STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2010



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



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ORGANIZATION 2010

Office	Name	Term Expires
Commissioners		
1st District	Dwayne Krenz	January 2013
2nd District	Mark Rentz	January 2013 January 2011
3rd District		
	William Berg*	January 2013
4th District	Scott Sanders	January 2011
5th District	John Baerg	January 2013
Officers		
Elected		
Attorney	LaMar Piper	January 2011
Auditor	Donald Kuhlman	January 2011
County Recorder	Joy Sing	January 2011
Sheriff	· -	•
	Gary Menssen	January 2011
Treasurer	Carol F. Johnson	January 2011
Appointed	3.611	7 2012
Assessor	Mike Wacker	January 2013
Court Administrator (State)	Carol Melick	Indefinite
Coroner	R. A. Parsons, M.D.	January 2011
Highway Engineer	Roger Risser	May 2011
Probation Officer	Paul Harris	Indefinite
Veterans Service Officer	Deb Grote	Indefinite
Human Services Director	Richard Collins	Indefinite

^{*2010} Chair







STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Watonwan County

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Watonwan County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Watonwan County as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Human Services Special Revenue Fund, and County Ditch Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. In accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Watonwan County's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by OMB Circular A-133, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditional procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated September 26, 2011, on our consideration of Watonwan County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 26, 2011





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

INTRODUCTION

As management of Watonwan County, we offer readers of the Watonwan County financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Watonwan County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements following this section. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in whole dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of Watonwan County exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2010 by \$49,261,331. Of this amount, \$6,782,495 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet Watonwan County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Watonwan County's total net assets increased by \$1,619,632 in 2010.
- At the close of 2010, Watonwan County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,620,495, of which \$10,553,536 is unreserved, including approximately \$3,652,973 available for spending at the County's discretion noted as unreserved, undesignated fund balance.
- At the close of 2010, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,317,066, or 74.7 percent, of total General Fund expenditures.
- Watonwan County's total bonds payable increased \$1,485,000. There were payments of \$35,000 and \$130,000 on the G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds and the G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, respectively. In November, the County issued bonds in the amount of \$1,650,000 (G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A) to refund the (G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Refunding Bonds, Series 2004A). The 2004A Bonds were not refunded until 2011.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Watonwan County's basic financial statements. Watonwan County's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) county-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

County-Wide Financial Statements

The county-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Watonwan County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of Watonwan County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Watonwan County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows only in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The county-wide financial statements list the functions of Watonwan County principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of Watonwan County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, economic development, and conservation of natural resources. Watonwan County has no business-type activities intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

The county-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits 1 and 2.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Watonwan County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Watonwan County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the county-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the county-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the county-wide financial statements. However, unlike the county-wide financial statements, county fund level financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's short-term financing requirements.

Watonwan County reports five major funds and two nonmajor funds. The major funds are the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Human Services Special Revenue Fund, County Ditch Special Revenue Fund, and Debt Service Fund. The nonmajor funds are the County Library Special Revenue Fund and Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund. Information is presented separately for the major funds and in total for the nonmajor funds on Exhibits 3 and 5.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. Watonwan County's fiduciary funds consist of four agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In addition, the agency funds are not reflected in the county-wide financial statements because those resources are not available to support the County's programs.

Watonwan County's governmental fund financial statements are on Exhibits 3 to 10, and Watonwan County's fiduciary funds are on Exhibit 11.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Watonwan County's progress in funding its obligation to provide other postemployment benefits to its employees (Exhibit A-1). In addition, the County also provides supplementary information on intergovernmental revenue and expenditures of federal awards (Exhibits E-1 to E-2).

Watonwan County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, special revenue funds, and the Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the County's major funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

County-Wide Financial Analysis

Over time, net assets serve as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. Watonwan County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$49,261,331 at the close of 2010. The largest portion of Watonwan County's net assets (79.6 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. However, it should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending.

Governmental Net Assets

	2010	2009
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 14,087,161 41,687,619	\$ 11,449,699 41,470,153
Total Assets	\$ 55,774,780	\$ 52,919,852
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	\$ 5,696,537 816,912	\$ 4,289,090 989,063
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,513,449	\$ 5,278,153
Net Assets Invested in capital assets - net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 39,234,020 3,244,816 6,782,495	\$ 38,878,396 1,489,812 7,273,491
Total Net Assets	\$ 49,261,331	\$ 47,641,699

The unrestricted net asset amount of \$6,782,495 as of December 31, 2010, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

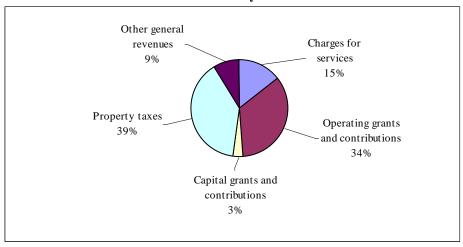
Governmental Activities

The following table summarizes the changes in net assets for 2010.

Changes in Governmental Net Assets

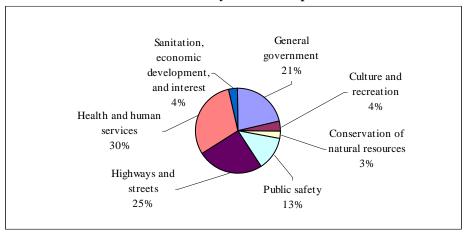
		2010	2009		
D.					
Revenues					
Program revenues	\$	2 504 424	ď	1.067.005	
Charges for services	Ф	2,504,424	\$	1,967,085	
Operating grants and contributions		5,769,936		5,973,054	
Capital grants and contributions		566,248		341,678	
General revenues		<i>((7</i> 0 011		c 201 441	
Property taxes		6,679,911		6,391,441	
Other		1,466,365		2,256,362	
Total Revenues	\$	16,986,884	\$	16,929,620	
Expenses					
General government	\$	3,278,784	\$	2,850,009	
Public safety	Ψ	1,947,291	Ψ	1,825,301	
Highways and streets		3,845,020		3,614,317	
Sanitation		283,809		226,822	
Human services		4,238,905		4,435,383	
Health		454,162		467,342	
Culture and recreation		614,650		602,253	
Conservation of natural resources		434,800		454,585	
Economic development		146,167		160,539	
Interest	<u> </u>	123,664		126,977	
Total Expenses	\$	15,367,252	\$	14,763,528	
•		· · · ·			
Increase in Net Assets	\$	1,619,632	\$	2,166,092	
Net Assets - January 1		47,641,699		45,475,607	
Net Assets - December 31	\$	49,261,331	\$	47,641,699	

Sources of County Revenues



(Unaudited)

Where County Funds Are Spent



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,620,495. The majority of this amount (\$10,553,536) constitutes unreserved fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for various reasons.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Watonwan County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,317,066, while the total fund balance was \$5,074,588. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to annual expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 74.7 percent of total General Fund expenditures for 2010, while total fund balance represents 87.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures. In 2010, the total fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$311,368, with unreserved fund balances increasing by \$399,747 and reserved fund balances decreasing by \$88,379. The primary reasons for the increase in unreserved fund balance were the general government revenues exceeding budget by approximately \$456,951. The primary reasons for the decrease in reserved fund balance were the repayment of a \$60,000 advance to the Ditch Fund and the expenditure of water plan reserves from prior years.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund's fund balance increased by \$412,522 in 2010. The main reason for the increase was construction and maintenance activities variance from budget.

In 2010, the Human Services Special Revenue Fund's fund balance increased by \$389,296.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The largest revenue variances were in miscellaneous revenue, which were due to a dividend from workers' compensation and property/casualty insurance and reimbursement of expenditures from the Human Services Fund. On the expenditure side, actual expenditures were \$183,576 more than budgeted. Significant variances over budget were motor pool expenses (\$31,589), which were unbudgeted, the Sheriff's Department (\$72,731), E911 Radio and Maintenance (\$101,324), and Other General Government costs (\$97,338).

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2010, amounts to \$41,687,619 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was virtually unchanged.

Governmental Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	 2010		2009
Land	\$ 695,771		\$ 695,771
Construction in progress	35,840		49,274
Land improvements	27,039		29,495
Buildings and improvements	5,265,449		5,445,280
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	1,400,941		1,651,197
Infrastructure	 34,262,579		33,599,136
Total	\$ 41,687,619	ı	\$ 41,470,153

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$4,079,543, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Watonwan County's bonds are not rated.

Governmental Outstanding Debt

	 2010	2009		
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,079,543		\$	2,591,757

Additional information on the County's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of debt that a county may levy to three percent of its total market value. As of the end of 2010, Watonwan County is well below the three percent debt limit imposed by state statutes.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

- Watonwan County's unemployment rate was 7.0 percent as of the end of 2010. This is slightly higher than the state-wide rate of 6.8 percent.
- Farm land values continued to increase in 2010, reflecting the profitability in crop farming at this time. Home values continue to decline in value.

At the end of 2010, Watonwan County set its 2011 revenue and expenditure budgets: 2011 budgeted revenues and expenditures of \$17,238,621 and \$16,989,114, respectively.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This annual financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Watonwan County Auditor, Watonwan County Courthouse, 710 Second Avenue South, P. O. Box 518, St. James, Minnesota 56081.





