

1.1 Senator moves to amend S.F. No. 5123 as follows:

1.2 Page 1, after line 6, insert:

1.3 "Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 256B.0625, subdivision 13e, is
1.4 amended to read:

1.5 Subd. 13e. **Payment rates.** (a) The basis for determining the amount of payment shall
1.6 be the lower of the ingredient costs of the drugs plus the professional dispensing fee; or the
1.7 usual and customary price charged to the public. The usual and customary price means the
1.8 lowest price charged by the provider to a patient who pays for the prescription by cash,
1.9 check, or charge account and includes prices the pharmacy charges to a patient enrolled in
1.10 a prescription savings club or prescription discount club administered by the pharmacy or
1.11 pharmacy chain. The amount of payment basis must be reduced to reflect all discount
1.12 amounts applied to the charge by any third-party provider/insurer agreement or contract for
1.13 submitted charges to medical assistance programs. The net submitted charge may not be
1.14 greater than the patient liability for the service. The professional dispensing fee shall be
1.15 ~~\$10.77~~ \$11.55 for prescriptions filled with legend drugs meeting the definition of "covered
1.16 outpatient drugs" according to United States Code, title 42, section 1396r-8(k)(2). The
1.17 dispensing fee for intravenous solutions that must be compounded by the pharmacist shall
1.18 be ~~\$10.77~~ \$11.55 per claim. The professional dispensing fee for prescriptions filled with
1.19 over-the-counter drugs meeting the definition of covered outpatient drugs shall be ~~\$10.77~~
1.20 \$11.55 for dispensed quantities equal to or greater than the number of units contained in
1.21 the manufacturer's original package. The professional dispensing fee shall be prorated based
1.22 on the percentage of the package dispensed when the pharmacy dispenses a quantity less
1.23 than the number of units contained in the manufacturer's original package. The pharmacy
1.24 dispensing fee for prescribed over-the-counter drugs not meeting the definition of covered
1.25 outpatient drugs shall be \$3.65 for quantities equal to or greater than the number of units
1.26 contained in the manufacturer's original package and shall be prorated based on the
1.27 percentage of the package dispensed when the pharmacy dispenses a quantity less than the
1.28 number of units contained in the manufacturer's original package. The National Average
1.29 Drug Acquisition Cost (NADAC) shall be used to determine the ingredient cost of a drug.
1.30 For drugs for which a NADAC is not reported, the commissioner shall estimate the ingredient
1.31 cost at the wholesale acquisition cost minus two percent. The ingredient cost of a drug for
1.32 a provider participating in the federal 340B Drug Pricing Program shall be either the 340B
1.33 Drug Pricing Program ceiling price established by the Health Resources and Services
1.34 Administration or NADAC, whichever is lower. Wholesale acquisition cost is defined as
1.35 the manufacturer's list price for a drug or biological to wholesalers or direct purchasers in

the United States, not including prompt pay or other discounts, rebates, or reductions in price, for the most recent month for which information is available, as reported in wholesale price guides or other publications of drug or biological pricing data. The maximum allowable cost of a multisource drug may be set by the commissioner and it shall be comparable to the actual acquisition cost of the drug product and no higher than the NADAC of the generic product. Establishment of the amount of payment for drugs shall not be subject to the requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act.

(b) Pharmacies dispensing prescriptions to residents of long-term care facilities using an automated drug distribution system meeting the requirements of section 151.58, or a packaging system meeting the packaging standards set forth in Minnesota Rules, part 6800.2700, that govern the return of unused drugs to the pharmacy for reuse, may employ retrospective billing for prescription drugs dispensed to long-term care facility residents. A retrospectively billing pharmacy must submit a claim only for the quantity of medication used by the enrolled recipient during the defined billing period. A retrospectively billing pharmacy must use a billing period not less than one calendar month or 30 days.

(c) A pharmacy provider using packaging that meets the standards set forth in Minnesota Rules, part 6800.2700, is required to credit the department for the actual acquisition cost of all unused drugs that are eligible for reuse, unless the pharmacy is using retrospective billing. The commissioner may permit the drug clozapine to be dispensed in a quantity that is less than a 30-day supply.

