STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

WATONWAN COUNTY ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

Office of the State Auditor 525 Park Street, Suite 500 Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103 (651) 296-2551 state.auditor@state.mn.us www.auditor.state.mn.us

This document can be made available in alternative formats upon request. Call 651-296-2551 [voice] or 1-800-627-3529 [relay service] for assistance; or visit the Office of the State Auditor's web site: www.auditor.state.mn.us.

Year Ended December 31, 2008



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Reference	Page
Introductory Section		
Organization		1
Financial Section		
Independent Auditor's Report		2
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4
Basic Financial Statements		
County-Wide Financial Statements		
Statement of Net Assets	Exhibit 1	12
Statement of Activities	Exhibit 2	13
Fund Financial Statements		
Governmental Funds		
Balance Sheet	Exhibit 3	14
Reconciliation of the Fund Balances of Governmental		
Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	Exhibit 3A	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balances	Exhibit 4	19
Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances of		
Governmental Funds to the Change in Net Assets of		
Governmental Activities	Exhibit 4A	23
Budgetary Comparison Statements		
General Fund	Exhibit 5	24
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	Exhibit 6	27
Human Services Special Revenue Fund	Exhibit 7	28
County Ditch Special Revenue Fund	Exhibit 8	29
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Agency Funds	Exhibit 9	30
Notes to the Financial Statements		31

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Reference	Page
Financial Section (Continued)		
Required Supplementary Information		
Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits	Schedule 1	61
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Debt Service Fund	Statement 1	62
Other Governmental Funds		63
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Combining Balance Sheet	Statement 2	64
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balances	Statement 3	65
Budgetary Comparison Schedules		
County Library Special Revenue Fund	Statement 4	66
Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund	Statement 5	67
Agency Funds	2	68
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities -		
All Agency Funds	Statement 6	69
Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	Schedule 2	71
seneggie of intergovernmental revenue	Schedare 2	, 1
Management and Compliance Section		
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	Schedule 3	73
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing</i>		
Standards		76
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in		
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133		79
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	Schedule 4	82



ORGANIZATION 2008

Office Name		Term Expires
Commissioners		
1st District	Dwayna Vranz*	January 2012
2nd District	Dwayne Krenz* Mark Rentz	January 2013
		January 2011
3rd District	William Berg	January 2013
4th District	Scott Sanders	January 2011
5th District	John Baerg	January 2013
Officers		
Officers		
Elected		
Attorney	LaMar Piper	January 2011
Auditor	Donald Kuhlman	January 2011
County Recorder	Joy Sing	January 2011
Sheriff	Gary Menssen	January 2011
Treasurer	Carol F. Johnson	January 2011
Appointed		
Assessor	Noreen Curry	January 2009
Court Administrator (State)	Kelly Iverson	Indefinite
Coroner	R. A. Parsons, M.D.	January 2011
Highway Engineer	Roger Risser	May 2011
Probation Officer	Paul Harris	Indefinite
Veterans Service Officer	Deb Grote	Indefinite
Human Services Director	Richard Collins	Indefinite
Transmit Doi (1000) Director	Tionara Commis	macimic

^{*2008} Chair







STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Watonwan County

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Watonwan County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Watonwan County as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Human Services Special Revenue Fund, and County Ditch Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1.D.7., Watonwan County has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Watonwan County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of Watonwan County. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2009, on our consideration of Watonwan County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 30, 2009





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2008 (Unaudited)

INTRODUCTION

As management of Watonwan County, we offer readers of the Watonwan County financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Watonwan County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements following this section. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in whole dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of Watonwan County exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2008 by \$45,475,607. Of this amount, \$6,910,735 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet Watonwan County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Watonwan County's total net assets increased by \$1,358,215 in 2008.
- At the close of 2008, Watonwan County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,538,847, \$7,458,202 unreserved, of which approximately \$2,728,823 is available for spending at the County's discretion and is noted as unreserved, undesignated fund balance.
- At the close of 2008, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,683,928, or 67.3 percent, of total General Fund expenditures.
- Watonwan County's total bonds and capital notes payable decreased by \$150,000. There were payments of \$30,000 and \$120,000 on the G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds and the G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, respectively.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Watonwan County's basic financial statements. Watonwan County's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) county-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

County-Wide Financial Statements

The county-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Watonwan County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of Watonwan County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Watonwan County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows only in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The county-wide financial statements list the functions of Watonwan County principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of Watonwan County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, economic development, and conservation of natural resources. Watonwan County has no business-type activities intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

The county-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits 1 and 2.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Watonwan County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Watonwan County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the county-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the county-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the county-wide financial statements. However, unlike the county-wide financial statements, county fund level financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's short-term financing requirements.

Watonwan County reports five major funds and two nonmajor funds. The major funds are the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Human Services Special Revenue Fund, County Ditch Special Revenue Fund, and Debt Service Fund. The nonmajor funds are the County Library Special Revenue Fund and Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund. Information is presented separately for the major funds and in total for the nonmajor funds in Exhibits 3 and 4.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. Watonwan County's fiduciary funds consist of three agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In addition, the agency funds are not reflected in the county-wide financial statements because those resources are not available to support the County's programs.

Watonwan County's governmental fund financial statements are on Exhibits 3 to 8, and Watonwan County's fiduciary funds are on Exhibit 9.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Watonwan County's progress in funding its obligation to provide other postemployment benefits to its employees. In addition, the County also provides supplementary information on intergovernmental revenue (Schedule 2).

Watonwan County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, special revenue funds, and the Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the County's major funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

County-Wide Financial Analysis

Over time, net assets serve as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. Watonwan County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$45,475,607 at the close of 2008. The largest portion of Watonwan County's net assets (80.3 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. However, it should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending.

Governmental Net Assets

	2008		_	2007	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	11,576,885 39,259,588	_	5	10,774,963 38,764,520
Total Assets	\$	50,836,473		3	49,539,483
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	\$	4,624,143 736,723	_	3	4,747,653 674,438
Total Liabilities	\$	5,360,866	_ 9	3	5,422,091
Net Assets Invested in capital assets - net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	36,515,516 2,049,356 6,910,735	\$	5	35,873,342 1,655,707 6,588,343
Total Net Assets	\$	45,475,607		3	44,117,392

The unrestricted net asset amount of \$6,910,735 as of December 31, 2008, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental Activities

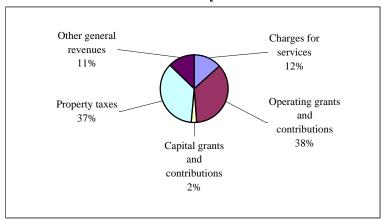
The following table summarizes the changes in net assets for 2008.

Changes in Governmental Net Assets

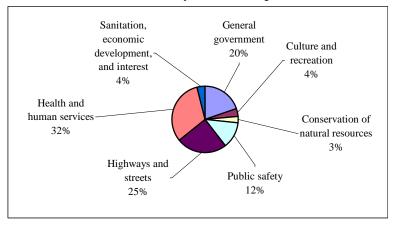
		2008	 2007
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$	1,898,644	\$ 2,104,851
Operating grants and contributions		6,249,283	5,620,210
Capital grants and contributions		296,041	392,945
General revenues			
Property taxes		6,073,979	5,675,037
Other		1,749,670	 2,043,402
Total Revenues	_ \$	16,267,617	\$ 15,836,445

	2008		_	2007	
Expenses					
General government	\$	2,941,186		\$	2,822,941
Public safety		1,845,580			1,837,481
Highways and streets		3,799,652			3,568,260
Sanitation		246,752			241,552
Human services		4,251,722			4,145,986
Health		473,019			458,293
Culture and recreation	596,452				579,147
Conservation of natural resources		475,277			419,358
Economic development		145,259			142,098
Interest		134,503	_		163,253
Total Expenses	\$	14,909,402	_	\$	14,378,369
Increase in Net Assets	\$	1,358,215		\$	1,458,076
Net Assets - January 1		44,117,392	_		42,659,316
Net Assets - December 31	\$	45,475,607	_	\$	44,117,392

Sources of County Revenues



Where County Funds Are Spent



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,538,847. The majority of this amount (\$7,458,202) constitutes unreserved fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for various reasons.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Watonwan County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,683,928, while the total fund balance was \$4,404,027. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to annual expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 67.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures for 2008, while total fund balance represents 80.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures. In 2008, the total fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$131,546, with unreserved fund balances decreasing by \$46,844 and reserved fund balances increasing by \$178,390. The primary reasons for the decrease in unreserved fund balance were the increase in general government and debt expenditures. The primary reasons for the increase in reserved fund balance were E911 grant monies held over, advances to other funds, and unspent water plan funds.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund's fund balance increased by \$225,745 in 2008. The main reasons for the increase were due to a slight decrease in construction and maintenance activities and relatively stable revenues.

