BD/AD

### **SENATE** STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

## S.F. No. 716

#### (SENATE AUTHORS: CHAMPION, Kunesh, Murphy, Maye Quade and Abeler) DATE D-PG OFFICIAL STATUS

DATE	D-PG	OFF
01/25/2023	376	Introduction and first reading
		Referred to Health and Human Services
02/01/2023	575	Author added Kunesh
02/12/2024	11559	Author added Murphy
02/19/2024	11659	Author added Maye Quade
03/07/2024	12064	Author added Abeler

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to human services; establishing the Minnesota African American Family
1.3	Preservation Act; establishing the African American Child Welfare Council;
1.4 1.5	modifying child welfare provisions; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 260C.329, subdivisions 3, 8; proposing
1.5 1.6	coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 260.
1.7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.8	Section 1. [260.61] CITATION.
1.9	Sections 260.61 to 260.695 may be cited as the "Minnesota African American Family
1.10	Preservation Act."
1.11	Sec. 2. [260.62] PURPOSES.
1.12	(a) The purposes of the Minnesota African American Family Preservation Act are to:
1.13	(1) protect the best interests of African American children;
1.14	(2) promote the stability and security of African American children and families by
1.15	establishing minimum standards to prevent arbitrary and unnecessary removal of African
1.16	American children from their families; and
1.17	(3) improve permanency outcomes, including family reunification, for African American
1.18	children.
1.19	(b) Nothing in this legislation is intended to interfere with the protections of the Indian
1.20	Child Welfare Act of 1978, United States Code, title 25, sections 1901 to 1963.

as introduced

23-00906

Sec. 3. [260.63] DEFINITIONS. 2.1 Subdivision 1. Scope. The definitions in this section apply to sections 260.61 to 260.695. 2.2 Subd. 2. Active efforts. "Active efforts" means a rigorous and concerted level of effort 2.3 that the responsible social services agency must continuously make throughout the time 2.4 2.5 that the responsible social services agency is involved with an African American child and the child's family. To provide active efforts to preserve an African American child's family, 2.6 the responsible social services agency must continuously involve an African American 2.7 family and the African American Welfare Oversight Council in all services for the family, 2.8 including case planning and choosing services and providers, and inform the family of the 2.9 ability to request a case review by the commissioner under section 260.694. When providing 2.10 active efforts, a responsible social services agency must consider an African American 2.11 family's social and cultural values at all times while providing services to an African 2.12 American child and family. Active efforts includes continuous efforts to preserve an African 2.13 American child's family and to prevent the out-of-home placement of an African American 2.14 child. If an African American child enters out-of-home placement, the responsible social 2.15 services agency must make active efforts to reunify the African American child with the 2.16 child's family as soon as possible. Active efforts sets a higher standard for the responsible 2.17 social services agency than reasonable efforts to preserve the child's family, prevent the 2.18 child's out-of-home placement, and reunify the child with the child's family. Active efforts 2.19 includes the provision of reasonable efforts as required by Title IV-E of the Social Security 2.20 Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 670 to 679c. 2.21 Subd. 3. Adoptive placement. "Adoptive placement" means the permanent placement 2.22 of an African American child made by the responsible social services agency upon a fully 2.23 executed adoption placement agreement, including the signatures of the adopting parent, 2.24 the responsible social services agency, and the commissioner of human services according 2.25 to section 260C.613, subdivision 1. 2.26 Subd. 4. African American child. "African American child" means a child having 2.27 origins in Africa, including a child of two or more races who has at least one parent with 2.28 origins in Africa. 2.29 Subd. 5. Best interests of the African American child. The "best interests of the African 2.30 American child" means providing a culturally informed practice lens that acknowledges, 2.31 utilizes, and embraces the African American child's community and cultural norms and 2.32 allows the child to remain safely at home with the child's family. The best interests of the 2.33

