

SENATE

STATE OF MINNESOTA

NINETY-FOURTH SESSION

S.F. No. 2794

(SENATE AUTHORS: KLEIN and Seeberger)		
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/20/2025	927	Introduction and first reading
		Referred to Commerce and Consumer Protection
03/27/2025	1070a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Judiciary and Public Safety
04/03/2025	1355	Author added Seeberger

1.1A bill for an act

1.2relating to financial institutions; modifying the maximum interest rate for certain

1.3loans and contracts for deed; establishing group capital calculations for insurers;

1.4requiring insurers to complete a NAIC liquidity stress test; requiring insurers to

1.5file group capital calculations and results from the NAIC liquidity stress test;

1.6requiring insurers to secure a deposit or bond; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024,

1.7sections 47.20, subdivision 4a; 60D.09, by adding a subdivision; 60D.15,

1.8subdivisions 4, 7, by adding subdivisions; 60D.16, subdivision 2; 60D.17,

1.9subdivision 1; 60D.18, subdivision 3; 60D.19, subdivision 4, by adding

1.10subdivisions; 60D.20, subdivision 1; 60D.217; 60D.22, subdivisions 1, 3, 6, by

1.11adding a subdivision; 60D.24, subdivision 2; 60D.25; 62D.221, by adding a

1.12subdivision; 334.01, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota

1.13Statutes, chapter 60D.

1.14BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.15Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 47.20, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

1.16Subd. 4a. **Maximum interest rate.** (a) No conventional or cooperative apartment loan

1.17or contract for deed shall be made at a rate of interest or loan yield in excess of a maximum

1.18lawful interest rate in an amount equal to the ~~Federal National Mortgage Association posted~~

1.19~~yields on 30-year mortgage commitments for delivery within 60 days on standard~~

1.20~~conventional fixed-rate mortgages published in the Wall Street Journal for the last business~~

1.21~~day of the second preceding month~~ average prime offer rate, as defined in Code of Federal

1.22Regulations, title 12, part 1026.35(a)(2), that applies to a comparable transaction, as most

1.23recently published by the United States Consumer Financial Protection Bureau on the last

1.24date the discounted interest rate for the transaction is set before consummation, plus four

1.25percentage points. If the index is not available, a substitute index may be adopted by a

1.26commissioner order.

(b) The maximum lawful interest rate applicable to a cooperative apartment loan or contract for deed at the time the loan or contract is made is the maximum lawful interest rate for the term of the cooperative apartment loan or contract for deed. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 334.01, a cooperative apartment loan or contract for deed may provide, at the time the loan or contract is made, for the application of specified different consecutive periodic interest rates to the unpaid principal balance, if no interest rate exceeds the maximum lawful interest rate applicable to the loan or contract at the time the loan or contract is made.

(c) The maximum interest rate that can be charged on a conventional loan or a contract for deed, with a duration of ten years or less, for the purchase of real estate described in section 83.20, subdivisions 11 and 13, is three percentage points above the rate permitted under paragraph (a) or 15.75 percent per year, whichever is less. ~~This paragraph is effective August 1, 1992.~~

(d) Contracts for deed executed pursuant to a commitment for a contract for deed, or conventional or cooperative apartment loans made pursuant to a borrower's interest rate commitment or made pursuant to a borrower's loan commitment, or made pursuant to a commitment for conventional or cooperative apartment loans made upon payment of a forward commitment fee including a borrower's loan commitment issued pursuant to a forward commitment, which commitment provides for consummation within some future time following the issuance of the commitment may be consummated pursuant to the provisions, including the interest rate, of the commitment notwithstanding the fact that the maximum lawful rate of interest at the time the contract for deed or conventional or cooperative apartment loan is actually executed or made is less than the commitment rate of interest, provided the commitment rate of interest does not exceed the maximum lawful interest rate in effect on the date the commitment was issued. The refinancing of: (1) an existing conventional or cooperative apartment loan, (2) a loan insured or guaranteed by the secretary of housing and urban development, the administrator of veterans affairs, or the administrator of the Farmers Home Administration, or (3) a contract for deed by making a conventional or cooperative apartment loan is deemed to be a new conventional or cooperative apartment loan for purposes of determining the maximum lawful rate of interest under this subdivision. The renegotiation of a conventional or cooperative apartment loan or a contract for deed is deemed to be a new loan or contract for deed for purposes of paragraph (b) and for purposes of determining the maximum lawful rate of interest under this subdivision. A borrower's interest rate commitment or a borrower's loan commitment is deemed to be issued on the date the commitment is hand delivered by the lender to, or

mailed to the borrower. A forward commitment is deemed to be issued on the date the forward commitment is hand delivered by the lender to, or mailed to the person paying the forward commitment fee to the lender, or to any one of them if there should be more than one. A commitment for a contract for deed is deemed to be issued on the date the commitment is initially executed by the contract for deed vendor or the vendor's authorized agent.

(e) A contract for deed executed pursuant to a commitment for a contract for deed, or a loan made pursuant to a borrower's interest rate commitment, or made pursuant to a borrower's loan commitment, or made pursuant to a forward commitment for conventional or cooperative apartment loans made upon payment of a forward commitment fee including a borrower's loan commitment issued pursuant to a forward commitment at a rate of interest not in excess of the rate of interest authorized by this subdivision at the time the commitment was made continues to be enforceable in accordance with its terms until the indebtedness is fully satisfied.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. **Other violations.** If the commissioner believes a person has committed a violation of section 60D.17 that prevents the full understanding of the enterprise risk to the insurer by affiliates or by the insurance holding company system, the violation may serve as an independent basis for disapproving dividends or distributions and for placing the insurer under an order of supervision under chapter 60B.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.15, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Control.** The term "control," including the terms "controlling," "controlled by," and "under common control with," means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with, or corporate office held by, ~~or court appointment of,~~ the person. Control is presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies representing, ten percent or more of the voting securities of any other person. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing made in the manner provided by section 60D.19, subdivision 11, that control does not exist in fact. The commissioner may determine, after furnishing all persons in interest notice and opportunity

to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support ~~such~~ the determination, that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effect.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4c. **Group capital calculation instructions.** "Group capital calculation instructions" means the group capital calculation instructions adopted by the NAIC and as amended by the NAIC from time to time in accordance with procedures adopted by the NAIC.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6b. **NAIC.** "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6c. **NAIC liquidity stress test framework.** "NAIC liquidity stress test framework" means a NAIC publication which includes a history of the NAIC's development of regulatory liquidity stress testing, the scope criteria applicable for a specific data year, and the liquidity stress test instructions and reporting templates for a specific data year, scope criteria, instructions, and reporting template being adopted by the NAIC, and as amended by the NAIC from time to time in accordance with the procedures adopted by the NAIC.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.15, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Person.** A "person" is an individual, a corporation, a limited liability company, a partnership, an association, a joint stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organization, any similar entity or any combination of the foregoing acting in concert, but does not include any joint venture partnership exclusively engaged in owning, managing, leasing, or developing real or tangible personal property.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7a. **Scope criteria.** "Scope criteria," as detailed in the NAIC liquidity stress test framework, means the designated exposure bases along with minimum magnitudes of the designated exposure bases for the specified data year that are used to establish a preliminary