In 2008, the Human Services Special Revenue Fund's fund balance increased by \$294,817.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The largest revenue variances were in miscellaneous revenue, which was due to a dividend from workers' compensation and property/casualty insurance, and cost allocation funds from administering DHS programs; and collection of special assessments for repayment of septic loans which were unbudgeted. On the expenditure side, actual expenditures were only \$52,712 more than budgeted. Significant variances over budget were septic loan payments (\$120,182) and motor pool expenses (\$52,259) which were unbudgeted. Significant positive variances on the expenditure side included the Sheriff's Department (\$67,581), Court Services (\$36,108), and Central Services (\$86,279).

(Unaudited)

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2008, amounts to \$39,259,588 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was virtually unchanged.

Governmental Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	2008		2007		
Land	\$	695,771	\$	695,771	
Construction in progress		26,073		334,240	
Land improvements		31,952		34,408	
Buildings and improvements		5,627,527		5,781,687	
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		1,717,189		1,820,515	
Infrastructure		31,161,076		30,097,899	
Total	\$	39,259,588	\$	38,764,520	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt and capital notes outstanding of \$2,743,972, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Watonwan County's bonds are not rated.

Governmental Outstanding Debt

	 2008		2007
General obligation bonds and capital notes	\$ 2.743.972	\$	2.891.178

Additional information on the County's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of debt that a county may levy to three percent of its total market value. As of the end of 2008, Watonwan County is well below the three percent debt limit imposed by state statutes.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

- Watonwan County's unemployment rate was 7.6 percent as of the end of 2008. This is slightly higher than the state-wide rate of 6.8 percent.
- Farm land values continued to increase in 2008, reflecting the profitability in crop farming at this time. Home values declined but not to the extent other areas of the country's residential values have decreased.

At the end of 2008, Watonwan County set its 2009 revenue and expenditure budgets; 2009 budgeted revenues and expenditures of \$16,799,806 and \$16,606,064, respectively.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This annual financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Watonwan County Auditor, Watonwan County Courthouse, 710 Second Avenue South, P. O. Box 518, St. James, Minnesota 56081.





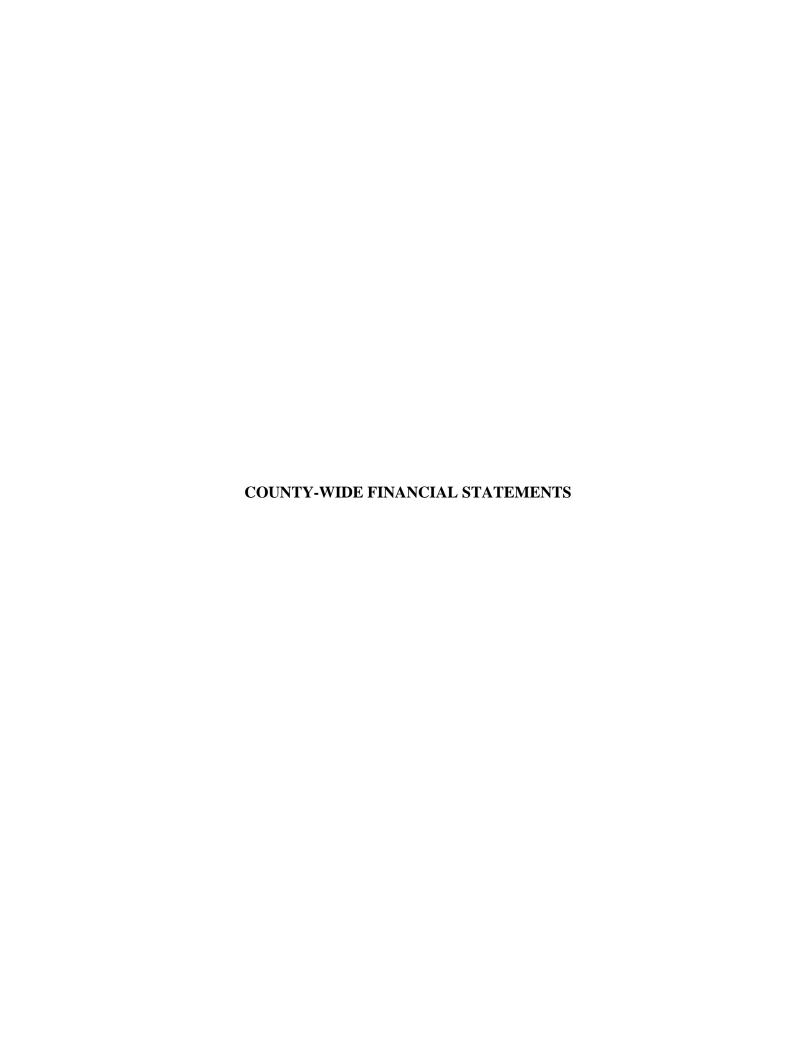




EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2008

Assets	;

Cash and pooled investments	\$ 8,313	3,733
Taxes receivable		
Prior - net	144	4,289
Special assessments receivable		
Prior - net	24	4,195
Noncurrent	59:	1,023
Accounts receivable	244	4,758
Accrued interest receivable	24	4,447
Due from other governments	1,990	6,395
Inventories	20°	7,814
Deferred debt issuance costs	30	0,231
Capital assets		
Non-depreciable	72	1,844
Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation	38,53°	7,744
	<u></u>	
Total Assets	\$ 50,830	6,473
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 222	2,470
Salaries payable		4,556
Contracts payable		9,630
Due to other governments		2,058
Accrued interest payable		6,905
Unearned revenue		1,104
Long-term liabilities		,
Due within one year	81	1,148
Due in more than one year		2,995
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,366	0,866
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	\$ 36,51:	5,616
Restricted for		
General government	70	6,482
Public safety		3,347
Highways and streets		9,909
Culture and recreation		2,732
Conservation of natural resources		2,006
Economic development		4,563
Debt service		0,217
Unrestricted		0,735
The LDV of A		
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 45,475</u>	5,607