(d) If a pharmacy dispenses a multisource drug, the ingredient cost shall be the NADAC of the generic product or the maximum allowable cost established by the commissioner unless prior authorization for the brand name product has been granted according to the criteria established by the Drug Formulary Committee as required by subdivision 13f, paragraph (a), and the prescriber has indicated "dispense as written" on the prescription in a manner consistent with section 151.21, subdivision 2.

(e) The basis for determining the amount of payment for drugs administered in an outpatient setting shall be the lower of the usual and customary cost submitted by the provider, 106 percent of the average sales price as determined by the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to title XVIII, section 1847a of the federal Social Security Act, the specialty pharmacy rate, or the maximum allowable cost set by the commissioner. If average sales price is unavailable, the amount of payment must be lower of the usual and customary cost submitted by the provider, the wholesale acquisition cost, the specialty pharmacy rate, or the maximum allowable cost set by the commissioner. The commissioner shall discount the payment rate for drugs obtained through the federal

340B Drug Pricing Program by 28.6 percent. The payment for drugs administered in an outpatient setting shall be made to the administering facility or practitioner. A retail or specialty pharmacy dispensing a drug for administration in an outpatient setting is not eligible for direct reimbursement.

(f) The commissioner may establish maximum allowable cost rates for specialty pharmacy products that are lower than the ingredient cost formulas specified in paragraph (a). The commissioner may require individuals enrolled in the health care programs administered by the department to obtain specialty pharmacy products from providers with whom the commissioner has negotiated lower reimbursement rates. Specialty pharmacy products are defined as those used by a small number of recipients or recipients with complex and chronic diseases that require expensive and challenging drug regimens. Examples of these conditions include, but are not limited to: multiple sclerosis, HIV/AIDS, transplantation, hepatitis C, growth hormone deficiency, Crohn's Disease, rheumatoid arthritis, and certain forms of cancer. Specialty pharmaceutical products include injectable and infusion therapies, biotechnology drugs, antihemophilic factor products, high-cost therapies, and therapies that require complex care. The commissioner shall consult with the Formulary Committee to develop a list of specialty pharmacy products subject to maximum allowable cost reimbursement. In consulting with the Formulary Committee in developing this list, the commissioner shall take into consideration the population served by specialty pharmacy products, the current delivery system and standard of care in the state, and access to care issues. The commissioner shall have the discretion to adjust the maximum allowable cost to prevent access to care issues.

(g) Home infusion therapy services provided by home infusion therapy pharmacies must be paid at rates according to subdivision 8d.

(h) The commissioner shall contract with a vendor to conduct a cost of dispensing survey for all pharmacies that are physically located in the state of Minnesota that dispense outpatient drugs under medical assistance. The commissioner shall ensure that the vendor has prior experience in conducting cost of dispensing surveys. Each pharmacy enrolled with the department to dispense outpatient prescription drugs to fee-for-service members must respond to the cost of dispensing survey. The commissioner may sanction a pharmacy under section 256B.064 for failure to respond. The commissioner shall require the vendor to measure a single statewide cost of dispensing for specialty prescription drugs and a single statewide cost of dispensing for nonspecialty prescription drugs for all responding pharmacies to measure the mean, mean weighted by total prescription volume, mean weighted by medical assistance prescription volume, median, median weighted by total prescription

volume, and median weighted by total medical assistance prescription volume. The commissioner shall post a copy of the final cost of dispensing survey report on the department's website. The initial survey must be completed no later than January 1, 2021, and repeated every three years. The commissioner shall provide a summary of the results of each cost of dispensing survey and provide recommendations for any changes to the dispensing fee to the chairs and ranking members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over medical assistance pharmacy reimbursement. Notwithstanding section 256.01, subdivision 42, this paragraph does not expire.

(i) The commissioner shall increase the ingredient cost reimbursement calculated in paragraphs (a) and (f) by 1.8 percent for prescription and nonprescription drugs subject to the wholesale drug distributor tax under section 295.52.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioner of human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

Page 2, line 24, delete "July 1, 2024" and insert "January 1, 2025"

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly