04/15/24	SENATEE	LB	SS2026R-1

Senator Latz from the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 2026: A bill for an act relating to transportation; authorizing traffic safety
camera enforcement in certain specified areas; providing for public engagement and notice;
creating a pilot program; imposing petty misdemeanor penalties; classifying and providing
requirements for traffic safety camera data; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending
Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 13.6905, by adding a subdivision; 13.824, subdivision
1, by adding a subdivision; 134A.09, subdivision 1; 134A.10, subdivision 1; 169.011, by
adding subdivisions; 169.04; 169.06, by adding subdivisions; 169.14, subdivision 10, by
adding subdivisions; 169.99, subdivision 1; 171.12, by adding a subdivision; 171.16,
subdivision 3; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 357.021, subdivision 6;
proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 169.

- Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:
- Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

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- "Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.6905, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 38. Traffic safety camera data. Data related to traffic safety cameras are governed
 by section 169.147, subdivisions 14 to 16.
- 1.19 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.824, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definition** <u>Definitions</u>. As used in (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.
 - (b) "Automated license plate reader" means an electronic device mounted on a law enforcement vehicle or positioned in a stationary location that is capable of recording data on, or taking a photograph of, a vehicle or its license plate and comparing the collected data and photographs to existing law enforcement databases for investigative purposes. Automated license plate reader includes a device that is owned or operated by a person who is not a government entity to the extent that data collected by the reader are shared with a law enforcement agency. Automated license plate reader does not include a traffic safety camera system.
- 1.30 (c) "Traffic safety camera system" has the meaning given in section 169.011, subdivision
 1.31 85a.
- 1.32 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.824, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 2a. Limitations; certain camera systems. A person must not use a traffic safety
 camera system for purposes of this section.

Sec. 3.

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Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 134A.09, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2a. **Petty misdemeanor cases and criminal convictions; fee assessment.** (a) In Hennepin County and Ramsey County, the district court administrator or a designee may, upon the recommendation of the board of trustees and by standing order of the judges of the district court, include in the costs or disbursements assessed against a defendant convicted in the district court of the violation of a statute or municipal ordinance, a county law library fee. This fee may be collected in all petty misdemeanor cases and criminal prosecutions in which, upon conviction, the defendant may be subject to the payment of the costs or disbursements in addition to a fine or other penalty. When a defendant is convicted of more than one offense in a case, the county law library fee shall be imposed only once in that case.

- 2.12 (b) The law library fee does not apply to a citation issued pursuant to sections 169.06, subdivision 10, and 169.14, subdivision 13.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 134A.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. Petty misdemeanor cases and criminal convictions; fee assessment. (a) The judge of district court may, upon the recommendation of the board of trustees and by standing order, include in the costs or disbursements assessed against a defendant convicted in the district court of the violation of any statute or municipal ordinance, in all petty misdemeanor cases and criminal prosecutions in which, upon conviction, the defendant may be subject to the payment of the costs or disbursements in addition to a fine or other penalty a county law library fee. When a defendant is convicted of more than one offense in a case, the county law library fee shall be imposed only once in that case. The item of costs or disbursements may not be assessed for any offense committed prior to the establishment of the county law library.
- 2.25 (b) The law library fee does not apply to citations issued pursuant to sections 169.06, subdivision 10, and 169.14, subdivision 13.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168B.035, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 2.28 Subd. 3. **Towing prohibited.** (a) A towing authority may not tow a motor vehicle because:
- 2.30 (1) the vehicle has expired registration tabs that have been expired for less than 90 days;
 2.31 or

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3.1	(2) the vehicle is at a parking meter on which the time has expired and the vehicle has
3.2	fewer than five unpaid parking tickets; or
3.3	(3) the vehicle is identified in conjunction with a citation to the vehicle owner or lessee
3.4	for (i) a violation under section 169.06, subdivision 10, or (ii) a violation under section
3.5	169.14, subdivision 13.
3.6	(b) A towing authority may tow a motor vehicle, notwithstanding paragraph (a), if:
3.7	(1) the vehicle is parked in violation of snow emergency regulations;
3.8	(2) the vehicle is parked in a rush-hour restricted parking area;
3.9	(3) the vehicle is blocking a driveway, alley, or fire hydrant;
3.10	(4) the vehicle is parked in a bus lane, or at a bus stop, during hours when parking is
3.11	prohibited;
3.12	(5) the vehicle is parked within 30 feet of a stop sign and visually blocking the stop sign;
3.13	(6) the vehicle is parked in a disability transfer zone or disability parking space without
3.14	a disability parking certificate or disability license plates;
3.15	(7) the vehicle is parked in an area that has been posted for temporary restricted parking
3.16	(i) at least 12 hours in advance in a home rule charter or statutory city having a population
3.17	under 50,000, or (ii) at least 24 hours in advance in another political subdivision;
3.18	(8) the vehicle is parked within the right-of-way of a controlled-access highway or within
3.19	the traveled portion of a public street when travel is allowed there;
3.20	(9) the vehicle is unlawfully parked in a zone that is restricted by posted signs to use by
3.21	fire, police, public safety, or emergency vehicles;
3.22	(10) the vehicle is unlawfully parked on property at the Minneapolis-St. Paul International
3.23	Airport owned by the Metropolitan Airports Commission;
3.24	(11) a law enforcement official has probable cause to believe that the vehicle is stolen,
3.25	or that the vehicle constitutes or contains evidence of a crime and impoundment is reasonably
3.26	necessary to obtain or preserve the evidence;
3.27	(12) the driver, operator, or person in physical control of the vehicle is taken into custody
3.28	and the vehicle is impounded for safekeeping;
3.29	(13) a law enforcement official has probable cause to believe that the owner, operator,
3.30	or person in physical control of the vehicle has failed to respond to five or more citations
3.31	for parking or traffic offenses;

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(14) the vehicle is unlawfully parked in a zone that is restricted by posted signs to use 4.1 by taxicabs; 4.2 (15) the vehicle is unlawfully parked and prevents egress by a lawfully parked vehicle; 4.3 (16) the vehicle is parked, on a school day during prohibited hours, in a school zone on 4.4 a public street where official signs prohibit parking; or 4.5 (17) the vehicle is a junk, abandoned, or unauthorized vehicle, as defined in section 4.6 168B.011, and subject to immediate removal under this chapter. 4.7 (c) A violation under section 169.06, subdivision 10, or 169.14, subdivision 13, is not 4.8 a traffic offense under paragraph (b), clause (13). 4.9 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.011, is amended by adding a subdivision to 4.10 read: 4.11 Subd. 62b. Red light camera system. "Red light camera system" means an electronic 4.12 system of one or more cameras or other motor vehicle sensors that is specifically designed 4.13 to automatically produce recorded images of a motor vehicle operated in violation of a 4.14 traffic-control signal, including related information technology for recorded image storage, 4.15 retrieval, and transmission. 4.16 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.011, is amended by adding a subdivision to 4.17 read: 4.18 Subd. 77a. Speed safety camera system. "Speed safety camera system" means an 4.19 electronic system of one or more cameras or other motor vehicle sensors that is specifically 4.20 designed to automatically produce recorded images of a motor vehicle operated in violation 4.21 of the speed limit, including related information technology for recorded image storage, 4.22 retrieval, and transmission. 4.23 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.011, is amended by adding a subdivision to 4.24 read: 4.25 Subd. 85a. Traffic safety camera system. "Traffic safety camera system" means a red 4.26

light camera system, a speed safety camera system, or both in combination.

Sec. 9. 4

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Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.04, is amended to read:

169.04 LOCAL AUTHORITY.

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- (a) The provisions of this chapter shall not be deemed to prevent local authorities, with respect to streets and highways under their jurisdiction, and with the consent of the commissioner, with respect to state trunk highways, within the corporate limits of a municipality, or within the limits of a town in a county in this state now having or which may hereafter have, a population of 500,000 or more, and a land area of not more than 600 square miles, and within the reasonable exercise of the police power from:
 - (1) regulating the standing or parking of vehicles;
 - (2) regulating traffic by means of police officers or traffic-control signals;
- (3) regulating or prohibiting processions or assemblages on the highways;
 - (4) designating particular highways as one-way roadways and requiring that all vehicles, except emergency vehicles, when on an emergency run, thereon be moved in one specific direction;
 - (5) designating any highway as a through highway and requiring that all vehicles stop before entering or crossing the same, or designating any intersection as a stop intersection, and requiring all vehicles to stop at one or more entrances to such intersections;
 - (6) restricting the use of highways as authorized in sections 169.80 to 169.88-;
- 5.19 (7) regulating speed limits through the use of a speed safety camera system implemented 5.20 under section 169.147; and
- 5.21 (8) regulating traffic control through the use of a red light camera system implemented under section 169.147.
 - (b) No ordinance or regulation enacted under paragraph (a), clause (4), (5), or (6), shall be effective until signs giving notice of such local traffic regulations are posted upon and kept posted upon or at the entrance to the highway or part thereof affected as may be most appropriate.
 - (c) No ordinance or regulation enacted under paragraph (a), clause (3), or any other provision of law shall prohibit:
- 5.29 (1) the use of motorcycles or vehicles utilizing flashing red lights for the purpose of 5.30 escorting funeral processions, oversize buildings, heavy equipment, parades or similar 5.31 processions or assemblages on the highways; or

Sec. 10. 5

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(2) the use of motorcycles or vehicles that are owned by the funeral home and that utilize 6.1 flashing red lights for the purpose of escorting funeral processions. 6.2 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to 6.3 read: 6.4 Subd. 10. Red light camera; penalty. (a) Subject to subdivision 11, if a motor vehicle 6.5 is operated in violation of a traffic-control signal and the violation is identified through the 6.6 use of a red light camera system implemented under section 169.147, the owner of the 6.7 vehicle or the lessee of the vehicle is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and must pay a fine of 6.8 6.9 \$40. (b) A person who commits a first offense under paragraph (a) must be given a warning 6.10 and is not subject to a fine or conviction under paragraph (a). A person who commits a 6.11 second offense under paragraph (a) is eligible for diversion, which must include a traffic 6.12 safety course established under section 169.147, subdivision 11. A person who enters 6.13 diversion and completes the traffic safety course is not subject to a fine or conviction under 6.14 paragraph (a). 6.15 6.16 (c) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 2025, and before June 1, 2029. 6.17 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to 6.18 read: 6.19 Subd. 11. Red light camera; limitations. (a) An owner or lessee of a motor vehicle is 6.20 not subject to a fine or conviction under subdivision 10 if any of the conditions under section 6.21 169.14, subdivision 14, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (6), are met. 6.22 (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under subdivision 6.23 6.24 10 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 10 does not constitute grounds for revocation 6.25 or suspension of a person's driver's license. 6.26 (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 2025, and before 6.27 June 1, 2029. 6.28 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.14, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 6.29

Subd. 10. **Radar; speed-measuring device; standards of evidence.** (a) In any prosecution in which the rate of speed of a motor vehicle is relevant, evidence of the speed

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as indicated on radar or other speed-measuring device, including but not limited to a speed safety camera system, is admissible in evidence, subject to the following conditions:

- (1) the officer or traffic enforcement agent under section 169.147 operating the device has sufficient training to properly operate the equipment;
- (2) the officer or traffic enforcement agent testifies as to the manner in which the device was set up and operated;
- 7.7 (3) the device was operated with minimal distortion or interference from outside sources; 7.8 and
- 7.9 (4) the device was tested by an accurate and reliable external mechanism, method, or 7.10 system at the time it was set up.
 - (b) Records of tests made of such devices and kept in the regular course of operations of any law enforcement agency are admissible in evidence without further foundation as to the results of the tests. The records shall be available to a defendant upon demand. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to preclude or interfere with cross examination or impeachment of evidence of the rate of speed as indicated on the radar or speed-measuring device.
- 7.17 (c) Evidence from a speed safety camera system may be used solely for a citation or prosecution for a violation under subdivision 13.
- 7.19 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 13. Speed safety camera; penalty. (a) Subject to subdivision 14, if a motor vehicle is operated in violation of a speed limit and the violation is identified through the use of a speed safety camera system implemented under section 169.147, the owner of the vehicle or the lessee of the vehicle is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and must pay a fine of:
- 7.25 (1) \$40; or

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- 7.26 (2) \$80, if the violation is for a speed at least 20 miles per hour in excess of the speed
 7.27 limit.
- (b) A person who commits a first offense under paragraph (a) must be given a warning
 and is not subject to a fine or conviction under paragraph (a). A person who commits a
 second offense under paragraph (a) is eligible for diversion, which must include a traffic
 safety course established under section 169.147, subdivision 11. A person who enters

Sec. 14. 7

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paragraph (a). (c) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.14, is amended by adding a second: Subd. 14. Speed safety camera; limitations. (a) An owner or lessee of a is not subject to a fine or conviction under subdivision 13 if: (1) the vehicle was stolen at the time of the violation; (2) a transfer of interest in the vehicle in compliance with section 168A.1 before the time of the violation; (3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identical and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performation duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecute that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds 1 or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following the meanings given.	ety course is not subject to a fine or conviction under
Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.14, is amended by adding a second: Subd. 14. Speed safety camera; limitations. (a) An owner or lessee of a is not subject to a fine or conviction under subdivision 13 if: (1) the vehicle was stolen at the time of the violation; (2) a transfer of interest in the vehicle in compliance with section 168A.1 before the time of the violation; (3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identificant and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performate duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecute that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds to or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI	
Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.14, is amended by adding a section 169.14. Speed safety camera; limitations. (a) An owner or lessee of a sign not subject to a fine or conviction under subdivision 13 if: (1) the vehicle was stolen at the time of the violation; (2) a transfer of interest in the vehicle in compliance with section 168A.1 before the time of the violation; (3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identificant and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performate duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecute that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds 10 or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PIL	ations committed on or after June 1, 2025, and before
Subd. 14. Speed safety camera; limitations. (a) An owner or lessee of a is not subject to a fine or conviction under subdivision 13 if: (1) the vehicle was stolen at the time of the violation; (2) a transfer of interest in the vehicle in compliance with section 168A.1 before the time of the violation; (3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identificant and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performation duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecute that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds to or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following	
Subd. 14. Speed safety camera; limitations. (a) An owner or lessee of a is not subject to a fine or conviction under subdivision 13 if: (1) the vehicle was stolen at the time of the violation; (2) a transfer of interest in the vehicle in compliance with section 168A.1 before the time of the violation; (3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identificant and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performation duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecute that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds to or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following	ection 169 14 is amended by adding a subdivision to
is not subject to a fine or conviction under subdivision 13 if: (1) the vehicle was stolen at the time of the violation; (2) a transfer of interest in the vehicle in compliance with section 168A.1 before the time of the violation; (3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identificant and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performated duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecuted that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds to or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following	ction 109.11, is unreliated by adding a subdivision to
is not subject to a fine or conviction under subdivision 13 if: (1) the vehicle was stolen at the time of the violation; (2) a transfer of interest in the vehicle in compliance with section 168A.1 before the time of the violation; (3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identificant and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performated duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecuted that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds to or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following	mitations. (a) An owner or lessee of a motor vehicle
(1) the vehicle was stolen at the time of the violation; (2) a transfer of interest in the vehicle in compliance with section 168A.1 before the time of the violation; (3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identificant and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performate duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecute that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds if or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI	
(2) a transfer of interest in the vehicle in compliance with section 168A.1 before the time of the violation; (3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identical and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performation duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecute that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds to or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI	
before the time of the violation; (3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identical and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performation duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecut that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds to or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following	
(3) the vehicle owner is a lessor of the motor vehicle, and the lessor identificand and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performate duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecute that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds to or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI	icle in compliance with section 168A.10 was made
and address of the lessee; (4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performa duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecut that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds to or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PICE. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following	
(4) the vehicle is an authorized emergency vehicle operated in the performa duties at the time of the violation; (5) another person is convicted, within the meaning under section 171.01 29, for the same violation; or (6) the vehicle owner provides a sworn statement to the court or prosecut that they were not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. (b) The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may not be issued a citation under 13 and under another subdivision in this section for the same conduct. (c) A fine or conviction under subdivision 13 does not constitute grounds to or suspension of a person's driver's license. (d) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 202 June 1, 2029. Sec. 16. [169.147] TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PI	the motor vehicle, and the lessor identifies the name
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	ETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT PROGRAM.
	r purposes of this section, the following terms have
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(b) "Camera-based traffic enforcement" means enforcement of traffic control through	<u>gh</u>
the use of a red light camera system, speed limits through the use of a speed safety camera system.	<u>nera</u>
system, or both.	
(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of transportation.	
(d) "Commissioners" means the commissioner of transportation as the lead in coordinate	tion
with the commissioner of public safety.	
(e) "Implementing authority" means the commissioners, with respect to trunk highway	ays,
and any local authority that implements camera-based traffic enforcement under this sect	ion.
(f) "Local authority" means a local unit of government authorized under the pilot progr	ram
as provided under subdivision 2.	
(g) "Monitoring site" means a location at which a traffic safety camera system is pla	iced
and operated under this section.	
(h) "Pilot program" means the traffic safety camera pilot program established in thi	S
section.	
(i) "Traffic enforcement agent" means a licensed peace officer or an employee of a lo	ocal
authority who is designated as provided in this section.	
Subd. 2. Pilot program establishment. (a) In conformance with this section, the	
commissioner of transportation, in coordination with the commissioner of public safety	<u>y,</u>
must establish a traffic safety camera pilot program that provides for education and	
enforcement of speeding violations, traffic-control signal violations, or both in conjunct	tion
with use of traffic safety camera systems.	
(b) The authority for camera-based traffic enforcement under the pilot program is lim	ited
to June 1, 2025, to May 31, 2029.	
(c) Only the following may implement camera-based traffic enforcement under the p	oilot
program:	
(1) the commissioners, as provided under paragraph (d);	
(2) the city of Minneapolis, as provided under paragraph (e);	
(3) the city of Mendota Heights;	
(4) one statutory or home rule charter city or town located outside of a metropolitar	n
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county, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4, as determined by the commission and	er;

	(5) one county, as determined by the commissioner.
	(d) Under the pilot program, the commissioners must, beginning June 1, 2025, commence
<u>.</u>	enforcement of speeding violations in trunk highway work zones as specified under
<u>:</u>	subdivision 6, paragraph (f).
	(e) The city of Minneapolis is prohibited from implementing the pilot program or
•	camera-based traffic enforcement through or in substantive coordination with the city's
]	police department.
	Subd. 3. Local authority requirements. Prior to implementation of camera-based traffic
•	enforcement, a local authority must:
	(1) incorporate both camera-based traffic enforcement and additional strategies designed
1	to improve traffic safety in a local traffic safety action plan, transportation plan, or
•	comprehensive plan;
	(2) notify the commissioner; and
	(3) review and ensure compliance with the requirements under this section.
	Subd. 4. Traffic safety camera system requirements. (a) By May 1, 2025, the
•	commissioners must establish traffic safety camera system standards that include:
	(1) recording and data requirements as specified in subdivision 15;
	(2) requirements for monitoring site signage in conformance with the requirements under
•	subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (3);
	(3) procedures for traffic safety camera system placement in conformance with the
1	requirements under subdivision 6;
	(4) training and qualification of individuals to inspect and calibrate a traffic safety camera
:	system;
	(5) procedures for initial calibration of the traffic safety camera system prior to
(deployment; and
	(6) requirements for regular traffic safety camera system inspection and maintenance
1	by a qualified individual.
	(b) Prior to establishing the standards under paragraph (a), the commissioners must
-	solicit review and comments and consider any comments received.
	(c) An implementing authority must follow the requirements and standards established
1	under this subdivision.

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	Subd. 5. Public engagement and notice. (a) The commissioner and each implementing
au	thority must maintain information on their respective websites that, at a minimum:
	(1) summarizes implementation of traffic safety camera systems under the pilot program;
	(2) provides each camera system impact study performed by the implementing authority
<u>un</u>	der subdivision 6, paragraph (b);
	(3) provides information and procedures for a person to contest a citation under the pilot
pro	ogram; and
	(4) identifies the current geographic locations of camera-based traffic enforcement that
are	e under the jurisdiction of the implementing authority.
	(b) An implementing authority must:
	(1) implement a general public engagement and information campaign prior to
co	mmencing camera-based speed enforcement under the pilot program;
	(2) perform public engagement as part of conducting a camera system impact study
un	der subdivision 6, paragraph (b); and
	(3) place conspicuous signage prior to the motorist arrival at each monitoring site, which
mι	<u>ist:</u>
	(i) notify motor vehicle operators of the use of a traffic safety camera system to detect
vic	plations; and
	(ii) if a speed safety camera is in use, identify the speed limit.
	(c) Public engagement under paragraph (b) must include but is not limited to:
	(1) outreach to populations that are traditionally underrepresented in public policy or
pla	nning processes;
	(2) consolidation and analysis of public feedback; and
	(3) creation of an engagement summary that identifies public feedback and the resulting
im	pacts on implementation of camera-based traffic enforcement.
	Subd. 6. Placement requirements. (a) A local authority with fewer than 10,000 residents
ma	y place no more than one traffic safety camera system, whether the camera system is
act	tivated or inactive. A local authority with at least 10,000 residents may place no more
tha	an one traffic safety camera system per 10,000 residents, whether the camera system is
act	tivated or inactive. An implementing authority may move the location of a traffic safety
cai	mera system if the placement requirements under this subdivision are met.