5.1 list of insurers considered scoped into the NAIC liquidity stress test framework for that data
5.2 year.

5.3 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

5.4 Subd. 2. **Additional investment authority.** In addition to investments in common stock,
5.5 preferred stock, debt obligations, and other securities otherwise permitted under this chapter,
5.6 a domestic insurer may also:

5.7 (a) Invest, in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations, and other securities of
5.8 one or more subsidiaries, amounts that do not exceed the lesser of ten percent of the insurer's
5.9 assets or 50 percent of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, provided that after the
5.10 investments, the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders ~~will be~~ is reasonable in relation
5.11 to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs. In calculating the
5.12 amount of these investments, investments in domestic or foreign insurance subsidiaries and
5.13 health maintenance organizations must be excluded, and there must be included:

5.14 (1) total net money or other consideration expended and obligations assumed in the
5.15 acquisition or formation of a subsidiary, including all organizational expenses and
5.16 contributions to capital and surplus of the subsidiary whether or not represented by the
5.17 purchase of capital stock or issuance of other securities; and

5.18 (2) all amounts expended in acquiring additional common stock, preferred stock, debt
5.19 obligations, and other securities; and all contributions to the capital or surplus, of a subsidiary
5.20 subsequent to its acquisition or formation.

5.21 (b) Invest any amount in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations, and other
5.22 securities of one or more subsidiaries engaged or organized to engage exclusively in the
5.23 ownership and management of assets authorized as investments for the insurer provided
5.24 that the subsidiary agrees to limit its investments in any asset so that the investments ~~will~~
5.25 do not cause the amount of the total investment of the insurer to exceed any of the investment
5.26 limitations specified in paragraph (a) or other statutes applicable to the insurer. For the
5.27 purpose of this paragraph, "the total investment of the insurer" includes:

5.28 (1) any direct investment by the insurer in an asset; and

5.29 (2) the insurer's proportionate share of any investment in an asset by any subsidiary of
5.30 the insurer, which must be calculated by multiplying the amount of the subsidiary's
5.31 investment by the percentage of the ownership of the subsidiary.

5.32 (c) With the approval of the commissioner, invest any greater amount in common stock,
5.33 preferred stock, debt obligations, or other securities of one or more subsidiaries, if after the

6.1 investment the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders ~~will be~~ is reasonable in relation to
6.2 the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.

6.3 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

6.4 Subdivision 1. **Filing requirements.** (a) No person other than the issuer shall: (1) make
6.5 a tender offer for or a request or invitation for tenders of, or enter into any agreement to
6.6 exchange securities ~~or for~~, seek to acquire, or acquire, in the open market or otherwise, any
6.7 voting security of a domestic insurer if, after the consummation thereof, the person would,
6.8 directly or indirectly, or by conversion or by exercise of any right to acquire, be in control
6.9 of the insurer; or (2) enter into an agreement to merge with or otherwise to acquire control
6.10 of a domestic insurer or any person controlling a domestic insurer unless, at the time the
6.11 offer, request, or invitation is made or the agreement is entered into, or before the acquisition
6.12 of the securities if no offer or agreement is involved, the person has filed with the
6.13 commissioner and has sent to the insurer, a statement containing the information required
6.14 by this section and the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition has been approved
6.15 by the commissioner in the manner prescribed in this section.

6.16 (b) For purposes of this section, a controlling person of a domestic insurer seeking to
6.17 divest its controlling interest in the domestic insurer, in any manner, shall file with the
6.18 commissioner, with a copy to the insurer, confidential notice of its proposed divestiture at
6.19 least 30 days before the cessation of control. The commissioner shall determine those
6.20 instances in which the party or parties seeking to divest or to acquire a controlling interest
6.21 in an insurer will be required to file for and obtain approval of the transaction. The
6.22 information must remain confidential until the conclusion of the transaction unless the
6.23 commissioner, in the commissioner's discretion, determines that confidential treatment
6.24 interferes with the enforcement of this section. This paragraph does not apply if the statement
6.25 referred to in paragraph (a) is otherwise filed.

6.26 (c) With respect to a transaction subject to this section, the acquiring person must also
6.27 file a preacquisition notification with the commissioner, which must contain the information
6.28 set forth in section 60D.18, subdivision 3, paragraph (b). A failure to file the notification
6.29 may be subject to penalties specified in section 60D.18, subdivision 5.

6.30 (d) For purposes of this section, a domestic insurer includes a person controlling a
6.31 domestic insurer unless the person, as determined by the commissioner, is either directly
6.32 or through its affiliates primarily engaged in business other than the business of insurance.
6.33 For the purposes of this section, "person" does not include any securities broker holding,

in the usual and customary ~~brokers~~ broker's function, less than 20 percent of the voting securities of an insurance company or of any person that controls an insurance company.

~~(e) The statement filed with the commissioner pursuant to subdivisions 1 and 2 must remain confidential until the transaction is approved by the commissioner, except that all attachments filed with the statement remain confidential after the approval unless the commissioner, in the commissioner's discretion, determines that confidential treatment of any of this information will interfere with enforcement of this section.~~

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.18, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Preacquisition notification; waiting period.** (a) An acquisition covered by subdivision 2 may be subject to an order pursuant to subdivision ~~4~~ 5 unless the acquiring person files a preacquisition notification and the waiting period has expired. The acquired person may file a preacquisition notification. The commissioner shall give confidential treatment to information submitted under this section in the same manner as provided in section 60D.22.

