EAP/KA

23-03920

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

S.F. No. 2852

(SENATE AUTHORS: NELSON and Hauschild)					
DATE	D-PG				
03/13/2023	1696	Introduction and first reading Referred to Taxes			
04/11/2023	4249	Author added Hauschild			

OFFICIAL STATUS

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3	relating to taxation; local sales and use; modifying requirements to enact or modify a local sales tax; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297A.99, subdivisions
1.4	1, 2, 3.
1.5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.6	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297A.99, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
1.7	Subdivision 1. Authorization; scope. (a) A political subdivision of this state may impose
1.8	a general sales tax (1) under section 297A.992, (2) under section 297A.993, (3) if permitted
1.9	by special law, or (4) if the political subdivision enacted and imposed the tax before January
1.10	1, 1982, and its predecessor provision.
1.11	(b) This section governs the imposition of a general sales tax by the political subdivision.
1.12	The provisions of this section preempt the provisions of any special law:
1.13	(1) enacted before June 2, 1997, or
1.14	(2) enacted on or after June 2, 1997, that does not explicitly exempt the special law
1.15	provision from this section's rules by reference.
1.16	(c) This section does not apply to or preempt a sales tax on motor vehicles. Beginning
1.17	July 1, 2019, no political subdivision may impose a special excise tax on motor vehicles
1.18	unless it is imposed under section 297A.993.
1.19	(d) A political subdivision may not advertise or expend funds for the promotion of a
1.20	referendum to support imposing a local sales tax and may only spend funds related to
1.21	imposing a local sales tax to:.

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2.1	(e) Notwi	ithstanding paragr	aph (d), a politica	l subdivision may only spe	end funds related
2.2		a local sales tax to			
2.3		act the referendum	_		
2.4	(2) disser	ninate information	n included in the 1	esolution adopted and sub	omitted under
2.5				mation includes a list of s	
2.6		of each individual			1 1 5
2.7	(3) provid	le notice of, and co	onduct public foru	ums at which proponents a	nd opponents on
2.8	the merits of	the referendum ar	e given equal tim	e to express their opinions	s on the merits of
2.9	the referendu	ım;			
2.10	(4) provid	de facts and data c	on the impact of th	ne proposed local sales tax	t on consumer
2.11	purchases; an	nd			
2.12	(5) provid	de facts and data r	elated to the indiv	vidual programs and proje	cts to be funded
2.13	with the loca	l sales tax.			
2.14	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This	section is effecti	ve the day following final	enactment.
2.15	Sec. 2. Mir	mesota Statutes 20	022, section 297A		ended to read:
2.16	Subd. 2.]	Local resolution	before application	on for authority. (a) Befo	re the governing
2.17	body of a po	litical subdivision	requests legislati	ve approval to impose a le	ocal sales tax
2.18	authorized by	y a special law, it s	hall adopt a resolu	ution indicating its approv	al of the tax. The
2.19	resolution m	ust include the fol	lowing information	on: The governing body o	f a political
2.20	subdivision s	seeking legislative	approval to eithe	er impose a new local sale	s tax authorized
2.21	by special la	w or modify an ex	isting local sales	tax authorized by special	aw must adopt a
2.22	resolution in	dicating its approv	al of the tax each	year it requests legislativ	e approval. The
2.23	resolution m	ust be adopted not	t more than 90 day	ys before the date the poli	tical subdivision
2.24	submits the i	nformation requir	ed under paragrap	oh (b), and must include th	ne following
2.25	information:				
2.26	(1) the pr	oposed tax rate;			
2.27	(2) a deta	iled description of	f no more than fiv	ve capital projects that wil	l be funded with
2.28	revenue from	n the tax;			
2.29	(3) docur	nentation of the re	gional significant	ce of each project, includi	ng the share of
2.30	the economic	e benefit to or use	of each project by	y persons residing, or busi	inesses located,
2.31	outside of the	e jurisdiction polit	tical subdivision;		