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12.1	(b) An implementing authority may only place a traffic safety camera system in
12.2	conformance with the results of a camera system impact study. At a minimum, the study
12.3	must:
12.4	(1) include evaluation of crash rates and severity, vehicle speed, equity, and traffic safety
12.5	treatment alternatives;
12.6	(2) identify traffic safety camera system locations; and
12.7	(3) explain how the locations comply with the placement requirements under paragraph
12.8	<u>(d).</u>
12.9	(c) An implementing authority may only place a traffic safety camera system:
12.10	(1) in a trunk highway work zone; or
12.11	(2) at a location that:
12.12	(i) is within 2,000 feet of (A) a public or nonpublic school, (B) a school zone established
12.13	under section 169.14, subdivision 5a, or (C) a public or private postsecondary institution;
12.14	and
12.15	(ii) has an identified traffic safety concern, as indicated by crash or law enforcement
12.16	data, safety plans, or other documentation.
12.17	(d) An implementing authority that places more than one traffic safety camera system
12.18	must ensure that the cameras are placed in geographically distinct areas and in multiple
12.19	communities with differing socioeconomic conditions.
12.20	(e) An implementing authority may place a traffic safety camera system on a street or
12.21	highway that is not under its jurisdiction only upon approval by the road authority that has
12.22	jurisdiction.
12.23	(f) The commissioner must establish monitoring sites on at least two trunk highway
12.24	work zone segments.
12.25	Subd. 7. Traffic-control devices. (a) An implementing authority must not adjust the
12.26	change interval for the steady yellow indication in a traffic-control signal:
12.27	(1) for one month prior to beginning to operate a red light camera system at the associated
12.28	intersection; or
12.29	(2) during the period that the red light camera system is operated at the associated
12.30	intersection.

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13.1	(b) The yellow change interval for a traffic-control signal that is subject to paragraph
13.2	(a) must meet or exceed the standards and guidance specified in the manual on uniform
13.3	traffic-control devices adopted under section 169.06, subdivision 1.
13.4	(c) An implementing authority that adjusts the yellow change interval for a traffic-control
13.5	signal at an intersection where a red light camera system is being operated must deactivate
13.6	the red light camera system and subsequently meet the requirements under paragraph (a).
13.7	Subd. 8. Traffic enforcement agents. (a) An implementing authority may designate
13.8	one or more permanent employees of the authority, who is not a licensed peace officer, as
13.9	a traffic enforcement agent. A licensed peace officer is a traffic enforcement agent and is
13.10	not required to be designated under this subdivision. An employee of a private entity may
13.11	not be designated as a traffic enforcement agent.
13.12	(b) An implementing authority must ensure that a traffic enforcement agent is properly
13.13	trained in the use of equipment and the requirements governing traffic safety camera
13.14	implementation.
13.15	(c) A traffic enforcement agent who is not a licensed peace officer has the authority to
13.16	issue citations under this section only while actually engaged in job duties and otherwise
13.17	has none of the other powers and privileges reserved to peace officers.
13.18	Subd. 9. Citations; warnings. (a) A traffic enforcement agent under the pilot program
13.19	has the exclusive authority to issue a citation to the owner or lessee of a motor vehicle for
13.20	(1) a violation under section 169.06, subdivision 10, and (2) a violation under section 169.14,
13.21	subdivision 13.
13.22	(b) A traffic enforcement agent may only issue a citation if:
13.23	(1) the violation is committed at least 30 days after the relevant implementing authority
13.24	has commenced camera-based traffic enforcement;
13.25	(2) with respect to speed limits, the speeding violation is at least ten miles per hour in
13.26	excess of the speed limit; and
13.27	(3) a traffic enforcement agent has inspected and verified recorded images provided by
13.28	the traffic safety camera system.
13.29	(c) An implementing authority must provide a warning for a traffic-control signal
13.30	violation under section 169.06, subdivision 10, or a speeding violation under section 169.14,
13.31	subdivision 13, for the period from (1) the date when camera-based traffic enforcement is
13.32	first commenced, to (2) the date when citations are authorized under paragraph (b), clause
13.33	<u>(1).</u>

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(d) Notwithstanding section 169.022, an implementing authority may specify a speed
in excess of the speed limit that is higher than the amount specified in paragraph (b), clause
(2), at which to proceed with issuance of a citation.
(e) A citation may be issued through the United States mail if postmarked within: (1)
14 days of the violation for a vehicle registered in Minnesota; or (2) 30 days of the violation
for a vehicle registered outside of Minnesota. Section 168.346, subdivision 2, applies to a
private entity that provides citation mailing services under this section.
Subd. 10. Uniform citation. (a) There must be a uniform traffic safety camera citation
issued throughout the state by a traffic enforcement agent for a violation as provided under
this section. The uniform traffic safety camera citation is in the form and has the effect of
a summons and complaint.
(b) The commissioner of public safety must prescribe the detailed form of the uniform
traffic safety camera citation. As appropriate, the citation design must conform with the
requirements for a uniform traffic ticket under section 169.99, subdivisions 1 and 1d. The
citation design must include:
(1) a brief overview of the pilot program and implementation of traffic safety camera
systems;
(2) a summary of the circumstances of the citation that includes identification of the
motor vehicle involved, the date and time of the violation, and the location where the
violation occurred;
(3) copy of the recorded image or primary images used to identify a violation;
(4) a notification that the recorded images under clause (3) are evidence of a violation
under section 169.06, subdivision 10, or 169.14, subdivision 13;
(5) a statement signed by the traffic enforcement agent who issued the citation stating
that the agent has inspected the recorded images and determined that the violation occurred
in the specified motor vehicle;
(6) a summary of the limitations under sections 169.06, subdivision 11, and 169.14,
subdivision 14;
(7) information on the diversion and traffic safety course requirements under sections
169.06, subdivision 10, paragraph (b), and 169.14, subdivision 13, paragraph (b);
(8) the total amount of fine imposed;
(9) a notification that the person has the right to contest the citation;

