be made within six years of the last previous change. The current distribution formula was established in the 2008 legislative session.

In addition to distributions from the Highway User Tax Distribution Fund, the Trunk Highway Fund receives revenue from deposits of federal aid reimbursements, investment income, and miscellaneous fees and reimbursements. A Minnesota motor fuel tax is collected on all fuel used to propel vehicles on the public roads of the State and includes gasoline, diesel fuel, and other special fuels. The following table shows the motor fuel tax rate changes passed by the 2008 Legislature:

#### 2008 LEGISLATIVE MOTOR FUEL TAX RATE CHANGES Base Rate: Twenty Cents/Gallon

Fiscal Year	Effective Date	Increase Cents/Gallon	New Effective Rate
2008	Apr-08	2.0	22.0
2009	Aug-08	0.5	22.5
2009	Oct-08	3.0	25.5
2010	Jul-09	1.6	27.1
2011	Jul-10	0.4	27.5
2012	Jul-11	0.5	28.0
2013	Jul-12	0.5	28.5

For some special fuels the rate is different than gasoline and diesel and is based on the equivalent energy content of the fuel compared to gasoline.

Preliminary revenue estimates from motor fuels taxes were \$743 million to the Highway User Tax Distribution Fund in Fiscal Year 2009, after refunds, collection costs and other transfers (e.g., estimated revenues from taxes paid on non-highway fuel transferred to other state accounts). Of this amount, \$438 million was transferred to the Trunk Highway Fund. MnDOT forecasts collections of \$837 million in Fiscal Year 2010 to the Highway User Tax Distribution Fund, with a resulting transfer of \$493 million to the Trunk Highway Fund.

Motor vehicle registration taxes consist of taxes on passenger vehicles and on trucks. For passenger vehicles the tax is \$10 plus 1.25% times a declining percentage of the original value of the vehicle based upon registration year. For vehicles newly registered in 2009 or later, the new statutory schedule is automatically applied, which contains no tax caps. For vehicles previously registered before 2009, the new tax schedule is only applied if the amount calculated is less than the vehicle registration amount paid in the previous year; otherwise the registration amount is equal to the previous year's registration tax. The minimum tax is \$35. Motor vehicle registration taxes for trucks are based on the weight and age of the vehicles, with the maximum tax being \$1,760 for trucks registered at 80,000 pounds that are less than 9 years old. Trucks registered at a weight greater than 80,000 pounds pay an additional \$50 per ton of registered weight. Motor vehicle registration taxes generated an estimated \$499 million in Fiscal Year 2009, after refunds and collection costs, of which \$294 million in Fiscal Year 2010 to the Highway Fund. MnDOT estimates collections to be \$511 million in Fiscal Year 2010 to the Highway User Tax Distribution Fund, with a resulting transfer of \$301 million to the Trunk Highway Fund.

The State of Minnesota levies a sales tax of 6.5% on motor vehicles ("MVST"). In November 2006, voters approved a constitutional amendment phasing in dedication of all MVST for transportation purposes over five years, starting July 1, 2007 (FY 2008). The 2009 Legislature modified the percent of motor vehicle sales tax distribution for the Current Biennium. The following table shows percent and forecast amount, if available, to each of the recipient funds for this revenue source.

#### MOTOR VEHICLE SALES TAX DEDICATION 2009 LEGISLATIVE CHANGES (\$ in Millions)

	-	ay User Tax oution Fund	Gene	eral Fund	Transit Assistance	
	Percent	Forecasted Amount	Percent	Forecasted Amount	Percent	Forecasted Amount
2008	38.25%	\$196.1*	36.25%	\$176.5*	25.50%	\$130.7*
2009	44.25%	193.1**	26.25%	114.6**	29.50%	128.7**
2010	47.50%	188.0	16.25%	64.3	36.25%	143.6
2011	54.50%	242.4	6.25%	27.8	39.25%	174.5
2012	60.00%	275.9	0.00%	0	40.00%	183.9
2013	60.00%	286.1	0.00%	0	40.00%	190.7

#### \* Actual

\*\* Preliminary

Activity in the Trunk Highway Fund for the Current Biennium is detailed below:

#### CURRENT BIEN NIUM ESTIMATED REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES TRUNK HIGHWAY FUND (Thousands of Dollars)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011	<u>Bie nnium</u>
Estimated Resources		,	
Balance Forward from Prior Year	\$29,747	\$28,246	\$29,747
Revenues			
Federal Grants	342,500	429,900	772,400
Departmental Earnings	10,224	10,224	20,448
Investment Income	10,500	10,750	21,250
Other Income	58,933	<u>58,933</u>	117,866
Total Receipts	422,157	509,807	931,964
Transfers from Other Funds			
General Fund Reimbursement	3,924	3,924	7,848
HUTD Reimbursement	610	610	1,220
Hyw Users Tax Distribution Fund	886,222	937,645	1,823,867
Plant Management Fund	1,304	1,304	2,608
Special Revenue Fund	<u>2,175</u>	<u>2,175</u>	<u>4,350</u>
Total Transfers	894,235	945,658	1,839,893
Total Resources Available	1,346,139	1,483,711	2,801,604
Estimated Uses			
Expenditures			
Transportation			
Transportation, Department of	1,142,735	1,179,868	2,322,603
Public Safety, Department of	87,805	87,805	175,610
Contingent Account	200	<u>200</u>	<u>400</u>
Subtotal-Transportation	1,230,740	1,267,873	2,498,613
State Government			
Tort Claims	<u>600</u>	<u>600</u>	<u>1,200</u>
Subtotal-State Government	<u>600</u>	<u>600</u>	<u>1,200</u>
Total Expenditures	1,231,340	1,268,473	2,499,813
Transfers to Other Funds			
DebtService Fund	86,553	157,550	244,103
Total Uses	<u>1,317,893</u>	<u>1,426,023</u>	<u>2,743,916</u>
Undesignated Fund Balance	<u>\$28,246</u>	\$57,688	\$57,688

The estimated expenditures for state road construction for the Previous Biennium include the use of State funds to advance the federal portion of certain projects under a method generally known as "advance construction."

Federal advance construction is a financing method authorized by the Federal Highway Administration. It allows a state to encumber the necessary funds to begin construction of federal-aid projects before the authorized federal funds are available for those projects. Advance construction uses State trunk highway funds to "advance" federal project construction costs on projects for which federal funds have been authorized but not yet appropriated for the current fiscal year. The Trunk Highway Fund's advances are later repaid during the year in which the funds are appropriated by Congress. The receivable for the advance is recognized in the year the project is encumbered. The appropriated amount of federal aid for a State fiscal year is then reduced by all advance construction conversions in that State fiscal year and increased by all new advance construction in that year.

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2005, transportation projects financed with bond proceeds were segregated into a capital projects fund. This fund accounts for bond proceeds and the construction expenditures paid with bond proceeds only. The State typically encumbers, and consequently reserves fund balance, for the full contract amount of transportation projects when awarded. However, bond revenues supporting these projects are not recorded until the bonds are sold. Because of the timing of bond revenues and related capital expenditures, there may be temporary deficits in unreserved fund balance. Bond funded capital projects are thus accounted for in a new capital projects fund.

#### Capital Needs of the Trunk Highway System

The State manages the capital maintenance and upgrading of the trunk highway system, in partnership with the Federal Highway Administration. It uses a planning process that includes a statewide transportation plan, updated every six years, and an annual Statewide Transportation Improvement Program ("STIP"), which details all highway construction and maintenance projects that are capital in nature. Projects included in the STIP range from major construction, involving building new highways or rebuilding highways that add additional traffic capacity, to less substantive improvements such as resurfacing existing highways.

The 2003 Legislature provided a \$400 million bond authorization for trunk highway improvements. The 2007 Legislature authorized \$20.02 million of trunk highway bonds for highway flood damaged projects. The 2008 Legislature passed a \$1.8 billion authorization for trunk highway bonds. The 2009 Legislature authorized \$40 million for construction of trunk highway interchanges and matching funds for federal projects and \$2.7 million for the reconstruction and repair of trunk highways and trunk highway bridges located in the area that suffered flood-related damages in 2008. See Appendix C for a list of projects to be included in the Series 2009E Bonds.

The table below depicts the commitments for highway construction and related purposes associated with the appropriations made by the 2009 Legislature for the Current Biennium. The last item in the table, "Program Delivery," is included to show the anticipated use of bond funds in the Current Biennium for that purpose. Program delivery expenditures will also be made from other portions of MnDOT's budget.

#### CURRENT BIENNIUM TRUNK HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM ANTICIPATED ENCUMBRANCES (\$ in Millions)

	Trunk Highway		
	Funds		
Improvement Category	and Federal Funds	Bond Funds	Total
Major Construction (1)	\$1,031.0	\$504.3	\$1,535.3
Safety	89.4		89.4
Traffic Management	23.7		23.7
Municipal Agreements	22.3		22.3
Right of Way	127.0		127.0
Miscellaneous Agreement	44.8		44.8
Capital Construction and Improvements	0.0	36.4	36.4
Program Delivery	0.0	50.4	50.4
Total (2)	\$1,338.3	\$591.1	\$1,929.4

(1) The Major Construction Category includes the following activities:

Reconstruction, Bridge Replacement, Bridge Repairs, Reconditioning, Resurfacing, and Road Repair.

(2) The total expenditures, excluding the amount provided by bond funds, consists of \$460.4 m illion of state high way revenues and \$877.9 million of federal funds.

#### CURRENT BIENNIUM TRUNK HIGHWAY AND TRUNK HIGHWAY BOND FUND CASH EXPENDITURES FORECAST (\$ in Millions)

_	Trunk Highway	Trunk Highway	
Category	Fund	Bond Fund	Total
Major Construction	1,224.7	387.8	1,612.5
Safety	84.2	3.5	87.7
Traffic Management	15.1	0.4	15.5
Agreements and Miscellaneous	199.4	-	199.4
Right of Way	59.3	-	59.3
Capital Construction and Improvements	-	18.0	18.0
Program Delivery		39.2	39.2
Total	1, 582. 7	448.9	2,031.6

#### **HISTORIC REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES**

The following table sets forth the Trunk Highway Fund revenues and expenditures for the Fiscal Years ending June 30, 2006 through June 30, 2008. For the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2006 through June 30, 2008, the revenues and expenditures shown include all revenues and expenditures for each Fiscal Year, including revenue received and expenditures made after June 30 of such Fiscal Year which are properly allocable to such Fiscal Year. For the twelve-month periods ending June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2009, such revenues and expenditures include only cash receipts and disbursements allocable to Fiscal Years 2008 and 2009. The schedules of revenues and expenditures are presented for comparison purposes only and are not intended to reflect any increases or decreases in fund balance. Beginning balances or deficits are not included. The actual expenditures set forth in the table on page B-44 are presented by object of expenditure.

#### STATE OF MINNESOTA TRUNK HIGHWAY FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EX PENDITURES (Tho usands of Dollars)

	Fiscal Ye	ar Ended June	30 (1)	July 1,2007 Through	July 1,2008 Through
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	June 30, 2008 (2)	June 30, 2009 (2)
Revenues:					
Taxes:(3)					
Motor Fuel	\$390,294	\$387,617	\$390,897	\$390,856	\$445,421
Motor Vehicle	301,974	301,068	295,375	\$292,336	\$302,550
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax	95,033	94,053	115,505	\$104,066	\$103,211
Less: Revenue Refunds	(37,022)	(38,531)	(37,657)	(\$37,646)	(\$38,034)
Net Taxes	\$750,279	\$744,207	\$764,120	\$749,611	\$813,147
Federal Grant Agreements	361,175	543,025	423,724	423,724	592,554
Drivers License(4)	833	1,523	1,565	1,565	1,825
Penalties & Fines	6,401	7,006	6,874	3,998	3,738
Investment Income	8,262	11,517	9,883	8,997	7,891
Local Government Contracts	86,461	16,874	39,822	39,822	27,883
Other Revenue	36,261	29,121	21,579	22,252	44,725
TH Revenue Refunds	(2,085)	<u>(70)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Revenues	\$1,247,587	<u>\$1,353,203</u>	<u>\$1,267,567</u>	<u>\$1,249,969</u>	<u>\$1,491,763</u>
Expenditure s:					
Personal Services	\$355,263	\$360,902	\$381,344	\$359,731	\$381,708
Purchased Services	112,354	106,094	89,162	77,723	88,546
Materials and Supplies	58,645	66,914	63,891	56,274	76,123
Capital Outlay:					
Equipment	18,687	30,777	15,076	9,853	31,061
Capital Outlay & Real Property(5)	605,856	798,672	647,776	342,666	305,922
Grants and Subsidies:					
Individuals	40	20	10	10	33
Counties	129	135	151	79	67
School Districts			50	45	
Private Organizations					
Other Grants	1,016	2,377	794	727	795
All Other	6,308	13,280	6,840	5,235	9,290
Total Expenditures	\$1,158,298	\$1,379,171	\$1,205,094	\$852,343	\$893,545
Transfers:					
Debt Service	36,347	53,752	52,170	52,170	59,542
Other Transfers	(17,912)	(15,639)	(34,231)	(12,778)	(5,335)
Net Transfers	\$18,435	\$38,113	\$17,939	\$39,392	\$54,207
Total Expenditures and					
Net Transfers Out	\$1,176,733	\$1,417,284	\$1,223,033	\$891,735	\$947,752

(1) For Fiscal Years 2006-2008, the schedule of revenues and expenditures includes all revenue and expenditures for the fiscal year, and encumbrances for the Fiscal Year, including accruals at June 30.

(2) For the period ended June 30, 2008, and June 30, 2009, only current year receipts and expenditures have been included.

(3) These amounts represent the Trunk Highway Fund portion of the Motor Fuel, Motor Vehicle Registration, and Motor Vehicle Sales Taxes to the Highway User Tax Distribution Fund.

(4) The 2005 Legislature transferred responsibility for revenues and corresponding collection expenses relating to driver's license from the Trunk Highway Fund to the Department of Public Safety Driver's Services Account in the Special Revenue Fund. This legislation required the amounts shown in Fiscal Years 2006 - 2008 to be transferred to the Trunk Highway Fund.

(5) Because construction contracts typically span into future fiscal years, and are encumbered in their entirety in the appropriate Fiscal Year, materially large amounts of encumbrances exist at the end of a Fiscal Year. For Fiscal Years 2006-2008, encumbrances have been included in Capital Outlay and Real Property totals.

## MINNESOTACARE<sup>®</sup> PROGRAM

The 1992 Legislature established the MinnesotaCare<sup>®</sup> program to provide subsidized health care insurance for long term uninsured Minnesotans.

The program is not part of the General Fund. A separate fund, called the Health Care Access Fund, was established as a special revenue fund to account for revenues and expenditures for the MinnesotaCare<sup>®</sup> program. Program revenues are derived primarily from a 2 percent gross revenue tax on hospitals, health care providers and wholesale drug distributors, and a 1 percent gross premium tax on nonprofit health service plans and HMOs. The 2008 Legislature created a loan from the Health Care Assess Fund to the General Fund in the amount of \$50 million. When the Commissioner of Health determines that accumulated savings to state-administered health care programs from enacted health care reform reach \$50 million, the Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget must transfer a like amount back from the General Fund to the Health Care Access Fund.

Based on current tax levels, projected activity in the Health Care Access Fund for the Previous Biennium and the Current Biennium are detailed below:

#### Previous Biennium MINNESOTACARE<sup>®</sup> Health Care Access Fund (\$ in Millions)

#### Resources

Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2007	\$167
Revenues	1,067
Total Resources	1,234
Expenditures	797
Projected Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2009	\$437
Transfer to Special/General Fund	157
Projected Unrestricted Balance at June 30, 2009	\$280

#### Current Biennium MINNESOTACARE<sup>®</sup> Health Care Access Fund (\$ in Millions)

Resources	
Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2009	\$280
Revenues	1,161
Total Resources	1,441
Expenditures	1,103
Projected Unreserved Balance at June 30, 2011	\$338
Transfer to General Fund	97
Projected Unrestricted Balance at June 30, 2011*	\$241

\*The MinnesotaCare impact of the Governor's line-item veto of the General Assistance Medical Care (GAMC) appropriation for FY 2011 in the Laws of 2009, Chapter 79, Article 13, and the unallotment plan ending GAMC coverage effective March 1, 2010 is not included here and will be incorporated with the next forecast in November 2009.

#### CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The Statutory General Fund is established in Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.671, subdivision 3a, and is defined as follows:

"\*\*\* all cash and investments from time to time received and held in the treasury, except proceeds of state bonds and amounts received and held in special or dedicated funds created by the constitution, or by or pursuant to federal laws or regulations, or by bond or trust instruments, pension contracts, or other agreements of the state or its agencies with private persons, entered into under state law."

The General Fund, special revenue funds, internal service funds, enterprise funds and capital projects funds make up the Statutory General Fund. Cash contained in the Statutory General Fund is available for State cash flow purposes.

Major special revenue funds included in the Statutory General Fund include the Petro Tank Release, the State Airports, the Game and Fish, the Workforce Development, the Tobacco Use Prevention, the Workers Compensation, the Environmental Waste and the Northeast Minnesota Economic Development funds.

Internal service funds, enterprise funds and capital project funds included in the Statutory General Fund include the MnSCU, the General Projects, the Risk Management, the Lottery Cash Flow and the State Operated Services Funds.

The Commissioner anticipates that the Statutory General Fund will have a positive cash balance throughout Fiscal Year 2010. Any deficit that may materialize would be managed by the Commissioner by the sale of short-term debt.

The Legislature established the Cash Flow Account at \$350 million for the Current Biennium.

The State has not done any short-term borrowing since January 1985 and has no short-term debt outstanding.

The following cash flow tables are based on the May 2009 end of session, including the Executive Actions taken in July, 2009.

						50	20 09 END OF	STATUTORY GENERAL FUND MONTHLY CASH FLOW ANALYSIS OF SESSION INCLUDING EXECUTIVE ACTIONS FiscalYearEndingJune 30, 2010 (Dollars in Thousands)	KY GEN AS H FI NCLU E nding s in Th	STATUTORY GENERAL FUND 2NTHLY CASH FLOW ANALYS SESSION INCLUDING EXECU scal YearEnding June 30, 20' (Dollars in Thousands)	D SIS UTIVE , 010	AC TION S							
		J ul -0 9	•	Aug -09	0)	Sep-09	O ct-0 9		N ov-0 9	D e c- 09		Ja n -1 0	ш	Feb-10	Ma r- 10		Ap r - 1 0	May-10	0
Beginning Cash Balance	\$	2,475,390	↔	1,828,040	\$ 1,36	,364,908	\$ 1,237,549	) \$ 1,244,560	60 \$	942,541	\$ 1,2.	1,212,665	\$ 1,785,281	,281 \$	1,210,705	\$ 726,02	29	900,301	
R ec e in ts:																			
Individual Income Tax	в	535,480	θ	440,412	\$ 74	7 49,444	\$ 556,706	\$ 479,992	92 \$	672,251	6 \$	911,185	\$ 52	52,125 \$	335,811	\$ 1,005,49	98 \$	549,491	
Sales and Use Taxes		167,155		364,154	35	358,082	382,449		33	329,545	4	412,691	330	330,171	291,812	335,34	49	315,057	
Corporate & Bank Excise		15,102		7,073	10	107,731	(3,648)	(52,630)	30)	70,766		7,891	9	(8,264)	186,364	20,962	62	19,477	
Statewide Property Tax		110		0		0	0		1,390	338,339		4,585		0	0		0	0	_
Motor Vehicle Taxes		19,928		19,161	-	19,915	17,958		84	15,571		14,360	12	12,991	17,879	18,514	14	18,224	
Tobacco Product Taxes		4,126		32,250	-	11,015	2 0,08 4	-	26	15,168		16,436	14	14,823	7,446	23,652	52	18,119	_
In s u ran ce Ta xe s		827		10,758	7	77,670	1,086		1,277	82,301		2,408	17	17,425	90,721	2,120	20	1,415	
Other Excise Taxes		126,953		101,605	9	66,268	128,923	8	16	140,318	1	55,207	36	95,963	62,377	140,681	81	88,218	
In vestment Earnings		10,402		1,273	-	10,380	2,820		4,832	5,395		5,468	(1)	5,614	5,194	4,463	63	4,283	
Tobacco Settlement		0		0		0	0		0	175,189		0		0	0		0	0	_
In ter-governmen tal Grants		8,960		9,163		8,688	5,762		7,871	7,418		7,385	Ű	6,476	6,189	4,886	86	5,093	
Other Sources		303,633		348,665	37	3 77 ,967	264,326	243,611	11	283,296	4	425,886	25 (	250,281	251,878	248,450		274,440	
Sub to ta IR eceipts	\$	1,192,676	φ	1,334,513	\$ 1,78	1,787,159	\$ 1,376,468	\$ 1,167,002	02 \$	2,135,559	\$ 1,9(	1,963,502	\$ 77	777,605 \$	1,255,670	\$ 1,804,577		\$ 1,293,818	
To tal R e s ou rc e s	ო ფ	3,668,066	⇔	3,162,553	\$ 3,15	3,152,067	\$ 2,614,017	\$ 2,411,562	62 \$	3,078,100	\$ 3,1	3,176,167	\$ 2,562,886	,886 \$	2,466,375	\$ 2,530,605		\$ 2,194,119	-
Expenditures:																			
State Pa yroll	ŝ	358,812	ŝ	211,164	\$ 24	2 43,988	\$ 240,489	9 \$ 241,802	02 \$	362,139	\$	245,577	\$ 233	233,393 \$	249,822	\$ 251,784	84 \$	272,226	
Agency Operations		213,062		162,808	13	1 39,803	144,320	125,714	14	137,408	-	125,632	117	117,482	148,551	128,48	88	139,997	
Aid to School Districts		102,148		762,616	59	5 93 ,6 36	338,588		62	334,441	5	551,337	52 6	529,985	658,309	661,697	97	537,076	
Aid to Cities		265,882		8,999	10	1 03,865	53,002	11,334	34	232,094	•	15,446	0,	9,504	4,145	6,38(	86	8,823	
Aid to Counties		231,603		40,120	5	53,093	94,537		67	197,405	Ū	61,312	32	32,744	60,125	28,80	60	32,123	
Aid to Higher Education Institutions		89,206		76,951	e	38,902	59,229		71	162,231	~	84,595	10	10,944	59,325	109,68	86	53,802	
Aid to Non-Gov't-Organizations		24,770		31,739	-	18,357	39,663		40	51,541	.,	30,291	27	27,630	18,182		86	21,044	
Aid to Special Districts		30,793		19,997	e	39,594	30,787	18,093	93	32,734		22,336	27	27,829	29,299	23,15(	56	16,232	
Payments to Individuals		512,810		476,903	67	679,499	364,637	e	59	344,590	2,	246,943	36 (	360,020	508,056	397,292	92	272,443	
Oth e r		10,940		6,348		3,781	4,207	25,255	55	10,853		7,416	(N	2,650	4,531	4,02(	2 0	5,646	
De bt S e rvic e		0		0						0				_				0	_
Total Expenditures	\$	1,840,026		\$ 1,797,646	\$ 1,91	1,914,518	\$ 1,369,457	* \$ 1,469,021		\$ 1,865,435	\$ 1,39	\$ 1,390,885	\$ 1,352,181		\$ 1,740,346	\$ 1,630,304		\$ 1,359,412	
Ending Cash Balance	\$	1,828,040	ŝ	1,364,908	\$ 1,23	1,237,549	\$ 1,244,560	) \$ 942,541		\$ 1,212,665	\$ 1,78	\$ 1,785,281 \$	\$ 1,210,705	,705\$	726,029	\$ 900,301	01 \$	834,708	1.1
Estim ated Lowest Daily Cash Balan ce	\$	1,484,677	θ	933,658	\$ 84	8 44 ,4 69	\$ 842,864	t \$ 620,249	49	523,628	б \$	910,147 \$		919,947 \$	471,462	\$ 153,989	\$ 08	39 9 , 9 93	

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					2009 E N D	MONTHI OF SES SI	MONTHLY CASH FLOW / F SES SION INCLUDING		ANALYSIS EXECUTIVE ACTIONS	SN					
						Fiscal Y (D	earEndin ollars in T	iscalYearEndingJune 30, 2011 (Dollars in Thousands)	011						
	J ul - 1 0	Au g -1 0	_	S ep -1 0	O ct- 1 0		N o v - 1 0	D e c-1 0	Jan-11	1 Feb-11	-	Mar -1 1		Apr -1 1	May-1 1
Beginning Cash Balance	\$ 2,023,139	\$ 1,404,690	ŝ	766,598	\$ 276,380	÷	73,307 \$	(197,391)	\$ 386,198	\$ 1,046,444	\$	609,333	ŝ	25 4 ,9 39	\$ 682,228
Receipts:															
Individual Income Tax	\$ 503,906	\$ 560,121	\$	752,699	\$ 543,52	5	530,195 \$	6666,879	\$ 1,027,891	\$ 214,65	\$ 8	474,785	\$	1,185,043	\$ 611,866
Sales and Use Taxes	162,038	379,657	.,	373,647	398,43	9	378,051	348,468	435,854	353,003	~	312,086		358,714	338,389
Corporate & Bank Excise	24,287	12,328	1		26,257	7	(22,669)	142,157	15,983		2)	236,275		32,710	27,647
Statewide PropertyTax	112	0		0		0	1,415	344,465	4,652		0	0		(0)	0)
Motor Vehicle Taxes	15,920	16,017		17,760	14,821		14,411	12,964	12,248	12,281	_	13,535		14,215	16,141
Tobacco Product Taxes	4,079	32,001		11,089	19,939		19,834	15,094	16,314	-	_	7,347		23,538	18,042
Insurance Taxes	863	5,155		75,699	2,167		1,720	81,409	428	9,513	~	104,022		2 ,1 18	1,417
Other Excise Taxes	126,722	105,455		66,498	139,633		79,951	136,846	161,164	96	_	62,813		135,526	96,669
In vestm e n t Ear nin gs	6,989	6,995		10,011	3,319	<b>б</b>	7,679	6,250	6,357	6,531	_	5,851		4 ,9 92	4,689
Tobacco Settlement	0	0		0		0	0	176,943	0	-	~	0		0	0
In ter-govern men tal Grants	8,355	606'6		8,912	5,782	2	8,110	7,469	7,457	6,640	_	6,295		4 ,7 86	5,298
Other Sources	279,944	371,497		379,928	258,457		267,182	258,731	430,854	253,883	~	257,331		252,747	282,349
Su b to tal R e ce ip ts	\$ 1,133,218	\$ 1,499,136	\$ 1,8	361,468	\$ 1,412,33	7 \$	1,285,879 \$	2,197,676	\$ 2,119,202	: \$ 966,173	\$ ~	1,480,341	\$	2,014,389	\$ 1,402,506
To tal R es ources	\$ 3,156,357	\$ 2,903,826	\$ 2,6	328,066	\$ 1,688,71	7 \$	1,359,187 \$	2,000,285	\$ 2,505,400	\$ 2,012,617	\$	2,089,674	\$	,269,328	\$ 2,084,734
Expenditures:															
State Payroll	\$ 319,202	\$ 228,328	\$	284,034	\$ 245,27	° \$	247,238 \$	318,580	\$ 253,926	\$ 242,93	5	298,494	в	256,795	\$ 278,109
Agency Operations	200,482	172,632		39,451	133,160		140,577	131,388	131,770	117,539	~	148,661		124,665	143,834
Aid to School Districts	104,226	1,084,474	1,0	1,013,471	590,809		77,895	352,079	574,041	54	~	672,440		654,168	500,169
Aid to Cities	268,884	9,741	-	05,289	53,336		11,958	170,028	15,701	6	10	4,221		2,664	12,810
Aid to Counties	-	47,212		59,706	104,887		30,168	53,573	71,637	e	~	67,508		25,609	41,337
Aid to Higher Education Institutions	70,497	60,920		31,466	46,587		52,233	131,346	73,515	9,139	~	47,449		87,105	43,540
Aid to Non-Gov't Organizations	23,417	33,407		18,446	38,677		22,997	52,032	30,837		~	18,262		18,633	21,596
Aid to Special Districts	28,010	20,039		36,231	28,368		17,992	29,662	20,828	25,686	6	26,748		14,956	23,167
Payments to Individuals	504,752	355,351		541,274	333,097	с	56,469	350,743	261,808	372,238	~	531,302		377,742	304,740
Other	40,758	125,124		22,319	41,218	-	40,435	24,656	24,893	15,161	_	19,649		24,763	18,315
D ebt S e rvic e	0	0		0		0 55	558,615	0	0		~	0		0	0
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,751,667	\$ 2,137,228	\$ 2,3	351,686	\$ 1,615,410	ω	1,556,578 \$	1,614,087	\$ 1,458,956	\$ 1,403,284	\$ \$	1,834,735	\$ 7	1,587,101	\$ 1,387,617
Ending Cash Balance	\$ 1,404,690	\$ 766,598	ŝ	276,380	\$ 73,307	ഗ	(197,391) \$	386,198	\$ 1,046,444	\$ 609,333	\$	254,939	Ś	68 2 , 2 28	\$ 697,117
Estim ated Lowest Daily Cash Balance	\$921,506	\$210,128	(\$1	84,265)	(\$348,882)		(\$ 6 04 ,9 1 9)	(\$665,940)	(\$146,879)	)\$66,744	-	(\$ 295,275)	50	(\$ 49 8 ,7 28 )	(\$40,050)

STATUTORY GENERAL FUND MONTHLY CASH FLOW ANALYSIS

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#### MINNESOTA DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Minnesota's defined benefit retirement plans are financed in several ways, including employee contributions, contributions from State agencies for their covered employees, contributions from local political subdivisions, and direct State appropriation. Estimates of direct General Fund appropriations to these plans for the Current Biennium and Previous Biennium are shown in the table on B-50. The table on B-51 provides information on the impact of 2006 legislation on the State Teachers' Retirement Fund. Additionally, the second table on B-52 presents summary data on the financial condition of the plans. Information provided in this table includes:

- a. current assets held in trust for participants;
- b. the accrued benefit liability;
- c. the accrued liability funding ratio;
- d. the number of plan members;
- e. identification of the funds for which the State has custodial responsibility; and
- f. identification of the funds for which the State may have a contingent liability.

Information concerning the specific benefit provisions of each plan is available upon request from the Commissioner.

Since July 1, 1997, annual cost-of-living increases tied to national CPI are guaranteed up to 2.5%. Any benefit increase beyond that level is based on a rolling five-year average market value gain to retiree assets. Under the 2008 legislation that dissolved the Post Retirement Investment Fund and consolidated those assets and liabilities with the associated active plans, as of July 1, 2009, benefit increases will be capped at 2.5%.

Each plan's financing requirement is determined by a specific formula established in State law. No assurance can be provided that the formulas will not change in the future. A brief description of the existing formulas follows:

1. *Minnesota State Retirement System ("MSRS"); State Teachers' Retirement Association ("TRA"); Public Employees' Retirement Association ("PERA"); and the Minneapolis, Duluth, and St. Paul Teachers' Retirement Associations.* For each of these funds, both the employee and employer make a contribution to the plan based on a percentage of the plan member's salary. The contribution percentage is specified in statute.

2. Local police and fire amortization aid. This aid program is specified in statute. As originally designed, it funded a State's share of amortizing unfunded liabilities of local police or fire relief associations that were being merged into a centralized fund (PERA). In more recent years, part of the money has been redirected to the Minneapolis, St Paul, and Duluth teacher retirement plans. The State's contribution will remain at the level of the Fiscal Year 1992 appropriation, or less, until St. Paul Teacher's Plan becomes fully funded.

3. *Minneapolis Employees' Retirement Fund ("MERF")*. This fund is closed to new members. The annual General Fund obligation is specified in statute as: (a) the total annual level dollar contribution needed to amortize the entry-age normal unfunded liability by 2020 as estimated in the most recent valuation, less (b) 2.5% of covered payroll, and less (c) \$3,900,000. The total cannot exceed \$9,000,000 per year. In July 2008 the MERF Board of Trustees voted to transfer the management of their assets to the Minnesota State Board of Investment.

4. *Legislators' Retirement Plan.* General Fund appropriations are transferred to this account on a current disbursement basis as retirement benefits are paid.

5. *Judges' Retirement Plan.* This plan is funded through employer/employee contributions as a fixed percentage of salary, as defined in statute.

6. *Constitutional Officers' Plan.* General Fund appropriations are transferred to this account on a current disbursements basis as retirement benefits are paid.

#### Minnesota Retirement Plans Estimated General Fund Appropriation May 2009 End of Session Estimates (\$ in thousands)

	Previous Biennium	Current Biennium	Next Biennium
State Employees			
Constitutional Officers' Retirement	\$792	\$925	\$972
Legislators' Retirement Plan <sup>(1)</sup>	4,449	3,826	4,020
City & County Employees			
Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund <sup>(2)</sup>	18,000	18,000	18,000
Basic Local Police & Fire Association <sup>(3)</sup>	166,724	178,304	191,144
Local Police or Fire Associations Amortization	7,433	2,747	2,080
Public Employees Retirement Association Aid	29,054	28,862	28,862
Volunteer Firefighter Relief	1,142	1,142	1,142
Local School Districts			
Teachers' Retirement Association (for Mpls) <sup>(4)</sup>	31,255	30,908	30,908
St. Paul Teachers' Retirement Association <sup>(5)</sup>	5,794	5,654	5,654
Duluth Teachers Retirement Association <sup>(5)</sup>	346	692	692
Redistributed P&F Amortization Aid	4,555	5,707	6,866
TOTAL	\$269,544	\$277,277	\$290,430

<sup>(1)</sup> The payment of pension obligations for pre-1997 legislators was converted from a pre-funded post-retirement system to an annual pay-as-you-go system. All annual pension obligations for members in that plan are paid in full on an annual basis with no changes implemented in member contribution rates or benefit levels.

<sup>(2)</sup> Effective July 1, 1998, the State contribution is provided on a formula basis and is capped at no more than \$9 million per fiscal year. Any requirements beyond the capped aid are the exclusive obligation of the employer units.

<sup>(3)</sup> Basic local police and fire pension aid is an open General Fund appropriation based on the dedicated proceeds equivalent to a 2% insurance premium tax on fire insurance.

<sup>(4)</sup> The Minneapolis Teacher's Retirement Fund Association merged with the State Teachers' Retirement Association ("TRA") on July 1, 2006. Appropriations to aid the Minneapolis Teacher's Retirement Fund for FY07 and later years will be redirected to the State TRA.

<sup>(5)</sup> These plans are separate from the State Teachers' Retirement Association, and the State has no direct custodial relationship. Benefits, investment practices and contributions are, however, controlled by statute.

## Condition of State Teachers' Retirement Association Before and After Consolidation with Minneapolis Teachers' Retirement Fund Association (\$ in Millions)

	Current Assets	Accrued Benefit Liability	Funding Ratio
Minneapolis Teachers' Retirement Fund Association. Pre- Consolidation: Actual, 7/1/2005 Teachers' Retirement Association Pre-Consolidation: Actual,	\$783	\$1,756	44.6%
7/1/2005	\$17,753	\$18,021	98.5%
Teachers' Retirement Association Post-Consolidation: Actual, 7/1/2006 Teachers' Retirement Association Post-Consolidation: Actual,	\$19,036	\$20,679	92.0%
7/1/2007 Teachers' Retirement Association Post-Consolidation: Actual,	\$18,794	\$21,470	87.54%
7/1/2008 (most recent year available)	\$18,227	\$22,231	81.99%

#### Condition of Defined Benefit Pension Plans to Which Minnesota Provides General Fund Resources, June 30, 2008 (\$ in Millions)<sup>1</sup>

	Current Assets	Accrued Benefit Liability	Funding Ratio	Active Members	Other Members
<ol> <li>Funds For Which the State Has Custodial Responsibility</li> </ol>					
Minnesota State Retirement System:					
— General Employee Fund <sup>(3)</sup>	\$9,013	\$9,995	90.18%	48,816	48,257
<ul> <li>Correctional Employee Fund<sup>(3)</sup></li> </ul>	573	760	75.34%	4,520	3,036
<ul> <li>State Patrol Employee Fund<sup>(3)</sup></li> </ul>	595	694	85.79%	840	938
— Judges Retirement Fund <sup>(3)</sup>	148	232	63.70%	308	306
<ul> <li>Legislators Retirement Fund<sup>(2,3)</sup></li> </ul>	39	86	45.52%	52	454
<ul> <li>Constitutional Officers Fund<sup>(2,3)</sup></li> </ul>	.2	4	5.43%	0	16
Public Employees Retirement Association:					
— Public Employees Fund <sup>(3)</sup>	13,049	17,730	73.60%	143,562	222,429
— PERA Police & Fire Fund <sup>(3)</sup>	5,233	5,918	91.42%	10,961	8,413
<ul> <li>Local Correctional Service Fund<sup>(3)</sup></li> </ul>	193	193	100.19%	3,710	1,835
Teachers Retirement Association <sup>(3)</sup>	18,227	22,231	81.99%	76,515	81,264
<ol><li>Other Funds to Which the State Contributes</li></ol>					
Mpls Employees Retirement Fund <sup>(3)</sup>	1,214	1,577	76.42%	211	4,780
Local Police & Fire Associations	766	839	91.38%	178	1,666
St. Paul Teachers' Retirement Fund	1,076	1,432	75.13%	4,121	5,949
Duluth Teachers' Retirement Fund	298	363	82.10%	1,140	2,229

<sup>(1)</sup> The information provided in this table reflects the condition of all funds as of June 30, 2008.

<sup>(2)</sup> The pre-1997 Legislators and Constitutional Officers defined benefit retirement plans are now financed on a pay-as-you-go basis from annual appropriations — there are no separate assets reserved for these plans. Legislators and Constitutional Officers first elected after July 1, 1997 are members of the State's defined contribution plan.

<sup>(3)</sup> Effective July 1, 2007 valuation, the Asset Valuation Method was changed such that assets allocated to the Minnesota Post Retirement Investment Fund must equal the Market Value of Assets on the valuation date.

#### 2009 Pension Legislation

- The 2009 pension legislation was largely technical and administrative clean up. No new state financial obligations were created, and no changes were made to existing employee or employer contribution rates.
- Two cities currently ineligible for police and fire amortization aids were made eligible for aid. But that change was made within the current funding constraints, so no additional state dollars will be required.
- Minnesota State Colleges and Universities was given authority to develop and implement an early retirement incentive program, however the language is totally permissive and no state funding was provided to implement.
- The legislation contained some administrative changes in the existing volunteer fire relief association statute, including the creation of a new voluntary statewide plan option for volunteer fire fighters. PERA will administer and SBI will provide investment services. Costs are paid through an administrative fee accessed to the groups that participate. Existing fire state aid for entities that choose to become part of the new program will go directly from the department of revenue to PERA. There are no additional costs to the State, but cities may pay higher municipal contributions if fire state aid doesn't cover the benefit cost. However, the current individual plans will receive information up front to help them decide if they want to join the statewide plan.

#### 2008 Pension Legislation

• Postretirement Fund Provisions

1. Matches the annual postretirement adjustment for benefit recipients covered by the postretirement fund to the consumer price index, up to 2.5 percent. It also states that excess investment earnings can be used to pay an additional amount, if the increase in the consumer price index is more than 2.5 percent, but the five percent benefit cap in any year is maintained in law.

2. Outlines the postretirement investment fund dissolution if the funded ratio is less than 80 percent in any year, or less than 85 percent for two consecutive years. If the post fund dissolves, the assets will be transferred back to the corresponding retirement plan based on each fund's participation in the postretirement fund. It also provides that if the postretirement fund is dissolved, there will be a flat 2.5 percent postretirement increase each year, regardless of inflation and investment returns.

3. Dissolution of the Post Fund took effect on June 30, 2009 due to the July 1, 2008 funding ratio of 79.7%. The Post Fund deficit is already reflected in the 2008 valuation results.

#### Postemployment benefits other than pensions

Postemployment benefits other than pensions are available to certain employees of the State, under terms of their employment contract, upon retirement at age 55. The employees involved are primarily conservation officers, correctional counselors at state correctional facilities, and highway patrol officers. If these employees elect retirement at age 55, the State pays the employer's share of health insurance benefits until the employees reach age 65. As of July 1, 2006, the most recent actuarial valuation, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was \$659 million, and is being amortized over a 30-year amortization period. The estimated annual required contribution for the period ended June 30, 2008 is \$66 million.

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# **APPENDIX C**

# State Debt

## **Table of Contents**

State General Obligation Long-Term Debt (Unaudited)	C-1
Obligations of State Agencies	C-6
Contingent Liabilities	C-10

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# STATE DEBT

#### STATE GENERAL OBLIGATION LONG-TERM DEBT (Unaudited)

#### General Obligation Bonds Outstanding as of the date of issuance of the Bonds

The following schedule sets forth by type, all general obligation debt of the State expected to be outstanding as of the date of issuance of the Bonds.

#### GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS OUTSTANDING AS OF THE DATE OF ISSUANCE OF THE BONDS (\$ in Thousands)

Category	Туре	Principal Amount	
1	Building	\$201,595	
	Transportation	193,233	
	Pollution Control	15,000	
	Waste Management	1,005	
	Refunding Bonds	728,450	
	Landfill	225	
	Infrastructure Development Bonds	203,441	
	Various Purpose	2,377,711	
	Total Category 1		\$3,720,660
2	School Loan	\$57,605	
	School Loan Refunding	9,815	
	Municipal Energy Building	105	
	Rural Farm Authority	56,600	
	Total Category 2	· ·	\$124,125
3	Trunk Highway	\$572,235	. ,
	Total Category 3	. ,	\$572,235
	Total Outstanding August 2, 2009 —		
	Total Outstanding August 2, 2009 — Previous Issues <sup>(A)</sup>		\$4,417,020
1, 2	Plus Series 2009D Bonds		192,275
3	Plus Series 2009E Bonds		80,000
1	Plus Series 2009F Bonds		297,750
3	Plus Series 2009G Bonds		28,360
1,2	Less Various Purpose Refunded Bonds		(289,725)
3	Less Trunk Highway Refunded Bonds		(27,500)
	Total Outstanding as of the Date of the Bonds —		, <i></i> /
	Including These Issues		\$4,698,180

<sup>(A)</sup> Excludes all bonds previously refunded.

The full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the State are pledged for the payment of all of the above bonds.

The outstanding bonds comprising the Category 1 are payable primarily from money appropriated to the Debt Service Fund from the General Fund, which is supported by income tax, sales tax, and other receipts. The bonds comprising Category 2 are payable to a substantial degree from money appropriated to the Debt Service Fund from special accounts in the General Fund to which the receipts from special revenue sources, such as school district capital and debt service loan repayments, State college charges, fees and rentals, have been pledged. The Category 3, Trunk Highway Bonds, are payable primarily from

the Trunk Highway Fund, which receives 58.9 percent of the net proceeds of the State fuel, motor vehicle registration taxes, and a portion of the motor vehicle sales tax, pursuant to the State Constitution and related statutory distributions. The Category 4, State Sports and Health Club Tax Bonds, are payable primarily from money appropriated to the Debt Service Fund from the sales tax imposed on membership dues, initiation fees and facilities fees of private sports and health clubs.

#### GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AUTHORIZED, ISSUED AND UNISSUED

#### August 1, 2009

(\$ in Thous ands)

		<u>Total</u> Authorization			
Purpos e of Is sue	Law Authorizing	(1)(2)	Previous ly Iss ue d	The Bonds	Remaining <u>Authorization</u>
Building	1990, Ch. 610	\$270,129.1	\$270,126.0	<u>111e Donus</u> \$0.0	<u>Autor 12atron</u> \$3.1
0	1990,Ch.643	523,874.5		\$0.0 0.0	ې.د \$25.5
Building	,	,	523,849.0		+
Building	X1997, Ch. 2	37,432.0	37,335.0	0.0	\$97.0
Building	1999, Ch. 240	439,437.0	438,865.0	0.0	\$572.0
Various Purpose	2000, Ch. 492	527,684.6	517,330.0	500.0	\$9,854.6
Various Purpose	X2001, Ch. 12	116,758.7	115,425.0	0.0	\$1,333.7
Various Purpose	2002, Ch. 374	74,411.7	73,560.0	457.0	\$394.7
Various Purpose	2002, Ch. 393	600,114.6	598,105.0	250.0	\$1,759.6
Various Purpose	X2002, Ch. 1	15,273.0	15,220.0	0.0	\$53.0
Trunk Highway	X2003, Ch. 19, Art.3	400,191.4	399,750.0	240.0	\$201.4
Trunk Highway	X2003, Ch. 19, Art.4	106,026.5	105,700.0	0.0	\$326.5
Various Purpose	X2003, Ch. 20	219,010.0	219,010.0	0.0	\$0.0
Various Purpose	2005, Ch. 20	942,980.0	873,079.0	16,000.0	\$53,901.0
Various Purpose	2006, Ch. 258	1,002,863.0	796,975.0	82,000.0	\$123,888.0
Rural Finance Authority	2007, Ch. 16	30,000.0	26,500.0	3,500.0	\$0.0
Various Purpose	X2007, Ch. 2	56,255.0	32,000.0	0.0	\$24,255.0
Trunk Highway	X2007, Ch. 2	20,020.0	16,500.0	1,585.0	\$1,935.0
Trunk Highway	2008, Ch. 152	1,801,800.0	86,500.0	75,475.0	\$1,639,825.0
Transportation	2008, Ch. 152	60,060.0	27,500.0	4,000.0	\$28,560.0
Various Purpose	2008, Ch. 179	801,022.0	237,000.0	50,068.0	\$513,954.0
Various Purpose	2008, Ch. 365	105,500.0	17,900.0	20,500.0	\$67,100.0
Trunk Highway	2009, Ch. 36	40,000.0	0.0	0.0	\$40,000.0
Various Purpose	2009, Ch. 93	347,920.0	0.0	15,000.0	\$332,920.0
Trunk Highway	2009, Ch. 93	2,705.0	0.0	2,700.0	\$5.0
Totals		\$8,541,468.2	\$5,428,229.0	\$272,275.0	\$2,840,964.2

X indicates Special Session Laws.

<sup>(1)</sup> Amount as shown reflects any amendments by subsequent session laws.

<sup>(2)</sup> Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.642, requires the Commissioner to prepare and present to appropriate legislative committees on or before January 1 of each odd-numbered year, a report on the status of certain bond authorizations which are more than four years old which have been implemented to a certain degree, and of other bond authorizations or bond proceeds balances that may be cancelled due to completion or cancellation of the projects to be financed. Bond authorizations and bond proceeds balances reported on by the Commissioner are cancelled effective the following July 1, unless specifically reauthorized by an act of the Legislature.

Pursuant to state law, in the Order authorizing the issuance of the Bonds the Commissioner has reserved the right, for a period of eighteen months after the Bonds have been issued, to amend the Order to determine that a portion of the Bonds were issued, or shall be deemed to have been

issued, pursuant to a law other than the one specified in the Order and for a different purpose, and reallocate and transfer their proceeds to the appropriate account in the bond proceeds fund for expenditure pursuant to the law designated in the amendment.

#### **Debt Management Policy**

The Department of Minnesota Management and Budget follows a debt management policy. This policy is not required or mandated by law. Included in this policy is a guideline providing for the issuance of general obligation bonds in amounts such that appropriations to the Debt Service Fund from the General Fund should not exceed 3.0% of the General Fund non-dedicated revenues for a biennium; and a second guideline providing that the principal amount of general obligation bond debt should not exceed 2.5% of the personal income of State residents. A third guideline is that the total amount of all State general obligation bonds, moral obligation debt, State bond guarantees, equipment capital leases, and real estate leases outstanding at the end of any fiscal year should not exceed 5.0% of State personal income for that fiscal year. The purpose of the third guideline is to acknowledge all future commitments of the State, and to establish an upper limit on the total amount of the commitments.

End of 2009 legislative session revenue estimates indicate that the debt service guideline of 3.0% of the General Fund non-dedicated revenues will be exceeded in the Current Biennium, Next Biennium and the 2014-15 biennium. MMB has prepared draft revisions that modernize prior guidelines by:

- Broadening the definition of "debt"
- Emphasizing and increasing the debt to state personal income ratio guideline from 2.5% to 3.5%
- Creating a series of tiered debt service to revenue ratios
- The current plan is to roll out these new guidelines in conjunction with 2010 capital budget process which is just underway

These guidelines will be reviewed with the executive and legislative branches prior to the final implementation.

The percentages of the appropriation for debt service from the net non-dedicated General Fund and the ratios of debt to personal income are as follows:

	Percentage of General Fund Revenues for	Debt/Personal	Future Commitments/
Biennium Ending	Debt Service	Income	Personal Income
June 30, 1999	2.64%	1.8%	3.60%
June 30, 2001	2.43%	1.6%	3.03%
June 30, 2003	2.32%	1.7%	3.03%
June 30, 2005	2.06%	1.8%	2.97%
June 30, 2007	2.34%	1.9%	3.03%
June 30, 2009 (est.)	2.69%	2.1%	NA
June 30, 2011 (est.)	3.51%	2.5%	NA

Of the State's general obligation bonds outstanding on June 30, 2009, 40.0 percent were scheduled to mature within five years, and 70.0 percent were scheduled to mature within ten years.

#### Net Amount Transferred to Debt Service Fund for General Obligation Bonds Debt Service (\$ in Thousands)

In Fiscal Year	General Fund	Trunk Highway Fund	All Other Funds*	Transfer Total
1999	\$286,495	\$5,149	\$15,296	\$306,940
2000	255,037	3,744	12,500	271,281
2001	304,994	6,352	11,963	323,309
2002	285,553	7,449	11,989	304,991
2003	295,441	8,823	35,135	339,399
2004	265,706	16,289	57,676	339,671
2005	323,453	27,207	43,561	393,921
2006	352,337	36,347	40,566	429,250
2007	399,651	53,752	42,696	496,099
2008	409,276	52,170	41,524	502,970
2009	452,762	59,542	47,375	559,679

\*The major portion of the All Other Funds category is made up of the one-third debt service funding requirement paid by the higher education systems of the University of Minnesota and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities.

The Net Transfer amount does not include investment earnings in the Debt Service Fund and the Bond Proceeds Fund which are also appropriated to pay debt service on State general obligation bonds.

The following table shows all debt service payments for outstanding general obligation bonds as of July 31, 2009, not including the Bonds.

## Debt Service Payments on General Obligation Bonds Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2009 (\$ in Thousands)

Fiscal		General Fun	d	Trunk	Highway	Fund
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	T ota I
2010	\$367,645	\$196,696	\$564,341	\$38,665	\$28,301	\$66,966
2011	342,960	173,858	516,818	38,665	25,589	64,254
2012	318,985	157,617	476,602	38,665	23,765	62,430
2013	327,140	141,869	469,009	37,020	21,950	58,970
2014	298,690	126,020	424,710	36,400	20,185	56,585
2015	271,935	111,746	383,681	36,230	18,415	54,645
2016	260,140	98,350	358,490	36,230	16,649	52,879
2017	237,470	85,788	323,258	35,855	14,868	50,723
2018	227,105	74,134	301,239	35,400	13,138	48,538
2019	203,075	63,276	266,351	35,070	11,429	46,499
2020	193,320	53,317	246,637	34,525	9,760	44,285
2021	177,455	44,015	221,470	34,525	8,092	42,617
2022	165,280	35,414	200,694	33,025	6,446	39,471
2023	142,525	27,685	170,210	30,200	4,903	35,103
2024	129,350	20,872	150,222	29,550	3,447	32,997
2025	115,755	14,823	130,578	22,425	2,179	24,604
2026	96,160	9,670	105,830	16,420	1,247	17,667
2027	70,835	5,360	76,195	8,435	602	9,037
2028	56,760	2,314	59,074	5,240	294	5,534
2029	15,540	349	15,889	3,185	70	3,255
	\$4,018,125	\$1,443,173	\$5,461,298	\$585,730	\$231,329	\$817,059

For additional information on General Obligation bonds and other long term liabilities of the State, refer to the financial statement in Appendix F.

- Footnote 10 Long-Term Commitments (see pages F-73 through F-74)
- Footnote 11 Operating Lease Agreements (see page F-75)
- Footnote 12 Long-term Liabilities (see pages F-76 through F-84).

*Market Value of Taxable Property:* The market value, as defined by statute, of taxable real and personal property in the State, based upon the January 2009 valuation, was estimated by the Commissioner of Revenue to be \$585,512,000,000. This value is based upon certified abstracts of assessment submitted by local assessors and on file with the Commissioner of Revenue. The values shown on the assessors' abstracts are required by law to be based upon the assessors' judgment of the probable price at which the property could be sold in an open market transaction between a willing buyer and seller, both knowledgeable of the current market, neither being compelled to buy or sell.

#### MARKET VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (\$ in Thousands)

Year of Assessment	Real Property	Personal Property	Total Market Value	Percentage Increase from Prior Year
1999	237,387,125	3,931,269	241,318,394	8.37
2000	260,679,384	4,003,571	264,682,955	9.68
2001	288,122,488	4,114,925	292,237,413	10.41
2002	320,941,481	4,263,859	325,205,340	11.28
2003	359,163,493	4,524,447	363,687,940	11.83
2004	407,146,983	4,713,782	411,860,765	13.25
2005	459,506,046	4,807,666	464,313,712	12.74
2006	513,771,733	4,965,234	518,736,967	11.72
2007	556,559,833	5,051,289	561,611,123	8.27
2008	576,128,000	5,259,000	581,387,000	3.52
2009	580,480,000	5,032,000	585,512,000	.71

#### **OBLIGATIONS OF STATE AGENCIES**

The University of Minnesota, established as a separate entity by the Minnesota Constitution, and various State agencies or instrumentalities established by the Legislature, are authorized by law to issue various forms of obligations. These obligations may be supported by the full faith and credit of the University or the other issuer, or by various revenue pledges, or both. However, such obligations are not debts of the State and the State is not required to provide moneys for their payment. A description of the various issuers of such obligations and the obligations issued by them outstanding as of August 1, 2009, is set forth below.

*Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA).* The MHFA was established in 1971, and is governed by Chapter 462A of the Minnesota Statutes. Its enabling legislation authorizes the MHFA to issue bonds and notes for any of its authorized purposes but the aggregate principal amount outstanding at any instant of time (excluding the principal amount of any bonds or notes that have been refunded) is limited to \$5.0 billion. The proceeds of MHFA bonds and notes may be used to fund an assortment of programs designed to provide housing for low and moderate income residents of the State of Minnesota, which includes the making and purchase of loans for the acquisition, construction and rehabilitation of single and multi-family housing.

The MHFA's notes and bonds may be general or limited obligations of the MHFA but are not a debt or liability of the State. Under Chapter 462A, the MHFA must annually determine and certify to the Governor, and the Governor must include in the State budget submitted to the Legislature, the amount, if any, needed to restore the debt service reserve fund for each issue of bonds so secured to its debt service reserve requirement and any anticipated deficiency in the debt service reserve fund in the following fiscal year. In the opinion of bond counsel and general counsel to the MHFA, the Legislature is legally authorized, *but is not legally obligated*, to appropriate the amount included in the Governor's proposed budget for the debt service reserve funds.. The MHFA has never needed to certify a deficiency to the Governor.

