Bulletin

April 4, 2005

Minnesota Department of Human Services ■ 444 Lafayette Rd. ■ St. Paul, MN 55155

OF INTEREST TO

- County Directors
- Social Services
 Supervisors
- Tribal Social Services Directors

ACTION

Information only.

DUE DATE

None.

Minnesota's Child Welfare Report for 2003

TOPIC

Children and Family Services release of *Minnesota's Child Welfare Report for 2003*.

PURPOSE

To make available *Minnesota's Child Welfare Report for 2003*, required by Minnesota Statutes, section 257.0725.

This report is on line at: http://www.dhs.state.mn.us

CONTACT

Christeen Borsheim, (651) 297-5303 or christeen.borsheim@state.mn.us with questions about the report.

SIGNED

CHARLES E. JOHNSON Assistant Commissioner Children and Family Services

Children and Family Services

Minnesota's Child Welfare Report for 2003

Report to the 2005 Minnesota Legislature

The Minnesota Child Welfare Report for 2003

This report was prepared by the Minnesota Department of Human Services, Children and Family Services Administration, Community Partnerships Division, for the Legislature in response to a legislative directive in Minnesota Statutes, section 257.0725. Copies of this report are available on the Children's Services Web site at www.dhs.state.mn.us

Total estimated cost: \$5,625

Cost of preparation: 225 hours x \$25 = \$5,625

This information is available in other forms to people with disabilities by contacting us at (651) 282-5329 (voice). TTY/TDD users can call the Minnesota Relay Service at 711 or (800) 627-3529. For the Speech-to-Speech Relay, call (877) 627-3848.

Table of Contents

	Page(s)
Executive Summary	2-3
Section I - Child Maltreatment	1-28
Section II - Children in Out-of-Home Care	1-59
Section III - Adoptions	1-29

Executive Summary

This **Child Welfare Report** describes the state of children in Minnesota's child protection, out-of-home care and adoption systems in 2003. It provides an overview of how children in these systems are faring and presents information about Minnesota's performance on key child welfare indicators requested by state and federal governments.

The report has three major sections, each followed with an appendix that provides specific county data on that section. Each section begins with **At a Glance** that highlights key information. Tables, charts and graphs that support the report's findings complete each section.

Section I - Child Maltreatment covers information about alleged and determined reports of child maltreatment, including sources of reports; prevalence of maltreatment by age, race and ethnicity; and use of Alternative Response and Structured Decision Making.

Section II - Children in Out-of-Home Care provides overall statistics on children in out-of-home care, including gender, age, race and ethnicity; placement frequency and duration; and re-entry and discharge.

Section III - Adoptions provides information from the Adoption Data System about children under state guardianship. It looks at the race of children awaiting adoption and of those adopted; the number of children adopted; the adoption of sibling groups; and the length of time from when the children become eligible for adoption to finalized adoption.

It is important to note that one cannot extrapolate information from one section of the report to another section. Children who are maltreated may or may not enter out-of-home care or be adopted. Children in out-of-home care may be in care for reasons other than maltreatment.

This report is provided in response to a legislative directive. Minnesota Statutes, section 257.0725 tates: "The commissioner of human services shall publish an annual report on children in out-of-home placement. The report shall include information by county and statewide on the legal status, living arrangement, age, sex, race,

accumulated length of time in placement, reason for most recent placement, race of family with whom placed, and other information deemed appropriate on all children in out-of-home placement. Out-of-home placement includes placement in any facility by an authorized child placement agency."

The key findings in this report are as follows:

Section I - Child Maltreatment

- Minnesota assessed 17,571 reports of maltreatment involving 23,430 children in 2003.
- Of these reports, 5,410 received an Alternative Response assessment, a strengths-based and family focused alternative to working with families in the child protection system where no determination of maltreatment is made.
- In 5,998 of the 12,161 (49 percent) traditionally assessed reports, maltreatment was determined to have occurred (with 9,024 associated victims). Neglect accounted for 59 percent of the traditionally assessed reports and 66 percent of the determined reports. More than half of the reports were made to child protection by school personnel and law enforcement. The need for ongoing protective services was identified in half of all determined reports.
- African American/Black and American Indian children were about six times more likely to be reported as abused or neglected and were around seven times more likely to be determined victims of maltreatment than were White children.
- Families who neglected children were more likely to experience multiple family issues including substance abuse.
- Nine percent of all determined victims had at least one subsequent determined report of maltreatment within one year.

Section II - Children in Out-of-Home Care

- In 2003, 15,294 children spent some time in out-of-home care. More were boys than girls. The majority were White adolescents. African American/Black and American Indian children were represented in out-of-home care at a rate of four and seven times respectively of their representation in the Minnesota child population.
- Most children experienced no moves while in care. Most of the children were placed in a family type setting. About 24 percent were in care for one week or less. Children under age 8 spent an

Executive Summary (continued)

average of 19 fewer days in care than the average for all children.

- About 24 percent of the children who entered care in 2003 had experienced care within the previous 12 months. About 75 percent of the children left care to return home to a parent or other relative.
- Approximately 55 percent of children entered care for reasons related to their parents. All children entering for two or more reasons (parent and child-related) had a longer out-of-home placement duration and were most likely to reenter care. Thirty percent of entries in care were attributed to child behavior or child substance abuse. These children were predominantly adolescents, had the shortest duration and reentered care frequently.
- Relatively few children entered care for reasons of disability (less than 2 percent), but they stayed in care the longest, an average of more than two and one half years.
- Average number of days in care for placements ending in 2003 was 327 days.

Section III - Adoptions

- In 2003, 714 children under state guardianship (state wards) were adopted. The largest group of children (57 percent) were under age 6. An equal number of boys and girls were adopted.
- The average number of days in care, from the time they were available for adoption to the date of adoption, is 587 days, a decline of 46 days since 2002.
- African American/Black children and children of two or more races were eight times more likely than a White child to be adopted in 2003.
- Most siblings were adopted together.

Minnesota's Child Maltreatment Report for 2003

Table of Contents

	Page
Introduction	3
Child Maltreatment: Reports and Children Assessed	4
Figure 1 - Child Maltreatment Reports and Children Assessed by	
Assessment Type	4
Figure 2 - Reports of Alleged and Determined Child Maltreatment Assessed (1999-2003).	5
Figure 3 - Alleged and Determined Reports by Maltreatment Type	
Figure 4 - Sources of Alleged Maltreatment Reports Alternative Response and Traditional	7
Demographic of Child Subjects	8
Figure 5 - Prevalence of Maltreatment by Victims Age	
Figure 6 - Race or Ethnicity of Children Assessed in Relation to the 2000 Minnesota	
Population of That Race or Ethnicity	9
Figure 7 - Race and Ethnicity of Child Subjects of Reports in Relation to the 2000	
Minnesota Population	10
Figure 8 - Offenders Relationship by Determined Maltreatment Type	
Child Protection Assessment	12
Figure 9 - Severity by Maltreatment Type for Determined Victims	
Figure 10 - Prevalence of Family Conditions by Alleged Maltreatment Type -	
Alternative Response	13
Figure 11 - Prevalence of Family Conditions by Determined Maltreatment Type -	
Traditional Response	14
Figure 12 - Child Protective Services or Alternative Response Case	
Management Needed	15
Figure 13 - Recommended Services - Alternative Response and Traditional	
Determined Reports	
Figure 14 - Structured Decision Making Overall Risk - Traditional Assessment	17
Figure 15 - Structured Decision Making Overall Risk - Alternative Response Assessment.	
Figure 16a - Percent of Six and 12 Month Recurrence Rate by Race	
Figure 16b - Percent of Six and 12 Month Recurrence Rate by Race	19
Federal Performance Indicators	20
Child Maltreatment Appendix	21
Child Subjects of Child Protection Reports by Maltreatment Type and Track	
State Safety Indicator 4.3 - Cases in Which Child Protective Services Needed	
Federal Safety Indicator 1.1 and State Safety Indicator 1.2	

Introduction

The data in this section describes alleged and determined incidents of child maltreatment assessed in Minnesota in 2003. Specifically, the data show the number of maltreatment reports; the number of child victims; the types and severity of maltreatment; what services were recommended and what actions were taken. It also looks at information such as the age and race/ethnicity of victims and their relationship to offenders.

Unless otherwise specified, a child was counted as a "subject of a report" each time they were in an assessment in the year 2003. However, if the counts were specified as "unique," a child was only counted once in the specified category, no matter how many times they were assessed in the year.

The 2000 census changed the way race and ethnicity data were reported. Individuals may indicate they belong to more than one race. Hispanic ethnicity is specified separately from race. This report organizes data the same as the census. For example, children may be counted in their racial group or as having more than one race. They may also claim Hispanic ethnicity.

Anyone can and should report a suspected incident of child maltreatment. Some professionals, such as those working directly with children, are **mandated reporters** and must report to local child protective services if they observe or receive information about an abuse and/or neglect incident. **Non-mandated reporters** voluntarily provide information of known or suspected child maltreatment to the local child protective services.

Once a report of maltreatment is made, a screener reviews the initial information and decides whether or not the report meets the statutory criteria for further assessment. If it does, the agency decides whether to conduct an assessment in the traditional way or using an Alternative Response.

In a **traditional assessment**, a county child protection worker interviews persons involved with the report, including the alleged victims,

offenders and family members. If there is a preponderance of evidence that a child has been a victim of maltreatment and the harm was caused by an act, or failure to act, by a person responsible for the child's care, the county child protection worker makes a **determination** that maltreatment has occurred. In some cases, statutory authority is given to counties to use an Alternative Response (AR). In these situations, a county worker meets with all family members together to discuss and assess child safety concerns and review the family's strengths and needs. In an Alternative Response assessment the focus is not on a particular incident and whether a parent maltreated a child but rather on determining how to increase the capacity of the family to support the child.

The key findings in this section are as follows:

Section I - Child Maltreatment

- Minnesota assessed 17,571 reports of maltreatment involving 23,430 children in 2003.
- Of these reports, 5,410 received an Alternative Response assessment, a strengths-based and family focused alternative to working with families in the child protection system.
- In 5,998 of the 12,161 (49 percent) traditionally assessed reports, maltreatment was determined to have occurred (with 9,024 associated victims). Neglect accounted for 59 percent of the traditionally assessed reports and 66 percent of the determined reports. More than half of the reports were made to child protection by school personnel and law enforcement. The need for ongoing protective services was identified in half of all determined reports.
- African American/Black and American Indian children were around seven times more likely to be determined victims of maltreatment than were White children.
- Families who neglected children were more likely to experience multiple family issues including substance abuse.
- Nine percent of all determined victims had at least one subsequent determined report of maltreatment within one year.

Child Maltreatment: Reports and Children Assessed

At a Glance

- Minnesota counties assessed 17,571 reports of child maltreatment. Of these, 5,410 received an Alternative Response assessment.
- The majority of reports had an allegation of neglect (59 percent of traditional and 62 percent of Alternative Response assessments). Allegations of physical abuse were assessed in 35 percent of traditional and 41 percent of Alternative Response assessments. A report may contain allegations of different maltreatment types.
- Minnesota counties determined that child maltreatment occurred in 5,998 assessments of
 maltreatment, with 9,024 associated victims. The unique number of Minnesota children who were
 victimized was 8,510. Some children were determined victims of maltreatment more than once in
 the calendar year.

Figure 1 - Child Maltreatment Reports and Children Assessed by Assessment Type

Assessment Type	Rep	oorts	Child Subje	cts of Reports	Unique Child Subjects of Reports*			
J.1	Alleged Determined		Alleged	Determined	Alleged	Determined		
Total Traditional Assessments/Investigations	12,161	5,998	18,323	9,024	16,561	8,510		
Traditional Family Assessment	11,859	5,904	17,790	8,824	16,109	8,327		
Facility Investigation	302	94	533	197	509	194		
Alternative Response Family Assessments	5,410	NA	7,584	NA	7,331	NA		
Total Assessments - Traditional and Alternative Response	17,571	5,998	25,907	9,024	23,430	8,510		

^{*}Total unique child subjects does not equal the sum of those in the assessment types, as some children were in multiple assessments - traditional child protective services, Alternative Response and/or facility investigations.

Figure 1 shows the counts of alleged and determined child maltreatment reports and subject children by the type of assessment. Some children were assessed more than once during the year. The "Unique Children" column counts them only once within the stated category. Maltreatment was determined to have occurred in 50 percent of traditional family assessments. In 2003, the Alternative Response program was used in 78 counties, up from 57 the previous year. Approximately 31 percent of all reports were assessed through Alternative Response, up from 22 percent in 2002. No determination of maltreatment is made as part of the Alternative Response assessment. Counties investigate alleged maltreatment in foster family homes and day care homes that are county licensed. Allegations of maltreatment in these facilities cannot be investigated using Alternative Response. About 31 percent of county facility investigations resulted in a determination that maltreatment had occurred. Maltreatment in residential facilities, institutions and day care centers is investigated by the Minnesota Department of Human Services and is not counted here.

Child Maltreatment: Reports and Children Assessed (continued)

Figure 2 shows a dramatic decrease in the number of alleged and determined reports as the number of reports directed to Alternative Response increases. The rate of maltreatment determination grew from 44 percent in 1999 to 49 percent in 2003. This increased rate is likely the result of the implementation of Alternative Response. Alternative Response is applied to lower risk cases that would likely not result in a finding if investigated in the traditional manner.

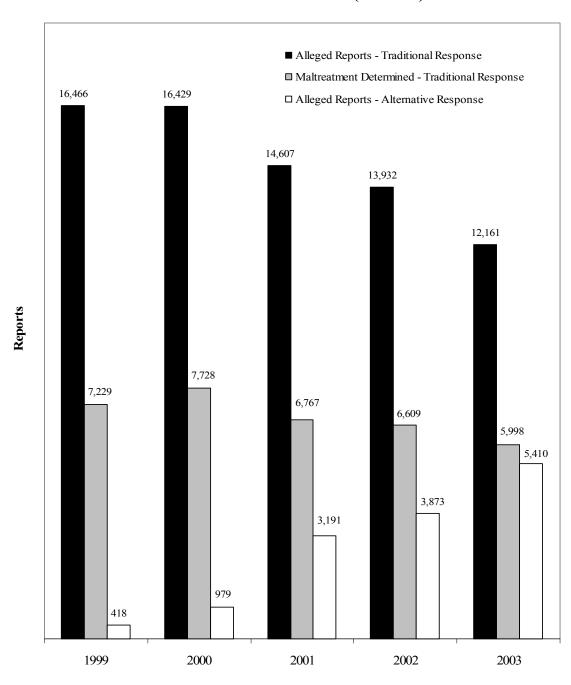


Figure 2 - Reports of Alleged and Determined Child Maltreatment Assessed (1999-2003)

In 2003, neglect was the most common allegation in traditional response alleged reports (around 59 percent). Physical abuse accounted for about 35 percent, sexual abuse for 16 percent and mental injury for less than 1 percent of the allegations. Of the four maltreatment types, neglect had the highest determination rate (55 percent), followed by sexual abuse (41 percent), mental injury (39 percent) and physical abuse (37 percent). Allegations of maltreatment in Alternative Response reports reflected similar distributions, with neglect allegations appearing in 62 percent of reports and physical abuse allegations in 41 percent. Mental injury represented less than 1 percent of Alternative Response allegations. Sexual abuse allegations are not eligible for an alternative response. The 25 Alternative Response sexual abuse reports are either data error or were undetermined allegations of a traditional response which was subsequently switched to an Alternative Response track.

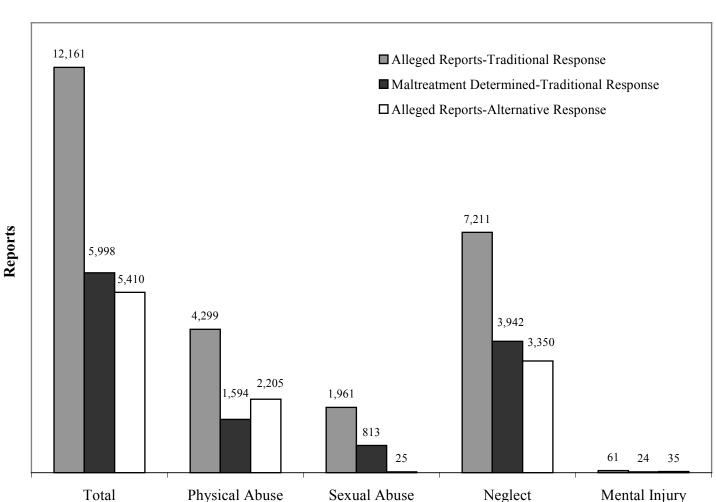


Figure 3 - Alleged and Determined Reports by Maltreatment Type

Child Maltreatment: Reports and Children Assessed (continued)

Figure 4 identifies the sources of maltreatment reports. Law enforcement/courts (24 percent) and schools (24 percent) were the largest reporters of maltreatment assessed. Over 75 percent of the reports were from those mandated by law to report suspected child maltreatment. Mandated reporters include people in law enforcement, health care, mental health, social services, education and child care, among others.

Anonymous 2% Friend/Neighbor 6% Social Worker/Counselor 14% Health Practitioner 7% School Personnel 24% Law Enforcement/Courts 24% Non-relative Caregiver Parent/Relative 2% Out-of-Home Other Parent/Relative 9% 7% In Home 4%

Figure 4 - Sources of Alleged Maltreatment Reports Alternative Response and Traditional

Demographics of Child Subjects

At a Glance

- African American/Black and American Indian children continued to be over represented in the child protection system. The rate of allegations of child maltreatment statewide was 12.9 per 1,000 compared with rates of 57 and 56 for African American/Black and American Indian children per 1,000. The incidence statewide of child maltreatment was 6.6 cases per 1,000, compared to over 30 per 1,000 for both African American and American Indian children.
- The majority (74 percent) of determined offenders were the victims' birth parent(s).
- Younger children were more likely to be victims of neglect and older children were more likely to be victims of physical abuse.

Figure 5 graphs the prevalence of each type of maltreatment by age of the determined victims. The largest numbers of victims are between the ages of zero and two. The data show that the determinations of neglect decrease with age. Physical and sexual abuse was most commonly found in children between 12 and 14.

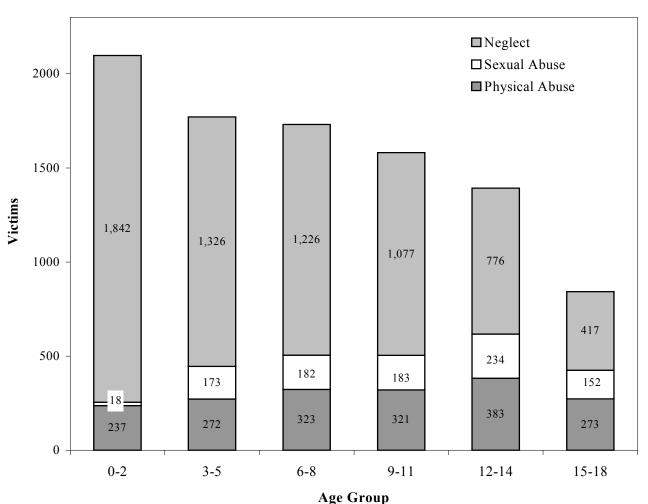
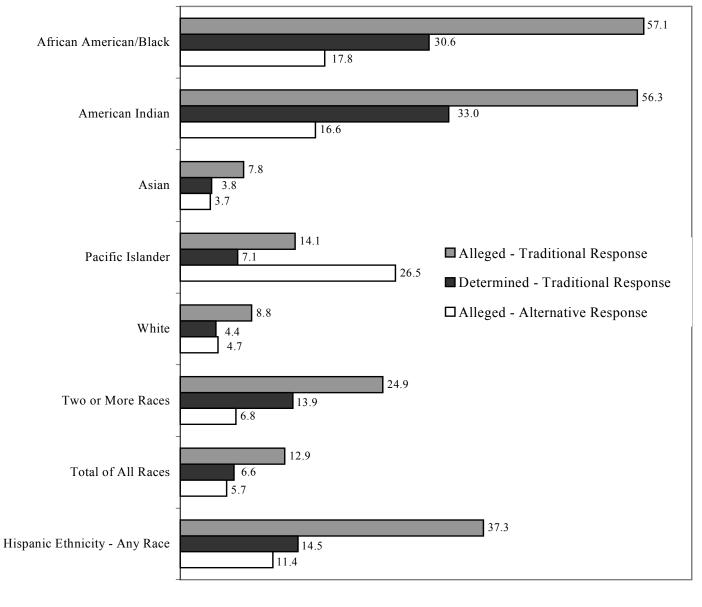


Figure 5 - Prevalance of Maltreatment by Victims Age

Demographics of Child Subjects (continued)

In Figure 6, "per thousand" counts were calculated by dividing the number of children for each race by the 2000 census child population for that race in Minnesota, then multiplying by one thousand. Figure 7 displays the raw data used in Figure 6. The data reveal that African American/Black and American Indian children are more likely to be reported as abused or neglected and also to be determined as abused or neglected. In the total Minnesota child population, 6.6 children per 1,000 were determined victims of child maltreatment in 2003. African American/Black and American Indian children were overrepresented as victims of child maltreatment, 30.6 per 1,000 and 33.0 per 1,000, respectively.

Figure 6 - Race or Ethnicity of Children Assessed in Relation to the 2000 Minnesota Population of That Race or Ethnicity



Children Per Thousand

Demographics of Child Subjects (continued)

Figure 7 - Race and Ethnicity of Child Subjects of Reports in Relation to the 2000 Minnesota Population

Race	Alleged - Traditional Response	Alleged - Traditional Response per Thousand	Determined - Traditional Response	Determined - Traditional Response per Thousand	Alternative Response	Alternative Response per Thousand
African American/ Black	3,671	57.1	1,970	30.6	1,143	17.8
American Indian	1,160	56.3	681	33	343	16.6
Asian	420	7.8	207	3.8	199	3.7
Pacific Islander	8	14.1	4	7.1	15	26.5
White	9,493	8.8	4,719	4.4	5,030	4.7
Two or More Races	1,093	24.9	608	13.9	300	6.8
Unknown Race/ Other	609	-	304	-	283	-
Missing Race Data	107	_	17	_	18	-
Total of All Races	16,561	12.9	8,510	6.6	7,331	5.7
Hispanic Ethnicity - Any Race	2,077	37.3	806	14.5	634	11.4

Demographics of Child Subjects (continued)

Figure 8 shows the relationship of the determined offenders to the victims of maltreatment. Birth parents accounted for 74 percent of all offenders. They were responsible in 85 percent of neglect and 67 percent of physical abuse determinations. Most neglect offenders were women and most sexual abuse offenders were men. About the same percent of men and women were physical abuse offenders.

Figure 8 - Offenders Relationship by Determined Maltreatment Type

Offenders Relationship	Physical Abuse	Sexual Abuse	Neglect	Mental Injury	Total*
Adoptive Parent	48	8	30	3	83
Aunt/Uncle	28	74	33	0	135
Birth Parent	1,069	153	3,950	20	5,003
Child Day Care Provider	13	3	34	0	48
Foster Parent/Facility Staff	17	9	32	0	50
Grandparent	21	21	66	0	104
Other Non-relative	87	90	141	3	304
Other Relative	15	75	16	0	106
Parent Companion	150	99	222	0	437
Sibling	16	146	20	0	181
Stepparent	139	93	114	2	328

^{*}The sum of the offenders of each maltreatment type exceeds the total count because an offender may be counted in more than one maltreatment type.

Child Protection Assessment

At a Glance

- The severity of the maltreatment in determined reports largely depended on the maltreatment type. The severity of most determined neglect allegations was indicated as "exposed to threatening or dangerous conditions." Physical abuse determinations generally indicated "moderate injury."
- Families who neglected children were the most likely to experience multiple family issues, including substance abuse and poverty. Domestic violence and parenting issues were indicated most frequently in physical abuse assessments.
- Individual and family counseling, child protection case management, parenting education, chemical dependency services and out-of-home placement were the most frequently recommended services to these families.

Figure 9 describes the severity of determined allegations by type of maltreatment for traditional assessments. Most neglect victims were determined to have been exposed to threatening or dangerous conditions while victims of physical abuse most often suffered moderate injury. There were 13 child deaths as a result of determined maltreatment in 2003.