(b) The preacquisition notification must be in the form and contain the information as prescribed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners relating to those markets that, under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), clause ~~(5)~~ (4), cause the acquisition not to be exempted from the provisions of this section. The commissioner may require ~~the~~ additional material and information as the commissioner deems necessary to determine whether the proposed acquisition, if consummated, would violate the competitive standard of subdivision 4. The required information may include an opinion of an economist as to the competitive impact of the acquisition in this state accompanied by a summary of the education and experience of the person indicating that person's ability to render an informed opinion.

(c) The waiting period required begins on the date of receipt of the commissioner of a preacquisition notification and ends on the earlier of the 30th day after the date of its receipt, or termination of the waiting period by the commissioner. Before the end of the waiting period, the commissioner on a onetime basis may require the submission of additional needed information relevant to the proposed acquisition, in which event the waiting period shall end on the earlier of the 30th day after receipt of the additional information by the commissioner or termination of the waiting period by the commissioner.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.19, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Materiality.** No information need be disclosed on the registration statement filed pursuant to subdivision 2 if the information is not material for the purposes of this

section. Unless the commissioner by rule or order provides otherwise; sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of credit, investments, or guarantees involving one-half of one percent or less of an insurer's admitted assets as of the 31st day of December next preceding shall not be deemed material for purposes of this section. The definition of materiality provided in this subdivision does not apply for purposes of the group capital calculation or the NAIC liquidity stress test framework.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.19, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11b. Group capital calculation. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to registration must concurrently file with the registration an annual group capital calculation as directed by the lead state insurance commissioner. The report must be completed in accordance with the NAIC group capital calculation instructions, which may permit the lead state insurance commissioner to allow a controlling person that is not the ultimate controlling person to file the group capital calculation. The report must be filed with the lead state insurance commissioner of the insurance holding company system, as determined by the commissioner in accordance with the procedures within the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by the NAIC. The following insurance holding company systems are exempt from filing the group capital calculation:

(1) an insurance holding company system that (i) has only one insurer within the insurance holding company system's holding company structure, (ii) only writes business and is only licensed in the insurance holding company system's domestic state, and (iii) assumes no business from any other insurer;

(2) an insurance holding company system that is required to perform a group capital calculation specified by the United States Federal Reserve Board. The lead state insurance commissioner must request the calculation from the Federal Reserve Board under the terms of information sharing agreements in effect. If the Federal Reserve Board is unable to share the calculation with the lead state insurance commissioner, the insurance holding company system is not exempt from the group capital calculation filing;

(3) an insurance holding company system whose non-United States groupwide supervisor is located within a reciprocal jurisdiction as described in section 60A.092, subdivision 10b, that recognizes the United States state regulatory approach to group supervision and group capital; or

(4) an insurance holding company system:

(i) that provides information to the lead state insurance commissioner that meets the requirements for accreditation under the NAIC financial standards and accreditation program, either directly or indirectly through the groupwide supervisor, that has determined the information is satisfactory to allow the lead state insurance commissioner to comply with the NAIC group supervision approach, as detailed in the NAIC Financial Analysis Handbook; and

(ii) whose non-United States groupwide supervisor that is not in a reciprocal jurisdiction recognizes and accepts, as specified by the commissioner in an administrative rule, the group capital calculation as the worldwide group capital assessment for United States insurance groups that operate in that jurisdiction.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), a lead state insurance commissioner must require the group capital calculation for the United States operations of any non-United States based insurance holding company system where, after any necessary consultation with other supervisors or officials, requiring the group capital calculation is deemed appropriate by the lead state insurance commissioner for prudential oversight and solvency monitoring purposes or for ensuring the competitiveness of the insurance marketplace.

(c) Notwithstanding the exemptions from filing the group capital calculation under paragraph (a), the lead state insurance commissioner may exempt the ultimate controlling person from filing the annual group capital calculation or accept a limited group capital filing or report in accordance with criteria specified by the commissioner in an administrative rule.

(d) If the lead state insurance commissioner determines that an insurance holding company system no longer meets one or more of the requirements for an exemption from filing the group capital calculation under this subdivision, the insurance holding company system must file the group capital calculation at the next annual filing date unless given an extension by the lead state insurance commissioner based on reasonable grounds shown.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.19, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11c. **Liquidity stress test.** (a) The ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to registration and also scoped into the NAIC liquidity stress test framework must file the results of a specific year's liquidity stress test. The filing must be made to the lead state insurance commissioner of the insurance holding company system, as determined by the procedures within the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by the NAIC.

(b) The NAIC liquidity stress test framework includes scope criteria applicable to a specific data year. The scope criteria must be reviewed at least annually by the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force or the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force's successor. Any change made to the NAIC liquidity stress test framework or to the data year for which the scope criteria must be measured is effective January 1 of the year following the calendar year in which the change is adopted. An insurer meeting at least one threshold of the scope criteria is scoped into the NAIC liquidity stress test framework for the specified data year unless the lead state insurance commissioner, in consultation with the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force or the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force's successor, determines the insurer should not be scoped into the framework for that data year. An insurer that does not trigger at least one threshold of the scope criteria is scoped out of the NAIC liquidity stress test framework for the specified data year unless the lead state insurance commissioner, in consultation with the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force or the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force's successor, determines the insurer should be scoped into the framework for the specified data year.

(c) The commissioner and other state insurance commissioners must avoid scoping insurers in and out of the NAIC liquidity stress test framework on a frequent basis. The lead state insurance commissioner, in consultation with the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force or the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force's successor, must assess irregular scope status as part of an insurer's determination.

(d) The performance of and filing of the results from a specific year's liquidity stress test must comply with (1) the NAIC liquidity stress test framework's instructions and reporting templates for the specific year, and (2) any lead state insurance commissioner determinations, in consultation with the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force or the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force's successor, provided within the framework.

Sec. 15. [60D.195] GROUP CAPITAL CALCULATION.

