

# COMMISSIONER:

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Status of K-12 World Language Education in Minnesota

February 2008

Report To the Legislature

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Upon request, this report can be made available in alternative formats.

As required by Minn. Laws 2007 Regular Session Chapter 146 Article 2 Section 43

### ESTIMATED COST OF PREPARING THIS REPORT

This report provides information, which is maintained and published as Minnesota Rules by the Office of Revisor of Statutes as a part of its normal business functions. Therefore, the cost information reported below does not include the cost of gathering the data but rather is limited to the estimated cost of actually analyzing the data, determining recommendations, and preparing this report document.

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This report will be available to the public on the Minnesota Department of Education website: <a href="http://education.state.mn.us">http://education.state.mn.us</a>

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# STATUS OF K-12 WORLD LANGUAGE EDUCATION IN MINNESOTA 2008

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# PURPOSE AND EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

National, state, and local educational conversations are all clinging to the phrase "preparing students for the 21<sup>st</sup> century." The ability to communicate with others and to interact with cultural sensitivity are keys for every student's future. The purpose of this legislative report, the first of five annual reports, is to present a picture of the current status of K-12 world language education in Minnesota. We need to know our current reality in order to plan and prepare for the future. What languages are being taught? How many levels? Which grades are involved? Who are the teachers? Do we have enough language teachers? World languages are no longer an "extra elective." How can we teach to reach all kinds of learners? What is our collective vision for Minnesota's students? What innovations will take us past obstacles to realize that vision?

The Minnesota Education Act of 2007 required the Minnesota Department of Education to conduct a survey of all school districts and charter schools in preparation of this report on the status of K-12 world language education in the state.

The survey results indicate that:

- Minnesota is teaching a variety of less commonly taught languages as well as traditional languages.
- More opportunity to study languages exists in the grades 9-12 and in urban/suburban areas.
- 22% of Minnesota districts offer an opportunity to begin language learning in grades K-3.
- A wide range of program models exists for K-8 language instruction: exploratory, sequential elementary instruction, immersion and secondary coursework.
- 38% of Minnesota districts offer language learning in grades 4-8.
- About half of the 262 responding districts indicated that they would like to extend world language study to the middle and/or elementary grades.
- Greater Minnesota faces challenges to offer extended programs in small schools and in attracting highly qualified teachers to their areas.
- Urban school populations do not elect world language study to the same extent as rural and suburban school populations.
- Comparing 2000-01 to 2006-07, French and German programs have lost enrollment despite the fact that overall there is a rise in both the total student population and world language teaching positions in the same time frame.
- Technology integration, strategies for teaching all learners, curriculum development and assessment top the list of professional development needs.
- Minnesota faces several challenges for offering more equitable language learning opportunities to all kinds of students in all parts of the state.
- School districts agree, "World language study is a critical component to prepare students for the 21<sup>st</sup> century."

#### A Report on the STATUS OF K-12 WORLD LANGUAGE EDUCATION IN MINNESOTA 2008

## **Overview of Study**

#### A. Legislative Requirement

In compliance with Minnesota Education Act 2007, Chapter 146, Article 2, Subdivision 43, the Minnesota Department of Education contacted all public school districts and charter schools in January 2008 in an attempt to determine the status of world language education across the state.

# Minnesota Education Act 2007, Chapter 146, Article 2, Subdivision 43, states:

[The World Language Coordinator] shall...survey Minnesota charter schools and school districts to (i) determine the types of existing world languages programs including, among others, those that use information technology to provide highquality world language instruction, (ii) identify exemplary model world language programs, and (iii) identify and address staff development needs of current world languages teachers, pre-service teachers, and teacher preparation programs.

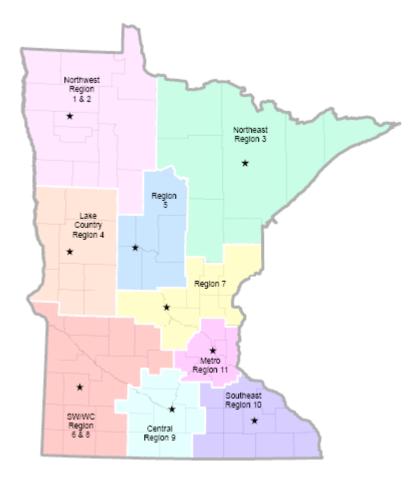
#### B. The K-12 World Language Survey 2008

The survey asked districts to supply information on the languages, levels and/or program models for world language programs in grades K-3, 4-8 and 9-12. It also gathered information on how programs are staffed, instructional delivery systems, details about the student populations who elect language study, recent enrollment trends, professional development needs and views on the future role of world languages in the district and statewide curriculums. A copy of the district survey instrument is available in Appendix A.

#### C. Data Collection

All Minnesota school districts and charter schools were electronically sent the K-12 World Language Survey in January 2008. Of the 520 survey invitations, 262 were returned, a response rate of 50%. Each service cooperative region is represented in the respondent group. See Appendix B for a list of participating school districts and charter schools from each region.

Region Number	Location	Number of Respondents
1 and 2	Northwest	25
3	Northeast	19
4	Lake Country	21
5	Central	18
6 and 8	Southwest and West Central	31
7	East Central	37
9	South Central	18
10	Southeast	27
11	Metro	59
	Anonymous responders	7



The following chart shows the distribution of types of communities in the total respondent group.

Demographics of the Respondent Group		
Which descriptor best fits your school district?	Percentage	Response Count
Urban	8.4%	22
Suburban	19.4%	51
Rural	69.1%	181
Skipped question	3.1%	8
Total	100%	262

## D. Study Limitations

The survey tool can help to begin the process of identifying model programs but cannot be the sole tool for selection. Model programs have defined extensions of time and intensity so that learners can acquire language skills and progress in their development. The survey can identify programs where these criteria are met. However, further investigation needs to take place before a program is labeled as a model for others to follow. Student achievement, teaching practices and curriculum that exemplify the *National Standards for Foreign Language Learning* are some of the factors that will take closer study before model programs are identified.

The Minnesota Legislature requires surveys of public school districts to gain information about the status of world language education. Consequently, much of this report includes perceptions of Minnesota superintendents or administrative designees and data reported by districts to the Minnesota Department of Education.