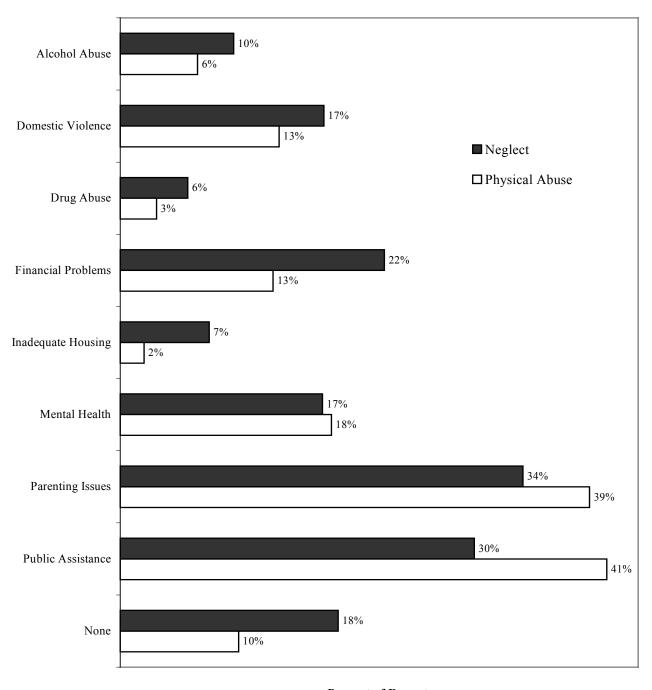
Figure 9 - Severity by Maltreatment Type for Determined Victims

Severity	Physical Abuse	Sexual Abuse	Neglect	Mental Injury	Total Determined Victims
Death	7	-	7	-	13
Life-threatening Injury	29	1	21	-	47
Serious Injury	100	49	41	2	185
Moderate Injury	901	60	85	1	1,031
Possible Injury	354	67	378	1	785
Apparent Health Impairment	5	7	112	4	124
Exposed to Threatening or Dangerous Conditions	193	256	4,306	9	4,669
Other	160	460	1,524	7	2,119
No Discernible Injury or Impairment	84	47	411	1	534
Total Determined Victims*	1,810	946	6,664	25	9,024

^{*}The sum of the children in each maltreatment type and severity exceeds the total count because a child may have allegations of more than one maltreatment type, as well as more than one severity indicated.

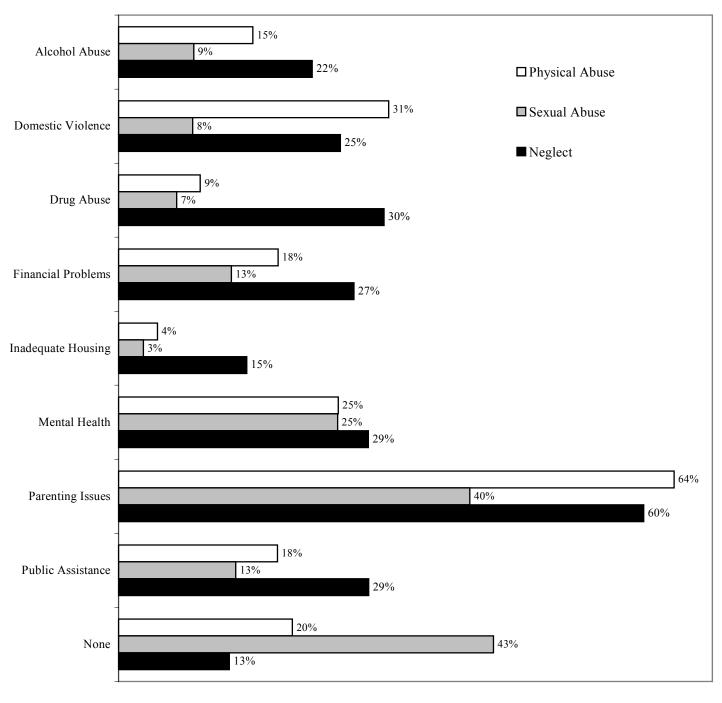
Figures 10 and 11 show the prevalence of family conditions identified by the social worker during the assessment by maltreatment type. Public assistance and parenting issues were the most commonly identified issues in Alternative Response assessments.

Figure 10 - Prevalence of Family Conditions by Alleged Maltreatment Type - Alternative Response



In traditional assessments, with the exception of domestic violence and parenting issues, the identification of all other family problems was greatest in neglecting families. It is noteworthy that during the assessment, none of the family conditions were observed in 43 percent of sexually abusing families.

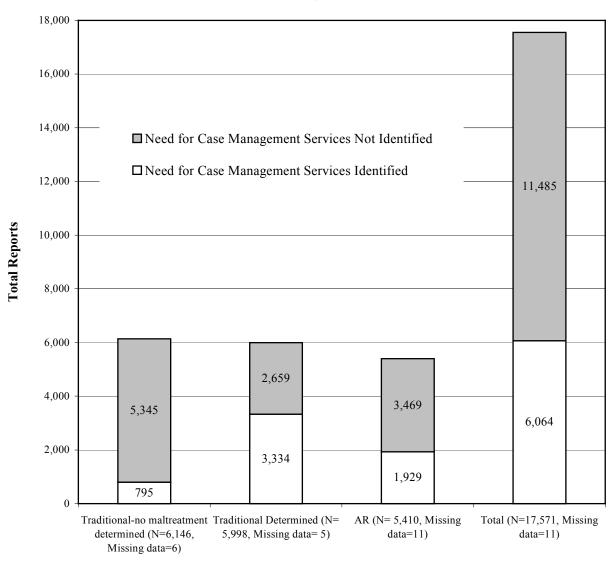
Figure 11 - Prevalence of Family Conditions by Determined Maltreatment Type - Traditional Response



Percent of Reports

In Figure 12, the majority of alleged maltreatment reports were closed after the assessment. The need for protective services was identified in 3,334 of the 5,998 (56 percent) of determined reports. About 13 percent of reports that did not receive a determination were identified as needing protective services. Ongoing services were recommended/offered to 36 percent of Alternative Response assessed families.

Figure 12 - Child Protective Services or Alternative Response Case Managment Needed



Assessment Type

Figure 13 identifies the most frequently cited recommended services by the assessment worker. All services were recommended more often in traditional assessments than in Alternative Response. Chemical dependency services were recommended over five times more frequently in traditional determined maltreatment assessments than Alternative Response.

Child Protective Services Case 53% Management 41% Individual Counseling 15% Parenting Education 14% 27% Chemical Dependency Services 5% 22% Mental Health Services 9% 21% Family Counseling 17% None 21% 16% Out-of-Home Placement 14% Information and Referral Services Other Services 12% Family-based Services- Couseling ☐ Traditional Determined Reports ☐ Alternative Response Reports Family-based Services- Life Management Skills Family Support Services **Housing Services Employment Services** Legal Services

Figure 13 - Recommended Services - Alternative Response and Traditional Determined Reports

In Figures 14 and 15, the assessment process includes the use of a tool to assess the risk of maltreatment in the family. This risk is determined based on quantifying and weighting observations of family conditions such as poverty, past child protection involvement, age of the parent and vulnerability of the child.

Figure 14 - Structured Decision Making Overall Risk - Traditional Assessment

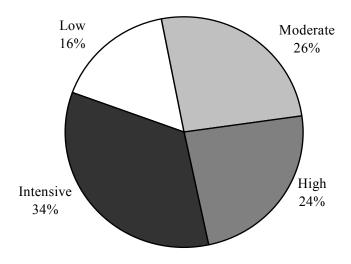
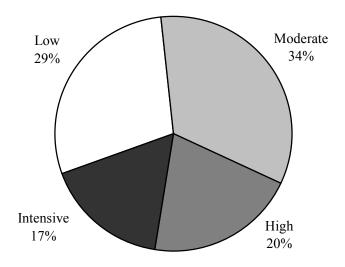


Figure 15 - Structured Decision Making Overall Risk - Alternative Response Assessment



In Figure 16a, of all victims in determined reports between January 1, 2003 and June 30, 2003, 5.0 percent and 8.9 percent had a subsequent determined report of maltreatment within six and 12 months, respectively. Asian children and children indicating more than one race had the highest rates of recurrence in 2003. Such data may be misleading due to small numbers in both the numerator and denominator. See Figure 16b for the raw data.

☐ Six Month Recurrence Rate ■ 12 Month Recurrence Rate 6.3% African American/Black 11.6% 6.3% American Indian 10.2% 10.5% Asian 12.8% 3.9% White 7.2% 7.0% Two or More Races 12.7% 0.6% Unknown Race 1.3% 5.0% Total of All Races 8.9% 2.3% Hispanic Ethnicity - Any Race 4.0%

Figure 16a - Percent of Six and 12 Month Recurrence Rate by Race

Percent of Determined Victims Experiencing Recurrence

Figure 16b – Percent of Six and 12 Month Recurrence Rate by Race

Race/Ethnicity	Determined Victims*	Maltreatment Recurrence Within Six Month	Percent of Six Month Recurrence Rate	Maltreatment Recurrence Within 12 Month	Percent of 12 Month Recurrence Rate
African American/Black	1,151	72	6.3	133	11.6
American Indian	381	24	6.3	39	10.2
Asian	133	14	10.5	17	12.8
Pacific Islander	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
White	2,587	102	3.9	187	7.2
Two or More Races	314	22	7.0	40	12.7
Unknown Race/Other	154	1	0.6	2	1.3
Missing Data	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Totals	4,723	235	5.0	418	8.9
Hispanic Ethnicity - Any Race	476	11	2.3	19	4.0

^{*}Victims determined between January 1, 2003 and June 30, 2003.

Federal Performance Indicators

Performance Indicators

	Minnesota Results	Federal Standards
Federal Indicator 1.1 Of all children who were victims of substantiated child abuse/neglect during the first six months of the reporting period, what percent had another substantiated report within six months?	5.0%	6.1%
Federal Indicator 2.1 Of all children who were served in foster care during the reporting period, what percent was the subject of determined maltreatment	0.37%	0.57%
by a foster parent or facility staff?		

Child Maltreatment Appendix

Child Subjects of Child Protection Reports by Maltreatment Type and Track

Note: A child may be a victim of more than one type of maltreatment, therefore "Totals" do not equal the sum of the victims in each maltreatment type.

G 1	Totals			Physical Abuse			S	Sexual Abu	se		Neglect		N	Aental Inju	ıry
County	Trac	litional	Alternative	Trad	litional	Alternative	Trad	itional	Alternative	Trad	itional	Alternative	Trad	itional	Alternative
	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Response
Aitkin	92	52		20	9		5	4		73	44		1		
Anoka	769	472	411	191	98	168	147	86		462	298	249			
Becker	384	152		110	30		27	11		271	116				
Beltrami	274	132	6	53	13	4	24	8		199	112	2			
Benton	102	54	53	31	10	22	17	6		60	39	31	1	1	
Big Stone	16	6	5	8	2	1	3			8	4	4			
Blue Earth	240	89	82	82	14	10	29	13		143	64	73			
Brown	98	52	46	22	7	22	8	5		65	39	23	4	1	2
Carlton	57	44	80	5	4	21	5	3		50	40	59			
Carver	201	124	154	62	25	39	26	9		143	103	121	1	1	
Cass	62	27	141	18	8	67	23	11	1	27	9	77	4	2	2
Chippewa	15	11	24	10	5	8	2	2		8	8	18			
Chisago	129	63	181	27	10	49	24	6		90	50	136			1
Clay	161	122	176	35	18	49	20	7		112	99	130			
Clearwater	11	5	23	5	1	16	4	1		2	2	7			
Cook	21	12	8	7	3	2	2	1		15	8	6			
Cottonwood	57	29	92	24	11	22	8	6		29	13	71			
Crow Wing	135	91	69	27	15	9	27	13		81	63	60			
Dakota	977	369	674	280	97	187	139	62		595	218	498			
Dodge	82	47		25	4		8	2		49	40		1	1	
Douglas	250	111		68	29		8	1		188	83		2		
Fillmore	45	14	58	20	7	22	11	3	1	20	8	38	1	1	2
Freeborn	150	63	74	48	12	15	14	2		91	49	59			
Goodhue	30	19	36	11	8	20	17	9		5	4	16			
Grant	18	12		7	3		2	1		10	8				
Hennepin	6,667	3,135	1,092	1607	527	371	679	236		5096	2577	749	2	2	1
Houston	49	19	39	17	6	15	24	3	3	15	12	26	2		1
Hubbard	37	19	25	10	1	9	11	6		19	12	17			1

Child Subjects of Child Protection Reports by Maltreatment Type and Track (continued) Note: A child may be a victim of more than one type of maltreatment, therefore "Totals" do not equal the sum of the victims in each maltreatment type.

		Totals		P	hysical Ab	use		Sexual Abu	se		Neglect		Mental Injury						
County	Trad	itional	Alternative	Trad	itional	Alternative	Tra	ditional	Alternative	Traditional		Traditional		Traditional		Alternative	Trad	itional	Alternative
	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Response				
Isanti	109	75	21	28	19	12	21	10		65	48	9							
Itasca	111	71	39	28	16	16	17	8		67	48	24							
Jackson	28	13	73	5	1	25	2			21	12	49			1				
Kanabec	22	11	49	11	4	21	4	3	4	8	4	25							
Kandiyohi	182	82	133	59	15	42	38	18		114	56	103	12		11				
Kittson	6	2	2	3	2					3		2							
Koochiching	52	29	6	11	3	2	11	6		31	20	4							
Lac qui Parle	4	4	26	1	1	3				3	3	21			2				
Lake	42	31	18	17	7	9	6	4		34	26	13							
Lake of the Woods	8	1	5	4		3			1	4	1	1							
Le Sueur	85	50	7	29	12		8	1		51	37	7	1						
McLeod	150	55	79	70	23	23	11			80	35	56			1				
Mahnomen	66	28	6	13	5		3	1		52	22	6							
Marshall	20	9	25	9	2	5	2			11	7	20			1				
Meeker	16	10	18	8	5	10	2			6	5	7	1		1				
Mille Lacs	88	38	62	21	5	30	52	22		27	12	40							
Morrison	140	71	57	44	16	26	39	13		80	44	34	7						
Mower	180	86		56	20		28	14		104	53		3	2					
Nicollet	90	54	39	34	14	14	10	7		45	32	25	2	2					
Nobles	26	13	26	8	2	12	3			15	11	14							
Norman	16	7	21	3	1	4	7	1		6	5	19							
Olmsted	377	172	697	94	27	173	66	23		228	126	532	1		1				
Otter Tail	257	109	71	114	35	5	15	4	4	146	73	69							
Pennington	12	8	4	9	4	1				6	5	3							
Pine	119	51	68	35	7	17	15		2	74	45	52	2	1					
Pipestone	59	36	44	19	9	12	7	5	1	36	24	31	2	1					
Polk	245	93	139	88	20	26	23	7	3	150	66	115	2		2				
Pope	13	4	41	5	1	14	8	2	1	4	1	26	2		1				

Child Subjects of Child Protection Reports by Maltreatment Type and Track (continued) Note: A child may be a victim of more than one type of maltreatment, therefore "Totals" do not equal the sum of the victims in each maltreatment type.

		Totals		Pl	hysical Ab	use	S	Sexual Abu	se		Neglect		I	Mental Inju	ıry
County	Trac	litional	Alternative	Trad	itional	Alternative	Trad	itional	Alternative	Trad	Traditional		Trac	Traditional	
	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Response	Alleged	Determined	Alternative Response	Alleged	Determined	Alternative Response
Ramsey	1,247	865	622	322	199	224	182	110	3	859	606	405	2	2	
Red Lake	21	13	4	9	7	2	5	4		8	3	2			
Redwood	56	31	24	15	7	4	8	1		38	23	22	1	1	
Renville	30	14	18	10	3	9	9	5		15	7	9			
Rice	264	102		48	8		26	7		193	88				
Rock	20	6	10	7	1	7	12	5	1	1		2			
Roseau	24	14	4	10	3	1	3			12	11	3			
St. Louis	502	270	352	148	49	142	73	27	3	308	201	210	1	1	2
Scott	315	146	146	59	30	40	46	20		231	100	108	1	1	
Sherburne	46	32	33	14	8	13	14	6	1	19	18	19			
Sibley	59	25	18	22	3	6	9	1	1	36	22	14	1		
Stearns	248	142		64	26		54	21		136	98				
Steele	210	54		87	23		19	4		108	29		4	1	
Stevens	28	17		17	8		2			10	9		1		
Swift	68	40	25	26	19	6	8	3		36	18	19	1		
Todd	86	42	85	43	15	23	23	12	2	23	15	60			
Traverse	21	12	20	4	3	5	3			14	9	15			
Wabasha	28	15	49	12	4	10	5	3		15	9	40			
Wadena	81	43	30	22	6	3	7	3		60	35	27			
Waseca	76	37	55	21	7	18	6	4		49	27	38	2		
Washington	510	238	126	139	46	40	30	13		374	189	89	3	1	
Watonwan	59	18	1	11	4		7			46	14	1			
Wilkin															
Winona	79	38	144	27	11	57	14	6		53	25	94	5		3
Wright	188	93	240	73	22	66	27	14	2	99	57	176	2	2	9
Yellow Medicine	47	31	46	14	9	20	3	3		31	20	25			2
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	148	31	12	42	18	4	14	3		92	10	8			
Faribault-Martin	210	97	195	64	18	47	24	5		144	78	152	1	1	
Minnesota	18,323	9,024	7,584	4,986	1,810	2,400	2,345	946	34	12,407	6,664	5,315	79	25	47

State Safety Indicator 4.3 - Cases in Which Child Protective Services Needed What was the number and percent of cases in Minnesota in which child protective services were needed?

County	Total Traditional Reports	Reports Needing Child Protective Services	Percent of Reports Needing Child Protective Services
Aitkin	53	17	32.1
Anoka	557	165	29.6
Becker	233	83	35.6
Beltrami	178	72	40.4
Benton	69	42	60.9
Big Stone	11	3	27.3
Blue Earth	173	45	26.0
Brown	61	28	45.9
Carlton	35	25	71.4
Carver	135	47	34.8
Cass	43	15	34.9
Chippewa	12	9	75.0
Chisago	92	40	43.5
Clay	105	58	55.2
Clearwater	10	4	40.0
Cook	17	8	47.1
Cottonwood	39	17	43.6
Crow Wing	97	40	41.2
Dakota	715	133	18.6
Dodge	52	19	36.5
Douglas	157	54	34.4
Fillmore	33	9	27.3
Freeborn	120	21	17.5
Goodhue	25	11	44.0
Grant	14	6	42.9
Hennepin	4,243	1,161	27.4
Houston	36	10	27.8
Hubbard	32	13	40.6
Isanti	66	30	45.5
Itasca	81	34	42.0
Jackson	10	4	40.0
Kanabec	15	3	20.0
Kandiyohi	98	54	55.1
Kittson	2	0	0.0
Koochiching	35	12	34.3
Lac qui Parle	3	2	66.7
Lake	27	18	66.7
Lake of the Woods	7	1	14.3
Le Sueur	55	33	60.0
McLeod	100	22	22.0
Mahnomen	38	12	31.6
Marshall	18	8	44.4
Meeker	13	6	46.2
Mille Lacs	64	16	25.0

State Safety Indicator 4.3 - Cases in Which Child Protective Services Needed *(continued)*

What was the number and percent of cases in Minnesota in which child protective services were needed?

	Total Traditional	Reports Needing Child	Percent of Reports Needing Child	
County	Reports	Protective Services	Protective Services	
Morrison	89	50	56.2	
Mower	128	28	21.9	
Nicollet	66	26	39.4	
Nobles	17	1	5.9	
Norman	10	4	40.0	
Olmsted	264	124	47.0	
Otter Tail	171	96	56.1	
Pennington	9	4	44.4	
Pine	85	36	42.4	
Pipestone	38	23	60.5	
Polk	161	43	26.7	
Pope	10	6	60.0	
Ramsey	850	435	51.2	
Red Lake	11	8	72.7	
Redwood	37	13	35.1	
Renville	21	12	57.1	
Rice	175	49	28.0	
Rock	20	1	5.0	
Roseau	14	4	28.6	
St. Louis	345	132	38.3	
Scott	200	53	26.5	
Sherburne	38	16	42.1	
Sibley	45	16	35.6	
Stearns	171	58	33.9	
Steele	163	60	36.8	
Stevens	21	8	38.1	
Swift	55	31	56.4	
Todd	62	36	58.1	
Traverse	14	7	50.0	
Wabasha	21	13	61.9	
Wadena	50	16	32.0	
Waseca	60	28	46.7	
Washington	308	132	42.9	
Watonwan	40	4	10.0	
Wilkin	0	0	0.0	
Winona	58	21	36.2	
Wright	125	53	42.4	
Yellow Medicine	29	12	41.4	
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	77	32	41.6	
Faribault-Martin	124	34	27.4	
Minnesota	12,161	4,135	34.0	

Federal Safety Indicator 1.1 and State Safety Indicator 1.2

Of all children who were victims of determined maltreatment during the first six months of 2003, what number had another determined report within six or 12 months?

