## SECOND DAY

St. Paul, Minnesota, Wednesday, January 4, 2023

The Senate met at 11:00 a.m. and was called to order by the President.

## **CALL OF THE SENATE**

Senator Dziedzic imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain, Rev. Richard Buller.

The members of the Senate gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called, and the following Senators were present:

Abeler	Dziedzic	Johnson	Maye Quade	Rarick
Anderson	Eichorn	Klein	McEwen	Rasmusson
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Rest
Boldon	Fateh	Kreun	Mitchell	Seeberger
Carlson	Frentz	Kunesh	Mohamed	Utke
Champion	Green	Kupec	Morrison	Weber
Coleman	Gruenhagen	Lang	Murphy	Wesenberg
Cwodzinski	Gustafson	Latz	Nelson	Westlin
Dahms	Hauschild	Lieske	Oumou Verbeten	Westrom
Dibble	Hawj	Limmer	Pappas	Wiklund
Dornink	Hoffman	Lucero	Pha	Xiong
Draheim	Housley	Mann	Port	C
Drazkowski	Howe	Marty	Pratt	
Duckworth	Jasinski	Mathews	Putnam	

The President declared a quorum present.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal, as printed and corrected, was approved.

# MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

# **Senator Dziedzic introduced --**

**Senate Resolution No. 6:** A Senate resolution relating to rules; adopting temporary rules for the 93rd session of the Legislature.

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate of the State of Minnesota:

The temporary rules of the Senate for the 92nd session of the Legislature are adopted as the temporary rules for the 93rd session, to be effective until the adoption of permanent rules by a majority vote of the Senate, subject to the following condition:

A bill may not be introduced on the first day.

The rules referred to above are amended as follows:

# 4. BILL REFERRAL

- 4.1 The President shall refer each bill without motion to the proper standing committee unless otherwise referred by the Senate.
- 4.2 A bill or resolution may not be referred to committee or amended until it has been given its first reading.
  - 4.3 A member may not object to a bill or resolution on its introduction.
- 4.4 All bills appropriating money, or obligating the state to pay or expend money, or establishing a policy which to be effective will require expenditure of money, when referred to and reported by any other than the Committee on Finance, must be referred before passage to the Committee on Finance.
- 4.5 All bills delegating rulemaking to a department or agency of state government and all bills exempting a department or agency of state government from rulemaking, when referred to and reported by any other than the Committee on State and Local Government Finance and Policy and Elections and Veterans, must be referred before passage to the Committee on State and Local Government Finance and Policy and Elections and Veterans.
- 4.6 All bills creating a new commission, council, task force, board, or other body to which a member of the legislature will be appointed must be referred before passage both to the Committee on State <u>and Local Government Finance and Policy and Elections and Veterans</u> and to the Committee on Rules and Administration.
- 4.7 All bills authorizing or increasing a sentence of imprisonment to a state correctional institution must be referred before passage to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety Finance and Policy.
- 4.8 All resolutions required to follow the same procedure as bills must be referred before passage to the Committee on Rules and Administration.
- 4.9 A bill introduced by a committee need not be referred to a standing committee unless a question arises. It must lie over one day before being given its second reading.
- 4.10 A member may question the reference of a bill during the order of business of first reading on the day of introduction. When a member questions the reference of a bill, the bill must be referred without debate to the Committee on Rules and Administration to report the proper reference. Upon adoption of the report of the Committee on Rules and Administration, the bill must be referred accordingly.

#### 7. BUDGET TARGETS

- 7.1 The Committees on Taxes and on Finance must hold hearings as necessary to determine state revenues and appropriations for the fiscal biennium.
- 7.2 Within 30 days after the last state general fund revenue and expenditure forecast for the next fiscal biennium becomes available during the regular session in the odd-numbered year, targets for the general fund budget must be publicly announced by the Chair of the Committee on Finance or the Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Subsequent adjustments to the targets required under this rule shall be made by public announcement of the chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration.
  - 7.3 The omnibus tax and appropriation bills are:
  - (1) the omnibus tax bill;
  - (2) the agriculture, broadband, and rural development appropriations bill;
  - (3) the education appropriations bill;
  - (4) the commerce and consumer protection appropriations bill;
  - (5) the elections appropriations bill;
  - (6) the energy and, utilities, environment, and climate appropriations bill;
  - (6) (7) the higher education appropriations bill;
  - (7) (8) the health and human services appropriations bill;
  - (9) the human services appropriations bill;
  - (8) (10) the housing and homelessness prevention appropriations bill;
  - (9) (11) the environment and natural resources, climate, and legacy appropriations bill;
  - (10) (12) the jobs and economic growth development appropriations bill;
  - (11) (13) the judiciary and public safety appropriations bill;
  - (14) the labor appropriations bill;
  - (12) (15) the state and local government and veterans appropriations bill;
  - (13) (16) the transportation appropriations bill; and
  - (14) the veterans and military affairs appropriations bill; and
  - (15) (17) the omnibus capital investment bill.

An omnibus appropriation or tax bill may not be divided.

- 7.4 An amendment to an omnibus appropriation or tax bill that is a Senate file or an unofficial engrossment of a House file is out of order if it will:
- (1) increase net appropriations from a fund for a fiscal biennium, without a corresponding increase in net revenue, compared to the bill as it was reported to the floor of the Senate;
- (2) reduce net revenue to a fund for a fiscal biennium, without a corresponding reduction in net appropriations, compared to the bill as it was reported to the floor of the Senate;
- (3) change appropriations, transfers, or revenues to an agency that was not in the bill as it was reported to the floor of the Senate; or
- (4) create or increase the amount of a tax expenditure by reducing appropriations, transfers, or revenues to an agency that was not in the bill as it was reported to the floor of the Senate.

## 9. STANDING COMMITTEES

The standing committees of the Senate are as follows:

Aging and Long-Term Care Policy

Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development Finance and Policy

Capital Investment

Civil Law and Data Practices Policy

Commerce and Consumer Protection Finance and Policy

Education Finance and Policy

**Education Policy** 

Elections

Energy and, Utilities Finance and Policy, Environment, and Climate

Environment and Natural Resources Finance, Climate, and Legacy

Environment and Natural Resources Policy and Legacy Finance

Finance

Health and Human Services Finance and Policy

Higher Education Finance and Policy

Housing Finance and Policy and Homelessness Prevention

Human Services Licensing Policy

Human Services Reform Finance and Policy

Jobs and Economic Growth Finance and Policy Development

Judiciary and Public Safety Finance and Policy

Labor and Industry Policy

**Local Government Policy** 

**Mining and Forestry Policy** 

Redistricting

Rules and Administration

State and Local Government Finance and Policy and Elections and Veterans

**Taxes** 

Technology and Reform Policy

Transportation Finance and Policy

Veterans and Military Affairs Finance and Policy

## 12. COMMITTEE MEETINGS

- 12.1 (a) All meetings of the Senate, its committees, and subcommittees are open to the public. A meeting of a caucus of the members of any of those bodies from the same political party need not be open to the public. A caucus of the Hennepin county, Ramsey county, or St. Louis county delegation is open to the public. For purposes of this rule, a meeting occurs when a quorum is present and action is taken regarding a matter within the jurisdiction of the body.
- (b) Until the adjournment of the 2022 regular session, Senate committee and subcommittee meetings may be held using alternative means that permit remote participation and voting for members with the approval of the respective caucus leader, subject to this rule. Remote meetings under this rule may also be held: (1) during any peacetime emergency declared by the Governor that is related to the infectious disease known as COVID-19; (2) during a special session; or (3) by the Committee on Rules and Administration at any time. Compliance with this rule meets the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 3.055. The alternative means used to conduct a hearing under this rule must ensure that all members of the committee participating in the hearing can see and hear one another, and that all witnesses are also visible and audible to the members participating during the witness's testimony, with the ability for witnesses to see and hear the members participating during the witness's testimony. If a member participating in a hearing held under this rule verbally affirms during the course of the hearing that the member's Internet connection prevents the member from establishing a visual connection to the hearing, the member may participate using only an audio connection to the hearing. Any meeting using alternative means must be contemporaneously available electronically to the public. The notice provided for the hearing must specify how members

of the public may access and monitor the meeting. All of the requirements of Senate Rule 12 apply to hearings held under this paragraph unless otherwise excepted.

- 12.2 Any person may submit to the Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration a complaint that members have violated the open meeting requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 3.055. The complaint must be in writing. The Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration shall immediately forward the complaint in writing to the Subcommittee on Ethical Conduct without disclosing the identity of the complainant. The complaint must not be further disclosed without the consent of the complainant, except to the members against whom the complaint was made, unless the complaint was made by a member of the Senate in writing under oath, in which case the investigatory procedures of Rule 55 apply.
- 12.3 To the extent practical, a committee or subcommittee shall announce each meeting to the public at least three calendar days before convening. The notice must state the name of the committee or subcommittee, the bill or bills to be considered, and the place and time of meeting. The notice must be posted on the Senate's Web site and on all Senate bulletin boards in the Capitol and the State Office Building. A notice must be sent to the House of Representatives for posting as it deems necessary. If the three-day notice requirement cannot be met, the committee or subcommittee shall give simultaneous notice to all of the known proponents and opponents of the bill as soon as practicable.
- 12.4 A Senate committee or subcommittee shall adjourn no later than midnight each day, unless two-thirds of the members present vote to suspend this requirement.
- 12.5 Committees and subcommittees may not meet while the Senate is in session without permission of the Senate. The names of the members excused shall be printed in the Journal.
  - 12.6 A majority of its members constitutes a quorum of a committee or subcommittee.
- 12.7 Each standing committee of the Senate, including a subcommittee of the committee, may at any time sit and act, investigate and take testimony on any matter within its jurisdiction, report hearings held by it, and make expenditures as authorized by the Committee on Rules and Administration.
- 12.8 A standing committee, but not a subcommittee, may require by subpoena or otherwise the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of correspondence, books, papers, and documents, in the manner provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 3.153.
- 12.9 Upon the request of a member of a committee or subcommittee to which a bill has been referred, or upon the request of the chief author of the bill, a record must be made of the vote on the bill or any amendment in the committee or subcommittee.
- 12.10 Upon request of three members of the committee before the vote is taken, the record of a roll call vote in a standing committee must accompany the committee report and be printed in the Journal.
- 12.11 A committee report may only be based on action taken at a regular or special meeting of the committee. A report in violation of this rule is out of order.

12.12 No Senate committee or subcommittee shall permit any appointed officer or employee of the executive branch, registered lobbyist, or lobbyist principal to be seated at the committee table with members of the Senate during an official meeting of a committee of the Senate.

## 14. PRESIDENT

- 14.1 The President shall take the chair at the time to which the Senate adjourned. The President shall immediately call the members to order and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed with the regular order of business. For the purposes of establishing a quorum, members who have informed the President of their intention to vote from a remote location under the provisions of Rule 40.7 may be counted for the duration of the legislative day. If a member suggests the absence of a quorum at any time during the remainder of the legislative day, the President must confirm that each member intending to vote under Rule 40.7 intends to continue voting under Rule 40.7. At any time the President announces the presence of a quorum, the President shall announce the names of members intending to vote under Rule 40.7. A member voting from a remote location under this rule must inform the Senate President of the member's geographic location at the time of remote voting, if the member will be outside this state when voting remotely. For the purposes of this rule, "geographic location" means the state where the member is located. The information provided to the Senate President pursuant to this rule must be published in the Senate Journal for the day when it was provided.
- 14.2 The President may call a member to preside. In the absence of the President, the President Pro Tem, the Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration, or the Chair's designee, shall preside over the Senate. In the absence of the President and the Chair, the Senate may select a member to perform the duties of the President. Substitutions do not extend beyond adjournment.
- 14.3 The President shall preserve order and decorum, may speak on points of order in preference to members, and shall also decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Senate by a member.
- 14.4 An appeal is decided by a majority vote of those present and voting. Upon an appeal from the decision of the President, the question is, "Shall the decision of the President be the judgment of the Senate?"
- 14.5 The President shall sign all acts, memorials, addresses and resolutions. All writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by the Senate must be signed by the President and attested by the Secretary.
- 14.6 Upon a finding by the Committee on Rules and Administration that the President refuses or is unable to sign any of the documents described in this rule, the Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration, or some other member selected by the committee, shall assume the duties of the President under this rule until the President is able to sign the documents described or until the Senate elects a new President, whichever occurs first.

### 40. VOTING

40.1 The President shall distinctly state the question before taking the vote. The President shall declare the result of the vote. If a member questions the result of a vote, the President shall order a division.

- 40.2 Except as provided in Rules 40.7 and 40.8, a member may vote on a question or be counted on a division only at the member's own seat in the Senate Chamber.
- 40.3 At any time before the start of voting on a question, a member may request a roll call vote, which must be entered in the Journal, unless at the time the request is made, the Senate is taking a roll call vote using the electrical voting system.
- 40.4 Unless otherwise ordered, a roll call vote, except upon elections, may be taken by means of the electrical voting system under the control of the President.
- 40.5 A roll call vote may not be interrupted except: (1) to announce the vote of a member voting remotely, as provided in Rule 40.8, and (2) to close the roll as provided in Rule 41.3.
- 40.6 A member or other person may not proceed to or remain by the Secretary's desk while a roll call or division is being taken.
- 40.7 During a special session or, a peacetime public health emergency, and until the adjournment of the 2022 regular session or with the approval of the respective caucus leader, a member may vote on a question from a location outside the Senate chamber, in accordance with Rule 40.8. For the purposes of this rule, "peacetime public health emergency" means any peacetime emergency declared by the Governor in an executive order that relates to the infectious disease known as COVID-19.
- 40.8 When permissible under Rule 40.7, a member may authorize a designee chosen by the respective caucus leader to vote on the member's behalf while the member is at a location outside of the Senate chamber. When a member assigns the member's vote to a designee under this rule, the designee shall vote on the member's behalf as directed by the member on each question. The Secretary may adopt procedures to ensure the accurate and efficient administration of this rule.

Senator Pratt moved to amend Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 4, line 25, strike "(a)"

Page 5, lines 1 to 17, delete the new language and strike the old language

Page 6, line 23, strike everything after the period

Page 6, lines 24 to 29, strike the old language

Page 7, after line 15, insert:

#### "37. ABSENCE OF MEMBERS

A member or officer of the Senate may not be absent from a session of the Senate unless excused by the Senate. For the purposes of this rule only, a member is present when present in the Senate chamber or when voting from a location outside of the chamber, as provided in Rules 40.7 and 40.8. The name of a member excused must be printed in the Journal."

Page 7, line 20, strike everything before "a member"

Page 7, line 27, strike everything after "except"

Page 7, line 28, strike everything before "to"

Page 7, lines 31 to 34, delete the new language and strike the old language

Page 8, lines 1 to 7, strike the old language

## **CALL OF THE SENATE**

Senator Pratt imposed a call of the Senate for the balance of the proceedings on the Pratt amendment. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

The question was taken on the adoption of the Pratt amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 29 and nays 38, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Duckworth	Howe	Lieske	Rasmusson
Bahr	Eichorn	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Dahms	Farnsworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Dornink	Green	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Draheim	Gruenhagen	Kreun	Pratt	Westrom
Drazkowski	Housley	Lang	Rarick	

# Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Fateh	Kupec	Mohamed	Putnam
Boldon	Frentz	Latz	Morrison	Rest
Carlson	Gustafson	Limmer	Murphy	Seeberger
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Nelson	Westlin
Coleman	Hawj	Marty	Oumou Verbeten	Wiklund
Cwodzinski	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Pappas	Xiong
Dibble	Klein	McEwen	Pha	_
Dziedzic	Kunesh	Mitchell	Port	

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Drazkowski moved to amend Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 8, after line 7, insert:

"40.9 A member voting remotely may not accept per diem living expenses for a day when the member voted remotely."

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 67 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Cwodzinski	Dziedzic	Gustafson	Johnson
Anderson	Dahms	Eichorn	Hauschild	Klein
Bahr	Dibble	Farnsworth	Hawi	Koran
Boldon	Dornink	Fateh	Hoffman	Kreun
Carlson	Draheim	Frentz	Housley	Kunesh
Champion	Drazkowski	Green	Howe	Kupec
Coleman	Duckworth	Gruenhagen	Jasinski	Lang

Westlin Latz Maye Quade Nelson Rarick Lieske McEwen Oumou Verbeten Rasmusson Westrom Miller Wiklund Limmer Pappas Rest Mitchell Lucero Pha Seeberger Xiong Mann Mohamed Port Utke Marty Morrison Pratt Weber Mathews Murphy Putnam Wesenberg

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Drazkowski moved to amend Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 5, line 3, after the period, insert "A remote vote under this rule shall be known as an absentee vote and the fact that it was an absentee vote must accompany the committee report and be printed in the Journal."

Page 8, line 6, after the period, insert "A vote under this rule shall be known as an absentee vote and the fact that it was an absentee vote must be recorded in the Journal."

Senator Maye Quade moved to amend the second Drazkowski amendment to Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 1, line 3, delete "an absentee" and insert "a remote" in both places

Page 1, line 5, delete "an" and insert "a"

Page 1, line 6, delete "<u>absentee</u>" and insert "<u>remote</u>" and delete "<u>an absentee</u>" and insert "<u>a</u> remote"

The motion prevailed. So the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

Senator Drazkowski withdrew his second amendment.

Senator Housley moved to amend Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 5, line 3, after the period, insert "A member voting from a remote location under this rule must inform the Chair of the city and state from which the member is voting at the time of the remote voting."

Page 6, lines 29 to 31, reinstate the stricken language and strike ", if the member will be outside this state when voting remotely"

Page 6, line 32, reinstate the stricken language and after "the state" insert "and city" and strike everything after the period

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Jasinski moved to amend Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 5, line 3, after the period, insert "A member voting from a remote location under this rule must inform the Chair: (1) of the city and state from which the member is voting at the time of the

remote voting; and (2) the reason that remote voting was necessary. This information must accompany any committee report and be published in the Senate Journal."

Page 6, lines 29 to 31, reinstate the stricken language and strike ", if the member will be outside this state when voting remotely"

Page 6, line 32, reinstate the stricken language and after "the state" insert "and city"

Page 6, line 33, reinstate the stricken language

Page 6, line 34, reinstate the stricken language and after the period, insert "A member voting from a remote location under this rule must also inform the Senate President of the reason that remote voting was necessary."

### **CALL OF THE SENATE**

Senator Pratt imposed a call of the Senate for the balance of the proceedings on the Jasinski amendment. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

The question was taken on the adoption of the Jasinski amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 33 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson
Anderson	Duckworth	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Bahr	Eichorn	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Coleman	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Dahms	Green	Kreun	Nelson	Westrom
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Draheim	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Morrison	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Murphy	Seeberger
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Marty	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dibble	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Pappas	Wiklund
Dziedzic	Klein	McEwen	Pha	Xiong
Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Port	Č

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Rarick moved to amend Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 5, line 3, after the period, insert "A Senate committee or subcommittee that is not in compliance with Rule 10.1 may not use alternative means that permit remote participation and voting under this paragraph."

### **CALL OF THE SENATE**

Senator Pratt imposed a call of the Senate for the balance of the proceedings on the Rarick amendment. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

The question was taken on the adoption of the Rarick amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 33 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson
Anderson	Duckworth	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Bahr	Eichorn	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Coleman	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Dahms	Green	Kreun	Nelson	Westrom
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Draheim	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Morrison	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Murphy	Seeberger
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Marty	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dibble	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Pappas	Wiklund
Dziedzic	Klein	McEwen	Pha	Xiong
Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Port	

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Wesenberg moved to amend Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 5, line 5, before "that" insert "other than one"

Page 8, line 1, after "order" insert "other than one"

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 36, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Duckworth	Jasinski	Lucero	Weber
Bahr	Eichorn	Johnson	Mathews	Wesenberg
Coleman	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Westrom
Dahms	Green	Kreun	Pratt	
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Lang	Rarick	
Draheim	Housley	Lieske	Rasmusson	
Drazkowski	Howe	Limmer	Utke	

# Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Pha
Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Port
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Morrison	Putnam
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Murphy	Rest
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Marty	Nelson	Seeberger
Dibble	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dziedzic	Klein	McEwen	Pappas	Wiklund

Xiong

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Bahr moved to amend Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 1, line 6, strike "condition" and insert "conditions"

Page 1, after line 7, insert:

"If permanent rules are not adopted by a majority vote of the senate by February 15, 2023, the modifications made to the temporary rules of the Senate for the 92nd session of the Legislature in this resolution, except for the modifications to rule 7.3 and rule 9, expire on that date and the temporary rules of the Senate for the 92nd session of the Legislature are adopted as the permanent rules for the 93rd session."

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 36, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Eichorn	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Dahms	Green	Kreun	Nelson	Westrom
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Draheim	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	
Drazkowski	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	
Duckworth	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Fateh	Kupec	Morrison	Seeberger
Boldon	Frentz	Latz	Murphy	Westlin
Carlson	Gustafson	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Wiklund
Champion	Hauschild	Marty	Pappas	Xiong
Coleman	Hawj	Maye Quade	Pha	C
Cwodzinski	Hoffman	McEwen	Port	
Dibble	Klein	Mitchell	Putnam	
Dziedzic	Kunesh	Mohamed	Rest	

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Westrom moved to amend Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 7, after line 15, insert:

#### "17. DECORUM

- 17.1 In case of a disturbance or disorderly conduct in the lobbies or galleries, the President may order them cleared.
- 17.2 A member may not introduce a visitor or visitors in the galleries from the floor or rostrum of the Senate.

- 17.3 Smoking is not permitted in the Senate Chamber or galleries, the Retiring Room, hearing rooms, offices, or other spaces under the control of the Senate.
- 17.4 During floor proceedings, picture taking by persons other than accredited news or legislative photographers, picture taking with floodlights or flash units, and visual or audible disruptions are prohibited. At all times, demonstrations and food or beverages are prohibited in the Senate Chamber and in the galleries, except that when floor proceedings are expected to last more than one hour, members of the Senate may consume water in the Senate Chamber. Water that is not being consumed must be stored in a sealed container under a member's desk.
- 17.5 Television recording or broadcasting on the Senate floor is under the direction of the Secretary."

Senator Mitchell moved to amend the Westrom amendment to Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 1, line 15, after "sealed" insert ", unadorned"

The motion prevailed. So the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Westrom amendment, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 38 and nays 29, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Eichorn	Kupec	McEwen	Port
Anderson	Fateh	Latz	Mitchell	Putnam
Bahr	Frentz	Lieske	Mohamed	Wesenberg
Boldon	Green	Lucero	Morrison	Westlin
Coleman	Gruenhagen	Mann	Murphy	Westrom
Dornink	Gustafson	Marty	Oumou Verbeten	Xiong
Drazkowski	Hauschild	Mathews	Pappas	Č
Duckworth	Kunesh	Mave Ouade	Pha	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Carlson	Dziedzic	Jasinski	Limmer	Rest
Champion	Farnsworth	Johnson	Miller	Seeberger
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Klein	Nelson	Utke
Dahms	Hoffman	Koran	Pratt	Weber
Dibble	Housley	Kreun	Rarick	Wiklund
Draheim	Howe	Lang	Rasmusson	

The motion prevailed. So the Westrom amendment, as amended, was adopted.

Senator Drazkowski moved to amend Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 8, after line 7, insert:

#### "56. STANDARDS OF ETHICAL CONDUCT

56.1 Members shall adhere to the highest standard of ethical conduct as embodied in the Minnesota Constitution, state law, and these rules.

- 56.2 A member shall not publish or distribute written material if the member knows or has reason to know that the material includes any statement that is false or clearly misleading, concerning a public policy issue or concerning the member's or another member's voting record or position on a public policy issue.
- 56.3 Improper conduct includes conduct that violates a rule or administrative policy of the Senate, that violates accepted norms of Senate behavior, that betrays the public trust, or that tends to bring the Senate into dishonor or disrepute.
- 56.4 Members of the Senate shall disclose potential conflicts of interest in the discharge of senatorial duties as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.07.
- 56.5 (a) A member of the Senate is prohibited from accepting employment with an organization whose primary activity is lobbying, government relations, or government affairs services.
- (b) "Lobbying" is defined as any activity that would require registration as a lobbyist under Minnesota Statutes if the activity were conducted in Minnesota, regardless of where the work of the business is substantially conducted or its clients are located.
- (c) A member who violates this rule is subject to an ethics complaint under Senate Rule 55.3. Continued violation of this rule is punishable by expulsion from the Senate in accordance with Article IV, section 7, of the Minnesota Constitution."

Senator Rest moved to amend the third Drazkowski amendment to Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 1, line 22, delete everything after the second period

Page 1, delete line 23

The question was taken on the adoption of the Rest amendment to the Drazkowski amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 36 and nays 30, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Frentz	Latz	Murphy	Seeberger
Boldon	Gustafson	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Carlson	Hauschild	Marty	Pappas	Wiklund
Champion	Hawj	Maye Quade	Pha	Xiong
Cwodzinski	Hoffman	McEwen	Port	· ·
Dibble	Klein	Mitchell	Pratt	
Dziedzic	Kunesh	Mohamed	Putnam	
Fateh	Kupec	Morrison	Rest	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Drazkowski	Howe	Lieske	Rarick
Bahr	Duckworth	Jasinski	Limmer	Rasmusson
Coleman	Eichorn	Johnson	Lucero	Utke
Dahms	Farnsworth	Koran	Mathews	Weber
Dornink	Green	Kreun	Miller	Wesenberg
Draheim	Gruenhagen	Lang	Nelson	Westrom

The motion prevailed. So the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

Senator Drazkowski moved to amend the third Drazkowski amendment to Senate Resolution No. 6 as follows:

Page 1, line 19, delete everything after "Statutes"

Page 1, line 20, delete everything before the period

The motion prevailed. So the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

The question recurred on the adoption of the third Drazkowski amendment, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 29 and nays 36, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Draheim	Jasinski	Limmer	Rarick
Anderson	Drazkowski	Johnson	Lucero	Rasmusson
Bahr	Duckworth	Koran	Mathews	Rest
Coleman	Eichorn	Kreun	Miller	Weber
Dahms	Farnsworth	Lang	Nelson	Wesenberg
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Lieske	Pratt	Č

# Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Green	Kupec	Morrison	Utke
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Murphy	Westlin
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Wiklund
Cwodzinski	Hawi	Marty	Pappas	Xiong
Dibble	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Pha	C
Dziedzic	Howe	McEwen	Port	
Fateh	Klein	Mitchell	Putnam	
Frentz	Kunesh	Mohamed	Seeberger	

The motion did not prevail. So the third Drazkowski amendment, as amended, was not adopted.

Senator Johnson moved that Senate Resolution No. 6 be referred to the committee on Committee on Rules and Administration.

The question was taken on the adoption of the motion.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Eichorn	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Coleman	Farnsworth	Kreun	Nelson	· ·
Dahms	Green	Lang	Pratt	
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Lieske	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	

## Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Dziedzic	Hawj	Latz	Mitchell
Carlson	Fateh	Hoffman	Mann	Mohamed
Champion	Frentz	Klein	Marty	Morrison
Cwodzinski	Gustafson	Kunesh	Maye Quade	Murphy
Dibble	Hauschild	Kupec	McEwen	Oumou Verbeten

Pappas Port Rest Westlin Xiong
Pha Putnam Seeberger Wiklund

The motion did not prevail.

Senator Mathews raised a point of order under Rule 6.3 that Senate Resolution No. 6 was out of order.

The President ruled the point of order not well taken, and Senate Resolution No. 6 was in order.

Senator Mathews appealed the decision of the President.

The question was taken on "Shall the decision of the President be the judgment of the Senate?"

The roll was called, and there were yeas 34 and nays 31, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Morrison	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Murphy	Seeberger
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Marty	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dibble	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Pappas	Wiklund
Dziedzic	Klein	McEwen	Pha	Xiong
Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Port	_

## Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Eichorn	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Coleman	Farnsworth	Kreun	Nelson	· ·
Dahms	Green	Lang	Pratt	
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Lieske	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	

So the decision of the President was sustained.

Senator Dziedzic moved the adoption of the foregoing resolution, as amended.

The question was taken on the adoption of the resolution, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 34 and nays 31, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Morrison	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Murphy	Seeberger
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Marty	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dibble	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Pappas	Wiklund
Dziedzic	Klein	McEwen	Pha	Xiong
Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Port	

# Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Coleman	Draheim	Eichorn	Gruenhagen
Anderson	Dahms	Drazkowski	Farnsworth	Howe
Bahr	Dornink	Duckworth	Green	Jasinski

Johnson Miller Lieske Rasmusson Koran Limmer Nelson Utke Lucero Kreun Pratt Weber Mathews Rarick Wesenberg Lang

The motion prevailed. So the resolution, as amended, was adopted.

### MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

### Senator Dziedzic introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 7: A Senate resolution relating to standing committees.

BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the State of Minnesota:

The standing committees of the Senate for the 93rd session have the membership shown in this resolution:

# COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, BROADBAND, AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT (8)

Putnam, Chair Dahms Kunesh Kupec, Vice Chair Dornink Seeberger

Westrom, Lead Gustafson

# **COMMITTEE ON CAPITAL INVESTMENT (11)**

Pappas, Chair Frentz Pratt

Pha, Vice Chair Jasinski Rasmusson Housley, Lead Mohamed Xiong

Dibble Nelson

## **COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE AND CONSUMER PROTECTION (10)**

Klein, Chair Frentz Rasmusson
Seeberger, Vice Chair Howe Wiklund
Dahms, Lead Latz Xiong

Duckworth

# **COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION FINANCE (10)**

Kunesh, Chair Farnsworth Maye Quade Gustafson, Vice Chair Kreun Oumou Verbeten

Rarick, Lead Lucero Westlin

Cwodzinski

### **COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION POLICY (10)**

Cwodzinski, ChairBoldonKuneshMaye Quade, Vice ChairDuckworthMannColeman, LeadHauschildWesenberg

Abeler

### **COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS (14)**

Carlson, Chair Boldon Mathews