The collection of data about immersion program teachers and students will be more accurate in the future with refinements in the Staff Automated Reporting System (STAR), the system school districts use to report annual data to the Department of Education. Currently, immersion teachers are reported according to the content assignment without reference to the immersion environment, making the data difficult to track on a statewide level.

#### Section A: World Languages in Grades K-3

Of the 262 responding districts, 54 (22%) reported some type of world language programming in grades K-3. This also means that 78% of Minnesota's children do not have any opportunity to begin language learning in the early grades. Table 1 outlines the number of programs reported by language and by program model.

Spanish is the predominant language choice, followed by Chinese, French, and Ojibwe. Fullyear FLES (Foreign Language in Elementary School) is the predominant model followed by fullyear exploratory and total immersion.

Exploratory and FLES models are selected by districts wanting to offer a language experience for all of their students. Exploratory programs do exactly what their name implies; introduce the student to the world of other languages and cultures. FLES programs are more intense allowing students to develop language skills. Often a FLES program reinforces the content from other subjects at the same grade level. For example, music, geography, science, math or art concepts are taught in the language being studied. The class time spent serves dual purposes. The content of the language lesson dovetails the core curriculum while acquiring new language skills at the same time.

Minnesota has seen an extraordinary growth in immersion. As parents and school policymakers become more aware of the benefits of early language learning, the student success in these programs and the cost effectiveness of the immersion model, more districts are providing this opportunity.

When asked what districts would like to do to enhance their current world language programs, 46% of the respondents said they would like to extend world languages into the elementary grades and 20% would like to add or increase immersion settings.

#### Section B: World Languages in Grades 4-8

Of the 262 responding districts, 94 (38%) reported some type of world language programming in grades 4-8. Spanish is the predominant language choice followed by French, German, Chinese, American Sign, Japanese, Arabic, Ojibwe and Latin. Survey data for grades 4-8 is found in Table 2.

Programs represent a wide range of program models. It is common for programs that began as total immersion in grades K-3 to continue with total immersion or blend into a partial immersion model. The exploratory philosophy of middle years schooling explains a predominance of FLES, exploratory and introductory sampling courses. Some districts elect to make use of the middle years to begin a more solid world language program that articulates into the high school course sequence. Students are able to complete a full or partial level one language course before they begin grade 9.

When asked what districts would like to do to enhance their current world language programs, 57% of the survey respondents said that they would like to extend the number of years that language can be studied to the middle years. Of the 262 participating districts, only 38% said that they offered world language in grades 4-8. This means that in 62% of Minnesota districts, students do not get the opportunity to *begin* language study until high school. Starting earlier means that more students will have the potential of completing advanced language coursework at the end of their high school career. An earlier start results in a stronger finish.

## Section C: World Languages in Grades 9-12

Minnesota school districts are required to offer the chance for students to take at least two years of a single world language. Of the 262 survey respondents, 219 reported Spanish programs, followed by German (94), French (83), American Sign Language (43), Chinese (35), Japanese (13), Ojibwe (9), Latin (8), Arabic (3), Hebrew (1) and others not listed (12). Table 3 shows the number of language programs reported for each level of secondary instruction. Levels 1 - 5 (and sometimes above) are offered throughout Minnesota's high schools. Schools offer the language course sequence(s) that can be supported by student enrollment, staffing, scheduling parameters and district finance. Discussion on the shift in language populations is found in Section E, Recent Enrollment Trends.

## Section D: Equitable Access and Opportunity for All Students

Looking at statewide averages can mask hidden issues. Table 4 compares the survey data separated out by the type of community: urban, suburban and rural. There are several notable differences that warrant further discussion.

Schools in greater Minnesota face unique challenges in offering equitable opportunity to study world languages. Smaller student populations, smaller overall district budgets, and remote location are some of the contributing factors. Attracting and retaining highly qualified teachers to a small district that may not be able to offer a full-time position is another hurdle. Sharing teachers among districts and making use of interactive television are two ways that these districts are making world language study possible. Still, survey results show that rural schools offer far fewer opportunities to start language learning in elementary or middle years, or to take advanced level coursework. Generally, a learner needs to study a language for four years or more to attain communicative competency in a language. See Table 4 for the comparative survey data provided from urban, suburban and rural districts. Sixty-nine percent of the responding rural districts reported that fewer than 10% of their graduating seniors completed four years or more of a language. Rural schools with smaller student populations find it a challenge to get sufficient student enrollment for offering these courses.

Urban districts as well have their unique challenges. Urban school populations do not elect world language study to the same extent as rural and suburban school populations. Table 4 shows this comparative data. Seventy-five percent of the responding urban districts reported that fewer than 10% of their graduating seniors completed four years or more of a language. Urban schools with larger student populations find it a challenge to get sufficient student enrollment as fewer students are electing language courses.

When asked if world language study is a critical component to prepare students for the 21<sup>st</sup> century, survey participants overwhelmingly said "yes" (91%). There was little difference in responses to this question among the geographic areas: urban (100%), suburban (98%) and rural (88%). If world language and cultural study are critical to every student's future, then we have several challenges before us to meet the needs of every learner in every part of the state.

#### Section E: Recent Enrollment Trends

Table 5 shows a comparison of teacher and pupil data between the academic years 2000-01 and 2006-07. Total student enrollment and the number of full-time teaching positions have risen. There were 15,644 *more* Minnesota students studying languages in 2006-07 and 46.03 *more* FTE (full-time equivalent) teachers that same year.

At the same time, not all languages rose or fell equally. Spanish grew by 19%. Several less commonly taught languages also grew: Chinese (164%), Japanese (76%), Latin (65%), and Ojibwe (272%). Some languages experienced a decrease in student enrollment. French and

German, long-time traditional courses in Minnesota schools, decreased by 19% and 18% respectively. Russian, listed by the US Government as one of the "critically needed" languages, decreased by 78%.

#### Section F: Teachers and Professional Development

Survey data showing the numerous licensure backgrounds of K-12 world language teachers is shown in Table 6. It is more common for teachers of K-3 students to be credentialed outside of the field of world languages. Often a licensed classroom teacher delivers language instruction along with other subject areas.