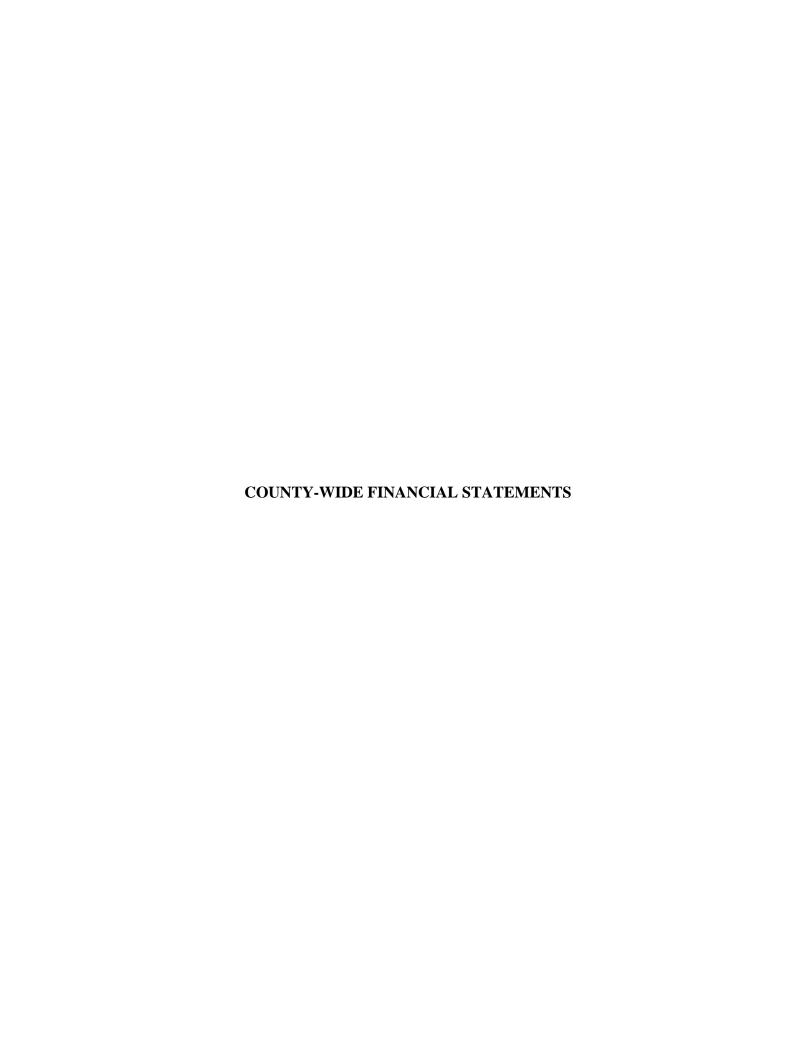




EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2010

Cash and pooled investments	\$ 11,084,905
Taxes receivable	
Prior - net	172,448
Special assessments receivable	
Prior - net	31,863
Noncurrent	484,086
Accounts receivable	370,360
Accrued interest receivable	7,086
Due from other governments	1,717,499
Inventories	156,705
Deferred debt issuance costs	62,209
Capital assets	
Non-depreciable	731,611
Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation	 40,956,008
Total Assets	\$ 55,774,780
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts payable	\$ 296,499
Salaries payable	296,672
Contracts payable	57,544
Due to other governments	60,318
Accrued interest payable	47,675
Unearned revenue	58,204
Long-term liabilities	
Due within one year	2,359,460
Due in more than one year	 3,337,077
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,513,449
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	\$ 39,234,020
Restricted for	
General government	71,326
Public safety	383,872
Highways and streets	651,796
Culture and recreation	152,732
Conservation of natural resources	87,862
Economic development	24,146
Debt service	1,873,082
Unrestricted	 6,782,495
Total Net Assets	\$ 49,261,331

EXHIBIT 2

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		Program Revenues						N	let (Expense)	
	Expenses		Fees, Charges, Fines, and Other		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Change in Net Assets	
Functions/Programs										
Primary government										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$ 3,278,784	\$	505,616	\$	276,222	\$	-	\$	(2,496,946)	
Public safety	1,947,291		242,931		260,827		-		(1,443,533)	
Highways and streets	3,845,020		532,384		2,755,335		563,313		6,012	
Sanitation	283,809		186,916		55,950		-		(40,943)	
Human services	4,238,905		703,850		2,074,052		-		(1,461,003)	
Health	454,162		38,128		242,758		-		(173,276)	
Culture and recreation	614,650		21,644		21,696		2,935		(568,375)	
Conservation of natural	121 000		104 600		02.006				(167.014)	
resources	434,800		184,690		83,096		-		(167,014)	
Economic development	146,167		88,265		-		-		(57,902)	
Interest	123,664			_					(123,664)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 15,367,252	-	2,504,424	_	5,769,936	\$	566,248	\$	(6,526,644)	
	General Revenu	ies						\$	6,679,911	
	Mortgage regis	try and	dood toy					ф	5,315	
	Grants and con	-		l to e	nacific program	c			1,262,448	
	Unrestricted in			1 10 5	pecific program	.5			79,863	
	Miscellaneous	esunen	t carmings						118,739	
	Wiscenaneous								110,739	
	Total general	revenu	ies					\$	8,146,276	
	Change in net	assets						\$	1,619,632	
	Net Assets - Jan	uary 1							47,641,699	
	Net Assets - Dec	ember	31					\$	49,261,331	







BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 General	Road and Bridge		
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 5,134,898	\$	958,419	
Taxes receivable				
Prior	86,653		21,820	
Special assessments				
Prior	11,206		-	
Noncurrent	459,711		-	
Accounts receivable	74,024		26,574	
Accrued interest receivable	2,348		-	
Due from other funds	41,035		17,662	
Due from other governments	18,954		1,195,902	
Inventories	 		156,705	
Total Assets	\$ 5,828,829	\$	2,377,082	

Human Services		 County Ditch	 Debt Service	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total overnmental Funds	
\$	2,012,476	\$ 161,352	\$ 1,871,633	\$	946,127	\$	11,084,905
	45,399	-	6,213		12,363		172,448
	-	70	-		20,587		31,863
	-	24,375	-		-		484,086
	269,762	-	-		-		370,360
	-	-	-		4,738		7,086
	-	-	-		-		58,697
	318,259	6,384	178,000		-		1,717,499
	<u>-</u>	 -	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		156,705
\$	2,645,896	\$ 192,181	\$ 2,055,846	\$	983,815	\$	14,083,649

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	General		Road and Bridge	
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	33,791	\$	88,067
Salaries payable		134,360		46,236
Contracts payable		-		57,544
Due to other funds		16,900		-
Due to other governments		-		_
Matured interest payable		-		_
Deferred revenue - unavailable		510,986		675,985
Deferred revenue - unearned		58,204		-
Total Liabilities	\$	754,241	\$	867,832
Fund Balances				
Reserved for				
Inventories	\$	-	\$	156,705
Law library		15,818		_
Recorder's equipment		23,976		_
E-911		334,465		_
Radio maintenance		45,727		_
Sheriff's contingency		3,680		-
Future projects		20,559		_
Donations		10,973		_
ISTS loans		250,143		_
Clean water partnership		28,035		_
HRA special benefits levy		24,146		_
Unreserved				
Designated for cash flows		1,840,850		541,776
Designated for compensated absences		306,574		219,090
Designated for debt service		-		_
Undesignated		2,169,642		591,679
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor				•
Special revenue funds		-		
Total Fund Balances	\$	5,074,588	\$	1,509,250
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,828,829	\$	2,377,082

Human Services	County Ditch		Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$ 141,552 102,578	\$	5,357	\$	- -	\$	27,732 13,498	\$	296,499 296,672
-		-		-		-		57,544
41,525		272		-		-		58,697
60,318		-		-		-		60,318
-		-		264		-		264
212,334		24,429		182,500		28,722		1,634,956
 -		-	-			-	-	58,204
\$ 558,307	\$	30,058	\$	182,764	\$	69,952	\$	2,463,154
\$ _	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	156,705
-		-		-		-		15,818
-		-		-		-		23,976
-		-		-		-		334,465
-		-		-		-		45,727
-		-		-		-		3,680
-		-		-		-		20,559
-		-		-		152,732		163,705
-		-		-		-		250,143
-		-		-		-		28,035
-		-		-		-		24,146
1,074,953		-		-		-		3,457,579
283,107		-		-		-		808,771
-		-		1,873,082		-		1,873,082
729,529		162,123		-		-		3,652,973
 -				<u>-</u>		761,131		761,131
\$ 2,087,589	\$	162,123	\$	1,873,082	\$	913,863	\$	11,620,495
\$ 2,645,896	\$	192,181	\$	2,055,846	\$	983,815	\$	14,083,649



EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF THE FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 11,620,495
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		41,687,619
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		1,634,956
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
General obligation bonds	\$ (4,110,000)	
Accrued interest payable	(47,411)	
Deferred debt issuance charges	62,209	
Discount on bonds	30,457	
Loans payable	(654,539)	
Net OPEB liabilities	(113,292)	
Compensated absences	 (849,163)	 (5,681,739)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 49,261,331