The following table lists the principal amounts of indebtedness, that are general obligations of the MHFA, which were outstanding as of August 1, 2009 and which are secured by a debt service reserve fund as described in the immediately preceding paragraph:

#### Minnesota Housing Finance Agency General Obligation Bonds Outstanding as of August 1, 2009

				Outstanding
			Original	Principal
		Final	Principal	Amount
	Number	Final	Amount	1/01/2009
	of Series	Maturity	(in thousands)	(in thousands)
Rental Housing	23	2047	\$473,770	\$157,785
Residential Housing Finance	61	2048	2,033,370	1,680,995
Single Family Mortgage	54	2035	1,074,960	193,990
	138		\$3,582,100	\$2,032,770

The MHFA has also issued and there were outstanding as of August 1, 2009: three series of its limited obligation notes outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$363,985,000, and one series of its conduit multifamily revenue bonds outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$31,664,000

These bonds and notes are limited obligations of the MHFA and subject to the MHFA's \$5 billion debt limit, but are not secured by a debt service reserve fund subject to replenishment from Legislative appropriation as described above.

*University of Minnesota.* The University of Minnesota was established by Territorial Laws 1851, Chapter 3, adopted by the legislative assembly of the Territory of Minnesota. Pursuant to authorization by Congress on February 26, 1857, the voters of the State approved and adopted a State constitution on October 13, 1857. The State was admitted to the union by act of Congress passed on May 11, 1858.

The State Constitution confirmed and fixed the existence of the University as a separate institution of the State, having all rights, immunities, franchises and endowments previously granted or confirmed, and all lands and donations thereafter given to it. The University is governed by a board of twelve regents who are elected by the Legislature, and is dependent upon appropriations by the Legislature to pay much of its instructional costs. The regents are a body corporate with the right to sue and be sued and to make contracts.

Pursuant to this authority the Board of Regents has sold and issued bonds to finance the construction of buildings and structures needed for the University. The amount of such bonds outstanding as of August 1, 2009 will be \$858,349,727. The bonds are payable solely from and secured by revenues to be derived from specified facilities and the general funds of the University, and by the full faith and credit of the University.

*Minnesota Office of Higher Education (MOHE).* The MOHE was established and is organized and existing under Minnesota Statutes, Sections 136A.01 to 136A.236 and 136A.61 to 136A.88. The 2005 Legislature named MOHE as successor for all of the bonds of the Minnesota Higher Education Services Office and the Minnesota Higher Education Coordinating Board. The law authorizes the MOHE to issue revenue bonds and notes to finance guaranteed loans for students attending eligible post-secondary educational institutions. The amount of such bonds outstanding at any one time, not including refunded bonds or otherwise defeased or discharged bonds, may not exceed \$850,000,000. The loans are made in accordance with MOHE's Guaranteed Student Loan Program instituted pursuant to Part B of Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended. As of August 1, 2009, MOHE will have \$627,000,000 of bonds outstanding payable from the Student Educational Loan Fund II and III. These obligations are payable solely from loan repayments, loan insurance, loan and investment earnings, other money of the MOHE, and, if necessary, from proceeds of additional MOHE obligations.

Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU). The MnSCU was established and is governed by Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 136F, which authorizes the MnSCU to establish its Revenue Fund and to issue its revenue bonds as secured by the Revenue Fund to finance the construction and improvement of dormitory, residence hall, student union, food service and other revenue producing buildings and related facilities used for the primary benefit of students of the state universities within the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities System. As of August 1, 2009, the MnSCU will have \$170,060,000 tax exempt bonds and \$21,320,000 taxable bonds outstanding that are payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of revenues to be derived from the operation of the buildings financed from the Revenue Fund and from fees imposed upon students for student activities, student facilities or other sources all of which are received in the Revenue Fund. In addition to bonds, the Revenue Fund issues guaranties of debt (other than revenue bonds) incurred to finance Revenue Fund facilities. Two guarantees have been issued to date, one for \$3,482,113 and the other for \$13,520,000. The guarantees are on a parity to right of payment with the revenue bonds.

*Minnesota Higher Education Facilities Authority (MHEFA).* The MHEFA was established by Minnesota Statutes, Section 136A.25 to 136A.42, passed in 1971. The law authorized the MHEFA to issue revenue bonds to finance the acquisition, construction, improvement and remodeling of college buildings and structures to be used solely for or to facilitate nonsectarian educational purposes, and to refinance facilities of this type. The amount of such bonds outstanding at any time may not exceed \$950,000,000. As of August 1, 2009, the MHEFA will have \$827,084,406 principal amount of bonds outstanding. Each issue is payable solely from and secured by a first lien on the revenues of the project financed, reserve funds and a guarantee of the institution for which the project is financed.

*Minnesota State Armory Building Commission (MSABC).* The MSABC was established and is governed by Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 193, which authorizes the MSABC to issue its bonds to finance the acquisition, construction, and equipment of National Guard armory buildings. The total principal amount of such bonds outstanding at anytime may not exceed \$15,000,000. As of August 1, 2009, the MSABC will have \$3,620,600 principal amount of bonds outstanding. The MSABC is required to lease each armory to the State for use by National Guard Forces, upon lease rentals specified by statute. The bonds are payable from ad valorem taxes levied by the county or municipality where the armory is located, State appropriations to pay lease rentals, and rentals or use charges derived from persons or groups other than the State using the armory where such use will not interfere with the State's use.

*Minnesota Rural Finance Authority (RFA).* In 1986 the Legislature created the Minnesota Rural Finance Authority and authorized it to issue revenue bonds to finance RFA programs, and to establish a program of restructuring farm real estate loans. The 1987 Legislature broadened the RFA's authority by establishing a beginning farmer loan program. The 1988 Legislature further broadened the RFA's authority to include a seller sponsored loan program of purchasing participations in seller sponsored loans to beginning and re-entry farmers. The 1992 Legislature

authorized the RFA to establish an expanded agricultural loan program. The 1994 Legislature authorized the RFA to establish a livestock expansion loan program. As of August 1, 2009, the RFA has no revenue bonds outstanding for these programs.

The Commissioner is authorized to issue up to \$171.1 million in State general obligation bonds to finance certain programs of the RFA and has issued \$167.6 million of these bonds, including bonds of this issue, for this purpose.

The 1991 Legislature also authorized the RFA to establish an aggie bond beginning farmer program and an agricultural business enterprise loan program, and authorized the RFA to issue revenue bonds for these programs. As of August 1, 2009, the RFA had issued \$34,910,000 of revenue bonds for these programs.

*Minnesota Public Facilities Authority (MPFA).* The MPFA was established in 1987 and amended in 1994 by Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 446A which authorized it to make loans to local government units for wastewater treatment projects. In 1994, Chapter 446A was amended to authorize the MPFA to also make loans for drinking water projects, and amended again in 1997 to authorize the MPFA to also make loans for transportation projects. As of August 1, 2009, the MPFA will have outstanding bonds of: Water Pollution Control Revenue Bonds, \$803,845,000, Drinking Water Revenue Bonds, \$141,025,000, and Transportation Revenue Bonds, \$26,985,000, for a total outstanding amount of \$971,845,000. The MPFA's bonds are not a debt or liability of the State. The principal amount of MPFA bonds issued and outstanding at anytime may not exceed \$1,500,000,000, excluding bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, Section 446.087.

Chapter 446A was amended in 2008 to create the Credit Enhanced Bond Program (446A.087). Minnesota counties and cities that have received grant funding from certain state programs may apply to MPFA for a limited state guarantee of bond payments on general obligation bonds issued to MPFA. If a county or city issuer is unable to make a debt service payment on bonds enrolled in the program, the state will make the payment, provided that funds are available in the State General Fund. If the State pays part or all of a bond payment, the issuer's full faith and credit pledge on the bonds automatically becomes a full faith and credit pledge to repay the State, with interest. The amount of debt outstanding under section 446A.087 must not exceed \$500,000,000.

*Minnesota Agricultural and Economic Development Board (MAEDB).* The MAEDB was established by Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 41A, to provide for agricultural and economic development in the State, and is authorized to issue revenue bonds for these purposes. The revenue bonds issued by the MAEDB are not general obligations of the State. As of August 1, 2009, MAEDB will have outstanding \$8,810,000 of pooled revenue bonds which are paid for from revenues received from all of the borrowers under all of the pooled bonds and are additionally secured by a pledge of funds maintained in a reserve account created by the MAEDB for such pooled bonds. In addition, the MAEDB will have outstanding \$435,776,937 of revenue bonds that were issued for the benefit of various entities and which are paid for solely from revenues received from the borrower under each specific bond issue.

Office of the Commissioner of the Iron Range Resources & Rehabilitation Authority (IRRRA). The IRRRA was established by Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 298, to perform certain functions for the Northeastern portion of the State, including the promotion of economic development. The IRRRA is authorized to issue revenue bonds to accomplish the promotion of economic development. As of August 3, 2009 the IRRRA will have \$11,310,000 of bonds outstanding to finance the Giant's Ridge Recreation Area.

*Minnesota Department of Management and Budget.* The 1999 Minnesota Legislature authorized, in Minnesota Statutes, Section 356.89, the issuance of up to \$38 million of state revenue bonds to finance the acquisition, design, construction and equipping of a building and related facilities to be jointly occupied by the Minnesota State Retirement System, the Teachers Retirement Association and the Public Employees Retirement Association. The Commissioner sold \$29,000,000 of the

revenue bonds in June 2000. As of August 1, 2009, there will be \$24,900,000 of Minnesota State Retirement System bonds outstanding.

The 2005 Minnesota Legislature authorized, in Minnesota Statutes, Section 403.275, the issuance of up to \$62.5 million of state revenue bonds. These revenue bonds are to finance Phase 3 of a statewide radio system that enables emergency response organizations to utilize a single, integrated, and highly structured digital radio system. The 2007 Legislature authorized an additional \$186 million of revenue bonds to complete the statewide radio system. The debt service on the revenue bonds is paid solely from the revenues derived from a fee assessed to each customer of a wireless or wire-line service provider connected to the public switched telephone network that furnishes service capable of originating a 911 emergency telephone call. The Commissioner sold \$35,000,000 of the revenue bonds in November 2006 and an additional \$42,205,000 of revenue bonds in November 2006 and an additional \$42,205,000 of the 911 Revenue Bonds outstanding.

The 2009 Minnesota Legislature authorized, in Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.81, the issuance of state certificates of participation ("COP's"). These COP's are being issued to provide financing for (i) the development, acquisition, installation and implementation of a new statewide accounting and procurement system; (ii) the acquisition, development and implementation of an integrated tax software project and (iii) the payment of all fees and expenses incurred in connection to the issuance of the COP's. On August 18, 2009, the Commissioner anticipates the sale of COP's in the amount of approximately \$82,875,000.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### State Standing Appropriations

Below is a description of standing appropriations from the General Fund. Pursuant to Minnesota law, each of these standing appropriations may be reduced or repealed entirely by a majority vote of the legislature and is subject to unallotment under Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.152.

University of Minnesota. The Minnesota Legislature has approved State financial assistance for a 50,000-seat, on-campus football stadium for the University of Minnesota (the "U of M"). In 2006, the legislature appropriated from the General Fund \$10.25 million in each of not more than 25 years, beginning in 2008, to the U of M for the payment of revenue bonds issued by the U of M to finance the stadium. Transfers from the General Fund to the U of M are conditioned upon satisfaction of certain requirements by the U of M.

The Minnesota Legislature has approved State financial assistance for up to four biomedical science research facilities for the U of M. In 2008, the Legislature appropriated from the General Fund amounts ranging from \$850,000 to \$15.55 million in each year beginning in 2010, for up to 25 years after certification of the last facility, to the U of M for the payment of revenue bonds issued by the U of M to finance the facilities. Transfers from the General Fund to the U of M are conditioned upon satisfaction of certain requirements by the U of M.

*Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA).* The Minnesota Legislature created a program to finance the construction, acquisition, preservation, and rehabilitation of permanent supportive housing for individuals and families who are homeless or at risk of homelessness. In 2008, the legislature appropriated from the General Fund up to \$2.4 million per year in each of 20 years, beginning in 2009, to MHFA for the payment of qualified 501(c)(3) bonds issued by MHFA for affordable housing.

#### Lease Purchase Financing For Equipment

The Commissioner is authorized by Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.85, to establish a master lease equipment financing program. Pursuant to this authority the Commissioner has entered into

master lease agreements providing for equipment financing and expects to continue this practice. As of August 1, 2009, principal in the amount of \$18,474,348 was outstanding and unpaid under the master lease program. The master leases and the State's obligation to make rental payments thereunder are not general or moral obligation indebtedness of the State; rather the State is obligated to make rental payments thereunder only to the extent moneys are appropriated from time to time for this purpose.

Various State agencies, with the Commissioner's assistance, have entered into individual equipment lease financing agreements from time to time for the purpose of financing the acquisition of equipment not financeable under the master lease statute. As of August 3, 2009, principal in the amount of \$3,544,124 was outstanding and unpaid under such equipment leases. The nature of the State's obligation to make rental payments under these equipment leases is the same as under the master leases described above.

#### Lease Purchase Financing For Real Estate

On March 1, 2000, the City of Bemidji and the State entered into a Lease and Purchase Option Agreement. Under the Lease and Purchase Option Agreement, the City of Bemidji issued \$8,275,000 of bonds to finance the design of and to construct, equip, and furnish a satellite laboratory in the City of Bemidji for use by the Minnesota Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. In September 2008 the city of Bemidji issued refunding bonds for this project. As of August 1, 2009, \$6,395,000 of the bonds will remain outstanding. Rental payments paid by the State will be used to pay debt service on the bonds. The savings on the debt service due to the refunding bond issue will reduce the State's annual rent payments. The State's obligation to make rent payments is not a general or moral obligation indebtedness of the State; rather the State is obligated to make rental payments only to the extent moneys are appropriated from time to time for this purpose. The legislature has appropriated from the General Fund up to \$700,000 per year in each of 20 years, beginning in 2002.

On November 1, 2002, the Port Authority of Saint Paul and the State entered into two separate Lease and Option to Purchase Agreements. Under the Lease and Option to Purchase Agreements, the Port Authority has agreed, under certain conditions, to issue bonds to finance the design of and to construct, equip, and furnish two office buildings and related parking facilities, and to lease the buildings and related parking facilities to the State. The buildings are approximately 400,000 square feet and 342,000 square feet in size. The amount of bonds sold to finance both of the facilities was \$193,105,000, of which \$162,715,000 will be outstanding, on August 1, 2009. In August 2008 the amount of \$3,210,000 was defeased thereby reducing the State's liability. The nature of the State's obligation to make rental payments under these Lease and Option to Purchase Agreements is the same as the Lease and Option to Purchase Agreement with the City of Bemidji described above. The legislature appropriates an annual rental payment from the General Fund up to \$13.5 million per year in each of 20 years, beginning in 2004.

## School District Credit Enhancement Program

Minnesota Statutes, Section 126C.55 establishes a school district credit enhancement program. The law authorizes and directs the Commissioner, under certain circumstances and subject to the availability of funds, to issue a warrant and authorize the Commissioner of Education to pay debt service due on school district and intermediate school district certificates of indebtedness issued under Minnesota Statutes, Section 126C.52, certificates of indebtedness and capital notes for equipment, certificates of participation issued under Minnesota Statutes, Section 126C.40 Subdivision 6, and school district and intermediate school district general obligation bonds, in the event that the school district or intermediate school district notifies the Commissioner of Education that it does not have sufficient money in its debt service fund for this purpose, or the paying agent informs the Commissioner of Education that it has not received from the school district timely payment of moneys to be used to pay debt service. The legislation appropriates annually from the

General Fund to the Commissioner of Education the amounts needed to pay any warrants which are issued.

The amounts paid on behalf of any school district or intermediate school district are required to be repaid by it with interest, by a reduction in state aid payable to the school district or intermediate school district or the levy of an ad valorem tax which may be made with the approval of the Commissioner of Education. Furthermore, the State is subrogated to the rights of a school district or intermediate school district in federal interest subsidy payments, if any, relating to the interest paid by the State under this program, unless and until the State has been reimbursed by the district in full.

Under Minnesota Statutes, Section 126C.52, school districts and intermediate school districts are authorized to issue tax and state aid anticipation certificates of indebtedness in amounts not exceeding 75 percent of ad valorem taxes in the process of collection and 75 percent of state aids in the process of collection. As of June 30, 2009, there were approximately \$157 million of certificates of indebtedness enrolled in the program all of which will mature within a fourteen month period. The State expects that school districts and intermediate school districts will issue certificates of indebtedness next year and will enroll these certificates in the program in about the same amount of principal as this year.

School districts and intermediate school districts may issue certificates of indebtedness or capital notes to purchase certain equipment. The certificates or notes may be issued by resolution of the board, must be payable in not more than ten years, and are payable from school district and intermediate school district taxes levied within statutory limits.

Under Minnesota Statutes, Section 126C.40, Subdivision 6, certain school districts, with the approval of the Commissioner of Education, may issue certificates of participation in installment contracts for the purchase of real or personal property or in lease purchase agreements for the lease with option to purchase of real or personal property. Such certificates of participation, contracts and agreements are not general obligations of such school districts, but are payable from taxes levied annually in amounts necessary to pay the amounts due thereunder.

School districts and intermediate school districts are authorized to issue general obligation bonds only when authorized by school district and intermediate school districts electors or special law, and only after levying a direct, irrevocable ad valorem tax on all taxable property in the school district or intermediate school district for the years and in amounts sufficient to produce sums not less than 105 percent of the principal of and interest on the bonds when due. As of June 30, 2009 the total amount of principal on certificates of indebtedness and capital notes issued for equipment, certificates of participation and bonds, plus the interest on these obligations, through the year 2034, is approximately \$12.0 billion. However, more certificates of indebtedness, capital notes, certificates of participation and bonds are expected to be enrolled in the program and these amounts are expected to increase.

Based upon the amount of certificates of indebtedness and capital notes for equipment, certificates of participation and bonds now enrolled in the program, during the Current Biennium the total amount of principal and interest outstanding as of June 30, 2009 is about \$1.6 billion, with the maximum amount of principal and interest payable in any one month being \$564 million.

Minnesota Laws 2005, Chapter 152, Article 1, Section 39, as amended by Minnesota Laws 2006, Chapter 259, Article 12, Section 15, provides that the Commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation shall issue revenue bonds payable from certain taconite production tax revenues in a total principal amount of \$15,145,000, plus costs of issuance relating thereto, for the purpose of making grants to school districts located in the taconite relief area or taconite assistance area, as statutorily defined, to be used by such school districts for health, safety, and maintenance improvements. Bonds issued under this program are debt obligations subject to the school district credit enhancement program, provided that advances made by the State are not subject to the provisions of the school district credit enhancement program requiring the levy of an ad valorem tax

by affected school districts in order to repay the State. The Commissioner of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board issued \$15,145,000 of the bonds in July, 2006.

The State has not had to make any debt service payments on behalf of school districts or intermediate school districts under the program and does not expect to make any payments in the future. If such payments are made the State expects to recover all or substantially all of the amounts so paid pursuant to contractual agreements with the school districts and intermediate school districts.

#### City And County Credit Enhancement Program

Minnesota Statutes, Section 446A.086 (formerly Section 373.45), establishes a city and county bond credit enhancement program. The law authorizes and directs the Commissioner, under certain circumstances and subject to the availability of funds, to issue a warrant and authorizes the Minnesota Public Facilities Authority ("MPFA") to pay debt service coming due on: (a) county general obligation bonds, bonds to which the general obligation of a county has been pledged, and certain lease obligations, to provide funds for the construction of (i) jails, (ii) correctional facilities, (iii) law enforcement facilities, (iv) social services and human services facilities; (v) solid waste facilities; or (vi) qualified housing development projects; or (b) city or county general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction, improvement, or rehabilitation of (i) wastewater facilities, (ii) drinking water facilities, (iii) stormwater facilities, or (iv) any publicly owned building or infrastructure improvement that has received partial funding from grants awarded by the Commissioner of Employment and Economic Development related to redevelopment, contaminated site cleanup, bioscience, small cities development programs, and rural business infrastructure programs. for which bonds are issued by the MPFA under Minnesota Statutes, Section 446A.087. See "Minnesota Public Facilities Authority (MPFA)" in this Appendix C for more information on MPFA bonds that may be credit enhanced under this program

To be eligible for the program, a city or county must have entered into an agreement with the MPFA, which requires notifications to the MPFA by the city or county or paying agent when funds are not sufficient to timely pay all or a portion of debt service on obligations issued under the program. The MPFA must notify the Commissioner of potential defaults, and the Commissioner then must issue a warrant and authorize the MPFA to pay to the bondholders or paying agent the amount necessary to pay in full debt service on credit-enhanced bonds when due. The law appropriates annually from the General Fund to the MPFA the amounts needed to pay any warrants issued by the Commissioner for this purpose. The amount of debt outstanding under this program may not exceed \$500 million.

The amounts paid on behalf of any city or county are required to be repaid to the State with interest, either through a reduction of subsequent state-aid payments or by the levy of an ad valorem tax, which may be made with the approval of the MPFA, or will be made mandatory by the MPFA if the State is not repaid in full by November 30 of the following calendar year. Furthermore, the State is subrogated to the rights of a city or county in federal interest subsidy payments, if any, relating to the interest paid by the State under this program, unless and until the State has been reimbursed by the city or county in full.

As of June 30, 2009, the total amount of principal on bonds plus interest on the bonds enrolled in the program, through the year 2031, is approximately \$398 million. More bonds are expected to be enrolled in the program and these amounts are expected to increase.

Based upon the bonds enrolled in the program, during the Current Biennium the total amount of principal and interest outstanding as of June 30, 2009, is \$40.5 million with the maximum amount of principal and interest payable in any one month being \$15.1 million. The State has not had to make any debt service payments on behalf of counties under the program and does not expect to make any payments on behalf of cities or counties in the future. If such payments are made, the State

expects to recover all or substantially all of the amounts so paid pursuant to contractual agreements with the cities or counties.

# APPENDIX D

**Project Description** 

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## **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

Set forth below are the titles or names of the projects or types of projects eligible to be financed in whole or in part from the proceeds of the Bonds, and the total amount appropriated by the State Legislature for this purpose.<sup>(1)</sup>

## (\$ in Thousands)

Law		Location		Total Project
Authorizing	Agency	Or Program	Project/Program Description	Appropriation
2000, Chapter	Administration, Department of	Statewide	Statewide CAPRA	10,000
	Corrections, Department of	Stillwater	MCF-STW — Conversion to Health Services	1,800
	Corrections, Department of	Lino Lakes	MCF-LL — H-Building Remodel, Phase	3,400
	Corrections, Department of	Bayport	Storm Sewer Project	2,680
	Human Services, Department of	St. Peter	SPRTC — Upgrade Shantz & Pextons Bldgs.	7,200
	Natural Resources, Department of	Two Harbors	Two Harbors Marina	1,000
	Natural Resources, Department of	Systemwide	Trail Acq. Dev. — Paul Bunyan Trail	1,750
	Natural Resources, Department of	Systemwide	State Park and Rec Area Acquisition	500
	Natural Resources, Department of	Systemwide	State Park & Rec Area Bldg Rehab	1,900
	Natural Resources, Department of	Systemwide	State Park & Rec Betterm't Rehab	1,500
	Natural Resources, Department of	Systemwide	Flood Hazard Mitigation Grants	14,000
	Natural Resources, Department of	Beltrami County	Big Bog State Rec Area	2,017
	Veterans Homes Board	Statewide	Asset Preservation	3,000
	Water & Soil Resources Board	Statewide	RIM Reserve — Habitat, Soil Cons, Water Quality	20,000
	Water & Soil Resources Board	Statewide	Local Gov't Roads Wetland Banking	2,300
	Water & Soil Resources Board	Statewide	RIM Reserve Reserve Programs (Non- CREP)	1,000
2002, Chapter				
•	BWSR	Systemwide	Local Road Replacement	300
	Administration	Statewide	2000 Asset Preservation	350
	Administration	Statewide	2000 Property Acquisition	450
	СААРВ	Capitol Complex	HHH Memorial	250
2002, Chapter		Systemwide	1998 Asset Preservation	1,500
	MNSCU	Moorhead	Science Building	18,955
	DCFL	Red Lake	Red Lake Additions and Renovations	12,400
	MN State Academies	Faribault	Asset Preservation	1,500
	DNR	Statewide	Statewide Asset Preservation	2,600
	DNR	Statewide	Field Office Renovation and Improvement	1,000
	DNR	Statewide	State Park Initiative	23,500
	DNR	Statewide Statewide	Metro Regional Parks	6,000
	DNR	Slalewide	Forest Roads and Bridges	1,200

Law	Anonesi	Location		Total Project
Authorizing	Agency	Or Program	Project/Program Description	Appropriatio
	DNR	Statewide		30
	DNR	Statewide	Douglas Trail	30
	DNR	Statewide	Willard Munger Trail	30
	DNR	Statewide	Well Sealing	60
	DNR	Statewide	Dam Repair, Reconstruction and Removal	65
	DNR	Statewide	Flood Hazard Mitigation Grants	30,00
	DNR	Statewide	RIM Critical Habitat	1,00
	Administration	Statewide	Statewide CAPRA	14,00
	Administration	Capitol Complex	Electrical Work	3,23
	Administration	St. Paul	New State Buildings	60,00
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Asset Preservation and Kitchen Repair	2,50
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	ADA improvements	35
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Facility Life Safety	1,00
			Local Bridge Assistance	45,00
	Transportation	Systemwide		
	Metropolitan Council	Metro	Northwest Metro Busway	20,00
	DHS	Systemwide	Systemwide Roof Replacement	2,78
	DHS	Systemwide	Systemwide Asset Preservation	4,00
	DHS	Systemwide	Systemwide Building Demolition	2,75
	DHS	Fergus Falls	Upgrade Program Facilities	3,00
	DHS	St. Peter	Convert Power to Low Pressure	3,61
	Vets Home	Hastings	Building Preservation	8,55
(2003, Chapte	Corrections er 19	Lino Lakes	416 Bed Offender Housing	4,16
005, Chapter	Transportation	Statewide	Trunk Highways and Bridges	400,40
· •	UofM	Systemwide	HEAPR	40,00
	UofM	Duluth	Life Science	10,10
	UofM	Duluth	Rec Sports Center	8,70
	UofM	Morris	District Facilities	5,80
	UofM	Minneapolis	TC Kolthoff Hall	17,40
	UofM	Minneapolis	TC Education Science	14,50
	UofM	St. Paul	Academic Health Center	11,60
	UofM		Research and Outreach	28
		Grand Rapids		
	MnSCU	Systemwide	HEAPR	41,50
	MnSCU	Anoka CC	Cambridge Academic Building Addition	10,48
	MnSCU	Bemidji	Bridgeman Hall	10,86
	MnSCU	Central Lakes TC	Heavy Equipment/Music	5,95
	MnSCU	Century College	Technology Center	4,88
	MnSCU	Century College	New Science and Library Design	1,00
	MnSCU	Dakota TC	Info & Telecom Renovation	7,38
	MnSCU	Fond du Lac CTC	Library design	63
	MnSCU	Inver Hills CC	CC Student Services	6,04
	MnSCU	Lake Superior	Academic and Student Services	11,24
	MnSCU	Minneapolis	CTC Health and Science Lab	90
	MnSCU	Winona	Student Services/Nursing	3,80
	MnSCU	Fergus Falls	Instruction, Fine Arts	7,60
	MnSCU	Moorhead	Science and Trades Addit	7,00
	MnSCU	Mankato	Science/Trafton Hall	2,56
	MnSCU	Moorhead	Hagen Hall Science Renovation	10,47
	MnSCU	Moorhead	McLean Hall Renov Design	50
	MnSCU	Northland CTC	Workforce Addition, Nursing Renov	2,15
	MnSCU	Riverland CTC	Science Lab Renovations	5,54

Law Authorizing	Agency	Location Or Program	Project/Program Description	Total Project Appropriation
	MnSCU	Rochester	Health Science Renovation	12,759
		CTC		,
	MnSCU	St. Cloud	State Centennial Renovation	3,150
	MnSCU	St. Cloud	State Brown Science and Math Design	900
	MnSCU	St. Cloud	Tech Workforce Center Addition	15,056
	MnSCU	St. Paul	Construction Trades Renovation	10,993
	MnSCU	South Central	Tech Applied Lab	5,157
		TC		
	MnSCU	Winona	Pasteur Hall Science Facility	11,118
	MnSCU	Systemwide	Science Renovations	6,668
	MnSCU	Systemwide	Workforce Classrooms	3,083
	MnSCU	Systemwide	Technology Upgrade	1,019
	MnSCU MnSCU	Systemwide	Demolition Brogram Consolidation	1,625
	MnSCU	Systemwide Systemwide	Program Consolidation Land Acquisition	1,173 300
	Ctr for Arts Educ	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	558
	Ctr for Arts Educ		Beta Building Demolition	525
	Education	Red Lake	Maximum Effort School Loan	18,000
	Education	East Metro	Magnet School	1,083
	Education	Statewide	Library Capital Improvement Grants	1,000
	Education	Statewide	Early Childhood Facilities	500
	MN State Academies	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	4,255
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Flood Hazard Mitigation Grants	27,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Dam Repair/Reconstruction/Removal	2,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Rim Critical Habitat Match	2,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	RIM Wildlife Area Acquisition	10,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Fisheries Acquisition and Improvement	1,050
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Water Access/Fishing Piers	2,000
	Natural Resources	Red River	Canoe and Boating Routes	300
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Stream Protection	500
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Reforestation	2,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Metro Greenways	500
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Native Prairie Bank Easements	1,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	SNA Acquisition	7,910
	Natural Resources	Statewide	County Forest Reforestation	1,000
	Natural Resources Natural Resources	Systemwide	Fish Hatchery Improvements	1,700 600
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	RIM Wildlife Management Area Development	000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State Forest Land Acquisition	1,500
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Forest Roads and Bridges	300
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State Park Acquisition	2,500
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State Park Building Development	1,800
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Local Initiative Grants	1,000
	Natural Resources	Lake Superior	Safe Harbors	2,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Asset Preservation	2,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Field Office Renovations	300
	PCA	Statewide	Closed Landfill	10,000
	OEA	Statewide	Capital Assistance Program	4,000
	BWSR	Statewide	RIM Reserve and CREP	23,000
	BWSR	Statewide	Local Government Road Wetland Replacement	4,362
	BWSR	Statewide	Area 2 Minn River Flooding	500
	Agriculture	Statewide	Water Management Research Partnership	619
	Agriculture	Statewide	Joint Plant Pathology Research Facility	3,300
	MŇ Zoo	Apple Valley	Gateway of the North — New Exhibit	20,640
	MN Zoo	Apple Valley	Asset Preservation	2,000
	Administration	Statewide	CAPRA	3,000
	Administration	Statewide	Asset Preservation- Admin Properties	2,500

Law Authorizing	Ageney	Location Or Program	Project/Program Description	Total Project Appropriation
Authorizing	Agency Administration	Statewide	Parking	Appropriation 1,779
	CAAPB	St. Paul	Capitol Restoration Design	
	СААРВ	St. Paul	Capitol Residiation Design	1,200
	-		Capitol Building Repair	1,170
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	3,000
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Facility Life Safety	1,000
	Veteran's Affairs	St. Paul	WWII Monument	670
	Public Safety	Blue Earth	Fire and Police Station	642
	Transportation	Statewide	Local Bridge Replacement	40,000
	Transportation	Statewide	Local Road Improvement Grants	10,000
	Transportation	Statewide	Port Development	2,000
	Transportation	Systemwide	Northstar Commuter Rail	37,500
	Transportation	New Brighton	Rail Service Improvement Grants	2,500
	Transportation	Duluth	Aerial Lift Bridge	1,000
	Transportation	St. Paul	Holman Field Flood Protection	1,000
	Met Council	Minneapolis	Cedar Avenue Bus Rapid Transit	10,000
	Met Council	Minneapolis	Central Corridor	5,250
	Met Council	Hastings	Red Rock Corridor	500
	Met Council	St. Paul	Rush Line Corridor	500
	Met Council	Metropolitan	Regional Parks	14,664
	Human Services	St. Peter	New Facilities Sex Offender Program	3,259
	Human Services	St. Peter	Forensic Nursing Facility	8,600
	Human Services	Systemwide	Redevelopment/Demolition	9,000
	Human Services	Willmar	Regional Treatment Center Retrofit	900
	Human Services	Systemwide	Roof Repair	1,014
	Human Services		Asset Preservation	
		Systemwide	RTC Grave Markers	3,000 300
	Human Services	Systemwide		
	Vet's Home Board	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	4,000
	Vet's Home Board	Luverne	Dementia Wander Area	300
	Vet's Home Board	Minneapolis	Adult Day Care	1,03
	Vet's Home Board	Willmar	Vets Home Predesign	100
	Corrections	Faribault	MCF Expansion	84,844
	Corrections	Stillwater	MCF 150 Bed Segregation Unit	3,50
	Corrections	Willow River	MCF Activities Building	2,000
	Corrections	Moose Lake	MCF CIP Expansion	350
	Corrections	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	8,000
	DEED	Statewide	US EPA Drinking Water/ Wastewater	14,380
	DEED	Statewide	Wastewater Infrastructure Funding	29,900
	DEED	Statewide	Total Maximum Daily Load Grants	2,000
	DEED	Austin	Flood Damage	2,000
	DEED	Bursnville	Water Treatment	3,000
	DEED	Crookston	Emergency Riverbank Protection	2,500
	DEED	Worthington	Lewis and Clark Rural Water System	2,000
	DEED	Roseau	Infrastructure Repair and Improvements	13,220
	DEED	Statewide	Rural Infrastructure	10,00
	DEED	Statewide	Redevelopment Grants	15,000
	DEED	Statewide	Bioscience Development	18,500
	DEED	Buffalo Lake	Maintenance Garage/Street Repair	69
	DEED	Detroit Lakes	Regional Pavillion	28
	DEED	Hibbing	Laurentian Energy Authority	2,00
			<i>.</i>	
	DEED	Minneapolis	Minnesota Planetarium Shubert Theater	22,00
	DEED	Minneapolis		1,00
	DEED	Moorhead	Heritage Hjemkomst	1,00
	DEED	Big Island	Veteran's Camp	2,00
	DEED	Rochester	U of M/Mayo Biotech Research Facility	21,72
	DEED	St. Paul	Phalen Boulevard	4,00
	Housing Finance	Statewide	Permanent Supportive Housing Loans	12,00
	Housing Finance	Hennepin	County Housing	350
		<b>•</b> • • • •	Listania Oitaa Assat Dussamustisu	4 000
	Historical Society Historical Society	Systemwide St. Paul	Historic Sites Asset Preservation Fort Snelling Revitalization	4,000 1,000

Law	<b>A a a a a a a a a a a</b>	Location		Total Project
Authorizing	Agency	Or Program	Project/Program Description	Appropriatio
	Historical Society	Statewide	County and Local Preservation Grants	1,00
DOOC Chanter	MMB	Statewide	Bond Sale Expenses	88
2006, Chapter		Questa annu i da		00.00
	U of M	Systemwide	HEAPR	30,00
	U of M	Duluth	Labovitz School of Business	15,33
	U of M	Minneapolis	Carlson School of Management Expansion	26,60
	U of M	Minneapolis	Medical Research Building Phase 1	40,00
	U of M	Systemwide	Regional Centers and Stations	1,00
	U of M	Morrris	West Central Reasearch and Outreach	2,50
	U of M	Willmar	Poultry Testing Lab	30
	MnSCU	Systemwide	HEAPR	40,00
	MnSCU	Alexandria	TC Law Enforcement Ctr	40
	MnSCU	Bemidji	SU Sattgast Science Addition	70
	MnSCU	Maplewood	CTC New Science/Library Building	19,90
	MnSCU	Cloquet	TCC Library Addition and Cultural CTR	12,39
	MnSCU	Inver Grove Heights	CC Classrooms	70
	MnSCU	Duluth	CTC Health and Science Center	42
	MnSCU	St. Paul	SU Smart Classroom Center	30
	MnSCU	Minneapolis	MCTC Co-Located Law Enforcement CTR	35
	MnSCU	Minneapolis	CTC Science and Health Renovation	18,87
	MnSCU	Red Wing	MSC SETC Student Services, LRC	4,85
	MnSCU	Mankato	SU New Science Trafton Addition	32,90
	MnSCU	Moorhead	SU Lommen Hall Addition and Renovation	30
	MnSCU	Moorhead	SU MacLean Renovation	9,68
	MnSCU	Bloomington	CC Classroom Renovation	5,12
	MnSCU	Brooklyn Park	Business and Tech Addition	35
	MnSCU	East Grand Forks	CTC Nursing and Library	30
	MnSCU	Eveleth	NHED Industrial Shop	30
	MnSCU	St. Cloud	SU Math and Science Addition	14,00
	MnSCU	St. Cloud	SU Riverview Hall	4,50
	MnSCU	St. Paul	Transportation and Applied Tech Lab	3,00
	MnSCU	Marshall	SU Science & HRI Lab	30
	MnSCU	Winona	SU Maxwell Hall	11,18
	MnSCU	Winona	SU Memorial Hall Expansion	40
	MnSCU	Systemwide	Demolition	1,66
	MnSCU	Systemwide	Science Lab and Workforce Initiatives	5,14
	MnSCU	Systemwide	Property Acquisition	3,40
	PCAE	Statewide	Asset Preservation	1,05
	Education	Nett Lake	Facility Construction	10,70
	Education	Statewide	Library Improvement Grants	1,00
	Education	Minneapolis	MacPhail Music School	5,00
	Education	Statewide	Early Childhood Facilities	50
	MSA	Faribault	Asset Preservation	2,50
	MSA	Faribault	MSAD Frechette Renovation	2,50
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Statewide Asset Preservation	2,00
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Flood Hazard Mitigation Grants	2,00
	Natural Resources	Statewide	-	
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Dam Repair Stream Protection	2,25 2,00
	Natural Resources Natural Resources	Statewide Two Harbors	Water Access and Fishing Piers	3,00
			Lake Superior Safe Harbors	3,00
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Fisheries Acquisition and Improvement	2,00
	Natural Resources Natural Resources	Statewide Statewide	Fish Hatchery Improvements Wildlife Area Acquisition and	1,00 14,00
		UNDERVICE.		14 00

Law Authorizing	Agency	Location Or Program	Project/Program Description	Total Project Appropriation
Authorizing	Natural Resources	Statewide	Waterfowl Habitat	1,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Native Prairie Bank Easements	1,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	SNA Acquisition and Development	2,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	State Forest Land Acquisition	1,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Large Scale Forest Conservation	7,000
			Easements	
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State Land Reforestation	4,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State Park and Rec Area Acquisition	3,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State Park Infrastructure Rehab	3,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State Park Building Rehab	3,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State Park Camper Cabins	2,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	State Trail Acquisition and Development	10,811
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Regional Trails Grants	1,133
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Trail Connections Grants	2,010
	Natural Resources	Metropolitan	Metro Greenways	500
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Local Community Grants	2,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Forest Roads and Bridges	1,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Prairie Wetland ELC	2,000
	PCA	Statewide	Closed Landfill Bonding	10,800
	PCA	Statewide	Capital Assistance Program	4,000
	PCA	Koochiching	County Clean Energy Facility	2,500
	BWSR	Statewide	Local Government Road Wetland Replacement	3,500
	BWSR	Statewide	Streambank, Lakeshore Erosion Control	1,000
	BWSR	Statewide	Study Area II	500
	BWSR	Willmar	Grass Lake	2,200
	Agriculture	St. Paul	Joint Bio-Safety Lab	1,500
	MN Zoo	Apple Valley	Asset Preservation	7,500
	MN Zoo	Apple Valley	Zoo Master Plan/ New Exhibit	7,500
	Administration	Statewide	CAPRA	4,000
	Administration	Statewide	Asset Preservation	5,000
	Administration	St. Paul	Workers Memorial	100
	Administration	St. Paul	Hmong Veteran's Statue	150
	CAAPB	St. Paul	Capitol Building Restoration Phase I	2,400
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	4,000
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Facility Life Safety	1,000
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Range Lead Abatement	1,029
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Facility ADA Requirements	1,400
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Starbase MN	150
	Public Safety	Scott County	Public Safety Training facility	1,000
	Transportation	Statewide	Local Bridge Replacement	55,000
	Transportation	Statewide	Local Road Improvement Grants	16,000
	Transportation	Minneapolis	Northstar Commuter Rail	60,000
	Transportation	Duluth	St Louis County Northeastern Rail Initiative	1,300
	Transportation	Statewide	Rail Service Improvement	3,700
	Transportation	Statewide	Port Development	3,000
	Transportation	Statewide	Greater MN Transit	2,000
	Transportation	St. Cloud	Airport Land Acq	2,000
	Met Council	Minneapolis	I-35 Bus Rapid Transit	3,300
	Met Council	Bloomington	Cedar Avenue Busway	5,000
	Met Council	Metropolitan	Central Corridor	7,800
	Met Council	Metropolitan	Red Rock Corridor	500
	Met Council	St. Paul	Dakota County Robert Street Corridor	500
	Met Council	St. Paul	Ramsey County Union Depot	3,500
	Met Council	Metropolitan	Regional Parks Capital Improvements	35,362
	Human Services	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	3,000
		Cystoniwide		5,000
	Human Services	Moose Lake	MSOP Expansion Phase I	41,321

Law	Agonov	Location Or Program	Project/Program Decorintion	Total Project
Authorizing	Agency Human Services	Systemwide	Project/Program Description Campus Security	Appropriation 5,000
	Human Services	Systemwide	Redevelopment	5,000
	Human Services	Systemwide	Roof Repair	1,500
	Vet's Home Brd	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	6,000
	Vet's Home Brd	Fergus Falls	Special Care Unit	637
	Vet's Home Brd	Hastings	Supportive Housing	700
	Vet's Home Brd	Luverne	Dementia Wander Area	599
	Vet's Home Brd	Minneapolis	Emergency Power	2,457
	Vet's Home Brd	Silver Bay	Master Plan	1,697
	Corrections	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	5,000
	Corrections	Faribault	Expansion Phase II	27,993
	Corrections	Lino Lakes	Medical Services	2,494
	Corrections	Red Wing	Education Building	623
	Corrections	Shakopee	Bed Expansion	5,375
	Corrections	Stillwater	150 Bed Segregation Unit	19,580
	DEED	Statewide	US EPA Drinking Water/Wastewater	38,800
	DEED	Statewide	Wastewater Infrastructure Fund WIF	23,000
	DEED	Hibbing	Central Iron Range Sanitary Sewer South Plant	2,500
	DEED	Statewide	Greater MN Business Development	7,750
	DEED	Statewide	Redevelopment Grants	9,000
	DEED	Statewide	Bioscience Business Development	10,000
	DEED	Minneapolis	Workforce Center Repair	600
	DEED	Statewide	PFA-Maximum Daily Load Grants	5,000
	DEED	Statewide	Clean Water Legacy	3,310
	DEED	Bemidji	Regional Events Center	3,000
	DEED	Burnsville	Water Treatment Facility	2,500
	DEED	Duluth	Lake Superior Zoo	600
	DEED	Itasca County	Steel Mill Infrastructure Grant	12,000
	DEED	Statewide	Lewis and Clark Water System	3,282
	DEED	Little Falls	Little Falls Zoo Grant	400
	DEED	Minneapolis	Lowry Ave Corridor	5,000
	DEED	Minneapolis	Shubert Theater	11,000
	DEED	MT Iron	Renewable Energy Park	500
	DEED	Redwood Falls	Reservoir Construction	1,600
	DEED	Roseville	Roseville Skating Oval	500
	DEED	St. Paul	Asian Community Center	400
	DEED	St. Paul	Ordway Center	7,500
	DEED	Marshall	Southwest Regional Event Center	11,000
	DEED	Virginia	Virginia Medical Helipad	600
	DEED	Willmar	Willmar Rice Hospital and Dental Clinic	500
	Housing Finance	Statewide	Transitional Housing	2,000
	Housing Finance	Statewide	Permanent Supportive Housing Loans	17,500
	Historical Society	Systemwide	Historic Sites Asset Preservation	3,000
	Historical Society	Metropolitan	Fort Snelling Revitalization	1,100
	Historical Society	Statewide	County and Local Asset Preservation	1,000
	Historical Society	St. Paul	History Center Upgrades	572
	MMB	Statewide	Bond Sale Expenses	947
007, Chapter 1				
	Agriculture	Statewide	Rural Finance Authority Loans	30,000
008, Chapter 1				
	Transportation	Statewide	State Road Construction	1,717,694
		Statewide	Great River Road	4,299
	Transportation			
	Transportation	Statewide	Urban Partnership Agreement	24,778
	Transportation Transportation	Mankato	District Headquarters	23,983
	Transportation Transportation Transportation		District Headquarters Chaska Truck Station	23,983 8,649
	Transportation Transportation Transportation Transportation	Mankato Chaska Rochester	District Headquarters Chaska Truck Station Truck Station Design	23,983 8,649 2,000
	Transportation Transportation Transportation	Mankato Chaska	District Headquarters Chaska Truck Station	23,983 8,649

Law	•	Location		Total Project
Authorizing	Agency	Or Program	Project/Program Description	Appropriation
	Finance	Statewide	Bond Sale Expense — Trunk Highway	1,800
	Transportation	Statewide	Local Bridge Replacement and Rehab	50,000
	Transportation	Statewide	Local Road Improvement Program	10,000
	MMB	Statewide	Bond Sale Expense — Bond Proceeds	60
2008, Chapter				
	U of M	Systemwide	HEAPR	35,000
	U of M	Minneapolis	Science teaching student services	48,333
	U of M	Duluth	Civil engineering addition	10,000
	U of M	Morris	Community services building renovation	5,000
	U of M	Systemwide	Research and Outreach Centers	3,500
	U of M	Systemwide	General laboratory renovation	3,333
	MnSCU	Systemwide	HEAPR	55,000
	MnSCU	Alexandria	TC — law enforcement center addition	10,500
	MnSCU	Anoka	CC — classroom bldg addition, design, const	3,800
	MnSCU	Bemidji	SU — Sattgast Science Bldg addition and ren.	8,900
	MnSCU	White Bear	Century College — renovation	7,900
	MnSCU	Dakota	TC — Transportation and emerging tech lab	200
	MnSCU	Minneapolis	Design and renovate science addit; LRC	2,400
	MnSCU	Inver Grove	Classroom addition and ren.	13,200
	MnSCU	Minneapolis	Metro State Univ / MCTC — law enforcement	13,900
	MnSCU	Minneapolis	MCTC — workforce program and infrastructure ren design	400
	MnSCU	Mankato	Trafton Hall, MSU	25,500
	MnSCU	Moorhead	Lommen Hall renovation	13,100
	MnSCU	Moorhead	Livingston Lord Library ren and des	400
	MnSCU	Worthington	Field house design	450
	MnSCU	Moorhead	Trades addit and LRC	2,500
	MnSCU	Edina	Classroom addition and ren.	7,000
	MnSCU	Anoka	Bioscience / health	900
	MnSCU	E.Grand Forks	Addition and renovation	7,800
	MnSCU	Owatonna	Land acquisition	3,500
	MnSCU	Ridgewater	Tech instruction design and const; ren des	3,500
	MnSCU	Rochester	Workforce ctr co-location	200
	MnSCU	St. Cloud	Classroom renovation and addition design	400
	MnSCU	St. Cloud	Brown Hall Science renovation	14,800
	MnSCU	St. Cloud	Integrated science and engineering lab design	900
	MnSCU	St. Cloud TC	Allied health bldg renovation des	200
	MnSCU	St. Paul Coll.	Transportation and applied tech lab	13,500
	MnSCU	Marshall	Science, hotel, and restaurant admin ren	9,000
	MnSCU	Marshall	Science lab renovation design	200
	MnSCU	Winona	Memorial Hall	8,400
	MnSCU	Systemwide	Science lab renovations	5,775
	Education	Osseo	Hennepin Regional Family Service Ctr.	2,000
	Education	Statewide	Library accessibility and improvement grants	1,500
	MN State Academies	Faribault	Asset preservation	2,400
	MN State Academies	Faribault	MSAD Frechette predesign	100
	MN State Academies	Faribault	MSAD Mott Hall (vocational building)	100
	MN State Academies	Faribault	MSAD Pollard Hall renovation	200
	Ctr for Arts Educ.	Golden Valley	Asset preservation	355
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Asset preservation	1,000

Law Authorizing	Agency	Location Or Program	Project/Program Description	Total Project Appropriatior
Authonzing	Agency Natural Resources	Statewide	Groundwater monitoring, observation	500
	Natural Nesources	Statewide	wells	500
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Dam renovation and removal	2,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Water control structures	2,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Mississippi river barrier	500
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Stream protection and restoration	1,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Shoreline and aquatic habitat acquisition	1,000
	Natural Resources	Wabasha	Lake Zumbro restoration	175
	Natural Resources	Systemwide		650
	Natural Resources	•	Water access acquisition / fishing piers	
	Natural Resources	Systemwide Systemwide	Fish hatchery improvements Wildlife area acquisition and improvement	1,500 5,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	RIM critical habitat match	
	Natural Resources			3,000
		Systemwide	Native prairie conservation and protection	4,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	SNA acquisition and development	1,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Forest land conservation easements	3,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State forest land reforestation	3,000
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Forest roads and bridges	1,000
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Diseased shade tree removal and	50
		0 / 1	replacement	10.04
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State Park Development	19,04
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Big Bog state recreation area	1,60
	Natural Resources	St. Paul	Fort Snelling upper bluff	50
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State parks, prairies, and forestry restoration	54
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Regional and local parks grants	1,62
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	State trail acquisition and development	15,32
	Natural Resources	Statewide	Regional and local trails grants	15
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Trail connections	69
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Drill core library and field office consolidation, ren.	50
	PCA	Albert Lea	Remedial systems, Albert Lea	2,50
	BWSR	Statewide	RIM reserve	25,00
	BWSR	Statewide	Wetland replacement due to public road	4,20
	DWCD	Statowida	projects	1 07
	BWSR	Statewide	Clean Water Legacy	1,27
	Agriculture	E.Grand Fork	Seed potato inspection building	2
	MN Zoo	Apple Valley	Asset preservation	2,50
	Administration	St. Paul	Property acquisition	2,32
	Administration	St. Paul	State Capitol building restoration	13,40
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Asset preservation	3,50
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	Facility life safety	1,00
	Military Affairs	Systemwide	ADA alterations	1,50
	Public Safety	Anoka	Forensic crime lab	3,00
	Public Safety	Camp Ripley	Public safety training facility	5,00
	Public Safety	Marshall	Emergency response and training center	30
	Public Safety	Scott Cty	Public safety training facility	1,00
	Public Safety	Rochester	Regional public safety training center	3,65
	Transportation	Statewide	Local bridges replacement	2,00
	Transportation	Statewide	Greater MN transit	1,00
	Transportation	Norwood	Railroad track rehabilitation	3,00
	Met Council	Systemwide	Urban partnership agreement (UPA)	16,67
	Met Council	Systemwide	Cedar Avenue BRT	4,00
	Met Council	Systemwide	Metropolitan regional parks	10,50
	Met Council	Systemwide	Dakota County — North urban regional trail	1,40
		<b>A</b> ( ) (	Minnehaha Creek (In DNR — House)	2,90
	Met Council	Systemwide	Mininenana Creek (in Divik — House)	2,90
		Systemwide Systemwide		
	Met Council Met Council Human Services	Systemwide Systemwide Systemwide	Tamarack Nature Center Asset preservation / safety and security	2,900 745 3,000

Law Authorizing	Ageney	Location	Braiget/Bragram Description	Total Project
Authorizing	Agency Human Services	Or Program	Project/Program Description Chemical dependency treatment facility	Appropriation
		Pope Cty.		
	Human Services	Minneapolis	Hennepin County Medical Center	82
	Human Services	Systemwide	Remembering with Dignity	13
	Vet's Home Board	Systemwide	Asset preservation	4,00
	Vet's Home Board	Fergus Falls	Special care unit	2,70
	Vet's Home Board	Minneapolis	Campus HVAC upgrade	3,95
	Vet's Home Board	Silver Bay	Master plan renovation	22
	Vet's Home Board	Eden Prairie	Veterans memorial	10
	Vet's Home Board	Minneapolis	Veterans memorial, All Wars	10
	Vet's Home Board	Richfield	Veterans Memorial, All Veterans	10
	Vet's Home Board	Virginia	Veterans Memorial	10
	Corrections	Systemwide	Asset preservation	10,00
	Corrections	Faribault	MCF — expansion	16,00
	Corrections	Red Wing	MCF — vocational building	6,00
	DEED	Statewide	Greater MN business dev public infras	7,00
			grant program	.,
	DEED	Statewide	Bioscience business dev public infras	9,00
	DEED	Olalewide	grant program	3,00
	DEED	Statewide		7,75
			Redevelopment grant program	
	DEED	Bemidji	Regional Event Center (BREC)	20,00
	DEED	Crookston	Ice arena (In DNR — House)	10,00
	DEED	Duluth	DECC/UMD Arena	38,00
	DEED	Nashwauk	Itasca county infrastructure	28,00
	DEED	Rochester	Mayo Civic Center	3,50
	DEED	Roseville	John Rose OVAL	60
	DEED	Saint Cloud	Convention center	2,00
	DEED	Saint Cloud	State University — National Hockey Center	6,50
	Public Facilities	Statewide	State Match capitalization grants	30,00
	Public Facilities	Statewide	Wastewater infrastructure fund	15,30
	Public Facilities	Statewide	Total maximum daily load grants	2,00
	Public Facilities	Statewide	Small community wastewater treatment	1,50
	Public Facilities	Bayport	Storm sewer	15
	Housing Finance	Statewide	Emergency shelter / Transitional housing	1,00
	Historical Society	Systemwide	Historic sites asset preservation	4,00
	Historical Society	Minneapolis	Historic Fort Snelling visitor center and site revitalization	3,00
	Historical Society	Systemwide	County and local historic preservation grants	1,60
	Historical Society	St. Paul	Oliver H. Kelly Farm revitalization	30
	Historical Society	Systemwide	Heritage trails	29
	MMB	Statewide	Bond Sale Expenses	99
2008,	NIN B	Olatowide	Dona Dale Expenses	
Chapter 365				
	Natural Resources	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	3,40
	Natural Resources	Lake Vermilion	Lake Vermilion State Park Land	20,00
	M ( 0 "	N 4' ''	Acquisition	
	Metro Council	Minneapolis	Central Corridor Transit Way	70,00
	Metro Council	Bloomington	Old Cedar Avenue Bridge	2,00
	Veteran Affair	Minneapolis	Building 9 Demolition	1,00
	Veteran Affair	Minneapolis	New Nursing Facility	9,10
2009,				
Chapter 93				
	UofM	Systemwide	HEAPR - University of MN	25,00
	UofM	Minneapolis	National Solar Rating and Certification	2,15
			Laboratory	_, ••
			•	
	UofM	Morris	WCROC Solar Thermal & Photo Voltaic	35
	UofM	Morris	WCROC Solar Thermal & Photo Voltaic Systems	35

Law Authorizing	Agency	Location Or Program	Project/Program Description	Total Project Appropriation
	DNR	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	1,000
	DNR	Statewide	Flood Hazard Mitigation Grants	53,800
	BWSR	Statewide	RIM Conservation Reserve	500
	RFA	Statewide	Rural Finance Authority Loans	35,000
	MN Zoo	Systemwide	Asset Preservation & Improvement	3,000
	Am Sport	Blaine	National Sports Center -Asset Preservation	1,000
	Mil Affairs	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	3,602
	MnDOT	Statewide	Local Bridge Replacement & Rehabilitation	10,000
	MnDOT	Statewide	MN Valley Railroad Track Rehabilitation	4,000
	MnDOT	Statewide	Intercity Passenger Rail Projects	26,000
	MnDOT	Systemwide	Port Development Assistance	3,000
	MnDOT	Alexandria	Aircraft Surveillance Facility	2,000
	MnDOT	Big Fork	Airport Runway	1,700
	MnDOT	Duluth	Airport Terminal	4,900
	Met Cncl	Systemwide	Transit Capital Improvement Program	21,000
	Met Cncl	Minneapolis	Northtown Rail Yard Bridge	600
	Met Cncl	Minneapolis	Veterans Victory Memorial Parkway	1,000
	DHS	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	2,000
	Vets Affair	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	1,000
	Vets Affair	Systemwide	Veterans Cemeteries	1,500
	Correction	Systemwide	Asset Preservation	4,000
	DEED	St. Louis Cty	Redevelopment Grant Program	750
	DEED	Rochester	Olmsted County Steam Line Extension to CC	5,000
	MnHFA	Statewide	Public Housing	2,000
	Hist Soc.	Systemwide	Historic Sites Asset Preservation	2,165
	MMB	Statewide	Bond Sale Expenses	343
	Public Saf.	Statewide	State & Local Match for Federal Assistance	3,900
	BWSR	Statewide	RIM Conservation Easements	500
	MnDOT	Systemwide	Trunk Highways & Bridges	2,700
	MMB	Statewide	Bond Sale Expenses-Trunk Highway	5
	MMB	Statewide	Bond Sale Expenses-Various Purpose	5

(1) In the Order authorizing the issuance of the Bonds the Commissioner has reserved the right for a specified period to reassign Bonds issued to legislative authorizations and purposes other than those listed in the section hereof entitled "Authorization and Purpose" and on page C-2 of Appendix C. (See Appendix C page C-3).