The ranking and response counts of the top 10 professional development topics are found in Table 7. The professional development needs reported in the survey reflect the changing dynamics of world language education. It is not surprising to see *technology integration* as the number one answer. Not only is technology an efficient teaching tool, it can make real-world global communication possible in ways never conceived just a few years ago. World language educators are striving to reach a broader base of student population than recent common practice. All of this requires a continuous retooling of our current methods and practices. Curriculum development, assessments, and teaching strategies can assist teachers in creating multiple pathways for students to succeed in developing proficiency in a new language. As standards for students have risen, so have the standards for teachers. World language teachers need to attain and maintain a high level of language proficiency and continuously work on the depth and breadth of cultural knowledge connected to the speakers of world languages.

#### G. Vision for the Future of World Languages in Minnesota

Education decision-makers look to the future and predict what type of learning experiences will best benefit today's K-12 students decades from now. They do know that students will be living and working in a world even more globally connected than our world today. Again, survey respondents overwhelmingly agreed (91%) that world language study is a critical component to prepare students for the 21<sup>st</sup> century. Yet, when asked if world languages should be a requirement, only 51% gave an affirmative answer. Several survey participations added comments about their fears of being able to finance a program, find a teacher and develop a curriculum where all students can find a level of success. These then become our challenges in achieving a vision where all Minnesota students are provided an equal opportunity to the education they need to thrive in the future.

## Recommendations

The 2007 Minnesota Legislature addressed several world-language related items.

- Legislation in 2007 established and provided funding for five world language pilot program grants for school districts intending to develop a new world languages program or expand an existing one. The Department of Education received 25 applications for the 5 grants. There have been numerous requests from schools districts inquiring about assistance to enhance their programming. It is recommended that the legislature continue and expand on the pilot world language grant program.
- The legislative report, Chinese Language Programs and Curriculum Development Project, provided a K-12 Chinese curriculum model and resource handbook.
- The Chinese legislative report also outlined several recommendations for world languages in general. These recommendations are found on pages 86-96 of that report.
- Legislation established a full-time World Language Coordinator at the Department of Education and outlined the duties related to the position.
- A high school world language graduation requirement was proposed. A legislative report on that topic will be submitted by February 15, 2008.
- Another legislative report will outline the standards and process for awarding bilingual and multilingual certificates to K-12 students who demonstrate and maintain a requisite level of proficiency in multiple languages. This will also be submitted by February 15, 2008.

#### Introduction

MINNESOTA K-12 WORLD LANGUAGE SURVEY 2008

The Minnesota Education Act of 2007, Section 42 directs the Department of Education to present a Legislative Report on the state of world language education in Minnesota. The data and survey responses will be used for this purpose. A prompt response is greatly appreciated.

The report will be published online on the Minnesota Department of Education's Website: www.education.state.mn.us in February 2008. Follow-up annual Legislative Reports will be done from 2008-2012. The report will present a comprehensive and concise picture of the study of languages other than English in Minnesota's K-12 schools: current status, visions, challenges and recommendations. Educational leadership and policymakers need your district's information and viewpoints to inform their decision-making about preparing our students for the 21st century.

Please complete this survey or designate the task to the person who best understands your district's world language programs (eg. Curriculum Director, World Language Chair).

Response deadline: Tuesday, January 15, 2008.

Estimated time: 15 minutes.

Thank you for your cooperation in the collection of this data.

MINNESOTA K-12 The Minnesota Ed

Report on the stat this purpose. A pr

Minnesota K

The report will be www.education.st The report will pre Minnesota's K-12 policymakers need students for the 2

Please complete ti language program

Response deadline

Estimated time: 1

Thank you for you

Direct questions b Janice Holter Kitto World Language C Minnesota Departr Janice.h.kittok@st Direct questions to: Janice Holter Kittok World Language Coordinator Minnesota Department of Education janice.h.kittok@state.mn.us

#### Survey Instructions

- -Click NEXT to continue to the next section of the survey.
- -Click PREVIOUS to return to the previous page.
- -Click DONE when you are finished with the survey.

#### Notes

- -The survey tool is designed so that it must be completed on the same computer where the survey response was started.
- -You can stop the survey and continue at a later time if you are using the same computer.
- -Prior to the January 15 deadline, you can re-enter the survey to modify an answer. Again, use the same computer.

#### Minnesota K-

#### Survey Instructi

-Click NEXT to co -Click PREVIOUS -Click DONE when

#### Notes

-The survey tool i was started, -You can stop the -Prior to the Janu computer.

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	School District Demographics
innesota K- chool District D 1. Enter the cont First Name Last Name Position Email address Phone 2. Enter informa District Number District Number District Number District Name 3. In which region Region 1 & 2 Region 3 1 & 2 Region 4 + Lak Region 5 + Not Region 6 and 4. Which descrip Urban	School District Demographics         I. nter the contact information for the person completing this report.         First Name         Last Name         Popion         Brail address         Phone         Other Information about the school district.         District Number         District Name         Pione         Other Information about the school district.         District Name         Other Information about the school district.         District Name         Other Information about the school district.         District Name         Other Type (ducation.state.mn.us/mdeprod/groups/InformationTech/documents/Maps/032992.pdf         Region 1 % 2 Northwest MN         Region 3 % Northeast MN         Region 6 and 8: Southwest MN         Other Secontry West Central MN         Region 10: Southeast MN         Region 6 and 8: Southwest MN         Other Secontry Model
Urban	

Minnesota K-12 World La		
Your District's World Language F	Programs 2007-08	
Grades K-3		
	ing the regular school day in grades K-3?	
○ Yes	O No	