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		General	 Road and Bridge
Revenues			
Taxes	\$	3,415,238	\$ 845,958
Special assessments		117,618	_
Licenses and permits		13,077	-
Intergovernmental		1,261,870	3,304,494
Charges for services		712,019	235,199
Fines and forfeits		880	-
Gifts and contributions		1,300	-
Investment earnings		76,576	-
Miscellaneous		385,456	 345,504
Total Revenues	\$	5,984,034	\$ 4,731,155
Expenditures			
Current			
General government	\$	3,064,370	\$ -
Public safety		1,956,823	-
Highways and streets		-	4,128,694
Sanitation		-	-
Human services		-	-
Health		-	-
Culture and recreation		51,304	-
Conservation of natural resources		395,861	-
Economic development		153,167	-
Intergovernmental		-	168,984
Capital outlay		45,483	-
Debt service			
Principal		97,100	-
Interest		11,770	-
Bond issuance costs		-	-
Administrative charges		-	 -
Total Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	5,775,878	\$ 4,297,678
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	208,156	\$ 433,477

	Human Services		County Ditch		Debt Service		Other vernmental Funds	<u>G</u>	Total overnmental Funds
\$	1,742,394	\$	_	\$	228,071	\$	465,751	\$	6,697,412
Ψ	-	Ψ	55,085	Ψ	-	Ψ	171,156	Ψ	343,859
	-		-		_		-		13,077
	2,648,418		-		35,129		168,145		7,418,056
	502,270		-		-		4,482		1,453,970
	-		-		_		10,664		11,544
	-		-		_		2,935		4,235
	-		-		_		4,579		81,155
	238,899		329		-		16,165		986,353
\$	5,131,981	\$	55,414	\$	263,200	\$	843,877	\$	17,009,661
\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	3,064,370
Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	-	φ	-	Ψ	1,956,823
	_		_		_		_		4,128,694
	_		_		_		283,809		283,809
	4,220,187		_		_		-		4,220,187
	456,978		-		_		_		456,978
	-		-		_		573,036		624,340
	_		41,627		_		-		437,488
	-		-		_		-		153,167
	-		-		_		-		168,984
	-		-		-		-		45,483
	-		_		165,000		_		262,100
	-		-		103,470		-		115,240
	-		-		36,825		-		36,825
	<u> </u>		-		850		-		850
\$	4,677,165	<u>\$</u>	41,627	\$	306,145	\$	856,845	\$	15,955,338
\$	454,816	\$	13,787	\$	(42,945)	\$	(12,968)	\$	1,054,323

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 General	 Road and Bridge
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in	\$ 65,520	\$ 7,828
Transfers out	(12,527)	-
Refunding bonds issued	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-
Proceeds from loan	 50,219	 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 103,212	\$ 7,828
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 311,368	\$ 441,305
Fund Balances - January 1	4,763,220	1,096,728
Increase (decrease) in reserved for inventories	 <u> </u>	 (28,783)
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 5,074,588	\$ 1,509,250

 Human Services	County Ditch		Debt Service		Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ (65,520) - - -	\$	2,452 - - - -	\$	- 1,650,000 555 -	\$	2,247 - - - -	\$	78,047 (78,047) 1,650,000 555 50,219	
\$ (65,520)	<u>\$</u>	2,452	\$	1,650,555	\$	2,247	\$	1,700,774	
\$ 389,296 1,698,293	\$	16,239 145,884	\$	1,607,610 265,472	\$	(10,721) 924,584	\$	2,755,097 8,894,181 (28,783)	
\$ 2,087,589	\$	162,123	\$	1,873,082	\$	913,863	\$	11,620,495	

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)			\$ 2,755,097
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, in the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of assets is reported; whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Therefore, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the assets sold.			
Capital outlay expenditures	\$	1,660,383	
Net book value of asset disposals		(8,520)	
Depreciation expense		(1,434,397)	217,466
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Decrease in deferred revenue for taxes and special assessments Increase in deferred revenue for grants and allotments	\$	(80,316) 132,133	51,817
Issuing long-term debt (such as bonds or loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is issued; these amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of activities.			
Proceeds of new debt			
Loans payable	\$	(50,219)	
General obligation refunding bonds		(1,650,000)	
Premium on bonds		(555)	
New debt bond issuance costs		36,825	(1,663,949)
Repayment of debt principal			262,100
Amortization of premium/discounts on debt and issuance costs			(4,935)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in inventories	\$	(28,783)	
Change in accrued interest payable	Ψ	(2,639)	
Change in OPEB liabilities		(34,493)	
Change in compensated absences		67,951	 2,036
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)			\$ 1,619,632

EXHIBIT 7

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgete		ed Amounts		Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	3,375,791	\$	3,375,791	\$	3,415,238	\$	39,447
Special assessments		113,127		113,127		117,618		4,491
Licenses and permits		10,640		10,640		13,077		2,437
Intergovernmental		1,125,252		1,125,252		1,261,870		136,618
Charges for services		697,673		697,673		712,019		14,346
Fines and forfeits		-		-		880		880
Gifts and contributions		_		_		1,300		1,300
Investment earnings		115,000		115,000		76,576		(38,424)
Miscellaneous		89,600		89,600		385,456		295,856
Total Revenues	\$	5,527,083	\$	5,527,083	\$	5,984,034	\$	456,951
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
County commissioners	\$	215,025	\$	215,025	\$	196,399	\$	18,626
Court administrator		26,200		26,200		42,072		(15,872)
Law library		14,000		14,000		20,389		(6,389)
County auditor		233,147		233,147		230,328		2,819
License center		87,611		87,611		87,528		83
County treasurer		138,684		138,684		137,302		1,382
Personnel		76,035		76,035		71,031		5,004
Central services		156,150		156,150		135,166		20,984
Elections		37,750		37,750		36,125		1,625
Information services		168,901		168,901		163,898		5,003
County attorney		253,254		253,254		279,555		(26,301)
Attorney's contingent		7,500		7,500		5,911		1,589
Victim witness		47,556		47,556		48,334		(778)
Drug court		3,528		3,528		3,528		-
County recorder		164,059		164,059		198,249		(34,190)
County assessor		235,224		235,224		222,969		12,255
Building maintenance		307,651		307,651		255,040		52,611
Veterans service		111,313		111,313		104,730		6,583
Motor pool		-		-		31,589		(31,589)
Public transit		285,603		285,603		269,313		16,290
Other general government		427,576		427,576		524,914		(97,338)
Total general government	\$	2,996,767	\$	2,996,767	\$	3,064,370	\$	(67,603)

EXHIBIT 7 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgetee	l Amou	ints	Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Expenditures						
Current (Continued)						
Public safety						
County sheriff	\$ 1,074,054	\$	1,074,054	\$ 1,146,785	\$	(72,731)
Sheriff's contingent	5,000		5,000	148		4,852
Jail	459,603		459,603	440,894		18,709
E-911 and radio maintenance	13,000		13,000	114,324		(101,324)
County coroner	7,800		7,800	12,269		(4,469)
Court services	213,626		213,626	183,331		30,295
Emergency management	 37,735		37,735	59,072		(21,337)
Total public safety	\$ 1,810,818	\$	1,810,818	\$ 1,956,823	\$	(146,005)
Culture and recreation						
County parks	\$ 22,000	\$	22,000	\$ 17,404	\$	4,596
Historical society	 33,900		33,900	 33,900		-
Total culture and recreation	\$ 55,900	\$	55,900	\$ 51,304	\$	4,596
Conservation of natural resources						
Environmental services	\$ 97,056	\$	97,056	\$ 98,863	\$	(1,807)
County extension	87,324		87,324	88,911		(1,587)
Agricultural society/fair grounds	43,000		43,000	45,218		(2,218)
Soil and water conservation	55,600		55,600	55,600		-
CWP project	40,994		40,994	7,425		33,569
Local water plan block grant	 95,400		95,400	 99,844		(4,444)
Total conservation of natural						
resources	\$ 419,374	\$	419,374	\$ 395,861	\$	23,513
Economic development						
Employment and training	\$ 97,873	\$	97,873	\$ 90,042	\$	7,831
Economic development	 64,000		64,000	 63,125		875
Total economic development	\$ 161,873	\$	161,873	\$ 153,167	\$	8,706

EXHIBIT 7 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted	l Amou	ints	Actual	Va	riance with
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Expenditures (Continued)						
Capital outlay						
General government	\$ 27,000	\$	27,000	\$ 45,483	\$	(18,483)
Debt service						
Principal	\$ 107,633	\$	107,633	\$ 97,100	\$	10,533
Interest	\$ 12,937	\$	12,937	\$ 11,770	\$	1,167
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,592,302	\$	5,592,302	\$ 5,775,878	\$	(183,576)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ (65,219)	\$	(65,219)	\$ 208,156	\$	273,375
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	\$ 65,520	\$	65,520	\$ 65,520	\$	-
Transfers out	-		-	(12,527)		(12,527)
Proceeds from loans	 -		-	 50,219		50,219
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	\$ 65,520	\$	65,520	\$ 103,212	\$	37,692
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 301	\$	301	\$ 311,368	\$	311,067
Fund Balance - January 1	 4,763,220		4,763,220	 4,763,220		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 4,763,521	\$	4,763,521	\$ 5,074,588	\$	311,067

EXHIBIT 8

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		Budgeted	l Amou	ints		Actual	Va	riance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	865,649	\$	865,649	\$	845,958	\$	(19,691)
Intergovernmental		3,068,670		3,068,670		3,304,494		235,824
Charges for services		260,000		260,000		235,199		(24,801)
Miscellaneous		179,800		179,800		345,504		165,704
Total Revenues	\$	4,374,119	\$	4,374,119	\$	4,731,155	\$	357,036
Expenditures								
Current								
Highways and streets								
Administration	\$	434,200	\$	434,200	\$	448,579	\$	(14,379)
Maintenance		1,163,128		1,163,128		1,011,438		151,690
Construction		1,744,691		1,744,691		1,574,701		169,990
Equipment maintenance and shop		837,100		837,100		780,442		56,658
Other		200,000		200,000		313,534		(113,534)
Total highways and streets	\$	4,379,119	\$	4,379,119	\$	4,128,694	\$	250,425
Intergovernmental								
Highways and streets		-		-		168,984		(168,984)
Total Expenditures	\$	4,379,119	\$	4,379,119	\$	4,297,678	\$	81,441
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(5,000)	\$	(5,000)	\$	433,477	\$	438,477
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		5,000		5,000		7,828		2,828
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	441,305	\$	441,305
Fund Balance - January 1		1,096,728		1,096,728		1,096,728		-
Increase (decrease) in reserved for inventories		-		-		(28,783)		(28,783)
	φ.	1.00 / 200	d.	1.00 < 500	ф		ф	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,096,728	\$	1,096,728	\$	1,509,250	\$	412,522

EXHIBIT 9

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted	l Amou	ınts	Actual		Variance with	
	 Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 1,782,327	\$	1,782,327	\$	1,742,394	\$	(39,933)
Intergovernmental	2,487,987		2,487,987		2,648,418		160,431
Charges for services	216,414		216,414		502,270		285,856
Miscellaneous	 201,154		201,154		238,899		37,745
Total Revenues	\$ 4,687,882	\$	4,687,882	\$	5,131,981	\$	444,099
Expenditures							
Current							
Human services							
Income maintenance	\$ 1,038,602	\$	1,038,602	\$	1,007,235	\$	31,367
Social services	 3,145,120		3,145,120		3,212,952		(67,832)
Total human services	\$ 4,183,722	\$	4,183,722	\$	4,220,187	\$	(36,465)
Health							
Community health services	 566,570		566,570		456,978		109,592
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,750,292	\$	4,750,292	\$	4,677,165	\$	73,127
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$ (62,410)	\$	(62,410)	\$	454,816	\$	517,226
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out	 -		-		(65,520)		(65,520)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (62,410)	\$	(62,410)	\$	389,296	\$	451,706
Fund Balance - January 1	 1,698,293		1,698,293		1,698,293		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 1,635,883	\$	1,635,883	\$	2,087,589	\$	451,706

EXHIBIT 10

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT COUNTY DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Special assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,085	\$	55,085
Miscellaneous						329		329
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,414	\$	55,414
Expenditures								
Current								
Conservation of natural resources								
Other (ditch repairs)						41,627		(41,627)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,787	\$	13,787
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in						2,452		2,452
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,239	\$	16,239
Fund Balance - January 1		145,884		145,884		145,884		_
Tuna Damice Junuary 1	-	110,004		110,004	-	110,004		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	145,884	\$	145,884	\$	162,123	\$	16,239





EXHIBIT 11

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Assets

Cash and pooled investments	<u>\$</u>	251,109
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	24,470 226,639
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	251,109



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued through November 30, 1989, (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Watonwan County was established February 25, 1860, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

Joint Ventures

The County participates in joint ventures described in Note 5.B. The County also participates in jointly-governed organizations described in Note 5.C.

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

1. County-Wide Statements

The county-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) display information about the County. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. <u>County-Wide Statements</u> (Continued)

In the county-wide statement of net assets, the governmental activities column: (a) is presented on a consolidated basis; and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net assets are reported in three parts: (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; (2) restricted net assets; and (3) unrestricted net assets. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, with each displayed as a separate column in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The <u>Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for economic assistance and community social services programs.

The <u>County Ditch Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the County ditch system. Financing is provided by assessing benefited property owners.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the County's debt activity.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Special revenue funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Agency funds</u> are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The county-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are generally recognized in the period the appropriation goes into effect. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Watonwan County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, shared revenues, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2010, based on market prices. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Pooled investment earnings for 2010 were \$76,576.

Watonwan County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The MAGIC Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 prescribed by the SEC pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 C.F.R. § 270.2a-7). Therefore, the fair value of the County's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Investments of the County are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

2. <u>Receivables and Payables</u> (Continued)

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

3. Inventories

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund inventory is valued using the weighted average method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time the item is purchased. Inventories at the county-wide level are reported as expenses when consumed.

Inventories, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve to indicate that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (such as roads and bridges), are reported in the county-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

4. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
D. H.P.	25 50
Buildings	25 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	5 - 20
Infrastructure	50 - 75

5. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the county-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

6. <u>Def</u>erred Revenue

All County funds and the county-wide financial statements defer revenue for resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Governmental funds also report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity</u> (Continued)

7. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the county-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans subject to change.

9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all major governmental funds and nonmajor special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

On or before mid-August of each year, all departments submit requests for appropriations to the County Auditor so that a budget can be prepared. Before October 31, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. Transfers of appropriations within a department and between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control--the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations--is the fund level.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reapportioned and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The funds shown below had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2010.

	Expenditures		 Budget	Excess		
Major Funds						
General Fund	\$	5,775,878	\$ 5,592,302	\$	183,576	
County Ditch Special Revenue Fund		41,627	-		41,627	
Debt Service Fund		306,145	268,470		37,675	
Nonmajor Funds						
County Library Special Revenue Fund		573,036	569,707		3,329	
Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund		283,809	267,307		16,502	

The excess of expenditures over budget was funded by unanticipated revenues and available fund balance.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's total cash and investments are as follows:

Governmental funds
Cash and pooled investments
Fiduciary funds
Cash and pooled investments
Agency funds

Total Cash and Investments

\$ 11,084,905

\$ 251,109

a. Deposits

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

a. <u>Deposits</u> (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. It is County policy to minimize custodial credit risk of deposits by making deposits with financial institutions as defined by Minn. Stat. § 118A.01, and by obtaining necessary documentation of perfected security interest in pledged collateral from the financial institutions. As of December 31, 2010, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

b. Investments

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. It is the County's policy to minimize exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations; thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds or similar investment pools, and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the County's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a policy to mitigate custodial credit risk.

At December 31, 2010, none of the County's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. It is the County's policy to minimize concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimal. As of December 31, 2010, all of the County's investment carrying value balance of \$602,496 was invested in the MAGIC Fund.

2. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2010, for the County are as follows:

	R	Total eceivables	Sch Collect	Amounts Not Scheduled for Collection During the Subsequent Year			
Taxes - prior Special assessments - prior Special assessments - noncurrent	\$	172,448 31,863 484,086	\$	- - 356,869			
Accounts Accrued interest Due from other governments		370,360 7,086 1,717,499		165,000			
Total	\$	2,783,342	\$	521,869			

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance	
Capital assets not depreciated								
Land	\$	695,771	\$	-	\$	-	\$	695,771
Construction in progress		49,274		14,811		28,245		35,840
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$	745,045	\$	14,811	\$	28,245	\$	731,611
Capital assets depreciated								
Buildings	\$	7,889,289	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,889,289
Land improvements		49,128		-		-		49,128
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		5,558,235		74,456		41,590		5,591,101
Infrastructure		46,605,990		1,599,361				48,205,351
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	60,102,642	\$	1,673,817	\$	41,590	\$	61,734,869
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings	\$	2,444,009	\$	179,831	\$	-	\$	2,623,840
Land improvements		19,633		2,456		-		22,089
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		3,907,038		316,192		33,070		4,190,160
Infrastructure		13,006,854		935,918				13,942,772
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	19,377,534	\$	1,434,397	\$	33,070	\$	20,778,861
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	40,725,108	\$	239,420	\$	8,520	\$	40,956,008
Capital Assets, Net	\$	41,470,153	\$	254,231	\$	36,765	\$	41,687,619

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 217,033
Public safety	45,630
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	1,122,675
Human services	46,670
Culture and recreation	1,325
Conservation of natural resources	 1,064
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,434,397

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Interfund Receivables</u>, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2010, is as follows:

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Purpose		
General	Human Services	\$ 41,035	Reimbursement for services		
Road and Bridge	General Human Services County Ditch	\$ 16,900 490 272	Reimbursement for services Reimbursement for services Reimbursement for services		
Total due to Road and Bridge Fund		\$ 17,662			
Total Due To/From Other Funds		\$ 58,697			

2. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Transfers Out	Transfers In	A	mount	Purpose
General	Road and Bridge County Library County Ditch	\$	7,828 2,247 2,452	Allocated interest Allocated interest Allocated interest
Total transfers out of General Fund		\$	12,527	
Human Services	General		65,520	2010 rent
Total Transfers In/Out		\$	78,047	

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

C. Liabilities

1. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Watonwan County provides postemployment health care benefits for retirees and elected officials. Within 60 days of the effective date of an elected County official's retirement or termination, the County shall contribute an amount equal to the annual premium for single health insurance coverage in effect at the time of termination or retirement for every four complete years of service, up to a maximum of five terms. As of December 31, 2010, the County recorded a liability of \$151,800 for the elected officials' termination benefits.

