

over the past sessions to the orderly conduct of its business by his diligence, discretion and tact,

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate of the state of Minnesota, in session assembled, that an expression of appreciation be formally extended to the family of Mr. Harry A. Gahr and that, in recognition of his services to the Minnesota State Senate, he be named Sergeant-at-Arms Emeritus.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Secretary of the Senate prepare and present to the family of Mr. Harry A. Gahr a formal copy of this resolution.

Mr. Coleman moved that the foregoing resolution be adopted.

Which motion prevailed. So the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Coleman offered the following resolution:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 2

BE IT RESOLVED, that the permanent rules of the Senate for the Sixty-seventh session be adopted as the temporary rules of this session to be effective until the adoption of permanent rules by a majority vote of the Senate, subject to the following conditions.

That Rules 20, 69 and 74 shall not be operative, and that any resolution or other question before the Senate may be brought to a vote at any time by a majority vote of the Senators present.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Rules as herein made reference to be amended as follows:

PARLIAMENTARY REFERENCE

1. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Mason's Manual of legislative procedure shall govern the Senate in all cases in which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules and orders of the Senate and the joint rules and orders of the Senate and House of Representatives.

HOOR OF CONVENING

2. The Senate shall convene daily at 12 o'clock noon unless the Senate directs otherwise.

PRESIDENT

4. *In the absence of the President, the Chairman of the Committee on Rules and Administration, or his designee, shall preside over the Senate, and in his absence a member may be selected by the Senate to perform the duties of the President; but substitutions shall not extend beyond adjournment.*

DECORUM DURING BUSINESS

6. When the President puts a question, or addresses the Senate, no one shall walk out of, or cross the Chamber; nor when a member is speaking shall anyone pass between the member speaking and

the Chair. No member, or other person, shall proceed to or remain by the Secretary's desk while the ayes and nays are being called or counted. *No member shall be recognized by the President to speak on any point unless he is using his microphone.*

ORDER OF BUSINESS

7. The order of business shall be as follows:

1. Petitions, letters, remonstrances.
2. Executive and official communications.
3. Introduction and first reading of Senate bills.
4. Messages from the House of Representatives.
5. First reading of House bills.
6. Reports of committees:
 - (a) From standing committees.
 - (b) From select committees.
7. Second reading of Senate bills.
8. Second reading of House bills.
9. Motions and resolutions.
10. Third reading of Senate bills.
11. Third reading of House bills.
12. General Orders of the day.
13. Announcements of Senate Interest.

The Senate shall consider the Calendar of Ordinary Matters on the first day the Senate is in session of each week. This Calendar will be considered after the third reading of House bills.

SPECIAL ORDER

10. *On two days' notice, two-thirds of the Senate may designate a special order for a bill.*

With respect to any bill on General Orders or on the Calendar, the Committee on Rules and Administration, by committee report, may designate a special order for the bill.

After a time specified by a resolution offered by the Committee on Rules and Administration, the Chairmen of the Committees on Finance and Taxes and Tax Laws, as authorized by their respective committees, may designate a special order for any bill favorably reported by their respective committees.

A special order shall provide that the bill be considered immediately, at a time certain, or after specific other business is completed.

During consideration of a special order, Rule 21 shall be suspended. As nearly as applicable, debate on the bill and all proceedings including amendments and substitutions shall be that of the Committee of the Whole.

On any question any member may call for the ayes and nays which shall be entered in the Journal.

Unless it is otherwise disposed of after consideration, a bill on Special Orders of the Senate shall immediately proceed to its third reading and final passage.

ORDER IN DEBATE

18. When any member is about to speak in debate, or deliver any matter to the Senate, he shall rise to his feet and respectfully address himself to "Mr. President," but shall not proceed to speak further until recognized by the Chair. He shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality. In discussing any resolution, Senators shall be limited to *ten* minutes each.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION

29. *Unless the motion for the previous question is made specifically applicable to a subsidiary motion, the previous question shall be in this form: "Shall the main question be now put?" It shall only be admitted when demanded by a majority of the members present, and its effect shall be to put an end to all debate, and bring the Senate to a direct vote upon amendments reported by a committee, if any, then upon all pending amendments in their order and then upon the main question. On a motion for the previous question one call of the Senate shall be in order prior to the time the President submits the decision of the question to the Senate.*