African American child supports the child's sense of belonging to the child's family, extended family, kin, and cultural community. Subd. 6. Child placement proceeding, (a) "Child placement proceeding" means any judicial proceeding that could result in: (1) an adoptive placement; (2) a foster care placement; (3) a preadoptive placement; (4) a termination of parental rights. (b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon a child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon: (1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or (2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents. Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services or the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to provide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily care and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal obligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, subdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered removal of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal custodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a facility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the child returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A foster care placement in	family, kin, and cultural community.         Subd. 6. Child placement proceeding. (a) "Child placement proceeding" means any judicial proceeding that could result in: <ul> <li>(1) an adoptive placement;</li> <li>(2) a foster care placement;</li> <li>(3) a preadoptive placement; or</li> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon a child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:             <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services or the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to provide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily care and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal obligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, subdivision 5.</li> </li></ul> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered removal of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal custodian and the temporary placement of the child</li>		51/10/25	KL VISOK	DD/IIID	25-00900	as introduced
Subd. 6. Child placement proceeding, (a) "Child placement proceeding" means any judicial proceeding that could result in:         (1) an adoptive placement;         (2) a foster care placement;         (3) a preadoptive placement; or         (4) a termination of parental rights.         (b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon a child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:         (1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or         (2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.         Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services or the commissioner's designee.         Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to provide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily care and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal obligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.         Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population.         Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, subdivision 5.         Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered removal of an African American child from the child's home with the child's	Subd. 6, Child placement proceeding, (a) "Child placement proceeding" means any judicial proceeding that could result in:         (1) an adoptive placement;         (2) a foster care placement;         (3) a preadoptive placement; or         (4) a termination of parental rights.         (b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon a child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:         (1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or         (2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.         Subd. 7, Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services or the commissioner's designee.         Subd. 8, Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to provide care and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal obligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.         Subd. 9, Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's total child population.         Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, subdivision 5.         Subd. 11, Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered removal of an African American child rom the child's home with the child's parent or legal custodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a facility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cann	1	African Ameri	can child supports	s the child's sen	se of belonging to the chi	ild's family, extended
<ul> <li>judicial proceeding that could result in:</li> <li>(1) an adoptive placement;</li> <li>(2) a foster care placement;</li> <li>(3) a preadoptive placement; or</li> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon a child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7, Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services or the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8, Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to provide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily care and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal obligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9, Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American child re system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10, Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, subdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11, Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered removal of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal custodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a facility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the child returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>judicial proceeding that could result in:</li> <li>(1) an adoptive placement;</li> <li>(2) a foster care placement;</li> <li>(3) a preadoptive placement; or</li> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon a child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents. Subd. 7, Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services or the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8, Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to provide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily care and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal obligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9, Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10, Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, subdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11, Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered removal of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal custodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a facility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the child returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A foster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the</li> </ul>	f	family, kin, an	id cultural commu	unity.		
udicial proceeding that could result in:         (1) an adoptive placement;         (2) a foster care placement;         (3) a preadoptive placement; or         (4) a termination of parental rights.         (b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon a child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:         (1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or         (2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.         Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services or the commissioner's designee.         Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to provide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily care and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal obligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with tecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.         Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population.         Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, stabdivision 5.         Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered removal of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal custodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster h	udicial proceeding that could result in: (1) an adoptive placement; (2) a foster care placement; (3) a preadoptive placement; or (4) a termination of parental rights. (b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon a child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon: (1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or (2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents. Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services or the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to provide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily care and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal obligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with recessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to he number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, subdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered removal of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal zustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a facility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the child returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A foster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the		Subd. 6. C	hild placement r	proceeding. (a	) "Child placement proc	eeding" means any
<ul> <li>(2) a foster care placement;</li> <li>(3) a preadoptive placement; or</li> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner: "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of drican American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a actility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(2) a foster care placement;</li> <li>(3) a preadoptive placement; or</li> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of african American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered amoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A ster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the</li> </ul>	ί					<u> </u>
<ul> <li>(2) a foster care placement;</li> <li>(3) a preadoptive placement; or</li> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of dricean American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a weility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(2) a foster care placement;</li> <li>(3) a preadoptive placement; or</li> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered stoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a weility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the thild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A ster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the</li> </ul>		(1) an ador	otive placement;			
<ul> <li>(3) a preadoptive placement; or</li> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a weility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the shild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(3) a preadoptive placement; or</li> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to be number of African American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal astodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a heility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A ster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the</li> </ul>		<u> </u>				
<ul> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(4) a termination of parental rights.</li> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's child welfare system population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A other server care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the</li> </ul>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
<ul> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents. Subd. 7. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to ovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily re and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with cressary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to e number of African American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, bdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered moval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal stodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a cility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the ild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Judicial proceedings under this subdivision include a child's placement based upon child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to ovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily re and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal obligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with treessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality, "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to e number of African American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, bdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement, "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered moval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a cility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the ild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A ster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the</li> </ul>		(3) a pread	optive placement	t; or		
<ul> <li>child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li>Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee.</li> <li>Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li>Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ibdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child rear or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>child's juvenile status offense, but do not include a child's placement based upon:</li> <li>(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or</li> <li>(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents.</li> <li><u>Subd. 7.</u> <u>Commissioner</u>. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services of the commissioner's designee.</li> <li><u>Subd. 8.</u> <u>Custodian</u>. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.</li> <li><u>Subd. 9.</u> <u>Disproportionality</u>. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li><u>Subd. 10.</u> <u>Egregious harm</u>. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ibdivision 5.</li> <li><u>Subd. 11.</u> Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal istodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A ester care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the</li> </ul>		<u>(4) a termi</u>	nation of parental	l rights.		
(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or (2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents. Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of african American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to ne number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	(1) an act which if committed by an adult would be deemed a crime; or (2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents. Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian, "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of a frican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to ne number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm, "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A other care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the		(b) Judicia	l proceedings und	der this subdivi	sion include a child's pl	acement based upon
(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents. Subd. 7. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services in the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered temoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal astodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a accility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	(2) an award of child custody in a divorce proceeding to one of the child's parents. Subd. 7. Commissioner, "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services r the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of firican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal astodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a ucility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the	1	child's juven	ile status offense	, but do not inc	lude a child's placement	t based upon:
Subd. 7. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily tre and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal obligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of frican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered stodian and the temporary placement of the child's home with the child's parent or legal tstodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a actility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	Subd. 7. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services         stehe commissioner's designee.         Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to         rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily         are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal         oligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with         ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care.         Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of         frican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to         te number of African American children in the state's total child population.         Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03,         ubdivision 5.         Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered         moval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal         ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a         cility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the         hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A		(1) an act v	which if committe	ed by an adult	would be deemed a crim	ne; or
r the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	r the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to provide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A boster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the		<u>(2)</u> an awa	rd of child custod	ly in a divorce	proceeding to one of the	e child's parents.
r the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of african American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	r the commissioner's designee. Subd. 8. Custodian. "Custodian" means any person who is under a legal obligation to rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of african American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to ne number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A baster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the		Subd. 7. C	ommissioner. "C	Commissioner"	means the commissione	er of human services
rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. <b>Disproportionality</b> . "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. <b>Egregious harm</b> . "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. <b>Foster care placement</b> . "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the	5					
rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	rovide care and support for an African American child, or who is in fact providing daily are and support for an African American child. This subdivision does not impose a legal bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with ecessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. <b>Disproportionality</b> . "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. <b>Egregious harm</b> . "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. <b>Foster care placement</b> . "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the		Subd. 8. C	ustodian. "Custo	dian" means a	ny person who is under	a legal obligation to
bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	bligation upon a person who is not otherwise legally obligated to provide a child with eccessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care. Subd. 9. <b>Disproportionality</b> . "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. <b>Egregious harm</b> . "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. <b>Foster care placement</b> . "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the	<b>)</b>					
<ul> <li><u>subd. 9.</u> Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of african American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li><u>Subd. 10.</u> Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li><u>Subd. 11.</u> Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered to the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a accility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>Subd. 9.</u> Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of african American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li><u>Subd. 10.</u> Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li><u>Subd. 11.</u> Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A poster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the</li> </ul>	2	are and suppo	ort for an African	American chi	d. This subdivision does	s not impose a legal
Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of         frican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to         ne number of African American children in the state's total child population.         Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03,         abdivision 5.         Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered         emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal         ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a         neility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the         hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	Subd. 9. Disproportionality. "Disproportionality" means the overrepresentation of         frican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to         ne number of African American children in the state's total child population.         Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03,         abdivision 5.         Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered         emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal         ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a         ncility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the         hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A         oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the	5	bligation upc	on a person who is	s not otherwise	legally obligated to pro	ovide a child with
African American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population. Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered temoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal sustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a neility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	<ul> <li>frican American children in the state's child welfare system population as compared to the number of African American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal custodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a facility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the child returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A poster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the</li> </ul>	1	ecessary food	d, clothing, shelte	er, education, o	r medical care.	
<ul> <li><u>Subd. 10.</u> Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, <u>abdivision 5.</u></li> <li><u>Subd. 11.</u> Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a accility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>and number of African American children in the state's total child population.</li> <li>Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, abdivision 5.</li> <li>Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a facility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A poster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the</li> </ul>		<u>Subd. 9.</u> D	isproportionality	<b>y.</b> "Disproporti	onality" means the over	representation of
Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	Subd. 10. Egregious harm. "Egregious harm" has the meaning given in section 260E.03, ubdivision 5. Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A poster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the	Δ	frican Amer	ican children in th	he state's child	welfare system populati	ion as compared to
<u>Subd. 11.</u> Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a ucility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	<u>Subd. 11.</u> Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a necility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A poster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the	h	e number of	African America	an children in t	ne state's total child pop	ulation.
Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	Subd. 11. Foster care placement. "Foster care placement" means the court-ordered emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the		Subd. 10. I	Egregious harm.	"Egregious har	m" has the meaning give	n in section 260E.03,
emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the	51	ubdivision 5.				
emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	emoval of an African American child from the child's home with the child's parent or legal ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the		Subd. 11. I	Foster care place	ement. "Foster	care placement" means	the court-ordered
ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	ustodian and the temporary placement of the child in a foster home, in shelter care or a acility, or in the home of a guardian, when the parent or legal custodian cannot have the hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the	<u>(</u>		-		•	
hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the						
hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A	hild returned upon demand, but the parent's parental rights have not been terminated. A oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the						
	oster care placement includes an order placing the child under the guardianship of the						
				•		~	

