

SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H.F. Nos. 623, 795, 809 and 179 were read the second time.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Mr. Hottinger moved that the name of Ms. Pappas be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 198. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Luther moved that his name be stricken as chief author, shown as a co-author, and the name of Mr. Cohen be added as chief author to S.F. No. 755. The motion prevailed.

Ms. Berglin moved that the name of Mr. Storm be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 774. The motion prevailed.

Ms. Berglin moved that the names of Messrs. Storm and Knaak be added as co-authors to S.F. No. 917. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Lessard moved that the name of Mrs. Adkins be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1129. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Sams moved that the name of Mr. Vickerman be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1231. The motion prevailed.

Ms. Flynn moved that the name of Mr. Marty be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1235. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Solon moved that the name of Mr. Finn be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1310. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Cohen moved that the name of Mr. Finn be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1321. The motion prevailed.

Ms. Johnston introduced—

Senate Resolution No. 55: A Senate resolution commending the Prior Lake Players on their service to the community of Prior Lake.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Ms. Johnston introduced—

Senate Resolution No. 56: A Senate resolution congratulating the City of Prior Lake on its centennial.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Mr. Moe, R.D. moved that House Concurrent Resolution No. 5 be laid on the table and printed in the Journal. The motion prevailed.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 5: A House concurrent resolution adopting Permanent Joint Rules of the House of Representatives and Senate.

BE IT RESOLVED, by the House of Representatives of the State of Minnesota, the Senate concurring:

The Permanent Joint Rules of the House of Representatives and Senate for the 77th Legislature shall read as follows:

**JOINT RULES OF THE
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE**

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ARTICLE I: JOINT CONVENTIONS

HOW GOVERNED

Rule 1.01. The Speaker of the House shall preside at all Conventions of the two houses of the Legislature and shall call the members to order. The Chief Clerk of the House shall be the Secretary and the Sergeant at Arms

of the House shall be the Sergeant at Arms of the Convention.

PRESIDENT'S DUTIES

Rule 1.02. The President of the Convention shall preserve order and decorum. He may speak on all points of order in preference to other members and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Convention by any member. He shall rise to put a question but may state it while seated.

PRESIDENT'S RIGHT TO VOTE

Rule 1.03. The President shall have the right to vote in all cases except appeals from his decisions. He shall vote last on all questions.

STATING QUESTIONS

Rule 1.04. Questions shall be put to the Convention in the following form: "As many as are of the opinion that (the question) shall pass, say 'Aye.'" After an affirmative vote is expressed the nays shall be called as follows: "As many as are of the contrary opinion, say 'No.'" If the President is in doubt or a division is called, those in the affirmative shall rise first and those in the negative afterward.

ORDER OF DEBATE

Rule 1.05. When any member wishes to speak to the Convention on any matter, he shall rise and respectfully address the President, and not speak further until recognized. He shall confine himself to the question under debate and avoid personal remarks. When two or more members rise at the same time, the President shall designate the member to speak first. No member shall speak more than twice on the same question without permission of the Convention.

CALLING MEMBER TO ORDER

Rule 1.06. If any member of the Joint Convention is called to order for offensive words in debate, the member calling him to order shall report the words to which exception is taken and the Secretary shall record them. No member may be called to order for any language used in debate if exception is not taken before any other member has spoken or any other business has taken place. A member called to order shall immediately sit down unless another member moves to permit him to explain. In any case, the Joint Convention, if appealed to, shall decide without debate. Only if the decision is in favor of the member called to order shall he be at liberty to proceed.

CALL OF THE CONVENTION

Rule 1.07. Five members may demand a call of the Convention at any time except after voting has commenced. When such a call is demanded, the doors shall be closed, the roll shall be called, the absent members shall be sent for, and no member may be permitted to leave the Chamber, unless excused by the President, until the call is lifted. Proceedings under the roll call may be suspended by a majority vote of all the members of the Convention. A call of the Convention may be lifted by a majority vote of all the members of the Convention.

ELECTIONS

Rule 1.08. In all elections by the Joint Convention, members shall vote viva voce and the roll of Senate members shall be called first. Whenever there is an election of any officer in Joint Convention, the result shall be certified by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House and announced by them to their respective houses. The result shall be entered on the Journal of each house and communicated to the Governor by the Secretary of the Convention.