County	Total Determined Victims 01/01-06/30/03	Victims - Recurrence Within Six Month	Percent of Six Month Recurrence Rate	Victims - Recurrence Within 12 Month	Percent of 12 Month Recurrence Rate
Aitkin	30	4	13.3	4	13.3
Anoka	253	6	2.4	8	3.2
Becker	64	6	9.4	8	12.5
Beltrami	70	7	10.0	9	12.9
Benton	20	0	0.0	4	20.0
Big Stone	3	0	0.0	1	33.3
Blue Earth	51	1	2.0	1	2.0
Brown	24	2	8.3	3	12.5
Carlton	19	0	0.0	0	0.0
Carver	67	4	6.0	9	13.4
Cass	13	1	7.7	1	7.7
Chippewa	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Chisago	32	0	0.0	0	0.0
Clay	70	1	1.4	3	4.3
Clearwater	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Cook	5	1	20.0	1	20.0
Cottonwood	11	0	0.0	0	0.0
Crow Wing	38	2	5.3	2	5.3
Dakota	180	8	4.4	10	5.6
Dodge	21	0	0.0	1	4.8
Douglas	49	2	4.1	5	10.2
Fillmore	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Freeborn	33	1	3.0	4	12.1
Goodhue	9	1	11.1	1	11.1
Grant	6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Hennepin	1,715	102	5.9	192	11.2
Houston	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Hubbard	11	0	0.0	0	0.0
Isanti	48	0	0.0	1	2.1
Itasca	38	2	5.3	2	5.3
Jackson	11	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kanabec	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	40	2	5.0	2	5.0
Kittson	0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Koochiching	20	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lac qui Parle	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lake	11	0	0.0	0	0.0
Lake of the Woods	1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Le Sueur	30	0	0.0	1	3.3
McLeod	44	0	0.0	1	2.3
Mahnomen	13	0	0.0	2	15.4
Marshall	6	1	16.7	1	16.7
Meeker	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Mille Lacs	19	0	0.0	0	0.0

Federal Safety Indicator 1.1 and State Safety Indicator 1.2 (continued)

Of all children who were victims of determined maltreatment during the first six months of 2003, what number had

another determined report within six or 12 months?

another determined rep	Total	Victims -	Percent of	Victims -	Percent of
	Determined Victims	Recurrence	Six Month	Recurrence	12 Month
County	01/01-06/30/03	Within Six Month	Recurrence Rate	Within 12 Month	Recurrence Rate
Morrison	32	0	0.0	4	12.5
Mower	32	3	9.4	5	15.6
Nicollet	26	1	3.8	2	7.7
Nobles	11	0	0.0	1	9.1
Norman	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Olmsted	74	8	10.8	12	16.2
Otter Tail	77	2	2.6	6	7.8
Pennington	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pine	34	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pipestone	6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Polk	55	1	1.8	4	7.3
Pope	4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Ramsey	449	30	6.7	43	9.6
Red Lake	8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Redwood	9	1	11.1	1	11.1
Renville	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Rice	54	4	7.4	7	13.0
Rock	2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Roseau	9	0	0.0	0	0.0
St. Louis	119	9	7.6	11	9.2
Scott	79	5	6.3	12	15.2
Sherburne	7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Sibley	17	0	0.0	0	0.0
Stearns	58	2	3.4	3	5.2
Steele	22	3	13.6	4	18.2
Stevens	11	1	9.1	1	9.1
Swift	18	0	0.0	2	11.1
Todd	24	0	0.0	1	4.2
Traverse	3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wabasha	11	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wadena	20	0	0.0	0	0.0
Waseca	18	0	0.0	0	0.0
Washington	147	5	3.4	9	6.1
Watonwan	10	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wilkin	0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Winona	20	3	15.0	4	20.0
Wright	43	0	0.0	1	2.3
Yellow Medicine	14	1	7.1	3	21.4
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	23	0	0.0	0	0.0
Faribault-Martin	50	2	4.0	5	10.0
Minnesota	4,723	235	5.0	418	8.9

Minnesota's Children in Out-of-Home Care Report for 2003

Table of Contents

	Page
Introduction	4
Children in Out-of-Home Placement	5
Figure 1 - Flow of Children in Out-of-Home Placement	5
Figure 2 - Total Children Experiencing Out-of-Home Placement (2000-2003)	5
Children in Out-of-Home Placement: Demographics	6
Figure 3 - Gender of Children in Out-of-Home Placement	
Figure 4 - Age of Children in Out-of-Home Placement	6
Figure 5 - Age Groups of Children in Out-of-Home Placement	6
Figure 6 - Percent Change From Prior Year in Children in Out-of-Home Care	
by Age Group and Overall	
Figure 7 - Race/Ethnicity of Children in Out-of-Home Care	8
Figure 8 - Race of Children in Out-of-Home Care as a Percent of Total -	
Largest Racial Group	9
Number of Placements, Duration and Moves	10
Figure 9 - Placement Frequency For Children in Out-of-Home Care in 2003	10
Figure 10 - Frequency of Moves Within a Placement For Children in Out-of-Home Care	10
Figure 11 - Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-Home Care	
Figure 12 - Days in Out-of-Home Care by Placement Setting	
Figure 13 - Length of Placements Ending in 2003	12
Figure 14 - Days in Care in 2003 Only	
Figure 15 - Days in Care in 2003 Only for Children Under Age 8	
Re-entry Into Placement and Reasons for Placements and Reasons	
for Discharge	13
Figure 16 - Re-entry Rate Within 12 Months of a Prior Placement For All	
Children Who Entered Care in 2003	
Figure 17 - Reasons For Entering Out-of-Home Care	
Figure 18 - Reasons For Discharge From Care	
Figure 19 - Percent of Discharges to Home Settings (2001-2003)	
Figure 20 - Percent of Discharges to Adoption and to Reaching Age of Majority	15
Out-of-Home Care: Categories of Reasons for Entry	
Figure 21 - Reasons For Entry by Category For Children in Out-of-Home Placement	17
Figure 22 - Categories of Reasons For Entry by Race and Ethnicity of Children in Out-of-Home Placement	17
Figure 23 - Placement Setting by Category of Reasons For Entry	

Table of Contents (continued)

	Page
Figure 24 - Average Length of Stay Per Placement by Category of Reason in	
2002 and 2003	18
Figure 25 - Reasons For Discharge by Reasons For Entry Category	
Figure 26 - Percent Reasons For Discharge by Reasons For Entry Category	
Figure 27 - Re-entry by Category of Reasons in 2003	
Out-of-Home Care Performance Measures: Outcomes	
and Indicators	21
Children in Out-of-Home Care Appendix	22
Flow of Children in Out-of-Home Care - 2003	
Count of Children, Placements and Placement Settings	25
Gender of Children in Out-of-Home Placement by County	26
Age Groups of Children in Out-of-Home Placement	
Children in Out-of-Home Placement by Race and Ethnicity	
American Indian Children in Out-of-Home Placement	
American Indian Children in Out-of-Home Placement by Tribe	
Placement Frequency For Children in Out-of-Home Care by County	
Frequency of Moves Within a Placement For Children in Out-of-Home Care	
Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-Home Care	
Days in Out-of-Home Care by Placement Setting During 2003	
Length of Placements Ending in 2003	
Days in Care in Out-of-Home Care in 2003 Only	
Days in Out-of-Home Care in 2003 Only for Children Under Age 8	
Reasons For Entering Out-of-Home Care	
Reasons For Discharge From Out-of-Home Care	
Federal Permanency Indicator 4.1 - Reunified Within 12 Months of Last Removal	
Federal Permanency Indicator 4.2 - Re-entered Placement Within 12 Months of	
Prior Placement.	56
Federal Permanency Indicator 6.1 - No More Than Two Placement Settings	
Within 12 Months or Less.	58

Introduction

This section focuses on children in out-of-home placement. The terms "out-of-home placement," "out-of-home care," "foster care," and "in care" are used interchangeably in this report. All terms refer to children who experienced one or more days in a placement setting outside of their original home during the 2003 calendar year. Various tables feature age, racial and ethnic identity, number of placements, number of placement settings, length of time in care, reasons for entry, reasons for discharge and re-entries into care. Comparisons are made to the child population by race in Minnesota to understand if there are racial disparities in numbers of children in placement, as well as to racial differences in reasons for entry and pattern of re-entries.

In this report a placement is defined as an entry into, and an ultimate discharge from, out-of-home care. The location of the placement is called a placement setting. A child may experience one or more settings in a given placement. On occasion, a child may leave one setting to go to another type of placement setting and then returns to the first placement. Each of these times is counted as an additional placement. If there is a change from one placement setting to another, a move has taken place. A discharge from care occurs when a child is no longer in out-of-home care.

Totals in the tables reflect the fact that 15,294 unique children had 16,886 placements in out-of-home care and experienced 24,722 placement settings.

Key findings in this section are as follows:

Out-of-Home Care

- In 2003, 15,294 children spent some time in out-of-home care. More were boys than girls. The majority were White adolescents. African American/Black and American Indian children were represented in out-of-home care at a rate of four and seven times respectively of their representation in the Minnesota child population.
- The total number of children experiencing out-of-home care is 11 percent lower than the previous year.

- Most children experienced no moves while in care in 2003. Most of the children were placed in a family type setting. About 24 percent were in care for one week or less. Children under age 8 spent an average of 19 fewer days in care than the average for all children.
- About 24 percent of the children who entered care in 2003 had experienced care within the previous 12 months. About 75 percent of the children left care to return home to a parent or other relative.

Out-of-Home Care by Reasons for Entry

Different outcomes were observed for children when reasons for entering care were grouped into four categories: parent reasons, child reasons, child disabilities or two or more of these reasons.

- Approximately 55 percent of children entered care for reasons related to their parents. Children belonging to two or more racial groups entered care more frequently for parent-related reasons. All children entering for two or more reasons (parent and child-related) had a longer out-of-home placement duration and were most likely to re-enter care. Thirty percent of entries in care were attributed to child behavior or child substance abuse. These children were predominantly adolescents, had the shortest duration and re-entered care frequently.
- Relatively few children entered care for reasons of disability (less than 2 percent), but they stayed in care the longest, an average of more than two and one half years.
- Average number of days in care for placements ending in 2003 was 327 days.

Children in Out-of-Home Placement

At a Glance

In 2003, about 15,300 children experienced out-of-home placement. This is a count of unique children, and is the third year in which a decline has been observed.

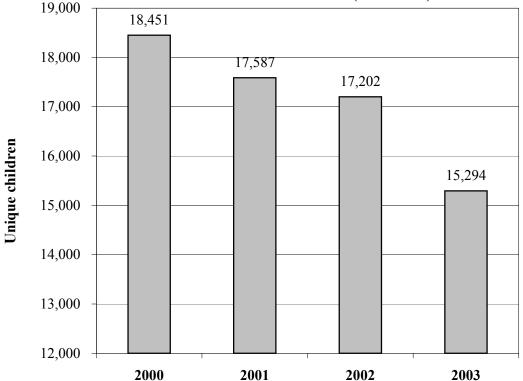
Figure 17 shows that in 2003, 15,294 children experienced 16,886 out-of-home placements (out-of-home care). This is a unique count of children. About 800 fewer children were in care at the end of the year than at the beginning. The total number of children experiencing out-of-home care is 11.1 percent lower than the previous year.

Figure 1 - Flow of Children in Out-of-Home Placement

1 10001110110			
	Children*	Placements	
Entered Care	7,992	9,157	
Continued in Care	7,729	7,729	
Left Care	9,037	9,948	
Remained in Care	6,938	6,938	
Unique Counts	15,294	16,886	

^{*}Children may be counted in more than one category.

Figure 2 - Total Children Experiencing Out-of-Home Placement (2000-2003)



Children in Out-of-Home Placement: Demographics

At a Glance

- More boys than girls spent time in out-of-home placement.
- The majority of the children were adolescents.
- The majority of children in out-of-home care were White.
- African American/Black and American Indian children continued to be over-represented in out-of-home placement relative to their proportions in the child populations.

Figure 3 indicates that more boys (55 percent) experienced out-of-home care in 2003 than did girls (45 percent). This pattern of more boys than girls is consistent in out-of-home care placements. There also appears to be a slight increase in the percent of girls over the past two years.

Figure 3 - Gender of Children in Out-of-Home Placement

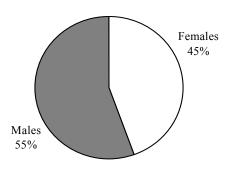


Figure 5 - Age Groups of Children in Out-of-Home Placement

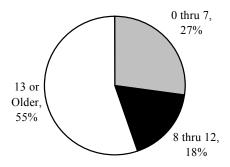


Figure 4 lists the age distribution of children in out-of-home placement.

Figure 4 - Age of Children in Out-of-Home Placement

Age	Total Children	Percent
<1	421	2.8
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	640	4.2
2	645	4.2 3.5 3.5 3.3 2.9 2.8 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.8
3	534	3.5
4	537	3.5
5	503	3.3
6	442	2.9
7	433	2.8
8	468	3.1
9	477	3.1
10	475	3.1
11	578	3.8
12	697	4.6 5.8 7.9 9.3 10.6
13 14	884	5.8
14	1,212	7.9
15	1,424	9.3
15 16	1,616	10.6
17	1,641 1,221	10.7
18	1,221	8.0 2.2
19	344	2.2
20	65	0.4
21	22	0.1
21 22	1	0.0
Missing Data	14	0.1
Total	15, 294	100

Figure 5 shows the percent of children in three age groups (0-7, 8-12 and 13 years and older). Over half (55 percent) of the children in out-of-home placement were teenagers. The median age was 13 years in 2003.

Children in Out-of-Home Placement: Demographics (continued)

The relative size and representation of age groups has changed in the past three years. Deviation from the Total Change indicates an age group that grew or shrank more than could be expected. In 2003, the percent in the 0 thru 7 age group has increased, and the 13 or older age group has decreased more than could be expected, based on the overall changes.

Figure 6 - Percent Change From Prior Year in Children in Out-of-Home Care by Age Group and Overall

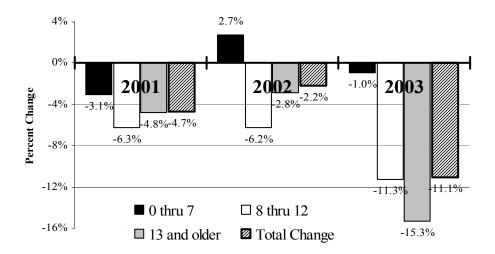


Figure 7 - Race/Ethnicity of Children in Out-of-Home Care

Race	Total Children in Care	Percent of Total Children in Care	Percent of Children in 2000 Minnesota Population
African American/Black	3,270	21.4	5.0
American Indian	1,805	11.8	1.6
Asian	348	2.3	4.2
Pacific Islander	6	0.0	_
White	8,568	56.0	83.9
Two or More Races	980	6.4	3.4
Unknown Race/Other	276	1.8	1.9
Missing Data	41	0.3	-
Total	15,294	100	100
Hispanic Ethnicity - Any Race*	1,063	7.0	5.5

^{*}Hispanic person can be of any race.

Note: For the first time in 2003, the calculation of Two or More Races changed. If a child's record indicated one of two races was Unknown, the remaining race became the single race of the child. In the past, this child would be identified as Two or More races.

Children in Out-of-Home Placement: Demographics (continued)

Figure 8 shows the number of children in out-of-home placement by race. Although White children made up the largest number of children in care, the proportion of African American/Black and American Indian children was about four and seven times respectively of their representation in the Minnesota child population. White and Asian children were under-represented in out-of-home placements compared to their proportion in the child population. Children with Hispanic ethnicity can be of any race and have appeared in out-of-home placement in a slightly higher number than their proportion in the Minnesota child population. This rise may be due in part to the growth in the Hispanic child population in recent years.

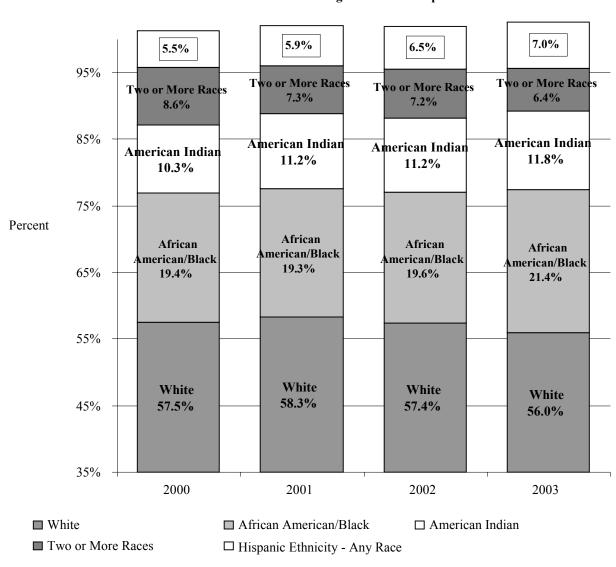


Figure 8 - Race of Children in Out-of-Home Care as a Percent of Total - Largest Racial Groups

From 2000 to 2003, American Indian, African American/Black, and Hispanic children have increased in their representation, while White children have decreased in their percent of the total. The decrease in Two or More races in 2003 is due in part to the change in attribution of primary race in 2003.

Number of Placements, Duration and Moves

At a Glance

- The greatest percentage of children in out-of-home care (91 percent) experienced only one placement in 2003.
- About 65 percent of the children in placement experienced only one placement setting.
- Over half of children in care spent some time in a non-relative foster care setting.
- Over 75 percent of the days that children spent in care were in some type of family setting.
- About one-fourth of children who left care in 2003 spent one week or less in placement.
- About 12 percent of all children in care in 2003 spent one week or less in placement.
- Children under age 8 who entered care in 2003 averaged less time in placement than older children.

Figure 9 - Placement Frequency For Children in Out-of-Home Care in 2003

Number of	Unique	
Placements	Children	Percent
1	13,953	91.2
2	1,142	7.5
3	161	1.1
4	27	0.2
5	9	0.1
6	1	0.0
7 or More	1	0.0
Total 16,886	15,294	100

Figure 9 lists the distribution of the number of placements for all children in care. Ninety-one percent experienced only one placement within the year 2003. The percent of children experiencing only one placement increased from 2001 to 2003.

Figure 10 lists the frequency of moves for children in out-of-home care within the calendar year. Approximately 65 percent of the children experienced no moves while in placement, which is higher than in 2002 or 2001. Almost 22 percent experienced one move while in placement.

Figure 10 - Frequency of Moves Within a Placement For Children in Out-of-Home Care

Moves	Unique Children	Percent
0 (no moves)	9,867	64.5
1	3,307	21.6
2 or More	2,119	13.9
Missing Data	1	0.0
Total	15,294	100

Figure 11 reports on the types and frequency of placement settings that children experienced. More than half of the 15,294 children spent some time in non-relative foster family homes and about 30 percent spent some time in a residential/institutional setting.

Figure 11 - Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-Home Care

Placement Setting	Placement Setting Occurrences	Children*
Pre-adoptive Home - Relative	234	229
Pre-adoptive Home - Non-relative	807	759
Foster Family Home - Relative	3,467	3,097
Foster Family Home - Non-relative	10,485	8,085
Group Home	3,156	2,432
Residential Treatment/Institution	6,471	4,641
Supervised Independent Living	48	49
Runaway (from placement)	54	50
Total	24,722	19,338

^{*}Each child is counted only once under each placement setting but may be counted in more than one setting.

Figure 12 - Days in Out-of-Home Care by Placement Setting

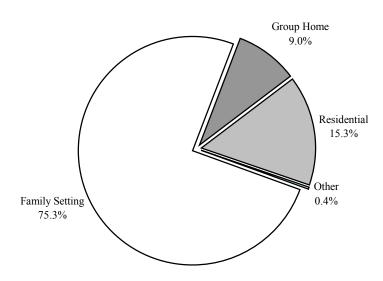


Figure 12 shows the number of days that children spent in care by placement setting during calendar year 2003. Over 75 percent of the days that children spent in care were in family settings. "Family Setting" includes foster family and pre-adoptive homes with relatives or non-relatives. "Other" includes supervised independent living, runaway from placement and unknown settings.

Comparing Figures 11 and 12, it is interesting to note that while 26 percent of the 24,722 placement settings and 30 percent of the 15,294 unique children spent time in residential/institutional settings at some point during the year, only 15 percent of the days were spent in those settings.

Number of Placements, Duration and Moves (continued)

Figure 13 describes the duration of placements that ended in 2003. Note that some of these placements began prior to 2003, thus the length of time of some placements exceeded 365 days. Less than one-fourth of these placements were one week or less and 22 percent were more than one year. The average number of days per placement that ended was 327.

Figure 13 - Length of Placements Ending in 2003

Days in Care	Number of Placements	Percent of Placements
0 to 7	2,349	23.6
8 to 30	1,315	13.2
31 to 90	1,384	13.9
91 to180	1,220	12.3
181 to 365	1,429	14.4
366+	2,251	22.6
Episodes Ending in 2003	9,948	100

Figure 14 - Days in Care in 2003 Only

Days in Care	Number of Children	Percent of Children
0-7	1,905	12.5
8-30	1,517	9.9
31-90	2,440	16.0
91-180	2,676	17.5
181-365	6,756	44.2
Total	15,294	100

Figure 14 describes the number of days children spent in care *within* the calendar year. About 22 percent of the children spent 30 days or less in care, while 44 percent spent more than one half of the year in care. The average number of days in care in the calendar year was 175.

Figure 15 shows the number of days in care for children under age 8. Consistent with Figure 13, about 23 percent of the children spent 30 days or less in care. For the children under 8, 39 percent compared to 44 percent in Figure 14, spent more than one half of the year in care. The average number of days in care for these children was 156, somewhat less than the average of 175 days for children of all ages.

Figure 15 - Days in Care in 2003 Only For Children Under Age 8

Days in Care	Number of Children	Percent of Children
0-7	585	14.1
8-30	384	9.2
31-90	749	18.0
91-180	825	19.9
181-365	1,612	38.8
Total	4,155	100

Re-entry Into Placement and Reasons for Placements and Reasons for Discharge

At A Glance

- Twenty-four percent of children who entered care in 2003 (7,992) re-entered care one or more times within the previous 12 months.
- White children were the most likely to re-enter care in 2003.
- Most children, about 75 percent, left care to be reunified with parent or primary caretaker.

Figure 16 presents the out-of-home placement re-entry rate for all children who entered care by race and ethnicity. Re-entry means that a child was in placement in 2003, as well as a prior placement within 12 months of the 2003 placement. This is in compliance with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) guidelines. White children have the highest re-entry rate, 25.9 percent.

Figure 16 - Re-entry Rate Within 12 Months of a Prior Placement For All Children Who Entered Care in 2003

Race	Entered Care	Re-entered Care Within 12 Months	Percent
African American/Black	1,673	387	23.1
American Indian	816	189	23.2
Asian	220	52	23.6
Pacific Islander	4	0	0.0
White	4,589	1,188	25.9
Two or More Races	452	104	23.0
Unknown Race/Other	202	18	8.9
Missing Data	36	3	8.3
Total Children	7,992	1,941	24.3
Hispanic Ethnicity - Any Race*	576	139	24.1

^{*}Hispanic ethnicity persons may be of any race.

Re-entry Into Placement and Reasons for Placements and Reasons for Discharge (continued)

Figure 17 indicates the reasons why children entered care. For this figure children were counted only once within each reason. However, because children may have entered care for multiple reasons, or may have entered multiple times for different reasons, they may be counted in more than one reason. The figure shows that child behavior was the most common reason cited for placement, followed by alleged neglect.

Figure 18 reports that 74.4 percent of the children left care to return home to a parent, primary caretaker or other relative.

Figure 17 - Reasons For Entering Out-of-Home Care

	Number of	Number
Reasons	Children	of Reasons
Abandonment	1,090	1,110
Alleged Neglect	4,677	4,812
Alleged Physical Abuse	1,744	1,777
Alleged Sexual Abuse	774	782
Caretaker Inability to Cope	3,212	3,336
Child Alcohol Abuse	350	373
Child Behavior	6,050	7,044
Child Disability	1,032	1,068
Child Drug Abuse	613	682
Inadequate Housing	908	925
Parent Alcohol Abuse	1,382	1,428
Parent Death	129	129
Parent Drug Abuse	2,244	2,333
Parent Incarceration	897	906
Relinquishment of Parental Rights	348	348

Figure 18 - Reasons For Discharge From Care

Reasons For Discharge	Placements	Percent
Reunification With Parents/Primary Caretakers	6,997	70.3
Living With Other Relatives	404	4.1
Transfer to Another Agency	238	2.4
Runaway From Placement (placement no longer planned)	326	3.3
Reached Age of Majority or Emancipated	629	6.3
Adoption Finalized	728	7.3
Guardianship	42	0.4
Death of Child	13	0.1
Permanent Transfer of Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative	533	5.4
Missing Data	38	0.4
Total*	9,948	100

^{*}Some children were in care more than once during the year.

Re-entry Into Placement and Reasons for Placements and Reasons for Discharge (continued)

In Figure 19 combining percents from three of the reasons that result in discharge to home settings (Reunification with Parents/caretakers; Living with Other Relatives; and Permanent Transfer of Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative) shows that these reasons have stayed level from 2001 to 2003.

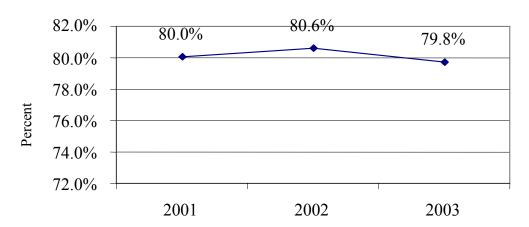


Figure 19 - Percent of Discharges to Home Settings (2001-2003)

Figure 20 indicates the percent of discharges to Adoption and discharges to Reached Age of Majority or Emancipated have increased from 2001 to 2003.

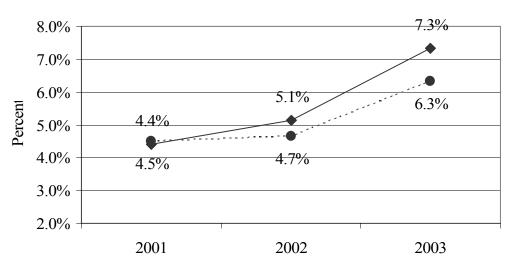


Figure 20 - Percent of Discharges to Adoption and to Reaching Age of Majority

→ Adoption finalized · · · • · · · Reached age of majority or emancipated

Out-of-Home Care: Categories of Reasons for Entry

At a Glance

- Fifty-five percent of children entered care for parent reasons.
- The percent of parent related reasons has increased since 2001.
- White children were more likely to enter care for parent reasons and reasons related to their own behavior, while African American/Black and American Indian children were more likely to enter care for reasons related to their parents' behavior.
- Children who entered care for parent reasons or their own disability were most often placed in non-relative family foster homes.
- Children who entered care for reasons related to parents' behavior stayed in care an average of one year and one month.
- Children who entered care for behavior reasons were most often placed in residential treatment facilities or institutions.
- Children who entered care for reasons related to their own behavior were twice as likely to re-enter care than children who entered care for reasons related to their parents' behavior.
- Children who entered care for reasons related to their disability stayed in care the longest, averaging two and one half years.
- The percentage of children entering care for disability reasons has remained stable from 2000 through 2003.
- Most children left care to live with their parents or primary caretakers regardless of the reasons for entry.

The reasons why children enter care influence their paths while in care, as well as what happens to them when they leave care. This section examines where children were placed when they entered care, how long they spent in placement, their reunification rate and their re-entry rate within the year.

For the purposes of this section, the 15 reasons for entry have been divided into four categories:

- Reasons related to parents include alleged physical abuse, alleged sexual abuse, alleged neglect, parental substance abuse, death or abandonment by a parent, parental inability to cope, incarceration, relinquishment of parental rights and inadequate housing.
- Reasons related to children include a child's behavior, delinquency, status offenses and their own substance abuse.
- Reasons related to a child's disability include children who are developmentally disabled or who have a diagnosis of serious emotional disturbance.
- Reasons related to two or more of the above categories.