Subdivision 1. **Annual group capital calculation; exemption permitted.** The lead state insurance commissioner may exempt the ultimate controlling person from filing the annual group capital calculation if the lead state insurance commissioner makes a determination that the insurance holding company system meets the following criteria:

(1) has annual direct written and unaffiliated assumed premium, including international direct and assumed premium but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, of less than \$1,000,000,000;

(2) has no insurers within the insurance holding company's structure that are domiciled outside of the United States or a United States territory;

(3) has no banking, depository, or other financial entity that is subject to an identified regulatory capital framework within the insurance holding company's structure;

(4) attests that no material changes in the transactions between insurers and noninsurers in the group have occurred since the last annual group capital filing; and

(5) the noninsurers within the holding company system do not pose a material financial risk to the insurer's ability to honor policyholder obligations.

Subd. 2. **Limited group capital filing.** The lead state insurance commissioner may accept a limited group capital filing in lieu of the group capital calculation if:

(1) the insurance holding company system has annual direct written and unaffiliated assumed premium, including international direct and assumed premium but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, of less than \$1,000,000,000; and

(2) the insurance holding company system:

(i) has no insurers within the insurance holding company's structure that are domiciled outside of the United States or a United States territory;

(ii) does not include a banking, depository, or other financial entity that is subject to an identified regulatory capital framework; and

(iii) attests that no material changes in transactions between insurers and noninsurers in the group have occurred and the noninsurers within the holding company system do not pose a material financial risk to the insurer's ability to honor policyholder obligations.

Subd. 3. **Previous exemption; required filing.** For an insurance holding company that has previously met an exemption with respect to the group capital calculation under subdivision 1 or 2, the lead state insurance commissioner may at any time require the ultimate controlling person to file an annual group capital calculation, completed in accordance with the NAIC group capital calculation instructions, if:

(1) an insurer within the insurance holding company system is in a risk-based capital action level event under section 60A.62 or a similar standard for a non-United States insurer;

(2) an insurer within the insurance holding company system meets one or more of the standards of an insurer deemed to be in hazardous financial condition, as defined under section 60E.02, subdivision 5; or

(3) an insurer within the insurance holding company system otherwise exhibits qualities of a troubled insurer, as determined by the lead state insurance commissioner based on unique circumstances, including but not limited to the type and volume of business written, ownership and organizational structure, federal agency requests, and international supervisor requests.

Subd. 4. Non-United States jurisdictions; recognition and acceptance. A non-United States jurisdiction is deemed to recognize and accept the group capital calculation if the non-United States jurisdiction:

(1) with respect to section 60D.19, subdivision 11b, paragraph (a), clause (4):

(i) recognizes the United States state regulatory approach to group supervision and group capital by providing confirmation by a competent regulatory authority in the non-United States jurisdiction that insurers and insurance groups whose lead state is accredited by the NAIC under the NAIC accreditation program: (A) are subject only to worldwide prudential insurance group supervision, including worldwide group governance, solvency and capital, and reporting, as applicable, by the lead state; and (B) are not subject to group supervision, including worldwide group governance, solvency and capital, and reporting, at the level of the worldwide parent undertaking of the insurance or reinsurance group by the non-United States jurisdiction; or

(ii) if no United States insurance group operates in the non-United States jurisdiction, indicates formally in writing to the lead state with a copy to the International Association of Insurance Supervisors that the group capital calculation is an acceptable international capital standard. The formal indication under this item serves as the documentation otherwise required under item (i); and

(2) provides confirmation by a competent regulatory authority in the non-United States jurisdiction that information regarding an insurer and the insurer's parent, subsidiary, or affiliated entities, if applicable, must be provided to the lead state insurance commissioner in accordance with a memorandum of understanding or similar document between the commissioner and the non-United States jurisdiction, including but not limited to the International Association of Insurance Supervisors Multilateral Memorandum of Understanding or other multilateral memoranda of understanding coordinated by the NAIC. The commissioner must determine, in consultation with the NAIC committee process, if the information sharing agreement requirements are effective.

Subd. 5. Non-United States jurisdiction; publication. (a) A list of non-United States jurisdictions that recognize and accept the group capital calculation under section 60D.19,

13.1 subdivision 11b, paragraph (a), clause (4), must be published through the NAIC committee
13.2 process to assist the lead state insurance commissioner determine what insurers must file
13.3 an annual group capital calculation. The list must clarify the situations in which a jurisdiction
13.4 is exempt from filing under section 60D.19, subdivision 11b, paragraph (a), clause (4). To
13.5 assist with a determination under section 60D.19, subdivision 11b, paragraph (b), the list
13.6 must also identify whether a jurisdiction that is exempt under section 60D.19, subdivision
13.7 11b, paragraph (a), clause (3) or (4), requires a group capital filing for any United States
13.8 insurance group's operations in the non-United States jurisdiction.

13.9 (b) For a non-United States jurisdiction where no United States insurance group operates,
13.10 the confirmation provided to comply with subdivision 4, clause (1), item (ii), serves as
13.11 support for a recommendation to be published that the non-United States jurisdiction is a
13.12 jurisdiction that recognizes and accepts the group capital calculation pursuant to the NAIC
13.13 committee process.

13.14 (c) If the lead state insurance commissioner makes a determination pursuant to section
13.15 60D.19, subdivision 11b, that differs from the NAIC list, the lead state insurance
13.16 commissioner must provide thoroughly documented justification to the NAIC and other
13.17 states.

13.18 (d) Upon a determination by the lead state insurance commissioner that a non-United
13.19 States jurisdiction no longer meets one or more of the requirements to recognize and accept
13.20 the group capital calculation, the lead state insurance commissioner may provide a
13.21 recommendation to the NAIC that the non-United States jurisdiction be removed from the
13.22 list of jurisdictions that recognize and accept the group capital calculation.

