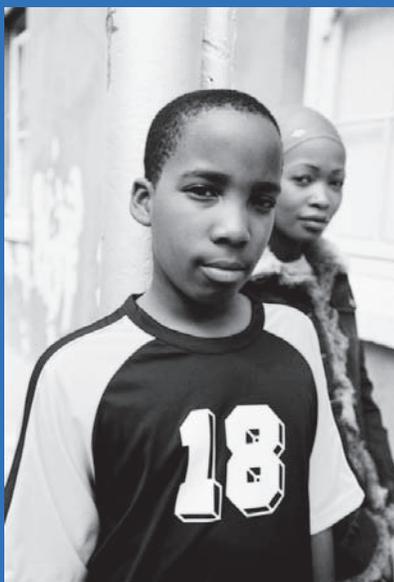




Minnesota Department of **Human Services**



Children and Family Services

Minnesota's Child Welfare Report 2010

Report to the
2011 Minnesota Legislature

August 2011

Minnesota's Child Welfare Report 2010

This report was prepared by the Minnesota Department of Human Services, Children and Family Services Administration, Child Safety and Permanency Division, for the Legislature in response to a legislative directive in Minnesota Statutes, section 257.0725. This report is available on the DHS website at www.dhs.state.mn.us.
Total estimated cost: \$7,942.90; Cost of preparation: 245 hours x \$32.42 = \$7,942.90.

ADA4 (5-09)

This information is available in alternative formats to individuals with disabilities by calling (651) 431-4671. TTY users can call through Minnesota Relay at (800) 627-3529. For Speech-to-Speech, call (877) 627-3848. For additional assistance with legal rights and protections for equal access to human services programs, contact your agency's ADA coordinator.

Executive Summary

The 2010 Child Welfare Report describes the state of children involved in Minnesota's child protection response continuum during 2010 in the areas of child maltreatment assessment/investigation, out-of-home care and adoption. It provides an overview of how children are faring, and presents information about Minnesota's performance on key child welfare indicators required by state and federal governments.

The report has four main sections, each followed with an appendix that provides specific county or tribal data on that section. Each section begins with "At a Glance" to highlight key information. Appendices with local-level data complete each section. Note that the counties of Lincoln, Lyon and Murray combined social services to form Southwest Health and Human Services. Faribault and Martin counties combined to form Human Services of Faribault & Martin Counties. In 2008, the American Indian Child Welfare Initiative tribes from the Leech Lake and White Earth Bands of Ojibwe began serving children and families regarding reports and responses to child maltreatment concerns, out-of-home care and guardianship/adoption.

Section I — Child Maltreatment covers information about alleged and determined reports of child abuse and neglect to local child welfare agencies. Data include counts of assessments and investigations, and sources of reports; prevalence of maltreatment by age, race and ethnicity; offender relationships; and use of Family Assessment and Family Investigative responses and Structured Decision Making instruments implemented by social workers.

Section II — Children in Out-of-home Care provides data on children in placement, including gender, age, race and ethnicity; placement frequency and duration; and re-entry and discharge.

Section III — Adoptions provides trend information about children under state guardianship. It reveals the demographics of children awaiting adoption and of those adopted; the number of children adopted; and the length of time from when children became eligible for adoption to finalized adoption.

Section IV — Federal performance measures are included with local-level data in the categories of child safety, timeliness and permanency of reunification, timeliness of adoptions of children discharged from foster care, achieving permanency for children in care for extended periods of time and placement stability.

It is important to note that one cannot extrapolate information from one section of the report to another. Most children assessed or investigated by child protection for alleged maltreatment did not enter out-of-home care, while children who were in out-of-home care may have been in care for reasons other than maltreatment.

This report is provided in response to a legislative directive. Minnesota Statutes, section 257.0725, states: "The commissioner of human services shall publish an annual report on child maltreatment and on children in out-of-home placement. The commissioner shall confer with counties, child welfare organizations, child advocacy organizations, the courts, and other groups on how to improve the content and utility of the department's annual report. In regard to child maltreatment, the report shall include the number and kinds of maltreatment reports received and any other data that the commissioner determines is appropriate to include in a report on child maltreatment. In

regard to children in out-of-home placement, the report shall include, by county and statewide, information on legal status, living arrangement, age, sex, race, accumulated length of time in placement, reason for most recent placement, race of family with whom placed, and other information deemed appropriate on all children in out-of-home placement. Out-of-home placement includes placement in any facility by an authorized child-placing agency.”

The key findings in this report are as follows:

Section I — Child Maltreatment

- Minnesota counties, and the Leech Lake and the White Earth Bands of Ojibwe, assessed 17,380 reports of maltreatment involving 24,657 children in 2010.
- Of all maltreatment reports, 11,723 received a Family Assessment, a strengths-based and family-focused method for working with families in the child protection system where no determination of maltreatment is made.
- Neglect was the most common allegation of maltreatment, found in 62 percent of Family Assessments and 53 percent of Family Investigations. This includes neglecting to provide adequate food, clothing or shelter, endangerment, educational neglect, abandonment and inadequate supervision. Medical neglect is counted separately.
- The need for ongoing protective services was identified in 50 percent of Family Investigations and 17 percent of Family Assessments. Another 18 percent of Family Assessments were offered optional supportive services.
- American Indian and African American/Black children had the highest rates of contact with the child protection system. They were six and three times more likely to be reported as abused or neglected than were White children, respectively.

Section II — Children in Out-of-home Care

- In 2010, 11,239 children spent some time in out-of-home care. The total number of children who experienced out-of-home care has decreased about 4 percent since 2009, and 39 percent since 2000.
- The majority in placement were adolescents. Slightly more boys than girls spent time in care. American Indian, African American/Black, and children of two or more races are respectively 14, four and three times more likely than a White child to be placed in out-of-home care.
- For children who were in care for 12 or fewer months, the vast majority lived in only one or two different homes or facilities (86.8 percent). Most of the children were placed in a family-type setting. Approximately 24 percent were in care for one week or less.
- About 65 percent of discharges from care involved return to their caretakers prior to placement; another 10 percent were adopted.

Section III — Adoption

- In 2010, 500 children came under state guardianship (became state wards) as a result of court terminations of parental rights. Sixty-six percent of children entering guardianship were in the birth–5 age group; 58 percent were White, followed by African American/Black children (16.4 percent).
- There were 1,153 children under state guardianship at the end of 2009, and 952 at the end of 2010, a decrease of 17 percent.
- There were 598 state wards adopted in 2010. Eighty-eight percent of adopted wards were under age 12. Nearly half of the children adopted were White (49.8 percent), followed by African American/Black children (19.1 percent).
- The number of state wards aging out of placement at age 18 without a permanent home was 98 for 2010.
- African American/Black and American Indian children were respectively 2.7 and 4.7 times more likely than their White counterparts to be state wards adopted from guardianship.

Section IV — Federal Performance Measures

- Minnesota met the national standards on the safety measure for recurrence of maltreatment.
- Child welfare agencies excelled in the area of timeliness of reunification of children in placement with primary caretakers, however, failed to meet the national standard for the rate of re-entry into foster care (24.4 percent).
- Placement stability for children met the national standard for those placed less than one year, with 86.8 percent of children in two or fewer settings while in out-of-home care.
- For children achieving permanency through adoption, child welfare agencies concluded the process in a timely manner, with 48.2 percent of adoptees in care for less than two years prior to adoption. Minnesota did not meet national standards for permanency for older children, and those in care for long periods of time.

**Minnesota's
Child Maltreatment
Report, 2010**

Table of Contents		Page
Introduction		3
Child Maltreatment Reports: Assessments and Investigations – At a Glance		5
Table 1	Child Maltreatment Reports and Child Subjects by Response Category	6
Figure 1	Child Maltreatment Reports by Response Category, 2001–2010	7
Figure 2	Reports by Maltreatment Type	8
Table 2	Determined Family and Facility Investigations by Maltreatment Type	9
Table 3	Sources of Assessed Maltreatment Reports	9
Demographics of Child Subjects – At a Glance		10
Figure 3	Child Subjects of Non-medical Neglect Reports by Age and Gender	11
Figure 4	Child Subjects of Physical Abuse Reports by Age and Gender	12
Figure 5	Child Subjects of Sexual Abuse Reports by Age and Gender	13
Figure 6	Child Subjects of Medical Neglect Reports by Age and Gender	13
Figure 7	Child Subjects of Reports per 1,000 in the Minnesota Child Population by Race/Ethnicity and Maltreatment Type	14
Table 4	Child Subjects of Reports by Race/Ethnicity and Maltreatment Type	15
Figure 8	Child Subjects of Reports by Race/Ethnicity and Response Category	15
Figure 9	Child Subjects of Family Investigations by Race/Ethnicity and Reason for Investigative Response	16
Table 5	Child Subjects of Reports by Disability Status and Maltreatment Type	17
Table 6	Relationship of Alleged Offenders to Child Subjects of Reports	18
Results of Child Protection Assessments and Investigations – At a Glance		19
Figure 10	Deaths and Life-threatening Injuries, 2001–2010	20
Figure 11	Prevalence of Family Conditions	21
Figure 12	Structured Decision Making Family Risk Assessment Level by Response Category	22
Figure 13	Family Referrals for Ongoing Case Management Services by Response Category	23
Figure 14	Recommended Services	24
Figure 15	Six- and 12-month Maltreatment Recurrence Rate by Race/Ethnicity	25
Table 7	Six- and 12-month Maltreatment Recurrence Rate by Race/Ethnicity	25
Table 8	Six- and 12-month Re-reporting Rate by Response Category	26
Federal Performance Indicators		27
Child Maltreatment Appendix		28
Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports per 1,000 in the Child Population		29
Child Subjects of Reports by Maltreatment Type and Response Category		31
Assessments and Investigations by Maltreatment Type and Response Category		34
Child Protection Services Needed or Supportive Services Offered		37
Maltreatment Recurrence		39
Child Subjects of Reports Re-reported for Alleged Maltreatment Within Six and 12 Months of an Assessment or Investigation		41
Child Subjects of Reports Re-reported for Alleged Maltreatment Within Six and 12 Months by Initial Response Category		43

Introduction

The data in this section describe alleged and determined incidents of child maltreatment assessed in Minnesota in calendar year 2010. Specifically, the data show the number of maltreatment reports, the number of child victims, the types and severity of maltreatment, recurrence and re-reporting of maltreatment, what services were recommended and what actions were taken. It also reflects other information, such as the age and race/ethnicity of victims and their relationship to offenders.

Unless otherwise specified, a child was counted as a “subject of a report” each time s/he was included in a maltreatment assessment or investigation in 2010. However, if the counts were specified as “unique,” a child was counted once in the specified category no matter how many times s/he was assessed during the year.

This report mirrors the method in which the U.S. Census Bureau categorizes race and Hispanic ethnicity. Individuals may indicate they belong to more than one race. Hispanic ethnicity is specified separately from race. For example, children may be counted in their racial group or as having more than one race. They may also claim Hispanic ethnicity.

Anyone can and should report a suspected incident of child maltreatment. Some professionals, such as those working directly with children, are **mandated reporters** and must report to local child protective services if they observe or receive information about an abuse and/or neglect concern. **Non-mandated reporters** voluntarily provide information of known or suspected child maltreatment to local child protection agencies.

Once a report of maltreatment is made, a screener reviews the initial information about the concern and decides whether or not the report meets the statutory criteria for a child protection response. If it does, the agency determines if the allegations require a **Family Investigation (FI)** or a **Family Assessment (FA)**. State law indicates a Family Assessment response is preferred practice, except in situations that include sexual abuse, egregious harm, and/or maltreatment in a child daycare or foster care home. The screener may also consider a history of past reports and level of cooperation from a family. In a **Family Investigation**, county/tribal child protection workers interview persons involved with the report, including the alleged victims, alleged offenders and family members. If there is a preponderance of evidence that a child has been a victim of maltreatment and the harm was caused by an act, or failure to act, by a person responsible for a child’s care, the county/tribal child protection worker makes a **determination** that maltreatment has occurred. In a Family Assessment, no determination of maltreatment is made. In these situations, a county or tribal worker meets with all family members together to discuss and assess child safety concerns, and reviews the family’s strengths and needs.

Key findings in this section include:

- Minnesota counties and the Leech Lake and White Earth Bands of Ojibwe assessed 17,380 reports of maltreatment involving 24,657 children in 2010.
- Of all accepted maltreatment reports, 11,723 received a Family Assessment, a strengths-based and family-focused method for working with families in the child protection system where no determination of maltreatment is made.
- Of the 5,657 Family and Facility Investigations, maltreatment was determined to have occurred in 3,027 Family Investigations (with 4,544 associated victims) and 87 Facility Investigations (with 144 associated victims).
- Non-medical neglect was the most common allegation in 62 percent of Family Assessments and 53 percent of Family Investigations.
- School personnel and law enforcement made 49 percent of all maltreatment reports to local child protection agencies.
- The need for ongoing protective services was identified in 50 percent of Family Investigations and 17 percent of Family Assessments. Another 18 percent of Family Assessments were offered optional supportive services.
- American Indian and African American/Black children had the highest rates of contact with the child protection system. They were more than six and three times more likely to be reported as abused or neglected than were White children, respectively.
- Fewer than five percent of all determined victims had at least one subsequent determined report of maltreatment within six months.

Child Maltreatment Reports: Assessments and Investigations

At a Glance

- *Minnesota counties and tribes assessed 17,380 reports of child maltreatment. Of these reports, 68 percent received a Family Assessment response.*
- *The most common allegation of maltreatment was for non-medical neglect, followed by physical abuse. A report may include allegations of different maltreatment types.*
- *Law enforcement and school personnel were the most frequent reporters of all reports accepted for assessment or investigation.*

Table 1 includes the counts of alleged and determined child maltreatment reports and child subjects by type of assessment. Some children were assessed more than once during the year. The “unique child subjects of reports” column counts them only once within the stated category. Sixty-eight percent of reports alleging maltreatment were referred to Family Assessment response, up from 66 percent in 2009. Maltreatment was determined to have occurred in 57 percent of Family Investigations. Counties also investigate alleged maltreatment in family foster homes and daycare homes that are licensed by the county or tribe. About 25 percent of Facility Investigations resulted in a determination that maltreatment had occurred. Maltreatment occurring in state-licensed residential facilities, institutions and daycare centers is investigated by the Minnesota Department of Human Services and is not counted here.

Table 1. Child Maltreatment Reports and Child Subjects by Response Category

Response category	Reports		Child subjects of reports		Unique child subjects of reports*	
	Alleged	Determined	Alleged	Determined	Alleged	Determined
Family Assessment	11,723	NA	16,311	NA	15,410	NA
Family Investigation	5,309	3,027	7,815	4,544	7,312	4,351
Facility Investigation	348	87	531	144	521	144
Total Reports	17,380	3,114	24,657	4,688	22,537	4,491

**The total unique child subjects does not equal the sum of unique children across response types, as some children were in more than one type of assessment.*

Figure 1 shows the 2001–2010 trend in the number of maltreatment reports assessed or investigated by counties or tribes. There has been a downward trend in the total number of reports after a spike in 2005 and 2006. The use of a Family Assessment response has increasingly replaced Family Investigation as the preferred response.

Figure 1. Child Maltreatment Reports by Response Category, 2001–2010

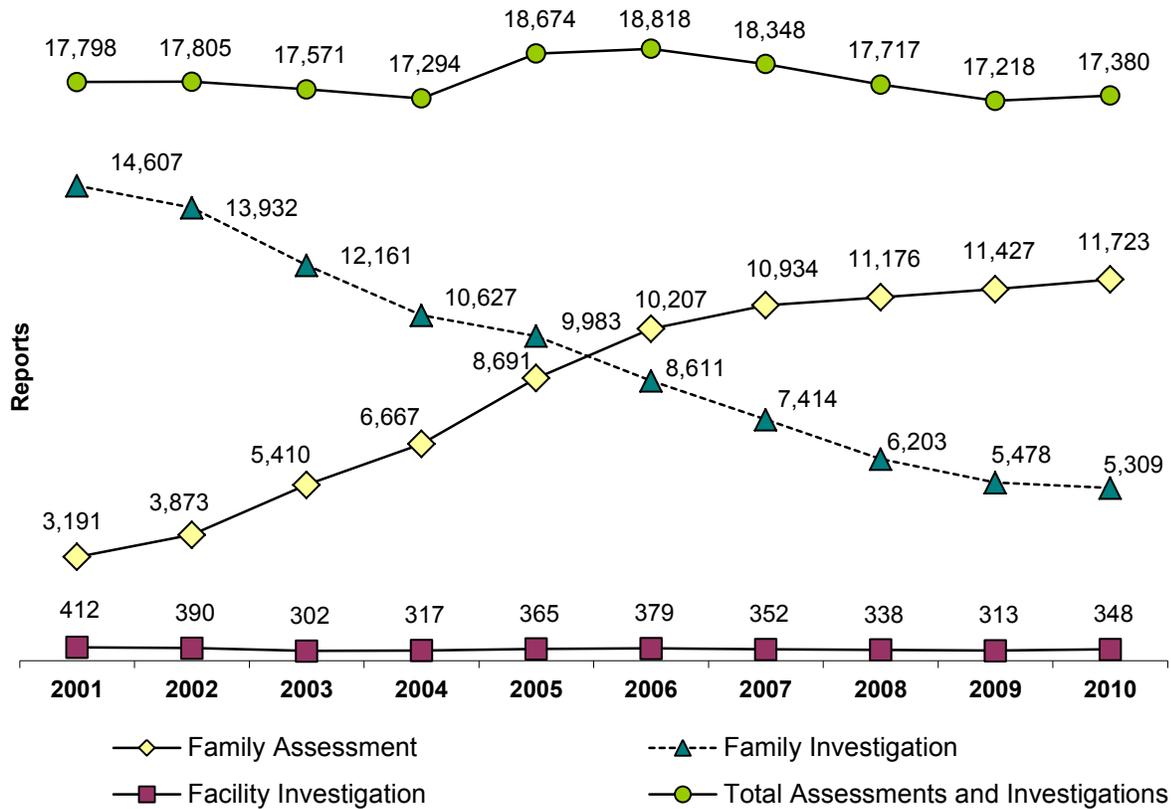


Figure 2 shows that non-medical neglect was the most common type of maltreatment alleged in all reports. This category includes emotional neglect, physical neglect (food, clothing and shelter), disregard for safety, inadequate supervision, abandonment, expulsion from home, prenatal exposure to alcohol or drugs, educational neglect, endangerment, failure to thrive and chronic chemical abuse. Allegations of non-medical neglect appeared in 62 percent of Family Assessments, 53 percent of Family Investigations and 53 percent of Facility Investigations. Physical abuse allegations appeared in 39 percent of Family Assessments, 28 percent of Family Investigations, and 43 percent of Facility Investigations. Sexual abuse allegations prompted 32 percent of Family Investigations and 12 percent of Facility Investigations. By law, sexual abuse allegations must be investigated and result in a determination of whether or not maltreatment had occurred. The 125 Family Assessment sexual abuse reports were possibly unfounded allegations of Family Investigations that were switched to a Family Assessment response in the data system. About 1 percent of all reports had an allegation of mental injury. Medical neglect allegations appeared in 1.4 percent of all reports.

Figure 2. Reports by Maltreatment Type

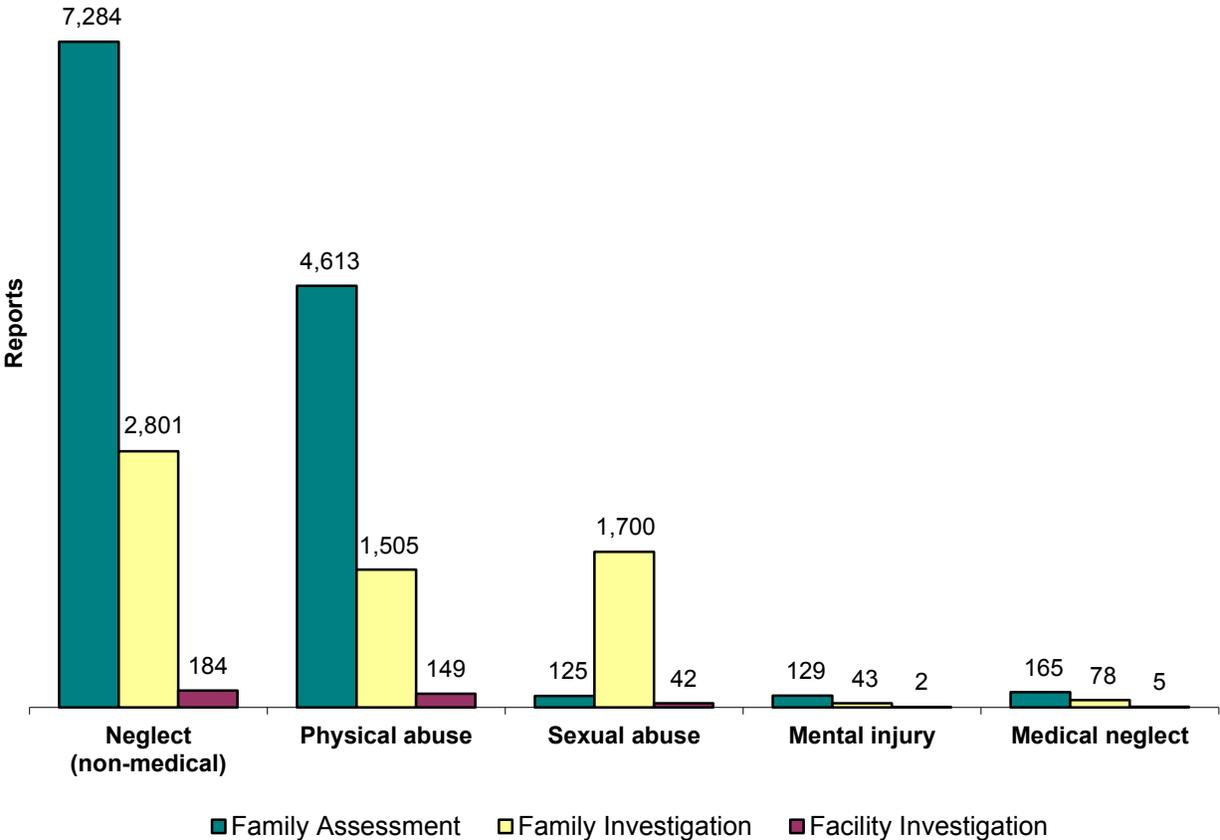


Table 2 contains the percent of investigated reports that resulted in a determination that maltreatment had occurred. In Family Investigations, non-medical neglect allegations were the most likely to receive a determination. Facility investigations were less likely to be determined, with 25 percent demonstrating sufficient evidence of maltreatment.

Table 2. Determined Family and Facility Investigations by Maltreatment Type

Maltreatment type	Family Investigation			Facility Investigation		
	Alleged	Determined	Percent determined	Alleged	Determined	Percent determined
Neglect (non-medical)	2,801	1846	65.9	184	49	26.6
Physical abuse	1,505	740	49.2	149	34	22.8
Sexual abuse	1,700	698	41.1	42	12	28.6
Mental injury	43	22	51.2	2	1	50.0
Medical neglect	91	44	48.4	5	2	40.0
Total reports	5,309	3,027	57.0	348	87	25.0

Table 3 identifies the sources of all maltreatment reports accepted for assessment or investigation. Law enforcement and school personnel made the highest number of reports of maltreatment to child protection agencies. More than 80 percent of reports were from those mandated by law to report suspected child maltreatment. Mandated reporters include those in law enforcement, healthcare, mental health, social services, education and child care, among others who work with children.

Table 3. Sources of Assessed Maltreatment Reports

Report source	Reports	Percent of reports
Law enforcement or courts	4,826	27.8
School personnel	3,761	21.6
Social worker or counselor	2,308	13.3
Health practitioner	1,762	10.1
Parent or relative out of the home	1,217	7.0
Friend, acquaintance or neighbor	752	4.3
Parent or relative in the home	630	3.6
Non-relative caregiver	433	2.5
Other	1,257	7.2
Anonymous	434	2.5
Total reports	17,380	100.0

Demographics of Child Subjects

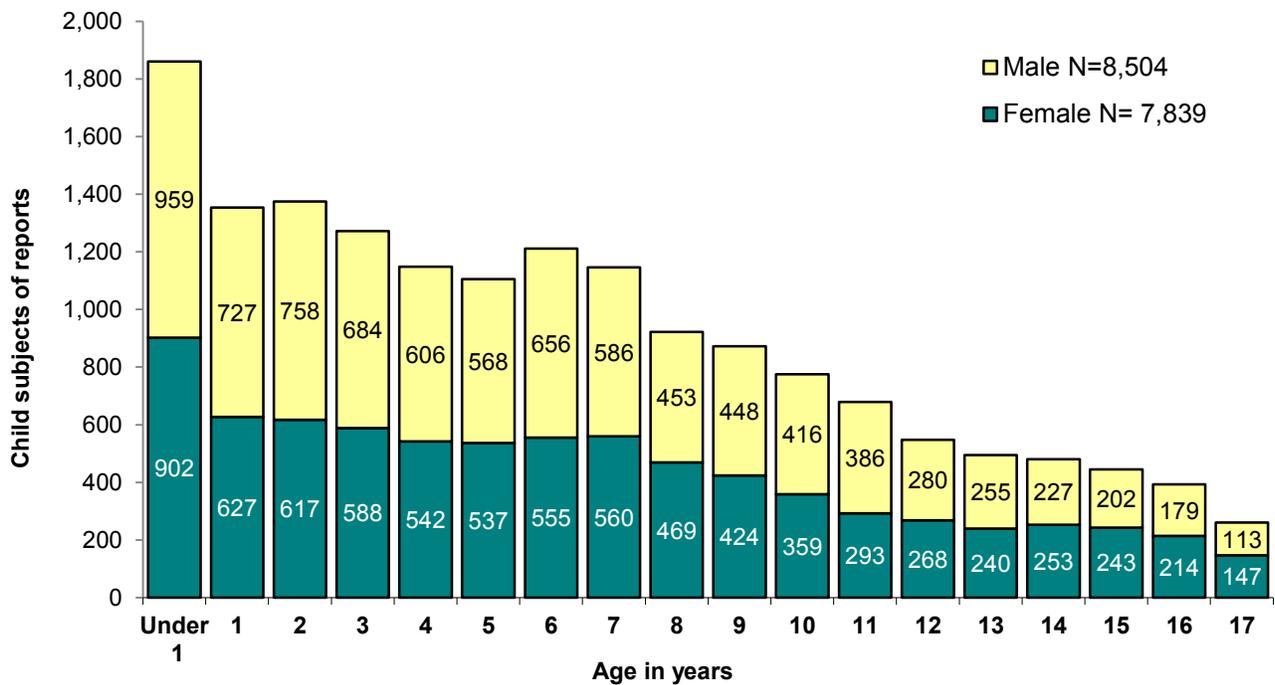
At a Glance

- *About 43 percent of all children in reports of maltreatment were age 5 or younger.*
- *Girls comprised 71 percent of alleged victims of sexual abuse.*
- *Children for whom there were allegations of medical neglect were the most likely to have a disability, with 38 percent indicating at least one diagnosed condition.*
- *Seventy-seven percent of alleged offenders were biological parents of the child subjects.*
- *African American/Black and American Indian children continued to be over-represented in the child protection system. The incidence statewide of children assessed by child protection among all children was 17.6 per thousand, compared to 42.5 per thousand for African American/Black children, and 81.1 per thousand for American Indian children.*

Figures 3 through 6 illustrate the numbers of children reported to child protection by age, gender and maltreatment type. Mental injury maltreatment type is not included due to very small numbers. Overall, girls and boys are equally likely to be reported to child protection, but tend to be reported for different reasons. The figures also show patterns according to age.

Figure 3 shows that infants are the most vulnerable to certain types of neglect due to the high levels of care and supervision required for their health and safety. After infancy, the risk of a child being reported for suspected neglect decreases with age, with a notable exception at ages 6 to 7, when educational neglect reports peak. Boys slightly outnumber girls overall for non-medical neglect allegations, but only in children ages 13 and under.

Figure 3. Child Subjects of Non-medical Neglect Reports by Age and Gender



Note: Two subjects of reports were aged 18 to 20.

Figure 4 shows peaks in physical abuse allegations for infants and 5-7-year-olds. Boys made up 59 percent of physical abuse reports in children under age 12, while girls appeared more frequently in the teen years. Allegations of physical abuse for boys peaked at age 7 before steadily decreasing with age, while girls steadily increased in numbers from age 10 to a peak at age 15.

Figure 4. Child Subjects of Physical Abuse Reports by Age and Gender

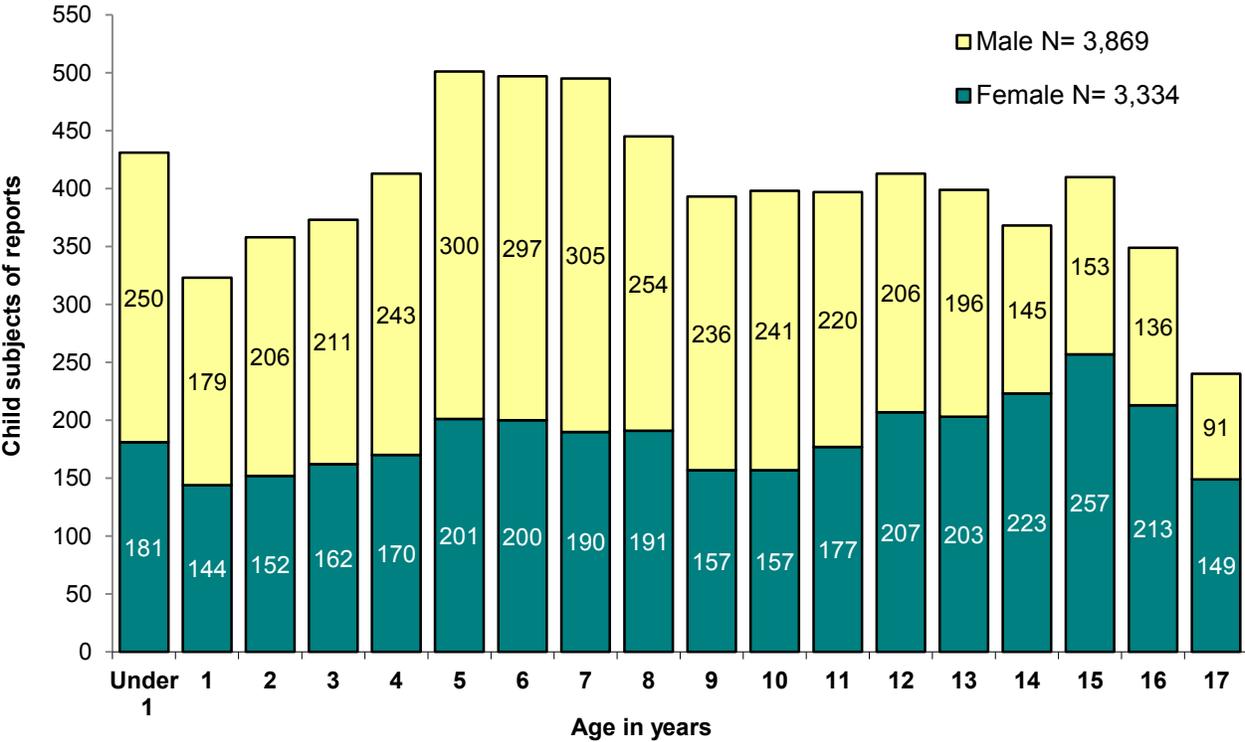
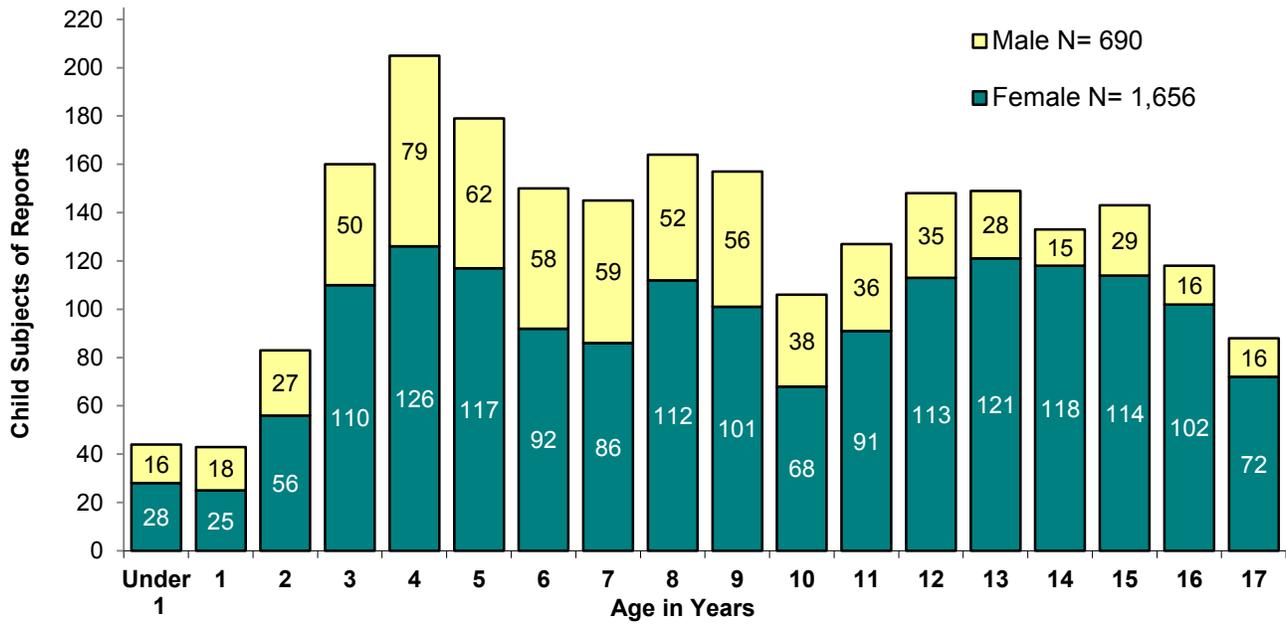


Figure 5 shows that girls were 2.4 times more likely to be alleged victims of sexual abuse. Boys were the subjects of sexual abuse allegations most often at age 4, after which the risk decreased. The pattern of sexual abuse investigations involving girls showed peaks at ages 4 and 13. Child protection investigations of sexual abuse of children under age 3 were more infrequent.

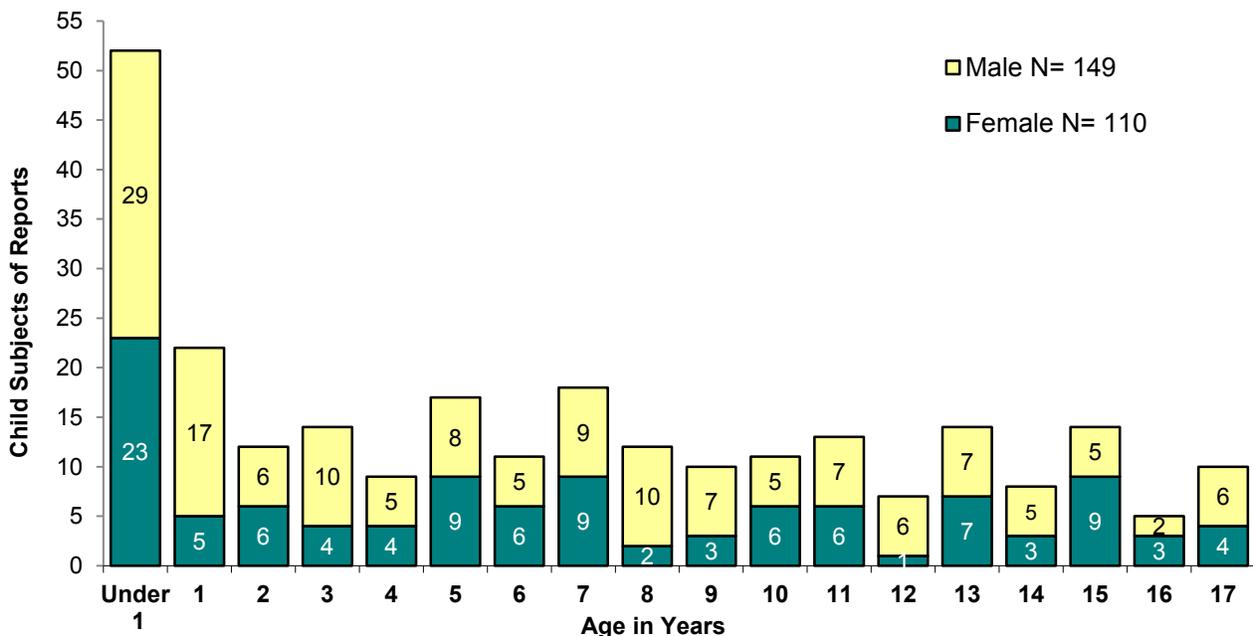
Figure 5. Child Subjects of Sexual Abuse Reports by Age and Gender



Note: Four subjects were aged 18 or older.

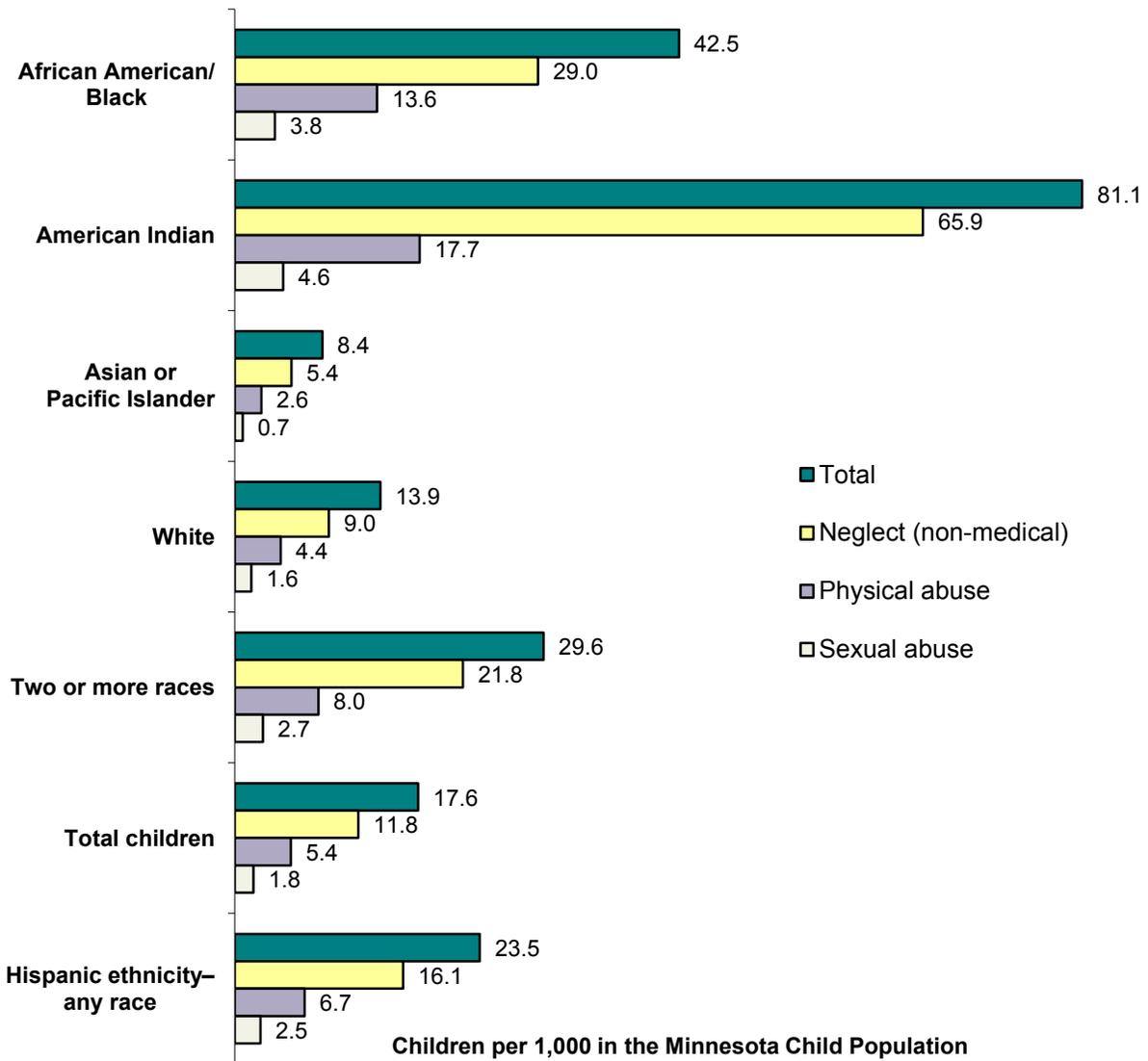
Figure 6 reveals that infants were at much higher risk of medical neglect than children of any other age. More than 20 percent of children reported for medical neglect were under age 1.