Out-of-Home Care: Categories of Reasons for Entry (continued)

Figure 21 indicates the four reasons why children entered care: parent behavior, child behavior, child disability and two or more of these reasons. When reasons for entry were grouped together, most children entered care for parent-related reasons, as compared to Figure 16 where child behavior is the single reason most often cited for children's entry into care.

Figure 21 - Reasons For Entry by Category For Children in Out-of-Home Placement

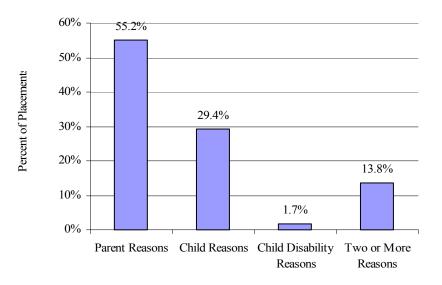


Figure 22 - Categories of Reasons For Entry by Race and Ethnicity of Children in Out-of-Home Placement

				Two or	
			Child	More	Unique
Race	Parent	Child	Disability	Reasons	Children
African American/Black	2,322	655	29	335	3,270
American Indian	1,214	370	14	243	1,805
Asian	155	154	7	34	348
Pacific Islander	2	2	0	2	6
White	4,310	2,798	219	1,423	8,568
Two or More Races	723	136	6	138	980
Unknown/Other	170	75	3	31	276
Missing Data	11	20	1	11	41
Total	8,907	4,210	279	2,217	15,294
Hispanic Ethnicity - Any Race*	691	248	12	135	1,063

^{*}Hispanic ethnicity persons may be of any race.

Figure 22 illustrates the distribution of children who entered care by race, according to the four categories of reasons for entry. Children of all races entered care more frequently for the combined parent reasons than for child reasons, but the ratio of parent to child reasons was highest for children of Two or More Races (four and one half times more parent than child reasons). African American/Black and American Indian children had three times more parent reasons than child reasons, and White children showed one and one half times more parent than child reasons.

Out-of-Home Care: Categories of Reasons for Entry (continued)

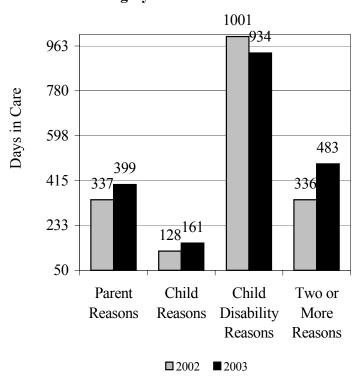
Figure 23 illustrates that children who entered care for parent or child disability reasons were most often placed in non-relative family foster homes. Children who entered for child behavior reasons were most often placed in residential treatment facilities or institutions.

Figure 23 - Placeme	nt Setting b	y Categor	y of Reason	is For Entry	

Placement Setting	Parent Reasons	Child Reasons	Child Disability	Two or More Reasons	Total
Foster Family Home - Non-relative	5,718	1,108	144	1,192	8,162
Foster Family Home - Relative	2,729	110	10	251	3,100
Group Home	460	1,341	73	589	2,463
Pre-adoptive Home - Non-relative	687	12	0	60	759
Pre-adoptive Home - Relative	214	5	0	10	229
Residential Treatment/Institution	1,371	2,469	73	828	4,741
Runaway (from placement)	15	27		8	50
Supervised Independent Living	14	16	4	11	45
Total	11,208	5,088	304	2,949	19,549

Figure 24 displays the duration of placements for all children who left care by category of reasons for entry. Some placements began prior to 2003, thus the length of time in care for some children exceeded 365 days. Children who entered care for child disability reasons averaged the longest stays, about 2.5 years. Overall, the average number of days in care for placements ending in 2003 was 327 days. Placements for reasons related to parents or two or more reasons lasted, on average, more than one year.

Figure 24 - Average Length of Stay Per Placement by Category of Reason in 2002 and 2003



Out-of-Home Care: Categories of Reasons for Entry (continued)

Figure 25 reports where children went when they were discharged from care by the four categories of reasons for entry. Regardless of the reason for entry, reunification was the most common outcome. Children who entered care for child behavior reasons were most likely to be reunified with parents/primary caretakers. Children with disabilities were the least likely to be reunified with parents/primary caretakers. Children who were discharged to adoption or permanent transfer of legal and physical custody to a relative, entered care due to parent related reasons.

Figure 25 - Reasons For Discharge by Reasons For Entry Category

Reason For Discharge	Parent Reasons	Child Reasons	Child Disability	Two or More Reasons	Total Placements
Reunification With Parents/Primary Caretakers	3,103	3,073	•	748	6,997
Living With Other Relatives	284	82	1	37	404
Adoption Finalized	677	10	0	41	728
Permanent Transfer of Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative	470	17	1	45	533
Other*	471	484	37	256	1,248
Missing Data	16	9	0	13	38
Total	5,021	3,675	112	1,140	9,948

^{*}Reached age of majority or emancipated, guardianship transferred to another agency, runaway from placement, death.

Figure 26 - Percent Reasons For Discharge by Reasons For Entry Category

Reason For Discharge	Parent Reasons	Child Reasons	Child Disability	Two or More Reasons	Total Placements
Reunification With Parents/Primary Caretakers	61.8	83.6	65.2	65.6	70.3
Living With Other Relatives	5.7	2.2	0.9	3.2	4.1
Adoption Finalized	13.5	0.3	0.0	3.6	7.3
Permanent Transfer of Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative	9.4	0.5	0.9	3.9	5.4
Other*	9.4	13.2	33.0	22.5	12.5
Missing Data	0.3	0.2	0.0	1.1	0.4
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}Reached age of majority or emancipated, guardianship transferred to another agency, runaway from placement, death.

Out-of-Home Care: Categories of Reasons for Re-entry (continued)

Figure 27 reports the re-entry rate for children in care by the four categories of reasons for entry. Reentry means that a child who was in placement in 2003 was in a prior placement within 12 months. Children who entered care for reasons related to parent behavior were the least likely to re-enter care. Children who entered care for reasons related to child behavior, child disability, or for multiple reasons were more than two times as likely to have had a prior placement than children who entered for parent related reasons.

Figure 27 - Re-entry by Category of Reasons in 2003

	Parent Reasons	Child Reasons	Child Disability	Two or More Reasons	Total
Entered Care*	4,323	2,746	63	860	7,992
Re-entered Within 12 Months	629	970	18	324	1,941
Re-entry Rate (Percent)	14.6	35.3	28.6	37.7	24.3

^{*}Only last placement is counted.

Out-of-Home Care Performance Measures: Outcomes and Indicators

In 1998, Minnesota counties began to use performance indicators to measure how well the state's child welfare system was protecting children at risk of abuse and neglect, and how well the system was providing permanent homes. This section provides statewide performance on three federal indicators that pertain to children in out-of-home placements. The national standards for these measures were established by the federal Department of Health and Human Services in 2001.

Performance of each Minnesota county on these indicators is provided in the Appendix.

Performance Indicators	National Standards	2003 Results
Federal Permanency Indicator 4.1 Of all the children who were reunified with their parents or caretakers at the time of discharge from foster care, what percent were reunified within 12 months from the time of the latest removal from home?	76.2% or more	90.3%
Federal Permanency Indicator 4.2 Of all the children who entered out-of-home placement during the year, what percent re-entered placement within 12 months of a prior placement?	8.6% or less	24.3%
Federal Permanency Indicator 6.1 Of all children who have been in out-of-home placement less than 12 months from the time of the last removal from home, what percentage have had no more than two placement settings during that time period?	86.7% or more	86.0%

dren in Out-of-H	11	

Flow of Children in Out-of-Home Care - 2003

County	Continued in Placement From Previous Year	Entered Placement in 2003	Left Placement in 2003	Remained in Placement After End of Year
Aitkin	46	38	48	38
Anoka	367	378	383	366
Becker	105	78	94	91
Beltrami	150	79	109	121
Benton	47	53	54	55
Big Stone	6	13	11	8
Blue Earth	65	84	77	78
Brown	31	58	56	36
Carlton	94	66	77	85
Carver	83	108	110	82
Cass	88	138	159	74
Chippewa	21	11	16	13
Chisago	94	129	155	69
Clay	97	68	86	82
Clearwater	16	17	16	18
Cook	2	8	7	4
Cottonwood	43	18	38	23
Crow Wing	112	120	112	131
Dakota	253	250	306	189
Dodge	21	51	45	27
Douglas	36	42	46	32
Fillmore	18	25	23	20
Freeborn	64	60	68	59
Goodhue	57	63	71	49
Grant	5	4	6	3
Hennepin	2,050	1,903	2,191	1,819
Houston	28	50	51	28
Hubbard	24	68	69	27
Isanti	63	59	64	58
Itasca	132	190	207	126
Jackson	29	13	19	23
Kanabec	20	62	61	25
Kandiyohi	66	60	75	55
Kittson	2	3	3	2
Koochiching	23	45	37	34
Lac qui Parle	6	11	12	5
Lake	26	22	19	31
Lake of the Woods	3	5	5	4
Le Sueur	59	16	45	32
McLeod	37	44	48	40
Mahnomen	29	31	41	22
Marshall	9	17	17	12
Meeker	27	23	29	22

Flow of Children in Out-of-Home Care - 2003 (continued)

County	Continued in Placement From Previous Year	Entered Placement in 2003	Left Placement in 2003	Remained in Placement After End of Year
Mille Lacs	49	76	84	46
Morrison	47	54	73	28
Mower	67	64	73	58
Nicollet	19	42	37	26
Nobles	17	20	29	7
Norman	9	13	15	8
Olmsted	114	127	164	82
Otter Tail	70	50	68	51
Pennington	33	28	29	29
Pine	63	76	79	65
Pipestone	10	34	25	18
Polk	45	78	74	51
Pope	12	4	9	7
Ramsey	1,195	936	1,131	1,020
Red Lake	2	6	3	5
Redwood	30	21	23	28
Renville	18	15	15	20
Rice	52	32	38	48
Rock	14	13	15	12
Roseau	17	30	32	16
St. Louis	404	367	409	372
Scott	64	106	120	54
Sherburne	44	69	54	65
Sibley	12	22	26	13
Stearns	136	176	196	122
Steele	28	40	44	24
Stevens	7	14	12	9
Swift	18	7	17	7
Todd	49	24	32	42
Traverse	4	6	4	6
Wabasha	26	62	56	35
Wadena	24	43	30	38
Waseca	30	41	47	27
Washington	125	298	310	130
Watonwan	18	8	17	7
Wilkin	19	13	19	14
Winona	40	95	107	27
Wright	101	132	151	88
Yellow Medicine	21	29	29	22
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	61	65	80	49
Faribault-Martin	61	75	95	44
Minnesota	7,729	7,992	9,037	6,938

Count of Children, Placements and Placement Settings

County	Unique Children	Placements	Placement Settings
Aitkin	83	89	174
Anoka	726	777	1,171
Becker	176	186	282
Beltrami	225	232	316
Benton	99	120	168
Big Stone	19	20	27
Blue Earth	142	167	247
Brown	85	98	129
Carlton	155	162	233
Carver	184	210	280
Cass	221	249	367
Chippewa	29	32	38
Chisago	217	235	303
Clay	162	169	233
Clearwater	32	35	49
Cook	10	14	19
Cottonwood	60	61	84
Crow Wing	229	243	388
Dakota	488	534	722
Dodge	71	83	131
Douglas	75	86	108
Fillmore	41	48	56
Freeborn	121	133	191
Goodhue	116	136	198
Grant	9	10	10
Hennepin	3,857	4,150	6,798
Houston	76	87	109
Hubbard	92	116	153
Isanti	121	126	187
Itasca	303	387	565
Jackson	42	42	47
Kanabec	81	94	107
Kandiyohi	124	136	220
Kittson	5	5	10
Koochiching	67	78	100
Lac qui Parle	16	22	25
Lake	48	50	76
Lake of the Woods	8	10	13
Le Sueur	74	79	99
McLeod	81	88	149
Mahnomen Marahall	57	67	101
Marshall	24	29	36
Meeker Milla Laga	49	53	66
Mille Lacs	121	142	212
Morrison	97	111	186

County	Unique Children	Placements	Placement Settings
Mower	123	140	188
Nicollet	58	67	77
Nobles	35	38	40
Norman	21	31	34
Olmsted	238	270	366
Otter Tail	117	122	153
Pennington	56	65	102
Pine	136	151	229
Pipestone	43	50	66
Polk	120	137	186
Pope	15	16	21
Ramsey	2,073	2,245	3,209
Red Lake	8	9	13
Redwood	50	52	66
Renville	33	36	46
Rice	84	86	125
Rock	27	28	41
Roseau	46	48	70
St. Louis	745	811	1,100
Scott	169	189	257
Sherburne	112	123	168
Sibley	32	42	54
Stearns	298	351	477
Steele	63	73	103
Stevens	21	21	28
Swift	24	25	28
Todd	72	75	108
Traverse	10	10	13
Wabasha	85	99	170
Wadena	67	69	96
Waseca	69	80	104
Washington	417	484	584
Watonwan	22	26	35
Wilkin	32	33	50
Winona	127	176	259
Wright	226	256	359
Yellow Medicine	50	53	75
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	118	140	229
Faribault-Martin	134	158	210
Minnesota	15,294	16,886	24,722

Gender of Children in Out-of-Home Placement by County

County	Female	Male	Total	Percent Male
Aitkin	37	46	83	55.4
Anoka	353	373	726	51.4
Becker	87	89	176	50.6
Beltrami	111	114	225	50.7
Benton	48	51	99	51.5
Big Stone	10	9	19	47.4
Blue Earth	61	81	142	57.0
Brown	38	47	85	55.3
Carlton	82	73	155	47.1
Carver	75	109	184	59.2
Cass	101	120	221	54.3
Chippewa	9	20	29	69.0
Chisago	101	116	217	53.5
Clay	67	95	162	58.6
Clearwater	8	24	32	75.0
Cook	2	8	10	80.0
Cottonwood	23	37	60	61.7
Crow Wing	95	134	229	58.5
Dakota	241	247	488	50.6
Dodge	28	43	71	60.6
Douglas	34	41	75	54.7
Fillmore	12	29	41	70.7
Freeborn	61	60	121	49.6
Goodhue	51	65	116	56.0
Grant	4	5	9	55.6
Hennepin	1,761	2,096	3,857	54.3
Houston	34	42	76	55.3
Hubbard	44	48	92	52.2
Isanti	63	58	121	47.9
Itasca	131	172	303	56.8
Jackson	15	27	42	64.3
Kanabec	32	49	81	60.5
Kandiyohi	48	76	124	61.3
Kittson	3	2	5	40.0
Koochiching	24	43	67	64.2
Lac qui Parle	5	11	16	68.8
Lake	29	19	48	39.6
Lake of the Woods	3	5	8	62.5
Le Sueur	33	41	74	55.4
Mahnomen	43	38	81	46.9
Marshall	32	25	57	43.9
McLeod	7	17	24	70.8
Meeker	16	33	49	67.3

County	Female	Male	Total	Percent Male
Mille Lacs	49	72	121	59.5
Morrison	46	51	97	52.6
Mower	59	64	123	52.0
Nicollet	30	28	58	48.3
Nobles	6	29	35	82.9
Norman	7	14	21	66.7
Olmsted	103	135	238	56.7
Otter Tail	45	72	117	61.5
Pennington	29	27	56	48.2
Pine	62	74	136	54.4
Pipestone	22	21	43	48.8
Polk	50	70	120	58.3
Pope	6	9	15	60.0
Ramsey	980	1,093	2,073	52.7
Red Lake	-	8	8	100.0
Redwood	25	25	50	50.0
Renville	14	19	33	57.6
Rice	43	41	84	48.8
Rock	10	17	27	63.0
Roseau	17	29	46	63.0
St. Louis	339	406	745	54.5
Scott	90	79	169	46.7
Sherburne	51	61	112	54.5
Sibley	10	22	32	68.8
Stearns	127	171	298	57.4
Steele	31	32	63	50.8
Stevens	8	13	21	61.9
Swift	10	14	24	58.3
Todd	26	46	72	63.9
Traverse	5	5	10	50.0
Wabasha	43	42	85	49.4
Wadena	32	35	67	52.2
Waseca	35	34	69	49.3
Washington	202	215	417	51.6
Watonwan	7	15	22	68.2
Wilkin	13	19	32	59.4
Winona	34	93	127	73.2
Wright	90	136	226	60.2
Yellow Medicine	24	26	50	52.0
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	51	67	118	56.8
Faribault-Martin	45	89	134	66.4
Minnesota	6,938	8,356	15,294	54.6

Age Groups of Children in Out-of-Home Placement

County	0-7 years	8 - 12 years	13+ years	Age Unknown	Total
Aitkin	20	18	45		83
Anoka	260	126	340		726
Becker	53	26	97		176
Beltrami	66	52	107		225
Benton	18	17	64		99
Big Stone	5	3	11		19
Blue Earth	39	22	81		142
Brown	18	7	60		85
Carlton	29	35	91		155
Carver	54	27	103		184
Cass	45	54	122		221
Chippewa	7	1	21		29
Chisago	64	44	109		217
Clay	50	20	92		162
Clearwater	2	5	25		32
Cook	3	2	5		10
Cottonwood	10	8	42		60
Crow Wing	84	29	116		229
Dakota	150	91	247		488
Dodge	16	9	46		71
Douglas	19	8	48		75
Fillmore	4	2	35		41
Freeborn	17	19	85		121
Goodhue	39	10	67		116
Grant	1	-	8		9
Hennepin	1,223	746	1,879	9	3,857
Houston	13	19	44		76
Hubbard	11	10	71		92
Isanti	39	33	49		121
Itasca	49	43	211		303
Jackson	5	6	31		42
Kanabec	10	10	61		81
Kandiyohi	35	23	66		124
Kittson	-	-	5		5
Koochiching	14	14	39		67
Lac qui Parle	1	2	13		16
Lake	14	10	24		48
Lake of the Woods		1	7		8
Le Sueur	19	9	46		74
McLeod	41	10	30		81
Mahnomen	17	13	27		57
Marshall	3	7	14		24
Meeker	5	9	35		49
Mille Lacs	17	21	83		121
IVIIIIe Lacs	17	21	83		121

Age Groups of Children in Out-of-Home Placement (continued)

County	0-7 years	8 - 12 years	13+ years	Age Unknown	Total
Morrison	22	12	63		97
Mower	23	18	82		123
Nicollet	10	8	40		58
Nobles	7	4	24		35
Norman	1	5	15		21
Olmsted	83	38	117		238
Otter Tail	38	17	62		117
Pennington	11	4	41		56
Pine	34	22	80		136
Pipestone	10	2	31		43
Polk	18	17	85		120
Pope	1	4	10		15
Ramsey	570	426	1,075	2	2,073
Red Lake	3	1	4		8
Redwood	7	5	38		50
Renville	6	4	23		33
Rice	21	10	53		84
Rock	5	4	18		27
Roseau	7	3	36		46
St. Louis	226	150	368	1	745
Scott	45	26	96	2	169
Sherburne	32	14	66		112
Sibley	6	3	23		32
Stearns	77	50	171		298
Steele	12	14	37		63
Stevens	3	6	12		21
Swift	1	7	16		24
Todd	19	13	40		72
Traverse	-	-	10		10
Wabasha	23	7	55		85
Wadena	21	11	35		67
Waseca	15	9	45		69
Washington	80	63	274		417
Watonwan	2	4	16		22
Wilkin	4	7	21		32
Winona	8	8	111		127
Wright	56	28	142		226
Yellow Medicine	15	10	25		50
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	29	17	72		118
Faribault-Martin	15	23	96		134
Minnesota Total	4,155	2,695	8,430	14	15,294
Minnesota Percent	27.2	17.6	55.1	0.1	100.0

Children in Out-of-Home Placement by Race and Ethnicity

County	African American/ Black	American Indian	Asian	Pacific Islander	White	Two or More Races	Unknown Races/ Other	Missing Data	Total Children	Hispanic Ethnicity - Any Race**
Aitkin	*	21	*	*	57	*	*	*	83	*
Anoka	53	24	*	*	569	65	12	*	726	25
Becker	*	96	*	*	73	*	*	*	176	*
Beltrami	*	163	*	*	53	*	*	*	225	*
Benton	*	*	*	*	88	*	*	*	99	*
Big Stone	*	*	*	*	13	*	*	*	19	*
Blue Earth	24	*	*	*	107	*	*	*	142	10
Brown	*	*	*	*	83	*	*	*	85	8
Carlton	*	50	*	*	92	9	*	*	155	*
Carver	11	*	*	*	136	23	*	*	184	23
Cass	*	138	*	*	79	*	*	*	221	*
Chippewa	*	*	*	*	24	*	*	*	29	*
Chisago	*	*	*	*	200	9	*	*	217	*
Clay	7	36	*	*	96	23	*	*	162	33
Clearwater	*	13	*	*	18	*	*	*	32	*
Cook	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	10	*
Cottonwood	*	*	*	*	56	*	*	*	60	*
Crow Wing	8	12	*	*	204	*	*	*	229	*
Dakota	95	9	9	*	341	14	15	*	488	17
Dodge	*	*	*	*	60	*	*	*	71	16
Douglas	*	*	*	*	66	*	*	*	75	*
Fillmore	*	*	*	*	36	*	*	*	41	*
Freeborn	*	*	*	*	112	*	*	*	121	32
Goodhue	*	*	*	*	108	*	*	*	116	*
Grant	*	*	*	*	8	*	*	*	9	*
Hennepin	1,755	491	126	*	865	490	102	25	3,857	287
Houston	8	*	*	*	65	*	*	*	76	*
Hubbard	*	28	*	*	60	*	*	*	92	*
Isanti	*	*	*	*	108	11	*	*	121	*
Itasca	*	70	*	*	227	*	*	*	303	*
Jackson	*	*	*	*	39	*	*	*	42	*
Kanabec	*	*	*	*	79	*	*	*	81	*
Kandiyohi	*	*	*	*	111	*	*	*	124	45
Kittson	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Koochiching	*	*	*	*	57	*	*	*	67	*
Lac qui Parle	*	*	*	*	15	*	*	*	16	*
Lake	*	*	*	*	41	*	*	*	48	7
Lake of the Woods	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	*
Le Sueur	*	*	*	*	71	*	*	*	74	*
McLeod	*	*	*	*	62	8	*	*	81	20
Mahnomen	*	42	*	*	8	*	*	*	57	
Marshall	*		*	*	20	*	*	*	24	
Meeker	*	*	*	*		*	*	*		
Mille Lacs	*	43	*	*		*	*	*		

Children in Out-of-Home Placement by Race and Ethnicity (continued)

County	African American/ Black	American Indian	Asian	Pacific Islander	White	Two or More Races	Unknown Races/ Other	Missing Data	Total Children	Hispanic Ethnicity -Any Race**
Morrison	*	*	*	*	94	*	*	*	97	*
Mower	*	*	*	*	112	*	*	*	123	11
Nicollet	*	*	*	*	48	*	*	*	58	9
Nobles	*	*	*	*	25	*	*	*	35	12
Norman	*	*	*	*	19	*	*	*	21	*
Olmsted	47	*	13	*	155	23	*	*	238	13
Otter Tail	*	12	*	*	91	7	*	*	117	8
Pennington	*	7	*	*	49	*	*	*	56	*
Pine	*	25	*	*	99	*	*	*	136	*
Pipestone	*	8	*	*	27	8	*	*	43	
Polk	*	22	*	*	95	*	*	*	120	35
Pope	*	*	*	*	15	*	*	*		
Ramsey	985	117	145	*	695	80	50	*	2,073	
Red Lake	*	*	*	*	7	*	*	*		
Redwood	*	18	*	*	30	*	*	*	50	*
Renville	*	*	*	*	23	*	*	*	33	*
Rice	*	*	*	*	71	*	*	*		
Rock	*	*	*	*	21	*	*	*	27	*
Roseau	*	*	*	*	38	*	*	*		*
St. Louis	55	196	*	*	436	32	18	*	745	
Scott	13	8	*	*	133	11	*	*	169	14
Sherburne	8	*	*	*	94	*	*	*	112	*
Sibley	*	*	*	*	32	*	*	*	32	*
Stearns	31	*	*	*	232	24	*	*	298	20
Steele	*	*	*	*	56	*	*	*	63	18
Stevens	*	*	*	*	18	*	*	*		*
Swift	*	*	*	*	23	*	*	*	24	*
Todd	*	*	*	*	68	*	*	*	72	*
Traverse	*	*	*	*		*	*	*		*
Wabasha	7	*	*	*	71	*	*	*		
Wadena	*	*	*	*	64	*	*	*	67	
Waseca	*	*	*	*	61	*	*	*	69	
Washington	46	14	10	*		16	30	*		22
Watonwan	*	*	*	*	21	*	*	*		
Wilkin	*	*	*	*	30	*	*	*	32	
Winona	9	*	*	*	109	*	*	*		
Wright	7	7	*	*	197	12	*	*	226	
Yellow Medicine	*	21	*	*	26	*	*	*	50	
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	*	*	*	*	111	*	*	*		
Faribault-Martin	*	*	*	*	121	*	*	*		
Minnesota	3,270	1,805	348	6	8,568	980	276	41	15,294	
Minnesota Percent	21.4	11.8	2.3	0.0	56.0	6.4	1.8			

^{*} Number of children is six or fewer and is not shown to prevent identification of individuals. Totals include omitted data.