The County also provides health insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and their spouses under a single-employer self-insured plan. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy. This postemployment benefit is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, usually paying retiree benefits out of the General Fund. For 2010, there were approximately 140 participants in the plan, including 4 retirees and 1 spouse. The implicit rate subsidy amount was determined by an actuarial study to be \$21,524 for 2010.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the plan.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

1. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation</u> (Continued)

ARC Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$	57,101 3,546 (4,630)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	\$	56,017 (21,524)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation - January 1	\$	34,493 78,799
Net OPEB obligation - December 31	_\$	113,292

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009, and 2010, were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost		mployer tributions	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligations	
December 31, 2008 December 31, 2009 December 31, 2010	\$	57,101 56,516 56,017	\$ 14,566 20,252 21,524	25.5% 35.8 38.4	\$ 42,535 78,799 113,292	

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0.0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$483,308, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$483,308. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,006,800, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 9.7 percent.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

1. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit cost between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2008, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5 percent investment rate of return (net of investment expenses), which is Watonwan County's implicit rate of return on the General Fund. The annual health care cost trend is 9.0 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent over 8 years. Both rates included a 3.0 percent inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years as a level dollar on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2010, was 27 years.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

2. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

Bonds

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amount	Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount	Balance scember 31, 2010
G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2004A	2021	\$130,000 - \$190,000	3.50 - 4.50	\$ 2,115,000	\$ 1,740,000
G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2005A	2026	\$35,000 - \$60,000	3.70 - 4.40	845,000	720,000
G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A	2021	\$150,000 - \$180,000	1.00 - 3.00	 1,650,000	 1,650,000
Total				\$ 4,610,000	\$ 4,110,000
Less: unamortized discount					 (30,457)
Total General Obligation Bonds, Net					\$ 4,079,543

Capital improvement bonds are being retired by the Debt Service Fund.

Loans Payable

The County entered into loan agreements with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for the purpose of funding Clean Water Partnership Projects. The loans are secured by special assessments against benefited properties. Loan payments are reported in the General Fund.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u>

2. Long-Term Debt

Loans Payable (Continued)

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amount	Interest Rate (%)	 Original Issue Amount]	Balance cember 31,
Watonwan Watershed Clean Water Partnership Project, SRF0047	2014	\$22,853	2.00	\$ 485,926	\$	153,761
Watonwan Watershed Continuation Clean Water Partnership Project, SRF0108	2017	\$28,212	2.00	541,173		366,865
Greater Blue Earth and Des Moines River Clean Water Partnership Project, SRF0221	2023	\$17,290	2.00	39,496		39,496
Watonwan Ag Best Management Loan Program	2021	\$633 - \$6,959	-	 114,047		94,417
Total Loans				\$ 1,180,642	\$	654,539

3. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2010, were as follows:

Year Ending	G	General Obligation Bonds				Loans Payable			
December 31	Pri	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2011	\$	165,000	\$	121,540	\$	102.581	\$	9.954	
2012	Ψ	320,000	Ψ	122,707	Ψ	106,158	Ψ	8,101	
2013		320,000		114,985		106,187		6,211	
2014		340,000		106,755		85,571		4,283	
2015		350,000		97,655		64,313		3,004	
2016 - 2020		1,920,000		314,309		149,600		2,766	
2021 - 2025		635,000		49,753		633		-	
2026 - 2030		60,000		1,320					
Total	\$	4,110,000	\$	929,024	\$	615,043	\$	34,319	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

3. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u> (Continued)

The debt service requirements for the loan from the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency in the amount of \$39,496 are not known as of December 31, 2010.

Current Debt Refunding

On November 1, 2010, the County issued \$1,650,000 of G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds with an average interest rate of 2.27 percent to advance refund the G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds of 2004 with an average interest rate of 4.08 percent. The net proceeds of \$1,610,000 will be used to pay the refunded bonds on their call date of February 1, 2011.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$36,368. This difference, reported in the statement of net assets as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through 2021 using the straight-line method. The County completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next ten years by \$143,818 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$123,930.

4. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2004A	\$	1,870,000	\$	-	\$	130,000	\$	1,740,000	\$	1,740,000
G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2005A		755,000		-		35,000		720,000		35,000
G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A		-		1,650,000		-		1,650,000		-
Less: unamortized discount on bonds		(33,243)	_			(2,786)	_	(30,457)	_	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

4. <u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u> (Continued)

	 Beginning Balance	Additions	R	eductions		Ending Balance	_	Oue Within One Year
Total bonds payable	\$ 2,591,757	\$ 1,650,000	\$	162,214	\$	4,079,543	\$	1,775,000
Loans payable	701,420	50,219		97,100		654,539		102,581
Net OPEB liabilities	78,799	56,017		21,524		113,292		-
Compensated absences	 917,114	 		67,951	_	849,163		481,879
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 4,289,090	\$ 1,756,236	\$	348,789	\$	5,696,537	\$	2,359,460

5. Construction Commitments

The County has active construction projects as of December 31, 2010. The projects include the following:

	Spe	ent-to-Date	emaining mmitment
Governmental Activities Roads and bridges	\$	1,062,665	\$ 284,653

D. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

D. Risk Management (Continued)

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$450,000 per claim in 2010 and 2011. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Watonwan County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Fund (the Public Employees Correctional Fund), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

General Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, and benefits vest after three years of credited service (five years for those first eligible for membership after June 30, 2010).

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

<u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

All police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. Members who are employed in a county correctional institution as a correctional guard or officer, a joint jailer/dispatcher, or as a supervisor of correctional guards or officers or of joint jailer/dispatchers and are directly responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional institution and its inmates, are covered by the Public Employees Correctional Fund. For members first eligible for membership after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a graduated schedule starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing 10 percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years. Members eligible for membership before July 1, 2010, are fully vested after three years of service.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute. Defined retirement benefits are based on a member's average yearly salary for the five highest-paid consecutive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Employees Retirement Fund Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each year thereafter. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each successive year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Public Employees Correctional Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.9 percent of average salary for each year of service.

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

<u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

For all General Employees Retirement Fund members hired prior to July 1, 1989, whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, and for all Public Employees Police and Fire Fund and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 55 for Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, and either 65 or 66 (depending on date hired) for General Employees Retirement Fund members. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The County makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. General Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members are required to contribute 9.10 and 6.00 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members are required to contribute 9.40 percent. Public Employees Correctional Fund members are required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary.

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Funding Policy (Continued)

The County is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll in 2010:

General Employees Retirement Fund	
Basic Plan members	11.78%
Coordinated Plan members	7.00
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	14.10
Public Employees Correctional Fund	8.75

The County's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, for the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund were:

	 2010	2009		 2008
General Employees Retirement Fund	\$ 286,527	\$	322,851	\$ 304,356
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	41,261		59,820	57,354
Public Employees Correctional Fund	13,162		20,043	18,027

These contribution amounts are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

B. <u>Defined Contribution Plan</u>

Six employees of Watonwan County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer, deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the State Legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

4. Pension Plans

B. Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employees may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by the County during the year ended December 31, 2010, were:

	En	nployee	Employer		
Contribution amount	\$	8,404	\$	8,404	
Percentage of covered payroll		5%		5%	

Required contribution rates were 5.00 percent.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items (Continued)

B. Joint Ventures

Red Rock Rural Water System

The Red Rock Rural Water System was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 116A through a joint powers agreement, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and under the jurisdiction of the Fifth Judicial District. The Counties of Brown, Cottonwood, Lyon, Murray, Redwood, and Watonwan have agreed to guarantee their shares of debt arising within each respective county. The Red Rock Rural Water System provides water for participating rural water users and cities within the water district.

The governing body is composed of nine members appointed to three-year terms by the District Court. Each county is responsible for levying and collecting the special assessments from the benefited properties within the county. The bond issue and notes payable are shown as long-term debt in the financial statements of the Red Rock Rural Water System. Outstanding governmental activities indebtedness at December 31, 2009 (the most current information available), amounted to \$11,845,000, and business-type indebtedness was \$219,586. The Water System's net assets decreased by \$130,750 in 2009.

A complete financial report of the Red Rock Rural Water System can be obtained at P. O. Box 160, Jeffers, Minnesota 56145.