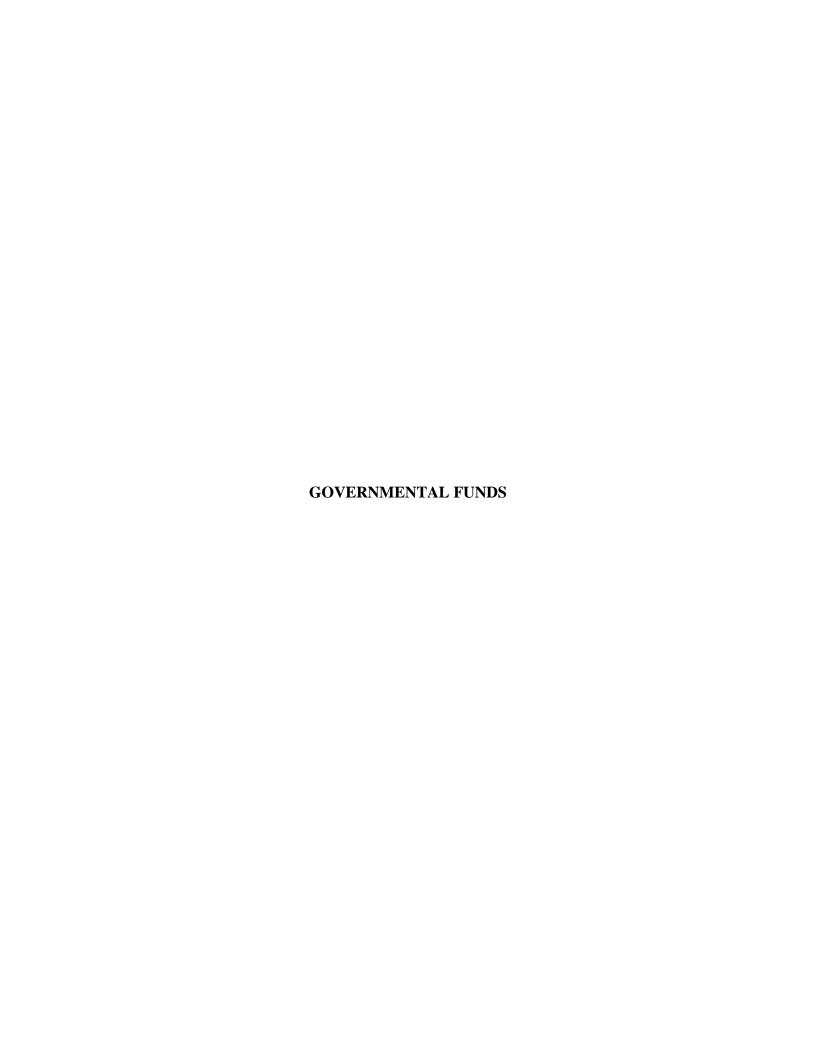
EXHIBIT 2

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

			Program Revenues						Net (Expense)		
	_	Expenses		es, Charges, es, and Other	Operating Grants and Contributions			Capital Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Change in Net Assets	
Functions/Programs											
Primary government											
Governmental activities											
General government	\$	2,941,186	\$	469,219	\$	278,392	\$	42,043	\$	(2,151,532)	
Public safety		1,845,580		216,162		160,939		-		(1,468,479)	
Highways and streets		3,799,652		204,914		3,169,469		245,098		(180,171)	
Sanitation		246,752		188,672		-		-		(58,080)	
Human services		4,251,722		456,926		2,261,705		-		(1,533,091)	
Health		473,019		52,998		215,623		-		(204,398)	
Culture and recreation Conservation of natural		596,452		20,323		-		8,900		(567,229)	
resources		475,277		196,877		163,155		-		(115,245)	
Economic development		145,259		92,553		-		-		(52,706)	
Interest		134,503						-		(134,503)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	14,909,402	\$	1,898,644	\$	6,249,283	\$	296,041	\$	(6,465,434)	
	Co	neral Revenue									
		operty taxes	•						\$	6,073,979	
		ortgage registry	and o	leed tax					Ψ	7,818	
		yments in lieu		iccu tax						7,045	
		ants and contri		s not restricted	to sne	ecific program				1,471,018	
		restricted inves			to spe	cine program	•			176,292	
		iscellaneous	Sumen	carmings						87,497	
	1	Total general r	evenu	es					\$	7,823,649	
	Cl	hange in net as	sets						\$	1,358,215	
	Net	Assets - Janua	ary 1							44,117,392	
	Net	Assets - Decer	mber	31					\$	45,475,607	







BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	 General		Road and Bridge		
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 4,513,386	\$	769,303		
Taxes receivable					
Prior	73,312		18,457		
Special assessments					
Prior	8,240		-		
Noncurrent	566,209		5,203		
Accounts receivable	15,442		7,583		
Accrued interest receivable	23,451		-		
Due from other funds	41,788		-		
Due from other governments	16,895		1,441,520		
Inventories	-		207,814		
Advances to other funds	 60,000		-		
Total Assets	\$ 5,318,723	\$	2,449,880		

Human Services	County Ditch		Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$ 1,605,388	\$	248,211	\$	258,412	\$	919,033	\$	8,313,733
36,805		-		5,543		10,172		144,289
-		135		-		15,820		24,195
-		19,611		-		-		591,023
219,368		2,365		-		-		244,758
-		-		-		996		24,447
-		-		-		-		41,788
338,480		-		199,500		-		1,996,395
-		-		-		-		207,814
 		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		60,000
\$ 2,200,041	\$	270,322	\$	463,455	\$	946,021	\$	11,648,442

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	<u>General</u>			Road and Bridge		
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	40,109	\$	36,271		
Salaries payable		114,135		36,825		
Contracts payable		-		9,630		
Due to other funds		-		-		
Due to other governments		44,415		-		
Deferred revenue - unavailable		634,933		1,247,424		
Deferred revenue - unearned		81,104		-		
Advances from other funds						
Total Liabilities	\$	914,696	\$	1,330,150		
Fund Balances						
Reserved for						
Inventories	\$	-	\$	207,814		
Advances to other funds		60,000		-		
Law library		45,400		-		
Recorder's equipment		13,366		-		
E-911		192,706		-		
Sheriff's contingency		10,641		-		
Future projects		17,716		-		
Donations		-		-		
ISTS loans		299,020		-		
Water plan		56,687		-		
HRA special benefits levy		24,563		-		
Unreserved						
Designated for cash flows		1,981,199		474,610		
Designated for compensated absences		437,717		217,608		
Designated for debt service		-		-		
Undesignated		1,265,012		219,698		
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor						
Special revenue funds						
Total Fund Balances	\$	4,404,027	\$	1,119,730		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,318,723	\$	2,449,880		

 Human Services	County Ditch		Debt Service		Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 117,449 86,880	\$	6,782 - -	\$	- - -	\$	21,859 16,716	\$	222,470 254,556 9,630	
41,788		-		-		-		41,788	
77,643		-		-		-		122,058	
192,700		19,641		203,238		20,053		2,317,989 81,104	
 <u>-</u>		60,000		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		60,000	
\$ 516,460	<u>\$</u>	86,423	\$	203,238	\$	58,628	<u>\$</u>	3,109,595	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	207,814	
-		-		-		-		60,000	
-		-		-		-		45,400	
-		-		-		-		13,366	
-		-		-		-		192,706	
-		-		-		-		10,641	
-		-		-		152,732		17,716 152,732	
_		-		-		132,732		299,020	
_		_		_		_		56,687	
-		-		-		-		24,563	
1,060,376		-		-		-		3,516,185	
297,652		-		-		-		952,977	
-		-		260,217		-		260,217	
325,553		183,899		-		-		1,994,162	
 -		-		-		734,661		734,661	
\$ 1,683,581	\$	183,899	\$	260,217	\$	887,393	\$	8,538,847	
\$ 2,200,041	\$	270,322	\$	463,455	\$	946,021	\$	11,648,442	



EXHIBIT 3A

RECONCILIATION OF THE FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 8,538,847
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		39,259,588
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		2,317,989
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
General obligation bonds Accrued interest payable Deferred debt issuance charges Discount on bonds Loans payable Net OPEB liability Compensated absences	\$ (2,780,000) (46,905) 30,231 36,028 (828,150) (42,535) (1,009,486)	 (4,640,817)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 45,475,607

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	 General	 Road and Bridge		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 3,024,590	\$ 809,048		
Special assessments	126,310	6,285		
Licenses and permits	19,671	-		
Intergovernmental	1,342,516	3,282,348		
Charges for services	760,279	269,488		
Fines and forfeits	1,173	-		
Gifts and contributions	1,200	-		
Investment earnings	183,597	-		
Miscellaneous	 261,843	 179,821		
Total Revenues	\$ 5,721,179	\$ 4,546,990		
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	\$ 2,857,175	\$ -		
Public safety	1,806,707	-		
Highways and streets	-	4,473,093		
Sanitation	-	-		
Human services	-	-		
Health	-	-		
Culture and recreation	49,127	-		
Conservation of natural resources	426,497	-		
Economic development	144,430	-		
Capital outlay	66,689	-		
Debt service				
Principal	103,306	-		
Interest	16,876	-		
Administrative charges	 -	 -		
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,470,807	\$ 4,473,093		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 250,372	\$ 73,897		

	Human Services	County Ditch		Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	1,592,139	\$	_	\$	223,330	\$	423,520	\$	6,072,627
Ψ	-	Ψ	76,697	Ψ	-	Ψ	175,631	Ψ	384,923
	_		-		_		-		19,671
	2,929,634		-		42,676		164,771		7,761,945
	235,874		-		, -		4,030		1,269,671
	- -		-		-		9,479		10,652
	-		-		-		8,900		10,100
	-		-		-		6,200		189,797
	331,457		2,365		-		10,891		786,377
\$	5,089,104	\$	79,062	\$	266,006	\$	803,422	\$	16,505,763
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,857,175
	-		-		-		-		1,806,707
	-		-		-		250.017		4,473,093
	4 251 025		-		-		259,017		259,017
	4,251,935 472,833		-		-		-		4,251,935
	472,633		-		-		553,928		472,833 603,055
	_		119,461		_		555,926		545,958
	_		-		_		_		144,430
	-		-		-		-		66,689
	-		-		150,000		-		253,306
	-		566		113,205		-		130,647
	<u>-</u>		-		806				806
\$	4,724,768	\$	120,027	\$	264,011	\$	812,945	\$	15,865,651
\$	364,336	\$	(40,965)	\$	1,995	\$	(9,523)	\$	640,112

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General	Road and Bridge
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in	\$ 69,519	\$ 159,700
Transfers out	(171,851)	-
Proceeds from loan	30	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (102,302)	\$ 159,700
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 148,070	\$ 233,597
Fund Balances - January 1, as previously reported	\$ 4,272,481	\$ 893,985
Restatement (Note 1.E.)	(16,524)	
Fund Balances - January 1, as restated	\$ 4,255,957	\$ 893,985
Increase (decrease) in reserved for inventories	\$ -	\$ (7,852)
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 4,404,027	\$ 1,119,730

Human Services		County Ditch		 Debt Service	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	- (69,519) -	\$	7,277 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 4,874 - -	\$	241,370 (241,370) 30	
\$	(69,519)	\$	7,277	\$ _	\$ 4,874	\$	30	
\$	294,817	\$	(33,688)	\$ 1,995	\$ (4,649)	\$	640,142	
\$	1,388,764	\$	217,587	\$ 258,222	\$ 894,194 (2,152)	\$	7,925,233 (18,676)	
\$	1,388,764	\$	217,587	\$ 258,222	\$ 892,042	\$	7,906,557	
\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	(7,852)	
\$	1,683,581	\$	183,899	\$ 260,217	\$ 887,393	\$	8,538,847	

EXHIBIT 4A

RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)			\$ 640,142
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, in the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of assets is reported; whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Therefore, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the assets sold.			
Capital outlay expenditures	\$	1,911,252	
Net book value of asset disposals		(21,355)	
Depreciation expense		(1,394,829)	495,068
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Decrease in deferred revenue for taxes and special assessments Increase in deferred revenue for grants and allotments	\$	(79,027) 186,630	107,603
Issuing long-term debt (such as bonds or loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of issuance costs and discounts when debt is issued; these amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of activities.			
Proceeds of loans issued	\$	(30)	
Repayment of debt principal	Ψ	253,306	
Amortization of discount on debt and issuance costs		(4,943)	248,333
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in inventories	\$	(7,852)	
Change in accrued interest payable	-	1,893	
Net OPEB liabilities		(42,535)	
Change in compensated absences		(84,437)	 (132,931)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)			\$ 1,358,215

EXHIBIT 5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgetee	d Amou	ints	Actual		Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 2,984,115	\$	2,984,115	\$	3,024,590	\$	40,475
Special assessments	-		-		126,310		126,310
Licenses and permits	15,695		15,695		19,671		3,976
Intergovernmental	1,420,761		1,420,761		1,342,516		(78,245)
Charges for services	690,131		690,131		760,279		70,148
Fines and forfeits	-		-		1,173		1,173
Gifts and contributions	-		-		1,200		1,200
Investment earnings	170,000		170,000		183,597		13,597
Miscellaneous	 90,874		90,874		261,843		170,969
Total Revenues	\$ 5,371,576	\$	5,371,576	\$	5,721,179	\$	349,603
Expenditures							
Current							
General government							
County commissioners	\$ 195,460	\$	195,460	\$	197,030	\$	(1,570)
Court administrator	20,000		20,000		19,419		581
Law library	14,000		14,000		13,429		571
County auditor	222,399		222,399		218,180		4,219
License center	80,761		80,761		79,970		791
County treasurer	131,698		131,698		126,809		4,889
Personnel	73,360		73,360		72,469		891
Central services	193,055		193,055		106,776		86,279
Elections	25,900		25,900		30,388		(4,488)
Information services	111,926		111,926		89,782		22,144
County attorney	240,975		240,975		231,921		9,054
Attorney's contingent	10,500		10,500		7,304		3,196
Victim witness	44,009		44,009		46,077		(2,068)
County recorder	155,439		155,439		186,541		(31,102)
County assessor	247,203		247,203		249,982		(2,779)
Building maintenance	257,233		257,233		253,875		3,358
Veterans service	92,365		92,365		97,526		(5,161)
Motor pool	-		-		52,259		(52,259)
Public transit	354,409		354,409		337,636		16,773
HUD recapture funds	-		-		8,906		(8,906)
Other general government	 389,170		389,170		430,896		(41,726)
Total general government	\$ 2,859,862	\$	2,859,862	\$	2,857,175	\$	2,687

EXHIBIT 5 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgetee	d Amou	ints	Actual		Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	nal Budget
Expenditures							
Current (Continued)							
Public safety							
County sheriff	\$ 1,150,129	\$	1,150,129	\$	1,082,548	\$	67,581
Sheriff's contingent	5,000		5,000		-		5,000
Jail	443,565		443,565		455,377		(11,812)
E-911 and radio maintenance	25,000		25,000		28,236		(3,236)
County coroner	7,800		7,800		2,236		5,564
Court services	240,179		240,179		204,071		36,108
Emergency management	 39,274		39,274		34,239		5,035
Total public safety	\$ 1,910,947	\$	1,910,947	\$	1,806,707	\$	104,240
Culture and recreation							
County parks	\$ 20,500	\$	20,500	\$	16,127	\$	4,373
Historical society	 33,000		33,000		33,000		-
Total culture and recreation	\$ 53,500	\$	53,500	\$	49,127	\$	4,373
Conservation of natural resources							
Environmental services	\$ 96,751	\$	96,751	\$	108,958	\$	(12,207)
County extension	84,867		84,867		87,313		(2,446)
Agricultural society/fair grounds	41,000		41,000		42,710		(1,710)
Soil and water conservation	53,500		53,500		53,500		-
CWP project	58,500		58,500		45,210		13,290
Local water plan block grant	 62,500		62,500		88,806		(26,306)
Total conservation of natural							
resources	\$ 397,118	\$	397,118	\$	426,497	\$	(29,379)
Economic development							
Employment and training	\$ 93,668	\$	93,668	\$	93,059	\$	609
Economic development	 50,500		50,500		51,371		(871)
Total economic development	\$ 144,168	\$	144,168	\$	144,430	\$	(262)

EXHIBIT 5 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	 Budgeted	l Amou		Actual	Variance with	
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Expenditures (Continued)						
Capital outlay						
General government	\$ 52,500	\$	52,500	\$ 66,689	\$	(14,189)
Debt service						
Principal	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 103,306	\$	(103,306)
Interest	\$ 	\$		\$ 16,876	\$	(16,876)
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,418,095	\$	5,418,095	\$ 5,470,807	\$	(52,712)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ (46,519)	\$	(46,519)	\$ 250,372	\$	296,891
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	\$ 69,519	\$	69,519	\$ 69,519	\$	-
Transfers out	(160,000)		(160,000)	(171,851)		(11,851)
Proceeds from loans	 -		-	 30		30
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	\$ (90,481)	\$	(90,481)	\$ (102,302)	\$	(11,821)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (137,000)	\$	(137,000)	\$ 148,070	\$	285,070
Fund Balance - January 1, as previously						
reported	\$ 4,272,481	\$	4,272,481	\$ 4,272,481	\$	-
Restatement (Note 1.E.)	 			 (16,524)		(16,524)
Fund Balance - January 1, as restated	\$ 4,272,481	\$	4,272,481	\$ 4,255,957	\$	(16,524)
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 4,135,481	\$	4,135,481	\$ 4,404,027	\$	268,546

EXHIBIT 6

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	892,659	\$	810,702	\$	809,048	\$	(1,654)
Special assessments	-	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	6,285	Ψ	6,285
Intergovernmental		2,956,374		3,038,331		3,282,348		244,017
Charges for services		240,000		240,000		269,488		29,488
Miscellaneous		267,500		267,500		179,821		(87,679)
Total Revenues	\$	4,356,533	\$	4,356,533	\$	4,546,990	\$	190,457
Expenditures								
Current								
Highways and streets								
Administration	\$	418,947	\$	418,947	\$	414,362	\$	4,585
Maintenance		1,056,726		1,056,726		1,155,695		(98,969)
Construction		1,585,090		1,585,090		1,733,542		(148,452)
Equipment maintenance and shop		1,077,570		1,077,570		979,051		98,519
Other		188,200		188,200		190,443		(2,243)
Total Expenditures	\$	4,326,533	\$	4,326,533	\$	4,473,093	\$	(146,560)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	73,897	\$	43,897
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		10,000		10,000		159,700		149,700
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	233,597	\$	193,597
Fund Balance - January 1 Increase (decrease) in reserved for		893,985		893,985		893,985		-
inventories						(7,852)		(7,852)
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	933,985	\$	933,985	\$	1,119,730	\$	185,745

EXHIBIT 7

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

		Budgeted	l Amou	ints		Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,491,761	\$	1,592,931	\$	1,592,139	\$	(792)
Intergovernmental	*	2,307,996	-	2,307,996	-	2,929,634	Ψ	621,638
Charges for services		181,150		181,150		235,874		54,724
Miscellaneous		304,700		304,700		331,457		26,757
Total Revenues	\$	4,285,607	\$	4,386,777	\$	5,089,104	\$	702,327
Expenditures								
Current								
Human services								
General administration	\$	597,178	\$	597,178	\$	31,893	\$	565,285
Income maintenance		784,643		784,643		983,188		(198,545)
Social services		2,553,643		2,573,643		3,236,854		(663,211)
Total human services	\$	3,935,464	\$	3,955,464	\$	4,251,935	\$	(296,471)
Health								
Community health services		431,313		431,313		472,833		(41,520)
Total Expenditures	\$	4,366,777	\$	4,386,777	\$	4,724,768	\$	(337,991)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(81,170)	\$	-	\$	364,336	\$	364,336
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out				<u>-</u>		(69,519)		(69,519)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(81,170)	\$	-	\$	294,817	\$	294,817
Fund Balance - January 1		1,388,764		1,388,764		1,388,764		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,307,594	\$	1,388,764	\$	1,683,581	\$	294,817

EXHIBIT 8

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT COUNTY DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	 Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with		
	 Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues							
Special assessments	\$ 65,000	\$	65,000	\$	76,697	\$	11,697
Miscellaneous	 		-		2,365		2,365
Total Revenues	\$ 65,000	\$	65,000	\$	79,062	\$	14,062
Expenditures Current Conservation of natural resources							
Other (ditch repairs)	\$ 130,000	\$	130,000	\$	119,461	\$	10,539
Debt service Interest	 				566		(566)
Total Expenditures	\$ 130,000	\$	130,000	\$	120,027	\$	9,973
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (65,000)	\$	(65,000)	\$	(40,965)	\$	24,035
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in					7,277		7,277
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (65,000)	\$	(65,000)	\$	(33,688)	\$	31,312
Fund Balance - January 1	 217,587		217,587		217,587		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 152,587	\$	152,587	\$	183,899	\$	31,312

EXHIBIT 9

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Assets

Cash and pooled investments	\$ 280,771
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ 24,470 256,301
Total Liabilities	\$ 280,771



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued through November 30, 1989, (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Watonwan County was established February 25, 1860, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

Joint Ventures

The County participates in joint ventures described in Note 5.B. The County also participates in jointly-governed organizations described in Note 5.C.

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

1. County-Wide Statements

The county-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) display information about the County. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. <u>County-Wide Statements</u> (Continued)

In the county-wide statement of net assets, the governmental activities column: (a) is presented on a consolidated basis; and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net assets are reported in three parts: (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; (2) restricted net assets; and (3) unrestricted net assets. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, with each displayed as a separate column in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

B. Basic Financial Statements

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The <u>Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for economic assistance and community social services programs.

The <u>County Ditch Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the County ditch system. Financing is provided by assessing benefited property owners.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the County's debt activity.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Special revenue funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The county-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are generally recognized in the period the appropriation goes into effect. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Watonwan County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, shared revenues, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2008, based on market prices. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Pooled investment earnings for 2008 were \$183,597.

Watonwan County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The MAGIC Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 prescribed by the SEC pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 C.F.R. § 270.2a-7). Therefore, the fair value of the County's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05 generally authorize the following types of investments as available to the County:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Investments of the County are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

2. <u>Receivables and Payables</u> (Continued)

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

3. <u>Inventories</u>

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund inventory is valued using the weighted average method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time the item is purchased. Inventories at the county-wide level are reported as expenses when consumed.

Inventories, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve to indicate that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (such as roads and bridges), are reported in the county-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

4. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	5 - 20
Infrastructure	50 - 75

5. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the county-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

6. Deferred Revenue

All County funds and the county-wide financial statements defer revenue for resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Governmental funds also report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

7. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the county-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Beginning in 2008, Watonwan County implemented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement required the County to calculate and record a net other postemployment benefit obligation (NOPEBO) at December 31, 2008. The NOPEBO is, in general, the cumulative difference between the actuarial required contribution and the actual contributions since the actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2008.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans subject to change.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Restatement of Fund Balance

At January 1, 2008, the fund balance of the General Fund and the Library Fund were restated to correct interest revenue that was recognized in 2007 that should have been deferred to 2008. The following table summarizes these changes:

	General Fund	Library Fund
Fund Balance - January 1, as previously reported Restatement	\$ 4,272,481 (16,524)	\$ 487,496 (2,152)
Fund Balance - January 1, as Restated	\$ 4,255,957	\$ 485,344

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all major governmental funds and nonmajor special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

On or before mid-August of each year, all departments submit requests for appropriations to the County Auditor so that a budget can be prepared. Before October 31, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. Transfers of appropriations within a department and between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control--the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations--is the fund level.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reapportioned and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The funds shown below had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2008.

	Expenditures		Budget		Excess	
General Fund	\$	5,470,807	\$	5,418,095	\$	52,712
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	Ψ	4,473,093	Ψ	4,050,588	Ψ	422,505
Human Services Special Revenue Fund		4,724,768		4,386,777		337,991
Debt Service Fund		264,011		263,205		806
Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund		259,017		243,865		15,152

The excess of expenditures over budget was funded by unanticipated revenues and available fund balance.

Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The County's total cash and investments are as follows:

Governmental funds
Cash and pooled investments
Fiduciary funds
Cash and pooled investments
Agency funds

Total Cash and Investments

\$ 8,313,733

\$ 280,771

Total Cash and Investments
\$ 8,594,504

a. Deposits

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 authorize the County to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 requires that all County deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. It is County policy to minimize custodial credit risk of deposits by making deposits with financial institutions as defined by Minn. Stat. § 118A.01, and by obtaining necessary documentation of perfected security interest in pledged collateral from the financial institutions. As of December 31, 2008, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

b. Investments

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. It is County policy to minimize exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations; thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds or similar investment pools, and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the County's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a policy to mitigate custodial credit risk.

At December 31, 2008, none of the County's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. It is the County's policy to minimize concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimal. As of December 31, 2008, all of the County's investment, carrying value balance of \$599,894, was invested in the MAGIC Fund.

2. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2008, for the County are as follows:

	R	Total eceivables	Sch Collect	nounts Not neduled for ion During the equent Year
Taxes - prior Special assessments - prior Special assessments - noncurrent Accounts Accrued interest Due from other governments	\$	144,289 24,195 591,023 244,758 24,447 1,996,395	\$	469,512 - - 187,000
Total	\$	3,025,107	\$	656,512

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets (Continued)

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2008, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	 Increase	I	Decrease	 Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated					
Land	\$ 695,771	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 695,771
Construction in progress	 334,240	 -		308,167	 26,073
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 1,030,011	\$ 	\$	308,167	\$ 721,844
Capital assets depreciated					
Buildings	\$ 7,860,568	\$ 28,721	\$	-	\$ 7,889,289
Land improvements	49,128	-		-	49,128
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	5,366,279	288,666		214,871	5,440,074
Infrastructure	 41,360,168	 1,902,032			 43,262,200
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 54,636,143	\$ 2,219,419	\$	214,871	\$ 56,640,691
Less: accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	\$ 2,078,881	\$ 182,881	\$	-	\$ 2,261,762
Land improvements	14,720	2,456		-	17,176
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	3,545,764	370,637		193,516	3,722,885
Infrastructure	 11,262,269	 838,855			 12,101,124
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 16,901,634	\$ 1,394,829	\$	193,516	\$ 18,102,947
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 37,734,509	\$ 824,590	\$	21,355	\$ 38,537,744
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 38,764,520	\$ 824,590	\$	329,522	\$ 39,259,588

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 212,171
Public safety	80,439
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	1,058,925
Sanitation	423
Environmental services	1,326
Human services	41,014
Conservation of natural resources	 531
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,394,829

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers</u>

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2008, is as follows:

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amou		
General	Human Services	\$	41.788	

The amount due to the General Fund from the Human Services Special Revenue Fund is for reimbursement for services. The reimbursement is expected to be repaid during the subsequent year.

2. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	
General	County Ditch	\$ 60,000	

The advance from the General Fund to the County Ditch Special Revenue Fund is a loan to cover the negative cash balance in County Ditch #62. This advance is expected to be repaid during the subsequent year.

3. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount		Purpose
General	Road and Bridge	\$	159,700	Allocated interest and truck purchase
	County Ditch		7,277	Allocated interest
	County Library		4,874	Allocated interest
Total transfers out of General Fund		\$	171,851	
Human Services	General		69,519	2008 rent
Total Transfers In/Out		\$	241,370	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Liabilities

1. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Watonwan County provides postemployment health care benefits for retirees and elected officials. Within 60 days of the effective date of an elected county official's retirement or termination, the County shall contribute an amount equal to the annual premium for single health insurance coverage in effect at the time of termination or retirement for every four complete years of service. As of December 31, 2008, the County recorded a liability of \$90,600 for the elected officials' termination benefits as a part of the compensated absences liability.

The County also provides health insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and their spouses under a single-employer self-insured plan. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving implicit rate subsidy. This postemployment benefit is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis usually paying retiree benefits out of the General Fund. For 2008, there were approximately 140 participants in the plan, including 4 retirees and 1 spouse. The implicit rate subsidy amount was determined by an actuarial study to be \$14,566 for 2008.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the plan.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

1. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

ARC Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$ 57,101
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	\$ 57,101 (14,566)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB Obligation - January 1	\$ 42,535
Net OPEB Obligation - December 31	\$ 42,535

The County's annual OPEB cost for December 31, 2008, was \$57,101. The percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan was 25.5 percent, and the net OPEB liability for 2008 was \$42,535. Trend information for the previous two years is not available at this time based on the implementation date of December 31, 2008.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0.0 percent funded. The actuarial liability for benefits was \$483,308, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$483,308. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,006,800, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 9.7 percent.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

1. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit cost between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2008, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5 percent investment rate of return (net of investment expenses), which is Watonwan County's implicit rate of return on the General Fund. The annual health care cost trend is 9.0 percent initially reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent over eight years. Both rates included a 3.0 percent inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2008, was 29 years.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

2. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

Bonds

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Interest Issue Amount Rate (%) Amount		Issue	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2008		
G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2004A	2021	\$125,000 - \$190,000	3.00 - 4.50	\$	2,115,000	\$	1,995,000
G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2005A	2026	\$30,000 - \$60,000	3.50 - 4.40		845,000		785,000
Total				\$	2,960,000	\$	2,780,000
Less: unamortized discount							(36,028)
Total General Obligation Bonds, Net						\$	2,743,972

Capital improvement bonds are being retired by the Debt Service Fund.

Loans Payable

The County entered into loan agreements with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for the purpose of funding Clean Water Partnership Projects. The loans are secured by special assessments against benefited properties. Loan payments are reported in the General Fund.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u>

2. Long-Term Debt

Loans Payable (Continued)

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amount	Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount		Outstanding Balance December 31, 2008	
Watonwan Watershed Clean Water Partnership Project, SFR0047	2014	\$26,928	2.00	\$	485,926	\$	279,177
Watonwan Watershed Continuation Clean Water Partnership Project, SFR0108	2017	\$29,989	2.00		541,173		491,771
Watonwan Ag Best Management Loan Program	2018	\$2,786 - \$3,602	0.00		63,549		57,202
Total Loans				\$	1,090,648	\$	828,150

3. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2008, were as follows:

Year Ending	(General Obligation Bonds				Loans Payable				
December 31	Pri	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2009	\$	155.000	\$	108.630	\$	105.451	\$	14,927		
2010	•	165,000	-	103,470	-	107,634	-	12,939		
2011		165,000		97,788		109,865		10,911		
2012		170,000		91,788		112,143		8,842		
2013		170,000		85,565		112,718		6,732		
2014 - 2018		985,000		318,201		280,339		10,712		
2019 - 2023		800,000		102,511		-		-		
2024 - 2028		170,000		11,433		-				
Total	\$	2,780,000	\$	919,386	\$	828,150	\$	65,063		

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities (Continued)

4. <u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2008, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2005A	\$ 815,000	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$	785,000	\$	30,000	
G. O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2004A	2,115,000		-		120,000		1,995,000		125,000	
Less: unamortized discount on bonds	(38,822)				(2,794)		(36,028)			
Total bonds payable	\$ 2,891,178	\$	-	\$	147,206	\$	2,743,972	\$	155,000	
Loans payable Net OPEB liability Compensated absences	 931,426 - 925,049		30 57,101 84,437		103,306 14,566		828,150 42,535 1,009,486		105,451 - 550,697	
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 4,747,653	\$	141,568	\$	265,078	\$	4,624,143	\$	811,148	

D. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Insurance Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$410,000 per claim in 2008 and \$430,000 per claim in 2009. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

D. Risk Management (Continued)

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

4. Pension Plans

A. <u>Defined Benefit Plans</u>

Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Watonwan County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Fund (the Public Employees Correctional Fund), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

Public Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. All police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. Members who are employed in a county correctional institution as a correctional guard or officer, a joint jailer/dispatcher, or as a supervisor of correctional guards or officers or of joint jailer/dispatchers and are directly responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional institution and its inmates, are covered by the Public Employees Correctional Fund.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute and vest after three years of credited service. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

<u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each year thereafter. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each successive year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Public Employees Correctional Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.9 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For all Public Employees Retirement Fund members hired prior to July 1, 1989, whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, and for all Public Employees Police and Fire Fund and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 55 for Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, and either 65 or 66 (depending on date hired) for Public Employees Retirement Fund members. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Minn. Stat. ch. 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. The County makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. Public Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members are required to contribute 9.1 and 6.0 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members are required to contribute 8.6 percent of their annual covered salary in 2008. That rate increased to 9.4 percent in 2009. Public Employees Correctional Fund members are required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary.

The County is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll in 2008 and 2009:

	2008	2009
Public Employees Retirement Fund		
Basic Plan members	11.78%	11.78%
Coordinated Plan members	6.50	6.75
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	12.90	14.10
Public Employees Correctional Fund	8.75	8.75

The County's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, for the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund were:

		2008		2007		2006
	Φ.	204.25	Φ.	255 415	Φ.	272 100
Public Employees Retirement Fund	\$	304,356	\$	277,615	\$	252,198
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund		57,354		48,898		43,865
Public Employees Correctional Fund		18,027		17,033		16,170

These contribution amounts are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

4. Pension Plans (Continued)

B. Defined Contribution Plan

Six employees of Watonwan County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer, deferred compensation plan administered by PERA in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the State Legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.0 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employees may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by the County during the year ended December 31, 2008, were:

	En	nployee	Employer		
Contribution amount	\$	8,126	\$	8,126	
Percentage of covered payroll		5%		5%	

Required contribution rates were 5.00 percent.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

B. Joint Ventures

Red Rock Rural Water System

The Red Rock Rural Water System was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 116A through a joint powers agreement, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and under the jurisdiction of the Fifth Judicial District. Brown, Cottonwood, Jackson, Lyon, Martin, Murray, Redwood, and Watonwan Counties have agreed to guarantee their shares of debt arising within each respective county. The Red Rock Rural Water System provides water for participating rural water users and cities within the water district.

The governing body is composed of nine members appointed to three-year terms by the District Court. Each county is responsible for levying and collecting the special assessments from the benefited properties within the county. The bond issue and notes payable are shown as long-term debt in the financial statements of the Red Rock Rural Water System. Outstanding bonds at December 31, 2007, (the most current information available) amounted to \$6,180,000; notes payable were \$6,840,123. The Water System's net assets increased by \$6,920,615 in 2007.

A complete financial report of the Red Rock Rural Water System can be obtained at P. O. Box 160, Jeffers, Minnesota 56145.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Three Counties for Kids Collaborative

The Three Counties for Kids Collaborative was established in 1996 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Collaborative includes Brown, Sibley, and Watonwan Counties; the River Bend Education District; and the Sioux Trails Mental Health Center. The purpose of the Collaborative is to join local units of government together to ensure a unified, unduplicated, and family friendly system of intervention and care for families and children.

Control of the Collaborative is vested in a Board of Directors consisting of seven members. Brown County Family Services acts as fiscal agent for the Collaborative. The Collaborative is financed by Local Collaborative Time Study (LCTS) funds. During 2008, Watonwan County made no contributions to the Collaborative. Any withdrawing party remains liable for fiscal obligations incurred prior to the effective date of withdrawal and shall not be entitled to any compensation as long as the Collaborative continues in existence. Should the Collaborative cease to exist, all property, real and personal, at the time of the termination shall be distributed by the Three Counties for Kids Collaborative Board of Directors.

Complete financial information may be obtained by contacting the Brown County Family Services Department, New Ulm, Minnesota 56073.

Vision for Family and Community Collaborative

The Vision for Family and Community Collaborative was established in 1996 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 121.8355 (now Minn. Stat. § 124D.23). The Collaborative includes Watonwan County and St. James, Madelia, and Butterfield Independent School Districts. The Joint Powers Board ensures the availability of comprehensive services designed to enhance or strengthen family functioning.

Control of the Collaborative is vested in a Joint Powers Board. The Joint Powers Board is composed of nine members. Watonwan County Human Services acts as fiscal agent for the Collaborative. The Collaborative is financed by LCTS funds. During 2008, Watonwan County made no contributions to the Collaborative. Any withdrawing party remains fiscally liable until the effective date of withdrawal. Should the Collaborative

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

Vision for Family and Community Collaborative (Continued)

cease to exist, all property, real and personal, held by the Joint Powers Board at the time of the termination shall be distributed by resolution of the Board in accordance with law and in a manner to best accomplish the purpose of the Collaborative.

Rural Minnesota Energy Board

The Rural Minnesota Energy Board was established in 2005 under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Board includes Cottonwood, Faribault, Jackson, Lincoln, Lyon, Martin, Mower, Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, Redwood, Renville, Rock, and Watonwan Counties. The purpose of the Board is to provide policy guidance on issues surrounding energy development in rural Minnesota and to foster the diversification of the economic climate in rural Minnesota. The focus of the Board includes, but is not limited to, renewable energy, wind energy, energy transmission lines, hydrogen energy technology, and bio-diesel and ethanol use.

The governing body is composed of one voting member and one alternate member from each participating county's Board of Commissioners. The Board shall remain in existence as long as two or more counties remain parties to the agreement. Should the Board cease to exist, assets shall be liquidated, after payment of liabilities, based upon the ratios set out under the equal and proportionate share articles of the agreement. During 2008, Watonwan County paid \$3,000 to the Board.

South Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board

The South Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 403.39 and a joint powers agreement effective May 27, 2008. The Board consists of one County Commissioner from each county included in the agreement, one City Council member from each city included in the agreement, a member of the South Central Minnesota Regional Advisory Committee, a member of the South Central Minnesota Regional Radio System User Committee and a member of the Owners and Operators Committee. The primary function of the joint venture is to provide regional administration of enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System (AFMER), owned and operated by the State of Minnesota, and enhance and improve interoperable public safety communications.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items (Continued)

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations

The South Central Emergency Medical Services (SEMS) provides various emergency medical services to several counties. During the year, the County made no contributions to the SEMS.

The Minnesota River Board promotes orderly water quality improvement and management of the Minnesota River Watershed. During the year, the County paid \$1,175 for 2008 dues. As of February 2009, the County is no longer a member of this organization.

The Greater Blue Earth River Basin Alliance is a joint powers of counties and soil and water districts that combines project and implementation efforts to improve water quality in the Greater Blue Earth River Basin. During the year, the County paid \$2,812 to the Alliance.

The Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative provides computer programming services for the County. During the year, the County purchased \$71,416 of services.

The South Central Regional IMMTRACK (immunization registry) Joint Powers Board promotes the implementation and maintenance of a regional immunization information system to ensure age-appropriate immunizations through complete and accurate records.

D. Agricultural Best Management Loan Program

The County has entered into an agreement with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and a local lending institution to jointly administer a loan program to individuals to implement projects that prevent or mitigate non-point source water pollution. While the County is not liable for the repayment of the loan in any manner, it does have certain responsibilities under the agreement. The County has met those responsibilities for 2008.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items (Continued)

E. Special Benefit Tax Levy

In 1993, the South Central Minnesota Multi-County Housing Authority issued \$20,315,000 of revenue bonds to construct housing units in Watonwan County and four surrounding counties. The Authority has since defaulted on these bonds. In 2000, the counties entered into a settlement agreement where each of the counties will approve a special benefit tax levy on behalf of the Authority from 2001 through 2024 to cover the operating deficits based on each county's proportionate share of housing units constructed. Watonwan County's proportionate share of the operating deficit for 2008 is \$79,875. The proportionate share of the counties may change for years 2009 through 2024 if there are changes in the taxable market value over the 2001 taxable market value; however, the County's share may not increase by the lesser of two percent or the increase over the 2001 taxable market value.





Schedule 1

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
January 1, 2008	\$0	\$483,308	\$483,308	0.0%	\$5,006,800	9.7%

See Note 3.C.1., Other Postemployment Benefits, for more information.

Multi-year trend information is not available at this time, as Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 45 was implemented in 2008.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



Statement 1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	223,355	\$	223,355	\$	223,330	\$	(25)
Intergovernmental		42,675		42,675		42,676		1
Investment earnings								
Total Revenues	\$	266,030	\$	266,030	\$	266,006	\$	(24)
Expenditures								
Debt service								
Principal	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	-
Interest		113,205		113,205		113,205		-
Administrative charges						806		(806)
Total Expenditures	\$	263,205	\$	263,205	\$	264,011	\$	(806)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	2,825	\$	2,825	\$	1,995	\$	(830)
Fund Balance - January 1		258,222		258,222		258,222		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	261,047	\$	261,047	\$	260,217	\$	(830)



OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

<u>County Library</u> - to account for the funds of the County library system. Financing comes primarily from an annual tax levy and intergovernmental revenue from the state government.

<u>Solid Waste</u> - to account for the County recycling programs. Financing is provided by a tax levy, user charges, and state grants.



Statement 2

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Special Revenue Funds						
		County		Solid			
		Library		Waste		Total	
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and pooled investments Taxes receivable	\$	507,299	\$	411,734	\$	919,033	
Prior		9,913		259		10,172	
Special assessments receivable		- ,				,	
Prior		-		15,820		15,820	
Accrued interest receivable		996				996	
Total Assets	\$	518,208	\$	427,813	\$	946,021	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	3,797	\$	18,062	\$	21,859	
Salaries payable		16,716		-		16,716	
Deferred revenue - unavailable		7,702		12,351		20,053	
Total Liabilities	\$	28,215	\$	30,413	\$	58,628	
Fund Balances							
Reserved for donations	\$	152,732	\$	-	\$	152,732	
Unreserved							
Designated for cash flows		286,811		6,875		293,686	
Designated for compensated absences		50,450		-		50,450	
Undesignated				390,525		390,525	
Total Fund Balances	\$	489,993	\$	397,400	\$	887,393	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	518,208	\$	427,813	\$	946,021	

Statement 3

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Special Revenue Funds					
		County Library		Solid Waste	Total	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	417,637	\$	5,883	\$	423,520
Special assessments		-		175,631		175,631
Intergovernmental		107,100		57,671		164,771
Charges for services		4,030		-		4,030
Fines and forfeits		9,479		-		9,479
Gifts and contributions		8,900		-		8,900
Investment earnings		6,200		-		6,200
Miscellaneous		357		10,534		10,891
Total Revenues	\$	553,703	\$	249,719	\$	803,422
Expenditures						
Current						
Sanitation	\$	-	\$	259,017	\$	259,017
Culture and recreation		553,928				553,928
Total Expenditures	\$	553,928	\$	259,017	\$	812,945
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$	(225)	\$	(9,298)	\$	(9,523)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		4,874				4,874
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	4,649	\$	(9,298)	\$	(4,649)
Fund Balances - January 1, as previously reported	\$	487,496	\$	406,698	\$	894,194
Restatement (Note 1.E.)		(2,152)				(2,152)
Fund Balances - January 1, as restated	\$	485,344	\$	406,698	\$	892,042
Fund Balances - December 31	\$	489,993	\$	397,400	\$	887,393

Statement 4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	417,900	\$	417,900	\$ 417,637	\$	(263)
Intergovernmental		111,522		111,522	107,100		(4,422)
Charges for services		4,670		4,670	4,030		(640)
Fines and forfeits		9,000		9,000	9,479		479
Gifts and contributions		-		-	8,900		8,900
Investment earnings		5,000		5,000	6,200		1,200
Miscellaneous		-		-	 357		357
Total Revenues	\$	548,092	\$	548,092	\$ 553,703	\$	5,611
Expenditures							
Current							
Culture and recreation							
County library		570,846		570,846	 553,928		16,918
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	(22,754)	\$	(22,754)	\$ (225)	\$	22,529
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		-			 4,874		4,874
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(22,754)	\$	(22,754)	\$ 4,649	\$	27,403
Fund Balance - January 1, as previously							
reported	\$	487,496	\$	487,496	\$ 487,496	\$	-
Restatement (Note 1.E.)		(2,152)		(2,152)	 (2,152)		
Fund Balance - January 1, as restated	\$	485,344	\$	485,344	\$ 485,344	\$	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	462,590	\$	462,590	\$ 489,993	\$	27,403

Statement 5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOLID WASTE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
		Original	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	10,852	\$	10,852	\$	5,883	\$	(4,969)
Special assessments		169,625		169,625		175,631		6,006
Intergovernmental		57,898		57,898		57,671		(227)
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000		10,534		5,534
Total Revenues	\$	243,375	\$	243,375	\$	249,719	\$	6,344
Expenditures								
Current								
Sanitation								
SCORE		243,865		243,865		259,017		(15,152)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(490)	\$	(490)	\$	(9,298)	\$	(8,808)
Fund Balance - January 1		406,698		406,698		406,698		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	406,208	\$	406,208	\$	397,400	\$	(8,808)

AGENCY FUNDS

<u>Agency</u> - to account for the collection and disbursement of funds for the state or other local governments, including game and fish fees, licenses, fines, police and fire aids, deed taxes, and mortgage registry taxes.