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(10) information on the process and procedures for a person to contest the citation; and
(11) a statement that payment of the fine constitutes a plea of guilty and failure to appear
in court is considered a plea of guilty, as provided under section 169.91.
(c) The commissioner of public safety must make the information required under
paragraph (b) available in languages that are commonly spoken in the state and in each area
in which a local authority has implemented camera-based traffic enforcement.
Subd. 11. Traffic safety course. (a) The commissioners must establish a traffic safety
course that provides at least 30 minutes of instruction on speeding, traffic-control signals,
and other traffic safety topics. The curriculum must include safety risks associated with
speed and speeding in school zones and work zones.
(b) The commissioners must not impose a fee for an individual who is authorized to
attend the course under sections 169.06, subdivision 10, and 169.14, subdivision 13.
Subd. 12. Third-party agreements. (a) An implementing authority may enter into
agreements with a private entity for operations, services, or equipment under this section.
Payment under a contract with a private entity must not be based on the number of violations,
citations issued, or other similar means.
(b) An implementing authority that enters into a third-party agreement under this
subdivision must perform a data practices audit of the private entity to confirm compliance
with the requirements under subdivisions 14 to 16 and chapter 13. An audit must be
undertaken at least every other year.
Subd. 13. Use of revenue. (a) Revenue from citations received by an implementing
authority that is attributable to camera-based traffic enforcement must be allocated as follows:
(1) first as necessary to provide for implementation costs, which may include but is not
limited to procurement and installation of traffic safety camera systems, traffic safety
planning, and public engagement; and
(2) the remainder for traffic safety measures that perform traffic-calming.
(b) The amount expended under paragraph (a), clause (2), must supplement and not
supplant existing expenditures for traffic safety.
Subd. 14. Data practices; general requirements. (a) All data collected by a traffic
safety camera system are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision
12, or nonpublic data as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 9, unless the data are public

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16.1	under section 13.82, subdivision 2, 3, or 6, or are criminal investigative data under section
16.2	13.82, subdivision 7.
16.3	(b) An agreement with a private entity and an implementing authority pursuant to
16.4	subdivision 12 is subject to section 13.05, subdivisions 6 and 11.
16.5	(c) A private entity must use the data gathered under this section only for purposes of
16.6	camera-based traffic enforcement under the pilot program and must not share or disseminate
16.7	the data with an entity other than the appropriate implementing authority, except pursuant
16.8	to a court order. Nothing in this subdivision prevents a private entity from sharing or
16.9	disseminating summary data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 19.
16.10	(d) Traffic safety camera system data are not subject to subpoena, discovery, or admission
16.11	into evidence in any prosecution, civil action, or administrative process that is not taken
16.12	pursuant to section 169.06, subdivision 10, or 169.14, subdivision 13.
16.13	Subd. 15. Data practices; traffic safety camera system. A traffic safety camera system:
16.14	(1) is limited to collection of the following data:
16.15	(i) recorded video or images of the rear license plate of a motor vehicle;
16.16	(ii) recorded video or images of motor vehicles and areas surrounding the vehicles to
16.17	the extent necessary to (A) identify a violation of a traffic-control device, or (B) calculate
16.18	vehicle speeds;
16.19	(iii) date, time, and vehicle location that correlates to the data collected under item (i)
16.20	or (ii); and
16.21	(iv) general traffic data:
16.22	(A) collected specifically for purposes of pilot program analysis and evaluation;
16.23	(B) that does not include recorded video or images;
16.24	(C) in which individuals or unique vehicles are not identified; and
16.25	(D) from which an individual or unique vehicle is not ascertainable;
16.26	(2) must not record in a manner that makes any individual personally identifiable,
16.27	including but not limited to the motor vehicle operator or occupants; and
16.28	(3) may only record or retain the data specified in clause (1), items (i) to (iii), if the
16.29	traffic safety camera system identifies an appropriate potential violation for review by a
16.30	traffic enforcement agent.

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17.1	Subd. 16. Data practices; destruction of data. (a) Notwithstanding section 138.17,
17.2	and except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, data collected by a traffic safety camera
17.3	system must be destroyed within 30 days of the date of collection unless the data are criminal
17.4	investigative data under section 13.82, subdivision 7, related to a violation of a traffic-control
17.5	signal or a speed limit.
17.6	(b) Upon written request to a law enforcement agency from an individual who is the
17.7	subject of a pending criminal charge or complaint, along with the case or complaint number
17.8	and a statement that the data may be used as exculpatory evidence, data otherwise subject
17.9	to destruction under paragraph (a) must be preserved by the law enforcement agency until
17.10	the charge or complaint is resolved or dismissed.
17.11	(c) Upon written request from a program participant under chapter 5B, data collected
17.12	by a traffic safety camera system related to the program participant must be destroyed at
17.13	the time of collection or upon receipt of the request, whichever occurs later, unless the data
17.14	are active criminal investigative data. The existence of a request submitted under this
17.15	paragraph is private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.
17.16	(d) Notwithstanding section 138.17, data collected by a traffic safety camera system
17.17	must be destroyed within three years of the resolution of a citation issued pursuant to this
17.18	section.
17.19	(e) The destruction requirements under this subdivision do not apply to: (1) general
17.20	traffic data as provided under subdivision 14, clause (1), item (iv); and (2) data that identifies
17.21	the number of warnings or citations issued to an individual under this section.
17.22	Subd. 17. Exempt from rulemaking. Rules adopted to implement this section are
17.23	exempt from rulemaking under chapter 14 and are not subject to exempt rulemaking
17.24	procedures under section 14.386.
17.25	Subd. 18. Expiration. This section expires May 31, 2029.
17.26	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.99, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
17.27	Subdivision 1. Form. (a) Except as provided in subdivision 3; section 169.147,
17.28	subdivision 8; and section 169.999, subdivision 3, there shall be a uniform ticket issued
17.29	throughout the state by the police and peace officers or by any other person for violations
17.30	of this chapter and ordinances in conformity thereto. Such uniform traffic ticket shall be in
17.31	the form and have the effect of a summons and complaint. Except as provided in paragraph
17.32	(b), the uniform ticket shall state that if the defendant fails to appear in court in response to
17.33	the ticket, an arrest warrant may be issued. The uniform traffic ticket shall consist of four