On a previous question there shall be no debate. All incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for the previous question, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

RECONSIDERATION

31. When a motion or question has been once put and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member who voted with the prevailing side to move for reconsideration thereof on the same day on which the vote was taken or within the next two calendar days or if later the first day the Senate meets after the vote was taken and such motion shall take precedence over all other questions except a motion to adjourn. When a motion to adjourn is adopted prior to the disposition of the motion for reconsideration, a motion for reconsideration shall lie over until the next succeeding day except as hereinafter provided. When notice of intention to move such reconsideration of the final action of the Senate on any question shall be given by a member, the Secretary of the Senate shall retain the subject of such notice until after the expiration of the time during which such motion can be made. During the last five legislative days of a session in any year

a notice of intention to move for reconsideration shall not be in order, but a motion to reconsider may be made and have priority over *all* other business except a motion to adjourn. A motion for reconsideration having been once voted on shall not be put again nor reconsidered.

FORM OF BILLS

33. A bill for an amendment of a statute shall contain the full text of the chapter, section, or subdivision to be amended. The words and characters constituting the amending matter shall be inserted in the proper place in the text and underscored. When the bill is printed, the amending matter shall be inserted in italics. The words and characters to be eliminated by the amendment shall be stricken by drawing a line through them. A printed bill shall capitalize words and characters to be stricken and enclose them in brackets. The text of the new section or subdivision shall also be underscored when a bill amends an existing chapter, section, or subdivision, by adding a new section or subdivision. When such bill is printed the amending matter, including the new section or subdivision shall appear in italics. Before a committee favorably reports upon such a bill, the chairman of the committee shall see that the bill conforms to this rule. A bill drafted by the Revisor of Statutes for the purpose of correcting errors in Minnesota Statutes need not comply with the provisions of this paragraph if the bill is labeled, immediately below the title 'REVISOR'S BILL' and if there is attached thereto a memorandum of information explaining the reasons for the bill.

Bills shall refer to the session laws as follows: "Laws_____, Chapter_____, Section_____."

Bills shall refer to Minnesota Statutes as follows:

"Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section_____."

Reference shall be made to Minnesota Statutes 1971 for the provisions appearing therein, unless reference to previous session laws is required for some special reason.

If the bill is for an original law and not for an amendment of an existing law the sections and subdivisions shall be arranged, subdivided, and numbered in like manner as Minnesota Statutes 1971. If such bill assigns to the sections thereof headnotes or identification by the decimal system of numbering used in Minnesota Statutes, such headnotes and decimal identification may be submitted by standing committee chairmen to the Revisor of Statutes for his examination. Any such headnotes shall be in capital letters enclosed in brackets, and shall be subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 648.36.

If the bill is for an amendment of a statute, all statutory references shall be to Minnesota Statutes 1971, and it shall contain the full text of the section or subdivision to be amended as it appears in Minnesota Statutes 1971.

The title of each bill shall state its subject and briefly state its purpose.

When a law is sought to be amended or repealed the title of the amendatory act shall contain a proper reference to the law to be amended or repealed and briefly express its subject matter.

All numbers in titles shall be expressed in figures. All numbers of section or chapter of laws shall be in figures. In the body of a bill numbers in excess of ten shall be in figures, except for a special reason they may be written, but when written they should not be followed by numbers in parentheses.

RECALL FROM COMMITTEE

40. A majority of the Senate may at any time recall a bill from any committee or take a bill from the table and place such bill on General Orders.