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3.1	(4) the amount of local sales tax revenue that would be used for each project and the
3.2	estimated time needed to raise that amount of revenue; and
3.3	(5) the total revenue that will be raised for all projects before the tax expires, and the
3.4	estimated length of time that the tax will be in effect if all proposed projects are funded-;
3.5	and
3.6	(6) a description of the nexus between the nonresident users of a project and the payment
3.7	of the tax, as required in paragraph (e).
3.8	(b) The jurisdiction seeking authority to impose a local sales tax by special law political
3.9	subdivision must submit the resolution in paragraph (a) along with underlying documentation
3.10	indicating how the benefits under paragraph (a), clause (3), were determined, to the chairs
3.11	and ranking minority members of the legislative committees of the house of representatives
3.12	and senate with jurisdiction over taxes no later than January 31 of the each year in which
3.13	the jurisdiction political subdivision is seeking a special law authorizing or modifying the
3.14	tax. The political subdivision must submit an amended resolution if, after meeting the
3.15	requirements of this paragraph, the political subdivision seeks to:
3.16	(1) add a project that will be funded with the revenue from the tax;
3.17	(2) increase the amount that will be used for any project;
3.18	(3) increase the total revenue raised for all projects before the tax expires; or
3.19	(4) increase the estimated length of time that the tax will be in effect if all proposed
3.20	projects are funded.
3.21	(c) The special legislation granting or modifying local sales tax authority is not required
3.22	to allow funding for all projects listed in the resolution with the revenue from the local sales
3.23	tax, but must not include any projects not contained in the resolution.
3.24	(d) For purposes of this section, a "capital project" or "project" means:
3.25	(1) a single building or structure including associated infrastructure needed to safely
3.26	access or use the building or structure;
3.27	(2) improvements within a single park or named recreation area; or
3.28	(3) a contiguous trail.
3.29	(e) The resolution required in paragraph (a) must also include a description of the nexus
3.30	between the nonresident users of a project and the payment of tax. Nexus requires that two
3.31	of the following requirements are met:

4.1	(1) a significant number of the users of the project will be nonresidents of the political
4.2	subdivision imposing the tax;
4.3	(2) the project includes a unique or uncommon characteristic;
4.4	(3) the project is part of a regional or statewide network or system for providing facilities
4.5	or services;
4.6	(4) the project promotes an activity having a duration long enough to encourage retail
4.7	activity incident to the project, in the political subdivision imposing the tax; and
4.8	(5) the project includes improvements or amenities to facilities that increase the project's
4.9	capacity to serve visitors at a volume that exceeds the capacity for facilities that serve a
4.10	local population, including but not limited to heating, ventilation, and air conditioning
4.11	systems; parking facilities, including accessibility upgrades; and other improvements
4.12	necessary for compliance with state building codes for the improved facilities.
4.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
4.14	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

4.15 Subd. 3. Legislative authority required before voter approval; requirements for adoption, use, termination. (a) A political subdivision must receive legislative authority 4.16 to impose or modify a local sales tax before submitting the tax for approval by voters of the 4.17 political subdivision. Imposition or modification of a local sales tax is subject to approval 4.18 by voters of the political subdivision at a general election. The election must be conducted 4.19 4.20 at a general election on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November within the two-year period after the governing body of the political subdivision has received authority 4.21 to impose or modify the tax. If the authorizing legislation allows authorizes or modifies the 4.22 tax to be imposed for more than one project, there must be the political subdivision is not 4.23 required to present each project separately on the ballot. The political subdivision may 4.24 present a separate question approving the use of the tax revenue for each project. Regardless 4.25 of whether the ballot presents a separate question for each project, the question must state 4.26 the project or projects proposed to be funded with the tax, the amount for each project 4.27 proposed to be funded with the tax, and the estimated length of time the tax will be in effect. 4.28 Notwithstanding the authorizing legislation or special law modifying the tax, a project that 4.29 is not approved by the voters may not be funded with the local sales tax revenue and the 4.30 termination date of the tax set in the authorizing legislation or special law modifying the 4.31 tax must be reduced proportionately based on the share of that project's cost to the total 4.32 costs of all projects included in the authorizing legislation or special law modifying the tax. 4.33

(b) The proceeds of the tax must be dedicated exclusively to payment of the construction
and rehabilitation costs and associated bonding costs related to the specific capital
improvement projects that were approved by the voters under paragraph (a).

5.4 (c) The tax must terminate after the revenues raised are sufficient to fund the projects5.5 approved by the voters under paragraph (a).

(d) After a sales tax imposed by a political subdivision has expired or been terminated,
the political subdivision is prohibited from imposing a local sales tax for a period of one
year.

(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if a political subdivision received voter approval to
seek authority for a local sales tax at the November 6, 2018, general election and is granted
authority to impose a local sales tax before January 1, 2021, the tax may be imposed without
an additional referendum provided that it meets the requirements of subdivision 2 and the
list of specific projects contained in the resolution does not conflict with the projects listed
in the approving referendum.

(f) If a tax is terminated because sufficient revenues have been raised, any amount of
tax collected under subdivision 9, after sufficient revenues have been raised and before the
quarterly termination required under subdivision 12, paragraph (a), that is greater than the
average quarterly revenues collected over the immediately preceding 12 calendar months
must be retained by the commissioner for deposit in the general fund.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.