01/18/23

REVISOR

BD/AD

23-00906

as introduced

	01/18/23	REVISOR	BD/AD	23-00906	as introduced
4.1	Subd. 12	. Responsible soci	al services agenc	y. "Responsible social set	rvices agency"
4.2	has the mear	ning given in section	n 260C.007, subc	livision 27a.	
4.3	<u>Subd. 13</u>	. Parent. "Parent" 1	means the biologi	cal parent of an African	American child
4.4	or any person	n who has legally ad	lopted an African	American child who, prio	r to the adoption,
4.5	was consider	red a relative to the	child, as defined	in subdivision 16. Parent	t includes an
4.6	unmarried fa	ather whose paternit	ty has been ackno	wledged or established a	nd a putative
4.7	father. Patern	nity has been ackno	wledged when an	unmarried father takes a	ny action to hold
4.8	himself out a	as the biological fat	her of a child.		
4.9	Subd. 14	. Preadoptive place	ement. "Preadopt	ive placement" means a re	esponsible social
4.10	services age	ncy's placement of	an African Amer	ican child with the child's	family or kin
4.11	when the chi	ild is under the guar	rdianship of the c	ommissioner, for the purp	ose of adoption,
4.12	but an adopt	ive placement agree	ement for the chi	d has not been fully exec	uted.
4.13	<u>Subd. 15</u>	. Relative. "Relativ	ve" means:		
4.14	<u>(1) an inc</u>	dividual related to t	he child by blood	, marriage, or adoption;	
4.15	<u>(2) a lega</u>	al parent, guardian,	or custodian of th	ne child's sibling;	
4.16	<u>(3) an inc</u>	dividual who is an i	important friend o	of the child or child's fam	ily with whom
4.17	the child has	s resided or has had	significant conta	ct; or	
4.18	<u>(4) an inc</u>	dividual who the ch	ild or the child's	family identify as related	to the child's
4.19	family.				
4.20	Subd. 16	<u>. Safety network. "</u>	'Safety network"	means a group of individu	als identified by
4.21	the parent ar	nd child, when appr	opriate, that is ac	countable for developing	, implementing,
4.22	sustaining, s	upporting, or impro	oving a safety pla	n to protect the safety and	1 well-being of a
4.23	child.				
4.24	Subd. 17	. Sexual abuse. "Se	exual abuse" has	the meaning given in sect	tion 260E.03,
4.25	subdivision 2	20.			
4.26	Subd. 18	. Termination of p	arental rights. "	Termination of parental r	ights" means an
4.27	action result	ing in the termination	on of the parent-c	hild relationship under se	ection 260C.301.
4.28	Sec. 4. [26	0.64] DUTY TO P	PREVENT OUT	OF-HOME PLACEME	ENT AND
4.29	<u> </u>	E FAMILY REUNI			
4.30	(a) A res	ponsible social serv	vices agency shall	make active efforts to pr	event the
4.31				ild, eliminate the need for	

	01/18/23	REVISOR	BD/AD	23-00906	as introduced
5.1	from the chil	d's home, and reur	nify an African A	merican child with the cl	hild's family as
5.2	soon as pract	icable.			
5.3	(b) Prior	to petitioning the	court to remove a	n African American child	d from the child's
5.4				work with the child's far	
5.5	child to rema	in in the child's ho	ome while implen	nenting a safety plan base	ed on the family's
5.6	needs. The re	sponsible social se	ervices agency mu	ist make active efforts to	engage the child's
5.7	parent or cust	odian and the child	l, when appropriat	e; establish a safety netwo	ork for the family;
5.8	and provide s	upport, guidance,	and input to assist	the family and the family	y's safety network
5.9	with develop	ing the safety plar	n. The safety plan	must:	
5.10	<u>(1)</u> addres	ss the specific alle	gations impacting	g the child's safety in the	home;
5.11	(2) incorp	orate family and c	community support	t to ensure the child's saf	ety while keeping
5.12	the family in	tact; and			
5.13	<u>(3) be adj</u>	usted as needed to	address the child	's and family's ongoing n	eeds and support.
5.14	The responsi	ble social services	agency is not rec	uired to establish a safet	y plan in a case
5.15	with allegation	ons of sexual abus	e or egregious ha	rm.	
5.16	(c) Unless	s the court finds by	y clear and convi	ncing evidence that the c	hild's health or
5.17	welfare woul	d be immediately	endangered if the	child were to remain in	the child's home,
5.18	a court shall	not order a foster	care or permanen	t out-of-home placement	of an African
5.19	American ch	ild alleged to be ir	n need of protection	on or services. At each h	earing regarding
5.20	an African A	merican child who	o is alleged or adj	udicated to be in need of	child protective
5.21	services, the	court shall review	whether the respo	nsible social services age	ency has provided
5.22	active efforts	to the child and the	he child's family a	and shall require the resp	onsible social
5.23	services agen	icy to provide evid	dence and docume	entation that demonstrate	es that the agency
5.24	is providing c	ulturally informed	, strength-based, c	ommunity-involved, and	community-based
5.25	services to th	e child and the ch	ild's family.		
5.26	(d) When	determining whet	ther the responsib	le social services agency	has made active
5.27	efforts to pre	serve the child's fa	amily, the court sl	all make findings regard	ling whether the
5.28	responsible s	ocial services age	ncy made appropr	riate and meaningful serv	vices available to
5.29	the child's far	mily based upon the	he family's specif	ic needs. If a court detern	nines that the
5.30	responsible s	ocial services age	ncy did not make	active efforts to preserve	e the family as
5.31	required by t	his section, the co	urt shall order the	responsible social servi	ces agency to
5.32	immediately	provide active eff	orts to the child a	nd child's family to prese	erve the family.