^{**}Hispanic ethnicity may be of any race

American Indian Children in Out-of-Home Placement

County	American Indian Only	American Indian as Part of Two or More Races	Total Children With American Indian Race
Aitkin	21	4	25
Anoka	24	28	52
Becker	96	2	98
Beltrami	163	3	166
Carlton	50	7	57
Carver	6	3	9
Cass	138	-	138
Chisago	4	5	9
Clay	36	14	50
Clearwater	13	1	14
Cook	5	2	7
Crow Wing	12	2	14
Dakota	9	4	13
Hennepin	491	210	701
Hubbard	28		28
Itasca	70	4	74
Kandiyohi	5	2	7
McLeod	5	5	10
Mahnomen	42		42
Mille Lacs	43	_	43
Otter Tail	12	6	18
Pennington	7	-	7
Pine	25	2	27
Pipestone	8	5	13
Polk	22	1	23
Ramsey	117	29	146
Redwood	18	2	20
Renville	5	3	8
St. Louis	196	19	215
Scott	8	5	13
Stearns	6	19	25
Washington	14	6	20
Wright	7	9	16
Yellow Medicine	21	3	24
Faribault-Martin	5	5	10
Subtotal (35 counties)*	1,732	410	2,142
Other Counties (39 counties with 6 or fewer American			
Indian children)	73	30	103
Total (74 counties)	1,805	440	2,245

^{*}Counties are not included if there were less than seven children total to prevent identification of individuals. Totals include omitted data.

American Indian Children in Out-of-Home Placement by Tribe

		American Indian	
T.:I.	American	as Part of Two or	Total
Tribe	Indian Only	More Races	Total
Alaskan Native Band or Tribe	11	7	18
Bad River Band of Lake Superior Chippewa		<u> </u>	8
Bois Forte (Nett Lake) Band of Chippewa	74	8	82
Canadian Tribe	15	8	23
Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe	20	3	23
Crow Creek Sioux Tribe	3	1	4
Devils Lake Sioux Tribe	23	11	34
Fond du Lac Band of Chippewa	85	9	94
Forest County Potawatomi Community	2	-	2
Grand Portage Band of Chippewa	10	6	16
Hannahville Indian Community	1	-	1
Keeweenaw Bay Indian Community	2	_	2
Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Chippewa	8	2	10
Lac du Flambeau Band of Chippewa	4	1	5
Leech Lake Band of Chippewa	369	47	416
Lower Sioux Indian Community	21	4	25
Menominee Indian Tribe	7	-	7
Mille Lacs Band of Chippewa	143	18	161
Minnesota Chippewa Tribe (not Band Specific)	19	8	27
Oglala Sioux Tribe - Pine Ridge	41	6	47
Omaha Tribe of Nebraska	2	-	2
Oneida Tribe	1	3	4
Prairie Island Indian Community (Sioux)	2	-	2
Red Cliff Band of Chippewa	5	2	7
Red Lake Band of Chippewa	155	40	195
Rosebud Sioux Tribe	24	7	31
Santee Sioux Tribe	4	4	8
Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa	3	-	3
Shakopee Mdewakaton Sioux Community	3	3	6
Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux Tribe	41	12	53
Sokaogon Chippewa (Mole Lake) Community	2		2
St. Croix Chippewa	9	7	16
Standing Rock Sioux Tribe	31	12	43
Stockbridge Munsee Community	-	1	1
Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation	1		1
Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa	34	15	49
Upper Sioux Community	22		22
White Earth Band of Chippewa	281	44	325
Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska	8	6	14
Wisconsin Winnebago Tribe	2		2
Yankton Sioux Tribe	17		18
Unknown Chippewa	37	5	42
Unknown Sioux	8	<u></u>	15
Other Foreign Tribe	3	1	15
Other U.S. Tribe	57	37	94
Unknown Tribe	238		349
		111	
Count of Children Within Each Tribe*	1,855	458	2,313
Total Unique Children*	1,805	440	2,245

^{*}Children are counted once within each tribe, but a child could indicate more than one tribe. "Total Unique Children" counts the total number of individual children.

Placement Frequency For Children in Out-of-Home Care by County Count of children by the number of placements a child experienced in 2003.

County	1	2	3	4	5	6	7+	Unique Children	Total Placements
Aitkin	77	6						83	89
Anoka	680	41	5					726	777
Becker	166	10						176	186
Beltrami	218	7						225	232
Benton	83	13	2		1			99	120
Big Stone	18	1						19	20
Blue Earth	124	13	4		1			142	167
Brown	75	7	3					85	98
Carlton	148	7						155	162
Carver	163	16	5					184	210
Cass	198	20	1	2				221	249
Chippewa	26	3						29	32
Chisago	200	16	1					217	235
Clay	155	7						162	169
Clearwater	29	3						32	35
Cook	7	2	1					10	14
Cottonwood	59	1						60	61
Crow Wing	215	14						229	243
Dakota	452	29	4	3				488	534
Dodge	61	8	2					71	83
Douglas	64	11						75	86
Fillmore	35	5	1					41	48
Freeborn	113	6	1		1			121	133
Goodhue	100	13	2	1				116	136
Grant	8	1						9	10
Hennepin	3,590	245	18	4				3,857	4,150
Houston	66	9	1					76	87
Hubbard	71	18	3					92	116
Isanti	116	5						121	126
Itasca	236	53	11	3				303	387
Jackson	42							42	42
Kanabec	70	9	2					81	94
Kandiyohi	112	12						124	136
Kittson	5							5	5
Koochiching	60	5		2				67	78
Lac qui Parle	10	6						16	22
Lake	46	2						48	50
Lake of the Woods	7		1					8	10
Le Sueur	70	3	1					74	79
McLeod	74	7						81	88
Mahnomen	49	6	2					57	67
Marshall	19	5						24	29
Meeker	45	4						49	53

Placement Frequency For Children in Out-of-Home Care by County (continued) Count of children by the number of placements a child experienced in 2003.

County	1	2	3	4	5	6	7+	Unique Children	Total Placements
Mille Lacs	103	16	1	1				121	142
Morrison	85	11		1				97	111
Mower	108	13	2					123	140
Nicollet	50	7	1					58	67
Nobles	33	1	1					35	38
Norman	14	5	1	1				21	31
Olmsted	217	16	2	1	1	1		238	270
Otter Tail	113	3	1					117	122
Pennington	49	5	2					56	65
Pine	124	10	1	1				136	151
Pipestone	40		2	1				43	50
Polk	107	9	4					120	137
Pope	14	1						15	16
Ramsey	1,917	140	16					2,073	2,245
Red Lake	7	1						8	9
Redwood	48	2						50	52
Renville	31	1	1					33	36
Rice	82	2						84	86
Rock	26	1						27	28
Roseau	44	2						46	48
St. Louis	685	54	6					745	811
Scott	155	10	3		1			169	189
Sherburne	102	9	1					112	123
Sibley	23	8	1					32	42
Stearns	260	28	7	1	2			298	351
Steele	53	10						63	73
Stevens	21							21	21
Swift	23	1						24	25
Todd	69	3						72	75
Traverse	10							10	10
Wabasha	74	9	1	1				85	99
Wadena	65	2						67	69
Waseca	59	9	1					69	80
Washington	366	37	12	2				417	484
Watonwan	18	4						22	26
Wilkin	31	1						32	33
Winona	97	17	11		1		1	127	176
Wright	204	15	6	1				226	256
Yellow Medicine	47	3						50	53
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	100	16	1		1			118	140
Faribault-Martin	117	11	5	1				134	158
Minnesota Total	13,953	1,142	161	27	9	1	1	15,294	16,886
Minnesota Percent	91.2	7.5	1.1			0.0	0.0		

Frequency of Moves Within a Placement For Children in Out-of-Home Care

County	No Moves (1 setting)	One Move (2 settings)	Two or More Moves (3+ settings)	Total Children*	Percent With 0 or 1 Moves	Percent With Two or More Moves
Aitkin	40	24	19	83	77.1	22.9
Anoka	452	184	90	726	87.6	12.4
Becker	117	32	27	176	84.7	15.3
Beltrami	169	36	20	225	91.1	8.9
Benton	54	32	13	99	86.9	13.1
Big Stone	15	3	1	19	94.7	5.3
Blue Earth	89	28	25	142	82.4	17.6
Brown	60	12	13	85	84.7	15.3
Carlton	107	27	21	155	86.5	13.5
Carver	123	41	20	184	89.1	10.9
Cass	136	48	37	221	83.3	16.7
Chippewa	20	9	-	29	100.0	0.0
Chisago	152	50	15	217	93.1	6.9
Clay	105	47	10	162	93.8	6.2
Clearwater	23	4	5	32	84.4	15.6
Cook	7		3	10	70.0	30.0
Cottonwood	46	9	5	60	91.7	8.3
Crow Wing	147	37	45	229	80.3	19.7
Dakota	342	93	53	488	89.1	10.9
Dodge	37	22	12	71	83.1	16.9
Douglas	53	17	5	75	93.3	6.7
Fillmore	30	8	3	41	92.7	7.3
Freeborn	78	30	13	121	89.3	10.7
Goodhue	70	31	15	116	87.1	12.9
Grant	8	1	_	9	100.0	0.0
Hennepin	2,209	986	661	3,856	82.9	17.1
Houston	58	13	5	76	93.4	6.6
Hubbard	56	21	15	92	83.7	16.3
Isanti	83	22	16	121	86.8	13.2
Itasca	157	75	71	303	76.6	23.4
Jackson	37	5	-	42	100.0	0.0
Kanabec	60	16	5	81	93.8	6.2
Kandiyohi	70	30	24	124	80.6	19.4
Kittson	2	1	2	5	60.0	40.0
Koochiching	49	10	8	67	88.1	11.9
Lac qui Parle	9	6	1	16		6.3
Lake	32	10	6	48	87.5	12.5
Lake of the Woods	5	1	2	8	75.0	25.0
Le Sueur	57	10	7	74	90.5	9.5
McLeod	39	29	13	81	84.0	16.0
Mahnomen	36	12	9	57	84.2	15.8
Marshall	15	7	2	24	91.7	8.3
Meeker	38	7	4	49		

Frequency of Moves Within a Placement For Children in Out-of-Home Care

(continued)

County	No Moves (1 setting)	One Move (2 settings)	Two or More Moves (3+ settings)	Total Children*	Percent With 0 or 1 Moves	Percent With Two or More Moves
Mille Lacs	80	22	19	121	84.3	15.7
Morrison	60	18	19	97	80.4	19.6
Mower	78	31	14	123	88.6	11.4
Nicollet	44	11	3	58	94.8	5.2
Nobles	32	1	2	35	94.3	5.7
Norman	12	7	2	21	90.5	9.5
Olmsted	161	47	30	238	87.4	12.6
Otter Tail	88	26	3	117	97.4	2.6
Pennington	33	12	11	56	80.4	19.6
Pine	93	21	22	136	83.8	16.2
Pipestone	31	7	5	43	88.4	11.6
Polk	77	28	15	120	87.5	12.5
Pope	10	4	1	15	93.3	6.7
Ramsey	1,445	364	264	2,073	87.3	12.7
Red Lake	5	1	2	8	75.0	25.0
Redwood	37	10	3	50	94.0	6.0
Renville	23	7	3	33	90.9	9.1
Rice	61	14	9	84	89.3	10.7
Rock	18	6	3	27	88.9	11.1
Roseau	31	9	6	46	87.0	13.0
St. Louis	523	142	80	745	89.3	10.7
Scott	120	29	20	169	88.2	11.8
Sherburne	76	21	15	112	86.6	13.4
Sibley	19	7	6	32	81.3	18.8
Stearns	204	53	41	298	86.2	13.8
Steele	36	19	8	63	87.3	12.7
Stevens	16	4	1	21	95.2	4.8
Swift	20	4	-	24	100.0	0.0
Todd	48	16	8	72	88.9	11.1
Traverse	8	1	1	10	90.0	10.0
Wabasha	43	23	19	85	77.6	22.4
Wadena	46	15	6	67	91.0	9.0
Waseca	44	18	7	69	89.9	10.1
Washington	310	71	36	417	91.4	8.6
Watonwan	13	8	1	22	95.5	4.5
Wilkin	22	7	3	32	90.6	9.4
Winona	68	29	30	127	76.4	23.6
Wright	144	50	32	226	85.8	14.2
Yellow Medicine	37	7	6	50	88.0	12.0
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	65	30	23	118	80.5	19.5
Faribault-Martin	94	21	19	134	85.8	14.2
Minnesota	9,867	3,307	2,119	15,293	86.1	13.9

^{*} No placement setting data is available for one child.

Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-Home Care

County	Foster Family Home - Non-Relative	Foster Family Home - Relative	Group Home	Pre-Adoptive Home - Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home - Relative	Residential Treatment/ Institution	Runaway (from placement)	Supervised Independent Living	Total Placements
Aitkin	90	16	15	4		49			174
Anoka	665	194	52	44	3	213			1,171
Becker	147	47	25	5	2	50	6		282
Beltrami	166	78	34	7	1	28		2	316
Benton	65	31	39	8		24	1		168
Big Stone	18	2	3			3	1		27
Blue Earth	155	9	1	1		80		1	247
Brown	71	4	28	1		23		2	129
Carlton	123	46	14	4	2	44			233
Carver	121	43	75	6	2	33			280
Cass	166	82	53	2	2	58		4	367
Chippewa	13	3	5	2	1	14			38
Chisago	191	61	3	14		34			303
Clay	112	31	21	17	2	46	4		233
Clearwater	24	4	8	1		11		1	49
Cook	5	6	4			4			19
Cottonwood	30	12	6	6	2	27	1		84
Crow Wing	209	58	35	18	15	53			388
Dakota	402	102	45	18	9	143		3	722
Dodge	30	13	80	2		5		1	131
Douglas	51	18	7	5		25	2		108
Fillmore	19	3	8			25		1	56
Freeborn	74	18	62	9		28			191
Goodhue	104	12	7	14	1	60			198
Grant	5	1	1	1		2			10
Hennepin	1,884	1,022	609	292	98	2,872	8	13	6,798
Houston	73	3	3	3		26		1	109
Hubbard	43	12	10			88			153
Isanti	116	33	9	9	2	18			187
Itasca	134	89	201	3	2	134	2		565

Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-Home Care (continued)

County	Foster Family Home - Non-Relative	Foster Family Home - Relative	Group Home	Pre-Adoptive Home - Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home - Relative	Residential Treatment/ Institution	Runaway (from placement)	Supervised Independent Living	Total Placements
Jackson	22	7	8	1		8		1	47
Kanabec	35	9	9		2	52			107
Kandiyohi	102	15	51	15		36	1		220
Kittson	4		3			3			10
Koochiching	55	11	4			27		3	100
Lac qui Parle	8					17			25
Lake	39	12	10	7	1	7			76
Lake of the Woods	6		2	1		3		1	13
Le Sueur	46	18	10	4		19		2	99
McLeod	76	45	14	7	2	4		1	149
Mahnomen	44	24	24	4		5			101
Marshall	14	6	8			8			36
Meeker	26	10	15			15			66
Mille Lacs	73	28	21	4		86			212
Morrison	61	15	69	16		16	9		186
Mower	84	15	36	10		42	1		188
Nicollet	25	4	26	4		18			77
Nobles	12		6			22			40
Norman	5	2	3	6		18			34
Olmsted	213	18	70	16	8	39	2		366
Otter Tail	82	16	9	8	3	35			153
Pennington	51	4	2	1		44			102
Pine	98	38	57	2	4	30			229
Pipestone	27	10	19			9		1	66
Polk	92	11	74	5		3		1	186
Pope	7	4	7			3			21
Ramsey	1,553	585	360	84	26	594	5	2	3,209
Red Lake	6	5	1			1			13
Redwood	38	3	15			10			66
Renville	12	7	8	1		17		1	46

Placement Settings Experienced by Children in Out-of-Home Care (continued)

County	Foster Family Home - Non-Relative	Foster Family Home - Relative	Group Home	Pre-Adoptive Home - Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home - Relative	Residential Treatment/ Institution	Runaway (from placement)	Supervised Independent Living	Total Placements
Rice	82	6	9	7	2	19			125
Rock	19	4	6			12			41
Roseau	22	2	9			37			70
St. Louis	694	165	149	34	12	44	2		1,100
Scott	91	36	18	6	6	99	1		257
Sherburne	94	23	18	4	1	28			168
Sibley	20	5	14	1		14			54
Stearns	246	22	78	19	6	105	1		477
Steele	68	4	23		1	7			103
Stevens	20		4			4			28
Swift	9	1	9	4		5			28
Todd	43	14	23	2	1	24	1		108
Traverse	6		3			3	1		13
Wabasha	97	15	15	1		42			170
Wadena	54	12	11	1	3	15			96
Waseca	58	12	8	2		24			104
Washington	174	68	107	12	6	216		1	584
Watonwan	20		8			7			35
Wilkin	26		9	1	1	13			50
Winona	47	3	13			196			259
Wright	182	54	43	11	2	65	2		359
Yellow Medicine	31	16	22			5	1		75
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	82	23	65	7		45	2	5	229
Faribault-Martin	78	7	88	3	3	31			210
Minnesota	10,485	3,467	3,156	807	234	6,471	54	48	24,722

Days in Out-of-Home Care by Placement Setting During 2003

County	Foster Family Home - Non-Relative	Foster Family Home - Relative	Group Home	Pre-Adoptive Home - Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home - Relative	Residential Treatment/ Institution	Runaway (from placement)	Supervised Independent Living	Total Days
Aitkin	9,377	3,050	90	344		2,755			15,616
Anoka	74,207	30,424	8,288	7,238	156	15,756			136,069
Becker	19,300	6,045	3,625	948	730	4,823	338		35,809
Beltrami	27,703	10,448	3,695	977	166	4,299		32	47,320
Benton	8,063	3,565	2,200	778		2,328	90		17,024
Big Stone	2,367	12	211			492	93		3,175
Blue Earth	17,565	1,831	333	290		5,850		365	26,234
Brown	7,469	385	2,046	229		1,926		651	12,706
Carlton	16,147	9,081	1,400	942	577	5,165			33,312
Carver	15,100	4,825	5,012	1,457	726	1,792			28,912
Cass	14,403	10,061	2,543	651	78	4,776		279	32,791
Chippewa	2,490	852	651	449	365	1,444			6,251
Chisago	17,777	7,081	706	1,679		3,512			30,755
Clay	17,187	3,768	4,462	2,720	257	3,408	413		32,215
Clearwater	3,100	561	303	255		1,656		20	5,895
Cook	380	484	93			285			1,242
Cottonwood	3,606	1,667	368	851	426	3,089	52		10,059
Crow Wing	19,666	5,848	1,650	4,287	3,561	5,914			40,926
Dakota	47,758	15,168	7,473	3,711	2,285	2,824		188	79,407
Dodge	4,623	1,590	4,177	652		240		-	11,282
Douglas	4,493	2,250	1,149	976		2,158	1		11,027
Fillmore	3,419	381	1,409			1,188		365	6,762
Freeborn	10,599	3,262	3,672	1,506		3,004			22,043
Goodhue	10,883	1,183	387	3,242	186	2,009			17,890
Grant	957	103	151	43		258			1,512
Hennepin	269,207	150,688	64,258	40,492	19,979	151,991	1,058	1,936	699,609
Houston	6,544	358	103	560		2,040		365	9,970
Hubbard	5,536	1,347	134			2,635			9,652
Isanti	12,951	4,121	481	1,327	439	1,260			20,579
Itasca	15,499	9,619	9,664	454	397	11,248	334		47,215

Days in Out-of-Home Care by Placement Setting During 2003 (continued)

County	Foster Family Home - Non-Relative	Foster Family Home - Relative	Group Home	Pre-Adoptive Home - Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home - Relative	Residential Treatment/ Institution	Runaway (from placement)	Supervised Independent Living	Total Days
Jackson	5,704	1,158	1,238	207		1,792		6	10,105
Kanabec	2,367	801	191		214	3,300			6,873
Kandiyohi	10,390	1,557	3,004	3,051		2,929	9		20,940
Kittson	213		104			508			825
Koochiching	5,908	1,643	409			1,934		174	10,068
Lac qui Parle	692					567			1,259
Lake	4,708	1,686	202	1,207	160	1,309			9,272
Lake of the Woods	352		209	280		280		13	1,134
Le Sueur	8,685	2,363	971	511		3,558		115	16,203
McLeod	7,900	4,440	1,431	839	730	512		81	15,933
Mahnomen	2,884	3,124	956	836		407			8,207
Marshall	1,879	514	909			779			4,081
Meeker	4,423	1,943	1,110			1,434			8,910
Mille Lacs	7,709	2,736	329	845		3,408			15,027
Morrison	5,495	997	3,146	2,955		1,272	188		14,053
Mower	12,311	1,327	1,477	1,861		3,984	89		21,049
Nicollet	2,952	547	1,168	971		1,543			7,181
Nobles	1,002		530			2,521			4,053
Norman	565	79	8	1,646		340			2,638
Olmsted	24,087	2,671	4,297	2,967	1,592	3,381	294		39,289
Otter Tail	12,264	1,824	1,350	549	545	4,355			20,887
Pennington	7,126	845	513	282		3,067			11,833
Pine	12,002	6,183	3,798	154	834	1,030			24,001
Pipestone	1,919	1,613	702			352		1	4,587
Polk	14,519	1,106	3,435	879		335		303	20,577
Pope	1,255	867	886			74			3,082
Ramsey	186,936	108,592	29,368	13,664	5,086	46,060	610	70	390,386
Red Lake	669	447	230			141			1,487

Days in Out-of-Home Care by Placement Setting During 2003 (continued)

County	Foster Family Home - Non-Relative	Foster Family Home - Relative	Group Home	Pre-Adoptive Home - Non-Relative	Pre-Adoptive Home - Relative	Residential Treatment/ Institution	Runaway (from placement)	Supervised Independent Living	Total Days
Redwood	7,231	757	1,518			1,912			11,418
Renville	3,650	522	239	57		1,638		279	6,385
Rice	13,976	872	562	1,449	430	1,330			18,619
Rock	3,229	805	209			620			4,863
Roseau	2,135	402	894			1,969			5,400
St. Louis	98,071	24,681	3,275	5,308	3,192	4,141	70		138,738
Scott	11,544	3,081	1,832	1,079	1,021	1,639	194		20,390
Sherburne	10,830	2,208	1,906	1,222	350	3,207			19,723
Sibley	1,057	512	1,717	363		711			4,360
Stearns	25,910	3,407	4,616	2,397	1,701	6,202	5		44,238
Steele	6,676	885	1,059		358	493			9,471
Stevens	2,417		234			474			3,125
Swift	2,551	68	685	924		557			4,785
Todd	9,742	1,729	2,442	570	47	1,670	2		16,202
Traverse	808		326			562	245		1,941
Wabasha	7,002	1,644	988	251		1,990			11,875
Wadena	6,644	1,254	718	365	1,095	957			11,033
Waseca	6,540	1,556	825	280		1,656			10,857
Washington	18,960	9,758	5,253	3,343	1,531	9,999		235	49,079
Watonwan	2,765		557			629			3,951
Wilkin	4,490		559	136	350	886			6,421
Winona	5,622	315	585			6,020			12,542
Wright	17,543	6,239	2,955	1,746	634	6,235	22		35,374
Yellow Medicine	3,641	2,455	1,437			685	5		8,223
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	8,792	2,648	4,255	1,080		4,292	34	1,056	22,157
Faribault-Martin	8,758	484	5,550	658	583	3,666			19,699
Minnesota Total	1,305,876	505,403	237,901	131,990	50,781	405,437	4,146	6,534	2,648,068
Minnesota Percent	49.3	19.1	9.0	5.0	1.9	15.3	0.2	0.2	100.0