By a report of the Committee on Rules and Administration, adopted by the Senate, the Committee on Rules and Administration may remove any bill from any committee and re-refer the same to any other committee including the Committee of the Whole.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

43. *The President may call some member to the Chair when the Senate goes into the Committee of the Whole. The rules observed in the Senate shall govern, as far as practicable, the proceedings of the Committee of the Whole, except that a member may speak more than twice on the same subject, a call for the previous question cannot be made, and the ayes and nays shall be taken only upon the demand of five members.*

44. The recommendations of the Committee of the Whole shall be reported to the Senate. If the recommendation contains a proposed amendment of any bill, that amendment shall be noted on a separate piece of paper but when reported need not be read by the President unless required by one or more of the members. The question shall be on the adoption or rejection of the report, and no other question shall be admitted. The question may be divided to permit separate Senate action on the report as to any bill. On adoption of the report of the Committee of the Whole all bills recommended to pass shall be placed upon the calendar.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEES

53. *The majority and minority shall each be represented on all standing committees of the Senate. The majority group shall assign the number of positions the minority group will hold on each committee. The minority group shall be given adequate notice about its positions prior to the commencement of the session. Both the majority and minority groups shall appoint their own members to fill the number of positions each group will hold on each committee. The minority group shall transmit notice of its assignments to the majority group within ten days after receipt of the notice of positions available. If the minority group for any reason fails to make its appointments pursuant to this rule, the majority group may make all the committee assignments.*

The majority and minority committee assignments shall be subject to the uniform criteria governing committee assignments applicable to both the majority and minority, which uniform criteria shall be promulgated by the majority group and transmitted to the minority group together with notification of committee positions available to the minority.

Committee assignments as made by the majority and minority groups shall be followed by the Senate in the resolution establishing representation on all Senate standing committees.

After the organization of the Senate, all committees of the Senate and members of commissions to be appointed by the Senate authorized by rule, statute, resolution or otherwise, shall be appointed by a Committee on Committees, unless otherwise provided, subject to confirmation by the Senate. In the appointment of members of conference committees between the two houses, the Committee on Committees of the Senate shall appoint those who are in accord with the position of the Senate, and whenever practical, give preference to authors of bills in dispute and to members of standing committees in which the bills were considered.

STANDING COMMITTEES

54. The Standing Committees of the Senate are as follows:

Committee on Committees, 6

Education, 17

Finance, 20

Governmental Operations, 19

Health, Welfare and Corrections, 15

Judiciary, 17

Labor and Commerce, 15

Local Government, 14

Metropolitan and Urban Affairs, 15

Natural Resources and Agriculture, 15

Rules and Administration, 18

Taxes and Tax Laws, 20

Transportation and General Legislation, 15

The Committee on Rules and Administration has authority to constitute a standing subcommittee on Engrossing and Enrolling, the report of which within its jurisdiction has the effect of a report of the main committee on Rules and Administration, and the reference under Rule 49 is made directly to this subcommittee.

Each standing committee of the Senate, including any subcommittee of any such committee, is authorized at any time to

sit and act, to require by subpoena or otherwise the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such correspondence, books, papers, and documents, and to take such testimony as it deems advisable. Each such committee may make investigation into any matter within its jurisdiction, may report such hearings as may be had by it, and may make such expenditures as shall be authorized from time to time by the standing Committee on Rules and Administration.

REPORT OF VOTE IN COMMITTEE

56. Upon the request of any member of a committee to which a bill has been referred, or upon the request of the author of any such bill, a record shall be made of the vote on such bill in any standing committee, including the vote on any amendment or proposed amendment thereto, in the committee to which the bill was referred.

Upon request of three members of the committee, the record of any roll call vote in a standing committee shall accompany the committee report and be printed in the Journal.

QUORUM IN COMMITTEE

58. A majority of its members shall constitute a quorum of a committee.

DUTIES OF SECRETARY

65. The Secretary shall keep a correct Journal of the proceedings of the Senate and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned to him as such Secretary. He shall permit no Journal records, accounts or papers to be taken from the table or out of his custody, other than in the regular mode of business. If any paper in his charge shall be missing, he shall report the fact to the President, that inquiry may be made. He shall superintend the recording of proceedings in the Journal, the engrossing, transcribing and copying of the bills and resolutions, supervise the assistants, clerks and stenographers under the direction of the Committee on Rules and Administration, and generally perform the duties of Secretary, under direction of the President. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to keep the books to be called "Minute Books" in which he shall enter under the appropriate marginal numbers, all Senate and House bills, and correct notes, with the dates thereof, of the state, condition and progress of each bill pending, until its final passage.

The Secretary shall record on magnetic tape the proceedings of the Senate and the Committee of the Whole. Such tapes shall be preserved for thirty days during which time any person may obtain a copy of the tape upon payment of a fee determined by the Secretary to be adequate to cover the cost of preparing such copy. For the same fee, the Secretary shall provide a copy of any available committee tape.

