DEPARTMENT:

Public Service

SF-00006-05 (4/86) STATE OF MINNESOTA

# Office Memorandum

DATE:

February 23, 1989

TO

Interested Individuals

FROM:

Herb Pickell

Program Administrator

PHONE:

296-0412

SUBJECT:

Proposed permanent rules relating to eligibility for services under the Telecommunications Access for Communication-Impaired Persons

(TACIP) Act

Attached is a copy of the proposed permanent rules relating to eligibility to the Equipment distribution Program which is currently being administered by the Deaf Services Division in the Department of Human Services. The proposed rules are quite similar to the emergency rules which was adopted in 1988.

I wish to bring to your attention that the TACIP Eligibility Subcommittee met on December 8, 1988 and approved the suggested changes in the rules. The attached copy included all of the above changes.

The subcommittee also agreed to delete the words <u>five-year</u> from line 24 of page 8.

Rationale:

There is a five-year warranty period for the telecommunication devices for the deaf purchased from the Ultratec, Inc.. However, all other devices available through the Equipment Distribution Program have a one-year or a two-year warranty period. By removing the language <u>five-year</u> from the proposed rules, the rules, if adopted, would be applicable to all devices offered by the Equipment Distribution Program.

Please feel free to review the rules and comment within 30 days directly to my office. My address and phone numbers are included in the attached notice submitted by Mr. Robert Cook, Chair of the TACIP Board.

Thank you in advance for your interest and your attention to the proposed rules.

/sm

Attachment

· (
(
( , ,
• ,

Telecommunications Access for Communicatively Impaired Persons (TACIP) Board

In the Matter of the Proposed Adoption NOTICE OF INTENT TO of the Rule of the TACIP Board Governing Services Under the TACIP Act, Minn. Rules Parts 8775.0100 to 8775.0600

ADOPT A RULE WITHOUT A PUBLIC HEARING

Notice is hereby given that the Minnesota TACIP Board intends to adopt the above-entitled rule without a public hearing following the procedures set forth in the Administrative Procedure Act for adopting rules without a public hearing in Minnesota Statutes §§14.22 to 14.28. The statutory authority to adopt the rule is contained in Minn. Stat. §237.51 subpart 5, subparagraph (9)(1988).

All persons have 30 days in which to submit comment in support of or in opposition to the proposed rule or any part or subpart of the Comment is encouraged. Each comment should identify the portion of the proposed rule addressed, the reason for the comment, and any change proposed.

Any person may make a written request for a public hearing on the rule within the 30 day comment period. If 25 or more persons submit a written request for a public hearing within the 30-day comment period, a public hearing will be held unless a sufficient number withdraw their request in writing. Any person requesting a public hearing should state his or her name and address, and is encouraged to identify the portion of the proposed rule addressed, the reason for the request, and any change(s) proposed. If a public hearing is required, the Board will proceed pursuant to Minnesota Statutes §§ 14.131 to 14.20.

Comments or written requests for a public hearing must be submitted to:

> Herb Pickell, Program Administrator TACIP Program 790 American Center Building 150 East Kellogg Boulevard St. Paul. Minnesota 55101 (612) 296-0412 (Voice) (612) 296-9863 (TDD)

The proposed rule may be modified if the modifications are supported by data and views submitted to the agency and do not result in a substantial change in the proposed rule as noticed.

A copy of the proposed rule is attached to this notice.

A Statement of Need and Reasonableness that describes the need for and reasonableness of each provision of the proposed rule and identifies the data and information relied upon to support the proposed rule has been prepared and is available upon request from the TACIP Program Administrator at the address listed above.

If no hearing is required, upon adoption of the rule, the rule and the required supporting documents will be submitted to the Attorney General for review as to legality and form to the extent the from relates to legality. Any person may request notification of the date of submission to the Attorney General. Persons who wish to be advised of the submission of this material to the Attorney General, or who wish to receive a copy of the adopted rule, must submit the written request to:

TACIP Program
790 American Center Building
150 East Kellogg Boulevard
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101
(612) 296-0412 (Voice)
(612) 296-9863 (TDD)

March 27, 1989

ROBERT COOK
TACIP Board Chair

- 1 Telecommunication Access for Communication-impaired Persons
- 2 Board

3

- 4 Proposed Permanent Rules Relating to Eligibility for Services
- 5 Under the Telecommunication Access for Communication-impaired
- 6 Persons Act