Length of Placements Ending in 2003

County	0 - 7	8 - 30	31- 90	91 - 180	181 - 365	>366	Total*
Aitkin	14	2	7	10	8	10	51
Anoka	118	40	31	60	49	113	411
Becker	4	4	10	18	23	36	95
Beltrami	1	7	21	7	37	38	111
Benton	12	12	13	11	4	13	65
Big Stone	5		1	3	2	1	12
Blue Earth	20	18	11	11	17	12	89
Brown	19	5	13	10	6	9	62
Carlton	3	9	9	13	10	33	77
Carver	28	25	21	18	14	22	128
Cass	62	14	19	28	30	22	175
Chippewa			2	5	7	5	19
Chisago	59	15	25	10	26	31	166
Clay	3	4	12	24	11	33	87
Clearwater			4	2	2	9	17
Cook	2	1	2	3	2		10
Cottonwood	1	2	5	6	4	20	38
Crow Wing	20	17	7	20	14	34	112
Dakota	118	46	34	25	51	71	345
Dodge	9	10	11	12	12	2	56
Douglas	11	9	7	4	5	18	54
Fillmore	11	6	1	2	6	2	28
Freeborn	5	18	18	9	5	19	74
Goodhue	30	9	16	6	9	17	87
Grant		1		3	2	1	7
Hennepin	425	207	360	339	392	608	2,331
Houston	29	6	5	5	1	13	59
Hubbard	48	12	11	11	2	5	89
Isanti	10	10	9	17	8	14	68
Itasca	81	31	43	25	41	40	261
Jackson	1		4		7	7	19
Kanabec	33	14	7	2	6	7	69
Kandiyohi	16	10	12	10	14	19	81
Kittson	1		1			1	3
Koochiching	9	7	10	5	8	5	44
Lac qui Parle	8	3	1	1		4	17
Lake		7		1	8	3	19
Lake of the Woods		2	1	2		1	6
Le Sueur		6	2	4	15	20	47
McLeod	8	3	7	12	10	8	48
Mahnomen	7	6	9	4	9	10	45
Marshall	1	1	3	4	8		17
Meeker	2	2	5	6	10	6	31
Mille Lacs	23	22	22	7	11	11	96

Length of Placements Ending in 2003 (continued)

	Days in Flacement											
County	0 - 7	8 - 30	31-90	91 - 180	181 - 365	>366	Total*					
Morrison	17	14	19	12	4	17	83					
Mower	21	5	9	13	12	22	82					
Nicollet	10	9	8	4	5	5	41					
Nobles	7	2	5	5	7	5	31					
Norman	13	3	3		1	3	23					
Olmsted	50	30	18	16	35	39	188					
Otter Tail	7	9	12	15	11	17	71					
Pennington	5	5	8	4	5	9	36					
Pine	14	18	18	8	7	21	86					
Pipestone	10	7	8	3		4	32					
Polk	16	11	30	10	8	11	86					
Pope	1			1	1	6	9					
Ramsey	304	173	142	119	166	321	1,225					
Red Lake			1	2		1	4					
Redwood	1	1	2	5	9	6	24					
Renville	1	7	2	1	1	4	16					
Rice		2	14	5	3	14	38					
Rock	7	2	2	2	2	1	16					
Roseau	1	11	3	5	7	5	32					
St. Louis	103	67	57	41	65	106	439					
Scott	67	14	8	3	11	32	135					
Sherburne	4	12	11	5	9	17	58					
Sibley	12	3	4	1	4	5	29					
Stearns	56	49	33	21	20	50	229					
Steele	2	14	14	5	7	7	49					
Stevens	4		1	3	3	1	12					
Swift		3	3	4	4	4	18					
Todd		1	6	6	8	12	33					
Traverse			2	1		1	4					
Wabasha	27	7	6	13	6	5	64					
Wadena	10	6	5		2	8	31					
Waseca	9	9	14	5	8	8	53					
Washington	153	93	31	17	22	38	354					
Watonwan			7	2	4	6	19					
Wilkin	3	1	4	2	2	7	19					
Winona	57	35	20	13	8	16	149					
Wright	52	24	17	32	16	27	168					
Yellow Medicine	5	10	5	5	3	3	31					
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	7	12	15	22	16	19	91					
Faribault-Martin	36	23	5	14	21	15	114					
Minnesota Total												
Episodes Ending	2,349	1,315	1,384	1,220	1,429	2,251	9,948					
*Total number of placem	23.6	13.2	13.9	12.3	14.4	22.6	100.0					

^{*}Total number of placements ending in 2003.

Days in Care in Out-of-Home Care in 2003 Only

			<u> </u>	laccinciit		
County	0 - 7	8 - 30	31- 90	91 - 180	181 - 365	Total*
Aitkin	10	5	17	4	47	83
Anoka	102	54	91	131	348	726
Becker	5	7	28	44	92	176
Beltrami	3	21	33	45	123	225
Benton	9	10	20	23	37	99
Big Stone	4		3	4	8	19
Blue Earth	20	11	24	17	70	142
Brown	18	7	13	13	34	85
Carlton	5	13	17	34	86	155
Carver	22	25	37	31	69	184
Cass	51	19	21	40	90	221
Chippewa	1	1	4	5	18	29
Chisago	48	18	41	34	76	217
Clay	6	9	26	36	85	162
Clearwater	2	1	5	10	14	32
Cook	1		2	4	3	10
Cottonwood	2	2	22	8	26	60
Crow Wing	25	15	34	50	105	229
Dakota	99	46	67	64	212	488
Dodge	4	7	11	24	25	71
Douglas	8	8	17	17	25	75
Fillmore	6	6	7	6	16	41
Freeborn	4	17	23	26	51	121
Goodhue	16	11	28	18	43	116
Grant	1		1	4	3	9
Hennepin	378	319	637	714	1,809	3,857
Houston	22	6	8	20	20	76
Hubbard	25	12	20	17	18	92
Isanti	12	15	26	16	52	121
Itasca	41	35	51	48	127	303
Jackson	2	1	8	2	29	42
Kanabec	31	7	21	9	13	81
Kandiyohi	15	17	14	25	53	124
Kittson	1		1	1	2	5
Koochiching	3	14	12	12	26	67
Lac qui Parle	5	2	6	1	2	16
Lake	1	10	6	6	25	48
Lake of the Woods		2	1	3	2	8
Le Sueur	1	5	9	21	38	74
McLeod	6	1	16	18	40	81
Mahnomen	6	9	15	8	19	57
Marshall		4	3	4	13	24
Meeker	1	3	11	13	21	49
Mille Lacs	16	27	24	22	32	121

Days in Care in Out-of-Home Care in 2003 Only (continued)

County	0 - 7	8 - 30	31- 90	91 - 180	181 - 365	Total*
Morrison	14	15	19	15	34	97
Mower	13	9	20	32	49	123
Nicollet	7	13	11	11	16	58
Nobles	7	3	6	11	8	35
Norman	6		6	3	6	21
Olmsted	32	29	37	38	102	238
Otter Tail	8	9	28	21	51	117
Pennington	4	5	8	5	34	56
Pine	13	22	23	10	68	136
Pipestone	8	10	12	3	10	43
Polk	9	14	25	24	48	120
Pope	1	2	1	1	10	15
Ramsey	274	196	270	318	1,015	2,073
Red Lake			2	2	4	8
Redwood		4	4	12	30	50
Renville	2	6	3	6	16	33
Rice	1	2	23	12	46	84
Rock	7	1	5	2	12	27
Roseau	2	13	5	16	10	46
St. Louis	94	70	105	126	350	745
Scott	54	26	16	15	58	169
Sherburne	5	10	31	13	53	112
Sibley	9	2	2	7	12	32
Stearns	41	40	60	47	110	298
Steele	4	12	17	5	25	63
Stevens	4	1	4	4	8	21
Swift		3	5	5	11	24
Todd	3	5	7	17	40	72
Traverse		1	2	2	5	10
Wabasha	19	11	11	14	30	85
Wadena	9	5	14	12	27	67
Waseca	4	10	15	15	25	69
Washington	118	78	50	47	124	417
Watonwan		1	4	7	10	22
Wilkin	3	1	4	8	16	32
Winona	27	22	30	19	29	127
Wright	37	27	29	45	88	226
Yellow Medicine	2	12	6	10	20	50
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	6	7	21	25	59	118
Faribault-Martin	20	18	18	39	39	134
State Total	1,905	1,517	2,440	2,676		
State Percent	12.5	9.9	16.0	17.5	44.2	100.0

^{*}Total number of placements ending in 2003.

Days in Out-of-Home Care in 2003 Only for Children Under Age 8

County	0 - 7	8 - 30	31- 90	91 - 180	181 – 365	Total*
Aitkin	3		6	1	10	20
Anoka	26	28	42	57	107	260
Becker	1	2	9	14	27	53
Beltrami	3	8	13	14	28	66
Benton		2	3	7	6	18
Big Stone	1		1		3	5
Blue Earth	9	2	5		23	39
Brown	9		2	2	5	18
Carlton		2	1	11	15	29
Carver	3	10	7	18	16	54
Cass	10	3	7	6	19	45
Chippewa					7	7
Chisago	9	4	21	12	18	64
Clay	5	3	11	11	20	50
Clearwater				1	1	2
Cook			2	1		3
Cottonwood	1	1	3	1	4	10
Crow Wing	10	4	16	22	32	84
Dakota	24	15	31	24	56	150
Dodge		2	1	7	6	16
Douglas	4		3	9	3	19
Fillmore		2		1	1	4
Freeborn		3	2	5	7	17
Goodhue	6	2	10	6	15	39
Grant				1		1
Hennepin	179	100	229	258	457	1,223
Houston	4	2		5	2	13
Hubbard	2		2	6	1	11
Isanti	4	4	9	5	17	39
Itasca	3	10	14	6	16	49
Jackson			2	1	2	5
Kanabec	2		2	4	2	10
Kandiyohi	7	5	2	7	14	35
Kittson		7	1	3	3	14
Koochiching	1					1
Lac qui Parle		1	4	3	6	14
Lake	1	3	1	9	5	19
Lake of the Woods	1	1	7	15	17	41
Le Sueur	4	1	5	1	6	17
McLeod		2			1	3
Mahnomen	1		1	1	2	5
Marshall		1	6	8	2	17
Meeker	3		6	1	10	20
Mille Lacs	26	28	42	57	107	260

Days in Out-of-Home Care in 2003 Only for Children Under Age 8 *(continued)*

County	0 - 7	8 - 30	31- 90	91 - 180	181 – 365	Total*
Morrison	6	4	2	3	7	
Mower	0	3	3	7	10	22
Nicollet	2	2		1	5	10
Nobles	3	1		1	2	7
Norman	3	1		1	2	
Olmsted	18	6	13	14	32	83
Otter Tail	6	3	11	8	10	38
Pennington	3	3	1 1	8	7	11
Pine	2	5	7	1	19	34
Pipestone	1	4	2	2	19	10
Polk	3	4	6	2	7	18
	3		0		1	10
Pope	111	55	01	72		570
Ramsey Red Lake	111	55	81	72	251 2	570
Redwood			1	2	5	3
Renville		1		2		7
		1	12	1	1 8	6
Rice	4		12	1		21
Rock	4	2		2	1	5
Roseau	2.4	20	20	51	93	7
St. Louis	24	20	38			226
Scott	10	8	7 13	6	14	45
Sherburne	1	3	13	3	12	32
Sibley	4	0	10	1	1	6
Stearns	15	9	12	12	29	77
Steele	2	1	8		1	12
Stevens	2		1			3
Swift					1	<u>l</u>
Todd	2	2	1	6	10	19
Traverse	2	2	4	4	11	23
Wabasha	3	2	3	7	8	21
Wadena	2 18	2	6	2	3	15
Waseca	18	11	15	11	25	80
Washington			1		1	2
Watonwan			1		3	4
Wilkin		-	3	2	3	8
Winona	5	7	7	16	21	56
Wright	2	3		6	4	15
Yellow Medicine			6	8	15	29
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	1	2	3	5	4	15
Faribault-Martin	6	4	2	3	7	22
State Total	585		749	825	1,612	4,155
State Percent	14.1	9.2	18.0	19.9	38.8	100.0

^{*}Total number of placements ending in 2003.

Reasons For Entering Out-of-Home Care

Children may have entered care for multiple reasons and may have entered multiple times. Every reason is counted in this figure (not children).

	Alleged	Allege	Allege d	Parent Alcoho	Parent	Child	Child	Child	Child		Parent	Caretake		Relinquishmen	
County	Physical Abuse	Sexual Abuse	Neglec t	l Abuse	Drug Abuse	Alcohol Abuse	Drug Abuse	Behavi or	Disabilit v	Parent Death	Incarceratio n	Inability to Cope	Abandonme nt	of Parental Rights	Inadequat e Housing
Aitkin	5	0	22	15	8	0	0	30	4	2	7	40	10	3	0
Anoka	72	37	237	45	199	2	5	247	60	1	48	138	42	9	58
Becker	17	12	76	35	34	14	14	77	22	4	3	51	17	1	12
Beltrami	19	10	132	25	10	2	2	50	9	0	9	13	16	2	2
Benton	8	1	38	6	34	7	11	62	0	0	13	17	2	1	13
Big Stone	1	0	5	5	0	2	1	6	0	0	4	8	0	0	6
Blue Earth	24	12	50	21	32	11	19	83	15	2	10	59	9	6	7
Brown	6	3	17	1	9	5	7	53	6	1	2	27	3	0	0
Carlton	14	6	43	28	7	5	3	57	15	4	10	41	13	4	9
Carver	13	16	64	12	29	2	7	96	11	0	18	49	14	2	17
Cass	47	18	52	38	21	10	15	93	10	1	11	42	30	3	9
Chippewa	5	2	6	3	5	4	4	18	3	0	2	8	0	0	0
Chisago	26	6	85	1	14	1	0	92	20	5	11	18	8	0	8
Clay	13	3	35	29	16	9	15	65	11	3	16	44	20	1	10
Clearwater	1	3	4	2	1	2	2	24	4	0	0	9	1	0	1
Cook	2	0	1	4	1	3	3	7	0	0	0	4	2	0	0
Cottonwood	6	2	21	10	12	2	4	32	3	0	10	17	1	0	6
Crow Wing	9	6	112	4	5	0	0	95	1	0	3	18	0	1	2
Dakota	71	20	175	61	77	5	12	160	47	9	26	122	51	14	49
Dodge	2	1	8	3	8	0	4	48	3	0	3	5	6	0	1
Douglas	8	4	19	9	14	2	5	41	13	2	5	20	4	0	5
Fillmore	2	4	5	0	2	1	6	30	7	0	3	10	1	0	1
Freeborn	5	5	33	10	14	5	10	79	11	0	5	43	9	1	4
Goodhue	12	2	20	0	2	0	0	68	1	0	7	34	6	2	3
Grant	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
Hennepin	565	268	1,330	324	823	26	57	1,368	214	20	213	615	303	46	159
Houston	14	6	12	11	0	4	8	40	2	1	2	16	1	0	3
Hubbard	5	4	9	10	4	1	0	85	9	0	0	3	0	0	0
Isanti	21	7	50	12	34	3	3	28	3	0	10	10	11	0	16

Reasons For Entering Out-of-Home Care (continued)

Children may have entered care for multiple reasons and may have entered multiple times. Every reason is counted in this figure (not children).

		Allege	Allege	Parent	_		~					Caretake		Relinquishmen	
	Alleged Physical	d Sexual	d Neglec	Alcoho l	Parent Drug	Child Alcohol	Child Drug	Child Behavi	Child Disabilit	Parent	Parent Incarceratio	r Inability	Abandonme	t of Parental	Inadequat e
County	Abuse	Abuse	ť	Abuse	Abuse	Abuse	Abuse	or	y	Death	n	to Cope	nt	Rights	Housing
Itasca	32	10	50	46	45	17	21	274	54	2	19	77	24	2	12
Jackson	2	4	13	0	3	1	3	18	3	0	3	14	1	0	2
Kanabec	8	1	16	5	5	0	1	66	0	0	6	9	0	0	3
Kandiyohi	13	8	31	1	6	0	0	56	16	0	8	14	5	1	0
Kittson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Koochiching	2	3	12	7	2	8	10	51	5	0	2	7	10	1	0
Lac qui Parle	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	16	6	0	0	3	0	0	1
Lake	8	3	12	11	9	4	3	15	4	2	10	6	3	0	3
Lake of the															
Woods	0	0	1	1	0	3	3	7	0	0	0	3	1	1	1
Le Sueur	6	4	32	12	10	1	3	43	11	0	4	26	4	0	2
McLeod	4	7	48	10	15	2	3	20	5	0	4	21	7	5	1
Mahnomen	10	2	30	21	19	5	6	29	0	1	9	7	11	5	4
Marshall	1	1	4	1	2	2	4	22	4	0	4	5	1	0	0
Meeker	3	1	7	3	6	0	5	36	7	0	7	2	0	2	2
Mille Lacs	10	7	27	10	18	10	12	86	6	0	4	26	9	0	2
Morrison	13	4	14	11	11	1	8	67	5	2	1	24	2	6	9
Mower	10	12	33	3	5	3	4	83	8	0	9	19	6	1	1
Nicollet	3	4	15	9	4	2	6	43	4	0	1	21	2	0	1
Nobles	1	0	4	0	3	0	5	28	5	0	0	5	2	0	1
Norman	6	0	2	4	3	2	6	22	1	2	0	10	2	0	4
Olmsted	16	8	19	14	7	0	1	116	14	1	11	132	1	4	3
Otter Tail	19	1	39	10	13	0	0	45	5	0	10	25	7	1	8
Pennington	9	6	17	11	5	3	11	40	5	1	1	23	2	1	9
Pine	16	8	39	9	39	4	5	71	4	3	19	45	9	0	5
Pipestone	6	1	11	11	4	2	3	23	5	1	11	11	5	0	1
Polk	10	1	38	14	3	6	6	72	8	0	5	6	5	1	8
Pope	1	0	4	1	3	0	0	8	4	0	3	3	0	0	0
Ramsey	307	121	800	176	286	48	153	743	95	34	119	462	248	178	252
Red Lake	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	2	2	0	0	1
Redwood	4	4	12	4	3	3	5	36	7	2	3	9	7	0	1
Renville	7	1	5	0	6	0	0	23	4	0	0	5	2	1	0
Rice	5	0	22	9	15	2	3	38	11	0	11	19	13	1	6

Reasons For Entering Out-of-Home Care (continued)

Children may have entered care for multiple reasons and may have entered multiple times. Every reason is counted in this figure (not children).

	Alleged	Allege d	Allege d	Parent Alcoho	Parent	Child	Child	Child	Child	D4	Parent	Caretake r Inability	Abandonme	Relinquishmen t	Inadequat
County	Physical Abuse	Sexual Abuse	Neglec t	l Abuse	Drug Abuse	Alcohol Abuse	Drug Abuse	Behavi or	Disabilit y	Parent Death	Incarceratio n	to Cope	Abandonme nt	of Parental Rights	e Housing
Rock	4	2	0	1	4	4	2	16	3	1	0	10	5	0	0
Roseau	0	1	7	0	0	2	2	37	1	0	3	3	2	0	7
St. Louis	57	29	257	134	109	21	21	256	71	10	57	264	51	10	58
Scott	13	3	67	14	27	3	4	86	10	2	5	21	12	4	8
Sherburne	7	3	24	8	32	5	6	58	19	3	10	46	6	1	5
Sibley	3	4	3	0	1	0	0	25	0	0	0	11	2	1	0
Stearns	18	10	97	17	39	16	19	161	21	0	4	55	12	7	16
Steele	17	1	13	6	2	3	7	37	8	0	1	29	6	1	6
Stevens	2	0	6	1	1	0	0	9	2	0	2	5	1	0	0
Swift	3	1	5	0	1	0	1	15	1	0	0	6	0	0	1
Todd	6	4	25	8	4	1	1	40	10	0	5	13	1	0	3
Traverse	4	0	1	5	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Wabasha	10	6	14	8	3	6	6	59	2	0	8	17	3	2	1
Wadena	7	2	36	8	10	1	0	25	1	1	2	13	2	0	2
Waseca	3	2	12	2	12	1	0	40	4	0	2	11	1	1	1
Washington	42	10	93	26	45	16	41	306	60	3	28	118	13	7	32
Watonwan	4	1	2	1	0	2	4	16	0	0	1	3	1	0	0
Wilkin	2	1	9	1	1	2	3	18	2	0	1	3	0	1	0
Winona	5	3	12	5	1	5	3	160	3	0	1	14	4	2	1
Wright	26	8	50	15	43	11	24	122	22	2	18	72	11	1	15
Yellow															
Medicine	5	2	13	3	3	1	2	23	2	0	1	18	3	0	4
Lincoln-Lyon-															
Murray	11	2	17	17	20	13	22	75	8	0	12	50	2	2	15
Faribault-Martin	2	7	27	6	8	3	6	112	7	1	8	25	3	1	6
State Total	1,777	782	4,812	1,428	2,333	373	682	7,044	1,068	129	906	3,336	1,110	348	925

Reasons For Discharge From Out-of-Home Care

Children may have entered multiple times and may have exited multiple times. Every reason is counted in this figure (not children).

County	Reunificati on With Parents/ Primary Caretakers	Living With Other Relatives	Transfe r To Anothe r Agency	Runaway From Placement (placemen t no longer planned)	Reached Age of Majority or Emancipate d	Adoptio n Finalized	Guardianshi p	Deat h of Chil d	Permanen t Transfer of Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative	Missi ng Data	Total
Aitkin	40	4	Agency		2	3	P	u	a ixciative	Data	51
Anoka	302	13	1	16	30	35	3		10	1	411
Becker	57		2	10	10	14	8		3	1	95
Beltrami	68	3	1	4	6	6	1	2	19	1	111
Benton	46	2	1	4	2	6			4		65
Big Stone	9	_		-	3						12
Blue Earth	62	8	5	2	6	6					89
Brown	46	6	3	1	5	1					62
Carlton	46	3	_	5	10	5			7	1	77
Carver	105	1	4	2	4	8			4		128
Cass	128	14	2	9	3	4			14	1	175
Chippewa	10	1	2		4				2		19
Chisago	119	9	1	3	11	7		1	15		166
Clay	54		5	7	6	13			2		87
Clearwater	7	1	1	1	2	4			1		17
Cook	6		2	2							10
Cottonwood	27		2		4	3			2		38
Crow Wing	60	15	2	1	7	18	1		8		112
Dakota	237	25	10	9	19	25	18		1	1	345
Dodge	44	1	1	2	2				6		56
Douglas	34	1	4	1	7	3			4		54
Fillmore	25	1			2						28
Freeborn	55		3	4	10	1			1		74
Goodhue	55	8	9	2	3	7	1		1	1	87
Grant	6					1					7
Hennepin	1,506	63	56	121	166	244	1	3	157	14	2,331
Houston	48	2	1		5	3					59
Hubbard	81	2	2		1			1	2		89
Isanti	44	5		2	6	7			4		68
Itasca	202	14	9	2	9	5			16	4	261
Jackson	13				4				2		19
Kanabec	63	1				1			4		69
Kandiyohi	65	3	1		2	9			1		81
Kittson	3										3
Koochiching	29	1	2	2	7				3		44
Lac qui Parle	17										17
Lake	12		1		2				4		19
Lake of the Woods	3			1	2						
Le Sueur	29			$\frac{1}{3}$	6	5			4		47
McLeod	30	3	1	3	2	1			11		48
Mahnomen	26	5	1 4	3		1	1		5	1	48
Marshall	15	3	1	3	1		1		3	1	17

Reasons For Discharge From Out-of-Home Care (continued)

Children may have entered multiple times and may have exited multiple times. Every reason is counted in this figure (not children).

County	Reunification With Parents/ Primary Caretakers	Living With Other Relatives	Transfer to Another Agency	Runaway From Placement (placemen t no longer planned)	Reached Age of Majority or Emancipate d	Adoption Finalized	Guardianship	Death of Child	Permanent Transfer of Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative	Missing Data	Total
Meeker	22	2	1		6						31
Mille Lacs	80	5			1	3	1		6		96
Morrison	59	7	1	2	5	8			1		83
Mower	61	1	2		7	6			5		82
Nicollet	30	1	1	2	3	4					41
Nobles	23	3			3	1			1		31
Norman	20	1				2					23
Olmsted	122	12	17	3	9	24	1				188
Otter Tail	53		3	1	3	11					71
Pennington	24	3		1	4	3			1		36
Pine	56	3	4	2	5	6			10		86
Pipestone	25	1		2	2	1			1		32
Polk	75	3	2		1	4			1		86
Pope	4				2				3		9
Ramsey	821	55	25	48	71	95	2	2	98	8	1,225
Red Lake	3	1									4
Redwood	19		1	1	3						24
Renville	14				1				1		16
Rice	26			1	6	5					38
Rock	11	1		1	3						16
Roseau	21	2	4		4			1			32
St. Louis	282	37	5	20	31	26	3	2	30	3	439
Scott	95	4	2	5	10	14			5		135
Sherburne	36		3	2	4	5			8		58
Sibley	24		1	2	1				1		29
Stearns	172	4	4	3	7	19		1	19		229
Steele	41		1		6	1					49
Stevens	8	3			1						12
Swift	14				1	3					18
Todd	24	2			3	4					33
Traverse	3				1						4
Wabasha	52	2	2	1	5				2		64
Wadena	24	1			1	3			2		31
Waseca	39	3			5	3			3		53
Washington	294	17	5	4	12	12			10		354
Watonwan	15	1		1		2					19
Wilkin	13		1		2	3					19
Winona	130	7		5	7						149
Wright	133	6	7	3	8	10			1		168
Yellow											
Medicine	27			1	1		1			1	31
Lincoln-Lyon-											
Murray	74		1	3	8	1			4		91
Faribault-											
Martin	94	1	5	2	5	4			3		114
Total	6,997	404	238	326	629	728	42	13	533	38	9,948

Federal Permanency Indicator 4.1 - Reunified Within 12 Months of Last Removal

Of all the children who were reunified with their parents or caretakers at the time of discharge from foster care, what percent were reunified within 12 months from the time of the latest removal from home?

County	Total Children Reunified in 2003	Children Reunified Within 12 Months	Percent Reunified Within 12 Months
Aitkin	34	31	91.2
Anoka	264	223	84.5
Becker	48	43	89.6
Beltrami	61	52	85.3
Benton	28	26	92.9
Big Stone	8	8	100.0
Blue Earth	41	39	95.1
Brown	33	30	90.9
Carlton	41	35	85.4
Carver	80	73	91.3
Cass	108	97	89.8
Chippewa	7	5	71.4
Chisago	101	93	92.1
Clay	49	41	83.7
_ ·			
Clearwater Cook	5	5	100.0 100.0
Cottonwood	26	16	61.5
Crow Wing	51	45	88.2
Dakota	197	184	93.4
Dodge	32	31	96.9
Douglas	23	20	87.0
Fillmore	18	17	94.4
Freeborn	45	39	86.7
Goodhue	39	35	89.7
Grant	5	5	100.0
Hennepin	1,275	1,143	89.7
Houston	38	36	94.7
Hubbard	55	53	96.4
Isanti	40	38	95.0
Itasca	129	116	89.9
Jackson	13	10	76.9
Kanabec	50	48	96.0
Kandiyohi	52	44	84.6
Kittson	3	2	66.7
Koochiching	18	16	88.9
Lac qui Parle	11	8	72.7
Lake	10	10	100.0
Lake of the Woods	2	2	100.0
Le Sueur	26	20	76.9
McLeod	23	22	95.7
Mahnomen	17	13	76.5
Marshall	11	11	100.0
Meeker	19	18	94.7

Federal Permanency Indicator 4.1 - Reunified Within 12 Months of Last Removal (continued)

Of all the children who were reunified with their parents or caretakers at the time of discharge from foster care, what percent were reunified within 12 months from the time of the latest removal from home?

County	Total Children Reunified in 2003	Children Reunified Within 12 Months	Percent Reunified Within 12 Months	
Mille Lacs	60	57	95.0	
Morrison	46	45	97.8	
Mower	45	39	86.7	
Nicollet	23	22	95.7	
Nobles	20	20	100.0	
Norman	10	10	100.0	
Olmsted	94	87	92.6	
Otter Tail	49	45	91.8	
Pennington	15	14	93.3	
Pine	44	41	93.2	
Pipestone	19	19	100.0	
Polk	60	55	91.7	
Pope	3	2	66.7	
Ramsey	672	599	89.1	
Red Lake	2	1	50.0	
Redwood	18	15	83.3	
Renville	11	9	81.8	
Rice	24	21	87.5	
Rock	10	10	100.0	
Roseau	19	18	94.7	
St. Louis	221	201	91.0	
Scott	76	72	94.7	
Sherburne	27	22	81.5	
Sibley	16	13	81.3	
Stearns	124	114	91.9	
Steele	31	30	96.8	
Stevens	8	8	100.0	
Swift	13	13	100.0	
Todd	22	18	81.8	
Traverse	3	3	100.0	
Wabasha	37	34	91.9	
Wadena	22	21	95.5	
Waseca	29	26	89.7	
Washington	224	213	95.1	
Watonwan	11	8	72.7	
Wilkin	12	9	75.0	
Winona	84	78	92.9	
Wright	108	102	94.4	
Yellow Medicine	24	24	100.0	
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	54	45	83.3	
Faribault-Martin	73	70	95.9	
Minnesota	5,603	5,060	90.3	

Federal Permanency Indicator 4.2 - Re-entered Placement Within 12 Months of Prior Placement

Of all the children who entered out-of-home placement during the year, what percent re-entered placement

within 12 months of a prior placement?

County	Entered Placement in 2003	Re-entered Placement Within 12 Months	Percent Re-entering Within 12 Months
Aitkin	38	11	28.9
Anoka	378	55	14.6
Becker	78	13	16.7
Beltrami	79	8	10.1
Benton	53	17	32.1
Big Stone	13	2	15.4
Blue Earth	84	29	34.5
Brown	58	20	34.5
Carlton	66	8	12.1
Carver	108	28	25.9
Cass	138	30	21.7
Chippewa	11	4	36.4
Chisago	129	28	21.7
Clay	68	12	17.6
Clearwater	17	6	35.3
Cook	8	5	62.5
Cottonwood	18	3	16.7
Crow Wing	120	24	20.0
Dakota	250	56	22.4
Dodge	51	15	29.4
Douglas	42	14	33.3
Fillmore	25	7	28.0
Freeborn	60	18	30.0
Goodhue	63	20	31.7
Grant	4	1	25.0
Hennepin	1,903	398	20.9
Houston	50	13	26.0
Hubbard	68	26	38.2
Isanti	59	8	13.6
Itasca	190	89	46.8
Jackson	13	2	15.4
Kanabec	62	18	29.0
Kandiyohi	60	16	26.7
Kittson	3	2	66.7
Koochiching	45	13	28.9
Lac qui Parle	11	7	63.6
Lake	22	2	9.1
Lake of the Woods	5	1	20.0
Le Sueur	16	4	25.0
McLeod	44	14	31.8
Mahnomen	31	12	38.7
Marshall	17	6	35.3
Meeker	23	9	39.1

Federal Permanency Indicator 4.2 - Re-entered Placement Within 12 Months of Prior Placement *(continued)*

Of all the children who entered out-of-home placement during the year, what percent re-entered placement

within 12 months of a prior placement?

County	Entered Placement in 2003	Re-entered Placement Within 12 Months	Percent Re-entering Within 12 Months
Mille Lacs	76	23	30.3
Morrison	54	20	37.0
Mower	64	23	35.9
Nicollet	42	11	26.2
Nobles	20	3	15.0
Norman	13	7	53.8
Olmsted	127	21	16.5
Otter Tail	50	11	22.0
Pennington	28	9	32.1
Pine	76	22	28.9
Pipestone	34	3	8.8
Polk	78	20	25.6
Pope	4	1	25.0
Ramsey	936	238	25.4
Red Lake	6	2	33.3
Redwood	21	2	9.5
Renville	15	3	20.0
Rice	32	5	15.6
Rock	13	1	7.7
Roseau	30	2	6.7
St. Louis	367	85	23.2
Scott	106	23	21.7
Sherburne	69	14	20.3
Sibley	22	9	40.9
Stearns	176	51	29.0
Steele	40	12	30.0
Stevens	14	2	14.3
Swift	7	2	28.6
Todd	24	4	16.7
Traverse	6	3	50.0
Wabasha	62	20	32.3
Wadena	43	9	20.9
Waseca	41	12	29.3
Washington	298	80	26.8
Watonwan	8	4	50.0
Wilkin	13	2	15.4
Winona	95	33	34.7
Wright	132	29	22.0
Yellow Medicine	29	4	13.8
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	65	20	30.8
Faribault-Martin	75	22	29.3
Minnesota	7,992	1,941	24.3

Federal Permanency Indicator 6.1 - No More Than Two Placement Settings Within 12 Month or Less

Of all children who have been in out-of-home placement less than 12 months from the time of the last removal from

home, what percentage have had no more than two placement settings during that time period?

mome, while personning is	Children Placed Less	Children With no More Than Two Placement Settings	Percent With Less Than Three Placement Settings
County	Than 12 Months	During Placement	During Placement
Aitkin	56	42	75.0
Anoka	435	386	88.7
Becker	101	82	81.2
Beltrami	114	99	86.8
Benton	60	55	91.7
Big Stone	14	12	85.7
Blue Earth	94	82	87.2
Brown	63	59	93.7
Carlton	76	62	81.6
Carver	112	100	89.3
Cass	167	142	85.0
Chippewa	17	16	94.1
Chisago	148	139	93.9
Clay	92	82	89.1
Clearwater	19	19	100.0
Cook	10	10	100.0
Cottonwood	28	27	96.4
Crow Wing	146	116	79.5
Dakota	295	262	88.8
Dodge	62	53	85.5
Douglas	50	46	92.0
Fillmore	29	27	93.1
Freeborn	70	66	94.3
Goodhue	71	62	87.3
Grant	6	6	100.0
Hennepin	2,305	1832	79.5
Houston	53	50	94.3
Hubbard	72	68	94.4
Isanti	76	69	90.8
Itasca	222	180	81.1
Jackson	17	16	94.1
Kanabec	67	62	92.5
Kandiyohi	79	62	78.5
Kittson	3	2	66.7
Koochiching	50	44	88.0
Lac qui Parle	12	10	83.3
Lake	30	25	83.3
Lake of the Woods	6	5	83.3
Le Sueur	31	26	83.9
McLeod	55	38	69.1
Mahnomen	38	34	89.5
Marshall	21	19	90.5

Federal Permanency Indicator 6.1 - No More Than Two Placement Settings Within 12 Month or Less (continued)

Of all children who have been in out-of-home placement less than 12 months from the time of the last removal from

home, what percentage have had no more than two placement settings during that time period?

County	Children Placed Less Than 12 Months	Children With no More Than Two Placement Settings During Placement	Percent With Less Than Three Placement Settings During Placement
Meeker	33	27	81.8
Mille Lacs	88	69	78.4
Morrison	65	57	87.7
Mower	77	68	88.3
Nicollet	48	44	91.7
Nobles	29	28	96.6
Norman	13	13	100.0
Olmsted	146	135	92.5
Otter Tail	72	67	93.1
Pennington	30	25	83.3
Pine	84	66	78.6
Pipestone	35	32	91.4
Polk	88	80	90.9
Pope	5	5	100.0
Ramsey	1,098	961	87.5
Red Lake	6	5	83.3
Redwood	24	23	95.8
Renville	17	16	94.1
Rice	37	29	78.4
Rock	15	13	86.7
Roseau	38	33	86.8
St. Louis	407	370	90.9
Scott	116	104	89.7
Sherburne	76	72	94.7
Sibley	24	1	87.5
Stearns	194	1	88.1
Steele	44	41	93.2
Stevens	16	16	100.0
Swift	13	11	84.6
Todd	34	30	88.2
Traverse	6	4	66.7
Wabasha	66	52	78.8
Wadena	44	ł	81.8
Waseca	46	ł	97.8
Washington	312	296	94.9
Watonwan	12	12	100.0
Wilkin	16		93.8
Winona	101	86	85.1
Wright	150		88.7
Yellow Medicine	33		87.9
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	79		83.5
Faribault-Martin	97	88	90.7
Minnesota	9,406		86.0

Minnesota's Adoptions Report for 2003

Table of Contents

	Page
Introduction	3
Figure 1 - Activity in the Adoption System in 2003	
Figure 2 - Annual Activity in the Adoption System by Race in 2003	
Figure 3a - Number of State Wards Adopted by Age Group	
Figure 3b - Total State Wards at the Beginning and End of 2003 by Age Group	
Figure 4a - Gender of State Wards Adopted in 2003.	7
Figure 4b - Gender of State Wards at the Beginning and End of 2003	7
Figure 5a - Incidence of Adoptions by Race	7
Figure 5b - Race of State Wards at the Beginning and End of 2003	
Figure 6 - Days From Date of Availability (TPR) to Adoption	9
Figure 7a - Adopted State Wards: Time From TPR to Adoption	10
Figure 7b - Waiting State Wards: From Date of TPR to the Beginning of the Year	10
Figure 8a - Sibling Group Preservation	11
Figure 8b - Sibling Group by Age Group	11
Figure 8c - Age of Sibling Group State Wards	
Figure 9a - Trends in State Wards Entering and Adopted - 1999-2003	13
Figure 9b - Trends in State Wards Entering and Adopted - 1999-2003	
Figure 10 - State Wards Entering by Age - 2000-2003	
Figure 11 - State Wards Entering by Race - 2000-2003	
Figure 12 - State Wards Attaining Age of Majority by Gender	
Figure 13 - State Wards Attaining Age of Majority by Race - 2000-2003	15
Figure 14 - Federal Permanency Indicator 5.1 - State Wards Who Exited	
Placement to Adoption Within Two Years of Placement	16
Adoptions Appendix	17
Age of Adopted Children in 2003	
Gender of Adopted Children in 2003	
Age of State Wards by County in 2003	
Gender of State Wards by County in 2003	25
Federal Permanency Indicator 5.1 - State Wards Who Exited Placement to	
Adoption Within Two Years of Placement	27

Introduction

One of the major goals of the Minnesota Department of Human Services (DHS) is to ensure that all children have safe, stable, loving and permanent homes. When children have their physical, emotional and mental health needs met, they are more successful in their families, schools and communities and are more likely to be productive members of society.

The Department provides permanency by supporting families to safely care for their children and successfully reunify them with their families or primary caregivers. For some children, the courts must execute a Termination of Parental Rights (TPR), and transfer their guardianship to the Commissioner of the Department of Human Services. These children are known as Children Under State Guardianship and are referred to in this section as "state wards." As the designated agent of the Commissioner, county social service agencies are responsible for the children's placement, health and well being. It is the Department's responsibility to work with county and private adoption agencies to find permanent families for these children.

Key findings in this section are as follows:

- In 2003, 714 children under state guardianship (state wards) were adopted. The largest group of children (57 percent) were under age 6. An equal number of boys and girls were adopted.
- On January 1, 2003, there were 1,529 state wards.
- The number of state wards leaving the adoption system during the same period was 825, either due to adoption finalization or reaching the age of majority.
- The number of state wards at the end of 2003 was 1,441.*
- The number of state ward adoptions between 1999 and 2003 increased by 90 children, but there was some fluctuation as adoptions went down in 2001 and increased in the following two years.

- The average number of days in care, from the time they were available for adoption to the date of adoption, is 587 days, a decline of 46 days since 2002.
- African American/Black children and children of two or more races were eight times more likely than a White child to be adopted in 2003.
- Most siblings were adopted together.

The report also includes some of the demographic and social characteristics of the children adopted, or waiting to be adopted, such as age, gender, race and ethnicity. The length of waiting time is calculated from the date the child is legally available for adoption, as defined by a court ordered TPR, to the time of the actual adoption. It further reports on how long the state wards (1,529) have been waiting in the adoption system since their TPR. The number of siblings adopted together and those state wards waiting to be adopted is also included.

*There were four missing data elements for this analysis.

Adoptions

At a Glance

- Younger state ward children were adopted more quickly than older children.
- No difference was found for gender in state wards being adopted.
- Compared to White children, African American/Black, American Indian and children identifying Two or More Races were adopted at a much higher rate than their proportion in the Minnesota child population.
- The average number of days in care from the date of termination of parental rights to the date of adoption decreased by 160 days since 1999.
- All siblings were adopted together or with at least one other sibling.
- There was a rapid increase in the percentage of state wards exiting placement to a finalized adoption within two years of their placement.
- The percentage of older state wards entering the system increased between 2000 and 2003.
- More female state wards leave the system due to attaining age of majority than males.

Figure 1 - Activity in the Adoption System in 2003

Activity	Total
State Wards on January 1, 2003	1,529
State Wards Entering The Adoption System in 2003	733
State Wards Adopted in 2003	714
State Wards Who Reached the Age of Majority in 2003	111
State Wards Remaining on 12/31/2003*	1,441

^{*}The total does not add up to 1,441 due to missing data for analysis.

Figure 1 shows the annual activity in the adoption system in 2003. There were 1,529 state wards at the beginning of the year and 733 new state wards that entered the system during the year. Seven hundred fourteen state wards left the system to a finalized adoption and 111 state wards reached the age of majority. The number of state wards remaining in the system at the end of the year was 1,441. Overall, there were 88 more state wards that left the system than those that remained in the system at the end of the year.

Figure 2 - Annual Activity in the Adoption System by Race in 2003

	State Wards		State Wards		State Wards Attaining		State Wards		State Wards Remaining	
	on		Entering		Age of		Adopted		on	
Race	01/01/03	Percent	in 2003	Percent	Majority	Percent	in 2003	Percent	12/31/03	Percent
African American/										
Black	477	31.2	127	17.3	33	29.7	152	21.3	424	29.4
American Indian	118	7.7	43	5.9	12	10.8	35	4.9	114	7.9
Asian	10	0.7	1	0.1	-	0.0	6	0.8	4	0.3
Pacific Islander	0	0.0	2	0.3	_	0.0	_	0.0	2	0.1
White	634	41.5	447	61.0	47	42.3	378	52.9	663	46.0
Two or More Races	283	18.5	92	12.6	18	16.2	143	20.0	208	14.4
Unknown	203	16.3	72	12.0	10	10.2	143	20.0	208	14.4
Race/										
Other	3	0.2	16	2.2	-	0.0	-	0.0	8	0.6
Missing Data	4	0.3	5	0.7	1	0.9	_	0.0	18	1.2
Total	1,529	100.0	733	100.0	111	100.0	714	100.0	1,441	100.0

Figure 2 shows the annual activity in the adoption system by race. The increase or decrease in the number of state wards could be attributed to them entering or leaving the system. White state wards entered at a higher rate than they left the system, resulting in 29 more state wards to be adopted at the end of the year. State wards belonging to Two or More Races entered at a much lower rate than they left the system, resulting in 75 fewer state wards to be adopted.

Figure 3a - Number of State Wards Adopted by Age Group

Age Group	State Wards Adopted	Percent
0 to 5	406	56.9
6 to 11	232	32.5
12 to 14	58	8.1
15 and over	18	2.5
Total	714	100.0

Figure 3a shows almost 90 percent of the state wards adopted were age 11 or younger.

Figure 3b - Total State Wards at the Beginning and End of 2003 by Age Group

Age Group	01/0	1/03	12/	31/03
	State	State		
	Wards	Percent	Wards	Percent
0-5	426	27.9	377	26.2
6-11	481	31.5	400	27.8
12-14	308	20.1	347	24.1
15-17	311	20.3	313	21.7
Missing Data	3	0.2	4	0.3
Total	1,529	100.0	1,441	100.0

Figure 3b shows that about 60 percent of the total state wards were in the 0-11 age group at the beginning of the year, and about 40 percent were in the older age groups. But these numbers, at the end of the year, were slightly lower for the younger group (54 percent) and higher for the older group (46 percent), indicating that a larger number of younger state wards left the system.

Figure 4a shows that male and female state wards were adopted at similar rates. There were more male state wards than female at the beginning and at the end of the year (Figure 4b).

Figure 4a - Gender of State Wards Adopted in 2003

Gender	State Wards Adopted	Percent
Female	358	50.1
Male	356	49.9
Total	714	100

Figure 4b - Gender of State Wards at the Beginning and End of 2003

Gender	01/01	/03	12/31/03		
	State Wards Percent		State Wards	Percent	
Female	705	46.1	671	46.6	
Male	824	53.9	770	53.4	
Total	1,529	100	1,441	100	

Figure 5a - Incidence of Adoptions by Race

Race	Children Adopted	Percent	Children Adopted per 1000 in Minnesota Population
African American/Black	152	21.3	2.3
American Indian	35	4.9	1.7
Asian	6	0.8	0.1
White	378	52.9	0.3
Two or More Races	143	20.0	3.4
Total	714	100.0	0.6
Hispanic Ethnicity – Any Race	59	8.3	0.7

Figure 5a shows the number of state wards adopted in 2003 by race and Hispanic ethnicity and the incidence of adoption per 1,000 Minnesota child populations. About 53 percent of the total state wards adopted were White. State wards who were African American/Black were eight times more likely to be adopted than White state wards per 1,000 Minnesota child population. In addition, American Indian state wards were six times and Two or More Races were 11 times more likely.

Figure 5b - Race of State Wards at the Beginning and End of 2003

Race	01/01/2003				12/31/200)3
	State Wards	Percent	State Wards Per 1000 Population	State Wards	Percent	State Wards Per 1000 Population
African American/Black	477	30.8	7.4	424	29.1	6.6
American Indian	118	7.6	5.7	114	7.8	5.5
Asian	10	0.6	0.2	4	0.3	0.1
Pacific Islander	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.1	3.5
White	634	41.1	0.6	663	45.6	0.6
Two or More Races	283	19.4	6.5	208	15.3	4.7
Missing Data	7	0.5	0.3	26	1.8	1.1
Total	1,529	100.0	1.2	1,441	100.0	1.1
Hispanic Ethnicity – Any Race	119	7.8	2.1	139	9.6	2.5

Figure 5b compares the race of the state wards at the beginning and end of the year. About 41 percent of the total state wards were White, followed predominantly by African American/Black (30.8), children belonging to Two or More Races (19.4) and American Indian (7.6). The percentage of state wards at the end of the year was similar to the beginning of the year for African American/Black (30.8 and 29.1) and American Indian (7.6 and 7.8). There was an increase in White state wards at the end of the year (from 41.1 to 45.6) and a decline in state wards belonging to Two or More Races (19.4 to 15.3). African American/Black, American Indian and state wards belonging to Two or More Races were many times more likely to wait for adoption than White state wards per 1,000 Minnesota child populations at the beginning and end of the year.

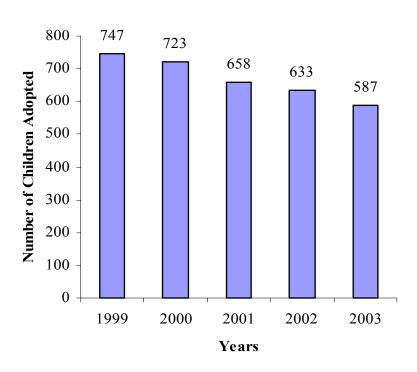


Figure 6 - Days from Date of Authority for Placement (TPR) to Adoption

Figure 6 presents the average days to adoption for the years 1999 through 2003 for state wards. The days are from the date they became available for adoption (TPR) to the date they were adopted. The average days to adoption has declined by 160 days since 1999.

