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# MINNESOTA WORKERS' COMPENSATION Assigned Risk Plan

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

**December 31, 2006** 

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Plan Administrator and the Commerce Department of the State of Minnesota Minnesota Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited the balance sheet of the Minnesota Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan (the Plan) as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the related statements of operations and comprehensive income, changes in policyholders' surplus, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Plan Administrator. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Minnesota Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

St. Paul, Minnesota July 17, 2007

Olsen Thielen & Co. L td.

## BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

ASSETS		
	2006	2005
INVESTMENTS: Fixed Maturities - At Fair Value Equity Securities - At Fair Value	\$ 253,210,534	\$ 243,210,271
(Cost: 2006 - \$64,692,111; 2005 - \$58,626,599) Short-Term Investments Total Investments	79,346,861 <u>7,822,046</u> 340,379,441	67,831,724 <u>6,518,385</u> 317,560,380
Cash Accrued Interest and Dividends Premiums Receivable Reinsurance Recoverable on Unpaid Losses Reinsurance Recoverable on Paid Losses Deferred Service Carrier Fees Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs Due From Broker for Security Sales Reinsurance Premium Receivable Miscellaneous Assets	1,709,520 2,250,890 12,830,684 388,000,000 9,662,847 4,304,037 1,390,790 6,722 615,367 345,841	$\begin{array}{r} 1,898,361\\ 2,170,744\\ 19,698,461\\ 360,000,000\\ 10,290,156\\ 5,693,239\\ 1,729,313\\ 7,193\\ 5,654\\ 640,751\end{array}$
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 761,496,139</u>	<u>\$ 719,694,252</u>
LIABILITIES AND POLICYHOLDE	RS' SURPLUS	
LIABILITIES: Reserve for Losses Reserve for Loss Adjustment Expenses Unearned Premiums Special Compensation Fund Assessment Payable Servicing Carrier Administration Fee Payable Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Drafts Outstanding Due to Broker for Pending Purchases Commissions and Other Total Liabilities	\$ 651,000,000 28,000,000 32,111,747 5,484,018 2,049,076 26,578 258,908 411,081 322,592 719,664,000	\$ 604,000,000 22,000,000 42,446,167 7,227,240 2,910,883 433,756 169,048 861 701,252 679,889,207
POLICYHOLDERS' SURPLUS: Unassigned Surplus - Terrorism Coverage Unassigned Surplus - All Other Coverages Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Total Policyholders' Surplus	2,291,386 26,909,309 12,631,444 41,832,139	1,900,999 31,168,124 6,735,922 39,805,045
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND POLICYHOLDERS' SURPLUS	<u>\$ 761,496,139</u>	<u>\$ 719,694,252</u>

## STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

REVENUES:	2006	2005
Net Earned Premiums Net Investment Income Net Realized Capital Gains Total Revenues	\$ 75,979,037 13,760,157 <u>3,265,124</u> <u>93,004,318</u>	\$ 94,092,321 11,631,441 4,598,748 110,322,510
LOSSES AND EXPENSES INCURRED: Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses Servicing Carrier Fees Special Compensation Fund Assessments Other Underwriting Expenses Total Losses and Expenses Incurred	77,016,743 10,581,296 2,543,780 <u>6,730,927</u> <u>96,872,746</u>	73,532,621 11,944,034 3,729,361 10,369,287 99,575,303
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(3,868,428)	10,747,207
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS): Change in Unrealized Appreciation of Investments Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	<u> </u>	(8,361,101) (8,361,101)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<u>\$ 2,027,094</u>	<u>\$ 2,386,106</u>

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN POLICYHOLDERS' SURPLUS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

UNASSIGNED SURPLUS:	2006	2005
Beginning Balance Net Income Total Unassigned Surplus	\$ 33,069,123 (3,868,428) 29,200,695	\$22,321,916 10,747,207 33,069,123
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME: Beginning of Year Change in Unrealized Appreciation of Investments End of Year	6,735,922 5,895,522 12,631,444	15,097,023 (8,361,101) 6,735,922
POLICYHOLDERS' SURPLUS	<u>\$ 41,832,139</u>	\$39,805,045

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Premiums Collected, Net of Reinsurance Investment Income Received Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses Paid Special Compensation Fund Assessments Paid Underwriting and Other Expenses Paid Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	2006 \$ 72,512,394 13,395,423 (51,299,574) (4,287,002) (17,546,946) 12,774,295	2005 \$ 92,785,891 11,193,390 (50,901,930) (4,419,984) (23,223,420) 25,433,947
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of Fixed Maturities Purchases of Equity Securities Proceeds From Sales and Paydowns of Fixed Maturities Proceeds From Sales of Equity Securities Due to/Due From Broker for Security Purchases and Sales Net Change in Short-Term Investments Net Cash Used In Investing Activities	(211,007,888) (31,454,677) 200,448,162 29,944,237 410,691 (1,303,661) (12,963,136)	(276,421,527) (27,316,662) 232,192,990 26,727,664 (428,587) 17,469,541 (27,776,581)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(188,841)	(2,342,634)
CASH at Beginning of Year	1,898,361	4,240,995
CASH at End of Year	<u>\$ 1,709,520</u>	<u>\$ 1,898,361</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF PLAN**

The Minnesota Workers' Compensation Assigned Risk Plan (the Plan) is the source of workers' compensation and employers' liability coverage for Minnesota employers who have been unable to obtain an insurance policy through the voluntary market. Coverage provided through the Plan is substantially the same as coverage available from licensed workers' compensation insurance companies.

The Plan was established in 1982 and contracts with servicing contractors who review applications, issue policies, collect premiums, pay claims, and perform other administrative duties for the Plan per contractual requirements. To the extent that the assets of the Plan are inadequate to meet its obligations, the Commissioner of the Minnesota Department of Commerce shall assess all licensed workers' compensation insurance companies doing business in the state of Minnesota an amount sufficient to fully fund the obligations of the Plan. The assessment of each insurer shall be in a proportion equal to the proportion that the amount of workers' compensation insurance written by that insurer in Minnesota during the calendar year preceding the assessment bears to the total workers' compensation insurance written in Minnesota during the same calendar year by all licensed insurers. No assessments were made in either 2006 or 2005. The servicing contractors bear no share of the Plan's liabilities.

Since inception, the Plan has contracted with six servicing contractors to administer the program. These contractors are as follows:

- Berkley Risk Administrators Company, LLC (BRAC);
- RTW, Inc. (RTW);
- Employers Insurance of Wausau, a Mutual Company (EIW);
- Occupational Healthcare Management Services (OHMS);
- Deferred Compensation Administrators, Inc. (DCA); and
- St. Paul Risk Services, Inc. (SPRS).

Policies are allocated to servicing carriers according to each carrier's contractual percentage participation in the program. The percentage participations have varied over time, as outlined in the following chart:

	Percentage Participation					
Policy Inception Period	BRAC	RTW	EIW	OHMS	DCA	SPRS
Inception - 6/30/83	7.0%	-%	30.0%	-%	3.0%	60.0%
7/1/83 - 12/31/86	18.0	_	67.0	_	15.0	_
1/1/87 - 3/31/89	50.0	_	33.0	-	17.0	—
4/1/89 - 3/31/92	65.0	_	35.0	_	_	_
4/1/92 - 3/31/94	50.0	_	50.0	-	_	—
4/1/94 - 3/31/97	50.0	_	25.0	25.0	_	—
4/1/97 - 7/1/00	50.0	_	50.0	_	_	_
7/1/00 - 7/1/04	100.0	_	_	-	_	—
7/1/04 - 12/31/06	75.0	25.0	_	_	—	_

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Plan's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

#### **Risks and Uncertainties**

Certain risks and uncertainties are inherent in the Plan's day-to-day operations and in the process of preparing its financial statements. The more significant of those risks and uncertainties, as well as the Plan's methods for mitigating, quantifying, and minimizing such risks, are presented below and throughout the notes to the financial statements.

#### Financial Statements Risk

The preparation of financial statements requires the Plan Administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported financial statement balances, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The most significant of these amounts is the liability for loss and loss adjustment expense (LAE) reserves. While the Plan Administrator believes the reserve for losses and LAE makes a reasonable provision to cover the ultimate liability, it is reasonably possible that the actual ultimate loss and LAE costs may vary from amounts provided, and the variance could be material to the financial statements.

#### Investments Risk

The Plan is exposed to risks that issuers of securities owned by the Plan will default or that interest rates will change and cause a decrease in the value of its investments. The Plan mitigates these risks by investing in high-grade securities and by matching maturities of its investments with the anticipated payouts of its liabilities.