Mi

Gra

	Minnesota K-12 W	orld Languages 2008			
	World Languages in Grades K-3				
	1. SCHEDULING: Is world language a part of every student's required curriculum in grades K-3?				
	Licensed K-12 world la Licensed elementary cl language endorsement	nguage teacher Te assroom teacher with world In	grades K-3? (Check all that apply) eacher under community expert permission struction primarily delivered via distance learning struction primarily delivered via media-based ulum		
	3. PROGRAM MODELS: Which most closely describes your district's language program(s)? Select options to describe the model for each world language offered in grades K-3. If more than one model is used, up to two models can be reported for each language.				
Minnesota K- World Language 1. SCHEDULING: O Yes	• DUAL IMMERSION (Wh • PARTIAL IMMERSION ( • FLES – Foreign Language sessions per week totali • EXPLORATORY (One language) program, commonly reference	nole day in the target language) ole day in one of two designated t 50% or less of the day in the targe ge in the Elementary School (One ng at least 90 minutes) nguage taught less than the requi	et language) language taught for a minimum of 3 class ired minimum frequency and time of a FLES		
2. TEACHERS: W Licensed K-12 Licensed elem language endorser Licensed elem	American Sign Language	K-3 Program Models	K-3 Program Models		
language endorser Teacher on a	Arabic Chinese				
3. PROGRAM MO options to descri used, up to two i	French German				
PROGRAM MODEI	Hebrew	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>		
• TOTAL IMMERS     • DUAL IMMERSI     • PARTIAL IMME	Japanese Latin		<b>▼</b>		
•FLES - Foreign sessions per wei •EXPLORATORY	Ojibwe Spanish				
<ul> <li>INTRODUCTOR'</li> </ul>	Other	T	T		
American Sign Language					
Arabic Chinese French German					
Hebrew Japanese Latin Ojibwe Spanish	* *				
Other					

Your District's World Language Program(s) 2007-08

Grades 4-8

#### 1. Are world languages offered during the regular school day in grades 4-8?

Yes No

Minnesota K-Your District's W

Grades 4-8

1. Are world land Yes No

	Minnesota K-12 Wo	orld Languages 2008		
	World Languages in Grades 4-8			
	1. SCHEDULING: Is world Yes	language a part of every student's	required curriculum in grades 4-8?	
	Licensed K-12 world land Licensed 7-12 world land Licensed elementary class language endorsement	guage teacher Teach ssroom teacher with world Instru	ner on a variance ner under community expert permission uction primarily delivered via distance learning uction primarily delivered via media-based	
	options to describe the me		trict's language program(s)? Select ed in grades 4-8. If more than one model is	
	PROGRAM MODEL DEFINIT	IONS		
Minnesota K World Language 1. SCHEDULING Yes 2. TEACHERS: W Licensed K-1 Licensed 7-1	• DUAL IMMERSION (Who • PARTIAL IMMERSION (5 • FLES – Foreign Language sessions per week totaling • EXPLORATORY (One lang program, commonly refer • INTRODUCTORY SAMPLI • SECONDARY COURSE (EC • PARTIAL SECONDARY COURSE)	g at least 90 minutes) guage taught less than the required red to as FLEX) NG (Minimal introductory sampling guivalent to a complete course at the DURSE (Partial completion of a cour	anguage) nguage taught for a minimum of 3 class I minimum frequency and time of a FLES of one or more languages) he high school level) se that is continued in high school)	
Licensed elen language endorse		Program Models Grades 4-8	Program Models Grades 4-8	
Licensed eler language endorse				
3. PROGRAM MO				
options to descr used, up to two	Chinese			
PROGRAM MODE				
• TOTAL IMMER	German			
OUAL IMMERS     PARTIAL IMME	Hebrew			
•FLES - Foreigr	hatin			
•EXPLORATOR				
<ul> <li>program, comm</li> <li>INTRODUCTOR</li> </ul>				
SECONDARY C     PARTIAL SECO	opanish I			
American Sign Language Arabic Chinese French				
German				
Hebrew				
Japanese Latin				
Ojibwe				
Spanish				
Other	<b></b>			

Your District's World Language Program(s) 2007-08

World Languages in Grades 9-12

1. Are world languages offered during the regular school day in grades 9-12?

O Yes

O No



Your District's V World Languages

1. Are world land

	Minnesota K-12	World Lan	auaae 20	08		
	Minnesota K-12 World Languages 2008					
	World Languages in Grades 9-12					
	1. Is world language a part of every student's required curriculum at some time during grades 9-12?         Yes					
	2. Who teaches you	r language progra	m(s) in grades 9	)-12? (Check all t	hat apply)	
		rld language teache				
		rld language teache	er			
	Teacher on a vari	ance nmunity expert peri	mission			
	Instruction primar	ily delivered via dis ly delivered via me	tance learning	ım		
	3. Does your district	share licensed w	orld language pe	ersonnel with and	ther district?	
	⊖ Yes		C	) No		
	4. Which languages	and levels are off	ered in grades 9	-12? Check each	course that is of	fered.
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5+
	American Sign Language					
Minnesota K-	Arabic					
World Language	Chinese					
	French					
1. Is world lang	German					
2. Who teaches	Hebrew					
Licensed K-1	Japanese					
Licensed 7-1 Teacher on a						
Teacher unde	Olibwe					
Instruction pr						
3. Does your dis						
O Yes						
4. Which langua	5. What size was your 2007 senior graduating class?       O Under 100					
American Class	100-199		~	400-499		
American Sign Language	200-299		5	Over 500		
Arabic	6. What percentage	of the 2007 senio	r graduating cla	ss completed 2 y	ears or more of I	nigh school
Chinese	world language cred	lit?				
French German	Under 10%		2	51% - 75%		
Hebrew			>	) 76% - 100% ) Data not availab	lo	
Japanese						
Latin	7. What percentage of the 2007 senior graduating class completed 4 years or more of high school world language credit?					
Ojibwe Spanish	O Under 10%		C	) 51% - 75%		
Other	0 10% - 25%		5	76% - 100%		
5. What size wa	26% - 50%		C	) Data not availab	le	
Q Under 100						
200-299		Over 500				
6. What percent world language	tage of the 2007 senior graduat credit?	ng class completed 2	years or more of hig	h school		
O Under 10%		Q 51% - 75%				
0 10% - 25%		76% - 100% Data not availa	ble			
U	age of the 2007 senior graduat	U U		h school		
world language	7. What percentage of the 2007 senior graduating class completed 4 years or more of high school world language credit?					
Under 10%		51% - 75% 76% - 100%	23			
26% - 50%		Data not availa	sble			

8. Does your district offer world language courses where students can potentially earn college credit? (Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, College in the Schools, etc.)

O Yes

🔿 No

#### Minnesota K-

8. Does your dist (Advanced Place Yes

#### World Language Program Planning in Your District

#### Trends and Decision-making

#### 1. Do all students in your district have the opportunity to elect world language study?

Yes, world language is required for all students.

- Yes, world language is an elective open to all students.
- No, some students do not have the option of studying a language. List these subgroups.