7

- 8 Rules as Proposed (all new material)
- 9 8775.0100 DEFINITIONS.
- 10 Subpart 1. Scope. The terms used in this chapter have the
- 11 meanings given them in this part.
- 12 Subp. 2. Applicable median income. "Applicable median
- 13 income" means the median gross income in Minnesota as estimated
- 14 by the Bureau of the Census in the most recent annual
- 15 announcement of the United States Department of Health and Human
- 16 Services Family Support Administration, published in the Federal
- 17 Register. These announcements are incorporated by reference.
- 18 Subp. 3. Appropriate communication device. "Appropriate
- 19 communication device" means a communication device that most
- 20 efficiently allows access to the telephone system by a
- 21 communication-impaired person.
- 22 Subp. 4. Blind. A person is "blind" if central visual
- 23 acuity does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with corrective
- 24 lenses or, if greater than 20/200, visual acuity is accompanied
- 25 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest
- 26 diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than
- 27 20 degrees.
- 28 Subp. 5. Board. "Board" means the Telecommunication
- 29 Access for Communication-impaired Persons Board established in
- 30 Minnesota Statutes, section 237.51.
- 31 Subp. 6. Communication device. "Communication device"
- 32 means a device that when connected to a telephone enables a
- 33 communication-impaired person to communicate with another person
- 34 using the telephone system. A communication device includes a
- 35 ring signaler, an amplification device, a telephone device for

- 1 the deaf with auxiliary equipment the board considers necessary/
- 2 and a telebraille unit.
- 3 Subp. 7. Communication-impaired person.
- 4 "Communication-impaired person" means a person certified as
- 5 deaf, severely hearing impaired, hard-of-hearing, speech
- 6 impaired, or deaf and blind, by (1) determination of a qualified
- 7 physician, audiologist, or speech and language pathologist, or
- 8 (2) when made before the adoption of parts 8775.0100 to
- 9 8775.0600, determination of division staff under the authority
- 10 of law or other rules relating to communication-impaired persons.
- 11 Subp. 8. Deaf. "Deaf" means the condition of a person
- 12 whose hearing in both ears is impaired to the degree that the
- 13 person is unable to understand speech, even when amplified. A
- 14 deaf person requires use of a telephone device for the deaf to
- 15 communicate effectively on the telephone.
- 16 Subp. 9. Deaf and blind. "Deaf and blind" means the
- 17 conditions of a person who is (1) deaf, severely hearing
- 18 impaired, or hard-of-hearing, and (2) blind or visually
- 19 handicapped. A person affected by these conditions requires use
- 20 of a telebraille unit or telephone device for the deaf with
- 21 auxiliary equipment to communicate effectively on the telephone.
- 22 Subp. 10. Division. "Division" means the Deaf Services
- 23 Division of the Minnesota Department of Human Services.
- 24. Subp. 11. Economic hardship. "Economic hardship" means an
- 25 economic condition or level of subsistence on a household income
- 26 that is at or below 60 percent of the applicable median income
- 27 in the state.
- 28 Subp. 12. Hard-of-hearing. "Hard-of-hearing" means a
- 29 condition of a person who has a reduced ability to understand
- 30 speech. Some of the effects of the impairment can be overcome
- 31 with proper amplification. A person that is hard-of-hearing may
- 32 require a communication device to communicate effectively on the
- 33 telephone.
- 34 Subp. 13. Household criteria. For determining priority
- 35 when initially distributing equipment or receiving more than one
- 36 communication device, "household criteria" means the higher

- 1 priority given for a household having more than one
- 2 communication-impaired person or for a household with a
- 3 communication-impaired person living alone.
- 4 Subp. 14. Household income. "Household income" means the
- 5 total income of a communication-impaired person and immediate
- 6 family living in the same residence. The immediate family
- 7 includes spouse and minor children. However, the income of a
- 8 minor child must not be included unless the minor is over 15
- 9 years of age. If the communication-impaired person is a minor
- 10 child, then parents and siblings residing with the minor are
- 11 immediate family. If a dependent minor child is temporarily
- 12 living outside the family or custodial parent's residence, the
- 13 household income is considered to be the income of the parents
- 14 or custodial parent plus the income of minor siblings over the
- 15 age of 15 and residing with the parents or custodial parent.
- 16 Subp. 15. Income. "Income" means money received in the
- 17 preceding calendar year from each of the following sources:
- 18 A. money, wages, or salary;
- B. net income from nonfarm employment as defined for
- 20 federal tax purposes;
- 21 C. net income from farm self-employment as defined
- 22 for federal taxes;
- D. income from any social security program;
- 24 E. supplemental social security income;
- 25 F. public assistance or welfare payments;
- 26 G. interest on savings or other investments that pay
- 27 interest:
- 28 H. dividend income from estates or trusts, or net
- 29 rental income;
- 30 I. veterans' payments, unemployment compensation
- 31 payments, and workers' compensation payments;
- 32 J. private or public employee pensions; and
- 33 K. alimony, child support, regular contributions from
- 34 persons not living in the household, and other periodic income.
- 35 This definition of income comes from that of the Bureau of the
- 36 Census and is interpreted according to its standards as