## Schedule of Bonds Being Refunded

Various Purpose Refunding Bonds: Proceeds of the Series 2009F Bonds will be used to refund the following bonds.

General Obligation State Various Purpose Refunding Bonds dated November 1, 1998, maturing in the years and amounts and bearing interest at the annual rates set forth below. Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2010 will be called for redemption and prepayment on November 1, 2009 at par plus accrued interest.

Maturing	Principal	Interest
November 1	<u>Amount</u>	Rate
2010	\$ 5,675,000	5.00%
2011	5,600,000	5.00%
2012	5,500,000	5.00%
2013	5,400,000	5.00%
2014	<u>5,300,000</u>	5.00%
	\$ 27,475,000	

General Obligation State Various Purpose Bonds dated November 1, 2000, maturing in the years and amounts and bearing interest at the annual rates set forth below. Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2011 will be called for redemption and prepayment on November 1, 2010 at par plus accrued interest.

Maturing <u>November 1</u>	Principal <u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>
2011	\$ 12,175,000	5.25%
2012	12,175,000	5.25%
2013	12,175,000	5.50%
2014	12,175,000	5.50%
2015	12,175,000	5.50%
2016	12,175,000	5.125%
2017	12,175,000	5.00%
2018	12,175,000	5.25%
2019	12,175,000	5.00%
2020	 12,175,000	5.00%
	\$ 121,750,000	

General Obligation State Various Purpose Bonds dated October 1, 2001, maturing in the years and amounts and bearing interest at the annual rates set forth below. Bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2012 will be called for redemption and prepayment on October 1, 2011 at par plus accrued interest.

Maturing October 1	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
		Rale
2012	\$ 14,050,000	5.00%
2013	14,050,000	5.00%
2014	14,050,000	5.00%
2015	14,050,000	5.00%
2016	14,050,000	5.00%
2017	14,050,000	5.00%
2018	14,050,000	5.00%
2019	14,050,000	5.00%
2020	14,050,000	5.00%
2021	14,050,000	5.00%
	\$ 140,500,000	

**Trunk Highway Refunding Bonds:** Proceeds of the Series 2009G Bonds will be used to refund the following bonds.

General Obligation State Trunk Highway Bonds dated November 1, 2000, maturing in the years and amounts and bearing interest at the annual rates set forth below. Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2011 will be called for redemption and prepayment on November 1, 2010 at par plus accrued interest.

Maturing <u>November 1</u>	Principal <u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>
2011	\$ 1,500,000	5.25%
2012	1,500,000	5.25%
2013	1,500,000	5.50%
2014	1,500,000	5.50%
2015	1,500,000	5.50%
2016	1,500,000	5.125%
2017	1,500,000	5.00%
2018	1,500,000	5.25%
2019	1,500,000	5.00%
2020	 1,500,000	5.00%
	\$ 15,000,000	

General Obligation State Trunk Highway Bonds dated October 1, 2001, maturing in the years and amounts and bearing interest at the annual rates set forth below. Bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2012 will be called for redemption and prepayment on October 1, 2011 at par plus accrued interest.

Maturing October 1	Principal <u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>
2012	\$ 1,250,000	5.00%
2013	1,250,000	5.00%
2014	1,250,000	5.00%
2015	1,250,000	5.00%
2016	1,250,000	5.00%
2017	1,250,000	5.00%
2018	1,250,000	5.00%
2019	1,250,000	5.00%
2020	1,250,000	5.00%
2021	 1,250,000	5.00%
	\$ 12,500,000	

## APPENDIX E

Selected Economic and Demographic Information

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## **RESIDENT POPULATION** (Thousands of Persons)

			% Change	% Change
Year	U.S.	Minnesota	U.S.	Minnesota
1999	279,040	4,873	1.2	1.2
2000	282,172	4,934	1.1	1.3
2001	285,040	4,982	1.0	1.0
2002	287,727	5,071	0.9	0.7
2003	290,211	5,047	0.9	0.6
2004	292,892	5,078	0.9	0.6
2005	295,561	5,105	0.9	0.5
2006	298,363	5,143	0.9	0.7
2007	301,290	5,182	1.0	0.8
2008	304,060	5,220	0.9	0.7

Source: IHS Global Insight (USA), Inc., @ Markets Data Bank and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, www.census.gov/popest. Population data extracted June, 2009.

## EMPLOYMENT MIX IN UNITED STATES AND MINNESOTA FOR 2008 (Thousands of Jobs)

Category	Minnesota	% of Total	U.S.	% of Total
Manufacturing Durables	215.4	7.7	8,476	6.1
Manufacturing Non-Durables	119.7	4.3	4,955	3.5
Natural Resources and Mining	6.2	0.2	774	0.6
Construction	109.8	3.9	7,215	5.2
Trade	428.6	15.2	21,320	15.2
Transportation, Warehousing, Utilities	94.6	3.4	5,065	3.6
Information	57.7	2.1	2,997	2.2
Financial Activities	177.1	6.3	8,146	5.9
Professional and Business Services	326.3	11.6	17,778	12.8
Education and Health Services	442.6	15.7	18,885	13.5
Leisure and Hospitality	245.0	8.7	13,459	9.7
Other Services	117.7	4.2	5,528	4.0
Government	418.1	14.9	22,500	16.1
Agriculture	51.1	1.8	2,168	1.6
Total	2,809.9	100.0	139,236	100.0

Sources: U.S. Employment — IHS Global Insight (USA), Inc., U.S. Central Data Bank and U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, <u>http://www.bls.gov</u>

Minnesota Employment — Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, www.deed.state.mn.us/lmi.

Minnesota employment data benchmarked to March 2008.

U.S. employment data extracted June 3, 2009.

Industry detail determined according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Minnesota agricultural employment: Unpublished estimate from the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, based on the first five months of 2009 and the last seven months of 2008.

U.S. agricultural employment: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://www.bls.gov/cps.

Columns may not add due to rounding.

#### EMPLOYMENT IN DURABLE GOODS INDUSTRIES IN UNITED STATES AND MINNESOTA FOR 2008 (Thousands of Jobs)

Durable Goods	Minnesota	% of Total	U.S.	% of Total
Wood Products	13.0	6.0	460	5.4
Fabricated Metals Production	43.1	20.0	1,528	18.0
Machinery	33.7	15.6	1,186	14.0
Computers and Electronic Products	52.5	24.4	1,248	14.7
Electrical Equipment	9.1	4.2	425	5.0
Transportation Equipment	13.1	6.1	1,607	19.1
Furniture and Related	11.2	5.2	481	5.7
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	23.4	10.9	631	7.4
Other Durables	16.3	76	910	10.7
Total	215.4	100.0	8,476	100.0

Sources: U.S. Employment — IHS Global Insight (USA), U.S. Central Data Bank and U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, <u>http://data.bls.gov/ces</u>.

Minnesota Employment — Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, www.deed.state.mn.us/lmi.

Minnesota employment data benchmarked to March 2008. U.S. data extracted June 3, 2008. Both Minnesota and U.S. industry detail determined according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Columns may not add due to rounding.

#### EMPLOYMENT IN NON-DURABLE GOODS INDUSTRIES IN UNITED STATES AND MINNESOTA FOR 2008 (Thousands of Jobs)

Non-Durable Goods	Minnesota	% of Total	U.S.	% of Total
Food Manufacturing	42.7	35.7	1,485	30.0
Paper Mfg. & Printing	41.7	34.8	1,040	21.0
Other Non Durables	35.3	29.5	2,430	49.0
Total	119.7	100.0	4,955	100.0

Sources: U.S. Employment — IHS Global Insight (USA), U.S. Central Data Bank and U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, <u>http://data.bls.gov</u>/ces.

Minnesota Employment — Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, www.deed.state.mn.us/lmi.

Minnesota data benchmarked to March 2008. U.S. data extracted June 2009. Both Minnesota and U.S. industry detail determined according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Columns may not add due to rounding.

## EMPLOYMENT MIX IN THE UNITED STATES AND MINNESOTA FOR 1990, 2000 AND 2008 (Thousands of Jobs)

	Minnesota				United States					
			_	% Cha	ange			_	% Cha	ange
Category	1990	2000	2008	1990- 2000	2000- 2008	1990	2000	2008	1990- 2000	2000- 2008
Manufacturing Durables	217.2	255.4	215.4	17.6	(15.7)	10,737	10,877	8,476	1.3	(22.1)
Manufacturing Non-Durables	124.2	141.1	119.7	13.6	(15.2)	6,958	6,386	4,955	(8.2)	(22.4)
Natural Resources and Mining	8.4	8.1	6.2	(3.6)	(23.5)	765	599	774	(21.7)	29.2
Construction	77.9	118.8	109.8	52.5	(7.6)	5,263	6,787	7,215	29.0	6.3
Trade	362.4	436.1	428.6	20.3	(1.7)	18,451	21,213	21,320	15.0	0.5
Transportation Warehousing										
and Utilities	85.8	103.3	94.6	20.4	(8.4)	4,216	5,012	5,065	18.9	1.1
Information	54.3	69.2	57.7	27.4	(16.6)	2,688	3,630	2,997	35.1	(17.4)
Financial Activities	129.3	164.8	177.1	27.5	7.5	6,614	7,687	8,146	16.2	6.0
Professional and Business										
Services	214.5	319.2	326.3	48.8	2.2	10,848	16,666	17,778	53.6	6.7
Education and Health										
Services	241.8	324.5	442.6	34.2	36.3	10,984	15,109	18,855	37.6	24.8
Leisure and Hospitality	180.5	221.6	245.0	22.4	10.6	9,288	11,862	13,459	27.7	13.5
Other Services	91.3	114.6	177.7	25.5	2.7	4,261	5,168	5,528	21.3	7.0
Government	347.9	407.6	418.1	17.2	2.6	18,415	20,790	22,500	12.9	8.2
Agriculture	103.1	73.4	51.1	(28.8)	(30.4)	3,223	2,464	2,168	(23.5)	(12.0)
Total	2,238.6	2,757.7	2,809.9	23.2	1.9	112,711	134,250	139,236	19.9	3.7

## Sources: Minnesota 1990, 2000 and 2008 — Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, www.deed.state.mn.us/lmi.

U.S. 1990, 2000 and 2008, IHS Global Insight (USA), Inc., U.S. Central Data Bank, and U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://data.bls.gov/ces.

Minnesota employment data benchmarked to March 2008. U.S. employment extracted June 3, 2008. Both Minnesota and U.S. industry detail determined according to the North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS).

Minnesota agricultural employment: Unpublished estimate from Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development. U.S. Agricultural employment: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://stats.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat1.pdf/.

U.S. and Minnesota agricultural employment data for 2008 not necessarily comparable with earlier years because of changes in methodology.

Year	Minnesota	U.S.	Minnesota as % of U.S.
1999	30,106	27,939	107.8
2000	32,017	29,847	107.3
2001	32,631	30,582	106.7
2002	33,283	30,838	107.9
2003	34,378	31,530	109.0
2004	36,199	33,157	109.2
2005	37,275	34,690	107.5
2006	38,944	36,794	105.8
2007	41,105	38,615	106.4
2008	42,772	39,751	107.6

MINNESOTA AND UNITED STATES PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

## 

Bureau of Economic Analysis, www.bea.gov/regional/spi. Data extracted December 11, 2008.

2000-2008

1990-2000

	2008	Regional	Rank	2	6	10	12	<del>.                                    </del>	11	7	8	4	2	9	S
2008	er Capita	Personal	icome (\$)	42,397	35,511	35,299	34,103	42,772	35,228	37,314	36,680	37,987	37,730	37,375	39,321
	2008 F	Population	Thousands) I	12,902	11,486	10,003	6,377	5,220	5,912	5,628	3,003	2,802	1,783	804	641
		_	Ŭ	-					8	9			7		
1990	Per Capita	Personal	ncome (\$)	20,824	18,743	18,922	17,491	19,891	17,627	18,072	17,389	18,085	17,983	16,172	15,943
	2000	Population	(Thousands)	12,438	11,364	9,955	6,091	4,934	5,606	5,374	2,928	2,693	1,713	756	641
	Regional	Rank	2000-2008	8	11	12	10	9	6	L	2	ŝ	4	2	
Annual	Compound	Rate of	Increase (%)	3.17	2.44	1.84	2.78	3.52	3.15	3.18	3.54	3.62	3.58	4.46	4.59
2008	Personal	Income	(Millions)	546,985	407,874	353,113	217,467	223,288	208,255	209,999	110,135	106,421	67,288	30,057	25,224
	Regional	Rank	1990-2000	9	12	7	4	<del>, -</del>	5	2	10	6	8	ŝ	11
Annual	Compound	Rate of	Increase (%)	5.32	4.64	5.26	5.45	6.11	5.38	5.65	4.86	5.21	5.22	5.60	4.70
2000	Personal	Income	(Millions)	400,373	320,538	294,227	165,285	157,964	152,722	153,548	77,763	74,570	47,329	19,438	16,097
1990	Personal	Income	(Millions)	238,499	203,630	176,189	97,213	87,318	90,407	88,635	48,358	44,876	28,444	11,273	10,166
			State	Illinois	Ohio	Michigan	Indiana	Minnesota	Missouri	Wisconsin	lowa	Kansas	Nebraska	South Dakota	North Dakota

Source: IHS Global Insight (USA), Inc., @ Markets Data Bank and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, www.census.gov/popest/states/tables, and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, www.bea.gov/regional/spi. Population data extracted June, 2009. Income data extracted June, 2009.

## GROWTH OF PERSONAL INCOME BY STATES IN NORTH CENTRAL REGION<sup>(1)</sup> 2007-2008

Rank	State	Percent Growth
1	North Dakota	2.4
2	South Dakota	1.2
3	Nebraska	0.8
3	Kansas	0.8
6	Illinois	(0.5)
4	Missouri	(0.1)
5	lowa	(0.3)
6	MINNESOTA	(0.5)
6	Wisconsin	(0.5)
7	Indiana	(0.9)
8	Ohio	(1.1)
9	Michigan	(2.6)
	REGION	(1.7)

Source: IHS Global Insight (USA), Inc., @ Markets Data Bank and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, www.bea.gov/regional/spi. Data extracted June 2009.

## NON-FARM EMPLOYMENT IN TWELVE STATE NORTH CENTRAL REGION (Thousands of Jobs)

State	1990 Employment	2000 Employment	2008 Employment	% Increase 1990-2000	2000- 2008
Illinois	5,287.6	6,044.8	5,948.3	14.3	(1.6)
Ohio	4,882.3	5,624.7	5,368.0	15.2	(4.6)
Michigan	3,946.5	4,676.9	4,159.2	18.5	(11.1)
Indiana	2,521.9	3,000.1	2,958.2	19.0	(1.4)
Wisconsin	2,291.5	2,833.8	2,870.2	23.7	1.3
Missouri	2,345.0	2,748.7	2,792.3	17.2	1.6
MINNESOTA	2,135.9	2,684.9	2,758.8	25.7	2.8
lowa	1,226.4	1,478.5	1,523.2	20.6	3.0
Kansas	1,091.9	1,346.1	1,391.1	23.3	3.3
Nebraska	730.9	910.7	964.7	24.6	5.9
South Dakota	288.5	377.9	411.4	31.0	8.9
North Dakota	265.8	327.7	367.0	23.2	12.0
Region	27,014.2	32,054.8	31,512.4	18.7	(1.7)

Source: IHS Global Insight (USA), Inc., @ Markets Data Bank and U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://bls.gov/sae/home.html. Minnesota employment, Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, www.deed.state.mn.us/Imi/tools/ces. Data extracted June 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Refer to Table 7 for Personal Income figures.

## MINNESOTA AND U.S. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

-	Annual Average			
Year	Minnesota	U.S.		
2000	3.1%	4.0%		
2001	3.8%	4.7%		
2002	4.5%	5.8%		
2003	4.9%	6.0%		
2004	4.6%	5.6%		
2005	4.2%	5.1%		
2006	4.1%	4.6%		
2007	4.6%	4.6%		
2008	5.4%	5.8%		

Month	Minnesota	U.S.
2008		
January	5.5%	5.4%
February	5.3%	5.2%
March	5.5%	5.2%
April	5.0%	4.8%
May	4.9%	5.2%
June	5.3%	5.7%
July	5.4%	6.0%
August	5.4%	6.1%
September	5.4%	6.0%
October	5.1%	6.1%
November	5.8%	6.5%
December	6.8%	7.1%
Annual Average	5.4%	5.8%

Month	Minnesota	U.S.
2009		
January	8.5%	8.5%
February	8.7%	8.9%
March	8.9%	9.0%
April	8.1%	8.6%
May	7.8%	9.1%
June	8.4	9.7

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, www.deed.state.mn.us/lmi/tools/laus.

#### MINNESOTA BASED COMPANIES INCLUDED IN THE FORTUNE 500

Ra	nk		Revenues	Assets	Profits	Industry	
2008	2007	Company	\$000	\$000	\$000	Category	Rank
21	25	UnitedHealth Group	81,186,000	55,815,000	2,977,000	Health Care: Insurance and MC	1
28	31	Target	64,948,000	44,106,000	2,214,000	General Merchandisers	2
51	62	Supervalu	44,048,000	21,062,000	593,000	Food and Drug Stores	5
56	66	Best Buy	40,023,000	12,758,000	1,407,000	Specialty Retailers	4
72	145	Cenex Harvest States	32,167,500	8,772,000	803,000	Wholesalers: Food and Grocery	2
95	100	Minnesota Mining & Mfg. (3M)	25,269,000	25,547,000	3,460,000	Miscellaneous	1
129	122	U.S. Bancorp	19,229,000	265,912,000	2,946,000	Commercial Banks	9
193	214	General Mills	13,652,100	19,041,600	1,294,700	Food Consumer Products	4
196	217	Medtronic	13,515,000	22,198,000	2,231,000	Medical Products & Equipment	1
224	294	Land O'Lakes	12,039,300	4,981,300	159,600	Food Consumer Products	8
242	260	Xcel Energy	11,203,200	24,958,500	645,600	Utilities: Gas & Electric	13
276	422	Mosaic	9,812,600	11,819,800	2,082,800	Chemicals	8
300	341	C.H. Robinson Worldwide	8,578,600	1,815,700	359,200	Transportation and Logistics	1
348	296	Ameriprise Financial	7,149,000	95,676,000	(38,000)	Diversified Financials	8
373	390	Hormel Foods	6,754,900	3,616,500	285,500	Food Consumer Products	12
403	438	Ecolab	6,137,500	4,756,900	448,100	Chemicals	15
409	398	Thrivent Financial for Lutherans	6,060,600	52,498,900	(329,700)	Insurance: Life, Health (mutual)	6
478		PepsiAmericas	4,937,200	5,054,100	226,400	Beverages	3
492		Nash Finch	4,703,700	955,000	36,200	Wholesalers: Food and Grocery	3

Source: Fortune Magazine, dated May 4, 2009.

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## **APPENDIX F**

State Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (This page has been left blank intentionally.)

## APPENDIX F

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## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Minnesota State Legislature

The Honorable Tim Pawlenty, Governor

Mr. Tom Hanson, Commissioner of Finance

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Minnesota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the state's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the State of Minnesota's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, which is a major proprietary fund and 71 percent, 64 percent, and 40 percent, respectively, of the total assets, net assets, and operating revenues of the primary government's business-type activities. We also did not audit the financial statements of the Housing Finance Agency, Metropolitan Council, University of Minnesota, ClearWay Minnesota, National Sports Center Foundation, Office of Higher Education, Public Facilities Authority, and Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan, which cumulatively represent 99 percent, 99 percent, and 99 percent, respectively, of the total assets, net assets, and operating revenues of the total discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the aforementioned major proprietary fund, business-type activities, and discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Minnesota as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where

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Members of the Minnesota State Legislature The Honorable Tim Pawlenty, Governor Mr. Tom Hanson, Commissioner of Finance Page 2

applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the State of Minnesota adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the other required supplementary information, as listed in the Table of Contents, are not a required part of the State of Minnesota's basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Jamer K. Noluly

James R. Nobles Legislative Auditor

December 9, 2008

Cicle M. Ferkul

Cecile M. Ferkul, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

State of Minresota State of Minresota 2008 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Introduction Introduction The following discussion and analysis of the state of Minnesota (state) financial performance provides an overview of the state's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, and identifies changes in the financial position of the state's Minnesota during the fiscal year. This section should be read in conjunction with the preceding transmittal letter and the state's financial statements and notes to the financial statements, which follow.	<text></text>	,
	(This page has been left blank intentionally.)	с

The focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements. It is useful to compare the information presented for governmental tunk with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By comparing this financial information, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the state's short-term financial The state's seven nonmajor component units are combined into a single column for reporting in the fund been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The state of Minnesota, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal Fund financial statements present financial information in a format familiar to experienced users of governmental financial statements and reports. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the state, reporting the state's operations in more detail than in the government-wide statements. Fund financial statements focus on the most significant funds within the state. the same functions as reported in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements focus on how revenues when they are available and measurable. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period when the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. This approach is known as the flow of the state's finances that assists in determining whether there are more or less resources available and whether these financial resources will be adequate to meet the current needs of the state. Governmental funds include the General, special revenue, capital project, Debt Service, and permanent funds. The basic financial statements include a reconciliation of governmental funds to governmental activities. These reconciliations follow the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. A fund is a grouping of related self-balancing accounts used to maintain control over resources that have Governmental funds record most of the basic services provided by the state and account for essentially money flows in and out of the funds during a fiscal year and spendable resources available at the end of Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes current financial resources measurement focus. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of financial statements. These nonmajor component units are: State Fund and Component Unit Financial Statements Agricultural and Economic Development Board The state's funds are divided into three categories: Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan National Sports Center Foundation Office of Higher Education Public Facilities Authority Rural Finance Authority ClearWay Minnesota Governmental Funds the fiscal year. requirements. decisions. The statement of net assets presents all of the state's financial resources along with capital assets and long-term obligations. The statement includes all assets and liabilities of the state. Net assets is the various activities carried out by the state (governmental, business-type, and component units). These costs are paid by general taxes and other revenues generated by the state. This statement summarizes the cost of providing specific services by the government, and includes all current year revenues and The governmental activities of the state include most basic services such as environmental resources, general government, transportation, education, health and human services, and public safety. Most of the costs of these activities are financed by taxes, fees, and federal grants. The business-type activities of the state normally are intended to recover all, or a significant portion of, their costs through user fees and charges to external users of goods and services. The operations of the Unemployment Insurance Fund, the State Colleges and Universities, and the Lottery are examples of An increase or decrease in the state's net assets from one year to the next indicates whether the The statement of activities presents the changes in net assets and reports on the gross and net cost of The statement of net assets and the statement of activities segregate the activities of the state into three Component units are legally separate organizations for which the state is financially accountable, or the nature and significance of the unit's relationship with the state is such that exclusion of the unit would as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit governing body, and either a) the ability of the state to impose its will, or b) the potential for the organization to provide financial benefits to, or Other indicators of the state's financial condition include the condition of its infrastructure, and The state's ten component units are reported in two categories: major and nonmajor. This categorization is based on the relative size of an individual component unit's assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses cause the state's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined difference between assets and liabilities and is one method to measure the state's financial condition. economic events and trends that affect future revenues and expenses. in relation to the total of all component units and the primary government. The state's three discretely presented major component units are: financial position of the state is improving or deteriorating. impose financial burdens on, the primary government. Discretely Presented Component Units

Governmental Activities

types:

expenses.

.

Business-type Activities

business-type activities.

Housing Finance Agency

 University of Minnesota Metropolitan Council

9-1-

Notes to the Financial Statements	The notes provide additional narrative and financial information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are located immediately following component unit financial statements.	Required Supplementary Information	The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. This section includes maintenance data reparding to the state's infrastructure actuacial measures of paration	instructione data regarding contain portions of the state of innegative of a contain incontact of portions and Other Postemptyment Benefits funding progress, and public employees insurance program development information.	Other Supplementary Information Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for nonmajor governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds and normajor discretely presented component units. These funds are added tooether by fund twore and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.	Financial Highlights Government-wide		The assets of the state exceeded liabilities at June 30, 2008, by \$13.2 billion (presented as <i>net</i> assets). Of this amount, \$484 million was reported as <i>unestricted net</i> assets. Unrestricted net assets represent the amount \$484 million was reported as <i>unestricted net</i> assets. Unrestricted net assets represent the amount \$484 million was reported as <i>unestricted net</i> assets. Unrestricted net assets represent the amount \$484 million was reported as <i>unestricted net</i> assets. Unrestricted net assets represent the amount \$484 million was reported as <i>unestricted net</i> assets. Unrestricted net assets represent the amount \$484 million was reported as <i>unestricted net</i> assets and regulos. However, many of the resources have internally imposed designations, such as state statutory language, which minit resource use. These assets are not reported as <i>net</i> restricted net assets because the limitations are imposed internally by the state, not externally imposed by sources such as creditors or the constitution. For discussion on the variances from prior year, see the Government-wide Financial Analysis section.	The state's total net assets increased by \$325 million (2.5 percent) during fiscal year 2008. Net     accords of accommental advisition increased by \$456 million (1.1 percent) while net sector of the	users of governmenta advinues increased of \$169 million (8.1 percent). For discussion on the business-type advintes showed an increase of \$169 million (8.1 percent). For discussion on the variances from prior year, see the Government-wide Financial Analysis section.	Fund Level	<ul> <li>At the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$5.1 billion, a decrease of \$325 million compared to the prior year. This amount includes an unreserved fund balance of \$3.0 billion. For discussion on the variances from prior year, see the State Funds Financial Amatus section.</li> </ul>	Long-Term Debt	<ul> <li>The state's total long-term liabilities increased by \$443 million (7.4 percent) during the current fiscal year. The increase is partially due to the issuance of general obligation bonds for turk highway providents and other variant state numbers and revenue honds for the Minnesota State Collenses and</li> </ul>	Universities. The beginning balance has been restated due to the implementation of GASB Universities. The beginning balance has been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pencipies of \$91,812,000, which restated the liability recognized for other postemployment benefits at the beginning of the year to zero.	F-8
The state maintains 29 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the	goverimment intros barances area in the goverimental intros sucrament or levenues, experiments, and changes in fund balances for the General and Federal funds, which are reported as major funds. Information from the remaining 27 funds is combined into a single, aggregated column. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor goverimental funds is provided in the form of combining statements included in this report	- 1	The state adopts a biennial budget with annual appropriations for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.	Proprietary Funds	When the state charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other agencies within the state, these services are generally reported in provided in providealy funds (enterprise and internal service) utilize actual accounting which is the same method used by private- sector businesses. Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.	Enterprise funds, a type of proprietary fund, are used to report activities that provide goods and services to outside (non-government) curroners, including the general public. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally for goods and services provided by one program of the state to another. Because the activities reported by internal service funds predominantly benefit governmental functions rather than business-type functions, the internal service	funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.	The state maintains 17 individual proprietary funds. The State Colleges and Universities and Unemployment Insurance funds, both of which are considered major funds, are presented separately in the proprietary funds statement of net assets and in the proprietary funds statement of net assets. Information from the 8 normalion repeated untervalse during the 7 networks, and changes in net assets. Information from the 8 normalion repeated unterval the 7 networks are combined into two separate aggregated columns. Individual fund data for each of free normalion proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements presented in this report.	Fiduciary Funds	Fiduciary funds are used to report activities when the state acts as a trustee or fiduciary to hold resources for the benefit of pathies outside the state. The accrual basis of accountings used for fiduciary funds and is similar to the accounting in used for momentary times. The anowerment-whole statements exclude	. 0 -	are used for their intended purposes. The state maintains 19 individual fiduciary funds. The state's fiduciary funds are the pension trust funds, the investment trust funds (which accounts for the transactions, assets, liabilities, and fund equity of the	external investment pools), and the Agency Fund (which accounts for the assets held for distribution by the state as an agent for other governmental units, other organizations, or individuals). Individuals fund detail is included in the combining financial statements included in this report.	Component Units	Component units are legally separate organizations for which the state is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements present information for the component units in a single column on the statement of net assets. Also, some information on the statement of changes in net assets is aggregated for component units. The component units <i>statements</i> of <i>net assets</i> and the component units statement of changes in net assets is statement of changes in net assets is statement of changes in net assets provide detail for each major component units individual nonmajor component units financial statements included in this report.	 E-7

The state's combined net assets for governmental and business-type activities increased \$325 million (2.5 percent) over the course of this fiscal year. This resulted from a \$156 million (1.4 percent) increase in net assets of governmental activities, and a \$169 million (8.1 percent) increase in net assets of business-type activities.

**Government-wide Financial Analysis** 

Feat Yanz Feided June 30, 2004         (0.06 and 2007)           Commental Actinities         (0.06 and 2007)         (0.06 and 2007)           Partmental         Commental Actinities         (0.06 and 2007)         (0.06 and 2007)           Partmental         Commental Actinities         (0.06 and 2007)         (0.06 and 2007) <th <<="" colspan="2" th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Changes in Net Assets</th><th>n Net</th><th>Assets</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></th>	<th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Changes in Net Assets</th> <th>n Net</th> <th>Assets</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						Changes in Net Assets	n Net	Assets						
Contronands 1         Contronands 2007         Contronands 2007         Contronands 2007         Contronands 2007         Contronands 2007         Contronands 2007         Contronand 2007         Controland 2007         Contro			Œ	scal )	ears Ended,	Iune	30, 2008 and 2	200							
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$					(In The	usan	ds)								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			Governmen	ntal Ac	tivities		Business-ty	pe Ac	divities		Total Primar	y Gov	ernment		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			2008		2007		2008		2007		2008		2007		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	evenues:														
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Program Revenues:	•				•				•					
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Charges for Services <sup>(1)</sup> Operating Grants and	io N	1,202,566	\$	1,117,489	~	2,325,325	\$	2,309,047	~	3,527,891	\$	3,426,536		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Contributions		6,677,323		6,500,439		217,224		187,530		6,894,547		6,687,969		
7         300         200	Capital Grants		449,765		236,700		1,142		1,839		450,907		238,539		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	General Revenues:														
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Individual Income Taxes		7,929,096		7,463,959		•		•		7,929,096		7,463,959		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Corporate Income Taxes		1,039,843		1,160,380		1		'		1,039,843		1,160,380		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Sales Taxes		4,474,576		4,600,984		1				4,474,576		4,600,984		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Property Taxes		703,972		667,395				•		703,972		667,395		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Motor Vehicle Taxes		1,011,494		1,025,820						1,011,494		1,025,820		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Fuel Taxes		651,988		647,168		,		,		651,988		647,168		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Other Taxes <sup>(1)</sup>		2,149,162		2,195,880						2,149,162		2,195,880		
e         121,538         155,016         48,128         26,736         159,764           103,416         91,967         1,1449         2,543,013         5         233         5         3	Tobacco Settlement		186.425		184.924				,		186.425		184.924		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Investment/Interest Income		121,638		155,016		48,126		26,786		169,764		181,802		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Other Revenues		103,416		91,867		1,649		17,811		105.065		109,678		
s         5         901,641         5         855,238         5 $-5$ 5         5         901,641         5           nd $825,847$ $702,549$ $  2,047,500$ $1$ $704,502,501$ $704,502,501$ $704,5$	Total Revenues	∽	26,701,264	ŝ	26,048,021	ŝ	2,593,466	ω	2,543,013	69	29,294,730	ŝ	28,591,034		
5         5         901,641         5         5         5         901,641         5           60         1736,666         -         -         2,047,500         1         2,047,501         5           704,501         583,064         -         -         2,047,501         7         7           704,501         583,064         -         -         2,047,501         7         7           717,521         7,323,406         -         -         2,047,501         7         7           717,521         583,054         -         -         2,047,501         7         7           816,111         77,1733         -         -         1,056,597         7         816,111         7         1,17         1,17         1,11 <td>benses:</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	benses:	•		•						•					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Public Safety and Corrections	\$	901,641	69	855,328	\$	•	ю	,	69	901,641	ŝ	855,328		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Transportation		2,047,500		1,795,056		•		•		2,047,500		1,795,056		
225.842         762.549         -         825.842           704,501         580.064         -         -         704.501           704,501         580.064         -         -         704.501           7057,577         7.323.406         -         -         704.501           717,733         9.1339         9.156.061         -         861.411           717,733         77.1733         -         816.411         171.173           816.111         77.1733         -         816.111         171.173           1511.715         1,489.439         -         211.162         1           1511.715         1,489.439         -         215.163         151.161         1           1511.715         1,489.439         -         215.0935         157.505         1         1           201.01         5.83.857         73.39405         2.82.836         2         1         2           201.02         2         2.46.344         3.11.893         36.84         36.84         36.84           201.02         2         2.150.6355         2.150.6356         2         1         2         2         2         2         2         2         2	Agricultural, Environmental and														
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Energy Resources <sup>(1)</sup>		825,842		762,549		•				825,842		762,549		
7         7/04,301         500,004         -         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         7/04,501         -         0 <th0< th=""> <th0< th=""> <th10< th=""> <t< td=""><td>Economic and worklord</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>100.001</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>101101</td><td></td><td>.00 001</td></t<></th10<></th0<></th0<>	Economic and worklord				100.001						101101		.00 001		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Development		106,901		7 202 400 400				•		106,901		7 205,000		
0         10.296.369 (1.276)         56.050 (1.277,723)         56.050 (1.276)         56.050 (1.277,723)         56.050 (1.276,754)         56.050 (1.277,754)         66.111 (1.277,754)         76.171,76 (1.276,754)         16.111,16 (1.276,754)         76.171,76 (1.276,754)         76.171,76 (1.276,754)         76.171,76 (1.276,754)         76.171,76 (1.276,754)         76.171,76 (1.276,754)         76.171,76 (1.276,754)         76.171,76 (1.276,754)         76.171,76 (1.276,754)         76.171,76 (1.276,754)         77.172 (1.276,754)         77.127,754         77.1276,756	General Education		/00'0/0'/		1,323,400				•		/00'0/0'/		006' FUO		
0         10,250,259         20,250,259         21,250,259         21,171         11,250,259         21,171         11,250,259         31,1171         11,250,259         31,1171         11,250,259         31,1171         11,250,259         31,1171         11,210,259         151,1715         1         11,210,259         151,1715         1         1         11,1715         1         1,120,129         1,11715         1         1         11,1715         1         <	mgner Eaucauon		40 000 010		800'I 78				•		40 000 010		921,359 0 FOC 004		
16.111         17.1/33         -         -         15.1711         1           1511715         1,499,479         -         -         15.1716         1           221,462         208,719         -         -         157.1716         1           221,462         208,719         -         -         157.162         157.063         1           221,462         208,367         756,367         155.051         155.051         1         1           -         -         -         167.053         155.363         256.363         167.503         1         2           -         -         -         -         -         -         2	Health and Human Services		10,239,339		100'060'6				•		800'087'NI		1 00'066'6		
151/15         1489.49         .         211/15         1489.49         .         211/15         1489.49         .         211/15         1489.49         .         211/15         1489.49         .         211/15         1489.49         .         211/15         1489.49         .         211/15         1489.49         211/15         1450.49         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         1650.61         1         2         <	General Government		816,111		//1/33				•		816,111		//1//33		
Z21,162         206,719         .         .         Z1,162         .         21,162         .         21,162         .         21,162         .         1675,051         1         1         .         21,162         .         .         21,162         .         .         21,162         .         .         21,162         .<	Intergovernmental Aid		1,511,715		1,489,439				•		1,511,715		1,489,439		
Image: Non-Section of the section of the sectin of the section of the section of the section of the sec	Interest		221,162		208,719		•		•		221,162		208,719		
28.857         735.967         828.857 <th< td=""><td>State Colleges and Universities</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>1,675,051</td><td></td><td>1,550,936</td><td></td><td>1,675,051</td><td></td><td>1,550,936</td></th<>	State Colleges and Universities		•		•		1,675,051		1,550,936		1,675,051		1,550,936		
346.34         311.833         346.344         311.833         346.384           \$ 25.982.341         \$ 2.42.91.394         \$ 3.07.910         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.83.61         \$ 2.73.266         \$ 1.73         \$ 2.83.266         \$ 1.73         \$ 2.61.616         \$ 2.83.266         \$ 1.13         \$ 2.83.266         \$ 1.73         \$ 2.80.616         \$ 2.83.266         \$ 1.73         \$ 2.80.621         \$ 2.80.6	Unemployment Insurance		•		•		828,857		735,987		828,857		735,987		
-         -         228,361         215,005         228,361         228,361         228,361         228,361         528,361         528,361         528,361         528,361         528,361         527,061,444         577,01         520,01,444         577,01         520,01,444         577,01         527,020         523,026         414         577,01         523,026         517,020         523,026         517,020         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026         527,026         517,026<	Lottery				•		346,834		311,893		346,834		311,893		
\$ 25,982,341         \$ 24,291,684         \$ 3,073,103         \$ 2,213,827         \$ 2,950,1444         \$ 5           \$ 118,923         \$ 1,756,337         \$ (488,637)         \$ 2,873,800         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,333,286         \$ 2,333,286         \$ 2,333,286         \$ 2,333,286         \$ 2,332,86          2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86         \$ 2,332,86	Other				•		228,361		215,005		228,361		215,005		
718,923         5176,923         5176,932         5176,932         51726,932         5232,286         5           (654,339)         (554,769)         654,359         551,769         -         -         -           5         615,643         517,619         564,359         551,769         -         -         -           5         615,643         5         1,00,4568         5         1,00,4568         5         2332,864         5         1,733,151         5         2332,766         5         1,733,151         5         1,2376,564         5         1,133,151         5         1,2376,564         5         1,133,151         5         1,2376,564         5         1,133,151         5         1,2376,564         5         1,133,151         5         1,2376,564         5         1,133,151         5         1,133,151         5         1,133,151         5         1,133,151         5         1,133,151         5         1,133,151         5         1,133,151         5         1,133,151         5         1,134,152         5         1,134,152         5         1,134,152         5         1,144,152         5         1,144,152         5         1,144,152         5         1,144,152         5         1,144,15	Total Expenses	φ	25,982,341	Ś	24,291,694	φ	3,079,103	\$	2,813,821	ω	29,061,444	\$	27,105,515		
\$ 718,923         \$ 1756,327         \$ (485,637)         \$ (270,809)         \$ 233,286         \$ 3           \$ (653,439)         \$ (673,439)         \$ (673,439)         \$ (673,439)         \$ (273,646)         \$ 233,286         \$ 3           \$ (653,439)         \$ (613,439)         \$ (613,436)         \$ (204,646)         \$ 233,286         \$ 3         \$ 331,789         \$ 331,789         \$ 323,286         \$ 3         \$ 331,789         \$ 333,786         \$ 3         \$ 331,789         \$ 323,286         \$ 3         \$ 331,789         \$ 333,786         \$ 3         \$ 331,789         \$ 333,286         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 333,286         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 1,783,161         \$ 3         \$ 3         \$ 3         \$ 3         \$ 3,732,162         \$ 3         \$ 3         \$ 3         \$ 3         \$ 3         \$ 3         \$ 3         \$ 3         \$ 3         3         \$ 3         \$ 3	cess (Deficiency) Before														
(55,339)         (55,178)         (64,339)         (55,178)         (64,339)         (55,176)         -           \$         64,339         \$         64,339         \$         51,769         -         -           \$         64,339         \$         64,339         \$         66,339         \$         51,769         -         -           \$         64,643         \$         168,722         \$         230,066         \$         1,44           \$         0,060,280         \$         2,00,366         \$         2,173,151         \$         1,33,156         \$         1,43           \$         0,060,280         \$         2,00,366         \$         2,173,151         \$         1,33,151         \$         1,33,156         \$         1,43           \$         9,181         .         .         .         .         .         9,412         .         1,43           \$         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         9,412         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         1,41         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .	Transfers	69	718,923	ŝ	1,756,327	69	(485,637)	ŝ	(270,808)	69	233,286	ŝ	1,485,519		
\$\$\$\$ 64,564         \$\$\$\$ 1204,568         \$\$\$\$ 168,722         \$\$\$\$233,296         \$\$\$233,296         \$\$\$1,43           \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$00,200         \$\$\$\$900,200         \$\$\$\$207,564         \$\$\$1,733,161         \$\$\$\$12,875,564         \$\$\$1,133           \$	ansfers <sup>(1)</sup>		(654,359)		(551,769)		654,359		551,769						
\$ 10.802.980 \$ 9.800.210 \$ 2.073.564 \$ 1.733.151 \$ 12.875.564 \$ 11.34 - 7.564 \$ 11.34 - 91.812 91.812 - (9.472) - 94.72	ange in Net Assets	ь	64,564	ω	1,204,558	⇔	168,722	φ	280,961	ь	233,286	\$	1,485,519		
- 7,664 9,1812	et Assets, Beginning	69	10,802,980	ω	9,600,210	∽	2,073,584	⇔	1,783,151	÷	12,876,564	\$	11,383,361		
91,812 91,812 - (9,472) - 9,472 -	ior Period Adjustments				7,684		,				,		7,684		
- (9,472) - 9,472 -	tange in Accounting Principle		91,812		,		,		•		91,812				
	nange in Fund Structure				(9,472)				9,472						

		(In The	June 30, 2008 and 2007 (In Thousands)			
	Governmen	Governmental Activities	Business-ty	Business-type Activities	Total Priman	Total Primary Government
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Current Assets	\$ 9,679,864	\$ 10,341,404	\$ 1,588,517	\$ 1,522,925	\$ 11,268,381	\$ 11,864,329
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets	10,531,680	9,799,769	1,462,138	1,308,504	11,993,818	11,108,273
Other Assets	781,787	784,933	143,908	134,667	925,695	919,600
Total Assets	\$ 20,993,331	\$ 20,926,106	\$ 3,194,563	\$ 2,966,096	\$ 24,187,894	\$ 23,892,202
Current Liabilities	\$ 4,702,255	\$ 5,087,004	\$ 349,690	\$ 361,293	\$ 5,051,945	\$ 5,448,297
Noncurrent Liabilities	5,331,720	5,036,122	602,567	531,219	5,934,287	5,567,341
Total Liabilities	\$ 10,033,975	\$ 10,123,126	\$ 952,257	\$ 892,512	\$ 10,986,232	\$ 11,015,638
Net Assets:						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	\$ 7,775,939	\$ 6,781,966	\$ 1,108,136	\$ 1,016,955	\$ 8,884,075	\$ 7,798,921
Restricted	2,693,756	2,703,598	1,140,070	1,058,032	3,833,826	3,761,630
Unrestricted	489,661	1,317,416	(5,900)	(1,403)	483,761	1,316,013
Total Net Assets	\$ 10,959,356	\$ 10,802,980	\$ 2,242,306	\$ 2,073,584	\$ 13,201,662	\$ 12,876,564

capital ovable capital th and issets. The large assets su assets), l assets to cannot b Therefore sources.

Approximately \$3.8 billion of the state's net assets represent resources subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation, which restricts how these assets may be used.

The remaining net assets balance of \$484 million represents primarily unrestricted net assets of the governmental activities that may be used to meet the state's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. As noted previously, within this balance, many of the resources have internally imposed designations such as state statutory language, which limit resource use. These assets are not reported as restricted net assets because the limitations are imposed internally by the state, not externally imposed by sources such as creditors.

F-10

12,876,564

9,472 \$ 2,073,584

\$ 2,242,306

 (9,472)

 \$ 10,959,356
 \$ 10,802,980

Net Assets, Ending

<sup>(1)</sup> 2007 has been restated for reclassifications to be consistent with 2008 presentation.

91,812 \$ 13,201,662

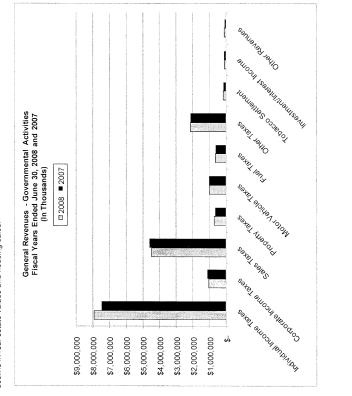
Approximately 61 percent of the state's total revenue (governmental and business-type activities) came from taxes, while 25 percent resulted from grants and contributions, including federal aid. Charges for various goods and services provided 12 percent of the total revenues. The remaining 2 percent came from other general revenues.

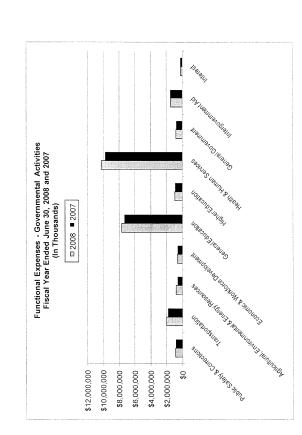
The state's expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were for general education, and health and human services.

# Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the state's net assets by \$156 million compared to an increase of \$1.2 billion in the prior year.

The increase in revenues was primarily attributable to an increase in individual income taxes and an increase in grants and contributions. The increases in grants and contributions was primarily attributable to revenue from the federal government for their participation in the increase in medical assistance expenses and the increase in transportation expenses resulting from the rebuilding of the I-35W bridge, which collapsed in August 2007. These revenue increases were slightly offset by a decrease in corporate profile and estate values and bottly offset and deed taxes due to a decline in real estate values and buoits asis.





The increase in expenses resulted from increases in several functional expense categories. Economic and Workforce Development, Transportation and General Government expenses increased primarily due to one-time unusual events. Economic and Workforce Development and part of the Transportation expenses increased primarily due to an e-time unusual events. Economy is southeastern Minnesota. Grants were provided for damages to businesses are transloration provided from floging in southeastern Minnesota. Grants were provided for damages to businesses are transloration provided from floging the L33W bridge. As stated above, these expenses were reimbursed by the federal government. The bridge orlapse also resulted in an increase in General Government expenses are increased due to the settlement to claimants who died or were injured from the bridge collapse. Risk stated above, this increase were expenses increased due to a settlement to claimants who died or were injured from the bridge collapse. Risk stated above, this increase were expenses increased due to a settlement to claimants who died or were injured from the bridge collapse. Risk stated above, this increase were expenses increased main who died or were prive from expenses. General Education expenses increased are appropriations for school settlements share of these expenses. General Education expenses increased are part of these expenses. General Education expenses increased are programment increase in the part uptil formula, an increase in the part uptil formula, an increase in the average health and threase increase in the average health or expenses increase in the average health and threase increase in the average health and threase increase in the average health or exceeden an appropriation expenses increased and the origin of the total state above, this increase in the average health or exceeden and an increase in the average health or exceeden and an increase in the average health or exceeden and a state above in the setore and an increase in the average

# Business-type Activities

The state's proprietary funds net assets increased by \$169 million during the current year. This primarily resulted from a \$120 million increases in net assets in the State Obleges and Universities Fund, which compared to a similar increase of \$126 million in the prior year. Transfers from the General Fund increased \$44 million and fution revue increased \$46 million. These increases were offset by an increased \$44 million and fution revue increased \$46 million. These increases were offset by an increase in salaries and fringe benefits of \$88 million. The increases in tution and salaries and fringe benefits primarily resulted due to an increase in the number of students. The remaining increase in net assets of \$49 million resulted primarily from an \$38 million increase in net assets of the Unemployment from increased benefit payment as the unemployment rate increase in the prior year. This change resulted from increased benefit payment as the unemployment rate increased.