NO SMOKING

Rule 1.09. No person is permitted to smoke in the Chamber or in the gallery during a Joint Convention.

PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE

Rule 1.10. The rules of the House shall be the Rules of the Joint Convention of both houses in all cases in which the foregoing rules are not applicable.

ARTICLE II: BILLS

FORM

Rule 2.01. The title of each bill shall clearly state its subject and briefly state its purpose. When a bill amends or repeals an existing act, the title shall refer to the chapter, section or subdivision.

Reference shall be made to Minnesota Statutes for the provisions appearing therein unless reference to previous session laws is required for some special reason.

Bills shall refer to Minnesota Statutes as follows:

“Minnesota Statutes, section”

Bills shall refer to the session laws as follows:

“Laws, chapter, section”

A bill for the amendment of a statute shall contain the full text of the section or subdivision to be amended as it appears in the latest edition of Minnesota Statutes unless it has been amended, in which event it shall contain the full text as amended.

The words and characters constituting the amending matter shall be inserted in the proper place in the text and underscored. The words and characters to be eliminated by the amendment shall be stricken by drawing a line through them. The text of a new section or subdivision shall also be underscored when a bill amends an existing chapter or section by adding a new section or subdivision. In the omnibus appropriation bills required by Joint Rule 2.02, sections making an appropriation or transfer and not amending a statute or session law need not have new material underscored. Before a committee favorably reports upon a bill, the chairman of the committee shall see that the bill conforms to this rule. When a bill is printed in the Journal, the new matter shall be in italics or underscored and the matter to be eliminated shall be capitalized and in parentheses or stricken by drawing a line through it. A bill drafted by the Revisor of Statutes for the purposes of correcting

errors in Minnesota Statutes need not comply with the provisions of this paragraph if the bill is labeled "REVISOR'S BILL" immediately below the title, and if there is attached thereto a memorandum of information explaining the reasons for the bill.

If the bill is for an original law and not for an amendment of an existing law, the sections and subdivisions shall be arranged, subdivided, and numbered in like manner as Minnesota Statutes. If such a bill assigns to the sections thereof headnotes or identification by the decimal system of numbering used in Minnesota Statutes, such headnotes and decimal identification may be submitted by standing committee chairmen to the Revisor of Statutes for examination. Any such headnotes shall be capital letters enclosed in brackets, and shall be subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 648.36.

All numbers in titles shall be expressed in figures. All numbers of section or chapter of law shall be in figures. In the body of a bill numbers in excess of ten shall be in figures, except for a special reason they may be written, but when written they shall not be followed by numbers or parentheses.

APPROPRIATING MONEY

Rule 2.02. The same bill shall not appropriate public money or property to more than one local or private purpose.

No clause appropriating money for a local or private purpose shall be contained in a bill appropriating money for the State government or public institutions. All resolutions authorizing the issuing of abstracts by the Secretary of the Senate or the Chief Clerk of the House for the payment of money shall be upon the call of "yeas" and "nays."

In odd-numbered years, at least ~~twenty~~ *eighteen* calendar days prior to the last day the Legislature can meet in regular session [Thursday, May 2, 1991], the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House shall report to their respective houses, unless directed by concurrent resolution to report different appropriation bills, ~~five~~ separate appropriation bills *for the two succeeding fiscal years* as follows:

(a) A bill appropriating money for the general administrative and judicial expenses of the State government ~~for the succeeding two fiscal years~~, including salaries, office expenses and supplies and other necessary expenses connected therewith;

(b) A bill covering all appropriations relating to public welfare, health and corrections for the support and maintenance of all State penal and charitable institutions, and other institutions of the State except educational ~~for the two succeeding fiscal years~~;

(c) A bill appropriating money for the support and maintenance of all State educational institutions ~~for the two succeeding fiscal years~~;

(d) *A bill appropriating money for aid to school districts;*

(e) *A bill appropriating money for the protection and improvement of the State's environment and natural resources;*

(f) *A bill appropriating money for the department of transportation and other agencies;*

(g) A bill covering all appropriations providing for the payment of claims

against the State of Minnesota which may have been allowed by the Finance Committee of the Senate or the Appropriations Committee of the House;

~~(e) A bill covering all appropriations made for agriculture, transportation, and semi-state activities.~~

No other appropriations shall be contained in any of said bills but all other appropriations shall be contained in separate bills.