- 1 published in "Consumer Income," series P-60, No. 156, Money,
- Income of Households, Families and Persons in the United
- 3 States: 1985. These standards are incorporated by reference,
- 4 are not subject to frequent change, and are located in the
- 5 government publications reference department of the University
- 6 of Minnesota and in the Minitex interlibrary loan system.
- 7 Subp. 16. Resident of Minnesota. "Resident of Minnesota"
- 8 means an individual who lives in Minnesota or who has moved to
- 9 Minnesota and intends to remain in Minnesota.
- 10 Subp. 17. Severely hearing impaired. "Severely hearing
- 11 impaired" means a condition in which hearing in both ears is
- 12 impaired to the degree that the affected person is unable to
- 13 understand speech, even when amplified. These individuals
- 14 require use of a telephone device for the deaf to communicate
- 15 effectively on the telephone.
- 16 Subp. 18. Significant visual impairment. "Significant
- 17 visual impairment" means a visual disability that does not
- 18 constitute legal blindness but which constitutes a substantial
- 19 handicap to employment or limits the person's ability to live
- 20 independently, perform self-care activities, or grow and develop.
- 21 Subp. 19. Special needs. "Special needs" means the needs
- 22 of an eligible person that may require that the person be given
- 23 priority when initially distributing the equipment or be given
- 24 more than one communication device because of severity of
- 25 communication impairment or presence of multiple disabilities.
- 26 Subp. 20. Speech impaired. "Speech impaired" means a
- 27 condition that renders a person physically incapable of speaking
- 28 clearly. The severity of the impairment may vary; however, it
- 29 renders speech on an ordinary telephone unintelligible or
- 30 impossible and requires a communication device to communicate
- 31 effectively on the telephone.
- 32 Subp. 21. TACIP. "TACIP" means telecommunication access
- 33 for communication-impaired persons.
- 34 8775.0200 PURPOSE AND CONSTRUCTION.
- 35 The purpose of this chapter is to develop and implement a

- 1 statewide program to distribute telephone communication devices
- 2 to eligible communication-impaired persons for improving access
- . 3 to telephone communications services for communication-impaired
  - 4 persons. This chapter is to be liberally construed to further
  - 5 these purposes.
  - 6 8775.0300 ELIGIBILITY FOR TACIP SERVICES.
  - 7 Subpart 1. Information provided. On request, the division
  - 8 shall offer to a person an application form developed by the
  - 9 division and a brochure that describes the TACIP eligibility
- 10 requirements and application process.
- 11 Subp. 2. Application process. The applicant shall
- 12 complete the application form and return it to the division's
- 13 regional service center for hearing-impaired people. An
- 14 application may be made by the applicant, the applicant's
- 15 spouse, or a person authorized by the applicant to act in the
- 16 applicant's behalf.
- 17 Subp. 3. Documenting, verifying, and reviewing
- 18 eligibility. The division shall verify the applicant's
- 19 household income, age, and access to telephone service, and that
- 20 the applicant is a communication-impaired person. When a
- 21 condition of eligibility changes, the division may verify
- 22 eligibility:
- 23 A. In a timely manner, an applicant shall document
- 24 income or authorize the division to verify the income. The
- 25 division shall help an applicant or recipient obtain documents
- 26 that the applicant does not possess and cannot obtain.
- 27 Information previously verified and retained by the division
- 28 need not be verified again unless the information no longer
- 29 applies to current circumstances.
- 30 B. The division shall not request information about
- 31 an applicant for or recipient of TACIP services that is not of
- 32 public record from a source other than within the division
- 33 without the applicant's or recipient's previous written
- 34 consent. The division may request information about an
- 35 applicant or recipient that is not of public record from the