Proprietary Funds The statements for proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The state's proprietary funds net assets increased by \$169 million during the current year. This primarily resulted from a \$120 million increase in net assets in the assets in the State Colleges and Universities Fund and increase of \$38 million in net assets of the Unemployment Insurance Fund. For further discussion, see the Government-wide Financial Analysis – Business-type Activities section. General Fund Budgetary Highlights	During fiscal year 2008, the state legislature appropriated \$80 million from the General Fund for flood cleanup and recovery assistance in southeastern Minnesota and \$37 million to create a fund for payment of settlements to the victims of the I-35W bridge collapse. There were no net over-expenditures or line-item over-expenditures by the General Fund departments during the current fiscal year. Based on the November 2007 and February 2008 forecasts, the state's financial outlook has deteriorated by appromately \$1.2 billion since enactment of the fiscal year 2008-09 budget during the 2007 legislative session. This was primarily the result of a domestical with the originally enacted budget. The budget was rebalanced primarily by using budgetary reserves and increasing transfers from other funds.	Based on the November 2008 forecast, the starts invariant outlook communed to waten and a dention state million is currently forecast, the starts invariant outlook communed to waten and a dention state's fiscal year 2010-11 budget, which will be enacted in the fiscal year 2009 legislative session. Both state statutes and constitution require a balanced budget for the bennium and prohibit burrowing for operating purposes beyond the neuron the biennium. Minnesotas budget reserve is available for use, but is not sufficient to solve the entire problem fiscal year 2009 deficit. The budget reserve was \$655 million as of June 30, 2008. However, the state used \$500 million of this reserve the forecast deficit in the February forecast leaving a current budget reserve has been depleted. The Governor also has the authority to unallot expenditures after the budget reserve has been depleted. The state's cash flow account, used to smooth timing differences between the receipts of revenues and expenditure cash outlays within a fiscal year, is currently \$550 million.	Capital Asset and DeDLAMINISTIATION Capital Assets The state's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2008, was \$14.2 billion, less accumulated depreciation of \$2.2 billion, resulting in a net book value of \$12.0 billion. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are long-lived capital assets, such as pavement, bridges, tunnels, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items that are normally stationary in nature.	
Charges for Services - Business-type Activities Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 (In Thousands) \$1,000,000 \$300,000 \$300,000 \$500,000 \$500,000 \$1,000,000 \$1	sson 000 5 saon 000 5 soon 000 5 soon 000 5 state Colleges & Unemployment Lottery Other Universities Insurance Lottery Other	As noted earlier, the state uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance- related legal requirements. <b>Governmental Funds</b> The focus of the state's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term cash inflows and outflows during the fiscal year. and balances of spendable resources as of fiscal year end. Such information is useful in assessing the state's financial condition. The unreserved fund balance serves as a useful measure of the state's net resources available for future spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the state's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.1 billion, a decrease of \$325 million over the prior year.	The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the state. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$689 million, a decrease of \$435 million compared to the prior year. This compared to an unreserved fund balance of \$1.1 billion in the prior year with an increase of \$514 million from fiscal year 2006. As the end of the same variances impacting comment and activities impacted the General Fund. Economic and Workforce Development and General Government expenditures increased the General Fund. Economic and Workforce Development and Workforce Development expenditures increased due to grants issued to businesses and residents of southeastern Minnesota for floring daranes increased due to grants issued to businesses and residents of southeastern Minnesota for floring daranes who died or were injured from the 1-35W birdge collapse. Health and Human Services expenditures increased use to grants issued to businesses and residents of southeastern from a settlement to claimants who died or were injured from the 1-35W birdge collapse. Health and Human Services expenditures increased mainly due to an increase in the number of eligible participants increased due to an increased aneitage health 2 percent, an increase in special education for medical assistizatione and increased are provided to an increase in the number of fugible participants increased due to an increased use to grants to the University of Minnesota (component unit).	н 133

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Debt Administration	The authority of the state to incur debt is described in Article XI. Sections 5 and 7, of the state's constitution. General obligation bonds, issued by the state, are backed by the full faith, credit, and taxing powers of the state.	The state's general obligation bonds are rated as follows:     Aa1 by Moodv's Investors Service	<ul> <li>AAA by Standard &amp; Poors</li> <li>AAA by Fitch Ratinos</li> </ul>	The state also issues revenue bonds, which are payable solely from rentals, revenues, and other income, charges and monies that were pledged for repayment.	Outstanding Bonded Dobt June 30, 2008 and 2007 (In Thousands)	Governmental ActivitiesBusiness-type ActivitiesTotal Primary Government2008200720082007	General Obligation         \$ 4,070,056         \$ 3,791,494         \$ 215,024         \$ 188,096         \$ 4,286,080         \$ 3,979,590           Revenue         14,500         15,145         206,585         170,941         221,085         186,086           Revenue         3 4,086,556         \$ 3,306,639         \$ 4,216,094         \$ 4,266,165         \$ 4,165,076           Total         \$ 4,084,556         \$ 3,306,639         \$ 4,21,609         \$ 3,350,037         \$ 4,506,165         \$ 4,165,076	During fiscal year 2008, the state issued the following bonds: \$656 million in general obligation state various purpose bonds	<ul> <li>\$14 million in general obligation state trunk highway bonds</li> <li>\$8 million in general obligation Rural Finance Authority bonds</li> <li>\$41 million in revenue bonds for Minnesota State Colleges and Universities</li> </ul>	Additional information on the state's long-term debt obligations is located in Note 12 – General Long- Term Liabilities – Primary Government in the notes to the financial statements. <b>Requests for Information</b>	This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the state's finances and to demonstrate the state's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the	Minnesota Department of Finance, 400 Centennial Office Building, 558 Cedar Street, Saint Paul, Minnesota, 55155.	F. 16
	Capital Assets June 30, 2008 and 2007 (In Thousands)	Governmental Activities         Business-type Activities         Total Primary Government           2008         2007         2008         2007	ted: \$ 1,904,657 \$ 1,807,456 \$ 80,852 \$ 79,488 \$ 1,985,509 \$ 1 xovements 28,040 28,975 - 28,040	Construction         Progress         261,251         183,997         174,345         132,191         4.35,596         36,188           Infrastructure         6,376,135         6,376,135         6,376,135         6,361,250         -         -         6,376,135         6,361,250           Art and Historical Treasures         1,989         550,200         -         -         1,989         500           Total Capital Asserts not bepreciated         5         9,072,277         5         5,377,779         5         2,377,599         5         5,630,730	2011.326 \$ 1,925,389 \$ 2,071,380 \$ 1,918,343 \$ 60.716 6 55,605 \$ 2,071,380 \$ 1,918,343 \$	Upper         Upper <th< th=""><th>\$ 2,666,549 \$ 11,993,818 \$ 1</th><th>The state uses the modified approach for reporting selected infrastructure assets. The modified approach requires that the state meet cretain requirements regarding the inventory and maintenance of eligible capital assets, including condition assessments. Under the modified approach, assets are not depreciated and certain maintenance and preservation cosits associated with those assets are expensed. Assets accounted for under this approach include approximately 20,000 lane miles of pavement and 3,000 bridges that are maintained by the Minnessda Department of Transportation.</th><th>The state's goal is to maintain pavement at or above, a 3.0 Pavement Quality Index (PQI) for all principal arterial pavement and at, or above, a 2.8 PQI for all other pavement. The most recent condition assessment, completed for calendar year 2007, indicated that the average PQI for principal arterial pavement was 3.3 and 3.2 for all other pavements. The state has maintained a stable condition of pavement over the past five years with a slight define in the current year.</th><th>The state's goal is to have over 92 percent of principal arterial system bridges and 80 percent of all other system bridges in fair to good condition. The most recent condition assessment, completed for calendar year 2007, indicated that 88 percent of principal arterial system bridges and 93 percent of all other system bridges were in fair to good condition. The state has also maintained a stable condition of bridges over the past several years.</th><th>In August 2007, the I-35W bridge over the Mississippi River collapsed. As a result of rebuilding the bridge, actual expenditures for both capitalized and maintenance projects increased from the original budget during the current year. These increases were partially offset by a projected decrease in other projects as resources were devoted to this project.</th><th>Additional information on the state's capital assets and infrastructure under the modified approach is included in Note 6 - Capital Assets of the notes to the financial statements and in the required supplementary information, respectively.</th><th>F-15</th></th<>	\$ 2,666,549 \$ 11,993,818 \$ 1	The state uses the modified approach for reporting selected infrastructure assets. The modified approach requires that the state meet cretain requirements regarding the inventory and maintenance of eligible capital assets, including condition assessments. Under the modified approach, assets are not depreciated and certain maintenance and preservation cosits associated with those assets are expensed. Assets accounted for under this approach include approximately 20,000 lane miles of pavement and 3,000 bridges that are maintained by the Minnessda Department of Transportation.	The state's goal is to maintain pavement at or above, a 3.0 Pavement Quality Index (PQI) for all principal arterial pavement and at, or above, a 2.8 PQI for all other pavement. The most recent condition assessment, completed for calendar year 2007, indicated that the average PQI for principal arterial pavement was 3.3 and 3.2 for all other pavements. The state has maintained a stable condition of pavement over the past five years with a slight define in the current year.	The state's goal is to have over 92 percent of principal arterial system bridges and 80 percent of all other system bridges in fair to good condition. 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STATE OF MINNESOTA

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS)

ASETS ASETS Cquindents Cquindents and 10, control (1, 7, 43) and 10, control (1, 7, 43) and 10, control (1, 7, 43) and 10, and	ASSETS         Second 2         <		GOVI AC	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSII	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	COM	COMPONENT UNITS	
Surveilents         5         5,200,12 200,346         5         144,846         5           entrim         2,00,346         300,17         300,17         300,17         300,17           entrim         2,00,346         300,17         300,17         300,17         300,17           entrime         30,000         17,73         300,17         300,17         300,17           entrime         30,000         20,180         20,180         20,333         3,330           in factoriable         20,333         3,310         2,378         3,330         5,378           Assets         5         9,678,96         5,170         5         5         5,378           Assets         5         9,678,96         5,170         5         5         5         5,378           Assets         5         9,614,96         2,538         10,406         5,345	Superimetric         5         5,200,12         5         5,200,12         5,200,12         1,200,11         2,200,200,20,30,30         5         1,200,11         2,200,200,20,30,30         5         1,200,11         2,200,200,20,30,30         5         1,200,11         2,200,200,20,30,30         5         1,100,01         5         1,100,01         5         2,11,200,11         5         1,100,01         5         1,100,01         5         1,100,01         5         2,11,200,11         5         1,100,01         5         1,100,01         5         2,11,200,11         5         1,100,01         5         1,100,01         5         1,100,01         5         2,11,200,11         2,11,200,11         2,11,200,11         2,11,200,20         2,11,200,20         2,11,200									
and another         2,003,66         2,004,66         2,004,66         2,003,66	and memory method         and method <tha< td=""><td>ent Assets: ash and Cash Equivalents</td><td>ų</td><td>5 320 012</td><td>¢.</td><td>1 146 381</td><td></td><td></td><td>1 285 663</td></tha<>	ent Assets: ash and Cash Equivalents	ų	5 320 012	¢.	1 146 381			1 285 663	
200010         300,577           Mont Units         77,43         300,577           Mont Units         77,43         300,577           Mont Units         77,43         300,577           Mont Units         77,43         300,577           Mont Units         77,543         300,577           Mont Units         75,568         70,100           State         5,568         2,578           Mont Units         75,578         5,333           Asteric         5,733         5,333           Asteric         5,733         5,334           Asteric         5,953         5,333           Asteric         5,953         5,334           Asteric         5,953         5,334           Asteric         5,953         5,334           Asteric         5,314,56         5,156           Asteric         5,314,56         5,156           Asteric         5,314,56         5,156           Asteric         5,314,56         5,177           Asteric         5,314,56         5,177           Asteric         5,314,56         5,177           Asteric         5,314,56         5,1770           Aster	177.43         2.07.346         30.517         2.37.633         7.7.73           Mont Units	Investments		1,220,812		29,899			1,286,466	
Ti/743         Ti/743         -           On Unitation         33,403         5,013           On Unitation         33,503         5,013           On Unitation         33,503         5,013           On Unitation         33,503         5,013           Onterast frome         20,313         2,033           Onterast frome         20,313         2,033           Onterast frome         20,314         2,033           Analter         20,314         2,034           Analter         20,314         2,034           Analter         20,314         2,034           Analter         2,035         2,033           Analter         2,035         2,035           Analter         2,035         2,033           Analter         2,036         2,036           Analter         2,036         2,036           Analter         2,033         2,234           Analter         2,233         2,2417	7,743         7,743         -         17,743           7,900         7,743         -         17,743           9,001         7,743         7,743         -           9,010         7,743         7,743         -           9,010         7,733         7,733         7,743         -           9,010         7,743         -         1,743         -           9,010         7,703         2,903         2,903         -         -         -           9,010         7,703         2,913         2,914         2         -	ccounts Receivable		2,007,346		380,517	2,387,863		386,819	
evolution         38.400         1           evolution         38.400         1           evolution         25.600         50.002           evolution         25.00         50.002           evolution         25.000         50.000           evolution         25.000         50.000           evolution         25.000         25.000           evolution         25.000         25.000 <td>38.00         38.00         5.00         <th5.00< th="">         5.00         5.00         <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1/,/43</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>1/,/43</td><td></td><td></td></t<></th5.00<></td>	38.00         38.00         5.00 <th5.00< th="">         5.00         5.00         <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1/,/43</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>1/,/43</td><td></td><td></td></t<></th5.00<>			1/,/43		•	1/,/43			
Noticity         Solid         1           Workingensel fromme         756,580         50,100           Solide         5,540         50,000           Solide         5,540         50,000           Solide         5,540         50,000           Solide         5,520,0	Total         Sado         1/1         Sado         1/2         Sado         Sado         1/2         Sado         1/2         Sado         Sado <t< td=""><td>bue from Primary Government</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td>/3,850</td></t<>	bue from Primary Government		•		•			/3,850	
Workless         75,568         71,002         72,003         71,002         72,003         71,002         72,003         71,002         72,003 <th 72,00<="" td=""><td>Model         75,058         71,002         71,012         71,012         71,012<!--</td--><td>ccrued investment/interest income</td><td></td><td>38,409</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>38,425</td><td></td><td>40.0/4</td></td></th>	<td>Model         75,058         71,002         71,012         71,012         71,012<!--</td--><td>ccrued investment/interest income</td><td></td><td>38,409</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>38,425</td><td></td><td>40.0/4</td></td>	Model         75,058         71,002         71,012         71,012         71,012 </td <td>ccrued investment/interest income</td> <td></td> <td>38,409</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>38,425</td> <td></td> <td>40.0/4</td>	ccrued investment/interest income		38,409		1	38,425		40.0/4
Freenente         0.740         0.740           % Calena         0.742         0.740           % Calena         1.7233         0.740           % Calena         1.710         0.740           % Calena         1.710         0.740           % Calena         1.710         0.710           % Calena         1.712         0.710           % Calena         1.723         0.710           % Calena<	Freemente         2,300         0,100         6,000         6,000           17,2233         5,341         3         1,503         1,304         5         3           3' offense         17,2233         5,341         3         1,1260         5         3         <	ederal Aid Receivable		795,698		15,002	810,/00		1//10	
I. Networks         7.3,744         7.9,744         7.0,744	N. Receivable	rventories.		090'97		20,789	45,269		102,001	
g Grantent         7,000 (0,000         7,000 (0,000         7,000 (0,000         7,000 (0,000         7,000 (0,000         7,000 (0,000         7,000 (0,000         7,000         9         1         0	Total         Total <t< td=""><td>Oans and Notes Receivable.</td><td></td><td>240,70</td><td></td><td>04/10</td><td>700'00</td><td></td><td>+00'00I</td></t<>	Oans and Notes Receivable.		240,70		04/10	700'00		+00'00I	
g. Jonature         17.017         2.007         2.007           Asteric         5         9.67.06         5         1.56.57         5         1.50         5.07         5         1.06         5         2.06         5	Guodenteration         10,000         2,000         0,000			000,04		(000103)	210 021		200 500	
Acade         5         9679 364         5         1568.517         5           Guidulents-Practicad         5         9679 364         5         1770.05         5           Guidulents-Practicad         5         97170.05         5         1770.05         5           Other Academic and the sector and	Acted:         5         9679 joid         5         1500 ioid         5         1500 ioid         5         1           CqUUMUNE-Prediction         5         9679 joid         5         177 005         5         177 005         5         7           Oth Prediction         5         100 foid         5         177 005         5         177 005         5         7         0           Oth Prediction         5         100 foid         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111         5         111	ecultues certaining condication		3,810		2337	6 147		71.372	
Acted.         S         9 (0.5) (0.5	Actedia         S         9.6.3.064         S         1.08.05/1         S         1.1.200.5         S         1.1.200.55         <		.		.					
Guivalents-Freatricad         5         5         177,005         5           Constraint         -         -         -         -         -           Constraint         -         -         -         -         -         -           Constraint         -	Control         S         T/T 005         S         T/T 105         T/T 105         T/T 105 <tht 105<="" th=""></tht>	Total Current Assets.	\$	9,679,864	6	1,588,51/	- 1		9,601,647	
S         S         17,005         S           valee-frestrictd	S         S         17,005         S         117,005         S         117,117         S         117,10	icurrent Assets:								
value related         -         <	And Construction         Second S	cash and Cash Equivalents-Restricted	s	,	ŝ	117,005		ŝ	506,716	
vy doe Fractiond	Mode Franction         133,465         103,465         114,142			•		,	•		226,810	
etr Coordination (10, 400) etr Coordination (10, 400) a Retendation (11, 400) a Retendation (	Noncomment         0         <	ccounts Receivable-Restricted		•		•			17,932	
Order Lotta	Onerrultultum         103,405         0         103,405         3           Valle         381,560         12,605,914         381,560         3           Valle         381,560         361,560         381,560         3           Valle         281,560         381,560         381,560         3           Valle         286,537         2,65,197         2,604,57         3           Copical Assets         2,65,197         2,66,197         2,66,173         3           Copical Assets         2,713,467         5         1,494,600         5         2,417,794           is         3         3,343,551         5         3,144,600         5         2,417,794           is         3         3,343,551         5         3,144,600         5         2,417,794           is         3         3,343,551         5         3,144,600         5         2,417,794         5         1           is         3         3,343,551         5         3,144,600         5         1         1           is         3         3,343,551         5         3,144         5         1         1           is         4,43,47         3,334,51         5	ue from Primary Government.		•		•	•		26,105	
monter (Unita	000rtt Units	Other Assets-Restricted.		•		88	89		24,855	
wulle         391.660         206.14           Pin Nacount         26.614         26.614           Pin Nacount         1,499.060         26.614           Pin Nacount         1,499.060         26.614           Pin Nacount         1,499.060         26.614           Pin Nacount         1,499.060         25.519           Pin Nacount         2,99.061         25.519           Pin Nacount         2,99.061         2           Pin Nacount         2,99.417         5         1,00.040           Pin Nacount         2,39.42         5         2,01           Pin Units         2,39.42         5         2,01           Pin Units         2,39.43         5,30.43         5,00           Pin Pacilia         3,42.55         1,43.55         5,90           Pin Pacilia         3,47.25         5,90         5,90           Pin Pacilia         1,13.25         2,90         5,90           Pin Pacintericlia         5         5,90	value         301.66         301.66         301.66         301.66           Park Network/lew         1299.643         266.147         266.447         301.66           Park Network/lew         1299.643         266.147         266.447         266.447           Park Network/lew         278.1143         266.447         266.447         266.447           Park Network/lew         2.965.133         2.65.113         2.66.113         2.66.447           Park Network/lew         2.73.144         2.66.113         2.66.447         2.66.447           Park Network/lew         2.73.145         2.73.145         2.66.447         2.66.447           Park Network/lew         2.73.145         2.73.145         2.66.447         2.66.447           Park Network/lew         2.33.845         2.31.94.563         5.41.17.963         5.41.27.951           Park Network/lew         2.33.845         4.90.03         5.41.27.951         5.71.91         2.72.24           Park Network/lew         2.33.845         5.73.23         4.13.25         5.73.24         5.73.24           Park Network/lew         2.34.94         2.73.24         5.73.24         5.73.24         5.73.24           Park Network/lew         2.73.24         2.73.24         5.73.	Jue from Component Units		103,405		•	103,405		'	
Stere         269,166         269,166         269,146         269,146         269,147         269,247         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,117         269,112	Selection         361,650         361,650         361,650         361,650         361,650         361,650         361,650         361,650         361,650         361,650         361,650         361,650         361,513         266,513         361,513	nuetments							3.223.440	
n Receivelie         26614         26614           n Receivelie         26614         26614           Colporation         276337         2611           Colporation         2611         255.197         255.197           Colporation         2611         255.197         255.197           Colporation         2         231451         2         255.197           nnt Assets         2         3         313351         5         3         1           transfer         2         3         313351         5         3         1         2         1         2         2         3	methods         206,647         206,135         241,134         241,134         241,134         241,135         241,134         241,135         241,134         241,135 <t< td=""><td>compte Paraivabla</td><td></td><td>361 569</td><td></td><td>,</td><td>361 569</td><td></td><td>478 299</td></t<>	compte Paraivabla		361 569		,	361 569		478 299	
Asserts         1,265,63         1,266,64         2,55,19         2,55,11         3,55,19         2,52,11         3,55,19         2,52,11         3,55,11	Asserts         1,0000         1,0000         2,000	conclusion Description		260 643		26 814	736.457		4 870 112	
Characterize         2,76,007         2,56,01         2,56,01         2,56,01         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07         2,56,07	Cupaname (w)         2760 for (n marked)         2760 for (n marked)         277 for (n marked)         2 for (n marked)         2 f	Calls and Notes Necelyable		1 460,000		1 206 041	2 666 540	···	063.660	
Criedinal Assets         Control of Assets         Control of Assets         Control of Assets           introduction         5         11313-67         5         194.60         5         1           introduction         5         3         3343.61         5         1         5         1         5         3         3         1         5         1         5         3	Conjent Areases	epreciable Capital Assets (Net)		1,405,000		1 46'007'1	540'000'7	,	000,000,000	
Assets         67/135         67/135         1           ren Assets         5         7/13457         5         1/13467         5         1           ren Assets         5         20.9933311         5         3/14456         5         1           ren Assets         5         3/13467         5         3/14456         5         1           ren Assets         5         3/33351         5         3/3442         5         1         5         1         5         1         5         1         5         1         5         1         5         1         5         1         5         1         5         3 </td <td>0.01 deprecinet()</td> <td>ondepreciable Capital Assets</td> <td></td> <td>Z,195,937</td> <td></td> <td>255,197</td> <td>2,451,134</td> <td></td> <td>/14,308</td>	0.01 deprecinet()	ondepreciable Capital Assets		Z,195,937		255,197	2,451,134		/14,308	
IntrAdstats         S         1/1/3         S         S         3/1/3         S         S         3/1/3         S </td <td>at. 1/10         at. 1/10</td> <td>nfrastructure (Not depreciated)</td> <td></td> <td>6,876,135</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>6,876,135</td> <td></td> <td>'</td>	at. 1/10	nfrastructure (Not depreciated)		6,876,135		•	6,876,135		'	
cmt Aserts	cmt Asertis	other Assets		47,170		•	47,170		9,521	
and interface         a         <	Interfact         5         11.172         11.172	Total Noncorrected Accents		11 313 467		1 BUB DAB	1		8 861 748	
Idd         3         20993331         5         3194.50         5         3           LABLITTES         5         3,383.951         5         3         <	Id.         S         2090331         S         3194,503         S         24147,594         S           UABLITIES         5         330351         5         3194,503         5         2417,594         5           UABLITIES         5         330351         5         230451         5         250,117         5         551,048         5           ent chike         5         330351         5         230451         5496         5         230401         5         230401         5         230401         5         230401         5         230401         5         564,000         73,048         5         564,000         7,324         5         2401         6,500         7,324         47,500         640,00         7,324         47,500         6,500         7,324         47,500         6,500         7,324         47,500         6,500         7,324         47,500         6,500         7,324         47,500         6,500         7,324         47,500         6,500         7,324         47,500         6,500         7,324         47,500         6,500         7,324         47,500         6,500         7,324         47,500         6,500         7,324         47,500         6,500 <td< td=""><td></td><td>,</td><td>0101011</td><td>,</td><td>0100001</td><td></td><td></td><td>2.11200</td></td<>		,	0101011	,	0100001			2.11200	
LARLITIES         33335         5         223,417         5         5           Reconstructure         5         3,333,557         5         223,417         5<	LMABLITIES         5         3.333.951         5         2.28,117         5         3.612,088         5           Re         23,842         2,343.951         5         23,842         5         3.612,088         5           Government         23,842         2,343.951         5         23,842         5         5,492         5           Government         23,845         4,905         73,242         84,305         7,324         5         54,305         5         54,305         5         54,305         5         54,305         5         54,305         5         54,305         5         56,306         5 <td>Total Assets.</td> <td>s</td> <td>20,993,331</td> <td>ç</td> <td>3,194,563</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>7,463,395</td>	Total Assets.	s	20,993,331	ç	3,194,563			7,463,395	
Luclett Ites         5         383.551         5         284.17         5           attrinition         23.93.551         5         284.17         5           attrinition         23.93.551         5         284.17         5           attrinition         23.94.75         54.905         54.905           attrinition         78.94.75         54.905         54.905           attrinition         78.94.75         54.905         54.905           attrinition         36.947         14.205         54.905           attrinition         36.957         14.205         54.905           Payable         34.755         54.905         54.905           Payable         14.0055         14.9055         54.905           Payable         14.327.905         5         3-99.906           Payable         17.327.97         5.91.905         5           Payable         17.327.97         5.91.905         5.91.905           Payable         17.327.97         5.91.905         5.91.905           Payable         17.327.97         5.91.905         5.91.905           Payable         17.377.97         5.91.916         5.91.914           Payable         5.91	Ludel(IIIE)         5         3,0,0,0,0         5         3,0,1,2,6,0         5           and training         5,0,0,0,0         5,0,0,0,0         5,0	C Links in Contra								
Between         S         3,383,951         S         22,117         S           Contribution         2,33,825         S         22,117         S         S           Contribution         5,83,875         S         S,83,875         S         S         S           Contribution         5,83,875         S	0e.         5         3.03.051         5         2.28,171         5         9.62,069         5           0.00000000000000000000000000000000000									
Drite         5         J_30211         5         20111         3           Unita         329,47         529,47         5496         5402         7881         7381         7381         7363         3454         5590         5406         5400         5406         5	01/16	rent Liabilities.	•		•			¢		
Outliet         2, 34, 23, 44, 30, 53, 44, 30, 53, 44, 30, 53, 44, 30, 53, 44, 30, 53, 44, 30, 53, 44, 30, 54, 30, 54, 34, 34, 34, 34, 34, 34, 34, 34, 34, 3	Offer         2.1.842         - <th< td=""><td>ccounts Payable</td><td>0</td><td>0,000,001</td><td>0</td><td>111 '077</td><td></td><td>9</td><td>111'120</td></th<>	ccounts Payable	0	0,000,001	0	111 '077		9	111'120	
member         539,47         54,90           member         539,47         54,90           mode         34,27         54,90           mode         34,27         54,90           mode         11,72         5,00           mode         34,27         5,00           mode         34,27         5,00           mode         34,27         5,00           mode         36,47         5,00           mode         36,70         5,00           mode         11,32         5,00           mode         14,32         5,00           mode         14,32         5,00           mode         14,32         5,00           mode         11,32         5,00           mode         11,32         5,00           mode         3,70         5,00           mode         3,70         5,00           mode         3,71         5,00           mode         3,70         5,00           mode         3,70         5,00           mode         3,71         5,00           mode         3,71         5,00           mode         3,71 <t< td=""><td>entimation         59.64         59.46         59.46         59.46         70.71</td><td>Jue to Component Units.</td><td></td><td>740'07</td><td></td><td></td><td>740'07</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	entimation         59.64         59.46         59.46         59.46         70.71	Jue to Component Units.		740'07			740'07			
Nation         Nation         Nation           Varietion         78,811         78,001           Varietion         78,811         78,001           Varietion         78,255         44,255           Varietion         78,325         44,255           Varietion         78,325         44,255           Varietion         78,355         6,40           Varietion         0,687         16,325           Varietion         0,687         16,303           Varietion         0,687         16,303           Varietion         0,687         16,303           Varietion         173,226         3,793           Varietion         3,776         16,149           Varietion         3,770         16,149           Varietion         3,776         3,179           Varietion         3,770         13,173           Varietion         3,770         20,165           Varietion         3,770         20,165           Varietion         3,770         2,162           Varietion         3,770         2,162           Varietion         3,770         2,173           Varietion         3,770         2,173	91(b)         31(b)         31(b) <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>'</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>20217</td></th<>			'					20217	
Model         Social 14,275         14,525           Bords         14,475         14,525           Bords         134,275         14,525           Bords         34,275         15,300           Alter         14,475         15,300           Alter         14,472         15,300           Alter         14,675         15,300           Alter         14,305         5,400           Alter         14,305         5,400           Alter         14,305         5,400           Alter         14,305         5,400           Alter         17,325         5,400           Alter         1,13,75         5,400           Alter         1,3,715         2,031,79           Alter         1,3,715         2,031,49           Alter	Mathem         15.27 (1.2.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	Jnearned Kevenue		104 000		100,40	200,450		000 02	
Specification         11,7,2	Option Figures         13-42.13         10-25         20-60.14         10-44.43           pille         11, 12, 12         6.10         7, 24.44         7, 24.44           pille         0.637         1, 64.55         6.40         7, 24.44           pille         0.637         1, 64.55         6.40         7, 24.44           pille         0.637         1, 54.65         7, 24.44         7, 24.44           pille         0.637         1, 54.65         2, 44.65         7, 24.44         8, 65.65           bille         1, 73, 229         1, 73, 229         1, 13, 60.1         8, 65.66         8, 66.1         8, 66.1         8, 66.1         8, 66.1         8, 66.1         8, 66.1         8, 66.1         8, 66.1         8, 76.01         <	Accrued Interest Payable		100'01		167	0/1/8/		200,001	
with         11,742         0.02           with         11,742         6.02           with         0.324         6.303           with         0.324         6.303           with         0.324         6.303           with         17.322         5.401           with         17.322         5.401           with         17.322         5.401           with         17.322         5.401           with         17.322         5.346           with         17.322         5.346           with         3.376         0.60           with         3.4702.265         5.346           with         3.4702.66         2.05.65           with         3.4702.66         2.05.65           with         3.4702.66         2.05.65           with         3.4706         2.05.179           with         2.1175         2.03.179           with         2.1175         2.03.179           with         2.1160         2.03.179           with         2.1160         2.03.179           with         2.1160         2.03.16           with         2.1176         2.03.179 <td>Mathematical         11,42         A22         7,235           galailee         7.35         6.40         7.335           anset Payable         0.02         7.335         6.40         7.335           anset Payable         0.02         7.335         6.40         7.335           anset Payable         0.02         7.335         6.40         7.335           anset Payable         0.02         7.349         16.64         7.335           anset Lability         1.637         2.41         8.64         16.64         9.64           anset Lability         1.027         3.410         7.164         9.64         9.64         9.64           anset Lability         1.02755         5         3.46         9.64         9.64         9.64           anset Lability         1.02755         5         3.46         9.64         9.64         9.64         9.64         9.66</td> <td>Seneral Obligation Bonds Payable</td> <td></td> <td>354,275</td> <td></td> <td>070°4L</td> <td>368,800</td> <td></td> <td>122,020</td>	Mathematical         11,42         A22         7,235           galailee         7.35         6.40         7.335           anset Payable         0.02         7.335         6.40         7.335           anset Payable         0.02         7.335         6.40         7.335           anset Payable         0.02         7.335         6.40         7.335           anset Payable         0.02         7.349         16.64         7.335           anset Lability         1.637         2.41         8.64         16.64         9.64           anset Lability         1.027         3.410         7.164         9.64         9.64         9.64           anset Lability         1.02755         5         3.46         9.64         9.64         9.64           anset Lability         1.02755         5         3.46         9.64         9.64         9.64         9.64         9.66	Seneral Obligation Bonds Payable		354,275		070°4L	368,800		122,020	
yable         6,40           errors Payable         6,37           more Payable         6,610           more Payable         6,610           more Payable         6,610           more Payable         6,610           more Payable         6,73           more Payable         6,610           more Payable         6,712           more Payable         6,712           pillets         1,327           pillets         1,327           pillets         1,327           pillets         5           pillets         5 <td>yable         7.33         7.335         7.335           more Fayable         91.344         5.00         7.335           more Fayable         91.347         5.00         7.335           more Fayable         91.347         5.00         7.335           more Fayable         91.057         1.400         7.335           more Fayable         1.600         9.347         5.00         7.347           more Fayable         1.600         9.347         5.00         7.304           Labite         1.600         9.34         1.600         9.350         1.914           Janter Labite         3         7.002.05         5.001.940         5</td> <td>oans and Notes Payable.</td> <td></td> <td>11,742</td> <td></td> <td>207</td> <td>12,444</td> <td></td> <td>264,471</td>	yable         7.33         7.335         7.335           more Fayable         91.344         5.00         7.335           more Fayable         91.347         5.00         7.335           more Fayable         91.347         5.00         7.335           more Fayable         91.057         1.400         7.335           more Fayable         1.600         9.347         5.00         7.347           more Fayable         1.600         9.347         5.00         7.304           Labite         1.600         9.34         1.600         9.350         1.914           Janter Labite         3         7.002.05         5.001.940         5	oans and Notes Payable.		11,742		207	12,444		264,471	
mcree Payable         36,334         -           mcree Payable         30,655         19,300           about Lability         1,465         1,949           about Lability         1,546         1,949           about Lability         1,73,279         2,601           Jabilities         5         4,702,285         2,601           Jabilities         5         4,702,285         5         36,680           Jabilities         5         4,702,285         5         36,680         5           Jabilities         5         4,702,285         5         36,680         5         5           Jabilities         5         4,702,285         5         36,680         5 <td>Rest Payable         8,334         -         -         6,334         -         6,334         -         6,334         -         6,334         -         6,334         -         6,334         -         6,433         -         -         6,433         -</td> <td>Revenue Bonds Payable.</td> <td></td> <td>785</td> <td></td> <td>6,540</td> <td>7,325</td> <td></td> <td>450,074</td>	Rest Payable         8,334         -         -         6,334         -         6,334         -         6,334         -         6,334         -         6,334         -         6,334         -         6,433         -         -         6,433         -	Revenue Bonds Payable.		785		6,540	7,325		450,074	
merces Payable         30.67         15.30           merces Payable         16.40         15.30           able         14.00         2.47         2.40           able         17.322         14.61         3.40           able         17.325         5.46         14.61           able         17.325         5.470         5.61           able         17.31         5.76         5.41           able         17.31         5.20         5.46           able         17.31         5.20         5.44           able         17.17         5.03         5.44           able         17.16         2.03         5.44           able         17.16         2.03         1.74           able         17.16         2.03         1.74           able         17.17         2.34         1.71           able         11.75         2.34         1.71	Total Bayelish         0.087         10.303         47,160           Alter and the state of the st	Claims Pavable		84.334		•	84,334		95,127	
attent lability	Alton Luabily	Compensated Absences Payable.		30,857		16,303	47,160		170,814	
able	able         17.3 (27)         2.401         8.640           (abilites)         1.73 (27)         2.401         8.640           (abilites)         2.470 (256)         1.9.144         2.401           (abilites)         2.4702.255         5.946600         1.9.046           (abilites)         2.4702.255         5.946600         5.5051.946         5.           Ability         2.4702.255         5.946600         5.5051.946         5.         5.           Ability         2.5         2.94600         2.020505         5.5051.946         5.         5.           Ability         2.41450         2.03.170         2.05.050         2.1697         2.1697           Ability         2.21687         2.03.170         2.05.050         2.1697         2.1697           Ability         2.21687         2.03.170         2.03.170         2.1697         2.1697           Ability         2.03.170         2.03.170         2.03.170         2.1697         2.1697           Ability         2.03.170         2.03.170         2.03.170         2.1697         2.1697           Ability         2.03.170         2.03.170         2.03.170         2.1697         2.1697         2.1697 <td< td=""><td>Vorkers' Compensation Liability</td><td></td><td>14.605</td><td></td><td>1.948</td><td>16.553</td><td></td><td>1</td></td<>	Vorkers' Compensation Liability		14.605		1.948	16.553		1	
Instant         17.226         5.76           Instant         1.72.236         5.76           Starticed	Indefine         17.3279         5.769         17.907           Inflee         5         4.702.355         5.949.600         5.614.345         5           Inflee         5         4.702.355         5.949.600         5.614.345         5         5           Reinford         5         5         5.614.345         5	Antial Lassae Davable		R 247		2 401	8.648		525	
\$         10114         \$ <td>monocol         18134         18134           initiae.         5         4,702,255         5         5,651,945         5           serviced.         5         7,702,255         5         5,651,945         5         5           serviced.         5         4,102,755         5         5,651,945         5</td> <td>dapital Edados 1 ayauto</td> <td></td> <td>173.279</td> <td></td> <td>5 768</td> <td>179.047</td> <td></td> <td>308 568</td>	monocol         18134         18134           initiae.         5         4,702,255         5         5,651,945         5           serviced.         5         7,702,255         5         5,651,945         5         5           serviced.         5         4,102,755         5         5,651,945         5	dapital Edados 1 ayauto		173.279		5 768	179.047		308 568	
S         4,702,255         S         346,690         S           Varietided         5         4,702,255         5         346,690         5           Varietided         5         5         346,690         5	Billed	Detailities containg claumites				18 184	18 184		9.075	
S         4,102,255         S         -36,690         S           Restricted	S         4.702.256         S         3-64.600         S         5-0.61.40-         S           Retricted         5         5         4.00         5							L		
S         S	Starticled	Total Current Liabilities.	\$	4,/02,255	~	349,690			2,331,822	
S         S         S         S           Restricted         5         -         5         -         5         -         5         -         5         -         5         -         5         -         5         -         5         -         5         5         5         5         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         -         5         2         1         2         2         1         2         2         1         2         2         1         2	Statistical         5 <th< td=""><td>current Liabilities:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	current Liabilities:								
		Accounts Payable-Restricted.	ь	•	ю	•	•	w	83,933	
3,976,016 3,976,016 3,914,17 13,145 13,145 13,145 13,145 13,145 13,145 13,145 13,145 13,145 13,145 13,145 14,14514,145 14,145 14,14514,145 14,145 14,14514,145 14,145 14,14514,145 14,145 14,14514,145 14,14514,145 14,14514,145 1	3976.016         2095.65         4165.681           3976.016         2095.65         4165.681           13775         201129         26324           13716         201219         26324           13716         201319         26384           71166         2121.802         364.402           13715         201119         21687           71166         213.803         364.402           1116         214.803         364.403           911060         20.464         84.600           911060         20.344         101.9196           116.917         303.44         101.9196           910.507         30.344         36.594.20           910.5077         30.344         5.944.20           910.5076         3.045         5.944.20           910.50770         3.045.507         3.5	Ineamed Revenue-Restricted		1		•	,		72,603	
3976,016 209,565 48,447 5,127 48,447 5,178 72,1667 203,179 72,1667 203,179 71,667 203,179 81,150 2,0,545 18,17 2,0,545 18,17 20,346 18,17 20,346	3970.06         209.565         4165.691           3970.016         209.565         4165.691           43.147         51.27         53.274           721.667         203.179         256.842           721.667         213.622         35.64           17.169         2.05.178         26.684           721.667         2.05.1782         26.684           17.160         2.02.461         216.89           17.160         2.02.461         216.89           17.1602         2.02.461         416.06           17.1602         2.02.461         416.06           18.97         3.344         416.06           18.97         3.344         416.06           5         5.00.257         5         5           5         5         95.2327         5								8.852	
3,976,016 209,665 48,47 209,665 13,175 201,179 13,175 201,179 72,1867 12,100 81,186 3,46 11,186 3,464 18,17 30,246 18,17 30,246 18,17 30,246	3/76 016         208 565         4.165 661           3/76 016         2010 565         4.165 661           3/76 016         5127         5224           13/15         2121 602         2166           721 667         2166         2166           721 667         2161         2161           13/15         2011         2161           214 860         12.1612         364 462           91136         12.1612         364 462           161130         2144         84 600           16113         2034         161 561           916 502         2034         161 561           916 502         3034         104 966           5         600.5677         5         5           5         10.045056         5         3232         5					,			103 405	
3,776,016 209,565 4,147 2,127 13,718 20,127 13,1687 20,129 24,869 12,1602 14,168 3,1602 24,486 12,1602 14,163 2,446 19,135 20,246 18,17 30,344 18,17 30,344	3/76/01         2005/56         4/16/581           4(3,4)         5(127         26(3,42)           4(3,4)         5(127         26(3,42)           4(3,4)         5(127         26(3,42)           4(3,6)         12/162         36(42)           7(3,13)         14,44         94(5,60)           9/44,800         12/162         36(42)           16/16,00         20,244         14(3,16)           16/17         20,344         14(3,16)           16/17         30,344         14(3,16)           5         5(17,16)         3(2,44)           5         600,2677         5           5         600,2677         5								3 759	
	101         101 <td>Sriedrieu Reveilue</td> <td></td> <td>2 076 016</td> <td></td> <td>200 665</td> <td>4 185 581</td> <td></td> <td>1 072 061</td>	Sriedrieu Reveilue		2 076 016		200 665	4 185 581		1 072 061	
13,715 203,175 13,775 203,175 24,867 13,1602 24,869 121,602 161,330 2,246 18,17 32,246 18,97 32,246 18,97 33,344	13,113         203,154         213,544           13,714         203,175         213,544           244,860         12,165         36,425           14,105         24,44         94,600           16,105         20,344         113,175           16,105         20,244         113,175           16,105         20,244         113,175           16,17         20,244         113,175           16,17         36,422         113,175           16,17         32,344         114,195           16,17         32,344         114,195           16,17         32,344         5,544,237           5         5,01,320         5           5         5,01,326         5           5         5,01,326         5	zerietai Obligationi portus nayabie		210,010,0		200,003	100,001,1		2 669	
73,675 60,179 721,680 121,602 81,380 121,602 81,380 23,664 91,160 22,246 18,912 30,384 65,612 30,384	171         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.119         20.112 <td>coans and Notes Payable.</td> <td></td> <td>140,147</td> <td></td> <td>121,0</td> <td>#17'00</td> <td></td> <td>00000</td>	coans and Notes Payable.		140,147		121,0	#17'00		00000	
244.867 121.667 244.860 121.602 81.135 3.464 91.1350 22.246 18.97 20.246 18.97 30.304 65.612 30.304	72.168/         72.168/         72.168/         72.168/         72.168/         72.168/         70.168/ <t< td=""><td>tevenue Bonds Payable</td><td></td><td>13,/15</td><td></td><td>203,1/9</td><td>70,034</td><td></td><td>040,717,0</td></t<>	tevenue Bonds Payable		13,/15		203,1/9	70,034		040,717,0	
224660 212,1622 24464 244660 3,464 2464 2464 2464 2464 2464 2464 2464	244,660         121,602         366,462         84,600           11,158         3,446         141,612         3,446           11,158         3,446         141,752         141,752           11,159         2,0246         141,752         141,752           11,159         2,0246         141,752         141,752           11,159         2,0245         141,752         141,752           11,157         39,284         104,956         1           11,157         39,284         104,956         1           11,1575         3,9246         3,644,877         3,544,877         3,544,877           11,1575         3,924577         3,954,877         3,544,877         3,544         3,544           11,1575         3,952,757         3,952,757         3,954,877         3,543         3,543         3,543	Claims Payable		721,687		•	721,687		624,097	
181,136 3,464 181,136 20,265 18,817 18,817 18,817 39,384 65,612 39,384	B1,136         B,1,44         84,600           161,530         20,445         181,876           161,530         20,446         181,876           181,877         20,246         181,876           189,17         30,346         191,87           199,17         39,346         104,996           5         5,304,576         5         5,544           5         9,002,667         5         5,544           5         9,003,375         5         9,552         5         5	Compensated Absences Payable		244,860		121,602	366,462		21,738	
161,630 20,246 18,917 18,917 18,5612 19,384 18,5612 19,384 1,157 10,246 10,24	161,630         20.246         181,876           161,630         20.246         181,876           181,876         181,876         181,876           181,876         33,344         104,966         1           181,876         39,344         104,966         1           181,877         39,344         104,966         1           181,876         3,602,667         3,503,427         5,533,556           181,977         3,962,267         3,503,4237         5,82,556	Vorkers' Compensation Liability		81,136		3,464	84,600		1	
18,917	18,917         18,917 <th 18,917<<="" td=""><td>Capital Leases Payable.</td><td></td><td>161,630</td><td></td><td>20,246</td><td>181,876</td><td></td><td>12,495</td></th>	<td>Capital Leases Payable.</td> <td></td> <td>161,630</td> <td></td> <td>20,246</td> <td>181,876</td> <td></td> <td>12,495</td>	Capital Leases Payable.		161,630		20,246	181,876		12,495
18,917	1897         -         1897           66.612         30.364         10.367           5         5.31.700         5         602.567         5         5           5         10.033.075         5         602.567         5         6         5	unds Held in Trust.		•		•	•		92,577	
65,612 39,384	65.612         39.384         104.966         5           \$ 5.331750         \$ 0.03567         \$ 5.984.287         \$           \$ 10033975         \$ 952.267         \$ 10.986.222         \$	Due to Component Units.		18,917			18,917		'	
	\$\$ 5,331,720         \$\$ 602,567         \$\$ 5,534,287         \$\$           \$\$ 10,033,975         \$\$ 952,257         \$\$ 10,986,232         \$\$	1		65,612		39,384	104,996		125,862	
5 5331720 S 602.567 S	\$ 10,033,975 \$ 952,257 \$ 10,986,232 \$	Total Noncurrent I jabilities	5	5 331 720	6	602 567			5.937.896	
	\$ 10,033,975 \$ 952,257 \$ 10,986,232 \$		,	24112212	,					
\$ 10,033,975 \$ 952,257 \$		Total Liabilities.	ŝ	10,033,975	ŝ	952,257			8.Z/5,/18	

STATE OF MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS)

		PR	MARY	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
	GOVI	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUS	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	8	COMPONENT UNITS
NET ASSETS Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	÷	7,775,939	ŝ	1,108,136	\$	8,884,075	69	2,946,064
Restricted for:							.	
Capital Projects	A	34,2/4	ю	•	n	34,2/4	n	
Debt Service		410,772				410,772		
Transportation.		740,673		•		740,673		•
Environmental Resources.		623,759		,		623,759		
Economic and Workforce Development		98,742		6,149		104,891		'
School Aid-Nonexpendable		698,506		,		698,506		,
School Aid-Expendable		87,030		•		87,030		•
Health & Human Services.		•		25,485		25,485		'
Unemployment Benefits.				730,883		730,883		•
State Colleges and Universities.		,		347,619		347,619		'
Other Purposes				29,934		29,934		
Component Units		1		•		•		5,520,324
Total Restricted	Ş	2,693,756	φ	1,140,070	\$	3,833,826	ŝ	5,520,324
Unrestricted	φ	489,661	φ	(5,900)	s	483,761	ю	721,289
Total Net Assets.	\$	10,959,356	¢	2,242,306	ŝ	13,201,662	ŝ	9,187,677

The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF MINNESOTA

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS)

MUTONS/ProCetANIX         CERANISANO EXPENSES         CONTRISUN- EVENSES         CONTRIS	CHARGES         OPERATING         CONTINUE				5 EL	PROGRAM REVENUES	C L L	
\$ 901 641         \$ 143 073         \$ 156 169         \$           2,047,500         20,046         51,430         51,66         55,585           2,645,500         30,056         36,662         55,585         55,545           1,0561,500         30,570         4,909,527         17,444           1,511,716         -         -         -         -           2,211,62         5,733,331         5,1202,566         5,677,332         5           3,257,601         5,734,401         5,734,44         -         -           2,211,62         -         -         -         -         -           2,211,62         5,734,44         5,733,44         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,334         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,334         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,335         5,	\$ 901641         \$ 143.073         \$ 156,169         \$ 55.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.7444         \$ 53.7444         \$ 53.7444         \$ 53.764         \$ 53.645         \$ 53.764         \$ 53.764         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7245         \$ 53.7245         \$ 53.7245         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7244         \$ 53.7245         \$ 53.7245         \$ 53.7245         \$ 53.72544         \$ 53.72544         \$ 53.72544         \$ 53.72544	FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	0 90	PERATING ANTS AND ONTRIBU- TIONS		CAPITAL RANTS AND CONTRIBU- TIONS
S         901 641         S         143 073         S         156 159         S           7575 657         255 462         21 447         566 669         52 7413         55 66 569         52 7413         55 66 569         52 7413         55 66 569         52 7413         55 66 569         52 7413         55 66 569         52 7413         56 56 569         50 57 7413         56 56 569         50 57 7413         56 56 569         50 57 7413         51 56 50 5131         10 206 527         4 909 527         17,444         5         52 59 23 311         2 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 57 10 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50 50         5 30 50         5 30 50         5 30 50         5 30 50         5 30 50         5 30 50         5 30 50         5 30 50         5 30 50         5 3	\$ 901641         \$ 143,073         \$ 168,193         \$ 158,163         \$ 158,163         \$ 158,163         \$ 158,164         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,568         \$ 158,528         \$ 158,517         \$ 157,566         \$ 21,414         \$ 157,566         \$ 21,175         \$ 2,033,11         \$ 1,1744         \$ 1,241,268         \$ 1,242,566         \$ 5,339,448         \$ 2,339,448         \$ 2,339,448         \$ 2,339,448         \$ 2,339,448         \$ 5,339,448	Primary Government:						
2         2         3         3         4         6         5         6	2         3         3         3         4         5	Governmental Activities: Dublic Sefety and Corrections			v	158 160	¢	7 775
785,651         380,056         510,958         530,570         513,651         54,652         510,958         513,551         54,652         510,958         513,551         54,652         510,958         511,715         511,715         511,715         511,715         511,715         511,712         511,712         511,712         500,351         11,611,714         - <td>703.647         380.056         10.266.393         330.577         4.909.527           10.266.393         30.577         4.909.527         4.909.527           11.744         1.511.715         2-0.331         1.744           1.511.715         2-0.331         2.095.333         30.577           1.511.715         2-0.331         2.03573         4.909.527           1.511.715         5         1.202.666         5         6.177.323           2.55.923.311         5         2.033.44         5         5         5           2.55.923.311         5         2.033.94         461.565         5         6.177.323         5           2.55.2051         5         2.0103.103         5         2.233.944         441.565         5</td> <td>Transportation</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>566,869</td> <td>•</td> <td>436,336</td>	703.647         380.056         10.266.393         330.577         4.909.527           10.266.393         30.577         4.909.527         4.909.527           11.744         1.511.715         2-0.331         1.744           1.511.715         2-0.331         2.095.333         30.577           1.511.715         2-0.331         2.03573         4.909.527           1.511.715         5         1.202.666         5         6.177.323           2.55.923.311         5         2.033.44         5         5         5           2.55.923.311         5         2.033.94         461.565         5         6.177.323         5           2.55.2051         5         2.0103.103         5         2.233.944         441.565         5	Transportation	2		•	566,869	•	436,336
7 (57) 567 (61) 53 567 (61) 53 567 (61) 53 567 (61) 53 567 (61) 13 11 (15) 11/12 (15) 11/12 (17) 10/10/10/10/10/11/11/12 (17) 12/14 (17) 12/14	7/35,5/50         52,400         52,440         52,441           10,265         961,943         30,50         10,241           11,511,112         240,331         1,511,144         1,511,144           1,511,125         2,20,331         5,657         4,999,57           221,162         5,1202,566         5,677,333         5,999,57           221,162         5,1202,566         5,677,333         5,330           23,867         4,61,565         5,677,333         5,330           23,863         4,61,565         5,647,333         5           22,828,87         23,369         5,350         6,350           23,305,003         5,1300,509         5,847,47         5           23,305,003         5,1300,509         5,847,47         5           33,305,003         5,1300,509         5,847,471         5           33,305,003         5,305,603         5,305,803         7,2744           33,305,803         5,300,509         5,847,471         5           33,305,803         5,305,803         2,377,84         5           33,305,803         5,305,803         5,305,803         5,377,84           33,305,803         5,300,100         5,327,735         5     <	Agricultural, Environmental and Energy Resources	825,842			186,932		5,654
7         7/55/56/ (56) 339         34,62 (36) 331         610,96 (36) 331           1         1/51/1/5         240,331         17,444           1         51/1/25         5,1592,341         5,1202,566         5,677,333           3         330,570         4909,527         17,444           1         5,1162         5,1202,566         5,677,333         5           3         1,677,611         5,1202,566         5,677,333         5           3         283,837         5,323,335         5,330         5,330           3         283,837         5,309,103         5,330         5,330           3         3,099,103         5,233,335         5,217,224         5,364           3         3,017,162         5,300,50         5,300,50         1,384,77         5           3         3,025,000         5,1300,56         5,217,244         5         5         5,3447         5           3         3,017,132         5,235,325         5,235,326         5,336         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         <	7         7/5/5/5/         34.62         610.968           961.943         300.570         4.909.527         9109.527           15.1175         240.331         177.444         177.444           15.1175         5.1167         5.00.570         4.909.527           36.617         5.167.051         5.740.091         5.657.733         5           3.523.831         5.1202.566         5.677.333         5         2           3.505.831         5.733.944         5.630.0         5         5.306.950           3.505.831         5.733.944         5         6.330.0         5         5.306.950           3.66.824         461.565         5.733.944         5         5.733.944         5	Economic and Workforce Development	704,501			227,414		
10.266.359         330.570         4,909.527           11.1714         1,511.715         20.331         17,444           1.511.715         5         1,517.323         5         5,677.323         5           3         2.5.802.341         5         1,202.666         5         6,677.323         5           3         2.5.802.341         5         1,202.666         5         6,677.323         5           3         2.5.802.341         5         1,202.666         5         6,677.323         5           3         2.5.801444         5         7.340165         5         6,677.323         5           3         2.203.361         5         2.33.944         5         5.300         5	10.266.359 15.11.715         330.570 20.351         4,909.527 17.444           1.511.715         2.0.331         5,909.527           2.5.522.311         5         1.20.2666         5           5         2.5.922.311         5         2.0.357           5         2.5.922.311         5         2.0.354         5           5         2.5.923.311         5         2.0.354         5         5           5         2.6.61         5         6,677.323         5         5           5         2.0.3104         5         2.3.344         5         5         5           5         3.0.501         5         2.0.05103         5         2.0.7.366         5         6,677.323         5           5         2.0.3103         5         2.3.344         4815,665         5         6,677.323         5         5           5         3.0.5010         5         1.200.506         5         8,47.471         5	General Education	/96,6/9//			610,968		•
Gib (11)         20331         1744           1211715         5         6577333         1744           221185         5         1202.666         5         677333         1744           221185         5         1202.666         5         6577333         1744           221181         5         1202.666         5         6577333         5         5           221181         5         209103         5         1202.666         5         6677333         5	Gib (11)         20331         17,44           231/1715         5         6,577/333         17,44           231/1715         5         1,202,566         5         6,577/333           231/1715         5         1,202,566         5         6,577/333         5           3         1,511/11         20331         7,440         5         5         5,592,341         5         5,592,341         5         5,595         5         5,595         5         5,595         5         5,595         5         5,595         5         5,595         5         5,595         5 </td <td>Health and Human Services</td> <td>10 296 359</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4 909 527</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Health and Human Services	10 296 359			4 909 527		
1511/15       - </td <td>1511/15         -<!--</td--><td>General Government</td><td>816,111</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	1511/15         - </td <td>General Government</td> <td>816,111</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	General Government	816,111					
271,162         271,162         6         5         6,677,323         5           5         5,502,341         5         1,202,666         5         6,677,323         5           5         3,552,851         5         1,575,051         5         35,575         5         5,500           5         3,46,834         461,556         5         5,677,323         5,530         5         5,500         5         5,500         5         5,500         5         5,500         5         5,500         5         5,500         5         5,500         5         5,500         5         5,500         5         5,500         5	271,162         - </td <td>Intergovernment Aid.</td> <td>1,511,715</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>•</td>	Intergovernment Aid.	1,511,715			,		•
5         25.982.341         5         1.202.566         5         6,577.323         5            5         1575.061         5         744.061         5         6,537.32         5            5         2309.103         5         2305.835         5         5.305         5 <td< td=""><td>5         25.982.341         5         1.202.566         5         6,677.323         5            5         1,675,051         5         74,061         5         6,577.323         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5         3,305         5         5         3,305         5</td><td></td><td>221,162</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>'</td><td></td><td>'</td></td<>	5         25.982.341         5         1.202.566         5         6,677.323         5            5         1,675,051         5         74,061         5         6,577.323         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5,305         5         5         3,305         5         5         3,305         5		221,162	-		'		'
5         1675.051         5         794.091         5         10.85         5         5         335.725         6.330         5         335.725         6.330         3         335.725         6.330         3         335.725         6.330         3         335.725         6.330         3         335.725         6.330         3         335.7355         5         3.307.931         5         3.307.931         5         3.307.931         5         3.307.931         5         3.307.931         5         3.307.932         5         2.17.224         5         3         3.307.931         5         3.307.931         5         2.17.224         5         3         3         3.307.931         5         2.000.130         5         1.12.17.94         5         3	5         1675 051         5         794 091         5         10,874         5			-	ŝ	6,677,323	φ	449,765
S         1 (57) 6(31)         S         742 (6)1         S         710,874         S           346,887         855,725         5,350         6,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,350         5,310         5,350         5,310         5,350         5,310         5,350         5,310         5,300         5,3	\$ 1253 661         \$ 784,091         \$ 20,084         \$ 5           236,834         281,555         6,350         5,350           246,834         281,555         6,350         5,350           25,303         5         2,235,325         5,350         5,350           25         3,091,103         5         2,235,325         5,350         5,350           25         5         3,005,000         5         1,300,509         5         847,471         5           25         3,025,503         5         1,300,509         5         1,38,856         5<	Business-type Activities:						
363.857         363.857         6.300           228.361         223.944         461.665         -           228.361         223.944         223.944         -           2         5         3.073.103         5         2.33.543         -           5         5         3.073.103         5         2.33.57.881         5         6.346           5         5         3.005.003         5         1.300.509         5         847.471         5           5         3.025.030         5         1.71.627         5         5         3.47           7         77.236         2.36.822         5         2.01.129         5         5         6.347         5           6         302.5333         5         2.000.130         5         1.237.64         5         5           72.434         5         2.000.130         5         2.000.130         5         1.034.77         5           6         302.5383         2         2.001.1302         5         1.034.77         5           7         72.443         2         2.01.162         7.27.744         5         5           7         7.471         5         7.27.744	36.857         365.857         6.300           36.834         461.555         -           228.361         223.944         233.944           2         5         3.073.103         5         3.357.881           5         3.079.103         5         3.357.881         5         5.304           5         3.005.000         5         1.300.509         5         847.471         5           5         3.025.030         5         1.1677         5         2.727.44         5           5         3.025.633         2.01.162         1.36.872         5         2.01.44         5           6.804.547         5         2.001.192         5         2.001.194         5         2.17.274         5           6.804.547         5         2.001.192         5         2.001.194         5         2.17.274         5           6.804.547         5         2.000.190         5         2.127.548         5	State Colleges and Universities	÷		69	210,874	ω	1,142
236.334 23.941         241.565 5         23.941 5         -           5         3.079.103         5         2.325.325         5         2.17.224         5           6         3.057.1031         5         2.357.1891         5         5.447.1         5           7         3.055.0030         5         1.300.509         5         847.471         5           7         3.025.0031         5         3.056.812         30.682         5         847.471         5           7         7.27386         5         3.056.812         201.103         21.984.71         5           9.02.563         3.772.386         200.1100         5         1.297.568         5         5           General Revenues:         72.794         5         2.000.1100         5         1.297.568         5           Flaxes:         Propertives         72.794         5         72.794         5         5           Propertical Revenues:         Taxes:         72.794         5         72.794         5         5           Propertical Revenues:         Taxes:         Propertical Revenues:         72.794         5         5         5         5         5         5         5 <td< td=""><td>238.534 23.534         233.534 23.534         -           2         3.005.003         \$ 2.255.325         \$ 2.17.224         \$ 5           5         3.025.003         \$ 1.300.509         \$ 487.4547         \$ 5         \$ 5           5         3.025.003         \$ 1.300.509         \$ 847.471         \$ 5         \$ 5         \$ 5           6         8.44.547         \$ 5         \$ 3.025.003         \$ 1.30.509         \$ 847.471         \$ 5         <td< td=""><td>Unemployment Insurance</td><td>828,857</td><td>835,725</td><td></td><td>6,350</td><td></td><td></td></td<></td></td<>	238.534 23.534         233.534 23.534         -           2         3.005.003         \$ 2.255.325         \$ 2.17.224         \$ 5           5         3.025.003         \$ 1.300.509         \$ 487.4547         \$ 5         \$ 5           5         3.025.003         \$ 1.300.509         \$ 847.471         \$ 5         \$ 5         \$ 5           6         8.44.547         \$ 5         \$ 3.025.003         \$ 1.30.509         \$ 847.471         \$ 5 <td< td=""><td>Unemployment Insurance</td><td>828,857</td><td>835,725</td><td></td><td>6,350</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Unemployment Insurance	828,857	835,725		6,350		
s         3.000 2.000         2.000 2.003         2.003.050 3.003.000         2.030.500 3.003.000         2.030.500 3.003.427         3.471 5.003.477         5.003.546         5.003.546	s         2.0001 2.035/161         2.0005 2.035/161         2.0005/161         4.047         5           5         2.0061444         5         3.527/801         5         3.072.047         5           5         3.00500         5         1.300.509         5         847.471         5           5         3.02500         5         1.300.509         5         847.471         5           5         3.02500         5         1.21627         173.447         5         77.347           3.92430         2.01.1020         5         1.297.568         5         847.471         5           6aneral Revenues:         77.294         5         1.297.568         5	Lottery.	346,834	60C,104				•
s         3,009,103         5         2,305,103         5         3,225,381         5         8,47,471         5           s         3,305,000         5         1,300,509         5         847,471         5           s         3,025,000         5         1,300,509         5         847,471         5           s         3,025,000         5         1,300,509         5         847,471         5           s         3,025,000         5         1,201,152         178,477         5         178,477           s         3,025,633         2         2,000,130         5         2,000,130         5         1,297,568         5           General Revenues:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:           Field Taxes:         Field Taxes:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:           Other Taxes:         Tobaccos Stelenetic:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:           Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:           Other Taxes:         Taxes:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:         Trakes:	s         3,079,103         5         2,325,325         5         2,17,224         5            \$         3,005,000         \$         1,300,509         \$         847,471         \$            \$         3,025,000         \$         1,300,509         \$         847,471         \$            \$         3,025,000         \$         1,300,509         \$         847,471         \$            \$         3,025,603         \$         1,1627         \$         1,247,44         \$            \$         \$         201,162         \$         21,247,568         \$         \$         \$           Gannal Revenues:         Taxes:         \$         2000,130         \$         \$         2001,120         \$							
5         23061,444         5         3,527,891         5         684,547         5            \$         3,025,030         \$         1,300,59         \$         847,471         \$            \$         3,025,030         \$         1,300,59         \$         847,471         \$            \$         3,025,030         \$         1,300,52         \$         847,471         \$            \$         2,460,2483         \$         2,01,152         \$         198,86         \$            \$         \$         2,01,152         \$         172,947         \$	5         29061,444         5         3,527,891         5         6847,471         5            \$         3,025,030         \$         1,300,569         \$         847,471         \$            \$         3,025,030         \$         1,300,569         \$         847,471         \$            \$         3,025,030         \$         1,301,627         \$         186,826         \$            \$         302,633         \$         201,152         \$         178,647         \$         \$         17,76,447         \$         \$         1,297,568         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         1,297,568         \$ </td <td>Total Business-type Activities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>60</td> <td>217,224</td> <td>s</td> <td>1,142</td>	Total Business-type Activities			60	217,224	s	1,142
\$ 3,025,030         \$ 1,300,509         \$ 847,471         \$            272,386         368,825         188,826         368,825            342,473         201,152         178,847         347,347         347,347         347,347         363,347         363,347         364,37         361,152         178,847         347,471         \$         \$         347,471         \$	\$ 3,025,030         \$ 1,300,509         \$ 847,471         \$ 772,346            292,543         201,152         138,826         386,826            392,543         201,152         178,477         372,346            392,543         2,000,130         5,1,257,568         5           General Revenues:         1         1         2         1           Taxes:         Corporate Income Taxes:         2         1         2         2           Corporate Income Taxes:         Corporate Income Taxes:         2         1         2	Total Primary Government			69	6,894,547	ω	450,907
\$ 3025 030         \$ 1300.609         \$ 947,471         \$ 12,336           201,122         216,324         216,947         188,826         173,447         188,826           201,122         217,162         173,454         210,112         173,447         189,826           201,122         201,129         21,297,568         3         27,744         3           201,122         12,27,544         3         21,297,568         3         3           201,010         1,248         1,243,477         3	\$ 3025 030         \$ 1,300.509         \$ 947,471         \$ 5           12,7236         356,332         371,152         178,477         188,826         173,477           21,241         201,152         173,477         213,162         173,477         153,477           21,242         302,563         171,162         173,477         173,477         173,477           21,243         3         200,130         5         200,130         5         1237,568           21,247,568         3         20,142         3         3         3         3           Conductal Income Taxes.         Indoor Vehicle Taxes.         <	mmmment I Inite:						
172,336         336,842         316,875           172,336         211,82         138,875           138,375         171,1827         138,875           322,563         171,1827         178,875           General Revenues:         171,1827         178,975           Foreign and the momental revenues:         1297,568         5           Foreign and the momentary revenues:         1297,568         5           Property: Taxes:         Property: Taxes:         1297,568         5           Property: Taxes:         Property: Taxes:         Property: Taxes:         1204,568         5           Property: Taxes:         Property: Taxes:         Property: Taxes:         Property: Taxes:         1204,568         5           Other Taxes:         Property: Taxes:         Property: Taxes:         1204,568         5         5           Other Taxes:         Propertie:         Propertie:         1204,568         5 <td>172,336         326,842         306,826           172,336         171,1827         178,826           392,563         171,1627         178,472           5         4,602,433         5         2000,150           5         4,602,433         5         2000,150         5           General Revenues:         Taxes:         727,764         5           Taxes:         Taxes:         5         1,297,568         5           Conduital Income Taxes:         Conductor Faxes:         5         1,297,568         5           Property Taxes:         Conductor Faxes:         5         1,297,568         5         5           Property Taxes:         Conductor Faxes:         5         1,297,568         5</td> <td>nnesota</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ю</td> <td>847,471</td> <td>ŝ</td> <td>173,547</td>	172,336         326,842         306,826           172,336         171,1827         178,826           392,563         171,1627         178,472           5         4,602,433         5         2000,150           5         4,602,433         5         2000,150         5           General Revenues:         Taxes:         727,764         5           Taxes:         Taxes:         5         1,297,568         5           Conduital Income Taxes:         Conductor Faxes:         5         1,297,568         5           Property Taxes:         Conductor Faxes:         5         1,297,568         5         5           Property Taxes:         Conductor Faxes:         5         1,297,568         5	nnesota			ю	847,471	ŝ	173,547
291,2474         201,152         178,477            392,593         20,152         173,847            5         4,602,483         5         2,000,130         5         1,297,568           General Revenues:         Taxes         5         2,000,130         5         1,297,568         5           General Revenues:         Taxes         5         2,000,130         5         1,297,568         5           Corporate Income Taxes.         Corporate Income Taxes.         5         5         1,297,568         5         5           Corporate Income Taxes.         Corporate Income Taxes.         10,000,000         5         1,297,568         5         5           Corporate Income Taxes.         Totaloc Settlement.         Totaloc Settlement.         10,000         5         1,297,568         5	132,243         201,152         173,477           32,563         32,563         232,563         72,7447           Ganeral Revenues:         32,563         5         2000,130         5         1,297,568         5           Ganeral Revenues:         Taxes:         5         2,000,130         5         1,297,568         5           Ganeral Revenues:         Taxes:         5         2,000,130         5         1,297,568         5           Corporate Income Taxes:         Corporate Income Taxes:         5         1,297,568         5         <	Metropolitan Council				198,826		95,939
34.303     17.104/1     1.2137.568       5     2.000.1100     5     1.297.568       General Revenues:     1.297.568     5       Taxes:     Inviso.1     5     1.297.568       Taxes:     Inviso.1     5     1.297.568       Corporate Income Taxes:     Income Taxes:     5       Property Taxes:     Property Taxes:     5       Total Central Revenues and Transfers:     Total Central Revenues and Transfers:       Total Central Revenues     Net Assets: Beginning. as Reported       Net Assets: Beginning. as Reported     Net Assets: Ending.	substant     17.10.4.1     1.2.194     5       Series     5     2.000.1100     5     1.297.568       General Revenues:     Taxes.     1.297.568     5       Taxes:     movidual Income Taxes.     1.297.568     5       Corporate Income Taxes.     movidual Income Taxes.     1.297.568     5       States Taxes.     movidual Income Taxes.     1.207.11     1.207.11       District Taxes.     Providual Income Taxes.     1.208.11     1.208.11       District Taxes.     Providual Taxes.     1.208.11     1.208.11       District Taxes.     District Taxes.     1.208.11     1.208.11       Distrist Taxes.     District Taxes.11     1.20	Housing Finance	412,474	201,152		178,477		
5 4602.433 5 2000.100 5 1.297.568 5 General Revenues: Taxes: Taxes: Taxes: Corporate Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes. Property Taxes. Sales Taxes. Property Taxes. Property Taxes. Property Taxes. Property Taxes. Property Taxes. Property Taxes. Property Taxes. Conter Revenues and Transfers. Chenge in Net Assets. Properted Change in Net Assets. Regioning. as Restated. Net Assets. Ending.	5     4602.433     5     2000.100     5     1.297.568     5       General Revenues:     Taxes:     Corporate Income Taxes:     Corporate Income Taxes:     Sales Taxes:     Corporate Income Taxes:     Corporate Incores:     Corporate Income Taxes:     Co	Others				/2,/94		'
General Revenues: Taxes Taxes Corporate Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes States Taxes. Prior Taxes. Prior Taxes. Prior Taxes. Prior Taxes. Prior Taxes. Prior Taxes. Prior Taxes. Prior Taxes. Come Taxes. Total Corrent Revenues. Total Corrent Revenues. Data Revenues. Total Corrent Revenues. Total Corrent Revenues. Prior Taxes. Change In Accounting Principle. Net Assets. Ending.	General Revenues: Taxes: Invoidual Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes. Program Taxes. Progr	Total Component Units		- 11	ь	1,297,568	ъ	269,486
Taxes: Taxes: Individual Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes. Sates Taxes. Propertor Settement. Total Cartars Nor Restricted Unalicated Investment/Interest Income Unalicated Investment Unalicated Inves	Taxes: Taxes: Indvidual Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes. Sales Taxes. Proper Sattement. Total const Not Restricted. Unallocated Investment/Interet Income Unallocated Investment/Interet Income Conter Favenues. Conter Favenues Conter Favenues and Transfels. Tratal General Revenues and Transfels. Crange in Net Assets. Beginning as Reported. Net Assets. Ending Net Assets. Ending.							
Taxes Taxes Corporate Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes. Property Taxes. Property Taxes. Property Taxes. Conten Taxe	Laces Laces Corporate Income Taxes. Corporate Income Taxes Sales Taxes. Property Taxes. Property Taxes. Curle Carans Not Restricted. Curle Carans Not Restricted. Net Assets. Beginning. as Restated. Net Assets, Ending.		General Revenues:					
Coprored Income Taxes. Sales Taxes. Piopenty Taxes. Property Taxes. Fuel Taxes. Chief Taxes. Chief Taxes. Tobacco Settlement. Transfers. Change In vestincted. Transfers. Transfers. Change in Accounting Principle. Net Assets. Beginning. as Reported Change in Accounting Principle. Net Assets. Ending.	Coporise Income Taxes. States Taxes. Property Taxes. Property Taxes. PelleTaxes. Fuel Taxes. Debaco Settement. Index Revenues Change In Net Assets. Change In Net Assets. Crange In Net Assets. Crange In Net Assets. Crange In Accounting Tamifers. Crange In Accounting Tamifers. Net Assets. Beginning. as Reported. Net Assets. Beginning. as Reparted. Net Assets. Ending.		Individual Inco	me Taxes				
			Corporate Inco	ome Taxes				
S E	äË		Sales Taxes					
Trans	Tas		Property Taxes	S				
3 E	Tas		Eucl Toxon	laxes.				
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13 H	S E		Unallocated Inve	stment/interest inco	ome			
			Other Revenues.					
Ë	Ĕ		State Grants Not R	estricted				
			Transfers					
			Total General Re	evenues and Transf	ers			
			Change in Net	t Assets			-	
				6				
			Net Assets, Begi	inning, as Keported				
			Change in Acc	counting Principle	-			
			Net Assets, Begi	inning, as Restated				
			Net Assets. Endi	Da				
ie notes are an integral part of the financial statements.	ie notes are an integral part of the financial statements.			D				
		te notes are an integral part of the financial statements.						
		-						