13.23 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

13.24 Subdivision 1. **Transactions within an insurance holding company system.** (a)
13.25 Transactions within an insurance holding company system to which an insurer subject to
13.26 registration is a party are subject to the following standards:

13.27 (1) the terms shall be fair and reasonable;

13.28 (2) agreements for cost-sharing services and management shall include the provisions
13.29 required by rule issued by the commissioner;

13.30 (3) charges or fees for services performed shall be reasonable;

13.31 (4) expenses incurred and payment received shall be allocated to the insurer in conformity
13.32 with customary insurance accounting practices consistently applied;

14.1 (5) the books, accounts, and records of each party to all such transactions shall be so
14.2 maintained as to clearly and accurately disclose the nature and details of the transactions
14.3 including this accounting information as is necessary to support the reasonableness of the
14.4 charges or fees to the respective parties; ~~and~~

14.5 (6) the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders following any dividends or distributions
14.6 to shareholder affiliates shall be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities
14.7 and adequate to its financial needs;

14.8 (7) if the commissioner determines an insurer subject to this chapter is in a hazardous
14.9 financial condition, as defined under section 60E.02, subdivision 5, or a condition that would
14.10 be grounds for supervision, conservation, or a delinquency proceeding, the commissioner
14.11 may require the insurer to secure and maintain either a deposit, held by the commissioner,
14.12 or a bond, as determined by the insurer at the insurer's discretion, to protect the insurer for
14.13 the duration of the contract, agreement, or the existence of the condition for which the
14.14 commissioner required the deposit or bond. When determining whether a deposit or bond
14.15 is required, the commissioner must consider whether concerns exist with respect to the
14.16 affiliated person's ability to fulfill the contract or agreement if the insurer entered into
14.17 liquidation. Once the insurer is deemed to be in a hazardous financial condition or a condition
14.18 that would be grounds for supervision, conservation, or a delinquency proceeding, and a
14.19 deposit or bond is necessary, the commissioner may determine the amount of the deposit
14.20 or bond, not to exceed the value of the contract or agreement in any one year, and whether
14.21 the deposit or bond is required for a single contract, multiple contracts, or a contract only
14.22 with a specific person or persons;

14.23 (8) all of an insurer's records and data held by an affiliate are and remain the property
14.24 of the insurer, are subject to control of the insurer, are identifiable, and are segregated or
14.25 readily capable of segregation, at no additional cost to the insurer, from all other persons'
14.26 records and data. For purposes of this clause, records and data include all records and data
14.27 that are otherwise the property of the insurer in whatever form maintained, including but
14.28 not limited to claims and claim files, policyholder lists, application files, litigation files,
14.29 premium records, rate books, underwriting manuals, personnel records, financial records,
14.30 or similar records within the affiliate's possession, custody, or control. At the request of the
14.31 insurer, the affiliate must provide that the receiver may (i) obtain a complete set of all records
14.32 of any type that pertain to the insurer's business, (ii) obtain access to the operating systems
14.33 on which the data are maintained, (iii) obtain the software that runs the operating systems
14.34 either through assumption of licensing agreements or otherwise, and (iv) restrict the use of
14.35 the data by the affiliate if the affiliate is not operating the insurer's business. The affiliate

15.1 must provide a waiver of any landlord lien or other encumbrance to provide the insurer
15.2 access to all records and data in the event the affiliate defaults under a lease or other
15.3 agreement; and

15.4 (9) premiums or other funds belonging to the insurer that are collected or held by an
15.5 affiliate are the exclusive property of the insurer and are subject to the control of the insurer.
15.6 Any right of offset in the event an insurer is placed into receivership is subject to chapter
15.7 576.

15.8 (b) The following transactions involving a domestic insurer and any person in its
15.9 insurance holding company system, including amendments or modifications of affiliate
15.10 agreements previously filed pursuant to this section, which are subject to any materiality
15.11 standards contained in clauses (1) to (7), may not be entered into unless the insurer has
15.12 notified the commissioner in writing of its intention to enter into the transaction at least 30
15.13 days prior thereto, or a shorter period the commissioner permits, and the commissioner has
15.14 not disapproved it within this period. The notice for amendments or modifications must
15.15 include the reasons for the change and the financial impact on the domestic insurer. Informal
15.16 notice must be reported, within 30 days after a termination of a previously filed agreement,
15.17 to the commissioner for determination of the type of filing required, if any:

15.18 (1) sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of credit, guarantees, or investments
15.19 provided the transactions are equal to or exceed: (i) with respect to nonlife insurers, the
15.20 lesser of three percent of the insurer's admitted assets, or 25 percent of surplus as regards
15.21 policyholders; (ii) with respect to life insurers, three percent of the insurer's admitted assets;
15.22 each as of the 31st day of December next preceding;

15.23 (2) loans or extensions of credit to any person who is not an affiliate, where the insurer
15.24 makes the loans or extensions of credit with the agreement or understanding that the proceeds
15.25 of the transactions, in whole or in substantial part, are to be used to make loans or extensions
15.26 of credit to, to purchase assets of, or to make investments in, any affiliate of the insurer
15.27 making such loans or extensions of credit provided the transactions are equal to or exceed:
15.28 (i) with respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent of the insurer's admitted assets
15.29 or 25 percent of surplus as regards policyholders; (ii) with respect to life insurers, three
15.30 percent of the insurer's admitted assets; each as of the 31st day of December next preceding;

15.31 (3) reinsurance agreements or modifications to those agreements, including: (i) all
15.32 reinsurance pooling agreements; and (ii) agreements in which the reinsurance premium or
15.33 a change in the insurer's liabilities, or the projected reinsurance premium or a change in the
15.34 insurer's liabilities in any of the next three years, equals or exceeds five percent of the

insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, as of the 31st day of December next preceding, including those agreements which may require as consideration the transfer of assets from an insurer to a nonaffiliate, if an agreement or understanding exists between the insurer and nonaffiliate that any portion of ~~such~~ the assets will be transferred to one or more affiliates of the insurer;

(4) all management agreements, service contracts, tax allocation agreements, guarantees, and all cost-sharing arrangements;

(5) guarantees when made by a domestic insurer; provided, however, that a guarantee which is quantifiable as to amount is not subject to the notice requirements of this paragraph unless it exceeds the lesser of one-half of one percent of the insurer's admitted assets or ten percent of surplus as regards policyholders as of the 31st day of December next preceding. Further, all guarantees which are not quantifiable as to amount are subject to the notice requirements of this paragraph;

(6) direct or indirect acquisitions or investments in a person that controls the insurer or in an affiliate of the insurer in an amount which, together with its present holdings in the investments, exceeds 2-1/2 percent of the insurer's surplus to policyholders. Direct or indirect acquisitions or investments in subsidiaries acquired pursuant to section 60D.16, as otherwise authorized under this chapter, or in nonsubsidiary insurance affiliates that are subject to the provisions of sections 60D.15 to 60D.29, are exempt from this requirement; and

(7) any material transactions, specified by regulation, which the commissioner determines may adversely affect the interests of the insurer's policyholders.

Nothing contained in this section authorizes or permits any transactions that, in the case of an insurer not a member of the same insurance holding company system, would be otherwise contrary to law.