- l telephone companies by obtaining the applicant's or recipient's (
- 2 previous written consent on an application or recertification
- 3 form. The division shall not provide third parties with access
- 4 to information about an applicant's eligibility status or other
- 5 case record information without the previous written consent of
- 6 that applicant or recipient, except when access to specific case
- 7 information is granted to agencies designated by the Minnesota
- 8 Government Data Practices Act, Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13.
- 9 Information designated as confidential by the Minnesota
- 10 Government Data Practices Act may only be made available to
- 11 agencies granted access under that law and must not be provided
- 12 to an applicant, recipient, or third party.
- 13 C. The division shall inform the recipient of the
- 14 recipient's responsibility to report permanent changes in
- 15 circumstances that affect eligibility within ten days of each
- 16 change.
- 17 Subp. 4. Eligibility criteria. To be eligible for the
- 18 TACIP program, a person must:
- 19 A. be at least five years of age;
- B. be a communication-impaired person;
- 21 C. be a resident of Minnesota;
- D. be a resident in a household at or below the
- 23 applicable median income in the state, except that a deaf and
- 24 blind person applying for a telebraille unit may reside in a
- 25 household that has a median income no more than 150 percent of
- 26 the applicable median household income in the state; and
- 27 E. have or have applied for telephone service and
- 28 been assigned a telephone number. A person who at the time of
- 29 application does not have telephone service, but meets all other
- 30 eligibility requirements, will be declared "conditionally
- 31 eligible" and, in order to be declared "eligible," must apply
- 32 for telephone service and be assigned a telephone number.
- 33 Subp. 5. Persons not eligible. Persons who are residents
- 34 of residential or treatment facilities that receive federal
- 35 funds under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, United States Code,
- 36 title 29, section 774, and are eligible for and can obtain

- 1 communication devices through federal provisions are not
- 2 eligible to receive TACIP services under this chapter.
- 3 Subp. 6. Notification of eligibility. Within 30 days of
- 4 the receipt of the application and the necessary documentation
- 5 the division shall notify the applicant in writing whether the
- 5 applicant is found eligible and, if the applicant is denied, the
- 7 reasons for denial.
- 8 Subp. 7. Determination of appropriate communication
- 9 device. The division shall determine the appropriate
- 10 communication device for a recipient.
- 11 8775.0400 PRIORITY FOR INITIAL DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNICATION
- 12 DEVICES.
- 13 Subpart 1. First priority: deaf and blind. The first in
- 14 priority are those eligible, deaf and blind persons having
- 15 special needs, experiencing economic hardship, or meeting the
- 16 household criteria standards.
- 17 Subp. 2. Second priority: deaf. The second in priority
- 18 are those eligible, deaf persons having special needs,
- 19 experiencing economic hardship, or meeting the household
- 20 criteria standards.
- 21 Subp. 3. Third priority: impaired speech. The third in
- 22 priority are those eligible, speech-impaired persons having
- 23 special needs, experiencing economic hardship, or meeting the
- 24 household criteria standards.
- Subp. 4. Fourth priority: hard-of-hearing. The fourth in
- 26 priority are those eligible, hard-of-hearing persons having
- 27 special needs, experiencing economic hardship, or meeting the
- 28 household criteria standards.
- 29 Subp. 5. Fifth priority: others without special needs.
- 30 The fifth in priority are those eligible, communication-impaired
- 31 persons having no special needs, not experiencing economic
- 32 hardship, and not meeting the household criteria standards.
- 33 Subp. 6. Use of priority system. Initially, the priority
- 34 system must be used to determine the priority of eligible
- 35 applicants for receiving telecommunication devices, for example,

- 1 to establish a waiting list of eligible applicants. Only if
- 2 allotted program money is insufficient to provide all eligible
- 3 applicants with needed equipment may the priority system be used
- 4 to determine which individuals will receive equipment.
- 8775.0500 HOUSEHOLDS ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE SEVERAL DEVICES.
- 6 Subpart 1. Deaf. A communication-impaired person who is
- 7 deaf or severely hearing impaired is eligible for a telephone
- B device for the deaf and a ring signaler.
- 9 Subp. 2. Deaf and blind. A communication-impaired person
- 10 who is deaf and blind is eligible to receive use of a telephone
- 11 device for the deaf with auxiliary equipment approved by the
- 12 board and necessary for efficient communication.
- 13 Subp. 3. Two or more eligible persons. If a household
- 14 contains more than one eligible communication-impaired person
- 15 with various communication impairments, the board may approve
- 16 more than one telephone device as necessary for efficient
- 17 communication.
- 18 Subp. 4. Hard-of-hearing. A communication-impaired person
- 19 who is hard-of-hearing is eligible for a ring signaler and
- 20 amplification device if both devices are necessary for efficient
- 21 communication.
- 22 8775.0600 TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE.
- The commissioner of human services shall maintain the
- 24 communication devices until the five-year warranty period
- 25 expires and provide training, without charge, to first-time
- 26 users of the devices.
- 27 8775.0700 OWNERSHIP.
- 28 Communication devices distributed under this chapter are
- 29 and must remain the property of the state of Minnesota.
- 30 8775.0800 APPEALS.
- 31 Subpart 1. Aggrieved party. An aggrieved party may appeal
- 32 a decision of the division. An aggrieved party is an applicant:
- 33 A. who is determined ineligible for TACIP service
- 34 under part 8775.0300, subpart 4;

- B. who disagrees with the division's determination
- 2 regarding the appropriate communication device under part
- 3 8775.0300, subpart 6;
- 4 C. who disagrees with the division's decision
- s regarding priority for initial distribution of communication
- 6 devices under part 8775.0400; or
- 7 D. whose TACIP service is terminated.
- 8 Subp. 2. Procedure. Requests for appeal must be made
- 9 within 30 calendar days of receiving notice of adverse action
- 10 or, for good cause shown, within 60 calendar days of receiving
- 11 the notice. Requests for appeal can be made through written,
- 12 telephone, or face-to-face contact with a designated
- 13 representative of the Regional Service Center for the Hearing
- 14 Impaired.
- 15 Subp. 3. Conciliation conference. Within ten calendar
- 16 days of receiving a request for appeal, a representative of the
- 17 Regional Service Center for the Hearing Impaired shall meet with
- 18 the aggrieved party and attempt to resolve informally the matter
- 19 leading to the appeal. Within five calendar days of the
- 20 conciliation conference, the representative shall prepare a
- 21 written summary of the issues addressed at the conciliation
- 22 conference and shall send a copy of the written summary to the
- 23 aggrieved party and to the board.
- 24 Subp. 4. Formal hearings. If still dissatisfied after
- 25 receiving a copy of the conciliation conference summary, the
- 26 aggrieved party may request a hearing before the board by making
- 27 written, telephone, or face-to-face contact with a designated
- 28 representative of the Regional Service Center for the Hearing
- 29 Impaired. A hearing before the board must be scheduled within
- 30 90 days. At the hearing, the aggrieved party may introduce
- 31 evidence relevant to the issues on appeal. An aggrieved party
- 32 may be represented by legal counsel or a lay advocate at the
- 33 hearing.
- 34 Subp. 5. Service pending appeal. Termination of TACIP
- 35 services must be stayed pending an appeal.

## Office of the Revisor of Statutes

### Administrative Rules



TITLE: Proposed Permanent Rules Relating to Eligibility for Services Under the Telecommunication Access for Communication-impaired Persons Act

AGENCY: Telecommunication Access for Communication-impaired Persons Board

MINNESOTA RULES: Chapter 8775

The attached rules are approved for publication in the State Register

Assistant Revisor

#### STATEMENT OF NEED AND REASONABLENESS

Telecommunications Access for Communications-impaired Persons Board

Proposed Permanent Rules Relating to Eligibility for Services Under the Telecommunications Access for Communication-impaired Persons Act

#### 8775.0100 **DEFINITIONS**

- Subpart 1. Scope. This subpart is necessary to define the scope of the definitions within it.
- Subp. 2. Applicable median income. This subpart is necessary to define what standard will be used to determine eligibility for and priority in distribution of communication devices. It is reasonable to use the Bureau of the Census figures since it provides a broad, non-discriminatory basis for determining median income.
- Subp. 3. Appropriate communication device. This subpart necessarily defines a term used in other subparts of this rule.
- Subp. 4. Blind. This subpart is necessary to define who will be considered "blind" for purposes of distributing equipment.
- Subp. 5. Board. This subpart simplifies reference to the Telecommunications Access for Communication-Impaired Persons Board.
- Subp. 6. Communication device. This subpart is needed to define the types of devices which will be distributed.
- Subp. 7. Communication-impaired person. This subpart is necessary to define who will be considered as "communication-impaired person" for purposes of distributing equipment.
- Subp. 8. Deaf. This subpart is necessary to define who will be considered "deaf" for purposes of distributing equipment.

- Subp. 9. Deaf and blind. This subpart is necessary to define who will be considered "deaf and blind" for purposes of distributing equipment.
- Subp. 10. **Division.** This subpart simplifies the references to the Deaf Services Division of the Minnesota Department of Human Services.
- Subp. 11. Economic hardship. This subpart is necessary in order to define the standard to be used in priority distribution of equipment under the rules. It is reasonable because it uses a broad, non-discriminatory standard.
- Subp. 12. Hard-of-hearing. This subpart is necessary in order to define who is "hard-of-hearing" for purposes of equipment distribution.
- Subp. 13. Household criteria. This subpart is necessary for determining priority when initially distributing equipment or receiving more than one communication device.
- Subp. 14. Household income. This subpart is necessary in order to determine priority for equipment distribution. It is reasonable because it creates a standard for what "household income" is to be considered in distributing equipment.
- Subp. 15. Income. This subpart is necessary in order to define what "income" will be considered in priority distribution of equipment under this rule. The definition is reasonable because it comes from that of the Bureau of the Census and is interpreted according to its standards as published in "Consumer Income," series P-60, No. 156, Money, Income of Households, Families and Persons in the United States: 1985. Thus, these standards (which are available to the public at no charge at the University of Minnesota) provide a general, non-discriminatory manner under which income can be determined.
- Subp. 16. Resident of Minnesota. This subpart is necessary to limit who will be considered a "resident of Minnesota" for purposes of these rules.

- Subp. 17. Severely hearing impaired. This subpart is necessary to define who is "severely hearing impaired" for purposes of equipment distribution.
- Subp. 18. Significant visual impairment. This subpart is necessary to define who had a "significant visual impairment" for purposes of equipment distribution.
- Subp. 19. Special needs. This subpart is necessary to define who has "special needs" for purposes of equipment distribution.
- Subp. 20. Speech-impaired. This subpart is necessary to define who is "speech-impaired" for purposes of equipment distribution.
- Subp. 21. TACIP. This subpart is necessary to simplify a reference.

#### 8775.0200 PURPOSE AND CONSTRUCTION.

The purpose of this chapter is to develop and implement a statewide program to distribute telephone communication devices to eligible communication-impaired persons and to create and maintain a message relay service for improving access to telephone communications services for communication-impaired persons. This chapter is to be liberally construed to further these purposes.

#### 8775.0300 ELIGIBILITY FOR TACIP SERVICES

- Subpart 1. Information provided. This subpart is necessary to inform the public where information on eligibility for TACIP services can be obtained.
- Subp. 2. Application process. This subpart is necessary to inform applicants where to return applications. It is reasonable, in the case of communication-impaired persons, to permit an application to be made by an authorized person other than the applicant.
- Subp. 3. Documenting, verifying, and reviewing eligibility. This section is necessary to define what steps the division will take to verify eligibility for this program. It is reasonable to permit such verification in order to assure that the

proper priority level is assigned in distribution. It is reasonable to require notification of any changes in eligibility and to set forth the steps the division will use to verify any changes in eligibility.

- Subp. 4. Eligibility criteria. This subpart is necessary to set forth which persons will be considered to be eligible for the TACIP program. The minimum age is necessary and reasonable because of the need to be able to use the equipment; the requirement that the person be a communication-impaired person is self explanatory; it is reasonable to require that recipients of this equipment be residents of the State of Minnesota; and the need to meet an income requirement is necessary for purposes of priority Persons who do not already have telephone service distribution. may be declared "conditionally eligible" and will be given the opportunity to apply for telephone service and obtain a telephone number as a condition of receiving services under these rules. This rule is structured in this manner so that a person who does not already have telephone service and applies for these services does not have to expend funds for telephone service prior to notification that all other eligibility criteria have been met.
- Subp. 5. Persons not eligible for service. Residents of residential or treatment facilities which receive federal money and are required under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to provide equally accessible services to hearing-impaired residents if phone service is available to those residents. Because of limited funds in this program, it is necessary to limit eligibility when equipment is available through other funded programs. This section is necessary because those persons should not be eligible to receive equipment under this rule because such equipment should already be available to them. If such a person's application is denied, and that person does not have this service available to them, then the decision of the division could be appealed under Part 8775.0800.
- Subp. 6. Notification of eligibility. This subpart is necessary to assure that the applicant is properly notified of the decision regarding an application. Thirty days after receipt of the application and all necessary documentation is a reasonable time for the division to reach a decision.
- Subp. 7. Determination of appropriate communication device. This subpart is necessary to state who will determine what device is appropriate. It is reasonable for the division to perform