r Assets		COMPONENT UNITS			\$ (703,503) (150,779) (32,845) (148,172) \$ (1,035,299)
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	NT	TOTAL	\$ (592,624) (1,022,821) (1,022,821) (273,600) (44,687) (7,009,937) (7,009,937) (7,009,937) (7,009,937) (5,066,262)(5,066) (5,	\$ (668,944) 13,218 14,731 5,583 \$ (535,412) \$ (18,108,099)	
NSE) REVENUE AN	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	BUSINESS- TYPE ACTIVITIES		\$ (668,944) 13,218 113,218 114,731 5,583 \$ (535,412) \$ (535,412)	
NET (EXPE	PRI	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	(592,624) (1022,821) (273,200) (273,200) (7209,937) (7,009,937) (5,056,282) (5,056,282) (5,056,282) (5,056,282) (5,056,282) (15,11,715) (17,652,687) (17,652,687)	(17,652,687)	
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		189,971 - 91,365	1,055,644	1,276,786	8,946,190	8,946,190 9,187,677
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7,929,096 1,039,843 4 474 576	703,972 703,972 1,011,494 651,988	2,149,162 186,425 169,764 105,065	1 1	18,421,385	12,876,564 91,812	12,968,376 13,201,662
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		- - 48,126 1 649	654,359	704,134	2,073,584	2,073,584 2,242,306
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7,929,096 1,039,843 4 474 576	703,972 703,972 1,011,494 651,988	2,149,162 186,425 121,638 103,416	(654,359)	17,717,251	10,802,980 91,812	10,894,792 10,959,356
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F-20

		5,084,683	10.486.624	979,925	45,633	240,372		(5,877,881)	\$ 10,959,356	
STATE OF MINNESOTA	RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS)	Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds\$         Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of: Infrastructure	Net effect of state revenues that will be collected after year-end but not available to pay for current period expenditures and refunds of revenues that will be paid after year-end	The pension assets resulting from contributions in excess of the annual required contributions are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	General Obligation Bonds Fayable	Capital Leases Payable	Net Assets of Governmental Activities	F-22
		TOTAL 5,059,835 1,200,301 2,352,550 20,302 2,352,550	730,442 38,148 795,855 23,855 326,995 1,750 16,475 5 16,475 5 10,415,213	\$ 3,333,498 280,228	20,274 1,514,663 1,3000 168,867 \$ 5,330,530	\$ 309,466 1,142,825 632,612 \$ 2,084,903	\$ 689,476 1,286,523 707,086 9,479 (12,873)	339,989 <b>S</b> 2,999,780 <b>S</b> 5,084,683 <b>S</b> 10,415,213		
		0 E 9 4	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 0	89'0 <u>5</u>	0.9.7	'ဂုမ္မာ ဂို	<u>ଜୁ ୫</u> ୁ ଜୁ ଜୁ		
		NONMAJOR FUNDS \$ 2,845,403 1,171,101 1,171,555 1171,555	100,11 9669 21,915 23,855 233,794 123,665 15,476 \$ 5,203,356 \$ 5,203,356	\$ 446,314 204,346	\$,028 189,440 123,663 \$ 968,791	\$ 201,242 1,142,825 580,194 \$ 1,924,261	\$ 1,266,623 707,086 9,479 (12,873)	339,989 \$ 2,310,304 \$ 4,234,565 \$ 5,203,356		
		FUI 22	ີ ພ	ø			<del>~~</del>	0 4 0		
		FEDERAL NOUN 7,721 \$ 2, 143,487 1,1		\$ 840,417 \$ 50,482	2,245 29,281 - - 922,425 \$	- 5 1, 7,492 5 1,	с. С	- \$ 2 7,492 \$ 4 929,917 \$ 5.5		F-21

F-23

Statistical control       Statistical control<			(327,180)		727,761	2,291	59,228	2,287	(20,508)	(672,174)	(1,308)	363,234	(69,067)	64,564					
RAL         FEDERAL         NONMAJOR           RAL         FEDERAL         NONMAJOR           2,0006         5         1           9,599         10,044         27,050           9,599         19,044         27,050           9,599         10,044         27,050           9,599         10,044         27,705           9,990         10,044         27,705           9,990         10,044         27,705           9,990         66110         5         3,842           7,705         5,77,050         10,044         27,705           9,990         66100         5         3,842           7,705         6,203,927         46,010         5           9,990         5,77,707         5         3,443,01         5           9,990         5,77,707         5         3,444,01         5           9,990         5,77,703         11,2495         5         11,2495           9,990         5,77,141         5         5         3,444,011         5           1,990         5,77,000         11,27,11         5         5         3,444,011         5           1,990         5         1,474	STATE OF MINNESOTA	RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS)		Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	Governmential funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation of \$90,940 in the current period	Governmental funds report the proceeds from the sale of capital assets as increases in financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on the sale and the fair market value of donated capital assets are reported	Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds activities reported with governmental activities.	The direct expenses of the appropriate function is used for reporting inventory in the Statement of Activities, but in the Governmental funds the purchases method is used	Net changes in revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	Bond and loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds; however issuing or incurring debt is reported as an increase of long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets	Some capital additions were financed through capital leases. In govenmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is reported as a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Assets, the lease obligation is reported as a liability increase	Repayment of bonds and loans are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets	Net changes in expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.				
RAL         FEDERAL         MC           RAL         FEDERAL         MC           1,2006         5         5           8,440         5         6,203.927           9,396         6,203.927         1,013           9,396         6,203.927         1,013           9,197         6,203.927         1,013           9,196         1,013         5           0,0562         9,102.807         5           0,103         5,172.807         5           0,103         5,172.807         5           0,104         5,172.807         5           0,103         5,172.807         5           0,104         5,172.807         5           0,103         5,172.807         5           0,104         5,172.807         5           0,104         5,172.807         5           1,004         5,172.807         5           1,004         5,172.807         5           1,004         5,172.807         5           1,004         5,172.807         5           1,004         5,172.807         5           1,004         5,172.807         5           1,0																			
RAL         FFI           RAL         RAL           13,12,036         8,4,64           13,13,036         6,6,6           10,10664         6,6,6           11,164         5,6,00           11,164         5,6,00           13,365         5,6,00           13,366         5,6,00           11,164         5,3,30           11,164         5,3,30           13,365         5,6,00           13,366         5,3,30           13,366         5,3,30           13,366         5,3,30           13,366         5,3,30           13,366         5,3,30           13,366         5,3,30           14,44         5,5,300           15,640         5,5,300           13,366         5,6,00           14,44         5,5,300           15,640         5,5,300           13,144         5,5,300           13,144         5,5,300           13,144         5,5,300           13,144         5,5,500           13,145         5,5,500           13,145         5,5,500           13,145         5,5,500           14,15			TOTAL	\$ 7,932,036 1,024,040	4,999,550 704,246 1,011,454 1,011,454 6,51,880 6,51,880	184,411 184,411 8,88,191 778,375 270,108			782.381 719,801 7,873,220 893.319	10,298,462 772,835 1,511,715 21,534	55	27			69	5 5,409,576 2,287 2,287	\$ 5,084,683		
			NONMAJOR	<b>69</b>		52,335 522,335 503,738	37,705 13,705 13,825 308,551 \$ 3,814,277 \$ 2	\$ 177,114 \$ 1,504,665	410,961 289,714 74,092 112,997	814,495 47,611 211 12 741	\$ 3,444,601 \$ 25 746,552 556,666	<u>\$ 4,747,819</u> <u>\$ 27</u> 6 (000,540) 6	5 637,744 \$ 414 \$	34,016 2,280,087 (1,908,820)	\$ 1,043,679 \$	\$ 4,122,141 \$ { 2,287	\$ 4,234,565 \$		

# MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS)

			GEP	GENERAL FUND		
	ö	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL
Net Revenues: Individual Income Taxes	θ	7,550,700	s	7,583,000	s	7,759,209
Corporate Income Taxes		1,140,800 4.615.751		900,785 4.575.246		1,020,181 4.541.776
Property Taxes.		691,162		702,517		704,246
Motor Vehicle Taxes.		306,527		307,204		315,595
Other Taxes. Denortmental Ferningell incares & Fage		1,222,029 260,005		1,146,892 254 662		1,174,176 200.154
Investment/Interest Income		53,200		108,679		97,287
Tobacco Settlement		181,415 414,296		182,004 347,013		184,411 411.259
Net Revenues	\$	16,444,885	64	16,108,002	\$	16,498,294
Expenditures:				000		
Public Safety and Corrections	A	590,364	A	590,050 269,604	A	5/4,/30
Iransportation: Agricultural Environmental and Energy Resources		121,162		200,0344		235,132 235 455
Economic and Workforce Development.		183,720		202.733		193,838
General Education		6,954,185		6,951,618		6,935,728
Higher Education		907,121		904,670		897,423
Health and Human Services		4,663,727		4,672,512		4,548,449
General Government		1,159,860		1,529,057		088,230 1,528,444
Total Expenditures	6	16 524 866	64	16 176 146	6	15 855 095
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)		0001-4010	,			
Expenditures	ŝ	(79,981)	s	(68,144)	ŝ	643,199
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers-In	\$	312,185	\$	328,044	ŝ	336,420
Transfers-Out.		(850,606)		(1,334,952)		(1,335,702)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	s	(538,421)	ŝ	(1,006,908)	ŝ	(999,282)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(618,402)	ŝ	(1,075,052)	÷	(356,083)
Fund Balances, Beginning, as Reported Prior Period Adjustments	s	2,314,669	ŝ	2,314,669	\$	2,314,669 23,325
Fund Balances, Beginning, as Restated	ŝ	2,314,669	\$	2,314,669	ŝ	2,337,994
Budgetary Fund Balances, Ending	s	1,696,267	69	1,239,617	ŝ	1,981,911
Less: Appropriation Carryover. Less: Reserved for Long-Term Receivables Less: Budgetary Reserve						231,091 43,176 1,004,922
Undesignated Fund Balances, Ending.	s,	1,696,267	ŝ	1,239,617	69	702,722
The notes are an internal nart of the financial statements						

STATE OF MINNESOTA

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

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	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	260,177 20,511 27,191 281 281 3,810 4,412 4,412	317,607	1,537 29,580	31,117 348,724	71,279 6.59 6.512 6.512 5.33 5.33 4.412	87,514	13,752 5,194 1,750 142 20,838 108,352	9,726 9,726 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	Ξω	69	s	\$	~ v	<u>ه</u>	\$	0 0 0 0	w w w w
	TOTAL	1,146,381 29,899 380,517 19,814 17 15,002 20,189 490 8,740 8,740 5,768	1,628,664	117,005 89 26,814 1,206,941 255,197	1,606,046 3,234,710	228,117 40,147 54,905 14,227 14,227 6,540 6,768 5,768 5,768	389,837	209,565 5,127 5,179 20,179 3,464 20,246 121,602 39,384 602,567 992,404	1,108,136 1,08,129 19,814 19,814 16,682 6,149 6,149 2,142 3,897 160,356 973,814 2,242,306
		Ś	60	69	~ ~	\$	\$	w w w	<b>NON NON</b>
SOL	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS	100,912 32,528 17 7,114 451 1,847	142,869	1,618 - 31,778 1,778	35,109 177,978	28,428 10,780 1,249 1,249 267 267 267 1,450 1,569 1,669 1,669 1,669	46,287	2,634 43,703 43,703 10,278 10,278 323 57,547 103,834	18,476 6,149 6,1485 25,485 61,568 61,568 61,568 74,144
ISE FUP	NA	69	69	\$	5 5	ŝ	ŝ	~ ~ ~ ~ ~	w w w w w
ENTERPRISE FUNDS	UNEMPLOYMENT	490,276 310,344 978 978	801,598		801,598	25,495 29,367 15,853 15,853	70,715	- - - - - - - -	730,883
	UNEN	\$	s	\$	~ ~	ŵ	ŝ	~ v v	w w w w w
	STATE COLLEGES & UNIVERSITIES	555,193 29,899 37,645 19,814 14,024 13,075 8,740 8,740 5,768	684,197	115,387 89 89 26,814 1,175,163 253,484	1,570,937 2,255,134	174,194 37,803 14,258 702 3,090 1,948 1,948 1,948 1,948 1,158	272,835	206,931 5,127 159,476 3,464 19,637 111,324 39,061 545,020 817,855	1,089,660 48,329 19,614 16,68 13,66 98,788 98,788 248,831 1437,278
I	öş	₩	5	v>	ง ง	•	ŝ	v v v	and the second s
	ASETS	Current Assets: Cash and Cash and A	Total Current Assets.	Noncurrent Assets. Cash and Cash Equivalente-Restricted. Other Assets-Rearched. Deferred Costs. Loans and Notes Rearvable. Deprediation Capital Assets. (Noth	Total Noncurrent Assets	LABILITES Current Labelines Account Pagables Unammed Revenue Control Pagables Control Organito Inderest Pagables Control Pagables Reventer Composition Lability Underes Composition Lability Compartisated Assences Pagable Compartisated Assences Pagable Compartisated Assences Pagable	Total Current Liabilities	Monocurent Liabilities General Oligiption Bonds Payable Lorns and Moste Payable Lorns and Moste Payable Revenue Bonds Payable Workersted Absences Payable Compression Obter Funds Other Liabilities. Totel Labilities.	NET ASSETS Invested in Capital Assis, Net of Related Dest

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PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (N THOUSANDS)

Deerating Revenues:				ENTERPRISE FUNDS	5	20				
Doerating Revenues:	UN CO	STATE COLLEGES & JNIVERSITIES	UNEW	UNEMPLOYMENT	N N	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS		TOTAL	2 07	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Turbio and Fees. Net Sales Service Fees. Remait and Service Fees. Federal Revenues. Chert Grants.	ю	694,782 - 189,202 82,014 17,295	Ś	834,166 1,559	ю	503,512 176,272 13,225 2,500	\$	694,782 503,512 176,272 847,391 189,202 82,014 21,354	Ś	17,620 160,456 629,492 6,597
Total Operating Revenues. Less: Cost of Goods Sold	69 (	983,293 -	69 (	835,725 -	69 G	695,509 340,289	69 6	2,514,527 340,289	w 6	814,165 5,151
Gross Margin. Operating Expenses:	*	983,293	A	835,/25	2	355,220	<i>•</i>	2,1/4,238	A	809,014
Dynamig Varines. Purchased Services. Stantes and Fringe Benefits. Uremployment Benefits.	\$	220,647 1,159,542 28,135	w	- - 822,507	w	48,561 123,195 10.510	\$	269,208 1,282,737 28,135 822,507 10,510	\$	146,927 50,458 - -
Depreciation.		76,536				4,166		80,702 71		9,402 264
Supples and Materials. Repairs and Maintenance. Indirect Costs. Other Expenses.		86,684 36,842 40,567				7,404 7,772		98,013 36,842 7,404 48,339		9,518 2,450 2,902
Total Operating Expenses.	69	1,648,953	69	822,507	s	213,008	69	2,684,468	60	724,807
Operating Income (Loss)	ы	(665,660)	ŝ	13,218	so l	142,212	69	(510,230)	\$	84,207
Vanoperating Revenues (Expenses) Private Grants. Private Grants. Securities I carding Revenues Genting Revenues Interest and Francing Revenues Interest and Francing Sevenues Securities Lendin Rebateles Securities Lendin Rebateles	\$	18,853 21,672 1,142 1,281 1,281 (16,749) (9,349) (9,349)	ф	24,513 6,350 6,350	69	4,704 - - (2,588) (14,178)	<del>69</del>	48,070 21,672 7,492 1,281 1,281 (19,337) (1,225) (1,225)	\$	12,044 - 814 (759) (778)
Other Nonoperating Expenses. Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		1,200				(5,132) 29		(5,132) 1,229		(4,606) 210
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	69	16,825	s	24,513	69	(16,745)	ŝ	24,593	s	6,925
Income (Loss) Before Transfers & Contributions Caprial Contributions. Transfers-but. Transfers-but.	φ	(648,835) 102,174 666,608	\$	37,731 - (37)	↔	125,467 - 4,561 (118,947)	\$	(485,637) 102,174 671,169 (118,984)	ŝ	91,132 - - (31,904)
Change in Net Assets	69	119,947	69 6	37,694	69 6	11,081	69 6	168,722	69 6	59,228
Net Assets, beginning, as keported	0 U	976 774 1	~ ~	730.883		74 144	• •	2 242 306	9 69	240.372

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STATE OF MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(IN THOUSANDS)										
	U S N	STATE COLLEGES &	ONEN	UNEMPLOYMENT ENTER INSURANCE FUIL	E Z Z	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS		TOTAI	20	INTERNAL SERVICE FLINDS
Cash Theorem Coerating Activities: Receipts from Cuerating Activities: Receipts from Cuerations Receipts from Royment of Thomas Receipts from Royment of Thomas Receipts from Royment of Thomas Permetis S Comments S Suppress Permetis S Comments S Suppress	6 69 69	770,789 269,737 269,737 4,426 (28,216) (28,216) (1,133,307)	θ	881,330 881,330 (820,303)	69	692,903 692,903 2,356 2,356 (291,076) (104,954) (122,138) (122,138)	69	2,345,022 269,737 2,356 4,426 (1,111,379) (1,255,445) (1,255,445)	w	804,145 804,145 7,362 (514,811) (167,619) (167,619) (49,437)
Payments of Program Loans. Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities.	5	(565,037)	ŝ	61,027	69	149,314	φ.	(5,794) (354,696)	s l	78,291
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Grant Resepts. Grant Debursements Grant Debursements Transfers-hu. Transfers-hu. Advances from Other Funds Repayment of Bond Principal Interest Paid. Other Nonceptenting Revenues.	ŝ	15,368 (9,349) 665,883 - - - (1,293) (1,293)	₩	6,836 (6,660) (7,902) - -	\$	(15,098) 4,561 (124,481) (124,481) (124,481) (124,481) (124,481) (12,590) (1,672) (3,135) (3,135)	69	22,204 (31,107) 670,444 (132,383) (132,383) - (2,590) (1,672) (1,672) (4,428) (4,672)	\$	(31,904) 2,500 (2,574) (2,574) (4,605)
Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	ŝ	670,609	69	(7,726)	ŝ	(142,010)	s	520,873	ω	(36,583)
Cash Flows from Capital and Flatlanding Activities Capital Contrubutors Investment in Capital Assets Proceeds from Capital Assets Proceeds from Capital Debt. Capital Lever Provincial Capital Lever Provincial Capital Lever Provincial	ŝ	119,817 (240,016) 2,618 83,090 83,090 (2,772) (16,334) (16,334)	<del>69</del>		\$	(3,542) (3,542) 49 (116) (974) (1,201)	\$	119,817 (243,558) 2,667 83,090 83,090 - (2,888) (996) (15,513)	φ	(12,291) 2,375 11,038 (8,928) (759)
Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	ŝ	(69,912)	\$	•	ŝ	(5,784)	ŝ	(75,696)	69	(8,565)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities. Proceeds from Sates and Maturities of Investments. Purchase of Investments. Investment Earnings.	69	7,122 (8,305) 17,343	ŝ	24,513	ŝ	4,753	ŝ	7.122 (8,305) 46,609	ŝ	10,291 (10,592) 11,991
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	s	16,160	ş	24,513	63	4,753	ŝ	45,426	\$	11,690
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	ŝ	51,820	ŝ	77,814	69	6,273	ŝ	135,907	ŝ	44,833
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning, as Reported	ŝ	618,760	s	412,462	\$	96,257	ŝ	1,127,479	φ	215,344
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending.	s	670,580	s	490,276	63	102,530	ю	1,263,386	ŝ	260,177

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PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS)										
				ENTERPRISE FUNDS	FUN	DS				
	δR	STATE COLLEGES & UNIVERSITIES	UNEMP	UNEMPLOYMENT	N N N	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS		TOTAL	≤ ∽	NTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(665,660)	s	13,218	ŝ	142,212	s	(510,230)	\$	84,207
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Demonstration	¢.	76.536	¢.		6	4 166	<i>•</i> 1	80.702	69	9 402
Amortization		,		1		71		71		264
Loan Principal Repayments.		4,426		'		,		4,426		'
Loans Issued.		(5,794)		'		•		(5,794)		'
Provision for Loan Defaults.		(26)		•		•		(26)		'
Loans Forgiven.		746						746		,
Change in Valuation of Assets		1,335				•		1,335		•
Originge in Assess and Liabilities. Accounts Persivable		634		44 257		(649)		44 242		(6 805)
Inventories		(2.705)		-		376		(2,329)		(279)
Other Assets		(2.332)		'		50		(2.282)		(4,139)
		16,563		(801)		2,645		18,407		(5,077)
Compensated Absences Payable.		11,719		•		163		11,882		387
Uneamed Revenues		2,225		4,307		(29)		6,503		189
Other Liabilities		(2,704)		46		309		(2,349)		142
Net Reconciling Items to be Added to (Deducted from) Operating Income	ŝ	100,623	s	47,809	\$	7,102	÷	155,534	ŝ	(5,916)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$	(565,037)	s	61,027	\$	149,314	÷	(354,696)	ŝ	78,291
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities: Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$	(176)	\$		\$		69	(176)	69	1
Capital Assets Acquired Through Leases Capital Assets Purchased on Account		193 17,544				• •		193 17,544		199
Buildings Capitalized under Notes Payable		1,406				,		1,406		1
Investment Earning on Account.		1,484		• •		264		1,484		1,066
				A DESCRIPTION OF TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABL						

STATE OF MINNESOTA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS)
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AGENCY	\$ 124,842	' \$	ч м	۰ ۲	' ' S	' S	, ,	22,201			\$ 22,201	.,, о	\$ 147,043	\$ 147,043 -		\$ 147,043	5
INVESTMENT TRUST	' \$	\$ 36,043	\$ 20 108,721 301,984 -	\$ 410,725	\$ 1,510 (8,681)	\$ 439,597	ب		, ,	-	' S	\$ 44,324 -	\$ 483,921	\$ - -		\$ 44,416	\$ 439,505
PENSION TRUST	\$ 8,856	\$ 2,100,149	\$ 2,691 12,647,223 34,332,475 3,368,397	\$ 50,350,786	\$ 141,778 (1,236,387)	\$ 51,356,326	\$ 22,939	12,194	6,231 31 260	111	\$ 72,735	\$ 4,773,099 25,812 429	\$ 56,237,257	\$ 20,564 6,231	35 25,500 76 2,278 4 773 000	\$ 4,827,783	\$ 51,409,474
	ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investment Pools, at fair value: Cash Equivalent Investments	Investmenta, Commercial Paper. Debt Securities. Equity Securities.	Total Investments	Accrued Interest and Dividends	Total Investment Pool Participation	Receivables: Employer Contributions	Member Contributions. Accounts Receivable.	Interfund Receivables	Accrued Interest and Dividends.	Total Receivables	Securities Lending Collateral Depreciable Capital Assets (Net) Nondepreciable Capital Assets	Total Assets	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	Accrued Expense	Total Liabilities	Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Pool Participants

The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS)

INVESTMENT TRUST	- - 109,099	109,099	(33,845) (419)	(34,264)	3,087 (2,573)	514	(33,750)		75,349	121,734 -	121,734	(46,385)	485,890	439,505	
Z	63	s	s	s	ŝ	s	s	s	s	69	ф	ŝ	÷	ß	
PENSION TRUST	789,111 1,019,670 29,404	1,838,185	(2,570,721) (69,819)	(2,640,540)	303,304 (241,274) (12,580)	49,450	(2,591,090)	15,751 15,249	(721,905)	3,071,016 228,680 41,897 15,751	3,357,344	(4,079,249)	55,488,723	51,409,474	
-	\$	ŝ	в	Ś	s	s	φ	в	ŝ	\$	ф	ŝ	ŝ	s	
	Additions: Contributions: Employer Member Contributions From Other Sources.	Total Contributions	Net Investment Income: Investment Income Less: Investment Expense	Net Investment Income	Securities Lending Revenues (Expenses): Securities Lending Income Borrower Rebales Management Fees.	Net Securities Lending Revenue	Total Investment Income	Transfers From Other Funds	Total Additions.	Deductions: Benefits Retiruds/Writhdravats. Administrice: Exenses. Transfers to Other Funds.	Total Deductions	Net Increase (Decrease)	Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Pool Participants, Beginning, as Reported	Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Pool Participants, Ending	The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF MINNESOTA COMPONENT UNIT FUNDS

•>	FINANCE AGENCY	METROPOLITAN COUNCIL	UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA	NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS	TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS
sh Equivalents Breatable Breatable Tarry Covernmental Tarry Covernmental Tarry Covernment Constratio					
al Units. nt. ncome.	340,635	\$ 158,024	\$ 322,509	\$ 464,495	\$ 1,285,663
Due from Chiner Governmental Units Due from Primary Government	4,687	23,667	312,702	45,763	386,819
Accrued Investment/Interest Income Federal Ald Receivable Inventories	• •	12,491 66,989	3,293	3,568	73,850
Inventiories Deferred Costs.	21,365 1.626	2,022	3,660	19,627 84	46,674
Deterred Costs.		20,003	19,914	44	39,961
Loans and Notes Receivable.	7000'41		8,579	91,985	100,564
Securities Lending Collateral	7.037	-	301,218 31.248	7,350 324	308,568 39.666
Total Current Assets.	682,462	\$ 558,067	\$ 1,145,711	\$ 1,215,407	\$ 3,601,647
Noncurrent Assets: Cash and Cash Enuivalents-Restricted	315.114	s 115.355	S 69.309	\$ 6.938	\$ 506.716
Investments-Restricted	82,001		123,108	21,701	226,810
Accounts Receivable-Restricted Due from Primary Government-Restricted		15,419 7,188		2,513 18,917	17,932 26,105
Other Assets-Restricted		24,855			24,855
Investments	. ,		3,105,852	363,990	3,223,440 478.299
Loans and Notes Receivable.	2,398,136	40,547	65,469	2,165,960	4,670,112
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)	3,237	2,006,579	1,952,252 334 667	1,582	3,963,650 714 308
Numepreciative Capital Assets	, ,		3,680	5,841	9,521
Total Noncurrent Assets \$	2,798,488	\$ 2,589,195	\$ 5,768,646	\$ 2,705,419	\$ 13,861,748
	3,480,950				\$ 17,463,395
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:	22 74R	s 206.518	S 148 469	S 15 995	\$ 393 730
Payable to Other Governmental Units	'				
Due to Primary Government		- 425	5,407 08 521	15,826 33 923	21,233
Accrued Bond Interest Payable.	53,009	3,995	5,304	17,050	79,358
General Obligation Bonds Payable		118,697	280,294 263 600	- R71	398,991 264 471
Revenue Bonds Payable	391,055	1,030	5,294	52,695	450,074
	,	- 000 0		3,553 ee ?e4	3,553
Compensated Absences Pavable	175	2,756	167,797	98 98	170,814
Securities Lending Liabilities.	,		301,218	7,350	308,568
	·				
Total Current Liabilities	466,987	\$ 351,480	\$ 1,305,125	\$ 214,230	\$ 2,337,822
Noncurrent Liabilities: Accounts Pavente Pestinized		\$ 28.610	\$ 55.323		\$ 83.933
		72,603		•	
Accrued Bond Interest Payable-Restricted		8,852	•	•	8,852
Due to Primary Government			46,109 3 750	57,296	103,405
General Obligation Bonds Pavable		1,000,067	71,994		1,072,061
Loans and Notes Payable.	•	1,405		2,263	3,668
Revenue Bonds Payable.	2,020,321	6,289	144,761	1,541,475	3,712,846
Claims Payable	1.693	5.059	14.151	835	21,738
st	84,445	•	8,132		92,577
	38				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,106,497	\$ 1,158,493	\$ 462,788		
Total Liabilities.	2,573,484	\$ 1,509,973	\$ 1,767,913	\$ 2,424,348	\$ 8,275,718
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets, Not of Related Detr	3 237	S 1415.716	\$ 1.525.140	\$ 1.971	S 2.946.064
	904,229	127,004	2,256,571	1,268,101	
able.	•		964,419		964,419
Total Net Assets \$	907.466	S 1.637.289	S 5146444	C 1 AOR 170	C 0 187 677

COMPONENT UNIT FUNDS STATEMENT DA CATIVITIES YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND JUNE 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS)

	12)	HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY	MET	METROPOLITAN COUNCIL	∍≥	UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA	žΫ	NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS	0	TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS
Net Expenses: Total Expenses	ω	412,474	ŝ	772,386	¢	3,025,030	69	392,593	ŝ	4,602,483
Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions. Capital Grants and Contributions.	69	201,152 178,477	69	326,842 198,826 95,939	¢	1,300,509 847,471 173,547	¢	171,627 72,794	69	2,000,130 1,297,568 269,486
Net (Expense) Revenue	φ	(32,845)	s	(150,779)	ø	(703,503)	\$	(148,172)	ю	(1,035,299)
General Revenues: Taxes Investment Income Other Revenues.	÷	- 876	ŝ	189,971 28,233 446	ø	(103,061) 87,898	\$	- 14,634 2,145	ŝ	189,971 (60,194) 91,365
Total General Revenues before Grants	÷	876	s	218,650	ø	(15,163)	69	16,779	69	221,142
State Grants Not Restricted		87,796				743,987		223,861		1,055,644
Total General Revenues.	÷	88,672	s	218,650	φ	728,824	ŝ	240,640	ь	1,276,786
Change in Net Assets.	÷	55,827	\$	67,871	\$	25,321	¢	92,468	φ	241,487
Net Assets, Beginning, as Reported	θ	851,639	s	1,569,418	69	5,121,123	69	1,404,010	69	8,946,190
Net Assets, Ending.	ю	907.466	v	1.637.289	69	5 146 444	ŧ.	1 496 478	69	9 187 677

The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

State of Minnesota

## 2008 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Index of Notes to the Financial Statements

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Component units may be blended or discretely presented. All of the state's component units are discretely presented, or shown separately from the primary government. The "Component Units" column in the accompanying financial statements includes the financial data of the state's discretely presented component units. They are also identified separately in the note disclosures because of their separate legal status. All component units are presented in this report on the economic resources measurement focus and the accurate basis of accounting.	<ul> <li>The following provides a description of the state's discretely presented component units. Additional information is available from the component unit's separately issued financial statements.</li> <li>Housing Finance Agency (HFA) – HFA provides money for loans and technical assistance for constructing and rehabilitating housing for families of low and moderate incomes. The HFA board has seven members who are either heads of state departments or appointed by the governor. HFA is under the administrative control of a commissioner appointed by the governor. HFA is the source of the administrative control of a commissioner appointed by the governor. HFA is the administrative control of a commissioner appointed by the governor.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Metropolitan Council (MC) – MC is responsible for coordinating the planning and development of the seven-county metropolitan area. MC operates the public transit system and the regional sewage collection and treatment system. The governor appoints the council members, including the chair, subject to the advice and consent of the Minnesotal sarvier. The regional administration, appointed by the council activities. MC includes the Minnesota service. The regional administration, appointed by the council, is responsible for the advinesation are council activities. MC includes the Minnesota Sports Facilities Commission as a component unit. The fiscal year for MC ends December 31.</li> <li>University of Minnesota (U of M) – U of M was established permanently by the Minnesota constitution. The state appropriates a large percentage of the U of M's operating budget. The agginature elects the twelve-member board of regents, which governs U of M, but the state does not have diatrue lects the twelve-member board of tregents, which governs U of M, includes several four U of M and large percentage of the U of M, capital projects. U of M includes several boundations as component units.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Agricultural and Economic Development Board (AEDB) – AEDB administers programs for agricultural and economic development. AEDB has seven members, four of whom are commissioners of state departments. AEDB controls the operations of the agriculture resource programs and loans. AEDB may issue revenue bonds for the purpose of inancing development projects.</li> <li>CheraWay Minnesota – ClearWay Minnesota issues grants to health, community, and academic organizations throughout Minnesota is sues grants to health, community, and academic organizations throughout Minnesota is support research and cessation activities that will encourage and help tobacco users quit. It is funded by tobacco lawsuit settlement proceeds. Although the state and help tobacco tarway of ClearWay Minnesota from the reporting entity would fail to provide a complete overview of tobacco settlement funds.</li> <li>National Sports Center Foundation (NSCF) – The Minnesota from the reporting entity would fail to provide a complete overview of tobacco settlement funds.</li> <li>National Sports Center Foundation (NSCF) – The Minnesota Amateur Sports Commission contracts with NSCF to operate various sports facilities including the National Sports Commission contracts belong to the state. NSCF is responsible for the operating costs and centari mprovements to the facilities approves all rates and fees, and owns any reserve funds. The fiscal year for NSCF end budget, approves all rates and fees, and owns any reserve funds. The fiscal year for NSCF end budget, approves all rates and fees, and owns any reserve funds. The fiscal year for the logarative state provides administrative funding for these programs. The operation state provides administrative funding for these programs. The governor appoints all voting members of the board and the OHE) – OHE and so administers the state grant program. The state provides administrative funding for these programs. The governor appoints all voting members and users tor defendence.</li> </ul>	F-36
State of Minnesota 2008 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Notes to the Financial Statements	These notes provide disclosures relevant to the basic financial statements on the preceding pages. Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies Basis of Presentation	The accompanying financial statements of the state of Minnesota (the state) have been prepared to conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB Standards Board (GASB). GASB staneent No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" was issued in June 2004. The state of Minnesota provides other postemployment for the first of financial recognition, and display of OPEB expension. The statement testablishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expensionser/expanditures and related liabilities, and note disclosures. The state implemented this statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. See Note 9 – Termination and Postemployment Benefits, for more information on the state's OPEB liability.	GASB Statement No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues" was issued in September 2006. The statement establishes oriented for determining whether exchanges of future expected cash flows for immediate cash payments should be regarded as sales or scollateriated bornwigs. The statement also requires additional registiciosure pertaining to future revenues that have been pledged or sold. The state implemented this statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. See Note 12 – Long-Term Liabilities – Primary GASB Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. See Note 12 – Long-Term Liabilities – Primary gatement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. See Note 87 – Long-Term Liabilities – Primary GASB Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures, an amendment of GASB Statements related to financial reporting by pension plans and by employers that provide defined benefit and defined contribution reporting by pension plans and by employers that provide defined benefit and defined contribution reporting by pension plans and by employers that provide defined benefit and defined contribution reporting by pension and Investment Trust Funds for the facal year ended June 30, 2008. See Note 8 – Presion and Investment Trust Funds for the additional required disclosures. <b>Financial Reporting Entity of the State of Minnesota</b> This report includes the state departments, agencies, institutions, and organizational units, that are controlled by or dependent upon the Minnesota future addition as a primary government, consists of all organizations that make up its gegan entity. This report also includes other legal separate or and organization that make up its gegan entity. This report also includes the rate financial teplements to demonstration of provide specific futures the states financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. These orderia organization or the nature and somponent units of endormal for the states of minus which organizations shoul	F-35

Related Entities – These are entities for which the state is accountable because the state appoints a voting majority of the board, but for which the state does not have financial accountability. The following are related entities, but are not included in the reporting entity:	Higher Education Facilities Authority – The governor appoints a majority of the board. The Authority can issue revenue bonds and notes in its name. The state has no statutory authority to affect the operations of the Authority.	Joint Underwriting Association – The state commissioner of the Department of Commerce appoints a majority of the board. The board establishes the operating plan and determines premium rates and assessments. Membership in the association is a condition for doing business in the state.	Metropolitan Airports Commission – The governor appoints a majority of the voting commissioners. The state has no statutory authority to directly affect the commission's activities and operations. Holders of the commission's debt instruments have no recourse against the state.	Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association – The commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry appoints, or approves the appointment of, a majority of the board. The association supports itself solely from revenues derived from premiums charged to association members. The state has no authority to affect the operations of the association.	The following organizations, which are included in the primary government, prepare and publish separate financial reports, which may contain differences in presentation resulting from differing reporting emphasis. These financial reports may be obtained directly from each organization.	Minnesota State Retirement System 60 Empire Drive, Suite 300 St. Paul, Minnesota 55103	Teachers Retirement Association 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400 St. Paul, Minnesota 55103	Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Financial Reporting Unit 500 Wells Fargo Place, 30 East 7 <sup>th</sup> Street St. Paul, Minnesota 55101	The financial statements, available from the State Board of Investment, report on the Supplemental Retirement Fund (investment trust fund), an external investment pool.	d fund financial statements. The while the fund financial statement f statements categorize activiti	governmental or business-type. Governmental expenditures are classified by function. Each of the state's departments and agencies is included in a functional classification based on its primary mission and objectives.	5
Related Entities – These are entities for which the state is accountable because the stat voting majority of the board, but for which the state does not have financial accountability. are related entities, but are not included in the reporting entity:	<ul> <li>Higher Education Facilities Authority – Th can issue revenue bonds and notes in its operations of the Authority.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Joint Underwriting Association – The state majority of the board. The board establis assessments. Membership in the associal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Metropolitan Airports Commission – The governor appoints a majority of the vo The state has no statutory authority to directly affect the commission's activit Holders of the commission's debt instruments have no recourse against the state.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association – The comm and Industry appoints, or approves the appointment of, a ma supports itself solely from revenues derived from premiums ch state has no authority to affect the operations of the association.</li> </ul>	The following organizations, which are included in the primary government, prepare financial reports, which may contain differences in presentation resulting fro emphasis. These financial reports may be obtained directly from each organization.	Minnesota State Lottery 2645 Long Lake Road Roseville, Minnesota 55113	Public Employees Retirement Association 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200 St. Paul, Minnesota 55103	State Board of Investment 60 Empire Drive. Suite 355 St. Paul, Minnesota 55103	The financial statements, available from the State Board of Inves Retirement Fund (investment trust fund), an external investment pool.	Financial Reporting Structure of the State of Minnesota The basic financial statements include government-wide an wide financial statements report on the state as a whole, v major individual funds and fund types. Both types o	governmental or business-type. Governmen state's departments and agencies is included and objectives.	
Public Facilities Authority (PFA) – PFA provides assistance to municipalities, primarily for wastewater treatment construction projects. The state provides funding and administrative services for PFA. The authority is composed of commissioners from state departments and agencies. The commissioners direct the operations of the authority and detartment for local qovernment projects. PFA	issues revenue bonds to make loans for wastewater treatment facilities. Issues revenue bonds to make loans for wastewater treatment facilities. Rural Finance Authority (RFA) – RFA administers a number of state agriculture programs, including	the indicatestand underturbution program, from resourceming program, and expression and entroped in program. The board of the authority consists of stated department heads and members appointed by the governor. RFA is under the administrative control of the commissioner of the Department of Agriculture who is a member of the board. The state has issued general obligation bond debt for RFA	Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan (WCARP) – WCARP is the source of workers' compensation and employers under the product workerse for Minnesota employers under the order and	insurate poincy inrough the volumenty marker. Wucker's operations are subject to review by the superiment of Commerce. The commissioner enters into administrative commissioner of the Department of Commerce. The commissioner enters into administrative contracts, sets premium rates, and markes assessments. The commissioner has the authority to assess all licensed workers' compensation insurance companies doing business in Minnesota an amount sufficient to billy fund the objective fractions of the plan to the extension of the plan to the extension of the plan to the frect liver fractions. The fiscal wave fractions to the plan to the extension of the plan are	A component unit is classified as major or nonmajor, depending on its significance relative to other component units and the nature and significance of the component unit's relationship to the primary government. HFA, MC, and U of M are classified as major component units for this report.	Because AEDB and RFA do not issue separately audited financial statements, the combining financial statement of statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets and a Statement of Cash Flows for each of these component units.	Complete financial statements of the discretely presented component units may be obtained from their respective administrative offices as follows:	National Sports Center Foundation National Sports Center 1700 105 <sup>th</sup> Avenue Northeast Blaine, Minnesota 55449	Office of Higher Education 1450 Energy Park Drive Suite 350 St. Paul, Minnesota 55108	Public Facilities Authority Department of Employment & Economic Development 1 <sup>st</sup> National Bank Blog. 332 Minnesota St., Suite E200 St. Paul, Minnesota 55101-1351	Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan Park Glen Management Company 4500 Park Glen Road, Suite 410 Minneapolis, Minnesota 55415	