6.1	Sec. 5. [260.65] NONCUSTODIAL PARENTS; TEMPORARY OUT-OF-HOME
6.2	PLACEMENT.
6.3	(a) Prior to or within 48 hours of the removal of a African American child from the
6.4	child's home, the responsible social services agency must make active efforts to identify
6.5	and locate the child's noncustodial or nonadjudicated parent and the child's relatives to notify
6.6	the child's parent and relatives that the child is, or will be, placed in foster care, and provide
6.7	the child's parent and relatives with a list of legal resources. The notice to the child's
6.8	noncustodial or nonadjudicated parent and relatives must also include the information
6.9	required under section 260C.221, paragraph (b). The responsible social services agency
6.10	must maintain detailed records of the agency's efforts to notify parents and relatives under
6.11	this section.
6.12	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 260C.219, the responsible social services
6.13	agency must assess an African American child's noncustodial or nonadjudicated parent's
6.14	ability to care for the child before placing the child in foster care. If a child's noncustodial
6.15	or nonadjudicated parent is willing and able to provide daily care for the African American
6.16	child temporarily or permanently, the court shall order that the child be placed in the home
6.17	of the noncustodial or nonadjudicated parent pursuant to section 260C.178 or 260C.201,
6.18	subdivision 1. The responsible social services agency must make active efforts to assist a
6.19	noncustodial or nonadjudicated parent with remedying any issues that may prevent the child
6.20	from being placed with the noncustodial or nonadjudicated parent.
6.21	(c) If an African American child's noncustodial or nonadjudicated parent is unwilling
6.22	or unable to provide daily care for the child and the court has determined that the child's
6.23	continued placement in the home of the child's noncustodial or nonadjudicated parent would
6.24	endanger the child's health, safety, or welfare, the child's parent, custodian, or the child,
6.25	when appropriate, has the right to select one or more relatives who may be willing and able
6.26	to temporary care for the child. The responsible social services agency must place the child
6.27	with a selected relative after assessing the relative's willingness and ability to provide daily
6.28	care for the child. If selected relatives are not available or there is a documented safety
6.29	concern with the relative placement, the responsible social services agency shall consider
6.30	additional relatives for the child's placement.
6.31	(d) The responsible social services agency must inform selected relatives and the child's
6.32	parent or custodian of the difference between informal kinship care arrangements and
6.33	court-ordered foster care. If a selected relative and the child's parent or custodian request
6.34	an informal kinship care arrangement for a child's placement instead of court-ordered foster
6.35	care and such an arrangement will maintain the child's safety and well-being, the responsible

7.1	social servi	ces agency sh	all comply with	h the request and	d inform the cour	t of the plan for
			·····			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- 7.2 the child. The court shall honor the request to forego a court-ordered foster care placement
- 7.3 of the child in favor of an informal kinship care arrangement, unless the court determines
- 7.4 <u>that the request is not in the best interests of the African American child.</u>
- 7.5 (e) The responsible social services agency must make active efforts to support relatives
- 7.6 with whom a child is placed in completing the child foster care licensure process and
- 7.7 <u>addressing barriers, disqualifications, or other issues affecting the relatives' licensure,</u>
- 7.8 <u>including but not limited to assisting relatives with requesting reconsideration of a</u>
- 7.9 disqualification under section 245C.21.
- 7.10 (f) The decision by a relative not be considered as an African American child's foster
- 7.11 <u>care or temporary placement option shall not be a basis for the responsible social services</u>
- 7.12 agency or the court to rule out the relative for placement in the future or for denying the
- 7.13 relative's request to be considered or selected as a foster care or permanent placement of
- 7.14 <u>the child.</u>

#### 7.15 Sec. 6. [260.66] EMERGENCY REMOVAL HEARING.

- 7.16 Notwithstanding section 260C.163, subdivision 3, and the provisions of Minnesota Rules
- 7.17 of Juvenile Protection Procedure, rule 25, a parent or custodian of an African American
- 7.18 child who is subject to an emergency protective care hearing pursuant to section 260C.178
- 7.19 and Minnesota Rules of Juvenile Protection Procedure, rule 30, must be represented by

7.20 counsel. The court must appoint qualified counsel to represent a parent if the parent meets

the eligibility requirements in section 611.17.

# 7.22 Sec. 7. [260.67] TRANSFER OF PERMANENT LEGAL AND PHYSICAL 7.23 CUSTODY; TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS; CHILD PLACEMENT

#### 7.24 **PROCEEDINGS.**

- 7.25 Subdivision 1. Preference for transfer of permanent legal and physical custody. If
- 7.26 an African American child cannot be returned to the child's parent, the court shall, if possible,
- 7.27 <u>transfer permanent legal and physical custody of the child to:</u>
- 7.28 (1) a noncustodial parent under section 260C.515, subdivision 4, if the child cannot
- 7.29 return to the care of the parent or custodian from whom the child was removed or who had
- 7.30 legal custody at the time that the child was placed in foster care; or
- 7.31 (2) a willing and able relative, according to the requirements of section 260C.515,
- 7.32 subdivision 4, if the responsible social services agency and the court determine that

8.1	reunification with the child's family and adoption are not appropriate permanency options
8.2	for the child. Prior to the court ordering a transfer of permanent legal and physical custody
8.3	to a relative who is not a parent, the responsible social services agency must inform the
8.4	relative of Northstar kinship assistance benefits and eligibility requirements, and of the
8.5	relative's ability to apply for benefits on behalf of the child under chapter 256N.
8.6	Subd. 2. Termination of parental rights restrictions. (a) A court shall not terminate
8.7	the parental rights of a parent of an African American child based solely on the parent's
8.8	failure to complete case plan requirements.
8.9	(b) A court shall not terminate the parental rights of a parent of an African American
8.10	child in a child placement proceeding unless the allegations against the parent involve sexual
8.11	abuse; egregious harm as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14; murder in the first,
8.12	second, or third degree under section 609.185, 609.19, or 609.195; murder of an unborn
8.13	child in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.2661, 609.2662, or 609.2663;
8.14	manslaughter in the first or second degree under section 609.20 or 609.205; manslaughter
8.15	of an unborn child in the first or second degree under section 609.2664 or 609.2665; assault
8.16	in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.221, 609.222, or 609.223; domestic
8.17	assault by strangulation under section 609.2247; felony domestic assault under section
8.18	609.2242 or 609.2243; kidnapping under section 609.25; solicitation, inducement, and
8.19	promotion of prostitution under section 609.322; criminal sexual conduct under sections
8.20	609.342 to 609.3451; engaging in, hiring, or agreeing to hire a minor to engage in prostitution
8.21	under section 609.324, subdivision 1; solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct
8.22	under section 609.352; possession of pornographic work involving minors under section
8.23	617.247; malicious punishment or neglect or endangerment of a child under section 609.377
8.24	or 609.378; use of a minor in sexual performance under section 617.246; or failing to protect
8.25	a child from an overt act or condition that constitutes egregious harm.
8.26	(c) Nothing in this subdivision precludes the court from terminating the parental rights
8.27	of a parent of an African American child who for good cause desires to voluntarily terminate
8.28	parental rights of the parent's child under section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).
8.29	Subd. 3. Appeals. Notwithstanding the Minnesota Rules of Juvenile Protection Procedure,
8.30	rule 47.02, subdivision 2, a parent of an African American child whose parental rights have
8.31	been terminated may appeal the decision within 60 days of the service of notice by the court
8.32	administrator of the filing of the court's order.