List groups who cannot opt to study languages

2. How closely does the enrollment in your world language program(s) reflect the makeup of your total student population? Do all subgroups of your student population equally access world language study opportunities? (Check all that apply)

- Yes, all subgroups present in our student population equally access world language program(s)
  - No, our Asian and Pacific Islander population does not equally access world language study
- No, our Black population does not equally access world language study
- No, our Hispanic population does not equally access world language study
  - No, our American Indian population does not equally access world language study
- No, our White population does not equally access world language study
- No, our Free or Reduced Lunch population does not equally access world language study
  - No, our IEP (Special Education) population does not equally access world language study
- No, our LEP (Limited English Proficiency) population does not equally access world language study

#### 3. Does your district offer courses specifically designed for heritage language learners to study their native language? (Heritage learners – Native speakers of a language other than English) 1. Do all student

( ) No

<ul> <li>Yes (List languages below)</li> </ul>	
Languages	

#### 4. How is world language instruction delivered in your district? (Check all that apply)

- A. Teacher in the classroom
- B. Interactive TV
- C. Online with a non-language teacher in the classroom
- D. Web or media-based curriculum in place of an instructor
- If you selected B-D, which course(s) use these delivery systems?

#### 5. How has world language enrollment changed or not changed since 2000?

- ) Increased greatly in relation to the district's overall demographics
- Increased somewhat in relation to the district's overall demographics
- Decreased somewhat in relation to the district's overall demographics
- Decreased greatly in relation to the district's overall demographics
  - No significant changes in relation to the district's overall demographics Data not available

6. Have any world language program offerings been reduced or eliminated since 2000?

No (Skip the next question)

5. How has world language enrollment changed or not changed since 2000?

Increased greatly in relation to the district's overall demographics

( ) Yes

- Increased somewhat in relation to the district's overall demographics
- Decreased somewhat in relation to the district's overall demographics Decreased greatly in relation to the district's overall demographics
- No significant changes in relation to the district's overall demographics
- Data not available

#### 6. Have any world language program offerings been reduced or eliminated since 2098?

() Yes

Minnesota K

World Language

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() Yes, world lan

2. How closely d

student populati

opportunities? (

Yes, all subgr

No. our Asian No, our Black

No, our Hispa No, our Amer No, our White

No, our Free No, our IEP (

No, our LEP (I

3. Does your dis native language

Yes (List lang)

4. How is world

A. Teacher in B. Interactive C. Online with D. Web or me If you selected B-

Languages

Yes, world lar 🔵 No, some stu List groups who c

() No (Skip the next question)

M	innesota K-12 World	Languages 2008		
		and primary reason for reduction/e	limination.	
		Level	Reason	
	American Sign Language	<b></b>		
	Arabic	<b></b>		
	Chinese			
	French			
	German			
	Hebrew			
	Japanese			
	Latin			
	Ojibwe			
	Spanish			
	Other			
	8. Have any world language pr	ogram offerings been added or exte	nded since 2000? e next question)	
Minnesota K-	9. If yes, what was added? (Cl	neck all that apply)		
7. If yes, list lan		sequence to the middle school level (G	Grades 5-8)	
Annual State	Extended a previously offered	sequence to the elementary level (Gra	des K-4)	
American Sign Language		d sequence to a more advanced high sc	hool level	
Arabic	An additional language			
Chinese	List added languages			
French				
German Hebrew	0	n enhancing its current world langua	age program(s)?	
Japanese	<ul> <li>Yes (Please give details in th</li> </ul>	e next question) 🕖 No		
Latin	11. If yes, what would your di	strict like to do? (Check all that apply	/)	
Ojibwe	Expand the number of languages offered			
Spanish	Add or increase immersion se		and and the standards	
Other		hat languages can be studied to middle: that languages can be studied to eleme:		
8. Have any wor		that languages can be studied for more		
O Yes	school level			
9. If yes, what v Extended a p		re students have the potential of earnin	g college credit (AP, IB, College in the	
Extended a pi	Schools, etc.) Other			
Extended a p An additional	Comment			
List added langua	Comment			
10. Is your distr				
Yes (Please g				
11. If yes, what				
Add or increa:				
Extend the nu				
	er of years that languages can be studied to er of years that languages can be studied fo	elementary students or more advanced levels of study at the high		
school level				
Add or increase c Schools, etc.)	ourses where students have the potential o	f earning college credit (AP, IB, College in the		
Other				
Comment				

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## **Planning for World Languages in Minnesota**

#### 1. What areas of professional development are needed by your district's world language teachers? (Check all that apply) World Language Standards Curriculum development and curriculum writing Developing language proficiency assessment Developing classroom-based assessments Update knowledge of second language acquisition Methods and strategies for teaching all learners Classroom behavior management Opportunities to maintain or improve target language proficiency Opportunities to broaden knowledge of target cultures Integrating technology into world language instruction Licensure for less commonly taught languages Other Other (please specify) 2. In your opinion, is world language study a critical component to prepare students for the 21st century?

#### Minnesota K-

Planning for

And the second second second	O Yes
anning for Wo	2. In your eminion, should would be sure to be a Minnesster bight school and ustion requirement?
1. What areas of	3. In your opinion, should world language be a Minnesota high school graduation requirement?
(Check all that a	Yes No
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2. In your opinio	
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○ Yes	
3. In your opinio	
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○ Yes	
Comment	

#### Planning for World Languages in Minnesota

# 1. What areas of professional development are needed by your district's world language teachers? (Check all that apply) World Language Standards Curriculum development and curriculum writing Developing language proficiency assessment Developing classroom-based assessments Update knowledge of second language acquisition Methods and strategies for teaching all learners Classroom behavior management Opportunities to maintain or improve target language proficiency Opportunities to broaden knowledge of target cultures Integrating technology into world language instruction Licensure for less commonly taught languages Other Other (please specify)

# 2. In your opinion, is world language study a critical component to prepare students for the 21st century?

3. In your opinion, should world language be a Minnesota high school graduation requirement?

() No

() No

#### Minnesota K-Planning for Wo

Yes

() Yes

Comment

1.14	/hat areas o						
	eck all that a						
	World Langua						
	Curriculum de						
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( )	() Yes						

Comment

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#### Thank you

Thank you for completing this survey. This information will help Minnesota better plan for world language instruction. The legislative report will be published on the Minnesota Department of Education Website in February 2008.

Direct questions to Janice Holter Kittok at janice.h.kittok@state.mn.us

#### Minnesota K-

Thank you

Thank you for con instruction. The le February 2008.

Direct questions t

#### APPENDIX B Respondents: K-12 World Language Survey 2008 School Districts and Charter Schools by Region

#### Region 1 and 2

31 Bemidji Public School District 36 Kelliher Public School District 38 Red Lake Public School District 306 Laporte Public School District 308 Nevis Public School District 356 Lancaster Public School District 363 South Koochiching School District 390 Lake Of The Woods School District 432 Mahnomen Public School District 435 Waubun Public School District 564 Thief River Falls School District 593 Crookston Public School District 600 Fisher Public School District 627 Oklee Public School District 630 Red Lake Falls Public School District 676 Badger Public School District 682 Roseau Public School District 2171 Kittson Central School District 2215 Norman County East School District 2358 Tri-County School District 2609 Win-E-Mac School District 2683 Greenbush-Middle River School District 928 Region 1 & 2-Northwest Svc. Coop

#### **Region 3**

1 Aitkin Public School District 99 Esko Public School District 100 Wrenshall Public School District 166 Cook County Public Schools 318 Grand Rapids Public School District 319 Nashwauk-Keewatin School District 361 International Falls School District 381 Lake Superior Public School District 696 Ely Public School District 698 Floodwood Public School District 701 Hibbing Public School District 704 Proctor Public School District 706 Virginia Public School District 2142 St. Louis County School District 2154 Eveleth-Gilbert School District 4020 Duluth Public Schools Academy 4084 North Shore Community School 4085 Harbor City International Charter

#### **Region 4**

22 Detroit Lakes Public School District 23 Frazee-Vergas Public School District 146 Barnesville Public School District 150 Hawley Public School District 213 Osakis Public School District 261 Ashby Public School District 264 Herman-Norcross School District 542 Battle Lake Public School District 544 Fergus Falls Public School District 545 Henning Public School District 547 Parkers Prairie Public School District 548 Pelican Rapids Public School District 549 Perham Public School District 550 Underwood Public School District 553 New York Mills Public School District 611 Cyrus Public School District 768 Hancock Public School District 769 Morris Public School District 771 Chokio-Alberta Public School District 801 Browns Valley Public School District 803 Wheaton Area Public School District 846 Breckenridge Public School District 850 Rothsay Public School District 852 Campbell-Tintah Public School District 914 Ulen-Hitterdal Public School District 2149 Minnewaska School District 2164 Dilworth-Glyndon-Felton 2342 West Central Area 2889 Lake Park Audubon School District 4045 Lakes Area Charter School 6014 Runestone Area Ed. District 6016 Pomme De Terre Ed. District 926 Region 4-Lakes Country Service Coop

#### **Region 5**

**118 Northland Community Schools** 181 Brainerd Public School District 186 Pequot Lakes Public Schools 485 Royalton Public School District 487 Upsala Public School District 786 Bertha-Hewitt Public School District 787 Browerville Public School District 818 Verndale Public School District 820 Sebeka Public School District 821 Menahga Public School District 2155 Wadena-Deer Creek School District 2170 Staples-Motley School District 2174 Pine River-Backus School District 2753 Long Prairie-Grey Eagle School District 2759 Eagle Valley Public School District 4059 Crosslake Community Charter School 4080 Pillager Area Charter School

#### Region 6 and 8

62 Ortonville Public School District 330 Heron Lake-Okabena School District 345 New London-Spicer School District 347 Willmar Public School District 417 Tracy Public School District 423 Hutchinson Public School District 465 Litchfield Public School District 466 Dassel-Cokato Public School District 505 Fulda Public School District 511 Adrian Public School District 514 Ellsworth Public School District

518 Worthington Public School District

640 Wabasso Public School District 775 Kerkhoven-Murdock-Sunburg 777 Benson Public School District 891 Canby Public School District 2159 Buffalo Lake-Hector School District 2169 Murray County Central School District 2180 M.A.C.C.R.A.Y. School District 2184 Luverne Public School District 2190 Yellow Medicine East 2534 Bird Island-Olivia-Lake Lillian 2689 Pipestone Area School District 2754 Cedar Mountain School District 2887 Mcleod West Public School District 2890 Renville County West School District 2895 Jackson County Central School District 2897 Redwood Area School District 2898 Westbrook-Walnut Grove Schools 4093 New Century Charter School

#### **Region 7**

47 Sauk Rapids Public School District 51 Foley Public School District 138 North Branch Public Schools 139 Rush City Public School District 332 Mora Public School District 477 Princeton Public School District 577 Willow River Public School District 578 Pine City Public School District 726 Becker Public School District 738 Holdingford Public School District 739 Kimball Public School District 741 Paynesville Public School District 742 St. Cloud Public School District 743 Sauk Centre Public School District 745 Albany Public School District 748 Sartell-St. Stephen School District 750 Rocori Public School District 876 Annandale Public School District 877 Buffalo Public School District 881 Maple Lake Public School District 882 Monticello Public School District 883 Rockford Public School District 885 St. Michael-Albertville School District 911 Cambridge-Isanti Public School District 912 Milaca Public School District 2144 Chisago Lakes School District 2165 Hinckley-Finlayson School District 2364 Belgrade-Brooten-Elrosa School Dist 2687 Howard Lake-Waverly-Winsted 4095 Trio Wolf Creek Distance Learning 4137 Swan River Montessori Charter School 6026 West Central Education District

#### **Region 9**

75 St. Clair Public School District 77 Mankato Public School District 81 Comfrey Public School District 88 New UIm Public School District 507 Nicollet Public School District 508 St. Peter Public School District 2134 United South Central School District
2143 Waterville-Elysian-Morristown
2310 Sibley East School District
2397 Lesueur-Henderson School District
2752 Fairmont Area School District
2835 Janesville-Waldorf-Pemberton
4066 Riverbend Academy
4127 Team Academy
4144 Green Isle Community School
4151 Edvisions Off Campus School

#### **Region 10**

227 Chatfield Public Schools 238 Mabel-Canton Public School District 239 Rushford-Peterson Public Schools 241 Albert Lea Public School District 242 Alden-Conger Public School District 252 Cannon Falls Public School District 253 Goodhue Public School District 255 Pine Island Public School District 294 Houston Public School District 297 Spring Grove School District 299 Caledonia Public School District 300 Lacrescent-Hokah School District 492 Austin Public School District 495 Grand Meadow Public School District 499 Leroy Public School District 531 Byron Public School District 534 Stewartville Public School District 535 Rochester Public School District 659 Northfield Public School District 756 Blooming Prairie Public School District 763 Medford Public School District 857 Lewiston-Altura Public School District 2172 Kenyon-Wanamingo School District 2198 Fillmore Central 4001 Bluffview Montessori

#### Region 11 – Metro

1 Minneapolis Public School District 11 Anoka-Hennepin Public School District 12 Centennial Public School District 14 Fridley Public School District 15 St. Francis Public School District 16 Spring Lake Park Public Schools 108 Norwood Public School District 111 Watertown-Mayer Public School District 112 Chaska Public School District 192 Farmington Public School District 194 Lakeville Public School District 196 Rosemount-Apple Valley-Eagan 197 West St. Paul-Mendota Heights.-Eagan 199 Inver Grove Heights Schools 270 Hopkins Public School District 271 Bloomington Public School District 273 Edina Public School District 276 Minnetonka Public School District 277 Westonka Public School District 279 Osseo Public School District 280 Richfield Public School District 281 Robbinsdale Public School District

283 St. Louis Park Public School District 284 Wayzata Public School District 621 Mounds View Public School District 622 North St Paul-Maplewood School District 623 Roseville Public School District 624 White Bear Lake School District 625 St. Paul Public School District 716 Belle Plaine Public School District 717 Jordan Public School District 719 Prior Lake-Savage Area Schools 721 New Prague Area Schools 831 Forest Lake Public School District 832 Mahtomedi Public School District 833 South Washington County School District 834 Stillwater Public School District 287 Intermediate School District 287 917 Intermediate School District 917 4015 Community Of Peace Academy 4029 New Spirit Schools 4038 Sojourner Truth Academy 4039 High School For Recording Arts 4042 Twin Cities Academy 4043 Math & Science Academy 4097 Partnership Academy, Inc. 4101 Minnesota North Star Academy 4112 St Paul Conservatory Performing Art 4116 Lakes International Language Academy 4119 River Heights Charter School 4132 Twin Cities Academy High School 4150 Minnesota Online High School 6065 Metropolitan Learning Alliance 6067 East Metro Integration Dist

#### TABLE 1

World Language Programs Reported in Grades K-3								
	Total Immersion	Dual Immersion	Partial Immersion	FLES Full Year	FLES Partial Year	Exploratory Full Year	Exploratory Partial Year	Introductory Sampling
American Sign (ASL)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arabic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chinese	2	1	0	4	0	1	0	0
French	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
German	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hebrew	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Japanese	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Latin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ojibwe	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Spanish	9	4	1	13	0	16	6	4
Other	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	0

# REPORTED WORLD LANGUAGE PROGRAMS IN GRADES K-3

Of the 262 respondents, 54 have world language programs in grades K-3. Some districts may offer more than one language and more than one model. The table shows the number of programs reported from these 54 districts.

## PROGRAM MODEL DEFINITIONS

- TOTAL IMMERSION (Whole day in the target language)
- DUAL IMMERSION (Whole day in one of two designated target languages)
- PARTIAL IMMERSION (50% or less of the day in the target language)
- FLES Foreign Language in the Elementary School (One language taught for a minimum of 3 class sessions per week totaling at least 90 minutes)
- EXPLORATORY (One language taught less than the required minimum frequency and time of a FLES program, commonly referred to as FLEX)
- INTRODUCTORY SAMPLING (Minimal introductory sampling of two or more languages)

Source: Minnesota Department of Education, K-12 World Language Survey 2008 TABLE 2

## **REPORTED WORLD LANGUAGE PROGRAMS IN GRADES 4-8**

	World Language Programs Reported in Grades 4-8									
Language (Total)	Total Immersion	Dual Immersion	Partial Immersion	FLES Full Year	FLES Partial Year	Exploratory Full Year	Exploratory Partial Year	Introductory Sampling	Secondary Course	Secondary Course - Partial
American Sign (4)	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
Arabic (3)	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
Chinese (15)	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	2	3	5
French (43)	2	0	0	4	1	1	6	9	13	7
German (34)	1	0	0	1	0	1	6	7	9	9
Hebrew (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Japanese (4)	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
Latin (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Ojibwe (3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
Spanish (118)	7	1	2	10	3	11	27	21	21	15
Other (10)	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	4

Of the 262 respondents, 94 have world language programs in grades 4-8. Some districts may offer more than one language and more than one model. The table shows the number of programs reported from these 94 districts.

#### **PROGRAM MODEL DEFINITIONS**

- TOTAL IMMERSION (Whole day in the target language)
- DUAL IMMERSION (Whole day in one of two designated target languages)
- PARTIAL IMMERSION (50% or less of the day in the target language)
- FLES Foreign Language in the Elementary School (One language taught for a minimum of 3 class sessions per week totaling at least 90 minutes)
- EXPLORATORY (One language taught less than the required minimum frequency and time of a FLES program, commonly referred to as FLEX)
- INTRODUCTORY SAMPLING (Minimal introductory sampling of two or more languages)
- PARTIAL SECONDARY COURSE (Partial completion of a course that is continued in high school)

Source: Minnesota Department of Education, K-12 World Language Survey

# Reported High School World Language Programs K-12 World Language Survey 2008

	Reported High School World Language Programs						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5+		
American Sign Language	43	36	13	5	0		
Arabic	3	2	2	1	0		
Chinese	35	15	9	8	1		
French	78	79	63	45	22		
German	86	87	74	58	20		
Hebrew	0	1	1	1	1		
Japanese	13	10	9	7	1		
Latin	7	5	5	3	1		
Ojibwe	9	5	4	2	0		
Spanish	218	216	168	117	43		
Other	12	9	5	2	0		