this task because of its experience and expertise. The definitions set forth generally the types of equipment which will be available to communication-impaired persons (e.g., the necessity of a telebraille unit for blind persons).

8775.0400 PRIORITY FOR INITIAL DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNICATION DEVICES. It is reasonable and necessary to create a list of priorities for equipment distribution because of possibility that there may be certain limitations in obtaining and distributing equipment (such as immediate availability under circumstances where a large number of applications are received).

- Subpart 1. First priority: deaf and blind. This subpart is reasonable because persons with multiple disabilities are likely to have the greatest need for communication equipment.
- Subp. 2. Second priority: deaf. This subpart is reasonable because it gives priority to the need for the persons with the most severe hearing impairments who thus have great need for communication equipment.
- Subp. 3. Third priority: impaired speech. This subpart is reasonable because it sets as third in priority those persons who are speech-impaired persons.
- Subp. 4. Fourth priority: hard-of-hearing. This subpart is reasonable because it places hard-of-hearing persons in priority after those who fall within the definition of "deaf."
- Subp. 5. Fifth priority: others without special needs. This subpart is reasonable because last in priority will be those persons who are communication-impaired but do not have any financial or special needs as defined in the rules.
- Subp. 6. Use of priority system. This subpart is necessary to indicate when the priority system will be used.

8775.0500. HOUSEHOLDS ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE SEVERAL DEVICES. This subpart is necessary to define what devices will be available to communication-impaired persons who are eligible to receive more than one device.

- Subpart 1. Deaf. The necessity and reasonableness of this subpart is to identify devices for which deaf persons will be eligible.
- Subp. 2. Deaf and blind. This subpart is necessary and reasonableness in order to identify devices for which deaf and blind persons will be eligible. The "auxiliary equipment" will be determined based on individual impairment needs.
- Subp. 3. Two or more eligible persons. This subpart is necessary and reasonable to show what procedure will be used in instances where a household has more than one eligible person.
- Subp. 4. Hard-of-hearing. This subpart is necessary and reasonable to identify devices for which a hard-of hearing person will be eligible.
- 8775.0600 TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE. This section is necessary to identify the responsibility of maintaining equipment and to notify recipients that first time users are eligible for training at no cost.
- 8775.0700 OWNERSHIP. This section is necessary to notify recipients that the equipment belongs to the State of Minnesota.
- 8775.0600 APPEALS. This section is necessary to set forth what steps an applicant may take if TACIP service is denied. It is necessary to inform applicants through the rule so that the same procedure is available to and applied to all applicants denied service.
- Subpart 1. Aggrieved Party. The need to define who is an aggrieved party is self-explanatory. Those categories are based on all possible decisions on an applicant or recipient which the division could make which could adversely affect an applicant or recipient.
- Subp. 2. Procedure. Applicants requesting appeal reasonably must be given sufficient time to challenge a decision, and it is reasonable, under certain circumstances (which must be explained) to permit a time period of 60 days for appeal. It is reasonable to permit appeal through written, telephone or face-to-face contact in order to facilitate the appeals process for applicants or recipients.

- Subp. 3. Conciliation Conference. The informality of the conciliation conference process is a reasonable first step because it will provide the information necessary for the applicant to understand why service was denied, or in the alternative, the information necessary to the division to understand why service should not have been denied. The informality will also provide a procedure which will have minimal cost.
- Subp. 4. Formal Hearings. The procedure before the board is reasonable and necessary in circumstances where service is denied and the problem not resolved satisfactorily. While it will not constitute a formal administrative-type hearing, it will provide the applicant with a forum in which to challenge the division's reasons for denial.
- Subp. 5. Status Quo Pending Appeal. This section is necessary because in the case of termination of TACIP services, it is reasonable to maintain the status quo until a decision is final after all appeal steps have been taken and concluded.

(
(_
(