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parts, on paper sensitized so that copies may be made without the use of carbon paper, as 18.1 follows: 18.2 (1) the complaint, with reverse side for officer's notes for testifying in court, driver's 18.3 past record, and court's action, printed on white paper; 18.4 (2) the abstract of court record for the Department of Public Safety, which shall be a 18.5 copy of the complaint with the certificate of conviction on the reverse side, printed on yellow 18.6 18.7 paper; (3) the police record, which shall be a copy of the complaint and of the reverse side of 18.8 copy (1), printed on pink paper; and 18.9 (4) the summons, with, on the reverse side, such information as the court may wish to 18.10 give concerning the Traffic Violations Bureau, and a plea of guilty and waiver, printed on 18.11 off-white tag stock. 18.12 (b) If the offense is a petty misdemeanor, the uniform ticket must state that a failure to 18.13 appear will be considered a plea of guilty and waiver of the right to trial, unless the failure 18.14 to appear is due to circumstances beyond the person's control. 18.15 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.12, is amended by adding a subdivision to 18.16 read: 18.17 Subd. 6a. Driving record; traffic safety camera system. (a) The commissioner of 18.18 public safety must not record on an individual's driving record any violation of: 18.19 (1) a traffic-control signal under section 169.06, subdivision 10; or 18.20 (2) a speed limit under section 169.14, subdivision 13. 18.21 (b) This subdivision applies to violations committed on or after June 1, 2025, and before 18.22 June 1, 2029. 18.23 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.16, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 18.24 18.25 Subd. 3. Failure to pay fine. The commissioner is prohibited from suspending a person's driver's license based solely on the fact that a person: 18.26 18.27 (1) has been convicted of: (i) violating a law of this state or an ordinance of a political subdivision which regulates 18.28

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(ii) a violation under section 169.06, subdivision 10; or

the operation or parking of motor vehicles;

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(iii) a violation under section 169.14, subdivision 13;

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(2) has been sentenced to the payment of a fine or had a surcharge levied against that person, or sentenced to a fine upon which a surcharge was levied; and

(3) has refused or failed to comply with that sentence or to pay the surcharge.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 357.021, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

- Subd. 6. Surcharges on criminal and traffic offenders. (a) Except as provided in this subdivision, the court shall impose and the court administrator shall collect a \$75 surcharge on every person convicted of any felony, gross misdemeanor, misdemeanor, or petty misdemeanor offense, other than a violation of: (1) a law or ordinance relating to vehicle parking, for which there is a \$12 surcharge; and (2) section 609.855, subdivision 1, 3, or 3a, for which there is a \$25 surcharge. When a defendant is convicted of more than one offense in a case, the surcharge shall be imposed only once in that case. In the Second Judicial District, the court shall impose, and the court administrator shall collect, an additional \$1 surcharge on every person convicted of any felony, gross misdemeanor, misdemeanor, or petty misdemeanor offense, including a violation of a law or ordinance relating to vehicle parking, if the Ramsey County Board of Commissioners authorizes the \$1 surcharge. The surcharge shall be imposed whether or not the person is sentenced to imprisonment or the sentence is stayed. The surcharge shall not be imposed when a person is convicted of a petty misdemeanor for which no fine is imposed.
- (b) The court may reduce the amount or waive payment of the surcharge required under this subdivision on a showing of indigency or undue hardship upon the convicted person or the convicted person's immediate family. Additionally, the court may permit the defendant to perform community work service in lieu of a surcharge.
- (c) The court administrator or other entity collecting a surcharge shall forward it to the commissioner of management and budget.
- (d) If the convicted person is sentenced to imprisonment and has not paid the surcharge before the term of imprisonment begins, the chief executive officer of the correctional facility in which the convicted person is incarcerated shall collect the surcharge from any earnings the inmate accrues from work performed in the facility or while on conditional release. The chief executive officer shall forward the amount collected to the court administrator or other entity collecting the surcharge imposed by the court.