(c) A domestic insurer may not enter into transactions which are part of a plan or series of like transactions with persons within the insurance holding company system if the purpose of those separate transactions is to avoid the statutory threshold amount and thus avoid the review that would occur otherwise. If the commissioner determines that the separate transactions were entered into over any 12-month period for the purpose, the commissioner may exercise the authority under section 60D.25.

(d) The commissioner, in reviewing transactions pursuant to paragraph (b), shall consider whether the transactions comply with the standards set forth in paragraph (a), and whether they may adversely affect the interests of policyholders.

(e) The commissioner shall be notified within 30 days of any investment of the domestic insurer in any one corporation if the total investment in the corporation by the insurance holding company system exceeds ten percent of the corporation's voting securities.

(f) An affiliate that is party to an agreement or contract with a domestic insurer that is subject to paragraph (b), clause (4), is subject to the jurisdiction of any supervision, seizure, conservatorship, or receivership proceedings against the insurer and to the authority of a supervisor, conservator, rehabilitator, or liquidator for the insurer appointed pursuant to chapters 60B and 576 for the purpose of interpreting, enforcing, and overseeing the affiliate's obligations under the agreement or contract to perform services for the insurer that are: (1) an integral part of the insurer's operations, including but not limited to management, administrative, accounting, data processing, marketing, underwriting, claims handling, investment, or any other similar functions; or (2) essential to the insurer's ability to fulfill the insurer's obligations under insurance policies. The commissioner may require that an agreement or contract pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (4), to provide the services described in clauses (1) and (2) must specify that the affiliate consents to the jurisdiction as provided under this paragraph.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.217, is amended to read:

60D.217 GROUPWIDE SUPERVISION OF INTERNATIONALLY ACTIVE INSURANCE GROUPS.

(a) The commissioner is authorized to act as the groupwide supervisor for any internationally active insurance group in accordance with the provisions of this section. However, the commissioner may otherwise acknowledge another regulatory official as the groupwide supervisor where the internationally active insurance group:

(1) does not have substantial insurance operations in the United States;

(2) has substantial insurance operations in the United States, but not in this state; or

(3) has substantial insurance operations in the United States and this state, but the commissioner has determined pursuant to the factors set forth in ~~subsections~~ paragraphs (b) and (f) that the other regulatory official is the appropriate groupwide supervisor.

An insurance holding company system that does not otherwise qualify as an internationally active insurance group may request that the commissioner make a determination or acknowledgment as to a groupwide supervisor pursuant to this section.

(b) In cooperation with other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies, the commissioner ~~will~~ must identify a single groupwide supervisor for an internationally active

insurance group. The commissioner may determine that the commissioner is the appropriate groupwide supervisor for an internationally active insurance group that conducts substantial insurance operations concentrated in this state. However, the commissioner may acknowledge that a regulatory official from another jurisdiction is the appropriate groupwide supervisor for the internationally active insurance group. The commissioner shall consider the following factors when making a determination or acknowledgment under this ~~subsection~~ paragraph:

(1) the place of domicile of the insurers within the internationally active insurance group that hold the largest share of the group's written premiums, assets, or liabilities;

(2) the place of domicile of the top-tiered ~~insurer(s)~~ insurer or insurers in the insurance holding company system of the internationally active insurance group;

(3) the location of the executive offices or largest operational offices of the internationally active insurance group;

(4) whether another regulatory official is acting or is seeking to act as the groupwide supervisor under a regulatory system that the commissioner determines to be:

(i) substantially similar to the system of regulation provided under the laws of this state; or

(ii) otherwise sufficient in terms of providing for groupwide supervision, enterprise risk analysis, and cooperation with other regulatory officials; and

(5) whether another regulatory official acting or seeking to act as the groupwide supervisor provides the commissioner with reasonably reciprocal recognition and cooperation.

However, a commissioner identified under this section as the groupwide supervisor may determine that it is appropriate to acknowledge another supervisor to serve as the groupwide supervisor. The acknowledgment of the groupwide supervisor shall be made after consideration of the factors listed in clauses (1) to (5), and shall be made in cooperation with and subject to the acknowledgment of other regulatory officials involved with supervision of members of the internationally active insurance group, and in consultation with the internationally active insurance group.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when another regulatory official is acting as the groupwide supervisor of an internationally active insurance group, the commissioner shall acknowledge that regulatory official as the groupwide supervisor. However, in the event of a material change in the internationally active insurance group that results in:

(1) the internationally active insurance group's insurers domiciled in this state holding the largest share of the group's premiums, assets, or liabilities; or

(2) this state being the place of domicile of the top-tiered ~~insurer(s)~~ insurer or insurers in the insurance holding company system of the internationally active insurance group, the commissioner shall make a determination or acknowledgment as to the appropriate groupwide supervisor for such an internationally active insurance group pursuant to ~~subsection~~ paragraph (b).

(d) Pursuant to section 60D.21, the commissioner is authorized to collect from any insurer registered pursuant to section 60D.19 all information necessary to determine whether the commissioner may act as the groupwide supervisor of an internationally active insurance group or if the commissioner may acknowledge another regulatory official to act as the groupwide supervisor. Prior to issuing a determination that an internationally active insurance group is subject to groupwide supervision by the commissioner, the commissioner shall notify the insurer registered pursuant to section 60D.19 and the ultimate controlling person within the internationally active insurance group. The internationally active insurance group shall have not less than 30 days to provide the commissioner with additional information pertinent to the pending determination. The commissioner shall publish in the State Register and on the department's website the identity of internationally active insurance groups that the commissioner has determined are subject to groupwide supervision by the commissioner.