Three Counties for Kids Collaborative

The Three Counties for Kids Collaborative was established in 1996 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Collaborative includes Brown, Sibley, and Watonwan Counties; River Bend Education District; and Sioux Trails Mental Health Center. The purpose of the Collaborative is to join local units of government together to ensure a unified, unduplicated, and family-friendly system of intervention and care for families and children. The Collaborative provides improved coordination for children and families through information sharing, elimination of duplicate services, and cooperative efforts. The Collaborative funds selected projects and services that support intervention and the prevention of out-of-home placement of children at risk.

Control of the Collaborative is vested in a Board of Directors consisting of seven members. Brown County Family Services acts as fiscal agent for the Collaborative. The Collaborative is financed by Local Collaborative Time Study (LCTS) funds. During 2010, Watonwan County made \$6,176 in contributions to the Collaborative.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

<u>Three Counties for Kids Collaborative</u> (Continued)

Any withdrawing party remains liable for fiscal obligations incurred prior to the effective date of withdrawal and shall not be entitled to any compensation as long as the Collaborative continues in existence. Should the Collaborative cease to exist, all property, real and personal, at the time of the termination shall be distributed by the Three Counties for Kids Collaborative Board of Directors.

Complete financial information may be obtained by contacting the Brown County Family Services Department, New Ulm, Minnesota 56073.

Vision for Family and Community Collaborative

The Vision for Family and Community Collaborative was established in 1996 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 121.8355 (now Minn. Stat. § 124D.23). The Collaborative includes Watonwan County and St. James, Madelia, and Butterfield Independent School Districts. The Joint Powers Board ensures the availability of comprehensive services designed to enhance or strengthen family functioning.

Control of the Collaborative is vested in a Joint Powers Board. The Joint Powers Board is composed of nine members. Watonwan County Human Services acts as fiscal agent for the Collaborative. The Collaborative is financed by LCTS funds. During 2010, Watonwan County made no contributions to the Collaborative. Any withdrawing party remains fiscally liable until the effective date of withdrawal. Should the Collaborative cease to exist, all property, real and personal, held by the Joint Powers Board at the time of the termination shall be distributed by resolution of the Board in accordance with law and in a manner to best accomplish the purpose of the Collaborative.

C. <u>Jointly-Governed Organizations</u>

The Greater Blue Earth River Basin Alliance (GBERBA) establishes goals, policies, and objectives to protect and enhance land and water resources in the Greater Blue Earth River Basin. During the year, the County made \$2,672 in contributions to the GBERBA.

The Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative provides computer programming services for the County. During the year, the County purchased \$81,940 of services.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

The Rural Minnesota Energy Board was established in 2005 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The purpose of the Board is to provide policy guidance on issues surrounding energy development in rural Minnesota and to foster the diversification of the economic climate in rural Minnesota. The focus of the Board includes, but is not limited to, renewable energy, wind energy, energy transmission lines, hydrogen energy technology, and bio-diesel and ethanol use. During 2010, Watonwan County paid \$2,500 to the Board.

The South Central Community Based Initiative was formed with nine other counties to provide mental health services to residents. Contributions to the group are made by the Human Services Board. The County made no payments to the Community Based Initiative in 2010.

The South Central Emergency Medical Services (SEMS) provides various emergency medical services to several counties. During the year, the County made no contributions to the SEMS.

The South Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 403.39 and a joint powers agreement effective May 27, 2008. The primary function of the joint venture is to provide regional administration of enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System for the Allied Radio Matrix for Emergency Response (ARMER), owned and operated by the State of Minnesota, and to enhance and improve interoperable public safety communications.

The South Central Regional IMMTRACK (immunization registry) Joint Powers Board promotes an implementation and maintenance of a regional immunization information system to ensure age-appropriate immunizations through complete and accurate records.

The South Central Workforce Council Joint Powers Board is comprised of one representative from each of the participating County Boards. The Board is the local governmental body that appoints the Workforce Council members and is a full partner with them in overseeing area employment and training programs.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

The Three Rivers Resource Conservation & Development (RC&D) is a locally initiated, sponsored, and directed organization that works to enhance the quality of life by improving the economic, social, and environmental conditions within the area. During the year, the County paid \$650 to the RC&D.

D. Agricultural Best Management Loan Program

The County has entered into an agreement with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and a local lending institution to jointly administer a loan program to individuals to implement projects that prevent or mitigate non-point source water pollution. While the County is not liable for the repayment of the loan in any manner, it does have certain responsibilities under the agreement. The County has met those responsibilities for 2010.

E. Special Benefit Tax Levy

In 1993, the South Central Minnesota Multi-County Housing Authority issued \$20,315,000 of revenue bonds to construct housing units in Watonwan County and four surrounding counties. The Authority has since defaulted on these bonds. In 2000, the counties entered into a settlement agreement where each of the counties will approve a special benefit tax levy on behalf of the Authority from 2001 through 2024 to cover the operating deficits based on each county's proportionate share of housing units constructed. Watonwan County's proportionate share of the operating deficit for 2010 is \$83,102. The proportionate share of the counties may change for years 2011 through 2024 if there are changes in the taxable market value over the 2001 taxable market value; however, the County's share may not increase by the lesser of two percent or the increase over the 2001 taxable market value.





EXHIBIT A-1

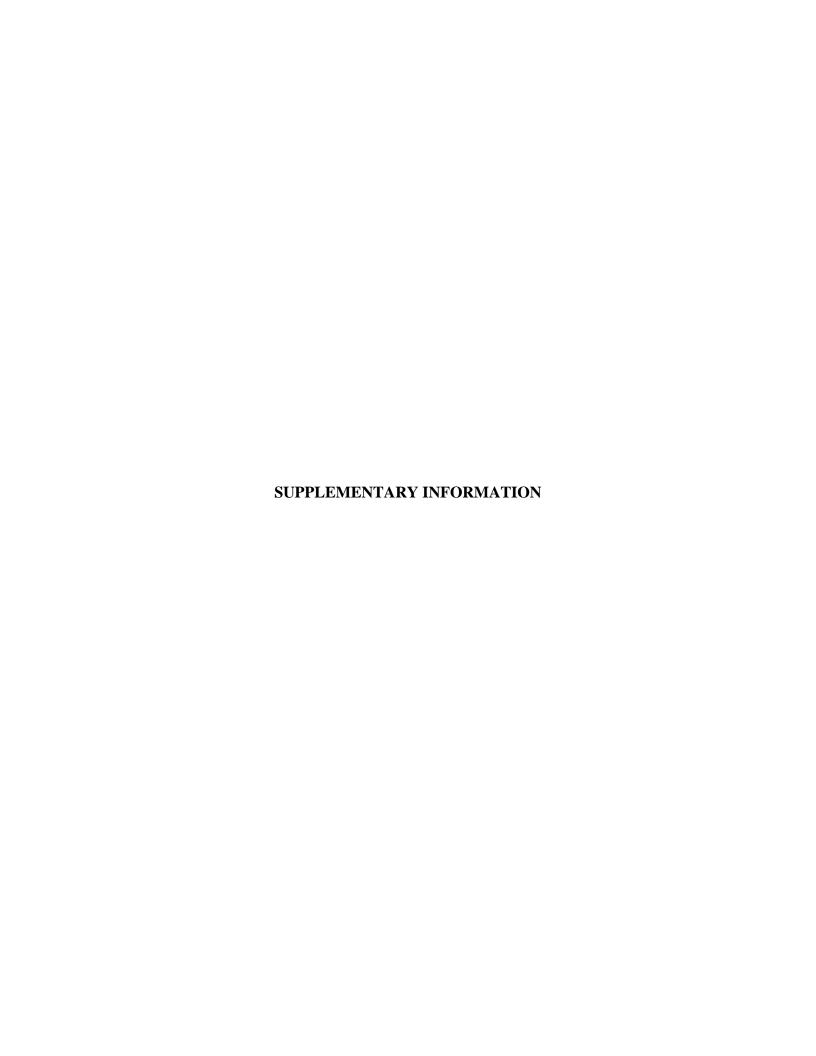
SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DECEMBER 31, 2010

		Actuarial	Unfunded Actuarial			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial Value of	Accrued Liability	Accrued Liability	Funded	Covered	Percentage of Covered
Valuation Date	Assets (a)	(AAL) (b)	(UAAL) (b-a)	Ratio (a/b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll ((b-a)/c)
January 1, 2008	\$ -	\$ 483,308	\$ 483,308	0.0%	\$ 5,006,800	9.7%

See Note 3.C.1., Other Postemployment Benefits, for more information.

Multi-year trend information is not available at this time, as Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 45 was implemented in 2008. Future notes will provide additional trend analysis to meet the three actuarial valuations requirement as the information becomes available.







COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



EXHIBIT B-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Amounts	F	inal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	228,150	\$	228,150	\$ 228,071	\$	(79)
Intergovernmental		40,320		40,320	 35,129		(5,191)
Total Revenues	\$	268,470	\$	268,470	\$ 263,200	\$	(5,270)
Expenditures							
Debt service							
Principal	\$	165,000	\$	165,000	\$ 165,000	\$	-
Interest		103,470		103,470	103,470		-
Bond issuance cost		-		-	36,825		(36,825)
Administrative charges					 850		(850)
Total Expenditures	\$	268,470	\$	268,470	\$ 306,145	\$	(37,675)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$		\$ (42,945)	\$	(42,945)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Refunding bonds issued	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,650,000	\$	1,650,000
Premium on bonds issued					 555		555
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	\$	-	\$		\$ 1,650,555	\$	1,650,555
Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,607,610	\$	1,607,610
Fund Balance - January 1		265,472		265,472	265,472		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	265,472	\$	265,472	\$ 1,873,082	\$	1,607,610



OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>County Library</u> - to account for the funds of the County library system. Financing comes primarily from an annual tax levy and intergovernmental revenue from the state government.

<u>Solid Waste</u> - to account for the County recycling programs. Financing is provided by a tax levy, user charges, and state grants.



EXHIBIT C-1

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

		unds				
		County		Solid		
		Library		Waste		Total
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and pooled investments	\$	553,382	\$	392,745	\$	946,127
Taxes receivable		12.062		200		10.262
Prior Special assessments receivable		12,063		300		12,363
Prior		_		20,587		20,587
Accrued interest receivable		4,738		-		4,738
Total Assets	\$	570,183	\$	413,632	\$	983,815
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	8,888	\$	18,844	\$	27,732
Salaries payable		13,498		-		13,498
Deferred revenue - unavailable		13,389		15,333		28,722
Total Liabilities	\$	35,775	\$	34,177	\$	69,952
Fund Balances						
Reserved for donations	\$	152,732	\$	-	\$	152,732
Unreserved						
Designated for cash flows		278,765		6,875		285,640
Designated for compensated absences		40,392		-		40,392
Undesignated		62,519		372,580		435,099
Total Fund Balances	\$	534,408	\$	379,455	\$	913,863
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	570,183	\$	413,632	\$	983,815

EXHIBIT C-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Special Re	venue F	unds		
	 County		Solid Waste		
	 Library				Total
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 454,798	\$	10,953	\$	465,751
Special assessments	-		171,156		171,156
Intergovernmental	110,003		58,142		168,145
Charges for services	4,482		-		4,482
Fines and forfeits	10,664		-		10,664
Gifts and contributions	2,935		-		2,935
Investment earnings	4,579		-		4,579
Miscellaneous	 1,454		14,711		16,165
Total Revenues	\$ 588,915	\$	254,962	\$	843,877
Expenditures					
Current					
Sanitation	\$ -	\$	283,809	\$	283,809
Culture and recreation	 573,036		-		573,036
Total Expenditures	\$ 573,036	\$	283,809	\$	856,845
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	\$ 15,879	\$	(28,847)	\$	(12,968)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	 2,247				2,247
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 18,126	\$	(28,847)	\$	(10,721)
Fund Balances - January 1	 516,282		408,302		924,584
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 534,408	\$	379,455	\$	913,863

EXHIBIT C-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted		d Amou	Amounts		Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	nal Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	465,000	\$	465,000	\$	454,798	\$	(10,202)	
Intergovernmental		88,307		88,307		110,003		21,696	
Charges for services		4,500		4,500		4,482		(18)	
Fines and forfeits		9,500		9,500		10,664		1,164	
Gifts and contributions		-		-		2,935		2,935	
Investment earnings		2,400		2,400		4,579		2,179	
Miscellaneous						1,454		1,454	
Total Revenues	\$	569,707	\$	569,707	\$	588,915	\$	19,208	
Expenditures Current Culture and recreation									
County library		569,707		569,707		573,036		(3,329)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,879	\$	15,879	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in				-		2,247		2,247	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,126	\$	18,126	
Fund Balance - January 1		516,282		516,282		516,282		-	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	516,282	\$	516,282	\$	534,408	\$	18,126	

EXHIBIT C-4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOLID WASTE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with	
	 Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 11,558	\$	11,558	\$	10,953	\$	(605)
Special assessments	184,375		184,375		171,156		(13,219)
Intergovernmental	57,192		57,192		58,142		950
Miscellaneous	 10,800		10,800		14,711		3,911
Total Revenues	\$ 263,925	\$	263,925	\$	254,962	\$	(8,963)
Expenditures							
Current							
Sanitation							
SCORE	 267,307		267,307		283,809		(16,502)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (3,382)	\$	(3,382)	\$	(28,847)	\$	(25,465)
Fund Balance - January 1	 408,302		408,302		408,302		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 404,920	\$	404,920	\$	379,455	\$	(25,465)

AGENCY FUNDS

<u>Agency</u> - to account for the collection and disbursement of funds for the state or other local governments, including game and fish fees, licenses, fines, police and fire aids, deed taxes, and mortgage registry taxes.

<u>Vision for Family and Community</u> - to account for the funds of a County/multi-school district family service collaborative.

<u>Taxes and Penalties</u> - to account for the collection and disbursement of taxes and penalties.

<u>Cemetery</u> - to account for the investment of funds for Antrim Township Cemetery.



EXHIBIT D-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ${\bf ALL~AGENCY~FUNDS}$ FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Balance January 1 Additions		Deductions	Balance December 31	
<u>AGENCY</u>					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 17,490	\$ 1,680,695	\$ 1,679,998	\$ 18,187	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 17,490	\$ 1,680,695	\$ 1,679,998	\$ 18,187	
VISION FOR FAMILY AND COMMUNITY					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 21,460	\$ 96,888	\$ 109,744	\$ 8,604	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 21,460	\$ 96,888	\$ 109,744	\$ 8,604	
TAXES AND PENALTIES					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 125,252	\$ 12,770,762	\$ 12,696,166	\$ 199,848	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 125,252	\$ 12,770,762	\$ 12,696,166	\$ 199,848	

EXHIBIT D-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ${\bf ALL\ AGENCY\ FUNDS}$ FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Balance anuary 1	Additions	 Deductions	Balance cember 31
CEMETERY				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 24,470	\$ 378	\$ 378	\$ 24,470
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ 24,470	\$ 378	\$ 378	\$ 24,470
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 188,672	\$ 14,548,723	\$ 14,486,286	\$ 251,109
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ 24,470 164,202	\$ 378 14,548,345	\$ 378 14,485,908	\$ 24,470 226,639
Total Liabilities	\$ 188,672	\$ 14,548,723	\$ 14,486,286	\$ 251,109





EXHIBIT E-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Shared Revenue		
State		
Highway users tax	\$	2,750,009
PERA rate reimbursement		19,906
Disparity reduction aid		5,064
Police aid		51,292
County program aid		803,735
Market value credit		422,448
Enhanced 911		84,813
Total shared revenue	\$	4,137,267
Reimbursement for Services		
State	ф	550 412
Minnesota Department of Human Services	<u>\$</u>	572,413
Payments		
Local		
Local contributions	<u>\$</u>	20,295
Grants		
State		
Minnesota Department/Board of		
Public Safety	\$	32,409
Health		64,808
Natural Resources		5,907
Human Services		589,430
Corrections		14,751
Veterans Affairs		8,640
Transportation		230,246
Water and Soil Resources		83,096
Education		21,696
Pollution Control Agency		55,950
Peace Officer Standards and Training Board		2,868
Total state	<u></u> \$	1,109,801
Federal		
Department of		
Agriculture	\$	206,846
Commerce		58,011
Justice		9,690
Transportation		358,930
Health and Human Services		920,896
Homeland Security		23,907
Total federal	<u>\$</u>	1,578,280
Total state and federal grants	\$	2,688,081
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	<u>\$</u>	7,418,056
		Dogo 71

EXHIBIT E-2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA	Erman ditunas		
Grant Program Title	Number	Ex	penditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health				
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	\$	94,840	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance				
Program (SNAP) Cluster				
State Administrative Matching Grants for SNAP	10.561		110,335	
State Administrative Matching Grants for SNAP - ARRA	10.561		1,505	
State Administrative Materning Orants for Sivar - ARRA	10.501		1,505	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Agriculture				
WIC Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (FMNP)	10.572		300	

Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$	206,980	
U.S. Department of Commerce				
Passed Through Blue Earth County				
Public Safety Interoperable Communications Grant Program	11.555	\$	58,011	
U.S. Department of Justice				
Direct				
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	\$	9,690	
TIG D				
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation	20.205	ф	207.525	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	\$	297,535	
Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas	20.509		52,836	
Passed Through City of New Ulm				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		2,177	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety				
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and Planning Grants	20.703		6,382	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		\$	358,930	

WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

EXHIBIT E-2 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA		
Grant Program Title	Number	Ex	penditures
			<u></u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	\$	25,280
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical Assistance	93.283		18,000
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		21,177
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994		18,353
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		185
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		114,559
Child Support Enforcement Cluster			
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		226,328
Child Support Enforcement - ARRA	93.563		21,548
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566		131
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596		3,984
Child Welfare Services - State Grants	93.645		413
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658		62,039
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		90,933
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		21,359
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767		131
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		297,856
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$	922,276
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	\$	23,907
Total Federal Awards		\$	1,579,794



WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

1. Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Watonwan County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Watonwan County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2010. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Watonwan County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Watonwan County.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through grant numbers were not assigned by the pass-through agencies.

4. Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue

Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 1,578,280
Grants received more than 60 days after year-end, deferred in 2010	
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition	
Assistance Program	134
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and	
Development Fund	415
Foster Care - Title IV-E	 965
Expenditures Per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 1,579,794

WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

5. Subrecipients

During 2010, the County did not pass any federal money to subrecipients.

6. American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) requires recipients to clearly distinguish ARRA funds from non-ARRA funding. In the schedule, ARRA funds are denoted by the addition of ARRA to the program name.



WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- A. Our report expresses unqualified opinions on the basic financial statements of Watonwan County.
- B. Significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of financial statements of Watonwan County and are reported in the "Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*." None were material weaknesses.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Watonwan County were disclosed during the audit.
- D. No matters involving internal control over compliance relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133."
- E. The Auditor's Report on Compliance for the major federal award programs for Watonwan County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- F. No findings were disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- G. The major programs are:

State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster	
State Administrative Matching Grants for SNAP	CFDA #10.561
State Administrative Matching Grants for SNAP - ARRA	CFDA #10.561
Highway Planning and Construction	CFDA #20.205
Child Support Enforcement Cluster	
Child Support Enforcement	CFDA #93.563
Child Support Enforcement - ARRA	CFDA #93.563
Medical Assistance Program	CFDA #93.778

- H. The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- I. Watonwan County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

06-2 Audit Adjustments

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis.

During our audit, we proposed audit adjustments that were reviewed and approved by the appropriate staff and are reflected in the financial statements. By definition, however, independent external auditors cannot be considered part of the government's internal control.

The inability to detect material misstatements in the financial statements increases the likelihood that the financial statements would not be fairly presented.

We recommend that the County review internal controls currently in place and design and implement procedures to improve internal controls over financial reporting which will prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements in the financial statements. The updated controls should include review of the balances and supporting documentation by a qualified individual to identify potential misstatements.

Client's Response:

County staff will continue to improve skills in financial reporting, first by reviewing adjustments for 2010 to insure that errors and oversights are addressed on future statements.

ITEM ARISING THIS YEAR

10-1 Preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Circular A- 133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, Auditee Responsibilities* subpart C §.300, requires, "The auditee shall (a) identify, in its accounts, all Federal awards received and expended and the Federal programs under which they were received. Federal program and award identification shall include, as applicable, the CFDA title and number, award number and year, name of the Federal agency, and name of the pass-through entity; and (d) shall prepare appropriate financial statements, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in accordance with subpart C §.310."

Watonwan County does not prepare a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA), nor does it adequately identify federal programs by amount received and expended, federal grantor agency, pass-through agency, and Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) title and number as required under OMB Circular A-133.

This condition results in a deficiency in internal control over financial statement preparation and the reporting of federal financial assistance by the County. Since the County has not developed procedures for properly identifying all federal financial assistance, the County relies on its auditors for assistance with preparing the SEFA. Independent auditors cannot be considered part of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

We recommend that Watonwan County management develop a process, including written procedures that will allow staff to adequately identify federal revenues and accumulate the information needed to prepare the SEFA. Specific measures could include having departments inform accounting/finance when they have received a grant award, holding in suspense accounts until properly identified as to nature and source any intergovernmental revenue receipts, and comparing the prior year SEFA to the current year. For each federal award identified, the County should determine the correct program CFDA title and number, award number and year, federal grantor agency, pass-through agency, amount received and expended, and whether American Recovery and Reinvestment Act funding is involved. The federal CFDA website is available to assist in this process. Those responsible for compiling the SEFA should obtain the training necessary (through courses or reference materials) to understand the components of the SEFA and properly gather the correct information and maintain supporting documentation. The County should also reconcile the SEFA amounts to the general ledger and financial statements.

Client's Response:

The County Auditor will review and prepare the SEFA for the year ended 2011. Assistance in preparation of this report will still be needed from State Auditor's staff.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None.

IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A. MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

09-1 Ditch Fund Deficit Cash Balance

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. § 103E.655, subd. 2, to make loans from ditch systems with a surplus or from the General Fund to a ditch system with insufficient cash to pay expenditures. This statute requires that the fund from which the funds were borrowed be repaid with interest. Allowing a ditch fund to maintain a deficit cash balance, in effect, constitutes an interest-free loan from other funds of the County and, as such, is in noncompliance with Minnesota law.

At December 31, 2010, one ditch system had a negative cash balance totaling \$83,167, and the same ditch system had a negative fund balance totaling \$71,136.

We recommend that the County eliminate cash and fund balance deficits in the individual ditch by borrowing from an eligible fund with a surplus cash balance, as permitted by statute, or by levying assessments pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 103E.735, subd. 1, which permits the creation of a repair fund to provide for the repair and maintenance costs of a ditch system.

Client's Response:

The ditch system in question is CD #62. A petition was filed in 2008 to improve the system. In 2009, the ditch authority denied the petition. The petitioners filed for review of the decision by the district court. That review is scheduled for December 14, 15, and 16, 2011, after which a decision on whether to uphold the ditch authority's decision will be made by the court. If the court upholds the decision of the ditch authority, the petitioners will be required to reimburse the ditch system for the costs incurred which will return the system to a positive cash balance, otherwise the system will proceed and bonds will be sold to pay for the costs of the system. Currently there are a number of ditch systems with positive cash balances to cover this deficit. The transfer of cash does not eliminate the negative fund balance. Theoretically, there is a receivable to pay the deficit but recognition is not allowed under current accounting standards.

B. OTHER ITEM FOR CONSIDERATION

GASB Statement 54

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, is effective for Watonwan County for the year ending December 31, 2011. The standard's objectives are to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information included in the financial report through clearer fund balance classifications that can be consistently applied and to clarify existing governmental fund type definitions.

Fund Balance Reporting

Statement 54 establishes new fund balance classifications based on constraints imposed on how resources can be spent. The existing components of fund balance are reserved, unreserved-designated, and unreserved-undesignated. Statement 54 replaces these components with nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as defined below:

- *Nonspendable* amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (for example, inventory or prepaid items) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund).
- Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- *Committed* amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of a government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- Assigned amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- *Unassigned* spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The County should begin the process for implementing the new fund balance classifications. A key step in successfully implementing the new fund balance requirements is to plan ahead. The County can start with the following steps:

- review the requirements of GASB Statement 54;
- review current fund balances and compare to the new classifications;
- reclassify January 1, 2011, fund balance using the new classifications;
- review/update/prepare a comprehensive fund balance policy;
- prepare appropriate Board resolutions to commit fund balance; and
- if the County Board intends to delegate authority to assign fund balance, prepare the resolutions delegating that authority.

Governmental Fund Type Definitions

The definitions of the general fund, special revenue fund type, capital projects fund type, debt service fund type, and permanent fund type are clarified in the new standard. The new definition for a special revenue fund could have significant impact on the County's current fund classifications.

GASB Statement 54 provides a new and clearer description of when it is appropriate to account for an activity using a special revenue fund. Special revenue funds are used to report specific revenue sources restricted or committed to specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects, where the restricted or committed revenue sources comprise a substantial portion of the fund's resources, and are expected to continue to do so in the future. The standard does not define substantial portion; however, most recommendations are generally that the restricted or committed revenues should comprise at least 35 to 50 percent of total fund revenues. Under this definition, it is possible that some current special revenue funds will no longer meet the requirements for special revenue funds to ensure these funds continue to warrant treatment as special revenue funds.

The County's management should perform the following steps prior to December 31, 2011:

- prepare a list of the County's special revenue funds;
- determine the sources of revenues for each of those funds;
- identify whether any of those revenues are restricted or committed;
- determine if these restricted or committed revenues represent a substantial portion of the fund's revenues and are expected to continue to be a substantial source of revenues;
 - o if yes, the fund may continue to be classified as a special revenue fund;
 - o if not, determine whether the County will combine that fund with the general fund or with a similar purpose special revenue fund that meets the new definition:
- code revenues in the general ledger by source constraints--restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned; and
- determine if there needs to be a restatement of beginning fund balances.

Additional implementation steps could include: informing any component units that they also will need to meet the requirements; deciding on how fund balance will be presented in the financials, such as detailed vs. aggregate methods; and developing the potential note disclosures. Additional guidance on GASB Statement 54 can be found on the Office of the State Auditor's website at: http://www.auditor.state.mn.us/other/Statements/fundbalances_postGASB54_1012 statement.pdf.





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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Watonwan County

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Watonwan County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010 which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Watonwan County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 06-2 and 10-1, that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Watonwan County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our study included all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance in tax increment financing because the County has no tax increment financing.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, Watonwan County complied with the material terms and conditions of applicable legal provisions, except as described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 09-1.

Also included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned costs is an item for consideration. We believe this information to be of benefit to the County, and it is reported for that purpose.

Watonwan County's written responses to the internal control and legal compliance findings identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management, others within the County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 26, 2011





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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of County Commissioners Watonwan County

Compliance

We have audited Watonwan County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010. Watonwan County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Watonwan County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Watonwan County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Watonwan County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management, and others within the County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 26, 2011