Sec. 20. 19

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20.1	(e) A person who enters a diversion program, continuance without prosecution,
20.2	continuance for dismissal, or stay of adjudication for a violation of chapter 169 must pay
20.3	the surcharge described in this subdivision. A surcharge imposed under this paragraph shall
20.4	be imposed only once per case.
20.5	(f) The surcharge does not apply to:
20.6	(1) citations issued pursuant to section 169.06, subdivision 10;
20.7	(2) citations issued pursuant to section 169.14, subdivision 13;
20.8	(3) administrative citations issued pursuant to section 169.999-; or
20.9	(g) The surcharge does not apply to (4) administrative citations issued by transit rider
20.10	investment program personnel pursuant to section 473.4075.
20.11	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 480.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to
20.12	read:
20.13	Subd. 10d. Uniform collections policies and procedures; limitations. The uniform
20.13	collections policies and procedures under subdivision 10c must not allow collections of
20.15	court debt, as defined in subdivision 10c, or referral of court debt to the Department of
20.16	Revenue, that only arises from a single violation under section 169.06, subdivision 10, or
20.17	169.14, subdivision 13.
20.18	Sec. 22. TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEMS; EVALUATION AND
20.19	REPORTING.
20.20	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms and the
20.21	terms defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 169.147, subdivision 1, have the meanings
20.22	given.
20.23	(b) "Traffic safety camera system" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section
20.24	169.011, subdivision 85a.
20.25	Subd. 2. Independent evaluation; general requirements. (a) The commissioner must
20.26	arrange for an independent evaluation of traffic safety camera systems that includes analysis
20.27	of the pilot program. By December 31, 2028, the commissioner must submit a copy of the
20.28	evaluation to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
20.29	jurisdiction over transportation policy and finance.

Sec. 22. 20

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21.1	(b) The evaluation must be performed outside the Departments of Transportation and
21.2	Public Safety by an entity with qualifying experience in traffic safety research. The evaluation
21.3	must include any monitoring sites established by an implementing authority.
21.4	(c) The commissioner must establish an evaluation methodology that provides
21.5	standardized metrics and evaluation measures and enables valid statistical comparison across
21.6	monitoring sites.
21.7	(d) At a minimum, the evaluation must:
21.8	(1) analyze the effectiveness of traffic safety camera systems in lowering travel speeds,
21.9	reducing speed differentials, reducing violations of traffic-control signals, and meeting any
21.10	other measures identified in the evaluation methodology;
21.11	(2) perform statistical analyses of traffic speeds, crashes, injuries, fatalities, and other
21.12	measurable traffic incidents; and
21.13	(3) identify any changes in traffic congestion attributable to traffic safety camera systems.
21.14	Subd. 3. Independent evaluation; implementing authorities. (a) Each implementing
21.15	authority under the pilot program must follow the evaluation methodology established under
21.16	subdivision 2.
21.17	(b) Each implementing authority under the pilot program must provide information for
21.18	the evaluation under subdivision 2 as requested and include the following: the total number
21.19	of warnings issued; the total number of citations issued; the number of people who opted
21.20	for diversion under Minnesota Statutes, sections 169.06, subdivision 10, paragraph (b), and
21.21	169.14, subdivision 13, paragraph (b); gross and net revenue received; expenditures incurred;
21.22	a description of how the net revenue generated by the program was used; total amount of
21.23	any payments made to a contractor; the number of employees involved in the pilot program;
21.24	the type of traffic safety camera system used; the location of each monitoring site; the
21.25	activation start and stop dates of the traffic safety camera system at each monitoring site;
21.26	the number of citations issued, with a breakout by monitoring site; the number of instances
21.27	in which a traffic enforcement agent reviewed recorded video or images for a potential
21.28	violation but did not issue a resulting citation; and details on traffic safety camera system
21.29	inspection and maintenance activities.
21.30	Subd. 4. Pilot program reporting. (a) An implementing authority that operates a traffic
21.31	safety camera in a calendar year must publish a report on the implementation for that calendar
21.32	year. The report is due by March 1 of the following calendar year.

Sec. 22. 21

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22.1	(b) At a minimum, the report must summarize the activities of the implementing authority
22.2	and provide the information required under subdivision 3, paragraph (b).
22.3	Subd. 5. Legislative report. By January 15, 2029, the commissioners must submit a
22.4	report on traffic safety camera systems to the members of the legislative committees with
22.5	jurisdiction over transportation policy and finance. At a minimum, the report must:
22.6	(1) provide a review of the pilot program;
22.7	(2) provide data on citations issued under the pilot program, with breakouts by year and
22.8	location;
22.9	(3) summarize the results of the independent evaluation under subdivision 2;
22.10	(4) evaluate any disparities in impacts under the pilot programs, including by income,
22.11	by race, and in communities that are historically underrepresented in transportation planning;
22.12	(5) identify fiscal impacts of implementation of traffic safety camera systems; and
22.13	(6) make any recommendations regarding ongoing traffic safety camera implementation,
22.14	including but not limited to any draft legislative proposal.
22.15	Sec. 23. APPROPRIATION; TRAFFIC SAFETY CAMERA SYSTEM PILOT
22.16	PROGRAM.
22.17	\$ in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of
22.18	transportation for the traffic safety camera pilot program under Minnesota Statutes, section
22.19	169.147, and the evaluation and legislative report under section 22. With the approval of
22.20	the commissioner of transportation, any portion of this appropriation is available to the
22.21	commissioner of public safety. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June
22.22	<u>30, 2029.</u> "
22.23	Amend the title as follows:
22.24	Page 1, line 2, delete everything after the semicolon and insert "authorizing a pilot
22.25	program to conduct traffic safety camera enforcement in certain locations;"
22.26	Page 1, line 3, delete "specified areas;" and delete "creating a pilot"
22.27	Page 1, line 4, delete "program;"
22.28	Amend the title numbers accordingly
22.29	And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on

Sec. 23. 22

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23.1		for the	.	
23.2		(Committee Chair)		
23.3		April 12, 2024		
23.4		(Date of Committee	recommendation	1)

Sec. 23. 23