# World Language Program Comparisons by Type of Community

	Points of comparison	Urb	an	Subu	rban	Ru	ral
	World languages in grades K-3	35%		30%		18%	
	World languages in grades 4-8	52%		69%		28	%
7.	Potential college-credit world language course	299	V <sub>0</sub>	759	%	34	%
Programs Offered	Courses specifically designed for heritage language learners to study their native language	25%		2%		11	
rog ffe	Added to program(s) since 2000	40%	V <sub>0</sub>	659	%	41	%
- C	Reduced or eliminated to program(s) since 2000	30%	<i>/</i> 0	509	%	30	%
	Teacher is shared by more than one district	0%	<b>0</b>	149	%	30	%
	Language instruction delivery systems						
рч	1) Teacher in the classroom	1). 83%		1). 98%		1). 64%	
s an ion	2) Interactive TV	2). 0%		2). 2%		2). 37%	
Teachers and Instruction	3) Online with a non-language teacher in the classroom	3). 11%		3). 8%		3). 6%	
Tea	4) Web or media-based curriculum in place of an instructor	4). 17%		4). 9%		4). 3%	
	World language is <b>required</b> curriculum for all students at some time in grades 9-12	40%	V <sub>0</sub>	159	%	5%	
	Percentage of the 2007 senior graduating class	<10%	25 %	<10%	0 %	<10%	5 %
	completed 2 years or more of high school world	10-25%	0 %	10-25%	8 %	10-25%	19 %
	language	26-50%	17 %	26-50%	11 %	26-50%	27 %
		51-75%	8 %	51-75%	32 %	51-75%	33 %
ion		75-100%	25 %	75-100%	18 %	75-100%	11 %
dent Participation		No data	25 %	No data	32 %	No data	6 %
rtic	Percentage of the 2007 senior graduating class	<10%	75 %	<10%	21 %	<10%	69 %
Pa	completed 4 years or more of high school world	10-25%	0 %	10-25%	33 %	10-25%	22 %
ent	language	26-50%	0 %	26-50%	10 %	26-50%	3 %
tud		51-75%	0 %	51-75%	5 %	51-75%	0 %
of S		75-100%	0 %	75-100%	0 %	75-100%	0 %
Level of Stu		No data	25 %	No data	31 %	No data	6.7 %
Le	All student subgroups equally access languages	729	V <sub>0</sub>	769	%	85	%
	Want to enhance current program(s)?	85%		879		63	
uo	In your opinion, is world language study a critical component to prepare students for the 21 <sup>st</sup> century?	100	%	989	%	88	%
Vision	In your opinion, should world language be a Minnesota high school graduation requirement?	85%	V <sub>0</sub>	689	%	42	%

## WORLD LANGUAGE TEACHER AND STUDENT DATA COMPARED OVER LAST 5 YEARS

Language	FTE 2000-01	FTE 2006-07	Differe	nce
Chinese	7.05	15.3	8.25	117%
French	214.71	170.48	-44.23	-21%
German	168.96	138.21	-30.75	-18%
Hebrew	0	.6	0.6	
Italian	.2	0	-0.2	-100%
Japanese	8.86	13.04	4.18	47%
Latin	6.84	10.71	3.87	57%
Ojibwe	2.44	7.8	5.36	220%
Others not listed	3.27	6.02	2.75	84%
Russian	4.75	1.59	-3.16	-67%
Spanish	737.16	828.2	91.04	12%
TOTALS	1,147.19	1,193.22	46.03	4%

Language	Students 2000-01	Students 2006-07	Differe	nce
Chinese	838	2,216.00	1,378.00	164%
French	24,084	19,562.00	-4,522.00	-19%
German	16,985	14,200	-2,785.00	-16%
Hebrew	0	39	39.00	
Italian	15	0	-15.00	
Japanese	897	1,579	682.00	76%
Latin	880	1,451	571.00	65%
Ojibwe	309	1,150	841.00	272%
Others not listed	413	1,295	882.00	214%
Russian	684	150	-534.00	-78%
Spanish	97,996	116,188	18,192.00	19%
TOTALS	142,263	157,907	15,644.00	11%

Source: Minnesota Department of Education, Staff Automated Report (STAR) 2000-01 and 2006-07

#### TABLE 6

#### WHO IS TEACHING WORLD LANGUAGE IN MINNESOTA?\*

Who is teaching world language in grades K-3?						
	Response percent	Response count				
Licensed K-12 world language teacher	67%	32				
Licensed elementary teacher with world language endorsement	19%	9				
Licensed elementary teacher – no world language endorsement	29%	14				
Teacher on a variance	33%	16				
Teacher under community expert permission	27%	13				
Instruction primarily delivered via distance learning	2%	1				
Instruction primarily delivered via media-based curriculum	0%	0				
	Answered question	48				
	Skipped question	214				

## Who is teaching world language in grades 4-8?

	Response percent	Response count
Licensed K-12 world language teacher	54	52
Licensed 7-12 world language teacher	50	48
Licensed elementary classroom teacher with world language endorsement	12	12
Licensed elementary classroom teacher – no world language endorsement	10	10
Teacher on a variance	17	16
Teacher under community expert permission	6	6
Instruction primarily delivered via distance learning	0	0
Instruction primarily delivered via media-based curriculum	2	2
	Answered question	97
	Skipped question	165

#### Who is teaching world language in grades 9-12?

	Response percent	Response count
Licensed K-12 world language teacher	38%	83
Licensed 7-12 world language teacher	75%	166
Teacher on a variance	10%	23
Teacher under community expert permission	8%	17
Instruction primarily delivered via distance learning	6%	13
Instruction primarily delivered via media-based curriculum	5%	11
	Answered question	222
	Skipped question	40

\*Respondents could check all answered that applied. They skipped this question if world language is not offered in those grades in their district.

Source: Minnesota Department of Education, K-12 World Language Survey 2008

# World Language Professional Development Needs

	Professional Development Needs						
Rank	Торіс	Response percentage	Response count				
1	Integrating technology	49 %	105				
2	Strategies for teaching all learners	46 %	98				
3	Curriculum development & writing	46 %	99				
4	Developing proficiency assessments	46 %	98				
5	World language standards	39 %	84				
6	Classroom-based assessments	34 %	73				
7	Teacher's language proficiency	31 %	66				
8	Second language acquisition knowledge	21 %	45				
9	Broaden target culture knowledge	22 %	47				
10	Licensure for less commonly taught languages	17 %	36				