DEADLINES

Rule 2.03. (a) In odd-numbered years, committee reports on bills favorably acted upon by a committee in the house of origin after ~~April 14, 1989~~ *April 12, 1991*, and committee reports on bills originating in the other house favorably acted upon by a committee after ~~April 26, 1989~~ *April 24, 1991*, shall be referred in the Senate to the Committee on Rules and Administration, and in the House of Representatives to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration for disposition. Referral is not required when a committee after the earlier date and by the later date set by this paragraph acts on a bill that is a companion to a bill that has met the earlier deadline in the other house. This rule does not apply to the Senate Committees on Finance and on Taxes and Tax Laws, and the House Committees on Appropriations and on Taxes.

Conference committees on the major appropriation bills specified in Joint Rule 2.02 shall have their reports on the members' desks by the last Thursday on which the Legislature can meet in regular session [*May 16, 1991*]. ~~After the last Friday on which the Legislature can meet in regular session [May 17, 1991], neither house shall act on bills other than those contained in:~~

~~(1) Reports of Conference Committees;~~

~~(2) Messages from the other house;~~

~~(3) Reports of the Committee on Rules and Administration in the Senate or the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration in the House; or~~

~~(4) Messages from the Governor.~~

(b) In even-numbered years the Legislature shall establish by concurrent resolution deadlines based on the date intended to be the date of adjournment sine die.

AMENDING BILLS ORIGINATING IN OTHER HOUSE

Rule 2.04. Either house shall have the power to amend any bill, memorial, or resolution passed by the other house.

RECEDING FROM POSITION

Rule 2.05. Prior to a Conference Committee on any matter, either house may recede from its position on any difference existing between the two houses. In order to recede, and if the matter is not in the possession of a house, that house shall request return of the matter from the other house. To recede, a majority of a house shall govern, except in cases otherwise provided in the Constitution. If the question is put and lost, it shall not be put again on the same day. A reconsideration of the question shall in all respects be regulated by the rules of that house.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

Rule 2.06. In all cases of disagreement between the Senate and House on amendments adopted by either house to a bill, memorial or resolution passed by the other house, a Conference Committee consisting of not less than three members nor more than five members from each house may be requested by either house. The other house shall appoint a similar committee.

The manner of procedure shall be as follows: The house of origin passes a bill and transmits it to the other body. If the other body adopts an amendment to the bill and passes it as amended, it shall return the bill with a record of its actions to the house of origin. If the house of origin refuses to concur in the amendment, it shall ask for a Conference Committee, appoint such a committee on its part, and transmit the bill with a record of its action to the other house. If the other house adheres to its amendment, it shall appoint a like committee and return the bill to the house of origin.

All Conference Committees shall be open to the public.

As much as practical, meetings of Conference Committees shall be announced as far in advance as possible and actions taken shall be agreed upon in an open meeting. At an agreed upon hour the Conference Committee shall meet. The members from each house shall state to the members from the other house, orally or in writing, the reason for their respective positions. The members shall confer thereon and shall report to their respective houses the agreement they have reached, or, if none, the fact of a disagreement.

If an agreement is reported, the house of origin shall act first upon the report. A Conference Committee report must be limited to provisions that are germane to the bill and amendments that were referred to the Conference Committee. A provision is not germane if it relates to a substantially different subject or is intended to accomplish a substantially different purpose from that of the bill and amendment that were referred to the Conference Committee. If the report is adopted and repassed as amended by the Conference Committee by the house of origin, the report, the bill and a record of its action shall be transmitted to the other house.

Except after the last Thursday on which the Legislature can meet in regular session in odd-numbered years [May 16, 1991], and after the last Thursday on which the Legislature intended, when it adopted the concurrent resolution required by Rule 2.03, paragraph (b), to meet in regular session in even-numbered years, a written copy of a report of a Conference Committee shall be placed on the desk of each member of a house twelve hours before action on the report by that house. If the report has been reprinted in the Journal of either house for a preceding day and is available to the members, the Journal copy shall serve as the written report. The member presenting the Conference Committee report to the body shall disclose, either in writing or orally, the substantial changes from the bill or the amendment as they were last before the body.

ENROLLMENT AND SIGNATURE

Rule 2.07. After a bill or memorial has been passed by both houses, it shall be carefully and properly enrolled by the Revisor of Statutes under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate for a matter originating in the Senate or the Chief Clerk of the House for a matter originating in the House. The Revisor of Statutes shall obtain the signatures and certificates of the proper officers to the enrolled copy of the bill or memorial and present it

to the Governor for his approval.