Figure 6. Child Subjects of Medical Neglect Reports by Age and Gender



In Figure 7, child subjects per 1,000 counts were calculated by dividing the number of unique child subjects of reports for each race by the 2010 U.S. Census Bureau child population count for that race in Minnesota, then multiplying by 1,000. Table 4 shows the raw data used to calculate the rates. In the total Minnesota child population, 17.6 children per thousand were alleged victims of child maltreatment in 2010. African American/Black and American Indian children were more likely than children of other races to be involved with the child protection system. They were three and six times more likely than a White child to be a subject of an allegation of maltreatment, respectively. Asian or Pacific Islander children had the lowest rate of reports to child protection overall, and for each maltreatment type. American Indian children had the highest rates overall, and for each maltreatment type. Mental injury and medical neglect categories were excluded from the graph due to small numbers. Children whose race was “unable to determine” were excluded, as there was no population number for comparison.

Figure 7. Child Subjects of Reports per 1,000 in the Minnesota Child Population by Race/Ethnicity and Maltreatment Type



*There were 364 unique children with a race code of “unable to determine race,” which cannot be compared to population data.

Table 4. Child Subjects of Reports by Race/Ethnicity and Maltreatment Type

Race/Ethnicity	2010 Child population	Total unique children	Neglect (non-medical)	Physical abuse	Sexual abuse	Mental injury	Medical neglect
African American/Black	96,705	4,112	2,808	1,316	372	11	60
American Indian	20,070	1,628	1,322	355	93	13	35
Asian/Pacific Islander	68,104	570	370	174	51		9
White	989,911	13,780	8,912	4,353	1,545	205	135
Two or more races	70,461	2,083	1,539	563	189	18	19
Unable to determine	NA	364	215	121	46	5	1
Total children	1,284,063	22,537	15,166	6,882	2,296	252	259
Hispanic ethnicity–any race	101,422	2,379	1,633	678	250	6	24

State law indicates a Family Assessment response is preferred practice, except in situations that include sexual abuse, egregious harm, and/or maltreatment in a child daycare or foster care home. The screener may also consider a history of past reports and level of cooperation from a family. For all children, 68 percent were in family maltreatment reports that were assigned to Family Assessment response. African American/Black, American Indian, and children with two or more races indicated were less likely to be assigned to Family Assessment than children of other races.

Figure 8. Child Subjects of Reports by Race/Ethnicity and Response Category

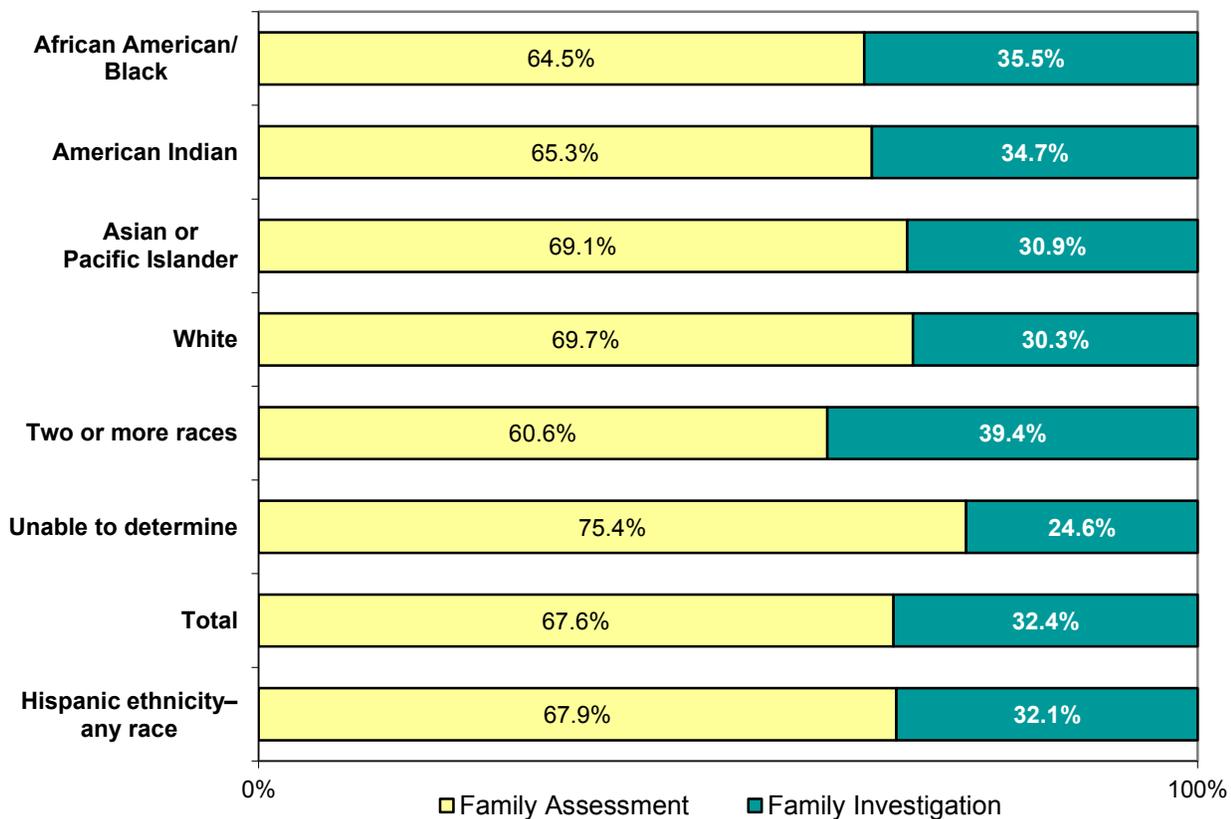


Figure 9 shows the percentages within each race of whether or not cases were assigned to Family Investigation for mandatory or for discretionary reasons. Reasons that mandate an assignment to Family Investigation include sexual abuse, egregious harm, homicide, felony assault, abandonment, neglect due to failure to thrive and malicious punishment. Discretionary reasons include a recent or frequent history of child maltreatment reports or child protective services, or the caretaker appeared to be unwilling or unable to achieve child safety. Overall, 50 percent of assignments to Family Investigation are for reasons mandated by law. Children of color and tribally-affiliated children are all more likely than White children to be assigned to Family Investigation for discretionary reasons.

Figure 9. Child Subjects of Family Investigations by Race/Ethnicity and Reason for Investigative Response

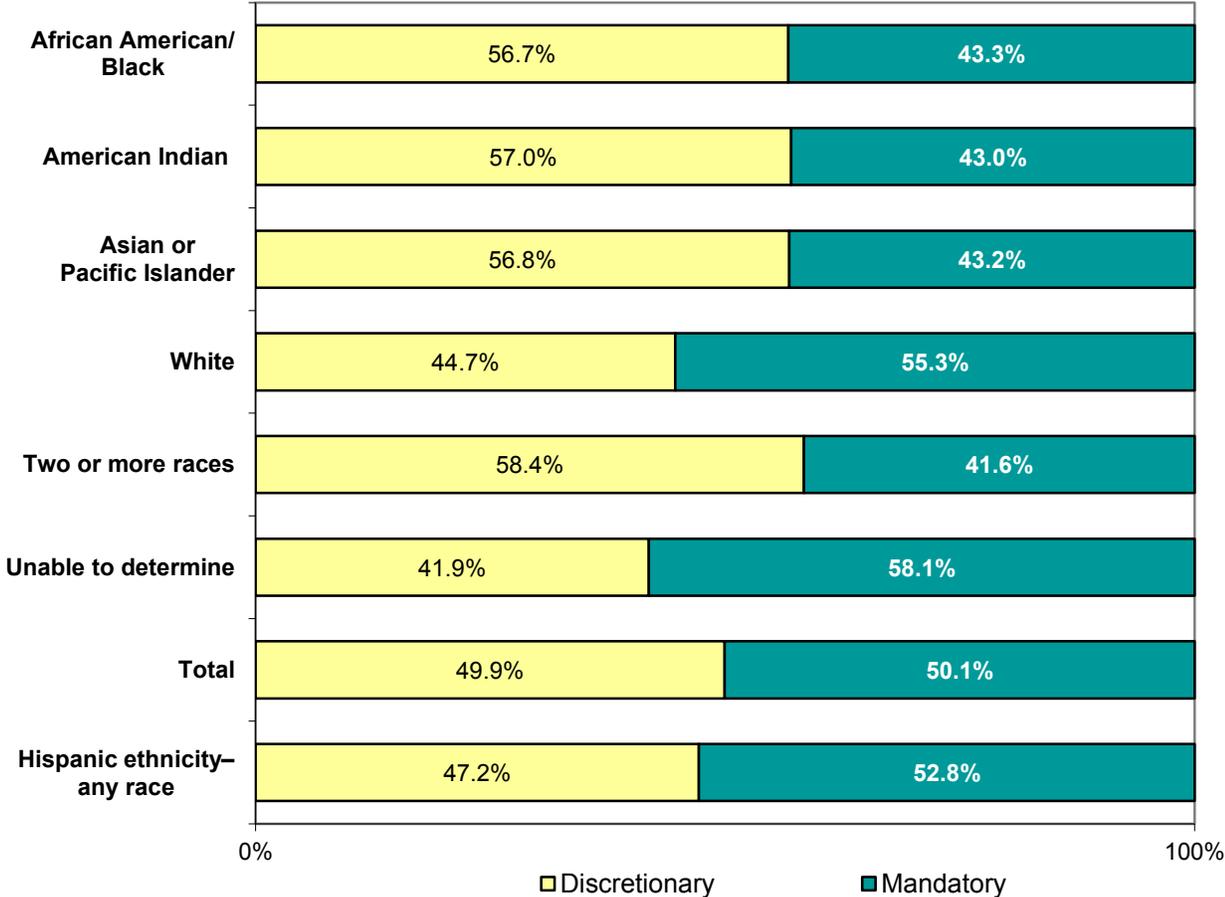


Table 5 shows the percentage of children in all assessments and investigations by their disability status and maltreatment allegations. While 17 percent of children reported to child protection had a known disability, only an estimated 3.5 percent Minnesota’s population under age 18 had a disability. [U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey] Emotional and behavioral disturbances were by far the most commonly identified disabilities, followed by developmental disabilities. Children for whom there were allegations of medical neglect were the most likely to have a disability, with 38.2 percent indicating one or more disabilities.

Table 5. Child Subjects of Reports by Disability Status and Maltreatment Type

Disability status	Percentage with a disability					
	Total unique children (N=22,537)	Neglect (non-medical) (N=15,166)	Physical abuse (N=6,882)	Sexual abuse (N=2,296)	Mental injury (N=252)	Medical neglect (N=259)
Emotional disturbance	8.5	6.5	13.0	11.3	21.4	9.7
Developmental disability	2.4	2.2	2.7	2.0	0.8	10.8
Learning disability	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.2	2.7
Speech impairment	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.8	3.5
Physical disability	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.0	10.0
Chemical dependency	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.0
Hearing impairment	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.0
Visual impairment	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.5
Other clinically diagnosed condition	3.0	2.7	3.4	3.7	1.6	13.5
Currently being evaluated	1.8	1.6	2.2	2.3	0.8	5.0
Any disability	16.9	14.3	22.3	19.6	25.8	38.2

Table 6 shows the relationship of alleged offenders to the children in assessments and investigations. Birth parents accounted for 76.6 percent of alleged offenders. Other primary caretakers such as adoptive parents, stepparents, unmarried partners of parents, and legal guardians followed with another 12.7 percent of alleged offenders.

Table 6. Relationship of Alleged Offenders to Child Subjects of Reports

Relationship	Percent of alleged offenders (N=20,917)
Biological parent	76.6
Adoptive parent	1.3
Stepparent	4.1
Unmarried partner of parent	6.2
Legal guardian	1.1
Sibling	2.3
Other relative (non-foster parent)	4.2
Relative foster parent	0.2
Non-relative foster parent	0.5
Child daycare provider	0.9
Group home or residential facility staff	0.2
Friends or neighbors	0.5
Other professionals	0.1
Other	1.7
Unknown or missing	1.0

Results of Child Protection Assessments and Investigations

At a Glance

- *There were 13 deaths determined to be a result of maltreatment in 2010, and 33 victims with life-threatening injuries.*
- *Most families (78 percent) were experiencing one or more family conditions that may have contributed to risk of child maltreatment.*
- *About 50 percent of Family Investigations and 17 percent of Family Assessments were identified as needing further protective services. Optional supportive services were recommended or offered to 18 percent of families who received a Family Assessment response.*
- *The most frequently recommended services to families included individual counseling, parenting education and chemical dependency services.*
- *Some children were determined victims of maltreatment more than once during the calendar year. Children of color and tribally-affiliated children had higher maltreatment recurrence rates than White children. These data should be read with caution because of the small numbers in both the numerators and denominators.*

Figure 10 shows the 2001–2010 trend in the number of deaths and life-threatening injuries determined to be the result of maltreatment by a caretaker. There was a steady downward trend from 2001 to 2005, before a notable increase in 2006. There was a decrease in 2010 with the lowest number of deaths since 2004 and the lowest number of life-threatening injuries in the last 10 years. Note that these data are counted from the date that the allegation of maltreatment was determined, rather than the actual date of death.

Figure 10. Deaths and Life-threatening Injuries, 2001–2010

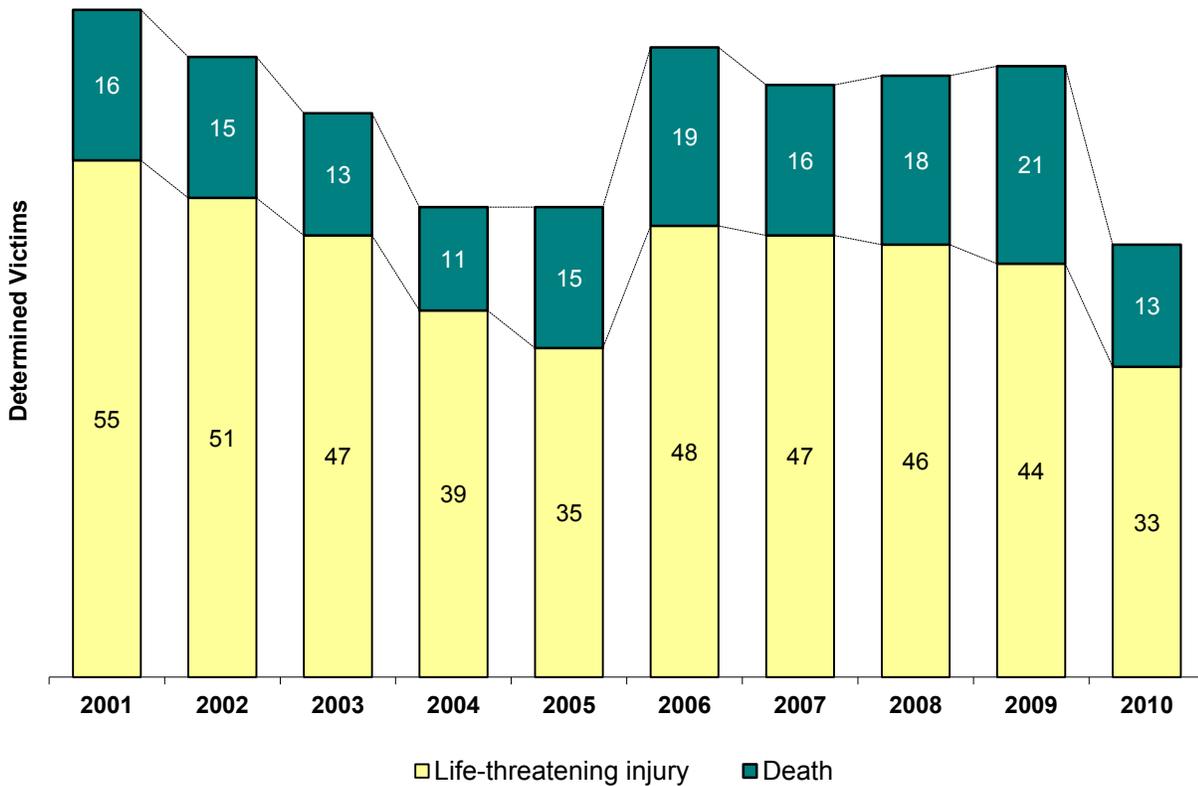
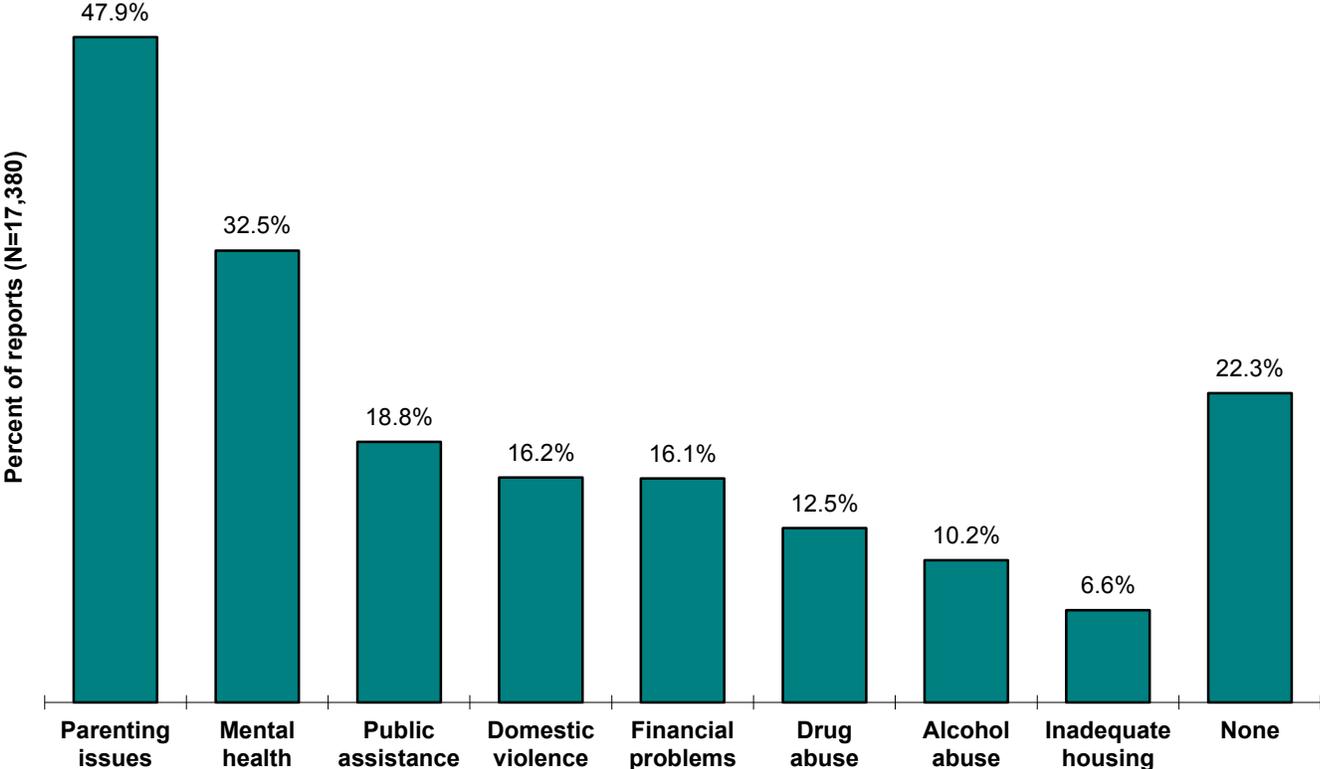


Figure 11 depicts the prevalence of known family conditions identified by the social worker during the assessment or investigation. Most families (78 percent) were experiencing at least one of the eight issues shown below. Nearly 48 percent of families in maltreatment reports had parenting issues, while more than 30 percent were dealing with mental health conditions.

Figure 11. Prevalence of Family Conditions



The assessment/investigation process includes use of the Structured Decision Making Family Risk Assessment instrument to determine the risk of future child maltreatment in the family. This risk is determined based on quantifying and weighting observations of family conditions such as past child protection involvement, parental characteristics, domestic violence and vulnerability of the child. The purpose of the risk assessment is to determine the family’s need for ongoing services or monitoring. Families assigned for a Family Investigation tended to be more high risk. Figure 12 illustrates this difference.

Figure 12. Structured Decision Making Family Risk Assessment Level by Response Category

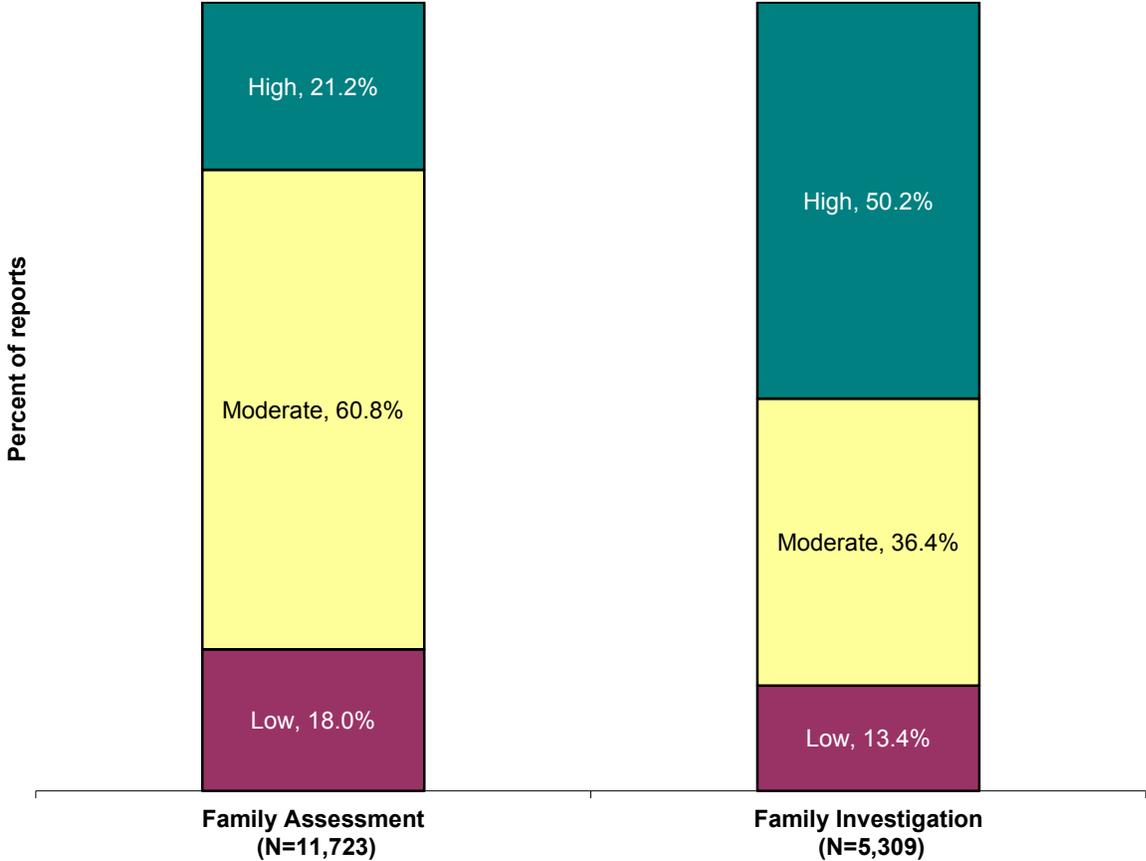


Figure 13 shows that the majority of alleged maltreatment reports were closed after the assessment or investigation. Protective or supportive services were required or offered in 6,516 of the 16,905 total Family Assessments and Family Investigations (38.5 percent). About 50 percent of Family Investigations and 17 percent of Family Assessments were identified as needing further protective services. Optional supportive services were recommended or offered to 17 percent of families who received a Family Assessment response.

Figure 13. Family Referrals for Ongoing Case Management Services by Response Category

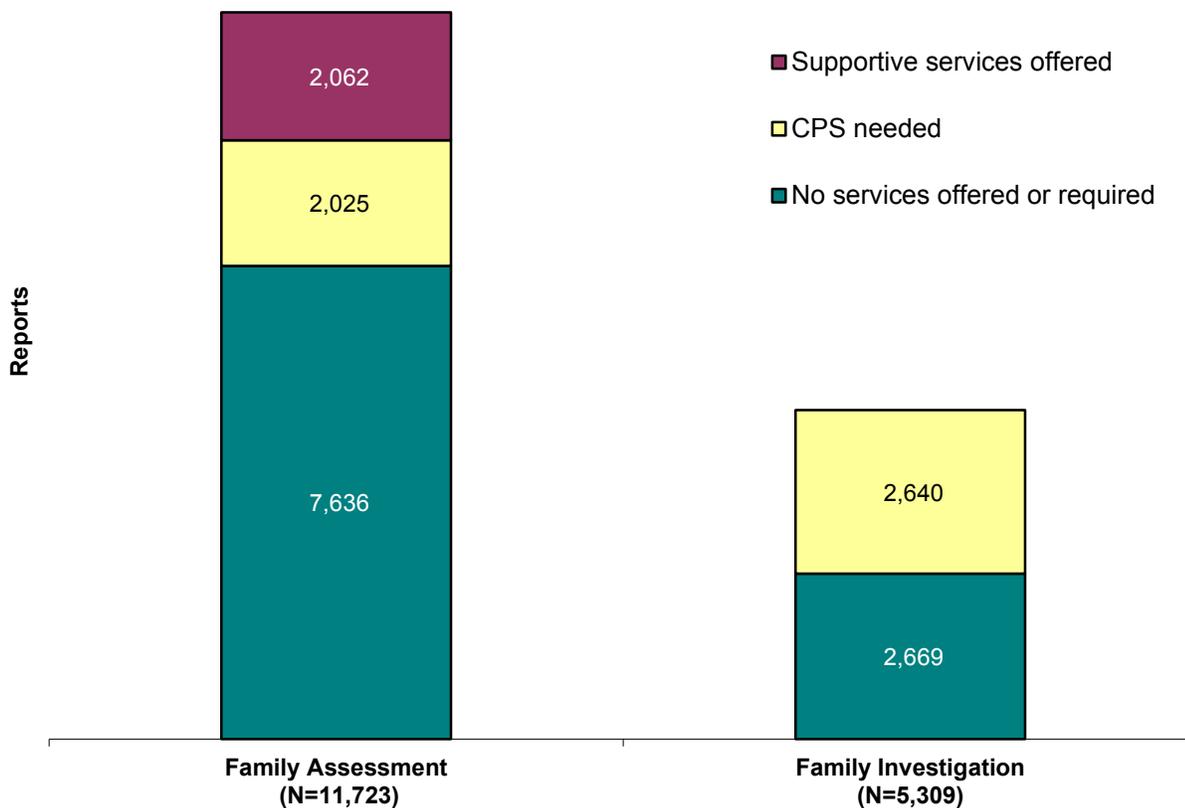
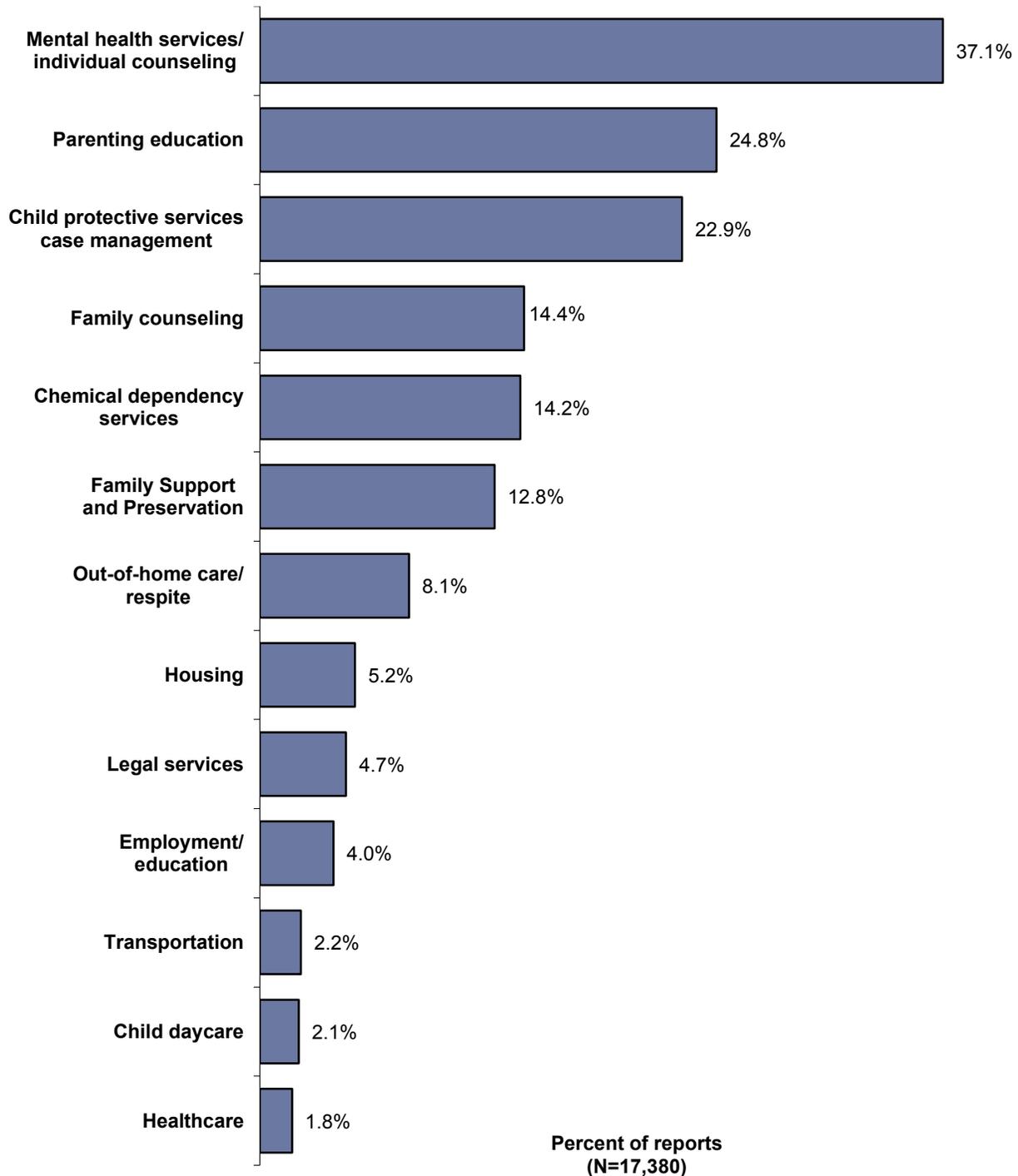


Figure 14 identifies the frequency at which the child protection worker recommended various services to address the trauma of child maltreatment and reduce risk factors to prevent future abuse or neglect. The most commonly recommended service was mental health or individual counseling, followed by parenting education and mandated child protective services.

Figure 14. Recommended Services



In Figure 15, of all victims in determined investigations between July 1, 2009, and Dec. 31, 2009, 4.9 percent had a subsequent determined report of maltreatment within six months. A child was more likely to be re-reported within six months due to child protective services monitoring of the family, unresolved family conditions, or heightened surveillance of ongoing maltreatment by mandated reporters. Children of color and tribally-affiliated children had higher maltreatment recurrence rates than White children. Data should be read with caution because of the small numbers in both the numerators and denominators. Table 7 includes the raw data.

Figure 15. Six- and 12-month Maltreatment Recurrence Rate by Race/Ethnicity

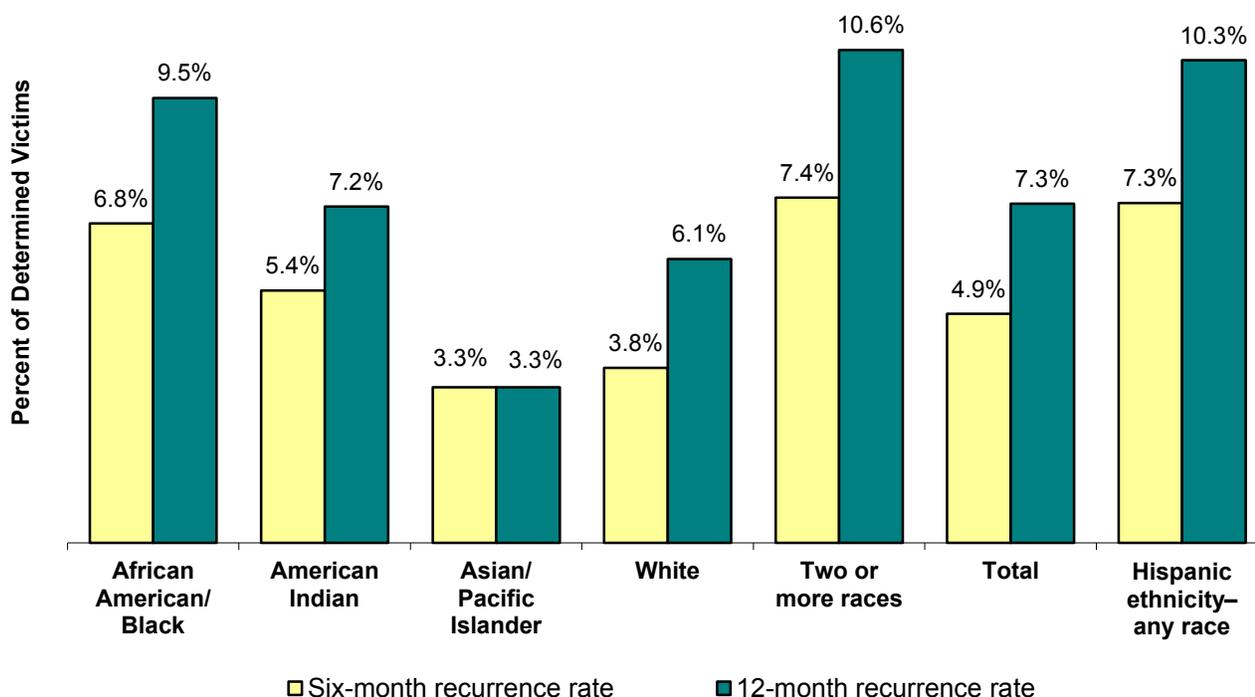


Table 7. Six- and 12-month Maltreatment Recurrence Rate by Race/Ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	Determined victims 7/1/2009–12/31/2009	Victims–recurrence within six months	Percent recurring within six months	Victims–recurrence within 12 months	Percent recurring within 12 months
African American/Black	409	28	6.8	39	9.5
American Indian	222	12	5.4	16	7.2
Asian/Pacific Islander	60	2	3.3	2	3.3
White	1,200	45	3.8	73	6.1
Two or more races	284	21	7.4	30	10.6
Unable to determine	26	0	0.0	0	0.0
Total	2,201	108	4.9	160	7.3
Hispanic ethnicity–any race	261	19	7.3	27	10.3

Family Assessment does not result in a determination of maltreatment; therefore, the safety performance measure of maltreatment recurrence did not apply to 67 percent of children who received an assessment in response to a report alleging child abuse or neglect. Table 8 and the corresponding tables in the Appendix refer to the rate of re-reporting that can be applied across Family Investigation and Family Assessment for purposes of monitoring the effectiveness of interventions as a result of initial and subsequent reports of maltreatment. Children initially seen in Family Investigations had a slightly higher rate of re-reporting than did those in Family Assessments. Children who were the subjects of Facility Investigations had a much lower rate of re-reporting.

Table 8. Six- and 12-month Re-reporting Rate by Response Category

Response type	Total unique children 7/1/2009– 12/31/2009	Re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Family Assessment	7,349	668	9.1	1,124	15.3
Family Investigation	3,634	365	10.0	581	16.0
Facility Investigation	237	15	6.3	19	8.0
Total*	11,043	1,022	9.3	1,677	15.2

**Total is less than the sum of each response type as children may have been in more than one response type.*

Federal Performance Indicators

Minnesota counties began using performance indicators in 1998 to measure how well the state's child welfare system was protecting children at risk of abuse and neglect, and how well the system was providing permanent homes. This section provides statewide performance on two federal indicators that pertain to child maltreatment and protection. The national standards for these measures were established by the federal Department of Health and Human Services in 2001.

Federal Performance Indicators	Minnesota results, 2010	Federal standards
<p>Safety Measure 1.2: Absence of Maltreatment Recurrence Of all who were victims of determined maltreatment during the last six months of 2009, what number did not have another determined report within six months?</p>	<p>95.1% (2,093 of 2,201)</p>	<p>94.6% or higher</p>
<p>Safety Measure 1.2: Absence of Maltreatment in Foster Care Of all children who were served in foster care during the reporting period, what percent were not the subjects of determined maltreatment by a foster parent or facility staff?</p>	<p>99.65% (11,200 of 11,239)</p>	<p>99.68% or higher</p>

Child Maltreatment Appendix

Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports per 1,000 in the Child Population

Note: Investigation is a unique count of children in Family Investigations or Facility Investigations.

County/Tribe	Child population, 2010	Total		Family Assessment		Investigation- Alleged		Investigation- Determined	
		Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000
Aitkin	2,918	63	21.6	41	14.1	24	8.2	12	4.1
Anoka	86,031	1,076	12.5	667	7.8	421	4.9	202	2.3
Becker	7,999	298	37.3	178	22.3	133	16.6	70	8.8
Beltrami	11,108	244	22.0	138	12.4	128	11.5	83	7.5
Benton	9,500	121	12.7	79	8.3	54	5.7	35	3.7
Big Stone	1,105	34	30.8	17	15.4	19	17.2	11	10.0
Blue Earth	12,381	259	20.9	150	12.1	113	9.1	86	6.9
Brown	5,698	163	28.6	123	21.6	54	9.5	37	6.5
Carlton	8,364	182	21.8	101	12.1	82	9.8	49	5.9
Carver	27,205	309	11.4	200	7.4	117	4.3	70	2.6
Cass	6,203	255	41.1	213	34.3	45	7.3	22	3.5
Chippewa	2,914	38	13.0	31	10.6	7	2.4	7	2.4
Chisago	13,847	147	10.6	118	8.5	31	2.2	21	1.5
Clay	13,744	214	15.6	173	12.6	48	3.5	28	2.0
Clearwater	2,170	76	35.0	50	23.0	29	13.4	7	3.2
Cook	871	15	17.2	13	14.9	2	2.3	2	2.3
Cottonwood	2,791	36	12.9	19	6.8	17	6.1	8	2.9
Crow Wing	14,372	258	18.0	202	14.1	61	4.2	40	2.8
Dakota	105,060	1,596	15.2	961	9.1	668	6.4	302	2.9
Dodge	5,824	128	22.0	122	20.9	11	1.9	5	0.9
Douglas	7,876	221	28.1	141	17.9	92	11.7	63	8.0
Fillmore	5,065	79	15.6	70	13.8	9	1.8	4	0.8
Freeborn	6,872	165	24.0	128	18.6	42	6.1	31	4.5
Goodhue	10,950	73	6.7	45	4.1	29	2.6	20	1.8
Grant	1,287	15	11.7	11	8.5	4	3.1	0	0.0
Hennepin	261,345	4,949	18.9	3,151	12.1	1,969	7.5	1,288	4.9
Houston	4,403	58	13.2	49	11.1	12	2.7	6	1.4
Hubbard	4,464	86	19.3	75	16.8	13	2.9	4	0.9
Isanti	9,805	159	16.2	121	12.3	40	4.1	32	3.3
Itasca	9,836	280	28.5	213	21.7	76	7.7	42	4.3
Jackson	2,320	55	23.7	53	22.8	3	1.3	0	0.0
Kanabec	3,896	77	19.8	64	16.4	14	3.6	8	2.1
Kandiyohi	10,157	312	30.7	177	17.4	150	14.8	71	7.0
Kittson	984	30	30.5	30	30.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Koochiching	2,782	142	51.0	127	45.7	19	6.8	13	4.7
Lac qui Parle	1,534	29	18.9	26	16.9	3	2.0	3	2.0
Lake	2,067	56	27.1	40	19.4	16	7.7	13	6.3
Lake of the Woods	814	13	16.0	11	13.5	2	2.5	0	0.0
Le Sueur	7,052	112	15.9	80	11.3	33	4.7	23	3.3
McLeod	9,265	246	26.6	193	20.8	66	7.1	23	2.5
Mahnomen	1,586	17	10.7	12	7.6	9	5.7	1	0.6
Marshall	2,226	72	32.3	53	23.8	23	10.3	10	4.5
Meeker	5,920	43	7.3	23	3.9	20	3.4	3	0.5

Child Subjects of Maltreatment Reports per 1,000 in the Child Population *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Child population, 2010	Total		Family Assessment		Investigation–Alleged		Investigation–Determined	
		Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000	Unique children	Children per 1,000
Mille Lacs	6,615	177	26.8	115	17.4	73	11.0	34	5.1
Morrison	8,165	122	14.9	85	10.4	39	4.8	30	3.7
Mower	9,883	126	12.7	87	8.8	41	4.1	18	1.8
Nicollet	7,383	89	12.1	60	8.1	30	4.1	26	3.5
Nobles	5,483	116	21.2	83	15.1	33	6.0	21	3.8
Norman	1,666	29	17.4	26	15.6	3	1.8	1	0.6
Olmsted	36,440	653	17.9	607	16.7	55	1.5	25	0.7
Otter Tail	12,457	213	17.1	130	10.4	88	7.1	30	2.4
Pennington	3,311	29	8.8	22	6.6	7	2.1	5	1.5
Pine	6,599	251	38.0	164	24.9	95	14.4	32	4.8
Pipestone	2,391	53	22.2	40	16.7	15	6.3	6	2.5
Polk	7,521	296	39.4	268	35.6	48	6.4	30	4.0
Pope	2,337	88	37.7	70	30.0	28	12.0	24	10.3
Ramsey	118,493	1,594	13.5	942	7.9	680	5.7	436	3.7
Red Lake	1,007	15	14.9	9	8.9	6	6.0	3	3.0
Redwood	4,017	80	19.9	53	13.2	33	8.2	24	6.0
Renville	3,656	29	7.9	13	3.6	17	4.6	8	2.2
Rice	15,163	316	20.8	264	17.4	70	4.6	45	3.0
Rock	2,503	5	2.0	5	2.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Roseau	4,104	19	4.6	7	1.7	13	3.2	8	1.9
St. Louis	39,559	1,489	37.6	992	25.1	553	14.0	295	7.5
Scott	39,228	491	12.5	339	8.6	166	4.2	78	2.0
Sherburne	25,777	243	9.4	164	6.4	87	3.4	60	2.3
Sibley	3,903	53	13.6	35	9.0	19	4.9	15	3.8
Stearns	34,900	427	12.2	303	8.7	136	3.9	93	2.7
Steele	9,650	172	17.8	151	15.6	26	2.7	16	1.7
Stevens	2,037	82	40.3	68	33.4	19	9.3	11	5.4
Swift	2,183	94	43.1	62	28.4	35	16.0	19	8.7
Todd	6,210	91	14.7	75	12.1	17	2.7	13	2.1
Traverse	778	41	52.7	39	50.1	2	2.6	1	1.3
Wabasha	5,053	58	11.5	47	9.3	11	2.2	7	1.4
Wadena	3,326	134	40.3	105	31.6	35	10.5	18	5.4
Waseca	4,523	51	11.3	29	6.4	22	4.9	15	3.3
Washington	63,598	570	9.0	369	5.8	211	3.3	83	1.3
Watonwan	2,808	34	12.1	29	10.3	6	2.1	4	1.4
Wilkin	1,574	32	20.3	30	19.1	2	1.3	2	1.3
Winona	9,969	246	24.7	191	19.2	63	6.3	28	2.8
Wright	37,361	358	9.6	271	7.3	91	2.4	52	1.4
Yellow Medicine	2,475	87	35.2	49	19.8	40	16.2	4	1.6
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	9,515	112	11.8	94	9.9	18	1.9	5	0.5
Faribault-Martin	7,831	260	33.2	170	21.7	96	12.3	59	7.5
Leech Lake Band	1,975*	136	68.9	108	54.7	36	18.2	28	14.2
White Earth Band	1,981*	175	88.3	151	76.2	28	14.1	24	12.1
Minnesota	1,284,063	22,537	17.6	15,410	12.0	7,801	6.1	4,491	3.5

*These numbers represent the 2010 U.S. Census for children residing on the Leech Lake and White Earth reservations and who indicated "American Indian" alone or as one of two or more races. The Leech Lake reservation has land in Cass, Itasca, Beltrami and Hubbard counties. The White Earth reservation overlaps Mahnommen, Becker and Clearwater counties.