9.1	Sec. 8. [260.68] RESPONSIBLE SOCIAL SERVICES AGENCY CONDUCT AND
9.2	CASE REVIEW.
9.3	Subdivision 1. Responsible social services agency conduct. (a) A responsible social
9.4	services agency employee who has duties related to child protection shall not knowingly:
9.5	(1) make untrue statements about any case involving a child alleged to be in need of
9.6	protection or services;
9.7	(2) intentionally withhold any information that may be material to a case involving a
9.8	child alleged to be in need of protection or services; or
9.9	(3) fabricate or falsify any documentation or evidence relating to a case involving a child
9.10	alleged to be in need of protection or services.
9.11	(b) Any of the actions listed in paragraph (a) shall constitute grounds for adverse
9.12	employment action.
9.13	Subd. 2. Commissioner notification. (a) When a responsible social services agency
9.14	makes a maltreatment determination involving an African American child or places an
9.15	African American child in a foster care placement, the agency shall, within seven days of
9.16	making a maltreatment determination or initiating the child's foster care placement, notify
9.17	the commissioner of the maltreatment determination or foster care placement and of the
9.18	steps that the agency has taken to investigate and remedy the conditions that led to the
9.19	maltreatment determination or foster care placement. Upon receiving this notice, the
9.20	commissioner shall review the responsible social services agency's handling of the child's
9.21	case to ensure that the case plan and services address the unique needs of the child and the
9.22	child's family and that the agency is making active efforts to reunify and preserve the child's
9.23	family. At all stages of a case involving an African American child, the responsible social
9.24	services agency shall, upon request, fully cooperate with the commissioner and the African
9.25	American Child Welfare Oversight Council and, as appropriate and as permitted under
9.26	statute, provide access to all relevant case files.
9.27	(b) In any adoptive or preadoptive placement proceeding involving an African American
9.28	child under the guardianship of the commissioner, the responsible social services agency
9.29	shall notify the commissioner of the pending proceeding and of the right of intervention.
9.30	The notice must include the identity of the child and the child's parents whose parental rights
9.31	were terminated or who consented to the child's adoption. Upon receipt of the notice, the
9.32	commissioner shall review the case to ensure that the requirements of this act have been
9.33	met. When the responsible social services agency has identified a nonrelative as an African
9.34	American child's adoptive placement, no preadoptive or adoptive placement proceeding

10.1	may be held until at least 30 days after the commissioner receives the required notice or
10.2	until an adoption home study can be completed for a relative adoption, whichever occurs
10.3	first. If the commissioner requests additional time to prepare for the proceeding, the district
10.4	court must grant the commissioner up to 30 additional days to prepare for the proceeding.
10.5	In cases in which a responsible social services agency or party to a preadoptive or adoptive
10.6	placement knows or has reason to believe that a child is or may be African American, proof
10.7	of service upon the commissioner must be filed with the adoption petition.
10.8	Subd. 3. Case review. (a) Each responsible social services agency shall conduct a review
10.9	of all child protection cases handled by the agency every 24 months, after establishing a
10.10	2023 baseline. The responsible social services agency shall report the agency's findings to
10.11	the county board, related child welfare committees, the Children's Justice Initiative team,
10.12	the African American Child Welfare Oversight Council, the commissioner, and community
10.13	stakeholders within six months of gathering the relevant case data. For situations in which
10.14	the case review consists of fewer than five cases, the responsible social services agency
10.15	must only report the case data to the African American Child Welfare Oversight Council.
10.16	The case review must include:
10.17	(1) the number of African American children represented in the county child welfare
10.18	system;
10.19	(2) the number and sources of maltreatment reports received and reports screened in for
10.20	investigation or referred for family assessment and the race of the children and parents or
10.21	custodians involved in each report;
10.22	(3) the number and race of children and parents or custodians who receive in-home
10.23	preventive case management services;
10.24	(4) the number and race of children whose parents or custodians are referred to
10.25	community-based, culturally appropriate, strength-based, or trauma-informed services;
10.26	(5) the number and race of children removed from their homes;
10.27	(6) the number and race of children reunified with their parents or custodians;
10.28	(7) the number and race of children whose parents or custodians are offered family group
10.29	decision-making services;
10.30	(8) the number and race of children whose parents or custodians are offered the parent
10.31	support outreach program;
10.32	(9) the number and race of children in foster care or out-of-home placement at the time
10.33	that the data is gathered;

	01/18/23	REVISOR	BD/AD	23-00906	as introduced
11.1	(10) the	number and race of	children who ach	nieve permanency a throu	gh transfer of
11.2	· · ·			re, a legal guardianship, o	
11.3	and	5 [ ]	5		<u>1</u>
11.4	<u> </u>			nder the guardianship of th	ne commissioner
11.5	or awaiting a	a permanency disp	osition.		
11.6	<u>(b) The r</u>	equired case review	w must also:		
11.7	<u>(1) ident</u>	ify barriers to reun	ifying children wi	th their families;	
11.8	<u>(2) ident</u>	ify the family cond	itions that led to t	he out-of-home placemen	<u>.t;</u>
11.9	(3) identi	ify any barriers to a	ccessing culturall	y informed mental health	or substance use
11.10	disorder trea	tment services for	the parents or chi	ldren;	
11.11	<u>(4)</u> docur	ment efforts to iden	tify fathers and pa	aternal relatives and to pro-	ovide services to
11.12	custodial and	d noncustodial fath	ers, if appropriate	; and	
11.13	<u>(5) docum</u>	ment and summariz	ze court reviews o	f active efforts.	
11.14	<u>(c)</u> Any 1	esponsible social s	ervices agency th	at has a case review show	ving
11.15	disproportio	nality and dispariti	es in child welfare	e outcomes for African Ar	merican children
11.16	and families	, compared to the a	gency's overall ou	atcomes, must develop a r	emediation plan
11.17	to be approv	ed by the commiss	ioner. The respon	sible social services agene	cy must develop
11.18	the plan with	nin 30 days of findi	ing the disproport	ionality or disparities and	must make
11.19	measurable	improvements with	in 12 months of t	he date that the commissi	oner approves
11.20	the remediat	ion plan. A respons	sible social service	es agency may request ass	istance from the
11.21	commission	er to develop a remo	ediation plan. The	remediation plan must inc	lude measurable
11.22	outcomes to	identify, address, a	and reduce the fac	tors that led to the disprop	portionality and
11.23	disparities in	the agency's child	welfare outcome	s and include information	about how the
11.24	responsible	social services age	ncy will achieve a	nd document trauma-info	rmed, positive
11.25	child well-b	eing outcomes thro	ugh remediation e	efforts.	
11.26	<u>Subd. 4.</u>	Noncompliance. A	Any responsible so	ocial services agency that	fails to comply
11.27	with this sec	tion is subject to co	prrective action ar	d a fine determined by th	e commissioner.
11.28	The commis	sioner shall use fin	es received under	this subdivision to suppo	ort compliance
11.29	with this act	, but shall not use a	mounts received	to supplant funding for ex	sisting services.