The Secretary of the Senate shall cause to be recorded on magnetic tape the proceedings of each standing committee. Such tapes shall be preserved at least until the permanent rules are adopted,

during which time any person may obtain a copy of the tape upon payment of a fee determined by the Secretary of the Senate to be adequate to cover the cost of preparing such copy.

PERSONS PRIVILEGED TO THE FLOOR OF THE SENATE

73. No person shall be admitted within the Senate chamber, but a Senator, the executive or ex-Governors of the State of Minnesota, members of the House, heads of departments of the state government, judges of the Supreme and District Courts and members of Congress and, when personally admitted by a member of the Senate, those who have been members of Congress or of the State Legislature who are not interested in any claim or directly in any bill pending before the Legislature, but an employee of either house may be admitted at the request of a member or an officer of the Senate and when the Senate is not meeting, a person not a member may be admitted at the request of a member or officer to the floor. No public hearings shall be held in the Senate Chamber; and the retiring room of the Senate shall be reserved for the exclusive use of the members of the Senate at all times. The Sergeant-at-Arms is charged with the duty of strict enforcement of this rule.

NO SMOKING

77. No Senator or officer of the Senate, or other person, shall be permitted to smoke in the Senate Chamber during the Memorial Service. There shall be no smoking in the visitors section of the galleries.

Mr. Coleman moved that the foregoing resolution be adopted.

Mr. Krieger moved to amend the Temporary Rules of the Senate by adding a new rule as follows:

"All Senate Meetings Open

82. *All proceedings of the Senate, including committee, sub-committee and conference committee meetings in which members of the Senate participate, shall be open to the press. No proceeding shall be held in secret or executive session except when approved by roll call vote by two-thirds of all senators. Such question clearly stated, together with the vote, shall be recorded in the Journal."*

The question being taken on the motion to amend.

And the roll being called, there were yeas 30 and nays 37, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Ashbach	Dunn	Josefson	Larson	Patton
Bang	Fitzsimons	Keefe, J.	McCutcheon	Pillsbury
Berg	Frederick	Kirchner	Nelson	Renneke
Bernhagen	Hansen, Mel	Knutson	Ogdahl	Sillers
Blatz	Hanson, R.	Kowalczyk	Olson, J. L.	Stassen
Brown	Jensen	Krieger	O'Neill	Ueland

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Doty	Lewis	Olson, H. D.	Stokowski
Arnold	Gearty	Lord	Perpich, A. J.	Tennessee
Borden	Hansen, Baldy	Milton	Perpich, G.	Thorup
Chenoweth	Hughes	Moe	Purfeerst	Wegener
Chmielewski	Humphrey	North	Schaaf	Willet
Coleman	Keefe, S.	Novak	Schrom	
Conzenius	Kleinbaum	Olhoff	Solon	
Davies	Laufenburger	Olson, A. G.	Spear	

Which motion to amend did not prevail.

Mr. Ashbach moved to amend the Temporary Rules of the Senate by adding a new rule as follows:

*"Proceedings of the Senate and Senate Committees
To Be Announced*

83. All meetings of the Senate, including committee, subcommittee and conference committee meetings except Senate Rules Committee in which members of the Senate participate shall be announced to the public not less than four (4) hours prior to convening. The notice shall state the name of the committee, the bill or bills to be considered, the place and time of meeting. Such notice shall be posted on all bulletin boards in public areas of the Capitol, the office of the Secretary of the Senate, the Capitol Press Room, the Senate Reception Area on the first floor of the State Office Building. A notice shall be sent to the House for posting as the House may deem necessary. Meetings not so announced and posted shall not be attended by any members of the Senate.

The notice requirement of this rule is the minimum notice which shall be given to the public. Committee chairmen shall announce meetings as far in advance as possible."

The question being taken on the motion to amend.

And the roll being called, there were yeas 30 and nays 37, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Ashbach	Dunn	Josefson	Larson	Patton
Bang	Fitzsimons	Keefe, J.	McCutcheon	Pillsbury
Berg	Frederick	Kirchner	Nelson	Renneke
Bernhagen	Hansen, Mel	Knutson	Ogdahl	Sillers
Blatz	Hanson, R.	Kowalczyk	Olson, J. L.	Stassen
Brown	Jensen	Krieger	O'Neill	Ueland

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Doty	Lewis	Olson, H. D.	Stokowski
Arnold	Gearty	Lord	Perpich, A. J.	Tennessee
Borden	Hansen, Baldy	Milton	Perpich, G.	Thorup
Chenoweth	Hughes	Moe	Purfeerst	Wegener
Chmielewski	Humphrey	North	Schaaf	Willet
Coleman	Keefe, S.	Novak	Schrom	
Conzenius	Kleinbaum	Olhoff	Solon	
Davies	Laufenburger	Olson, A. G.	Spear	

Which motion to amend did not prevail.

Mr. Krieger moved to amend the Temporary Rules of the Senate by adding a new rule as follows:

"All Senate Meetings Open

82. All proceedings of the Senate, including committee, subcommittee and conference committee meetings in which members of the Senate participate shall be open to the public. No proceeding shall be held in secret or executive session except when approved by roll call vote by two-thirds of all senators. Such question clearly stated, together with the vote, shall be recorded in the Journal."

The question being taken on the motion to amend.

And the roll being called, there were yeas 30 and nays 36, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Ashbach	Dunn	Josefson	Larson	Patton
Bang	Fitzsimons	Keefe, J.	McCutcheon	Pillsbury
Berg	Frederick	Kirchner	Nelson	Renneke
Bernhagen	Hansen, Mel	Knutson	Ogdahl	Sillers
Blatz	Hanson, R.	Kowalczyk	Olson, J. L.	Stassen
Brown	Jensen	Krieger	O'Neill	Ueland

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Doty	Lord	Perpich, A. J.	Tennessee
Arnold	Gearty	Milton	Perpich, G.	Thorup
Borden	Hughes	Moe	Purfeerst	Wegener
Chenoweth	Humphrey	North	Schaaf	Willet
Chmielewski	Keefe, S.	Novak	Schrom	
Coleman	Kleinbaum	Olhoff	Solon	
Conzemius	Laufenburger	Olson, A. G.	Spear	
Davies	Lewis	Olson, H. D.	Stokowski	

Which motion to amend did not prevail.

Mr. Ogdahl moved to amend the Temporary Rules of the Senate by adding a new rule as follows:

"Transcription of Minutes

84. All proceedings of the Senate, including committee, subcommittee and conference committee meetings in which members of the Senate participate, shall be recorded on magnetic tape and transcribed verbatim. A copy of each such tape and transcription shall be given to the Majority and Minority Leaders for disposition as they may direct. Duplicate copies of such transcription shall be made available by the Secretary of the Senate to any person for a fee determined by the Secretary to be adequate to cover the cost of preparing such transcription."

The question being taken on the motion to amend.

And the roll being called, there were yeas 30 and nays 37, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Ashbach	Dunn	Josefson	Larson	Patton
Bang	Fitzsimons	Keefe, J.	McCutcheon	Pillsbury
Berg	Frederick	Kirchner	Nelson	Renneke
Bernhagen	Hansen, Mel	Knutson	Ogdahl	Sillers
Blatz	Hanson, R.	Kowalczyk	Olson, J. L.	Stassen
Brown	Jensen	Krieger	O'Neill	Ueland

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Doty	Lewis	Olson, H. D.	Stokowski
Arnold	Gearty	Lord	Perpich, A. J.	Tennessen
Borden	Hansen, Baldy	Milton	Perpich, G.	Thorup
Chenoweth	Hughes	Moe	Purfeerst	Wegener
Chmielewski	Humphrey	North	Schaaf	Willet
Coleman	Keefe, S.	Novak	Schrom	
Conzemius	Kleinbaum	Olhoff	Solon	
Davies	Laufenburger	Olson, A. G.	Spear	

Which motion to amend did not prevail.

Mr. Krieger moved to amend Senate Rule 56 as it appears on page 411 of the 1971 Senate Journal by striking the rule in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Report of Vote in Committee

56. A record shall be made of the vote on each bill considered in all committees, including the vote on any amendment or proposed amendment thereto, in the committee to which the bill was referred. Such vote shall be recorded in the Journal."

The question being taken on the motion to amend.

And the roll being called, there were yeas 30 and nays 37, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Ashbach	Dunn	Josefson	Larson	Patton
Bang	Fitzsimons	Keefe, J.	McCutcheon	Pillsbury
Berg	Frederick	Kirchner	Nelson	Renneke
Bernhagen	Hansen, Mel	Knutson	Ogdahl	Sillers
Blatz	Hanson, R.	Kowalczyk	Olson, J. L.	Stassen
Brown	Jensen	Krieger	O'Neill	Ueland

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Doty	Lewis	Olson, H. D.	Stokowski
Arnold	Gearty	Lord	Perpich, A. J.	Tennessen
Borden	Hansen, Baldy	Milton	Perpich, G.	Thorup
Chenoweth	Hughes	Moe	Purfeerst	Wegener
Chmielewski	Humphrey	North	Schaaf	Willet
Coleman	Keefe, S.	Novak	Schrom	
Conzemius	Kleinbaum	Olhoff	Solon	
Davies	Laufenburger	Olson, A. G.	Spear	

Which motion to amend did not prevail.

Mr. Krieger moved to amend Senate Rule 40 as it appears on page 406 of the 1971 Senate Journal by adding a paragraph as follows:

"Any bill (other than a bill for claims) not reported out by the Standing Committee of the Senate to which it was referred within 60 calendar days from the date of referral shall, upon request made to the Senate by an author of such bill, be withdrawn from such committee and be referred to a standing committee of the Senate agreed to by such author. Such request and re-referral shall be recorded in the Journal."

The question being taken on the motion to amend.

And the roll being called, there were yeas 30 and nays 37, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Ashbach	Dunn	Josefson	Larson	Patton
Bang	Fitzsimons	Keefe, J.	McCutcheon	Pillsbury
Berg	Frederick	Kirchner	Nelson	Renneke
Bernhagen	Hansen, Mel	Knutson	Ogdahl	Sillers
Blatz	Hanson, R.	Kowalczyk	Olson, J. L.	Stassen
Brown	Jensen	Krieger	O'Neill	Ueland

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Doty	Lewis	Olson, H. D.	Stokowski
Arnold	Gearty	Lord	Perpich, A. J.	Tennessen
Borden	Hansen, Baldy	Milton	Perpich, G.	Thorup
Chenoweth	Hughes	Moe	Purfeerst	Wegener
Chmielewski	Humphrey	North	Schaaf	Willet
Coleman	Keefe, S.	Novak	Schrom	
Conzemius	Kleinbaum	Olhoft	Solon	
Davies	Laufenburger	Olson, A. G.	Spear	

Which motion to amend did not prevail.

The question then recurred on the motion of Mr. Coleman that the temporary rules of the Senate be now adopted.

And the roll being called, there were yeas 37 and nays 30, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Doty	Lewis	Olson, H. D.	Stokowski
Arnold	Gearty	Lord	Perpich, A. J.	Tennessen
Borden	Hansen, Baldy	Milton	Perpich, G.	Thorup
Chenoweth	Hughes	Moe	Purfeerst	Wegener
Chmielewski	Humphrey	North	Schaaf	Willet
Coleman	Keefe, S.	Novak	Schrom	
Conzemius	Kleinbaum	Olhoft	Solon	
Davies	Laufenburger	Olson, A. G.	Spear	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Ashbach	Dunn	Josefson	Larson	Patton
Bang	Fitzsimons	Keefe, J.	McCutcheon	Pillsbury
Berg	Frederick	Kirchner	Nelson	Renneke
Bernhagen	Hansen, Mel	Knutson	Ogdahl	Sillers
Blatz	Hanson, R.	Kowalczyk	Olson, J. L.	Stassen
Brown	Jensen	Krieger	O'Neill	Ueland

Which motion prevailed. So the temporary rules of the Senate were adopted.

Mr. Coleman offered the following resolution:

Senate Resolution No. 3

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate, that the Senate shall employ for the session the following:

NUMBER OF POSITIONS	POSITION	SALARY PER DAY
2	Administrative Assistant	1 at \$45 1 at 40