Child Subjects of Reports by Maltreatment Type and Response Category

Note: A report may allege more than one type of maltreatment; therefore, totals do not equal the sum of the reports in maltreatment types. "Det." is an abbreviation for "determined." Children are counted for each assessment or investigation of which they are a subject. "Investigation" is a count of children in Family Investigations and Facility Investigations.

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Aitkin	44	24	12	27	14	4	16	6	5		5	4				2		
Anoka	693	440	218	468	230	143	221	93	34	1	128	45	1			9	2	1
Becker	182	142	71	133	119	60	82	65	25	1	16	3	38	27	17	1	1	1
Beltrami	149	138	88	112	93	75	31	19	6	1	34	8	2			4		
Benton	83	57	37	49	22	14	31	23	13	4	14	11		1	1			
Big Stone	18	20	11	14	11	4	3	13	8		1			3		1		
Blue Earth	156	121	89	123	91	70	35	21	15		18	11	3					
Brown	135	58	39	85	25	22	54	22	16		22	7	1	3	2	4		
Carlton	103	83	49	62	60	38	42	27	8		9	3				5	2	2
Carver	207	122	72	166	72	53	44	22	12		32	12					3	
Cass	235	46	22	163	20	6	93	14	8	7	22	13	10			4	1	
Chippewa	32	7	7	26	5	5	5	2	2		3	3				1		
Chisago	118	32	22	68	11	10	35	7	6	8	16	5	1	2	2	6		
Clay	183	52	31	101	12	9	78	28	15		14	7	2			2		
Clearwater	56	30	7	37	7	1	20	8	2	2	16	4	2				2	1
Cook	14	2	2	8			6	2	2				2					
Cottonwood	19	17	8	6	6	3	13	8	5		3	1		1				
Crow Wing	207	62	40	147	23	20	61	7	5	10	38	20				3		
Dakota	1,013	728	313	764	479	237	248	180	46		102	42	2	1		10	7	4
Dodge	145	11	5	104			46	3	2		8	3	1					
Douglas	156	98	64	137	53	42	32	33	10		19	13						
Fillmore	75	9	4	46	1	1	27			2	8	3	2	3	1	1		
Freeborn	129	44	32	76	24	24	56	11	3	3	10	6						
Goodhue	47	30	21	26	20	16	20	8	4	1	8	5						
Grant	11	4	0	1	3		7			2			1				1	
Hennepin	3,300	2,138	1,353	2,285	1,381	976	1,096	421	221	10	629	243	2	4	3	35	36	25
Houston	52	12	6	34	4		18	6	5		2	1	1			1		
Hubbard	82	13	4	52	5	1	27	1			7	3	1			2		
Isanti	126	40	32	80	29	29	47	3		5	13	4	2	1	1	1		
Itasca	223	77	42	199	63	34	22	12	10	10	12	5	1			1	1	

Child Subjects of Reports by Maltreatment Type and Response Category *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Jackson	53	3	0	36	1		17	2		2			2			1		
Kanabec	67	15	8	41	3	1	25	3	1	1	11	7	2					
Kandiyohi	188	166	77	142	89	46	53	61	23		28	10	6	5	5	5		
Kittson	34	0	0	29			3			1						1		
Koochiching	160	21	13	113	8	7	42	8	7	11	8	2	8	2	1	1		
Lac qui Parle	26	3	3	17			7	2	2	1	1	1	1					
Lake	40	16	13	36	12	12	4				4	1				1		
Lake of the Woods	13	2	0	9	2		3						2					
Le Sueur	81	33	23	64	21	18	14	9	2	1	5	3	4				1	
McLeod	199	74	25	145	54	18	51	22	11		11	3	11					
Mahnomen	12	10	1	11	5		5	3			1	1					1	
Marshall	56	25	10	30	6	6	22	5	3		16	3	6			1		
Meeker	24	21	3	11	4	2	13	9	1		5			3				
Mille Lacs	125	75	34	92	51	23	45	21	7	4	20	9	6	1		2	1	1
Morrison	90	39	30	62	13	13	26	6	4		19	12				2	1	1
Mower	90	42	18	58	12	7	35	14	6		22	8				2		
Nicollet	61	31	27	34	19	16	23	9	9	2	3	2	1			1		
Nobles	90	34	22	70	14	10	23	6	4	1	15	8				1	2	
Norman	26	3	1	16			10	1	1		2							
Olmsted	657	55	25	521	11	3	152	15	6	2	32	17				4		
Otter Tail	145	100	33	115	30	14	29	44	11	1	31	9				4		
Pennington	22	7	5	15	2	2	7	4	3		1							
Pine	170	99	32	127	72	22	41	18	4	9	26	8	1	2		1	1	
Pipestone	41	15	6	22	6	5	19	6	1	3	3							
Polk	335	53	32	266	15	13	71	11	10	4	27	9	1			1		
Pope	77	30	25	49	15	13	30	8	5		9	7	3					
Ramsey	957	701	441	656	505	312	316	132	70	1	154	80				2	7	2
Red Lake	9	6	3	8			1	6	3		3	2						
Redwood	55	37	25	43	20	15	12	6	2		12	10		1	1		1	
Renville	13	17	8	5	6	4	6	8	2	1	3	2	2					

Child Subjects of Reports by Maltreatment Type and Response Category *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Rice	295	74	46	243	51	38	54	9	6	1	17	5				2	1	
Rock	5	0	0	2			3									1		
Roseau	7	13	8	4	5	3	3	4	4		4	1						
St. Louis	1,050	607	315	640	369	225	446	180	89	1	157	49	6	5	3	9	4	2
Scott	369	174	80	263	86	45	103	46	17		62	19	1	3		10	2	1
Sherburne	171	98	67	73	57	51	86	18	11	12	33	12						
Sibley	35	21	17	23	16	14	13	4	1		3	2						
Stearns	306	142	96	186	80	71	119	38	22	5	34	9	9	2		3		
Steele	166	26	16	104	13	11	59	4	2	2	9	3	2			1	1	
Stevens	72	20	11	52	16	10	16	2	1	2	5	1				3		
Swift	63	36	19	52	31	16	16	6	3		4	1				1	1	
Todd	76	17	13	37			37	7	6	3	10	7	1					
Traverse	44	2	1	27	2	1	9	1		5			5			1		
Wabasha	48	12	7	36	3	1	9			2	10	6	1					
Wadena	111	36	18	78	19	8	44	15	6		15	8	2					
Waseca	31	23	15	24	12	12	7	7	4		8	2					1	1
Washington	385	230	89	202	129	60	175	56	26	3	67	13	11	1		5	4	2
Watonwan	29	7	5	16			13	4	4		3	1						
Wilkin	34	2	2	28			5	2	2	3								
Winona	214	95	40	109	47	25	111	41	14		17	6	3	3	2	2		
Wright	287	94	54	212	48	31	77	31	16	2	19	7				1	1	
Yellow Medicine	52	40	4	31	31	2	22	1	1		10	1	1					
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	102	18	5	60	7	2	38	7	1	1	4	2	1			2		
Faribault-Martin	179	101	61	127	77	47	55	20	11	2	13	7					1	1
Leech Lake Band	113	36	28	100	31	23	24	7	6		1		2				1	1
White Earth Band	158	32	27	138	25	24	17	7	4	1	3	2	3			6	1	
Minnesota	16,311	8,346	4,688	11,309	5,034	3,199	5,182	2,021	943	157*	2,189	863	179	74	39	170	89	46

*The 157 child subjects of Family Assessment sexual abuse reports were possibly unfounded allegations of Family Investigations that were switched to a Family Assessment response in the data system.

Assessments and Investigations by Maltreatment Type and Response Category

Note: A report may allege more than one type of maltreatment; therefore, totals do not equal the sum of the reports in maltreatment types. "Det." is an abbreviation for "determined."
 "Investigation" combines Family Investigations and Facility Investigations.

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Aitkin	35	14	7	20	7	2	14	4	3		4	3				2		
Anoka	545	318	145	326	134	78	215	79	29	1	115	42	1			9	2	1
Becker	122	79	38	88	65	32	58	38	16	1	13	3	25	16	8	1	1	1
Beltrami	104	93	50	68	51	38	31	18	6	1	32	7	1			4		
Benton	65	40	27	32	16	10	31	17	11	4	9	7		1	1			
Big Stone	12	13	7	9	6	3	3	10	6		1			1		1		
Blue Earth	115	81	55	85	54	38	33	18	13		16	9	2					
Brown	90	35	23	51	14	12	41	13	10		15	6	1	3	2	4		
Carlton	70	49	31	40	31	20	33	19	8		8	3				3	2	2
Carver	153	84	45	114	42	31	44	17	9		27	9					3	
Cass	152	35	15	96	14	4	65	10	4	7	19	11	8			4	1	
Chippewa	27	5	5	21	3	3	5	2	2		3	3				1		
Chisago	94	22	15	50	6	5	30	6	5	7	12	5	1	1	1	6		
Clay	143	40	24	73	10	7	66	21	12		11	5	2			2		
Clearwater	39	18	6	23	3	1	17	7	2	2	9	3	2				2	1
Cook	10	1	1	5			6	1	1				1					
Cottonwood	14	14	6	2	4	2	12	7	4		3	1		1				
Crow Wing	120	44	26	74	13	11	47	7	5	5	28	14				3		
Dakota	785	500	201	544	277	132	241	156	40		90	34	2	1		10	7	4
Dodge	93	9	5	61			39	3	2		6	3	1					
Douglas	106	58	32	88	25	17	29	24	5		15	11						
Fillmore	54	6	3	28	1	1	24			2	5	2	2	1	1	1		
Freeborn	84	27	16	46	11	11	43	11	3	2	8	5						
Goodhue	36	22	15	17	14	10	18	6	4	1	7	4						
Grant	11	2	0	1	1		7			2			1				1	
Hennepin	2,385	1,444	906	1,443	851	594	1,020	368	195	5	466	196	2	3	2	33	33	25
Houston	42	6	3	24	1		18	3	2		2	1	1			1		
Hubbard	70	10	4	41	2	1	26	1			7	3	1			2		
Isanti	98	27	21	55	18	18	45	2		4	12	4	2	1	1	1		
Itasca	138	45	23	119	33	16	21	8	6	4	11	4	1			1	1	

Assessments and Investigations by Maltreatment Type and Response Category (continued)

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Jackson	36	3	0	23	1		14	2		1			2			1		
Kanabec	59	11	5	33	3	1	25	3	1	1	8	4	2					
Kandiyohi	116	91	41	75	44	22	45	43	16		17	7	6	1	1	5		
Kittson	16	0	0	12			3			1						1		
Koochiching	132	17	11	90	6	5	37	7	6	11	6	2	7	1	1	1		
Lac qui Parle	18	3	3	9			7	2	2	1	1	1	1					
Lake	27	9	6	23	5	5	4				4	1				1		
Lake of the Woods	10	1	0	7	1		3						1					
Le Sueur	46	22	16	34	13	12	12	7	2	1	4	2	1				1	
McLeod	132	45	19	87	29	13	45	19	10		10	3	8					
Mahnomen	7	8	1	6	3		3	3			1	1					1	
Marshall	34	11	5	16	3	3	19	5	3		6	2	3			1		
Meeker	21	16	2	8	2	1	13	8	1		5			1				
Mille Lacs	71	45	22	43	28	16	37	15	3	1	16	7	3	1		2	1	1
Morrison	69	30	23	43	9	9	24	5	4		15	9				2	1	1
Mower	63	31	13	34	8	5	31	12	5		16	5				2		
Nicollet	61	26	22	34	14	11	23	9	9	2	3	2	1			1		
Nobles	61	26	16	43	8	5	21	6	4	1	13	7				1	2	
Norman	22	3	1	12			10	1	1		2							
Olmsted	427	45	20	304	8	2	139	15	6	2	25	13				4		
Otter Tail	100	76	24	72	17	6	27	37	11	1	27	8				4		
Pennington	17	6	4	10	1	1	7	4	3		1							
Pine	101	65	22	68	41	13	35	17	4	5	20	7	1	1		1	1	
Pipestone	28	11	4	14	4	3	13	4	1	3	3							
Polk	211	38	20	151	11	9	60	6	6	4	21	5	1			1		
Pope	58	20	17	34	9	7	27	7	5		6	5	2					
Ramsey	761	499	327	469	339	218	306	111	61	1	126	69				2	4	2
Red Lake	5	3	2	4			1	3	2		2	1						
Redwood	40	30	19	29	14	10	11	6	2		11	9		1	1		1	
Renville	11	11	6	4	3	2	5	5	2	1	3	2	2					

Assessments and Investigations by Maltreatment Type and Response Category *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Totals			Neglect (non-medical)			Physical abuse			Sexual abuse			Mental injury			Medical neglect		
	FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA*	Investigation		FA	Investigation		FA	Investigation	
		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.		Alleged	Det.
Rice	209	41	25	160	20	18	52	8	5	1	16	5				2	1	
Rock	5	0	0	2			3									1		
Roseau	6	10	5	3	4	2	3	2	2		4	1						
St. Louis	736	398	203	409	219	136	350	128	58	1	118	39	6	4	2	9	4	2
Scott	271	125	58	168	50	27	99	40	17		44	16	1	1		9	2	1
Sherburne	147	66	43	53	32	28	83	15	8	12	26	11						
Sibley	22	14	10	12	9	7	11	4	1		3	2						
Stearns	215	100	59	115	45	37	103	34	20	5	32	8	4	1		3		
Steele	115	16	9	59	7	5	53	4	2	2	6	2	2			1	1	
Stevens	48	10	6	31	6	5	15	1	1	1	5	1				3		
Swift	39	22	15	29	19	12	15	5	3		4	1				1	1	
Todd	54	16	12	22			30	6	5	3	10	7	1					
Traverse	26	2	1	16	2	1	7	1		4			1			1		
Wabasha	37	10	5	30	3	1	4			2	8	4	1					
Wadena	58	24	10	38	12	4	29	11	3		11	5	1					
Waseca	23	17	10	17	7	7	6	6	3		7	2					1	1
Washington	296	161	64	137	80	42	157	45	19	2	55	11	6	1		5	4	2
Watonwan	24	7	5	11			13	4	4		3	1						
Wilkin	21	2	2	15			5	2	2	2								
Winona	150	68	28	74	31	16	79	30	12		16	5	3	3	2	2		
Wright	223	74	41	154	29	19	70	30	15	2	19	7				1	1	
Yellow Medicine	42	12	4	22	4	2	21	1	1		9	1	1					
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	102	13	4	60	2	1	38	7	1	1	4	2	1			2		
Faribault-Martin	121	68	40	75	45	26	50	20	11	1	12	7					1	1
Leech Lake Band	65	20	15	57	16	12	12	5	4		1		1				1	1
White Earth Band	96	18	14	80	12	11	16	7	4	1	3	2	2			6	1	
Minnesota	11,723	5,657	3,114	7,284	2,985	1,895	4,613	1,654	774	125*	1,742	710	129	45	23	165	83	46

*The 125 Family Assessment sexual abuse reports were possibly unfounded allegations of Family Investigations that were switched to a Family Assessment response in the data system.

Child Protection Services Needed or Supportive Services Offered

What were the number and percent of Family Assessments (FA) where child protection services were needed or optional supportive services offered? What were the number and percent of Family Investigations (FI) where child protective services were needed? Facility Investigations are not included in this analysis due to small numbers and rare referrals for services.

County/Tribe	Total FA reports	FA with CPS needed	Percent FA with CPS needed	FA with supportive services offered	Percent FA with supportive services offered	Total alleged FI reports	Alleged FI with CPS needed	Percent FI with CPS needed
Aitkin	35	12	34.3	6	17.1	14	4	28.6
Anoka	545	40	7.3	59	10.8	304	114	37.5
Becker	122	28	23.0	2	1.6	77	42	54.5
Beltrami	104	25	24.0	13	12.5	88	52	59.1
Benton	65	17	26.2	12	18.5	36	24	66.7
Big Stone	12	8	66.7	0	0.0	13	7	53.8
Blue Earth	115	11	9.6	14	12.2	79	39	49.4
Brown	90	31	34.4	7	7.8	35	18	51.4
Carlton	70	10	14.3	1	1.4	45	38	84.4
Carver	153	33	21.6	9	5.9	79	40	50.6
Cass	152	34	22.4	70	46.1	28	8	28.6
Chippewa	27	22	81.5	0	0.0	4	3	75.0
Chisago	94	16	17.0	0	0.0	21	7	33.3
Clay	143	36	25.2	47	32.9	36	23	63.9
Clearwater	39	4	10.3	2	5.1	17	3	17.6
Cook	10	5	50.0	0	0.0	1	0	0.0
Cottonwood	14	4	28.6	1	7.1	14	6	42.9
Crow Wing	120	42	35.0	5	4.2	36	15	41.7
Dakota	785	69	8.8	222	28.3	480	143	29.8
Dodge	93	19	20.4	18	19.4	7	2	28.6
Douglas	106	30	28.3	3	2.8	55	31	56.4
Fillmore	54	15	27.8	2	3.7	6	2	33.3
Freeborn	84	10	11.9	7	8.3	21	10	47.6
Goodhue	36	4	11.1	3	8.3	17	8	47.1
Grant	11	0	0.0	1	9.1	2	1	50.0
Hennepin	2,385	3	0.1	882	37.0	1,366	787	57.6
Houston	42	12	28.6	12	28.6	6	2	33.3
Hubbard	70	21	30.0	2	2.9	9	4	44.4
Isanti	98	21	21.4	1	1.0	26	18	69.2
Itasca	138	42	30.4	6	4.3	44	27	61.4
Jackson	36	10	27.8	5	13.9	1	0	0.0
Kanabec	59	23	39.0	0	0.0	11	6	54.5
Kandiyohi	116	23	19.8	2	1.7	85	43	50.6
Kittson	16	6	37.5	2	12.5	0	--	NA
Koochiching	132	28	21.2	2	1.5	17	9	52.9
Lac qui Parle	18	13	72.2	0	0.0	2	1	50.0
Lake	27	17	63.0	1	3.7	9	6	66.7
Lake of the Woods	10	7	70.0	1	10.0	1	1	100.0
Le Sueur	46	6	13.0	11	23.9	21	11	52.4
McLeod	132	44	33.3	9	6.8	43	21	48.8
Mahnomen	7	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	2	40.0
Marshall	34	6	17.6	3	8.8	11	5	45.5
Meeker	21	6	28.6	1	4.8	15	3	20.0

Child Protection Services Needed or Supportive Services Offered *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Total FA reports	FA with CPS needed	Percent FA with CPS needed	FA with supportive services offered	Percent FA with supportive services offered	Total alleged FI reports	Alleged FI with CPS needed	Percent FI with CPS needed
Mille Lacs	71	27	38.0	4	5.6	42	21	50.0
Morrison	69	24	34.8	41	59.4	29	17	58.6
Mower	63	12	19.0	8	12.7	31	10	32.3
Nicollet	61	1	1.6	7	11.5	26	18	69.2
Nobles	61	15	24.6	2	3.3	22	11	50.0
Norman	22	8	36.4	1	4.5	3	0	0.0
Olmsted	427	123	28.8	68	15.9	35	15	42.9
Otter Tail	100	41	41.0	2	2.0	67	33	49.3
Pennington	17	9	52.9	2	11.8	6	4	66.7
Pine	101	24	23.8	4	4.0	60	22	36.7
Pipestone	28	11	39.3	4	14.3	10	5	50.0
Polk	211	39	18.5	81	38.4	35	17	48.6
Pope	58	29	50.0	1	1.7	18	14	77.8
Ramsey	761	191	25.1	71	9.3	490	278	56.7
Red Lake	5	5	100.0	0	0.0	3	2	66.7
Redwood	40	9	22.5	4	10.0	30	13	43.3
Renville	11	8	72.7	0	0.0	10	6	60.0
Rice	209	45	21.5	3	1.4	39	16	41.0
Rock	5	4	80.0	0	0.0	0	--	NA
Roseau	6	1	16.7	1	16.7	10	3	30.0
St. Louis	736	92	12.5	85	11.5	373	167	44.8
Scott	271	58	21.4	25	9.2	119	34	28.6
Sherburne	147	20	13.6	10	6.8	59	30	50.8
Sibley	22	1	4.5	0	0.0	12	10	83.3
Stearns	215	30	14.0	12	5.6	92	50	54.3
Steele	115	42	36.5	7	6.1	15	4	26.7
Stevens	48	16	33.3	3	6.3	9	3	33.3
Swift	39	20	51.3	0	0.0	17	13	76.5
Todd	54	18	33.3	5	9.3	14	11	78.6
Traverse	26	10	38.5	0	0.0	1	1	100.0
Wabasha	37	10	27.0	7	18.9	9	3	33.3
Wadena	58	27	46.6	18	31.0	24	12	50.0
Waseca	23	11	47.8	2	8.7	16	9	56.3
Washington	296	23	7.8	88	29.7	146	58	39.7
Watonwan	24	2	8.3	3	12.5	7	5	71.4
Wilkin	21	5	23.8	1	4.8	2	1	50.0
Winona	150	16	10.7	1	0.7	56	34	60.7
Wright	223	39	17.5	11	4.9	68	28	41.2
Yellow Medicine	42	18	42.9	8	19.0	10	2	20.0
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	102	22	21.6	5	4.9	9	6	66.7
Faribault-Martin	121	40	33.1	9	7.4	63	41	65.1
Leech Lake Band	65	22	33.8	10	15.4	19	16	84.2
White Earth Band	96	44	45.8	4	4.2	16	11	68.8
Minnesota	11,723	2,025	17.3	2,062	17.6	5,309	2,640	49.7

Maltreatment Recurrence

Of all who were victims of determined maltreatment in family or facility investigations during the last six months of the prior calendar year (2009), what number had another determined report within six and 12 months?

County/Tribe	Unique determined victims 7/1/09-12/31/09	Victims-- recurrence within six months	Percent recurring within six months	Victims-- recurrence within 12 months	Percent recurring within 12 months
Aitkin	13	0	0.0	0	0.0
Anoka	102	5	4.9	5	4.9
Becker	41	0	0.0	2	4.9
Beltrami	44	3	6.8	3	6.8
Benton	19	0	0.0	0	0.0
Big Stone	15	0	0.0	0	0.0
Blue Earth	47	1	2.1	1	2.1
Brown	9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Carlton	25	0	0.0	0	0.0
Carver	23	0	0.0	3	13.0
Cass	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Chippewa	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Chisago	5	0	0.0	2	40.0
Clay	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Clearwater	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Cook	0	--	NA	--	NA
Cottonwood	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Crow Wing	16	0	0.0	0	0.0
Dakota	139	3	2.2	7	5.0
Dodge	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Douglas	23	2	8.7	2	8.7
Fillmore	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Freeborn	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Goodhue	8	0	0.0	2	25.0
Grant	0	--	NA	--	NA
Hennepin	621	47	7.6	65	10.5
Houston	0	--	NA	--	NA
Hubbard	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Isanti	30	0	0.0	0	0.0
Itasca	14	0	0.0	1	7.1
Jackson	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kanabec	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	24	3	12.5	4	16.7
Kittson	0	--	NA	--	NA
Koochiching	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lac qui Parle	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lake	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Le Sueur	23	1	4.3	1	4.3
McLeod	4	1	25.0	1	25.0
Mahnomen	0	--	NA	--	NA
Marshall	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Meeker	6	0	0.0	0	0.0

Maltreatment Recurrence (continued)					
County/Tribe	Unique determined victims 7/1/09-12/31/09	Victims–recurrence within six months	Percent recurring within six months	Victims–recurrence within 12 months	Percent recurring within 12 months
Mille Lacs	20	0	0.0	0	0.0
Morrison	25	0	0.0	0	0.0
Mower	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Nicollet	9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Nobles	11	0	0.0	0	0.0
Norman	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Olmsted	13	0	0.0	0	0.0
Otter Tail	24	1	4.2	1	4.2
Pennington	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pine	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pipestone	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Polk	12	1	8.3	1	8.3
Pope	7	3	42.9	3	42.9
Ramsey	211	4	1.9	7	3.3
Red Lake	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Redwood	7	2	28.6	2	28.6
Renville	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Rice	18	0	0.0	0	0.0
Rock	0	--	NA	--	NA
Roseau	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
St. Louis	150	1	0.7	8	5.3
Scott	37	2	5.4	2	5.4
Sherburne	25	1	4.0	2	8.0
Sibley	12	0	0.0	4	33.3
Stearns	36	8	22.2	8	22.2
Steele	9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Stevens	0	--	NA	--	NA
Swift	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Todd	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Traverse	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wabasha	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wadena	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Waseca	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Washington	79	4	5.1	6	7.6
Watonwan	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wilkin	0	--	NA	--	NA
Winona	17	5	29.4	6	35.3
Wright	33	0	0.0	1	3.0
Yellow Medicine	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Faribault-Martin	42	7	16.7	7	16.7
Leech Lake Band	15	3	20.0	3	20.0
White Earth Band	9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Minnesota	2,201	108	4.9	160	7.3

Child Subjects of Reports Re-reported for Alleged Maltreatment Within Six and 12 Months of an Assessment or Investigation

Of all who were child subjects of a Family Assessment, Family Investigation or Facility Investigations during the last six months of 2009, what number and percent were in another maltreatment report within six and 12 months?

County/Tribe	Unique child subjects of reports 7/1/09-12/31/09	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Aitkin	54	3	5.6	6	11.1
Anoka	531	44	8.3	72	13.6
Becker	115	5	4.3	16	13.9
Beltrami	111	18	16.2	30	27.0
Benton	69	2	2.9	5	7.2
Big Stone	36	3	8.3	3	8.3
Blue Earth	153	18	11.8	32	20.9
Brown	73	12	16.4	16	21.9
Carlton	91	3	3.3	13	14.3
Carver	126	8	6.3	13	10.3
Cass	86	9	10.5	13	15.1
Chippewa	19	0	0.0	0	0.0
Chisago	55	4	7.3	8	14.5
Clay	101	2	2.0	7	6.9
Clearwater	34	10	29.4	10	29.4
Cook	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Cottonwood	10	2	20.0	2	20.0
Crow Wing	133	16	12.0	25	18.8
Dakota	727	59	8.1	101	13.9
Dodge	64	4	6.3	7	10.9
Douglas	102	14	13.7	22	21.6
Fillmore	35	3	8.6	3	8.6
Freeborn	80	11	13.8	15	18.8
Goodhue	33	2	6.1	5	15.2
Grant	15	1	6.7	2	13.3
Hennepin	2,581	261	10.1	400	15.5
Houston	27	5	18.5	7	25.9
Hubbard	48	6	12.5	8	16.7
Isanti	82	2	2.4	5	6.1
Itasca	109	4	3.7	7	6.4
Jackson	37	6	16.2	6	16.2
Kanabec	31	2	6.5	4	12.9
Kandiyohi	127	14	11.0	22	17.3
Kittson	12	1	8.3	3	25.0
Koochiching	79	20	25.3	27	34.2
Lac qui Parle	14	1	7.1	1	7.1
Lake	19	4	21.1	7	36.8
Lake of the Woods	12	0	0.0	0	0.0
Le Sueur	57	6	10.5	6	10.5
McLeod	118	17	14.4	27	22.9
Mahnomen	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Marshall	35	2	5.7	5	14.3
Meeker	17	0	0.0	1	5.9

Child Subjects of Reports Re-reported for Alleged Maltreatment Within Six and 12 Months of an Assessment or Investigation (continued)

County/Tribe	Unique child subjects of reports 7/1/09-12/31/09	Child subjects--re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects--re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Mille Lacs	65	0	0.0	2	3.1
Morrison	87	1	1.1	7	8.0
Mower	69	7	10.1	12	17.4
Nicollet	33	5	15.2	5	15.2
Nobles	34	0	0.0	4	11.8
Norman	26	1	3.8	1	3.8
Olmsted	276	22	8.0	38	13.8
Otter Tail	140	17	12.1	23	16.4
Pennington	19	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pine	77	2	2.6	9	11.7
Pipestone	23	2	8.7	3	13.0
Polk	154	24	15.6	33	21.4
Pope	23	5	21.7	7	30.4
Ramsey	705	40	5.7	70	9.9
Red Lake	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Redwood	44	5	11.4	5	11.4
Renville	20	0	0.0	1	5.0
Rice	140	14	10.0	18	12.9
Rock	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Roseau	16	0	0.0	0	0.0
St. Louis	706	87	12.3	154	21.8
Scott	223	17	7.6	26	11.7
Sherburne	115	9	7.8	14	12.2
Sibley	49	6	12.2	10	20.4
Stearns	197	19	9.6	23	11.7
Steele	72	3	4.2	5	6.9
Stevens	31	0	0.0	10	32.3
Swift	46	1	2.2	6	13.0
Todd	55	0	0.0	4	7.3
Traverse	12	1	8.3	3	25.0
Wabasha	46	2	4.3	5	10.9
Wadena	42	6	14.3	10	23.8
Waseca	32	1	3.1	5	15.6
Washington	373	40	10.7	62	16.6
Watonwan	10	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wilkin	23	1	4.3	3	13.0
Winona	135	22	16.3	36	26.7
Wright	180	8	4.4	16	8.9
Yellow Medicine	34	0	0.0	1	2.9
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	56	2	3.6	4	7.1
Faribault-Martin	193	32	16.6	51	26.4
Leech Lake Band	96	8	8.3	11	11.5
White Earth Band	96	8	8.3	18	18.8
Minnesota	11,043	1,022	9.3	1,677	15.2

Child Subjects of Reports Re-reported for Alleged Maltreatment Within Six and 12 Months by Initial Response Category

Note: Facility Investigations were excluded from this table due to small numbers.

County/Tribe	Family Assessment					Family Investigation				
	Unique child subjects of reports 7/1/09-12/31/09	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months	Unique child subjects of reports 7/1/09-12/31/09	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Aitkin	37	3	8.1	5	13.5	20	0	0.0	1	5.0
Anoka	347	32	9.2	51	14.7	185	14	7.6	23	12.4
Becker	53	3	5.7	12	22.6	60	2	3.3	4	6.7
Beltrami	47	9	19.1	12	25.5	64	9	14.1	18	28.1
Benton	43	1	2.3	2	4.7	27	0	0.0	3	11.1
Big Stone	15	2	13.3	2	13.3	21	1	4.8	1	4.8
Blue Earth	86	10	11.6	20	23.3	73	8	11.0	12	16.4
Brown	61	10	16.4	14	23.0	14	1	7.1	1	7.1
Carlton	59	3	5.1	11	18.6	30	0	0.0	2	6.7
Carver	91	4	4.4	7	7.7	37	4	10.8	7	18.9
Cass	70	8	11.4	11	15.7	15	1	6.7	2	13.3
Chippewa	15	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Chisago	48	4	8.3	6	12.5	7	0	0.0	2	28.6
Clay	79	2	2.5	7	8.9	14	0	0.0	0	0.0
Clearwater	27	9	33.3	9	33.3	8	1	12.5	1	12.5
Cook	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	--	NA	--	NA
Cottonwood	8	2	25.0	2	25.0	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Crow Wing	106	13	12.3	22	20.8	27	2	7.4	2	7.4
Dakota	400	26	6.5	45	11.3	331	35	10.6	57	17.2
Dodge	53	4	7.5	5	9.4	10	0	0.0	2	20.0
Douglas	64	9	14.1	16	25.0	39	5	12.8	6	15.4
Fillmore	32	2	6.3	2	6.3	3	1	33.3	1	33.3
Freeborn	60	8	13.3	12	20.0	19	2	10.5	2	10.5
Goodhue	23	2	8.7	3	13.0	11	0	0.0	2	18.2
Grant	15	1	6.7	2	13.3	0	--	NA	--	NA
Hennepin	1,633	138	8.5	220	13.5	933	123	13.2	188	20.2
Houston	25	5	20.0	7	28.0	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Hubbard	36	3	8.3	5	13.9	11	3	27.3	3	27.3
Isanti	52	2	3.8	5	9.6	21	0	0.0	0	0.0
Itasca	85	4	4.7	6	7.1	19	0	0.0	1	5.3

Child Subjects of Reports Re-reported for Alleged Maltreatment Within Six and 12 Months by Initial Response Category
(continued)

County/Tribe	Family Assessment					Family Investigation				
	Unique child subjects of reports 7/1/09-12/31/09	Child subjects--re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects--re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months	Unique child subjects of reports 7/1/09-12/31/09	Child subjects--re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects--re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Jackson	27	2	7.4	2	7.4	10	4	40.0	4	40.0
Kanabec	20	2	10.0	4	20.0	11	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	66	4	6.1	8	12.1	52	9	17.3	13	25.0
Kittson	12	1	8.3	3	25.0	0	--	NA	--	NA
Koochiching	73	19	26.0	26	35.6	9	2	22.2	2	22.2
Lac qui Parle	9	1	11.1	1	11.1	5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lake	13	4	30.8	7	53.8	6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	9	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Le Sueur	26	1	3.8	1	3.8	31	5	16.1	5	16.1
McLeod	88	14	15.9	21	23.9	29	3	10.3	6	20.7
Mahnomen	4	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Marshall	32	2	6.3	5	15.6	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Meeker	6	0	0.0	0	0.0	10	0	0.0	1	10.0
Mille Lacs	36	0	0.0	1	2.8	29	0	0.0	1	3.4
Morrison	54	1	1.9	7	13.0	33	0	0.0	0	0.0
Mower	55	6	10.9	11	20.0	14	1	7.1	1	7.1
Nicollet	19	1	5.3	1	5.3	15	4	26.7	4	26.7
Nobles	22	0	0.0	3	13.6	12	0	0.0	1	8.3
Norman	23	1	4.3	1	4.3	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Olmsted	242	20	8.3	35	14.5	33	2	6.1	3	9.1
Otter Tail	90	13	14.4	19	21.1	41	4	9.8	4	9.8
Pennington	13	0	0.0	0	0.0	6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pine	56	1	1.8	8	14.3	19	1	5.3	1	5.3
Pipestone	16	0	0.0	1	6.3	9	2	22.2	2	22.2
Polk	126	21	16.7	27	21.4	25	3	12.0	6	24.0
Pope	16	3	18.8	5	31.3	8	3	37.5	3	37.5
Ramsey	357	22	6.2	43	12.0	343	20	5.8	30	8.7
Red Lake	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Redwood	36	4	11.1	4	11.1	11	3	27.3	3	27.3
Renville	16	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	0	0.0	1	25.0

Child Subjects of Reports Re-reported for Alleged Maltreatment Within Six and 12 Months by Initial Response Category
(continued)

County/Tribe	Family Assessment					Family Investigation				
	Unique child subjects of reports 7/1/09-12/31/09	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months	Unique child subjects of reports 7/1/09-12/31/09	Child subjects–re-reported within six months	Percent re-reported within six months	Child subjects–re-reported within 12 months	Percent re-reported within 12 months
Rice	111	13	11.7	17	15.3	28	2	7.1	2	7.1
Rock	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	--	NA	--	NA
Roseau	12	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
St. Louis	455	64	14.1	109	24.0	247	26	10.5	53	21.5
Scott	171	14	8.2	23	13.5	52	3	5.8	3	5.8
Sherburne	77	7	9.1	10	13.0	34	1	2.9	3	8.8
Sibley	35	6	17.1	6	17.1	14	0	0.0	4	28.6
Stearns	127	8	6.3	11	8.7	61	11	18.0	12	19.7
Steele	57	3	5.3	5	8.8	14	0	0.0	0	0.0
Stevens	29	0	0.0	10	34.5	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Swift	34	0	0.0	5	14.7	10	1	10.0	1	10.0
Todd	44	0	0.0	4	9.1	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Traverse	11	1	9.1	3	27.3	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wabasha	40	2	5.0	4	10.0	5	0	0.0	1	20.0
Wadena	32	6	18.8	8	25.0	11	0	0.0	2	18.2
Waseca	23	1	4.3	5	21.7	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Washington	241	22	9.1	31	12.9	130	18	13.8	31	23.8
Watonwan	7	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wilkin	22	1	4.5	3	13.6	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Winona	112	16	14.3	30	26.8	27	6	22.2	8	29.6
Wright	124	7	5.6	11	8.9	54	1	1.9	5	9.3
Yellow Medicine	30	0	0.0	1	3.3	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	52	1	1.9	2	3.8	5	1	20.0	2	40.0
Faribault-Martin	114	23	20.2	37	32.5	87	12	13.8	17	19.5
Leech Lake Band	70	4	5.7	7	10.0	26	4	15.4	4	15.4
White Earth Band	82	7	8.5	17	20.7	15	1	6.7	1	6.7
Minnesota	7,349	668	9.1	1,124	15.3	3,634	365	10.0	581	16.0

**Minnesota's
Children in
Out-of-home Care
Report, 2010**

Table of Contents		Page
Introduction		4
Total Children in Out-of-home Care		5
Table 1	Flow of Children in Out-of-home Care	5
Figure 1	Total Children in Out-of-home Care, 2001–2010	5
Gender, Age and Race/Ethnicity of Children in Out-of-home Care – At a Glance		6
Figure 2	Children in Out-of-home Care by Age and Gender	7
Figure 3	Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group	7
Figure 4	Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group, 2001–2010	8
Table 2	Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group, Annual Percentage Change, 2001–2010	8
Figure 5	Children in Out-of-home Care Compared to the Minnesota Child Population by Race	9
Figure 6	Figure 6. Children in Out-of-home Care Compared to the Minnesota Child Population by Hispanic Ethnicity	9
Figure 7	Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 in the Child Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2001–2010	10
Table 3	Percent Change in Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 in the Child Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2001–2010	11
Table 4	Children in Out-of-home Care by Race/Ethnicity, 2001–2010	11
Table 5	Minnesota population age 17 and Younger by Race/Ethnicity, 2001–2010	11
Placement Settings and Time in Care – At a Glance		12
Table 6	Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care	13
Table 7	Length of Episodes Ending in 2010	13
Table 8	Days in Placement Settings During the Calendar Year, 2006–2010	14
Table 9	Percentage of Days in Placement by Setting Category, 2006–2010	14
Figure 8	Frequency of Moves Within an Episode of Out-of-home Care	15
Table 10	Reason for Moves from Placement Settings	15
Reasons for Entry, Re-entry Rate and Discharge – At a Glance		16
Table 11	Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care	17
Figure 9	Categories of Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care	18
Figure 10	Categories of Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care, 2001–2010	19
Table 12	Out-of-home Care Re-entry Rate by Race/Ethnicity, Children who Left Care in Prior Calendar Year	20
Table 13	Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care	20
Figure 11	Percent of Discharges to Home Settings, 2001–2010	21
Figure 12	Percent of Discharges to Adoption and Children Reaching Age of Majority (age 18) 2001–2010	21
Federal and State Performance Indicators		22
Table 14	Performance Indicators, 2010	22

Table of Contents (continued)	Page
Children in Out-of-home Care Appendix	24
Flow of Children in Out-of-home Care	25
Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 in the County Child Population	27
Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group	29
Children in Out-of-home Care by Race/Ethnicity	31
American Indian Children in Out-of-home Care	33
American Indian Children in Out-of-home Care by Tribe	34
Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care	35
Days in Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care	38
Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care	41
Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care	44

Introduction

This section focuses on children in out-of-home placement. The terms “out-of-home placement,” “out-of-home care,” “foster care,” and “in care” are used interchangeably in this report. All terms refer to children who experienced one or more days in a placement setting outside of their original home during the 2010 calendar year. Various tables and figures feature data about child demographics, removal episodes out of the original home, number of placement settings within a removal episode, length of time in care, reasons for entry, discharge and re-entries into care. Comparisons are made to the child population by race or ethnicity in Minnesota to understand racial disparities in numbers of children in placement.