(e) If the commissioner is the groupwide supervisor for an internationally active insurance group, the commissioner is authorized to engage in any of the following groupwide supervision activities:

(1) assess the enterprise risks within the internationally active insurance group to ensure that:

(i) the material financial condition and liquidity risks to the members of the internationally active insurance group that are engaged in the business of insurance are identified by management; and

(ii) reasonable and effective mitigation measures are in place; or

(2) request, from any member of an internationally active insurance group subject to the commissioner's supervision, information necessary and appropriate to assess enterprise risk, including but not limited to information about the members of the internationally active insurance group regarding:

(i) governance, risk assessment, and management;

(ii) capital adequacy; and

(iii) material intercompany transactions;

(3) coordinate and, through the authority of the regulatory officials of the jurisdictions where members of the internationally active insurance group are domiciled, compel development and implementation of reasonable measures designed to ensure that the internationally active insurance group is able to timely recognize and mitigate enterprise risks to members of ~~such~~ the internationally active insurance group that are engaged in the business of insurance;

(4) communicate with other state, federal and international regulatory agencies for members within the internationally active insurance group and share relevant information subject to the confidentiality provisions of section 60D.22, through supervisory colleges as set forth in section 60D.215 or otherwise;

(5) enter into agreements with or obtain documentation from any insurer registered under section 60D.19, any member of the internationally active insurance group, and any other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies for members of the internationally active insurance group, providing the basis for or otherwise clarifying the commissioner's role as groupwide supervisor, including provisions for resolving disputes with other regulatory officials. ~~Such~~ Agreements or documentation under this clause shall not serve as evidence in any proceeding that any insurer or person within an insurance holding company system not domiciled or incorporated in this state is doing business in this state or is otherwise subject to jurisdiction in this state; and

(6) other groupwide supervision activities, consistent with the authorities and purposes enumerated above, as considered necessary by the commissioner.

(f) If the commissioner acknowledges that another regulatory official from a jurisdiction that is not accredited by the NAIC is the groupwide supervisor, the commissioner is authorized to reasonably cooperate, through supervisory colleges or otherwise, with groupwide supervision undertaken by the groupwide supervisor, provided that:

(1) the commissioner's cooperation is in compliance with the laws of this state; and

(2) the regulatory official acknowledged as the groupwide supervisor also recognizes and cooperates with the commissioner's activities as a groupwide supervisor for other internationally active insurance groups where applicable. Where ~~such~~ recognition and cooperation by the groupwide supervisor is not reasonably reciprocal, the commissioner is authorized to refuse recognition and cooperation.

(g) The commissioner is authorized to enter into agreements with or obtain documentation from any insurer registered under section 60D.19, any affiliate of the insurer, and other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies for members of the internationally active

21.1 insurance group, that provide the basis for or otherwise clarify a regulatory official's role
21.2 as groupwide supervisor.

21.3 (h) A registered insurer subject to this section shall be liable for and shall pay the
21.4 reasonable expenses of the commissioner's participation in the administration of this section,
21.5 including the engagement of attorneys, actuaries, and any other professionals and all
21.6 reasonable travel expenses.

21.7 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

21.8 Subdivision 1. **Classification protection and use of information by commissioner.** (a)
21.9 Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control of the department
21.10 that are obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in the course of
21.11 an examination or investigation made pursuant to section 60D.21 and all information reported
21.12 pursuant to sections 60D.17, except as provided in section 60D.17, subdivision 1, paragraph
21.13 (e); ~~60D.18; 60D.19; and 60D.20;~~ and 60D.217, are classified as confidential or protected
21.14 nonpublic or both, are not subject to subpoena, and are not subject to discovery or admissible
21.15 in evidence in a private civil action. However, the commissioner may use the documents,
21.16 materials, or other information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought
21.17 as a part of the commissioner's official duties. The commissioner shall not otherwise make
21.18 the documents, materials, or other information public without the prior written consent of
21.19 the insurer to which it pertains unless the commissioner, after giving the insurer and its
21.20 affiliates who would be affected by this action notice and opportunity to be heard, determines
21.21 that the interest of policyholders, shareholders, or the public ~~will be~~ is served by the
21.22 publication of it, in which event the commissioner may publish all or any part in the manner
21.23 the commissioner deems appropriate.

21.24 (b) For purposes of the information reported and provided to the department pursuant
21.25 to section 60D.19, subdivision 11b, the commissioner must maintain the confidentiality of
21.26 the group capital calculation and group capital ratio produced within the calculation and
21.27 any group capital information received from an insurance holding company supervised by
21.28 the Federal Reserve Board or any United States groupwide supervisor.

21.29 (c) For purposes of the information reported and provided to the department pursuant
21.30 to section 60D.19, subdivision 11c, the commissioner must maintain the confidentiality of
21.31 the liquidity stress test results and supporting disclosures and any liquidity stress test
21.32 information received from an insurance holding company supervised by the Federal Reserve
21.33 Board and non-United States groupwide supervisors.

22.1 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.22, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

22.2 Subd. 3. **Sharing of information.** In order to assist in the performance of the
22.3 commissioner's duties, the commissioner:

22.4 (1) may share documents, materials, or other information, including the confidential,
22.5 protected nonpublic, and privileged documents, materials, or information subject to this
22.6 section, including proprietary and trade secret documents and materials, with: (i) other state,
22.7 federal, and international regulatory agencies, ~~with~~; (ii) the NAIC ~~and its affiliates and~~
22.8 ~~subsidiaries~~; (iii) any third-party consultants designated by the commissioner; and ~~with~~
22.9 (iv) state, federal, and international law enforcement authorities, including members of any
22.10 supervisory college described in section 60D.215, provided that the recipient agrees in
22.11 writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material, or
22.12 other information, and has verified in writing the legal authority to maintain confidentiality;

22.13 (2) notwithstanding clause (1), may only share confidential, protected nonpublic, and
22.14 privileged documents, materials, or information reported pursuant to section 60D.19,
22.15 subdivision 11a, with commissioners of states having statutes or regulations substantially
22.16 similar to subdivision 1 and who have agreed in writing not to disclose this information;

22.17 (3) may receive documents, materials, or information, including otherwise confidential
22.18 and privileged documents, materials, or information from the NAIC ~~and its~~ the NAIC's
22.19 affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other foreign
22.20 or domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as confidential, protected nonpublic, or
22.21 privileged any document, material, or information received with notice or the understanding
22.22 that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the
22.23 document, material, or information; and

22.24 (4) shall enter into written agreements with the NAIC and a third-party consultant
22.25 designated by the commissioner governing sharing and use of information provided pursuant
22.26 to sections 60D.15 to 60D.29 consistent with this clause that shall:

22.27 (i) specify procedures and protocols regarding the confidentiality and security of
22.28 information shared with the NAIC ~~and its affiliates and subsidiaries~~ or a third-party consultant
22.29 designated by the commissioner pursuant to sections 60D.15 to 60D.29, including procedures
22.30 and protocols for sharing by the NAIC with other state, federal, or international regulators.
22.31 The agreement must provide that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality
22.32 and privileged status of the documents, materials, or other information, and has verified in
22.33 writing the legal authority to maintain confidentiality;

