

April 7, 2025

Chair Matt Klein
Ranking Minority Member Gary Dahms
Senate Commerce and Consumer Protection Committee
G-15, Capitol
St. Paul, MN 55155

## Re: Support for SF 2216 DE – Lines 85.6 – 85.9 re PFAS/Internal Components

Dear Chair Klein, Ranking Minority Member Dahms, and Members of the Committee:

On behalf of the Complex Product Manufacturers Coalition (CPMC), we'd like to express our support for inclusion of the provisions on line 85.6 – 85.9 of the DE to SF 2216, allowing the sale and distribution of products that contain intentionally added PFAS only in internal components that do not come in direct contact with a person's skin or mouth during reasonably foreseeable use.

The Complex Product Manufacturers Coalition (CPMC) is a multi-stakeholder group dedicated to driving positive change in policymaking for sensible PFAS management. CMPC actively engages with policymakers to promote sustainable, science-based solutions. CMPC advocates for policies that protect human health and the environment while supporting the jobs and products that are essential to our society's well being.

CPMC members assemble up to thousands of parts, components, and raw materials to manufacture products that are frequently referred to as "complex products" or "complex durable goods." These include industrial, commercial, and consumer products such as appliances, batteries, communication devices, electrical and power transmission and distribution equipment, electronics, HVACR-WH systems, lighting, outdoor power equipment, vehicles, and vessels, as well as their components and replacement parts. Complex products are used to support nearly every major sector in the nation, providing critical and often life-saving services upon which our modern society depends.

In most cases, complex products incorporate PFAS in internal components that are essential to the product's ability to function properly and are often part of an internal part. Being encased in the product interior means that any components that may include PFAS in their design are not accessible to consumers and therefore have little to no risk of exposure. Furthermore, products are bound by stringent safety and environmental protocols. Lastly, complex goods have well-established recycling frameworks, thus reducing the risk of exposure at end-of-life.

In the last 70 years, the PFAS family has grown to over 12,000 unique chemicals that have become an integral component of many critical products on which society relies. Because PFAS have been so successful in the services they provide, over the decades there has been little development of feasible alternatives. For most complex products, there are few if any known substitutes.

Finding and implementing chemical alternatives presents challenges to the regulated community, a problem that is magnified for complex products which typically have up to thousands of components. Complex products must meet strict, uniform design standards due to performance, safety, and other

considerations. Even simple chemical substitutions can take years and cost millions of dollars. The chemical substitution process requires identifying chemicals throughout shifting global supply chains (PFAS levels at less than 0.1% by weight of the final product, are usually untraceable in the supply chain), finding an alternative (if one is available), and initiating the lengthy and resource-intensive process of product redesign, which must ultimately ensure these products still meet existing regulations, safety requirements, and consumer expectations.

Due to the complexities of multi-tiered international supply chains, lengthy product development lead times, difficulties in finding suitable alternatives, and other complexities, manufacturers of complex durable goods are burdened by chemical bans beyond most of the regulated community. It is important that policymakers acknowledge this unique segment of industry and the challenges they face.

For the reasons outlined above, CMPC thanks you for the inclusions of line 85.6 – 85.9 and encourages members to support these provisions. Should you have any question or would like to discuss the positive impact of these provisions further, please contact Stacy Tatman at <a href="mailto:statman@wiley.law">statman@wiley.law</a> or 202-875-4352.

Best regards,

Stacy Tatman

Stacy Tatman
Executive Director
Complex Product Manufacturers Coalition