An episode of care is defined as an entry into, and an ultimate discharge from, out-of-home care. An episode could have more than one living arrangement, called a “placement setting.” A child may experience one or more placement locations, or “moves,” which may occur in different types of settings in a given episode.

A child in the custody of the county or tribe may have spent time in other settings during an episode of out-of-home care, such as summer camp, hospital, a trial home visit, boarding school, non-custodial parent’s home, job corps or an unauthorized absence. These locations, and days in these locations, are not included in the listing or the sum of days in placement settings. However, these locations and days are included within the start and end dates of an episode of care. A discharge from care occurs when a child is no longer in the legal custody of the county or tribe or when a voluntary placement agreement ends.

Key findings in this section include:

- In 2010, 11,239 children spent some time in out-of-home care. The total number of children who experienced out-of-home care has decreased about 4 percent since 2009, and 36 percent since 2001.
- The majority in placement were adolescents. Slightly more boys than girls spent time in care. American Indian, African American/Black, and children of two or more races are respectively 14, four and three times more likely than a White child to be placed out-of-home.
- Approximately 60 percent of reasons offered for entry into care were solely related to children’s parents. Twenty-five percent were attributed to children’s behavior or substance abuse.
- Sixty-three percent of children experienced no moves while in care in 2010. Most of the children were placed in a family type setting. About 24 percent were in care for one week or less.
- About 65 percent of discharges from care involved return to their caretakers prior to placement; another 10 percent were adopted.

Note that percent columns may not total 100 percent due to rounding issues.

Total Children in Out-of-home Care

Table 1 shows that in 2010, 11,239 children experienced 12,209 episodes of removal from home for placement in out-of-home care. The number of children in care on the first day of 2010 (5,419) was slightly less than the number of children in care on the last day of 2010 (5,552).

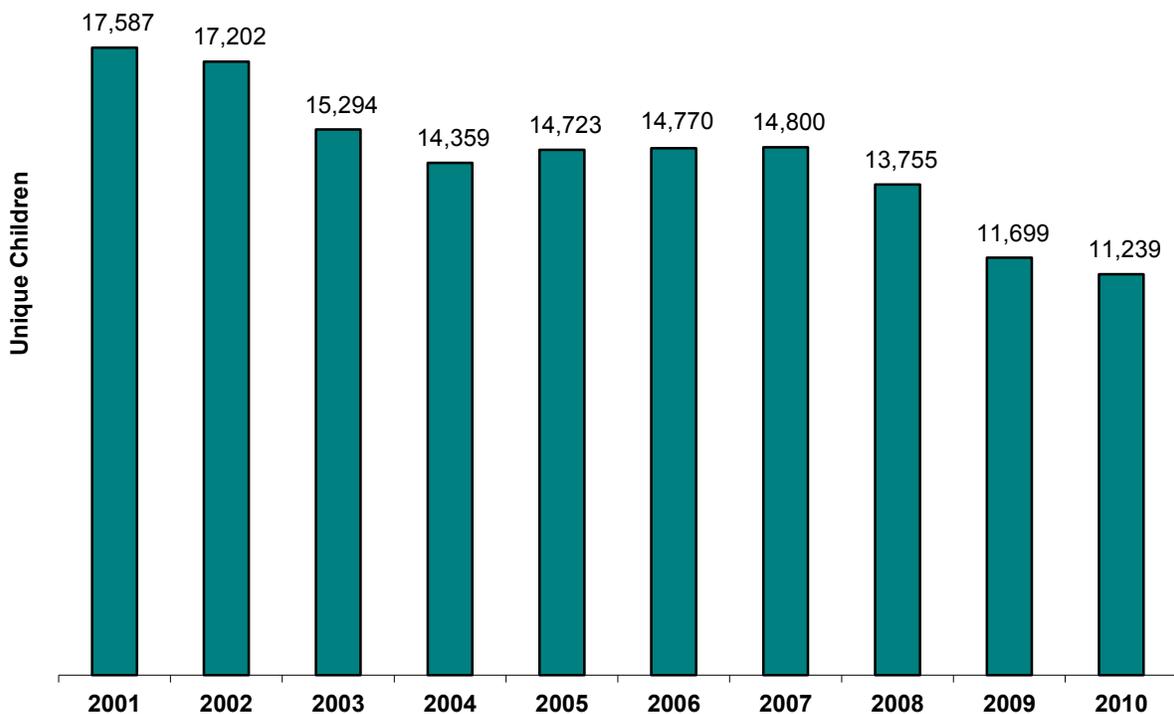
Table 1. Flow of Children in Out-of-home Care

	Children	Episodes
Entered care	6,072	6,789
Continued in care (from prior year)	5,419	5,419
Left care	6,165	6,652
Remained in care (at year end)	5,552	5,552
Total unique children*	11,239	12,209

**Children may be counted in more than one category.*

Figure 1 shows that the number of children experiencing out-of-home care decreased dramatically from 2001 to 2004. This number remained stable until a 7 percent decrease in 2008, followed by further annual decreases of 15 percent and 4 percent in 2009 and 2010, respectively.

Figure 1. Total Children in Out-of-home Care, 2001–2010



Gender, Age and Race/Ethnicity of Children in Out-of-home Care

At a Glance

- *Boys were more likely than girls to spend time in out-of-home care.*
- *The majority of children in care were adolescents.*
- *Trends show decreasing numbers of children age 8 and older placed out-of-home, with dramatic decreases among children 13 and older.*
- *White children comprised the largest number in out-of-home care; however, African American/Black and American Indian children are 14, four and three times more likely than a White child to be placed in out-of-home care.*

Overall, boys comprised 56 percent of children in out-of-home care in 2010. Sixteen- and 17-year-olds in care were the largest segment of both boys and girls. These primarily represent placements in juvenile correctional settings. Boys became increasingly more at risk for out-of-home placement with age, relative to girls. Due to their vulnerability and dependence on others for basic needs and supervision, children under age 6 were at higher risk of placement than other children under age 12.

Figure 2. Children in Out-of-home Care by Age and Gender

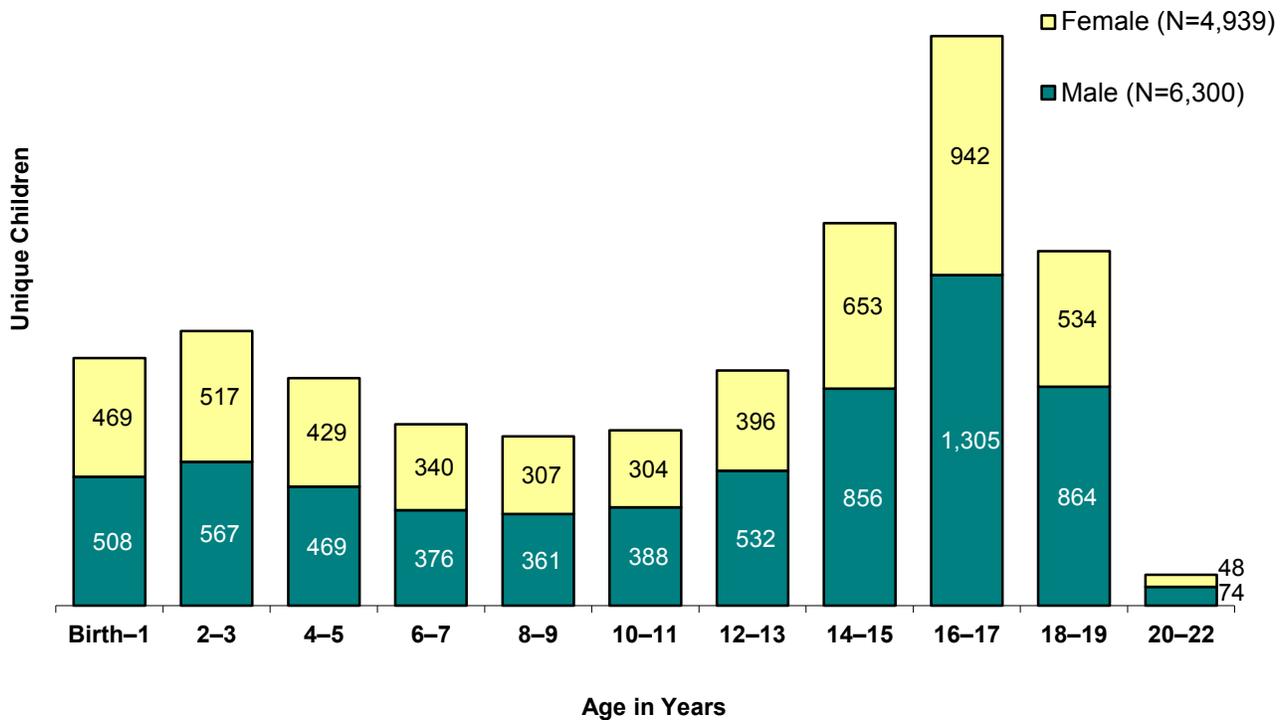


Figure 3 shows the relative size of three age groups in out-of-home care. Adolescents comprised the majority of children placed out-of-home.

Figure 3. Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group

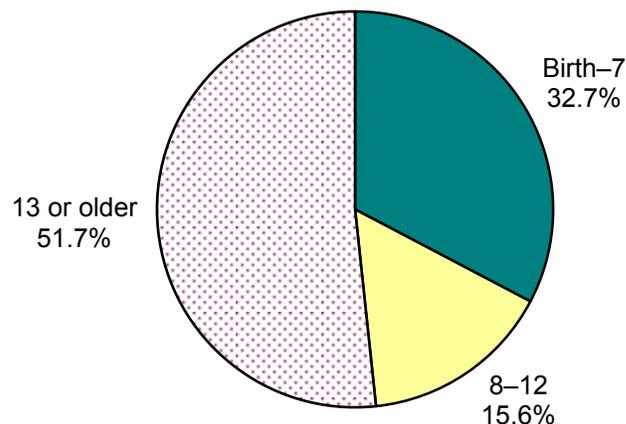


Figure 4 graphs the trend by age group since 2001. Children in the birth–7 age group trended upward between 2001 and 2007, but decreased by 10 percent overall in the years 2001–2010. Children in care in the 8–12-year-old age group, and those aged 13 and older, decreased by 46 percent and 43 percent, respectively.

Figure 4. Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group, 2001–2010

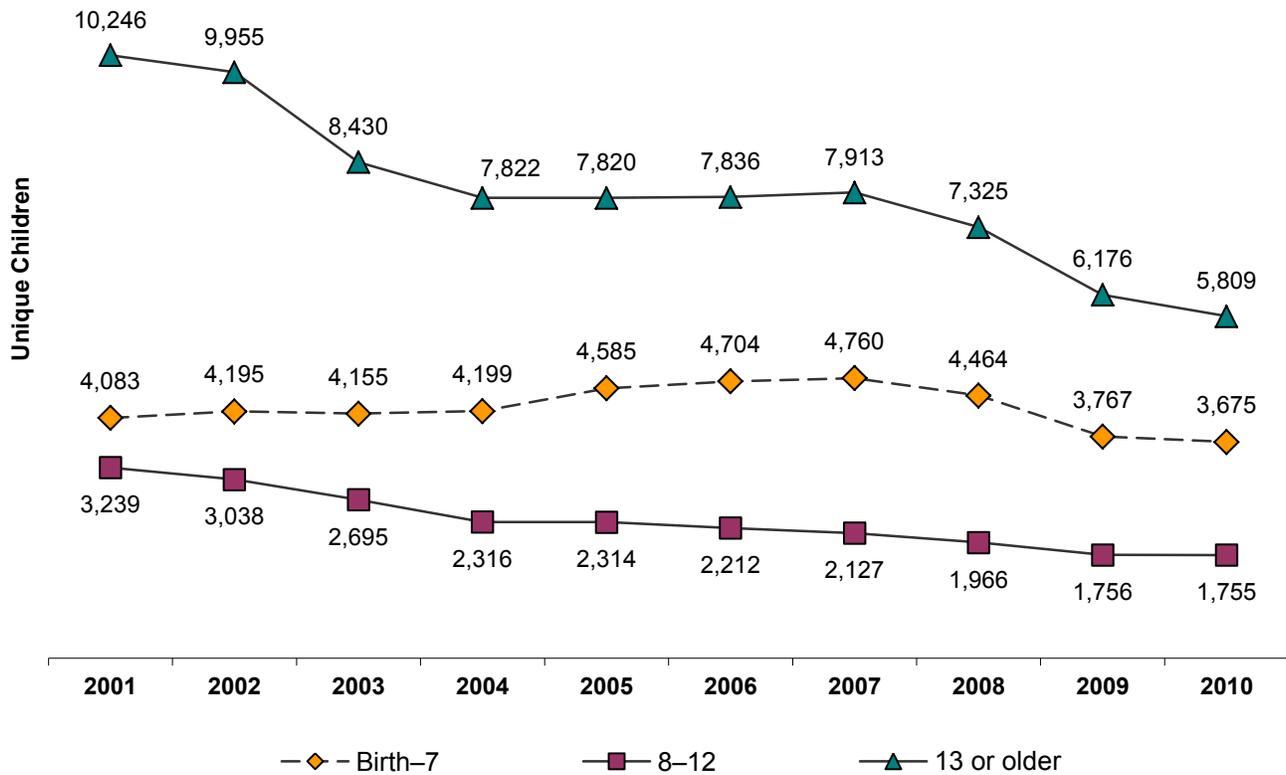


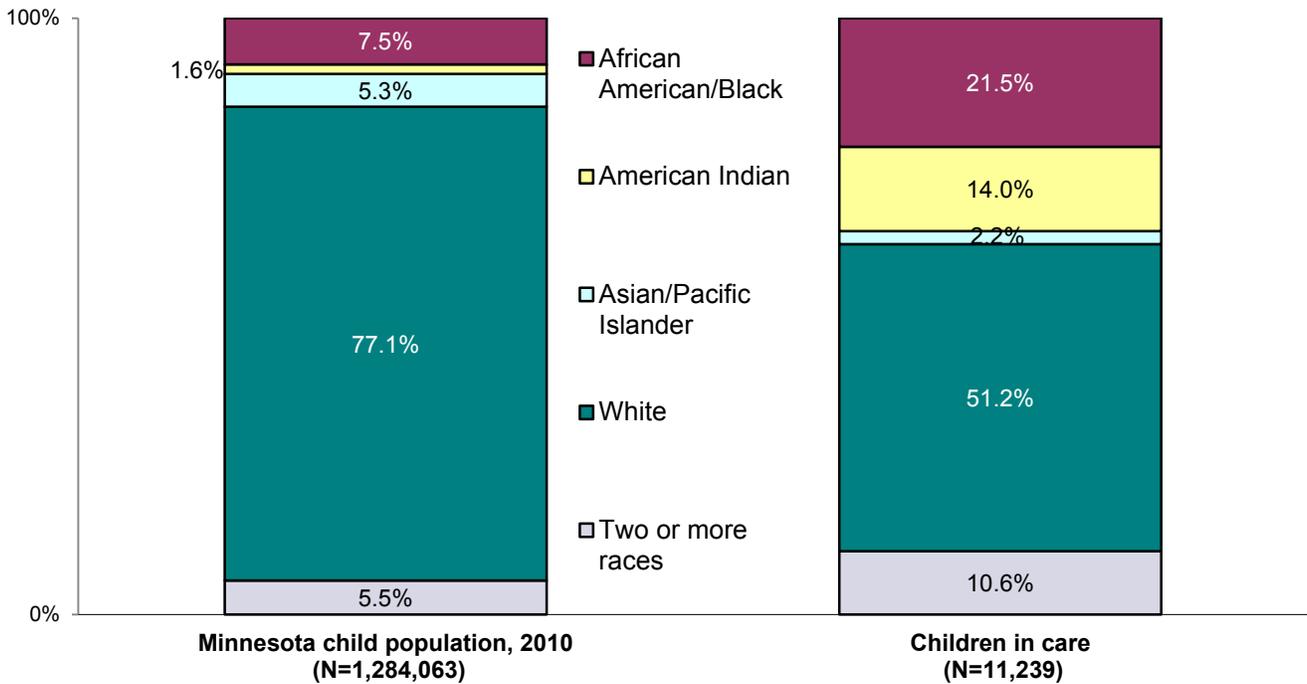
Table 2 illustrates the annual change in the foster care population in each age group from 2001–2010.

Table 2. Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group, Annual Percentage Change, 2001–2010

Age group	2001–2002	2002–2003	2003–2004	2004–2005	2005–2006	2006–2007	2007–2008	2008–2009	2009–2010
Birth–7	2.7%	-1.0%	1.1%	9.2%	2.6%	1.2%	-6.2%	-15.6%	-2.4%
8–12	-6.2%	-11.3%	-14.1%	-0.1%	-4.4%	-3.8%	-7.6%	-10.7%	-0.1%
13 or older	-2.8%	-15.3%	-7.2%	0.0%	0.2%	1.0%	-7.4%	-15.7%	-5.9%
Total	-2.2%	-11.1%	-6.1%	2.5%	0.3%	0.2%	-7.1%	-14.9%	-3.9%

The majority of children in out-of-home care were White; however, African American/Black, American Indian, and children indicating two or more races were over-represented in out-of-home placements relative to their proportions in the child population.

Figure 5. Children in Out-of-home Care Compared to the Minnesota Child Population by Race



Hispanic children are slightly overrepresented in out-of-home care. In the 2010 Minnesota population, 7.9 percent of all children are of Hispanic ethnicity compared to 9.3 percent of children in care.

Figure 6. Children in Out-of-home Care Compared to the Minnesota Child Population by Hispanic Ethnicity

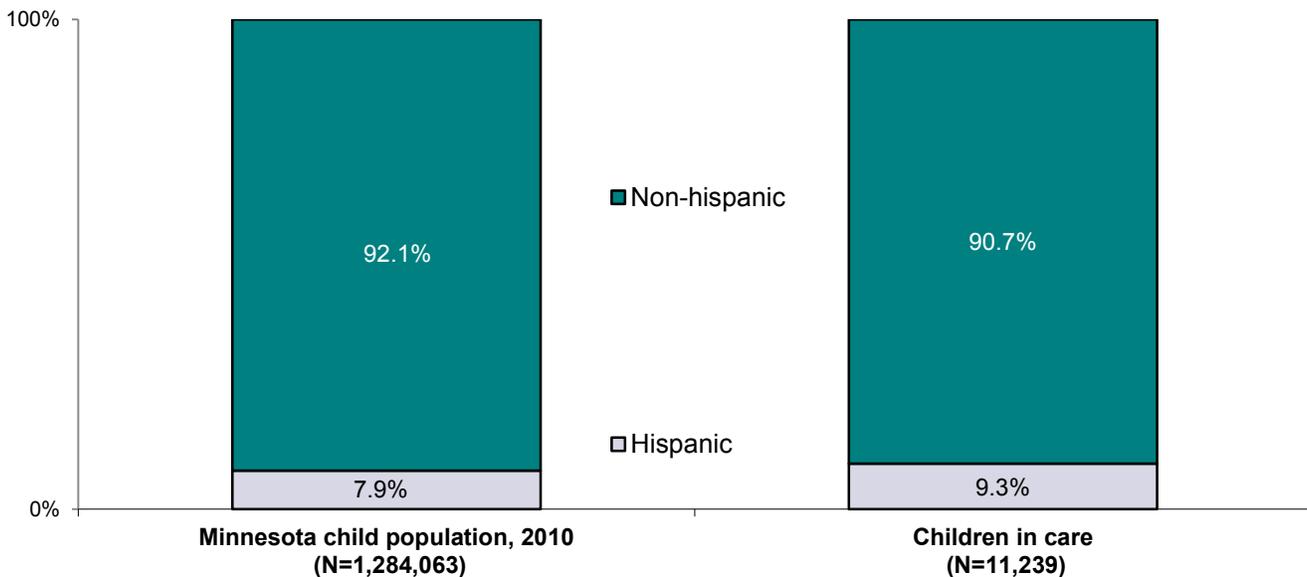


Figure 7 shows the rate of children per 1,000 who experienced out-of-home care by race and ethnicity from 2001–2010. Rates per thousand were calculated by dividing the number of unique children in care for each race, and Hispanic ethnicity, by the child population for that race/ethnicity in Minnesota, then multiplying by 1,000. Annual child population was determined by using U.S. Census data for 2000 and 2010, and interpolating intercensal yearly populations based on an estimated annual percentage change within each race. Tables 4 and 5 contain the raw data. The rates show that in 2010 American Indian, African American/Black, and children of two or more races are respectively 14, four and three times more likely than a White child to be placed in out-of-home care. Children of all races saw a decrease in the rate of entry into out-of-home care from 2001–2010. Asian/Pacific Islander and African American/Black children had out-of-home care rate per 1,000 reductions of 48 percent each. American Indian children did not have as dramatic a decrease as other races, and consistently showed the highest rates of entry into out-of-home care.

Figure 7. Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 in the Child Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2001–2010

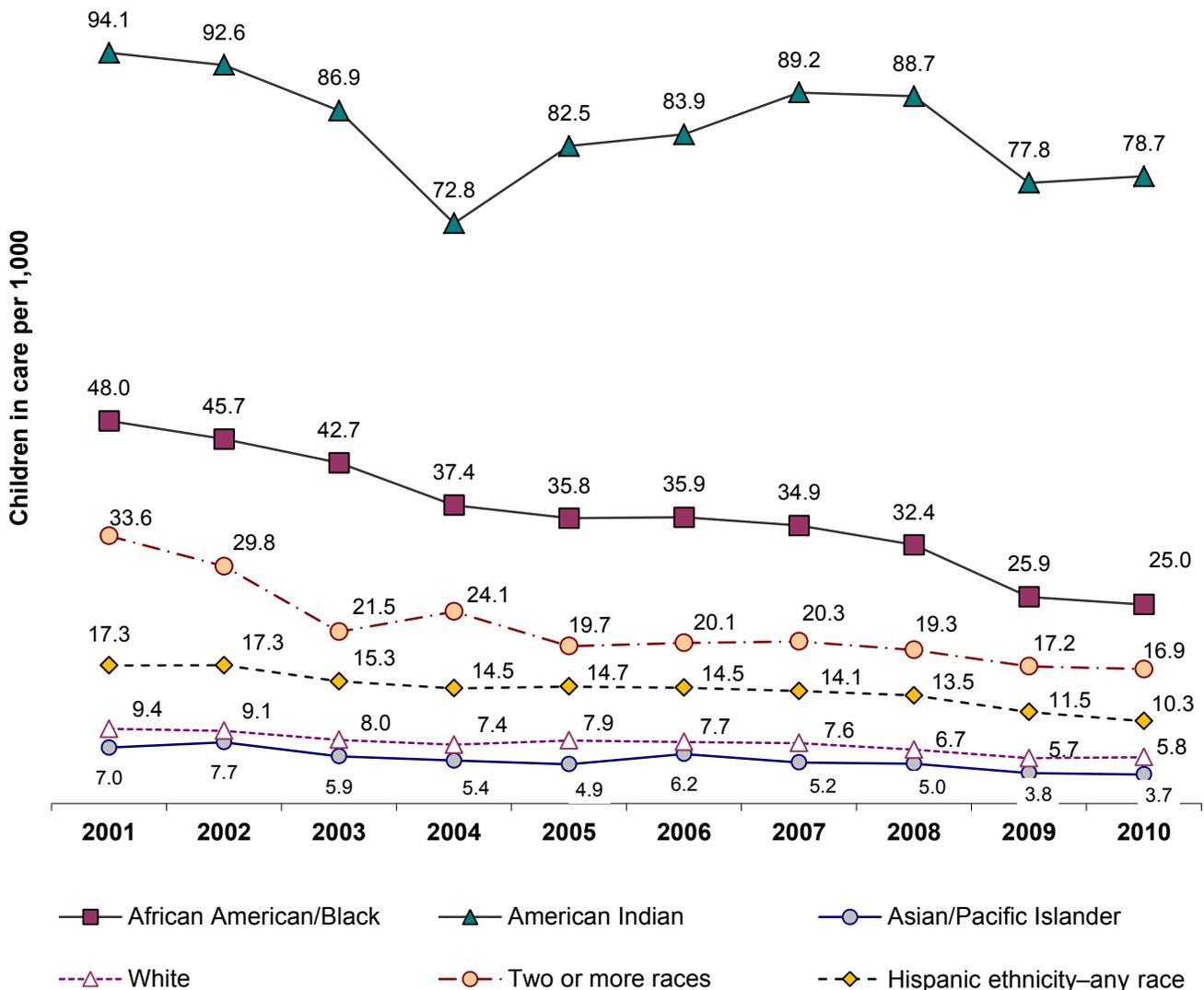


Table 3. Percent Change in Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 in the Child Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2001–2010

Race/Ethnicity	2001–2010 percent change
African American/Black	-48.0
American Indian	-16.4
Asian/Pacific Islander	-47.8
White	-37.9
Two or more races	-49.8
Total	-36.0
Hispanic ethnicity–any race	-40.3

Table 4. Children in Out-of-home Care by Race/Ethnicity, 2001–2010

Race/Ethnicity	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
African American/Black	3,395	3,366	3,270	2,972	2,945	3,058	3,071	2,950	2,432	2,415
American Indian	1,974	1,933	1,805	1,504	1,696	1,718	1,816	1,798	1,570	1,579
Asian/Pacific Islander	401	450	354	329	307	394	333	329	257	249
White	10,251	9,881	8,568	7,827	8,291	8,009	7,770	6,839	5,707	5,756
Two or more races	1,287	1,247	980	1,181	1,039	1,132	1,215	1,220	1,151	1,188
Unable to determine	279	325	317	546	445	536	589	615	582	46
Total	17,587	17,202	15,294	14,359	14,723	14,770	14,800	13,755	11,699	11,239
Hispanic ethnicity	1,043	1,123	1,063	1,069	1,153	1,207	1,237	1,250	1,111	1,048

Table 5. Minnesota Population Age 17 and Younger by Race/Ethnicity, 2001–2010

Race/Ethnicity	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
African American/Black	70,318	72,852	75,478	78,198	81,016	83,935	86,960	90,094	93,341	96,705
American Indian	20,968	20,866	20,765	20,664	20,564	20,464	20,365	20,266	20,168	20,070
Asian/Pacific Islander	57,139	58,264	59,412	60,582	61,775	62,992	64,233	65,498	66,788	68,104
White	1,094,825	1,082,639	1,070,589	1,058,673	1,046,890	1,035,237	1,023,715	1,012,321	1,001,053	989,911
Two or more races	37,314	40,045	42,975	46,121	49,496	53,119	57,006	61,178	65,656	70,461
Unable to determine	NA									
Total	1,286,612	1,286,328	1,286,045	1,285,761	1,285,478	1,285,195	1,284,912	1,284,629	1,284,346	1,284,063
Hispanic ethnicity	59,083	62,739	66,621	70,743	75,121	79,769	84,705	89,946	95,512	101,422

Note: Child population was determined by using U.S. Census data for 2000 and 2010, and interpolating intercensal annual populations based on an estimated annual percentage change within each race.

Placement Settings and Time in Care

At a Glance

- *Fifty percent of children in care spent some time in a non-relative family foster care setting.*
- *About 73 percent of days children spent in care were in some type of family setting.*
- *About 24 percent of episodes ending in 2010 lasted one week or less. Another 25 percent lasted more than one year.*

Table 6 shows the types and placement settings that children experienced in care. A child was counted only once for each time they experienced a placement setting type. Fifty percent of children spent some time in a non-relative foster family home, and 18 percent spent time in a relative foster family home. About 20 percent spent time in a residential treatment or institutional facility, which is attributed to a large number of short-term emergency shelter placements.

Table 6. Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care

Placement setting	Unique children in settings*	Percent
Pre-adoptive home–relative	385	3.4
Pre-adoptive home–non-relative	843	7.5
Foster family home–relative	2,043	18.2
Foster family home–non-relative	5,625	50.0
Group home	1,860	16.5
Residential treatment/institution	2,208	19.6
Supervised independent living	116	1.0
Foster home–corporate/shift staff	311	2.8
Juvenile correctional facility (non-secure, 12 or fewer children)	199	1.8
Juvenile correctional facility (non-secure, 13 or more children)	584	5.2
Juvenile correctional facility (locked)	561	5.0
ICF-DD	20	0.2
Total unique children*	11,239	100.0

* Totals are less than the sum of the categories, as a child may have spent time in more than one setting.

Table 7 depicts the duration of episodes that ended in 2010 that were one day or longer. About 24 percent of these episodes were one week or less, and 25.4 percent lasted more than one year.

Table 7. Length of Episodes Ending in 2010

Days in care	Number of episodes	Percent of episodes
1–7	1,588	24.2
8–30	719	11.0
31–90	881	13.4
91–180	669	10.2
181–365	1,040	15.8
366 or more	1,667	25.4
Total*	6,564	100.0

*Does not include 88 recorded episodes that were opened and closed on the same day.

Table 8 contains sums of the number of days in placement settings from 2006–2010. There were 1,946,881 total days of out-of-home care in calendar year 2010 in all placement settings; a decrease of 6 percent from 2009 and a 24 percent decrease since 2006. The pattern of days in care among placement settings showed that 2010 had a continuing increase in days in non-relative pre-adoptive homes and decreases in most other settings, most notably residential treatment/institutions and group homes.

Table 8. Days in Placement Settings During the Calendar Year, 2006–2010

Placement setting	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Pre-adoptive home–relative	92,330	93,698	94,097	96,023	90,557
Pre-adoptive home–non-relative	161,824	177,951	176,017	185,920	195,293
Foster family home–relative	534,350	491,247	392,737	306,359	291,901
Foster family home–non-relative	1,098,405	1,085,115	1,002,527	913,998	838,974
Group home	204,369	194,354	185,424	162,050	135,852
Residential treatment/institution	326,711	313,806	292,197	251,645	235,037
Supervised independent living	4,418	5,456	4,923	3,465	10,590
Foster home–corporate/shift staff	39,775	50,536	56,386	63,928	59,488
Juvenile correctional facility (non-secure, 12 or fewer children)	11,496	12,833	9,950	9,237	10,185
Juvenile correctional facility (non-secure, 13 or more children)	72,471	74,957	81,293	51,494	40,732
Juvenile correctional facility (locked)	NA*	46,140	36,111	31,708	33,088
ICF-DD	3,414	2,871	2,971	3,705	5,184
Days during calendar year	2,549,563	2,548,964	2,334,633	2,079,532	1,946,881
Total unique children	14,770	14,800	13,755	11,699	11,239

* AFCARS as well as Minnesota child welfare reports did not count placements in locked juvenile correctional facilities until 2007.

Table 9 shows the distribution of placement days during calendar years 2006–2010. Most days of care were spent in family settings.

Table 9. Percentage of Days in Placement by Setting Category, 2006–2010

Placement setting category	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Family setting: <i>relative and non-relative pre-adoptive and foster family homes</i>	74.0	72.5	71.3	72.2	72.8
Group home: <i>ICF-MRs, group homes and corporate foster homes</i>	9.7	9.7	10.5	11.0	10.3
Residential treatment and institutions: <i>residential treatment and juvenile correctional facilities*</i>	16.1	17.6	18.0	16.5	16.4
Other settings: <i>supervised independent living</i>	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5

*Includes locked correctional facilities beginning in 2007.

When a child is placed in out-of-home care, a goal of the social service agency is to maintain as much stability in that child’s living situation as possible. Figure 8 shows that as children were in care longer, the likelihood that they experienced multiple placement settings increased. For children who were in care for 12 or fewer months, the vast majority lived in only one or two different homes or facilities (86.8 percent). Children in care for two years or more were more likely to move multiple times. Table 10 lists the reasons children moved from one placement to another. The most common reasons for changing a placement setting are “Needs less restrictive placement”, “Provider request,” and “Needs more structure.” A trial home visit is not considered a placement and is not counted as a move in the episode in Figure 8.

Figure 8. Moves Within an Episode of Out-of-home Care

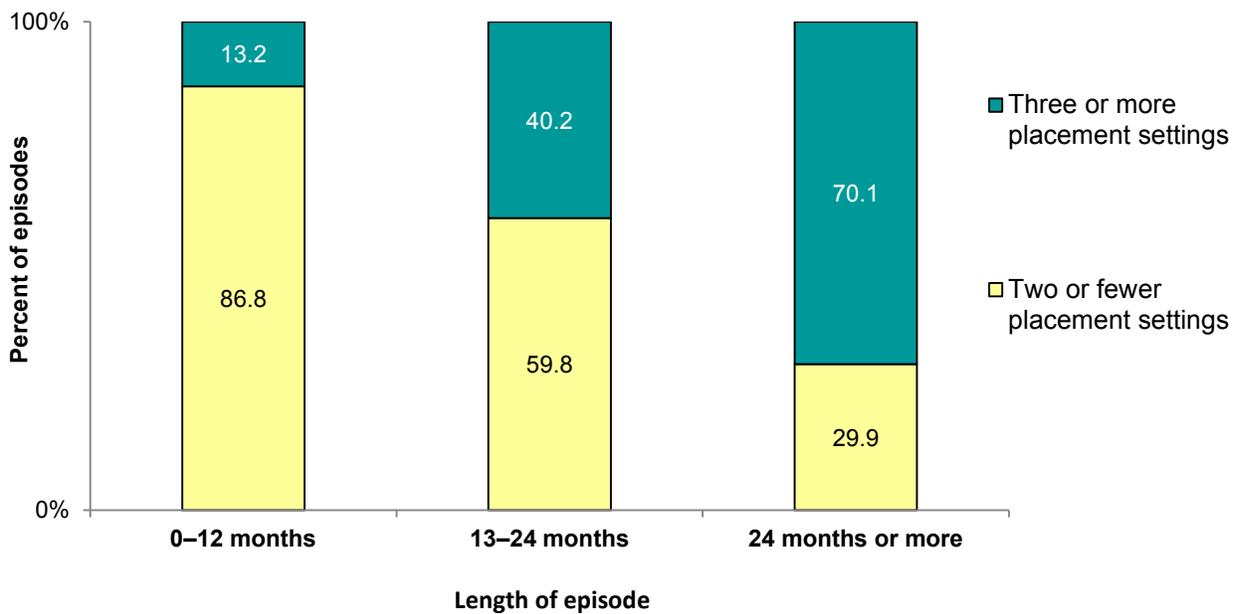


Table 10. Reason for Moves from Placement Settings

Reason for change/move in placement setting	Number of placements changed (N=8,086)	Percent
Needs less restrictive	1,349	16.7
Provider request	1,002	12.4
Begin trial home visit	980	12.1
Needs more structure	844	10.4
Emergency to non-emergency setting	705	8.7
Relative placement	664	8.2
Needs specialized treatment	644	8.0
Runaway	560	6.9
Child’s safety	338	4.2
Pre-adoptive placement	278	3.4
Other	722	8.9

Reasons for Entry, Re-entry Rate and Discharge

At a Glance

- *Children entering care for child behavior or alcohol and other drug abuse reasons decreased dramatically since 2001.*
- *About 24 percent of children who were discharged from out-of-home care had a subsequent placement within 12 months.*
- *Most children, about 65 percent, left care to be reunified with parent(s) or primary caretaker.*

Table 11 indicates the reasons why children entered care. Children were counted only once within each reason, even if placed out-of-home more than one time for the same reason during the year. However, because children may have entered care for multiple reasons, they may have been counted in more than one reason. The table identified child behavior as the most common reason cited for placement, followed by alleged neglect.

Table 11. Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care

Reasons for entry	Unique children (N=11,239)	Percent of reasons
Abandonment	560	5.0
Alleged neglect	3,270	29.1
Alleged physical abuse	1,382	12.3
Alleged sexual abuse	616	5.5
Caretaker inability to cope (illness or other)	1,834	16.3
Child alcohol abuse	354	3.1
Child drug abuse	435	3.9
Child behavior	3,885	34.6
Child disability	868	7.7
Death of parent(s)	75	0.7
Inadequate housing	544	4.8
Incarceration of parent	614	5.5
Parent alcohol abuse	989	8.8
Parent drug abuse	1,806	16.1
Termination of parental rights	134	1.2

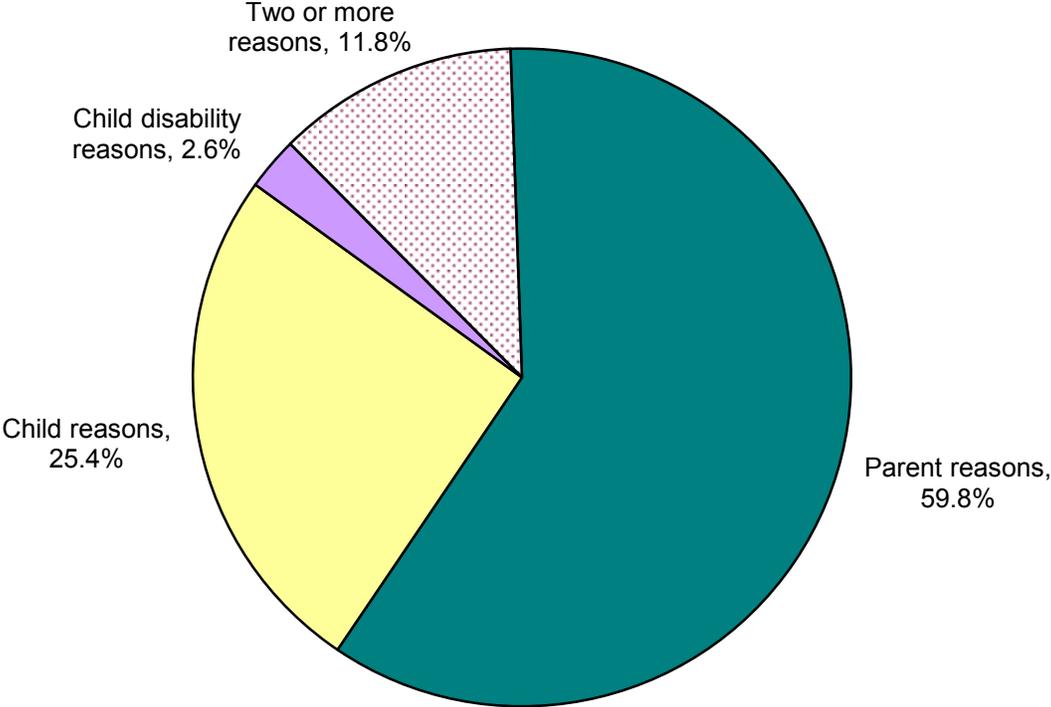
** A child may have been placed for more than one reason; therefore, the sum of the reasons for entry exceeds the number of children in placement.*

In Figure 9, the 15 reasons for entry have been divided into four categories: parent reasons, child behavior reasons, child disability and two or more of these reasons. The reasons in each category are:

- Reasons related to parents include alleged physical abuse, alleged sexual abuse, alleged neglect, parental substance abuse, death or abandonment by a parent, parental inability to cope, incarceration, relinquishment of parental rights and inadequate housing.
- Reasons related to children include a child’s behavior, delinquency, status offenses, and their own alcohol or other drug abuse.
- Reasons related to a child’s disability include children who are developmentally disabled or who have a diagnosis of serious emotional disturbance.
- Reasons related to two or more of the above categories.

Although child behavior was the single most often-cited reason for entry into care, when reasons for entry were grouped together, most children entered care for parent-related reasons.

Figure 9. Categories of Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care



The graph in Figure 10 shows a downward trend for all reasons for entry, but the number of placement episodes solely for child behavior or child alcohol and drug abuse reasons decreased by 63 percent since 2001, and those for parent reasons decreased by 29 percent. Children may be counted in more than one category if they entered care multiple times for different categories of reasons during the year.