(ii) specify that ownership of information shared with the NAIC ~~and its affiliates and subsidiaries~~ or a third-party consultant pursuant to sections 60D.15 to 60D.29 remains with the commissioner and the NAIC's or a third-party consultant's, as designated by the commissioner, use of the information is subject to the direction of the commissioner;

(iii) excluding documents, material, or information reported pursuant to section 60D.19, subdivision 11c, prohibit the NAIC or a third-party consultant designated by the commissioner from storing the information shared pursuant to sections 60D.15 to 60D.29 in a permanent database after the underlying analysis is completed;

~~(iii)~~ (iv) require prompt notice to be given to an insurer whose confidential or protected nonpublic information in the possession of the NAIC or a third-party consultant designated by the commissioner pursuant to sections 60D.15 to 60D.29 is subject to a request or subpoena to the NAIC or a third-party consultant designated by the commissioner for disclosure or production; ~~and~~

~~(iv)~~ (v) require the NAIC ~~and its affiliates and subsidiaries~~ or a third-party consultant designated by the commissioner to consent to intervention by an insurer in any judicial or administrative action in which the NAIC ~~and its affiliates and subsidiaries~~ or a third-party consultant designated by the commissioner may be required to disclose confidential or protected nonpublic information about the insurer shared with the NAIC ~~and its affiliates and subsidiaries~~ or a third-party consultant designated by the commissioner pursuant to sections 60D.15 to 60D.29; and

(vi) for documents, material, or information reported pursuant to section 60D.19, subdivision 11c, in the case of an agreement involving a third-party consultant, provide for notification of the identity of the consultant to the applicable insurers.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.22, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Classification protection and use by others.** Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control of the NAIC or a third-party consultant designated by the commissioner pursuant to sections 60D.15 to 60D.29 are confidential, protected nonpublic, or privileged, are not subject to subpoena, and are not subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in a private civil action.

24.1 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.22, is amended by adding a subdivision to
24.2 read:

24.3 Subd. 7. **Certain disclosures or publication prohibited.** (a) The group capital calculation
24.4 and resulting group capital ratio required under section 60D.19, subdivision 11b, and the
24.5 liquidity stress test along with the liquidity stress test's results and supporting disclosures
24.6 required under section 60D.19, subdivision 11c, are regulatory tools to assess group risks
24.7 and capital adequacy and group liquidity risks, respectively, and are not intended as a means
24.8 to rank insurers or insurance holding company systems generally.

24.9 (b) Except as otherwise required under sections 60D.09 to 60D.29, making, publishing,
24.10 disseminating, circulating, or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly to
24.11 be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public in a newspaper,
24.12 magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster,
24.13 or over any radio, television station, or any electronic means of communication available
24.14 to the public, or in any other way as an advertisement, announcement, or statement containing
24.15 a representation or statement with regard to the group capital calculation, group capital ratio,
24.16 the liquidity stress test results, or supporting disclosures for the liquidity stress test of any
24.17 insurer or any insurer group, or of any component derived in the calculation by any insurer,
24.18 broker, or other person engaged in any manner in the insurance business is misleading and
24.19 is prohibited.

24.20 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), an insurer may publish an announcement in a written
24.21 publication if any materially false statement with respect to the group capital calculation,
24.22 resulting group capital ratio, an inappropriate comparison of any amount to an insurer's or
24.23 insurance group's group capital calculation or resulting group capital ratio, liquidity stress
24.24 test result, supporting disclosures for the liquidity stress test, or an inappropriate comparison
24.25 of any amount to an insurer's or insurance group's liquidity stress test result or supporting
24.26 disclosures is published in any written publication and the insurer is able to demonstrate to
24.27 the commissioner with substantial proof the statement's falsity or inappropriateness. The
24.28 sole purpose of an announcement under this paragraph must be to rebut the materially false
24.29 statement.

24.30 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.24, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

24.31 **Subd. 2. Voting of securities; when prohibited.** No security that is the subject of any
24.32 agreement or arrangement regarding acquisition, or that is acquired or to be acquired, in
24.33 contravention of the provisions of this chapter or of any rule or order issued by the
24.34 commissioner may be voted at any shareholder's meeting, or may be counted for quorum

purposes, and any action of shareholders requiring the affirmative vote of a percentage of shares may be taken as though the securities were not issued and outstanding. No action taken at the meeting shall be invalidated by the voting of the securities, unless the action would materially affect control of the insurer or unless the courts of this state have so ordered. If an insurer or the commissioner has reason to believe that any security of the insurer has been or is about to be acquired in contravention of the provisions of this chapter or of any rule or order issued by the commissioner, the insurer or the commissioner may apply to the district court for the county in which the insurer has its principal place of business to enjoin any offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition made in contravention of section ~~60D.16~~ 60D.17 or any rule or order issued by the commissioner to enjoin the voting of any security so acquired, to void any vote of the security already cast at any meeting of shareholders and for other equitable relief as the nature of the case and the interest of the insurer's policyholders or the public requires.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60D.25, is amended to read:

60D.25 RECEIVERSHIP.

Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any person has committed a violation of this chapter that so impairs the financial condition of a domestic insurer as to threaten insolvency or make the further transaction of business by it hazardous to its policyholders, creditors, shareholders, or the public, ~~then~~ the commissioner may proceed as provided in chapter 60B to take possessions of the property of the domestic insurer and to conduct the business of ~~that~~ the domestic insurer.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 62D.221, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. **Exception.** Notwithstanding subdivision 1, health maintenance organizations are not subject to oversight under this section with respect to section 60D.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses (7) to (9), and paragraph (f).

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 334.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Contracts of \$100,000 or more.** Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, except as stated in section 58.137, and with respect to ~~contracts~~ a conventional loan or contract for deed, section 47.20, subdivision 4a, no limitation on the rate or amount of interest, points, finance charges, fees, or other charges applies to a loan, mortgage, credit sale, or advance made under a written contract, signed by the debtor, for the extension of

- 26.1 credit to the debtor in the amount of \$100,000 or more, or any written extension and other
- 26.2 written modification of the written contract. The written contract, written extension, and
- 26.3 written modification are exempt from the other provisions of this chapter.