12.1	Sec. 9. [260.69] AFRICAN AMERICAN CHILD WELFARE OVERSIGHT
12.2	COUNCIL.
12.3	Subdivision 1. Creation. (a) The commissioner shall establish an African American
12.4	Child Welfare Oversight Council to formulate and recommend policies and procedures
12.5	relating to child welfare services for African American children to ensure that responsible
12.6	social services agencies provide African American families with culturally relevant family
12.7	preservation services and opportunities to care for their children safely in their homes.
12.8	(b) The commissioner shall convene an initial selection committee to appoint council
12.9	members. The selection committee shall consist of representatives from the Council on
12.10	Minnesotans of African Heritage, the ombudsperson for African American Families, and
12.11	the larger African American community.
12.12	(c) The terms, compensation, and removal of council members are as provided in section
12.13	15.059. The advisory council does not expire. The commissioner shall provide administrative
12.14	support to the council.
12.15	Subd. 2. Membership and composition. (a) The council shall consist of 15 members
12.16	and must include:
12.17	(1) five members from African American families and communities that have been
12.18	impacted by the child welfare system, including community leaders and community members;
12.19	(2) one responsible social services agency representative from each of the six counties
12.20	with the highest populations of disproportionately represented African American children
12.21	in the state; and
12.22	(3) four parents or custodians of African American children, two who reside in the
12.23	seven-county metropolitan area and two who reside outside of the seven-county metropolitan
12.24	area.
12.25	(b) The council shall have two cochairs, chosen by the council.
12.26	Subd. 3. Meeting. The commissioner shall convene the first meeting of the council no
12.27	later than December 15, 2023. The council shall meet at least six times per year, but may
12.28	meet more frequently at the call of the chair, a majority of the council members, or the
12.29	commissioner. Subgroups of the council may meet more frequently as necessary.
12.30	Subd. 4. Duties. The African American Child Welfare Oversight Council shall:
12.31	(1) review annual reports related to African American children in out-of-home placement;

01/18/23	REVISOR	BD/AD	23-00906	as introduced
----------	---------	-------	----------	---------------

13.1	(2) assist in and make recommendations to the commissioner for developing strategies
13.2	to prevent out-of-home placement, promote culturally appropriate foster care and shelter
13.3	or facility placement decisions and settings for African American children, and improve
13.4	child welfare outcomes for African American children and families;
13.5	(3) review summary reports on case reviews prepared by the commissioner to ensure
13.6	that responsible social services agencies meet the needs of African American families. The
13.7	council may review individual case information with identifying information redacted to
13.8	provide context and oversight, to address disparities in the treatment of African American
13.9	children and families as compared to other children and families involved in the child welfare
13.10	system;
13.11	(4) assist the Cultural and Ethnic Communities Leadership Council with making
13.12	recommendations to the commissioner and the legislature for public policy and statutory
13.13	changes that specifically consider the needs of African American children and families
13.14	involved in the child welfare system;
13.15	(5) advise the commissioner and responsible social services agencies on stakeholder
13.16	engagement and actions that the commissioner and agencies may take to improve child
13.17	welfare outcomes for African American children and families;
13.18	(6) assist the commissioner with developing strategies for public messaging and
13.19	communication related to racial disparities in child welfare outcomes for African American
13.20	children and families;
13.21	(7) assist the commissioner with identifying and developing internal and external
13.22	partnerships to support adequate access to services and resources for African American
13.23	children and families, including but not limited to housing assistance, employment assistance,
13.24	food and nutrition support, health care, child care assistance, and educational support and
13.25	training; and
13.26	(8) identify barriers to the development of a racially and ethnically diverse child welfare
13.27	workforce in Minnesota that includes professionals who have been directly impacted by
13.28	experiences within the child welfare system and explore strategies and partnerships to
13.29	address education and training needs, and hiring and recruitment practices.
13.30	
	Subd. 5. Case review. (a) The council may initiate a secondary case review of an African
13.31	Subd. 5. Case review. (a) The council may initiate a secondary case review of an African American child's case upon the request of a child's parent or custodian, or the child, if the
13.31 13.32	
	American child's case upon the request of a child's parent or custodian, or the child, if the

01/18/23	REVISOR	BD/AD	23-00906	as introduced
----------	---------	-------	----------	---------------

14.1	commissioner and the responsible social services agency to improve the child welfare system
14.2	and provide better outcomes for the child and the child's family.

- 14.3 (b) Upon the request of the parent, custodian, or child, members of the African American
- 14.4 Child Welfare Oversight Council shall have access to the following data, as permitted under
- 14.5 <u>applicable statutes, for a child's case review under this subdivision:</u>
- 14.6 (1) law enforcement investigative data;
- 14.7 (2) autopsy records and coroner or medical examiner investigative data;
- 14.8 (3) hospital, public health, and other medical records of the child;
- 14.9 (4) hospital and other medical records of the child's parent that relate to prenatal care;
- 14.10 (5) records of any responsible social services agency that provided services to the child
- 14.11 or family; and
- (6) a responsible social services agency's personnel data regarding any agency employees
  who provided services to the child or child's family members.
- 14.14 A state agency, statewide system, or political subdivision shall provide the data in paragraph
- 14.15 (b) to the African American Oversight Council and the council's members upon request of
- 14.16 the commissioner. Not public data may be shared with members of the council in connection
- 14.17 with an individual case.

#### 14.18 (c) Not public data acquired by the African American Child Welfare Oversight Council

- 14.19 in the exercise of its duties retains its original classification. The commissioner may not
- 14.20 disclose data on individuals that were classified as confidential or private data on individuals
- 14.21 in possession of the state agency, statewide system, or political subdivision from which the
- 14.22 data were received, except that the commissioner may disclose responsible social services
- 14.23 agency data as provided in section 260E.35, subdivision 7, on individual cases involving a
- 14.24 fatality or near fatality of a person served by the responsible social services agency prior to
- 14.25 the date of the death or incident.
- (d) The proceedings and records of the council that pertain to the case review of an
  individual child are private data or confidential data, to the extent that they contain data on
  an active investigation. Information, documents, and records otherwise available from other
  sources are not immune from discovery or use in a civil or criminal action solely because
  the information, documents, and records were presented during proceedings of the council.
  A person who presented information before the council or who is a member of the council
  is not prevented from testifying about matters within the person's knowledge.