Figure 10. Categories of Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care, 2001–2010

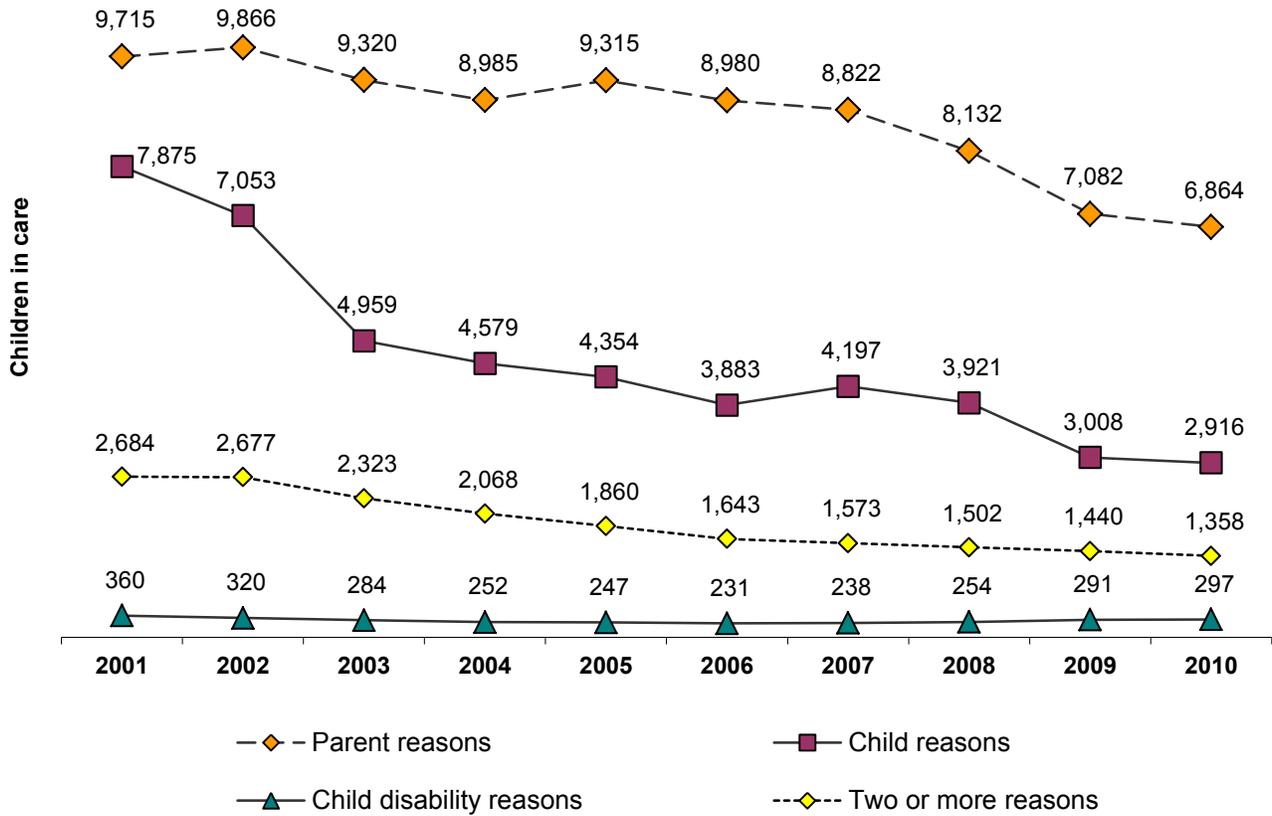


Table 12 presents the out-of-home placement re-entry rate by race and ethnicity. Re-entry means that a child, who was discharged from out-of-home care to reunification with parents or primary caretakers or who were living with other relatives in 2009, re-entered care within 12 months of that discharge. All races clustered around the state average. Children indicating Hispanic ethnicity appeared to have a lower rate of re-entry.

Table 12. Out-of-home Care Re-entry Rate by Race/Ethnicity, Children who Left Care in Prior Calendar Year

Race/Ethnicity	Left care in 2009	Re-entry within 12 months	Percent
African American/Black	1,032	258	25.0
American Indian	451	104	23.1
Asian/Pacific Islander	131	29	22.1
White	2,291	565	24.7
Two or more races	393	99	25.2
Unable to determine	41	4	9.8
Missing data	5	-	0.0
Total children	4,344	1,059	24.4
Hispanic ethnicity--any race	453	92	20.3

Table 13 illustrates that 66.7 percent of the reasons for discharge when children left an episode of care in 2010 were for reunification with a parent or primary caretaker prior to placement. Another 11 percent had permanent transfer of legal and physical custody to a relative or were living with relatives, while 9 percent were discharged to adoption.

Table 13. Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care

Reasons for discharge	Episodes discharged	Percent
Reunification with parents/primary caretakers	4,434	66.7
Adoption finalized	610	9.2
Tribal customary adoption	8	0.1
Permanent transfer of legal and physical custody to a relative	468	7.0
Living with other relatives	264	4.0
Guardianship	30	0.5
Reached age of majority or emancipated	449	6.7
Runaway from placement (placement no longer planned)	144	2.2
Death of child	5	0.1
Transfer to another agency	232	3.5
Transfer to tribal agency	8	0.1
Total episodes discharged	6,652	100.0

Figure 11 shows the overall percent of discharges from out-of-home care to a family home setting (reunification with parents/caretakers, living with other relatives, permanent transfer of legal and physical custody to a relative or finalized adoption/tribal customary adoption). The graph shows that these reasons as a proportion of all reasons for discharges have remained fairly consistent since 2001.

Figure 11. Percent of Discharges to Home Settings, 2001–2010

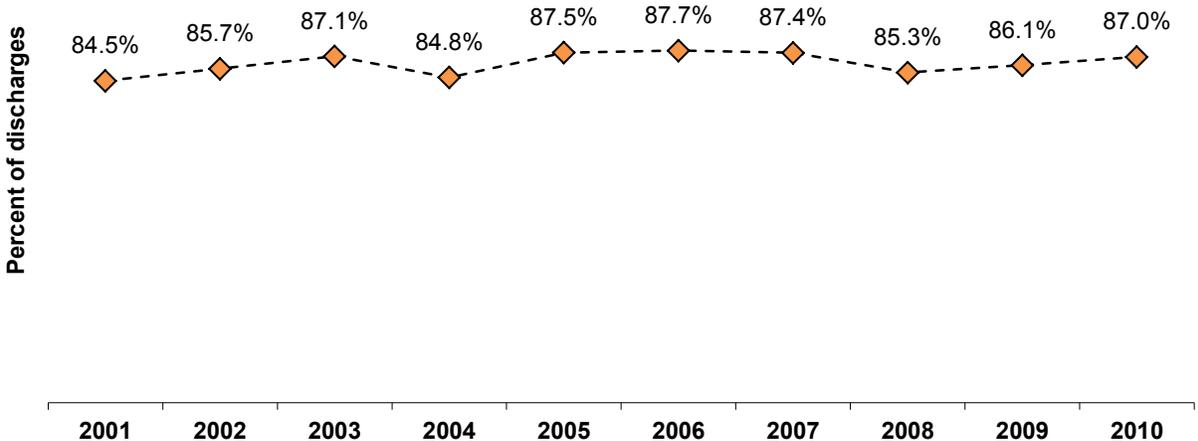
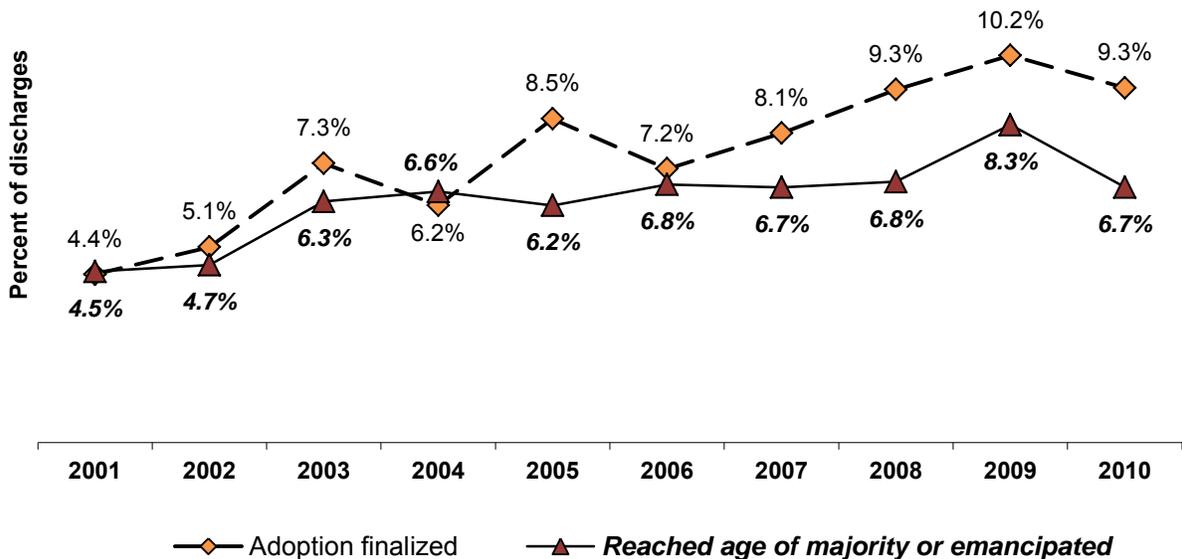


Figure 12 indicates that the proportion of discharges to adoption/tribal customary adoption have shown an upward trend. Discharges due to reaching age of majority or emancipated have been increasing, in proportion to other discharge locations. Tribal customary adoptions were combined with adoptions in this figure.

Figure 12. Percent of Discharges to Adoption and Children Reaching Age of Majority (Age 18), 2001–2010



Federal and State Permanency Performance Indicators

The federal Child and Family Service Reviews examine state performance in child safety and permanency. To inform this process, the Administration for Children and Families created 15 permanency performance measures. The permanency measures can be grouped into the categories of: 1) Timeliness and permanency of reunification, 2) Timeliness of adoptions of children discharged from foster care, 3) Achieving permanency for children in care for extended periods of time, and 4) Placement stability. Section IV contains these individual measures by county for calendar year 2010. Caution should be used in drawing conclusions from measures with small numbers.

Table 14. Performance Indicators, 2010	Minnesota results, 2010	Federal standards
Permanency Measure 1.1: Time to Reunification Of children discharged to reunification with primary caretakers, percent reunified in less than 12 months from the time of the latest removal from home	84.5% (2,568 of 3,038)	75.2% or higher
Permanency Measure 1.2: Median Months to Reunification Median length of stay removal from home until the date of discharge to reunification	3.9 months	5.4 months or less
Permanency Measure 1.3: Reunification After First Removal Of children in care for the first time, percent discharged from foster care to reunification in less than 12 months	57.9% (887 of 1,533)	48.4% or higher
Permanency Measure 1.4: Placement Re-entry Of children discharged to reunification, percent re-entered foster care in less than 12 months	24.4% (1,059 of 4,344)	9.9% or lower
Permanency Measure 2.1: Adoption in Less than 24 Months Of children discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption, percent adopted in less than 24 months	48.2% (300 of 622)	36.6% or higher
Permanency Measure 2.2: Median Months to Adoption Of children discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption, median length of stay in care	25.1 months	27.3 months or less
Permanency Measure 2.3: Discharges to Adoption Of children in care for 17 continuous months or longer on Jan. 1, 2010 percent discharged from care to a finalized adoption by Dec. 31, 2010	19.6% (337 of 1,717)	22.7% or higher
Permanency Measure 2.4: Legally Free for Adoption Of children in care for 17 continuous months or longer on Jan. 1, 2010 and who were not legally free for adoption prior to that day, percent who became legally free for adoption during the first 6-months of 2010	2.2% (25 of 1,113)	10.9% or higher
Permanency Measure 2.5: Time to Adoption Once Legally Free Of all children who became legally free for adoption during 2009, percent discharged from care to a finalized adoption in less than 12 months from the date of becoming legally free	40.8% (647 of 647)	53.7% or higher
Permanency Measure 3.1: Permanency for Children in Care 24 or More Months Of children in care for 24 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2010, percent discharged to a permanent home by Dec. 31, 2010 and prior to their 18th birthday	19.1% (274 of 1,432)	29.1% or higher

Federal and State Permanency Performance Indicators *(continued)*

Performance Indicators, 2010	Minnesota results, 2010	Federal standards
Permanency Measure 3.2: Permanency for Children Legally Free for Adoption Of children discharged care during 2010, and who were legally free for adoption (i.e., there is a parental rights termination for both parents) at the time of discharge, percent discharged to a permanent home prior to their 18th birthday	96.4% (622 of 645)	98.0% or higher
Permanency Measure 3.3: Aging Out of Long Term Care Of children who aged out of care or reached their 18 th birthday while in care but had not yet been discharged, percent in foster care for three years or longer	45.1% (404 of 939)	37.5% or lower
Permanency Measure 4.1: Placement Stability for Children in Care Less than 12 Months Of children in care during 2010 for at least 8 days but less than 12 months, percent with two or fewer placement settings	86.8% (4,819 of 5,555)	86.0% or higher
Permanency Measure 4.2: Placement Stability for Children in Care More than 12 and Less than 24 Months Of children in out-of-home care during 2010 for at least 12 months but less than 24 months, percent with two or fewer placement settings	59.8% (1,043 of 1,745)	65.4% or higher
Permanency Measure 4.3: Placement Stability for Children in Care 24 Months or Longer Of children in out-of-home care during 2010 for at least 24 months, percent with two or fewer placement settings	29.9% (640 of 2,139)	41.8% or higher
State Permanency Measure: Time to a Transfer of Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative Of children discharged to a transfer of legal and physical custody to a relative, percent discharged within 12 months	64.1% (300 of 468)	NA

Children in Out-of-home Care Appendix

Flow of Children in Out-of-home Care

County/Tribe	Continued in placement from 2009	Entered placement in 2010	Left placement in 2010	Remained in placement after end of 2010
Aitkin	30	25	25	30
Anoka	281	265	311	234
Becker	65	63	60	69
Beltrami	137	114	63	189
Benton	34	48	47	34
Big Stone	11	5	9	7
Blue Earth	71	96	92	74
Brown	28	25	27	26
Carlton	75	86	83	77
Carver	53	66	68	57
Cass	40	49	50	39
Chippewa	4	3	3	4
Chisago	16	27	30	13
Clay	76	120	124	77
Clearwater	8	9	10	7
Cook	4	10	4	10
Cottonwood	15	22	22	17
Crow Wing	122	111	111	125
Dakota	137	217	206	155
Dodge	18	17	20	15
Douglas	49	25	41	33
Fillmore	11	4	6	9
Freeborn	35	37	40	35
Goodhue	38	62	70	31
Grant	4	4	4	4
Hennepin	1,117	1,230	1,287	1,128
Houston	28	18	17	29
Hubbard	19	14	17	16
Isanti	35	35	36	37
Itasca	69	85	83	73
Jackson	18	12	11	19
Kanabec	9	23	18	17
Kandiyohi	67	57	73	55
Kittson	2	13	8	7
Koochiching	24	28	29	24
Lac qui Parle	6	3	4	6
Lake	12	11	14	9
Lake of the Woods	2	9	3	8
Le Sueur	27	17	23	21
McLeod	25	32	27	31
Mahnomen	11	5	8	7
Marshall	8	12	14	8
Meeker	24	16	10	30

Flow of Children in Out-of-home Care (continued)				
County/Tribe	Continued in placement from 2009	Entered placement in 2010	Left placement in 2010	Remained in placement after end of 2010
Mille Lacs	21	35	33	23
Morrison	42	44	32	55
Mower	26	30	26	31
Nicollet	21	28	22	27
Nobles	29	33	46	18
Norman	6	8	2	12
Olmsted	80	108	76	116
Otter Tail	45	55	70	32
Pennington	26	9	18	17
Pine	40	44	36	49
Pipestone	7	21	16	12
Polk	50	54	57	51
Pope	12	17	15	14
Ramsey	593	934	972	613
Red Lake	5	3	4	5
Redwood	32	36	35	35
Renville	17	16	19	14
Rice	48	40	42	47
Rock	10	14	12	13
Roseau	12	19	20	12
St. Louis	469	346	367	457
Scott	39	88	93	36
Sherburne	52	50	44	60
Sibley	22	22	26	17
Stearns	126	169	157	141
Steele	24	26	34	19
Stevens	5	5	6	4
Swift	15	20	24	13
Todd	28	24	21	31
Traverse	-	13	8	5
Wabasha	12	32	25	22
Wadena	14	26	24	17
Waseca	17	20	24	13
Washington	93	108	123	83
Watonwan	17	16	19	14
Wilkin	13	7	9	11
Winona	27	51	50	31
Wright	101	87	97	93
Yellow Medicine	2	17	5	14
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	55	49	52	51
Faribault-Martin	51	71	68	58
Leech Lake Band	126	45	69	102
White Earth Band	124	102	59	168
Minnesota	5,419	6,072	6,165	5,552

Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 in the County Child Population			
County/Tribe	Unique children	Child population	Rate of children in care per 1,000
Aitkin	54	2,918	18.5
Anoka	532	86,031	6.2
Becker	125	7,999	15.6
Beltrami	249	11,108	22.4
Benton	78	9,500	8.2
Big Stone	16	1,105	14.5
Blue Earth	161	12,381	13.0
Brown	53	5,698	9.3
Carlton	159	8,364	19.0
Carver	119	27,205	4.4
Cass	87	6,203	14.0
Chippewa	7	2,914	2.4
Chisago	42	13,847	3.0
Clay	193	13,744	14.0
Clearwater	17	2,170	7.8
Cook	14	871	16.1
Cottonwood	35	2,791	12.5
Crow Wing	228	14,372	15.9
Dakota	353	105,060	3.4
Dodge	35	5,824	6.0
Douglas	73	7,876	9.3
Fillmore	15	5,065	3.0
Freeborn	72	6,872	10.5
Goodhue	100	10,950	9.1
Grant	8	1,287	6.2
Hennepin	2,302	261,345	8.8
Houston	46	4,403	10.4
Hubbard	32	4,464	7.2
Isanti	67	9,805	6.8
Itasca	149	9,836	15.1
Jackson	30	2,320	12.9
Kanabec	32	3,896	8.2
Kandiyohi	124	10,157	12.2
Kittson	15	984	15.2
Koochiching	50	2,782	18.0
Lac qui Parle	9	1,534	5.9
Lake	23	2,067	11.1
Lake of the Woods	11	814	13.5
Le Sueur	43	7,052	6.1
McLeod	56	9,265	6.0
Mahnomen	14	1,586	8.8
Marshall	20	2,226	9.0
Meeker	38	5,920	6.4
Mille Lacs	54	6,615	8.2

Children in Out-of-home Care per 1,000 in the County Child Population (continued)			
County/Tribe	Unique children	Child population	Rate of children in care per 1,000
Morrison	86	8,165	10.5
Mower	56	9,883	5.7
Nicollet	48	7,383	6.5
Nobles	60	5,483	10.9
Norman	14	1,666	8.4
Olmsted	188	36,440	5.2
Otter Tail	98	12,457	7.9
Pennington	35	3,311	10.6
Pine	83	6,599	12.6
Pipestone	27	2,391	11.3
Polk	102	7,521	13.6
Pope	29	2,337	12.4
Ramsey	1488	118,493	12.6
Red Lake	8	1,007	7.9
Redwood	65	4,017	16.2
Renville	33	3,656	9.0
Rice	86	15,163	5.7
Rock	24	2,503	9.6
Roseau	30	4,104	7.3
St. Louis	782	39,559	19.8
Scott	126	39,228	3.2
Sherburne	98	25,777	3.8
Sibley	41	3,903	10.5
Stearns	282	34,900	8.1
Steele	49	9,650	5.1
Stevens	10	2,037	4.9
Swift	33	2,183	15.1
Todd	52	6,210	8.4
Traverse	13	778	16.7
Wabasha	43	5,053	8.5
Wadena	38	3,326	11.4
Waseca	36	4,523	8.0
Washington	197	63,598	3.1
Watonwan	33	2,808	11.8
Wilkin	20	1,574	12.7
Winona	71	9,969	7.1
Wright	186	37,361	5.0
Yellow Medicine	18	2,475	7.3
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	99	9,515	10.4
Faribault-Martin	121	7,831	15.5
Leech Lake Band	169	1,975*	85.6
White Earth Band	222	1,981*	112.1
Total	11,239	1,284,063	8.7

*These numbers represent the 2010 U.S. Census for children residing on the Leech Lake and White Earth reservations and who indicated American Indian alone or as one of two or more races. The Leech Lake reservation has land in Cass, Itasca, Beltrami and Hubbard counties. The White Earth reservation overlaps Mahnomon, Becker and Clearwater counties.

Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group

County/Tribe	Total	Birth-7 years	8-12 years	13+ years	Percent birth-7 years	Percent 8-12 years	Percent 13+ years
Aitkin	54	16	8	30	29.6	14.8	55.6
Anoka	532	190	107	235	35.7	20.1	44.2
Becker	125	45	19	61	36.0	15.2	48.8
Beltrami	249	107	40	102	43.0	16.1	41.0
Benton	78	20	14	44	25.6	17.9	56.4
Big Stone	16	7	4	5	43.8	25.0	31.3
Blue Earth	161	72	26	63	44.7	16.1	39.1
Brown	53	19	5	29	35.8	9.4	54.7
Carlton	159	45	26	88	28.3	16.4	55.3
Carver	119	24	13	82	20.2	10.9	68.9
Cass	87	26	16	45	29.9	18.4	51.7
Chippewa	7	0	1	6	0.0	14.3	85.7
Chisago	42	13	6	23	31.0	14.3	54.8
Clay	193	37	15	141	19.2	7.8	73.1
Clearwater	17	2	3	12	11.8	17.6	70.6
Cook	14	2	2	10	14.3	14.3	71.4
Cottonwood	35	2	4	29	5.7	11.4	82.9
Crow Wing	228	93	34	101	40.8	14.9	44.3
Dakota	353	132	48	173	37.4	13.6	49.0
Dodge	35	8	1	26	22.9	2.9	74.3
Douglas	73	21	10	42	28.8	13.7	57.5
Fillmore	15	7	2	6	46.7	13.3	40.0
Freeborn	72	21	6	45	29.2	8.3	62.5
Goodhue	100	27	20	53	27.0	20.0	53.0
Grant	8	0	3	5	0.0	37.5	62.5
Hennepin	2,302	847	342	1,113	36.8	14.9	48.3
Houston	46	20	12	14	43.5	26.1	30.4
Hubbard	32	5	5	22	15.6	15.6	68.8
Isanti	67	20	10	37	29.9	14.9	55.2
Itasca	149	41	29	79	27.5	19.5	53.0
Jackson	30	8	8	14	26.7	26.7	46.7
Kanabec	32	4	4	24	12.5	12.5	75.0
Kandiyohi	124	42	16	66	33.9	12.9	53.2
Kittson	15	1	7	7	6.7	46.7	46.7
Koochiching	50	12	4	34	24.0	8.0	68.0
Lac qui Parle	9	0	3	6	0.0	33.3	66.7
Lake	23	13	2	8	56.5	8.7	34.8
Lake of the Woods	11	2	1	8	18.2	9.1	72.7
Le Sueur	43	7	4	32	16.3	9.3	74.4
McLeod	56	13	9	34	23.2	16.1	60.7
Mahnomen	14	6	1	7	42.9	7.1	50.0
Marshall	20	2	2	16	10.0	10.0	80.0
Meeker	38	6	6	26	15.8	15.8	68.4

Children in Out-of-home Care by Age Group (continued)

County/Tribe	Total	Birth-7 years	8-12 years	13+ years	Percent birth-7 years	Percent 8-12 years	Percent 13+ years
Mille Lacs	54	6	7	41	11.1	13.0	75.9
Morrison	86	46	19	21	53.5	22.1	24.4
Mower	56	20	12	24	35.7	21.4	42.9
Nicollet	48	16	17	15	33.3	35.4	31.3
Nobles	60	21	10	29	35.0	16.7	48.3
Norman	14	1	3	10	7.1	21.4	71.4
Olmsted	188	67	26	95	35.6	13.8	50.5
Otter Tail	98	31	12	55	31.6	12.2	56.1
Pennington	35	13	7	15	37.1	20.0	42.9
Pine	83	41	12	30	49.4	14.5	36.1
Pipestone	27	15	3	9	55.6	11.1	33.3
Polk	102	24	20	58	23.5	19.6	56.9
Pope	29	8	8	13	27.6	27.6	44.8
Ramsey	1,488	360	202	926	24.2	13.6	62.2
Red Lake	8	3	1	4	37.5	12.5	50.0
Redwood	65	18	9	38	27.7	13.8	58.5
Renville	33	3	5	25	9.1	15.2	75.8
Rice	86	37	19	30	43.0	22.1	34.9
Rock	24	7	2	15	29.2	8.3	62.5
Roseau	30	1	1	28	3.3	3.3	93.3
St. Louis	782	328	155	299	41.9	19.8	38.2
Scott	126	25	19	82	19.8	15.1	65.1
Sherburne	98	30	14	54	30.6	14.3	55.1
Sibley	41	10	2	29	24.4	4.9	70.7
Stearns	282	87	46	149	30.9	16.3	52.8
Steele	49	24	7	18	49.0	14.3	36.7
Stevens	10	4	3	3	40.0	30.0	30.0
Swift	33	6	3	24	18.2	9.1	72.7
Todd	52	16	12	24	30.8	23.1	46.2
Traverse	13	7	3	3	53.8	23.1	23.1
Wabasha	43	5	11	27	11.6	25.6	62.8
Wadena	38	7	9	22	18.4	23.7	57.9
Waseca	36	17	11	8	47.2	30.6	22.2
Washington	197	43	11	143	21.8	5.6	72.6
Watonwan	33	7	5	21	21.2	15.2	63.6
Wilkin	20	5	1	14	25.0	5.0	70.0
Winona	71	22	4	45	31.0	5.6	63.4
Wright	186	46	29	111	24.7	15.6	59.7
Yellow Medicine	18	8	2	8	44.4	11.1	44.4
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	99	16	14	69	16.2	14.1	69.7
Faribault-Martin	121	36	12	73	29.8	9.9	60.3
Leech Lake Band	169	86	38	45	50.9	22.5	26.6
White Earth Band	222	117	51	54	52.7	23.0	24.3
Minnesota	11,239	3,675	1,755	5,809	32.7	15.6	51.7

Children in Out-of-home Care by Race and Ethnicity

County/Tribe	African American/ Black	American Indian	Asian/ Pacific Islander	White	Two or more races	Unable to determine	Total children	Hispanic ethnicity—any race
Aitkin	*	13	*	37	*	*	54	*
Anoka	97	14	12	310	99	*	532	36
Becker	*	32	*	80	9	*	125	*
Beltrami	*	167	*	62	14	*	249	*
Benton	14	*	*	49	8	*	78	*
Big Stone	*	*	*	15	*	*	16	*
Blue Earth	27	*	*	107	21	*	161	14
Brown	*	*	*	48	*	*	53	8
Carlton	*	47	*	98	10	*	159	*
Carver	11	*	*	84	17	*	119	21
Cass	*	36	*	50	*	*	87	*
Chippewa	*	*	*	*	*	*	7	*
Chisago	*	*	*	34	*	*	42	*
Clay	15	25	*	138	13	*	193	32
Clearwater	*	7	*	9	*	*	17	*
Cook	*	9	*	*	*	*	14	*
Cottonwood	*	*	*	32	*	*	35	*
Crow Wing	9	18	*	194	7	*	228	*
Dakota	71	9	10	225	38	*	353	38
Dodge	*	*	*	32	*	*	35	*
Douglas	*	*	*	57	8	*	73	*
Fillmore	*	*	*	13	*	*	15	*
Freeborn	*	*	*	63	*	*	72	14
Goodhue	7	*	*	84	*	*	100	9
Grant	*	*	*	7	*	*	8	*
Hennepin	1,036	268	47	477	458	16	2,302	275
Houston	12	*	*	29	*	*	46	*
Hubbard	*	14	*	18	*	*	32	*
Isanti	*	*	*	59	*	*	67	*
Itasca	*	19	*	117	10	*	149	*
Jackson	*	*	*	27	*	*	30	*
Kanabec	*	*	*	29	*	*	32	*
Kandiyohi	8	*	*	108	*	*	124	47
Kittson	*	*	*	15	*	*	15	*
Koochiching	*	*	*	41	*	*	50	*
Lac qui Parle	*	*	*	*	*	*	9	*
Lake	*	*	*	23	*	*	23	*
Lake of the Woods	*	*	*	9	*	*	11	*
Le Sueur	*	*	*	42	*	*	43	*
McLeod	*	*	*	51	*	*	56	14
Mahnomen	*	11	*	*	*	*	14	*
Marshall	*	*	*	17	*	*	20	*
Meeker	*	*	*	32	*	*	38	*
Mille Lacs	*	21	*	33	*	*	54	*

Children in Out-of-home Care by Race and Ethnicity <i>(continued)</i>								
County/Tribe	African American/ Black	American Indian	Asian/ Pacific Islander	White	Two or more races	Unable to determine	Total children	Hispanic ethnicity—any race
Morrison	*	*	*	76	9	*	86	*
Mower	*	*	*	47	*	*	56	7
Nicollet	*	*	*	37	*	*	48	*
Nobles	8	*	10	37	*	*	60	21
Norman	*	*	*	10	*	*	14	*
Olmsted	30	*	7	116	35	*	188	22
Otter Tail	19	*	*	73	*	*	98	*
Pennington	*	9	*	21	*	*	35	*
Pine	*	22	*	56	*	*	83	8
Pipestone	*	*	*	19	*	*	27	*
Polk	*	12	*	72	14	*	102	32
Pope	*	*	*	24	*	*	29	*
Ramsey	706	76	126	432	139	*	1,488	157
Red Lake	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	*
Redwood	*	28	*	26	7	*	65	8
Renville	*	*	*	29	*	*	33	*
Rice	10	*	*	61	*	8	86	13
Rock	*	*	*	22	*	*	24	*
Roseau	*	*	*	25	*	*	30	*
St. Louis	86	227	*	424	41	*	782	23
Scott	26	10	*	75	11	*	126	12
Sherburne	14	*	*	63	17	*	98	*
Sibley	*	*	*	41	*	*	41	8
Stearns	61	9	*	163	44	*	282	21
Steele	8	*	*	37	*	*	49	9
Stevens	*	*	*	*	*	*	10	*
Swift	*	*	*	26	*	*	33	*
Todd	*	*	*	45	*	*	52	*
Traverse	*	*	*	8	*	*	13	*
Wabasha	*	*	*	35	*	*	43	*
Wadena	*	*	*	32	*	*	38	*
Waseca	*	*	*	36	*	*	36	*
Washington	24	7	*	142	18	*	197	*
Watsonwan	*	*	*	31	*	*	33	17
Wilkin	*	*	*	18	*	*	20	*
Winona	11	*	*	59	*	*	71	*
Wright	9	*	*	161	8	*	186	11
Yellow Medicine	*	9	*	7	*	*	18	*
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	*	*	*	83	10	*	99	26
Faribault-Martin	*	11	*	102	*	*	121	22
Leech Lake Band	*	163	*	*	*	*	169	*
White Earth Band	*	200	*	*	20	*	222	23
Minnesota	2,415	1,579	249	5,756	1,188	46	11,239	1,048

*The number of children is less than seven in that cell, and is not shown to prevent identification of individuals. Totals include the omitted data and the six children whose race data was not entered.

American Indian Children in Out-of-home Care

Counts include children identifying American Indian alone or as one of two or more races.

County/Tribe	American Indian children
Aitkin	15
Anoka	69
Becker	40
Beltrami	176
Benton	10
Blue Earth	14
Carlton	52
Carver	12
Cass	36
Clay	36
Clearwater	8
Cook	10
Crow Wing	21
Dakota	24
Douglas	8
Goodhue	7
Hennepin	500
Hubbard	14
Isanti	7
Itasca	26
Kandiyohi	7
Koochiching	8
Mahnomen	12
Mille Lacs	21
Olmsted	7
Pennington	10
Pine	23
Polk	25
Ramsey	135
Redwood	32
St. Louis	254
Scott	16
Sherburne	12
Stearns	22
Todd	7
Washington	16
Yellow Medicine	11
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	8
Faribault-Martin	13
Leech Lake Band	169
White Earth Band	220
Total*	2,190

**Counties were not included if there were less than seven children total to prevent identification of individuals. Totals include omitted data.*

American Indian Children in Out-of-home Care by Tribe		
<i>Counts include children identifying American Indian alone or as one of two or more races.</i>		
State where tribe is primarily located	Tribe	American Indian children
Minnesota	Fond du Lac Band of Chippewa Indians	93
	Grand Portage Band of Chippewa Indians	16
	Leech Lake Band of Chippewa Indians	388
	Mille Lacs Band of Chippewa Indians	134
	Bois Forte (Nett Lake) Band of Chippewa Indians	84
	White Earth Band of Chippewa Indians	474
	Lower Sioux Indian Community	28
	Upper Sioux Community	11
	Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians	191
	Minnesota Chippewa Tribe (cannot identify band)	14
North Dakota	Devils Lake Sioux Tribe	22
	Standing Rock Sioux Tribe	39
	Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation	12
	Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians	44
South Dakota	Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe	31
	Oglala Sioux Tribe–Pine Ridge	31
	Rosebud Sioux Tribe	26
	Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux Tribe	48
	Yankton Sioux Tribe	9
Wisconsin	Bad River Band of Lake Superior Chippewa	13
	Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Chippewa	29
	Lac du Flambeau Band of Chippewa	9
	Red Cliff Band of Chippewa	13
	Wisconsin Winnebago Tribe	9
	Menominee Indian Tribe	7
Nebraska	Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska	11
Other	Other U.S. Tribe	133
	Canadian Tribe	17
	Unknown Chippewa	39
	Unknown Sioux	11
	Tribe unknown	318
	Total*	2,190

**Children were counted once within each tribe, but a child could indicate more than one tribe. Indicating a tribe does not necessarily mean that the child is enrolled or eligible for enrollment as a member of that tribe.*

Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care

County/Tribe	Foster family home–non-relative	Foster family home–relative	Foster home–corporate/shift staff	Group home	Juvenile correctional facility–locked	Juvenile correctional facility–non-secure	Pre-adoptive home–non-relative	Pre-adoptive home–relative	Residential treatment center	Other*	Total placements
Aitkin	39	13		21	2	24	7	3	4	1	114
Anoka	502	103	8	37	2	63	80	20	57	1	873
Becker	90	24	4	7	7	24	21	1	22		200
Beltrami	200	110	13	27	3	14	3	6	33		409
Benton	45	8	3	21	6	22	3	1	16		125
Big Stone	22	5	2	1	2	2		2	1		37
Blue Earth	118	34	6		6	29	25	7	16	1	242
Brown	18	4	15	16	3		5	3	10		74
Carlton	88	40	4	51	7	6	8	1	42	2	249
Carver	66	25	1	13	17	28	4	3	14		171
Cass	63	13	2	21	2	7	6	2	29	2	147
Chippewa			4	3					1		8
Chisago	26	8		8	7	5	3	1	7		65
Clay	73	11	13	6	9	113	26	2	31	1	285
Clearwater	5	10		1		1			2		19
Cook	8	3	1	4	1	3			5		25
Cottonwood	25	4	2	13	18	5	1		12	2	82
Crow Wing	160	55		31	4	11	31	9	36	1	338
Dakota	273	91	6	27	9	10	17	11	106	1	551
Dodge	23	6		5	13	7		1	7	1	63
Douglas	47	14	2	5	2	8	8	2	14		102
Fillmore	7	3		1			2	3	4		20
Freeborn	69	8		15	1	2	3	1	13		112
Goodhue	70	15		1	17	2	9	7	32		153
Grant	5	2	2	1							10
Hennepin	1,455	474	84	393	175	22	163	91	1,190	89	4,136
Houston	47	2		2		2	14	2	7	1	77
Hubbard	25	9	2	7		6	1				50
Isanti	54	20		6		3	1	3	10	1	98
Itasca	99	34		62	4	4	6	4	34		247

Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care (continued)

County/Tribe	Foster family home–non-relative	Foster family home–relative	Foster home–corporate/shift staff	Group home	Juvenile correctional facility–locked	Juvenile correctional facility–non-secure	Pre-adoptive home–non-relative	Pre-adoptive home–relative	Residential treatment center	Other*	Total placements
Jackson	16	6	1	8		0		1	6		38
Kanabec	21		2	1	3	5			12		44
Kandiyohi	59	16	12	12	2	37	12	5	26		181
Kittson	7		2		1	2			4		16
Koochiching	41	6	6	9	6	2	2		16	1	89
Lac qui Parle	3			10			2		2		17
Lake	10	13				1	3		3		30
Lake of the Woods	8			1		1	1		1		12
Le Sueur	18	7		6	3	4	4		15	1	58
McLeod	26	18		7		3	2	2	13	2	73
Mahnomen	9		1	1	2	3		1	1		18
Marshall	7	5		4	2	3			8		29
Meeker	28	3	4	14	1	1	3		8		62
Mille Lacs	20		2	6	11	12			15		66
Morrison	56	19	4	6	1	1	21	8	10		126
Mower	46	5	1	9			3	2	6	1	73
Nicollet	28	2	1	4	2	1	11	4	16	1	70
Nobles	25	15		7	5	9	9		10	1	81
Norman	8	8	1	1	1	4			1		24
Olmsted	76	42	3	45	12	21	19	17	25	1	261
Otter Tail	65	11	3	1	3	33	4	8	1		129
Pennington	29	3		4		1	11	1	7		56
Pine	39	33	1	9	2	1	13	5	19		122
Pipestone	22	6		6					5		39
Polk	68	4	3	8	26	29	20	2	12		172
Pope	19	12	1	2				4	2		40
Ramsey	659	169	29	853	100	51	70	57	588	16	2,592
Red Lake	6	1					2		1		10
Redwood	38	27	5	21	17	4	5		10	1	128
Renville	9	5	3	11		5			6	1	40

Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care (continued)

County/Tribe	Foster family home–non-relative	Foster family home–relative	Foster home–corporate/shift staff	Group home	Juvenile correctional facility–locked	Juvenile correctional facility–non-secure	Pre-adoptive home–non-relative	Pre-adoptive home–relative	Residential treatment center	Other*	Total placements
Rice	62	33	1	7			5	9	9		126
Rock	18	2	2	1		1	1	1	5		31
Roseau	3	4		3		9			24		43
St. Louis	739	207	17	224	51	26	67	9	78	1	1,419
Scott	81	24	1	3	1	82	4	2	8	2	208
Sherburne	76	21	5	9		11	5	5	8	1	141
Sibley	19	3		7	8	5	5	1	18	3	69
Stearns	214	29	14	43	97	28	44	5	47	1	522
Steele	41	9	1	6	1	1	4		4		67
Stevens	6	1	1			1			2		11
Swift	12	2		7	6	2	2		35		66
Todd	47	9	1	6		2	4	2	8		79
Traverse	11	2		1		1			2		17
Wabasha	49	3	1	3				1	5	1	63
Wadena	21	7	2	6	7	5	2	5	13		68
Waseca	15	13	4	2		3	1	7	1		46
Washington	134	28	1	30		11	12	6	108		330
Watonwan	21	7	1	1		2	4		12		48
Wilkin	14	1	2	2		1			2		22
Winona	34	9	2	37	28		1		15	1	127
Wright	169	39	7	20	10	15	12	10	16		298
Yellow Medicine	6	9	1	4			1		3		24
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	47	13	16	47	33	11	12	1	27	6	213
Faribault-Martin	60	24	2	5	9	29	5	2	34		170
Leech Lake Band	121	86		12		12	10	1	10		252
White Earth Band	193	87	1	1	9	15	8	19	21		354
Minnesota	7,401	2,256	342	2,359	777	930	873	389	3,119	146	18,592

*"Other" includes Intermediate Care Facilities for the Mentally Retarded (ICF-DD) and supervised independent living settings.