Time Range*	20	00	20	01	200)2	20	003
	Number of Children Adopted	Percent of Children Adopted	Number of Children Adopted	Percent of Children Adopted	Number of Children Adopted	Percent of Children Adopted	Number of Children Adopted	Percent of Children Adopted
Waiting 0-6 Months	60	9.46	51	9.38	167	26.98	131	18.35
Waiting 6 Months to 1 Year	126	19.87	145	26.65	60	9.69	202	28.29
Waiting 1 to 2 Years	229	36.12	200	36.76	235	37.96	240	33.61
Waiting 2 to 3 Years	109	17.19	66	12.13	93	15.02	75	10.50
Waiting > 3 Years	107	16.88	78	14.34	64	10.34	65	9.10
Missing Data	3	0.47	4	0.74		0.00	1	0.14
Waiting Total	634	100.00	544	100.00	619	100.00	714	100.00

Figure 7a - Adopted State Wards: Time From TPR to Adoption

Figure 7a refers to the waiting time for all adopted state wards from the date of TPR of the first parent to the date they were adopted. In 2003, more than 80 percent of the state wards adopted waited for less than two years prior to their adoption, and 20 percent waited for more than two years. This percentage has improved since 2000, when it was 65 and 35 respectively. This indicates that waiting time was much shorter for newer state wards.

Time Range*	20	2000 2001		2002		2003		
	State Wards	Percent of State Wards Waiting						
Waiting 0-6 Months	268	15.66	277	16.91	304	18.54	296	19.40
Waiting 6 Months to 1 Year	246	14.38	290	17.70	262	15.98	218	14.29
Waiting 1 to 2 Years	325	18.99	277	16.91	306	18.66	274	17.96
Waiting 2 to 3 Years	266	15.55	165	10.07	161	9.82	143	9.37
Waiting > 3 Years	606	35.42	629	38.40	607	37.01	595	38.99
Waiting Total	1,711	100.00	1,638	100.00	1,640	100.00	1,526	100.00

^{*}Time range refers to the date of first TPR of either parent to 01/01/04, indicating how long they have been in the system.

Figure 7b refers to the waiting time for all state wards who have not been adopted from TPR of the first parent to the beginning of the year. About 52 percent of state wards have been waiting to be adopted for less than two years and 48 percent have been waiting for more than two years. This percentage has changed very little since 2000. Overall, between 2000 and 2003, slightly more children left the system in less than two years.

^{*}Time range refers to the date of first TPR of either parent to the date of adoption.

Figure 8a - Sibling Group Preservation

	Siblings Adopted	Percent
Sibling Group Preserved in		
Entirety in Adoption	357	89.3
Siblings Adopted With at		
Least One Other Sibling	43	10.8
Children in a Sibling Group		
Not Adopted With Another		
Sibling	0	0.0
Total	400	100.0

Figure 8a displays the percent of sibling groups that remained together in their entirety in their adoptive homes. It also shows the percent of children in sibling groups who were adopted with at least one of their siblings, but not with the entire sibling group. Of the 714 children adopted, 400 (56 percent) were part of a sibling group. Almost 90 percent of the sibling group was preserved in its entirety when they were adopted. The remaining state wards in the sibling groups were adopted with at least one other sibling.

Figure 8b - Sibling Group by Age Group

Ages of Children in Sibling Group	Total Siblin	igs Adopted
	Siblings	Percent
0-5	193	48.3
6-11	160	40.0
12-14	38	9.5
15-17	9	2.3
Total	400	100.0

Figure 8b shows that 88 percent of the sibling groups adopted were in the younger age group of 0-11 years, while 12 percent were in the older age group of 12+ years.

Figure 8c - Age of Sibling Group State Wards

Ages of Children in Sibling Group		g Group 1/01/03		g Group 2/31/03
	Siblings	Percent	Siblings	Percent
0-5	248	25.8	227	25.3
6-11	357	37.1	300	33.4
12-14	203	21.1	218	24.3
15-17	155	16.1	153	17.0
Total	963	100.0	898	100.0

Figure 8c shows that the percent of younger sibling state wards were adopted more than the older sibling state wards, the difference between state wards at the beginning and end of the year was 63 versus 59 percent. This trend is similar to the general trend of younger children being adopted more than the older state wards (Figure 3a).

Comparing Figures 8b and 8c, it is noted that younger sibling state wards were adopted at a higher rate than their proportion in the total state wards population at the beginning and at the end of the year, while older sibling state wards were adopted at a lower rate than their proportion in the state wards population at the beginning of the year.

Figure 9a - Trends in State Wards Entering and Adopted - 1999-2003

Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
State Wards Entering	574	647	637	607	733
State Wards Adopted	624	634	545	619	714

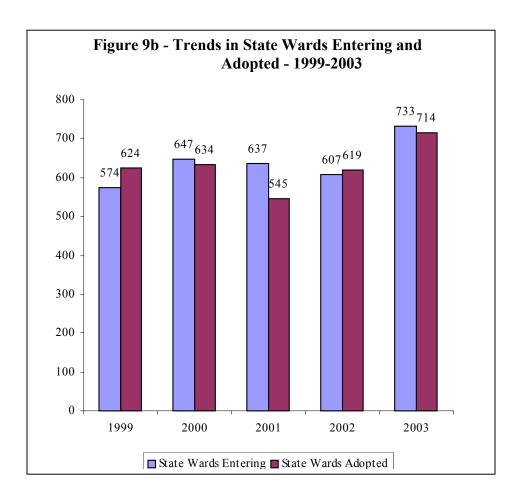


Figure 9b shows the trend in state wards entering the system and state wards being adopted between 1999-2003. The average number of state wards entering the system was 640, and the average number of state wards who were adopted was 627. Since 2000, there were slightly more state wards entering the system than leaving the system, except in 2002. Also, the lowest number of adoptions was in the year 2001. The significant increase in adoptions between 2001 and 2002 may partially be attributed to the new Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, which provided tax credit to the adoptive families.

Age Group	20	000	20	001	20	002	2003		
	State		State		State		State		
	Wards	Percent	Wards	Percent	Wards	Percent	Wards	Percent	
0-5	374	57.8	374	58.7	372	61.4	425	58.0	
6-11	239	36.9	201	31.6	175	28.9	197	26.9	
12-14	25	3.9	41	6.4	41	6.8	85	11.6	
15+	8	1.2	18	2.8	18	3.0	25	3.4	
Missing Data	1	0.2	3	0.5	0	0.0	1	0.1	
Total	647	100.0	637	100.0	606	100.0	733	100.0	

Figure 10 - State Wards Entering by Age - 2000-2003

Figure 10 shows that in 2003, almost 85 percent of the state wards entering the system were in the younger age group (0-11) and 15 percent in the older age group (12+). But this trend has changed since 2000. The percentage of older wards entering the system has increased three times from 5 to 15 percent.

Tig	guic II - State Wa	ras Entering by Ka	acc - 2000-2005
	2000	2001	2002

Race	2000		2001		2002		2003	
	State Wards	Percent	State Wards	Percent	State Wards	Percent	State Wards	Percent
African American/Black	144	22.3	136	21.4	151	24.9	127	17.3
American Indian	44	6.8	27	4.2	29	4.8	43	5.9
Asian	-	0.0	5	0.8	3	0.5	1	0.1
Pacific Islander	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	2	0.3
White	338	52.2	364	57.1	300	49.5	451	61.5
Two or More Races	121	18.7	98	15.4	120	19.8	88	12.0
Unknown Race/Other	-	0.0	4	0.6	1	0.2	5	0.7
Missing Data	-	0.0	3	0.5	2	0.3	16	2.2
Total	647	100.0	637	100.0	606	100.0	733	100.0

Figure 11 looks at the race of the state wards entering the system. In 2003, 733 state wards entered the system, an increase of 127 from the previous year. Most of this increase was due to more White state wards entering the system and a small decline in African American/Black and state wards belonging to Two or More Races. White state wards constituted almost 62 percent of the total state wards in 2003. There has been a 10 percent increase in this percentage since 2000. Simultaneously, there has been a decline in African American/Black and state wards belonging to Two or More Races in the same time period.

Figure 12 - State Wards Attaining Age of Majority by Gender

Gender	2	000	2001		2	002	2003	
	State		State		State		State	
	Wards	Percent	Wards	Percent	Wards	Percent	Wards	Percent
Female	38	47.5	40	49.4	42	48.8	69	62.2
Male	41	51.3	38	46.9	43	50.0	42	37.8
Missing Data	1	1.3	3	3.7	1	1.2	-	-
Total	80	100.0	81	100.0	86	100.0	111	100.0

Figure 12 shows that in 2003, more females attained the age of majority (62 percent) than males (38 percent). This trend has changed since 2000, when both females and males attained the age of majority in almost similar proportions.

Figure 13 - State Wards Attaining Age of Majority by Race - 2000-2003*

Race	2000		2001		2002		2003	
	State		State		State		State	
	Wards	Percent	Wards	Percent	Wards	Percent	Wards	Percent
African American/Black	22	27.5	23	28.4	29	33.7	33	29.7
American Indian	6	7.5	7	8.6	6	7.0	12	10.8
Asian	1	1.3	1	1.2	-	-	-	-
Pacific Islander	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-
White	40	50.0	39	48.1	39	45.3	47	42.3
Two or More Races	9	11.2	8	9.9	9	10.5	18	16.2
Unknown Race/Other	-	-	-	-	2	2.3	-	-
Missing Data	2	2.5	3	3.7	1	1.2	1	.09
Total	80	100.0	81	100.0	86	100.0	111	100.0

^{*}State wards who were 17 on the first day of the year and would turn 18 at any time during the year.

Figure 13 shows race of the state wards leaving the system due to attaining age of majority. There were 111 state wards that left the system in 2003, and this number has been increasing since 2000. Forty-two percent of the state wards who left were White, which is down from 50 percent in 2000.

Figure 14 - Federal Permanency Indicator 5.1 - State Wards Who Exited Placement to Adoption Within Two Years of Placement

Year	Total Adoptions	State Wards Adopted in Two Years or Less	Percent
2000	612	184	30.1
2001	545	194	35.6
2002	613	237	38.7
2003	727	334	45.9

The differences in the number of adoptions for the year 2003 could be attributed to two different sources of data. These two sources of data are the Adoption Information System (AIS) data base and the Social Services Information System (SSIS) data base. Differences could be explained due to 'time lag' in data entry in these two different systems.

Figure 14 deals with the Federal Permanency Indicator where children exited foster care to a finalized adoption within two years from the date of their entry into care. This indicator was developed to measure how well the state's child welfare system was protecting children at risk of abuse and neglect and how well the system was providing permanent homes. In 2003, more than 45 percent of state wards were adopted within two years of placement. The percentage of children who were adopted within two years has increased significantly since 2000, indicating that Minnesota is performing at a much higher level than the national standard of 32.0 percent or higher.

Adoptions Appendix

Age of Adopted Children in 2003

County	0 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 14	15 and Over	Total
Aitkin	2	1			3
Anoka	27	6	3		36
Becker	11	1			12
Beltrami	1	1	4		6
Benton	2	3	1		6
Big Stone					
Blue Earth	3	3			6
Brown	1				1
Carlton	2	1			3
Carver	4	4			8
Cass	2	2			4
Chippewa					
Chisago	4	3			7
Clay	11	1			12
Clearwater	2				2
Cook					
Cottonwood	1			1	2
Crow Wing	12	2	3	1	18
Dakota	13	10	1	2	26
Dodge					
Douglas	2	1			3
Faribault		1	1		2
Fillmore					
Freeborn			1		1
Goodhue	7	2			9
Grant			1		1
Hennepin	132	87	18	3	240
Houston	1	2			3
Hubbard					
Isanti	2	5			7
Itasca	1	2	1	1	5
Jackson					
Kanabec	1				1
Kandiyohi	8	1			9
Kittson					
Koochiching					
Lac qui Parle					
Lake					
Lake of the Woods					
Le Sueur	2	1	1	1	5
Lincoln					
Lyon			1		1
McLeod	1				1

Age of Adopted Children in 2003 (continued)

County Mahnomen Marshall Martin Meeker Mille Lacs Morrison	0 to 5 2 1 5 3	2 3 3	12 to 14	15 and Over	Total 2 1 2 3
Marshall Martin Meeker Mille Lacs	1 5 3	3	1		1
Martin Meeker Mille Lacs	1 5 3	3	1		1
Meeker Mille Lacs	1 5 3	3	1		1
Mille Lacs	5 3	3	1		
	5 3	3			2
Morrison	3				3
		3	1		8
Mower	3	l			6
Murray	3				
Nicollet		1			4
Nobles	1				1
Norman		2			2
Olmsted	17	7			24
Otter Tail	4	2	3	2	11
Pennington	1	2			3
Pine	1	4	2		7
Pipestone	1				1
Polk	3	1			4
Pope					
Ramsey	47	34	6	2	89
Red Lake					
Redwood					
Renville					
Rice	4	1			5
Rock					
Roseau					
St. Louis	19	8			27
Scott	8	1	2	2	13
Sherburne	5				5
Sibley					
Stearns	7	7	1	3	18
Steele			1		1
Stevens					
Swift		2	1		3
Todd	1	1	1		3
Traverse					
Wabasha					
Wadena	1	2			3
Waseca	1	1	1		3
Washington	7	3	2		12
Watonwan	·	1	1		2
Wilkin	2	1	-		3
Winona		-			
Wright	7	3			10
Yellow Medicine	,	-			
Minnesota*	406	232	58	18	714

^{*}Counties that are blank did not have any adoptions in 2003.

Gender of Adopted Children in 2003

County Name	Female	Male	Total
Aitkin	1	2	3
Anoka	12	24	36
Becker	9	3	12
Beltrami	1	5	6
Benton	5	1	6
Big Stone		-	<u> </u>
Blue Earth	3	3	6
Brown		1	1
Carlton	2	1	3
Carver	5	3	8
Cass	3	1	4
Chippewa			
Chisago	4	3	7
Clay	1	11	12
Clearwater		2	2
Cook			
Cottonwood		2	2
Crow Wing	7	11	18
Dakota	17	9	26
Dodge			
Douglas	1	2	3
Faribault	1	1	2
Fillmore			
Freeborn		1	1
Goodhue	5	4	9
Grant	_	1	1
Hennepin	124	116	240
Houston	1	2	3
Hubbard			
Isanti	5	2	7
Itasca	2	3	5
Jackson			
Kanabec	1		1
Kandiyohi	2	7	9
Kittson			
Koochiching			
Lac qui Parle			
Lake			
Lake of the Woods			
Le Sueur	4	1	5
Lincoln			
Lyon	1		1
McLeod	1		1
Mahnomen			
Marshall			

Gender of Adopted Children in 2003 (continued)

County Name	Female	Male	Total
Martin	2		2
Meeker		1	1
Mille Lacs	2	1	3
Morrison	5	3	8
Mower	4	2	6
Murray			
Nicollet	2	2	4
Nobles		1	1
Norman	1	1	2
Olmsted	16	8	24
Otter Tail	5	6	11
Pennington	3		3
Pine	5	2	7
Pipestone		1	1
Polk	1	3	4
Pope			
Ramsey	42	47	89
Red Lake			
Redwood			
Renville			
Rice	3	2	5
Rock			
Roseau			
St. Louis	14	13	27
Scott	10	3	13
Sherburne	1	4	5
Sibley			
Stearns	10	8	18
Steele		1	1
Stevens			
Swift	1	2	3
Todd		3	3
Traverse			
Wabasha			
Wadena	1	2	3
Waseca	1	2	3
Washington	4	8	12
Watonwan	1	1	2
Wilkin	1	2	3
Winona			
Wright	5	5	10
Yellow Medicine			
Minnesota	358	356	714

Counties that are blank did not have any adoptions in 2003.

Age of State Wards by County in 2003

Age of State Ward	S by County	III 2003				
County	0 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 14	15 and over	Missing Age	Total
Aitkin	1	1	1	3	, ,	6
Anoka	23	18	5			46
Becker	10	3	5	5		23
Beltrami	1	7	4	1	1	14
Benton	2	4	2	3		11
Big Stone						
Blue Earth	4	4	4	3		15
Brown						
Carlton	1	1		1		3
Carver	3	3	4			10
Cass	2	2	2	1		7
Chippewa						
Chisago	6	4		1	1	12
Clay	9	3	3			15
Clearwater	2	1		4		7
Cook						
Cottonwood	1	1	1	3		6
Crow Wing	6	4	4	8		22
Dakota	16	19	10	1		46
Dodge	2					2
Douglas	2	1		1		4
Faribault				3		3
Fillmore			1			1
Freeborn	2	6	1	2		11
Goodhue	7	4	3			14
Grant			1	115		116
Hennepin	132	161	109	2	1	405
Houston	1	4	1	1		7
Hubbard	1			3		4
Isanti	3	9	2	1		15
Itasca	3	2	3	1		9
Jackson			1	1		2
Kanabec	1			1		2
Kandiyohi	5	3	2			10
Kittson						
Koochiching						
Lac qui Parle						
Lake		3	2	1		6
Lake of the Woods						
Le Sueur	2	2	1			5
Lincoln						
Lyon	1	1		1		3
McLeod	5	2		2		9

Age of State Wards by County in 2003 (continued)

Age of State war		111 2002 (8				
County	0 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 14	15 and over	Missing Age	Total
Mahnomen						
Marshall						
Martin	2			3		5
Meeker		3	1	2		6
Mille Lacs		2		2		4
Morrison	4	4	1	1		10
Mower	1	6	3	1		11
Murray						
Nicollet	3	1		1		5
Nobles	1	1				2
Norman		2		3		5
Olmsted	11	4	1	3		19
Otter Tail	3	3	5			11
Pennington	3	3	2			8
Pine	2	4	1			7
Pipestone	1					1
Polk	5	3	3	95		106
Pope						
Ramsey	79	123	91	6		299
Red Lake						
Redwood						
Renville			1	1		2
Rice	2	1				3
Rock			1	7		8
Roseau						
St. Louis	17	10	2	1		30
Scott	2	1	6			9
Sherburne	3			4		7
Sibley						
Stearns	10	14	2			26
Steele			1			1
Stevens		1				1
Swift	1	3				4
Todd	1	2		2		5
Traverse						
Wabasha			1	3		4
Wadena	2	1	1			4
Waseca	1	1	2	3		7
Washington	9	8	5	2		24
Watonwan		1	1	1		3
Wilkin						
Winona		2	2	2		6

Age of State Wards by County in 2003 (continued)

County	0 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 14	15 and over	Missing Age	Total
Wright	7	3	3			13
Yellow Medicine						
Missing County	2					2
Statewide*	426	480	308	312	3	1,529

^{*}Counties that are blank did not have any state wards in 2003.

Gender of State Wards by County in 2003

Gender of State Ward			
County	Female	Male	Total
Aitkin	1	2	3
Anoka	9	40	49
Becker	11	7	18
Beltrami	7	11	18
Benton	6	3	9
Big Stone			
Blue Earth	6	9	15
Brown			
Carlton	3	2	5
Carver	4	8	12
Cass	5	1	6
Chippewa			
Chisago	5	6	11
Clay	6	10	16
Clearwater		3	3
Cook			
Cottonwood	2	5	7
Crow Wing	6	11	17
Dakota	31	22	53
Dodge	1	2	3
Douglas	1	2	3
Faribault	1		1
Fillmore	2	2	4
Freeborn	6	3	9
Goodhue	8	8	16
Grant		1	1
Hennepin	260	258	518
Houston	4	4	8
Hubbard		2	2
Isanti	8	9	17
Itasca	2	7	9
Jackson		2	2
Kanabec	1	1	2
Kandiyohi	5	6	11
Kittson			
Koochiching			
Lac qui Parle			
Lake	2	3	5
Lake of the Woods			
Le Sueur	4	2	6
Lincoln			
Lyon	2		2
McLeod	4	4	8
Mahnomen			

Gender of State Wards by County in 2003 (continued)

Gender of State Wards by County in 2003 (continued)						
County	Female	Male	Total			
Marshall						
Martin	4		4			
Meeker	5	2	7			
Mille Lacs	1	3	4			
Morrison	7	4	11			
Mower	4	7	11			
Murray						
Nicollet	2	3	5			
Nobles	1	2	3			
Norman	1	1	2			
Olmsted	8	11	19			
Otter Tail	5	9	14			
Pennington	6	2	8			
Pine	5	2	7			
Pipestone		1	1			
Polk	5	6	11			
Pope						
Ramsey	165	223	388			
Red Lake						
Redwood						
Renville	4	3	7			
Rice	3	1	4			
Rock	1		1			
Roseau						
St. Louis	15	21	36			
Scott	5	5	10			
Sherburne		3	3			
Sibley						
Stearns	15	15	30			
Steele		1	1			
Stevens	1		1			
Swift	2	2	4			
Todd	3		3			
Traverse	1	1	2			
Wabasha		1	1			
Wadena	3	4	7			
Waseca	1	3	4			
Washington	8	17	25			
Watonwan	1	3	4			
Wilkin	1	3	-			
Winona	2	3	5			
Wright	7	8	15			
Yellow Medicine	/	8	15			
Missing Data	1	1	2			
		-				
Statewide*	705	824	1,529			

^{*}Counties that are blank did not have any state wards in 2003.

Federal Permanency Indicator 5.1 - State Wards Who Exited Placement to Adoption Within Two Years of Placement

Adoption Within T	State	All State	State	
	Wards On	Wards Adopted in	Wards Adopted in	Percent Adopted in
County	01/01/03	2003*	<25 Months	<25 months
Aitkin	3	3	0	0.0
Anoka	49	35	24	68.6
Becker	18	14	6	42.9
Beltrami	18	6	4	66.7
Benton	9	6	1	16.7
Big Stone			_	
Blue Earth	15	6	3	50.0
Brown		1	1	100.0
Carlton	5	5	0	0.0
Carver	12	8	6	75.0
Cass	6	4	1	25.0
Chippewa				
Chisago	11	7	2	28.6
Clay	16	13	11	84.6
Clearwater	3	4	1	25.0
Cook				
Cottonwood	7	3	0	0.0
Crow Wing	17	18	15	83.3
Dakota	53	25	11	44.0
Dodge	3			
Douglas	3	3	3	100.0
Fillmore	4			
Freeborn	9	1	0	0.0
Goodhue	16	7	6	85.7
Grant	1	1	0	0.0
Hennepin	518	244	94	38.5
Houston	8	3	0	0.0
Hubbard	2			
Isanti	17	7	5	71.4
Itasca	9	5	0	0.0
Jackson	2			
Kanabec	2	1	0	0.0
Kandiyohi	11	9	6	66.7
Kittson				
Koochiching				
Lac qui Parle				
Lake	5			
Lake of the Woods				
Le Sueur	6	5	0	0.0
McLeod	8	1	1	100.0

Federal Permanency Indicator 5.1 - State Wards Who Exited Placement to Adoption Within Two Years of Placement (continued)

raoption within	n Two Years of Pla	All State	State	
	Wards On	Wards Adopted in	Wards Adopted in	Percent Adopted in
County	01/01/03	2003*	<25 Months	<25 months
Mahnomen				
Marshall				
Meeker	7			
Mille Lacs	4	3	3	100.0
Morrison	11	8	3	37.5
Mower	11	6	1	16.7
Nicollet	5	4	2	50.0
Nobles	3	1	1	100.0
Norman	2	2	2	100.0
Olmsted	19	24	23	95.8
Otter Tail	14	11	6	54.6
Pennington	8	3	0	0.0
Pine	7	6	1	16.7
Pipestone	1	1	0	0.0
Polk	11	4	1	25.0
Pope				
Ramsey	388	95	36	37.9
Red Lake				
Redwood				
Renville	7			
Rice	4	5	5	100.0
Rock	1			
Roseau				
St. Louis	34	25	18	72.0
Scott	10	14	7	50.0
Sherburne	3	5	2	40.0
Sibley				
Stearns	30	19	2	10.5
Steele	1	1	0	0.0
Stevens	1			
Swift	4	3	0	0.0
Todd	3	4	4	100.0
Traverse	2			
Wabasha	1			
Wadena	7	3	1	33.3
Waseca	4	3	3	100.0
Washington	25	12	5	41.7
Watonwan	4	2	0	0.0
Wilkin	,	3	3	100.0
Winona	5	<u> </u>		
Wright	15	10	0	0.0

Federal Permanency Indicator 5.1 - State Wards Who Exited Placement to Adoption Within Two Years of Placement (continued)

County	State Wards On 01/01/03	All State Wards Adopted in 2003*	State Wards Adopted in <25 Months	Percent Adopted in <25 months
Yellow Medicine				
Lincoln-Lyon-Murray	2	1	0	50.0
Faribault-Martin	5	4	4	80.0
Missing County	4			
Statewide**	1,529	727	334	45.9

^{*}The source of data for adopted state wards is SSIS and that is why the number is 727 instead of 714. Some counties did not have any state wards and/or adoptions during the year. Also, some children may have entered the system as state wards in 2003 and may have been adopted in the same year.

^{**}Counties that are blank did not have any state wards in 2003.