as	introduced	
ub	muouueeu	

15.1	Subd. 6. Annual report. By January 1 of each year, beginning January 1, 2025, the
15.2	council shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees
15.3	with jurisdiction over child protection on the council's activities under subdivision 4 and
15.4	other issues on which the council chooses to report. The report may include recommendations
15.5	for statutory changes to improve the child protection system and child welfare outcomes
15.6	for African American children and families.
15.7	Subd. 7. Open meeting law. Meetings of the council are subject to the Minnesota Open
15.8	Meeting Law under chapter 13D. Notwithstanding chapter 13D, portions of any meeting
15.9	that pertain to case review of an individual child's case are closed, and not subject to the
15.10	Open Meeting Law.
15.11	Sec. 10. [260.694] AFRICAN AMERICAN CHILD WELL-BEING UNIT.
15.12	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner shall establish an African American
15.13	Child Well-Being Unit within the Department of Human Services, to assist counties and
15.14	monitor child welfare processes and outcomes to address and mitigate child welfare
15.15	disparities for African American children in Minnesota.
15.16	Subd. 2. Duties. The African American Child Well-Being Unit shall perform the
15.17	following functions:
15.18	(1) assist with the development of African American cultural competency training and
15.19	review child welfare curriculum in the Minnesota Child Welfare Training Academy to
15.20	ensure that responsible social services agency staff and other child welfare professionals
15.21	are appropriately prepared to engage with African American families and to support family
15.22	preservation and reunification;
15.23	(2) provide technical assistance, including on-site technical assistance, and case
15.24	consultation to responsible social services agencies to assist agencies with implementing
15.25	and complying with this act;
15.26	(3) monitor the number and placement settings of African American children in
15.27	out-of-home placement statewide, to identify trends and develop strategies to address
15.28	disproportionality in the child welfare system at the state and county levels;
15.29	(4) develop and implement a system for conducting case reviews when the commissioner
15.30	receives reports of noncompliance with this act or when requested by the parent or custodian
15.31	of an African American child. Case reviews may include but are not limited to a review of
15.32	placement prevention efforts, safety planning, case planning and service provision by the

	01/18/23	REVISOR	BD/AD	23-00906	as introduced
16.1	responsible so	ocial services ager	ncy, relative place	ement consideration, and	permanencv
16.2	planning;				permanency
	<u> </u>	1 1 1 • • /		1	
16.3	<u> </u>			oosals process for African	
16.4	· · · · ·		on 260.695, mon	tor grant activities, and p	rovide technical
16.5	assistance to g	grantees;			
16.6	<u>(6) coordin</u>	nate services and c	create internal and	d external partnerships to	support adequate
16.7				erican children and famili	
16.8				sistance, food and nutritic	••
16.9	care, child car	re assistance, and	educational supp	ort and training, in consu	ltation with the
16.10	African Amer	rican Child Welfar	e Oversight Cou	ncil; and	
16.11	(7) develo	p public messagir	ng and communic	cation to inform the gener	al public in
16.12	Minnesota ab	out racial disparit	ies in child welfa	re outcomes, current effo	rts and strategies
16.13	to reduce racia	al disparities, and r	esources available	e to African American chil	dren and families
16.14	involved in th	e child welfare sy	vstem.		
16.15	<u>Subd. 3.</u>	Reports. The Afric	can American Ch	ild Well-Being Unit shall	provide regular
16.16	updates on un	it activities, inclu	ding summary re	ports of case reviews, to	the African
16.17	American Chi	ild Welfare Overs	ight Council, and	l shall publish an annual c	ensus of African
16.18	American chi	ldren in out-of-ho	me placements s	tatewide. The annual cens	sus shall include
16.19	data on the ty	pes of placements	, age and sex of	the children, how long the	e children have
16.20	been in out-of	f-home placement	s, and other relev	ant demographic information	ation.
16.21	<u>Subd. 4.</u> E	Stablishment and	d staffing. The c	ommissioner may engage	the African
16.22	American Chi	ild Welfare Overs	ight Council for	assistance in establishing	the African
16.23	American Chi	ild Well-Being Ur	nit and appointing	g individuals within the u	<u>nit.</u>
16.24	Sec. 11. <u>[26</u>	<u>0.695] AFRICA</u>	N AMERICAN I	FAMILY PRESERVATI	<u>ON GRANTS.</u>
16.25	Subdivisio	on 1. <mark>Primary sup</mark>	port grants. The	e commissioner shall estab	olish direct grants
16.26	to organizatio	ns, service provid	ers, and program	s led by African America	ins to provide
16.27	services and s	support for Africa	n American child	lren and families involved	l in Minnesota's
16.28	child welfare	system, including	supporting exist	ing eligible services and	facilitating the
16.29	development	of new services an	nd providers, to c	reate a more expansive no	etwork of service
16.30	providers ava	ilable for African	American childr	en and families.	
16.31	<u>Subd. 2.</u> E	ligible services. (	a) Services eligit	ble for grants under this se	ection include but
16.32	are not limited	d to:			
16.33	<u>(1) child o</u>	out-of-home place	ment prevention	and reunification services	<u>;;</u>

Sec. 11.

	01/18/23	REVISOR	BD/AD	23-00906	as introduced		
17.1	(2) family-based services and reunification therapy;						
17.2	(3) culturally specific individual and family counseling;						
17.3	(4) court adv	vocacy;					
17.4	(5) training	and consultation	to responsible so	ocial services agencies and	d private social		
17.5	services agencie	es regarding this	act;				
17.6	(6) services	to support inform	nal kinship care	arrangements; and			
17.7	(7) other act	ivities and servi	ces approved by	the commissioner that fur	ther the goals of		
17.8	the Minnesota A	African America	n Family Preserv	ation Act, including but n	ot limited to the		
17.9	recruitment of A	African America	n staff for respon	sible social services agenc	cies and licensed		
17.10	child-placing ag	gencies.					
17.11	(b) The com	missioner may s	specify the priorit	ty of an activity and servio	ce based on its		
17.12	success in furth	ering these goals	s. The commissio	ner shall give preference	to programs and		
17.13	service provider	rs that are locate	d in or serve cour	ties with the highest rates	of child welfare		
17.14	disproportional	ity for African A	merican children	and families, and employ	y staff who		
17.15	represent the population primarily served.						
17.16	Subd. 3. Ine	ligible services	Grant money ma	ay not be used to supplant	t funding for		
17.17	existing service	s or for the follo	wing purposes:				
17.18	(1) child day	y care that is nec	essary solely bec	ause of the employment of	or training for		
17.19	employment of	a parent or othe	r relative with wh	nom the child is living;			
17.20	(2) foster ca	re maintenance	or difficulty of ca	re payments;			
17.21	(3) residenti	al treatment faci	lity payments;				
17.22	(4) adoption	assistance or N	orthstar kinship a	ssistance payments under	chapter 259A		
17.23	or 256N;						
17.24	(5) public as	ssistance paymer	nts for Minnesota	family investment progra	am assistance,		
17.25	supplemental ai	d, medical assis	tance, general ass	sistance, general assistanc	e medical care,		
17.26	or community h	nealth services; c	<u>or</u>				
17.27	(6) administ	rative costs for i	ncome maintena	nce staff.			
17.28	Subd. 4. Ree	quests for prop	osals. The comm	issioner shall request proj	posals for grants		
17.29	under subdivisi	ons 1, 2, and 3, a	and specify the in	formation and criteria rec	juired.		