Days in Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care

County/Tribe	Foster family home–non-relative	Foster family home–relative	Foster home–corporate/shift staff	Group home	Juvenile correctional facility–locked	Juvenile correctional facility–non-secure	Pre-adoptive home–non-relative	Pre-adoptive home–relative	Residential treatment center	Other*	Total days in placements
Aitkin	4,345	1,837		621	132	1,171	2,411	1,095	256	43	11,911
Anoka	48,761	11,277	1,891	5,656	45	2,280	14,015	4,283	7,666	106	95,980
Becker	10,899	1,890	563	991	109	1,587	5,465	244	3,012		24,760
Beltrami	28,316	16,131	1,505	1,185	267	1,463	822	2,130	4,435		56,254
Benton	2,883	1,338	775	1,053	281	1,779	409	321	1,521		10,360
Big Stone	1,956	138	136	153	11	57		445	172		3,068
Blue Earth	12,621	3,341	1,550		495	1,189	5,712	1,693	1,197	10	27,808
Brown	1,903	552	2,487	1,981	32		1,220	798	869		9,842
Carlton	10,476	7,085	733	722	459	821	2,356	46	4,580	201	27,479
Carver	8,871	4,277	365	1,922	889	1,051	1,222	966	1,775		21,338
Cass	5,255	907	444	915	85	355	1,155	294	2,444	198	12,052
Chippewa			701	219					49		969
Chisago	1,933	762		455	250	485	718	272	1,301		6,176
Clay	10,700	1,600	3,315	1,102	357	1,240	5,158	259	3,512	365	27,608
Clearwater	1,133	1,530		365		13			112		3,153
Cook	1,440	339	63	14	22	288			1,001		3,167
Cottonwood	1,253	398	456	1,009	663	482	335		1,152	205	5,953
Crow Wing	20,571	6,425		3,023	295	782	6,521	1,900	4,041	43	43,601
Dakota	26,809	9,150	1,298	3,477	128	531	3,094	1,997	4,709	365	51,558
Dodge	2,827	283		589	1,862	510		115	876	54	7,116
Douglas	5,846	2,061	703	826	536	339	1,584	557	1,331		13,783
Fillmore	2,174	120		10			527	849	639		4,319
Freeborn	8,462	688		731	56	457	658	130	2,126		13,308
Goodhue	5,557	1,386		3	254	114	1,547	1,849	1,065		11,775
Grant	1,178	352	365	31							1,926
Hennepin	146,714	64,178	9,665	35,489	6,435	900	34,869	19,519	66,385	7,659	391,813
Houston	4,554	195		33		332	3,923	182	861	63	10,143
Hubbard	3,222	992	705	1,101		933	322				7,275
Isanti	5,758	2,433		304		576	11	717	1,541	282	11,622
Itasca	11,332	2,528		3,976	474	903	1,113	539	3,422		24,287

Days in Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care (continued)

County/Tribe	Foster family home–non-relative	Foster family home–relative	Foster home–corporate/shift staff	Group home	Juvenile correctional facility–locked	Juvenile correctional facility–non-secure	Pre-adoptive home–non-relative	Pre-adoptive home–relative	Residential treatment center	Other*	Total days in placements
Jackson	2,483	1,109	152	1,359				295	786		6,184
Kanabec	1,208		371	1	230	353			1,337		3,500
Kandiyohi	8,279	1,452	2,513	328	167	3,528	3,224	1,265	1,758		22,514
Kittson	102		608		44	157			702		1,613
Koochiching	2,699	329	63	1,350	329	6	672		2,130	32	7,610
Lac qui Parle	607			1,220			56		410		2,293
Lake	1,933	968				31	681		298		3,911
Lake of the Woods	817			76		26	4		85		1,008
Le Sueur	2,566	801		1,322	48	142	658		2,111	57	7,705
McLeod	4,062	2,157		877		363	246	730	815	330	9,580
Mahnomen	1,538		13	296	319	165		365	25		2,721
Marshall	1,003	352		332	69	110			619		2,485
Meeker	5,092	585	1,275	1,462	9	68	1,095		892		10,478
Mille Lacs	3,278		730	421	781	892			2,290		8,392
Morrison	6,590	2,129	590	405	3	11	4,067	1,414	1,617		16,826
Mower	6,230	308	365	1,852			425	461	1,040	306	10,987
Nicollet	3,261	476	145	271	16	7	3,169	1,054	1,877	137	10,413
Nobles	3,166	622		396	118	302	1,676		1,236	5	7,521
Norman	1,611	457	213	365	9	260			142		3,057
Olmsted	9,464	6,386	863	2,387	803	2,620	4,246	3,666	4,312	181	34,928
Otter Tail	7,991	1,776	1,080	365	271	3,075	318	2,298	31		17,205
Pennington	3,618	601		289		17	1,867	97	650		7,139
Pine	5,002	2,842	271	257	31		3,096	1,179	2,162		14,840
Pipestone	1,567	903		1,251					616		4,337
Polk	6,621	262	525	564	1,232	1,048	5,556	290	1,181		17,279
Pope	3,686	1,033	50	122				630	325		5,846
Ramsey	80,949	30,851	3,133	22,652	3,460	2,445	16,858	13,557	39,393	2,571	215,869
Red Lake	1,000	330					272		46		1,648
Redwood	3,353	1,579	936	1,786	1,021	353	949		1,529	87	11,593
Renville	1,508	217	512	1,417		334			900	52	4,940

Days in Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-home Care (continued)

County/Tribe	Foster family home–non-relative	Foster family home–relative	Foster home–corporate/shift staff	Group home	Juvenile correctional facility–locked	Juvenile correctional facility–non-secure	Pre-adoptive home–non-relative	Pre-adoptive home–relative	Residential treatment center	Other*	Total days in placements
Rice	6,755	3,307	365	1,399			1,464	2,071	1,422		16,783
Rock	1,304	505	730	30		11	271	365	816		4,032
Roseau	114	1,107		567		1,088			775		3,651
St. Louis	99,018	33,757	3,343	4,092	1,751	2,050	17,761	2,183	6,758	51	170,764
Scott	7,623	1,819	48	432	1	920	859	238	568	428	12,936
Sherburne	9,395	3,179	1,326	614		527	1,825	1,274	923	130	19,193
Sibley	1,620	105		360	416	294	670	293	3,416	567	7,741
Stearns	20,002	3,029	2,395	3,148	2,970	1,795	10,648	1,285	3,628	189	49,089
Steele	5,313	473	242	317	18	274	668		456		7,761
Stevens	382	303	365			31			359		1,440
Swift	855	264		429	166	168	478		2,451		4,811
Todd	6,054	1,725	130	420		91	976	659	1,130		11,185
Traverse	661	30		9		28			534		1,262
Wabasha	4,591	349	135	133				220	912	365	6,705
Wadena	2,206	534	222	270	123	129	289	755	858		5,386
Waseca	759	1,126	834	236		327	48	2,079	77		5,486
Washington	13,909	3,437	365	2,983		154	2,847	856	6,115		30,666
Watonwan	1,715	1,423	180	272		256	1,023		864		5,733
Wilkin	2,430	4	721	458		6			349		3,968
Winona	3,489	997	423	1,408	1,204		243		1,274	65	9,103
Wright	18,900	4,091	1,889	1,387	857	1,251	4,169	3,131	1,348		37,023
Yellow Medicine	278	474	127	76			100		78		1,133
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	5,965	1,592	3,001	3,440	1,273	1,176	1,416	304	2,168	627	20,962
Faribault-Martin	7,983	1,391	418	653	896	1,573	1,390	227	2,407		16,938
Leech Lake Band	14,624	14,037		1,097		1,037	1,594	306	1,054		33,749
White Earth Band	23,996	10,125	101	243	316	780	2,252	5,810	932		44,555
Total days	838,974	291,901	59,488	135,852	33,088	50,917	195,293	90,557	235,037	15,774	1,946,881

*"Other" includes Intermediate Care Facilities for the Mentally Retarded (ICF-DD) and supervised independent living settings.

Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care

Note: Children may have entered care for multiple reasons and may have entered multiple times. Every reason is counted in this figure (not children).

County/Tribe	Abandonment	Alleged neglect	Alleged physical abuse	Alleged sexual abuse	Caretaker inability to cope	Inadequate housing	Incarceration of parents	Parent alcohol abuse	Parent drug abuse	Death of parent(s)	TPR	Child alcohol abuse	Child drug abuse	Child behavior problem	Child disability
Aitkin	8	8		3	13	5	2	3	7			2	1	25	1
Anoka	18	189	109	24	107	28	58	43	138		5	6	6	117	42
Becker	3	58	22	5	22	14		10	23			8	13	56	18
Beltrami	16	112	15	10	24	8	14	40	38	6	2	3	4	65	12
Benton	5	23	8	7	14	6	1	15	12		1		4	35	5
Big Stone		11	6		5	2		1	2					5	
Blue Earth	6	78	12	8	35	25	25	18	23	3		131	9	51	12
Brown		12	4	2	9	5	4	4	2		2	1	1	26	6
Carlton	13	41	17	7	27	19	7	15	21			3	7	69	25
Carver	2	36	13	10	18		4	4	18		1	5	20	67	7
Cass	3	38	14	4	31	4	3	11	13		1			34	10
Chippewa		1			3							1	2	6	3
Chisago	1	12	3	4	6	7	1	1	7			2	4	20	5
Clay	1	17	15	4	34	5	2	15	8	1	1	1	2	141	38
Clearwater		2	1	3	4			3		3				5	
Cook		2			1			3	2			4	1	10	2
Cottonwood	2		4		7				3			7	11	30	3
Crow Wing	3	85	17	1	47	23	24	20	37		6	4	2	78	11
Dakota	35	123	38	20	65	14	15	10	71	1	3	2	7	93	53
Dodge	1	8	4	2	10		1	5	5			1	2	23	5
Douglas	6	31	4	1	19	1	10	5	17		2	5	2	29	7
Fillmore	1	9	3		9	2	1		1				1	4	3
Freeborn	4	20	8	5	25	3	4	6	3		1		3	42	9
Goodhue	3	16	11	4	11	3	10	7	6	1		1	2	43	4
Grant			2		4			3	2					6	1
Hennepin	130	773	358	151	170	38	114	224	410	11	12	11	23	683	134
Houston	3	10	10	1	9	1		7	10		3		1	6	1
Hubbard		6	3	1	3			8	8	3				11	3
Isanti	1	6	6	5	5	10	17	5	29					27	4
Itasca	7	50	18	5	25	11	11	10	27	1	4	1	1	84	7

Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care (continued)

County/Tribe	Abandonment	Alleged neglect	Alleged physical abuse	Alleged sexual abuse	Caretaker inability to cope	Inadequate housing	Incarceration of parents	Parent alcohol abuse	Parent drug abuse	Death of parent(s)	TPR	Child alcohol abuse	Child drug abuse	Child behavior problem	Child disability
Jackson		12	1	2	2		2	2	4				1	15	4
Kanabec		4	2		3		2		2	1		1		16	9
Kandiyohi		6	24	1	12		4	5	8		4		12	56	9
Kittson		6												7	3
Koochiching	1	10	4	2	17	3		4	1			1	9	30	5
Lac qui Parle			3										1	4	2
Lake		8	1	1	4	3		6	11			1	1	2	2
Lake of the Woods	1	5			6			5			1	2		5	1
Le Sueur		6	1	1	18		1	3	4			1	1	23	22
McLeod	2	17	7	7	11	1	5	2	7		3	12	12	16	6
Mahnomen		5	1			2					3			7	
Marshall			2	1	6			2	2		1	3	4	11	7
Meeker	1	7	2		17	6	3	1	3		2			21	13
Mille Lacs	2	11			4	1	4		4			15	11	37	8
Morrison	2	24	10	1	19	1	3	4	32		6	1	1	15	1
Mower	3	18	6	7	17		4	7	2		1			10	12
Nicollet	3	11	5		15	2	2	8	9	3	2		1	18	6
Nobles		25	14	2	19	5	1	3	12		1	2	4	31	8
Norman		3	5	1	8	1								7	3
Olmsted	3	27	10	10	48	3	6	8	41	1	1	9	4	75	30
Otter Tail	3	15	6	11	18	7	13	9	14	1	3			49	6
Pennington	6	11	6	1	17	9	2	13	9			2	3	9	
Pine	7	29	13	7	28	15	8	8	25	1	1	2	2	28	1
Pipestone	3	4	1	1	10	1	6	2	6			2	3	11	5
Polk	3	19	11	5	6	4	4	5				3	4	50	4
Pope	5	5	1	2	10	1	5	4	9				1	14	1
Ramsey	85	398	190	91	210	63	53	90	114	17	30	34	119	902	57
Red Lake		4	4		4		3	1		1				4	
Redwood		24	1	5	12	5	4	4	8			3	6	29	12
Renville	3	2		5	19	5	5	4	1	3	2	1	3	24	5

Reasons for Entering Out-of-home Care (continued)															
County/Tribe	Aban- donment	Alleged neglect	Alleged physical abuse	Alleged sexual abuse	Caretaker inability to cope	Inadequate housing	Incarcer- ation of parents	Parent alcohol abuse	Parent drug abuse	Death of parent(s)	TPR	Child alcohol abuse	Child drug abuse	Child behavior problem	Child disability
Rice	8	18	10	6	26	3	17	8	23			3	2	15	14
Rock		4	2		11		1	2	3			1	2	9	2
Roseau			3	2	1							1	5	29	
St. Louis	24	215	79	44	149	31	49	68	162		16		3	183	21
Scott	11	38	14	6	24	6	5	4	4	2	1		4	78	8
Sherburne	12	32	25	7	47	8	5	15	15	2		2	2	37	22
Sibley	1	15	2	1	8	4	4	3	4		1	2	5	26	2
Stearns	10	72	43	13	39	11	12	23	31	3	3	9	21	129	23
Steele	3	19	7	2	18	8	1	2	6			3	3	17	6
Stevens		4			2	2	4		4					5	2
Swift	1	8	3	2	4	1			4			5	18	13	3
Todd	6	17	2	6	9	18	1	25	23		2			13	1
Traverse		7		1	1	4	2		2					3	
Wabasha		9	2	3	7	5	3	3	2	2			3	23	5
Wadena		10	2	5	8	1	1		5			4	7	27	4
Waseca		13	8		9	1	3	2	10		1			8	3
Washington	6	43	26	5	67	11	16	19	23		1	18	28	127	61
Watonwan	2	4	14	2	3				2			2	3	15	
Wilkin	2	4	1	3		2	1	2	2					7	1
Winona	1	11	12	7	8				1			1	1	52	3
Wright	2	30	18	16	32	13	7	15	52			4	10	68	30
Yellow Medicine		7	3		1		2		4					8	1
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	7	18	11	8	22	6	4	8	9		1	3	17	61	6
Faribault-Martin	2	32	9	3	9	10	6	9	18			18	21	54	5
Leech Lake Band	25	90	6	8	24	4	2	54	39	3		4		12	1
White Earth Band	37	109	32	23	39	23	5	56	121	5	4	10	12	29	3
Total	565	3,322	1,390	624	1,890	544	622	1,011	1,840	75	135	384	499	4,465	900

Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care

County/Tribe	Reunified with parents/ caretakers	Adoption finalized/tribal customary adoption	Permanent transfer of custody to a relative	Living with other relatives	Guardian-ship	Aged out	Runaway (placement no longer planned)	Death of child	Transfer to another agency or tribe
Aitkin	17	2	1			3			2
Anoka	226	46	18	3	1	20	1		3
Becker	35	11	4	5	2	2			1
Beltrami	37	2	13			11			
Benton	33	3	4	1		5			1
Big Stone	5	1	2			1			
Blue Earth	51	22	4	5		3	2		7
Brown	18	3		2		3			1
Carlton	57	2	13	2		6	1		2
Carver	42	6	9	2		7			3
Cass	32	5	2	3		5			3
Chippewa	2		1						
Chisago	23	4		2		1			
Clay	93	13				7	1		10
Clearwater	5		5						
Cook	3					1			
Cottonwood	17	1		1		3			
Crow Wing	57	24	7	11		9			3
Dakota	132	17	19	6	2	15	5		11
Dodge	15	1	1	2					1
Douglas	24	8		2	1	6	1		
Fillmore	2	2				2			
Freeborn	31	2	1	1		3	1		1
Goodhue	49	8	1	5		7			1
Grant	1			2		1			
Hennepin	810	139	113	60	5	73	45	2	58
Houston	13	4							
Hubbard	9	1	2	1	1	2			1
Isanti	29	2				4	1		
Itasca	60	6	1	6		4			8

Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care (continued)

County/Tribe	Reunified with parents/ caretakers	Adoption finalized/tribal customary adoption	Permanent transfer of custody to a relative	Living with other relatives	Guardian-ship	Aged out	Runaway (placement no longer planned)	Death of child	Transfer to another agency or tribe
Jackson	6		3			2			
Kanabec	10			1		7			
Kandiyohi	40	6	13	2	1	8	2		2
Kittson	8								
Koochiching	19	2	1	1		6	1		
Lac qui Parle	4								
Lake	6	3	4			1			
Lake of the Woods	2					1			
Le Sueur	11	3	1			7	1		
McLeod	19	1	5			1			1
Mahnomen	5					1	1		1
Marshall	10		2			2			
Meeker	6		1			2			1
Mille Lacs	25			6		1			2
Morrison	12	12	6			2			
Mower	19	2	1	1		2			1
Nicollet	10	7		1		2			2
Nobles	27	5	4	8		1	1		3
Norman	1					1			
Olmsted	47	17	4	1		7			
Otter Tail	41	6		4		6			15
Pennington	8	3		2		4	1		
Pine	25	4			1	5	1		
Pipestone	14			1	1				1
Polk	36	5		3		9			5
Pope	11	1	1			2			1
Ramsey	718	72	32	57	2	44	53	1	38
Red Lake	2	2							
Redwood	22	3	2	4		2	1	1	
Renville	11		3	1	1	3			

Reasons for Discharge from Out-of-home Care (continued)									
County/Tribe	Reunified with parents/ caretakers	Adoption finalized/tribal customary adoption	Permanent transfer of custody to a relative	Living with other relatives	Guardian-ship	Aged out	Runaway (placement no longer planned)	Death of child	Transfer to another agency or tribe
Rice	17	11	10	1		3	1		
Rock	8		1			1	1		1
Roseau	19			1					
St. Louis	219	34	72	2		31	2	1	6
Scott	74		9	2		7			1
Sherburne	26	4	2	5		7			
Sibley	21	3	1			1			
Stearns	99	31	9	3	1	13			2
Steele	23	1	4	1	1	3			1
Stevens	6								
Swift	22	1				1			
Todd	15	5				1			
Traverse	7			1					
Wabasha	18		2	3		1			2
Wadena	15	4	3	1		1			
Waseca	7	4	8	5					
Washington	79	9	8	3	5	11	5		6
Watsonwan	14	2		1	1	1			
Wilkin	7					1			1
Winona	42	1		2		4			1
Wright	57	2	4	9		12			14
Yellow Medicine	4					1			
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	35	4	2	1	2	8	1		1
Faribault-Martin	54	3	1	6		3			1
Leech Lake Band	41	2	19		2	2			3
White Earth Band	38	8	9			1			3
Total	4,070	618	468	262	30	447	130	5	233

**Minnesota's
Adoption
Report, 2010**

Table of Contents		Page
Introduction		3
Table 1	Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted and Reaching Age of Majority (18), 2001–2010	4
Figure 1	Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted and Reaching Age of Majority (18), 2001–2010	4
Table 2	Children Entering Guardianship by Age Group, 2001–2010	5
Figure 2	Children Entering Guardianship by Age Group, 2001–2010	5
Table 3	State Wards Adopted by Age Group, 2001–2010	6
Figure 3	State Wards Adopted by Age Group, 2001–2010	6
Table 4	State Wards Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Age Group, 2001–2010	7
Figure 4	State Wards Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Age Group, 2001–2010	7
Table 5	Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted or Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Gender, 2001–2010	8
Table 6	Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted or Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Race and Ethnicity	8
Table 7	Children Entering Guardianship by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010	9
Figure 5	Children Entering Guardianship by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010	9
Table 8	State Wards Adopted by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010	10
Figure 6	State Wards Adopted by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010	10
Table 9	State Wards Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010	11
Figure 7	State Wards Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010	11
Table 10	Representation in the Minnesota Population of Children Entering into and Adopted from Guardianship by Race and Ethnicity	12
Table 11	Time from Entering Guardianship to Pre-adoptive Placement and Adoption, 2001–2010	13
Figure 8	Time from Entering Guardianship to Pre-adoptive Placement and Adoption, 2001–2010	13
Adoption Appendix		14
State Wards Who Exited Placement to Adoption Within Two Years of Placement		15
Children in Guardianship as of Dec. 31, 2010, by Race and Ethnicity		17

Introduction

A primary goal of the department is to ensure that all children have safe, stable, loving and permanent homes. When children's physical, emotional and mental health needs are met, they are more successful in their families, schools and communities, and are more likely to be productive members of society.

The department provides permanency by supporting families in safely caring for their children, leading to successful reunification with families or primary caretakers. For some children, the courts must issue a Termination of Parental Rights (TPR), which transfers guardianship to the commissioner of the Minnesota Department of Human Services. These children are under state guardianship and are referred to as "state wards" in this section. As designated agents of the commissioner, county social service agencies are responsible for placement, health and well-being of these children. It is the department's responsibility to work with county and private adoption agencies to find permanent families.

This section examines the demographics and racial/ethnic profile of children who were adopted or were under state guardianship in 2010. State ward data were examined at three levels for the years 2001–2010 including:

- When they entered guardianship
- When they were adopted
- When they remained in guardianship at the end of the year.

This report uses county data from the department's Adoption Information System, and includes data from court, county, and tribal social service documents entered at the Minnesota Department of Human Services. There are slight variances in the 2010 report versus prior reports due to correction of records during the year. Note that all "percent" columns may not add up to 100 due to rounding of numbers or missing data.

Key findings in this report include:

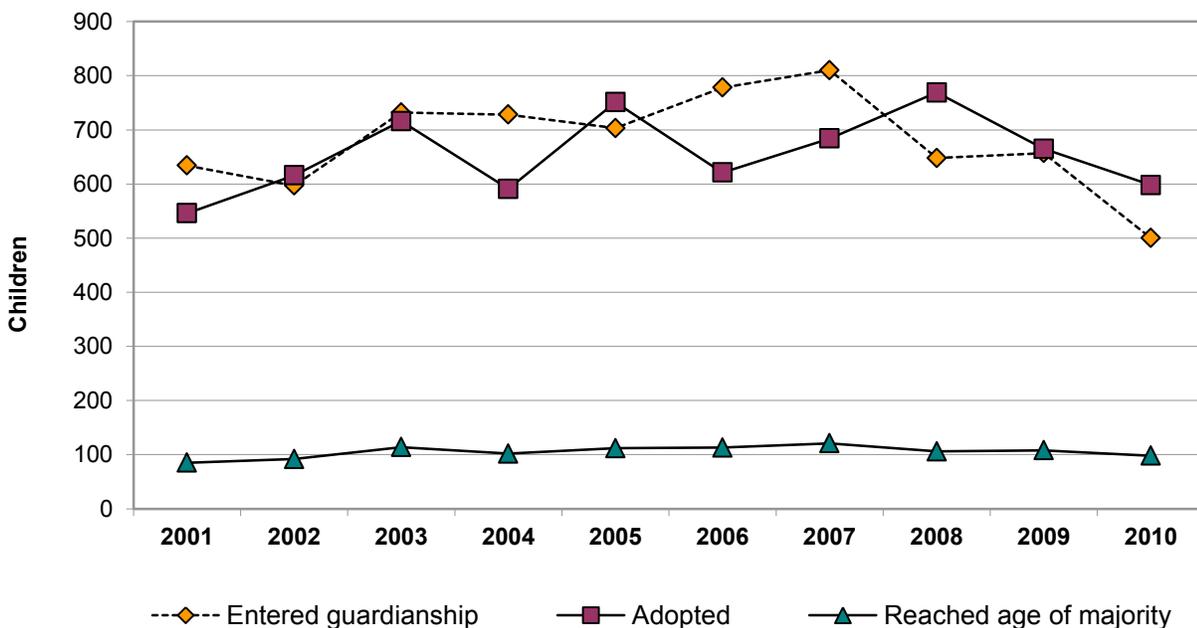
- In 2010, 500 children came under state guardianship (became state wards) as a result of court terminations of parental rights. Sixty-six percent of children entering guardianship were in the birth–5 age group. Of all children entering guardianship, 58 percent were White, followed by African American/Black children (16.4 percent).
- There were 1,153 children under state guardianship at the beginning of 2010, and 952 at the end of the year, a decrease of 17 percent.
- There were 598 state wards adopted in 2010. Eighty-eight percent of adopted wards were under age 12. The largest group of state wards adopted was comprised of White children (49.8 percent), followed by African American/Black children (19.1 percent).
- The number of state wards aging out of placement at age 18 without a permanent home was 98 for 2010.
- African American/Black and American Indian children were 2.7 and 4.7 times, respectively, more likely than their White counterparts to be state wards who were adopted from guardianship.

Table 1 and Figure 1 provide an overview of the guardianship continuum in which children enter guardianship as state wards and leave when adopted or reach the age of majority. Some children continued in out-of-home care at year end without having permanency established. From 2001–2007, children entering guardianship increased 28 percent, but from 2007–2010 the number dropped by 38 percent. The number of children under guardianship who were adopted fluctuated over the years 2001–2010, with an average of 655 adoptions per year. There was a below average number of adoptions in 2010. The number of children aging out of guardianship in 2010 was below the 10-year average of 105 children.

Table 1. Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted and Reaching Age of Majority (18), 2001–2010

Year	Children entering guardianship	Guardianship children adopted	Children leaving guardianship by reaching age of majority (age 18)
2001	634	546	85
2002	597	616	92
2003	732	716	114
2004	728	591	102
2005	703	751	112
2006	778	621	113
2007	810	684	121
2008	648	769	106
2009	657	665	108
2010	500	598	98

Figure 1. Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted and Reaching Age of Majority (18), 2001–2010



Younger children, ages birth–5, constituted 66 percent of new state wards entering the guardianship continuum in 2010. The second largest age group of entering state wards was 6–11 years.

Table 2. Children Entering Guardianship by Age Group, 2001–2010

Year	Total entering state wards	Age groups							
		Birth–5	Percent birth–5	6–11	Percent 6–11	12–14	Percent 12–14	15–17	Percent 15–17
2001	634	370	58.4	201	31.7	43	6.8	18	2.8
2002	597	371	62.1	167	28.0	41	6.9	18	3.0
2003	732	426	58.2	194	26.5	87	11.9	25	3.4
2004	728	440	60.4	197	27.1	67	9.2	24	3.3
2005	703	420	59.8	176	25.1	65	9.3	41	5.8
2006	778	467	60.0	209	26.9	71	9.1	31	4.0
2007	810	515	63.6	187	23.1	71	8.8	37	4.6
2008	648	445	68.7	150	23.1	30	4.6	23	3.6
2009	657	427	65.0	150	22.9	51	7.8	29	4.4
2010	500	330	66.0	123	24.6	29	5.8	18	3.6

*Percentages may not add up to 100 percent due to missing age data.

Figure 2. Children Entering Guardianship by Age Group, 2001–2010

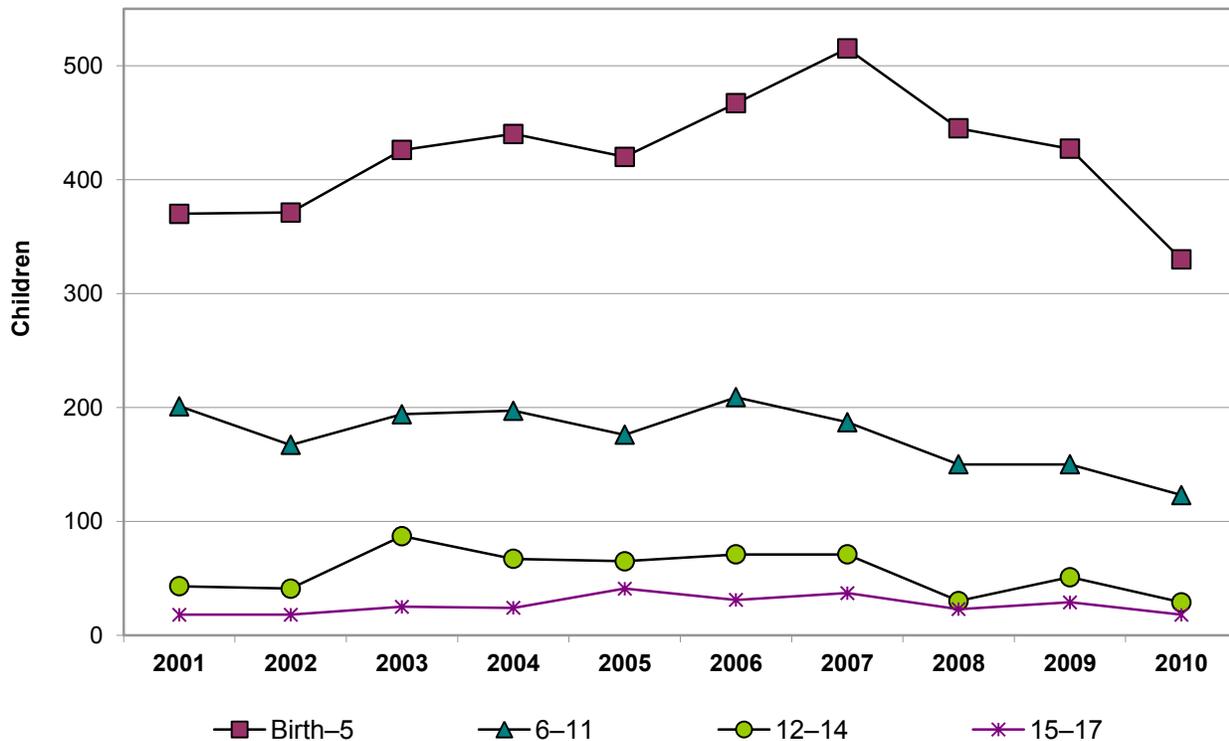


Table 3 and Figure 3 show that 598 children were adopted in 2010. This was below the 10-year average from 2001–2010 of 656. Children under age 6 comprised more than half of the state wards adopted since 2002. Eighty-eight percent were under age 12.

Table 3. State Wards Adopted by Age Group, 2001–2010

Year	Total adopted wards	Birth–5	Percent Birth–5	6–11	Percent 6–11	12–14	Percent 12–14	15–17	Percent 15–17
2001	546	269	49.3	222	40.7	49	9.0	6	1.1
2002	616	330	53.6	210	34.1	64	10.4	12	2.0
2003	716	408	57.0	229	32.0	62	8.7	19	2.7
2004	591	313	53.0	188	31.8	65	11.0	25	4.2
2005	751	416	55.4	238	31.7	66	8.8	31	4.1
2006	621	361	58.0	178	28.6	60	9.7	22	3.5
2007	684	388	56.7	191	28.0	56	8.2	49	7.2
2008	769	475	61.8	211	27.4	45	5.9	38	4.9
2009	665	396	59.6	176	26.5	55	8.3	38	5.7
2010	598	351	58.7	175	29.3	47	7.9	25	4.2

*Percentages may not add up to 100 percent due to missing age data.

Figure 3. State Wards Adopted by Age Group, 2001–2010

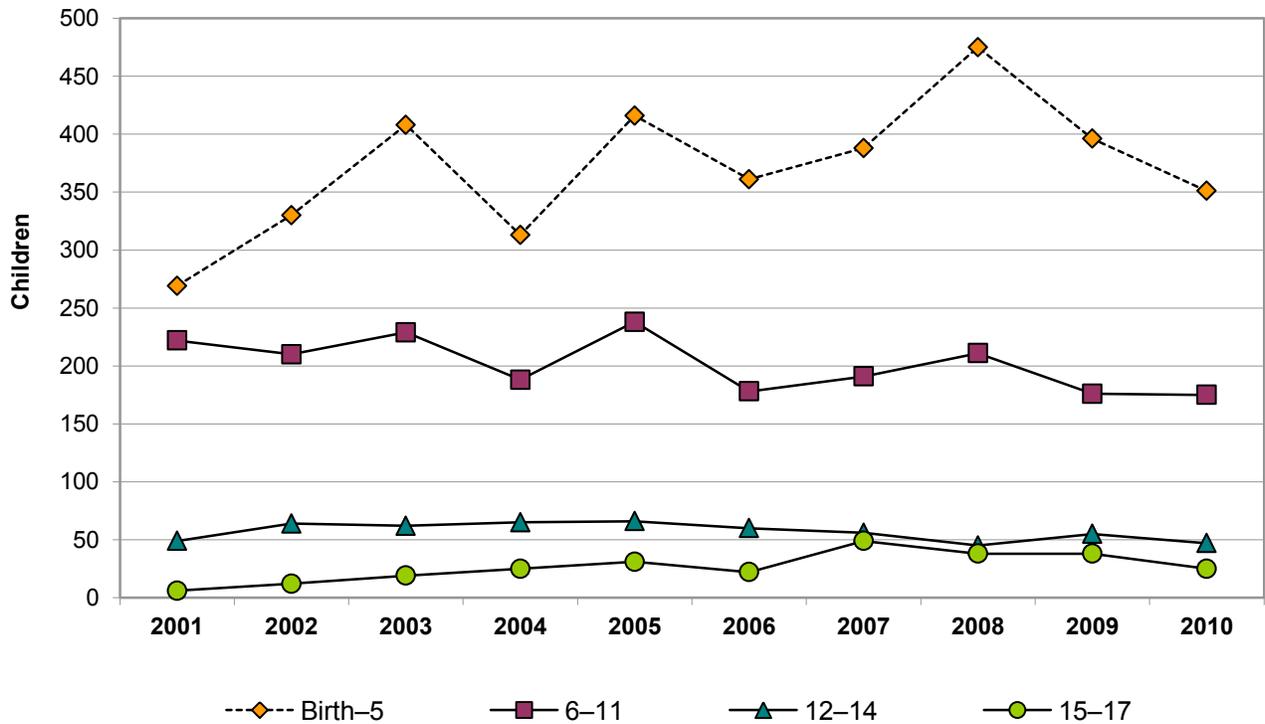


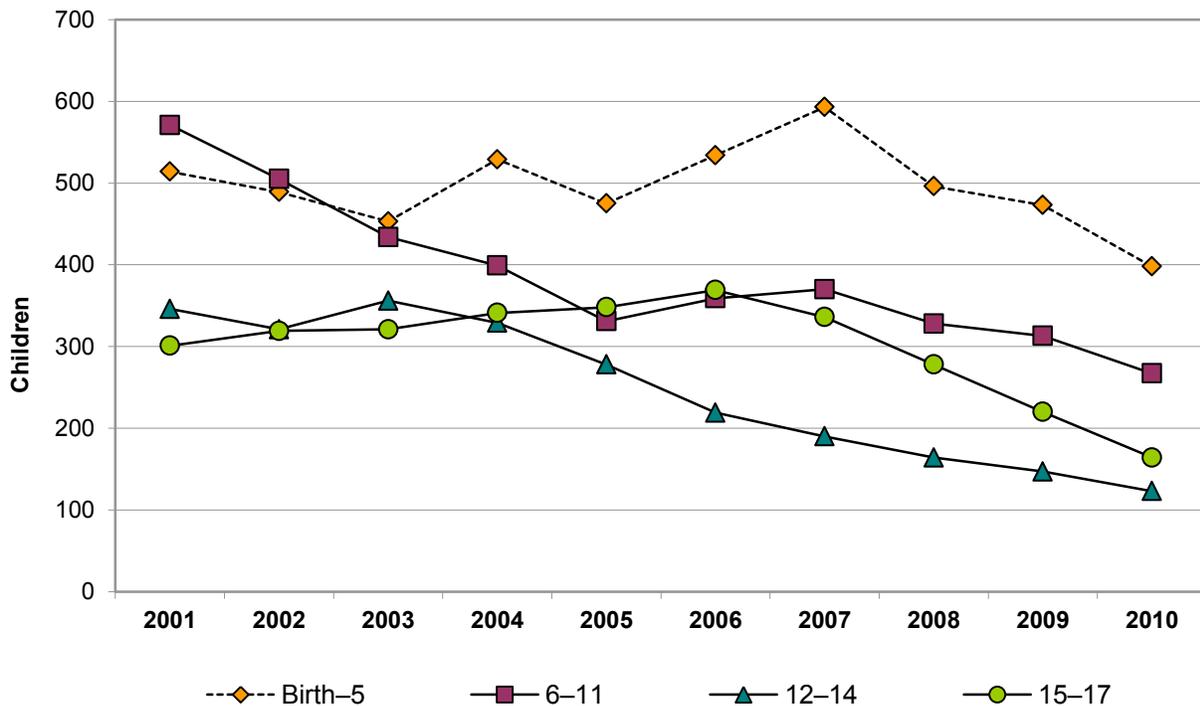
Table 4 and Figure 4 reveal there was a decrease of 45 percent in the number of children remaining in guardianship at year end between 2001 and 2010. This decrease was most pronounced in the middle age groups. The number of children ages 6–11 decreased (53 percent) since 2001, while the ages 12–14 decreased 64 percent.

Table 4. State Wards Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Age Group, 2001–2010

Year	Total state wards at year end	Birth–5	Percent birth–5	6–11	Percent 6–11	12–14	Percent 12–14	15–17	Percent 15–17
2001	1,732	514	29.9	571	33.1	346	19.7	301	17.2
2002	1,634	489	30.1	505	31.1	321	19.4	319	19.4
2003	1,564	453	29.0	434	27.8	356	22.8	321	20.5
2004	1,598	529	33.3	399	25.1	329	20.6	341	21.1
2005	1,433	475	33.1	331	23.1	278	19.4	348	24.3
2006	1,481	534	36.1	359	24.2	219	14.8	369	24.9
2007	1,489	593	39.0	370	24.8	190	12.8	336	22.6
2008	1,266	496	39.2	328	25.9	164	13.0	278	22.0
2009	1,153	473	41.0	313	27.1	147	12.7	220	19.1
2010	952	398	41.8	267	28.0	123	12.9	164	17.2

Note that percentages do not add up to 100 due to missing age data.

Figure 4. State Wards Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Age Group, 2001–2010



From 2001–2010, there were always more males than females remaining in guardianship at the end of the year, however, there was little difference between boys and girls in the number of those entering guardianship and being adopted.

Table 5. Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted or Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Gender, 2001–2010

Year	Entering guardianship			Adopted			Remaining in guardianship at year end		
	Total	Percent male	Percent female	Total	Percent male	Percent female	Total	Percent male	Percent female
2001	634	51.9	47.8	546	52.6	47.4	1,732	53.7	46.2
2002	597	50.3	49.7	616	51.0	49.0	1,634	53.5	46.5
2003	732	50.4	49.6	716	50.3	49.7	1,564	51.9	47.1
2004	728	49.3	50.7	591	51.3	48.7	1,598	51.4	48.6
2005	703	49.1	50.9	751	48.1	51.9	1,433	52.2	47.8
2006	778	49.0	51.0	621	49.8	50.2	1,481	51.6	48.4
2007	810	50.2	49.9	684	49.3	50.7	1,489	52.9	47.1
2008	648	51.5	48.5	769	49.6	50.4	1,266	54.1	45.9
2009	657	50.9	49.1	665	52.2	47.8	1,153	53.6	46.4
2010	500	47.4	52.6	598	50.3	49.7	952	51.5	48.5

**Percentages may not add up to 100 due to missing gender data.*

Table 6 illustrates the flow of children in the guardianship continuum by race or ethnicity. The percent column shows the proportion of children in each race or ethnicity. More African American/Black children were adopted (114), than entered guardianship (82) in 2010. American Indian children also exited to adoption at a greater rate than they entered. A nearly equal number of White children entered guardianship as left guardianship to adoption.

Table 6. Children Entering Guardianship, Adopted or Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Race and Ethnicity

2010 Summary	African American/ Black	American Indian	Asian/ Pacific Islander	White	Two or more races	Missing race data	Hispanic ethnicity– any race
Entering wards (N=500)	82	29	6	292	75	16	69
Wards adopted (N=598)	114	42	9	298	88	47	49
Wards remaining at year end (N=952)	211	108	11	460	134	28	121

Table 7 and Figure 5 illustrate that in 2010, more than 50 percent of children entering guardianship were White, followed by African American/Black (16.4 percent), and children of two or more races (15.0 percent). There was a 37 percent decrease in African American/Black children between 2009 and 2010. Asian and Pacific Islander children have become state wards in historically small numbers.