A bill or memorial may be prepared for presentation to the Governor on good quality paper approximately 8 1/2" x 14" in size and may be produced by means of a copying machine. An enrolled bill shall be labeled "An Act" and it shall be identical to the bill passed by the Legislature. An enrolled bill which is amendatory of any existing law or constitutional provision shall indicate deletions and additions in the manner provided in Rule 2.01 for printed bills.

ARTICLE III: GENERAL PROVISIONS

SUSPENSION OF JOINT RULES

Rule 3.01. Either house may suspend the Joint Rules of the Senate and House by a vote of two-thirds of its members.

ODD YEAR SESSION ADJOURNMENT

Rule 3.02. Adjournment of the regular session in any odd-numbered year to a date certain in the following year shall be equivalent to daily adjournment, except that upon adjournment in any odd-numbered year to a date certain in the following year:

(a) Any bill being considered by a Conference Committee shall be returned to the house of origin, laid on the table, and the Conference Committee shall be discharged;

(b) Any bill referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration in the Senate or the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration in the House pursuant to Joint Rule 2.03 shall be returned to the standing committee to which it was last previously referred; and

(c) Any bill returned by the Governor to the house of origin with his objections following such adjournment shall be laid on the table.

INTERIM COMMITTEE AND COMMISSION REPORTS

Rule 3.03. Except as otherwise provided by law, the report of any interim committee or commission to the Legislature shall be submitted on paper 8 1/2" x 11" in size, spiral bound, stapled, or punched on the left edge to fit a standard size three ring binder intended for that size paper. A brief summary of the recommendations of the commission or committee shall appear first and be clearly separated from its findings, discussions, and exhibits. If the report contains legislative recommendations, a copy of any proposed legislation, particularly if extensive in character, shall if possible be attached as an exhibit at the end of the report.

ARTICLE IV: ELECTION OF REGENTS

JOINT COMMITTEE

Rule 4.01. By May 7 of each odd-numbered year, *or at a date agreed to by concurrent resolution* a joint committee shall meet to recommend nominees for regent of the University of Minnesota to be presented to a Joint Convention of the legislature. The members of the joint committee are the members of the senate and house committees on education and the members

of the education division of the senate committee on finance and the education division of the house committee on appropriations. A majority of the members from each house is a quorum of the joint committee.

The joint committee shall determine the number of persons, and the person or persons to be recommended for each open seat.

Each person recommended by the regent candidate advisory council is considered to be nominated. Other persons may be nominated by a member of the committee at the meeting. Nominations may be made by committee members only. Nominations must be made for a specified congressional or student seat, or for any at-large seat.

The roll shall be called viva voce on the recommendation of regents. A majority vote of the members of the joint committee is required for a candidate to be recommended.

JOINT CONVENTION

Rule 4.02. At the Joint Convention of the senate and house of representatives called to elect regents, the joint committee shall report the name of the person or persons recommended for each seat. These persons are considered to be nominated. Any member of the legislature may submit additional nominations. If there is more than one at-large seat to be filled, all candidates for an at-large seat run for any of the at-large seats.

The roll shall be called viva voce on the election of regents. The roll must be called first on congressional district seats until they are filled, then on the student seat, and then on the at-large seats. The candidate for each seat receiving a majority of the votes cast must be declared elected. If no candidate receives a majority of the votes cast for a seat, on each succeeding ballot the candidate with the fewest votes must be dropped from consideration and the votes cast again until a majority vote is achieved. Any candidate with fewer than 20 votes on any ballot shall also be dropped on succeeding ballots.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

The following bills were read the first time and referred to the committees indicated.

Mr. Solon introduced—

S.F. No. 1334: A bill for an act relating to retirement; local police or paid firefighters relief associations consolidating with the public employees police and fire fund; expanding benefit election options and opportunities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 353A.08, subdivision 3.

Referred to the Committee on Governmental Operations.

Messrs. Hottinger and Mondale introduced—

S.F. No. 1335: A bill for an act relating to education; revising the student's role in the educational process; broadening the student's advisory role; specifying conditions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 136A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 136A.02, subdivision 7.

Referred to the Committee on Education.