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 260C.329, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Petition.** The county attorney or a parent whose parental rights were terminated under a previous order of the court may file a petition for the reestablishment of the legal parent and child relationship. A parent filing a petition under this section shall pay a filing fee in the amount required under section 357.021, subdivision 2, clause (1). The filing fee may be waived <del>pursuant to chapter 563</del> in cases of indigency. A petition for the

18.7 reestablishment of the legal parent and child relationship may be filed when:

(1) in cases where the county attorney is the petitioning party, both the responsible social
services agency and the county attorney agree that reestablishment of the legal parent and
child relationship is in the child's best interests. This clause must be satisfied only when the
county attorney is the petitioning party;

18.12 (2) the parent has corrected the conditions that led to an order terminating parental rights;

(3) the parent is willing and has the capability to provide day-to-day care and maintainthe health, safety, and welfare of the child;

(4) the child has been in foster care for at least 48 months after the court issued the order
 terminating parental rights;

18.17 (5) (4) the child has not been adopted; and

18.1

18.18 (6)(5) the child is not the subject of a written adoption placement agreement between 18.19 the responsible social services agency and the prospective adoptive parent, as required under 18.20 Minnesota Rules, part 9560.0060, subpart 2.

18.21 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 260C.329, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

18.22 Subd. 8. Hearing. The court may grant the petition ordering the reestablishment of the
18.23 legal parent and child relationship only if it finds by clear and convincing evidence that:

- 18.24 (1) reestablishment of the legal parent and child relationship is in the child's best interests;
- 18.25 (2) the child has not been adopted;
- (3) the child is not the subject of a written adoption placement agreement between the
  responsible social services agency and the prospective adoptive parent, as required under
  Minnesota Rules, part 9560.0060, subpart 2;
- 18.29 (4) at least 48 months have elapsed following a final order terminating parental rights
   18.30 and the child remains in foster care;
- 18.31 (5) (4) the child desires to reside with the parent;

19.1	(6) (5) the parent has corrected the conditions that led to an order terminating parental
19.1	rights; and
19.3	(7) (6) the parent is willing and has the capability to provide day-to-day care and maintain the health safety and walfare of the shild
19.4	the health, safety, and welfare of the child.
19.5	Sec. 14. AFRICAN AMERICAN CULTURAL COMPETENCY TRAINING FOR
19.6	INDIVIDUALS WORKING WITH AFRICAN AMERICAN FAMILIES AND
19.7	CHILDREN IN THE CHILD WELFARE SYSTEM.
19.8	Subdivision 1. Applicability. The commissioner of human services shall work with the
19.9	Children's Justice Initiative to ensure that African American cultural competency training
19.10	is given to individuals working in the child welfare system, including child welfare workers,
19.11	supervisors, attorneys, juvenile court judges, and family law judges.
19.12	Subd. 2. Training. (a) The commissioner shall consult with the African American Child
19.13	Welfare Oversight Council to develop training content and establish the frequency of
19.14	trainings.
19.15	(b) The training is required prior to or within six months of beginning work with any
19.16	African American child and family. A responsible social services agency staff person who
19.17	is unable to complete the training prior to working with African American children and
19.18	families must work with a qualified staff person within the agency who has completed
19.19	African American cultural competency training until the person is able to complete the
19.20	required training. The training must be available by January 1, 2025, and must:
19.21	(1) be provided by an African American individual who is knowledgeable about African
19.22	American social and cultural norms and historical trauma;
19.23	(2) raise awareness and increase a person's competency to value diversity, conduct a
19.24	self-assessment, manage the dynamics of difference, acquire cultural knowledge, and adapt
19.25	to diversity and the cultural contexts of communities served;
19.26	(3) include instruction on effectively developing a safety plan and instruction on engaging
19.27	a safety network; and
19.28	(4) be accessible and comprehensive and include the ability to ask questions.
19.29	(c) The training may be provided in a series of segments, either in person or online.
19.30	Subd. 3. Update. The commissioner, in coordination with the African American Child
19.31	Welfare Oversight Council, shall provide an update to the legislative committees with

	01/18/23	REVISOR	BD/AD	23-00906	as introduced
20.1	jurisdiction of	ver child protection	on issues by Janua	ary 1, 2025, on the rollout	of the training
20.2	under subdivi	ision 1 and the co	ntent and accessib	oility of the training under	subdivision 2.
20.3	Sec. 15. <u>DI</u>	<b>SAGGREGATE</b>	DATA.		
20.4	The comn	nissioner of huma	n services shall w	ork with the African Am	erican Child
20.5	Welfare Over	sight Council to e	establish a method	to disaggregate data rela	ted to African
20.6	American chi	ld welfare dispro	portionality, and b	begin disaggregating data	by January 1,
20.7	2025.				
20.8	Sec. 16. <u>EN</u>	SURING FREQ	UENT VISITAT	ION FOR AFRICAN A	MERICAN
20.9	CHILDREN	IN OUT-OF-HO	OME PLACEME	ENT.	
20.10	A respons	ible social service	es agency must en	gage in best practices rela	ated to visitation
20.11	when an Afri	can American chi	ld is in out-of-hor	ne placement. When the	child is in
20.12	out-of-home	placement, the res	ponsible social se	ervices agency shall make	active efforts to
20.13	facilitate regu	lar and frequent	visitation between	the child and the child's	parents or
20.14	custodians, th	e child's siblings,	and the child's re	latives. If visitation is inf	requent between
20.15	the child and	the child's parents	s, custodians, sibl	ings, or relatives, the resp	onsible social
20.16	services agen	cy shall make acti	ve efforts to incre	ase the frequency of visita	tion and address
20.17	any barriers to	o visitation.			
20.18	Sec. 17. DI	RECTION TO C	COMMISSIONE	R; MAINTAINING CO	NNECTIONS
20.19	IN FOSTER	CARE BEST P	RACTICES.		

20.20 The commissioner of human services shall develop and publish guidance on best practices

20.21 for ensuring that African American children in foster care maintain connections and

20.22 relationships with their parents, custodians, and extended relative and kin network. The

20.23 commissioner shall also develop and publish best practice guidance on engaging and

20.24 assessing noncustodial and nonadjudicated parents to care for their African American

20.25 children who cannot remain with the children's custodial parents.

20.26 Sec. 18. APPROPRIATION.

20.27 <u>\$..... in fiscal year 2024 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of</u>

20.28 <u>human services for the administration of the Minnesota African American Family</u>

20.29 Preservation Act under Minnesota Statutes, sections 260.61 to 260.695. This is an ongoing

20.30 appropriation and shall be added to the base.