Table 7. Children Entering Guardianship by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010

Year	Total Entering	African American/ Black		American Indian		Asian/ Pacific Islander		White		Two or more races		No race data		Hispanic ethnicity– any race	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
2001	634	135	21.3	27	4.3	5	0.8	357	56.3	103	16.3	4	0.6	46	7.3
2002	597	148	24.8	29	4.9	3	0.5	297	49.8	116	19.4	4	0.7	68	11.4
2003	732	126	17.2	47	6.4	4	0.5	458	62.6	91	12.4	6	0.8	91	12.4
2004	728	163	22.4	35	4.8	3	0.4	401	55.1	113	15.5	13	1.8	56	7.7
2005	703	131	18.7	35	5.0	9	1.3	420	59.8	91	13.0	16	2.3	90	12.8
2006	778	192	24.7	47	6.0	16	2.1	431	55.4	69	8.9	33	3.0	58	7.5
2007	810	160	19.8	60	7.4	4	0.5	432	53.3	125	15.4	29	3.6	58	7.2
2008	648	170	26.2	35	5.4	11	1.7	304	46.9	84	13.0	44	6.8	67	10.3
2009	657	132	20.1	33	5.0	8	1.2	352	53.6	90	13.7	42	6.4	66	10.1
2010	500	82	16.4	29	5.8	6	1.2	292	58.4	75	15.0	16	3.2	69	13.8

Figure 5. Children Entering Guardianship by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010

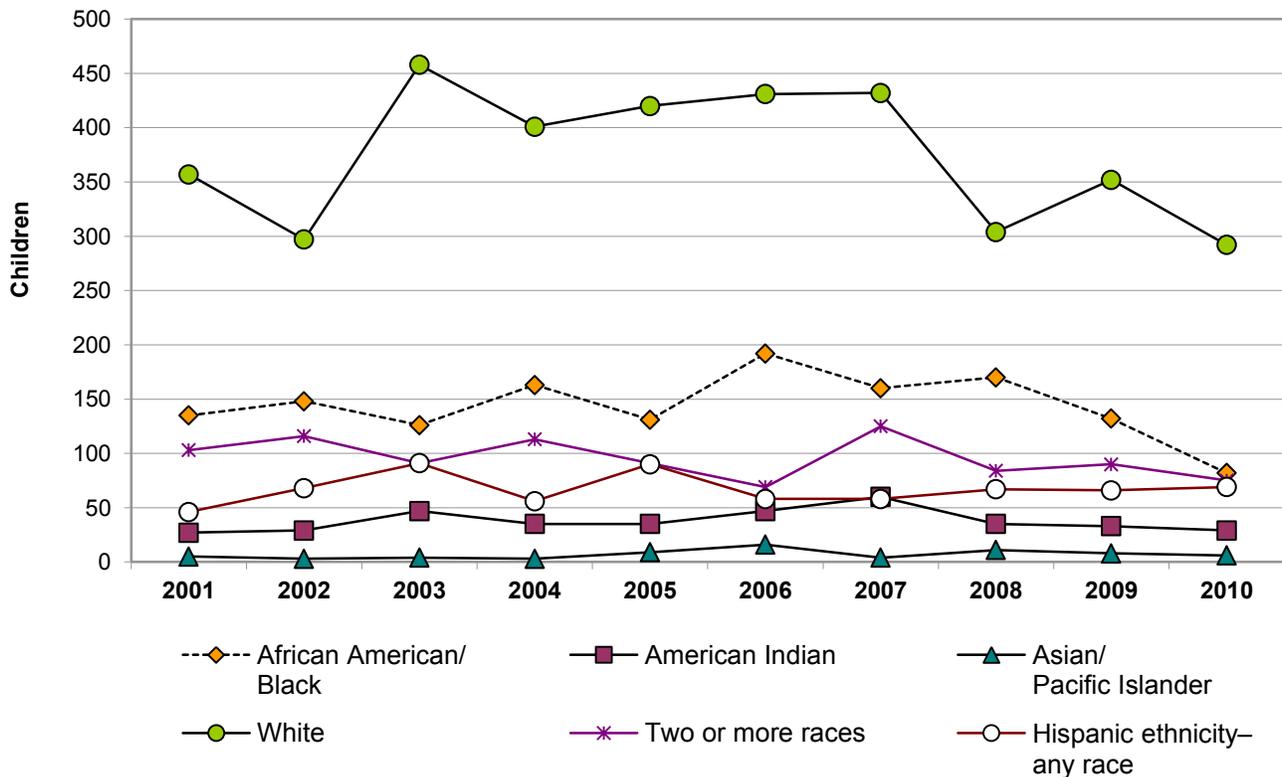


Table 8 and Figure 6 show that the largest group (49.8 percent) of children adopted in 2010 was White, followed by African American/Black, with 19 percent. There was a 10 percent overall decrease in adoptees between 2009 and 2010, although annual fluctuations have been typical since 2001. African American/Black and Hispanic ethnicity children saw decreases in numbers of adopted children, while all other races had stable numbers.

Table 8. State Wards Adopted by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010

Year	Total wards adopted	African American/Black		American Indian		Asian/Pacific Islander		White		Two or more races		No race data		Hispanic ethnicity—any race	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
2001	546	115	21.1	27	4.9	0	0.0	308	56.4	95	17.4	1	0.2	47	8.6
2002	616	129	20.9	30	4.9	0	0.0	340	55.2	115	18.7	2	0.3	52	8.4
2003	716	150	21.0	38	5.3	6	0.8	376	52.5	143	20.0	3	0.4	61	8.5
2004	591	120	20.3	31	5.3	3	0.5	339	57.4	96	16.2	2	0.3	67	11.3
2005	751	142	18.9	53	7.1	6	0.8	425	56.6	122	16.3	3	0.4	62	8.3
2006	621	132	21.3	40	6.4	3	0.5	350	56.4	85	13.7	11	1.8	80	12.9
2007	684	128	18.7	46	6.7	7	1.0	419	61.3	72	10.5	12	1.8	60	8.8
2008	769	161	20.9	79	10.3	11	1.4	401	52.2	98	12.7	19	2.5	66	8.6
2009	665	169	25.4	46	6.9	8	1.2	301	45.3	93	14.0	48	7.2	73	11.2
2010	598	114	19.1	42	7.0	9	1.5	298	49.8	88	14.7	47	7.9	49	8.2

Figure 6. State Wards Adopted by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010

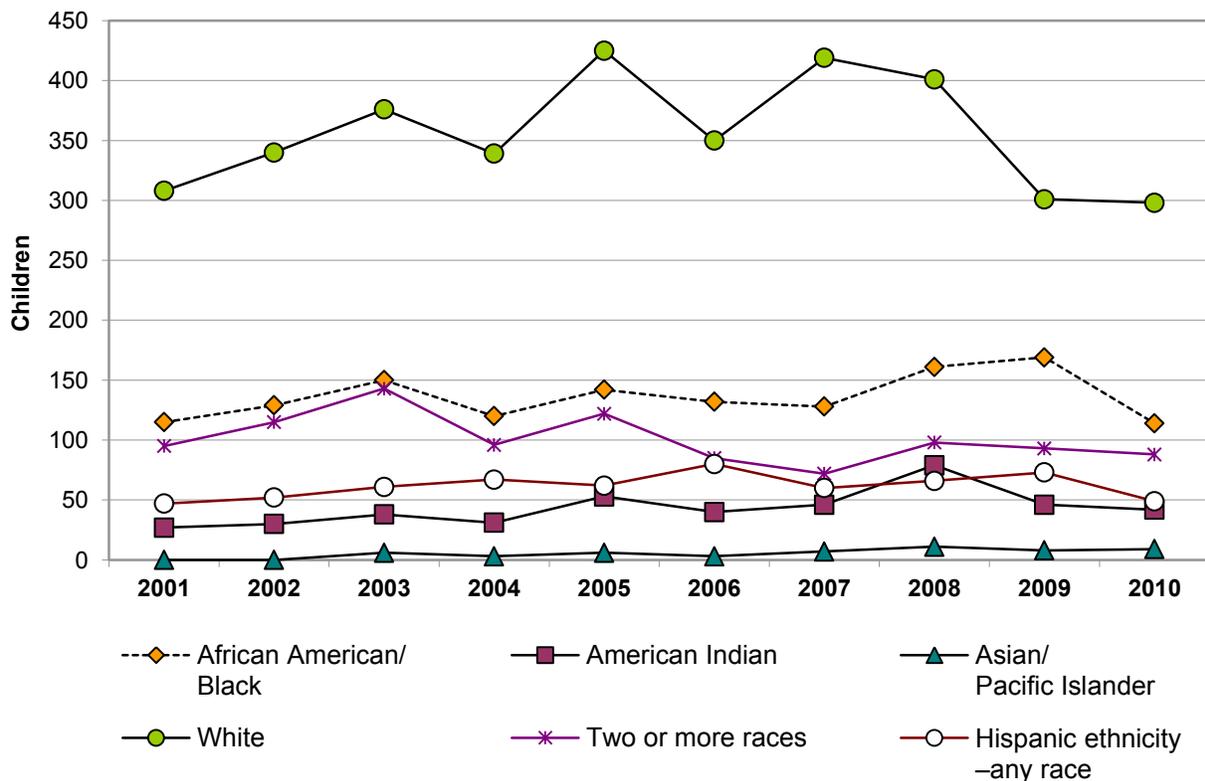
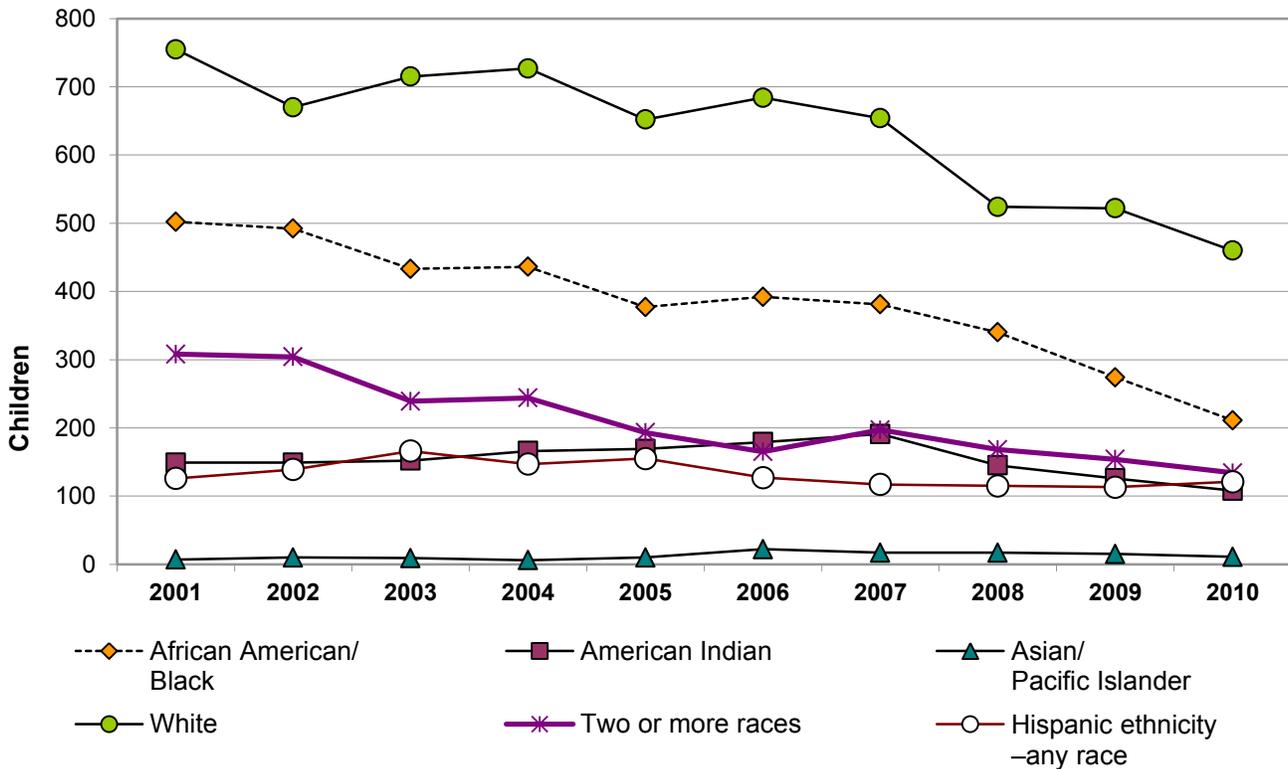


Table 9 and Figure 7 illustrate the race/ethnicity of children remaining under guardianship at year end. In 2010, White children represented the largest proportion of the population (48.3 percent), followed by African American/Black children (22.2 percent). There was a decrease of 17 percent in the number of state wards at year-end for all children from 2009 to 2010.

Table 9. State Wards Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010

Year	Wards at year-end	African American/Black		American Indian		Asian/Pacific Islander		White		Two or more races		No race data		Hispanic ethnicity—any race	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
2001	1,732	502	29.0	149	8.6	7	0.4	755	43.6	308	17.8	10	0.6	126	7.1
2002	1,634	492	30.1	149	9.1	10	0.6	670	41.0	304	18.6	10	0.6	139	8.2
2003	1,564	433	27.7	152	9.7	9	0.6	715	45.7	239	15.3	16	1.0	166	10.3
2004	1,598	436	27.3	166	10.4	6	0.4	727	45.5	244	15.3	18	1.1	147	9.0
2005	1,433	377	26.3	169	11.8	10	0.7	652	45.5	193	13.5	32	2.2	155	11.4
2006	1,481	392	26.5	179	12.1	22	1.5	684	46.2	165	11.1	39	2.6	127	9.5
2007	1,489	381	25.6	191	12.8	17	1.1	654	43.9	197	13.2	49	3.3	117	8.7
2008	1,266	340	26.9	145	11.5	17	1.3	524	41.4	168	13.3	72	5.7	115	10.0
2009	1,153	274	23.8	126	10.9	15	1.3	522	45.3	154	13.4	62	5.4	113	9.8
2010	952	211	22.2	108	11.3	11	1.2	460	48.3	134	14.1	28	3.0	121	12.7

Figure 7. State Wards Remaining in Guardianship at Year End by Race and Ethnicity, 2001–2010



Racial Disproportionality

Table 10 shows the over/under representation of children of color or tribally-affiliated children who entered guardianship or were adopted in 2010. U.S. Census numbers from both 2000 and 2010 were used for the population comparisons. The numbers of White children entering guardianship and being adopted were much higher than those of other races/ethnicity; however, they are under-represented when compared to the overall state population. Table 10 shows that, in 2010, the 82 African American/Black children that entered guardianship represent 0.8 children per 1,000 African American/Black children in the Minnesota population. Because the White population is so large, 292 White children entering guardianship only represented 0.3 children per 1,000. African American/Black children were 2.7 times more likely to enter guardianship than White children (0.8/0.3). This disparity was dramatically different than in 2001, when an African American/Black child was seven times more likely than a White child to enter guardianship. American Indian children were 4.7 (1.4/0.3) times more likely to enter guardianship than a White child in 2010. This disparity has remained constant since 2001.

The disparity ratios looked similar for children being adopted from guardianship, with the exception of American Indian children, who appeared to have larger numbers of adoptees relative to children of other races in 2010.

Table 10. Representation in the Minnesota Population of Children Entering into and Adopted from Guardianship by Race and Ethnicity

	African American/Black		American Indian		Asian/Pacific Islander		White		Two or more races		Hispanic ethnicity—any race	
	2001	2010	2001	2010	2001	2010	2001	2010	2001	2010	2001	2010
Children entering guardianship	135	82	27	29	5	6	357	292	103	75	46	69
Entering per 1,000 children in Minnesota population	2.1	0.8	1.3	1.4	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	2.3	1.1	0.8	0.7
Entering—ratio to one White child per 1,000	7.0	2.7	4.3	4.7	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.0	7.7	3.7	2.7	2.3
Children adopted from guardianship	115	114	27	42	0	9	308	298	95	88	47	49
Adopted per 1,000 children in Minnesota population	1.8	1.2	1.3	2.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3	2.2	1.2	0.8	0.5
Adopted—ratio to one White child per 1,000	6.0	4.0	4.3	7.0	0.0	0.3	1.0	1.0	7.3	4.0	2.7	1.6

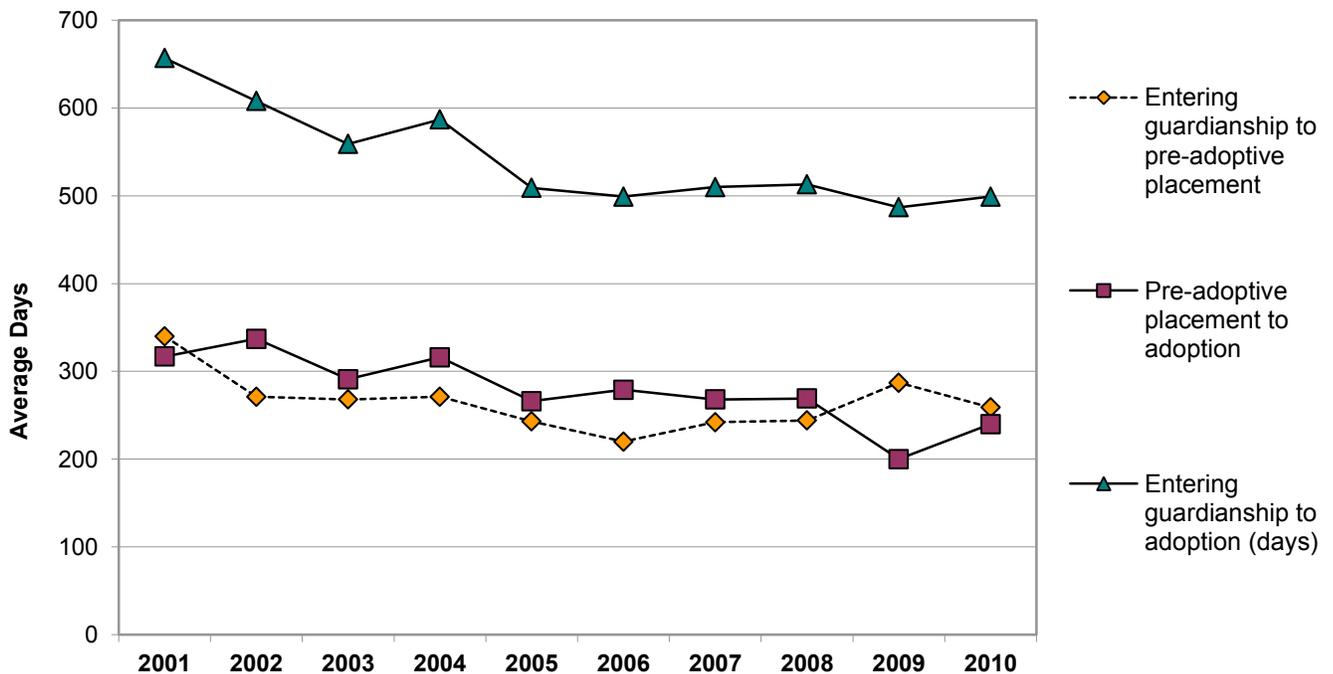
Timeliness of Placement and Adoption After Termination of Parental Rights (TPR)

From 2001–2010 the average number of days from entering guardianship to adoption decreased by 24 percent, but has remained stable since 2005. This reduction appears to be attributable to finding pre-adoptive homes for state wards and completing the adoption process in a shorter time frame.

Table 11. Time from Entering Guardianship to Pre-adoptive Placement and Adoption, 2001–2010

Adoption Year	Wards adopted	Average days		
		Entering guardianship to pre-adoptive placement	Pre-adoptive placement to adoption	Entering guardianship to adoption
2001	546	340	317	657
2002	616	271	337	608
2003	716	268	291	559
2004	591	271	316	587
2005	751	243	266	509
2006	621	220	279	499
2007	684	242	268	510
2008	769	244	269	513
2009	665	287	200	487
2010	598	259	240	499

Figure 8. Time from Entering Guardianship to Pre-adoptive Placement and Adoption, 2001–2010



Adoption Appendix

State Wards Who Exited Placement to Adoption Within Two Years of Placement

County/Tribe	State wards adopted in 2010*	State wards adopted in <25 months*	Percent adopted in <25 months
Aitkin	2	0	0.0
Anoka	46	22	47.8
Becker	10	4	40.0
Beltrami	1	1	100.0
Benton	3	1	33.3
Big Stone	1	1	100.0
Blue Earth	22	7	31.8
Brown	3	1	33.3
Carlton	1	1	100.0
Carver	6	0	0.0
Cass	4	1	25.0
Chippewa	0	--	NA
Chisago	4	4	100.0
Clay	12	8	66.7
Clearwater	0	--	NA
Cook	0	--	NA
Cottonwood	1	0	0.0
Crow Wing	23	12	52.2
Dakota	17	12	70.6
Dodge	1	1	100.0
Douglas	8	5	62.5
Fillmore	0	1	*
Freeborn	2	2	100.0
Goodhue	7	4	57.1
Grant	0	--	NA
Hennepin	130	52	40.0
Houston	4	2	50.0
Hubbard	1	0	0.0
Isanti	2	0	0.0
Itasca	5	6	*
Jackson	0	--	NA
Kanabec	0	--	NA
Kandiyohi	6	6	100.0
Kittson	0	--	NA
Koochiching	2	0	0.0
Lac qui Parle	5	5	100.0
Lake	3	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	0	--	NA
Le Sueur	3	3	100.0
McLeod	0	1	*
Mahnomen	0	--	NA
Marshall	0	--	NA
Meeker	0	--	NA
Mille Lacs	0	--	NA
Morrison	12	6	50.0

**State Wards Who Exited Placement to Adoption Within Two Years of Placement
(continued)**

County/Tribe	State wards adopted in 2010*	State wards adopted in <25 months	Percent adopted in <25 months
Mower	2	1	50.0
Nicollet	6	2	33.3
Nobles	5	0	0.0
Norman	0	--	NA
Olmsted	17	4	23.5
Otter Tail	6	6	100.0
Pennington	3	1	33.3
Pine	4	4	100.0
Pipestone	0	--	NA
Polk	5	3	60.0
Pope	1	1	100.0
Ramsey	70	17	24.3
Red Lake	2	2	100.0
Redwood	3	0	0.0
Renville	0	--	NA
Rice	11	6	54.5
Rock	0	--	NA
Roseau	0	--	NA
St. Louis	32	20	62.5
Scott	0	--	NA
Sherburne	3	1	33.3
Sibley	3	2	66.7
Stearns	30	5	16.7
Steele	1	1	100.0
Stevens	0	--	NA
Swift	1	0	0.0
Todd	5	1	20.0
Traverse	0	--	NA
Wabasha	0	--	NA
Wadena	4	1	25.0
Waseca	4	3	75.0
Washington	9	1	11.1
Watonwan	2	1	50.0
Wilkin	0	--	NA
Winona	0	1	*
Wright	2	0	0.0
Yellow Medicine	0	--	NA
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	4	0	0.0
Faribault-Martin	3	3	100.0
Leech Lake Band	5	0	0.0
White Earth Band	8	2	25.0
Total	598	258	43.1

**The <25 month column of data is based on SSIS county tables, whereas other data is based on DHS Adoption Section tables. This produces small discrepancies.*

Children in Guardianship as of Dec. 31, 2010, by Race and Ethnicity

County/Tribe	African American/ Black	American Indian	Asian/ Pacific Islander	White	Two or more races	Total children	Hispanic
Aitkin	*	*	*	*	*	13	*
Anoka	*	*	*	31	15	52	*
Becker	*	*	*	*	*	15	*
Beltrami	*	*	*	*	*	11	*
Benton	*	*	*	*	*	2	*
Big Stone	*	*	*	*	*	4	*
Blue Earth	*	*	*	12	*	16	*
Brown	*	*	*	*	*	5	*
Carlton	*	*	*	*	*	8	*
Carver	*	*	*	*	*	2	*
Cass	*	*	*	*	*	7	*
Chippewa	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Chisago	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Clay	*	*	*	*	*	12	*
Clearwater	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Cook	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Cottonwood	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Crow Wing	*	*	*	14	*	18	*
Dakota	*	*	*	16	*	24	*
Dodge	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Douglas	*	*	*	*	*	2	*
Fillmore	*	*	*	*	*	5	*
Freeborn	*	*	*	*	*	2	*
Goodhue	*	*	*	11	*	14	*
Grant	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Hennepin	105	24	*	35	48	216	25
Houston	*	*	*	*	*	13	*
Hubbard	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Isanti	*	*	*	*	*	3	*
Itasca	*	*	*	*	*	3	*
Jackson	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Kanabec	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Kandiyohi	*	*	*	12	*	12	*
Kittson	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Koochiching	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Lac qui Parle	*	*	*	*	*	3	*
Lake	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Lake of the Woods	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
LeSueur	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
McLeod	*	*	*	*	*	8	*
Mahnomen	*	*	*	*	*	3	*
Marshall	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Meeker	*	*	*	*	*	5	*
Mille Lacs	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Morrison	*	*	*	22	*	23	*

Children in Guardianship as of Dec. 31, 2010, by Race and Ethnicity (continued)

County/Tribe	African American/ Black	American Indian	Asian/ Pacific Islander	White	Two or more races	Total children	Hispanic
Mower	*	*	*	*	*	3	*
Nicollet	*	*	*	*	*	10	*
Nobles	*	*	*	*	*	4	*
Norman	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Olmsted	*	*	*	11	*	15	*
Otter Tail	*	*	*	*	*	7	*
Pennington	*	*	*	*	*	9	*
Pine	*	*	*	*	*	12	*
Pipestone	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Polk	*	*	*	11	*	15	*
Pope	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Ramsey	55	*	*	37	24	122	24
Red Lake	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Redwood	*	*	*	*	*	4	*
Renville	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Rice	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Rock	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Roseau	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
St. Louis	*	22	*	33	*	62	12
Scott	*	*	*	*	*	7	*
Sherburne	*	*	*	*	*	8	*
Sibley	*	*	*	*	*	2	*
Stearns	*	*	*	18	*	26	*
Steele	*	*	*	*	*	6	*
Stevens	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Swift	*	*	*	*	*	2	*
Todd	*	*	*	*	*	3	*
Traverse	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Wabasha	*	*	*	*	*	3	*
Wadena	*	*	*	*	*	3	*
Waseca	*	*	*	*	*	6	*
Washington	*	*	*	*	*	9	*
Watonwan	*	*	*	*	*	3	*
Wilkin	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Winona	*	*	*	*	*	1	*
Wright	*	*	*	25	*	26	*
Yellow Medicine	*	*	*	*	*	0	*
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	*	*	*	*	*	9	*
Faribault-Martin	*	*	*	*	*	4	*
Leech Lake Band	*	*	*	*	*	6	*
White Earth Band	*	23	*	*	*	24	*
Totals	211	108	11	460	134	952	121

*Number of children is less than 11 in that cell, and is not shown to prevent identification of individuals. Totals include the omitted data and children whose race data was missing (28).

**Minnesota's
Federal Performance
Measures, 2010**

Table of Contents	Page
Introduction	3
Child Safety	
Safety Measure 1.1 Absence of Repeat Maltreatment	4
Safety Measure 1.2 Absence of Maltreatment in Foster Care	6
Timeliness and Permanency of Reunification	
Permanency Measure 1.1: Time to Reunification	8
Permanency Measure 1.2: Median Months to Reunification	10
Permanency Measure 1.3: Reunification After First Removal	12
Permanency Measure 1.4: Placement Re-entry	14
Timeliness of Adoptions	
Permanency Measure 2.1: Adoption in Less than 24 Months	16
Permanency Measure 2.2: Median Months to Adoption	18
Permanency Measure 2.3: Discharges to Adoption	20
Permanency Measure 2.4: Legally Free for Adoption	22
Permanency Measure 2.5: Time to Adoption Once Legally Free	24
Achieving Permanency for Children in Foster Care	
Permanency Measure 3.1: Permanency for Children in Care 24 or More Months	26
Permanency Measure 3.2: Permanency for Children Legally Free for Adoption	28
Permanency Measure 3.3: Aging Out of Long-term Care	30
Placement Stability	
Permanency Measure 4.1: Placement Stability for Children in Care Less than 12 Months	32
Permanency Measure 4.2: Placement Stability for Children in Care More than 12 and Less than 24 Months	34
Permanency Measure 4.3: Placement Stability for Children in Care 24 Months or Longer	36

Introduction

Revised Federal Child and Family Service Review Performance Measures

The federal Child and Family Service Reviews examine state performance in child safety and permanency. To inform this process, the Administration for Children and Families created two child safety performance measures and 15 permanency performance measures. The permanency measures can be grouped into the categories of: 1) Timeliness and permanency of reunification, 2) Timeliness of adoptions of children discharged from foster care, 3) Achieving permanency for children in care for extended periods of time, and 4) Placement stability. Section IV contains these individual measures by county/Leech Lake and White Earth Bands of Ojibwe for calendar year 2010. Caution should be used in drawing conclusions from measures with small numbers.

A variety of tools and processes are being used to transition the state and counties to these new measures, and to understand and monitor ongoing performance. These include:

- Adding revised outcome measures to the Charting and Analysis tool in the Social Services Information System (SSIS)
- Integrating new measures into the Minnesota Child and Family Service Reviews
- Joining the University of Chicago–Chapin Hall Center for State Foster Care and Adoption Data
- Developing a publicly accessible dashboard on selected measures
- Adopting comparable measures into the Vulnerable Children and Adults Act (formerly CCSA).

Safety Measure 1.1: Absence of Repeat Maltreatment

Of all who were victims of determined maltreatment during the last six months of 2009, what number did not have another determined report within six months? The national standard is 94.6 or higher.

County/Tribe	Unique determined victims 7/1/09-12/31/09	Victims--no recurrence within six months	Percent not recurring within six months
Aitkin	13	13	100.0
Anoka	102	97	95.1
Becker	41	41	100.0
Beltrami	44	41	93.2
Benton	19	19	100.0
Big Stone	15	15	100.0
Blue Earth	47	46	97.9
Brown	9	9	100.0
Carlton	25	25	100.0
Carver	23	23	100.0
Cass	2	2	100.0
Chippewa	3	3	100.0
Chisago	5	5	100.0
Clay	8	8	100.0
Clearwater	7	7	100.0
Cook	0	0	--
Cottonwood	1	1	100.0
Crow Wing	16	16	100.0
Dakota	139	136	97.8
Dodge	7	7	100.0
Douglas	23	21	91.3
Fillmore	2	2	100.0
Freeborn	8	8	100.0
Goodhue	8	8	100.0
Grant	0	0	--
Hennepin	621	574	92.4
Houston	0	0	--
Hubbard	4	4	100.0
Isanti	30	30	100.0
Itasca	14	14	100.0
Jackson	4	4	100.0
Kanabec	8	8	100.0
Kandiyohi	24	21	87.5
Kittson	0	0	--
Koochiching	2	2	100.0
Lac qui Parle	5	5	100.0
Lake	4	4	100.0
Lake of the Woods	1	1	100.0
Le Sueur	23	22	95.7
McLeod	4	3	75.0
Mahnomen	0	0	--
Marshall	3	3	100.0
Meeker	6	6	100.0

Safety Measure 1.1: Absence of Repeat Maltreatment (continued)

County/Tribe	Unique determined victims 7/1/09-12/31/09	Victims–no recurrence within six months	Percent not recurring within six months
Mille Lacs	20	20	100.0
Morrison	25	25	100.0
Mower	7	7	100.0
Nicollet	9	9	100.0
Nobles	11	11	100.0
Norman	1	1	100.0
Olmsted	13	13	100.0
Otter Tail	24	23	95.8
Pennington	3	3	100.0
Pine	7	7	100.0
Pipestone	3	3	100.0
Polk	12	11	91.7
Pope	7	4	57.1
Ramsey	211	207	98.1
Red Lake	2	2	100.0
Redwood	7	5	71.4
Renville	4	4	100.0
Rice	18	18	100.0
Rock	0	0	--
Roseau	2	2	100.0
St. Louis	150	149	99.3
Scott	37	35	94.6
Sherburne	25	24	96.0
Sibley	12	12	100.0
Stearns	36	28	77.8
Steele	9	9	100.0
Stevens	0	0	--
Swift	8	8	100.0
Todd	7	7	100.0
Traverse	1	1	100.0
Wabasha	3	3	100.0
Wadena	2	2	100.0
Waseca	4	4	100.0
Washington	79	75	94.9
Watonwan	1	1	100.0
Wilkin	0	0	--
Winona	17	12	70.6
Wright	33	33	100.0
Yellow Medicine	3	3	100.0
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	2	2	100.0
Faribault-Martin	42	35	83.3
Leech Lake Band	15	12	80.0
White Earth Band	9	9	100.0
Minnesota	2,201	2,093	95.1

Safety Measure 1.2: Absence of Maltreatment in Foster Care

Of all children who were served in foster care during the reporting period, what percent were not the subjects of determined maltreatment by a foster parent or facility staff? The national standard is 99.68 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in foster care in 2010	Children not maltreated by a foster parent/facility staff	Percent not maltreated
Aitkin	54	54	100.00
Anoka	532	532	100.00
Becker	125	123	98.40
Beltrami	249	248	99.60
Benton	78	78	100.00
Big Stone	16	13	81.25
Blue Earth	161	161	100.00
Brown	53	53	100.00
Carlton	159	159	100.00
Carver	119	118	99.16
Cass	87	87	100.00
Chippewa	7	6	85.71
Chisago	42	42	100.00
Clay	193	191	98.96
Clearwater	17	17	100.00
Cook	14	14	100.00
Cottonwood	35	35	100.00
Crow Wing	228	227	99.56
Dakota	353	351	99.43
Dodge	35	35	100.00
Douglas	73	73	100.00
Fillmore	15	15	100.00
Freeborn	72	72	100.00
Goodhue	100	99	99.00
Grant	8	8	100.00
Hennepin	2,302	2,293	99.61
Houston	46	46	100.00
Hubbard	32	32	100.00
Isanti	67	65	97.01
Itasca	149	149	100.00
Jackson	30	30	100.00
Kanabec	32	32	100.00
Kandiyohi	124	124	100.00
Kittson	15	15	100.00
Koochiching	50	50	100.00
Lac qui Parle	9	9	100.00
Lake	23	23	100.00
Lake of the Woods	11	11	100.00
Le Sueur	43	43	100.00
McLeod	56	56	100.00
Mahnomen	14	14	100.00
Marshall	20	20	100.00
Meeker	38	38	100.00

Safety Measure 1.2: Absence of Maltreatment in Foster Care (continued)			
County/Tribe	Children in foster care in 2010	Children not maltreated by a foster parent/facility staff	Percent not maltreated
Mille Lacs	54	54	100.00
Morrison	86	86	100.00
Mower	56	56	100.00
Nicollet	48	48	100.00
Nobles	60	59	98.33
Norman	14	14	100.00
Olmsted	188	188	100.00
Otter Tail	98	98	100.00
Pennington	35	35	100.00
Pine	83	83	100.00
Pipestone	27	27	100.00
Polk	102	102	100.00
Pope	29	29	100.00
Ramsey	1,488	1,487	99.93
Red Lake	8	8	100.00
Redwood	65	65	100.00
Renville	33	33	100.00
Rice	86	86	100.00
Rock	24	24	100.00
Roseau	30	30	100.00
St. Louis	782	777	99.36
Scott	126	126	100.00
Sherburne	98	97	98.98
Sibley	41	41	100.00
Stearns	282	282	100.00
Steele	49	49	100.00
Stevens	10	10	100.00
Swift	33	33	100.00
Todd	52	52	100.00
Traverse	13	13	100.00
Wabasha	43	43	100.00
Wadena	38	38	100.00
Waseca	36	36	100.00
Washington	197	197	100.00
Watsonwan	33	33	100.00
Wilkin	20	20	100.00
Winona	71	69	97.18
Wright	186	186	100.00
Yellow Medicine	18	18	100.00
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	99	99	100.00
Faribault-Martin	121	120	99.17
Leech Lake Band	169	169	100.00
White Earth Band	222	219	98.65
Total	11,239	11,200	99.65

Permanency Measure 1.1: Time to Reunification

Of all children discharged from foster care to reunification in the target 12-month period, and who had been in foster care for eight days or longer, what percent were reunified in less than 12 months from the time of the latest removal from home? The national standard is 75.2 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children reunified	Children reunified within 12 months	Percent reunified within 12 months
Aitkin	9	9	100.0
Anoka	138	124	89.9
Becker	43	37	86.0
Beltrami	33	27	81.8
Benton	26	23	88.5
Big Stone	6	6	100.0
Blue Earth	48	45	93.8
Brown	12	9	75.0
Carlton	61	54	88.5
Carver	32	29	90.6
Cass	28	23	82.1
Chippewa	2	2	100.0
Chisago	19	18	94.7
Clay	40	35	87.5
Clearwater	9	5	55.6
Cook	3	2	66.7
Cottonwood	17	13	76.5
Crow Wing	63	48	76.2
Dakota	71	58	81.7
Dodge	16	11	68.8
Douglas	19	9	47.4
Fillmore	3	3	100.0
Freeborn	31	29	93.5
Goodhue	21	20	95.2
Grant	4	3	75.0
Hennepin	500	410	82.0
Houston	13	6	46.2
Hubbard	11	10	90.9
Isanti	28	24	85.7
Itasca	54	46	85.2
Jackson	8	7	87.5
Kanabec	6	6	100.0
Kandiyohi	39	37	94.9
Kittson	4	4	100.0
Koochiching	18	11	61.1
Lac qui Parle	4	3	75.0
Lake	9	9	100.0
Lake of the Woods	2	2	100.0
Le Sueur	11	10	90.9
McLeod	20	17	85.0
Mahnomen	2	2	100.0
Marshall	10	10	100.0

Permanency Measure 1.1: Time to Reunification (continued)

County/Tribe	Children reunified	Children reunified within 12 months	Percent reunified within 12 months
Meeker	6	6	100.0
Mille Lacs	29	26	89.7
Morrison	12	8	66.7
Mower	14	10	71.4
Nicollet	10	10	100.0
Nobles	24	18	75.0
Norman	1	1	100.0
Olmsted	35	32	91.4
Otter Tail	35	31	88.6
Pennington	12	6	50.0
Pine	24	23	95.8
Pipestone	7	7	100.0
Polk	37	34	91.9
Pope	11	9	81.8
Ramsey	417	365	87.5
Red Lake	1	1	100.0
Redwood	21	20	95.2
Renville	13	12	92.3
Rice	17	15	88.2
Rock	5	5	100.0
Roseau	18	17	94.4
St. Louis	207	168	81.2
Scott	32	31	96.9
Sherburne	33	31	93.9
Sibley	21	18	85.7
Stearns	77	69	89.6
Steele	26	26	100.0
Stevens	4	4	100.0
Swift	19	18	94.7
Todd	18	15	83.3
Traverse	2	2	100.0
Wabasha	8	8	100.0
Wadena	12	12	100.0
Waseca	9	9	100.0
Washington	39	31	79.5
Watonwan	11	7	63.6
Wilkin	4	1	25.0
Winona	39	33	84.6
Wright	40	27	67.5
Yellow Medicine	3	3	100.0
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	34	28	82.4
Faribault-Martin	57	54	94.7
Leech Lake Band	55	27	49.1
White Earth Band	46	34	73.9
Total	3,038	2,568	84.5

Permanency Measure 1.2: Median Months to Reunification

Of all children who were discharged from foster care to reunification in the 12-month target period, and who had been in foster care for eight days or longer, what was the median length of stay in months from the date of the latest removal from home until the date of discharge to reunification? The national standard is 5.4 months or less.

County/Tribe	Children reunified	Median months in care
Aitkin	9	2.0
Anoka	138	3.3
Becker	43	5.7
Beltrami	33	5.5
Benton	26	3.2
Big Stone	6	3.5
Blue Earth	48	6.1
Brown	12	3.3
Carlton	61	3.9
Carver	32	2.8
Cass	28	2.1
Chippewa	2	7.1
Chisago	19	3.1
Clay	40	1.9
Clearwater	9	8.3
Cook	3	3.4
Cottonwood	17	3.3
Crow Wing	63	5.7
Dakota	71	6.5
Dodge	16	8.4
Douglas	19	12.3
Fillmore	3	7.9
Freeborn	31	1.6
Goodhue	21	3.7
Grant	4	5.8
Hennepin	500	4.4
Houston	13	16.8
Hubbard	11	7.2
Isanti	28	3.9
Itasca	54	3.7
Jackson	8	6.9
Kanabec	6	5.2
Kandiyohi	39	5.0
Kittson	4	0.7
Koochiching	18	3.1
Lac qui Parle	4	5.4
Lake	9	2.7
Lake of the Woods	2	5.3
Le Sueur	11	7.8
McLeod	20	6.0
Mahnomen	2	6.2
Marshall	10	2.8

Permanency Measure 1.2: Median Months to Reunification (continued)

County/Tribe	Children reunified	Median months in care
Meeker	6	7.4
Mille Lacs	29	2.9
Morrison	12	7.3
Mower	14	4.3
Nicollet	10	3.6
Nobles	24	5.7
Norman	1	8.1
Olmsted	35	5.5
Otter Tail	35	6.8
Pennington	12	11.5
Pine	24	7.0
Pipestone	7	1.6
Polk	37	4.7
Pope	11	6.2
Ramsey	417	1.6
Red Lake	1	6.0
Redwood	21	2.8
Renville	13	1.9
Rice	17	4.1
Rock	5	4.1
Roseau	18	1.7
St. Louis	207	4.0
Scott	32	0.7
Sherburne	33	2.2
Sibley	21	7.1
Stearns	77	3.6
Steele	26	2.1
Stevens	4	10.7
Swift	19	3.2
Todd	18	10.5
Traverse	2	0.8
Wabasha	8	4.5
Wadena	12	1.5
Waseca	9	1.9
Washington	39	5.1
Watsonwan	11	9.8
Wilkin	4	33.1
Winona	39	1.7
Wright	40	6.9
Yellow Medicine	3	1.5
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	34	4.8
Faribault-Martin	57	5.0
Leech Lake Band	55	12.5
White Earth Band	46	8.0
Total	3,038	3.9

Permanency Measure 1.3: Reunification After First Removal

Of all children who entered foster care for the first time in the six-month period just prior to the target 12-month period, and who remained in foster care for eight days or longer, what percent were discharged from foster care to reunification in less than 12 months from the date of latest removal from home? The national standard is 48.4 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Entered placement for the first time	Reunified within 12 months	Percent reunified within 12 months
Aitkin	8	4	50.0
Anoka	76	47	61.8
Becker	22	14	63.6
Beltrami	39	8	20.5
Benton	10	9	90.0
Big Stone	7	5	71.4
Blue Earth	24	15	62.5
Brown	3	1	33.3
Carlton	21	8	38.1
Carver	9	4	44.4
Cass	11	7	63.6
Chippewa	3	3	100.0
Chisago	5	4	80.0
Clay	13	7	53.8
Clearwater	3	3	100.0
Cook	2	1	50.0
Cottonwood	8	8	100.0
Crow Wing	39	26	66.7
Dakota	52	27	51.9
Dodge	7	3	42.9
Douglas	23	11	47.8
Fillmore	3	1	33.3
Freeborn	5	2	40.0
Goodhue	2	1	50.0
Grant	0	--	NA
Hennepin	276	159	57.6
Houston	2	1	50.0
Hubbard	8	7	87.5
Isanti	18	15	83.3
Itasca	24	16	66.7
Jackson	2	2	100.0
Kanabec	3	3	100.0
Kandiyohi	18	4	22.2
Kittson	3	3	100.0
Koochiching	10	9	90.0
Lac qui Parle	6	2	33.3
Lake	2	1	50.0
Lake of the Woods	1	1	100.0
Le Sueur	8	4	50.0
McLeod	16	10	62.5
Mahnomen	3	2	66.7
Marshall	5	3	60.0

Permanency Measure 1.3: Reunification After First Removal *(continued)*

County/Tribe	Entered placement for the first time	Reunified within 12 months	Percent reunified within 12 months
Meeker	5	4	80.0
Mille Lacs	13	9	69.2
Morrison	9	1	11.1
Mower	8	6	75.0
Nicollet	7	1	14.3
Nobles	9	6	66.7
Norman	2	1	50.0
Olmsted	28	11	39.3
Otter Tail	21	14	66.7
Pennington	7	5	71.4
Pine	12	11	91.7
Pipestone	5	2	40.0
Polk	14	13	92.9
Pope	5	2	40.0
Ramsey	112	76	67.9
Red Lake	2	1	50.0
Redwood	11	5	45.5
Renville	8	5	62.5
Rice	13	8	61.5
Rock	1	0	0.0
Roseau	10	7	70.0
St. Louis	113	56	49.6
Scott	11	9	81.8
Sherburne	19	18	94.7
Sibley	11	7	63.6
Stearns	25	19	76.0
Steele	12	6	50.0
Stevens	4	4	100.0
Swift	9	9	100.0
Todd	11	6	54.5
Traverse	2	2	100.0
Wabasha	4	3	75.0
Wadena	3	1	33.3
Waseca	5	1	20.0
Washington	24	10	41.7
Watonwan	2	0	0.0
Wilkin	1	1	100.0
Winona	10	8	80.0
Wright	25	12	48.0
Yellow Medicine	2	2	100.0
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	10	9	90.0
Faribault-Martin	28	21	75.0
Leech Lake Band	59	19	32.2
White Earth Band	41	15	36.6
Total	1,533	887	57.9

Permanency Measure 1.4: Placement Re-entry

Of all children who were discharged from foster care to reunification in the 12-month period prior to the target 12-month period what percent re-entered foster care in less than 12 months from the date of discharge? The national standard is 9.9 percent or lower.