Governmental funds, including the general, special revenue, capital projects, debt service, and permanent funds, are presented on a current financial resource measurement focus and modified accrual permanent funds, are presented on a current financial resource measurement focus and modified accrual beasis of accounting in the fund financial statements. This presentation is deemed most appropriate to demonstrate compliance with legal and covenant requirements, the source and use of financial resources, and how the state's actual spending conforms to the budget. Because the governmental fund statements in the governmental column in the government, reconciliations explaining the adjustments required to restate the fund-based financial statements.	Proprietary funds, including the enterprise and internal service funds, are presented on the economic resource measurement focus and full acrual basis of accounting in the fund financial statements. This is the same measurement focus and basis of accounting as the government-wide financial statements. This is the same measurement focus and basis of accounting as the government-wide financial statements. This is the state's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (pension, investment tots, or agency). These assets are held for the benefit of others and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the government, therefore, the funds are excluded from the government-wide statements. These statements are presented after the government-wide financial statements.	Classification of Funds The financial position and results of state operations are organized using individual funds. Each fund is a separate accounting entity individual funds have been established as stipulated by legal provisions or by administrative discretion. The state uses fund accounting, which is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to segregate transactions related to certain government functions or activities.	<ul> <li>Governmental Fund Types – These funds account for the acquisition, use, and balances of expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities. Most state operations are accounted for in this fund category. Included in this classification are:</li> <li>General Fund which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.</li> <li>Special revenue funds which account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes (not including major capital projects).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Capital project funds which account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or special revenue funds.</li> <li>Debt Service Fund which accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, most general obligation long-term debt principal and interest.</li> <li>Permanent Fund which accounts for resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the state's programs.</li> </ul>	The state has two major governmental funds. The General Fund is the principal operating fund used to account for most of the general activities of the state. The Federal Fund receives and disburses federal government grants and reimbursements.
Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) display information about the statle as a whole, except for its figuidary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and busines-type activities of the state and its discretely presented component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain government expenses that been fit state agroeics have not been adjoined as spenses were made. General government expenses that been take agroeics have not been and bencated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the state, but are reported under the General Government function.	The focus of the government-wide statements is on financial information of the state as an entity and the change in the overall financial position of the state as a result of the activities of the fiscal year. Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all economic resources and obligations of the reporting povernment, both ourrent and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements. Under the accounting revenues, expenses, gains losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Amounts paid to acquire actual basis is recorded as a sected as a sets in the government, under financial statements. These amounts are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements.	the reporting government are reported as reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as expenditures. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities are presented on a consolidated basis by column. The statement includes long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The government-wide Statement of Activities resports how much of the cost of each functional category (public safety and corrections, transportation, etc.) is supported by general government revenues (sales tax. income taxes. etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces dross excenses.	related program revenues, and by operating and capital grants and contributions. Program revenues must be directly associated with, or derived directly from, the function, or a business- type activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the poretational or capital requirements or a particular function. Amile the capital grants includes the and discretionary (either operating or aphling grants, mille the capital grants column reflects capital- specific grants. Program revenues are applied against program expenses in the Statement of Activities to report the net cost of each program.	General revenues normally cover the net costs (program expenses less program revenues) of all activities. Taxes represent the majority of general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues, rather than program revenues. <b>Fund Financial Statements</b> Fund financial operations and position of governmental, proprietary, and funancial statements report on the financial operations and position of governmental, proprietary, estant fund financial than program funds are exuents is on the movier funds in the novemmental of estancements.	business-type categories. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Property Tax Revenues – Laws of Minnesota Special Session 2001 established a state general tax (property tax) against commercial-industrial and seasonal recreational property. The tax is distributed among counties by applying a uniform rate to the appropriate tax capacities in each county. Levies are determined based on the formula contained in the laws. The state preliminarily certifies the state general	levy rate to each county no later than November 1 of each year for taxes payable in the following calendar year. The state certifies the final state general tax levy on January 1 of each year to each county. Property taxes are due to counties in two installments for each year – May 15 and October 15. The counties pay the state general tax to the state on three dates – June 30, December 1, and January 25, for any adjustments or changes. Local units of government, as agents for the state, assess the state	general tax. Property tax is recognized, net of uncollectible amounts, in the period for which the taxes are levied and the taxes are available.	Federal Revenues – Federal revenues, earned by incurring allowable obligations, are recognized at the same time the related obligation is recognized, with one exception. Trunk Highway Fund (a special revenue fund) expenditures incurred by June 30, but not converted to Federal funding by the close of the federal fiscal year, are not recognized as federal revenues. Proprietarv, pension, and investment trust funds are accounted for using the full accrual basis of	accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized as incurred. The accrual basis of accounting is also used for contributions, benefitts, and refunds paid for defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting, but do not have a measurement focus because agency funds do not recognize revenues and expenses.	Proprietary funds distinguish operating from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services or producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation of capital assets. All other revenues and exponses are renorded as monoreation internal	Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting, including Financial Accounting Standards	Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulteins issued on or before November 50, 1989; generally are followed in the government- wide nonorientary and component unit financial statements to the externt that those standards do not	conflict with or contradict GASB guidance. Except for the Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan (WCARP) (component unit), the government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance. WCARP has elected to follow all applicable FASB statements issued after November 30, 1989 that do not contradict GASB pronouncements.	Cash Equivalents and Investments Cash Equivalents – Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments having original maturities (remaining time to maturity at acquisition) of three months or less. Cash equivalents also include management pools and money market funds that are used essentially as demand deposit accounts.	Investments – Investments are reported at fair value. The basis for determining the fair value of investments that is not based on market quotitions includes analysis of future cash flows, audited financial statements, and independent appraisals. Investments in derivatives are generally made to manage the overall risk of the individual manager's portfolios to a level satisfactory to the investment management firm and in accordance with the firm's contract with the State Board of Investment.	See Note 2 – Cash and Investments for additional information regarding cash and investments.	F-42
Proprietary Fund Types – These funds focus on determining net income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Generally accepted accounting principles similar to those used by private sector businesses are followed in accounting for these funds. The fund types included in this category are the enterprise and internal service funds.	<ul> <li>Enterprise funds account for activities that charge a fee to external users for goods or services. Activities of enterprise funds are financed and operated similarly to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is to recover costs primarily through user fees.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one agency to other agencies on a cost reimbursement or other basis. The activities reported as internal service funds include motor pool, central stores, employee insurance, enterprise technology, plant management, other monocomment and control control.</li> </ul>	The state has two major enterprise funds. The State Colleges and Universities Fund accounts for the activities of Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, MinSCU). MinSCU, the largest higher education system in the state, is a system of public colleges and universities. The Unemployment Insurance Fund ecceives unemployment taxes collected from employers and pays unemployment to eligible	individuals. Fiduciary Funds Types – These funds account for assets held by the state in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units. Pension, investment trust, and agency fund types are included in this fund category.	<ul> <li>Pension trust funds report retirement funds administered by independent boards for which the state has a fiduciary role.</li> <li>Investment trust funds provide an investment vehicle for entities outside the state, including various auticipations included.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Agency Fund accounts for resources held in a custodial capacity for various other governmental</li> </ul>		All governmental funds focus on the flow of current financial resources and use the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) to fund balances.	modified accrual basis or accounting, revenues are recognized in the pendin in when they become both measurable and available to finance operations of the fiscal year, or to liquidate liabilities existing at fiscal year end. The state considers receivables collected after June 30, but by the close of the books in late August to be available, and recognizes these receivables as current year revenues in governmental funds. Individual income taxes, property taxes, and federal grants are the major revenue sources susceptible to accrual. Revenues collected in advance, including certain federal grant revenues to which the state does not ver have legal entitement. The reported as deferred revenue unit the related	commitment arises, at which time revenue is recognized. Expenditures and related liabilities are ecognized when fund obligations are incurred, except for delate service, compensated absences, pension and other postemployment benefits, and claims and judgments, which are recorded when due and expected to be liquidated with available financial resources. The following provides further detail on specific items regarding the modified accrual basis of accounting.	Tax Revenues – Tax revenues, excluding property taxes, are recognized in the period they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Measurable means that taxpayer liability is supported by afficient documentation and can be reasonably estimated. The state sliability for anticipated refunds of such taxes is estimated and recorded as reductions in revenue in the period when the related tax is recognized.	F-41

Compensated Absences	State employees accrue vacation leave, sick leave, and compensatory leave at various rates within limits specified in the collective bargaining agreements. Leave balances are liquidated in cash only upon termination from state employment. The current and noncurrent compensated absences liabilities for governmental funds are reported only in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. All other fund types report the liability for compensated absences as a liability of the specific fund.	Capital Assets	Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for proprietary and fiduciary funds. Capital assets are defined by the state as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$30,000 for equipment and \$300,000 for buildings, and an estimated useful life of at least three years.	Capital assets are recorded at cost or, for donated assets, at fair value at the date of acquisition. An inventory of land and buildings was completed in 1985. Historical cost records for older capital assets are incomplete or not available, therefore, estimated historical costs have been used in these situations. Tax	fortered land is not included in land inventory because the state does not take permanent title. When the land is sold, proceeds are distributed to local jurisdictions.	Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method based on the following useful lives: 40-50 years for buildings, 20-50 years for large improvements, 3-10 years for small improvements, and 3-12 vears for equipment. Transportation infrastructure assets using the modified approach. Jand. construction	in progress, and works of art and historical treasures, such as the state capitol, are not depreciated.	GASB Statement No. 34 allows an alternative (modified) approach to the recording of infrastructure assets which reflects a reasonable value of the assets and cost required to maintain the service potential at established minimum standards in lieu of depreciation. The transportation infrastructure capital assets of pavement and bridges are neopride using the modified approach. In electing to use this option for transportation infrastructure, the state uses an asset management system which establishes minimum standards and the current status of the minimum standards and the current status of the state's pavement and bridges are included in Required Supplementary Information.	See Note 6 – Capital Assets for further information.	Current and Noncurrent Assets	Ar the government. Adde level, assets are classing as entire current or noncurrent. Covernmenta activity current assets are those, including cash, various receivables, and short-term investments, considered available for appropriation and expenditure. Current assets in business-type activities are those that are available or can readily be made available to meet the cost of operating or to pay current liabilities. All other assets are considered noncurrent. Assets are classified as current or noncurrent in proprietary funds, but assets are not classified at the fund level for governmental funds.	Noncurrent Liabilities	In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities column. Long-term liabilities are the noncurrent portions of liabilities resulting from debt issuances, compensated absences, closure and postboure are for landilits, workers: compensation claims, net pension and other postemployment benefit obligations, and arbitrage rebate requirements. In proprietary fund statements, these liabilities are reported as liabilities of each individual fund.	F-44
Inventories	Generally, inventories for governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased and are not a resource available for appropriation. For the Trunk Highway Fund (special revenue fund), inventories are valued using weighted-average cost. Inventories an antilatined by the various funds are determined by annual and periodic physical courts. Inventories of proprietary funds are valued using the first-in, first- out, average cost, or specific cost methods.	Securities Lending	Securities on loan for cash collateral and the liabilities resulting from the security lending transactions are reported on the Statement of Net Assets or the Balance Sheet, as appropriate, for the particular fund type or level of reporting. Securities lending income and rebate and management fees are reported separately on the Statement of Revenues. Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances; the Statement of Revenues. Expenses and Changes in the Assets, as	appropriate for the particular fund type. Restricted Assets	Mandatory asset segregations required by bond covenants and other external restrictions are presented in entermise funds and discretely mesented component units as restricted assets. After liabilities from	restricted assets are paid, any remaining restricted assets in the enterprise funds will be used for debt service.	Income Tax Credits	The Minnesota Department of Revenue processes several types of tax credits through the individual income tax system. For financial reporting purposes, income tax credits that are limited by the amount of the individuals tax liability (before considering such credits) are reported as revenue reductions. In contrast, credits for Education, Vorking Farmy, and Copendent Care may be received even if they exceed the individual's tax liability. These types of credits are reported as expenditures, rather than revenue reductions, because the income tax system is, essentially, being used as a filing and payment mechanism to make grant payments to individuals.	Grant Expenditures and Liabilities Recognition	Grants are defined as nonexchange transactions because the state gives (or receives) value to another party without receiving (or giving) equal value in return. Grants are normally paid on either a reimbursement basis or an entitlement basis.	Reimbursement type grants may be awarded for specific services provided to eligible recipients, or may be made for eligible types of reimbursements. Grants paid on the reimbursement basis are recognized as expenditures and liabilities in the year in which the grantee incurs the costs of providing specific services to eligible recipients or makes eligible types of expenditures.	Entitlement type grants may be based on services provided by the grantee. The intent of the grant is to the print amount is not based on the cost of providing the service(s).	Expendingles and me related induces for these types or entrumenting trains are recognized as the service is provided if the amount owed can be reasonably estimated soon after the end of the state's fiscal year. Other types of entitlement grants are not based on the services provided or action taken by the grantee. Expenditures and the related liabilities for these types of grants are recognized in the fiscal year in which the resources were appropriated.	F-43

Budgetary control is essentially maintained at the departmental level except for certain programs where control is at the program level. In most departments, upon notifying the governor and legislative leadership, department heads are permitted to revise budgets by transferring amounts between programs within their departments.	Unencumbered appropriation balances generally cancel to the fund at the end of the fiscal year. However, if specifically provided by law, or if statutory authority is invoked by the agency, the unencumbered balance may be carried forward between fiscal years. The budget and the state	accounting system are maintained essentially on a cash basis with the exception that, at year-end, encumbered amounts are included in the expenditures of the year appropriated for budgetary reporting.	The accounting system controls expenditures by appropriation line tiem as established in the legality adopted appropriation bills. There are no instances where expenditures exceed the authorized limits at the legal level of budgetary control. A separate report showing the detail of legal level of budgetary control and actual expenditures for aach anononizated fund is available from the Denartment of Finance	builting and activity and Balances	Generally, internal service fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements. Internal service fund activity from external customers is reported under governmental activities in the government-wide statements. Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, except for residual amounts between governmental and business-type activities.	See Note 5 – Interfund Transactions for further information.	Change in Fund Structure	For fiscal year 2008, accounting for special assessments levied on employers for employment and training programs, as well as the relating spending, has been moved from the Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund to the Workforce Development Fund (special revenue fund).	Note 2 – Cash and Investments	Primary Government	Cash and Cash Equivalents	The majority of the primary government's cash is held in the state treasury and commingled in state bank accounts, while the majority of component unit cash is held in separate bank accounts. Cash in individual funds may be invested separately where permitted by statute; however, cash in most funds is invested as part of an investment pool. A fund's investment with the primary government's cash pools is reported as a cash equivalent. Where provided by statute, investment asmings of the primary government's pools are allocated to the individual funds. Earnings for all other participants are credited to the General Fund.	Deposits	Minnesota Statutes, Section 9.031, requires that deposits be secured by depository insurance or a combination of depository insurance and collatert securities held in the state's name by an agent of the state. The statute further requires that the insurance and collateral shall be in an amount sufficient to ensure that the deposits do not exceed 90 percent of the sum of the insured amounts and the fair value of the collateral.	
In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. In the government-wide financial statements, both permitms and discounts are deferred and amortized over		Deferred Compensation Plan	The state offers a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code, Section 457. The State Deferred Compensation Fund (pension trust fund) represents the value of all assets of the plan. The plan is available to all public employees in the state and is administered by the	Minnesota State Retirement System. Under this plan, compensation is deferred for income tax purposes in accordance with Section 457 and is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. In accordance with state statute, effective July 1, 1997, contributions are held	for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. These amounts are held in trust, in custodial are accounts or in qualitying contracts, as required by the deteral law. The State Board of Investment determines the investment options available to plan participants and oversees the activities of the investment managers. The majority of the assets of the plan are invested in various mutual funds. The state is not liable for any investment losses under the plan.	Net Assets/Fund Balances	The difference between fund assets and liabilities is "Net Assets" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund statements and "Fund Balances" on governmental fund statements.	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of such assets. Significant unspent related debt proceeds are included in Restricted for Capital Projects.	Restricted Net Assets represent the portion of net assets that are constrained either externally by parties such as creditors or grantors, or fagally through constitution provisions or enabling deglatation.	net assets are determined at the fund level. For a fund with more than one revenue stream, restricted net assets verde determined by the materiality of any restricted revenues in the fund. When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available for use, the state policy is to use restricted resources first.	Budgeting and Budgetary Control	The state operates on a two-year (biennial) budget cycle ending on June 30 of odd-numbered years. Appropriations in the biennial budget are usually for a single year, however, where specified, single year appropriations may be carried forward to the following year of the biennium. The governor's budget for the biennium is developed by the Department of Finance and presented to the legislature for approval. Specific appropriations are required for all exponditures from the General Fund and all special revenue and the biennium is developed by the Department of Finance and presented to the legislature for approval.	rance score in the relation manufacture states are sources and the angine and manufacture interpretation. Douglas J. Johnson Environmental and Natural Resources, incom Range Resources and Rehabilitation. Douglas J. Johnson Economic Protection Trust, Endowment, Maximum Effort School Loan, Health Impact, Medical Education	and Research, and Miscellameous Special Revenue Tunds. Some appropriations are "open appropriations" for entitlement type and some interfund transfer programs. In these cases, the amount that is needed to fulfill the obligation for the fiscal year is made available. There is no limit on the amount that can be expended for the program. Estimates of the amount needed for such programs are included in the budget forecast.	

Investments

The State Board of Investment (SBI) manages the majority of the state's investments. All investments undertaken by States characted so that and suddraken by States, Charactes, Short-term obligations of specified high quality, restricted participation as a limited partner in verture capital, real estate, or resource equity investments, and restricted participation in registered mutual funds.

Generally, when applicable, the statutes limit investments to those rated within the top four quality ratings categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. The statutes further prescribe the maximum percentage of fund assets that may be invested in various asset classes and contain specific restrictions to ensure the quality of the investments.

SBI is authorized to establish, and has established, combined investment funds used by participating public retirement and nonretirement funds. Retirement and nonretirement funds may not be commigled. Each investment fund has its own characteristics, including investment objective and risk characteristics. Within statutory requirements and based on detailed analyses of each fund, SBI has established investment gluedines and benchmarks for all funds under its management. These investment gluedelines and benchmarks are tailored to the particular needs of each fund and specify investment gluedelines and benchmarks are tailored to the particular needs of each fund and specify investment objectives, risk plicance, asset allocation, investment fraudagement structure, and specify performance standards.

### Interest Rate Risk – Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The state does not have a policy on interest rate risk. The contracts between SBIB and investment managers contain the guidelines and limitations regarding interest rate risk. Debt securities are constrained around the quality rating, sector mix, and duration of the Lehman Aggregate Bond Index. Interest rate risk information is presented using the weighted around praving interest rate risk interest rate rate in the quality rating, sector mix, and duration of the Lehman Aggregate Bond Index. Interest rate rate inter horizons, the period when investments become due and payable in years or months, weighted to reflect the dollar size of individual investments within investment type.

### Credit Risk of Debt Security Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit investments in debt securities to the top four quality ratings categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. The state does not have a credit risk policy that is more stringent than the statutory requirements. The contracts between SBI and investment managers contain any guidelines or limitations credit risk.

The primary government's investments, excluding pension trust and investment trust funds, as of June 30, 2008, are presented below using the Standard & Poor's (S & P) rating scale.

overnmenta, roperay, an argeny and Investments and Cash Equivalent Investments As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	Investments and Cash Equivalent Investments As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	and Cash Equivalent As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	Investmer	str		
			Lower o S & P I	Lower of S & P or Moody S & P Equivalent Rating	Moody Rating	
	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	AA or Better	BBB to A	BB or Lower	Not Rated
Debt Securities:						
U.S. Treasury	\$ 89,948	4.62	100%	'	,	,
U.S. Agencies	897,667	5.06	98%	1	,	2%
Mortgage-backed Securities	265,464	22.57	95%	5%	Ţ	'
State or Local Government Bonds	47,600	1.00	66%	17%	,	17%
Corporate Bonds	3,127,396	2.40	68%	30%	1%	1%
Commercial Paper	1,426,480	0.11	100%	ı	1	'
Repurchase Agreements	409,275	0.08	'	11%	ı	89%
Certificates of Deposit	324,971	0.23	ı	ı	ı	100%
Short-term Securities	65,096	0.17	100%	ı.	1	1
Total Debt Securities	\$ 6,653,897					
Equity Investments:						
Corporate Stock	\$ 659,965					
Alternative Equities	7,795					
Total Equity Investments	\$ 667,760					
Other Investments						
Escheat Property	\$ 16,410					
Money Market Accounts	5,538					
Total Other Investments	\$ 21,948					
Total Investments	\$ 7,343,605 <sup>(1)</sup>	~				

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do not include cash on hand.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The state does not have a formal policy regarding concentration of credit risk for rated corporate debt securities that are among the top four quality categories. For other types of investments, Minnesota Statutes, Section 11A.24, established the following parameters:	Unrated Corporate Obligations:	<ul> <li>Aggregate value may not exceed 5 percent of the market or book value, whichever is less, of the fund being invested.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SBI's participation is limited to 50 percent of a single offering.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SBI's participation is limited to 25 percent of the issuer's unrated obligations.</li> </ul>	Corporate Stock:	<ul> <li>Aggregate value of corporate stock may not exceed 85 percent of the market or book value,</li> </ul>	whichever is less, of a fund.	<ul> <li>Generally, investment in corporate stock may not exceed five percent of the total outstanding shares of any one corporation.</li> </ul>	The state had concentration of credit risk over 5% as of June 30, 2008, in the Federal National Mortgage Accordition (ENMA) ENMA represented 13.0% of the mimory provements that feder securities	~ ¥	Foreian Currency Risk – Investments		Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. SBI has established guidelines to be used by investment managers	for international investing. Under these guidelines, countries are categorized based on a country's legal structures and startings regarding worker and human rights issues. Managers may invest in countries with horal structures that nonerally respect the rights of workers and human rights without additional	notification to SBI. Investment managers who wish to invest in other countries must either notify SBI in writing or appear before SBI, depending on the country involved. Managers with authority to invest in foreign securities are given authority to hedge foreign currency through forward contracts to avoid currency losses.	The primary government, excluding pension trust and investment trust funds, had no exposure to foreign currency risk as of June 30, 2008.	
C Or C Or C Or Min	Unr	•	-		Cor	•		•	The	n vi	For		Pon valt	for i stru with	noti writh fore curr	The curr	
		Not	Rated		- 1%	- %976		87%	2%								
	or Moody nt Rating	1 2	Lower				10%	њ. I									
ments	er of S & P or Moody P Equivalent Rating	BB or	BBB to A Lower	, , ,	,	 10% -	64% 10%	13% - 9% -	18% , ,								
t ds Investments	Lower of S & P or Moody S & P Equivalent Rating	AA or BB or	Better BBB to A Lower	9 100%	%66	99% 1% - 56% 10% -	25% 64% 10%	- 13% - 87% 9% -	80% 18% - 87%								
Primary Government Pension and Investment Trust Funds Investments As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)		BB or	Better BBB to A Lower	0.30 100%	%66	 10% -	25% 64% 10%	13% - 9% -	80% 18% - 87%								
Primary Government Pension and Investment Trust Funds Investments As of June 30, 208 (In Thusands)		AA or BB or	Better BBB to A Lower		806,266 3.91 99% -	99% 1% - 56% 10% -	7.99 25% 64% 10%	- 13% - 87% 9% -	0.08 80% 18% - 0.20 87% -	\$ 14,894,847	\$ 28,617,024	100,314	5,917,121	3.368.337 \$ 30.02.856	<u>con / / roz e e</u>		

State Stretch or Wells Fargo as custodian and received cash (both United States and foreign currency) and securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government, sovereign debt of foreign currency. Treasuries and irrevocable bank letters of recipt as collateral. Wells Fargo securities lent included U. S. Treasuries and Agencies debt securities. State Street securities lent included but debt securities and equity investments. When the States Street securities lent included to a securities and equity investments. When Restate Street securities for the value of the deliver collateral for each norwest securities absent a borrower detate. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan in amounts equal to not less than 100 percent of the fair value of the loaned securities.	The state did not impose any restrictions during the fiscal year on the amount of the loans that either state Street on Veills Fargo made on the state's benatif. State Street and Weils Fargo indemnified the state by agreeing to purchase representate scateristic state street and the vent a borrower failed to return a loaned security or pay distributions thereon. No borrower failed to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year. In addition, there were no losses during the fiscal year resulting from default of the borrowers.	During the fiscal year, the state and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested in separately managed funds of SBI.	Primary Government (*)         Securities Lending Analysis         Securities Lending Analysis         As of June 30, 2008         (In Thousands)         Wells Fargo         State Street         The of Securities on Loan       \$ 101,584       \$ 6,551,076         Collateral Held       \$ 102,968       \$ 6,775,914         Average Duration       113 days       N/A         Average Weighted Maturity       114 days       37 days         "Including securities lending for certain component units that invest through SBI.       ************************************	Because the loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On June 30, 2008, the state had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the state owed the borrowers exceeded the amounts the borrowers owed the state. Funds not invested by SBI are primarily Minnesota State Colleges and Universities' funds. Investments for these funds must also conform to the above statutes and may be further restricted by bond indentures.
	332 1355 183	883 666 54 64	57,799 06,729 18,190 18,190 24,29 20,429 30,644 30,644	possession of an possession of an greements is held formal policy for ansactions. The arsactions. The it Trust Company is in lending state
	Equity - \$ 347,132 56 91,235 17 413,958 28 1,860.083	τ τ α, ο, τ		Custodiar insk from investments is the risk that, in the event of a taulue of the counter park, the state will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are held in the state's name and collateral for repurchase agreements is held un the state's name and collateral for repurchase agreements is held us to the state's name by third party agents. The primary government does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. Securities Lending Minnesota statutes do not prohibit the state from participating in securities lending transactions. The state has, by way of Custodial Trust Agreements, authorized State Street Bank and Trust Company (State bas, by way of Custodial Trust Agreements, authorized State Street Bank and Trust Company (State bas, by way of Custodial Trust pursuant to a form of loan agreement.
ment Trust Fur icy Risk curities at Fair , 2008 nds)	Debt \$ - 56 1,617 35,028	ດ ດ ກ	s 38,701	and a sature of a stature of a stature of a stature of operment of government di government di collateral for securitate state
Pension Trust and Investment Trust Funds Foreign Currency Risk International Investment Securities at Fair Value As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	Cash 2,920 1,370 5,729 43,196	43,196 3,373 971 19,617 3,219	2,481 19,874 267 267 86 4,394 1,383 2,225 11,105	Custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the courter part on the able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the outside party. Investments are held in the state's name and collateral for repurchase ag in the state's name by third party agents. The primary government does not have a custodial credit risk. Securities Lending Minnesota statutes do not prohibit the state from participating in securities lending tr state has, by way of Custodial Trust Agreements, authorized State Street Bank and (State Street) and Wells Fargo Bank, Minnesota, N.A., (Wells Fargo) to act as agenti securities to broker-dealers and banks pursuant to a form of loan agreement.
iona	м м		69	s a cirie age service

The following table presents the estimated fair value of MC, excluding its component unit, investments subject to interest rate risk using the simulation model (in thousands).	Metropolitan Council Estimated Fair Value of Investments As of December 31, 2007 (In Thousands)	Estimated Fair Value \$ 528,841 Fair Value of Portfolio After Basis	Point Increase of:         \$ 524,556           50 Points         \$ 518,476           100 Points         \$ 513,237           150 Points         \$ 513,237           200 Points         \$ 508,117		As of June 30, 2008, University of Minnesola (U of M), including its discretely presented component units, had \$391,818,000 of cash and cash equivalents and \$3,371,548,000 of investments. The U of Ms precetely presented component units do not classify investments according to risk because these entities prepare their financial statements under standards set by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. Excluding Storelety presented component units, U of M reported cash and cash equivalents of \$339,438,000 and investments of \$1,506,170,000.	U of M does not have a policy for custodial risk of deposits. As of June 30, 2008, \$10,460,000 of the U of M's bank balance of \$10,560,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized.	U of M maintains centralized management for substantially all of its cash and investments. The Board of Regents establishes the U of M investment policies and objectives. U of M uses internal investment pools designed to maximize investment return within consistent risk parameters for each pool.	U of M has established policies to address the various types of investment risks. U of M uses Standard & Poor's ratings and duration as a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changing interest rates. As of June 30, 2008, \$609,160,000 of investment in securities was subject to quality rating and interest rate risk. This amount was rated as follows:	\$141,315,000 was rated AAA	901,000,000 was rated BBB- to BBB \$86,971,000 was rated BBB- to BBB	0 was not rated	
ngaged in separate	securities lending programs during the flecal year and calendar year, respectively. Their separately issued financial statements disclose the facts regarding those programs. Neither had a credit risk at year- end. Housing Finance Agency	As of June 30, 2008, Housing Finance Agency (HFA) had \$1,030,500,000 of cash, cash equivalents, and investments. As of June 30, 2008, \$162,601,000 of deposits and \$224,939,000 of investment securities were subject to custodial credit risk. HFA investments have weighted average maturities ranging from .1 - .2 years (corporate notes) to 8.6 - 12.1 years (US Agencies).	HFA cash equivalents included \$491,100,000 of investment agreements, which are generally uncollateralized interest bearing contracts. As of June 30, 2008, all investment agreement providers had a Standard & Poor's long-term credit rating of 'A- or higher' and a Moody's Investors Service iong-term credit rating of 'A- or higher' and a Moody's Investors Service iong-term credit rating of 'A- or higher' and a Moody's Investors Service iong-term credit rating of the agreements of June 30, 2008. The individual investment agreements were unrated. Substantially all of the agreements contain termination clauses so that HFA may withdraw funds early if credit ratings deteriorate below specified levels and remedial action is not taken.	LFA investments had an estimated fair market value of \$374.751,000 as of June 30, 2008. Of these investments, \$306,816,000 were US Agencies investments having a Standard & Poor's rating of 'AAA' and Moody's rating of 'Aaa'	HFA had investments in single issuers as of June 30, 2008, excluding investments issued or explicitly duranteed by the US Government that exceeded five percent of total investments. These investments amounted to \$577,394,000 and involved Federal Home Loan Bank, AIG Matched Funding Corp., Calyon, FSA Capital Management, and Bayerische Landesbank investment agreements. Wetropolitan Council \$339,438,000 and investment agreements.	liscretely presented component unit, nount, \$513,011,000 was subject to Moody's rating scale. \$120,860,000				• 586,971,000 wa	<ul> <li>\$299,570,000 was not rated</li> </ul>	

The securities subject to interest rate risk were comprised of:

- \$94, 167,000 in government agencies with an average duration of 1.22 years
- 168,274,000 in corporate bonds with an average duration of 0.81 years
- \$47,148,000 in mortgage backed securities with an average duration of 4.27 years
   \$279,612,000 in cash and cash equivalents with an average duration of .003 year
- \$19,959,000 in other types of securities (primarily mutual funds) with an average duration of 0.63 years

As of June 30, 2008, U of M had \$100,326,000 of equity investments subject to foreign currency risk. The three largest components of this amount (in thousands) are as follows:

,			
	39,419	23,255	16,074
	<del>69</del>	в	S
	Euro Currency	Japanese Yen	Pound Sterling

Nonmajor Component Units

The following table presents the cash, cash equivalents, and investments by nonmajor component unit.

Component Units Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments June 30, 2008 or December 31, 2007 as applicable (In Thousands)	t Units s and Inv · 31, 2007 ands)	estments as applicable			
Component Unit	Cash Eq	Cash and Cash Equivalents	- Nu	Investments	
Agricultural and Economic Development Board	ф	5,947	Ф	21,701	
ClearWay Minnesota		30		159,669	
National Sports Center Foundation		394			
Office of Higher Education		147,568		39,177	
Public Facilities Authority		285,233		149,902	
Rural Finance Authority		15,467			
Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan		16,794		346,154	
Total	÷	471,433	s	716,603	

Note 3 – Disaggregation of Receivables

The following are the components of net accounts receivable as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2008:

	Сотр	onent As of (In	s of N June Thous	Components of Net Receivables As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	bles			
				Governmental Activities	ntal Acti	vities		
	L -	-	÷	L	й х О	Nonmajor Governmental		
Taxes:	General Fund	el	Fede	Federal Fund	-	- unds		1 0131
Corporate and Individual	ю	64	ф	ı	ю	ı	ф	591,064
Sales and Use Property	361,943 372 651	513						361,943 372 651
Health Care Provider Highway Users	174,581	<u>, 5</u> 0				87,548 84.651		262,129 84,651
Child Support	85,714	4		84,003		1		169,717
Workers' Compensation		ī				109,683		109,683
Other	215,555	55		59,484		142,038		417,077
Net Receivables	\$ 1,801,508	80	ф	143,487	ŝ	423,920	ф	2,368,915
				Business-type Activities	/pe Activ	vities		
	State Colleges and Universities	es ties	Unem Insi	Unemployment Insurance	Enter	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total
Unemployment Insurance	€	ı	ь	310,344	÷		ക	310,344
Tuition and Fees	37,645	45				·		37,645
Other		-1		'		32,528		32,528
Net Receivables	\$ 37,645	45	s	310,344	φ	32,528	ŝ	380,517
Total Government-wide Net Receivables	e Net Receivat	oles					ŝ	2,749,432
(1) Includes \$6,365 Internal Service Funds.	Service Funds							

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Accounts receivable are reported net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Significant uncollectible amounts are:

- Corporate and Individual Taxes \$134,385,000
- Sales and Use Taxes \$27,500,000
- Child Support \$346,901,000
- Other Receivables \$55,727,000

Significant receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year are:

- Corporate and Individual Taxes \$97,463,000
- Sales and Use Taxes \$32,775,000
- Child Support \$143,895,000

Health Care Provider \$67,673,000	

Other Receivables \$19,763,000

### Note 4 – Loans and Notes Receivable

Loans and notes receivable, net of allowances for possible losses, as of June 30, 2008, consisted of the following:

		Prir Loans a As (	nary Go and Noi of Jun	Primary Government Loans and Notes Receivable As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	ent sivable 08						
	U	General Fund	Fec	Federal Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	najor cial inue	ΩĘщ	Capital Projects Funds	C ni	State Colleges and Universities Fund	
Student Loan Program	ь	'	ф		Ф	1	ь	1	Ф	35,554	
Economic Development		43,145		1	71	71,276		1		1	
School Districts		•		1	117	117,474		1		J	
Agricultural, Evironmental and Energy Resources		31		ı	71	71,438		1		1	
Transportation		;		1	\$	18,235		4,126		ı	
Other		'		15		836		409		1	
Total	ф	43,176	ŝ	15	\$ 279,259	9,259	ф	4,535	ы	35,554	······

Housing Finance Authority \$ 2,398 Metropolitan Council 40 University of Minnesota 74 Agricultural and Economic Development Board 13	2,398,136 40,547
	40.547
	74,048
	13,640
Office of Higher Education 686	686,671
Public Facilities Authority 1,501	1,501,557
Rural Finance Authority 56	56,077
Total \$ 4,770	4,770,676

Primary Government		Year Ended June 30, 2008	
During normal operations, the state processes routine transactions between funds, including loans, expenditures, and transfers of resources for administrative and program services, debt service, and compliance with legal mandates.	een funds, including loans, services, debt service, and	Transfers to the General Fund From: Federal Fund	\$ 20,656
In the fund financial statements, these transactions are generally recorded as transfers in/transfers out and interfund receivables/payables. Transfers generally represent legally authorized transfers between funds authorized to receive revenue and funds authorized to make expenditures, and do not represent reimbursement of expenditures.	as transfers in/transfers out uthorized transfers between tures, and do not represent	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds Total Transfers to General Fund From Other Funds	338,136 63,564 21,291 \$ 443,647
Interfund Receivables and Payables As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)		Transfers to the Federal Fund From: Unemployment Insurance Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Total Transfers to Federal Fund From Other Funds	\$ 37 1,367 \$ 1,404
Due to the General Fund From: Federal Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds Total Due to General Fund From Other Funds	<ul> <li>\$ 48,554</li> <li>68,775</li> <li>68,775</li> <li>59</li> <li>59</li> <li>50</li> </ul>	Transfers to the State Colleges and Universities Fund From: General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Capital Contributions Nonmajor Governmental Funds Total Transfers to State Colleges and Universities From Other Funds	\$ 666,238 102,174 370 \$ 768,782
Due to the Federal Fund From: Nonmajor Governmental Funds Unemployment Insurance Fund Total Due to Federal Fund From Other Funds	\$ 4,666 \$ 245 \$ 4,911	Transfers to the Internal Service Funds From: Governmental Capital Assets – Capital Contributions Total Transfers to Internal Service Funds From Other Funds	۰ ۱ ۵
Due to the State Colleges and Universities Fund From: Nonmajor Governmental Funds Total Due to State Colleges and Universities From Other Funds	\$ 19,814 \$ 19,814	Transfers to Fiduciary Funds From: Fiduciary Funds Total Transfers to Fiduciary Funds From Other Fiduciary Funds	\$ 15,751 \$ 15,751
Due to Fiduciary Funds From: Fiduciary Funds Total Due to Fiduciary Funds From Other Fiduciary Funds	<b>\$</b> 6,231 <b>\$</b> 6,231	Transfers to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds From: General Fund Federal Fund	\$ 729,204 22,675
Due to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds From: General Fund Federal Fund Unemployment Insurance Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmaior Enterprise Funds	\$ 25,400 1,928 29,122 3.029 3.029	Unemployment Insurance Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds Total Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental Funds From Other Funds	1,462,212 55,383 10,613 \$ 2,280,087
Total Due to Normajor Governmental Funds From Other Funds 5 170,613	\$ 170,613	Transfers to the Nonmajor Enterprise Funds From: Nonmajor Governmental Funds Total Transfers to Nonmajor Enterprise Funds From Other Funds	\$ 4,561 \$ 4,561

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Component Units

Receivables and payables as of June 30, 2008, between the primary government and component units, are summarized as follows:

The Due To Primary Government balance exceeds the Due From Component Units balance by \$3,490,000 because Metropolitan Council, Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan, and National Sports Center Foundation use a different fiscal year end than the primary government. The same is true for the \$79,881,000 difference between the Due From Primary Government balance and the Due To Component Units balance.

### Note 6 – Capital Assets

Primary Government					
×	Capital Asset Activity Government-wide Year Ended June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	tivity ide 80, 2008 s)			
Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2008	
Capital Assets not Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,807,456	\$ 100,999	\$ (3,798)	\$ 1,904,657	
Buildings, Structures, Improvements	28,975	249	(1,184)	28,040	
Construction in Progress	183,997	159,383	(82,129)	261,251	
Infrastructure	6,351,250	531,970	(7,085)	6,876,135	
Art and Historical Treasures	500	1,489	•		
Total Capital Assets not Depreciated	\$ 8,372,178	\$ 794,090	\$ (94,196)	\$ 9,072,072	
Devidinan Assets Depredied.	¢ 1 005 000		¢ (10 073)	¢ 2011226	
buildings, subcules, iniprovenients Infrationation	-				
	00'00 000 001		· 100 FC	08,210	
Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures		_ I			
Total Capital Assets Depreciated	\$ 2,380,905	\$ 137,238	\$ (40,568)	\$ 2,477,575	
Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings, Structures, Improvements	\$ (695,897)	\$ (63,846)	\$ 8,416	\$ (751,327)	
Infrastructure	(13,957)	(1,523)	'	(15,480)	
Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures	(243,460)	(35,237)		- 1	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (953,314)	\$ (100,606)	\$ 35,953	$\sim$	
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net			- 1	\$ 1,459,608	
Governmental Act. Capital Assets, Net	\$ 9,799,769	\$ 830,722	\$ (98,811)	\$ 10,531,680	
Business-type Activities					
Capital Assets not Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 79,488	\$ 1,369	\$ (5)	\$ 80,852	
Construction in Progress	132,191		(159,804)		
Total Capital Assets not Depreciated	\$ 211,679	\$ 203,327	\$ (159,809)	\$ 255,197	
Capital Assets Depreciated:					
Buildings, Structures, Improvements	\$ 1,918,343	\$ 160,388	\$ (7,351)	\$ 2,071,380	
Library Collections	48,264	7,071	(7,167)	48,168	
Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures	282,764	23,532	(18,124)		
Total Capital Assets Depreciated	\$ 2,249,371	\$ 190,991	\$ (32,642)	\$ 2,407,720	
Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings, Structures, Improvements	\$ (923,580)	\$ (53,448)	\$ 6,316	\$ (970,712)	
Library Collections	(27,419)	(6,880)	7,167	(27,132)	
Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures	(201,547)			- 1	
Total Accumulated Depreciation			8	$\sim$	
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	\$ 1,096,825		\$ (173) \$ (173)	-	
business-type Act. Capital Assets, Iver	\$ 1,308,504	\$ 313,010	\$ (128,902)	1,402,130	

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Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Primary Government Depreciation Expense Year Ended June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)		
Governmental Activities:		
Public Safety and Corrections	S	17,548
Transportation		20,398
Agricultural, Environmental & Energy Resources		5,906
Economic and Workforce Development		940
General Education		3,400
Health and Human Services		18,269
General Government		24,479
Internal Service Funds		9,666
Total Governmental Activities	ക	100,606
Business-type Activities:		
State Colleges and Universities	ф	76,536
Lottery		519
Other		3,647
Total Business-type Activities	ю	80,702

Capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds totaled \$818,701,000 for fiscal year 2008. Donations of general capital assets received during fiscal year 2008 were valued at \$15,180,000. Transfers were \$83,618,000 primarily from construction in progress. Additions in internal service funds were \$13,829,000. General capital assets purchased with resources provided by outstanding capital lease agreements as of June 30, 2008, consisted of equipment with a cost of \$8,633,000 and buildings with a cost of \$180,005,000.

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(5,165) (4,228) (9,393) 25,812 26,241 Balance June 30, 2008 29,707 5,498 35,205 429 429 မာမာ ω ശ 97 330 (1,252) (1,252) (1,297) (382) (1,679) Deductions . ω ω აფ ю မာမာ (836) (572) 1,408) 199 199 Additions . 1,457 150 1,607 Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2008 (In Thousands) **Capital Asset Activity** G ю မလ ഗ (4,426) (3,986) (8,412) 26,865 27,294 Balance July 1, 2007 29,547 5,730 35,277 429 429 မာ G ю ю မာမာမာ Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net Fiduciary Funds, Capital Assets, Net Total Capital Assets not Depreciated Buildings Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures Total Capital Assets Depreciated Fiduciary Funds Capital Assets not Depreciated: Accumulated Depreciation for: Capital Assets Depreciated: Buildings Land

Art and historical treasures are reported as capital assets that are not depreciated

Authorizations and commitments as of June 30, 2008, for the largest construction in progress projects consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Natural Resources	\$ 26,500 - 11,000 \$ 15,500
	Transportation	175,133 39,700 1,324 134,109
ents	Trar	<del>ф</del> ф
Primary Government Project Authorizations and Commitments As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	Education	\$ 6,587,406 6,554,240 \$ 33,166
overn ns anc e 30, 3 usand	й	s s
Primary Government tthorizations and Corr As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	Administration Projects	18,197 - 603 17,594
ject Aı	Adm	မ မ
Pro		Authorization Expended through June 30, 2008 Unexpended Commitment Available Authorization

Land in the Permanent School Fund totaling 2,520,971 acres was donated by the federal government and valued at the estimated fair value at the time of donation.

#### Component Units

Component unit capital assets consisted of the following as of December 31, 2007, or June 30, 2008, as applicable:

	As o	of Decemb	Capital Assets As of December 31, 2007 or June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	une 30, 2008				
		Ma	Major Component Units	nits				
	ΓŒ	Housing Finance	Metropolitan	University of	ž ĝ	Nonmajor Component		
	Ā	Agency	Council	Minnesota		Units		Totals
Land and Improvements	⇔		\$ 88,831	\$ 70,115	↔	389	θ	159,335
Construction in Progress		•	290,421	220,578		ı		510,999
Museums and Collections		,	1	43,974		,		43,974
Buildings and Improvements		'	2,692,957	2,620,401		1,927		5,315,285
Equipment		6,991	594,531	751,423		1,786	<b>-</b>	1,354,731
Infrastructure		'	1	350,548		1		350,548
Total	ф	6,991	\$ 3,666,740	\$ 4,057,039	\$	4,102	\$	\$ 7,734,872
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	¢	3,754	\$ 1,280,909	\$ 1,793,249	ŝ	2,131	\$	\$ 3,080,043
Net Total	÷	3,237	\$ 2,385,831	\$ 2,263,790	e E	1,971	ŝ	\$ 4,654,829

### Note 7 – Disaggregation of Payables

The following are the components of accounts payable as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2008:

General Fund     Feder       School Aid Programs     \$ 714,071     \$       Tax Refunds     \$ 666,287     \$       I-35W Bridge Collapse     36,640     \$       Medical Care Programs     \$ 113,442     \$       Cants     183,442     \$       Medical Care Programs     \$ 113,442     \$       Medical Care Programs     \$ 113,442     \$       Medical Care Programs     \$ 183,442     \$       Medical Care Programs     \$ 26,400     \$       Medical Care Programs     \$ 28,650     \$       Other     \$ 2.046,767     \$       Net Payables     \$ 2.046,767     \$	Governmental Activities           Nonma           Rederal Fund         Nonma           Federal Fund         Eunds           481,989         64           11,369         54           48,940         180	al Activities Normajor Governmental Funds <sup>(1)</sup> 64,394 64,394	θ	Total 843,975
General Fund         General Fund           Aid Programs         \$ 714,071         \$           funds         \$ 66,287         \$           ñidge Collapse         36,640         \$           ñidge Collapse         36,640         \$           ñidse Collapse         36,640         \$           s and Benefits         71,388         \$           s and Benefits         71,388         \$           s/Service Providers         38,650         \$           ayables         \$ 2,046,767         \$	al Fund 129,904 481,989 167,153 11,369 48 940	Nonr Fun		Total 843,975
Aid Programs     \$ 714,071       funds     566,287       funds     566,287       561,287     36,400       36,400     183,442       183,442     183,442       and Benefits     71,388       s/Service Providers     38,650       ayables     5,046,767	129,904 - - 481,989 167,153 11,369 48 940	<del>~</del>	θ	843,975
funds     566,287       Siridge Collapse     36,640       Care Programs     409,800       I Care Programs     183,442       and Benefits     71,388       s/Service Providers     38,650       ayables     5	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 64,394 176,064		
3ridge Collapse     36,640       1 Care Programs     409,800       1 Care Programs     183,442       1 Si Sevice Providers     71,388       sind Benefits     38,650       ayables     5,046,767	- 481,989 167,153 11,369 48.940	- 64,394 176,064		566,287
I Care Programs         409,800           183,442         183,442           and Benefits         71,388           s/Service Providers         38,650           s/Service Providers         26,489           ayables         \$ 2,046,767	481,989 167,153 11,369 48.940	64,394 176,064		36,640
183,442           s and Benefits         71,388           s/Service Providers         38,650           26,489         26,489           ayables         \$ 2,046,767	167,153 11,369 48.940	176,064		956,183
ss and Benefits         71,388           ors/Service Providers         38,650           Payables         26,489           Payables         \$ 2,046,767	11,369 48.940			526,659
Service Providers         38,650           26,489         26,489           Payables         \$ 2,046,767	48 940	54,207		136,964
26,489 - 2,046,767 - 2,047 - 2,046,767 - 2	2.2.2	180,745		268,335
\$ 2,046,767	1,062	21,357		48,908
	840,417	\$ 496,767	69 69	3,383,951
8	Business-type Activities	e Activities		
State Colleges and Universities Insu	Unemployment Insurance	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total
Salaries and Benefits \$ 117,677 \$	ı.	\$ 6,933	ф	124,610
Vendors/Service Providers 45,729	ı	5,003	Ь	50,732
Other 010,788	25,495	16,492	ь	52,775
Net Payables \$ 174,194 \$	25,495	\$ 28,428	ь	228,117
Total Government-wide Net Payables			ல த	3,612,068

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No.8 - Pension and Investment and meaning and m
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The Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) covers employees of various governmental subdivisions: including counties, cities, school districts, and related organizations. Approximately, 2,000 employers participate in this plan. There are two types of membership: basic and coordinated as defined above. Normal retirement age 186. The annuly formula for each type of membership is the greater of a step rate with a flat reduction for each month of early retirement, or a level rate (the higher step rate) with an actuarially based reduction for early retirement. The applicable rates for each year of allowable service based on average salary for basic members are 2.2 and 2.7 percent, the plan, but performs in a fiduciary capacity.

Single employer (state of Minnesota) plans:

The Correctional Employees Retirement Fund (CERF) covers state employees who have direct responsibility for inmates at Minnesota correctional facilities. Normal retirement age is 55. The annuity is 2.4 percent of average salary for each year of service. The Elective State Officers Fund (ESOF) covers the state's constitutional officers. Vesting occurs after eight years. Normal retirement age is 62. The annuity is 25 percent of average salary for each year of service. The ESOF is excluded from the Single temployers plan disclosures since the remaining active employees have retired, terminated or elected coverage under another plan. This plan is closed to new entrants according to Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 352C. The Judicial Retirement Fund (JRF) covers judges of the Supreme Court, district courts, county courts, probate courts, and various court referees. Normal retirement age is 65. The annuity is 2.7 percent of average salary for each year of service (3.2 percent for each year after June 30, 1980). The Legislative Retirement Fund (LRF) covers some members of the state's House of Representatives and Senate. Legislators newly elected since January 1997 are covered by the Unclassified Employee Retirement Fund. Vesting occurs after six years. Normal retirement age is 0.2. The annuity ranges from 2.5 percent to 5.0 percent of average salary for each year of service depending on height of resolution.

The State Patrol Retirement Fund (SPRF) covers state patrol officers, crime bureau officers, and various conservation officers who perform enforcement duties. Normal retirement age is 55. The annuity is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service.

	Func	Funding Policy Information	y Informa	tion			
						Multiple	iple
		Sinc	Single Employer	yer		Employer	loyer
	CERF	ESOF	JRF	LRF	SPRF	SERF	TRF
Statutory Authority, Minnesota Chapter	352	352C	490	3A	352B	352	354
Required Contribution Rate of Active Members (%)	6.40	N/A	8.15	9.00	9.10	4.25	5.50
Required Contribution Rate of Employer (%)	9.10	N/A	20.50	N/A	13.60	4.25	5.50

Required Contributions:         SERF         TRF           Employee         2008         \$ 99,280         \$ 799,592           2007         \$ 89,448         \$ 117,085           2006         \$ 85,379         \$ 177,085           Employer <sup>(1)</sup> 2008         \$ 96,746         \$ 209,717           2007         \$ 86,493         \$ 187,339           2007         \$ 86,493         \$ 177,085           Employer <sup>(1)</sup> 2008         \$ 86,493         \$ 187,339           2007         \$ 86,493         \$ 177,005           2007         \$ 86,493         \$ 177,002           2006         \$ 82,645         \$ 177,002	Multiple	Multiple Employer Plan Required Contributions (In Thousands)	Requii usands	red Contribu s)	utions	
2008     \$ 99,280     \$       2007     \$ 89,448     \$       2006     \$ 85,379     \$       2008     \$ 96,746     \$       2007     \$ 86,493     \$       2006     \$ 82,645     \$	Required Contributio	Suc.		SERF		TRF
2007     \$ 89,448     \$       2006     \$ 85,379     \$       2008     \$ 96,746     \$       2007     \$ 86,493     \$       2006     \$ 82,645     \$	Employee	2008	ю	99,280	ф	209,592
2006     \$ 85,379     \$       2008     \$ 96,746     \$       2007     \$ 86,493     \$       2006     \$ 82,645     \$		2007	ഗ	89,448	ю	199,869
2008 \$ 96,746 \$ 2007 \$ 86,493 \$ 2006 \$ 82,645 \$		2006	θ	85,379	θ	177,085
\$ 86,493 \$ . \$ 82,645 \$ .	Employer <sup>(1)</sup>	2008	69	96,746	¢	209,717
\$ 82,645 \$		2007	ь	86,493	Ф	187,339
		2006	θ	82,645	θ	179,022
	Contribution rates are statutorily determined.	are statutorily d	etermir	ied.		

Single Employer Plan Disclosures As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	ploye of Ju In Th	Employer Plan Discl As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	closi 8	ures				
		CERF		JRF		LRF		SPRF
Annual Required Contributions (ARC) <sup>(1)</sup>	θ	45,767	ф	11,666	Ф	3,411	Ф	17,774
Interest on Net Pension Obligation (NPO) $^{\left( 1\right) }$		1,689		(723)		(821)		(2,757)
Amortization Adjustment to ARC <sup>(1)</sup>		(1,641)		826		885		1,782
Annual Pension Cost	ф	\$ 45,815	Ф	11,769	Ф	3,475	Э	16,799
Contributions		(31,398)		(10,795)		(2,397)		(13,873)
Increase (Decrease) in NPO	ŝ	14,417	¢	974	ь	1,078	ь	2,926
NPO, Beginning Balance	Ś	19,868	Ś	(8,509)	ф	(9,665)	ъ	\$ (32,437)
NPO, Ending (Asset)	ω	34,285	ы	(7,535)	ω	(8,587)	ω	\$ (29,511)
<sup>(1)</sup> Components of annual pension cost.								

Actuarial Assumptions for Single Employer Plans
<ul> <li>The actuarial cost method used by all plans is the Entry Age Normal method. The date of actuarial valuation is July 1, 2007.</li> <li>The calculation of the actuarial valuation of assets is a market value based formula based on the</li> </ul>

Component Units	The following component units are participants in the State Employees Retirement Fund (SERF), Police and Fire Fund (P&FF), and the Unclassified Employees Retirement funds (UERF):	<ul> <li>Housing Finance Agency</li> </ul>	Metropolitan Council	<ul> <li>University of Minnesota</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Agricultural and Economic Development Board</li> </ul>	Office of Higher Education	<ul> <li>Public Facilities Authority</li> </ul>	Rural Finance Authority	Note 9 – Termination and Postemployment Benefits	Primary Government – Termination Benefits	Early termination benefits are defined as benefits received for discontinuing services earlier than planned. A liability and expense for voluntary termination benefits are recognized when the offer is accepted and	the amount can be estimated. A liability and expense for involuntary termination benefits are recognized when a plan of termination has been approved, the plan has been communicated to the employees, and the amount can be estimated.	Only three state bargaining agreements provide for this benefit. These agreements, affecting only Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MISCU) employees, are the Minnesota State College Faculty University Constraintion and Minnesota State University Association of Administratives Service	Faculty contracts. Faculty members who meet certain eligibility and a combination of age and years of service requirements are eligible to receive an early retirement incentive cash payment based on base salary, and health insurance paid for one year after separation. Approximately 250 former facility members currently receive this benefit. The cost of the benefits was \$4,610,000 during fiscal year 2008 with a commission institution and on 20 note 563 340 000.	with a retriaming leaving as of oute ou, coop of or, or the function. Primary Government – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions	As stated in Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies, the state implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". As a result of implemention this statement, the state reconciled a	change in accounting principle of \$91,812,000 resulting from restating the liability recognized for other postemployment benefits at the beginning of the year to zero.	Plan Description	Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are available to state employees and their dependents through a single-employer defined benefit health care plan, as allowed by Minnesota Statutes 42A.27 subdivision 3 and 471.61 subdivision 2a, and required under the terms of selected employment contracts. All pre-65	state retirees with at least 5 years of allowable pension service and are entitled at the time of retirement to receive an annuity under the state retirement program are eligible to participate in the state's health and acted immunity of the state retirement program are eligible to participate in the state's health	and dental insurance plan until age 65. Netrees not eligible for an employer subsidy must pay 100% of the premiums to continue receiving coverage. These employees are allowed to stay in the active employee risk pool with the same permium rate and are, therefore, subsidized by the insurance premiums rates for active state employees, resulting in an implicit rate subsidy. As of July 1, 2006, there were approximately 3,000 retirees participating in the state's insurance plan under this provision.	F-74
The Unclassified Employee Retirement Fund (UERF), authorized by Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 352D,		immediatery, and normal remement age is 55. Annuny is based on age and value of the participants account.	The Defined Contribution Fund (DCF) is authorized by Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353D. The plan	covers local units of government of which current of former elected officials elect to participate with the exception of elected county sheriffs), emergency medical service personnel employed by or providing	any of the participating ambulance services, and physicians employed at puol pend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings, le-	expenses. There is no vesting period required to receive benefits from this plan. DCF covers approximately 1,000 units of government. As of June 30, 2007, there were 6,867 members in the plan.	The State Colleges and Universities Retirement Fund (CURF), authorized by Minnesota Statutes,	Unapter 5546 and Unapter 554C, covers unclassing reachers, inorarians, administrators, and certain other staff members who have been employed full-time by Minnesota State Colleges and Universities for	a minimum of two academic years. Participation is mandatory for qualitied employees. This tund consists of an Individual Retirement Account Plan (IRAP) and a Supplemental Retirement Plan (SRP). Two member drouts. Taculty and managratile amolycees, barticipate in the IRAP. The employer and	employee statutory contribution rates are 6.0 and 4.5 percent, respectively. For the SRP, the statutorily remuner for the statutorily and 8.16 000 and 8.16 000 Statutes allow additional	required variation with the provided and	Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF) is the administrative agent for the State Colleges and Universities Retirement Fund. Separately issued financial statements can be chrained from TIAA-CREF. Normandiale Lake Office Park R000 Norman Center Divice	Suite 1100, Bloomington, MN 55437.	Defined Contribution Plans Contributions for the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	HCSRF PHCBF UERF DCF CURF	Employee Contributions         \$ 601         \$ 73,081         \$ 5,209         \$ 1,356         \$ 30,247           Employee Contributions         \$ 601         N/A         \$ 6,362         \$ 1,503         \$ 35,629		The Minnesota State Deferred Compensation Plan (State Deferred Compensation Fund) is a voluntary retirement sovings and Minnesota		Investment Trust Fund	The Supplemental Retirement Fund (investment trust fund) is administered by the State Board of Investment, which issues a separate report (see Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies for the address). This fund is an investment pool for external participants, which are locally administered retirement funds, and a deferred compensation plan.	F-73

The state's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2008 (the only year available) is as follows (in thousands): Fiscal Year Annual Percentage of Annual OPEB Net OPEB Ended OPEB Cost Contributed OPEB Net OPEB June 30, 2008 \$66,282 43% \$37,658 Funded Status and Funding Progress	<ul> <li>be dialy 1, 2006, the must recent extualed valuation detribute extualed actualed labeling (UAAL) for benefits and ununfuende extualed accured labeling (UAAL) was \$569 million. The red attained value of exterts are not mercensite OPEB trust for future benefits. The correct payroll reaves 12% or other unit of active emproyees covered by the plan) was \$2.838 billion, and the relaxed exterts are more the probability of active emproyees covered by the plan) was \$2.838 billion. The probability of active emproyees covered by the plan) was \$2.838 billion. The probability of active emproyees covered by the plan) was \$2.838 billion. The probability of active emproyees covered by the plan was the utake the turde the probability of occurrence of events are more for turne. Examples and the multip organic active emproyees moule estimates are continued results are continued results are continued results are continued results. The eschedule of inding progress covered by the plan take the actuard and the turde. The schedule of the probability of mortal attements, is designed to present multipar rend information about the turde. The schedule of thromation attements are more the turne. The schedule of thromation attement is a schedule of thromation attements is the actuard attements. Such as the actuard attement attements attements are attement attem</li></ul>	F-76
The state also subsidizes the health care and dental premium rates for certain employees, primarily conservation officers, correctional officers at state correctional facilities, and state troopers, through an explicit rate subsidy under terms of selected employment contracts. If the retiree terminates employment provide age 55, the employer's premium contribution rate is trocan at the date of the employee's retirement and is payable by the state until the retiree is reasonable for any other portion of the premium contribution rate is trocan at the date of the employee's treiterement and is payable by the state until the retiree is age 55. The retiree is reasonable for any other portion of the premiums. If the retiree is each year until the retiree is age 55 or later, the employer contributes the active entity of 55. As of July 1, 2006, there were approximately 1,000 correctional and law enforcement tertirees receiving an explicit rate subsidy. The state does not issue a separate financial report for fis OPEB plan.	Funding Policy The contribution requirement of plan members and the state are established, and may be amended by the contribution requirement of plan members decontinuous which are required contribution voltable. The required contribution of \$419 per month for retiree-only contributed \$353 million to the phan. Plan members receiving benefits through the implicit rate subsidy contributed \$353 million to the phan. Plan members receiving benefits through the implicit rate subsidy contributed \$353 million to the phan. Plan members receiving benefits through the implicit rate subsidy contributed \$353 million to the phan. Plan members receiving benefits through the implicit rate subsidy contributed \$353 million to the phan. Plan members receiving and related based on the manual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. Annual OPEB cost and Net OPEB Obligation and Financial Reporting that, if paid on the state's annual on the represents a level of throng trat, if paid on anogoing base and share and the annotize and manuface and annotize itabilities over a manual cast and and such and the annotize and manuface and the parameters of QASS Statement the recomposer. In eAPC represents a level of throng trat, if paid on consoling the state's APC is \$65,282,000. The following table shows the components of the state's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed \$258, 66,282,000. The following table shows the components of the state's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount monogoing base and the changes to the state's net OPEB obligation. The following table shows the components of the state's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount monogoing the state's APC is \$66,282,000. The following table shows the components of the state's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount and the state shows the components of the state's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount the relation Adjustment to APC <sup>(1)</sup> \$66,282. Monual Required Contributions (ARC <sup>(1)</sup> \$66,282. Monual Required Contributions (ARC <sup>(1)</sup> \$6	F-75

Petroleum Tank Environmental Cleanup	The Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup Act, Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 115C, requires the state to reimburse eligible applicants for a significant portion of their costs to investigate and clean up contamination from leaking petroleum storage tanks. Reimbursements are made from the Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup Fund (Petroliun) (special revenue tund). As of November 2008, the Petrolund has reimbursed eligible applicants approximately \$390 million since program inception in 1987. Future expenditures from the Petrolund will be necessary as axisting cleanup projects are completed and new cleanup projects are begun at currently undiscovered leak sites. The estimated total payments from the program, which is scheduled to surset on June 30. 2012, are between \$425 and \$465 million for investing and cleanup or provident and the approximated surset on June 30. 2012, are between \$425 and \$465 million for investing investing and the structure of the surger of the structure investing intervent of the structure of investing and the structure of th	Remediation Fund The landfill investments and investment earnings (part of the Remediation Fund) (special revenue fund) are committed for landfill abatement projects and are not available until after fiscal year 2020. Component Units	Metropolitan Council enters into contracts for various purposes, including transit services and construction projects, among others. As of December 31, 2007, unpaid commitments for Metro Transit Bus services were approximately \$56.4 million. Future commitments for Metro Transit Light Rail were approximately \$49.3 million. Future commitments for Regional Transit services were approximately \$12.3.9 million. Finally, future commitments for Exercise were approximately \$54.1 million.	University of Minnesota (U of M) has construction projects in progress with an estimated cost of \$344 million to complete. These costs will be funded from plant fund assets and state appropriations.	As of June 30, 2008, Public Facilities Authority (PFA) had committed approximately \$133 million for the origination or disbursement of future loans under the Clean Water, Drinking Water, and Transportation Revolving Loan programs. PFA also committed \$2.3 million for disbursement of non point-source pollution control awards and \$22.2 million for grants.						F-78
Component Units – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions	Metropolitan Council (MC) administers an other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan, a single-employer defined benefit health care and life insurance plan to eligible retirees, their spouses, and dependents. MC does not fund its OPEB benefits in an irrevocable trust. However, it has separately invested \$69.4 million as of December 31, 2007 for this purpose. The amuual nequired contribution for 2007 was \$26.1 million or 11.3 percent of amuual covered payroll. As of December 31, 2007 the actualian advected payroll. As of December 31, 2007, the net OPEB obligation was \$14, 480,000. The actualian advected payroll. As of Poenders 31, 2007, then to the actualian advected payroll. As of Notember 31, 2007, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll was \$230.6 million, and the ratio of the unfunded actualial accrued liability (UAAL) to the covered payroll was \$230.6 million, and the ratio of the unfunded actualial accrued liability (UAAL) to the covered payroll was \$230.6 million, and the ratio of the unfunded	University of Minnesota (U of M) administers an other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan, a single- employer defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees, their spouses, and dependents and an academic of sability plan for faculty and academic professional and administrative employees. U of M does not fund its OPEB benefits in an irrevocable trust. The annual required contribution for 2008 was \$17.6 million or 1.6 percent of annual covered payroll. As of June 30, 2008, the net OPEB obligation was strifection. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was \$77.4 million as of June 30, 2008, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll was \$1.1 billion, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (JAAL) to there fits mas \$1.7 billion.	Note 10 – Long-Term Commitments Long-term commitments consist of grant agreements, construction, and other contracts. These		Primary Government Long-Term Commitments As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	Special Revenue Fund: Trunk Hichwav Fund s 562 671	General Projects Fund 5,850	Transportation Fund 9,315 Building Fund 530,387	<u>.</u>	State Colleges and Universities     126,543       Total Primary Government     \$ 1,234,766	F-77

Note 11 – Operating Lease Agreements

#### **Operating Leases**

The state and its component units are committed under various leases primarily for building and office space. For accounting purposes, these leases are considered to be operating leases.

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2008, totaled approximately \$82,472,000 and \$20,437,000 for the primary government and component units, respectively. Lease expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2007, totaled approximately \$715,000 for component units.

	ш	Future Minimum Lease Payments (In Thousands)	₋ease Paymen sands)	ţ		
Primary G	Primary Government		Compon	Component Units		
Year Ending		Year Ending	4	Year Ending		
nune 30	Amount	June 30	Amount	December 31	Amount	E I
2009	\$ 80,242	2009	\$ 16,742	2008	φ	388
2010	63,366	2010	12,308	2009		378
2011	47,720	2011	11,066	2010		286
2012	40,527	2012	10,319	2011		194
2013	29,439	2013	10,231	2012		157
2014-2018	55,918	2014-2018	12,547	2013-2017		421
2019-2023	10,729	2019-2023	,	2018-2022		456
2024-2028	2,945	2024-2028		2023-2028		•
Total	\$ 330,886	Total	\$ 73,213	Total	\$ 2,	2,280

Note 12 – Long-Term Liabilities – Primary Government

The following table is a summary of long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2008, and the changes during fiscal year 2008:

Employere for	ial Penorting by			e L		Citatana C		()) a statistical manufactory of the statement of the "Accounting and Financial Dependence for
\$ 42,419	\$ 611,933	52,073	ŝ	127,315	w.	536,691	ŝ	Total
1	6,331	4,580		10,911				Net Other Postemployment Obligation
2,401	22,647	2,928		193		25,382		Capital Leases
1,948	5,412	2,464		2,021		5,855		Workers' Compensation
16,303	137,905	21,193		29,694		129,404		Compensated Absences
6,540	209,719	5,693		40,929		174,483		Revenue Bonds
702	5,829	966		1,406		5,419		Loans
\$ 14,525	\$ 224,090	14,219	θ	42,161	θ	196,148	ŝ	General Obligation Bonds
								Liabilities For:
\$ 506,413	\$ 5,838,133	768,277	\$	1,136,217	φ	5,470,193	÷	Total
3,568	22,485	3,485				25,970		Due to Component Unit
I	31,327	24,044		55,371				Net Other Postemployment Obligation
•	34,285	31,398		45,815		19,868		Net Pension Obligation
6,247	167,877	6,163		1,308		172,732		Capital Leases
14,605	95,741	16,152		3,985		107,908		Workers' Compensation
30,857	275,717	209,228		230,008		254,937		Compensated Absences
84,334	806,021	86,933		116,518		776,436		Claims <sup>(1)</sup>
785	14,500	645		1		15,145		Revenue Bonds
11,742	59,889	12,057		11,452		60,494		Loans
\$ 354,275	\$ 4,330,291	378,172	θ	671,760	θ	4,036,703	69	General Obligation Bonds
								Liabilities For:
								Governmental Activities
Amounts Due Within One Year	Ending Balances	Decreases		Increases		Beginning Balances		
		ß	2001	Year Ended June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	ш Ш			
			ties	Long-Term Liabilities	-Guo-	, L		

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The resources to repay the various long-term liabilities of the primary government have been, or will be, provided from the fund types as follows:

Governin F General Fund \$ 3,578,952 \$	Governmental Activities Special Revenue Funds 2 \$ 751,339 2 \$ 751,339 2 \$ 751,339	s Internal Service Funds \$ 20,264	Business- type Activities \$ 224,090	Total
69	Special Revenue Funds 751,339 39,625 14,500	F Se Li	Business- type Activities \$ 224,090	Total
	751,339 39,625 14,500		\$ 224,090 5 224,090	
	751,339 39,625 14,500		\$ 224,090 6 020	
,	39,625 14,500	20,264	5 020	\$ 4,554,381
	14.500		2,829	65,718
,		,	209,719	224,219
38,309	767,712		1	806,021
127,935	142,055	5,727	137,905	413,622
72,669	23,072	,	5,412	101,153
165,941	1,936	ı	22,647	190,524
34,285	1	T	ı	34,285
31,185	ı	142	6,331	37,658
,	22,485	1		22,485
\$ 4,049,276 \$	1,762,724	\$ 26,133	\$ 611,933	\$ 6,450,066
	1	\$ 1.7	23,072 1,936 22,485 5 1,762,724 5 26,	23,072 23,072 - 23,072 - 22,485 - 22,485 - 22,485 - 142 - 22,485 - 22,485 - 22,485 - 23,561 - 22,485 - 26,133 - 561 - 22,514 - 561 - 22,514 - 561 - 22,514 - 561 - 25,513 - 561 - 25,513 - 561 - 25,513 - 561 - 25,513 - 561 - 25,513 - 561 - 25,513 - 561 - 25,513 - 561 - 25,513 - 561 - 25,513 - 561 - 25,512 - 561 - 25,512 - 561 - 25,512 - 561 - 25,512 - 561 - 25,512 - 561 - 25,512 - 561 -

The following tables show principal and interest payment schedules for general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, loans, due to component unit, and capital leases. There are no payment schedules for claims, compensated absences, workers' compensation, net pension obligation, or net other postemployment Benefit Obligation.

		Interest	207,051	188,833	171,255	154,455	138,237	480,206	204,716	37,681	1,582,434	-	1,582,434				Interest	10,201	10,078
	Total		69								↔		\$			Total		ŝ	
		Principal	368,800	355,530	339,440	332,140	318,310	1,287,085	889,995	393,780	4,285,080	269,301	4,554,381			Ĕ	Principal	7,325	10,695
		۳	69								φ		\$					ф	
nts	tivities	Interest	9,630	8,897	8,176	7,474	6,790	24,268	10,477	1,874	77,586		77,586		nts	tivities	Interest	9,590	9,499
nt onds yme	e Ac	-	ŝ								ω		÷	Ħ	yme	be Ac		69	
Primary Government General Obligation Bonds Principal and Interest Payments (In Thousands)	Business-type Activities	Principal	14,525	15,431	14,936	14,964	14,156	65,518	50,787	24,707	215,024	9,066	224,090	Primary Government	Revenue Bonds Principal and Interest Payments (In Thousands)	Business-type Activities	Principal	6,540	9,880
and n Th		۵	69								ю		\$	lary	even and In Th		۲ <u>ط</u>	s	
Prim Genera Principal a	Activities	Interest	197,421	179,936	163,079	146,981	131,447	455,938	194,239	35,807	1,504,848	-	1,504,848	Prin	R Principal (I	Activities	Interest	611	579
	ntal /		φ								69	1	\$			ntal		\$	
	Governmental Activities	Principal	354,275	340,099	324,504	317,176	304,154	1,221,567	839,208	369,073	4,070,056	260,235	4,330,291			Governmental Activities	Principal	785	815
		"	¢								ŝ		69					Ś	
		Fiscal Year(s)	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014-2018	2019-2023	2024-2028	Total	Bond Premium	Total				Fiscal Year(s)	2009	2010

10,201 10,078 9,585 9,112 8,620 34,310 19,643 7,720 1,424 110,693 110,693 Ś Ś Ś 7,325 10,695 11,085 11,135 11,630 64,130 53,310 38,440 13,335 221,085 \$ 224,219 3,134 ь ф 9,590 9,499 9,039 8,601 8,145 32,570 19,175 105,763 7,720 1,424 105,763 ŝ ь θ 6,540 9,880 10,240 10,255 10,715 209,719 58,925 48,255 38,440 13,335 206,585 3,134 ŝ ю Ś 611 579 546 511 475 1,740 468 4,930 4,930 , φ Ś ф 14,500 785 815 845 880 915 5,205 5,055 14,500 φ ω Ś Bond Premium 2019-2023

2014-2018

2013 2011 2012

2029-2033

Total Total

2024-2028

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ervice Fund of a Statutes, Section 16A.641, provides for an annual app Fund. The amount of the appropriation is to be such that, whe the Debt Service Fund on December 1 of each year for state objation bond principal and interest due and to become avice Fund, the state constitution requires the state auditor field efficienty. No such properly tax has been levied since ration was enacted. Fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece ation was enacted. Fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Tinance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance made the nece fiscal year 2008, the Department of Finance fund Trunk Highway Fund Maximum Effort School Loan Fund Miscelianeous Special Revenue Fund Miscelianeous Special Revenue Fund Miscelianeous Special Revenue Fund Total Special Revenue Funds Capital Project Funds Total Capital Project Funds Total Capital Project Funds Total Operation Total Operation Total Operation Total Operation State various i objection state trunk highway bonds were issued at a true objection state trunk highway bonds were issued at a true objection Rural Finance Authority bonds were issued at a true objection Rural Finance Authority bonds were issued at a true objection Rural Finance Authority bonds were issued at a true	Uest Service Fund       Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A( Service Fund on the best Service Fund on the part of the amount appropriation bond principal a ensuing year. If the amount appropriation appropriation s.178       5.178       5.178       5.178       5.178       1.214       1.214       5.178       5.178       5.178       5.178       5.178       5.178       5.174       9.33       1.045       1.1,173       1.045       1.1,173       2.599       1.1,173       2.500       1.1,173   During fiscal year 2008, the Depart appropriation was enacted. Secial Revenue Figure and Fish Figure and Fig	Total         Interest           Principal         Interest           \$ 16,012         \$ 25,599           22,163         1,214           16,282         5,178           16,282         5,178           16,282         5,178           10,084         5,71           4,947         4,38           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,063         8,973           8,121         8,973           8,121         8,973           8,124         5 9,323           8,123         8,946           7,914         7,956           43,330         8,946           7,914         7,956           43,333         2,1683           52,953         2,1683           52,953         7,581           82,7         764           82,7         764,409           82,7         7,681           82,7         7,681           82,7         7,681           82,7         7,681           82,7         7,681	Total         Interest           Principal         Interest           \$ 16,012         \$ 25,599           22,163         1,214           16,282         5,178           16,282         5,178           16,282         5,178           10,084         5,1           4,947         4,38           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,018         5,113           \$ 8,92.03         \$ 1,143           \$ 8,92.03         \$ 1,143           \$ 7,013         8,973           \$ 8,121         8,648           \$ 9,323         \$ 3,346           7,914         7,956           4,3,330         \$ 3,346           7,914         7,956           4,3,330         \$ 3,346           7,914         7,956           4,3,330         \$ 2,565           5,333         \$ 2,566           4,3,330         \$ 7,581           \$ 5,900         8,973           \$ 2,956         7,581           \$ 2,956         7,581           \$ 2,93	arment           Interest           Total           Arburnts           Total           Arburnts           Total           Arburnts           Total           Arburnts           Total           Total           S         11/173           Total           S         11/173           Total <t< th=""><th>appropriation for transfer to the De at when combined with the balance c state bonds, it will be sufficient to pay a one due through July 1 in the secon</th><th>mbined with the balance on hand in the ditor to levy a statewide property tax to</th><th>since 1969 when the law requiring the</th><th>accessary transfare to the Daht Service</th><th>necessary transfers to the Lebt Service</th><th></th><th>und 8</th><th></th><th>\$ 409,302</th><th></th><th>۰۰ ۲۲ ۲۲</th><th>101</th><th>1,961</th><th>355</th><th>\$ 54,499</th><th></th><th></th><th>100</th><th>464</th><th></th><th></th><th>ous purpose bonds and \$14,000,000 in</th><th>true interest rate of 4.30 percent and ere issued at a true interest rate of 5.14</th><th></th></t<>	appropriation for transfer to the De at when combined with the balance c state bonds, it will be sufficient to pay a one due through July 1 in the secon	mbined with the balance on hand in the ditor to levy a statewide property tax to	since 1969 when the law requiring the	accessary transfare to the Daht Service	necessary transfers to the Lebt Service		und 8		\$ 409,302		۰۰ ۲۲ ۲۲	101	1,961	355	\$ 54,499			100	464			ous purpose bonds and \$14,000,000 in	true interest rate of 4.30 percent and ere issued at a true interest rate of 5.14	
ervicel ota St Fund.a Near. I obligue fifiscal : fifiscal : followige obligue obligue	Interest 2,569 1,214 5,178 5,178 5,178 1,045 1,045 1,045 1,173 1,173 1,173 8,533 8,973 8,973 8,973 8,973 8,973 8,973 8,973 8,973 7,956 7,9577 7,956 7,95777 7,95677777777777777777777777777777777777	Total         Interest           Principal         Interest           \$ 16,012         \$ 25,599           22,163         1,214           16,282         5,178           16,282         5,178           16,282         5,178           10,084         5,71           4,947         4,38           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,063         8,973           8,121         8,973           8,121         8,973           8,124         5 9,323           8,123         8,946           7,914         7,956           43,330         8,946           7,914         7,956           43,333         2,1683           52,953         2,1683           52,953         7,581           82,7         764           82,7         764,409           82,7         7,681           82,7         7,681           82,7         7,681           82,7         7,681           82,7         7,681	Total         Interest           Principal         Interest           \$ 16,012         \$ 25,599           22,163         1,214           16,282         5,178           16,282         5,178           16,282         5,178           10,084         5,1           4,947         4,38           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,067         1,045           17,018         5,113           \$ 8,92.03         \$ 1,143           \$ 8,92.03         \$ 1,143           \$ 7,013         8,973           \$ 8,121         8,648           \$ 9,323         \$ 3,346           7,914         7,956           4,3,330         \$ 3,346           7,914         7,956           4,3,330         \$ 3,346           7,914         7,956           4,3,330         \$ 2,565           5,333         \$ 2,566           4,3,330         \$ 7,581           \$ 5,900         8,973           \$ 2,956         7,581           \$ 2,956         7,581           \$ 2,93	Finany Government Finany Government Finany Expandes and Induces Fayments (in Thousands)           mental Activities Interest Payments (in Thousands)           mental Activities Interest Payments (in Thousands)           mental Activities         Ensines-type Activities (in Thousands)         Trougal           interest Payments (in Thousands)         Ensines-type Activities         Total         Interest (in Thousands)           interest Payments (in Thousands)         Ensines-type Activities         5         2.016         5         2.969           is 2         2.0         5         2.0         5         2.0         5         2.969           is 2         3         0.4         7.29         2.0         6         1.046           is 3         9.3         1.52         3.2         1.043         1.046           is 4.4         84         8         4         4.38         1.045           is 3         9.3         1.643         1.048         1.1173           interest Payments (in Thousands)         1.048         8         9.303         9.333           is 3.010         5         5         1.048         8.303         8.346           interest for 3.0101         1.01018         1.048         8.303	-und atutes, Section 16A.641, provides for an annual The amount of the appropriation is to be such the ebt Service Fund on December 1 of each year for s titon bond principal and interest due and to beco	If the amount appropriated is insufficient when cor Fund, the state constitution requires the state aud	iciency. No such property tax has been levied s was enacted.	was creation. Joar 2008 the Denartment of Einance made the o	year ∠υυό, the Department of Finance made the n /s:	Primary Government	Transfers to Debt Service Fu Year Ended June 30, 2008	(In Thousands)	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds:	Game and Fish Fund	rrunk Highway Fund Natural Resources Funds	Maximum Effort School Loan Fund	Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds:	paniang runa	Tratsportauon Totol Conitor Prints	Total Operating Transfers to Debt Service Fund	)	ation Bond Issues	007, \$656,000,000 in general obligation state vario	tion state trunk highway bonds were issued at a general obligation Bural Finance Authority bonds we	

	In 2006, the state entered into capital lease agreements with St Paul Port Authority (SPPA - not part of the state's reporting entity) to purchase two newly constructed buildings on state owned land for \$180,005,000. Lease payments are scheduled over 20 years and approximate the debt service	payments of SPPA. The state has other capital lease agreements to purchase equipment. The leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13. "Accounting for Leases, which defines a capital lease generally	as one that transfers benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee. The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the buildings under a bargain purchase option and the equipment at any time during the lease period.	Loans Payable and Due to Component Unit	Governmental activities loans are loans relating to the Trunk Highway Fund (special revenue fund). Loans outstanding of \$355,000 were from local government entities to finance carain trunk highway projects. In addition, \$22,485,000 in loans from the Public Facilities Authority component unit (Due to Component Unit) were outstanding for transportation projects. Other governmental activities loans are internal service fund loans for equipment purchases.	Business-type activities loans are loans to purchase equipment and loans from energy companies to improve energy efficiencies in the colledes and universities.	Revenue Bonds Payable	On July 26, 2006, \$15,145,000 of revenue bonds were issued to provide grants to school districts located in the state's taconite assistance area (as defined in statute) and for bond administrative costs. Minnesota Laws of 2005, Chapter 152, Article 1, Section 39 as amended; Minnesota Statutes, Section 208 2211: and an order of the Commissioner of Iron Ranne Resources and Rehabilitation authorized the	issuance of the bonds. To repay the bonds, the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Agency has hadred fittine announced of the sources of the annual distribution of facontia production tax revenues to the Iron	Programme provide a physicillation Fund and the Douglas J. Johnson Economic Protection Trust Fund	(special revenue funds). These distributions, totaling \$37,975,000 for fiscal year 2008, have averaged about one third of the state's total annual taconite production tax revenues over the last five years. The	debt service on the bonds is payable solely from these taconite production tax distributions. The interest	rates on the bonds are 4.00% (7 years) and 4.50% (thereafter) over the 15 year term of the bonds. Bonds maturing on and after October 1. 2014 are subject to optional redemotion. For fiscal year 2008.	principal and interest paid by the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Agency on the bonds was	\$1,284,000. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid as of June 30, 2008 is \$19,430,000, payable through November 2021.		The state is authorized by Minnesota Statutes, Section 403.275 and by Minnesota Statewide Radio Board	resolution to issue revenue boilds for a current development prises of a public strept radio communications system. On November 1, 2006, \$35,000,000 in revenue bonds were issued at a true	interest rate of 3.76 percent. The state has pledged future 911 fee revenues to repay the debt. The debt	service on viewe points is payave solery noninine revenues verived hour we arrived assessed on wireless and wire-line telephone service. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are	expected to require less than 10 percent of the total 911 fee revenues. The total principal and interest	remaining to be paid on the poins as of burns of, such as a floor to be prior enrough out a such Principal and interest paid during fiscal year 2008 and total 911 fee revenues were \$4,262,000 and \$52,271,000, respectively. The bonds are accounted for in the 911 Services Fund (enterprise fund) and	are insured by a markidar guarany insurance poincy issued by induct insurance corporation.	
				08	and bonds sold for the ids).			Rates e - %	5.62	0	5.62	5.50	5.62	5.25	0	5.60	5.00	0	5.25	5.62	5.62			
			Refunded Bond Call Date	Vovember 1, 2008	but unissued, and bonds ands that were sold for the (enterprise funds).		s Outstanding	t Interest Rates ng Range - %	149 5.00 - 5.62	01 5.00 D	989 5.00 - 5.62	150 5.00 - 5.50	i65 5.00 - 5.62	175 5.00 - 5.25	15 5.00	:00 5.00 - 5.60	00 4.00 - 5.00	05 5.00	95 3.25 - 5.25	20 5.50 - 5.62	16 5.00 - 5.62	80		
				100 Novembe	s authorized, but unissued, and bonds it obligation bonds that were sold for the versities funds (enterprise funds).		ed, and Bonds Outstanding	Amount Interest Rates Outstanding Range - %	\$ 388,849	2,901 5.00	153,989 5.00 - 5.62	1,950 5.00 - 5.50	30,665 5.00 - 5.62	61,075 5.00 - 5.25	15	60,600	782,500 4.00 - 5.00	305 5.00	516,995 3.25 - 5.25	4,520 5.50 - 5.62	2,280,716 5.00 - 5.62	\$ 4,285,080		
gation Bonds	gation Bonds	Defeased Debt Jsands)	June 30, 2008 Outstanding Amount	0 \$ 90,400	iligation bonds authorized, but unissued, and bonds roludes general obligation bonds that were sold for the lleges and Universities funds (enterprise funds).		d, but Unissued, and Bonds Outstanding ane 30, 2008 iousands)		388,849						15									
		General Obligation Bonds Dutstanding Defeased Debt (In Thousands)		\$ 90,400 \$ 90,400	of general obligation bonds authorized, but unissued, and bonds us schedule includes general obligation bonds that were sold for the and State Colleges and Universities funds (enterprise funds)		ds Authorized, but Unissued, and Bonds Outstanding As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	Amount Outstanding	708 \$ 388,849	- 2,901	153,989				15	60,600			516,995		2,280,716	3,451,120 \$		
		General Obligation Bonds Outstanding Defeased Debt (In Thousands)	June 30, 2008 Outstanding Amount	0 \$ 90,400 \$ 90,400	The following table is a schedule of general obligation bonds authorized, but unissued, and bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2008. This schedule includes general obligation bonds that were sold for the State Operated Community Services and State Colleges and Universities funds (enterprise funds).		General Obligation Bonds Authorized, but Unissued, and Bonds Outstanding As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	Amount Outstanding	708 \$ 388,849		153,989				15	60,600			516,995		2,280,716	3,451,120 \$		

Claims Municipal solid waste landfill liability of \$236,821,000 for closure and postclosure care is reported for the landfill cleanup program payable from the Remediation Fund (special revenue fund) and the General Fund.	Claims of \$45,700,000 are for workers' compensation claims of employees of uninsured and bankrupt firms. These claims are funded by an assessment on insurers and are payable from the Special Compensation Fund (special revenue fund).	The remaining claim amount of \$233,500,000 is for reimbursements of supplementary and second injury benefits for old workers' compensation injuries. Legislative action ended both the supplementary and second injury programs. The claim amount represents the estimated discounted (5,00%) cost of supplementary benefits for injuries prior to July 1, 1992. Without alteration by settlements, the liability is expected to extend to approximately the year 2050 for supplementary benefits and 2033 for second injury program benefits for injuries prior to July 1, 1992. Without alteration by settlements, the liability is expected to extend to approximately the year 2050 for supplementary benefits and 2033 for second injuries.	The compensated absences liability for governmental activities and business-type activities of \$275,717,000 and \$137,905,000, respectively, are primarily for vacation leave and vested sick leave, which are payable as severance pay under specific conditions. Both amounts are paid in cash only when an employee terminates state employment. This obligation will be liquidated using future resources at unspecified times.	The governmental activities and business-type activities liability for workers' compensation of \$595,741,000 and \$5,412,000, respectively, are based on claims filed for injures to state employees occurring prior to June 30, 2008, and is an undiscounted estimate of future payments. The liability will be liquidated using future resources at unspecified times. Arbitrage Liabilities An arbitrage Liabilities and an arbitrage rebate payable to the federal government is required by the Tax Reform Act of 1986 and U.S. Treasury regulations and penalties if there are excess earnings on tax-exempt bond proceeds and debt service servers. For fiscal year 2008, the state did not have excess earnings on tax-exempt bond proceeds and broceeds and debt service	Revenue Bonds Payable – Fiduciary Funds On June 1, 2000, the state of Minnesota Issued revenue bonds totaling \$29,000,000 on behalf of the state's three retirement systems. Minnesota Issued revenue bonds totaling. The revenue bonds have a variable interest rate of 53 bit 60 0p encent and are not general obligations of the state. The bonds are backed by the assets of the three retirement systems, excluding assets segregated for retired employees and assets of the systems' defined contribution thunds. The debt esvice payments are allocated to each system based on the peremage interest aech has in the facility. For fiscal year 2008, principal and interest paid by the State Employees Retirement Fund (SERF), Teachers Retirement Fund (TRF), and Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) was \$2,084,000. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid as of June 30, 2008 is \$46,179,000, payable through 2030.	
Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU) (enterprise fund) is authorized by Minnesota Statutes, Section 136F.98, to issue revenue bonds whose aggregate principal shall not exceed \$200,000,000 at any time. The proceeds of these bonds are used to finance the acquisition, construction and remodeling of buildings for domitory, residence hall, parking ramps, student union, and food service purposes at state universities. Revenue bonds currently outstanding hamps, and conderstrates of 3.25 to 6.5 percent. The revenue bonds are currently outstanding have interestrates of 3.25 to 6.5 percent.	revenue. The revenue outputs are parative soury inoni, and contentanzero with an evenue outputs of the parative from the operation of the financed buildings and from student fees. These revenues bonds are payable through 2033. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 16 percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest termaining to be atom the source student sets 22,000. Phincipal and interest paid for the current year and total customer from the parative state atom the source state at the st	Iterations were 9, 50 %, oronand 900,01%, orona respectively. Iteraca Community College issued revenue bonds through the Itasca County Housing Redevelopment Iteracacac Community College issued revenue bonds are payable solely from, and colleteralized by, an irrevocable pledge of revenues to be derived from the operation of the financed buildings. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 55 percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,957,000. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net revenues were \$205,000 and \$377,000, respectively. These revenue bonds have a variable interest rate of 2.50 to 5.75 percent.	Vermilion Community College issued revenue bonds through the Minnesota Higher Education Facilities Authority that are payable through 2013. These bonds are payable solely from, and collateralized by, an irrevocable pledge of revenues to be derived from the operation of the financed buildings and guaranteed by the City of Ely. Amual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 40 percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$421,000. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net revenues were \$56,000 and \$218,000, respectively. These revenue bonds have a fixed interest rate of 6 percent.	On November 1, 2000, \$16,000,000 in revenue bonds were issued for financing expansion of the Giants Ridge Recreational Area at a true interest rate of 7.48 percent. In addition, \$3,710,000 in bonds were reinded. The original retunded bonds have been eliminated, and the new advance retunding bonds have been added to the Giants Ridge Fund. The lron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Agency has piedged the gross revenues frund. The lron Range Resources and sectored the the sectorest frunds in the rot percentation is a provided the gross revenue frund. The operation of the Giants Ridge sectores and thereational Facilities, including greens fees and ski lift ticket receipts, to repay the debt. The debt service on these bonds is payable solely from these sources. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds as of June 30, 2008 is 322, 350,000, payable through November 2025. Principal and interest paid during fiscal year 2008 and net Giants Ridge Fund available revenues were \$1,668,000 and \$4,338,000, respectively.	Giants Ridge       Outstanding Defeased Debt       Outstanding Defeased Debt       June 30, 2008       Refunding     Refunded     Outstanding       Refunding     Refunded     Outstanding       Refunding     Refunded     Outstanding       S 3,710     S 3,710     S 2,720     November 1, 2025	

	The repayment schedule for the combined three funds follows:			Office of Higher Education (OHE) is authorized by Minnesota Statutes, Sections 136A,171-,175, to issue revenue bonds and notes to finance guaranteed loans for students attending eligible post-secondary revenue bonds and notes to finance guaranteed loans for students attending eligible post-secondary revenue bonds and notes to finance guaranteed loans for students attending eligible post-secondary revenue bonds and notes to finance guaranteed loans for students attending eligible post-secondary revenue bonds and notes to finance guaranteed loans for students attending eligible post-secondary revenue bonds attending eligible post-secondary revenue	<ul> <li>is authorized by Mi nance guaranteed lo</li> </ul>	nnesota Statutes, ans for students	Sections 136A.171 attending eligible p	175, to issu ost-secondar
Long-Term C Fi (I	Long-Term Debt Repayment Schedule Fiduciary Funds (In Thousands)	hedule		educational instrutions. In e amount outstanding on threes bonds at any one arm, nor including retunded bonds or otherwise defeased or discharged bonds, shall not exceed \$850,000,000, according to Minnesota Statutes, Section 136A.171. On June 30, 2008, the outstanding principal of revenue bonds was \$527,000,000.	ount outstanding on t or discharged bond \$A.171. On June 30	inese ponds at any is, shall not exce ), 2008, the outsta	y one time, not inclue eed \$850,000,000, anding principal of r	iaing rerunae according t evenue bond
Revenue Bon	Revenue Bonds – SERF, TRF, and PERF	d PERF		Public Facilities Authority (PFA) is authorized by Minnesota Statutes. Section 446A.072, to issue revenue bonds to make loans to municipalities for wastewater treatment facilities. The amount outstanding on	is authorized by Minn balities for wastewate	iesota Statutes, Se er treatment faciliti	ection 446A.072, to ies. The amount o	issue revenu- utstanding o
Fiscal Year(s)	Principal	Interest		these bonds at any time shall not exceed \$1,500,000,000, according to Minnesota Statutes, Section 46A, 12. The principal amount of bonds outstanding on June 30, 2008, net of unamortized premium, was \$1,050,260,000.	not exceed \$1,500,0 of bonds outstandin	00,000, according g on June 30, 20	g to Minnesota Sta 08, net of unamort	tutes, Sectio ized premium
2009	600	\$ 1,479						
2010	625	1,446						
2011	675	1,413			Component Units General Obligation Bonds	nt Units ation Bonds		
2012	200	1,376			Major Component Units	onent Units		
2013	750	1,338				(shilles		
2014-2018	4,375	6,021		:	- 1	MC <sup>(1)</sup>	U of M	
2019-2023	5,900	4,602		FISCAL Year(s)	C 118 607	therest	C 280 204 6	nterest
2024-2028	7,950	2,647		2010				
2029-2033	3,925	357		2011	71,940	33,402	5,715	2,948
Total \$	25,500	\$ 20,679		2012	76,570	30,287	1,600	2,674
				2013	60,953	27,413	1,950	2,603
				2014-2018	310,555	102,636	10,500	11,721
Note 13 – Long-Term Liabilities – Component Units	mponent Units			2019-2023	279,724	46,845	13,300	9,188
Revenue and General Obligation Bonds				2024-2028	103,121	8,122	16,800	5,962
ctical 1 to co				2029-2033	ľ	,	16,750	1,881
Component Units					\$ 1,101,136	\$ 325,441	\$ 352,288	\$ 64,666
Housing Finance Agency (HFA) is authorized by Minnesota Statutes, Section 462A.06, to issue bonds and noises to provide funds for rehabilitation construction and mortrage bans or to refund honds to	by Minnesota Statu construction and m	utes, Section 462A.0 Jortagoe Ioans, or to	5, to issue bonds	Unamortized Discounts/Premiums				
sponsors of residential housing for families of low and moderate income.	f low and moderate	income. The amount	nt outstanding on	and Issuance Costs	17,628	,	,	,
these bonds at any time shall not exceed \$5,000,000, according to Minnesota Statutes, Section 452A.22. The principal amount of revenue bonds outstanding on June 30, 2008, net of unamortized	5,000,000,000, acco sonds outstanding o	ording to Minnesota m June 30, 2008, n€	Statutes, Section et of unamortized	Total	\$ 1,118,764	\$ 325,441	\$ 352,288	\$ 64,666
premium, was \$2,411,376,000.				<sup>(1)</sup> MC fiscal year ends December 31.	ц.			
Metropolitan Council (MC) issues general obligation bonds for parks, solid waste transportation, backed by the full faith and credit and taxing powers of MC. MC had \$1 general obligation bonds outstanding, net of unamortized premium, and \$7,319,000 of outstanding on December 31, 2007.	obligation bonds f sdit and taxing powe unamortized premiu	or parks, solid waste, ers of MC. MC had \$1, im, and \$7,319,000 of i	te, sewers, and 11,118,764,000 in of revenue bonds					
University of Minnesota (U of M) issues revenue bonds and general obligation bonds for capital projects. On June 30, 2008, the principal amount of revenue bonds outstanding was \$150,055,000 and the principal amount of general obligation bonds outstanding was \$352,288,000.	ue bonds and gener revenue bonds ou utstanding was \$352,	al obligation bonds fo tstanding was \$150, ,288,000.	r capital projects. 055,000 and the					
Agricultural and Economic Development Board (AEDB) issues revenue bonds to provide loans for agricultural and economic projects. On June 30, 2008, the principal amount of revenue bonds outstanding was \$16,910,000.	ard (AEDB) issues ine 30, 2008, the	int Board (AEDB) issues revenue bonds to p On June 30, 2008, the principal amount of	rrovide loans for revenue bonds					
	F-89				ιĹ	F-90		

6,835 6,601 6,086 5,840 25,378 18,039 8,607 426 84,153 84,153 6,341 Interest ю ω U of M θ 28,889 5,294 5,669 5,564 5,769 44,999 \$ 150,055 5,524 35,574 12.773 \$ 150,055 Principal ю 995 298 995 252 199 138 81 27 Interest Long-Term Debt Repayment Schedule ω ъ ω MC<sup>(2)</sup> Major Component Units 1,245 7,319 1,030 1,185 1,135 1,305 1,365 7,265 54 Principal Component Units Revenue Bonds (In Thousands) ф ŝ ŝ Interest 87,389 5,218 98,305 85,370 82,995 379,539 315,692 245,858 157,114 66,813 1,818 \$ 1,615,511 89,327 \$ 1,615,511 73 s ΗFA <sup>(1)</sup>Does not include foundation issued bonds. 5,671 \$ 2,411,376 391,055 49,075 47,010 48,745 59,180 269,010 289,600 368,945 429,785 409,350 27,885 13,460 2,605 \$ 2,405,705 Principal <sup>(2)</sup>MC fiscal year ends December 31. ю and Issuance Costs Discounts/Premiums Fiscal Year(s) Unamortized Total 2014-2018 2019-2023 2024-2028 2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043 2044-2048 2049-2053 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013

45,145 42,492 36,840 49,749 47,311 39,727 20,141 5,127 . \$ 286,532 286,532 Interest G ω PFA 50,870 49,200 55,260 58,105 58,280 337,470 1,050,260 307,325 106,205 1,022,715 27,545 Principal 69 ↔ | 60 16,482 \$ 363,501 16,482 16,482 16,482 16,482 82,410 79,560 62,987 39,071 15,711 1,352 363,501 Interest Long-Term Debt Repayment Schedule Nonmajor Component Units θ ф OHE Component Units \$ 527,000 72,673 142,200 152,833 130,160 Revenue Bonds Principal 29,134 527,000 (In Thousands) ю ю 6,216 Interest 998 779 689 1,933 619 6,216 891 307 ŝ ю AEDB ь \$ 16,910 1,825 1,910 Principal 1,780 1,180 1,255 6,065 2,895 \$ 16,910 θ and Issuance Costs Discounts/Premiums Fiscal Year(s) Unamortized 2014-2018 2019-2023 2024-2028 2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043 Total 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013

#### Variable Rate Debt

### University of Minnesota

To protect against future interest rate fluctuations on the U of M general obligation bonds and for budgeting purposes. U of M has entered into eight separate interest rate swaps. All of these are pay-fixed and receive variable interest rate swaps, which effectively changes the U of M variable interest rate bonds to synthetic free-rate bonds.

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Office of Higher Education

The interest rate on the taxable Series 1999A bonds, taxable Series 2002A bonds, tax-exempt Series 2004A bonds, tax-exempt Series 2004B bonds, tax-exempt Series 2005B bonds, tax-exempt Series 2005B bonds, and tax-exempt Series 2005B bonds, tax-exempt Series 2005B bonds, and tax-exempt Series 2005B bonds, and tax-exempt Series 2005B bonds, tax-exempt Series 2005B bonds are reset every 7, 7, 7, 28, 35, 28, 35, 28, 35, and 35 days. To percent. The interest rates as of June 30, 2008, for the Series 1999A bonds were 3.48 percent and 2005B bonds were 3.45 percent, respectively. The interest rates as of June 30, 2008, for the Series 2005B and 2005B bonds were 3.45 percent, respectively. The interest rates as of June 30, 2008, for the Series 2005B and 2003B bonds were 3.48 percent and 2.65 percent, respectively. The interest rates as of June 30, 2008, for the Series 2005B and 2003B bonds were 3.48 percent and 2.65 percent, respectively. The interest rates as of June 30, 2008, for the Series 2005B and 2005B bonds were 3.48 percent and 2.65 percent, respectively. The interest rates as of June 30, 2008, for the Series 2005B and 2005B bonds were 3.48 percent and 2.65 percent. The interest rates as of June 30, 2008, for the Series 2005B and 2005B bonds were 3.48 percent and 2.85 percent. The interest rates as of June 30, 2008, for the Series 2005B and 2005B bonds were 3.48 percent and 2.75 percent. The interest rates as of June 30, 2008, for the

#### Bond Defeasances

In prior years, U of M defeased various bonds by placing the proceeds from new bond issuances into an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt payments on the old bonds. The armount defeased for general obligation bonds 1982 and 1996 Series A was \$271,635,000 with \$176,600,000 outstanding as of Unor 30, 2008. Neither the outstanding indebtedness, nor the related trust account assets for these bonds are included in the U of Minancial statements as of June 30, 2008. Public Facilities Authority had \$292,380,000 various refunding series bonds that were defeased and not reflected in the financial statements as of June 30, 2008.

## Note 14 – Landfill Closure and Postclosure

Minnesota Statutes, Section 115B.39, established the landfill cleanup program to provide environmental response to qualified, state-permitted, closed landfills. There are currently 109 closed sites in the responsible for the long-term care of these closed municipal solid waster facture. The state becomes program to for the long-term care of these closed municipal solid waster facture. The state becomes responsible for the long-term care of these closed municipal solid waster facture. The state becomes legibility requirements are met. The state is responsible in perpetuity for performing cleanup and final closer work as well as all maintenance and monitoring functions at these quifying sites. Funding for the state's perpetual obligation at these landfills comes from the Remediation Fund (special revenue fund), which was established under Minnesota Statute, Section 116.155. The Remediation Fund includes prevenues from insurance recovery proceeds and minical accountance and for comesting and the state's perpetual obligation bonds is used for design and construction work at the publicity-varied and fills in the program. As of June 30, 2008, cumitative specific ravoid and the publicity-varied and fills in the program. As of June 30, 2008, cumitative specific ravoid and the publicity-varied and fills in the program. As of June 30, 2008, cumitative specific ravoid and the publicity funct casts for planned response actions, costs representing future unknown additional remedies which have some probability of occurring, future repeatements of some remedial synethic and construction of some remedial synethic and costs ratio. These estimates include costs for planned response actions, costs representing future unknown additional remedies which have some probability of occurring, future replacion, the state stat

See Note 12 – Long-Term Liabilities – Primary Government for related liability amount accrued at the government-wide level.

### Note 15 – Segment Information

	Prim Seament Inf	Primary Government Seament Information Financial Data	ıt cial Data			
	Year Er (It	Year Ended June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	008			
	Minnesota	Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU)	and Universiti	es (MnSCU)		
	Revenue Fund	Verr Residence Hall	Vermilion Se Modular Housing	Itasca Residence Halls	Giants Ridge	911 Services
Condensed Statement of Net Assets						
Assets:						
Current Assets	\$ 60,031	\$ 147	\$ 24	\$ 65	\$ 6,783	\$ 30,389
Restricted Assets Capital Assets	134,557	1 277	143 901	259	1,618 20.432	
Total Assets	\$ 336,109	\$ 1,424	\$ 1.068	\$ 4,107	\$ 28,833	\$ 30,389
Liabilities:		1				
Current Liabilities	\$ 18,751	\$ 21	\$ 90	\$ 127	\$ 1,398	\$ 3,386
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Total Liabilities	\$ 184,358	\$ 21	\$ 380	\$ 2,301	\$ 13,739	\$ 35,154
Net Assets:						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Dolotod Dobt	00020					6
Restricted	\$ 01,000 64.685		4 012 9	676'I ¢	0,940	., i 0
I Inrestricted		176	, c	0,1	0 1 40	14 70EV
Total Net Assets	\$ 151,751	\$ 1,403	\$ 688	\$ 1,806	\$ 15,094	\$ (4,765)
Condensed Statement of Revenues,						
Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets						
Operating Revenues - Customer Charges	\$ 83,619	\$ 424	\$ 218	\$ 377	\$ 4,216	\$ 52,271
Depreciation Expense	(8,857)	(72)	(34)	(119)	(1,108)	1
Other Operating Expenses	(65,166)	(320)	(126)	(229)	(5,447)	(25,812)
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 9,596	\$ 32	\$ 58	\$ 29	\$ (2,339)	\$ 26,459
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Interest Income	\$ 5,265	ه	\$	\$	\$ 126	\$ 916
Interest Expense	(5,374)	· 4	(23)	(130)	(955)	(1,400)
Unter Transfors In (Out)	(74)	(9)		1	(L) (L)	(14,178)
Change in Net Assets	- 0.413	(607)	s 177	¢ (01)	4,001 4,002	C 0 114
Beginning Net Assets	4					- 2
Ending Net Assets	\$ 151,751	\$ 1,403	\$ 688	\$ 1,806	\$ 15,094	\$ (4,765)
Condensed Statement of Cash Flows						
Net Cash Provided (Used) By:						
	\$ 21,000	e 100	c/	\$91 ¢	(/20'1) *	CAC'07 ¢
Noncapital Financing Activities Canital and Related Einancing Activities	- 16 7361	(376)	- 101/	- 10000	4,561	(22,043)
Investing Activities	4 444	-	4	(200)	117	016
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ 9,542	\$ (202)	\$ (22)	\$ (43)	\$ 1.438	\$ 5.468
Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 140,095			ľ		
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 149,637	\$ 133	\$ 143	\$ 305		\$ 25,527

Component Units	Since January 18, 2000, Metropolitan Council (MC) has been contingently liable for Carver County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Revenue Bonds. The bond issue was for \$2,565,000, payable	printarity from the revenues of the nousing Authority, but is also sectioned by the predge of the full faint and credit of the City of Chaska, and MC. The city must reimburse MC for any money paid by MC for debt service on the bonds. These bonds have a final maturity on January 1, 2030.	On December 31, 1996, University of Minnesota Hospital and Clinic operations and certain assets and liabilities were transferred to University of Minnesota Medical Center, Fairview (Fairview). Fairview and the University also parteed to affiliate with each other in support of research education, and patient care	missions of the University's Academic Heatth Certer. Under this affiliation agreement, the University shares equally with Fairview in any unfunded education costs at the teaching hospital.	Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan (WCARP) contracts with six servicing contractors to provide policy issuance, premium accounting, and claim settlement services in exchange for a service fee based	upon a standard written premium. Contingent liabilities exist with respect to performance of the above services to the extent that the servicing carriers are unable to meet their obligations under terms of the general service agreement.	WCARP, through Employers Life Insurance Company of Wausau, has purchased annuities to settle certain claims with the claimant as payee, but for which WCARP remains contingently liable. WCARP	eliminated its loss reserves for these claims at the time the annuitites were purchased. A contingent liability exists to the extent that the issuer of the annuity contracts becomes unable to fulfill its contractual	obligations. The present value of annuity contracts in force at December 31, 2007, was approximately \$3.5 million.								F-96
The types of goods or services provided by each segment are as follows:	<ul> <li>MnSCU Revenue Fund constructs, maintains, and operates college buildings for residence hall, student union, or food service purposes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>MnSCU Vermilion segment accounts for the construction and operation of student housing at Vermilion Community College.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>MnSCU Itasca Residence Hall accounts for the construction of student housing at Itasca Community College.</li> </ul>	Glants Ridge is a four-season recreation facility with golfing, as well as downhill and nordic skiing.	<ul> <li>911 Services Fund accounts for activities related to the enhancement of the state's 911 emergency response system.</li> </ul>	Each segment has a revenue stream pledged to secure revenue bonds and provisions in the bond documents which require the separate reporting of each segment's financial operations and position.	Note 16 – Contingent Liabilities	Primary Government	In addition to the pension trust funds included in the reporting entity (see Note 8 – Pension and Investment Trust Funds), the state is funding a portion of the unfunded liability for other public employee pension funds. Funding formulas contained in state statutes define the state's contributions to these local funds. Funding is provided in the state's biennial budget. The state is not liable for any additional portion of the unfunded liability without legislative action. The pension trust funds involved, the year-end for which the most current data is available, and the unfunded liability without legislative action. The pension trust funds involved, the year-end for which the most current data is available, and the unfunded liabilities are described below (in thousands):	Other Public Employee Pension Funds Unfunded Liability (In Thousands)	Eund Liability As Of Liability	Minneapolis Employee Retirement Fund June 30, 2008 \$ 374,585	St. Paul Teachers Retirement Fund June 30, 2007 \$ 375,576	Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund June 30, 2008 \$ 64,977	Local Police and Fire Fund <sup>(1)</sup> December 31, 2007 \$ 73,739	<sup>(1)</sup> The Local Police and Fire Fund consists of four local plans.	F-95

Note 17 – Equity

# Restricted Net Assets – Government-wide Statement of Net Assts

The following table identifies the primary government's restricted net assets in greater detail than is presented on the face of the financial statements:

Re	Prin estricte As (1	Primary Government Restricted Net Asset Balances As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	ment t Balance: 2008 ds)	10			
	Co	Restricted by Constitution	Restricted by Enabling Legislation	ed by ling ation	Restricted by Other		Total
Restricted For:							
Capital Projects	ю	34,274	θ	1	\$	69	34,274
Debt Service		410,772		,			410,772
Transportation		322,321	418	418,352	,		740,673
Environmental Resources		I	616	616,267	7,492		623,759
Economic and Workforce Development		1	36	98,742	6,149		104,891
School Aid - Nonexpendable		698,506		,			698,506
School Aid - Expendable		9,479	77	77,551	,		87,030
Health & Human Services		,		ŀ	25,485		25,485
State Colleges and Universities		,		1	347,619		347,619
Unemployment Benefits		1		ï	730,883		730,883
Other Purposes		'		•	29,934		29,934
Total Restricted Net Assets	φ	1,475,352	\$ 1,210	1,210,912	\$ 1,147,562	 ا	3,833,826

Fund Balances – Primary Government

The following table identifies governmental fund balances of the primary government in greater detail than is presented on the face of the financial statements:

SA A	Frimary Government Fund Balances As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	Fund Balances As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)				
		General	Ŀ	Federal	2 0	Nonmajor Governmental
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Encumbrances	ю	108,224	ф	i	ŝ	201,242
Reserved for Inventory		ı		,		23,855
Reserved for Long-Term Receivables		44,926		15		243,871
Reserved for Long-Term Commitments		1		,		312,468
Reserved for Trust Principal				ì		1,142,825
Reserved for Other				7,477		•
Total Reserved Fund Balances	Ф	153,150	Ф	7,492	\$	1,924,261
Unreserved Fund Balances:						
Designated for Appropriation Carryover	θ	231,091	÷	ı	69	283,745
Budgetary Reserve		458,385		1		,
Designated for Fund Purposes		1		1		1,699,443
Total Designated Fund Balance	Ś	689,476	s	1	в	1,983,188
Undesignated		1		'		327,116
Total Unreserved Fund Balance	ŝ	689,476	s	•	÷	2,310,304
Total Fund Balance	ŝ	842,626	ю	7,492	⇔	4,234,565

## Reserved Fund Balance

Reserved Fund Balance indicates the portion of the fund balance that is not available for appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Reserved for Other of 57,477,000 in the Federal Fund consists of petroleum overcharge fines allocated by the federal courts to be used for energy conservation programs.

budget. The state estimates the liability for reported claims that have not yet been settled. These costs include anticipated indemnity and medical benefits, related to the reported claim.

## State Employee Group Insurance Program

The Minnesota State Legislature created the Employee Insurance Fund (internal service fund), administered by the State Employee Group Insurance Program (SEGIP) to provide eligible employees and other eligible persons with life insurance and hospital, medical, and dental benefits coverage through provider organizations. The insurance trust tund is not associated with any other public risk pools. The fund type used to account for SEGIP fiscal activities is an internal service fund dedicated solely for the purpose of this program. A contingency reserve is maintained within the trust fund to increase the controls over medical plan provisions and other insurance costs for the purpose of moderating premium and claim fluctuations. and to assume all inherent risk associated with the self-funded insurance programs, which would also include losses to the fund. SEGIP provides benefits coverage to employees by contracting with carriers through a network of providers throughout the state. SEGIP had settlements of \$3,784,535 in excess of coverage during fiscal year 2008.

In January 2000, the fund became fully self-insured for medical coverage and assumed all liability for medical claims. The self-funded programs within the fund establish is claim liability line but not the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not paid, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. These estimates are agreed to by the insurance carriers and the state and are reviewed for accuracy and reasonableness. The estimates are based on claim experience and claim lag tirrebales provided by the carriers and do not include additional estimates for subrogation.

## Public Employees Insurance Program

The Public Employees Insurance Program (PEIP) is a public entity risk pool currently operating as an insurance program. The risk pool was created by the Minnesota State Legislature to provide public employees and other eligible persons with life insurance and hospital, medical, and dental benefit coverage to result in a greater utilization of government resources and advance the health and welfare of the critzens of the state. The enabling legislation for PEIP is Laws of Minnesota, 1887 confried as Minnesota Statules. Section 433,316. Beginning in fiscal year 1998, medical benefits, provided through PEIP, became a self-insued program.

PEIP's membership as of June 30, 2008, was 1,400 members and their dependents. The members of provides medical benefits coverage to public employees through a self-insured statewide program administered through several private-sector claims administrators/managed care organizations, as well as fully insured it and dental coverage. The poly will be self-sustaining through member premums and will be self-sustaining through the member of values and will be self-sustaining through the member of the claims through the sedical benefits coverage. The poly will be self-sustaining through member premums and will be man becase of slop (300.

The pool establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate costs of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred, but not reported. The estimated amounts of reinsurance recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. The pool uses reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses on all types of insured events. Reinsurance permits the recovery of a portion of the risks reinsured.

The following tables present changes in the balances of self-insured claims liabilities during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, and 2007:

	As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousan	As of June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)	L L	housands'				
	Clai Clai	Beginning Claims Liability	Net and in	Net Additions and Changes in Claims	Pa	Payment of Claims	End	Ending Claims Liability
Risk Management Fund Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/07 Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/08	<del>የ የ</del>	9,667 9,060	რფ	3,399 4,304	<del>ഗ</del> ഗ	4,006 4,363	ው ው	9,060 9,001
Tort Claims Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/07	Ф	I	в	4,132	ю	4,132	б	1
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/08	ы		ю	1,420	ю	1,420	ю	ı
Workers' Compensation Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/07	ю	114,816	ഗ	16,695	\$	17,748	ф	113,763
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/08	θ	113,763	69	6,004	Ф	18,616	ю	101,151
State Employee Insurance Plans Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/07	ю	37,932	ക	474,718	\$	472,814	ь	39,836
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/08	в	39,836	ŝ	498,581	ക	497,137	ь	41,280

Public Employee Insurance Medical (In Thousands)				
		Year Ended June 30	nl be	1e 30
		2008		2007
Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses at the Beginning of Year	ф	1,210	ф	1,125
Incurred Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses: Provision for Insured Events of Current Year		10,368		11,206
Increases (Decreases) in Provision for Insured Events of Prior Years	e	(55)		111
Total Incurred Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses	ю	10,313	ю	11,317
Payments:				
Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses Attributable to Insured	÷	0 103	H	10.008
Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses Attributable to Insured	Ð	00t.0	•	000.01
Events of Prior Years		1,145		1,224
Total Payments	ы	10,548	ക	11,232
Total Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses at End of Year	ŝ	975	ф	1,210

The following table presents changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2006, and 2007 or June 30, 2007, and 2008, as applicable:

		Claims Liabilities (In Thousands)	liabil. usan	ties ds)				
	B	Beginning Claims Liability	and	Net Additions and Changes in Claims	Pa	Payment of Claims	Endi	Ending Claims Liability
Metropolitan Council Fiscal Year Ended 12/31/06	ф	17,141	ф	7,950	в	7,759	ю	17,332
Fiscal Year Ended 12/31/07	Ф	17,332	Ф	4,247	ф	5,648	ŝ	15,931
University of Minnesota - RUMINCO, Ltd	NCO, L	.td.						
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/07	ю	6,729	Ф	1,533	θ	1,772	ф	6,490
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/08	θ	6,490	ю	5,253	ю	1,986	ស	9,757
University of Minnesota – Workers' Compensation	rs' Col	mpensation						
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/07	ю	7,000	↔	4,595	Ф	3,642	θ	7,953
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/08	ស	7,953	ю	3,180	θ	3,759	Ф	7,374
University of Minnesota – Medical/Dental	al/Dent	al a						
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/07	θ	15,848	ъ	176,792	ъ	178,887	Ф	13,753

## Housing Finance Agency

Component Units

Housing Finance Agency (HFA) is exposed to various insurable risks of loss related to tort, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions; and employer obligations. HFA manages these risks through the primary governments insurance plans including the primary government's Risk Management Fund and through purchased insurance coverage. HFA retains the risk of loss, athough there have been no settlements or actual losses in excess of coverage in the last three years. HFA participates in the State Employee Group Insurance Plan (SECIP), which provides life insurance and hospital, medical, and dental benefits coverage through provider organizations. HFA also participates in the primary government's Workers'. Compensation Program. Annual premiums are assessed by the program based on average costs and claims.

### Metropolitan Council

Metropolitan Council (MC) is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and to employer obligations. MC both purchases commercial insurance and self-insures for these risks of loss as discussed below. MC has not experienced significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. MC has not had any settlements in excess of commercial coverage for the past three years.

MC procreases general liability insurance to protect all divisions of MC and recognizes a current liability for incurred, reported claims, and a long-term liability for claims incurred, but not reported. Claims liabilities are calculated considering recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts. Minnesota Statutes, Section 466.04, generally limits the MC's tort exposure to \$300,000 per claim and \$1,000 Diop recorrence for a claim and \$1,000 or or courrence. In addition, an amount equal to wice these limits are \$300,000 per courrence for a claim and \$1,000 per claim and firmits are \$300,000 per claim and \$7,500 per courrence. In addition, an amount equal to wice these limits applies if the claim arises out of the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance. MC has self-administered workers' compensation claims for all divisions. Liabilities are reported when information is available that suggests there has been an occurrence with probable loss incurred. Labilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claims liabilities are revaluated periodically to consider recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. Liabilities for incurred losses to be settled by fixed or reasonably determinable payments over a long period of time are reported at their present value using a discount rate of 4.25 percent. The self-insurance retention limit, the Workers' compensation is \$1,600,000 per single loss. For claims above the retention limit, the Workers' Compensation is \$1,600,000 per single loss. For

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194,752

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197,161

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13,753

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Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/08

### University of Minnesota

University of Minnesota (U of M) is self-insured for medical malpractice, general liability, directors and officer aliability, through RUMMCO. Litd, a wholy owned single arrent captive insurance locations and automobile liability through RUMMISCO. Litd, a wholy owned single arrent captive insurances. The total expenses are reported to a third-party administrator, which pays expenses and sets up reserves. The total expenses of a claim is estimated and booked as a liability when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated in the year in which it is reported. In addition, an actuarial liability is established for incurred but not reported claims using a discount rate of 6 percent.

U of M is also self-insured for workers' compensation through an internally maintained fund. The internal fund for workers' compensation is maintained only to fund current year expected payouts. Excess insurance is maintained through the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association. Each year, an actuarial estimate of the U of M liability for workers' compensation is compiled and recorded, but the liability is not funded in a separate reserve.

<b>Note 20 – Litigation</b> 1) Payment of tort claims against the state is made from funds appropriated by the Minnesota Legislature to agencies for their general operations to the extent such funds are available without unduly hindering the operation of the agency from appropriations of dedicated receipts if practicable, or from funds appropriated for the payment of fort claims. The Tort Claims appropriations for each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 2007, June 30, 2008, and June 30, 2009 are \$761,000. The current maximum limits of raphing for fort claims arising out of a single occurrence. For fort claims arising \$1,200,000 for any number of claims arising out of a single occurrence. For fort claims arising in Minnesota on or after July 1, 2009, the maximum limits are \$500,000 for any one claim and \$1,500,000 for any number of claims arising out of a single occurrence.	<ol> <li>J-35W Bridge Collapse. On August 1, 2007 the I-35W interstate bridge over the Mitesissippi River objected ant meintained by the Minnescal Experiment of the Minnescal Experiment from the Compensation Fund Conferent Minnescal Experiment from the Compensation Fund Conferent Minnescal Experiment from the Compensation Fund Viet Compensation Fund will be required to the State's reads and bridges. The Minnescal Experiment Present of Pringer 10: Present State Science Conferent Minnesca Expension State Science Conferent Minnesca Expension Fund will be required to the State's reads and bridges. The Minnesca Expension Fund will be required to the State's reads and bridges. The Minnesca Expension Fund will be required to three compress will determine the amount of payments. Persons the conferent Minnesca Expension Fund will be required to the State fund with the Compress and defenses of Claims needed to be filed with the Compress fund will be required to the state Fund will be state fund will be required to the state fund will be requi</li></ol>	continue until May 2005, but as difficuites arose with regard to completion of the software, it was F-106
Note 19 – Budgetary Basis vs. GAAP Actual revenues, transfers-in, expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers-out on the budgetary basis do not equal threase on the GAAP basis in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues. Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund. This inequality results primarily from the differences in the recognition of accuals, reinhousements, defirred revenue, intratund and loan transactions, and from the budgetary basis of accounting for encumbrances. On the budgetary basis, encumbrances are recognized as expenditures in the good or services are received. The modified accural basis of accounting recognizes expenditures when the goods or services are received, regardless of the year funds are encumbered. A reconciliation of the fund balances under the two bases of accounting for the General Fund is provided in the following table.	Reconclination of GAAP Basis Fund Balance to Budgeary Fund Balance as of June 30, 2008 (in Thousands)         CAAP Basis Fund Balance (as Stress Reserved Fund Balance Less Reserved Fund Balance Less Reserved Fund Balance (as Stress Receivable Tax Receivable Tax Receivable (as Stress Receivable Human Services Receivable Unearned Revenue Ensist of Accounting Differences: Revenue Accuratis/Justiments; Revenue Accuratis/Justiments; Revenue Accuratis/Justiments; Revenue Accuratis/Justiments; Revenue Accuratis/Justiments; Revenue Accuratis/Justiments; Revenue Accuratis/Justiments; Revenue Accuratis/Justiments; Statice Accuratis/Agustiment Unearned Revenue Enclose Provises Grants Payable Human Services Grants Payable Human Services Grants Payable Fundariacidare Payable Human Services Grants Payable Fundariacidare Payable Aduranes Revenue Acturatis/Justiments; Police and Fire Aid Other Payables       3,455, 3,4155, 3,4155, 4,455, 4,455, 7,4156, 7,415	F-105

eventually extended to May 2008. In March 2008, DHS determined that satisfactory progress toward completion was not being made and terminated the contract. ACS filed suit on September 9, 2008, clarining damages in excess of \$50,000 based on breach of contract, quantum meruit (just compensation for work performed), and unjust enrichment. DHS has filed a counterclaim. While denying lability, DHS estimates that a decision favorable to plantiff ACS could result in an impact on the General Fund in excesse of \$50,000 based on the event of the count has not yet issued a scheduling order, but its not likely that the matter will be tried before January 2010.

- c) BNSF Raiway Co. vs. Mim. Dept of Revenue and State of Minnesota (U. S. District Court. District of Minnesota). This lawsuits teeks an injunction and a declaratory judgment determining that the state sales/use tax on BNSF's purchase of railroad fuel is a violation of the federal 4.R. Act. The factual and legal sisues in this case are nearly identical to the issues in *Union Pacific Railroad Co. & Soot Line Railroad Co. vs. Comm?r et al.*, where the 8th Circuit ultimately overturned the Federal District Courts determination and held that that the state sales/use tax divortation to bolster its position in tax court or state district court where it will seek a refund of all not violate the 4.R Act. This Raiway in this case will likely move for summary judgment and then use this option to bolster its position in tax court or state district court where it will seek a refund of all not violate the 4.R Act. This decision is in direct conflict with the 8th Circuit's vs. Y recent decision in *Union Pacific*. BNSF recently noteed a Ruit 2000.
- d) Great Lakes Gas Transmission LP vs. Commissioner of Revenue, Northern Border Pipeline Co. vs. Commissioner of Revenue, Virging Gas Transmission Co. vs. Commissioner of Revenue (Ramsey County District Court). Plaintiff pipeline companies transport andural gas under applicable Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) tariffs and use a portion of the sipped gas to run their compressor engines. Unsurant to provisions contained in Minn. Stat. § 297A.63, subd. 1, Minnesota imposes a uset ax upon "the privilege of using, storing, distributing, or consumption in this state." Plaintiff allege that under FERC tariffs here you or proressors on the gas they use, and are challenging the strate's imposition of a use tax upon compressor gas on the gas they use, and are challenging the strate's imposition of a use tax upon compressor gas on the gounds that such thus state. Plaintiffs allege that under FERC tariffs, they do not "burchase" the gas they use, and are challenging the strate's imposition of a use tax upon compressor gas on the gounds that such these states imposition for a use tax upon compressor gas on the gounds that such the value of these issues at a proximately \$20 million annually. In the fall of 2007, all of the partial cost-motions for summary judgment, and the Court ruled for the Pipeline Co. appealed the Courts decision to the Minnesota Count of Appeals. Briefing has been completed and ori all guinms. Great Lakes Gas: Transmission. IP and Northern Border Pipeline Courge agencies on the Minnesota Zourd. A decision is expected by January
- e) McLane Minnesota, Inc. vs. Commissioner of Revenue (Minnesota Tax Court). Plaintiff challenges the Minnesota Incover of Revenue (Minnesota Tax Court). Plaintiff challenges the Minnesota tobacco tax (tax on tobacco products other than togaretispi imposed by Minn. Stat § 297F 06; subd. 3 Plaintiff requests nullification of an assessment for \$178.327 and seeks a \$5.6 million refund of tax previously paid. Plaintiff assessment for \$178.327 and seeks. a \$5.6 million refund of tax previously paid. Plaintiff assessment for \$178.327 and seeks. a \$5.6 million refund of tax previously paid. Plaintiff assessment for \$178.327 and seeks. a \$5.6 million refund of tax previously paid. Plaintiff assessment for \$178.327 and seeks. B \$5.6 million refund of tax previously paid. Plaintiff assessment for \$178.327 and seeks. Plaintiff assessment for \$178.327 and seeks. Plaintiff assess of tax more tax violates the principles the prince tax violates the principles the prince tax participable discounts. The Department of Revenue estimates that decision favorable to Plaintiff would have an impact in excess of \$15.1 million. The parties submitted cross-motions for summary judgment, and the Court ruled in favor of the Commissioner of Revenue. McLane Minnesota, Inc., has appealed the Court decision to the Minnesota Supreme Court. Oral argument is likely to be held in early 2009.

(f) Merrill Lynch Pierce Fenner & Smith, Inc. vs. Commissioner of Revenue (Minnesota Tax Court). Plaintiff engages in securities transactions sometimes on a commission hasis and sometimes as a principal. Plaintiff's principal contention is that the Department of Revenue erred in using net rather than gross receipts in the apportionment formula sales factor for principal transactions. Plaintiff also alleges that the Department erred in the method used to "source" receipts from principal and commission transactions involving Minnesota customers and in excluding certain intragibles from the apportionment formula property factor denominator. Finally, Plaintiff alges, on various grounds, that the Department's approach violates the Equal Protection, Uniformity and Due Process clauses of the Minnesota or Federal Constitutions and the Commerce Jouse of the Federal Constitution. The Department of Revenue estimates that a decision favorable to Plaintiff would have an industry-wide impact, in excess of \$15 million. Trial is scheduled for Febuary would have an industry-wide impact.

2009.

- g) Minnesota Energy Resources Corp. vs. Commissioner of Revenue (Minnesota Tax Court). In early September 2008). The planitif, a natural gas pipeline corporation appeals the 2007 and 2008 assessment in 53 counties in Minnesota. The pipeline that is subject to assessment in 53 counties in Minnesota. The pipeline corporation appeals is defined in Minn. Stat. S272.03, subd. 8) of the pipeline's property in Minnesota and in its determination has employed methods which overstate the market value as an insta determination has employed property in the spieline's property in Minnesota and in its determination has employed property in the spieline's property in Minnesota and in the Arabuse and Pipeline's property in Minnesota and in the determination has employed property in the same class and the property of similarly situated taxpayers in violation of Minn. Stat. S273.11, the Equal Protection Clause, the Uniformity of Taxation Clause (Int. X, sec. 1) and the Due Process clause of the Minnesota Constitution and the Equal Protection and Due Process Clause of U.S. Constitution. The apportionable 2008 market value is 3126.
- h) Stewart Title Guaranty Company vs. Commissioner of Revenue (Minnesota Tax Court). The Commissioner assessed Plaintiff for additional insurance prenium tax and interest. The issue is whether title insurance prenium tax. The Department of Revenue estimates that a decision favorable for plaintiff are subject to the primium tax. The Department of Revenue estimates that a decision favorable for plaintiff would have an industry-wide impact in excess of \$15 million. The Minnesota Tax Court granted the Commissioner of Revenue's motion for summary judgment on all claims and Stewart Title Guaranty company appealed the court's uring to the Minnesota Court. Brefing of this matter to the Minnesota Supreme Court. Brefing of this matter to the Minnesota Supreme Court. Brefing of the matter to the Minnesota Supreme Court. Brefing of the matter to the Minnesota Supreme Court. Brefing of the Minnesota Supreme Court. Brefing a decision, which is expected by end of December 15, 2008.
- () Union Pacific Railroad Co. & Soo Line Railroad Co. vs. Salomone, et al. (Federal District Court, No. CV 0-424 4/87/JSM), Plantiffs, two railroad common carrierss, challengg the imposition of Minnesota's aales and use tax on their purchase and use in Minnesota of dissel their for locomotives and off-road vehicles. Plantiffs allege that the tax is discriminatory under the saliroad periodic month of the sand use tax on their purchase and use in Minnesota of dissel their for locomotives mot off-road vehicles. Plantiffs allege that the tax is discriminatory under the competitors, motor carriers, antimes, and barges, are not taxed under the same regime or pay little on to tax. Plantiffs are obtained the tax mode the same regime or pay little not tax. The Department estimatory and injunctive relief prohibiting enforcement and collection losses of \$30 million when applied to plaintiffs and other railroad common carriers operating minnesota that plaid the fuel tax and have timely field claims for refunds. On advente to Appeals which was beened the case to the tax. The Department estimate a determination in plaintiffs and other railroad common carriers operating minnesota Dilection of the tax. The Department estimates a determinator in plaintiffs and other railroad common carriers operating in Minnesota Dilection of the tax. The Dommissioner of the Minnesota Department of Revenue field a motion for a rehearing en hanc to the United States Supreme Court and has been denying the outstanding refund claims, which was beened. The Commissioner of the United States Supreme Court and has been denying the unitational the unitate claims with a denied. The commissioner of the united States Supreme Court and has been denying the outstanding refund claims, which was beened infrasting endotes and the additional the united States Supreme Court and a set of the calinoda state tax and upplaint the state tax and have the state tax and the data during the unitated bit andition with wase beened the case of the United States Supervice

State of Minnesota	2008 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Required Supplementary Information	Modified Approach for Infrastructure The state uses the modified approach for reporting selected infrastructure assets. Under this approach, the state expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include approximately 29,000 lane miles of pavement and approximately 3,000 bridges and tunnels maintained by the state.	<ul> <li>In unlize the modified approach, the state is required to:</li> <li>Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.</li> <li>Perform condition assessments of eligible assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.</li> <li>Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the state.</li> <li>Document that the assets are being preserved approximately at, or above, the established condition level level</li> </ul>	Lane Miles of Pavement Measurement Scale The Minnesota Department of Transportation (Mn/DOT) uses three pavement condition indices to determine the condition of the trunk inginwary system. Present estroreability Rating (PSR), Surface Rating (SR), and Pavement Quality Index (PQI). The PSR is a measure of pavement smoothness, the SR measures pavement distress (cracking) and the PQI is a composite index equal to the equare root of the PSR multiplied by the SR.	The five qualitative categories used to describe pavement condition are shown in the table below.	Description         PQI Range         PSR Range         SR Range           Very Good         3.7.45         41.50         3.3.40           Good         2.8.36         31.40         2.5.32           Fair         19.27         2.1.30         1.7.2.4           Poor         10.18         11.20         0.9-16           Very Poor         0.0-0.9         0.0-1.0         0.0-0.8	The PQI will be used as the index for determining whether the pavement infrastructure is being maintained in a serviceable level. The PQI is an overall index, combining both pavement smoothness (PSR) and cracking (SR). Established Condition Level Principal arterial pavements will be maintained at 3.0 PQI (good) or higher and all other pavements will be maintained at 2.8 POI (cood) or higher and all other pavements will be	F-110
Note 21 – Subsequent Events	Primary Government On July 22, 2008, the state sold \$275,000,000 of general obligation various purpose bonds Series 20008A at a true interest rate of 4.10 percent. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the state.	On July 22, 2008, the state sold \$33,500,000 general obligation state trunk highway bonds Series 20008B at a true interest rate of 4.12 percent. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the state. On July 22, 2008, the state sold 155,415,000 general obligation state refunding bonds Series 20008C bonds at a true interest rate of 3.52 percent. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the state.	On November 13, 2008, the state sold \$42,085,000 of 911 revenue bonds at a true interest rate of 4.60 percent. These bonds will provide funding for implementation of a statewide 911 emergency response communication system. The revenue bonds are secured by a monthly statewide 911 surcharge applied to subscribers of any basic telephone service capable of originating a 911 emergency telephone call.					F-109

Assessed Conditions The state assesses condition	on 00 percent of the particular Principal Arterial	Assessed Conditions The state assesses condition on 100 percent of the pavement surfaces at least once every two Principal Arterial Non-Principal Arterial	e every two years.	The criteria tor p Good - If all greater.	Line criteria for placing a pridge in each of the three caregories are as rollows: Good - If all of the condition codes are 7 or greater, and if both of the appraisal ratings are 6 or greater.	ch of the three c	ategories are	of the apprai	g
20	Average PQI           2007         3.34           2006         3.37           2005         3.37	Average PQI 3.16 3.21 3.22		Fair - If any Poor - If an less. This is	Fair - If any of the condition codes are 5 or 6, or if either of the appraisal ratings are 3, 4, or Poor - If any of the condition codes are 4 or less, or if either of the appraisal ratings are less. This is also defined as structurally deficient.	s are 5 or 6, or if des are 4 or les turally deficient.	f either of the s, or if either	appraisal ratii of the apprai	sal
Bridges and Tunnels				Established Condition Level	dition Level				
Measurement Scale				Ninety-two perce of all other syste	Ninety-two percent of principal arterial system bridges will be maintained at fair to good, while 80 percent of all other system bridges will be maintained at fair to good.	al system bridge intained at fair to	s will be main o good.	tained at fair	to go
tes three perf ting, Geometr ndition Rating	formance measures to rr ric Rating, and Posted j will be used to determi dition of the 2918 bridoes	Mn/DOT utilizes three performance measures to maintain and improve the bridge system: Structural Condition Rating, Geometric Rating, and Posted Bridge and Bridge Load Carrying Capacity. The Structural condition Rating will be used to determine if the bridge system is being maintained at a serviceable level for the condition find 248 brindnes. Index Mn/DOTs initiatificion	ige system: Structural arrying Capacity. The being maintained at a	Assessed Conditions	tions				
I Condition Ra d, Fair, or Poo Jgs to place ea	The Structural Condition Rating is a broad measure of rated as Good, Fair, or Poor by using three National appraisal ratings to place each bridge in a category	The Structural Condition Rating is a broad measure of the structural condition of a bridge. Each bridge is rated as Good, Fair, or Poor by using three National Bridge Inventory (NBI) condition codes and two NBI appraisal ratings to place each bridge in a category.	bridge. Each bridge is on codes and two NBI		Principal Arterial Fair to Good	erial 2007 97.6	2006 96.8%	2005 96.3%	
JBI condition le two NBI api es and the app	codes are Deck Condi praisal ratings are Struct praisal ratings use a scale	The three NBI condition codes are Deck Condition. Superstructure Condition, and Substructure Condition. The two NBI appraisal ratings are Structural Evaluation and Wateway Adequacy. Both the condition codes and the appraisal ratings use a scale of 0 (failed) through 9 (excellent).	n, and Substructure y Adequacy. Both the nt).		All Other Systems Fair to Good	stems 2007 93.2	2006	2005 95.2%	
Description Excellent.				Budgeted and E	Budgeted and Estimated Costs to Maintain	intain			
Very good.				The following ta	ble presents the sta	te's estimate of	spending ne	cessary to pi	esen
Good. Some I Satisfactory. 5	Good. Some minor problems. Satisfactory. Structural elements show some minor deterioration	some minor deterioration.		roads and bridges a spent (in thousands):	roads and bridges at, or above, the "Established Condition Levels" cited above, and the actual amount spent (in thousands):	"Established Co	indition Level	s" cited abov	ano,
Fair. All prime cracking, spal	Fair. All primary structural elements are cracking, spalling, or scour.	Fair. All primary structural elements are sound, but may have some minor section loss, cracking, spalling, or scour.	minor section loss,		Costs to be Capitalized	apitalized	Mainte	Maintenance of System	me
Poor. Advanc Serious. Los: primary struct shear cracks i	Poor. Advanced section loss, deteriorization, spalling, or scour. Serious. Loss of section, deterioration, spalling, or scour primary structural components. Local failures are possible. shear cracks in concrete may be present.	Poor. Advanced section loss, detenoration, spalling, or scour. Serious: Loss of section, deterioration, spalling, or scour have seriously primary structural components. Local failures are possible. Fatigue cracks in shard racks in concrete may be present.	seriously affected cracks in steel or	Budget 2008	0 00	6		1	Total Costs \$234,762
Critical. Advanced deterit or shear cracks in concre support. Unless closely corrective action is taken.	inced deterioration of prin ks in concrete may be pr sss closely monitored, it ion is taken.	Critical. Advanced deterioration of primary structural elements. Fatigue cracks in steel or shear cracks in concrete may be present or scour may have removed substructure support. Unless closely monitored, it may be necessary to close the bridge until corrective action is taken.	ue cracks in steel noved substructure e the bridge until	2007 2006 <sup>(1)</sup> 2005 <sup>(1)</sup> 2004 <sup>(1)</sup>	148,320 480,900	00 629,220 773,735 393,467 260,900	63,835	223,476	287,311 301,852 200,765 426,000
Imminent fail components Bridge is close Failure. Out ol	Imminent failure. Major deterioration or sect components or obvious vertical or horizontal Bridge is closed to traffic, but corrective action m Failure. Out of service, beyond corrective action.	Imminent failure. Major deterioration or section loss present in critical structural components or obvious vertical or horizontal movement affecting structure stability. Bridge is closed to traffic, but corrective action may put it back in light service. Failure. Out of service, beyond corrective action.	critical structural structure stability. service.	Actual 2008 2007 2006 <sup>(1)</sup> 2005 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$252,306 \$279,664 150,497 253,040	64 \$531,970 40 403,537 451,935 465,960 504 288	\$35,341 15,125	\$364,939 312,567	\$400,280 327,692 360,835 223,809 227,996
				<sup>(1)</sup> Due to sy 2005, and	Due to system limitations, bridge and pavement costs are combined for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2006, and 2004.	and pavement co	sts are combin	ed for the year	s ended Jul
	Ľ	F-111				ц́.	F-112		

Mn/DOT projects may span several years. Project costs through fiscal year 2004 were budgeted in the first year, but spent throughout the life of the project. This process did not allow an accurate comparison of the amounts budgeted and spent within a fiscal year due to funding carryover between two or more fiscal years. Therefore, this timing difference does not allow a true comparison of any write area. The table demonstrates that over the past year, the state spending has been in line with the budgeted amounts and other tables contained within this narrative demonstrate that the state spending has been in has met its desired condition levels.

During fiscal year 2005, the state implemented a new system, Cash Forecasting Information Tool (CFIT), to capture the estimated budget for projects during a specific year. This system allows for a comparison of the annual budget with the actual amounts spent. Comparisons can be made between budget and actual expenditures to maintain and improve the system. For multiyear projects, only the portion to be spent in the fiscal year is shown in the budget amount for the year. Future expenditures on the project will be budgeted amount for the year. Future expenditures on the project will be budgeted in the year they are to be spent. This reporting the used in future reports.

# Actuarial Measures of Pension Funding Progress

The state of Minnesota is the employer for five defined benefit single employer plans that are administered by Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS). MSRS prepares and publishes its own stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report (see Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies for the address).

The Elective State Officers Fund (ESOF) is excluded from the single employer plan disclosures since this plan is closed to new entrants and any remaining active employees have retired, terminated, or elected coverage under another plan.

Required supplementary information of funding progress is provided for the following plans:

- Correctional Employees Retirement Fund (CERF)
- Judicial Retirement Fund (JRF)
- Legislative Retirement Fund LRF)
- State Patrol Retirement Fund (SPRF)

	Schedu	Schedule of Funding Progress (In Thousands)	rogress		
		CERF	JRF	LRF	SPRF
Actuarial Valuation Date	2007 <sup>(1)</sup>	7/1/2007	7/1/2007	7/1/2007	7/1/2007
	2006	7/1/2006	7/1/2006	7/1/2006	7/1/2006
	2005	7/1/2005	7/1/2005	7/1/2005	7/1/2005
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	2007	\$ 559,852	\$ 153,562	\$ 44,869	\$ 617,901
	2006	\$ 535,357	\$ 151,850	\$ 48,504	\$ 618,990
	2005	\$ 503,573	\$ 144,465	\$ 45,523	\$ 601,220
Actuarial Accrued Liability	2007	\$ 708,292	\$ 214,297	\$ 86,449	\$ 673,444
	2006	\$ 647,480	\$ 202,301	\$ 81,361	\$ 641,479
	2005	\$ 546,118	\$ 191,414	\$ 81,836	\$ 566,764
Total Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Asset)	2007 2006 2005	\$ 148,440 \$ 112,123 \$ 42,544	\$ 60,735 \$ 50,451 \$ 46,949	\$ 41,580 \$ 32,858 \$ 36,314	\$ 55,543 \$ 22,489 \$ (34,456)
Funded Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	2007	79%	72%	52%	92%
	2006	83%	75%	60%	96%
	2005	92%	75%	56%	106%
Annual Covered Payroll	2007	\$ 167,727	\$ 36,195	\$ 2,380	\$ 61,498
	2006	\$ 145,879	\$ 36,529	\$ 2,894	\$ 57,765
	2005	\$ 132,335	\$ 35,941	\$ 3,014	\$ 55,142
Ratio of Unfunded Actuarial	2007	89%	168%	1747%	90%
Liability to Annual Covered	2006	77%	138%	1135%	39%
Payroll	2005	32%	131%	1204%	(62%)

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Actuarial Measures of Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Progress

The state of Minnesota offers other postemployment benefits to state employees and their dependents through a single-employer defined benefit heath care plan.

L	Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress (In Thousands)	rmation ress	
	Actuarial Valuation Date 2008 <sup>(1)</sup>		7/1/2006
	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets 2008	ю	3
	Actuarial Accrued Liability 2008	↔	659,044
	Total Unfunded Actuarial Liability	φ	659,044
	Funded Ratio <sup>(2)</sup> 2008		%0
	Annual Covered Payroll 2008		\$ 2,838,228
	Ratio of Unfunded Actuarial Liability to Annual Covered Payroll		23%
	$^{(1)}\mbox{The}$ July 1, 2006, Annual Valuation Report is the most recently issued report available.	e most recently issued	d report
	$^{(2)}Actuarial value of assets as a percent of actuarial accrued liability.$	crued liability.	

Public Employees Insurance Program Development Information

During fiscal year 1990, the Public Employees Insurance Program's medical claims became a self-funded program. The following table illustrates how the fund's earned revenue (net of reinsurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by treinsurers) and other expenses assumed by the fund so related cost of the past ten years.

	1999	2000	2001	2002	iscal Year End 2003	Fiscal Year Ended (In Thousands) 2003 2004	1ds) 2005	2006	2007	2008
1. Required Contribution and Investment Revenue: Earned Ceded Net Earned	\$ 7,713 624 \$ 7,089	\$ 10,995 1,031 \$ 9,964	\$ 18,005 1,972 \$ 16,033	\$ 22,149 2,243 \$ 19,906	\$ 23,458 2,321 \$ 21,137	\$ 22,764 2,231 \$ 20,533	\$ 19,177 1,736 \$ 17,441	\$ 14,942 1,491 \$ 13,451	\$ 13,219 1,347 \$ 11,872	\$ 13.439 1.298 \$ 12.141
2. Unallocated Expenses	\$ 1,458	\$ 1,983	\$ 2,535	\$ 2,715	\$ 2.528	\$ 2,296	\$ 1,904	\$ 1,638	\$ 1,547	\$ 1,505
<ol> <li>Estimated Claims and Expenses End of Policy Year: Incurred Ceded Net Incurred</li> </ol>	\$ 5,800 171 \$ 5,629	\$ 9,972 772 \$ 9,200	\$ 16,550 760 \$ 15,790	\$ 21,055 2,513 \$ 18,542	\$ 19.715 1.570 \$ 18.145	\$ 19.466 1.980 \$ 17.486	\$ 16,499 1,913 \$ 14,586	\$ 12,551 1,382 \$ 11,169	\$ 11,206 1,782 \$ 9,424	\$ 10.748 380 \$ 10.368
<ol> <li>Ale Paid (Cumulative) as of: End of University Yoan Deal of Vear Later Two Yeans Later Prove Yeans Later Frour Yeans Later Frour Yeans Later Ser Yeans Later Beht Yeans Later Beht Yeans Later New Yeans Later New Yeans Later New Yeans Later New Yeans Later New Yeans Later New Yeas Later New Yea</li></ol>	8 5,617 5,5,5,5,5,817 5,5,5,8118 5,5,8118 5,8118 5,8118 5,8118 5,8118 5,8118 5,8118 5,8118 5,9118 5,1185,118 5,118 5,118 5,118 5,118 5,11	<ol> <li>7,944</li> <li>9,243</li> <li>9,243</li> <li>9,243</li> <li>9,243</li> <li>9,243</li> <li>9,243</li> <li>9,243</li> <li>9,243</li> <li>9,243</li> </ol>	\$ 13.228 15.908 15.903 15.963 15.963 15.963 15.963 15.963 15.963	<ol> <li>15,824</li> <li>18,034</li> <li>18,034</li> <li>18,034</li> <li>18,034</li> <li>18,034</li> <li>18,034</li> </ol>	<pre>\$ 15,848 17,572 17,579 17,579 17,579 17,579</pre>	\$ 15,699 17,766 17,764 17,764 17,764	\$ 12,909 14,141 14,133 14,139	\$ 10,055 11,282 11,301	\$ 8,226 9,352	s 9,403
Re-estimated Ceded Claims and Expenses	\$ 171	\$ 772	\$ 760	\$ 2.513	<b>S</b> 1,570	\$ 1,980	<b>S</b> 1,913	<b>\$</b> 1,382	\$ 1.782	<b>\$</b> 380
Re estimated Net Incurred Clans and Expenses. Clans and Expenses. One Year Lathr Inv Years Lathr Three Years Lathr Five Years Lathr Five Years Lathr Even Years Lathr Even Years Lathr Even Years Lathr Even Years Lathr Even Years Lathr Five Years	8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	8 9,253 9,24	<ol> <li>15,790</li> <li>15,903</li> <li>15,963</li> <li>15,963</li> <li>15,963</li> <li>15,963</li> <li>15,963</li> <li>15,963</li> <li>15,963</li> </ol>	\$ 18.542 18.114 18.034 18.034 18.034 18.034 18.034 18.034	<b>\$</b> 18, 145 17,595 17,579 17,579 17,579 17,579	\$ 17,486 17,385 17,785 17,764 17,764 17,764	\$ 14,586 14,152 14,139 14,139	<b>\$</b> 11,169 11,294 11,307	<b>5</b> 9.424 9.362	\$ 10,368
7. Increase (Decrease) in Estimated Net Incurred Claims and Expenses From End of Policy Year	\$ 189	\$	\$ 173	\$ (508)	\$ (566)	\$ 278	\$ (447)	\$ 132	\$ (62)	\$

The rows of the table are defined as follows:

- This section shows the total of each fiscal year's gross earned contribution revenue and investment revenue, contribution revenue ceded to reinsurers, and net earned contribution revenue and reported investment revenue.
- This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of the fund including overhead and claims expense not allocable to individual claims.
- 3. This section shows the fund's gross incurred claims and allocated claim adjustment expenses, claims assumed by reinsurers, and net incurred claims and allocated adjustment expenses (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year).

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			(This page has been left blank intentionally.)			F-118
<ol> <li>This section shows the cumulative net amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.</li> </ol>	6. This section shows how each policy year's net incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. (This annual re-estimation results from new information received on known claims, re-evaluation of existing information on known claims, and emergence of new claims not previously known.)	7. This line compares the latest re-estimated net incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (section 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of net claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and re-estimated amount) is used to evaluate the accuracy of net incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years. The columns of the table show data for successive policy years.				F-117

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### APPENDIX G

Continuing Disclosure Undertaking

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### **Continuing Disclosure Undertaking**

The Commissioner's Order authorizing the issuance of the Bonds will contain provisions enabling participating underwriters in the primary offering of the Bonds to comply with the requirements of Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation, 17 C.F.R. Section 240.15c2-12, paragraph (b)(5), in substantially the following form:

#### Section 3. Official Statement; Continuing Disclosure.

3.01. Official Statement. The Official Statement relating to the Bonds dated August 11, 2009 (the "Official Statement"), is a final official statement within the meaning of Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation, 17 C.F.R. Section 240.15c2-12 as in effect and interpreted from time to time ("Rule 15c2-12"). The initial purchasers of the Bonds designated in Section 12 hereof (the "Initial Purchasers") are authorized and directed to distribute the Official Statement to all persons to whom the Bonds are reoffered.

#### 3.02. Continuing Disclosure.

(a) General Undertaking. On behalf of the State the Commissioner covenants and agrees with the Registered Owners from time to time of the Bonds to comply with Rule 15c2-12, paragraph (b)(5); and, for this purpose, to provide to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"), annual financial information of the type included in the Official Statement and notice of the occurrence of certain specified events which materially affect the terms, payment, security, rating or tax status of the Bonds, as set forth in this Section. The State is the only "obligated person" in respect of the Bonds within the meaning of Rule 15c2-12. As used in this Section 3.02, "Registered Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, the registered owner or owners thereof appearing in the bond register maintained by the Registrar or any Beneficial Owner (as hereinafter defined) thereof, if such Beneficial Owner provides to the Registrar evidence of such beneficial Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, any person or entity which has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, such Bond (including persons or entities holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or is treated as the owner of the Bond for federal income tax purposes.

(b) *Information To Be Disclosed.* The Commissioner will provide, in the manner set forth in paragraph (c) hereof, either directly or indirectly through an agent designated by the Commissioner, the following information (the "Disclosure Information") at the following times:

(1) On or before December 31 of each year, commencing in 2009 (each a "Reporting Date"):

(A) The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State for the Fiscal Year ending on the previous June 30, prepared by MMB in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental entities as prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board as in effect from time to time or, if and to the extent such financial statements have not been prepared in accordance with such generally accepted accounting principles, noting the variances therefrom and the effect thereof, together with an independent auditor's report prepared with respect thereto by the Office of the Legislative Auditor of the State or other auditing authority designated by State law; provided, however, that if audited financial statements are not available by such date, the financial statements to be delivered shall be unaudited, but the State undertakes and agrees to provide, within 10 days after the receipt thereof by the State, the audited general purpose financial statements of the State and the related audit report described above; and

(B) To the extent not included in the financial statements referred to in clause (A) hereof, the information for such Fiscal Year of the type contained in the Official Statement, which information may be unaudited.

Any or all of the information may be incorporated by reference from other documents, including official statements, which have been filed with the SEC or have been made available to the public on the MSRB's internet web site. The Commissioner shall clearly identify in the information each document so incorporated by reference.

If any part of the Disclosure Information can no longer be generated because the operations of the State have materially changed or been discontinued, such Disclosure Information need no longer be provided if the State includes in the Disclosure Information a statement to such effect; provided, however, if such operations have been replaced by other State operations in respect of which data is not included in the Disclosure Information and the State determines that certain specified data regarding such replacement operations would be a Material Fact (as defined in paragraph (2) hereof), then, from and after such determination, the Disclosure Information shall include such additional specified data regarding the replacement operations.

If the Disclosure Information is changed or this Section 3.02 is amended as permitted by this paragraph (b)(1) or subsection (d), then the State shall include in the next Disclosure Information to be delivered hereunder, to the extent necessary, an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the effect of any change in the type of financial information or operating data provided.

(2) In a timely manner, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events and which is a Material Fact (as hereinafter defined):

- (A) Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- (B) Non-payment related defaults;
- (C) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- (D) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- (E) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- (F) Adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of the security;
- (G) Modifications to rights to security holders;
- (H) Bond calls;
- (I) Defeasances;
- (J) Release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the securities; and
- (K) Rating changes.

As used herein, a "Material Fact" is a fact as to which a substantial likelihood exists that a reasonably prudent investor would attach importance thereto in deciding to buy, hold or sell a Bond or, if not disclosed, would significantly alter the total information otherwise available to an investor from the Official Statement, information disclosed hereunder or information generally available to the public. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, a "Material Fact" is also an event that would be deemed "material" for purposes of the purchase, holding or sale of a Bond within the meaning of applicable federal securities laws, as interpreted at the time of discovery of the occurrence of the event.

(3) In a timely manner, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events or conditions:

(A) the failure of the State to provide the information required under subparagraph (1) of this paragraph (b) at the time specified thereunder;

(B) the amendment or supplementing of this Section 3.02 pursuant to subsection (d), together with a copy of such amendment or supplement and any explanation provided by the State under subsection (d)(2);

(C) the termination of the obligations of the State under this Section 3.02 pursuant to subsection (d);

(D) any change in the accounting principles pursuant to which the financial statements constituting a portion of the information required under subparagraph (1) of this paragraph (b) are prepared; and

(E) any change in the fiscal year of the State.

(c) Manner of Disclosure.

(1) The Commissioner agrees to make available to the MSRB, in an electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB from time to time, the information described in paragraph (b).

(2) The Commissioner further agrees to make available, by electronic transmission, overnight delivery, mail or other means, as appropriate, the information described in paragraph (b) to any rating agency then maintaining a rating of the Bonds and, at the expense of any Registered Owner, to any Registered Owner who requests in writing such information at the time of transmission under subparagraph (1) of this paragraph (c) or, if such information is transmitted with a subsequent time of release, at the time such information is to be released.

(3) All documents provided to the MSRB pursuant to this paragraph (c) shall be accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB from time to time.

### (d) Term; Amendments; Interpretation.

(1) The covenants of the State in this Section 3.02 shall remain in effect so long as any Bonds are Outstanding. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, however, the obligations of the State under this Section 3.02 shall terminate and be without further effect as of any date on which the State delivers to the Registrar an opinion of bond counsel to the effect that, because of legislative action or final judicial or administrative actions or proceedings, the failure of the State to comply with the requirements of this Section 3.02 will not cause participating underwriters in the primary offering of the Bonds to be in violation of the Rule 15c2-12 or other applicable requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any statutes or laws successory thereto or amendatory thereof.

(2) This Section 3.02 (and the form and requirements of the Disclosure Information) may be amended or supplemented by the State from time to time, without notice to (except as provided in subparagraph (3) of paragraph (c)) or the consent of the Registered Owners of any Bonds, by an order of the Commissioner accompanied by an opinion of bond counsel, who may rely on certificates of the State and others and the opinion may be subject to customary qualifications, to the effect that: (A) such amendment or supplement (i) is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in law or regulation or a change in the identity, nature or status of the type of operations conducted by the State, or (ii) is required by, or better complies with, the provisions of paragraph (b)(5) of Rule 15c2 12; (B) this Section 3.02 as so amended or supplemented would have complied with the requirements of paragraph (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 at the time of the primary offering of the Bonds, giving effect to any change in circumstances applicable under clause (i)(a) and assuming that Rule 15c2-12 is in effect and interpreted at the time of the amendment or supplement was in effect at the time of the primary offering; and (C) such amendment or supplement does not materially impair the interests of the Registered Owners under Rule 15c2-12.

(3) If the Disclosure Information is so amended, the Commissioner agrees to provide, contemporaneously with the effectiveness of such amendment, an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the effect, if any, of the change in the type of financial information or operating data being provided hereunder.

(4) This Section 3.02 is entered into to comply with the continuing disclosure provisions of Rule 15c2-12 and should be construed so as to satisfy the requirements of Rule 15c2-12.

(e) *Failure to Comply; Remedies.* If the State fails to comply with any provision of this Section 3.02 any person aggrieved thereby, including the Registered Owner of any outstanding Bond, may take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or appropriate to enforce performance and observance of any agreement or covenant contained in this Section 3.02. Direct, indirect, consequential and punitive damages shall not be recoverable for any default hereunder. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, in no event shall a default under this Section 3.02 constitute a default with respect to the Bonds or under any other provision of this Order.

(f) Further Limitation of Liability of State. If and to the extent the limitations of liability contained in subsection (e) are not effective, anything contained in this Section 3.02 to the contrary notwithstanding, in making the agreements, provisions and covenants set forth in this Section 3.02, the State has not obligated itself to pay damages resulting from any violation thereof. None of the agreements or obligations of the State contained herein shall be construed to constitute an indebtedness of the State within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provisions whatsoever or constitute a pledge of the full faith and credit or taxing powers of the State.

The Commissioner is not in default of any continuing disclosure obligation with respect to any outstanding general obligation bond of the State.

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### APPENDIX H Forms of Legal Opinions

The Honorable Tom J. Hanson Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget 658 Cedar Street 400 Centennial Office Building Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155

Re: \$192,275,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2009D State of Minnesota

Dear Commissioner:

We certify that we have examined proceedings taken and facts and estimates certified by the Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget of the State of Minnesota (the "State") on behalf of the State, preliminary to and in the issuance of \$192,275,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2009D, dated August , 2009 (the "Series 2009D Bonds"). The Series 2009D Bonds recite that they are issued under and pursuant to, and are in strict conformity with, the constitution and laws of the State. We have also examined the constitution and statutes of the State and the form of bond prepared for this issue. From such examination, assuming the authenticity of the proceedings examined and the correctness of the facts and estimates so certified, and based upon laws, rules, regulations and judicial decisions now in effect, it is our opinion that:

1. The Series 2009D Bonds have been authorized and issued in accordance with the constitution and laws of the State and constitute valid and binding general obligations of the State, for the payment of which, with interest thereon, the full faith and credit of the State are pledged; and the State has provided for the levy of ad valorem taxes on all taxable property therein to make such payment when due, without limitation as to rate or amount, except to the extent that moneys appropriated for this purpose are received in the State Bond Fund prior to the date when such levy is required to be made.

2. Interest on the Series 2009D Bonds (a) is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes or in taxable net income of individuals, estates or trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes; (b) is includable in taxable income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax; (c) is not an item of tax preference includable in alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax applicable to all taxpayers or the Minnesota alternative minimum tax applicable to individuals, estates and trusts; and (d) is not includable in adjusted current earnings of corporations in determining alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the fe

The opinions expressed in paragraph 2 above are subject to the condition of the State's compliance with all requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Series 2009D Bonds in order that interest thereon may be, and continue to be, excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Noncompliance by the State, following the issuance of the Series 2009D Bonds, with covenants made by the Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget in the Order authorizing the issuance of the Series 2009D Bonds relating to certain continuing requirements of the Code, may result in inclusion of interest to be paid on the Series 2009D Bonds in gross income of the recipient for federal income tax purposes and in taxable net income for Minnesota income tax purposes, retroactive to the date of issuance of the Series 2009D Bonds in the event that the interest payable thereon becomes includable in gross income for federal or Minnesota income tax purposes. Except as stated in this opinion, we express no opinion regarding federal, state and other tax consequences to holders of the Series 2009D Bonds.

Dated: August , 2009.

The Honorable Tom J. Hanson Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget 658 Cedar Street 400 Centennial Office Building Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155

Re: \$80,000,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Bonds, Series 2009E State of Minnesota

Dear Commissioner:

We certify that we have examined proceedings taken and facts and estimates certified by the Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget of the State of Minnesota (the "State") on behalf of the State, preliminary to and in the issuance of \$80,000,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Bonds, Series 2009E, dated August , 2009 (the "Series 2009E Bonds"). The Series 2009E Bonds recite that they are issued under and pursuant to, and are in strict conformity with, the constitution and laws of the State. We have also examined the constitution and statutes of the State and the form of bond prepared for this issue. From such examination, assuming the authenticity of the proceedings examined and the correctness of the facts and estimates so certified, and based upon laws, rules, regulations and judicial decisions now in effect, it is our opinion that:

1. The Series 2009E Bonds have been authorized and issued in accordance with the constitution and laws of the State and constitute valid and binding general obligations of the State.

2. The principal of and interest on the Series 2009E Bonds are payable from revenues of the State Trunk Highway Fund; but, if necessary for the payment thereof, the full faith and credit of the State are pledged, and the State has provided for the levy of ad valorem taxes on all taxable property therein to make such payment when due, without limitation as to rate or amount, except to the extent that moneys appropriated for this purpose are received in the State Bond Fund prior to the date when such levy is required to be made.

3. Interest on the Series 2009E Bonds (a) is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes or in taxable net income of individuals, estates or trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes; (b) is includable in taxable income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax; (c) is not an item of tax preference includable in alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax applicable to all taxpayers or the Minnesota alternative minimum tax applicable to individuals, estates and trusts; and (d) is not includable in adjusted current earnings of corporations in determining alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax.

The opinions expressed in paragraph 3 above are subject to the condition of the State's compliance with all requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Series 2009E Bonds in order that interest thereon may be, and continue to be, excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Noncompliance by the State, following the issuance of the Series 2009E Bonds, with covenants made by the Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget in the Order authorizing the issuance of the Series 2009E Bonds relating to certain continuing requirements of the Code, may result in inclusion of interest to be paid on the Series 2009E Bonds in gross income of the recipient for federal income tax purposes and in taxable net income for Minnesota income tax purposes, retroactive to the date of issuance of the Series 2009E Bonds in the event that the interest payable thereon becomes includable in gross income for federal or Minnesota income tax purposes. Except as stated in this opinion, we express no opinion regarding federal, state and other tax consequences to holders of the Series 2009E Bonds.

Dated: August , 2009.

The Honorable Tom J. Hanson Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget 658 Cedar Street 400 Centennial Office Building Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155

Re: \$297,750,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Refunding Bonds, Series 2009F State of Minnesota

Dear Commissioner:

We certify that we have examined proceedings taken and facts and estimates certified by the Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget of the State of Minnesota (the "State") on behalf of the State, preliminary to and in the issuance of \$297,750,000 General Obligation State Various Purpose Refunding Bonds, Series 2009F, dated August , 2009 (the "Series 2009F Bonds"). The Series 2009F Bonds recite that they are issued under and pursuant to, and are in strict conformity with, the constitution and laws of the State. We have also examined the constitution and statutes of the State and the form of bond prepared for this issue. From such examination, assuming the authenticity of the proceedings examined and the correctness of the facts and estimates so certified, and based upon laws, rules, regulations and judicial decisions now in effect, it is our opinion that:

1. The Series 2009F Bonds have been authorized and issued in accordance with the constitution and laws of the State and constitute valid and binding general obligations of the State, for the payment of which, with interest thereon, the full faith and credit of the State are pledged; and the State has provided for the levy of ad valorem taxes on all taxable property therein to make such payment when due, without limitation as to rate or amount, except to the extent that moneys appropriated for this purpose are received in the State Bond Fund prior to the date when such levy is required to be made.

2. Interest on the Series 2009F Bonds (a) is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes or in taxable net income of individuals, estates or trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes; (b) is includable in taxable income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax; (c) is not an item of tax preference includable in alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax applicable to all taxpayers or the Minnesota alternative minimum tax applicable to individuals, estates and trusts; and (d) is includable in adjusted current earnings of corporations in determining alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax.

The opinions expressed in paragraph 2 above are subject to the condition of the State's compliance with all requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Series 2009F Bonds in order that interest thereon may be, and continue to be, excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Noncompliance by the State, following the issuance of the Series 2009F Bonds, with covenants made by the Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget in the Order authorizing the issuance of the Series 2009F Bonds relating to certain continuing requirements of the Code, may result in inclusion of interest to be paid on the Series 2009F Bonds in gross income of the recipient for federal income tax purposes and in taxable net income for Minnesota income tax purposes, retroactive to the date of issuance of the Series 2009F Bonds in the event that the interest payable thereon becomes includable in gross income for federal or Minnesota income tax purposes. Except as stated in this opinion, we express no opinion regarding federal, state and other tax consequences to holders of the Series 2009F Bonds.

Dated: August , 2009.

The Honorable Tom J. Hanson Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget 658 Cedar Street 400 Centennial Office Building Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155

Re: \$28,360,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Refunding Bonds, Series 2009G State of Minnesota

Dear Commissioner:

We certify that we have examined proceedings taken and facts and estimates certified by the Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget of the State of Minnesota (the "State") on behalf of the State, preliminary to and in the issuance of \$28,360,000 General Obligation State Trunk Highway Refunding Bonds, Series 2009G, dated August , 2009 (the "Series 2009G Bonds"). The Series 2009G Bonds recite that they are issued under and pursuant to, and are in strict conformity with, the constitution and laws of the State. We have also examined the constitution and statutes of the State and the form of bond prepared for this issue. From such examination, assuming the authenticity of the proceedings examined and the correctness of the facts and estimates so certified, and based upon laws, rules, regulations and judicial decisions now in effect, it is our opinion that:

1. The Series 2009G Bonds have been authorized and issued in accordance with the constitution and laws of the State and constitute valid and binding general obligations of the State.

2. The principal of and interest on the Series 2009G Bonds are payable from revenues of the State Trunk Highway Fund; but, if necessary for the payment thereof, the full faith and credit of the State are pledged, and the State has provided for the levy of ad valorem taxes on all taxable property therein to make such payment when due, without limitation as to rate or amount, except to the extent that moneys appropriated for this purpose are received in the State Bond Fund prior to the date when such levy is required to be made.

3. Interest on the Series 2009G Bonds (a) is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes or in taxable net income of individuals, estates or trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes; (b) is includable in taxable income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax; (c) is not an item of tax preference includable in alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax applicable to all taxpayers or the Minnesota alternative minimum tax applicable to individuals, estates and trusts; and (d) is includable in adjusted current earnings of corporations in determining alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the federa

The opinions expressed in paragraph 3 above are subject to the condition of the State's compliance with all requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Series 2009G Bonds in order that interest thereon may be, and continue to be, excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Noncompliance by the State, following the issuance of the Series 2009G Bonds, with covenants made by the Commissioner of Minnesota Management and Budget in the Order authorizing the issuance of the Series 2009G Bonds relating to certain continuing requirements of the Code, may result in inclusion of interest to be paid on the Series 2009G Bonds in gross income of the recipient for federal income tax purposes and in taxable net income for Minnesota income tax purposes, retroactive to the date of issuance of the Series 2009G Bonds in the event that the interest payable thereon becomes includable in gross income for federal or Minnesota income tax purposes. Except as stated in this opinion, we express no opinion regarding federal, state and other tax consequences to holders of the Series 2009G Bonds.

Dated: August , 2009.

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