#### Premiums Receivable Risk

Premiums receivable represent amounts to be received from insureds. Premiums are calculated based upon information provided by the insured. Audits are performed on the information provided after the policy expiration date. These audits may result in an additional premium billing or a premium refund. Any difference between the initial premium and the audit premium is reflected in current operations when the audit premium is billed or premium refund is remitted.

#### Investments

The Plan's entire fixed maturity and equity investment portfolios are classified as available-for-sale as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 115, *Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities.* Accordingly, the Plan carries these investments on the balance sheet at estimated fair value.

Short-term investments include investments maturing within one year and money market instruments and are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Realized gains and losses from sales of investments are reflected in earnings based on the average cost of the investments sold. The difference between the cost and estimated fair value of investments is monitored. If any investments experience a decline in value that the Plan believes is other than temporary, the asset is written down for the decline and a realized loss is reflected in earnings. Changes in unrealized appreciation or depreciation resulting from changes in the fair value of investments are reflected directly in policyholders' surplus as accumulated other comprehensive income.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Deferred Costs and Fees**

Policy acquisition costs, such as commissions and premium taxes which vary with and are primarily related to the production of business, are deferred and amortized over the effective period of the related insurance policies. If deferred policy acquisition costs were to exceed the sum of unearned premiums and related anticipated investment income less related losses and loss adjustment expenses, the excess costs would be expensed immediately.

Service carrier fees, which are primarily related to the production and maintenance of business, are deferred and amortized over the effective period of the related insurance policies.

#### **Unearned Premiums**

Premiums are earned ratably over the terms of the policies. Unearned premiums are calculated on the daily pro-rata method and represent the unexpired portion of premiums written.

#### Losses and LAE

The reserves for losses and LAE represent an estimate of the ultimate net cost of all claims that have occurred and are unpaid. The reserves are based on loss factors determined by independent consulting actuaries, using statistical analyses and projections and the historical loss experience of the Plan, and give effect to estimates of trends in claim severity and frequency. As claim settlements occur that differ from reserves estimates, these differences are included in current operations.

For policies with inception dates prior to April 1, 1992, the servicing contractors were responsible for all allocated and unallocated LAE incurred in the settlement of losses. Allocated loss adjustment expenses (ALAE) include legal fees and related expenses (expert testimony, investigations, etc.), medical examinations, and other costs paid to third parties associated with the defense and settlement of particular claims. Unallocated loss adjustment expenses (ULAE) include that portion of the cost of settling claims that cannot be attributed to a specific claim and are more in the nature of an overhead expense (servicing contractors' claim adjuster salaries, rent, etc.).

For polices with inception dates after April 1, 1992, the Plan is responsible for legal and related expenses incurred in the settlement of losses and, accordingly, a liability for these amounts has been established. All other ALAE and all ULAE continue to be the responsibility of the servicing contractors.

#### Special Compensation Fund Assessments

The Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry currently assesses all insurers writing workers' compensation insurance in Minnesota. The assessment pays for the operation of the Special Compensation Fund (SCF). The SCF pays the cost of administration by the State of Minnesota of the workers' compensation laws; reimburses supplementary benefits paid to claimants; reimburses certain benefits paid to claimants with qualifying, prior registered conditions; and pays claims of injured employees of uninsured employers.

In March 2002, legislation was passed by the Minnesota state legislature and signed into law to change the method of assessing insured employers from a loss-based assessment to a premiumbased assessment. This change was effective beginning in 2003, from which point the obligating event for assessment liability became the writing of, or becoming obligated to write or renew, the premiums on which the future assessments are to be based. According to MN Senate File 3136, the premium-based method of assessment is to be collected through a policyholder surcharge.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Special Compensation Fund Assessments (Continued)**

The special compensation fund assessment payable represents those assessments currently due based on pure premiums and the estimated liabilities for future SCF assessments based on SCF surcharges collected on policies with an effective date on or after January 1, 2003.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Plan is exempt from paying income taxes under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is included in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2005 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 2006 presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on the result of operations and comprehensive income for 2005 or policyholders' surplus at December 31, 2005.

# **NOTE 3 - CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

A reconciliation of cash provided by operating activities to the amount reflected in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

	2006	2005
Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities:		
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (3,868,428)	\$ 10,747,207
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to		
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:		
Net Realized Capital Gains	(3,265,124)	(4,598,748)
Amortization and Accretion	(284,588)	331,491
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
Reserve for Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses	53,000,000	30,000,000
Reinsurance Recoverable on Paid Losses	627,309	(1,369,309)
Reinsurance Recoverable on Unpaid Losses	(28,000,000)	(6,000,000)
Unearned Premiums	(10,334,420)	(8,163,567)
Premiums Receivable	6,867,777	6,857,137
Deferred Service Carrier Fees	1,389,202	2,066,362
Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs	338,523	347,063
Special Compensation Fund Assessment Payable	(1,743,222)	(690,622)
Service Carrier Administration Fee Payable	(861,807)	(1,591,354)
Commissions and Other	(378,660)	(389,909)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	(407,178)	66,103
Drafts Outstanding	89,860	(124,961)
Reinsurance Premiums Payable or Receivable	(609,713)	(686,022)
Accrued Interest And Dividends	(80,146)	(769,542)
Other Assets	294,910	(597,382)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	<u>\$ 12,774,295</u>	\$ 25,433,947

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **NOTE 4 - REINSURANCE**

The Plan is reinsured by the Minnesota Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association (WCRA). There is not, nor has there ever been, any other applicable reinsurance. The following table lists the selected per-occurrence retentions by accident year for the past eleven years:

Accident Year	Loss only Per-Occurrence Retention
1997	\$270,000
1998	280,000
1999	290,000
2000	310,000
2001	330,000
2002	350,000
2003	360,000
2004	360,000
2005	380,000
2006	780,000

A contingent liability exists with respect to reinsurance ceded to the extent that the reinsurer is unable to meet its obligation assumed under the reinsurance agreements.

The effect of ceded reinsurance on premiums written, premiums earned, and losses and LAE is reflected in the following table:

	2006	2005
Premium Written:		
Direct Ceded	\$ 67,623,578 <u>(1,239,488</u> )	\$ 89,426,687 (3,535,163)
Net Premiums Written	<u>\$ 66,384,090</u>	<u>\$85,891,524</u>
Premiums Earned:		
Direct Ceded	\$ 77,218,525 (1,239,488)	\$ 97,627,484 (3,535,163)
Net Premiums Earned	\$75,979,037	<u>\$94,092,321</u>
Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses Incurred:		
Direct Ceded	\$ 89,137,928 (12,121,185)	\$ 92,521,185 _(18,988,564)
Net Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses Incurred	\$77,016,743	<u>\$73,532,621</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **NOTE 5 - INVESTMENTS**

The amortized cost, gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation, and the estimated fair values of investments in fixed maturities are as follows:

	2006			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Appreciation	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. Treasury Securities and Other Obligations Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 126,668,797 128,565,043	\$   258,649 758,959	\$ (1,928,710) (1,112,204)	\$ 124,998,736 128,211,798
Total Fixed Maturities	\$ 255,233,840	\$1,017,608	<u>\$ (3,040,914)</u>	\$ 253,210,534
		20	05	
		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Appreciation	Unrealized Depreciation	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. Treasury Securities and Other Obligations Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 191,398,257 54,281,217	\$ 429,148 	\$ (2,417,034) (756,480)	\$ 189,410,371 53,799,900
Total Fixed Maturities	\$ 245,679,474	<u>\$ 704,311</u>	<u>\$ (3,173,514)</u>	\$ 243,210,271

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investments in fixed maturities at December 31, 2006 by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities will likely differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Due in One Year or Less	\$ 3,749,798	\$ 3,734,397
Due After One Year Through Five Years	46,247,917	45,948,154
Due After Five Years Through Ten Years	42,251,097	41,219,611
Due in More Than Ten Years	34,419,985	34,096,574
Mortgage-Backed Securities	128,565,043	128,211,798
	\$ 255,233,840	\$ 253,210,534

The gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation on equity securities are as follows:

	2006	2005
Unrealized Appreciation Unrealized Depreciation	\$   15,529,608 (874,858)	\$ 10,840,969 (1,635,844)
Net Unrealized Gains on Equity Securities	<u>\$ 14,654,750</u>	<u>\$ 9,205,125</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **NOTE 5 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Net investment income for 2006 and 2005 is summarized as follows (fixed maturities include interest on short-term investments):

	2006	2005
Fixed Maturities	\$ 12,769,543	\$ 10,989,387
Equity Services	1,447,184	1,131,300
Total	14,216,727	12,120,687
Investment Expenses	(456,570)	(489,246)
Net Investment Income	<u>\$ 13,760,157</u>	<u>\$ 11,631,441</u>

Cash proceeds received from sales of investments in fixed maturities during 2006 and 2005 were \$180,882,034 and \$214,091,789, respectively. In 2006 and 2005, gross gains of \$541,114 and \$2,339,091 and gross losses of \$1,831,062 and \$2,363,311, respectively, were realized on those sales.

Gross gains of \$5,322,097 and \$5,511,755 and gross losses of \$767,025 and \$888,786 were realized on sales of equity securities in 2006 and 2005, respectively.

#### NOTE 6 - LIABILITY FOR LOSSES AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES

A reconciliation of beginning and end of year balances in the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses (LAE), net of reinsurance recoverable for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, is as follows:

	2006	2005
Liability for Losses and LAE at Beginning of Year Reinsurance Recoverable on Unpaid Losses - Beginning of Year Net Liability for Losses and LAE at Beginning of Year	\$ 626,000,000 (360,000,000) 266,000,000	\$ 596,000,000 (354,000,000) 242,000,000
Provision for Losses and LAE for Claims Incurred: Current Year Prior Years Total Incurred	50,739,020 26,277,723 77,016,743	47,626,707 25,905,914 73,532,621
Losses and LAE Payments for Claims Incurred: Current Year Prior Years Total Paid	10,954,929 41,061,814 52,016,743	10,078,762 39,453,859 49,532,621
Net Liability for Losses and LAE at End of Year	291,000,000	266,000,000
Reinsurance Recoverable on Unpaid Losses - End of Year	388,000,000	360,000,000
Liability for Losses and LAE at End of Year	\$ 679,000,000	\$ 626,000,000

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 6 - LIABILITY FOR LOSSES AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES (Continued)

As a result of changes in estimates of insured events in prior years, the losses and LAE incurred (net of reinsurance) increased by \$26,277,723 in 2006 and \$25,905,914 in 2005. The increases in 2006 and 2005 of prior years' losses were due primarily to worsening of claim experience incurred from original estimates established and severity of covered claims.

#### **NOTE 7 - CONTINGENCIES**

Since inception, the Plan has contracted with six servicing contractors to provide policy issuance, premium accounting, and claim settlement services in exchange for a service fee based upon standard written premium. Contingent liabilities exist with respect to the performance of the above services to the extent that the servicing carriers are unable to meet their obligations under terms of the general services agreement.

The Plan, through EIW, has purchased annuities to settle certain claims with the claimant as payee but for which the Plan remains contingently liable. The Plan eliminated its loss reserves for these claims at the time the annuities were purchased. A contingent liability exists to the extent that the issuer of the annuity contracts becomes unable to fulfill its contractual obligations. The issuer, Employers Life Insurance Company of Wausau, is an affiliate of EIW. The present value of all annuity contracts still in force at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was approximately \$3.7 million and \$3.9 million, respectively.

At present, the Plan is not engaged in any litigation known to the Plan that will have a material adverse effect on its business. As is common with other insurance providers, the Plan is regularly engaged in the defense of claims arising out of the conduct of the insurance business.

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Comprehensive income (loss) is defined as any change in policyholders' surplus originating from non-owner transactions. The Plan had identified those changes as being comprised of net income and change in unrealized appreciation on securities. The components of comprehensive income, other than net income, are as follows:

	2006	2005
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) Arising During the Period	\$ 9,160,646	\$ (3,762,353)
Less Reclassification Adjustment for Realized Capital Gains Included in Net Income or Loss	(3,265,124)	(4,598,748)
Total Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	<u>\$ 5,895,522</u>	<u>\$ (8,361,101)</u>

#### **NOTE 9 - POLICYHOLDERS' SURPLUS**

In 2002, a Minnesota law was enacted that required the Plan to transfer its "excess surplus" (as defined in statute) to the general fund of the state of Minnesota. Based on the criteria for "excess surplus", there are no available funds for transfer to the general fund at December 31, 2006.