County/Tribe	Reunified in 2009 (prior CY)	Re-entered in less than 12 months	Percent re-entered in less than 12 months
Aitkin	22	7	31.8
Anoka	263	41	15.6
Becker	40	8	20.0
Beltrami	42	14	33.3
Benton	38	15	39.5
Big Stone	7	0	0.0
Blue Earth	64	16	25.0
Brown	17	6	35.3
Carlton	27	8	29.6
Carver	49	12	24.5
Cass	41	9	22.0
Chippewa	7	1	14.3
Chisago	27	7	25.9
Clay	30	11	36.7
Clearwater	6	2	33.3
Cook	6	4	66.7
Cottonwood	19	6	31.6
Crow Wing	66	22	33.3
Dakota	159	27	17.0
Dodge	8	4	50.0
Douglas	18	2	11.1
Fillmore	5	0	0.0
Freeborn	12	4	33.3
Goodhue	16	3	18.8
Grant	5	0	0.0
Hennepin	926	176	19.0
Houston	14	1	7.1
Hubbard	22	5	22.7
Isanti	29	5	17.2
Itasca	68	14	20.6
Jackson	10	1	10.0
Kanabec	14	6	42.9
Kandiyohi	36	13	36.1
Kittson	6	0	0.0
Koochiching	33	6	18.2
Lac qui Parle	2	0	0.0
Lake	9	4	44.4
Lake of the Woods	5	0	0.0
Le Sueur	13	3	23.1
McLeod	25	6	24.0
Mahnomen	4	1	25.0
Marshall	6	0	0.0

Permanency Measure 1.4: Placement Re-entry (continued)

County/Tribe	Reunified in 2009 (prior CY)	Re-entered in less than 12 months	Percent re-entered in less than 12 months
Meeker	4	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	24	5	20.8
Morrison	23	7	30.4
Mower	21	4	19.0
Nicollet	16	5	31.3
Nobles	31	10	32.3
Norman	5	0	0.0
Olmsted	35	8	22.9
Otter Tail	37	14	37.8
Pennington	10	3	30.0
Pine	27	3	11.1
Pipestone	10	3	30.0
Polk	48	15	31.3
Pope	7	4	57.1
Ramsey	761	241	31.7
Red Lake	3	1	33.3
Redwood	21	11	52.4
Renville	9	3	33.3
Rice	22	0	0.0
Rock	6	3	50.0
Roseau	12	5	41.7
St. Louis	212	56	26.4
Scott	88	19	21.6
Sherburne	27	6	22.2
Sibley	15	4	26.7
Stearns	104	34	32.7
Steele	21	9	42.9
Stevens	7	-	0.0
Swift	15	6	40.0
Todd	18	3	16.7
Traverse	3	-	0.0
Wabasha	13	4	30.8
Wadena	13	3	23.1
Waseca	5	1	20.0
Washington	116	31	26.7
Watonwan	17	7	41.2
Wilkin	7	-	0.0
Winona	48	11	22.9
Wright	97	13	13.4
Yellow Medicine	3	1	33.3
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	27	14	51.9
Faribault-Martin	57	13	22.8
Leech Lake Band	40	4	10.0
White Earth Band	43	5	11.6
Total	4,344	1,059	24.4

Permanency Measure 2.1: Adoption in Less than 24 Months

Of all children who were discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption during the 12-month target period, what percent were discharged in less than 24 months from the date of the latest removal from home? The national standard is 36.6 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children adopted in 2010	Adopted less than 24 months from removal from home	Percent adopted less than 24 months from removal from home
Aitkin	2	0	0.0
Anoka	46	26	56.5
Becker	11	4	36.4
Beltrami	2	1	50.0
Benton	3	1	33.3
Big Stone	1	1	100.0
Blue Earth	22	8	36.4
Brown	3	1	33.3
Carlton	2	1	50.0
Carver	6	4	66.7
Cass	5	1	20.0
Chippewa	0	0	NA
Chisago	4	4	100.0
Clay	13	8	61.5
Clearwater	0	--	NA
Cook	0	--	NA
Cottonwood	1	1	100.0
Crow Wing	24	16	66.7
Dakota	17	14	82.4
Dodge	1	1	100.0
Douglas	8	6	75.0
Fillmore	2	1	50.0
Freeborn	2	2	100.0
Goodhue	8	4	50.0
Grant	0	--	NA
Hennepin	139	58	41.7
Houston	4	2	50.0
Hubbard	1	0	0.0
Isanti	2	0	0.0
Itasca	6	6	100.0
Jackson	0	--	NA
Kanabec	0	--	NA
Kandiyohi	6	6	100.0
Kittson	0	--	NA
Koochiching	2	0	0.0
Lac qui Parle	4	4	100.0
Lake	3	3	100.0
Lake of the Woods	0	--	NA
Le Sueur	3	3	100.0
McLeod	1	1	100.0
Mahnomen	0	--	NA
Marshall	0	--	NA

Permanency Measure 2.1: Adoption in Less than 24 Months (continued)

County/Tribe	Children adopted in 2010	Adopted less than 24 months after removal from home	Percent adopted less than 24 months after removal from home
Meeker	0	--	NA
Mille Lacs	0	--	NA
Morrison	12	7	58.3
Mower	2	1	50.0
Nicollet	7	6	85.7
Nobles	5	0	0.0
Norman	0	--	NA
Olmsted	17	6	35.3
Otter Tail	6	6	100.0
Pennington	3	1	33.3
Pine	4	3	75.0
Pipestone	0	--	NA
Polk	5	3	60.0
Pope	1	1	100.0
Ramsey	72	17	23.6
Red Lake	2	2	100.0
Redwood	3	0	0.0
Renville	0	--	NA
Rice	11	6	54.5
Rock	0	--	NA
Roseau	0	--	NA
St. Louis	34	22	64.7
Scott	0	--	NA
Sherburne	4	1	25.0
Sibley	3	2	66.7
Stearns	31	7	22.6
Steele	1	1	100.0
Stevens	0	--	NA
Swift	1	1	100.0
Todd	5	3	60.0
Traverse	0	--	NA
Wabasha	0	--	NA
Wadena	4	1	25.0
Waseca	4	3	75.0
Washington	9	2	22.2
Watsonwan	2	1	50.0
Wilkin	0	--	NA
Winona	1	1	100.0
Wright	2	0	0.0
Yellow Medicine	0	--	NA
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	4	2	50.0
Faribault-Martin	3	3	100.0
Leech Lake Band	2	0	0.0
White Earth Band	8	3	37.5
Total	622	300	48.2

Permanency Measure 2.2: Median Months to Adoption

Of all children who were discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption during the 12-month target period, what was the median length of stay in foster care in months from the date of latest removal from home to the date of discharge to adoption? The national standard is 27.3 months or less.

County/Tribe	Children adopted in 2010	Median months in care before adoption
Aitkin	2	29.0
Anoka	46	20.9
Becker	11	25.9
Beltrami	2	29.0
Benton	3	32.2
Big Stone	1	20.5
Blue Earth	22	33.2
Brown	3	26.0
Carlton	2	39.1
Carver	6	21.7
Cass	5	34.0
Chippewa	0	NA
Chisago	4	15.5
Clay	13	20.5
Clearwater	0	NA
Cook	0	NA
Cottonwood	1	17.9
Crow Wing	24	17.4
Dakota	17	21.7
Dodge	1	23.9
Douglas	8	17.4
Fillmore	2	20.0
Freeborn	2	14.8
Goodhue	8	24.8
Grant	0	NA
Hennepin	139	27.0
Houston	4	24.9
Hubbard	1	57.1
Isanti	2	30.3
Itasca	6	18.4
Jackson	0	NA
Kanabec	0	NA
Kandiyohi	6	14.2
Kittson	0	NA
Koochiching	2	39.2
Lac qui Parle	4	9.2
Lake	3	15.0
Lake of the Woods	0	NA
Le Sueur	3	22.3
McLeod	1	12.8
Mahnomen	0	NA
Marshall	0	NA

Permanency Measure 2.2: Median Months to Adoption (continued)		
County/Tribe	Children adopted in 2010	Median months in care before adoption
Meeker	0	NA
Mille Lacs	0	0
Morrison	12	20.5
Mower	2	20.2
Nicollet	7	15.1
Nobles	5	29.0
Norman	0	NA
Olmsted	17	25.1
Otter Tail	6	15.9
Pennington	3	42.4
Pine	4	17.0
Pipestone	0	NA
Polk	5	20.2
Pope	1	21.6
Ramsey	72	31.3
Red Lake	2	11.3
Redwood	3	36.6
Renville	0	NA
Rice	11	21.0
Rock	0	NA
Roseau	0	NA
St. Louis	34	22.4
Scott	0	NA
Sherburne	4	26.3
Sibley	3	22.6
Stearns	31	38.4
Steele	1	15.1
Stevens	0	NA
Swift	1	23.8
Todd	5	17.8
Traverse	0	NA
Wabasha	0	NA
Wadena	4	48.8
Waseca	4	22.3
Washington	9	34.7
Watonwan	2	34.7
Wilkin	0	NA
Winona	1	22.0
Wright	2	42.0
Yellow Medicine	0	NA
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	4	22.9
Faribault-Martin	3	23.7
Leech Lake Band	2	25.4
White Earth Band	8	32.7
Total	622	25.1

Permanency Measure 2.3: Discharges to Adoption

Of all children in foster care on the first day of the 12-month target period who were in foster care for 17 continuous months or longer, what percent were discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption by the last day of the 12-month target period? The national standard is 22.7 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care 17 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2010	Adopted by Dec. 31, 2010	Percent adopted by Dec. 31, 2010
Aitkin	8	1	12.5
Anoka	101	20	19.8
Becker	19	7	36.8
Beltrami	33	1	3.0
Benton	13	2	15.4
Big Stone	2	0	0.0
Blue Earth	18	13	72.2
Brown	9	2	22.2
Carlton	19	1	5.3
Carver	12	0	0.0
Cass	15	4	26.7
Chippewa	1	0	0.0
Chisago	1	0	0.0
Clay	30	9	30.0
Clearwater	1	0	0.0
Cook	1	0	0.0
Cottonwood	1	0	0.0
Crow Wing	38	8	21.1
Dakota	48	8	16.7
Dodge	4	1	25.0
Douglas	10	2	20.0
Fillmore	2	1	50.0
Freeborn	13	0	0.0
Goodhue	19	5	26.3
Grant	2	0	0.0
Hennepin	405	84	20.7
Houston	13	2	15.4
Hubbard	7	1	14.3
Isanti	13	2	15.4
Itasca	12	2	16.7
Jackson	5	0	0.0
Kanabec	4	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	6	0	0.0
Kittson	0	--	NA
Koochiching	8	2	25.0
Lac qui Parle	1	0	0.0
Lake	6	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	1	0	0.0
Le Sueur	5	0	0.0
McLeod	6	0	0.0
Mahnomen	3	0	0.0
Marshall	2	0	0.0

Permanency Measure 2.3: Discharges to Adoption (continued)

County/Tribe	Children in care 17 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2010	Adopted by Dec. 31, 2010	Percent adopted by Dec. 31, 2010
Meeker	14	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	9	0	0.0
Morrison	11	5	45.5
Mower	13	1	7.7
Nicollet	4	0	0.0
Nobles	10	5	50.0
Norman	2	0	0.0
Olmsted	24	11	45.8
Otter Tail	5	0	0.0
Pennington	9	2	22.2
Pine	13	1	7.7
Pipestone	1	0	0.0
Polk	13	0	0.0
Pope	2	0	0.0
Ramsey	203	54	26.6
Red Lake	0	--	NA
Redwood	11	3	27.3
Renville	4	0	0.0
Rice	10	5	50.0
Rock	4	0	0.0
Roseau	1	0	0.0
St. Louis	137	16	11.7
Scott	11	0	0.0
Sherburne	23	2	8.7
Sibley	3	1	33.3
Stearns	52	24	46.2
Steele	4	0	0.0
Stevens	1	0	0.0
Swift	3	0	0.0
Todd	13	2	15.4
Traverse	0	--	NA
Wabasha	6	0	0.0
Wadena	5	3	60.0
Waseca	5	1	20.0
Washington	32	7	21.9
Watonwan	5	1	20.0
Wilkin	7	0	0.0
Winona	4	0	0.0
Wright	40	2	5.0
Yellow Medicine	0	--	NA
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	18	2	11.1
Faribault-Martin	6	2	33.3
Leech Lake Band	30	2	6.7
White Earth Band	32	7	21.9
Total	1,717	337	19.6

Permanency Measure 2.4: Legally Free for Adoption

Of all children in foster care on the first day of the 12-month target period who were in foster care for 17 continuous months or longer, and who were not legally free for adoption prior to that day, what percent became legally free for adoption during the first six months of the 12-month target period? The national standard is 10.9 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care 17 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2010	Legally free for adoption by Dec. 31, 2010	Percent legally free for adoption by Dec. 31, 2010
Aitkin	4	0	0.0
Anoka	58	0	0.0
Becker	7	0	0.0
Beltrami	32	0	0.0
Benton	11	0	0.0
Big Stone	1	0	0.0
Blue Earth	6	0	0.0
Brown	6	0	0.0
Carlton	18	0	0.0
Carver	13	0	0.0
Cass	8	0	0.0
Chippewa	1	0	0.0
Chisago	4	0	0.0
Clay	21	5	23.8
Clearwater	0	--	NA
Cook	1	0	0.0
Cottonwood	3	0	0.0
Crow Wing	22	1	4.5
Dakota	28	2	7.1
Dodge	4	0	0.0
Douglas	10	0	0.0
Fillmore	0	--	NA
Freeborn	17	0	0.0
Goodhue	7	0	0.0
Grant	2	0	0.0
Hennepin	243	7	2.9
Houston	4	0	0.0
Hubbard	6	0	0.0
Isanti	10	0	0.0
Itasca	9	0	0.0
Jackson	7	0	0.0
Kanabec	3	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	9	0	0.0
Kittson	0	--	NA
Koochiching	11	1	9.1
Lac qui Parle	1	0	0.0
Lake	5	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	0	--	NA
Le Sueur	5	0	0.0
McLeod	2	0	0.0
Mahnomen	3	0	0.0
Marshall	0	--	NA

Permanency Measure 2.4: Legally Free for Adoption (continued)

County/Tribe	Children in care 17 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2010	Legally free for adoption by Dec. 31, 2010	Percent legally free for adoption by Dec. 31, 2010
Meeker	12	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	9	0	0.0
Morrison	3	0	0.0
Mower	8	0	0.0
Nicollet	4	0	0.0
Nobles	3	0	0.0
Norman	2	0	0.0
Olmsted	12	0	0.0
Otter Tail	5	0	0.0
Pennington	6	2	33.3
Pine	13	0	0.0
Pipestone	1	0	0.0
Polk	7	0	0.0
Pope	3	0	0.0
Ramsey	96	3	3.1
Red Lake	0	--	NA
Redwood	3	0	0.0
Renville	3	0	0.0
Rice	6	0	0.0
Rock	4	0	0.0
Roseau	1	0	0.0
St. Louis	116	0	0.0
Scott	5	0	0.0
Sherburne	19	4	21.1
Sibley	1	0	0.0
Stearns	17	0	0.0
Steele	4	0	0.0
Stevens	1	0	0.0
Swift	2	0	0.0
Todd	8	0	0.0
Traverse	0	--	NA
Wabasha	3	0	0.0
Wadena	0	--	NA
Waseca	3	0	0.0
Washington	21	0	0.0
Watonwan	2	0	0.0
Wilkin	8	0	0.0
Winona	4	0	0.0
Wright	28	0	0.0
Yellow Medicine	0	--	NA
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	17	0	0.0
Faribault-Martin	6	0	0.0
Leech Lake Band	26	0	0.0
White Earth Band	19	0	0.0
Total	1,113	25	2.2

Permanency Measure 2.5: Time to Adoption Once Legally Free

Of all children who became legally free for adoption during the 12 months prior to the target 12-month period, what percent were discharged from foster care to a finalized adoption in less than 12 months from the date of becoming legally free? The national standard is 53.7 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Became legally free for adoption in 2009 (prior CY)	Adopted less than 12 months after becoming legally free	Percent adopted less than 12 months after becoming legally free
Aitkin	8	0	0.0
Anoka	53	32	60.4
Becker	15	4	26.7
Beltrami	2	1	50.0
Benton	2	1	50.0
Big Stone	2	1	50.0
Blue Earth	19	5	26.3
Brown	2	1	50.0
Carlton	1	1	100.0
Carver	3	0	0.0
Cass	4	2	50.0
Chippewa	0	--	NA
Chisago	1	1	100.0
Clay	14	11	78.6
Clearwater	0	--	NA
Cook	0	--	NA
Cottonwood	1	1	100.0
Crow Wing	18	11	61.1
Dakota	21	16	76.2
Dodge	4	2	50.0
Douglas	8	7	87.5
Fillmore	4	1	25.0
Freeborn	2	2	100.0
Goodhue	11	3	27.3
Grant	0	--	NA
Hennepin	128	40	31.3
Houston	9	1	11.1
Hubbard	0	--	NA
Isanti	2	0	0.0
Itasca	4	2	50.0
Jackson	0	--	NA
Kanabec	0	--	NA
Kandiyohi	2	2	100.0
Kittson	0	--	NA
Koochiching	1	0	0.0
Lac qui Parle	0	--	NA
Lake	0	--	NA
Lake of the Woods	0	--	NA
Le Sueur	5	5	100.0
McLeod	2	2	100.0
Mahnomen	1	0	0.0
Marshall	0	--	NA

Permanency Measure 2.5: Time to Adoption Once Legally Free (continued)

County/Tribe	Became legally free for adoption in 2009 (prior CY)	Adopted less than 12 months after becoming legally free	Percent adopted less than 12 months after becoming legally free
Meeker	0	--	NA
Mille Lacs	1	1	100.0
Morrison	11	5	45.5
Mower	4	2	50.0
Nicollet	4	0	0.0
Nobles	6	2	33.3
Norman	1	0	0.0
Olmsted	14	11	78.6
Otter Tail	4	4	100.0
Pennington	2	2	100.0
Pine	13	5	38.5
Pipestone	1	0	0.0
Polk	10	1	10.0
Pope	1	1	100.0
Ramsey	83	25	30.1
Red Lake	2	2	100.0
Redwood	0	--	NA
Renville	0	--	NA
Rice	4	2	50.0
Rock	0	--	NA
Roseau	0	--	NA
St. Louis	39	15	38.5
Scott	4	3	75.0
Sherburne	3	0	0.0
Sibley	4	1	25.0
Stearns	18	4	22.2
Steele	3	3	100.0
Stevens	0	--	NA
Swift	1	0	0.0
Todd	4	1	25.0
Traverse	0	--	NA
Wabasha	2	0	0.0
Wadena	4	2	50.0
Waseca	0	--	NA
Washington	5	1	20.0
Watonwan	1	1	100.0
Wilkin	0	--	NA
Winona	1	1	100.0
Wright	12	2	16.7
Yellow Medicine	0	--	NA
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	6	1	16.7
Faribault-Martin	8	8	100.0
Leech Lake Band	8	0	0.0
White Earth Band	14	3	21.4
Total	647	264	40.8

Permanency Measure 3.1: Permanency for Children in Care 24 or More Months

Of all children who were in foster care for 24 months or longer on the first day of the 12-month target period, what percent were discharged to a permanent home by the last day of the 12-month period and prior to their 18th birthday? The national standard is 29.1 or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care 24 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2010	Permanency achieved by Dec. 31, 2010	Percent permanency achieved by Dec. 31, 2010
Aitkin	4	0	0.0
Anoka	88	16	18.2
Becker	15	6	40.0
Beltrami	26	1	3.8
Benton	12	1	8.3
Big Stone	2	0	0.0
Blue Earth	20	14	70.0
Brown	6	0	0.0
Carlton	19	2	10.5
Carver	9	1	11.1
Cass	10	4	40.0
Chippewa	2	1	50.0
Chisago	5	0	0.0
Clay	19	1	5.3
Clearwater	1	0	0.0
Cook	0	--	NA
Cottonwood	3	1	33.3
Crow Wing	22	4	18.2
Dakota	45	5	11.1
Dodge	2	0	0.0
Douglas	8	1	12.5
Fillmore	0	--	NA
Freeborn	14	2	14.3
Goodhue	13	4	30.8
Grant	1	0	0.0
Hennepin	370	69	18.6
Houston	10	0	0.0
Hubbard	7	2	28.6
Isanti	9	0	0.0
Itasca	7	2	28.6
Jackson	5	0	0.0
Kanabec	3	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	5	0	0.0
Kittson	0	--	NA
Koochiching	8	3	37.5
Lac qui Parle	1	0	0.0
Lake	6	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	1	0	0.0
Le Sueur	3	0	0.0
McLeod	6	0	0.0
Mahnomen	1	0	0.0
Marshall	2	0	0.0

**Permanency Measure 3.1: Permanency for Children in Care 24 or More Months
(continued)**

County/Tribe	Children in care 24 months or longer on Jan. 1, 2010	Permanency achieved by Dec. 31, 2010	Percent permanency achieved by Dec. 31, 2010
Meeker	8	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	8	0	0.0
Morrison	7	1	14.3
Mower	10	0	0.0
Nicollet	2	0	0.0
Nobles	5	4	80.0
Norman	2	0	0.0
Olmsted	19	6	31.6
Otter Tail	6	2	33.3
Pennington	6	3	50.0
Pine	12	1	8.3
Pipestone	0	--	NA
Polk	11	1	9.1
Pope	2	0	0.0
Ramsey	188	53	28.2
Red Lake	0	--	NA
Redwood	8	2	25.0
Renville	2	0	0.0
Rice	8	3	37.5
Rock	3	0	0.0
Roseau	0	--	NA
St. Louis	123	9	7.3
Scott	9	0	0.0
Sherburne	15	1	6.7
Sibley	2	1	50.0
Stearns	43	19	44.2
Steele	2	0	0.0
Stevens	1	0	0.0
Swift	1	0	0.0
Todd	13	3	23.1
Traverse	0	--	NA
Wabasha	1	0	0.0
Wadena	5	3	60.0
Waseca	6	1	16.7
Washington	27	8	29.6
Watonwan	6	1	16.7
Wilkin	7	2	28.6
Winona	3	0	0.0
Wright	28	4	14.3
Yellow Medicine	0	--	NA
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	12	1	8.3
Faribault-Martin	5	0	0.0
Leech Lake Band	8	2	25.0
White Earth Band	18	3	16.7
Total	1,432	274	19.1

Permanency Measure 3.2: Permanency for Children Legally Free for Adoption

Of all children who were discharged from foster care during the 12-month target period, and who were legally free for adoption (i.e., there is a parental rights termination date for both parents) at the time of discharge, what percent were discharged to a permanent home prior to their 18th birthday? The national standard is 98.0 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children legally free for adoption and discharged from care	Discharged to a permanent home before 18 th birthday	Percent discharged to a permanent home before 18 th birthday
Aitkin	2	2	100.0
Anoka	46	46	100.0
Becker	11	11	100.0
Beltrami	2	2	100.0
Benton	3	3	100.0
Big Stone	1	1	100.0
Blue Earth	22	22	100.0
Brown	3	3	100.0
Carlton	2	2	100.0
Carver	3	3	100.0
Cass	5	5	100.0
Chippewa	0	--	NA
Chisago	4	4	100.0
Clay	13	13	100.0
Clearwater	0	--	NA
Cook	0	--	NA
Cottonwood	1	1	100.0
Crow Wing	26	26	100.0
Dakota	21	19	90.5
Dodge	2	1	50.0
Douglas	8	8	100.0
Fillmore	2	2	100.0
Freeborn	2	2	100.0
Goodhue	8	8	100.0
Grant	0	--	NA
Hennepin	143	137	95.8
Houston	4	4	100.0
Hubbard	1	1	100.0
Isanti	2	2	100.0
Itasca	6	6	100.0
Jackson	0	--	NA
Kanabec	1	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	6	6	100.0
Kittson	0	--	NA
Koochiching	2	2	100.0
Lac qui Parle	4	4	100.0
Lake	4	3	75.0
Lake of the Woods	0	--	NA
Le Sueur	3	3	100.0
McLeod	1	1	100.0
Mahnomen	0	--	NA
Marshall	0	--	NA

Permanency Measure 3.2: Permanency for Children Legally Free for Adoption
(continued)

County/Tribe	Children legally free for adoption and discharged from care	Discharged to a permanent home before 18 th birthday	Percent discharged to a permanent home before 18 th birthday
Meeker	0	--	NA
Mille Lacs	0	--	NA
Morrison	12	12	100.0
Mower	2	2	100.0
Nicollet	7	7	100.0
Nobles	5	5	100.0
Norman	1	0	0.0
Olmsted	18	17	94.4
Otter Tail	6	6	100.0
Pennington	3	3	100.0
Pine	5	4	80.0
Pipestone	0	--	NA
Polk	5	5	100.0
Pope	1	1	100.0
Ramsey	77	73	94.8
Red Lake	0	--	NA
Redwood	3	3	100.0
Renville	0	--	NA
Rice	11	11	100.0
Rock	0	--	NA
Roseau	0	--	NA
St. Louis	34	34	100.0
Scott	0	--	NA
Sherburne	5	4	80.0
Sibley	3	3	100.0
Stearns	32	30	93.8
Steele	1	1	100.0
Stevens	0	--	NA
Swift	1	1	100.0
Todd	5	5	100.0
Traverse	0	--	NA
Wabasha	0	--	NA
Wadena	4	4	100.0
Waseca	4	4	100.0
Washington	12	11	91.7
Watonwan	2	2	100.0
Wilkin	0	--	NA
Winona	1	1	100.0
Wright	2	2	100.0
Yellow Medicine	0	--	NA
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	5	4	80.0
Faribault-Martin	3	3	100.0
Leech Lake Band	2	2	100.0
White Earth Band	9	9	100.0
Total	645	622	96.4

Permanency Measure 3.3: Aging Out of Long-term Care

Of all children who either (1) were, prior to age 18, discharged from foster care during the 12-month target period with a discharge reason of emancipation, or (2) reached their 18th birthday while in foster care but had not yet been discharged from foster care, what percent were in foster care for three years or longer? The national standard is 37.5 percent or lower.

County/Tribe	Children emancipated or turned 18	In care for three years or longer	Percent in care for three years or longer
Aitkin	3	0	0.0
Anoka	26	19	73.1
Becker	6	3	50.0
Beltrami	13	5	38.5
Benton	5	3	60.0
Big Stone	1	1	100.0
Blue Earth	7	2	28.6
Brown	2	1	50.0
Carlton	8	2	25.0
Carver	14	3	21.4
Cass	5	2	40.0
Chippewa	0	--	NA
Chisago	5	3	60.0
Clay	15	7	46.7
Clearwater	0	--	NA
Cook	1	0	0.0
Cottonwood	2	0	0.0
Crow Wing	14	6	42.9
Dakota	19	13	68.4
Dodge	5	2	40.0
Douglas	8	2	25.0
Fillmore	1	0	0.0
Freeborn	6	4	66.7
Goodhue	7	4	57.1
Grant	1	0	0.0
Hennepin	140	76	54.3
Houston	1	1	100.0
Hubbard	3	1	33.3
Isanti	6	3	50.0
Itasca	5	1	20.0
Jackson	1	1	100.0
Kanabec	5	2	40.0
Kandiyohi	11	4	36.4
Kittson	0	--	NA
Koochiching	5	2	40.0
Lac qui Parle	2	1	50.0
Lake	1	1	100.0
Lake of the Woods	1	0	0.0
Le Sueur	7	2	28.6
McLeod	2	1	50.0
Mahnomen	2	1	50.0
Marshall	1	1	100.0

Permanency Measure 3.3: Aging Out of Long-term Care (continued)

County/Tribe	Children emancipated or turned 18	In care for three years or longer	Percent in care for three years or longer
Meeker	4	2	50.0
Mille Lacs	4	2	50.0
Morrison	5	2	40.0
Mower	3	2	66.7
Nicollet	3	0	0.0
Nobles	2	0	0.0
Norman	1	0	0.0
Olmsted	12	2	16.7
Otter Tail	6	2	33.3
Pennington	4	0	0.0
Pine	8	5	62.5
Pipestone	2	0	0.0
Polk	9	5	55.6
Pope	3	1	33.3
Ramsey	83	41	49.4
Red Lake	0	--	NA
Redwood	2	1	50.0
Renville	5	0	0.0
Rice	4	0	0.0
Rock	2	2	100.0
Roseau	1	0	0.0
St. Louis	40	22	55.0
Scott	8	3	37.5
Sherburne	9	4	44.4
Sibley	3	0	0.0
Stearns	19	7	36.8
Steele	5	1	20.0
Stevens	0	--	NA
Swift	3	0	0.0
Todd	5	3	60.0
Traverse	0	--	NA
Wabasha	2	0	0.0
Wadena	0	--	NA
Waseca	0	--	NA
Washington	16	8	50.0
Watonwan	3	2	66.7
Wilkin	1	1	100.0
Winona	4	2	50.0
Wright	19	6	31.6
Yellow Medicine	1	0	0.0
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	12	5	41.7
Faribault-Martin	8	1	12.5
Leech Lake Band	5	1	20.0
White Earth Band	5	2	40.0
Total	698	315	45.1

Permanency Measure 4.1: Placement Stability for Children in Care Less than 12 Months

Of all children who were served in foster care during the 12-month target period, and who were in foster care for at least eight days but less than 12 months, what percent had two or fewer placement settings? The national standard is 86.0 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care less than 12 months	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Aitkin	19	18	94.7
Anoka	232	206	88.8
Becker	75	66	88.0
Beltrami	124	104	83.9
Benton	45	42	93.3
Big Stone	9	6	66.7
Blue Earth	107	93	86.9
Brown	19	19	100.0
Carlton	108	92	85.2
Carver	64	60	93.8
Cass	50	46	92.0
Chippewa	5	5	100.0
Chisago	25	23	92.0
Clay	69	61	88.4
Clearwater	12	12	100.0
Cook	10	8	80.0
Cottonwood	20	13	65.0
Crow Wing	134	125	93.3
Dakota	170	143	84.1
Dodge	21	16	76.2
Douglas	26	23	88.5
Fillmore	5	5	100.0
Freeborn	41	37	90.2
Goodhue	36	29	80.6
Grant	4	4	100.0
Hennepin	1,023	801	78.3
Houston	17	15	88.2
Hubbard	20	18	90.0
Isanti	37	34	91.9
Itasca	89	82	92.1
Jackson	15	15	100.0
Kanabec	21	20	95.2
Kandiyohi	69	64	92.8
Kittson	9	9	100.0
Koochiching	24	20	83.3
Lac qui Parle	4	4	100.0
Lake	17	17	100.0
Lake of the Woods	10	10	100.0
Le Sueur	22	20	90.9
McLeod	42	39	92.9
Mahnomen	4	4	100.0
Marshall	16	16	100.0

Permanency Measure 4.1: Placement Stability for Children in Care Less than 12 Months (continued)

County/Tribe	Children in care less than 12 months	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Meeker	17	13	76.5
Mille Lacs	34	33	97.1
Morrison	49	46	93.9
Mower	25	22	88.0
Nicollet	29	28	96.6
Nobles	27	27	100.0
Norman	8	7	87.5
Olmsted	113	104	92.0
Otter Tail	58	56	96.6
Pennington	12	12	100.0
Pine	47	44	93.6
Pipestone	14	13	92.9
Polk	59	54	91.5
Pope	18	17	94.4
Ramsey	626	564	90.1
Red Lake	5	5	100.0
Redwood	37	23	62.2
Renville	20	17	85.0
Rice	45	42	93.3
Rock	13	13	100.0
Roseau	22	21	95.5
St. Louis	376	311	82.7
Scott	54	47	87.0
Sherburne	56	51	91.1
Sibley	29	23	79.3
Stearns	156	127	81.4
Steele	38	36	94.7
Stevens	7	6	85.7
Swift	25	21	84.0
Todd	29	28	96.6
Traverse	7	7	100.0
Wabasha	25	23	92.0
Wadena	24	21	87.5
Waseca	22	22	100.0
Washington	82	74	90.2
Watonwan	13	11	84.6
Wilkin	2	1	50.0
Winona	49	45	91.8
Wright	71	52	73.2
Yellow Medicine	17	16	94.1
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	56	46	82.1
Faribault-Martin	91	86	94.5
Leech Lake Band	66	59	89.4
White Earth Band	113	101	89.4
Total	5,555	4,819	86.8

Permanency Measure 4.2: Placement Stability for Children in Care More than 12 and Less than 24 Months

Of all children who were served in foster care during the 12-month target period, and who were in foster care for at least 12 months but less than 24 months, what percent had two or fewer placement settings? The national standard is 65.4 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care between 12 and 24 months	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Aitkin	10	3	30.0
Anoka	88	47	53.4
Becker	21	9	42.9
Beltrami	68	49	72.1
Benton	8	3	37.5
Big Stone	6	2	33.3
Blue Earth	20	9	45.0
Brown	10	6	60.0
Carlton	24	19	79.2
Carver	17	8	47.1
Cass	8	6	75.0
Chippewa	0	--	NA
Chisago	6	2	33.3
Clay	28	14	50.0
Clearwater	3	3	100.0
Cook	4	2	50.0
Cottonwood	5	3	60.0
Crow Wing	36	18	50.0
Dakota	51	36	70.6
Dodge	6	3	50.0
Douglas	25	20	80.0
Fillmore	4	3	75.0
Freeborn	3	2	66.7
Goodhue	10	4	40.0
Grant	3	2	66.7
Hennepin	291	145	49.8
Houston	12	10	83.3
Hubbard	2	2	100.0
Isanti	7	4	57.1
Itasca	24	11	45.8
Jackson	6	5	83.3
Kanabec	0	--	NA
Kandiyohi	34	28	82.4
Kittson	1	1	100.0
Koochiching	4	1	25.0
Lac qui Parle	4	0	0.0
Lake	3	3	100.0
Lake of the Woods	0	--	NA
Le Sueur	10	6	60.0
McLeod	3	2	66.7
Mahnomen	2	0	0.0
Marshall	0	--	NA

Permanency Measure 4.2: Placement Stability for Children in Care More than 12 and Less than 24 Months (continued)

County/Tribe	Children in care between 12 and 24 months	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Meeker	2	1	50.0
Mille Lacs	7	5	71.4
Morrison	19	13	68.4
Mower	9	4	44.4
Nicollet	11	8	72.7
Nobles	11	10	90.9
Norman	1	1	100.0
Olmsted	32	23	71.9
Otter Tail	21	17	81.0
Pennington	14	13	92.9
Pine	9	4	44.4
Pipestone	3	3	100.0
Polk	17	11	64.7
Pope	7	4	57.1
Ramsey	145	84	57.9
Red Lake	3	3	100.0
Redwood	10	2	20.0
Renville	5	3	60.0
Rice	26	21	80.8
Rock	3	3	100.0
Roseau	4	3	75.0
St. Louis	186	112	60.2
Scott	13	8	61.5
Sherburne	12	5	41.7
Sibley	8	5	62.5
Stearns	28	19	67.9
Steele	5	5	100.0
Stevens	0	--	NA
Swift	2	1	50.0
Todd	9	8	88.9
Traverse	0	--	NA
Wabasha	2	1	50.0
Wadena	4	4	100.0
Waseca	5	5	100.0
Washington	27	9	33.3
Watonwan	9	8	88.9
Wilkin	1	0	0.0
Winona	8	3	37.5
Wright	28	14	50.0
Yellow Medicine	0	--	NA
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	13	6	46.2
Faribault-Martin	17	13	76.5
Leech Lake Band	71	53	74.6
White Earth Band	71	37	52.1
Total	1,745	1,043	59.8

Permanency Measure 4.3: Placement Stability for Children in Care 24 Months or Longer

Of all children who were served in foster care during the 12-month target period, and who were in foster care for at least 24 months, what percent had two or fewer placement settings? The national standard is 41.8 percent or higher.

County/Tribe	Children in care 24 months or longer	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Aitkin	15	8	53.3
Anoka	114	32	28.1
Becker	25	10	40.0
Beltrami	41	16	39.0
Benton	14	2	14.3
Big Stone	2	0	0.0
Blue Earth	26	14	53.8
Brown	13	2	15.4
Carlton	27	5	18.5
Carver	18	9	50.0
Cass	18	3	16.7
Chippewa	2	0	0.0
Chisago	5	0	0.0
Clay	31	12	38.7
Clearwater	1	0	0.0
Cook	0	--	NA
Cottonwood	4	1	25.0
Crow Wing	45	12	26.7
Dakota	53	24	45.3
Dodge	7	3	42.9
Douglas	13	8	61.5
Fillmore	4	3	75.0
Freeborn	19	5	26.3
Goodhue	20	6	30.0
Grant	2	1	50.0
Hennepin	494	103	20.9
Houston	16	5	31.3
Hubbard	9	2	22.2
Isanti	14	5	35.7
Itasca	16	5	31.3
Jackson	8	1	12.5
Kanabec	4	2	50.0
Kandiyohi	12	3	25.0
Kittson	1	1	100.0
Koochiching	14	7	50.0
Lac qui Parle	1	1	100.0
Lake	6	3	50.0
Lake of the Woods	1	0	0.0
Le Sueur	3	0	0.0
McLeod	10	2	20.0
Mahnomen	4	2	50.0
Marshall	2	0	0.0

Permanency Measure 4.3: Placement Stability for Children in Care 24 Months or Longer (continued)

County/Tribe	Children in care 24 months or longer	Children with two or fewer placement settings	Percent with two or fewer placement settings
Meeker	17	5	29.4
Mille Lacs	10	3	30.0
Morrison	18	8	44.4
Mower	14	5	35.7
Nicollet	7	2	28.6
Nobles	11	2	18.2
Norman	3	1	33.3
Olmsted	29	11	37.9
Otter Tail	8	3	37.5
Pennington	10	2	20.0
Pine	21	6	28.6
Pipestone	2	1	50.0
Polk	21	4	19.0
Pope	4	3	75.0
Ramsey	259	72	27.8
Red Lake	0	--	NA
Redwood	11	2	18.2
Renville	4	0	0.0
Rice	11	2	18.2
Rock	4	1	25.0
Roseau	1	1	100.0
St. Louis	176	54	30.7
Scott	14	6	42.9
Sherburne	25	15	60.0
Sibley	3	2	66.7
Stearns	62	23	37.1
Steele	4	2	50.0
Stevens	1	1	100.0
Swift	3	0	0.0
Todd	14	3	21.4
Traverse	0	--	NA
Wabasha	7	1	14.3
Wadena	5	0	0.0
Waseca	6	2	33.3
Washington	38	12	31.6
Watonwan	6	4	66.7
Wilkin	9	5	55.6
Winona	5	3	60.0
Wright	52	20	38.5
Yellow Medicine	0	--	NA
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	23	3	13.0
Faribault-Martin	7	2	28.6
Leech Lake Band	39	15	38.5
White Earth Band	41	15	36.6
Total	2,139	640	29.9



Minnesota Department of **Human Services**

DHS-5408C-ENG