<u>Vision for Family and Community</u> - to account for the funds of a County/multi-school district family service collaborative.

<u>Taxes and Penalties</u> - to account for the collection and disbursement of taxes and penalties.

<u>Cemetery</u> - to account for the investment of funds for Antrim Township Cemetery.



Statement 6

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31	
<u>AGENCY</u>					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 13,933	\$ 2,120,843	\$ 2,122,321	\$ 12,455	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 13,933	\$ 2,120,843	\$ 2,122,321	\$ 12,455	
VISION FOR FAMILY AND COMMUNITY					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 71,645	\$ 131,268	\$ 115,675	\$ 87,238	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 71,645	\$ 131,268	<u>\$ 115,675</u>	\$ 87,238	
TAXES AND PENALTIES					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 102,579	\$ 11,944,030	\$ 11,890,001	\$ 156,608	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 102,579	\$ 11,944,030	\$ 11,890,001	\$ 156,608	

Statement 6 (Continued)

	Balance January 1		Additions Dedu		Deductions	Bal eductions Decen		
<u>CEMETERY</u>								
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments	\$		\$	25,484	\$	1,014	\$	24,470
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	25,484	\$	1,014	\$	24,470
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	188,157	\$	14,221,625	\$	14,129,011	\$	280,771
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	- 188,157	\$	25,484 14,196,141	\$	1,014 14,127,997	\$	24,470 256,301
Total Liabilities	\$	188,157	\$	14,221,625	\$	14,129,011	\$	280,771

Schedule 2

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Shared Revenue State	
Highway users tax	\$ 2,537,005
PERA rate reimbursement	19,906
Disparity reduction aid	5,078
Police aid	48,898
County program aid	823,143
Market value credit	618,712
Enhanced 911	 84,813
Total Shared Revenue	\$ 4,137,555
Reimbursement for Services	
State	
Minnesota Department of Human Services	\$ 448,804
Payments	
Local	
Local contributions	\$ 24,356
Payments in lieu of taxes	 7,045
Total Payments	\$ 31,401
Grants	
State	
Minnesota Department/Board of	
Public Safety	\$ 55,230
Health	64,999
Environmental Assistance	55,000
Natural Resources	1,141
Trial Courts	1,591
Human Services	916,354
Corrections	6,567
Veterans affairs Transportation	4,572 306,099
Water and Soil Resources	82,473
Pollution Control Agency	25,682
Peace Officer Standards and Training Board	2,804
Total State	\$ 1,522,512

<u>Scl</u>	<u>redule</u>	2
(Cor	ntinue	d)

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Grants (Continued)		
Federal		
Department of		
Agriculture	\$	181,815
Transportation		467,708
Health and Human Services		969,723
Homeland Security		2,427
Total Federal	\$	1,621,673
Total State and Federal Grants	\$	3,144,185
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	<u>\$</u>	7,761,945



Schedule 3

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- A. Our report expresses unqualified opinions on the basic financial statements of Watonwan County.
- B. Significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of financial statements of Watonwan County and are reported in the "Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*." None were material weaknesses.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Watonwan County were disclosed during the audit.
- D. No matters involving internal control over compliance relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133."
- E. The Auditor's Report on Compliance for the major federal award programs for Watonwan County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- F. No findings were disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- G. The major programs are:

Highway Planning and Construction	CFDA #20.205
Social Services Block Grant Title XX	CFDA #93.667
Medical Assistance	CFDA #93.778

- H. The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- I. Watonwan County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS NOT RESOLVED

06-1 Preparation of Financial Statements

Watonwan County is required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The preparation of the financial statements is the responsibility of the County's management. Financial statement preparation in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both: (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data (maintaining internal books and records); and (2) preparing and reporting appropriate government-wide and fund financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements.

The County has upgraded its accounting system to accommodate the modified and full accrual bases of accounting in separate ledgers to allow for the preparation of annual financial statements in accordance with GAAP. However, certain accounting services were provided by the Office of the State Auditor in compiling complete financial statements.

We recommend the County continue to work toward internally preparing complete annual financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Client's Response:

County personnel will continue to work at improving preparing financial statements. Training has been provided to utilize the accounting software in preparation of statements, both government-wide and fund. Personnel will continue to add to the statements and related notes provided to the State Auditor.

06-2 <u>Audit Adjustments</u>

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis. One control deficiency that typically is considered significant is identification by the auditor of a material misstatement in the financial statements that was not initially identified by the entity's internal controls. During our audit, we proposed audit adjustments, which were reviewed and approved by the appropriate staff and are reflected in the financial statements. By definition, however, independent external auditors cannot be considered part of the government's internal control.

We recommend the County continue its efforts in reducing the audit entries by establishing review procedures to ensure all postings to the general ledger and supporting schedules are accurate and complete.

Client's Response:

2008 was the first year that County staffing presented fund financial statements. Audit adjustments were inadvertently missed on both revenue recognition and payables. While the number was limited, the amounts were material and lessons were learned as far as what to look for when making adjustments for revenue recognition and matching expenditures.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Transit Department Segregation of Duties and Procedures (05-1)

The County did not have procedures in place to ensure adequate internal controls in the Transit Department.

Resolution

The County has implemented procedures to strengthen internal controls in the Transit Department.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None.





STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Watonwan County

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Watonwan County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Watonwan County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control. We considered the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 06-1 and 06-2 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Watonwan County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Watonwan County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government* contains six categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions. Our study included all of the listed categories.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, Watonwan County complied with the material terms and conditions of applicable legal provisions.

Watonwan County's written responses to the significant deficiency findings identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management, others within the County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 30, 2009





STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of County Commissioners Watonwan County

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Watonwan County with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2008. Watonwan County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Watonwan County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Watonwan County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Watonwan County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by Watonwan County's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Watonwan County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2009. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management, and others within the County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 30, 2009



Schedule 4

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA		
Grant Program Title	Number	Ex	penditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	\$	77,800
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services			
State Administrative Matching Grant for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance	10.561		103,715
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Agriculture			
WIC Farmers Market Nutrition Program (FMNP)	10.572		300
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$	181,815
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	\$	351,902
Public Transportation for Non-Urbanized Areas	20.509		103,108
Passed Through the City of New Ulm			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		12,698
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		\$	467,708
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	93.283	\$	32,835
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558		21,177
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant	93.994		18,512
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		25
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558		133,937
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		210,269
Refugee and Entrance Assistance Grant	93.566		315
Child Care Development Block Grant	93.575		4,045
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658		106,966
Social Services Block Grant Title XX	93.667		91,033
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		25,507
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767		167
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		335,389
Community Mental Health Services Block Grant	93.958		2,329
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$	982,506

Schedule 4 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	E	Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	\$	2,427	
Total Federal Awards		\$	1,634,456	

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

- 1. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of federal award programs expended by Watonwan County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditures on this schedule are on the accrual basis of accounting.
- 3. Due to timing differences in revenue recognition under the modified accrual basis, expenditures on this schedule may not equal federal revenues reported in the financial statements. In 2008, \$6,808 of prior year federal expenditures were recognized as revenues in the financial statements, and \$19,591 of current year federal expenditures were not recognized as revenues because they were not received within the period of availability.
- 4. During the year, the County did not pass any federal money to subrecipients.
- 5. Pass-through grant numbers were not assigned by the pass-through agencies.